—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THING S NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, APRIL 2, 1906. NO 275

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
O. C. LEAVENS

It Is Not Necessary

to pay 60c for a pound of good tea because all our teas from **25c** upwards are good, but if you can affor the price our 60c tea is a mighty fine tea.

STROUDS

VICTIMS OF THE RAILWAY.

Three Men Killed on Tracks at Varying Points.

Toronto, April 2.—The body of a young man, 26 years of age, was found dead on the C. P. R. tracks above the Don station on Saturday night. The head was crushed and the body also was badly bruised and broken. He was Wm. Harding, 213 Oak street, by trade a tanner.

W. J. McCoppen Killed.

Welland, April 2.—Last evening an eastbound M. C. R. freight struck W. J. McCoppen, proprietor of the M. C. R. Hotel here, who was walking on the track about two miles west of here, injuring him so badly that he died shortly after. He leaves a widow, one son and one daughter.

Section Foreman Killed.

Port Union, April 2.—Yesterday morning, Thomas Yates, for more than 20 years foreman of the section gang at this point, lost his life. Yates stepped from one track to another to avoid an eastbound train, which was being assisted up the grade by an auxiliary engine. Yates is thought to have stepped back on the track again, and was struck by the auxiliary engine backing down and his body terribly mangled. He was about 55 years of age and is survived by a wife and a large family of children.

Jap Famine Exaggerated.

Tokio, April 2.—A careful examination of conditions in the famine districts makes it clear that while the distress is severe there has been considerable exaggeration in some of the accounts, but there is no doubt that the death rate would have been higher had it not been for the subscriptions so promptly sent.

Grand Trunk Pacific Finances.

Montreal, April 2.—Charles M. Hays returned yesterday from London and announces that the Grand Trunk Pacific is financed as far west as the Rockies, and that their surveyors are in the passes preliminary to a definite selection and the energetic carrying on of the road to the Pacific.

Charged $2 to Cross.

Fort Frances, April 2.—Americans are enforcing the alien labor law strictly at International Falls power dam here, and Canadian workmen who attempt to cross to assist in the work on the American side, are charged $2 per trip.

Prominent Woman's Suicide.

St. John, N. B., April 2.—Mrs. Michael White, a prominent lady of this city, committed suicide Saturday night by drinking carbolic acid.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

4,000 Newcomers Saturday.

St. John, N.B., April 2.—Within 24 hours, three ocean liners have arrived at this port, bringing for the Canadian west nearly 4,000 immigrants.

A Morocco Agreement.

France and Germany Satisfied With Accord Registered.

France Will Police Four Ports, Spain Two, and France and Spain Two—Germany Carries Point of Integrity of the State—British Opinion Holds It to Be Victory For France But Impermanent.

Algeciras, April 2.—After a plenary session lasting until 6 o'clock Saturday evening, the conference on Morrocan reforms registered a complete accord and appointed a committee to embody this accord in formal protocol. The consummation of the work of the conference was announced in the following official communication:

Accord Established.

"The conference has terminated its labor, and accord is established upon all points. It has adopted a definitive text for the remaining articles concerning the state bank and customs. The final article, regulating the distribution of police at ports, was adopted from the Russian draft. By it France will police four ports, Mogador, Saffi, Magazan and Rabat, and Spain two, Tetaun and Larache, and France and Spain will together police Tangier and Casa Blanca, subject to an inspector of police. The Dutch delegate announced that his Government declined to appoint an officer.

"The conference has appointed a special committee to revise the texts of the agreement. This committee meets Monday to consider the final formalities of the protocol."

Satisfactory.

Mr. White, the American delegate, is of the opinion that the result is a satisfactory one, not only because the immediate future of Morocco is secured, but because, the manner of the settlement is satisfactory both to France and Germany, and removes the causes for friction, and restores international relations to normal. The principles for which Germany insisted, the integrity of Morocco and equal commercial and economic rights there, Mr. White thought were recognized, while the special position claimed by France also was acknowledged.

Others of the leading delegates confirm Mr. White's opinion, and emphasize the good effect the result should have on the European situation.

Depends on Sultan.

With reference to the effect of the concurrence on Morocco, the delegates were reserved in their opinion. They admit, however, that the operation of real reforms will be impossible without the good will and sanction of the Sultan and his advisers, and, for that reason, the last act of the conference will be to authorize that the reform program, as adopted, should be submitted to the Sultan by Chevalier Malmusi, the Italian Minister to Morocco, who is dean of the diplomatic corps at Tangier, with the intimation that it is the unanimous wish of the powers that it be put into operation immediately.

Victory For France.

London, April 2.—Although anticipated for a fortnight, the successful outcome of the Algeciras conference on Moroccan reforms brought great relief to England, as, during the past year, the Moroccan question was the only one causing serious misgivings for the peace of Europe.

The agreement is considered to be a victory for France, which retains the preponderance of influence in the financial affairs of the empire, and loses little of what she demanded with respect to the policing of the country, for, with a majority of the powers supporting her policy, the diplomats at Tangier are not likely to interfere much with the Franco-Spanish officers. While Great Britain opposed the conference until France had agreed to it, it is now realized that the meeting of the delegates served useful objects in cementing the Anglo-French entente, and dissipating the belief, held in many continental capitals, that Great Britain would only support her friend when it was to her own interest.

On the other hand, it assures Great Britain that she is not involved with a dangerous aggressive power. As for the future, the Foreign Office is not so optimistic, the officials looking upon the agreement as merely a temporary relief. It stops aggressive action, but does not prevent interested nations continuing to strengthen their positions until either feels strong enough to take without parley what it failed to secure through diplomacy. It is not believed that Germany will give up her effort to obtain a footing in the Mediterranean.

Headache Powder Kills.

Cobourg, April 2.—The jury empanelled to inquire into the death of J. D. Roddick, who died suddenly on March 7th, after hearing the evidence of Provincial Analyst Dr Ellis brought in the following verdict: "That J. D. Roddick came to an accidental death through taking an overdose of acetanilide in the form of a headache wafer and antikamnia tablets to relieve a headache."

A Costly German War.

Berlin, April 2.—A despatch from Southwest Africa states that Chief Morengo's men attacked a German military transport train and killed the whole escort of an officer and fourteen men. Thus far the war in Southwest Africa has cost the German nation $150,000,000 and over 2,000 lives.

Section Foreman Killed.

Port Union, April 2.—Thomas Yates of this place, for many years section foreman for the G. T. R., was struck by an eastbound light engine and instantly killed about 200 yards east of Highland Creek bridge at 7.45 yesterday morning.

Britain's Revenue.

London, April 2.—The revenue of the United Kingdom for the fiscal year ending Saturday shows $769,394,920, an increase of $3,481,010.

Fire At Fort William.

Fort William, April 2.—Fire destroyed the steamer Kaministikwit yesterday morning at a loss of $8,000

Unrequited Affection; Ends Life.

Owen Sound, April 2.—Miss Kate Boyd, a daughter of J. L. Boyd, ex-councillor of Sydenham, committed suicide Friday night by taking poison. She left a note reading, "Not to blame anyone." The cause of the rash act is said to have been unrequited affections.

Mrs. Sclater Not Guilty.

Three Rivers, April 2.—The jury Saturday night brought in a verdict of "not guilty" in favor of Mrs. Sclater on trial for being an accomplice with McGraw in the murder of her husband, Percy Howard Sclater.

Damage of $15,000 At Fearman's

Hamilton, April 2.—Fire did damage to the extent of $15,000 or $20,000 to the F. W. Fearman Co.'s pork packing establishment on Rebecca street Saturday afternoon.

Dress Goods

This Big and Beautiful Dress Goods Stock is Uusurpassed.

Such Values have never been given Anywhere

From the world's leading looms has come a stock of Dress Goods that stand second to none, that offers you every fashionable and correct weave, color and effect for the ***SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1906.***

New Costumes, Coats, etc

Are being placed on exhibition in our Mantle Department every day—giving us what we believe will be the greatest variety shown anywhere of this season's newest styles

New Models In Women's Separate Skirts

We have just received from one of the best makers a shipment of smart new street skirts. They come in fancy light Tweeds, Panama Cloths, etc, some circular styles, some pleated, others a combination of both. ***THE STYLES ARE THE LATEST.***

Prices $3.50 to $13.50

Sinclair's

The Ritc ie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Easter Novelties

Easter Giving has gradually assumed such proportions that it now rivals the ***Christmas Season.***

Our stock is at present particularly well assorted with articles most suitable for the purpose. Here are a number of ***Suggestions :***

—***PERRIN'S EASTER GLOVES***, the best glove known, finest quality and best workmanship. Prices from.......... ***89c to $2.00***

—***FANCY LACE AND EMBROIDERY NECKWEAR***, very dainty designs, prices.......... ***15c to $2.00***

—***FANCY EMBROIDERED AND SILK HOSIERY***, full range of sizes and styles price.......... ***50c pair***

—***LADIES' UMBRELLAS***, plain and fancy, pearl and silver mountings, prices are.......... ***$1 to $8***

—***LADIES' HAND BAGS***, newest American Styles, large variety to choose from.......... ***75c to $5.00***

—***FANCY LINENS*** in drawn and embroidery work, new designs, wide range from.......... ***15c to $7.50***

Beautiful Ribbons, Handsome Silks for Waists Imported Dress Goods, Dainty Wash Goods.

In fact everything that Dame Fashion demands is represented here.

House Furnishings Department

This department receives special attention—all orders promptly executed and satisfaction guaranteed.

A visit of inspection to the show rooms is respectfully solicited as it would be impossible to describe the beautiful Rugs and Handsome Curtains and Draperies.

NEW CURTAINS, NEW CARPETS, NEW DRAPERIES, NEW RUGS, NEW MATTINGS, ETC.

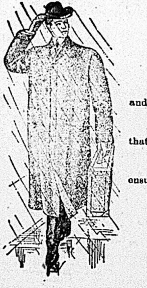
NOTE :—We make window shades to order, superior workmanship and ***best materials***, every shade fully ***guaranteed.***

Hofi Mattings

Hofi, the genuine Fiber Matting, is thoroughly hygenic.
It is a soft pliable, clean, odorless matting, woven of a foreign vegetable fiber.
It has no nap to collect dust or lint.
Hofi is exempt from injury by Moth, Buffalo Bugs or other pests.
It is a non conductor of heat, etc. Health authorities recommend it for hospitals, schools and all public institutions.
There are many destinctive patterns. All colors are thoroughly reliable.

Prices, 50c, 65c and 75c

These Rainy Spring Days



Suggest Rain Coats

Our assortment of Men's Rain Coats is now complete and we invite inspection.

They are made of all wool cloth chemically treated so that they are impervious to rain, but not air tight.

They are porous, allowing the circulation of air which ensures comfort and no overheating.

They will keep you dry and always keep you dry.

$7.50 to $15.00

Umbrellas from 75c, $1.00 up to $6.50

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

Spring Jackets

Our showing of new Spring Jackets comprise the very newest styles to be seen this season in Whipcords, Coverts and Tweeds--Tight and Loose Fitting Effects.

French Delaines

We are showing an exceptionally nice range of Real French Delaines in Pretty Soft shades at

40c and 45c yd

White Linens

The coming season promises to eclipse all past summer seasons in the wearing of White Linen Blouse Suits.

We are showing several very special lines of Blouse Linens ranging in price from

40c to 60c yd

These goods are specially woven for Dress Wear and are not Embroidery Linens.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

SPRING HATS

GEO. T. WOODLEY.

Opposite Footbridge.

The New Store.

Plenty of Things

Around This Store Deserve Special Mention:

—Dress Goods from per yd	25c to $1.50
—Blouses each from	50c to $5.00
—Skirts each from	$1.95 to $10.00
—Curtains per pair from	25c to $7.50
—Ladies' Rain Coats at	$5.00
—Ladies' Covert Cloth Jackets, up to the minute in style, each only	$5.00
—25 Pieces White Mercerized Blousing per yard	15c

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

YOUR EASTER SUIT

Should be ordered before the real rush sets in.

We Are Making

$16, $18 and $20 SUITS

That Can't Be Duplicated.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.

Tailors & Furnishers.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown See the special values we are offering in ***Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.***

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets, Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

[illegible] FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intel gencer.

Was it a B ckward Step?

The London Free Press thinks that the Ontario Alliance has in all likelihood overreached its object and put a spoke in the wheel of the movement it is seeking to advance by the resolution passed at last Wednesday's convention. Our contemporary goes on to say that the three-fifths majority clause in the new license Act would meet with hostility from the Alliance was to be expected, as the prohibition party demands that local option shall go into operation where a clear majority is in favor of it. But that party cuts itself out of a very liberal popular support when it demands that not only shall ales, wines and liquors not be sold by retail under the local option law, but that no one "shall be allowed to sell for delivery, to take orders for, or deliver liquor in any municipality where local option is in force or where no license is issued."

Local option has gained in strength that party ought know, by the votes of men who are indifferent toward "the saloon," and would not object to see it abolished, but who rely that so far as they, as private citizens are concerned, their rights as moderate users of the banned beverages, would not be interfered with.

As they go to the polls this class of persons are apt to reason the subject thus: "I have no use for the bar. I have very little use for the drink that is sold in the bar, or elsewhere. What I take I can easily order by wholesale for myself, despite any probibitory law which only refers to licensing. Therefore I can record a vote against the bar without any personal inconvenience or deprivation."

There is very little doubt that where the vote is nearly even, or non-license is carried by a small majority, the Alliance party is indebted very largely to the people who reason the matter as above, and think it is only the other fellow who is to be put under the ban. The danger to the cause the Alliance has at heart is that this whole class of voters will be alienated from them by the spirit of intolerance shown in the resolution passed by them on Wednesday. They will no longer find the indifferent voter weighing the matter with himself as if it did not concern him.

If this resolution were to be tacked on to the new license law, the alliance would find arrayed against it a large class inflamed to resentment, who hitherto have jollied along more or less happily in their company.

We observe that the Alliance party has taken courage from the attitude of an express company in the lower provinces, which refuses to carry parcels of liquor to individuals in local option communities. This action may seem to favor the movement for total extinction of the traffic "all along the line." In reality it will but "rile up" the moderate thinker and drinker to a pitch of disgust with the whole intolerant business, and make the Act more and more difficult to carry in other parts of the country. The Alliance may discover that there is a limit to the forbearance of the large intermediate class who would go far with them so long as they march at a moderate gait, but will drop them and their doctrines on finding that they want to go on the run oppressively.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The rooms of the Y.M.C.A. were crowded with men and boys yesterday afternoon, the occasion being Mr. R. B. Chadwick's farewell Sunday afternoon meeting. Prof. Hunt was at the piano, and an orchestra, led by Mr. Erwin Gordon, consisting of members of Holloway St., the Tabernacle and Emmanuel Church orchestras were present and accompanied the hymns, which were sung in an inspiring way. Mr. Dan A. Cameron sang a solo, and the Boys' choir of Bridge St. Church gave a number. Mr. H. O. Hunt was chairman. The feature of the meeting was Mr. Cradwick's farewell address to the boys, in which he bade them good-by and gave them much good advice. The occasion was a most enjoyable one, and will not be soon forgotten by those who were present.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Good by, March Glad we'll see no more of you for nearly a year.

* * *

The man on the next block played a great April fool joke on his wife yesterday. He got up in the morning and went to church.

* * *

The civic salary question may be definitely settled to-night. Most people think that, when it is settled, the wages of the humbler class of employees should be boosted a bit.

* * *

The question, "Where did the money go to?" is now quite applicable to York Loan affairs. It looks as though someone may change his address to Kingston before the investigation is ended.

* * *

The Peterboro Review prints the following slander on this city:

"It is a toss-up which is the more attractive place to live in—Port Hope with its highway robberies, or Belleville with its uxoricides and almost daily assaults upon women."

Everyone knows, who has read about the cases at the assizes here, that none of the serious crimes are charged against residents of this city. The Review's insinuation is as mean as it is uncalled-for.

* * *

At the annual meeting in Ottawa of the Canadian Association for the prevention of consumption, Judge Barron, of Stratford, formerly of Lindsay, expressed the belief that it should be obligatory on all municipalities in Canada to pass anti-spitting by-laws. This matter was mooted in Belleville years ago, but came, apparently, to nothing. No one, who passed down Front street yesterday afternoon, and saw young men with "sissy" hair fouling the sidewalks directly in front of ladies, could help but wish that someone in authority in Belleville had time, in the interests of health, cleanliness and decency, to see that an anti-spitting by-law was introduced and enforced here. Present conditions are vile.

* * *

It appers, says the Peterboro Review, that the city doctors are talking of forming a "blacklist" and refusing to attend those persons, who, though abundantly able to pay, yet persistently refuse to settle for a physician's services. This all looks beautiful, but do you suppose you could get the average medical practitioner, to lay aside his jealousy of the other fellow long enough to enter into any hard and fast agreement like that; and once drawn up and signed, how long would the average son of Aesculapius live up to it. Doctors do a great deal of work gratuitously, but the fact that so much more is done than need be is largely their own fault.

* * *

Bobcaygeon Indepenent; Sir Mackenzie Bowell has definitely decided to withdraw from the leadership of the Conservative party in the Senate. Sir Mackenzie is the only one of the old Conservative brigade whom the country could honestly respect. He has seen the scabby lot with whom he was surrounded when he was Premier, wiped out politically, and forgotten, and he will always stand in the history of Canada as a staunch and faithful guardian of what he believed to be the public good, one who while subject to boundless temptations, remained true to himself and the people, enriching himself only in the esteem and respect of the best of his countrymen.

* * *

Here is a story which is vouched for by reliable authority: A young man who had "been out late" the other night, having, as he thought, "the time of his life," had occasion to go into his barn before retiring. In the barn was a lone hen which commenced to cluck when it was disturbed. The owner went up to it, grasped it by the throat exclaiming "Hic! Say Corby, confound you. Hic, Say Corby!"

* * *

Attention is directed to the fact that free samples of patent medicines are distributed promiscuously around the streets of this city. Such cases call for action on the part of the authorities. It is dangerous to have medicine thrown round within reach of children.

* * *

Already several members of the clergy have expressed approval from their pulpits of the new license law for Ontario. It is a good sign, says the Brockville Times, when the clergy takes this broad and generous view of an honest attempt to regulate the liquor traffic in the best interests of the Province. Reforms come slowly, and one step at a time is very good progress. To attempt extreme and radical reforms all at once is the action of over-zealous enthusiasts and is sure to result in failure and trouble.

* * *

The coal strike is on. It looks as though many of the miners may have plenty of time for fishing this coming summer.

* * *

Mr. Joseph Phillips has been definitely refused bail, which will prevent a whole lot of York Loan sufferers from taking the first train for Toronto to go on his bonds—we don't think.

* * *

That Morocco agreement is not, in British opinion, a very gilt-edged affair. It may soon require rebinding.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

WARNING

Imitations of McKeown's Winter Cream are being sold in this city. The Genuine is the one that cures chaps quickly and is sold only at

McKeown's DRUG STORE

MUST NOT MARRY BROTHER'S WIDOW

IT IS SAID THAT SEVERAL SUCH MARRIAGES HAVE LATELY TAKEN PLACE IN ONTARIO.

Toronto, April 2. — The Provincial Secretary's Department has recently received several letters from issuers of marriage licenses, who ask whether licenses should be issued for a man to marry his "brother's wife," for so the statute defining marriages which are prohibited on the grounds of consanguinity reads. The department's answer in every case is the same, and it is to the effect that under the statutes of Ontario a man cannot lawfully marry his brother's widow or his brother's divorced wife. Most of the enquiries ask the question apparently in behalf of parties who want to marry brothers' widows. It is said that several such marriages have lately taken place in the Province.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASKET BALL.

Albert College Defeated in Peterboro.

Review; At the Y. M. C. A. last night before a large crowd of enthusiastic spectators the Peterboro Arrows defeated the Albert College five from Belleville by a score of 39 points to 21. The locals led at half time by 19 to 15. The game was the fastest seen here this year, but the Arrows had the collegians beat at all stages of the contest, which was never in doubt. The struggle was a little strenuous at times. Arnold, one of the Belleville players, had an inclination for roughing it.

For the locals Cressman and Richardson were the stars, the former netting nine baskets, and the latter six. Hodgson and Dobson got one each, while for the visitors Wheeler was probably their best man, with Dyer a close second. For Belleville Wheeler got six baskets, DeMill two and Dyer one.

Mr. Jack Laing made a most satisfactory referee.

The teams lined up as follows—

	Arrows.	Albert College.
Forwards	Cressman	DeMill
	Richardson	Wheeler
Centre	Hodgson	Dyer
Guards	Dobson	Arnold
	Greene	Wilson

SPORTING NOTES.

Lovers of sport in this city are anxious to know if there is any truth in the rumor that Belleville is to be represented by good lacrosse and aseball teams this coming summer. In regard to the lacrosse proposition, it is said that there are at present many fine players in the city, who would welcome the opportunity to handle the gutted stick in good company once more. Talk it up gentlemen. Lacrosse boomed in Belleville years ago. There is no reason why it should not again.

In regard to baseball, it is a fact that the Midland Baseball League is waiting with open arms to welcome Belleville into its fold. Why not get into the game and furnish people with a little clean sport this summer. The material is here, all right enough, and good crowds have always patronized the game in this city. Push the thing alone, somebody.

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

TELLS BY THEIR SLEEP

"I can tell by my little ones' sleep when a cold is coming on" said a mother when speaking of the advance symptoms of colds in children. "They toss about, are restless, their breathing is heavy and there are symptoms of night sweats. The next morning I start with Scott's Emulsion. The chances are that in a day or two they are all over it. Their rest is again peaceful and the breathing normal."

Here's a suggestion for all mothers. Scott's Emulsion always has been almost magical in its action when used as the ounce of prevention. Nothing seems to overcome child weakness quite so effectively and quickly as Scott's Emulsion.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

PERSONAL ... AND .... SOCIAL.

Mr. Wm. Paterson is seriously ill.

Mr. Percy Allen has returned home from a trip to the Northwest.

Mr. Wm. McIntosh, of Madoc, School Inspector, was in the city to-day.

Mr. W. B. Deacon has returned home from a business trip to the Pacific Coast.

Mr. Fred George, of the New York Central Lake Lines, Chicago, Ill., is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. W. M. Watson, who has resigned his position with the John Sloan Co., was made the recipient of a handsome presentation by the firm's staff. He leaves to go with a tea company at Toronto. Mr. Arthur Armstrong, we understand, succeeds Mr. Watson.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD; subsequent consecutive [illegible]

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford Also at residence, Murney St.

We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country.—The SCHUSTER CO.
mc30-tf

The annual meeting of the Board of Trade will be held in the Council chamber of the City Hall, on Tuesday the 3rd inst., at 8 o'clock p.m., at which the election of officers will take place, also a discussion on both Life and Fire Insurance. 1t

---

A regular meeting of the City Council will be held this evening.

On Saturday afternoon a man somewhat under the influence of liquor fell through the window of an uptown establishment.

MELVILLE.

Mrs. S. Weeks is on the sick list.

Mr. Well Post and Miss Florence Eaton spent last Sunday with Miss Mabel Jenks at Crofton.

The roads are very bad in this locality now.

Mr. Fred Morton, Miss Minnie Lauder and Miss Mildred Eaton spent last Saturday and Sunday with Miss M. Graham, of Belleville.

The Old Folks of this neighborhood are very brisk at present; they are having their annual parties.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Light winds and mild. Tuesday, fine and warm.

RIPE..... BANANAS

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Eyes

We offer to examine your eyes, and you may consult us with the full assurance of getting absolutely the best advice and service Science has at her command. Our Optician has devoted years to the study and practice of optics; and with college knowledge, personal study and experience he is prepared to cope with ANY case where glasses are the remedy.

Our many customers and leading physicians don't hesitate to recommend him in unqualified terms.

His examination is a thorough one.

Angus McFee

Phone 128.

The Store With the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

C. & B. Mixed Pickles
C. & B. Chow Chow
C. & B. White Onions
C. & B. Pickled Walnuts
C. & B. Girkins
Heinz's Sweet Pickles
Heinz's Sweet Gherkins
Heinz's Sweet Midgets
Gillard's Pickle
Heinz's Mixed Pickles
William's Sweet Pickles
Heinz's India Relish
Heinz's Celery Sauce
Setna's Cashmere Chutney
Setna's Green Mango Chutney
Setna's Madras Chutney
C. & B. Bengal Club Chutney
C. & B. Bombay Chutney
C. & B. Mango Chutney.
Canadian Pickles at 10c per bot.

Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce
Holbrook's Worcestershire Sauce.
Montserrat Lime Juice Sauce
Yorkshire Relish
Anchovy Sauce
Sultana Sauce
Tabasco Ketchup
Mushroom Catsup
Harvey's Sauce
Pepper Sauce
Chili Sauce
McElhenny's Tabasco Pepper Sauce.
Blue Label Tomato Ketchup
French Mustard—bottles, 5 & 10c.
English Worcestershire Sauces at 10c.

EASY MONEY AT HOME

raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All in[illegible] You'll get up to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes

BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,

and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for 15c. stamps or coin. Address

COTTAM BIRD SEED, 23 St., London, Ont.

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders will be received up to April 10th, by the Belleville Portland Cement Co., Limited, for the erection of a number of workman's houses at Point Ann.

Blue prints and specifications will be furnished upon application or can be seen or procured at office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. — BELLEVILLE PORTLAND CEMENT CO., Ltd., Belleville. mc29-6td&1w

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

AND THE

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher	$3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots	$3.00

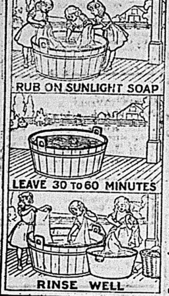
Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

THE SUNLIGHT WAY



Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Hard rubbing and boiling are things of the past in homes where Sunlight Soap is used as directed.

Sunlight Soap will not injure even the daintiest fabric or the hands, and the clothes will be perfectly white, woolens soft and fluffy.

The reason for this is because Sunlight Soap is absolutely pure, contains no injurious chemicals—indeed, nothing but the active, cleansing, dirt-removing properties of soap that is nothing but soap.

5c. Buy it and follow directions **5c.**

YOUR MONEY REFUNDED by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint. 165

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO

VICHY —
CELESTINS
The only genuine Vichy Water; property of the French Republic.

Boivin, Wilson & Co. Montreal, Agents.

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 40 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Good reliable lady to take orders for our tailor-made costumes and skirts. Write quickly. Dominion Garment Co., Guelph, Ont. a2-3t

Agents Wanted. No experience necessary. We teach you how to build up a route or regular customers quickly. Better than a bank account. Write quick. Alfred Tyler, London, Ontario.

A lady stenographer, one with knowledge of book-keeping preferred. Apply with references to Drawer D., Belleville. 29-tf

TO LET,

Furnished house, 236 George St., Belleville. Post Office Box 219, Madoc, Ont. me31-tf

LOST,

On Saturday a gentleman's dark fur gauntlet. Finder please leave at The Intelligencer office. Reward.

Waters' Emulsion.

Pure Norway Cod Liver Oil with Hypophophites.

AN IDEAL COUGH AND COLD CURE FOR CHILDREN.

Makes them STRONG and ROBUST.

Always fresh and pleasant to take. Price, 50c large bottle.

WATERS' Drug Store

H. R. Beattie,

BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 2

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	94⅞	95⅜
do pref		....
St Paul	177⅞	179½
Mop	95	96½
Union Pac	157¼	158⅜
C.P.R.	172⅞	172½
Sou Rai	68⅛	70
R I	28⅞	28⅝
Ills. C.	174½	174⅞
Sou Ry	[illegible]	41⅞
Texas	33¼	33
B & O	112	[illegible]
N Y C	142⅞	146⅛
Penn	138¾	140⅛
Soo	159½	159
T. W.	119⅜	121¼
Erie	44¼	45½
do pref	79	79½
Reading	137	138⅜
C. O	59⅝	60⅛
O W	51½	52⅛
Manhattan		....
W C	28⅜	28¼
L & N.	151½	151⅛
A. F.	49	45½
Nor	89⅞	90⅜
Wab.	23	22⅞
do pref	10½	10¼
A. R.	160⅜	161⅛
C. G W	20⅞	21⅛
T.C.I.		
U. S. Steel	42½	43⅝
do pref	107⅛	103½
Sugar	142	142⅛
B.R.T.	85⅝	85½
P. O	94⅛	94¾
A. C. P.	103½	112
Met.	116½	116½
Als.	69½	70⅜
C.F.I.	67	67⅜

• • •

May wheat opened at 77¼ closed at 77⅛
July wheat opened at 76¼; closed at 77
May corn opened at 44½; closed at 44½
July corn opened at 41¼; closed at 41⅛
May Oats opened at 30½; closed at [illegible]
May pork opened at 16.35; closed at 16.32

Honor Roll for March.

GRIER ST. SCHOOL.

Sr. Fourth. — Ruth Snell, Robbie Pringle, Clifford Snell, Sidney Shane, Joe Deshane, Herbert Chown, Howard Rathman.

Jr. Fourth. — Albert Wonnacott, Nellie Barriage.

Sr. Third. — Willie Dyer, Russell McCreary, Evelyn Scantlebury, Karl Wilson, Lelia Wedden.

S. F. Armistead, teacher.

Jr. Third. — Lena Deshane, Frank Sine, Fred Elvins, George Cook, Willie Sprague, Johnny Phillips.

Second Class—Mildred Shane, Hazel Boyd, Raymond Matthews, Clarence Martin, George Walt, Archie Cook.

Marion K. Lambly, teacher.

Sr. Part II.— Earl Snider, Norma Wedden, Mabel Welch, Charlie Cummings, Richard Stapley.

Jr. Part II.—Fred Matthews, Raymond Harris, Genora Lucas, Flossie Bonisteel, Harold Dafoe.

Sr. Part I.—Roswell Doxsee, John Cook, Clifford Andrews, Edgar Stapley, Harvey Anderson, Russell Harris.

Mary Frost, teacher.

WINSTON GETS A PUBLIC SNUB.

CANCELLATION OF MESSAGE TO NATAL MAY BE A SET-BACK FOR HIM.

London, March 31. — The storm aroused by the Natal affair has in no way subsided. The newspapers this morning are full of despatches from the colonies, protesting against the action of Lord Elgin, and sympathizing with the Natal Government, and the prominent men connected with the colonies who have been interviewed; all deprecate what they term the Government's hasty and ill-advised action. Even the Government's supporters appear to find themselves hard pressed to justify Lord Elgin's action.

Winston Churchill, the Under-Secretary for the Colonies, was the man who sent the message to Natal, suspending the execution of some rebellious natives, which action led the Natal Ministry to resign on Thursday.

Yesterday, Lord Elgin informed the House of Lords that Natal had now been given liberty of action. The question arises whether Winston Churchill's action was authorized, or taken on his own responsibility, and whether he is being snubbed for his presumption. His speech on South African affairs three weeks ago caused much irritation in the African colonies, and he seems to be a thorn in the side of the colonies, generally. In this connection a letter written by Mr. J. Ramsay Macdonald, M.P., the Secretary of the Labor Representation Committee, is interesting. He says:

"I do not think I am an over-cautious man, or that my sympathies with the oppressed black and yellow men in South Africa are niggardly, but I am bound to say that unless the Cabinet muzzle Mr. Winston Churchill they will bring themselves into a disastrous conflict with the colonies. Mr. Churchill speaks like an irresponsible person, and the pride he seems to take in reminding the Transvaal people that he suspects them, and that he is to veto certain Acts they may pass, is very blundering statesmanship. These are matters for private dispatches, not for public speeches. Mr. Churchill has got into office far too soon."

Four Simple Rules

FOLLOW THEM AND HEALTH, HAPPINESS AND PROSPERITY WILL BE YOURS.

If one would be healthy, happy and prosperous, follow these four simple rules (1) Keep the bowels open every day. (2) Chew your food slowly and thoroughly. (3) Avoid indigestible foods. (4) If there are any symptoms of stomach troubles, take Mi-o-na before each meal until cured.

No matter how many years you may have suffered with stomach troubles or how worried by sleeplessness, nervousness, loss of appetite, furred tongue, specks before the eyes, headaches, indigestion or other ills that are caused by a weak stomach, you can be cured by the faithful use of Mi-o-na.

Mi-o-na is not a fanciful experiment, it is not a patent medicine, it is not a cure all. It is a scientific remedy recommended but for one trouble,—weakness of the digestive organs.

When Mi-o-na has been used for a few days, the digestive system will be so greatly improved that all the food eaten is converted into nutrition, so that nourishment and health are given to the whole system and there is a rapid increase in weight, strength and spirits.

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

Spare the Trees.

The following letter, by "The Khan," Canada's rural poet, will be appreciated by all those who love trees and who are saddened by the too frequent destruction of them by unthinking persons;

Editor Galt Reporter,—I write to ask for the sympathy and help of your subscribers in Beverly to assist the protest against a piece of vandalism which threatens my native township.

The Bunch of Early Prolifics known as the Township Council, have decreed that all the shade trees on the township road allowances must be destroyed. Since the dawn of history there was always an ass in the township council; but I never expected to live long enough to see the whole outfit that way.

The trees are a blessing. It takes God Almighty two hundred years to build a good one, but it takes a five-year-old township councillor only two minutes to destroy it.

They are badgering the Hendersons on the 5th line as a starter. They will be after you next. Don't let them cut down the shade trees in front of your property. The trees belong to you and the travelling public have a vested right in them.

Woodman, spare the tree!
Touch not a single bough!
In youth it sheltered me,
And I'll protect it now.

R. K. KERNIGHAN.
Rushdale Farm.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

CURIOSITY

Leads to Investigation and Truth.

What shall we do to be saved? was the title of one of Robt. Ingersoll's lectures. People of faith and people of no faith flocked to hear it. Thousands are asking, "What shall I do to get rid of dandruff?" The answer is, "Kill the germ that causes dandruff, falling hair and finally baldness, and the only thing that will do it is Newbro's Herpicide. That is the very latest discovery of the laboratory, and it is the only preparation that claims to, or that will, kill the pestiferous dandruff germ. It also is a delightful hair-dressing, free from oil or grease or stick substances. Try it, and be convinced of its actual merit. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Literary Notes.

The place of honor in The Methodist Magazine and Review for April is given to Mr. J. W. L. Forster's illuminative article on the late Mons. Bouguereau, the famous French artist, in whose atelier Mr. Forster studied, with nine very handsome reproductions of his chefs-d'oeuvre. Quite an Easter flavor is given to this number. "The Skipper Parson" is a well illustrated account of mission work on the bays and barrens of Newfoundland, a record of fascinating interest. Mr. W. T. Stead's sketch of "The Real Czar," "Hymnology, a Path to Christian Unity," by Dr. Davidson, the "White Plague," history in cartoon, and other articles, with the conclusion of the serial story, "Summerwild," and an interesting short story of western life, make a very readable number. Toronto, William Briggs; Montreal, C. W. Coates; Halifax, S. H. Huestis. $2.00 a year; $1.00 for six months.

Modes of Divination.

If a Scottish maiden desired to summon the image of her future husband, she read the third verse, seventeenth chapter, of the book of Job after supper, washed the supper dishes and retired to bed without uttering a single word, placing underneath her pillow the Bible, with a pin thrust through the verse she had read. On Allhallow eve various modes of divination were in vogue. Pennant says that the young women determined the figure and size of their husbands by drawing cabbages blindfold, a custom which lingers still in some parts of Scotland. They also threw nuts into the fire, a practice prevailing also in England, as Gay has described:

Two hazelnuts I threw into the flame.
And to each nut I gave a sweetheart's name.
This with the loudest bounce me sore amazed
That in a flame of brightest color blazed.
As blazed the nut, so may thy passion grow.

Or they took a candle and went alone to a looking glass, eating an apple and combing their hair before it, whereupon the face of the future spouse would be seen in the glass peeping over the foolish girl's shoulder.

Language of Lawrence Jail.

Lieutenant John P. Bradstreet of the Fiftieth Massachusetts was for many years a deputy sheriff and turnkey under High Sheriff Herrick at the Lawrence house of correction. All the newcomers were by him assigned to their proper quarters.

One day upon the arrival of a new squad of inmates there was one who seemed somewhat more "tony" than the rest, and, calling the lieutenant aside, he claimed a little more consideration than the others owing to his previous standing in society.

"I never was in such a situation before," said he, "and I trust you will give me a little different quarters from those other fellows. I am highly educated and can speak seven different languages."

"Seven?" remarked the lieutenant. "That's altogether too many. We don't have but one language here and mighty little o' that."

The Ottoman Turks.

The Ottoman Turks lived originally in central Asia, where they were members of a race related to the Mongols, a branch of the Ural-Altai family. Under their first sultan, Othman, who ruled from 1288 to 1326, they founded a realm in Asia Minor, but soon extended it into Europe, entering Armenia. With the capture of Constantinople in 1453 they succeeded to the Byzantine empire, and their rule at its zenith during the sixteenth century extended over the greater part of southeastern Europe and much of western Asia and northern Africa, but they lost Hungary, Roumania, Servia, Greece and practically Bulgaria and Egypt, etc. The Ottoman Turks are Sunnite Mohammedans and regard the sultan, who is the supreme head of the church and recognized as such by all Mohammedans, as representative of former caliphs.

Entertaining Lions.

Concerning lions, we all like to entertain them. Most of them like to be entertained. Birds of a feather may flock together, but lions rarely enjoy the company of their kind (two of a kind never can agree). The solitary thrush sings alone. A lion is like that sort of bird. I have seen more than one dinner party spoiled by the multiplicity of lions at the table. The lion likes to have the floor to himself. He is always in better humor when there is no other to dispute it with him. When you have the luck to snare a lion remember that he is a kingly creature and select your guests with a view to his comfort and pleasure. It is better to invite lambs to meet a lion than to ask another lion. Every circle has its lambs.

LOVE'S PHILOSOPHY.

The fountains mingle with the river
And the rivers with the ocean,
[illegible] winds of heaven mix for ever
Th[illegible] th a sweet emotion;
W[illegible] in the world is single
Nothi[illegible] gs by a law divine
All thi[illegible] her's being mingle—
In one s[illegible] with thine?
Why not I [illegible]

See the moun[illegible] kiss high heaven,
And the waves clas[illegible] one another;
No sister-flower would [illegible] be forgiven
If it disdained its brothe[illegible]
And the sunlight clasps the earth,
And the moonbeams kiss the [illegible]—
What are all these kissings wort[illegible]
If thou kiss not me?

—Shelley.

CINDERELLA.

Her Story Is Very Ancient and Is in Sacred Hindoo Books.

The story of Cinderella is substantially the same as that told of Rhodopis and Psammitichus by Elian, who lived in Rome in the third century of the Christian era. The story as told by Elian is that while Rhodopis was bathing an eagle carried away one of her sandals and dropped it near the feet of Psammitichus, King of Egypt, who, like Cinderella's prince, was struck by its diminutive size, caused the maiden to be sought for and married her when found. Make the sandal a glass slipper and add the ugly sisters for the sake of contrast, and the stories are much the same. The glass slipper, by the way, is an acknowledged fiction, being in reality a mistranslation of "pantoufle en vair" (a fur slipper), and not "en verre."

This at all events is what is claimed by Perrault in his "Contes de Fees." Both these stories have doubtless a common origin, but it is necessary to go farther back in the history of literature to find it—to a people who lived in a period compared with which that of even Elian is quite modern. It is in the Vedas, the four sacred books of the Hindoos, that the origin is to be found.

After what has already been said it will not be surprising to learn that Cinderella is a dawn maiden, her sisters being the powers of darkness, who compel her to wait upon them, keeping her hidden from sight. The dawn maiden breaks from her bonds and captivates the sun, remaining with him for a time. But she cannot linger with him in the heavens. She can remain only until a certain hour. Once she lingers too long and, hurrying back, leaves on the path she has taken a token of her visit in the form of a fleecy cloud, which had borne her aloft when she left the regions of darkness. The sun, determined to find her, sends out his emissaries (the rays of light), but does not find her until she appears before him as the evening twilight. In the Vedas the prince is called Mitra, which is one of the names given to the sun.—London Globe.

A Yankee Stretcher.

The late General Wilman W. Blackmar once told how he had overheard an English corporal drilling his squad in this fashion, according to the Chicago Inter Ocean.

"Now, then, No. 7," the corporal said, "we'll make another start—that is, if you've quite finished feelin' if your back hair happens to be on straight this mornin'. It's you I'm talkin' to—third man from the left on front rank. I haven't the pleasure of knowin' your name, but I expect to be writin' it down for an hour's extra work pretty soon. Now, then, look out to your front. Squad, 'tchun! Left dress! Turn your eyes to the left— without squintin' like Chinese rummies, if you can. Stand up in the ranks, too, like soldiers, not like a measly row of lopsided, spindle shanked, cockney shop boys! Stick your chests out and put your stummicks somewhere out of sight altogether. There's 'arf of you with figers like bags of potatoes. Strike me crimson if I ever saw such a mob! Hi, you in the centre—the ginger headed man. I mean—don't grin like that. This ain't no perishin' beauty competition, not by no manner of means."

Badly Mixed.

The following extracts from speeches made by vestrymen are given in a local English paper:

Mr. H. D.—If I paid a man to do a job and he did not do it, I would not pay him.

Mr. O'C.—Is Mr. St. C. in order in introducing fresh matter that has already been decided?

Mr. D.—I move that we have a survey on this day (Thursday) fortnight, on a Saturday.

Mr. P.—I am proud of my ancestors, and I hope to be proud of my posterity.

Mr. B.—If this proposal is carried the parish will stink in the eyes of the ratepayers.

The Lake Dried Up.

Lake Chrissie is a small body of water in the eastern Transvaal, in connection with which there is an interesting legend. The Boers held the belief that not until the lake in question became dry would they lose their independence. For the first time within human memory the lake, one of the very few fresh water lakes in South Africa, was perfectly dry during the latter stages of the war. After the declaration of peace the lake resumed its normal appearance, though the water was shallower than before. Twice since then—in 1904 and 1905—the bed of the lake has been quite dry.

His Noble Title.

Lord Leighton when asked by what title he would be called to the upper House at once replied, "I am a workingman and cannot afford to change my name, which is my trade-mark." There result many minor social confusions when the alteration in status is accompanied by an alteration of the patronymic. When, for instance, Sir James McGarel-Hogg, raised to the peerage under the title of Lord Magheramorne, first dined out with his new dignity the footman, unable to master the sound, but refusing to be beaten, announced, "The late Sir James McGarel-Hogg."

A Real One.

Redd—I hear she is going to marry a bookmaker at the track.

Greene—Well, she always did love outdoor sports.

AS GUESTS AND HOSTS.

Comparison of English and French in Many Recent Events—King Edward's Popularity.

King Edward's recent appearance in Paris was the occasion of a remarkable outburst of enthusiasm. His successful efforts to draw more closely together the people of Britain and France, and his personal popularity, won many years ago as Prince of Wales, were both acclaimed by the cheers of the Parisians. Moreover, his visit seemed a contradiction of the persistent rumors of ill-health, and was another reason for a warm welcome. For the entente cordiale His Majesty may claim greater credit than any other individual; but if he showed the way toward a valuable international friendship, his subjects have displayed commensurate tact and heartiness in following where he led.

Of the visit of the French naval officers and men to England we have heard much, but of the even more important exchange of courtesies by the London and Paris councilmen not a great deal has been said. When the London County Council asked the eighty members of the Paris Municipal Council to come and be entertained in London, it was the first invitation of the kind since the gorgeous guilds of the middle ages paid ceremonious visits to each other. How lavish, even princely, was the hospitality of the London aldermen the French visitors in their own papers have told us, some of them with charming humor. The London councillors might fairly be called merchant princes or captains of industry. Nearly every one of them is a citizen "of substance and renown," living in a great town mansion, possessing also a country residence, with all the luxury and paraphernalia of great wealth. Their private homes were thrown open to the Paris councillors, who had modestly expected to be entertained at some respectable hotel. Thinking of Englishmen as cold, proud, exclusive people, one can imagine the delight and astonishment of the Frenchmen at being thus suddenly welcomed into the very family circle of their hosts. It is on this compliment that the French councilmen chiefly dilate.

Then came the return visit, which has just been carried through so successfully. But before the English councilmen arrived there were many anxious hours for their hosts. The Paris councilmen are not merchant princes. Among eighty are only two who live on the interest of their money. Many of the others are well-to-do, but none of them is a nabob. Most of them live in flats. They early decided that it would be impossible to entertain the Englishmen in their own homes. But if they had to lodge their guests at hotels, they were resolved that the occasion should nevertheless be a memorable one, even for the luxurious Londoners. So they chartered all that was best in the best hotel in Paris.

Two details of one of the banquets are worth giving. It was the great banquet of 500 covers, in which some 200 foremost Parisians of every rank of life were asked to meet the 137 men from London. Usually these giant banquets are jobbed out to banquet caterers. In the present case each dish served to each guest was worthy, by its minute preparation, to have come from one of ten of the most fashionable Paris restaurants. And for good reason. No great banquet of the world certainly had ever so many famous chefs presiding over its preparation. These municipal councillors had but to say the word to mobilize them and have their enthusiastic combination in the common cause of the credit of Paris!

Furthermore, the banquet was served in the famous Hall of Fetes, magnificent in architecture, sculpture, fresco painting, carpets and wall hangings. Ten minutes after the banquet was terminated a promenade concert was in full blast in that self-same Hall of Fetes. The county councillors were almost frightened—until admiration conquered the less worthy emotion. It was like a transformation scene in a fairy pantomine. Presto! Countless lackeys, silent, deft and rapid, appeared from nowhere and vanished into thin air again; and when they had disappeared the banquet table, with its massive services and decorations, had disappeared also! The whole transformation took six minutes, but the trick had been rehearsed some twenty times to get it perfect.

But, after all, it was not banqueting, but business, that drew the London aldermen to Paris, and many were the novel municipal sights they saw and studied. One of them—free breakfasts for school children in the primary classes—has since then been transplanted to England; but among the others which remain essentially Parisian are the Gobelin tapestry works, the municipal wood pavement factory, the Government Sevres porcelain factory, the municipal flower gardens, "the sewers that have railway trains and canal-boats running in them," the municipal slaughter-houses, and the "home assistance" of the poor, a half-way measure between almshouse charity and old-age pensions. The Parisians have not municipal gas yet, but they are likely to make the experiment in the near future. On this point the Londoners could give them advice, and on the regulation of traffic in the streets, which is a science imperfectly known outside of London.

The value of the exchange of visits so far as better municipal government is concerned can be readily understood. This is immediate and practical; but even more important and on a grander scale is the growing idea of social and intellectual, if not commercial, reciprocity between the two peoples. It is understood that these visits are to become the rule rather than the exception in time to come. If London and Paris are not ashamed to learn of each other, it may be that Toronto could be improved by the adoption of the same principle.

An Unfortunate Inspiration.

A church at Yeovil, Somerset, England, was suddenly filled in the midst of a sermon with a hideous discord from the organ. The preacher improved the opportunity for an energetic attack upon the character of Satan, who had come to distract their attention. The door of the organ chamber then opened and disclosed—the vicar, who had entered to cut off the water pressure and touched the wrong valve.

RHEUMATISM

I will refund your money if it fails.
Price 25c.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve pains in legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints in a few hours. Positively cures in a few days. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it from the system. —MUNYON.

April Probabilities

It is possible you will be housecleaning; probably papering and painting; perchance the outside of your house needs painting.

Now, here is the question—WHERE can you get the BEST service?

If the opportunity be ours we will prove that right here you can get the BEST service.

Best in every way—

Best Wall Papers
Largest Assortment
Lowest Prices
Best Workmen
Best Materials
Quick Service
Salesmen understanding the business.

Never before in the history of this house were we prepared to render prompt service and with it perfect workmanship. While our stock of decorative goods in Wall Papers, Hangings, Tapestries, Burlaps, is simply complete.

Our decorator is at your service to furnish ideas, drawings and color schemes for your apartments.

Each week we are placing portions of our stock on sale at reduced prices, while we will continue to sell the balance of 1905 papers at a discount of 25 per cent. while they last.

C B. SCANTLEBURY

Designer & Decorator.

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Lead, wholesale and retail.

The People of Great Britain.

Ethnologically Great Britain is a mixture of many races, resulting from a succession of invasions. When the Romans invaded Britain the inhabitants were Celtic, mixed with an earlier Euskarian non-Aryan element. They continued to be mainly so until the fifth and sixth centuries, when the level parts of the country were overrun by German tribes. Then followed invasions by the Danes and other Scandinavian tribes and lastly the Norman conquest. The inhabitants of England and the lowlands of Scotland, therefore, sprang from an amalgamation of the original Celtic with German and Scandinavian blood. Wales and the highlands of Scotland are still inhabited by descendants of the ancient Celtic tribes. The people of Ireland also are of Celtic origin, although there is an admixture of many other races.

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

Are You Ready for Spring ?

--WE ARE.

Our
New
Styles
Now in
Stock

The Smartest Assortment For Correct Dressers.

The J. J. Haines

SHOE HOUSES—Belleville, Napanee & Trenton.

Take the Night Train to Pittsburg Over the

LAKE
SHORE
RAILWAY

FROM BUFFALO

You will rest in the roomy berths of the famous Lake Shore Sleeping Cars as perfectly as in your own bed at home. All trains over this road are equipped with every comfort and convenience for the traveler that even the most fastidious may require.

Shortest Time Greatest Comfort
Perfect Safety

Direct connections for all east, west and southern points

For full information regarding stop-over privileges, routes and service, address

J. W. DALY, Chief Ass't G. P. A.
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CLEVELAND, O.

W. J. LYNCH, Passenger Traffic Manager, CHICAGO.

SAFE INVESTMENTS

LOW EXPENSE

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE
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Vice-Presidents.
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Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

OPPORTUNITY.

(Walter Malone.)

They do me wrong who say I come no more
When once I knock and fail to find you in,
For every day I stand outside the door
And bid you wake and rise to fight and win.

Wait not for precious chances passed away,
Weep not for golden ages on the wane!
Each night I burn the records of the day;
At sunrise every soul is born again.

Laugh like a boy at splendors that have sped,
To vanished joys be blind and deaf and dumb;
My judgments seal the dead past with its dead,
But never bind a moment yet to come.

Though deep in mire, wring not your hands and weep;
I lend my arm to all who say "I can!"
No shameless outcast ever sank so deep
But yet might rise and be again a man!

Dost thou behold thy lost youth all aghast?
Dost thou reel from righteous retribution's blow?
Then turn from blotted archives of the past
And find the future's pages white as snow.

• • •

A Brooklyn Chinaman gives trading stamps to the patrons of his laundry. Redeemable in China, perhaps?

• • •

A German professor has discovered a way to cure people of red noses without making them sign a pledge There is no holding down science.

• • •

A bride in Mahoney City, Pa., jumped over a broom for good luck immediately after the wedding ceremony. She will have to learn other uses to which to put the broom.

• • •

A dispatch from Petersburg, Ind., tells of an insane man who climbed a tree. Is it to be inferred that if he had not been insane he would have waited for an elevator to take him up?

• • •

A man slipped from the brow of a cliff near Union Hill, N. J., and fell 100 feet to the bottom, but an umbrella in his hands made his descent comparatively slow and he was not hurt. It was lucky that he had the umbrella, but he probably would not care to repeat the adventure—not with two umbrellas.

• • •

A Nevada young man slapped his sister's cheek and she shot away the side of his face. This was painful, of course, but there is a bright feature to the incident. He will not have to shave that side of his face for a while.

• • •

A Brooklyn man pummeled another man who had walked out with the first man's girl. The girl had the two of them taken to court. The Judge heard the case and asked her which man she would choose. She chose the one who had been pummeled. Some fellows have more than their share of bad luck.

• • •

While playing in the grounds of a Dutch Church at Kroonstad, South Africa, two Boer children made an interesting discovery. With small spades they were digging a hole, and just below the surface several gold coins were unearthed. They continued to dig gradually adding to their precious store. The youngsters soon had a pile of English gold sovereigns. The sexton then joined the search, and it was not long before treasure to the value of nearly $5,000 in gold and silver coins was brought to light. During the war the church was used as a hospital and for housing refugees, and it is surmised that the treasure must have been buried by some one who is now dead.

• • •

Willis L. Moore, chief of the United States Weather Bureau at Washington, announces that in a short time the bureau will be in a position to forecast the weather for a month ahead. People frequently cast reflections upon the reliability of "Old Probs," but if they were to keep track of the forecasts they would find an astonishingly large number of them absolutely correct, and all of them partially correct. If the same efficiency can be shown in monthly forecasts the information so supplied will be of immense value in a great many ways. And if the men who figure out what the weather is to be like, can determine it exactly a month ahead, why should there not come a time when farmers will be advised as to what to grow in particular districts, according to the amount of rainfall to be expected. Then, if nature has a big drought arranged, we would be forewarned and, consequently, forearmed. The idea may appear preposterous, but a lot of things which we accept as a matter of course would fifty years ago or even less, have been scouted as beyond belief.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Wheat Futures Close Higher, Chicago Lower—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Saturday Evening, March 31.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ¼d higher than Friday, and corn futures ¼d higher.

At Chicago, May wheat closed ⅜c lower than Friday, May corn ⅛c lower, and oats ⅛c lower.

TORONTO PRODUCE MA

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush....	74	to $....
Wheat, fall, bush....	0 75	....
Wheat, red, bush...	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush...	0 71	....
Barley, bush.	0 51	....
Oats, bush.	0 39	....
Rye, bush	0 75	....
Peas,	0 78	....
Br[illegible] bush.	0 53	....
[illegible]kwheat		....
[illegible] bush.		....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Liverpool, March 31.—Closing—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures quiet; May 6s 6⅝d, July 6s 6⅝d.

Corn—Spot American mixed, new, steady, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, quiet, 4s 7d. Futures quiet; May 4s 3⅛d, July 4s 2⅝d.

Peas—Canadian steady, 6s 10d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter steady, 8s 3d.

Hops—In London (Pacific coast), quiet, £2 5s to £3 5s.

Beef—Firm; extra India mess, 78s 9d.

Pork—Firm; prime mess, western, 77s 6d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., firm, 51s.

Bacon—Firm; Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 49s; short rib, 16 to 24 lbs., 52s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 48s; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 47s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 46s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 47s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., firm, 40s 6d.

Lard—Firm; prime western, in tierces, 42s 6d; American refined, 43s 6d.

Butter—Steady; finest U. S., 90s; good U. S., 80s.

Cheese—American finest white steady, 63s 6d; American finest colored strong, 68s.

Tallow—Firm; prime city, 25s 6d; Australian in London, 29s.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 46s.

Rosin—Common steady, 9s 10½d.

Petroleum—Refined quiet, 6⅞d. Linseed Oil—Firm, 23s 9d. Cottonseed Oil—Hull refined, spot firm, 19s 9d.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, March 31.—Butter—Fairly steady, unchanged; receipts, 2303.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 1718.

Eggs—Strong; receipts, 12,070; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 21c; do., choice, 19c to 20c; do., mixed, extra, 19c; western firsts, 18c; do., seconds, 16c; southerns, 16½c to 17½c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—American Markets Quiet, But Firm.

London, March 31.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8½c to 8¾c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 14c to 14½c per lb.; lambs, 15c to 15½c, dressed weight.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, March 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; active and higher.

Veals—Receipts, 450 head; fairly active and lower, $5 to $7.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 2100 head; active; about steady; heavy, mixed and yorkers, $6.75 to $6.80; few at $6.85; pigs, $6.65 to $6.70; roughs, $6 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5400 head; slow and steady; prices unchanged.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, March 31.—Beeves—Receipts, 290 head; feeling steady; dressed beef dull at 6½c to 8½c for native sides. Exports, 730 beeves and 5428 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 18; none on sale and no trading; feeling weak at 8c to 12c; country dressed do., dull, at 7c to 9½c.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1792; sheep nominally steady; lambs extremely slow and 10c to 15c lower; prime western lambs sold at $7; dressed mutton steady at 8½c to 9½c per lb.; dressed lambs weak at 9c to 11c; country dressed spring lambs slow at $3 to $6.50 per carcass.

Hogs—Receipts, 2207; feeling nominally steady.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady; beeves, $6 to $6.25; cows and heifers, $1.60 to $5.20; stockers and feeders, $2.80 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; mixed and butchers, $6.25 to $6.50; good, heavy, $6.40 to $6.47½; rough, heavy, $6.25 to $6.35; light, $6.25 to $6.50; pigs, $5.75 to $6.30; bulk of sales, $6.35 to $6.45.

Sheep—Receipts, 2000; strong; sheep, $3.25 to $6.25; yearlings, $5.75 to $6.35; lambs, $5 to $6.65.

LADY WILSON'S CASE.

Serious Charges Made Against Trust Corporation Are Denied.

Toronto, April 2.—The proceedings in which Lady Wilson, widow of the late Sir Adam Wilson, is taking action against the Toronto General Corporation for alleged fraud, mismanagement, etc., were resumed Saturday morning before Judge Winchester. Walter Barwick, K.C., appeared for the company and Mr. Hodgins, K.C., for Lady Wilson.

Dr. Hoskin, J. W. Langmuir and Secretary Reid made statements to the judge denying the allegations.

Amongst other allegations is that the trustees had used the moneys of the estate and loaned them and had received interest to a much larger amount than they had credited the estate. Lady Wilson asks that the order of the Surrogate Court of Jan. 5, 1905, be set aside and the accounts of the estate may be reopened, and that the accounts on the file of this court may be further investigated.

The Prince at Vancouver.

Vancouver, B. C., April 2.—H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught was greeted at Vancouver with loyal acclaims and King's weather. The ceremonies were more or less informal, though a civic address was presented and the "Duke of Connaught's Own" was inspected at the drill hall on Saturday. The party left on their private train early Sunday morning for the east.

Shoots Himself.

North Bay, April 2.—Lord Trevillian, formerly locomotive engineer on the G. T. R., running out of Allandale, who was discharged from the road a short while ago for some offence, shot himself in his room at Donovan's boarding house here Saturday afternoon.

A LONE WOMAN VOTED.

And Tells Her Experience In An English Election.

Woman suffrage has not arrived yet in England. But the woman voter has.

Her name is Miss Alwyn Bussey, and she is of German descent, her father being a naturalized Englishman. She is a teacher of singing, and she voted at the polls at East Marylebone. Her experiences are related in lively terms in The London Evening News as follows:

"How did it happen. It is har say. For eight years I have live to in my house (The Studio, here House, 66 Wells street), a Walbeck a man came to me and s one day a vote.' My name was "You have Was it for me to q on the register. thorities? But th arrel with the aumentary electio is the first Parlia-

"The other I have voted in. sent a ca day Lord Robert Cecil and he vasser. I opened the door, Buss said in a loud voice, 'Is Mr. dead?'

"I answered, 'No, Mr. Bussey is not dead. There is no Mr. Bussey. I am not married. I am Alwyn Bussey, if that is any information for you; so there.' And with that I shut the door and left the man standing speechless.

"Then Mr. Langdon sent a canvasser, but he was a clever man. He said, 'Alwyn Bussey, I presume?' I said, 'Yes.' He smiled and added, 'Well, you have got a vote, and we will send a carriage for you.' So I arranged to vote. On the day the carriage drew up at the door, and it was great fun. I was driven to the Little Titchfield polling station. There was a policeman at the door, and when he saw me he waved his hand as I have seen them do when they stop the traffic.

"I said, 'What is the matter, my good man?' He answered, haughtily, 'Women cannot vote, madam; don't you know that yet?' I asked, 'That is all you know, I a going to vote.'

"The presiding officer declined to issue a polling paper, but I stood my ground. I said, 'My name is on the register, and I am going to vote.' He seemed impressed, but said, 'Wait a little,' and then there was such a consultation!

"Then a young man came up to me with a red face and said, 'You can vote,' and issued me a polling ticket, and I voted. But before that he tried to temporize. He said, 'Can't you come this afternoon?' and I, of course, replied, 'No. I have come to vote, and I will vote now,' and I did.

"How did my name come on the register? It is difficult to say. No doubt they took me for a man—in any case, it is a mistake. But, then, isn't it funny?"

A Moving Welsh Mountain.

The moving Welsh mountain is advancing slowly but surely on the villages of Troedyrhwfwch and Sebastopol, in the Rhymney Valley.

The garden of the village inn at Troedyrhwfwch has been swept away, but curiously enough, the inn, which lies between the garden and the mountain, is intact. The reason for this is that it was practically built some time ago on a solid foundation of rock.

Close to the inn is a belt of woodland in which all the trees are drooping.

Every house in Sebastopol bears traces of damage. Most of the doors have been wrenched out of shape, and the keystones over them and the windows have been forced out of position.

Many theories are put forward to account for the slide. The two most popular are mining operations and quicksand. Prof. Galloway, the mining expert, favors the former theory.

The inspector of mines said at a recent inquest at Tredegar that falls caused more deaths in the pits of that neighborhood than in any other part of the country, and that the number had increased alarmingly during the last two years.

The railway officials are watching carefully for developments which may affect the line in the valley. One of them said recently: "This has been going on for forty years, and may continue for another forty."

Real Old Oak.

A wonderful relic of the past has been brought to light at Yaxley, Peterborough, in the discovery of what is most probably a hidden forest. At a depth of seven feet have been found a number of oak trees, which have lain buried, it is estimated, for something like two thousand years. One huge tree was 60 feet long and 2 feet in diameter

Most of the trees are almost perfect in condition and are being sold to manufacturers of antique furniture, and an American millionaire has made purchases for panelling his mansion with the old oak. Altogether about eighty trees have been raised, and hundreds more are left in the ground untouched, at a depth of five or six feet. In nearly all the cases the roots are found attached.

The trees are found in clusters of three or four, pointing in different directions, and in some instances they lay across each other. The wood is extremely hard and can only be worked by machinery. Some of the trees are being cut up for use in Mr. Astor's mysterious mansion which is being built for him.

Indian Tinsel Maker.

Here is an artist's pretty description of a tinselmaker in Delhi, India: "The silken thread from a ball under the worker's feet as he squats on the ground runs over the hook and is attached to the spindle. One rapid sweep of the latter along the worker's thigh sets it going, and both the slender, supple hands are free, one for the reel of tinsel which in a flash shoots upward to arm's length, coiled like a snake about the spinning thread; the sunlight and the gold tinsel together flash up the yellow silken thread, seeming to set it on fire."

His Excuse.

A milkman in a country town was brought before the local court to answer a charge of adulteration of milk. "You are charged," said the judge, "with a most serious offense, of selling adulterated milk. Have you anything to say in answer to the charge?"

"Well, your honor," replied the milkman, "the night before it was raining very hard, and the only cause I can give is the cow must have got wet through.

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Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9 12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p m
Arr. Rochester "	2.28 p.m.	....
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BRITISH LABOR PARTY

DIVIDED INTO FOUR SECTIONS IN THE NEW PARLIAMENT.

Most Important Is the Labor Representation Committee Section, Which Numbers 29 Members—Form an Exclusive Party In the House and Will Decide Upon Its Own Policy — A Trades Union Program.

The Labor party in the new British Parliament is divided into four sections: (1) The Labor representation committee members, who meet at the House of Commons; (2) the miners' members; (3) the Liberal-Labor members; and (4) a section which must be classed as Labor Independents, says The London Express.

By far the most important of these four is the Labor representation committee section, which will be known officially as the "Labor party." It numbers 29 members, which is practically a majority of the whole Labor party. Out of 59 candidates the following have been returned: Messrs. J. Keir Hardie, W. Crooks, D. J. Shackleton, and A. Henderson (members of the last Parliament), G. N. Barnes, C. W. Bowerman, R. Clynes, C. Duncan, A. H. Gill, T. Glover, J. Hodge, W. Hudson, J. Jenkins, F. W. Jowett, G. D. Kelly, J. R. MacDonald, J. T. Macpherson, J. O'Grady, J. Parker, T. F. Richards, G. H. Roberts, J. Seddon, P. Snowden, T. Summerbell, W. Thorne, S. Walsh, G. J. Wardle, A. Wilkie and W. T. Wilson.

These members are pledged by the constitution of the Labor representation committee to form an exclusive party in the House; it will now elect its own chairman and whips, and decide its own policy. Probably it may on occasions open its doors to those members whose policy most nearly coincides with its own, and thus strengthen its action by increasing the unity in the party. What its exact program will be is still doubtful; the meetings shortly to be held will decide that. But those members who are trade unionists and whose candidature has been endorsed by the Parliamentary committee of the trades union congress, have certainly a well-defined basis to work upon.

Trade-Union Program.

To a great extent this trade union program will form the policy of the party, as it includes all the vital measures for which Labor has been clamoring, though probably some extensions of it will have to be made to meet the needs of the strong Socialist element and the leaders of the group.

To the trade unionist section of the Labor representation committee the trades disputes bill and the workmen's compensation act amendment are all in all, and mean much more than the questions which are made the chief planks in other party programs.

No doubt the coming conference will see an amalgamation of programs; the Labor representation committee, the Independent Labor party, and trade union congress declarations will all be thrown into the melting pot, and thenceforth will come something which will suit all parties.

Both the Labor representation committee and trade union congress are in agreement—as naturally befits a child and its parent — and the list of measures as given by the Parliamentary committee of the latter include the two mentioned above, amendments to the truck act, the factory acts, unemployed act, educaton act, abolition of Chinese labor, extension of the housing of the working classes act, adult suffrage, an eight-hour working day, and reform of some municipal laws.

Miners and Members.

Such is the policy of the largest section. The miners are in a different category; for, while they are strongly trade unionist, there are among them many who could safely sit on the Liberal benches and not lose political caste. Inasmuch as they have at the trade union congress supported many of the resolutions brought forward, it is pretty evident that their unionism will come first and their Liberalism last.

The miners' members are Messrs. W. Abraham, T. Burt, C. Fenwick, F. Hall, J. Johnson, T. Richards, J. Wilson, W. Brace, E. Edwards, J. Haslam, W. Johnson, J. Williams and J. Wadsworth, thirteen in all, forming a very strong representation of one particular industry.

In the manifesto issued by the executive committee before the election the votes of electors were asked for in order that the Eight Hours Bill and an amended mines bill might be carried through the House, so that this portion of the Labor party must have support for their particular measures before they can work harmoniously with the newly-christened Labor party.

There is little doubt but that things will be arranged smoothly; indeed, the federation has announced that their candidates were in full "accord with the aspirations and needs of the laboring classes generally," and would "cooperate heartily with other Labor representatives."

The Lib.-Labs.

Thirdly, then, the Liberal-Labor members, such as Messrs. Broadhurst, W. Cremer, A. Richardson, H. Vivian, who at some time or other have been very actively engaged in trade union work, or now represent the work of Labor in association, such as co-operation, as does Mr. Vivian.

Outside this circle is still another which circumscribes men who are of Liberal tendencies who have no trade-union backing, except at the polls, but whose sympathies lie with Labor and its proposals. In this division fall Messrs. Percy Alden, F. Maddison, G. Nicholls, J. Rowlands, and W. P. Byles. These may be called the "free lances" of the Labor party, bound by no allegiance to group or federation, ready to support or abstain as their conscience dictates. And in the same category must be included the Right Hon. John Burns.

Lastly are four Labor Independents; Messrs. R. Bell (re-elected), W. C. Steadman, J. Ward, and J. H. Wilson. These have not chosen to sign the constitution of the Labor representative committee, and are thus nominally outside its pale. But they agree with the policy promulgated by the trades union, and the first three being strong members of the congress itself, their claims for recognition cannot be ignored.

Yet they cannot stand aside, and it is more than likely some compromise will be made, and though they will not subscribe to the hard and fast rules of the chief group, yet the benefit of their wisdom will not be lost when the counsels of the Labor representative committee are begun.

Thus, briefly, the position of the Labor parties in Parliament may be summarized. It is a new and untried body—only fifteen Labor members were in the last Parliament—and the eyes of all political England will be upon it.

FROM NEWSBOY TO M.P.

W. C. Steadman Tells of His Early Struggle With Poverty.

W. C. Steadman, Labor M. P. for Central Finsbury, relates the story of his life in a special article in the current number of Pearson's Weekly.

"At the age of eight I got my first job as an errand boy," he says. "Nothing in life since has given me such pleasure as I felt when I took home my first week's earnings to my mother.

"I remember I was such a thin, miserable-looking child that when I applied for the job they at first scoffed at the idea of my being strong enough to run errands, and all through my boyhood I suffered from ill-health.

"Between eight and 15 I did all manner of odd jobs. I sold newspapers in the streets, had a spell in the oil and color trade, and at the age of fifteen I was a barman in a public house. I do not think this last experience did me any harm. On the contrary, it widened my mental horizon and gave me an interest in the social and political matters which I heard the customers discuss.

"My barman job, however, did not last very long, for my mother, at God knows what cost to herself, had me apprenticed to a large builder—a wonderful piece of self-sacrifice, for it meant that my earnings ceased.

"Barge building changed me from a weak, puny lad into a strong man, and now I do not think I can tell you anything else about my boyhood.

"The general election of 1868, when I was 17 years old, first gave me an interest in politics. I heard the late W. Newton, the founder of what is now the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, speak at a meeting at Tower Hamlets, for which he was the Radical candidate, and thenceforward I threw myself heart and soul into his cause, and worked for the principles he advocated.

"The editor asks me to say to what I ascribe such success as I have made in life. Well, I do not find it a very easy question to answer; but I will try.

"In the first place, I can honestly say that I have got on entirely by my own exertions. I have always helped myself, and owe nothing to the favor or influence of others. Then, of course, I have worked hard. All the time I was an apprentice I attended night schools, and did everything I could to improve my general knowledge."

Algernon Charles Swinburne.

Algernon Charles Swinburne, the poet, was born in London on April 5, 1837, being the eldest child of Admiral Charles H. Swinburne, and a grandson of the third Earl of Ashburnham. His family has belonged for generations to Northumberland. His early years were spent partly at Capheaton in that county and partly at Bonchurch in the Isle of Wight. The poet was educated at Eton and Balliol College, whither he went in January, 1856, but he left the university without taking a degree. His stay at Oxford was, however, made memorable from the fact that he there became acquainted with Dante Gabriel Rossetti, William Morris, and Edward Burne-Jones, men who were destined to leave so emphatic a mark upon the art and literature of their generation. As one of the wonderful circle that formed around the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood the poet lived in London, and even shared for awhile with the Rossetti brothers a house in Cheyne-walk, Chelsea. Later he had chambers in Great James street and Guilford street, Bloomsbury, but a quarter of a century ago, with his friend Mr. Theodore Watts (now Watts-Dunton), he removed to The Pines, on the edge of Wimbledon common, and there the poet's slight figure has long been familiar to those who dwell in the neighborhood, while zealous admirers of his poetry — healthy hero-worshippers—have wandered about the common near the house in the hope of getting a glimpse of the writer who by general consent is the chief living representative of English poetry.

Our Yankee Cousin Abroad.

Grace George, recently returned from England, tells of a great blow to her patriotic pride. She was invited to a dinner by Lady ——, at a magnificent mansion in Kensington, and was treated after dinner to some rare singing by a celebrated vocalist. On the veranda afterwards the hostess brought two young debutantes up to the well-known actress and introduced them.

"I'm sure you will like each other, for they are Americans, too, Miss George," said the titled lady, as if that settled the question of the mutual esteem of the actress and the debutantes.

Miss George, wishing to be cordial, greeted them pleasantly and remarked, with the intention that the hostess, as well as the girls, should hear her:

"Did you not enjoy the beautiful singing in the dining hall? And the acoustics were perfect, were they not?"

"Yes," said one of the fellow Americans, with enthusiasm, "those acoustics were the best I ever ate."

Not To Be Scared.

In an old-fashioned churchyard in Scotland a pile of skulls and bones had been turned up in the process of gravedigging.

The plowmen in a bothy near by offered the "loon" five shillings to go at night and remove one. The lad agreed and started in the dark.

An ambush had been laid to frighten him. As he lifted one skull a hollow voice called:

"That's mine!"

"A' richt," said the lad, laying the ghastly thing down, to lift another. Again came from the darkness a voice:

"That's mine!"

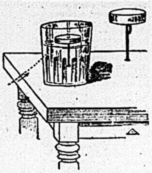
"Gae-awa', ye haverin idiot! Ye canna hae two skulls."—Pearson's Weekly.

THE PHANTOM PIN.

A Toy That Teaches a Lesson in Light Reflection.

It is possible at times to get more than mere amusement out of toys. There are some toys that will instruct as well as amuse, and, while the phantom pin may not be in the strict sense of the word a toy, it will amuse and instruct you at the same time, for it will serve the purpose of giving you a little lesson in the properties of the reflection of light. This is the way the phantom pin is managed:

Take a cork and cut it into the form of a disk of about the thickness of an inch. In its center stick the point of a pin. This done, take a glass about three-quarters full of water and place the cork upon the surface of the liquid with the pin below.


THE WAY TO ARRANGE THE PIN.

Now if you will look at the cork from above you will not see the pin, but if you will alter your position and diminish the sense of the visual ray by placing the eye on a parallel with the table on which the glass rests you will perceive a pin above the cork.

WIT SHARPENERS.

A Game In Which the Players Must Think Quickly.

A delightful home game for children is as follows:

"I see something in this room that begins with R," says the one to the right of mamma.

Now, this person may have ring, rug, or rocker in his mind. Immediately the guessing will begin, "Rug," "rose," "rocker," and so on. The one guessing correctly will have his turn. If he select a compound word, as watch-chain, he would give the initial letter of each word, "I see something in this room that begins with w-c."

When tired of this they can change it somewhat by saying:

"Now, let's furnish a house." "I donate a carpet," says "It." The one on his left instantly takes it up, using the last letter of carpet as his initial.

He will perhaps say, "And I will furnish a table," while the next will use the last, "e," of table as the beginning letter of his furnishing, as "easel."

If one cannot think of anything before "It" counts ten he must go foot or pay a forfeit.

When tired of the house the window will furnish entertainment of the same sort. "I see rain," cries one. "Nest," says the next. "Thrush," "bill," "lattice" and "evergreen" will follow in quick succession.

This game is capable of an almost limitless number of variations. The children can plant trees or a vegetable garden. They can have the maple, elm, mulberry, yew. They may safely place in the ground potato, okra, aloe, egg plant and tomato, or they may deal in flowers in the same manner.

A Curved Ball.

Many boys do not understand why a ball may be made to curve in its flight. Here is the explanation: When a ball is thrown it is retarded in its forward motion by the resistance of the air, which exerts a pressure not only on the face of the ball, but a resisting force on its sides by friction. If the ball be simply thrown forward the friction of the air will be equal on each side of it, but if one side be made to move faster than the other—that is, if the ball be made to rotate on its own axis so as to increase the lateral friction—the natural result is a curve in the direction of the side on which its motion has been retarded. That is the philosophy of a "curved ball."

Why a Dog Trots Sidewise.

It is said that a dog trots sidewise so that his hind feet will not strike his fore feet. That seems to be a reasonable explanation, for if he be harnessed to a small wagon, between shafts, so that he cannot turn his body to one side, his feet will often come into collision. When he trots sidewise, however, one hind foot goes between the fore feet and the other outside.

A Messenger.

Little Jack by the seaside stands,
  Watching the setting sun.
He runs to the beach at eventide,
  For his day of play is done.

His father has gone to the China seas
  For a cruise of a year and more,
And little Jack is left behind
  On the edge of Long Island shore.

He kisses his hand as the sun sinks down
  And murmurs a message low,
"When you shine on father tomorrow
    morn,
  Just tell him Jack says 'Hello.'"

"Supper is ready!" the black nurse calls.
  Jack answers: "I can't come, Dinah.
The sun has a message to give to dad.
  I'll wait till he gets to China."

—St. Nicholas.

WHAT SISTERS MAY DO.

Ways In Which They May Be of Help to Their Brothers.

A sister can help to cure a brother of a boy's natural awkwardness and blundering by saying all the pleasant things she can of him in his hearing.

She can do more for him by encouragement than by rebuke. Boys flourish best in a kindly atmosphere.

She can take an interest in his fads and amusements and listen to him whenever he has anything to tell. In this was she becomes his most valuable confidant and comrade.

She can make her brother's friends her friends by being ready to entertain them when they call. She should not be continually finding flaws in them or holding them up to ridicule.

She can teach them to be manly by occasionally claiming his protection, and he will be quick to respond to such a call.

She should say nothing to her brother's disparagement before strangers. Harsh treatment will only result in hard heartedness.

Brothers stand in need of as much sympathetic affection as girls, and sisters should see that they get it.

In this way sisters can teach their brothers to be as fond of home as they are, and a fondness for home will keep any boy from straying from that path which leads to a noble manhood.—Exchange.

KITCHEN APRONS.

They Should Be Made Pretty as Well as Serviceable.

When making kitchen aprons be sure to bring the gathers well round to the back, so that the back or sides of the dress will be protected. Have the belt long enough to tie, for if it is short the needed pin is generally missing, and a button soon comes off in the laundry. Make aprons long as well as wide, and the advice to add a ruffle to the lower edge is good, for a ruffle will catch most of the dirt and save the dress beneath.

It is a good idea to ornament some of the work aprons a little, for somehow when one has a starched gingham apron with a little cross stitch vine worked across it she is twice as careful of it as when an old faded print apron is worn. So many of the soft, fine wide cottons are now made that the stock of aprons need never be low. Make them at home, for the flimsy cloth and coarse machine stitching of the ready made aprons are no credit to the wearer. One cannot wear the handsome white aprons such as cooking teachers wear while there are pots and kettles to wash, but more of the daintiness of the lecture room could with profit be adopted in most kitchens.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

CULINARY CONCEITS.

Prune juice on dry cereals makes a nice change from cream.

Cold baked potatoes sliced thin, then put in a baking dish with salt, pepper, butter and milk, make a better scallop than raw potatoes.

Heavy streaks through a cake will undoubtedly appear if the butter and sugar are not thoroughly beaten or if the butter is not properly rubbed into the flour.

Do not dress salads with sugar and vinegar or salt and vinegar. The latter is an admirable combination for scouring brass, but it is not good for one's stomach. Use a mixture of oil and vinegar, lightly seasoned.

Cauliflower should be placed head down in cold salted water for ten or fifteen minutes before cooking to draw out insects. In boiling slightly salted water should be used, and the head should be placed downward in the kettle.

The Sunbonnet Boss.

Mrs. W. E. Morgan of Missouri is boss of one of the richest zinc mines in that state. To her employees she is known as the "Sunbonnet Boss," and they are said to like her and work well under her directions. Garbed in rubber skirt, coat, hat and boots, she goes down into a mine when necessary, and she is on the ground to superintend operations. It is said to be due to her business foresight that the mine is being worked anyway, for the property had been condemned as worthless and was lying fallow, a combination of dump pile and water, when Mrs. Morgan saw its possibilities. She organized a company, purchased the engine, pump and other necessary machinery, employed the men, drained the mine and sunk the shaft deeper, and now is rewarded by a rich yield of zinc ore.

Sewing on Buttons.

When replacing the lost buttons of garments it is very important that the new buttons should be of the same size as the old ones. Careless menders pay no attention to this trifling detail, and the consequence is that buttons that are too small will not remain fastened, and those which are too large tear the buttonholes. A button box for storing reserve buttons should find a place in every mending basket. In this receptacle should be put all buttons which have been ripped off old garments as well as any complete set of buttons there may be. Housekeepers who pick up and put away in its allotted place every button which falls into their hands may save themselves many purchases.

The Waxed Floor.

Here is an excellent method of removing grease spots from a waxed floor: Pour spirits of turpentine on the spot and give it time to soak into the wood. Then cover with powdered talc and press with a warm but not very hot iron. The talc will absorb the grease. Brush off and polish the place anew with wax.

SPARE YOURSELF.

Study the Ways of Saving Your Nervous Strength.

"Real out and out lazy women are pretty hard to find nowadays," mused an old physician the other day. "The maxim, 'It is better to wear out than to rust out,' has been taken to heart with such a will that most women are literally in danger of wearing themselves out before their time. Especially in great, rushing cities women who go in for church work or club life or bridge soon find themselves swept away in a current that is too strong for them.

"Women get in such a whirl with it all they simply can't stop to rest and recuperate. Most of them live on their nerves till their nerves refuse point blank to be lived on a minute longer.

"Some women seem to break up all of a sudden. Others linger on in semi-invalidism, nervous bankrupts, who live a hand to mouth existence, unable to undertake any task or undergo any test in the least out of the ordinary without suffering a nervous collapse. One of woman's temperamental faults is her tendency to use up her vitality as fast as she gets it or faster.

"To all women who are wasting themselves in social pleasures or the niceties of housekeeping I would give this bit of advice: Spare yourselves. Study how to save your nervous strength. Resolve not to fritter yourself on trifles. Let the things that are not vital go. Don't be led away by ambition into wearing yourself out keeping the house clean or performing what other people may consider to be your duty in church or club.

"If you women would only learn how to spare yourselves by using all the labor saving devices, all the short cuts, you would not know yourselves in a year, you'd look so young and feel so free."—New York Tribune.

BLENDING OF COLORS.

An Art That Should Be Mastered by All Women.

Japanese art is in such high favor that when a Japanese woman talks on color combinations in dress all American women pause to listen. Such a woman called the color taste of this country "a little barbarian yet."

As proof she cited the taste of an elderly woman who wore a mauve gown at a party. Every one who saw her noted her sickly yellow complexion, accentuated, as the oriental woman said, by the color of the gown. If a ruching of gray tulle had been put round the neck the yellow would have disappeared from the complexion, and the effect would have been good. This woman's daughter, a pronounced brunette, wore a yellow gown, and her face looked almost purple. If a little band of black and gold had been used about the neck the face would have assumed its natural pink.

There is certainly an art in the selection of the proper blending of colors, and many American women do not seem to have mastered it. There are others, elderly women, some of them, who maintain the appearance of freshness and youth by the judicious use of ruchings in the necks of their gowns and are never seen with a black waist without a light colored band coming next to the neck.

FOR MOTHER'S HAPPINESS.

Seek her comfort and pleasure in all things before your own.

Frequently make her simple gifts, and be sure they are appropriate and tasteful.

Do not forget that though she may be old and wrinkled she still loves pretty things.

Remember that she is still a girl at heart so far as delicate little attentions are concerned.

Give her your full confidence and never do anything of which you think she will disapprove.

Make her a partaker, so far as the disparity of age will permit, in all your pleasure and recreations.

Lift the many burdens from the shoulders that have grown stooped in waiting upon and working for you.

Bear patiently with all her peculiarities and infirmities, which, after all, may be the result of a life of care and toil.

Woman's Responsibility.

Many women have real business sagacity and ability, and some of them are realizing that the financial administration of a household affords scope for their special gift and that wise spending is as large a factor in prosperity as effective earning. When women are trained to a knowledge of values and business principles and then have the responsibility for household finances placed upon them they not only come face to face with problems of great importance and interest, but often solve them with entirely satisfactory results. The number is increasing of those households where the wives and mothers have definite pecuniary responsibilities and do not have to resort to subterfuge or dishonest practices to secure the money necessary to meet legitimate personal, household and family expenses.

Massaging the Face.

The skin should be perfectly clean before the massaging of the face is begun. Use the complexion brush, with warm water and pure soap. When rubbing in a cream always have the motions upward and outward. Send the flattened palms from chin up to the ears. Move the finger tips about in little circles, pressing inward gently and being careful not to push the flesh up into tiny lines. Do this always at night, and every morning bathe the face with cold water, drying with gentle pats with an old soft towel.

THE HAIR AND THE WAVE.

Denial That the Marcel Method Imperils Feminine Locks.

"The Marcel wave ruin the hair? Nonsense," was the vehement declaration of a hairdresser. "I know that idea is in the air, and it exasperates me to hear women utter it, for it is not true. It is now seven years since the Marcel wave was first introduced in this country, and I have had at least a score of women customers who have had their hair waved regularly every week all that time, and often twice during the week, if they were going out to a dinner or reception. I wish you might see their heads. Their hair is in superb condition, without a sign of brittleness or that lifeless look that comes from overheating with tongs. And why? Well, one reason is that some lotion is always used on the hair before the iron is applied, which prevents scorching, besides acting as a food for the scalp as well. What does injure the hair is ruffling it up beneath to make a pompadour. A rat is equally bad, as it heats the scalp. To overcome a natural deficiency of hair there is nothing more hygienic than a ventilated pompadour, an accessory which cannot be detected."

When making the Marcel wave, first brush the hair thoroughly, then put the curling iron through the hair at the bottom of the head and curl it upward for a few seconds; then turn it downward without taking the iron out. This makes the Marcel wave, which should encircle the head perfectly and be about two inches apart. With a little practice one could make the Marcel wave.

WAIST HANGERS.

How They May Be Covered With Ribbon and Sacheted.

There is no longer any possible excause of wrinkled clothes, crushed collars or sleeves which have lost their freshness. Nowadays there are all sorts of convenient hangers for coats, waist and skirts—cheap ones, too, not costing more than 10 cents, and the best part of it is that very many of them fold up so that they can be tucked away in a dress suit case and do not take up any room to speak of. As soon as the destination is reached the waist, which may have suffered a bit on its travels, can be taken out, given a vigorous little shake and hung up on the waist hanger. By using these hangers clothes will keep their good looks much longer than if they were hung on a hook or folded away in a bureau drawer.

DECORATED WAIST HANGER.

The dainty woman makes these wire waist hangers into pretty novelties by first padding and then covering them with ribbon, put on either shirred or plain. The hook is wound with ribbon and trimmed with a bow, and from the shoulder portions little clusters of ribbon sachet bags dangle. Sachet is also used in the wadding so that the bodice, which is supported by the hanger, gets just the right degree of perfume. In covering a waist hanger for a friend it is always well to know the color of her room, so that it may harmonize, and also to be sure of her favorite sachet.—Woman's Home Companion.

Care of Street Suits.

There is nothing which tends to lengthen the life of a good street suit so definitely as taking it off as soon as you come in, brushing it and putting it away on its hanger. Lounging, as you're bound to do in a measure in your home, plays havoc with tailored clothes.

It's rather a temptation to sink into an easy chair when you come in, just tired enough to enjoy the prospect of idling for a little while, but those very times take the life out of the cloth that tailors well and probably lays fine little creases which result in incorrigible mussing, says the Philadelphia North American. It's rather a temptation, too, to hang it up and delay the brushing and putting it away properly to a later time, when you're more rested, but it pays to do it at the time, for dust should be got rid of before it has time to settle into the cloth and give it that dingy look which mars so many otherwise good looking suits, and careful hanging prevents the forming of bad lines.

Bear With Others.

Patience and gentleness are necessary qualities in every girl's life. Patience aids in extinguishing envy, overcoming anger and crushing pride. How much good may be done and joy brought by a gentle word or look! Truly, "a soft answer turneth away wrath." Girls are not called upon to do great things except in rare instances, but the everyday trials of life afford ample scope for practicing that virtue of mankind which has become proverbial, says the Pittsburg Press. The best exercises of patience and self denial, and the better because not chosen by ourselves, are those in which we have to bear with the failings of those about us, to endure neglect when we feel we deserved attention and ingratitude when we expected thanks, to bear with disappointment in our expectations, with intrusion or disturbance; in short, with whatever opposes our will or contradicts our humor.

The Gentle Kidney Cure.

Don't think that Bu-Ju is not effective because it does not "tear things loose." The man, who talks most, does least. Kidney remedies that purge—and over-stimulate the kidneys—upset the stomach—are going to do you mighty little good.

Bu-Ju

THE GENTLE KIDNEY CURE

goes about curing you gently, mildly, correctly. You never know you are taking medicine—except that you begin to get better and keep on getting better. Bu-Ju heals inflammation in the kidneys—takes away that sharp pain in the back and the dull ache through the hips—stops excessive urination—and enables the diseased portions of the kidneys to heal and strengthen.

Cures Rheumatism Too.

THE CLAFLIN CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED,
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Zutoo

Is a purely vegetable headache remedy and must not be confounded with the drug cures, which in almost every instance, contain opium, morphine or chloral. Zutoo is a harmless

Cure for Headache.

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Write for circulars and samples of work.

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Black and tan in 10c. and 25c. tins. White, 15c. glass.

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SELF-CONTROL'S VALUE

WHY THIS VIRTUE IS SO IMPORTANT FOR A SUCCESSFUL LIFE.

RULER OF HIS OWN SPIRIT

Man Who Can Capture the Citadel of His Own Heart and Hold His Will and Life In Subjection to the Higher Law Hath Done a Noble Work In Himself—A Vivid Comparison.

Entered according to Act of Parliament of Canada, in the year 1906, by Frederick Diver, Toronto, at the Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 1.—In this sermon the preacher deals with one of the familiar evils of our social and business life, the curse of ungovernable temper, and shows how the misdirected energy of those who are victims of the habit may be transformed into a blessing. The text is Proverbs xvi, 32, "He that is slow to anger is better than the mighty and he that ruleth his spirit than he that taketh a city."

Popular enthusiasm is most easily kindled when the admiring multitudes are allowed to bend the knee before a human idol clothed in a soldier's uniform. The most inspiring call for the common people is the bugle blast sounding the cavalryman's charge. 'Tis true, the most beautiful monument of Edinburgh is the one erected to Sir Walter Scott, the writer, and in London it is the one erected to Prince Albert, Queen Victoria's consort, and in some respects the most conspicuous monument in Brooklyn is that erected to the memory of Henry Ward Beecher, the preacher. But where there is one monument erected in prominent cities to the memory of a statesman, a scientist, a poet or an artist there are five, ten, twenty monuments erected to the memory of military heroes. It is right to honor the heroic deeds of these chieftains, but the heroes of peace should be honored also.

King Solomon recognizes this fact in the words of my text. He is not depreciating such triumphs as that of Cyrus, who 500 years later laid siege to the City of Babylon and captured it by turning the Euphrates river from its course and by marching under the city gates by night, when the King and all his courtiers were bemuddled at a drunken carnival. He is not sneering at military genius such as was displayed by Titus, who captured Jerusalem in 70 A. D., but he is exalting the noble work of a man of God who can capture the citadel of his own heart and hold his will and life in subjection to a higher law. So to-day I want to show you why self control is so important for a successful life and why "he that is slow to anger is better than the mighty and he that ruleth his spirit than he that taketh a city."

The ungovernable temper is to be dreaded and feared. For the time being it undermines a man's thinking and reasoning powers. It may even become suicidal. It puts a man in the unenviable position of fighting against and destroying himself. As a snake when teazed by an enemy it cannot reach will in its frenzy bury its poisonous fangs in its own body, so the slave of ungoverned temper becomes the victim of his own rage and chagrin.

The brain in its action is very similar to the organs of the body. All its different parts are interdependent, as the heart, the brain, the kidneys, the lungs and the stomach act and react upon each other. When the heart stops its regular steady pumping, then every other organ languishes on account of this weakness. Then the water of the blood exudes through the tissues, and dropsy sets in. When the lungs refuse to do their work, then the digestive apparatus is affected. Stomach trouble can cause nervous prostration. Once get the nerves out of tune and you may have nervous dyspepsia. The organs of the body are like the understones of a great arching bridge. Take away any of the substones and the whole arch tumbles into a ruin. Such is the interdependence of the different parts of the brain. Let the will power once lose its grip and the reasoning faculty, or the seat of judgment, is gone. Then a man in his actions and words becomes like a runaway horse taking the bit in his teeth. He is just as apt to smash up against a stone fence or to leap a precipice or to dash before the onrushing locomotive as he is to keep the straight road of safety.

At such times a man will do something on the spur of the moment which he is apt to regret all the days of his life. He is like a drunkard drawing a knife in a saloon brawl. He is like a general intrenched in some impregnable Gibraltar who deliberately opens the gates and makes a foolish sortie. He is like an army which goes off and leaves its fortress unguarded to be pounced upon by a waiting foe.

Now, life under the very best of conditions is such an awful and a close struggle that you and I cannot afford to make any mistake on account of an unconquerable temper. When we are in conflict with a skilled foe we cannot afford to let our contempt get the better of us, as did Goliath when he went forth to attack David. If you do, just as sure as you live you will place yourself at the mercy of your antagonist. When you are preparing for life's work because something goes wrong or an injustice has been done you have no right to lose your temper. Every time a man lets his anger get the better of him he does not injure his enemies nearly as much as he damages himself. If you would be great in your influence over others, you must be great in your power over yourself. This means that, no matter how great the provocation, you must learn to suffer injustice in silence. You must learn to bare your back for a castigation if you deserve it and grimly hold your tongue even when the lash is fetching the heart's blood.

The ungovernable temper is to be dreaded and feared for a second reason. No sooner does a man lose his temper than he drives from his side those who would naturally come forward as his defenders. He spikes the guns of those who would be his protectors. All through the world there is a desire to see fair play. If when going down the street you see a big boy whipping a small boy you naturally take the small boy's part. And so in this great wide world if the masses of people see that you are being abused they will take your side if you yourself are willing and ready to suffer in silence.

The ungovernable temper is to be feared and dreaded for still another reason—the bitter tongue never made an enemy less bitter; the angry retort never blunted an enemy's sword or threw him off his guard or made him less energetic for your destruction. We have read about a great ambassador who was a man of such violent temper that even the grand vizier of the Turkish Sultan would tremble before him. He would rush into the Turkish official's presence when anything went wrong, crying, "It must be done. I tell you; it must be done, or else our warships will soon be bombarding your capital!" But that is not the way you and I are going to make our enemies bow before us. We will not subdue them by torrents of invective, but only by kind words. "It is the angry tongue that breaketh the bone," says the Bible? Oh, no! "By long forbearing is a prince persuaded, and a soft tongue breaketh the bone." Ah, my friends, you want to overcome your enemies, do you? Then do it not with a sledge hammer, but with the power of kindness. When a person hates you or ill treats you, then systematically go forth to win him over by love and forgiveness.

I was never more impressed with what love and kindness can do than when studying the life of Lincoln. His gentleness did more to save the country and give us a reunited north and south than all the bullets ever fired or all the swords ever drawn. His policy of conquering by gentleness was beautifully illustrated by an incident told in reference to Gen. Rosecrans. Missouri was at that time under his command. Guerrilla bands, for which the Confederacy was in nowise responsible, had captured three northern soldiers, one a major, the other two privates, and shot them down in cold blood. Gen. Rosecrans, to retaliate, ordered that three Confederates, one a major and two privates, should be shot. One of those so sentenced to die was Major Lyons. No sooner did Lincoln hear of it than he sent a telegram ordering a reprieve until he could look into the matter and pass upon the action of the court-martial. When Gen. Rosecrans received the telegraphic orders he was furious. He declared that if the officials at Washington did not leave him alone he would resign. This pardoning policy of the President was absolutely ruining the army.

What did Lincoln do? Did he discharge Rosecrans? No. After he had looked into the matter he sent a letter to the commander which went thus:

Dear Gen. Rosecrans—I have personally examined all the papers in the Lyons case, and I cannot see that it is a matter of executive interference, so I will turn it over to you, with the full confidence that you will do what is just and right, only begging you, my dear general, to do nothing in reprisal for the past, only what is necessary to insure security for the future, and reminding you that we are not fighting against a foreign foe, but our brothers, and that our aim is not to break their spirits, but only to bring them back to their old allegiance. Conquer by kindness—let that be our policy. Very truly yours, ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Do you wonder when Gen. Rosecrans received that letter he refrained from executing Major Lyons? Do you wonder that Lincoln's policy of love was the chief means of uniting the north and the south? Do you not also realize that if you try the power of love and kindness you can change many of your enemies into friends? "Conquer by kindness" was the policy of the great President. "Conquer by kindness" is the teaching of my text. Are you and I ready to choke back that sharp word we are so willing to hurl at our enemies in an angry fit of temper?

But I not only state that an ungovernable temper makes your enemies more hateful and bitter than ever before, but that an ugly temper reacts and strikes hardest against those whom you ought to love best on earth, your own friends and dear ones. And of all contemptible and despicable actions I think one of the most despicable is for men and women to go off in a rage or fit of sulks merely because something goes wrong in the house and thereby to make wives or husbands and children live in a perfect pandemonium of fear. And when I speak thus I am not talking about a curse which is to me merely theoretical. In every church I have served as pastor there has been to my personal knowledge at least three or four families living such a life as I have described on account of the ungovernable temper of one of its members.

The other day I had this evil brought to my attention in a very forcible way. The telephone bell rang, and a gentleman said: "I am a stranger to you. I am in great trouble. Can I come and see you at once?" "Yes," I said; "jump on the car and come up." No sooner did he enter my parlor than his eyes filled with tears, and his lips trembled as he said, "Mr. Talmage, my wife and my two daughters have left me, and I want you to help me to get them to come back." "Do you drink?" I asked. "No, I never drink." "Are you a gambler?" "No," he answered. "Are you untrue to your marriage vows?" "No," he again answered. "What is the matter?" "Well, I will tell you." Then he told me a long story. He was a very nervous man and therefore very quick-tempered. There had been a family quarrel, and the mother had taken the two girls and left the house. "And, oh," he said, "I do love them so much and I am so sorry. What am I to do? Will you help me?"

"No," I said, "I will not. I admire your wife for taking the stand she has done. As far as I can make out, you have again and again threatened her life." He said, "Yes, I have." You have been going off in your ugly fits of jealous rage for at least eighteen years. If anything goes wrong in your house, you work yourself up into a perfect pandemonium of fury. You are an unworthy husband, and there is no excuse for your actions. The wonder to me is that your wife has lived as long with you. You go to a boarding-house and get a room and live there alone long enough to prove that you are sincere in your repentance. Give part of your weekly wages, and I will see that she gets it, and that money will help her support her daughters while you are away. Then, when your repentance is an evident fact, she, I know, will go back and live with you, for she is a good woman." "Yes," he answered, "she is a good woman."

I do not know the history of all your homes, but I do know this: Some are homes in which it is absolutely impossible for peace and love to dwell. Why? Because in some of those homes there is a father or a mother or a sister or a brother who has never learned to control the temper. No sooner does anything go wrong in those homes than bitter words come to the lips and sharp sayings sting and lacerate, until life itself becomes a miserable burden to every one around them. God forgive you, my brother, my sister, if you have been one of those who, on account of a vile temper, become a curse to all about them.

What are the causes of an ungovernable temper? There are two, and both are directly or indirectly for the most part attributable to the parents of the man or woman having the vile temper. Father and mother sometimes are too lenient with their children when they raise them. They do not make their children obey. They do not teach them that "yes" means "yes" and "no" means "no." When their children begin to cry or to pout or to sulk for something the indulgent mothers and fathers say, "Oh, well, go ahead and do it, if that will stop your crying." The result is that many children never learn to subject their wills to a higher will. Allowed to indulge in fits of temper as babies, they are learning how to sulk as men. As spoiled children they kick and scream because they cannot have what they want, and as adults they will lash themselves into fury when they do not have what they want in the home or in the store. Solomon was right when he said, "Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he shall not depart from it." A large percentage of ungovernable tempers can be charged directly or indirectly against wrong parental training. Teach your children to obey. Teach them to recognize other people's rights, as other people must respect their rights.

The next great cause of the ungovernable temper is the custom of teasing, which is to be seen everywhere around us and especially in the home. We find boys teasing boys, girls teasing girls, men and women teasing men and women, men and women teasing children and even fathers and mothers delighting in tantalizing their own babies. We find that people are often more pleased at hearing other people cry and stamp their feet in rage and in seeing their eyes flash and their fists clinched than in seeing them smile and be happy. Beware, O man, how you make the angry passions of some one else leap and blaze! Remember that you cannot be true to your loved ones if you suffer their baser passions to assume the sway.

In closing, I would again read to you my text, "He that is slow to anger is better than the mighty and he that ruleth his spirit than he that taketh a city." You see, it is written in the present tense. It means for you to learn to govern your temper now. Perhaps by laxity of past training you have been guilty of this sinful habit. Will you not now begin systematically to curb your evil temper as a general lays out a campaign to capture a city? You say you are not able to do it in your own strength. That is true, but by the help of Jesus Christ you can conquer. And let me encourage you by reminding you that this temper is a proof of stored up energy, which, if by the help of God you can bring under control, will fit you for useful service in his cause. Are you not ready to say, Oh, master, take my temper and rule it henceforth by thine own loving power?

Symmetry of the Horse.

An experiment station says that the closer a draft horse is to the ground the better both for service and endurance. This is generally true probably, but it is possible for a horse to be too close to the ground, comments National Stockman. Very few of them are and many are too far from it. The question of breeding draft horses with short legs is not the one the breeder needs to consider. His ideal should be a symmetrical horse, and if he keeps this in mind the horse will have height enough and not too much. A symmetrical horse is a well balanced horse, doing his work with greater ease than one too far from or too close to the ground. The best specimens of draft horses to-day are about right in this particular and with either shorter or longer legs would be less useful than they are.

Mark Twain's Indecision.

Mark Twain in his earlier days did not enjoy the prosperity which came later in his career. In a conversation with William Dean Howells on one occasion, the subject of literary vicissitudes was broached by the humorist.

"My difficulties taught me some thrift," he observed. "But I never knew whether it was wiser to spend my last nickel for a cigar to smoke, or for an apple to devour."

"I am astounded," observed Mr. Howells, "that a person of so little decision should meet with so much worldly success."

Mark Twain nodded very gravely.

"Indecision about spending money," he said, "is worthy of cultivation. When I couldn't decide what to buy with my last nickel, I kept it, and so became rich."

His Head Saved.

In the House of Commons no incident is greeted with more hearty laughter than that of a member who, after an eloquent oration, plumps down on his silk hat on the bench behind him. A young member who had just made his maiden speech sat upon his new silk hat. There were roars of laughter. An Irish member immediately arose and gravely said: "Mr. Speaker, permit me to congratulate the honorable gentleman upon the happy circumstance that when he sat on his hat his head was not in it!" This remark upset the dignity of the House, and the Speaker called "Order, Order," amid roars of laughter.

Too Late.

Some drinkers say they know when they
Have had enough. How sad it
Should happen so they never know
Till after they have had it!

WOMAN'S WORLD

MRS. ELLEN FOOTE.

President of the Hat Trimmers' Union of Danbury.

Mrs. Ellen Foote, president of the Hat Trimmers' union of Danbury, Conn., is the moving spirit of that powerful organization, and it is largely through her common sense methods and management that the union has won the name of being one of the most intelligently conducted trade organizations in the country. Through its efforts it has maintained a wage for women which is regarded by other manufacturing populations as little short of miraculous, and it has insured a sanitary and hygienic condition of factory and shop which is a model of its kind.

It is a fact that in all the twenty-one years of its existence this wonderful woman's organization has been directly under the leadership of its original organizer and initial president, Mrs. Foote. Not only does it presuppose an extraordinary amount of diplomacy and executive ability on the part of the presiding officer, but it speaks volumes for the solidarity, physical, mental and moral, of the Danbury working woman.

MRS. ELLEN FOOTE.

Mrs. Foote's is an interesting personality, interesting not only because of the miraculous record she has established for the woman trades unionist, but quite as much for the fact that she is eminently typical, socially and otherwise, of a large percentage of the membership of the union. A distinguished, fine looking woman, now passed far into middle life, Mrs. Foote is the most enthusiastic of all trades union women in Danbury, despite the fact that she is, and has been since a very young woman, the wife of one of Danbury's leading citizens.

Mrs. Foote has the love and esteem of all the workers of her city, and she has also the undivided respect of the employers, among whom she is known as "Queen Ellen."—New York Herald.

Colors and the Complexion.

The tint of the orange is becoming to the brunette with a fair complexion.

For the blond the delicate yellow of ripe corn is beautifying.

Bright green is becoming to the pale, but clear, skin, but not to a high or muddied complexion.

Violet is allowable only for faces quite free from yellow tints.

Blue is remarkably becoming to fair skins, but only the darkest shades are favorable to brunettes.

Creamy white is almost universally becoming, and the introduction of cream lace makes an otherwise impossible color wearable.

Black is flattering to a blond, but if she be not fair enough to look well in black an admixture of her own special color is permissible.

Usually the soft toned grays look well with yellow or brown hair.

Browns are becoming to the clear skin crowned with golden or brown hair.

Red is becoming to either blond or brunette, so that the skin be fair enough or dark enough and provided it is just the right shade of the hue.

Fomentations.

When a fomentation is prescribed by a physician or when it shall seem to be the proper thing in the emergency of extreme internal pains a flannel cloth may be folded, wrung out of hot water and applied directly to the skin. Nevertheless it is better after wringing out the flannel as dry as desired to fold it in a dry flannel cloth of one or two thicknesses before applying it to the patient. A little time is required for the heat of the fomentation to penetrate the dry flannel, and thus the skin is allowed an opportunity to acquire tolerance of the heat, and a greater degree of temperature can be borne than if the moist cloth is brought directly in contact with the surface. The outer fold of dry flannel will also serve to keep the cloth warm by preventing evaporation. A fomentation is sometimes needed when no hot water is at hand. Soak the flannel in cold water, wring as dry as desired, fold in a newspaper and lay upon the stove or wrap it about the stovepipe. In a few minutes it will be as warm as the patient can bear.

The Art of Entertaining.

The secret of being a good hostess is in hiding the fact that you are making an effort to please. The houses to which you like best to go are those where you feel at liberty to look over books and portfolios, where the piano stands open and there are easy chairs without elaborate cushions. In preparing for an evening party, if you expect to have games which involve real play, put away delicate bric-a-brac so that no guest shall have the misfortune to spoil his evening and yours by an accident. Scatter picture books and single views at the sides of the room for the benefit of those unfortunates, the wallflowers. There should always be a corner set apart for those who do not dance, and this should be large enough for a table at which a game may be played comfortably. Look after the shy girls and boys. That is one of the chief duties of the hostess. It is better to try to bring them into the general sport than to devote yourself to their amusement.

An Injured Tongue.

Nothing is more alarming than a severe injury to the tongue. It sometimes happens that in falling a little child will bite its tongue completely through, so that the teeth meet and the mouth is filled with blood. Such an accident is not so serious as it appears. The mouth heals quickly, the saliva forming a natural remedy better than any which man has invented or discovered. But to assist nature and stop the flow of blood is certainly important. The simplest way to do this is by sprinkling finely sifted flour into the cut. A child can be coaxed to submit to this treatment if the flour be mixed with powdered sugar.

Nerves.

Along the nerve lines here are some little nerve facts. When you feel fidgety don't try to talk. When you feel overwrought keep still. When you are blue don't make it worse by using up your nerve force. Keep still. Try to listen. Remember that the popular woman in any society, in the home or abroad, is the woman who says little, but who listens much. It is so the world over. The leader is not the one who bosses, but the one who listens to the others and says only a little.

Dangerous Toys.

Mothers should carefully examine the toys presented to their little ones. A friend gave my six-months-old baby a little toy dog made of black woolly goods. He was very fond of the plaything, but imagine my horror when one day as he sat playing with it I saw him pull out a long black headed pin. Upon examination I found that the eyes and collar button, which I supposed were beads, were nothing more than black pins with long, ugly points.—Good Housekeeping.

Making Hair Look Thicker.

A simple way of making the hair look thicker and heavier is as follows: After the shampoo, and when the hair is perfectly dry, plait it into two or three braids. Have one strand small and the other two large; braid loosely; hold the little strand tight and push the other two up toward the head. This will cause it to form large, natural waves. Don't wear a rat. They are unclean, keep the scalp too warm and often cause the hair to molt luxuriantly.

In the Kitchen.

Have as few articles about the sink as possible. The sink brush, pan scraper, dish mop and soap shaker may be hung above it, and you will also find it convenient to have the potato masher and a large spoon at hand. The latter, however, must be hung high, out of reach of all splash. If possible keep the salt box to the right of the range and as near to it as the construction of the kitchen will permit.

Potatoes Chambery.

Potatoes chambery are a novelty. Slice and crisp them precisely as for Saratoga potatoes. That is, slice them as thin as possible and drop them into ice water, afterward drying the slices between folds of a towel. Arrange the slices in a well buttered biscuit tin with salt, pepper and bits of butter between the layers. Bake until well browned.

Boiled Puddings.

When making any sort of boiled pudding tie over the basin grease proof paper, such as the grocer wraps the butter in. Boil in the usual manner, but take care that the water does not come up to the top of the basin. This plan saves trouble, for each pudding has a fresh paper and the washing of pudding cloths is done away with.

Marriageable Girls.

It is very difficult to say what laws regulate proposals—why some girls attract attention only, while others attract "attentions." There are pretty and popular women to whom nobody proposes; there are plainer ones with whom every second man finds himself contemplating marriage.—Lady's Realm.

Moist Hands.

Moist hands are ruinous to light colored gloves. A good remedy for the trouble is to bathe them frequently with a mixture composed of two ounces of cologne and one-quarter ounce of tincture of belladonna. After this is rubbed well into the hands they may be sprinkled with talcum powder.

A too hot oven may be quickly cooled by placing in it a basin of cold water. The steam from the water will not injure anything that may be cooking except puff pastry.

A small hole in china can be perfectly mended with plaster of paris. Mix very thin with water and drop into the hole. Let it harden before using.

If a gloss is desired on linen add a teaspoonful of salt to the starch when making.

To pour drops from a bottle moisten the edge.

Resting a Model.

Many artists have the reputation of being inexorable in their demands upon the model's strength. A characteristic example appears in an anecdote of the late Adolphe Menzel, the German painter, who at one time was engaged on a work of mural decoration and kept a man posed in an exceedingly fatiguing position on a scaffold for two hours. The great painter worked away, heedless of his model's discomfort. Finally the victim called down, "Herr Professor, how about the recess?"

"Certainly, my dear sir. Come down right away, and you shall have your recess."

As the model was descending from the scaffolding his limbs assumed a position which was one for which the artist had long been looking.

"Stop!" Menzel thundered. "Hold! Ah, fine! Keep that while I make a little sketch of it!"

The artist drew vigorously for half an hour, at the end of which he called out imperatively: "There, that will do for now. Get up on the scaffold again. We have had our recess."

The Town's Crooked Dividing Line.

"There is a reason for most everything," said a Cumberland county man when he was asked how in the world they came to have such a crooked line between two towns in his county. "There's a reason for this crooked line. You see, some of our towns established in pioneer times, when land was abundant and people were few, had a big territory, which was afterward sliced off to make new towns. It was so in the case you mention, and when the cut off was made people along the line of division were of different minds as to which town they wanted to be in. So the legislature drew a straight line between the two parts and then provided that persons dwelling on lands adjoining either side of this line might be in one town or the other, as they should decide within ninety days after passing the act. Some went one way and some the other, and the line was all skewed up to accommodate them."

Boarding Houses, Take Note.

In view of the part that electricity plays in our modern life it is amusing to recall that when Benjamin Franklin evolved the lightning conductor he was called to account by certain individuals for sacrilege in "attempting to divert the Almighty's lightning."

Restaurant proprietors and boarding house keepers have apparently overlooked a valuable hint which Dr. Franklin afforded them, as follows: He took an ancient rooster and killed it by a powerful shock from one of his Leyden jars. When subsequently the bird was served at his table "its flesh was found to be as tender as that of a young partridge," or so he declares. This is one of the discoveries which should make the name of Franklin forever honored.

The Sultan's Kiosks.

In every city of the Ottoman empire there is a kiosk set apart for the sultan, who never even sees it. These palatial abodes are built of rare marbles and finished in fine woods, enameled in silver and gold, with mirrors and lusters from Vienna, mosaics from Florence and Rome, and are nominally guarded by major domos, who live there in royal ease and luxury unparalleled. Hundreds of millions of francs are thus squandered, while not a sou is spent in making roads, fertilizing valleys or constructing ports.

Golden Nose.

Tycho Brahe, the famous Danish mathematician, was known as the "Wizard of the Golden Nose." While at the university he lost his nose in a duel and replaced it with a nasal organ of gold, held in place by cement and a pair of spectacles. This addition to his countenance gave him a very peculiar appearance and caused him to be much feared by the common people, who attributed to him many supernatural powers, largely on account of his remarkable nose.

Tasmanian Girls.

For many years Tasmania has been known as the "Circassia of the colonies," a tribute to the exceptional loveliness of its young women. There have been Tasmanian peeresses, but the pretty Tasmanian girls are mostly in demand as barmaids for Sydney and Melbourne. Some years ago it was elicited in evidence at an official inquiry in Melbourne that Tasmanian barmaids command double the ordinary wages for this kind of work.

Two Goat Islands.

Here is an extraordinary coincidence: The island lying between the American fall and the Canadian fall at Niagara is called Goat Island. What is now called Livingstone island at the Victoria falls in Africa is called Kempongo by the natives, and this signifies "goat island."

Contradicted.

"It's impossible to have too much of a good thing," said the thoughtful thinker.

"Oh, I don't know," rejoined the contrary person. "Matrimony is a good thing, but what the law does to a bigamist is plenty."

This Life.

Says Charles Baudelaire: "This life is a hospital where every patient is possessed with a desire to change his bed. This one would prefer to suffer by the stove, and the other thinks he would recover by the window."

Posted.

Visitor—Johnny, give me the name of the largest diamond. Johnny—The ace. —Boston Globe.

The Indian and the Railroad.

Gail Hamilton said if there never were to be any railroads it would have been an impertinence in Columbus to have discovered America. The Indian's knowledge of the location and direction of the rivers and lakes and of the positions of the portages and his readiness under the right sort of persuasion to put this knowledge at the service of explorers, missionaries and settlers "stood off" this stigma from Columbus before the railways came. Indians guided Captain John Smith, Champlain and La Salle through the wilderness. Indian trails blazed pathways for the pioneers through forests and over mountains. Sometimes these trails were utilized by the railway builders. At the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis and at the Lewis and Clark fair at Portland were monuments to the heroic Shoshone girl, Sacajawea, who piloted Lewis and Clark across the Rocky mountains and through the wilderness on each side of that range in their exploration of the Pacific.—C. M. Harvey in Atlantic.

Cheapest Place to Live.

"The cheapest place in the world is Antioch," said a globe trotter. "I once passed a winter there, and all it cost me, though I leased a fine house and kept three servants, was $4 a week. Antioch is in Asia, on the Mediterranean. The climate is all right for winter—as good a winter climate as Monte Carlo, Palm Beach or Los Angeles. For my house I paid $5 a month rent. My servants I paid 50 cents a week. Mutton cost 3 cents a pound. Eggs were 2 cents a dozen. Chickens were 5 cents apiece. Fish cost a fifth of a cent a pound. The finest of fresh fruits and vegetables—fresh fruits and vegetables in February—were so cheap that they were not sold in quantity. You got all you wanted for so much a week. All I wanted for my household cost me a quarter weekly. An American resident of Antioch told me that he and his family lived comfortably on $175 a year."

The Danes and Britain.

John Ackworth, an English dialect novelist who made a special study of the dialects of Lancashire, Yorkshire, the east coasts and also of the Danes, shows that the Danes by their early landings and sojournings in England have influenced the language of the east coasts of Britain to an extraordinary degree and that the Danes and the British, in spite of apparent differences, are one practically in speech and language as well as in the relationship of blood. "So strong is the English of the east coasts of England impregnated with Danish," John Ackworth once said, "that I am sure that if a fisherman from the east coasts of England were to be wrecked on the shores of Denmark and he would only speak in his true native dialect that fisherman would be able to make himself understood."

The Christian Era.

The Christian era was suggested or devised by Dionysius Exiguus, a Roman monk, who, in 527, began its use and proposed that all public and private documents should be dated "in the year of our Lord." It did not come into general use in France until the eighth century nor in England until July, 816; in Spain it was not adopted until the eleventh century; in Portugal it was made legal in 1415; in the empire of the east is was established by royal edict in 1453, a few weeks before the fall of Constantinople.

Where Circulation Is Feeblest.

Those who lead a sedentary life find the circulation feeblest about the nose, lips and temples, and those parts of the face should be energetically kneaded several times a day. When the pores become distended the fine, invisible dust in the air enters and clogs and blackens them. Mere ordinary face washing, even when warm water and soap are used, is not sufficient to remove the dirt in the pores, but the vigorous acid of the lemon will cleanse and carry off all such unsightly blemishes.

Care of the Feet.

The feet should be bathed at night, and this treatment is an excellent sleep producer. The water should be salted. The feet should be scrubbed all over with a nailbrush, which will often prevent the formation of corns, while hard spots on the soles may be reduced with a piece of fine emery paper or fine file before the feet are placed in water.

Not Evenly Matched.

"Have you anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon you?" asked the judge.

"Nothing, your honor, except that I hope you will make allowances for the fact that the lawyer who convicted me had a louder voice than the one who defended me."

Flowers.

The instinctive and universal taste of mankind selects flowers for the expression of its finest sympathies, their beauty and their fleetingness serving to make them the most fitting symbols of those delicate sentiments for which language itself seems almost too gross a medium.—Hillard.

A Study In Anatomy.

"Mamma, what part of the body is the trombone?"

"No part of the body, my dear."

"Yes, it is, because it says in the paper here that last night while returning from the symphony concert Professor Gridel fell and broke his trombone."

They say that money does not bring happiness. This is an experiment, however, which every one wishes to try for himself.

Get Ready For Easter

The spring lines are complete and at their best. Every department exploits spring newness and beauty. Come soon

Men's and Young Men's Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats, Raincoats

All the style innovations are here—all the new weaves, colorings and effects are now to be had. Correct to fashion's latest dictates, masterfully tailored, exact in fit, the unmatchable variety to select from, assures the complete satisfying of every taste and fancy.

The Hart, Schaffner & Marx line, sold exclusively by us in Belleville, is the feature of a gathering which acknowledges no superior anywhere in the land. Other good makes are also shown in comprehensive variety, in all sizes, and at our always moderate prices, assuring in every instance the best of values, and which range from—

$5.00 to $22.00

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Your Easter Tie

Our showing of Easter Ties is indeed a Beauty Show. We've Neck Dressings selected specially for Easter trade. We've all the correct and handsome shapes from the shops of THE MOST NOTED MAKERS. Shapes are new—weaves of silk are new. We've many a spring fancy that you'll not be able to find in other stores.

Come here, sir, for your Easter Tie and you'll get the correct thing.

Our Boys' Clothing

Our Boys' Clothing Department is the birthplace of many new and beautiful styles. The suits we put forth this season are the most stylish, durable and the best in every way we have ever sold.

Bring in the young man and see what we have to show in Boys' Clothes.

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CAN'T BELIEVE YOUR EYES if they're sick. Eyes have to be healthy to give them full credit for what they ask you to believe.

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are kept so by using our glasses. If not healthy our treatment effects a cure You're running a risk by delay if your eyes are troubling you. See us as once as delays are dangerous.

ALEX RAY

Attractive Bath Rooms

Every house ought to have a bath room We can furnish you a bath room that can be easily kept clean and sweet.

John Lewis & Co.

Even though a man may lose all his ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him,

HAT PINS

A very handy article these windy days

You should see our new assortment of Hat Pins, all American designs in heads, shields, flowers, etc., in grey, silver and rose gold effects set with Aquamarines and amethysts.

Ranging in price from

20c to $1.00

T. BLACKBURN
Cut glass & Sterling silver

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Get It In the Neck ?

You really can't do better looking for ***New and Natty Neckwear*** than to call and inspect our freshly selected stock

25, 50, 75, $1, $1.50, $2

GLOVES

In all the most fashionable shades

$1.00, $1.50, $2.00

Chas. J. Symons
292 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

Lindsay Lady Shocked

Watchman-Warder: Lindsay is not noted for evil deeds and scenes of horror are the exception here, so that what follows will be easily credited: A certain young lady was watching from an office window the other day, and saw a man minus one leg carried from a stable and placed in a cab. Pretty soon a man followed with a boot in which was the missing leg, and threw it into the cab also. The young lady, believing that foul play was being done, was horrified and fainted dead away. The gentleman of the office hurried to her assistance, and when she was brought to consciousness she told her story. Upon investigation it was discovered that Bob Douglass had broken his wooden leg and was being taken home.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

CHURCH CHIMES OF YESTERDAY.

NOTES OF SERVICES IN BELLEVILLE'S DIFFERENT PLACES OF WORSHIP.

Bridge Street.

"Needless Fears" was the subject discussed last evening by the pastor, Rev. J. P. Wilson. His text was from Genesis, 32nd chapter and 11th verse;

"Deliver me, I pray thee, from the hand of my brother, from the hand of Esau, for I fear him, lest he will come and smite me and the mother with the children."

During the service Mr. S. R. Burrows sang "The Pilot Song."

Christ Church.

At the evening service, the Rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave, took as his subject "Confirmation." The text was from 2nd Timothy, 1st chapter and 6th verse;

"Wherefore I put thee in remembrance that thou stir up the gift of God, which is in thee, by the putting on of my hands."

St. Michael's.

Large congregations attended services in St. Michael's Church yesterday. Rev. Father Traynor gave a very eloquent sermon at high mass and Rev. Father Twomey gave a sermon at vespers. During the offertory Miss Katie Bawden sang "Light in Darkness," in fine style.

Holloway Street.

The pastor, Rev. R. H. Leitch, occupied the pulpit at both services yesterday. In the morning his discourse was in reference to the healing of the Centurion's servants, and the text was from St. Matthew, 8th chapter, 5th, 6th and 7th verses. In the evening the service was of especial interest. A number were publicly received as members of the church and the rite of baptism was administered to four girls. The pastor gave a brief address, exhorting those who had made a profession of faith to remain true to the church. The sacrament was administered at the close of the service.

At the Sunday school the Superintendent, Mr. Magrath, was welcomed back, and a collection was taken up for the Jap. Famine Fund.

John Street.

Good congregations were present at both services, which were conducted by the pastor, Rev. A. H. Drumm. In the evening the Rev. gentleman's text was from the 22nd Psalm, 4th verse, and St. Luke, 19th chapter, 41st verse. During the service an anthem entitled, "Sun of My Soul," was rendered, the solo being taken by Miss Gowsell.

St. Andrew's.

At the evening service the pastor's text was from St. John, 1st chapter and 14th verse;

"And the word was made flesh and dwelt among us and we beheld His glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father, full of grace and truth."

Tabernacle.

The pastor, Rev. Geo. Brown, officiated at both services. In the evening his subject was "Fellowship with God." The text was from St. John, 1st chapter and 3rd verse;

"That which we have seen and heard declare we unto you that ye also may have fellowship with us, and truly our fellowship is with the Father and with His Son, Jesus Christ."

THE JAP. FAMINE.

SOME REASONS WHY AID IS NEEDED IN THE MIKADO'S EMPIRE.

The main and heart-reaching facts of the situation in Japan are these:

Total population suffering	2,820,217
Population starving	958,75
Average rice crop in the three stricken Provinces, bushels	15,239,000
1905 rice crop, bushels	3,410,000
Shortage, bushels	11,829,000
Less in value	$15,377,700

Thousands of families have been without nourishing food for weeks and have been fighting off the grim form of death with pitiful mixtures of roots, leaves, acorns, or bark of trees.

The next rice crop cannot be planted until June, and will not be harvested until October or November. In the meantime relief must come from without.

Japanese Famine Fund

Already Acknowledged	$57.65
ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.	
St Andrew's Sunday School	$6.39

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE EMPIRE TOBACCO COMPANY.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

THIS CASE MAY END FATALLY.

YOUNG MAN'S SERIOUS ILLNESS, WHICH BECAME ACUTE AFTER TAKING FREE SAMPLES.

It seems, according to information received from Dr. Yeomans, Medical Health Officer, that, on Friday last, he was called to attend a peculiar case. The particulars are these; Last week free samples of a certain patent medicine were distributed about the streets of this city. A about the streets of this city. A young man named Herbert Greatrix, who lived with his parents on the Cannifton road, his father being a G.T.R. engineer, got hold of one of the samples. It is stated that the young man, who is about 23 years of age, had always been fond of sampling medicines. He thought he would take a dose of the medicine in question, which he did on Wednesday evening. On Thursday morning he was seized with a violent diarrhoea, which suddenly stopped. Then the young man was taken with cramps and vomiting. On Friday the Doctor was called in, as the young fellow appeared to grow steadily worse. On Saturday he was taken to the hospital and yesterday an operation was performed, when it was found that he was suffering with a rupture of the bowels. Last night the Doctor told The Intelligencer that, in his opinion, nothing but a miracle would save the young man's life.

Later developments show, The Intelligencer is informed by a medical man, that young Mr. Greatrix must have been suffering from some form of disease before he took the medicine, which, our medical informant says, brought on what is known as "septic peritonitis." At present the young man has about one chance in 50 of recovery. In justice to the medicine taken, however, it seems only fair to state that it is not believed to be responsible for the serious condition of Mr. Greatrix, though it undoubtedly made the trouble acute.

THOS. KEOGH DEAD.

FORMER BELLEVILLIAN PASSED AWAY AT HIS HOME IN OGDEN, UTAH.

Many of our citizens will remember meeting Mr. Thos. Keogh, a former resident of this city, lately a resident of Ogden, Utah, who, with his brother, was here at the time of the Old Boys' Reunion last summer. A letter received in this city this morning states that Mr. Thomas Keogh is dead. The Keogh boys left here first about 40 years or so ago, and became very successful as cattle men in the western States. The late Mr. Keogh was a Roman Catholic and of Irish descent. He was, in early days, a particular friend of Mr. James Cummins, of this city. Many who met him last summer will regret the demise of "Tom" Keogh, and will be glad to think that the hearty, bluff old fellow was privileged to visit his boyhood's home once more before he died.

At Sign of the Scales.

A DOG CASE.

Robert Bennett, who resides on Grier street, was charged with having in his possession a dog which Mrs. J. Craddock claims belongs to her. The parties in question have had trouble before on account of this canine. After some evidence had been taken the case was adjourned for a week in order to ascertain from a party living outside of the city who is the rightful owner of the dog.

COAL STRIKE ON.

SUSPENSION OF MINING IS COMPLETE IN ANTHRACITE COAL FIELDS.

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

Philadelphia, April 2.—Reports received to-day from the anthracite coal fields state that the suspension of mining is complete.

There were a few on the streets in several of the mining towns early in the morning to see if there had been any deserters from the Miners' Union, but none reported for work.

No disturbances were reported from any section of the mining region, and the day had all the appearances of a holiday.

Died in Ameliasburg.

Miss Victoria Cunningham died last evening at the residence of her brother, Mr. John Cunningham, Ameliasburg Township. Deceased, who was about 60 years of age, was well known in the Township, where she was born and had resided all her life Miss Cunningham was a member of the Anglican church.

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS.

Always a favorite. It satisfies all who try. Tastily seasoned and put up in 5c and 10c tins. Plain or flavored with Chili or Tomato Sauce.

Vital Statistics.

The vital statistics of the city for the month of March, as per register with the City Clerk, showed 10 births, 8 marriages and 15 deaths. Of the latter six were outside of the city limits, but the interment took place in the Belleville cemetery.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Assizes Reopened

AT 1.30 THIS AFTERNOON — CASE OF SIMMONDS VS. CHOWN NOW BEING PROCEEDED WITH.

The High Court of Justice, presided over by Chief Justice Falconbridge, resumed at 1.30 this afternoon.

His Lordship announced that it would be necessary to get through the business of the Court as expeditiously as possible, as he only had this week to remain here.

SIMMONDS VS. CHOWN.

The case of Simmonds vs. Chown was continued.

Mr. Frank Wilson who was in the witness-box when the court adjourned on Saturday, was recalled. His evidence was principally in reference to the working of the press which injured the plaintiff. He testified that the plunger of the press would not come down if it was not tripped, unless the press was out of gear; then it might come down. Simmonds, witness said, appeared to be a careful operator at the machine. The press was not one that was run continuously; sometimes it would remain idle for a week. The machine had been thoroughly overhauled and re-adjusted since the accident occurred. An unskilled workman would not be able to detect a slight defect of the press. Immediately after the accident the press had to be somewhat readjusted before it was started up again. In order to take the pattern out it was necessary to put a portion of the hand beneath the plunger. The machine was a little hard to "trip."

MR. DAVID VANDERVOORT.

Mr. David Vandervoort testified that he was an engineer of 15 years experience. Worked for the Chown Company some months, being there part of the time when Mr. Simmonds worked there. He knew the draw press, and worked upon it. It was not in good working order, tripping very hard. Witness did not consider the machine safe to work at. He called Mr. Young's attention to it. The press "repeated" itself more than once, which was dangerous, and liable to catch a person's fingers. He used a wire once to take out the moulds, and the machine tripped itself and caught the wire, cutting it in two. Whilst he was operating the machine it once refused to trip. One day Mr. Young was at the machine on three different occasions, endeavoring to get it to work properly. Witness quit working the machine, as he considered it was not safe to do so. Mr. Ramsay worked upon the machine before he (witness) worked it, and he quit working it. Witness considered Mr. Simmonds a careful man.

The cross-examination of this witness was commenced at 2.45.

FIRST DAY OF THE WEEK.

Before the Week End See the New Style of Slater Ladies' Shoes.

It is a misapprehension to think that the Slater shoe is made for men only. The ladies' Slater shoe has better style and finish than any imported shoe, and it is made in all the fashionable lasts. You are cordially invited to visit the Slater shoe store

APRIL FOOL JOKE.

CITIZENS OF ST. JOHN, N. B., WERE VICTIMIZED BY PRACTICAL JOKER.

St. John, N.B., April 1.—The city is laughing to-night over one of the greatest first of April hoaxes ever perpetrated here, the perpetrators and victims of which include some of the most prominent people in St. John.

On Friday last neatly engraved cards were received by many leading citizens, inviting them to attend the launching of a new water boat, built by James Knox, the well-known ship chandler. The ceremony was scheduled to take place shortly after noon to-day, and this was explained by the statement that the highest tides of the month occurred that day. The announcement caused great indignation in the Lord's Day Alliance. Angry letters of protest were received by Mr. Knox, and in Saturday's Globe Canon Richardson, rector of Trinity Church, published a long letter of dignified reproof of such open desecration of the Sabbath. From more than one city pulpit this morning this criticism was indignantly augmented.

All this advertised the launching, and before noon to-day several hundreds assembled at the place announced and waited patiently until the realization of the joke struck them.

Since then everybody but the clergymen who were fooled have been laughing.

PROMPT CONNECTIONS.

There is one feature of the wonderful service over The Lake Shore Railway that particularly appeals to those who travel much. The schedule is so arranged that connections, where any are necessary, are made promptly and long waits and delays are avoided. This, taken in connection with the luxurious trains, perfect personal service, highest speed, safety and punctuality has made the Lake Shore the most popular line in America. Careful travellers see that their tickets read "Via Buffalo and the Lake Shore Railway." For full information concerning rates, routes and service address J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

ATTENTION

Is called to the Superior Quality of

Elephant Paints

The place to buy them is

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

Half Price

Soft Shirts
Collars,
Cuffs

The Quinte Laundry Co

MISS IRWIN'S STORE

"THE HOME OF THE HAT BEAUTIFUL"

Our opening was an immense success. Everything the fashion world calls for is congregated here. Exclusive and original styles, in exquisite colors and blendings. Come when you can. New creations added daily.

Miss Irwin.

Time now to prepare for Easter Needs

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
J. B. Carman, Manager.

Dramatic Event of the Season.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4th.

J. J. Coleman presents America's representative actor,

LOUIS JAMES

supported by NORMAN HACKETT and a company of excellent players, presenting a sumptuous revival of James Sheridan Knowles' masterpiece,

VIRGINIUS

A production complete in every detail—scenery, costumes, accessories.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"VIRGINIUS."

"Virginius" has always been a favorite play with the public since the days when Forrest in the zenith of his glory first gave us "The Roman Father," then came that grand actor, John McCullough, whose memory is one of the cherished halos around the portals of the National Theatre, and then came "the noblest of them all," Louis James. What a mighty trinity of Roman delineators! Fifty years ago Forrest was the greatest "Virginius," twenty-five years ago John McCullough was the peer of all, and now, the broad and finely proportioned shoulders of Louis James carries their mantle with dignity and distinction. At the Carman on Wednesday night.

PRINCE ARTHUR.

WILL OPEN THE TORONTO HORSE SHOW—$8,000 IN PRIZES.

The twelfth Canadian Horse Show will be held in Toronto on April 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th. It will be opened by H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught, whose presence on the first two days will add even greater eclat to the event which is in itself most brilliant. Breeders and owners from this vicinity will be represented in the entries, which close with the Secretary, Henry Wade, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, on Wednesday, April 11th. The boxes will be sold by auction on Tuesday, April 17th, at the King Edward Hotel. Over $8,000 will be distributed in prizes and cups. Reduced rates are offered on all railways, at a single fare for the round trip good going April 25th, and at a fare and a third good going April 26th, 27th, or 28th, all tickets being good to return on or before Monday, April 30th.

A Step in Advance.

(Toronto Telegram, Ind.)

The Hanna bill is not the proposal of a Government headed by a sincere and convinced prohibitionist.

A Government, headed by a sincere and convinced prohibitionist, would have had its temperance legislation shaped by Hon. Frank Latchford, Hon. A. G. McKay, Hon. Richard Harcourt, and introduced by Hon. G. P. Graham.

A Harcourt-McKay-Latchford license bill would have offered less to the undoubted temperance reform sentiment of Ontario than is offered by Hon. W. J. Hanna.

The Hanna Bill appears to be better legislation; it looks like a longer step in advance than would have been offered or taken by a faint-hearted prohibitionist like Hon. G. W. Ross, at the head of a Government dominated by the bigoted anti-prohibitionists, who always acted as a brake upon the alleged temperance enthusiasm of their honored leader

Daily Intelligencer.

GOLDEN BRITTLE!
GOLDEN BRITTLE!
GOLDEN BRITTLE!

OR POP CORN BY THE EAR.
The 20th Century Confectionery Novelty.
IT'S GOING.
IT'S GOING.
IT'S GOING.

Be an ear.
For sale only by

Chas. S. Clapp

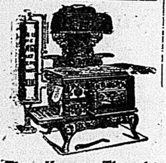
Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL
NEATLY PRINTED.
—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER
Job Department
Front St., Belleville.



The Happy Thought

Is the only range which has been made under one name for eighteen years, and is still the leader.

WM. McGIE,
Tel. 5 Front St

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS

J.D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.
Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allo
Sash, Door and Blind Factory.
Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling bar Fixtures, &c.
Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

TO BLOW UP PARLIAMENT.

Plot Discovered at St. Petersburg to Destroy People's Assembly—Democrats Gain In Elections.

London, April 2.—The correspondent at St. Petersburg of The Observer says that a plot has been discovered to blow up the National Parliament with bombs.

Democrats Gain Ground.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—The elections are proceeding slowly. The constitutional Democrats are constantly gaining ground, especially in the second degree city elections. Friday they captured 46 out of 72 delegates. In the landowners assembly they are also forging to the front. During the last three days the delegates elected by the land owners provincial conventions included 23 Constitutional Democrats, 23 other Progressives, three Octobrists, 11 Conservatives and 15 Reactionists. Yaroslov, one of the cities which elects a member of the lower House directly, is the first to complete its elections to the Municipal convention with 75 Constitutional Democrats out of 82 delegates.

The Results So Far.

As near as can be judged, the first degree electors in the seven provinces where elections have been completed show forty-four per cent. members of the party of the Left, that is, Constitutional Democrats, Social Democrats and other Progressives, 29 per cent. of members of the centre, consisting of Octobrists, and the trade and industry party 13 per cent. of the right, made up of the law and order party and autocrats, and 14 per cent. unclassified.

A comparison of the classes of races of the second degree electors with the first degree electors chosen by them as delegates to the provincial congress shows a significant diminution of the peasant element in the process of the passing to the final stage.

To-day the City of St. Petersburg will choose electors to the Municipal Congress, which in turn will elect six members to the National Parliament. Business will be suspended.

All Candidates Arrested.

Odessa, April 2.—On the eve of the preliminary elections among the workmen of 66 factories all the candidates were arrested because they displayed too liberal tendencies.

LITTLE WAR RENEWED.

Tartars and Armenians Cause Intervention of Troops.

Elizabethpol, Caucasus, April 2.—A renewal of the Tartar-Armenian war, accompanied by revolutionary activity, has compelled the intervention of the troops.

Several skirmishes have occurred, during which a score of Armenians and Tartars were killed.

The local authorities have seized a number of machine guns and over 500 rifles.

84 Mutineers Acquitted.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—The naval court-martial Saturday acquitted 84 of the 207 men who mutinied at Kronstadt in November, 1905. Nine of the remainder were sentenced to penal servitude. The others were deprived of civil rights and sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from one to four years, or to enrolment in disciplinary battalions.

Women Ill-Treated.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—M. Bolkovadze, a prominent Georgian writer, has made an appeal to Russian women in behalf of women of his own race, who, he says, are being ruthlessly violated by the brutal soldiery engaged in the pacification of the ancient Kingdom of Georgia. The troops, he says, do not even respect age, eight-year-old girls and old women being forced to minister to their lust.

Mob Attacks British Consulate.

St. Petersburg, April 2.—A despatch from Teheran describes a serious plague riot at Seistan. The European plague hospital there was demolished and the mob attacked the British consulate and beat the Consul and a British doctor with sticks. The rioting was stopped by Cossacks.

TO RECOVER THE GIFTS.

Mutual Life Intends to Ask Directors to Make Refunds.

New York, April 2.—The Truesdale committee's report on the Mutual Life was made public Saturday, and says it is advised that such of the company's funds as were donated for political or campaign purposes were unlawfully disbursed and recovery can be had in behalf of the company from the officers or trustees responsible therefor. The committee understands from the president that he has already consulted counsel with regard to what legal steps be taken to secure the recovery of these moneys and that he will act accordingly.

Actuary In Ottawa.

Ottawa, April 2.—Miles M. Dawson, the actuary who prepared the case for Mr. Hughes before the Armstrong committee in New York, was in Ottawa yesterday in connection with the life insurance investigation.

He is the happiest of whom the world says least, good or bad.—Jefferson.

HELP WANTED!

We have a large quantity of glass in the Custom House at present. We have no store room for it, you can help us to make room for it by buying some of the china and earthen ware we will offer so cheap this week.

—Fine China Tea Plates (white and pink rose decoration with gold band, 15c each, for	10c
—Fine China Bread and Butter Plates (dainty patterns) with fancy gilt border, 15c each for	10c
—English Rock Tea Pots (largest size) 30c each for	17c
—China Cake plates, assorted Patterns, 25c for	19c
—China Egg Cups, per dozen	19c
—China Egg Cups, double, each	6c
—10c Salt and Pepper shakers, each	5c

McINTOSH BROS.

ANGLO-SAXON AMITY

Earl Grey Says In It Lies the Hope of the World.

Guest of New York Pilgrims, Our Governor-General Speaks of Good Feeling Existing Between the Two Nations—Part He Is Personally Playing to Bring It About Set Forth by Ex-Ambassador Choate.

New York, April 2.—There was a distinguished gathering at the dinner in honor of His Excellency Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada, by the Pilgrims of the United States, at the Waldorf-Astoria Saturday night. There were about 400 seated at the tables. The boxes were filled with women spectators. Among them were Countess Grey and her party.

Those at the guests' table were: Morris K. Jesup, Earl Grey, Governor Higgins, Archbishop Farley, Horace Porter, Elihu Root, Joseph H. Choate, Hon. Sir F. W. Borden, Count Gleichen, Robt. Bacon, Robert Shaw Oliver, Col. Hanbury Williams, Major-Gen. Grant, Lieutenant-Governor Bruce, Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, ex-Mayor Low, Sir Caspar Purden Clarke, Samuel Clemens, Rear Admiral Coghlan, J. G. Carlisle, George C. Holt, Major-Gen. James F. Wade, Rev. H. M. McCracken, Controller Metz, Police Commissioner Bingham, Capt. F. E. C. Ryan, T. F. Darrell, St. George's Society Provost Charles C. Harrison, Postmaster Willcox, Rev. J. Silverman, Dr. John H. Finley and Robert Fraser Munro, St. Andrew's Society.

Earl Grey arrived, in company with his host, Joseph H. Choate. Mr. Choate presided. An invocation was delivered by Archbishop Farley. To add to the international aspect of the dinner, stands of small British flags were entwined on each of the tables.

The toast, "The President and the King," was drunk standing, while the orchestra played "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "God Save the King."

Then came a toast to "The Right Honorable Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada," to which the earl responded.

Incident of the War.

In introducing Earl Grey, Mr. Choate said:

"It was a remote ancestor of his—his great-grandfather, Major-General Charles Grey, who became the first earl—that I wish to speak of, because his experience in America furnishes us with an incident which ought to give satisfaction to all American people. Sir Charles was in possession of Franklin's home in Philadelphia, at one time during the revolutionary war. In the confusion of their departure, a fine portrait of Franklin disappeared. Franklin himself was in Paris, forming that conquering alliance with France. I suppose the British regarded the picture as a suitable capture, since they could not get him. How the picture got to England nobody can tell, but it came into the first Lord Grey's possession, and has hung for 130 years in the Grey ancestral hall as a precious heirloom. And now Lord Grey, in full recognition of the desire for harmony and friendship, has decided to restore to the United States as a free-will offering this portrait, and a month ago he wrote to President Roosevelt, making the formal presentation. It is hoped that the portrait will reach Philadelphia in time for the celebration there next month."

Earl Grey's Speech.

Earl Grey said in part:

"I am aware that this magnificent banquet is the eloquent expression of your desire to emphasize and if possible promote the good relations already existing between the United Kingdom, the self-governing nations of the British Empire and the United States. That same desire also possesses and completely fills my heart."

After paying a graceful tribute to American ambassadors he had known in England, and expressing an appreciation of America and its people, Earl Grey continued:

"Mr. Choate has referred in a manner that I much appreciate, to my restoration to you of the picture which for 130 years has been the most honored and most interesting possession in my English home. Why do I restore the picture? Because I love the American people, because my sense of equity tells me that there are higher laws than the law of possession, and because I believe that neither England nor America can fulfill their high mission to themselves or to the world, unless we approach the consideration of every problem affecting our relation to each other, not from the narrow selfish and provincial standpoint of what America and England can each of them do for themselves alone, but from the higher standpoint of what we all can do for England, America and the world.

Canada's Development.

"Mr. Choate chaffed us the other day at Ottawa with that kindly humor in which he so pre-eminently excels, for the modesty which has caused every Canadian from the Prime Minister to the youngest enfranchised citizen of the Dominion, to believe that if the 19th century belonged to the United States, the 20th century belongs to Canada. Yes, gentlemen, this is the stimulating faith of the people whom I represent. Any idea of the possible annexation of Canada by the United States is scouted by us as an impossibility as great as you would regard the annexion of the United States by Canada."

The earl then spoke of the part Canada played in the upbuilding of the United States, saying there are 2,827,000 persons of Canadian birth or descent in the United States, and that French-Canadians were the founders of Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburg, New Orleans, Detroit, St. Paul and Milwaukee.

Hope of the World.

Continuing, he said: "To those of us who believe that in the coming solidarity and unification of the Anglo-Saxon race lie the future peace and hope of the world, the signs of the times are most encouraging.

"The forces of the world are slowly but steadily drifting in this direction. Let it be our privilege in our generation to do nothing to prevent the flow of these currents, which, if uninterrupted, will one day course together in the mingled waters of one mighty and irresistible river.

"The peoples of the United Kingdom, of the self-governing nations of the British Empire and of the United States are joint trustees for the protection and expansion of that Anglo-Saxon civilization which carries in its development the hope of future peace and the realization of the highest ideals attainable on earth. Every year our joint responsibility to mankind and to future ages for the way in which we now administer our sacred trust grows in fulness and importance.

Desire Accord.

"There are several questions outstanding between the Dominion of Canada and the United States which have been left open too long, and which call for settlement. Both Governments desire to take advantage of the opportunity which the present feeling of amity between the two countries affords, and I am persuaded that the hearts of the two peoples on both sides of the frontier will be glad when their respective Governments have given effect to their desires.

"It is the proud mission of the Anglo-Saxon race to maintain in advance the cause of civilization throughout the world, England thankfully recognizes your desire to co-operate with her in this beneficial work, and the knowledge that the Stars and Stripes and the flag of England stand in the gateways of the world, as on these walls, their varying colors draped together fold within fold, as the joint emblems of freedom, righteousness and duty may make us all proud, first, that we have a big duty to perform to the world, and, secondly, that so long as we are true to each other and to ourselves we shall have the strength as well as the will to accomplish the noble purpose of our joint and splendid destiny."

NO BAIL FOR PHILLIPS.

Counsel Prepared to Offer Any Amount, But Magistrate Declined to Grant Bail Under Any Circumstances.

Toronto, April 2.—Joseph Phillips, president of the defunct York County Loan, spent Sunday "over the Don" in accordance with the decree of Magistrate Denison, given at Saturday's sitting of the Police Court.

J. E. Jones, counsel for Phillips, was prepared to offer any amount for his freedom, but the magistrate refused to accept bail under any circumstances.

Phillips appeared in the dock with the other prisoners.

A doctor's certificate produced, stating that Miss Lillian Hudson was ill and unable to attend the session of the court, was declared unsatisfactory by Crown Attorney Curry.

"Perhaps there will be a more satisfactory one on hand before Monday," suggested Magistrate Denison.

The Crown Attorney's attention was confined to an endeavor to find out about the secret deposits in banks or in safe deposit vaults belonging to Joseph Phillips. Miss Georgina Hudson, however, declared that she knew nothing about them, and was of the opinion that her sister, who occupied a joint position with her, knew nothing. The investigation will continue along this line daily, according to Mr. Curry, until he comes across satisfactory evidence.

Ohio Inheritance Tax Killed.

Columbus, Ohio, April 2.—The inheritance tax law has been repealed. The law was repealed by a vote of 80 to 20. The income from the tax was $375,000 a year.

Wheat Inspection.

Winnipeg, April 2.—Wheat inspections for seven months of past crop year total 51,235,506, or just 11,448,506 bushels more than total inspections for preceding year.

Ten Fires Every Day.

London, April 2.—Ten fires daily was approximately last year's average in London, according to the annual report of the fire brigade, issued Saturday.

Costliest Building in the Country.

Which is the costliest building in America? Would you answer offhand the New York state capitol at Albany? Hardly. Your thoughts would turn more likely to the national capitol at Washington or to the Congressional library. But the New York state capitol cost more than the national capitol and the library of congress together. The Empire State capitol cost $24,000,000, while the one at Washington, two acres larger, cost only $12,000,000 and the Congressional library only $7,000,000. Our Empire State capitol cost as much as the nation paid for all Florida and the Philippines combined. —Gilson Willets in Leslie's Weekly.

The Art of Forgetting.

I have heard men and women say, "I could be happy now if I could only forget the past." Be kind to yourself and "forget it." Do not try to do so in a labored, strenuous way, but gently suggest to yourself a dozen times a day if necessary that you are happy in the "eternal now" and not burdened down with disagreeable thoughts of the past. In learning the "art of forgetting" you will form the wholesome habit of remembering things worth knowing and thereby bring harmony, peace and contentment into your life.—M. J. Lorimer in Suggestion.

Followed Instructions.

A lady going from home for the day locked everything up carefully and for the grocer's benefit left a card on the back door.

"All out. Don't leave anything," it read.

On her return she found her house ransacked and all her choicest possessions gone. To the card on the door was added, "Thanks. We haven't left much."

Had to Creep.

"Why do you say 'A blush crept over the face of the fair plaintiff?'" asks the editor.

"Because," explains the society editor, "there was so much powder on her face the blush had to creep or else it would raise too much dust!"

COAL MINERS STRIKE

400,000 Men Refuse to Work in the American Pits.

America's Coal Production Has Practically Ceased — Mitchell Predicts That There Will Be a Stampede of Operators to Sign the 1903 Wage Scale—Some Have Already Done So, and Whose Mines Are Now Working.

Indianapolis, April 2.—With the dawn this morning America witnessed the beginning of the greatest industrial strike in its history. Official orders already have been issued, which in effect will close the coal mines of the country.

Of the 600,000 men employed in and around the coal mines in the United States approximately 400,000 will refuse to enter the shafts. About one-half of the remaining number will report for duty, only to perform such labor as will prevent a destruction of property. The actual production of coal practically will be stopped.

Minimized as the effects of the suspension have been by the decision of the United Mine Workers of America to work for any mine owner who is willing to pay the scale of wages in force in 1903, still the struggle is stupendous in its proportions.

The duration of the suspension in its entirety is problematical. Even more so is the effect it may have on the industrial prosperity of the country. It is certain that there is no immediate danger of a shortage of coal. That is improbable within sixty days.

Hard Coal Talk Tuesday.

Tuesday morning a meeting will be held in New York between the committee of anthracite operators headed by George F. Baer and a committee of miners headed by John Mitchell. It is impossible to predict what the result of that conference may be and on it depends the question of whether the suspension of mining in the anthracite fields will be temporary or whether the struggle shall be to a finish.

While present indications point to a protracted strike in the anthracite fields, it is believed that the suspension will be of short duration in the bituminous states. When the miners decided to permit work where the advanced scale was offered it virtually put Western Pennsylvania out of the strike column. The suspension there perhaps will not last three days, and will not take the form of a strike.

Operators to Stampede.

In private conversations, President Mitchell is reported as predicting a stampede of operators to sign the scale.

To Resume Tuesday.

Pittsburg, April 2.—The mines will be closed Monday, but all the works of the Pittsburg Coal Co. will resume operations on Tuesday. It is believed that a majority of the independent operators will eventually sign the 1903 scale.

Agree on Scale.

Louisville, Ky., April 2.—Coal miners and operators of Western Kentucky Saturday agreed on a wage scale, and there will be no strike in district No. 23. The agreement is for the 1903 scale, and the contract is to continue until March 31, 1908.

Will Pay Scale.

Altoona, Pa., April 2.—The Berwind-White Coal Mining Co., at Windber, has posted notices that it would pay the 1903 rate of wages.

5,000 Go Back.

Nelsonville, Ohio, April 2.—Eight thousand miners in the Hocking Valley suspended work Friday night, but about 5,000 resume work, as the operators can sign the 1903 scale.

Encouraging Signs.

Pittsburg, April 2.—Despatches from the soft coal fields last night indicate almost a general announcement from the operators of Western Pennsylvania to pay the miners the advance of 5.55 per ton called for in the restoration of the scale of 1903.

[illegible]KERS FIGHT CAVALRY.

Disturbances In French Coal Fields Again Become Serious.

Paris, April 2.—The miners strike throughout the coal region in the north has again assumed serious proportions. Many riotous scenes were enacted Saturday when the cavalry repeatedly charged with strikers, injuring many of them. The troops also suffered severely. A large reinforcement has been distributed at the centre of disturbances.

The strikers are estimated at 39,000 and divided into bands of 500 to 2,000 are parading the region and threatening workmen who refuse to join them. Many of the bands carry red flags.

They have sought several times to drive the cavalry into the barbed wire entanglements.

SOLDIERS RELIVED.

Winnipeg's Stormy Riot Seems Ended For the Time Being.

Winnipeg, April 2.—The city yesterday assumed its normal condition after the stormy scenes of three days. The soldiers were relieved from service Saturday night.

The company have announced that it will decide at a meeting this morning as to whether it is willing to accept the men's demands, now that they have agreed not to ask for recognition of the union.

Ralph Connor and Principal Patrick presented the men's latest proposition to the company Saturday evening, holding a session until nearly midnight.

If the company refuse either to accede to the men or to arbitrate, scenes even more violent than those of last week will be enacted if an attempt is made to run cars, as the feeling of citizens is with the men.

Louis Christianson, the Chicago professional strike-breaker, imported by the company to direct the campaign against the strike, was arrested late Saturday night for assaulting Magnus Smith, champion chess player of Canada.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TARTAR
BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurient.
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

New Spring Wallpapers

Our stock of new Wall Paper is nearly complete and we ask you to drop in and look them over. We claim to have the largest and best selections with in the country and guarantee the prices will suit your pocket book.

AT THE BEE HIVE
CHAS. N. SULMAN.

SPECIAL SALE OF
Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil
LARGE BOTTLE - - 25c

DON. G. BLEECKER.
Phone 11.
Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie
IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor

Maple Syrup
In pints, quarts and gallon tins
Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .
In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins
Pure Jam & Marmalade
In Glass and 5 lb Tins
Clover Honey
Sections and Extracted
Dried Fruits
Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples
Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

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Telephone 214. Grocers

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CHANCEY ASHLEY
INSURANCE AGENT
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office Belleville

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St. Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,
Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.
4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.
Money to Loan upon favorable terms.
OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.
R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 6.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.85 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)
Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.
— SPECIALIST ON —
Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

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—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
O. C. LEAVENS

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY. APRIL 3, 1906. NO. 276

There's a wealth of comfort in a cup of good tea and

STROUDS

is the place to buy good tea

MINISTERIAL CHANGES

Those Coming May Admit Arch. Campbell to the Cabinet.

Hon. Wm. Paterson Slated For Senate Leadership—Probable Early Retirement of Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. R. W. Scott—A Quiet Day in the House — Telephone Committee Discontinued For Good.

Ottawa, April 3.—Cabinet changes are talked about, especially in Ontario. The one first to come off, so the report goes, is the retirement of Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. R. W. Scott from the Government, and at least one of them from the Senate, and the promotion of Hon. Wm. Paterson to the Senate as a Government leader there. This would let Arch. Campbell of Centre York into the Cabinet as the new Minister from Ontario.

Mr. Fitzpatrick's bill respecting the better observance of the Lord's Day comes up for a second reading to-day.

The House was only in session for two hours yesterday, and the proceedings were quite devoid of interest. Alexander C. Ross-[illegible]w member for (North Cape B[illegible] Victoria) was introduced [illegible]ifrid Laurier and Alex. John[illegible]th Cape Breton).

'P[illegible]nquiry Ended.

Mr. Emm[illegible]on, Minister of Railways and Canals, in answer to a question by Mr. Baker (Hamilton), admitted that he was a stockholder and formerly an officer of the New Brunswick Petroleum Co. Matthew Lodge of Moncton is secretary of the company.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated in reply to Mr. MacDonnell (South Toronto) that the telephone committee of last session would not be continued nor will a new committee be appointed.

In reply to several questions the announcement was made by the Minister of Customs that no official notice had as yet been received as to the changes in the German tariff effective March 1.

$100,000 For Winnipeg Press.

Hon. Mr. Oliver, Minister of the Interior, gave some figures as to the amounts paid by his department during the past five years to The Winnipeg Free Press and Der Nordwester Publishing companies. They aggregate about $100,000.

The act to incorporate the Woman's Art Association of Canada was read a second time yesterday.

The G. T. P. Contracts.

The tenders and awards re the building of the two sections of the Grand Trunk Pacific were reported by the National Transcontinental Commission to the Minister of Railways, and will be announced, it is said, to-day.

Railways Lose Tax Cases.

Washington, April 3.—The Supreme Court of the United States decided the Michigan railroad tax cases, involving the taxes of all the railroads in that state for several years past, against the railroads.

Hard Coal Miners Out.

Both Sides Are, However, Hopeful of Conference.

Conciliatory Spirit In Evidence—Soft Coal Operators are Readily Signing 1903 Scale—100,000 Soft Coal Miners Have Already Been Granted Their Scale, and President Mitchell Says 80 Per Cent. Will Get It.

New York, April 3.—The eve of the second meeting of the committees representing the anthracite mine workers and their employers finds the situation, so far as the hard coal fields are concerned, unchanged from that disclosed in the communications that have passed between the contending forces, which have been made public.

Both sides are hopeful, however, and there is a feeling among those vitally interested in the struggle that some way out of the present difficulty will be found. This feeling is based on the fact that each side has only played its first card, and that the real negotiations have not yet begun.

Only One Colliery Working Full.

Rumors that thousands of men would not obey the suspension order have proved groundless. The district leaders report that the only colliery working full handed is the People's Coal Companies Oxford operation, in the northern field, which is run almost exclusively by non-union men.

President Mitchell, who arrived yesterday, said that more than 100,000 soft coal miners have already been granted the 1903 scale, and predicted that by the end of the week fully 80 per cent. of the bituminous workers will have been given the advance. He thought that within 45 days every soft coal mine, where the men are organized, will be working on a union basis.

Not For Long.

Indianapolis, April 3.—Information received so far at the national headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America last night indicate that the strike of soft coal miners will not be extensive for any length of time, many operators already having expressed a willingness to grant the miners' demands.

ALL QUIET AT WINNIPEG.

Firms Charged With Threatening Volunteers On Strike Duty.

Winnipeg, Man., April 3.—The feature of yesterday's strike situation was a charge brought by officers of the 90th Regiment against J. H. Ashdown Hardware Co., Hudson Bay Co. and Stovel Printing Co. with having threatened men in their employ and members of regiment who were on strike duty with expulsion from service if they should fail to report for work on Saturday morning.

A car was burned in St. Boniface yesterday afternoon at 5.30. The city council decided at a stormy session late last night to go to the company in a body to-day and ask for arbitration.

Street cars were running without disturbance until 6 p.m. yesterday, when the service was discontinued and a settlement has not been reached.

FALLS 70 FEET DOWN SHAFT.

Upsetting of Bucket In Mine Results in One Fatality.

Madoc, April 2.—Peter Jarvis of Kellar's Bridge was killed yesterday afternoon in the American Madoc Mining Co.'s Mundic mine, near Bannockburn.

Five men were being brought up the shaft in the bucket. When near the top the cable caught on something tipping the bucket over sideways. Jarvis and Jack Pressick of Cordova fell out. The latter fell about 35 feet, lighting on a piece of timber unhurt. Jarvis fell seventy feet to the bottom of the shaft. He lived about ten minutes.

The other three occupants caught hold of the cable till the bucket righted itself again.

Jarvis was foreman of the min. He leaves a wife and one child.

Killed By Explosion.

Kenora, April 3.—As a result of the premature explosion of shot at Stewart's Camp at Riddell, east of Hawk Lake, Peter Magnusson was injured so badly that he died shortly afterwards, and A. Johnson is not expected to survive.

Boy Has Arm Shot Off.

Listowel, April 3.—Last night about 10 o'clock, while some boys about 15 years of age, were out shooting muskrats along the river, Ross Grant, son of J. R. Grant, assignee, had his left arm shot off below the elbow by the accidental discharge of a gun carried by one of his companions.

Scalded by Lard.

Jordan, April 3.—On Saturday afternoon, while playing around a stove, the three-year-old son of Frank Nunnamaker upset a pail of boiling lard upon itself, scalding the child from head to foot.

Gas Explosion In Galt.

Galt, April 3.—A gas explosion which might have resulted seriously to John Scott, plumber, and which caused him painful injuries, occurred in W. A. Hunter's bakery. Scott was endeavoring to turn up the gas, by which the huge ovens are heated, when the explosion occurred. The whole end of the building, which is of brick, was driven several feet from the roof. Scott was burned about the face, hands and arms and lost most of his hair.

Blown From Fast Train.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 3.—While a westbound Lake Shore freight train was speeding along near Amherst, Ohio, early yesterday, a crown sheet of the locomotive exploded and blew the firemen and head brakeman out of the cab. They were badly scalded and otherwise injured, and the fireman will probably die.

Burglar Fired at Curious Boys.

Kingston, April 3.—Three boys were passing McGowan's cigar factory, on Rideau street, about midnight, when they saw a short set man prowling about. They proceeded to investigate, and the man told them to make tracts, and fired his revolver three times. The lads fled. The factory was burglarized. Some 450 cigars were taken, as well as the bookkeeper's revolver.

Not Guilty.

Philadelphia, April 3.—Walter Wood and Stuart Wood, members of the firm of R. D. Wood & Co., iron manufacturers of this city, were found not guilty in the United States court here yesterday of accepting a rebate on a shipment to Winnipeg. The amount of the alleged rebate was $1,230.59.

Sugar Duties Stay.

London, April 3.—In the House of Lords yesterday Lord Denman (Liberal), replying for the Government, said the Ministers would not agree to a reduction in the excise duty on sugar in case a beet sugar industry is not started in Great Britain.

Threaten General Strike.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, April 3.—The revolutionists here have announced their intention to declare a general strike to prevent the Government from contracting a new loan.

Dress Goods

This Big and Beautiful Dress Goods Stock is Uusurpassed.

Such Values have never been given Anywhere

From the world's leading looms has come a stock of Dress Goods that stand second to none, that offers you every fashionable and correct weave, color and effect for the *SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1906.*

New Costumes, Coats, etc

Are being placed on exhibition in our Mantle Department every day—giving us what we believe will be the greatest variety shown anywhere of this season's newest styles.

New Models In Women's Separate Skirts

We have just received from one of the best makers a shipment of smart new street skirts. They come in fancy light Tweeds, Panama Cloths, etc., some circular styles, some pleated, others a combination of both. *THE STYLES ARE THE LATEST.*

Prices $3.50 to $13.50

Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Easter Novelties

Easter Giving has gradually assured such proportions that it now rivals the *Christmas Season.*

Our stock is at present particularly well assorted with articles most suitable for the purpose. Here are a number of *Suggestions:*

—*PERRIN'S EASTER GLOVES*, the best glove known, finest quality and best workmanship. Prices from............ *89c to $2.00*
—*FANCY LACE AND EMBROIDERY NECKWEAR*, very dainty designs, prices............ *15c to $2.00*
—*FANCY EMBROIDERED AND SILK HOSIERY*, full range of sizes and styles price............ *50c pair*
—*LADIES' UMBRELLAS*, plain and fancy, pearl and silver mountings, prices are............ *$1 to $8*
—*LADIES' HAND BAGS*, newest American Styles, large variety to choose from............ *75c to $5.00*
—*FANCY LINENS* in drawn and embroidery work, new designs, wide range from............ *15c to $7.50*

Beautiful Ribbons, Handsome Silks for Waists Imported Dress Goods, Dainty Wash Goods.

In fact everything that Dame Fashion demands is represented here.

House Furnishings Department

This department receives special attention—all orders promptly executed and satisfaction guaranteed.

A visit of inspection to the show rooms is respectfully solicited as it would be impossible to describe the beautiful Rugs and Handsome Curtains and Draperies.

NEW CURTAINS, NEW CARPETS, NEW DRAPERIES, NEW RUGS, NEW MATTINGS, ETC.

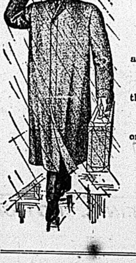
NOTE:—We make window shades to order, superior workmanship and *best materials*, every shade fully *guaranteed.*

Hofi Mattings

Hofi, the genuine Fiber Matting, is thoroughly hygenic.
It is a soft pliable, clean, odorless matting, woven of a foreign vegetable fiber.
It has no nap to collect dust or lint.
Hofi is exempt from injury by Moth, Buffalo Bugs or other pests.
It is a non conductor of heat, etc. Health authorities recommend it for hospitals, schools and all public institutions.
There are many destinctive patterns. All colors are thoroughly reliable.

Prices, 50c, 65c and 75c

These Rainy Spring Days



Suggest Rain Coats

Our assortment of Men's Rain Coats is now complete and we invite inspection.

They are made of all wool cloth chemically treated so that they are impervious to rain, but not air tight.

They are porous, allowing the circulation of air which ensures comfort and no overheating.

They will keep you dry and always keep you dry.

$7.50 to $15.00

Umbrellas from 75c, $1.00 up to $6.50

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

Spring Jackets

Our showing of new Spring Jackets comprise the very newest styles to be seen this season in Whipcords, Coverts and Tweeds--Tight and Loose Fitting Effects.

French Delaines

We are showing an exceptionally nice range of Real French Delaines in Pretty Soft shades at

40c and 45c yd

White Linens

The coming season promises to eclipse all past summer seasons in the wearing of White Linen Blouse Suits.

We are showing several very special lines of Blouse Linens ranging in price from

40c to 60c yd

These goods are specially woven for Dress Wear and are not Embroidery Linens.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

SPRING HATS

GEO. T. WOODLEY.

Opposite Footbridge.

The New Store.

Plenty of Things

Around This Store Deserve Special Mention:

—Dress Goods from per yd.......... 25c to $1.50
—Blouses each from.......... 50c to $5 00
—Skirts each from.......... $1.95 to $10 00
—Curtains per pair from.......... 25c to $7.50
—Ladies' Rain Coats at.......... $5.00
—Ladies' Covert Cloth Jackets, up to the minute in style, each only.......... $5,00
—25 Pieces White Mercorized Blousing per yard.......... 15c

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

YOUR EASTER SUIT

Should be ordered before the real rush sets in.

We Are Making

$16, $18 and $20 SUITS

That Can't Be Duplicated.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.

Tailors & Furnishers.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown See the special values we are offering in *Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.*

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets, Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

The Postmaster-General.

Some idea of how the new Postmaster-General, Hon. Mr. Aylesworth, is performing his duties may be gathered from the facts brought out one evening recently, when the new Postmaster-General was under fire during a night sitting of the Commons. Col. Sam Hughes directly charged him with suppressing important facts in his possession regarding the removal of the postmaster at Cannington. Indeed, cases arise like this almost daily. This removal was made on the ground that the postmaster was engaging in the grocery business and Mr. Fowler and others have not been slow to point out that Hon. Aylesworth, while a minister of the crown, is actively engaged in the private practice of his profession. Mr. Hughes flatly denied that the postmaster was engaged in business and insisted that full documentary proof of that fact had been for several days in the possession of the Postmaster-General. He made some cutting references to the latter's connection with the Gamey case amid cheers from the Opposition. Mr. Aylesworth treats proper questions from the Conservative side with an indifference amounting to disrespect and seems to imagine that he can treat the Conservatives in the same cavalier fashion as the Ross Administration did. Mr. Clements brought up the Cannington case and compared it with the situation and conduct of the postmaster at Leamington. This officer received $1,200 as against $900 received by the postmaster at Cannington and enjoys besides a multiplicity of local offices that require considerable time and bring in considerable money. He is police magistrate, collector of water rates, secretary and treasurer of the school board, etc. As to many enquiries the honorable gentleman was compelled to admit that he had never heard of the post offices. He had read about Thessalon in the papers, but was unable to furnish any information about the investigation. With such facts as the above before them the public can judge for themselves why graft is rampant at Ottawa, and why the national expenditure has risen by millions.

TIMELY TOPICS.

The rate of taxation this year, it will be seen by reference to the Council proceedings, is likely to be the same as last year, namely, 25 1-2 mills.

• • •

The action of Ald. Panter and Cooper, in protesting against the appropriation proposed to be meted out to them, is certainly commendable. Not that we wish to pose as advocates of extravagance, but if those gentlemen think they cannot properly perform the duties expected of them with the amount named by Ald. Marsh, then this is the time for them to complain and let the facts be known. The Fire Committee is one which in the interests of public safety, must not be stinted, and as for Public Works, Ald. Panter has a record as Chairman of that committee which leads one to believe that he knows what he is talking about. Let us not, whatever we do be penny wise and pound foolish

• • •

The Salary Committee has labored, and some civic servants are probably of the opinion that little more than a mouse was brought forth.

• • •

True to his word, Ald. Panter gave notice of a motion to repeal the Dog by-law. Whatever is passed in its place, it is to be hoped it may be carried out; then there might be no need for extreme measures, which punish the innocent for the guilty.

• • •

Looks as though butterflies and straw hats were only a block or two off.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE EMPIRE TOBACCO COMPANY.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

If its a fair question, we wonder who's doing the milking while all those jurymen and witnesses are spending their time in this beautiful city.

• • •

This long session of the Assize Court is liable to leave the County rather short of change when the bills are paid.

• • •

And that reminds us that Chief Justice Falconbridge delivered himself of a few remarks to a jury last week which might well be taken to heart by many people. It seemed unfortunate for many lawyers' clients and the country, His Lordship said, that practically trivial cases should be allowed to take up the time of such an expensive tribunal as the High Court of Justice, when there were much less expensive courts which could decide them.

• • •

So far as "cross roads slander cases" (as His Lordship called them), were concerned, he believed it would be cheaper for the province to set aside a fund out of which to pay damages to the plaintiffs in such cases, rather than allow them to go to trial at the High Court, with all its heavy attendant expenses. The county would, in all probability, save by such a plan in the long run. Very few people, who give the subject a moment's thought, but will admit that there is more truth than poetry in the Chief Justice's remarks.

• • •

The Russian Government is preparing to spend $100,000,000 in rebuilding the navy. This probably means that it will get about a $2,000,000 navy, good enough for the junk shop in any other country.

• • •

The persons who are insisting that spring is here are the very ones who pointed out three months ago that winter had arrived—when it hadn't done any such thing.

• • •

A burglar in a Buffalo flat failed to take a $20 bill in plain sight. Evidently newspaper men are not the only ones who don't know a $20 bill when they see one.

• • •

An Italian tenor has been engaged to sing at 50 performances in America, for which he is to receive $60,000. Even a bashful Belleville vocalist would sing 50 times in public for $1200 a time.

• • •

An English railroad now runs a smoker for women. The man on the next block says his wife has a smoker of her own.

• • •

A man arrested in New Jersey on the charge of drunkenness explained that he had lost his collar button and had looked for it until he became dizzy. Perhaps he wanted the collar button to "Say Corby."

• • •

A country paper noticing an approaching entertainment says: —"Any one desirous of securing a ticket can do so by applying to some one of the members of the club, which are 35 cents.". This is practically saying that the members of the club look like ready money.

• • •

Inasmuch as the new License Bill does not appear to wholly please either the liquor men or temperance men, it seems fairly safe to assume that it is a fairly unbiased measure.

• • •

It was stated by the Crown Attorney in Toronto that Mr. Joseph Phillips, of York Loan notoriety, is worth at least $150,000. This alone, if true, may cause many hasty people to have a peculiar opinion of Mr. Phillips, who does not seem to have been such an unselfish friend of the widow and the orphan as some of his glib-tongued agents made credulous people believe.

• • •

There is evidently some manoeuvring to secure to the favorite ones the contracts for the construction of a large portion of the G. T. Pacific Railway. If not, why is not the announcement made of the lowest tenderers? The time is up some time ago. Look out for some trickery, and what follows—a few millionaires.

• • •

The Intelligencer's Jap. Famine Fund will close on Saturday next at 5 p.m. Prospective subscribers will please govern themselves accordingly.

• • •

Complaints are made that hunters in this city have been shooting rabbits, despite the fact that this is the close season. The authorities might well look into these complaints.

• • •

If a Belleville policeman should discover any of our corner loafers and sun-baskers, he would possibly be charged with "pernicious activity."

UNEQUALLED SERVICE.

In all the world over, among all the railways of all nations, there is one line whose service stands pre-eminent—The Lake Shore Railway. Luxurious comfort, speed, safety, punctuality, personal attention and service, have here reached their highest development. Lake Shore trains run on time and when connections are to be made the schedule is so arranged that long waits and delays are avoided. In a word, here is a railway whose service in every respect leaves nothing to be desired. Travellers of experience know this to be so and all are careful to see that their tickets read "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway." You can obtain full information by addressing J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O., or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

BLUSTERING WINDS

Play havoc with fair skins. McKeown's Winter Cream will promptly undo all that the winds can do. Be sure and get the GENUINE. Sold only at

McKeown's DRUG STORE

Simmonds vs. Chown

CASE WAS GIVEN TO THE JURY AT TWO O'CLOCK THIS AFTERNOON.

Cross-examined yesterday afternoon, Mr. David Vandervoort said that Mr. Young would fix the press whenever he was requested to do so. The workmen were forewarned when they went to operate the various presses in the factory. Did not think that the cutting of a wire would affect the die. Witness would not place his whole hand under the well to take out the model, as there was danger of getting the band or fingers caught.

MR. THOMAS RAMSAY.

Mr. Thos. Ramsay swore that he was at one time in the employ of the Chown Co., and worked at the draw press nearly all the time he was there. Mr. Young was foreman at the time. The press was shaky when he worked it, not being in the best of condition. There was trouble at times with the trip. He would sometimes have to trip the machine twice in order to make it move once. This occurred quite a few times. The machine had to be fixed a great many times whilst he was working it. Simmonds was working for the company when witness was. The machine broke twice whilst witness was operating it and the breaks were repaired. Heard Mr. Young say once the machine was pretty well played out.

Cross-examined—Found Mr. Young a good foreman, and always willing to do what he could for the men. The instructions were to keep the foot off the trip when not working the press. Would not think it proper to place the hand under the machine when taking out a model.

WILLIAM HULLEY.

Wm. Hulley testified that he was at one time an employee of the Chown Company, and was working there when Mr. Simmonds was injured. About two weeks after the accident witness worked the machine; had also worked a similar machine at Kemp's establishment at Toronto. The machine which caused the accident was, to his mind, not an altogether safe machine.

WM. H. EARLE.

Wm. H. Earle swore he was a millwright residing in Belleville. He examined the machine at the Chown establishment on the 23rd of March. He noticed the coil spring attached to the dog, and it would have the effect of allowing the dog to release itself, which would have the tendency to allow the dog to move sidewise.

Cross-examined — Never worked a press and never repaired one. It appeared to work well on the day he saw it.

This concluded the case for the plaintiff.

A NONSUIT REFUSED.

Mr. O'Flynn contended that a case had not been made out and asked for a non-suit. In the case of Holden vs. G.T.R. the plaintiff sued for damages for injuries, and it was shown that he had broken the rule, thus causing an accident to the plaintiff. In this case he argued that Simmonds had broken the rule.

His Lordship thought the case should go to the jury.

LESTER YOUNG.

Mr. Lester Young was the first witness for the defence. He said he was foreman of the press room of the Chown establishment. Had been for eight years in the employ of the firm. He had run and adjusted the draw press in question. Simmonds had worked the draw press some six months. Witness had instructed plaintiff as to the working of the press, and impressed upon him the necessity of taking his foot off the trip. Witness told plaintiff not to place his hand so far under the plunger as he did and he made no reply. When the plaintiff complained to the witness that the trip was working hard, he (witness) found that it worked a little hard. The first intimation he had of the accident was when the power was shut off, and he was told that Simmonds had lost his fingers. After the accident the press appeared to work all right. No change of any consequence had been made to the press since the accident, not even to the tripping apparatus. If the trip worked hard witness did not think it was a bad fault. The plunger, in his mind, would not come down unless it was tripped. The plaintiff was not following instructions at the time of the accident.

Cross-examined—If plaintiff had followed instructions he could not have been injured. Other workmen had been caught in this machine. Witness did not believe the witnesses who swore that the machine had to be attended to two or three times in an afternoon. Three men had been caught in this machine and it was the fault of the operators. Witness was of the opinion that Simmonds was a reckless workman. Did not know of any workman using a wire to take out the moulds. The usual way was to take the moulds out with the thumb and finger.

Re-examined—Frank Dowzer, had his finger caught in this machine, but he was fooling at the time. Harry Bawden, jr., had his finger caught on account of a rag being on his finger.

W. C. SPRINGER.

Mr. W. C. Springer testified that he saw the press which caused the accident, after it occurred. Witness had had considerable experience in presses similar to the one in question. The tripping apparatus of this machine he found in first-class order. He thought the machine was safe at half-clutch. Sideways was not a proper position for a person to be in when working such a machine; he should be squarely in front of the machine.

Cross-examined—If the machine was working properly there would be no danger if a person placed his hand under the plunger to take out a mould. If a machine did repeat itself it should be immediately attended to. He had no idea what would make the machine repeat itself, unless there was pressure upon the treadle or the clutch was broken.

H. GREENLEAF.

Mr. H. Greenleaf, sworn, said he was a machinist and had had considerable experience. He had seen the press in question and examined it, especially the tripping parts, which were in good repair and worked all right. The dog touched the clutch all right and operated the machine.

Cross-examined—Saw the machine a few days ago. Did not know what condition the machine was in at the time of the accident. If the machine did repeat it would be evidence that the dog and clutch were not working properly together.

GEO. McCARTHY.

Mr. Geo. McCarthy said that a mechanic named Kennedy had made some repairs to the machine in question. Kennedy was an employee of the witness'. Witness conducted the Walker foundry.

Cross-examined—The frame work of the machine was broken. Could not tell what condition the machine was in when the accident occurred.

Court adjourned until 9.30 Tuesday morning.

Court opened at 9.30 this morning.

WM. IRVINE.

Wm. Irvine was the first witness and testified that he was an employee of the Chown Company, as engineer. Knew Mr. Simmonds and remembered the day he was injured. Witness and the plaintiff set the press. Heard Mr. Young give Simmonds instructions as to taking out the moulds, namely, by the thumb and first finger. On Monday, the day of the accident, witness had to tighten the brake twice, as it appeared to trip a little hard. He thought the machine was all right, and thought that no accident would have occurred if care had been exercised.

MR. W. W. CHOWN.

Mr. W. W. Chown testified that the first intimation he had of the accident was when Simmonds ran out of the gangway from the factory. He evidently went to a doctor. Witness, shortly after the accident occurred, saw the press at work and it appeared to work all right. He was not aware that the machine was working wrong.

This concluded the evidence.

Mr. F. E. O'Flynn then addressed the jury on behalf of his client, alleging that the plaintiff in the case was injured through carelessness on his own part, and through no fault of the defendant.

Mr. Porter, for the plaintiff, declared that the plaintiff had used all necessary precaution and that the machine he was operating was defective at the time of the accident. He appealed to the jury to return a verdict for the plaintiff and assess substantial damages for the loss of his client's fingers.

His Lordship's charge to the jury was brief, being chiefly on points of law bearing on the case.

The case was given to the jury about 2 o'clock this afternoon. Shortly after 3 they came out and asked that certain evidence be read over to them.

A verdict had not been reached when we went to press.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate variable winds, fine and a little warmer. Wednesday, southerly winds, fine weather.

RIPE..... BANANAS

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Eyes

We offer to examine your eyes, and you may consult us with the full assurance of getting absolutely the best advice and service Science has at her command. Our Optician has devoted years to the study, and practice of optics; and with college knowledge, personal study and experience he is prepared to cope with ANY case where glasses are the remedy.

Our many customers and leading physicians don't hesitate to recommend him in unqualified terms.

His examination is a thorough one.

• • •

Angus McFee

Phone 128.

The Store With the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HOUSEHOLD HELPS...

Sapolio, Bon Ami, Monkey Soap, Bathbricks, Knife Polish, Silver Polish, Borax, Ammonia, Chloride Lime, Stove Polishs, Blueing, Whiting, Washing Soda, Lye, Soap Powders, Laundry Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Toilet Paper, Wax Tapers, Candles, Clothes-lines, Mop Sticks, Ceiling Brooms, Washboards, Scrub Brushes, Boot Brushes, Shoe Polish, Tubs, Pails, etc., etc.

STARCHES—

Silver Gloss Starch, Satin Starch, Rice Starch, Celluloid Starch, Bee Starch, Ivorine Starch, etc. Invisible starch for mourning goods or colored prints.

BEST QUALITIES. LOWEST PRICES

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

At Wallbridge & Clarke's.

If it ever started to rain money, people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

AND THE

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.......... $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.......... $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Commission Orders
Executed
on all Exchanges

BONDS AND STOCKS
Bought and Sold on Commission
Investment Securities
Both Listed and Unlisted. Information upon Request
Members Toronto Stock Exchange

Baillie, Wood & Croft.
Long Distance Telephone Main 5200-01-02 TORONTO

A Good Thing is Sure to be Appreciated

COWAN'S
PERFECTION
COCOA (Maple Leaf Label)

Is gaining in favor every day. Our output last year was double the preceding one. The most healthful and nutritious of beverages.

THE COWAN CO., Ltd., TORONTO

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contrast rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER
WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word. 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 3 marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Good reliable lady to take orders for our tailor-made costumes and skirts. Write quickly. Dominion Garment Co., Guelph, Ont. a2-3t

Agents Wanted. No experience necessary. We teach you how to build up a route or regular customers quickly. Better than a bank account. Write quick. Alfred Tyler, London, Ontario.

TO LET,

Furnished house, 236 George St., Belleville. Post Office Box 219, Madoc, Ont. mc31-tf

FOR SALE.

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

LOST.

On Church street a gold chain bracelet fastened with a Masonic pin. Finder will please leave at this office. Valued as a keep sake. 3-2t

When the State Fixed Hotel Prices.

Before, during and for a time after the Revolutionary war the courts of the commonwealth used to fix the prices of tavern board and liquor, so when the sojourning stranger from afar struck Richmond he could pretty nearly know what "horse feed and breakfast" cost. There was also an assize of bread as well as of drink. The price of bread was regulated by the price of wheat. A fourpenny white loaf, a twopenny white loaf, a fourpenny brick loaf and a fourpenny brown loaf had each to weigh so much, according as they had other ingredients mixed with flour. In those days a "Boston biscuit" costing 1 cent had to weigh six ounces and two drams and so on. The connection between a loaf of bread and sixty pounds of wheat at so much per bushel has grown beyond the grasp of the modern mind. However, in the old time in Virginia the custom of regulating the price, or, rather, the weight, of a loaf of bread by the price of the wheat of which it was made was universal. So far as liquor was concerned, the courts used to fix not only the price of a single drink, a quart or a gallon of the stuff, but also "a gorum of punch."

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

Waters' Emulsion.

Pure Norway Cod Liver Oil with Hypophophites.

AN IDEAL COUGH AND COLD CURE FOR CHILDREN.

Makes them STRONG and ROBUST.

Always fresh and pleasant to take. Price, 50c large bottle.

WATERS' Drug Store

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 3

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	95⅛	94¾
do pref	103½	103⅜
St Paul	179⅜	178⅜
Mep	98	97½
Union Pac	158⅜	156⅝
C.P.R	173⅛	173
Sou Pac	70⅛	70
R I	28⅛	27⅞
Ills C.		
Sou Ry	41⅞	41⅞
Texas	34¼	34¾
B.& O	114⅜	114⅜
N Y C	146⅛	146
Penn	140	140
Soo	158⅝	158⅞
T. W.	[illegible]	120⅞
Erie		45½
do pref		79¼
Reading	137⅞	138
C O	60⅛	60¾
O W	51⅝	51⅞
Manhattan	157	157
W C	27¾	29½
L. & N.	151⅞	151⅞
A. F.	45⅛	45¾
Nor	90⅝	90¾
Wab.	23	23⅛
do pref	50⅝	50¾
A. R.	161⅞	162⅛
C. G. W	21⅛	21⅜
T.C.I.	150	151⅛
U. S. Steel	43⅞	43½
do pref	109	103⅞
Sugar	142⅞	142⅛
B.RT.	88¼	88½
P. O	94⅞	95¾
A. C. P.	112	112⅛
Met.		118⅛
Alo.	70⅛	70
C.F.I.	67⅛	66¾

Japanese Famine Fund

Already Acknowledged . . $63.74

ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

B. T. $1.00

The Intelligencer's Jap. Famine Fund will close on Saturday next at 5 p.m. Prospective subscribers will please govern themselves accordingly.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders will be received up to April 10th, by the Belleville Portland Cement Co., Limited, for the erection of a number of workman's houses at Point Ann.

Blue prints and specifications will be furnished upon application or can be seen or procured at office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. — BELLEVILLE PORTLAND CEMENT CO., Ltd., Belleville. mc29-6td&1w

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

WANTED TRIAL AT THIS ASSIZES.

BUT MRS. DOUGHERTY MUST GIVE CITY TIME TO ABATE ALLEGED NUISANCE.

Mrs. Dougherty, who resides on the corner of Wharf and Church streets, through her solicitor, Mr. W. Carnew, applied for an indictment against the city before the present Assize, asking that the city be compelled to abate a nuisance, at present existing, by reason of refuse from the gas works.

Mr. Mikel on behalf of the corporation, asked a stay of proceedings on the ground that the corporation could not properly prepare their defence in so short a time. The city, he said, agrees and undertakes to abate the nuisance by all possible means.

The court decided that the complainant should accept the city's undertaking, and if it is not carried out prepare charges for the June session of the County Court.

ST. AGNES' SCHOOL.

The swimming tank is now ready and lessons, private or in class, may be arranged upon application to Miss F. E. Carroll, Lady Principal. 3-7

JUSTIFIES A MURDER.

BELIEVES THAT ACT WAS NOT IMPROPER.

Montreal, April 2.—In his evidence given at the trial of Bernard Reauconet for the murder of Johnny Rainville, Rev. Father Hudon, parish priest of St. Prospere, was asked to give his opinion of the man who had been killed.

"Johnny Rainville," he replied, "had the reputation of being an infamous corruptionist, a blasphemer and a drunkard."

"Reverend sir," asked the lawyer, "according to religion, Reauconet was justified in killing Rainville?"

"Under the circumstances and in Reauconet's state of mind at the time I consider that he was justified in doing what he did."

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged at less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford Also at residence, Murney St.

The street sprinkler was out this afternoon, for the first time this season. It did not come out before it was needed, either.

That the Nordheimer piano of Toronto is the standard high-grade piano of Canada, is conceded by all professionals. See these pianos at T. P. Brown's, Front St. 3-2t

No trouble finding Ritchie's or Sinclair's now. They have each got a fine name flag up. Mr. Geo. Perry supplies such flags. Made by Turner, of Peterboro.

Don't fail to see the "Nordheimer" pianos at T. P. Brown's before purchasing elsewhere. 3-2t

We notice a lot of nice new awnings up in town. Some of them are the new roller kind made by Turner, of Peterboro. Mr. Geo. Perry handles this firm's goods, which can't be surpassed for quality.

We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country.—The SCHUSTER CO. mc30-tf

The amount of insurance now in force in The Mutual Life Company of Canada is nearly $45,000,000, it has assets of about $10,000,000, and its surplus on the Government Standard, over and above all liabilities, is more than $1,200,000.—S. Burrows, General Agent.

Remember that in buying C.P.R. tickets from S. Burrows you can start from Belleville station. mh29-th&stf

Mr. Herbert Greatrix Died This Afternoon.

Mr. Herbert Greatrix, the young man who was in the hospital as the result of intestinal troubles, said to have been made acute by taking free samples of patent medicine, died at 12.30 o'clock to-day.

Mr. Chadwick Left For Edmonton To-day.

Mr. R. B. Chadwick, for some time past secretary of the Y.M.C.A. here, left this afternoon for his new field of labors, Edmonton, Alta., where he takes charge of the Y.M.C.A. work. The new position is an excellent one. Mr. Chadwick, during his residence in this city, endeared himself to many people, who will wish him every success in the West. No less than ten presentations were made to Mr. Chadwick during the last week or so.

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

SAVED BY COURAGE.

An Exciting Adventure With a Maori Chieftain.

Mr. Becke, the author of "Notes From My South Sea Log," tells of his tutor, who seemed to him the most heroic man in the world because he had been through the first Maori war and because of an adventure which there befell him, and which is given as follows:

Poor Guy—such was the tutor's name—was a lieutenant, and he and two companies were captured by the Maoris. They were taken inside the stockade, and the chief, taking up one of the captured seamen's cutlasses, felt its edge and then fixed his keen eyes on the young officer's face.

"I shall not harm these two men of yours," he said slowly. "They shall go safely back to your lines if"— He paused, and a grim smile distorted his tattooed face.

"If what?" asked Guy calmly.

"If you will stretch out your right hand so that I may cut it off at the wrist swiftly, no further harm shall come to you, and you, too, shall go free."

"Will you keep your word?"

"Aye. I, Te Atua Wera, am no liar."

Guy nodded, quietly took off his coat and held out his left hand.

"Strike," he said.

The chief again smiled. "Thou art as cunning as thou art brave. I said the right hand."

Guy let fall his left and extended his right arm. Te Atua Wera stepped back a pace, raised the cutlass—and struck the point of it into the ground. Then he bent forward and gravely rubbed noses with Guy.

"Go," he said, "but come back no more." So Guy and the two sailors were allowed to return to Despard's lines unharmed.

SHORT LIVED DOCTORS.

Diseases, Which Are Most Deadly to the Medical Profession.

The diseases which claim the most victims among physicians relatively to all males are gout and diabetes, and there is a high relative mortality from diseases of the nervous system, circulatory system and kidneys, says the Scientific American.

From the nature of his habits the physician is not subject to accidents, and, though he is brought into contact with infection to a greater extent than other men, his preventive means are successful and his mortality from infection is very low. Freedom from prolonged muscular strains and high blood tension apparently saves him from arteriosclerosis, but suicide claims many and so do the drug habits acquired by the nervously exhausted. It has been said that three-fourths of French morphine users are physicians.

The cause of the physician's early death is evidently the excessive nervous expenditure, insufficient rest and defective nutrition, inseparable from his calling, with its broken and restricted sleep, irregular hours of work, rest and meals and worry when lives depend upon his judgment and the lack of a day of complete relaxation in each week. The physician who sees his patients every day in the week, month after month, and cannot learn to forget them when he goes home merely burns the candle at both ends. He violates the law observed by every animal, that there shall be short periods of moderate exertion interrupted by longer periods of rest when repairs are made. It is not too much work as a rule, but scattered work, which prevents rest.

Long Speeches.

Much merriment has been caused by the discovery that in the Egyptian "Book of the Dead" an ancient declared he had "not inflicted long lectures" on his hearers, but this is curiously matched by a plea for his soul uttered by Hugh Grove (Loyalist) at his execution May 16, 1665 (Vol. 3, Thurloe's Collections): "Good people, I was never guilty of much rhetorick, nor ever loved long speeches in my life, therfore you cannot expect either of them at my death. All I desire is your hearty prayers for my soul," etc.

In view of the Egyptian discovery this seems a very close second for England.—London Notes and Queries.

Our First Coins.

The first coins really deserving the name of United States coinage were struck off as "pattern pieces" by Benjamin Dudley at the instigation of Robert Morris and were laid before congress in 1783 as specimens of what the coinage should be. They were a "mark" and a "quint" and thus described: The "mark"—obverse; an eye, the center of a glory, 13 points cross equidistant a circle of as many stars. The "quint" is similar in design, the value on reverse being noted.

Cure For Hypochondria.

A young lady of Cardiff who fancied she was ailing went to the surgery of the family doctor and commenced the interview with, "Doctor, I'm dying." "Oh, indeed, I can recommend a very respectable undertaker," blandly responded the doctor. She felt quite well after that.

Our Surroundings.

Even the strongest of us are not beyond the reach of our environment. No matter how independent, strong willed and determined our nature, we are constantly being modified by our surroundings.

Everything Returned.

"Are you beginning to get any returns from your literary work?"

"Yes, indeed. I'm not getting anything else."

Oh, what men dare do, what men may do, what men daily do, not knowing what they do!—Shakespeare.

LONDON'S OLD CABMEN.

Drivers of Fifty Years—Weather-Worn Veterans Try to Get on the Pension Lists—Their Stories.

A procession of prehistoric four-wheelers drawn by centenarian horses, might excusably have been mistaken for Methuselah, drew up at a house in Euston road, London, the other day.

The vehicles were simply packed to suffocation by men quite as ancient as the drivers. They were so old that on alighting they did not hear shouted warning about the steps, because they were deaf, and they stumbled badly because they were half blind.

Also because some of them were crippled with rheumatism they could hardly crawl up the path to the front door. But they assisted each other with much kindness.

Now that sad little spectacle was not, as might be supposed, a "grandfathers' show." It was, as a matter of fact, a gathering of old cabmen at the Dr. Forbes Winslow's Hospital, where they hoped that the doctor's scrutiny of their infirmities might result in their getting a small pension from the Cabmen's Benevolent Association.

When all the men were assembled upstairs the tale of their ages was 2,070 years, the oldest of them being a veteran of eighty. And this sprightly youth, who was one of the youngest-looking, had been driving his cab up to a few years ago.

Dr. Forbes Winslow sat in a back room and called for the men one by one. And they came in, halting and peering at the doctor with their bleared old eyes, and craning their necks that their deaf ears might catch the verdict.

Most of them were so deaf that the doctor could comment freely before them. "It's the weather," he said, "that does it. Some of these men have been out in every kind of weather, day after day, for forty and fifty years.

"The rain gets into their ears, and makes them deaf. They get cold after until it settles down into chronic bronchitis, and they become hopelessly rheumatic. These cases are all alike. People who hail a cab and drive where they want to do not realize the sufferings of the men who drive them."

Deafness, failing eyesight, failing heart, rheumatism; and memories, too, were bad. Several of them, asked what the present year was, had to scratch their white heads before they could remember. One old man, who had been driving a cab for fifty years, said, "My mind is that bad, sir, that sometimes I has to pull up, and, begging the fares' pardon, ask them where they told me to drive to."

After their examination, Dr. Forbes Winslow asked most of them how trade was, and all agreed it was not what it was when they began, forty or fifty years ago. And the police? Their weather-beaten, frost-bitten, purple old faces broke into a thousand wrinkles. Ah! they kept clear of them—if they could.

But they did not all smile at this question. "Old Jenkins," for instance, who is 73, said that the police took his horses. His horses were very old, and the police said they must be destroyed. "But I loved those horses," said the old man, "and I could not ill-treat a horse, sir, I could not." And the poor old fellow, after a gallant struggle, broke down and cried.

This brave old chap was going back to his work, for he was still driving. Though 73, he preferred to stand down and give some less hearty old fellow a chance for a pension.

Perhaps the most interesting of them all was Harris, who had driven his cab for fifty-eight years. He drove it until eight weeks ago. He remembered many changes—remembered the time when omnibuses and tramcars did not exist, and the vehicle he himself drove was entered from the back.

He recalled, too, that he once found £29 in gold in a cab, and returned the same to a gentleman in Park street, who had said that anything he could do for him in the future he would do. Unfortunately, he had forgotten the gentleman's name.

The Late Gen. Gatacre.

The death was recently announced of Major-Gen. Sir William Forbes Gatacre, aged 63 years. Gen. Gatacre served with distinction in the Soudan, but his persistent ill-fortune in the Boer War dimmed his reputation as a soldier.

Major-Gen. Sir William Forbes Gatacre, K. C. B., D. S. O., retired in 1904. He was born Dec. 3, 1843, at Gatacre, Shropshire; married in 1905 Beatrix Wickens, third daughter of Baron Davey. He entered the 70th Foot in 1862; passed the Staff College, 1874; participated in the Hazara expedition as deputy-adjutant and quartermaster-general, 1888; was in command of the Mandalay Brigade, 1889-1890; Burma, Tonhon expedition, 1889; and in 1895, in the Chitral expedition, conducted the action at Mamugai and the passage of Janbatai and Lowari passes, and was mention in dispatches; commanded the British troops in Soudan during the first advance on Atbara, 1898, commanded the British division in Soudan during the advance on Khartoum and Omdurman, and was again mentioned in dispatches, receiving the thanks of both Houses of Parliament; created K. C. B., 1899; received thanks of the Government of India and of the Government of Bombay as president of the Plague Committee, 1897; commanded 3rd division, South African Field Force, 1899-1900.

Force of Habit.

A courtly old gentleman of the old school, Mr. De Vere Howard, recently found himself an honored guest in the gorgeous Grosvenor Square residence of the Snookses.

His host took him over the mansion, and took care that he should not miss any of the magnificence.

"We've even got a musical arrangement in the bathroom," he remarked casually, "so that you can take your bath to the accompaniment of sweet music. Good idea, isn't it?"

The old gentleman said it was, and announced his intention of trying it next morning. When he came down to breakfast they asked him if he liked it.

He sniffed in aristocratic disgust.

"It is an abomination, like all modern inventions," he said. "Bah! If you'll believe me, sir, that confounded musical box struck up 'God Save the King,' and kept playing it, and I had to take my bath standing up, sir. I expect I shall catch my death of cold. Ugh!"

PASTIME WITH GOOD COMPANY.

Pastime with good company
I love and shall until I die.
Grudge who will, but none deny;
So God be pleased this life will I
For my pastance, hunt, sing and dance.
My heart is set.
All goodly sport to my comfort
Who shall, who shall me let?

Youth will have needs dalliance;
Of good or ill some pastance.
Company methinketh best
All thoughts and fancies to digest,
For idleness is chief mistress
Of vices all.
Then who can say but pass the day
Is best of all?

Company with honesty
Is virtue, and vice to flee.
Company is good or ill,
But ev'ry man hath his good will.
The best I sue, the worst eschew,
My mind shall be.
Virtue to use, vice to refuse;
I shall use me.

—Old English Song.

PUPIL TEACHER'S RING.

Were It in School Room and Ordered to Take It Off.

The London Daily Mail asks an interesting question: Is the wearing of an engagement ring a sufficiently grave offence to warrant the dismissal of a pupil teacher? The local Education Committee of Rotherham, near Sheffield, appears to think so.

Miss Mabel Turner, an attractive girl of eighteen, has for some time past been receiving instruction at the local Pupil Teachers' Centre. With the consent of her parents, she became engaged on Jan. 18 and attended class wearing her engagement ring. The next day she was called up by the headmistress, Miss Hodge, and ordered to take off the ring.

"I naturally protested," said Miss Turner. "As she insisted, I consulted my parents, who upheld me. On Jan. 24 I was sent for by Mr. Howarth, the principal of the teaching centre, and told that as I had disobeyed the orders of the headmistress I must remain at home until the matter was settled.

"The next step was to summon my father and myself to a committee meeting, where he was not allowed to speak in my defence. I was then told by the chairman of the committee that I must apologise." Her parents refused to allow her to apologize.

Although the local officials decline to give their view until the matter has been considered by the central education authority, the principal of the centre said that, as a considerable sum of money is spent in training young teachers, pupils "should not be allowed to flaunt engagement rings when nominally studying for a scholastic career."

In London schools the marriage of a pupil teacher terminates her agreement. But while an engagement is discountenanced on the ground of the youth of the pupil teachers and the fact that it is likely to cause them to abandon their profession after having received a special training at the public expense, a teacher would not be dismissed or suspended for that reason alone. Several London pupil teachers are at this moment wearing engagement rings.

BACK TO OLD LIFE.

Australian Natives Never Retain Habits of the Whites.

In Western New South Wales and Western Queensland, Australia, black aboriginal stockmen are common. Many of the landholders have interested themselves in the training of the young aborigines, teaching many of them to read and write, and bringing them up side by side with the white children. The result has not been very encouraging. Says a writer: "I have known several instances where aboriginal babies of both sexes were taken completely away from their people and brought up in a white family. They were taught various accomplishments, and spoke English just as well as the white youngsters. But invariably, on the first opportunity, they relapsed into barbarism, and soon the only trace of their upbringing that remained to them was their faultless English. One native girl whom I knew was kept in a refined white home until she was 18; then, getting word of a native camp a few miles away, she stole off to it, and when found she was sitting in a 'mia-mia' (native hut), with her clothes all discarded and a possum rug wrapped round her.

"Undoubtedly the best black stockman that I ever knew fell away in the same fashion. He had been brought up from a baby in a white family, and was noted for his scrupulous cleanliness and dandyish care for his clothes. On horseback he could hold his own easily with the best men on the station.

"I left the station just then, and, returning three years later, I pulled up at an old 'mia-mia' to question the occupants about the route. Beginning in the usual pigeon English, I am amazed when the half naked, dirty and unkempt native who was sitting in the ashes replied in first-class English. As his voice seemed familiar I looked at him more closely. 'Why, surely you're not Harry from Yaloo?' 'The same man, boss,' he coolly replied. 'Soon after you left I married a girl of my own color and took to the old life.' And he kept to it."

Old Curiosity Shop.

Many of the Curiosity shops planted in the back streets of most country towns in England are kept up by large London firms, who, from a prolonged study of human nature, have discovered that people who are shy of buying old furniture or old silver in Bond street or Piccadilly are ready and eager purchasers of precisely the same objects at a rather higher price when they come upon them in the back streets of a country town.

Moans as Medicine.

The Lancet, the leading medical paper of London, has been discussing "The Language of Moans." Says that publication: "There is no doubt that there are considerable mental comfort and relief obtained from a series of long drawn sighs during a period of sorrowful depression or from noisy ejaculations of the nature of groans and moans made by a sufferer from such a painful disorder as acute dyspepsia or violent toothache."

April Probabilities

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Pirates Loot on Canadian Soil.

Millions of treasure, captured by a cut-throat crew of a vessel, the Jolly Roger, cached on an island in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and the place of concealment kept a secret for 75 years, and now in the possession of a Boston woman, are flitting before the eyes of half a dozen Bostonians, and there is a possibility that they will finance an expedition to go and get the treasure. There are said to be more than $3,000,000 of it, and all that is lacking is somebody with money to guarantee the expedition.

A woman who signs herself Sadie E. Mason now holds the secret. She has advertised for backers. Miss Mason says she can convince the right persons of the truth of her assertions that there are millions in silver, gold and jewels waiting only to be taken away, and her main concern seems to be to prevent the Canadian Government from getting part of the wealth.

"I am not ready to give all the details of the story," said Miss Mason, "but I am absolutely sure that the wealth is to be had for the journey, and I am trying to get means to finance the trip now. I don't care to say just where the wealth is hidden. I am afraid that if the exact location were made public the Canadian Government would learn of it."

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

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HIGHEST AWARD, ST. LOUIS, 1904.

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Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

WHEN MA MADE SUNDAY PIE.

I mind me of those Saturdays
When life was young and fair,
And tears and troubles vanished
Like bubbles blown in air;
I mind me of the little things
That made the days dance by
On wings of butterflies and bees,
When ma made Sunday pie.

No school, no books, no switches,
No basket, bag, and slate;
No hurrying through my breakfast
For I fear I would be late;
But snoozing in my attic
Till Sol was two hours high,
Then creeping down the kitchen stairs
Where ma made Sunday pie.

My! I can smell those apples
A-stewing in the pot,
A-blubbering and steaming,
So sirupy and hot,
With cinnamon and sugar,
And butter piled up high;
All on the clean pine rolling-board,
Where ma made Sunday pie.

I see the dough so flaky—
A toss, a roll, a pat—
A-flopping it up this way,
Then flopping it down that—
Then slap! into the pie-tin
It fits just like a die—
And prinked around the edges—yum!
That luscious Sunday pie.

Oh dear! to be a youngster,
And free again once more—
A-rolling on my stomach
On that clean kitchen floor—
Life's all a bunch of bothers,
And Fame rides on a sigh,
And Glory is not "in it" with
My mother's Sunday pie.
—Belle Hunt in N.Y. World.

• • •

If this spring we are just going to get is any improvement on the one we had in January, all may yet be well.

• • •

Earl Grey evidently wants to go down to fame as the author of a Johnny-get-your-gun policy.

• • •

The coal consumer is between the upper and nether millstones, and the best that he can expect is the "worst of it."

• • •

Don't become over-enthusiastic merely because it is spring calendrically speaking. It would be premature to take 'em off yet.

• • •

Executing mutineers is one of the few forms of Government activity which Russia seems to be able to maintain uninterruptedly.

• • •

It doesn't appear from the despatches that any Russian who was earnestly seeking for trouble would have to walk more than a block in any direction.

• • •

King Alfonso smokes from 30 to 40 cigarettes daily. That girl Ena will be able to save up enough coupons to get a silver handled umbrella before she knows where she is at!

• • •

Paris dancing masters are lamenting the decline of French elegance in the art. They assert that the French are losing their old habits of politeness and as a dancing nation are declining.

• • •

Few lawyers in Great Britain make more than $50,000 a year, but Mr. Moulton, who has just succeeded Lord Justice Matthews, is believed to have given up a practice worth at least twice as much.

• • •

The Bombay Advocate of India says: "The glowing accounts from Ceylon of what rubber trees will do will result, we are convinced, in a rush to the Spicy Isle more sensational than that of ten years ago to the icy Klondike."

• • •

More than 190,000 games are played in a year on the public bowling greens of Edinburgh. Bowls can be rented for a penny a game and the revenue from this source is sufficient to meet the upkeep of the greens.

• • •

Hundreds of people were arrested as a result of a riot that followed a poor show in a Bucharest theatre. In Canada, however, the populace is either better trained, or else they have learned through long experience to "suffer and be strong."

• • •

There is said to be a little boy in Detroit who is acquiring a bank account in a novel manner. His sister's beau gives the boy ten cents to put down in a little book everything nice she says about him. The boy already has $4.50 in the bank and is working the graft to the limit. He has taken his father into his confidence and gets the old man to make remarks derogatory to the girl's love, to which she replies in self-defence.

• • •

Norway and Sweden have experienced a feminine revolution in the last quarter century. The laws have been overhauled and revised; the schools and colleges thrown open; the trades and professions have flung down their barriers and work, once a disgrace, has become an honor to women. Sweden led in this movement, but Norway was quick to follow, and it is now a question as to which will first reach the goal of full equality between the women and men.

• • •

The credit of having reached the highest altitude in a balloon is given to Mr. Lersen and Dr. Suring of Berlin. They first went to the height of 30,000 feet, losing consciousness for brief intervals. They continued to ascend to 33,790 feet, when one of them became unconscious and could not be aroused. The other, after opening the valve, also became insensible, and neither recovered till the balloon had dropped to 16,000 feet.

A Ghastly Ceremony.

Mohammedans of the Caucasus have a religious ceremony called "Chucksee Wucksee." It is a ceremony in which the fanatics cut and wound themselves in the following ghastly fashion, according to a traveler: "Each man, grasping a kinjal in his hand, brought it up in front and down on the crown of his head. Almost at every stroke the blood gushed forth, and soon one man after another became a staggering, blood soaked figure."

Making It Easy For Him.

"I must warn you, Bridget," said Mrs. Nuritch, "to see that the peas are thoroughly mashed."

"Mashed, is it?" remarked the new cook in surprise.

"Yes; Mr. Nuritch is so high strung, you know, they make him nervous when they roll off his knife."—Exchange.

A Skeptic.

"Did you tell your father the story I read to you of Jonah and the whale?" asked a teacher of one of his scholars.

"Yes, sir," replied the lad, "but he didn't believe it. Dad never believes any fish stories unless he tell them himself."

Bound to Disagree.

Hicks—The idea of his marrying Miss Roxley! Why, he's a dyspeptic! Wicks—What has that to do with it? She has plenty of money, and— Hicks—That's just it. She'll never agree with him; she's too rich.—Exchange.

Marvelous.

She—And to think I am the only girl you ever loved! He—Yes, dear. She—And to think you thought I believed it!

Where a man has a passion for meditating without the capacity of thinking a particular idea fixes itself fast and soon creates a mental disease.—Goethe.

Art is the work of man under the guidance and inspiration of a mightier power.—Hare.

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Even after you buy GIN PILLS, your money is yours until you say that GIN PILLS have done you good. Every box of this famous Kidney Cure is sold with a positive guarantee that the pills will give welcome relief from Backache, Swollen Hands and Feet, Burning Urine, constant desire to urinate, and all other kidney and bladder troubles. If you pay 50c for a box of GIN PILLS, and do not honestly believe that they have done you good, and are curing you of kidney or bladder trouble, return the empty box to your druggist and he will refund your money. And because we know that you want to be cured your simple word shall decide.

WALKERTON, Ont., Feb. 28th, 1905.
Adolph Misch, one of my customers, says of Gin pills:—"I have used all the different kinds of kidney pills and tried several doctors, but none of them did me any good. I got a sample box of Gin Pills, and since have used two boxes and am completely cured."
Peter McGarriby says:—"They are the best kidney pill I ever used, and I would recommend anyone to buy them."
C. W. CRYDERMAN, Druggist.

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HE CAN'T SIGN CHEQUES

Crown Attorney Curry Intervened and Phillips Gets Setback.

President of Defunct York Loan Co. Driven in Prison Van to the Police Court—Crown Attorney Continues His Efforts to Locate Real Owner of Certain Stock—A Highly Paid Lady Officer.

Toronto, April 2.—Joseph Phillips suffered at least two mortifications yesterday. In the first place, he was driven after breakfast in the police van from the jail to the court, as the carriage he had engaged was late, owing to a misunderstanding on the part of the driver. Then when, just before the adjournment until to-morrow at noonday, he was preparing to sign a cheque to hand to his lawyer, J. E. Jones, Crown Attorney Curry intervened.

"I will not give my permission to his signing any cheques the way things are now," he said.

An air of mystery at the morning session was imparted by evidence concerning one "Joan McCann," whose name appears as a large holder of Toronto Life stock, and who is alleged to be in New York at the present time. But the books do not tend to point that the company received from her the face value of the stock.

Miss Georgiana Hudson said that Joan, who had some years ago been a clerk in the York County, but for a very short time, was of medium height, pretty stout and about 36 years of age. It appeared the widow, Joan McCann, also a nurse, had traveled quite a bit. Miss Hudson had no power of attorney for her.

"Did you ever sign as a witness to a signature you didn't see signed."

"Yes."

"What? Without seeing it signed?"

"Yes, if I knew it was her own signature."

Who Owns the Stock?

"This stock here was transferred to Miss Daw. How was that? Did she get it?" went on Mr. Curry.

"No, but I thought I had got her to buy it. I paid for it with my own money. It was then transferred to me."

"Where did you get the money."

"I've always had money."

"Yes, but pardon me, you are dealing here in large transactions, and I doubt if they were all genuine. Why were 25 shares of stock also transfered to Miss Daw?"

"I thought she would like 25 shares."

"Did you see her sign this in the book on Oct. 13?"

"Yes."

"Whose name does the stock stand in now?"

"Miss Daw's."

"And she hasn't paid a dollar for it," said Mr. Curry.

The witness replied that something had been paid.

Miss Daw had held 75 shares in the Toronto Life in her own name. The names of the large number of shareholders read out showed that in most cases they were either agents or employes of the York Loan, nearly all their stock having been transferred to Miss McCann, a Mrs. Suton, Miss Daw and the witness and several others.

"Whoever actually owns this stock—and I have my own idea as to who is the real owner and who are the dummies—who possess business that has a cash value of over $150,000," said Crown Attorney Curry.

What Mr. Burt Knows.

Regarding the piano money, which, she said, was deposited in the Bank of Montreal, Miss L. Hudson, who bore traces of illness, declared that Mr. Burt knew what the cheques Phillips signed were for.

"Mr. Burt," said the crown attorney, "does not know anything about them. The $3,000 cheque was certified on July 1, 1905. What was that for?"

"$2,200 went for Toronto Life stock, and some for my salary. I was getting $10 a week from January, 1903."

Miss Hudson remarked that she had not received any money in respect to her services for the Liszt Piano Co. for 80 weeks, but she was receiving $25 a week salary from the York County Loan.

"Did you know that the cheque for $2,500 was used for the purchase of a house for Mr. Phillips?"

"No; I made out cheques. I don't ask questions." Witness added that she had worked also for The National Monthly at $5 a week, but not after they took over the Liszt Piano business. The books of the Piano company had been copied from slips.

Miss Lilian Hudson was unaware as to where The National Monthy got its money. She confessed equal ignorance concerning a cheque for $10,000 from The National Monthly to the York County Loan.

Endorsed But Never Received Money.

"Why, you have endorsed it on the back," said Crown Attorney Curry, showing her the cheque.

"Well, I may have done that, but I never received the money."

"Where did it go?" asked the court.

"About this time," said the Crown Attorney, "Phillips drew out a similar sum from the York County Loan. That National Monthly cheque I think went to purchase £2,000 worth of Canadian Northern bonds guaranteed by the Manitoba Government."

"But where are they?"

"I am not in a position to say at present, but I think I can prove that later," said Mr. Curry.

Forged Father's Name.

St. Catharines, April 3.—William Smithers of Thorold was yesterday morning arrested at Beamsville charged with having forged the name of his father, who lives at Stamford, to a note which was purchased by Albert Shrimpton at Niagara Falls. Smithers fled to Beamsville, where he was found at the home of James Stanley, a colored man. He made an attempt to escape through a dense bush, but failed.

Farmer Suicides.

Stratford, April 3.—James Dunseith, lot 4, concession 13, Downie, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a gun. He was an elderly man, in the best of health, and no cause can be given for his rash act. He was found lying dead on the floor at his home.

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"Most Artistically Beautiful Hotel in the World." Can offer few single rooms, with bath, beautifully furnished, suitable for two people, $60 per month.
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Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.
NO SUCH RISK
by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.
All Work Guaranteed.
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I can earn you money by saving it for you in your Fire Insurance.
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are all strong Canadian Stock Companies and insure Farm and City Property at a lower rate than other stock companies. Call and see me before placing your fire insurance.
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Ashamed of her Skin

Now proud of the complexion "Fruit-a-tives" gave her.

Bad complexions are all too common among women. The skin becomes sallow—pimples and blotches break out. Then women try lotions and creams and "beautifiers" which really injure the Skin. They never think of constipation and bad digestion — sick kidneys or torpid liver—as the CAUSE.

"I was a martyr to that distressing complaint—chronic constipation—and had a dreadful complexion, sallow in the extreme and black under the eyes. Last May, I was advised to try "Fruit-a-tives." Before I had finished the first box, the constipation was relieved. My complexion began to clear up again, all the sallowness disappeared, and the black circles under my eyes went away. Since then, I have continued to improve and now my complexion is as clear as when I was a young girl. To all persons suffering from constipation and indigestion, and particularly those with bad complexions, I would strongly advise them to try "Fruit-a-tives"?

FLORENCE JAMISON, Masson, P.Q.

Fruit-a-tives

or Fruit Liver Tablets

strike right at the root of the trouble. The skin helps to dispose of the waste of the body. When the bowels don't move regularly — when the kidneys are clogged—the blood carries the poisons, which the bowels and kidneys won't pass off, to the skin. The pores of the skin become clogged with this poison and the complexion becomes grey or sallow or irritated and inflamed—and pimples and blotches are the natural result of the poisoned blood.

"Fruit-a-tives" correct faulty digestion and make the bowels move regularly. They act directly on the kidneys—and open the millions of tiny pores of the skin by stimulating and strengthening the glands. This insures all the waste of the system being removed as nature intended. It insures pure, rich blood—and who ever heard of a bad complexion where the blood was rich and pure?

"Fruit-a-tives" cost 50c. a box—and are worth $50. to any woman who values her complexion. If your druggist has none, we will send them on receipt of price—50c. a box or 6 boxes for $2.50.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, OTTAWA.

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Cheerfully Furnished on Prospective
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Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas are crisp squares of wholesome nourishment. They are the food that builds strength and muscle. They are as easily digested by the child and invalid as by the sturdy workman. They contain ALL the food properties of finest Canadian wheat flour, in a form that delights the appetite. Always fresh and crisp in the moisture-proof packages.

At all grocers in 1 and 3 pound packages.

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

MISS CLARA DRISCOLL.

She Is the Honorary Custodian of the Historic Alamo.

It is not often that the author of a musical comedy deserves to be known as a philanthropist, but Miss Clara Driscoll, who wrote the book of "Mexicana," is the exception to this rule.

Miss Driscoll is the daughter of a wealthy Texas family, and her state has showered upon her numerous honors in recognition of her generosity in purchasing the historic Alamo, so gallantly defended by Texans in their war of independence. That her action is appreciated by her state is shown by the fact that the legislature of Texas made Miss Driscoll honorary custodian of the Alamo.

Miss Driscoll was residing in Texas several years ago when it was suggested that the Alamo be sold to a commercial concern, which wished to use it as a museum. The authoress of "Mexicana" made sincere efforts to prevent this vandalism, but, unable to do so, purchased the building outright from her private funds for $75,000 and gave it to the state of Texas.

MISS CLARA DRISCOLL.

Subsequently the state returned to her $65,000 of this sum, and its action in making her custodian of the building is only a fitting appreciation of her patriotism. Miss Driscoll's residence is at San Antonio, Tex., and she owns an enormous cattle ranch at Corpus Christi.

Damp Salt.

One of the petty annoyances of the table is damp salt, and housekeepers who are solicitous and particular about everything else seem to be singularly obtuse in this matter. Aside from the dampness of the salt, little attention is paid to the quality. It seems to be taken for granted that salt is salt, without any degrees of excellence. Nothing should be used but prepared table salt, which can always be got, and little trouble is now experienced in getting salt so prepared that it will shake out freely.

In any case, the difficulty can always be overcome by heating the saltcellars before each meal, or by mixing cornstarch with the salt in the proportion of one part of cornstarch to ten of salt. This proportion should be carefully preserved, as too much cornstarch detracts from the seasoning properties of the salt.

The heating of the salt vessels is the preferred method. The same observations to some extent apply to pepper. Keep the boxes dry by heating before use.

Linoleum.

A household economics authority says: "In caring for linoleum do not use soapsuds as for scrubbing a floor. It stands to reason that soap is going to injure the varnish and the finish. On a farm where there is plenty of milk a cloth wrung out of skim milk is the best means of taking up the dust and brightening the linoleum. Where milk is scarce or needed for food use lukewarm water to which has been added half a cupful of kerosene oil or some good furniture polish. Wring the cloth rather dry from this and go over the linoleum after sweeping, and it will be quite new and bright and the finish uninjured. Most housewives scrub oilcloth and linoleum as though it were a bare floor. It is dusty rather than dirty, since everything remains on the top, and for this reason a clean cloth slightly damp is all that is necessary."

A Foot Test.

A test for the perfect foot is made as follows: Dip your feet in water or flour, then walk quickly and naturally across a bare floor. Now turn and examine the tracks made. If they show the outer rim of the foot straight, but the inner line breaking, leaving a strong heel mark and a strong impression of the ball of the foot with a break in the line on the inner side where the hollow of the foot escapes the floor, your foot is a strong, well arched one, and you should use your best endeavors to keep it so by wearing good and well made shoe leather. If, on the other hand, the inner border shows a continuous line, as does the outer, all is not well, and measures should be taken to alleviate that which is wrong, either in the shoe leather worn or in the habit of walking.

Creamed Chicken Salad.

For salads there is a very nice one called creamed chicken salad. As its name implies, it is merely chicken very finely chopped, mixed with white sauce and then set with gelatin—a tablespoonful of the latter to a pint of chicken. This may be put into small molds and served on individual plates with a spoonful of mayonnaise by each mold. A leaf of lettuce underneath adds to the appearance of the dish. Another simple salad suitable for winter is made by pressing cream cheese or ordinary cottage cheese mixed with cream into a small mold and turning out on lettuce or merely on a platter without lettuce. Then a spoonful of bar-le-duc or rich gooseberry jam is put into a depression made in its top, and French dressing is passed with crackers.—Harper's Bazar.

School and Children Under Six.

That home is the best school for children under six is the conclusion arrived at by an English committee of trained educators that has been investigating the results of schooling on babies of this tender age. The committee reports unanimously against sending these tots to school. They find that not only do many derive no intellectual benefit from it, but, on the other hand, they seem to fall into a state of apathy with regard to books and their powers of observation. More play, more sleep, more story telling, more free conversation—these are recommended by the English report as a substitute for schooling until the child is six.

Dress Economy.

I never realized how well a woman can dress with a small income till I made the acquaintance of one with a streak of practical economy in her makeup. Being a careful person, she wears her clothing slowly, but each season, with the aid of a seamstress and a first class fashion magazine, she makes slight changes in all her clothing, only enough to give them up to date touches. Whatever new garments she needs are purchased with an eye to future usefulness as well as present fashions. And she is always beautifully attired. I happen to know that she spends very little money.—Woman Correspondent in Minneapolis Tribune.

Hanging Sash Curtains.

Have you learned the trick of using quarter inch iron wire instead of brass rods for the hanging of sash curtains? For the shams, the mantel and closet curtains, all the little extra "shirrs" put up in house decoration, it answers just as well and is about one-fifth the price. It is necessary to have a little bottle of gold paint and to "wash" it, both for the sake of the looks and to keep it from rusting. You can have it cut in lengths wanted at any hardware store and will be surprised at the purchasing power of the small sum of 10 cents when invested in it.

To Reduce the Waist Line.

Here are three exercises said to be excellent for reducing the waist line: The first is a bending one. Seat yourself and bend forward until you touch your toes. Repeat seventy-five times. This is the rowing exercise. For the second exercise remain seated, throw up your hands and bend backward. Repeat fifty times. For the third exercise remain seated and bend from side to side. Saw this side and that until your hips feel limber. This is a great waist reduction exercise.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Hot Water Bags.

Before a hot water bag is put away it ought to be slightly inflated, says a careful housekeeper. Otherwise the sides may adhere to each other and in pulling them apart the bag will almost certainly be ruined. In case the precaution has been neglected and the parts have adhered some hot water with a few drops of ammonia should be put into the bag and, after a few minutes, a thin, dull edged piece of wood may be inserted carefully between the two pieces of rubber.

French Apron.

A French apron is long and narrow, giving the wearer a graceful look not given by the wide, voluminous apron that is gathered around the waist. It is cut with a shallow point at the bottom and gored up so that it is extremely narrow at the top. This is cut out in slightly pointed shape before sewing it on the belt. The bib is straight across the top and has ribbon bretelles fastened with rosettes at the corners.

Tangled Hair.

Hair that is badly tangled may be combed free without breaking or tearing it by first anointing with a liberal supply of olive oil. Comb slowly from the ends up to the scalp. Continue this treatment once a day for three days, and it will do dry, harsh hair a world of good.

Table Decoration.

If there are no flowers for the table, break off a few of the finer sprays of the Boston fern, arrange loosely in a low glass bowl with water, and the delicate green sprays will last for a week and make a dainty centerpiece.

"Besides labeling my medicine bottles conspicuously," says one woman, "I stick a large headed pin in the corks of all bottles containing poison. Thus they can at no time be mistaken."

Limes, as well as lemons, with their dash of strong citric acid, are scurvy specifics and may safely be taken by those with faulty complexions.

A handful of bran thrown in the water in which your hands are washed will do much toward whitening and softening them.

To renovate black silk, sponge with black coffee, then iron.

A Daring Distribution

The undersigned Druggist at the earnest solicitation of the Ferrol Co., Limited, of Toronto, has made a thorough and searching investigation into the merits of **FERROL**, and of the methods of that Company, and he finds that: Every cure claimed by the Company is absolutely genuine; that **FERROL** is manufactured from the best quality of Munn's Celebrated Cod Liver Oil (the whole of the oil) and is richer in oil than any other emulsion, and while it contains just the right quantity of the best form of Iron and Phosphorous, it is so scientifically prepared, that not one in a thousand finds any trouble in taking it; that the medicine has accomplished the most amazing results in its own city; that its sales in the Home City have been phenomenal; that it is endorsed by all druggists without hesitation or qualification; that it is, in short, all the Company claims for **FERROL**, and more.

The more I investigated the more enthusiastic I became. It is no longer a question of my willingness to handle the preparation—**FERROL**—but how can I bring it to the immediate suffering of this city?

It is a heavy responsibility, but I have faith in the honesty and fairness of the Ferrol Company, Limited, of Toronto, and the unequalled merits of their preparation, **FERROL**.

(Signed) ***D. M. WATERS.***

I find also that the druggists in other cities have taken upon themselves the solemn responsibility of standing behind this medicine; and that these druggists have made in each city a daring and remarkable distribution of full-sized bottles.

Impressed by the action of my fellow-druggists, and convinced that they would not have given this remedy such unqualified approval without positive knowledge of its merits, I have decided to follow their example and distribute free of charge

500 Large Bottles of FERROL Free to the Sick

Friday, April 6, From the Drug Store of D. M. Waters.

Maintaining a first-class Drug Store, the above named Druggist occupies a commanding position in the retail drug trade of this city, and almost every remedy that is offered to the public seeks an outlet through his store. But with an eye single to the interests of his many patrons he is careful to handle the most reliable preparations. Consequently when a medicine is recommended and endorsed by this Druggist, that medicine **must have merit.**

The above Druggist, after a rigid investigation, described elsewhere in this announcement, has decided to make, upon his own responsibility, the most remarkable distribution of medicine ever attempted in this city. Convinced by personal experience of the extraordinary merits of

FERROL

he has purchased from the Ferrol Co., Limited, of Toronto, Five Hundred large sized bottles of this remedy, for free distribution, and he hereby invites every person suffering from any form of blood trouble; any person who is run down, discouraged and in need of a powerful tonic; any person suffering from Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup and all Bronchial or Lung Trouble, Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Insomnia, Loss of Weight and all wasting diseases; any person who has sought relief in any other remedy or Cod Liver Oil preparation, and failed to find it, cut out the certificate printed herewith, fill out the blank lines, present it at the store on the dates given, and get a bottle of this wonderful preparation, **FERROL**, Free.

It was necessary for me to purchase a large quantity in order to have the privilege of making this free distribution, and the responsibility assumed by me in this matter, I am positive will be appreciated by the public, and the immense sales that are sure to follow will more than compensate me for the expenditure involved.

There is absolutely no sentiment in this endorsement of **FERROL**. It is merely a business recognition of a preparation that possesses positive merit, and a keen desire on the part of a progressive concern to always supply the best goods at the lowest possible price.

THIS CERTIFICATE,

Properly filled out and signed, entitles the holder to one large sized bottle of **FERROL** (Cod Liver Oil, Iron and Phosphorus), if presented Friday, April 6, at the drug store of D. M. Waters, from 9 a.m. until samples are exhausted.

Name of Patient, ____________________

Address, ____________________

Disease, ____________________

The bearer of this certificate hereby solemnly agrees to give this medicine a thorough and faithful trial and to report to the druggist named above, within three weeks, the improved condition of his health that is almost absolutely certain to follow.

No other distribution will be made, and it will be necessary for you to come early in order to be sure of securing a large size bottle of FERROL ABSOLUTELY FREE

REMEMBER, only ONE bottle will be given to each family. Tell your friends of this Wonderful Offer for fear they will not see this advertisement.

FERROL WHAT IT IS AND WHY YOU SHOULD TAKE IT

THE FERROL CO., LIMITED
CITY

May 24th, 1905

GENTLEMEN,

The bottle of **FERROL** I secured from you, I have found to do great good. My son used it for a bad cold, and it cured him. I know it to be an excellent remedy for a bad cold and for building a person up after sickness. I might say that it was a prominent doctor friend of mine in the city, who used it for his son, and spoke to me of it. I have since recommended it to a great many of my friends to try.

Yours truly,
J. B. TINNING
T. P. AG'T.

WHAT FERROL DOES.—A careful perusal of the foregoing will readily suggest to the reader what **FERROL** does.

It builds up the run down constitution as no other preparation can.

It cures **Anæmia**, no matter how chronic, by supplying the blood with just what it requires in the only form in which impoverished blood can be so supplied.

It prevents **Consumption** by fortifying the constitution against its attacks.

It restores **Nervous Vitality** in a manner little short of marvellous.

It cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and kindred diseases by building up the constitution so that the system will throw off the disease by NATURAL PROCESS—a very different thing from the usual method of treatment by administering cough medicines and other drugs which are sure to impair digestion and are always debilitating in their effects. **FERROL**, on the other hand, while removing the disease, at the same time INCREASES THE WEIGHT, ENRICHES THE BLOOD and improves the patient in every respect.

It assists in the development of delicate infants and children, and it is particularly valuable for boys and girls at the **period of transition into manhood and womanhood**, when they are so likely to outgrow their strength and the system is rendered peculiarly susceptible to the attacks of disease.

It strengthens the muscles, tones up the nerves, improves the vitality, strengthens the action of the heart, and builds up the whole system so that the germs of disease can obtain no foothold.

It has a wonderful recuperative effect on the Brain—bringing to it **in proper form** Phosphorus, the Brain's chief constituent; attacks of depression and morbidness, "brain fag," etc., are dispelled—the cure is basal, constructive and complete.

WHAT IT IS NOT—It is not a "Patent Medicine"—the ingredients are freely made known, only the method of manufacture being secret.

REMEMBER—There is **only one Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, Iron and Phosphorus**, and that one is **FERROL**.

If you feel the need of a Restorative see that you get FERROL and do not be put off with something "just as good"—*there is nothing half so good—nothing "just the same." Protect yourself.*

Cod Liver Oil, Iron and Phosphorus are not new remedial agents; for ages their merits have been known and recognized, and for many years physicians have indulged the hope that some day a satisfactory combination of these remedies would be perfected and the full benefit of their life-giving properties made available.

In "FERROL" **that hope has at last been fully realized**, and the practical benefits resulting from its use have far exceeded the most sanguine expectations.

These agents are combined in a scientifically prepared Emulsion so palatable that even a nursing infant can and will take it readily, even greedily; so easily assimilated that the most delicate digestive organs will dispose of it with **less difficulty** than they would experience in the digestion of the plainest food.

WHAT IT IS.—"FERROL," as its name implies, is composed mainly of Oil and Iron—it is, in short, a PERFECT EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL AND IRON, with a modicum of Phosphorus added, and is positively the **only preparation** combining these ingredients.

The apparently extravagant claim that it has no equal in its peculiar sphere is based on the following common sense reasons:

It combines in palatable form **Cod Liver Oil**, the greatest tissue-builder and flesh-producer known to medical science, with **Iron**, the one and only agent which will supply impoverished Blood with the red corpuscles which it must have in order to insure a healthy condition, and **Phosphorus**, which has no equal as a Nerve tonic.

Half-Sick

When your nerves are weak, when you are easily tired, when you feel all run down, then is the time you need a good strong tonic—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Your doctor will tell you why it has such power over weak nerves, why it makes the blood rich, and why it gives courage and strength. Ask him if it is not just the medicine you need.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

FARM AND FIRESIDE

Useful Hints Which Will be Appreciated by the Progressive Farmer and His Housekeeper.

DAIRYING OR MIXED FARMING.

Dairying and being able to get five or six cents per quart for milk is the most remunerative, or selling butter at a contract price the year round. Dairying and selling milk to the creameries for less than $1 per hundred pounds is a slow but sure way to the poorhouse, as they are slowly but surely selling their farms for less than their real value, not including their labor.

Last, but not least, is the man who follows mixed farming, keeping six or eight cows, raises his calves, takes three years to grow them before they are ready or large enough to get a buyer to look at them, and finally sells all at once in the fall for beef, gluts the market, and gets a low price per pound, and then claim feeding cattle does not pay; but start in the following spring and graze from sixteen to thirty-two head all summer and have every spear of grass as well as weeds pastured off, and then complain that their soil is lacking in humus. And nine out of ten will say, "I guess I must apply lime as I cannot get clover to catch."

To this class of people I would say, the Lord is certainly good and kind to you. He is giving you a living on the farm, and, in my judgment, they are not entitled to it for the amount of energy and labor applied. They have more than they are entitled to, and I truly hope the time is not far distant when the average farmer will make better application of his time than he does at present, or go out of business.—A. T. Holman, in American Cultivator.

PAINTING FARM BUILDINGS.

Farmers should use more paint on their buildings. It is the best of economy to do so. Even at the highest retail price of materials it pays handsomely to keep the buildings well painted. Everybody will acknowledge that a set of farm buildings well painted are a great deal more attractive than are those that are unpainted. But this is far from being the whole benefit to be received. The building in most of its parts is greatly preserved if kept well painted. The farmer can do all of this work himself during slack times of regular farm work, so that he need not feel it to be such a very heavy expense, especially when he comes to consider the fact from an economical point of view, which is the right way to look at it. The fact is, the farmer cannot afford to neglect the use of paint on his buildings or on his implements either.

PRACTICAL POULTRY POINTS.

Construct your house good and warm, so as to avoid damp floors, and afford a flood of sunlight. Sunshine is better than medicine.

Provide a dusting and scratching place where you can bury wheat and corn and thus induce the fowls to take the needful exercise.

Provide yourself with some good healthy chickens, giving one cock to every twelve hens.

Give plenty of fresh air at all times, especially in summer.

Give plenty of fresh water daily, and never allow the fowls to go thirsty.

Feed them systematically two or three times a day; scatter the food so they can't eat too fast, or without proper exercise. Do not feed more than they will eat up clean, or they will get tired of that kind of food.

Give them a variety of both dry and cooked feed; a mixture of cooked meat and vegetables is an excellent thing for their morning meal.

Give soft food in the morning and the whole grain at night except a little wheat or cracked corn placed in the scratching places to give them exercise during the day.

Above all things, keep the henhouse clean and well ventilated.

Do not crowd too many in a house. If you do, look out for disease.

Add insect powder and sulphur and wood ashes to the dusting bins to destroy lice.

Wash your roosts and bottom of laying nests, and whitewash once a week in summer, and once a month in winter.

Let the old and young have as large a range as possible, the larger the better.

Don't breed too many kinds of fowls at the same time, unless you are going into the business. Three or four will give you your hands full, and to make a specialty of one breed is often the best plan.

Introduce new blood into your stock every year or so, by either buying a cockerel or setting of eggs from some reliable breeder.

In buying birds or eggs, go to some reliable breeder who has his reputation at stake. You may have to pay a little more for birds, but yet you can depend on what you get. Culls are not cheap at any price.

Save the best birds for next year's breeding, and send the others to the market. In shipping fancy poultry to market send it dressed.

THE VETERINARIAN.

Answers to Correspondents.

For Cows — Will one tablespoonful of saltpeter given to cows once a week, when they are in good condition do them any harm or good. Is millet cut green and cured as hay a first-class feed for cows heavy with calf? What is the proper way to care for a cow that has came in three or four months ahead of time? Will saltpeter in any way help to cause abortion? Ans.—The dose of saltpeter for a cow is one ounce, a tablespoonful would do practically neither harm nor good. Millet well cured is good roughage for cows, but it is well to feed clover or corn fodder once a day and millet hay once a day, rather than millet altogether. Get cow out of herd at once; disinfect stable; also wash cow and sponge the body within reach of end of tail with disinfectants; also inject vagina, and do not have her served for two months. Saltpeter is of nno use as a remedy for abortion.

With Calf.—How can I tell if my cow is with calf? She is a medium-sized grade Jersey, about 7 or 8 years old, and has now been milking continuously 18 months, during which time she has accepted service five times, the last time being June 8. For several weeks I have milked her in the morning only, and have given her only two quarts of grain per day. She is fed only hay, and is now giving as much as she gave early in November, viz., 4 or 5 quarts, which, by the way, is almost solid cream. I am not experienced in these matters, but I have failed to detect any internal movements, even immediately after drinking cold water. There is occasionally a slight discharge, absolutely clear, and of the consistency, color and appearance of the white of an egg, but never any blood. In the morning she looks as flat as a slab, but at night, after eating hay all day, she is like a balloon.—Ans. Get some one who is expert in these matters, and let him examine her at the right flank. Even if she were impregnated at the last service, you would not be apt to see motion as yet, but you might feel it by holding the palm of your hand flat against the right flank. Of course the foetus often lies quiet for some time and until the movement occurs there is nothing to be felt. During the next 30 days, one ought to be able to feel the calf, if there is one. You should milk her twice a day, and unless she is fat, give her two quarts of grain twice a day; but if you intend to do this, begin by giving a slight increase to half of present ration twice a day, and gradually bring her up to the four quarts. You should also give hay night and morning.

THE HORSE.

Feeding a Working Horse.

We do not agree with some writers as to varying the amounts fed at the three different meals, such as, for instance, omitting the noon grain ration entirely or feeding double the amount at night that is fed at the morning or noon meal. All seem to agree, however, that the horse, on account of the peculiar construction of his digestive apparatus, can advantageously be fed oftener and in relatively smaller quantities than other farm animals. This seems reasonable, therefore it is inadvisable to reduce the number of feeds to less than three a day or to increase the amount at one time, for, if a double ration of grain is fed at night, the liability to colic is greatly increased and that at a time when no assistance is at hand.

And is it not a fact that the bulk of the colic cases occur in the night time? The explanation is, we think, partly that the horse eats more at night as a rule, having plenty of time and abundance of fodder before him, and partly that he is not exercising. Also we are very sure few if any horses capable of properly digesting food, are unable to thoroughly digest one-third of the day's grain ration in five or six hours, even when at hard work.

Wherever Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil has been introduced everybody is talking about its wonderful curative powers. Here is what one sufferer writes;

A LETTER OF THANKS.

Dear Sirs,—I want everyone to know what Tuck's Bone Oil did for me. I suffered for a year and nine months from a sore leg and at times the pain was almost unbearable. If I moved about the house I was obliged to go with my knee on a chair. I was under the doctor's care for months, and was six weeks in the ——— hospital from which my husband brought me home not much improved. A neighbor told me of Tuck's Bone Oil and advised me to try it. I did so and at once began to get relief. Four bottles cured me and I can now walk over town and back again at my ease. I think Tuck's Bone Oil is the best medicine ever made.

MRS. J. HOPKINS,
Smith's Falls.

For rheumatism, lame back, neuralgia, sprains, coughs, colds, quinsy or bronchitis, in short for any and all kinds of inflammation there is nothing to equal Tuck's Bone Oil. A bottle should be on the shelf in every home. For sale by all medicine dealers at 50c a bottle or sent prepaid by The Tuck Bone Oil Co., Limited, Smith's Falls, Ont.

DESTROY THE CAUSE.

You Cannot Cure Dandruff Without Destroying the Cause of it.

Many people wash their scalps Saturday night or Sunday to try to keep the dandruff down for the week, but on Monday night the scalp has begun to itch, and Tuesday morning will find a good supply of dandruff when the hair is brushed. There is but one real scientific way of curing dandruff; and that is to kill the germ that causes it, and falling hair, and finally baldness. There is only one preparation that will destroy the germ, and that is Newbro's Herpicide. It is an entirely new discovery and the only hair preparation that is based on the new scientific principle. In addition Herpicide is a very refreshing hair dressing for regular toilet use. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Approximately, ten pounds oats, 5 pounds of corn and 3 pounds of bran divided into three equal feeds, make a day's ration that cannot be much improved on. The relative amount of corn can well be increased during the winter months, and for sake of variety it may be omitted at the morning meal and fed at noon. The weight fed at each meal should be kept about the same and for the evening meal crushed oats should, when possible, be substituted for the whole grain, along with the bran and a few handfuls of cut hay, fed wet and salted enough to render it palatable. Horses soon become very fond of this food and this alone aids digestion. 16 pounds would be a fair amount of hay per day, the larger portion, of course, being consumed at night. Would prefer clover hay if in perfect condition. The reason clover hay is in bad repute for feeding work horses, we think, is because horses are allowed altogether too much of it, they being very fond of it.

While some well-known authorities advise the using of barley as a ration, I am satisfied that it is of so little value as not to be worth considering. Fed in any form in considerable quantities, we have found it much more irritating to the blood than corn, and seeming to have an especial irritating effect on the skin, and when fed unground exceedingly liable to cause intestinal irritation. The only way we would allow it fed would be on Saturday nights, well boiled and mixed with an equal bulk of bran while hot, and this only during the winter months, when grass was not available.

As to the feeding of idle work horses, it would be well if we could dispose of this subject by saying there should never be any, for this undoubtedly is the hardest treatment the work horse gets—the occasional rest when kept absolutely idle, tied to the manger, with all the fodder before him he can consume. Never allow the idle horse to remain in the stable, but see to it he has a pasture or yard to exercise in part of every day, winter and summer, of course materially cutting down the amount of grain and using more succulent food, if possible.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

The Science of Soup-Making.

The housewife who is wise in her day has discarded the idea (if she ever had it) that serving soup habitually adds to the work or expense of feeding her family, for it most assuredly lessens both. Most receipts call for a shin of beef or a given number of pounds of meat as the basis of soup "stock," but the French housewife, who is admittedly the finest soup-maker in the world, keeps her stock-pot on the stove all the time, and puts into it every scrap of meat or fowl, cooked or raw, which is not used in other ways, as well as the water in which meat or fowl is boiled. The stock-pot stands at the back of the stove, where slow cooking extracts every particle of flavor from the meat, and about twice each week the contents are strained and prepared for serving; then when wanted it needs but to be heated before sending it to the table.

This stock, which has only meat used in its preparation, is employed in many sauces and gravies where a vegetable flavor is not wanted, and for this reason the French housewife keeps a second pot on the stove, into which meat of all kinds is put, and with the meat all pieces of vegetables, bits of herbs and other things which are left when preparing foods. The contents of this second pot need only straining to be ready for serving as a consomme. Either of these "stocks" may be kept where they will slightly freeze, and be as good when several weeks old as when first made, while the stock made entirely from meat may be cooked down until it forms a stiff jelly when cool, and kept for an indefinite time. When made into the jelly form it needs but the addition of hot water to prepare it for use.

One of the most important points in soup-making is a good kettle; if the Romafin clay-ware is not to be had, the next best is a porcelain-lined or granite kettle, with tight-fitting cover—to prevent evaporation. If the meat is to be cooked purposely for soup, put it into cold water, and bring to boiling heat very slowly. Soft water is better than hard, and because salt hardens the water, it should not be added until the meat is nearly done.

For a clear soup, the best results are obtained by letting it get cold and removing the fat which forms in a cake on top; but when there is not time for this, skim off as much as possible, and then draw a coarse brown paper, or blotting paper, over the stock, and it will absorb almost every particle of fat that is left.

To clarify soup, let it get cold and remove the fat; when ready to serve, mix the shell and white of one egg with a tablespoonful of cold water for each quart of soup. Put the egg on the bottom of a saucepan and pour the cold stock over it. Bring to boiling heat very slowly, and the egg will come to the surface, bringing with it all blood or other element of cloudiness. Boil slowly until perfectly clear beneath the scum; remove that with a spoon or skimmer, and strain the soup through a cloth.

When making a clear soup, it is better to leave the vegetables used in large pieces. They are more easily removed, while flavoring the soup as much as when cut fine.

When a brown soup is wanted, dice as many varieties of vegetables as are liked, and mix them in proportions to suit the family taste; then to each cupful of mixed vegetables add a tablespoonful each of butter and sugar. Put the mixture into the soup kettle, and brown to a rich color, but do not scorch; then pour on stock, and cook until the vegetables are perfectly tender.

Many an otherwise fine soup is spoiled in the seasoning, and the fault is, usually over-seasoning. An expert soup demonstrator gave this rule: "Add salt until the soup is bright-tasting, but not salty; pepper to the brink of pungency—giving the tone of warmth, but not the note of burning." As a help toward securing the "tone of warmth," a little mustard cooked with the meat is fine, but it should never be enough to give a decided taste of mustard. The secret of a delicate soup is to have the flavors so blended that no one predominates, unless the soup is intended to be decidedly of one flavor.

HURRY DISHES.

Even with the best of planning, there will be times when the hurry dish is in demand. Some sudden and unexpected change in the situation calls for a quick response. Though there may be scant material at hand for its production, the hurry dish must be evoked on the spur of the occasion, something presentable, attractive if it may be, and sufficiently "filling." There is scant room for choice as to material; all that can be done is to set one's wits in play to turn to the best account whatever chance provision there may be. It is from these ordinary materials that the hurry dish must be contrived.

Meat Souffle. — Make a cupful of white sauce, seasoning it well and adding a little chopped parsley or shaved onion. The usual large spoonful of butter and as much flour must be very smoothly rubbed together, and either milk or milk and hot water in equal proportions used for thinning. A good sauce is perfectly smooth, and thick enough to mask the back of a spoon. Stir into the sauce a cupful of finely-chopped meat of any kind, available. Beat the yelks of two eggs, and add over the fire; remove, and when cooled, fold in the whites, beaten to a stiff froth. Bake half an hour in a buttered dish, and serve immediately.

Potato Puffs.—Add half a cupful of thin cream or sweet milk to a pint of mashed potatoes, then two well-beaten eggs. If the potato is not already seasoned, add butter, salt and white pepper to season properly. Beat till very light and creamy, and drop by spoonfuls on a buttered oven. Set in a hot oven, and they will brown while you are making coffee.

Stuffed Beefsteak.—Mix a teaspoonful of French mustard, one of celery salt, a pinch of cayenne, a saltspoonful of black pepper, a shaving of onion and one beaten egg. Thicken to a paste with fine bread crumbs. Spread this over the steak, roll and tie. Dredge with flour, and cook in a hot oven, basting it freely. This makes quite a different dish of an inferior round steak.

Ham with Tomatoes.—Put through the chopper enough lean ham to make one cupful. Mix it with a pint of fine bread crumbs two tablespoonfuls of chopped parsley or shaved onion, salt and pepper to season highly, and moisten to bind it together with a little of the liquid drained from a can of tomatoes. Put half the solid fruit from the can in a baking dish, then the ham mixture, and over it the remainder of the tomato. Strew the top with bread crumbs, dot freely with butter and bake in a hot oven.

Baked Bean Croquettes.—Cold baked beans formed in small rolls with the hands, dipped in beaten egg and crumbs, and fried in deep fat make excellent croquettes. Should there be a lack of meat to accompany them, try broiling a few slices of bacon in the oven. Put it in a folding wire gridiron, with a pan under it; have the oven very hot, and it will cook quickly to crisp perfection, with no vital force wasted by means of smoke and dripping grease.

TO CATARRH SUFFERERS.

HYOMEI CURES BY BREATHING MEDICATED AIR.

The popularity and increase in the sales of Hyomei are unique in the annals of medicine. Such astonishing cures have been made by this remedy that its sale is steadily increasing every year.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs but $1.00 and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the vest pocket a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei. The inhaler lasts a lifetime, and if one bottle does not cure, an extra bottle of Hyomei can be obtained for 50 cents. It is the most economical of all remedies advertised for the cure of catarrh, and is the only one that follows Nature in her methods of treating diseases of the respiratory organs.

If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write to-day for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomei Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

A PROVINCE IN NIGERIA

ONE OF BRITAIN'S LITTLE WARS JUST CONCLUDED IN SOKOTO.

Lively Little Affair in Which Natives Twice Charged British Bayonets—Revolt Was of Religious and Not of Political Origin — How Sheepish Natives Became Desperate Fighters—Peace With Their Extermination.

To few readers has the name Sokoto any significance; it might belong to a patent medicine or a tribe of Indians for all the man in the street knows or cares. Yet in Sokoto, a province in Nigeria, has just been concluded one of those little wars that are always beginning or ending somewhere or other under the British flag. The fight that crushed the rebellion must have been a lively little affair, for we read that the natives twice charged upon the British bayonets, and that 300 of them had to be killed before the survivors gave up. The rebels were practically annihilated, and the expedition supplies one more instance of the desperate fighters that religious fanaticism will make of the most sheepish and ignorant natives. That the Sokoto revolt was of religious and not political origin is proved by an article in The London Times. A Mahdi arose and told the people that the white men were to be driven out of Nigeria. Of the dense population of the district only a devout handful listened to him, but the faithful polished up their spears and knives and took the warpath. Then a punitive expedition was fitted out, and the machine guns harnessed up, and the Sokotans were wiped off the face of the earth, and peace resumes her reign in Nigeria.

The Nigerian Protectorates.

The Northern Nigerian protectorate was established on Jan. 15, 1900, and includes the northern portion of the territories formerly administered by the Royal Niger Co. The southern portion was taken over at the same time, and is known as Southern Nigeria. Each protectorate has a high commissioner and an administrative body, appointed by the British Government, as well as a small field force. Northern Nigeria is bounded on one side by French possessions in the hinterland of Dahomey and the Soudan, and on another side by German territory in the Cameroons. Thus it occupies an important strategical position. Control was established by slow degrees and only by the use of force; but in 1903 Kano, Sokoto, and Kategum were occupied, after some stiff fighting, and since then there has been quiet and content in these benighted regions.

An International Principle.

There was every reason for this satisfactory condition, as the Emir of Sokoto was established on his throne by the British, and felt grateful enough to swear on the Koran an oath of allegiance to King Edward. There is no evidence to show that he has broken faith. On the contrary, it appears that the Emir regards the revolt as directed against himself, not less than against the British. Moreover, to be quite accurate, the rising was in reality an invasion, for it seems to have originated in French territory, and it will be recalled that France has been doing some suppressing on her own account. Says The London Times:

"The whole matter illustrates the inevitable solidarity of European peoples in presence of a less fully developed civilization, and shows the impossibility of remaining indifferent to the methods employed by neighboring administrations. Disaffection in the territory of one power must have its sympathetic disturbance in another; and the moral to be drawn from most African troubles is that European agreement upon all important questions of native policy is very urgently to be desired."

The application of this dictum to the matters now under discussion at Algeciras will occur to everyone.

The Nigerian Prophecy.

Englishmen who have been in Northern Nigeria since the British protectorate was established now recall the prediction occasionally heard among the natives; that after five years of rule the white men would be swept away and not a trace of their occupation remain. That this tradition had in it elements of possibility will not be denied when one learns that the population of the Hausa States alone numbers about 30,000,000, and that the Hausas are but a portion of the Nigerian peoples. When the Mahdi arose and made his appeal to the religious feelings of the people he was disappointed at the answer, for while several thousands fell in behind him, the black millions remained indifferent or hostile. Religiously they considered him a heretic, politically an anarchist. To the Emir of Sokoto, who is also the head of the Mohammedan Church in the Western Soudan, they looked for leading in matters concerning the faith, and the Emir's satisfaction with British rule was well known to them all. Nevertheless the Mahdi and his followers declared for war, and first attacked and destroyed a French port. Then they crossed into British territory, and there, as the despatches tell us, met their fate.

Mohammedans Are Satisfied.

Speaking of some of the reasons that made the Mahdi's rising a forlorn hope, The London Times says:

"Our knowledge of the religious sentiments of the country is too slight, and the nature of religious movements is everywhere too inexplicable by rules of ordinary reason, to enable us to speak with certainty of the effect which may be produced on even the most peaceful population by fanatical preaching. But prosperity may always be trusted to act as a pacific influence. Nothing has given greater satisfaction to the Mohammedan population of Northern Nigeria than the guarantee everywhere publicly given and scrupulously maintained of perfect religious toleration under the British flag. The customs of the people have been respected their mosques and schools have flourished. Their chiefs have learned by association with white men the history of British rule in India, and they fully understand that no religious belief is endangered by their acceptance of British protection. In Nigeria it is the upper and relatively cultivated classes who are Mohammedans. The most ignorant part of the population, the peasantry, among whom the infection of religious excitement might be expected to spread, are for the most part pagan, and will of necessity remain indifferent to the preaching of a sacred war."

The Partition of West Africa.

Since it seems to be an accepted law that weak and uncivilized peoples occupying valuable land shall be subdued and controlled by Christian nations, it is a little late in the day to quarrel with the fact that the partition of West Africa has been completed by the European powers. Gambia, Sierra Leone, Lagos, the Gold Coast, and Nigeria are the Lion's share; the Germans have the Cameroons and Togoland; the French have Dahomey, and the Belgians have the Congo State. That the inhabitants of Nigeria should be happy and prosperous under British rule and unwilling to exchange it for the mastership of a Mahdi is a tribute to an administration, if not a justification of principle.

FORTUNE IN HOTEL TIPS.

Five Pound Notes Frequently Given by Wealthy Guests at London Hotels.

"Head waiters make more money in less time in London than in any other city in the world—but they keep the fact to themselves," said the manager of the Hotel Cecil.

"Unquestionably the richest members of the fraternity are the principal waiters at the leading London hotels. There is no telling what they make, but their incomes must run well into four figures.

"I know of one instance where a head waiter—an Alsatian of a very economical turn of mind—at a London hotel returned to Alsace not long ago to enjoy in retirement a snug fortune of between £15,000 to £16,000 he had accumulated in tips.'

"Charles Miller, who I see to-day reported to have retired from service at the Astor House Hotel, New York, with an estimated fortune of £20,000 is by no means the richest waiter. Oscar Tscherky, the head waiter, or superintendent, at the Waldorf-Astoria, I should say, is a millionaire, and he is still working. He is probably as much interested in the business as the proprietors.

All waiters through whom visitors settle their accounts are naturally in the best position for receiving "tips," and they are the envied of their lower-priced brethren.

It is a comparatively easy matter for a successful waiter who has saved a little money to start in business as a restaurateur on his own account in London. Brewers, bakers, butchers, or other tradesmen are often only too glad to help him, especially if he is well known.

Dining out is on the increase—so are the number of hotels — and waiters who are on the high road to fortune are those who study the peculiarities of customers and contrive to transform a casual patron into a regular visitor at his particular table.

Waiters are not the only people who make money at hotels and restaurants. Carriage and other attendants at well-known resorts frequently receive five-pound notes from wealthy patrons.

In October, 1904, it may be recalled, William McCullough, one of ten attendants in the cloak rooms at the Carlton Hotel, sued the management in the Westminster County Court for £83, 19s. as his share of £891, which represented the "tips" contributed by customers who used the rooms during the eighteen months he was employed there. The attendant, who said his nominal wages were 5s. a week, was awarded £50 by the jury.

In his evidence, Mr. McCullough said the "tips" given by customers were put in a box, and, at the end of each week, the contents were divided into specified shares, according to length of service and position among the attendants.

When he drew his first week's money—£2—he noticed, according to an account shown, that the company deducted from the week's "tips" £12 for uniforms, and £1 for "unnamed calls." He was shown a printed statement that attendants agreed to the deduction of this £13 each week, from March to September, and, for the remaining months, £9 per week.

Non-Irish Bulls.

The herding of bulls is not by any means confined to the Emerald Isle. It was a Scotchwoman who said that the butcher of her town only killed half a beast at a time. It was a Dutchman who said that a pig had no marks on his ears except a short tail. It was a British magistrate, who, on being told by a vagabond that he was not married, responded, "That's a good thing for your wife." It was a Portuguese mayor who enumerated, among the marks when found, "a marked impediment in his speech." It was a Frenchman who, contentedly laying his head upon a large stone jar for a pillow, stuffed it with hay. It was an American lecturer who solemnly said one evening, "Parent, you may have children; or, if not, your daughter may have." It was a German orator who, warming with his subject, exclaimed, "There is no man, woman, or child in the house who has arrived at the age of fifty years, but has felt the truth thundering through their minds for centuries."

A Gentle Hint.

Some time ago there lived a gentleman of indolent habits who spent his time visiting among his friends. After wearing out his welcome in his own neighborhood he thought he would visit an old Quaker friend some twenty miles distant.

On his arrival he was cordially received by the Quaker, who, thinking the visitor had taken much pains to come so far to see him, treated him with a great deal of attention and politeness for several days.

As the visitor showed no signs of leaving, the Quaker became uneasy, but bore it with patience until the eighth day, when he said to him:

"My friend, I am afraid thee will never come again."

"Oh, yes, I shall," said the visitor. "I have enjoyed my visit very much, and shall certainly come again."

"But," said the Quaker, "if thee will never leave, how can thee come again?"—Black and White.

THE PLANET MERCURY.

Like Venus and For Like Cause, It Is Now a Dead World.

Mercury is a body devoid, practically if not absolutely, of air, of water and of vegetation. Consequently it is incapable of supporting any of those higher organisms which we know as living beings. Its surface is a vast desert. It is rough rather than smooth. Whether this roughness be due to mountains proper or to craters we are too far away from it to be able yet to say. The latter is the more probable. Over the greater part of its surface change either diurnal or seasonal is unknown. Three-eighths of its surface is steeped in perpetual glare, three-eighths shrouded in perpetual gloom, while the remaining quarter slowly turns between the two. The planet itself, as a world, is dead.

Interesting as Mercury thus proves to be, the interest as regards the planet itself is of a rather corpselike character. Less deterrent perhaps is the interest it possesses as a part of the life history of the solar system, for tidal friction, the closing act in the cosmic drama, has brought it where it is. The machine has run down. Whether it ever supported life upon its surface or not, the power to do so has now forever passed away. Like Venus and for like cause, it is now a dead world. And it was the first thus to reach the end of its evolutionary career, earlier to do so than Venus, inasmuch as tidal action was very much greater upon it than on Venus and consequently produced its effect more quickly. Mercury has long been dead. How long, measured by centuries, we cannot say, but practically for a very long time. Venus must have become so comparatively recently. Both, however, now have finished their course and have in a most literal sense entered into their rest.

SEEING SICILY.

Not to Know This Island Is Not to Know Greece.

There are some lands which have always laid a spell upon the mind, upon the imagination, upon the heart. Greece, above all other countries, has entranced the mind. The imagination has ever loved the east—Egypt, the Indies, forgotten Asia, the almost as mysterious Asia of today. For most of us the home land is the country of the heart; for many, it may be, it is Palestine, where was lighted the fire at which the hearts of incalculable millions are still warmed. Others are content to say with Emerson in the fine essay on "Heroism," "That country is the fairest which is inhabited by the noblest minds." But, above all other lands, there is one which has at once impressed the mind, the imagination and the heart of western peoples. When a famous poet declared that on his heart would be found engraved the word Italy the words voiced the emotion of a multitude in every country of Europe and in the great northern continent oversea.

To see Sicily, the old "Garden of the Sun," as the poets have loved to call it, is not to see Italy, though there may be a measure of truth in Goethe's remark that not to know Sicily is not to know Italy. In a sense one might more truly say of Sicily that not to know it is not to know Greece. In another sense, however, we have in this most beautiful of islands the intensification of Italy. Whatever is most Italian is in evidence here, though it is Italian of the south and not of the north. What a gulf divides them is known only to those familiar with the whole peninsula.—William Sharp in Century.

"Bulls" Not Irish.

Those who are not Irishmen sometimes trespass on Irish property. A French cure, preaching about sudden death, said, "Thus it is with us—we go to bed well and get up stone dead!"

An old French lawyer writing of an estate he had just bought added, "There is a chapel upon it in which my wife and I wish to be buried, if God spares our lives."

A merchant who died suddenly left in his bureau a letter to one of his correspondents which he had not sealed. His clerk, seeing it necessary to send the letter, wrote at the bottom, "Since writing the above I have died."

A Sentiment and an Autograph.

A certain young lady, so the story runs, wrote to F. Marion Crawford, the novelist, requesting that he send her a bit of sentiment and his autograph. The reply was:

Dear Miss A.—When you request a favor that is of interest only to yourself, please inclose a two cent stamp. There's your sentiment, and here's your autograph. F. MARION CRAWFORD.

A Simple Precaution.

Landlady (of country inn on the eve of a popular holiday to her daughter, who is kneading the dough for a cake)—Resel, you'd better put a couple of eggs and a bit of butter into the cake. It looks as if we were going to have a storm, and if the townsfolk don't stir out tomorrow we shall have to eat it ourselves.—From the German.

Language.

Language is a solemn thing. It grows out of life—out of its agonies and ecstasies, its wants and its weariness. Every language is a temple in which the soul of those who speak it is enshrined.—O. W. Holmes.

Feminine Finesse.

Duffer—My wife got a fiver out of me today with one happy remark. Puffer—Let's have it. Duffer—She told our boy Willie that she was his nearest relative, but that I was his closest.

Every day is a new life, every sunrise but a new birth.—Jordon.

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Hart Schaffner & Marx

Get Ready For Easter

The spring lines are complete and at their best. Every department exploits spring newness and beauty. Come soon.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats, Raincoats

All the style innovations are here—all the new weaves, colorings and effects are now to be had. Correct to fashion's latest dictates, masterfully tailored, exact in fit, the unmatchable variety to select from, assures the complete satisfying of every taste and fancy.

The Hart, Schaffner & Marx line, sold exclusively by us in Belleville, is the feature of a gathering which acknowledges no superior anywhere in the land. Other good makes are also shown in comprehensive variety, in all sizes, and at our always moderate prices, assuring in every instance the best of values, and which range from—

$5.00 to $22.00

Your Easter Tie

Our showing of Easter Ties is indeed a Beauty Show. We've Neck Dressings selected specially for Easter trade. We've all the correct and handsome shapes from the shops of THE MOST NOTED MAKERS. Shapes are new—weaves of silk are new. We've many a spring fancy that you'll not be able to find in other stores.

Come here, sir, for your Easter Tie and you'll get the correct thing.

Our Boys' Clothing

Our Boys' Clothing Department is the birthplace of many new and beautiful styles. The suits we put forth this season are the most stylish, durable and the best in every way we have ever sold.

Bring in the young man and see what we have to show in Boys' Clothes.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

STYLISH HATS

You need the stylish, reliable Hat. Our stock comprises all the newest shapes and colors.

HAVE A LOOK AT THEM

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURING FURRIER.

N. B. Highest cash prices paid for Raw Furs.

Get It In the Neck?

You really can't do better looking for *New and Natty Neckwear* than to call and inspect our freshly selected stock

25, 50, 75, $1, $1.50, $2

GLOVES

In all the most fashionable shades

$1.00, $1.50, $2.00

Chas. J. Symons
298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

CAN'T BELIEVE YOUR EYES

if they're sick. Eyes have to be healthy to give them full credit for what they ask you to believe.

HEALTHY EYES

are kept so by using our glasses. If not healthy our treatment effects a cure. You're running a risk by delay if your eyes are troubling you. See us at once as delays are dangerous.

ALEX RAY

HAT PINS

A very handy article these windy days

You should see our new assortment of Hat Pins, all American designs in heads, shields, flowers, etc., in grey, silver and rose gold effects set with Aquamarines and amethysts.

Ranging in price from

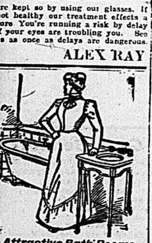
20c to $1.00

T. BLACKBURN
Cut glass & Sterling silver

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON
Phone 112.



Attractive Bath Rooms

Every house ought to have a bath room. We can furnish you a bath room that can be easily kept clean and sweet.

John Lewis & Co.

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

MISS IRWIN'S STORE

"THE HOME OF THE HAT BEAUTIFUL" : : :

Our opening was an immense success. Everything the fashion world calls for is congregated here. Exclusive and original styles, in exquisite colors and blendings. Come when you can. New creations added daily.

Miss Irwin.

Time now to prepare for Easter Needs

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

[illegible]BINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

EASTERTIDE EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Via New York Central lines, Thursday, April 12th, 1906. Exceptionally low rates. Ten days return limit. Through day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. Apply to nearest New York Central ticket agent. m10wtad4-d31

CITY COUNCIL'S LONG SESSION.

Sat Until Midnight Last Evening, and Then Adjourned Till To-night--Civic Salaries Caused Two Hours' Talk--Some Proposed Increases Were Not Made--Estimates Read But Not Adopted.

The City Council sat until midnight last night, and if they had cleaned up the order paper they might have sat till daylight. The reason for the long-drawn-out session was that the salary question took up a lot of valuable time, and the estimates for the year were discussed, but not adopted. The salary question, after being threshed out for about two hours, finally wound up this way: The engineers at the pumphouse get their increase; Dr. Yeomans, Medical Health Officer, gets an increase of $100 a year, and everybody else remains exactly in statu quo.

There were no absentees.

Ald. Knox was chairman in committee of the whole.

The reports of the standing committees, as already published, were passed without discussion.

A recommendation prevailed that the Street Surveyor and Chairman of Public Works obtain information as to a crusher, and also as to the best kind of paving, and that they may visit cities to acquire such information, and that the Treasurer be authorized to pay the expense of same on application of the chairman.

The chairman of Public Works, in the course of a discussion, promised that Mill street would be cleaned before long.

The following accounts were passed:—

E. Stapley	$ 6.60
H Carre	10.00
G.N.W. Telegraph Co.	.25
E. C. Clarke	17.16

A petition from residents of Meyers street, that that thoroughfare be repaired, was referred to the Public Works committee, the Street Surveyor being instructed to bring in a report in regard to this and other streets.

A recommendation prevailed that [illegible]able Patrick Hayes be appointed [illegible]lding Inspector at a salary of $[illegible] month.

INTERESTING STATEMENTS.

Mayor Sulman, who, in company with Ald. Marsh, was in Ottawa last week with the deputation, spoke in reference to their visit. The Trent Valley Canal would be finished but the route was not named. In reference to the drill shed, the Hon. Minister of Public Works stated that the foundation would be built this year. The deputation had an interview with Col. Biggar in reference to the location of the permanent camp. What is wanted by the Government is 200 acres of suitable land and they needed water and light. The Mayor thought it would be a wise move if the Belleville Council could secure this camp, as it would mean a large sum of money left in the city every year.

In answer to an enquiry His Worship said that when the Government decided to establish a permanent camp it would no doubt purchase the site.

Ald. Marsh stated that the Hon. Mr Hyman assured the deputation that something would be done this year in reference to the drill shed.

SALARY INCREASES.

The Executive Committee's report re civic salaries recommended the following schedule;

Engineer Malleck, $55 per month.

Engineer McCrudden—$50.00 per month.

Solicitor and Clerk Mikel — $1200 per year.

Dr. Yeomans, Health Officer—$200 per year.

City Treasurer D. Price—$1040.00 per year.

P. Meagher, Janitor—$480.00 per per year.

That the application of W. J. Thomson, manager of the Gas Works, for an increased salary be referred to the Gas committee for further consideration with the auditors' report.

The recommendation re Manager Thomson was adopted.

Ald. Sinclair moved that the increase to the engineers at the pumphouse and to the Medical Health Officer be adopted, and the remainder of increases proposed be struck out.

Ald. Marsh thought that if one official was entitled to an increase, then all were.

Ald. Green was not in favor of the report presented to-night, but considered the former report was about right. In 1899 the city paid $1,000 to the City Clerk and $600 to the City Solicitor. If the salaries we were then paying were equitable then they were not just and equitable to-day. Since that time extra work was placed upon this official. The same can be said about other officials. In 1899 the City Treasurer's salary was $900, and he had nothing to do with water and gas. The increase in the cost of living since that time cannot be denied, and the officials have also increased duties.

Ald. Paterson moved that the report be adopted.

Ald. Gordon said he would like to see the Street Surveyor have an increase of $100 and thought that an additional $60 should be given to the Treasurer, making his increase $100. He would make an amendment to that effect.

Ald. Panter thought the salaries were good, and if the positions were vacant he believed the same gentlemen would apply for them at the salaries designated by the report. He would be willing to give an additional $100 to the Clerk on account of services rendered to the gas works. He thought that if increases were to be made they should apply to every person who draws a salary from the city.

Ald. Paterson said he would withdraw his motion and support Ald. Gordon's amendment.

Ald. Panter had no doubt the officials were efficient but the question was should the city pay more for the work than it could get it done for? He would like to know if the city finances would allow the increases contemplated.

Ald. Marsh stated that he had the estimates prepared and he had placed the increases in the estimates.

Ald. Sinclair contended that his motion should be adopted. The Mayor, in his inaugural address, recommended that the salaries of the officials be fixed and a special committee had considered it. To pick Mr. Mikel out as the only official to be raised in salary he did not like. It looked to him like favoritism.

The Mayor said he had no favorites in this matter. He supported an increase in salary to the engineers at the pumphouse and also the Medical Health Officer.

Ald. Sinclair — "The Mayor only voted for an increase to Mr. Mikel's salary."

Ald. Cooper did not think the remarks of Ald. Sinclair were called for, and he did not like to hear them made.

Ald. Gordon's amendment was defeated, as only four voted for it, namely, Ald. Gordon, Marsh, McCrodan and Paterson.

A vote was taken on Ald. Sinclair's motion, which resulted in a tie, Ald. Marsh, Green, Panter, Sinclair and Vermilyea voting for it, and Ald. Gordon, Cooper, Paterson, McCrodan and the Mayor voted against it.

The chairman, Ald. Knox, voted in favor of Ald. Sinclair's motion, which was carried.

The Clerk contended that he had extra work and should be given extra pay. He did not think that he had been fairly dealt with.

Ald. Sinclair — "Your friends killed you."

The use of the Council Chamber was granted to the Cheese Board during the coming season.

A communication from Mr. S. S. Lazier, re taxes on a vacant lot on George street, which he claimed he had paid, and which does not now appear as a payment, was referred to the chairman of the Executive Committee and the Treasurer.

Mr. F. D. Diamond applied to be appointed tax collector for 1906.

Ald. Panter thought that Mr. Diamond had made an efficient collector.

Ald. Marsh said a by-law to appoint a tax collector would be brought in later.

The Belleville Portland Cement Co. wrote, thanking the Council for their offer to purchase 2000 barrels of cement at $1.83 per barrel.

THE ESTIMATES.

Ald. Marsh stated that he had prepared the estimates, which were ready to be submitted to the Council. The rate of taxation would be the same as last year, namely, 23 1-2 mills. He read over the various items of controllable and uncontrollable expenditure, which showed that $3,000 was the appropriation for the Public Works Committee and $5,200 for the Fire Committee.

Ald. Panter did not think that $6,000 was sufficient for the Public Works Committee. He thought that another $1000 should be added to that Committee's estimate.

Ald. Cooper thought that if he, as chairman of the Fire Committee, had to buy hose and pay for extra work done to the fire halls, the estimate of $5,200 was not enough. He might also be compelled to pay some of the men increased salaries.

Ald. Sinclair suggested that the estimates be laid over until the next meeting.

The Mayor stated that another matter to be considered was street crossings which were needed to be built in various parts of the city.

Ald. Cooper said that it would cost at least $200 more this year to draw the hose carts and hook and ladder wagons.

Ald. Marsh moved the adoption of the estimates. He had asked the chairman of the committees to give him estimates of what they wanted, and some had not complied with that request.

Ald. Cooper moved in amendment that the appropriation for the Fire committee be $5,500, and the Public Works appropriation be $7,000.

After some further discussion it was decided to meet again Tuesday evening to pass the estimates.

MR. MIKEL MAKES A STATEMENT.

The Clerk wished, before the committee rose, to speak about his case. He had given unstinted service and time to the city and had earned more money before he took the office than he did now. He was obliged to keep a clerk and other extra expenses such as having a telephone in his house on account of doing the city work properly. The work he was doing could not, he was certain, be done by anyone for the salary he was given. The Medical Health Officer's salary had been raised to the proper standard and he considered his salary should also be raised. His work had become greatly increased. He did not consider that he had been fairly dealt with in this matter.

The Mayor said the position of Clerk was ably filled to-day and everything was in first-class order. He did not think that Mr. Mikel was getting what was due him.

On motion the committee rose and reported. The report was received and adopted.

MOTIONS.

Ald. Marsh moved, seconded by Ald. Vermilyea, That a committee composed of the Mayor and Chairman of the Executive be appointed to ascertain upon what terms 200 acres for the holding of a military camp could be rented.—Carried.

Ald. Panter gave notice of a motion to repeal all provisions of the Dog by-law.

At the witching hour of midnight the Council adjourned until Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"VIRGINIUS" TO-MORROW NIGHT

The dramatic event of the season will probably be the appearance of the great tragedian, Louis James, at the Carman to-morrow night, when he will present "Virginius." Mr. James, we believe, has surrounded himself with an excellent company, headed by that clever young actor, Norman Hackett, who will be well remembered by his splendid performances in support of Mr. James in the past. Another fine actor is Charles Stedman, who years ago supported such illustrious stars as Booth, Barrett, McCullough, James A. Young is also conspicuously cast, likewise Harry C. Barton, Milton Nobles, jr., Terese Deagle, Aphie James and Ethel Harding.

MOST INTERESTING.

The repertoire of plays selected by the manager of Marks Brothers' Dramatic Company, headed by the charming actress, May A. Bell Marks, who will appear at the Carman opera house for six nights and two matinees, commencing next Monday evening, is as follows: Monday, "The Banker's Wife"; Tuesday, "Lost in London"; Wednesday, "Little Starlight"; Thursday, "For His Sake"; Friday, "A Bird in a Cage"; Saturday, "The Girl from 'Frisco"; matinees — Wednesday, "Under Two Flags"; Saturday, "Kathleen Mavourneen." They are all popular and successful and it can be truthfully said that there will not be a dull night during the week's engagement.

FOUND GUILTY OF SWINDLING.

GEO. A. BOOTH, FORMERLY OF TRENTON, IN SERIOUS TROUBLE IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 2. — George A. Booth, of Trenton, Ont., who was found guilty on Friday of false pretences, was condemned Saturday morning, by Judge Choquet, to pay a fine of $50 or serve four months in jail. Chief Detective Carpenter says that Booth is wanted in Napanee, Ont., to answer to a charge of false pretences and when he leaves the jail here there will be a warrant awaiting his arrest on the Napanee charge.

In the court of Special Sessions here Booth was charged with having received, under false pretences, thirty dozen of eggs from G. A. Goulet, The Brook, Ont.

Booth sent out circulars under the name of Band & Co., requesting farmers in different places to send him their butter and eggs, and he would sell for them on commission, or purchase the produce. It was proven that he made arrangements with two or three local firms to receive any produce that was sent addressed to him, and gave them instructions to advance 50 per cent., and dispose of the goods for whatever they could get.

Judge Choquet explained to Booth that honesty was the best policy and that if he wished to succeed in life he must stick to honest ways. Booth was arrested here February 23, and has been in jail since then.

THE LLOYD CASE.

IS LIKELY TO COME UP TO-MORROW — NEW EVIDENCE MAY BE FORTHCOMING.

It is not likely that the Lloyd murder trial will be proceeded with before to-morrow, as a civil case, Moon vs. Mather, was taken up by the Assize Court when it reassembled this afternoon.

It is said that some new evidence, not submitted before Magistrate Flint, may come out in the forthcoming trial.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

ATTENTION

Is called to the Superior Quality of

Elephant Paints

The place to buy them is

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

Half Price

Soft Shirts Collars, Cuffs

The Quinte Laundry Co.

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
S. E. Carman, Manager.

Dramatic Event of the Season,
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4th.

J. J. Coleman presents America's representative actor,

LOUIS JAMES

supported by NORMAN HACKETT and a company of excellent players presenting a sumptuous revival of James Sheridan Knowles' masterpiece.

VIRGINIUS

A production complete in every detail—scenery, costumes, accessories.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

6--NIGHTS--6

And Wednesday & Saturday Matinee

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY, APRIL 9th.

R. W. MARKS PRESENTS

MAY A. BELL MARKS and Marks Bros. Dramatic Co

In a Repertoire of Standard Plays

Mon. Night—The Banker's Wife

Change of play at each performance.
Popular prices—Evening, 10c, 20c and 30c
Matinee, 10c and 20c.
Ladies' tickets 15c Mon. evening if bought at advance sale before 6 p.m. Monday, Limited to 200.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Archbishop Gauthier, who has been on a visit to Rome, is expected to arrive back in Kingston a week from to-day.

Mrs. Fred Hicks and little daughter, of Lethbridge, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wright, Queen street.

Miss May Manley celebrated her birthday yesterday by entertaining her companions at her parents' residence on St. Charles St., where a most enjoyable time was spent.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASKET BALL.

Albert Rises to Remark.

The Albert College boys desire to state that they played basket ball at great disadvantage on Friday night at Peterboro. Jack Goddard, right guard, one of the most experienced men on the team, was at the last moment unable to go on account of a sprained ankle, and his place had to be taken by Geo. Wilson, who, although a clever player, had not practised with the team and had not played a game since December. When the Peterboro boys played at Albert in December the college boys won by a score of 40—16, so that on the two games, Albert wins on the total by 6 points.

TO PIANO PURCHASERS.

An invitation is extended to all to see two beautiful "Nordheimer" pianos now on view at T. P. Brown's store, Front St. Mr. Addison A. Pegg, the Nordheimer Co.'s travelling representative, is in the city and would be pleased to meet any intending purchaser. Terms can be arranged to suit, and liberal allowance made for old instruments taken in exchange. 3-28

At Sign of the Scales.

A CHICKEN CASE.

J. F. Eagle was charged with purloining a chicken from Mr. H. Lake. From the evidence of Mr. Lake it appeared that Eagle last night went to the barn of Mr. J. C. Lake and took away a game rooster, which was the property of Mr. H. Lake. The bird was valued at $1.50. Officer Downs testified that he found the bird in Mr. Eagle's possession. The defendant alleged that the rooster was his property and was taken away from his barn. After considerable evidence had been submitted the Magistrate imposed a fine of $3 upon Mr. Eagle.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Daily Intelligencer.

GOLDEN BRITTLE!
GOLDEN BRITTLE!
GOLDEN BRITTLE!

OR POP CORN BY THE EAR.
The 20th Century Confectionery Novelty.
IT'S GOING.
IT'S GOING.
IT'S GOING.
5c an ear.
For sale only by

Chas. S. Clapp

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

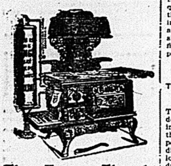
$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER
Job Department
Front St., Belleville.



The Happy Thought

Is the only range which has been made under one name for eighteen years, and is still the leader.

WM. McGIE,
Tel. 38. Front St.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—*GREEN.*

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.
Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alfor

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling bar Fixtures, &c.
Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

Bottled only at the Apollinaris Spring,
Neuenahr, Germany,
and Only with its Own Natural Gas.

INSURANCE BILL PASSED.

Governor Higgins of the State of New York on Signing Made Some Eminently Sensible Remarks.

Albany, April 3.—The first of the ten bills proposed by the special investigating committe, as the result of its long and sensational investigation of life insurance methods and conditions, is now a law. Governor Higgins yesterday afternoon affixed his signature to the bill, which postpones until Nov. 15, the annual elections of the New York Life, Mutual of New York, Mutual Reserve of New York and Security Mutual of Binghamton — the four purely mutual life insurance companies incorporated under the laws of this state. It does not affect the Equitable Life Assurance Society, which is a stock company.

In approving the bill, Governor Higgins filed a memorandum in which, after summarizing the provisions of the bill, he says:

Few Have Been Loyal.

"The bill is a useful one. It takes the control of certain companies from the present boards of directors, members of which have been discredited by the poor account given on their stewardship to the investigating committee. Some were careless, some selfish, and few proved so loyal to the interests of policyholders as to justify their being continued in office, except by the exercise of the enlightened franchises of such policyholders.

"On the other hand, the policyholders must now act with calmness and intelligence, lest their last condition be worst than their first; lest under the new regime an anxious and hungry horde of adventurers, of self-guaranteed integrity, obtain, by loud assurances of good will, the misplaced confidence of those who blindly seek refuge from existing evils.

Beware of Proxies.

"The bill provides that no proxy executed prior to Sept. 15, 1906, shall be valid. Each policyholder affected by this act should think carefully and enquire cautiously into the motives of those who solicit his vote, before giving his proxy. Organization is inevitable, but the control of the companies should pass to wise and conservative financiers, and not to energetic and plausible promoters."

SHOT TWELVE KAFFIRS.

They Murdered Policemen During An Uprising At Natal.

Pietermaritzburg, Natal, April 3.—The twelve natives condemned to death for the murder of policemen during the uprising in February against the collection of the poll tax, the postponement of whose execution led to a dispute between the Imperial and Colonial Governments, were shot yesterday morning.

At the request of Governor McCullom, and in view of the Earl of Elgin's assurances, the Natal Ministry has withdrawn its resignation.

Called Murder.

London, April 3.—The announcement of the execution of the Natal natives was received with angry cries of "shame" from the Irish Nationalists and Labor benches, and from some Liberals in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon. One Ministerialist amid cheers and some protests described the execution as "bloodthirsty murder," and James Ramsey Macdonald, secretary of the Labor representation committee, promptly moved an adjournment of the House to discuss the manner in which martial law was being applied in Natal, and "to the imminent and great danger to which the native subjects of the crown are involved in its administration."

The motion was debated last evening, but nothing new developed.

PROPHET DOWIE REPUDIATED.

Mrs. Dowie and Son Cast Lots With New Leader Elected.

Chicago, April 3.—At a meeting Sunday of 5,000 adherents of the Christian Catholic Church at Zion City, of which John Alexander Dowie, is the founder and first apostle, Dowie's authority was repudiated, and Wilbur Glenn Voliva, who for some time has been conducting the affairs of the church, was elected in his stead. Mrs. Dowie also repudiated her husband, and their son, Gladstone Dowie, cast his lot with his mother and the new leader, Voliva.

PRINCE OF WALES COMING.

May Visit Canada On His Way From Japan Next Fall.

London, April 3.—(C. A. P.)—Reynolds' Newspaper Sunday, in "Secret History of To-day," said it it quite on the cards that the Prince of Wales may make another Australian voyage, leaving England in September or October next, returning by way of Japan and Canada. The Canadian Associated Press has private information that it is possible that the Prince may go direct to Japan, and return by way of Canada.

Will Be Shipped This Week.

London, April 3.—The portrait of Benjamin Franklin, which, as announced by Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada, at the Pilgrims' dinner in New York, March 31, is being restored to the United States, will be shipped this week. It is already in the possession of Ambassador Whitelaw Reid.

Infernal Machine Exploded.

Askabad, Turkestan, April 3.—A time infernal machine was exploded yesterday in the vestibule of the Governor-General's residence, shattering part of the wall and blowing a gun, which was mounted on one side of the entrance, across the street, but injuring no one.

Exiled to Archangel.

St. Petersburg, April 3.—M. Annesky, a well-known writer, and M. Orishkoff, president of the railroad congress, which ordered the railroad strike of last fall, have been exiled to Archangel by administrative order.

TO OVERTHROW CASTRO.

New York and Paris Capital Is Financing An Army Expedition to Capture Venezuela.

New York, April 3.—One of the largest merchants in New York said Sunday night that arrangements are being perfected here and in Paris for a revolution in Venezuela which will annihilate Castro and open up that country to American capital and enterprise.

A number of rich New York merchants are said to be interested in the movement, which the promoters declare will involve the employment of 15,000 soldiers and the expenditure of $5,000,000 in the campaign. President Castro, if the plans do not go astray, is to be expelled or destroyed and a native Venezuelan statesman to be installed as his successor.

In this connection it is said that Castro, anticipating a successful revolution against him sooner or later, has converted some of his alleged $40,000,000 fortune into cash and has sent it to America and France.

Charles B. Fergueredo, Venezuelan consul in New York, said Sunday night at his home that he had heard an expedition was being organized or promoted, but had been unable to learn anything definite about it. He said he had understood shares in the scheme were being sold.

"I would like to get hold of one of those shares," he said. "I would buy all that was offered."

The consul inquired eagerly as to the point the expedition was to sail from.

The expedition is to set out shortly from Europe in three large steamships, which are already under contract. They are to carry about 5,000 volunteers, with the following quantities of arms and ammunition: 8,000 mauser rifles of the latest pattern; 24,000 rounds of cartridges, 5,000 shells, eight rapid-fire guns, 8,000 army belts, 1,000 officers' swords, 1,000 officers' revolvers, 3,000 machetes and swords and other supplies.

Japan Thanks Canada.

Ottawa, April 3.—The Japanese Government have instructed Hon. T. Nosse, their Consul-General in Ottawa, as follows: "Convey to the Canadian Government the sincere thanks of the Imperial Japanese Government for their philanthropic donation in relief of the famine sufferers. (Signed) Marquis Saionji, Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Currants.

Currants are really little grapes, quite without seeds, having thin skins and very sweet. They have been known from very ancient times, for the name itself is a corruption of "Corinth," the Greek city where they were originally cultivated. Vines produce no fruit for three years after planting, but in the fourth year there is a small crop, which increases up to the twelfth. Those grown in the island of Zante are most esteemed. Currants are simply dried in the sun on the ground and then packed for shipment. In some parts of Greece they are also made into a sweet wine.

Norway In Scotland.

Few people are aware of the fact that the Orkney and Shetland islands, strictly speaking, belong to the kingdom of Norway. Toward the close of the fifteenth century King Christian of Norway pledged the Orkneys and the Shetlands, over which his rule was undisputed, to King James III. of Scotland for the payment of the dowry of his daughter Margaret, who became queen of Scotland. The pledge has not yet been redeemed.

Begging.

A man on being accosted by a beggar said:

"Why don't you go to work? Why do you waste your time begging?"

The beggar drew himself up.

"Did you ever beg?" he said.

"No, of course not," said the man.

"Then," said the beggar, "you don't know what work is."

HELP WANTED!

We have a large quantity of glass in the Custom House at present. We have no store room for it, you can help us to make room for it by buying some of the china and earthen ware we will offer so cheap this week.

—Fine China Tea Plates (white and pink rose decoration with gold band, 15c each, for.................. 10c
—Fine China Bread and Butter Plates (dainty patterns) with fancy gilt border, 15c each for.................. 10c
—English Rock Tea Pots (largest size) 30c each for.................. 17c
—China Cake plates, assorted Patterns, 25c for.................. 19c
—China Egg Cups, per dozen.................. 19c
—China Egg Cups, double, each.................. 6c
—10c Salt and Pepper shakers, each.................. 5c

McINTOSH BROS.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Higher—Live Stock Markets —The Latest Quotations.

Monday Evening, April 2.

Liverpool wheat futures closed ¼d to ½d higher to-day than Saturday, and corn futures ⅛d higher.

At Chicago, May wheat closed ¼c higher than Saturday, May corn ⅛c higher, and May oats ¼c higher.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	85⅞	85½
Minneapolis	78	78¼
Duluth	77½	78½
Detroit	83¼	81
St. Louis	73⅝	74⅜
Toledo	82⅞	79⅞

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush.	$0 74	to $....
Wheat, fall, bush.	0 75	0 77
Wheat, red, bush.	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush.	0 71	....
Barley, bush.	0 51	....
Oats, bush.	0 38	0 39
Rye, bush.	0 75	....
Peas, bush.	0 78	....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 2.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures steady; May 6s 7⅛d, July 6s 6⅝d, Sept. nominal.

Corn—Spot American mixed, new, firm, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, quiet, 4s 7d. Futures quiet; May 4s 3⅜d, July 4s 3d.

Hams—Short cut firm, 51s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut firm, 49s 6d; short rib firm, 52s 6d; long clear middles, light, firm, 48s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, firm, 48s; short clear backs firm, 47s; clear bellies firm, 48s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., firm, 41s.

Lard—American refined, in pails, firm, 43s 9d.

Hops—In London, Pacific coast, quiet, £2 to £3 5s.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 2.—Butter—Easy; receipts, 4112. Street prices: Extra creamery, 25c to 25½c. Official prices: Creamery, common to extra, 16c to 25c; held, common to extra, 15c to 22c; state dairy, common to extra, 15c to 24c; renovated, common to extra, 11½c to 18½c; western factory, common to firsts, 13c to 16c; western imitation creamery, extras, 20c; do., firsts, 17c.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 2204; state, full cream, large and small, colored and white, fancy, 14½c; good to prime, 13½c to 14c; common to fair, 11c to 13c; skims, full to light, 3c to 11¾c.

Eggs—Firm; receipts, 11,156; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 22c; do., choice, 20c to 21c; do., mixed, extra, 20c; western firsts, 18¾c; do., seconds, 18¼c; southerns, 17½c to 18¾c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Firm for Sheep—U. S. Market Easier for Cattle.

London, April 2.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 9c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO JUNCTION LIVE STOCK.

Receipts of live stock at the Union Stock Yards were 65 carloads, composed of 1225 cattle, 7 sheep, 44 calves and 10 horses.

Exporters.

Prices for shipping cattle ranged from $4.90 to $5.20 per cwt.; the bulk sold at $5 to $5.12½ per cwt. Export bulls sold at $3.50 to $4, with an odd one or two at $4.25 per cwt. The bulk of the bulls sold at from $3.75 to $4 per cwt.

Butchers.

The best loads of butcher cattle sold at from $4.75 to $5 per cwt.; fair to medium at $4.40 to $4.65; common and mixed loads at $4.15 to $4.35; cows, $3.50 to $4.25.

Milch Cows.

Eight milch cows and springers sold at $41 to $53 each.

Veal Calves.

Prices for veal calves ranged from $3.50 to $7 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.

Export ewes are worth from $5.25 to $5.75 per cwt.; bucks, $4 to $4.50; yearling lambs, $6 to $7.50 per cwt.

Hogs.

H. P. Kennedy reports prices firm at $7 per cwt. at the Junction and $6.75 to $6.85 and $6.90 at country points, f.o.b., cars.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, April 2.—(Special.)—Liverpool and London cables on Canadian cattle came firmer, with prices slightly higher at 11¼c, while Glasgow advices stated that the prospects for trade were fair. Exports from Portland and St. John, N.B., were 4023 cattle and 658 sheep. Receipts were 1300 cattle, 50 milch cows, 200 calves and 900 hogs. The weather was favorable, and the butchers turned out in full force, and trade was fair, with firm prices for all good cattle. A few extra Easter beeves were sold at 6c per lb.; prime beeves at 5c to 5¾c; the common stock at 2¾c to 3¾c, and large bulls at 3¾c to 5c. Several carloads of extra cattle were sold to go to Quebec, and Mr. Williams of Whitby, Ont., sold a load of extra cattle to the Montreal Meat Packing Company at a little less than 6c per lb. Milch cows sold at $25 to $55 each. An extra calf sold for $15; the other calves sold at $2 to $6 each. A much stronger feeling developed in the market for hogs, and prices advanced 25c per hundred pounds. This was due to the increased demand from packers, the comparatively small offerings and the strong advices from European sources on Canadian bacon. An active trade was done, and the competition between buyers for supplies was keen. Sales of selected lots were made at $7.75 to $7.85, and lower grades at $7.60 to $7.65 per 100 lbs., weighed off cars. Our cables on Saturday reported the markets for Canadian bacon stronger. Liverpool prices showed an advance of 2s to 2s 6d, at 56s to 63s. Bristol, 2s higher, at 55s to 63s, and London was firm.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 5500 head; slow; 15c to 25c lower; prime steers, $5.35 to $5.85; shipping, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers, $4.25 to $5.25; heifers, $3.50 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.65; bulls, $3 to $4.00; stockers and feeders, $3.25 to $4.60; stock heifers, $2.75 to $3.50; fresh cows and springers strong to $2 per head higher, $18 to $52.

Veals—Receipts, 1000 head; active; $5 to $7.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000 head; active and a shade higher; heavy, mixed and yorkers, $6.80 to $6.85; pigs, $6.75; roughs, $5.90 to $6.15; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 18,000 head; active and steady; lambs, $6.25 to $7; yearlings, $6 to $6.50; wethers, $5.75 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75; western lambs, $6.90 to $7.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 2.—Beeves—Receipts, 4515; prime and choice steers 10c higher; others steady; fat bulls firm; others steady; cows steady to strong; steers, $4.90 to $5.75; extra, $6.25; bulls, $3.60 to $4.70; cows, $2 to $4.25; few extra, $4.45. Exports to-morrow, 850 cattle, 1200 sheep and 4300 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 4886; veals 25c lower; all sold at $4 to $8.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 8297; sheep almost nominal; few clipped sheep, $3 to $4.00; lambs slow; medium to prime lambs, $6.50 to $7.15; clipped do., $5.50 to $5.80.

Hogs—Receipts, 12,026; market firm; state and Pennsylvania hogs, $6.90 to $7.10.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 2.—Cattle—Receipts 27,000; 10c lower; common to prime steers, $3.85 to $6.40; cows, $3.40 to $5; heifers, $2.75 to $5.50; bulls, $2.00 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $7; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 33,000; 2½c to 5c lower; choice to prime, heavy, $6.60 to $6.65; medium to good, heavy, $6.45 to $6.55; butchers' weights, $6.45 to $6.55; good to choice, heavy, mixed, $6.40 to $6.50; packing, $5.80 to $6.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 22,000; market strong; sheep, $4.50 to $6.40; yearlings, $5.75 to $6.25; lambs, $4.75 to $6.70.

AUTOMOBILE TALK.

Mr. Sutherland's Bill Discussed in the Legislature—Americans Chief Offenders, Says Premier Whitney.

Toronto, April 3.—But six Oppositionists and 26 Government members were in their seats in the Legislature yesterday. It was an extremely dull session, enlivened only by some talk on the auto, arising out of Mr. Sutherland's bill.

Mr. Ross was informed by Hon. Dr. Reaume that 85 fishery overseers had been dismissed since Feb. 7, 1904, and that 139 new appointments had been made, 15 of these without salary. Two game wardens had been dismissed, and there had been four new appointments, two to replace the men dismissed and one each for Nipissing and Algoma.

Five private bills were advanced through the committee stage.

When Mr. Pratt's bill to regulate proprietary and patent medicines came up for its second reading the Premier said it was out of order for a private member to introduce a bill of that character.

Natural Gas Wells.

Mr. Kohler asked for a second reading for his bill respecting natural gas wells, the object being to prevent damage to property by the boring of wells.

The Premier thought the bill was a decided encouragement to litigation. He did not wish the mover to withdraw his bill, but wanted some change. He could not see the merits of the bill.

Mr. Kohler observed that the sinking of wells very often drains a farmer's well, and in such a case the farmer should be reimbursed.

Then Hon. Mr. Hanna offered the experience of the Petrolea oil field. It was very often the case that a man sinking an oil well drew the oil from his neighbor.

The bill stands over.

Again the Auto.

Motor legislation was again discussed on Mr. Sutherland's bill coming up for its second reading. Mr. Sutherland admitted that the auto had come to stay, and it would not be wise to forbid its use; but the laws of Ontario in this respect were altogether too lax.

Mr. Hoyle voiced the feeling in the country districts against the auto.

It would be impossible to stop the automobile, said Mr. Whitney. But they might improve the law; there were defects, no doubt, to be removed. He opposed the clause which provides that one-half the fines imposed should go to the informer. The effect of that would be strictly immoral. It was also, he thought, be useless to demand the name of the driver of a vehicle. A majority of those breaking the law and causing accidents were Americans, and even if they gave their names they would be out of the country before anything could be done. The Premier also pointed out that it would be wrong to allow municipalities to designate certain roads for the use of autos. He showed how a driver of a motor vehicle who wished to pass into another municipality would be submitted to endless vexation if the law passed.

Hon. Dr. Willoughby said the motorists were driving the horsemen off the good roads to the by-roads. Usually a man who owned an automobile had more money than brains, and would have to be taught a lesson.

Rights of Municipalities.

Mr. Little complained that the Legislature had taken the right to control the highways from the municipalities. He would have automobilists restrained from using the roads after sundown, because of the fright caused to horses by the blinding flashlights. Those who were using autos at the present time were sports, and they were "rushing pell-mell all over the country."

Mr. McNaught upheld the right of the autoist as of any other British subject to use the highways. Because a few cranks hit up a speed of 30 or 40 miles an hour was no reason why the others should be restricted.

Mr. Preston (Brant) feared that if the present restriction were of no use, it would be futile to make any more. He agreed with the Premier that the giving of municipal councils power to prescribe the roads to be used was one of the most objectionable features. He believed that making it compulsory for autoists to give their names after an accident, and the licensing of chauffeurs, were steps in the right direction.

Mr. Reed was against any drastic changes. He thought the present laws might be more thoroughly enforced.

Withdraws One Clause.

Mr. Sutherland consented to withdraw the clause of his bill fixing the amount of fine, and what portion thereof should go to the municipality. He expressed a hope that whatever changes might be made that the municipalities would be given power to regulate the speed and determine what roads should be used.

The bill was sent on to the municipal committee.

TO SLAY ROYAL FAMILY.

Alleged Anarchist Plot Is Discovered Near Seville.

Madrid, April 3.—The Spanish authorities have discovered an Anarchists' plot at Lebrija, 29 miles from Seville, the notorious centre of the Black Hands, to assassinate the royal family during the visit of King Alfonso, the Dowager Queen Christina and the sister of the King, the Infanta Maria Teresa, to Seville during Holy Week. The censorship prevents the sending of details regarding the conspiracy.

Too Aged to Appear In Court.

Toronto, April 3.—In reference to the application of Lady Wilson to reopen the accounts of her late husband's estate, of which the Toronto General Trusts Corporation is executor, she will be questioned at her residence by Judge Winchester. F. E. Hodgins, K.C., counsel for Lady Wilson, suggested this course because of the great age of his client. She is 86 years of age, and a doctor's certificate was produced, stating that it would not be wise for her to appear in court.

Rev. Dr. Geikie Dead.

London, April 3.—Rev. Dr. Cunningham Geikie, who died at Bournemouth on Sunday night, served in Canada 1848 to 1860, received degree of doctor of divinity at Queen's College in 1871; was a brother of W. B. Geikie, M. D., Toronto, and the author of several books.

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In Glass and 5 lb Tins
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G. P. C. PHILLIPS,
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RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.00 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY. APRIL 4, 1906. NO. 277

There's a wealth of comfort in a cup of good tea and
STROUDS
is the place to buy good tea

FIRST DAY FRUITLESS

Anthracite Committees Adjourn Until Thursday.

Tie-Up of the Anthracite Industry Remains as Complete As It Was—Working Agreement Drafted by the Anthracite Strike Commission Not Aceptable to the Miners—Soft Coal Situation Improves.

New York, April 4.—The sub-committees representing the anthracite operators and the mine workers or eastern Pennsylvania held their first joint meeting here yesterday, and after nearly a three-hours' session adourned on Mr. Mitchell's suggestion until 1 p. m. Thursday, without coming to an agreement.

Each side to the controversy has refused to make the slightest concession, and the whole question is apparently as far from solution as it was before yesterday's conference begun. In the meantime the tie-up of the anthracite industry remains as complete as it was.

Not Acceptable.

Mitchell's attitude indicated that the counter proposition made by the operators for a renewal of the working agreement drafted by the anthracite strike commission, was not acceptable to the miners.

Mr. Mitchell, in discussing the situation in the bituminous fields, said he had received many telegrams during the day from the soft coal fields which satisfied him that affairs in those regions are working themselves out as he had anticipated. Thousands of men, he said, returned to work today under the scale of 1903, which gives them an increase of 5.55 cents over the wages received during the last two years."

44,000 On Strike In France.

Lens, France, April 4.—The strikers in the mining districts now number 44,000. Seven arrests have been made on charges of exploding dynamite cartridges and stoning the police and non-strikers. The strikers made a determined demonstration yesterday against the arrests, but the cavalry charged and dispersed them. The coal companies are discontinuing the workmen's trains, and the feeling against the companies is increasing.

Mine Company Is Accused.

Paris, April 4.—In the chamber of deputies yesterday, M. Basly, president of the Miners' Federation, who is deputy for the department of the Pas de Calais, in which the Courrieres mine disaster occurred, declared that the fire which caused the explosion, and which resulted in the loss of over 1,200 lives, originated in a heap of rubbish which had accumulated owing to the company's negligence. The Minister of Public Works announced that the Government would rigoreusly investigate the disaster.

Back to the Cars.

Winnipeg, April 4.—A settlement of the strike is likely to soon be reached. Yesterday, for the first day since the strike, there has been a noticeable patronage of the ca

Will Mine The Silver.

Government Takes Another Forward Step For People.

Premier Whitney on the Gillies' Limit: "We Will Keep It and We Will Develop It and Dispose of It For the Benefit of the People of Ontario" Believed to Be Loaded With Silver Ore —One Sale Announced.

Toronto, April 4.—Just before the Legislature rose at 6 o'clock yesterday, Premier Whitney made two announcements of Government policy with regard to the valuable mineral lands of the north. He said in brief:

The Government proposes to hold the Gillies' timber limit for the benefit of the people of Ontario. This limit adjoins the rich Cobalt region and it is believed that a portion of it is loaded with silver ore.

The Government proposes to ask for tenders for three and a half miles of the right of way of the Temiskaming Railway, in the immediate neighborhood of the silver bearing mines.

Regarding the right of way Mr. Whitney said the Government proposed to invite tenders for the purchase of that portion described on the plans as between 101 and 105, a distance of three miles and a half. This right of way was believed to be rich in silver ore. Some time ago it had been turned over by the Government to the Temiskaming Railway Commission.

Three Conditions.

In a short time tenders would be advertised for and the mineral rights of this mileage sold to the highest bidder, on three conditions being complied with, namely:

1. A rental of $500 a year for the use of any land outside the 99 feet of right of way, the land to be used for buildings only.
2. The payment of $50,000 in cash to the Government, as a bonus.
3. A percentage to be paid to the Government, as follows: Ten per cent. of the ore to the value of $100 a ton or less: 25 per cent. of the value of $1,000 or less; 50 per cent. of the value of $1,000 or over.

These would be the conditions, observed Mr. Whitney, and the successful bidder would have to give at least $50,000 for the privilege. The Government did not say the bonus would be no more than that amount; but it would not be less.

For the Public Good.

Regarding the Gillies' limit, Mr. Whitney said he understood that the property consisted of valuable ore-producing land. It was well known that the limit had been withdrawn from sale and that the owners of the timber had disposed of the timber. There had been a great deal of curiosity as to whether the Government would dispose of the minerals on this property in the usual way; and he desired to say that the Government, after much consideration, had come to the conclusion not to dispose of it.

"It being our property," said Mr. Whitney, "we will keep it and we will develop it and dispose of it for the benefit of the people of Ontario."

The Gillies' timber limit consists of about 100 square miles. It is in the form of a triangle and the apex runs into the organized Township of Coleman, to within a half mile of the Town of Cobalt. The mineralized portion of the limit consists of about three square miles.

The output of the 17 working mines in the Cobalt district last year was as follows:

Silver, 2,441,421 ounces, of the value of $1,355,306.

Cobalt, 118 tons, of the value of $100,000.

In addition to arsenic and nickle.

Will Encourage Smelters.

The announcement of policy by Premier Whitney was received with loud applause from the Government supporters, in which Mr. Smith, Liberal member for the Soo, joined. It is believed that this forward step will lead to the establishment of Government smelters in New Ontario. This has been advocated for some years by Mr. Gamey. At present most of the ore from Cobalt goes to New Jersey, but the Copper Cliff Mining Co. has installed a smelter and is getting a portion of this business.

Routine in the House.

A lively discussion on Mr. Hanna's liquor license bill, especially with reference to the dismissal of Toronto officials, took place.

Hon. Dr. Reaume introduced a bill respecting colonization roads, which provides that no grants shall be made towards constructing or improving roads by the province except under this act and by the act for the improvement of public highways.

Mr. Lennox brought in an amended auto regulating bill.

Major Craig introduced a bill for the inspection of school children's teeth.

Hon. Dr. Reaume's bill for the improvement of public highways was read a second time, as was Hon. Mr. Cochrane's Volunteer Veterans' Land Grants Act.

Hon. Adam Beck introduced a bill entitled "An Act Respecting Local Municipal Telephones," which provides that municipal councils may organize a telephone system if a group of citizens petition for such service.

Sleeper Burns to Death.

Wallaceburg, April 4.—At an early hour yesterday morning fire was discovered in a house on Wallace street occupied by Robert Maclean. Thos. Coulter, who was sleeping in one of the upper rooms was burned to death. Coulter, who was drunk Monday evening was helped to his room. The people sleeping below were awakened by fire falling from the ceiling on their bed. The fire then had gained so much headway there was no possibility of getting Coulter out. An inquest will be held.

Earl Is in Washington.

New York, April 4.—Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada, left New York for Washington yesterday afternoon, and will remain at the capital several days.

President Roosevelt gave a dinner at the White House last night in honor of the Governor-General of Canada and Countess Grey and their party.

Took Acid For Medicine.

Toronto, April 4.—In mistake for a bottle of medicine William J. Ferguson, a laborer, 79 Ontario street, took a dose from a bottle of carbolic acid early yesterday morning. He died within a few minutes after taking the dose. Mr. Ferguson was 54 years of age. He leaves a widow and eight children.

Murder Will Out.

Snowflake, Man., April 4.—The body of Vincent Weller of Mount Carmel, N. D., missing since last November, was discovered Monday evening in a wild and secluded spot in the bush in the Pembina Valley, about four miles east of Snowflake. Weller, when last seen, was in company of M. Doyle of North Dakota. When Doyle returned to town a few hours later alone he was very much excited. He was arrested on suspicion, but later released on bail. Weller was evidently murdered, as a bullet hole was found in the back of the head, and his throat was cut.

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Easter Millinery

The most beautiful millinery ever displayed in the city—Such has been the opinion expressed by many ladies who have inspected our display.

In our showing are embodied all the newest ideas of Paris, London and New York—our buyers having but shortly arrived from these World Fashion Centres.

Many most beautiful hats have been picked up and as a result there is almost a complete change from our opening showing.

If you saw nothing then that was "just right" you may find something now.

Those who desire new headwear for Easter should make immediate selection to ensure best attention and prompt delivery.

The Carpet Department

A trip to our Carpet Department which occupies our entire 3rd floor will be sure to please and interest you. Beautiful Carpets and Rugs, Handsome Curtains and Draperies, etc., brought together from the world's foremost makers in the old country and Canada.

Our spring stock is now complete and we invite you to pay this department a visit whether you are desirous of buying or not.

Axminster Carpets, Wilton Rugs, Tapestry Carpets, Brussels Carpets, Chenille Curtains, Draperies, Nottingham Curtains, Fine Marie Antionette Curtains, Arabian (Hand made) Curtains, etc.

Spring Clothing

A visit to our clothing department is enough to convince you that spring is here.

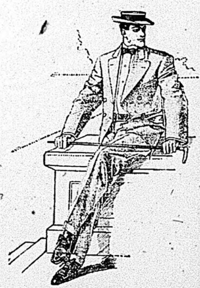
There are a few items to be considered before purchasing your spring garments—***The Style, Finish, Fit and Price.***

Every man knows when he tries a suit on whether it fits or not, but the main point is—will it keep that ***Perfect Fit.***

Our garments are cut perfect, not pressed into shape, and always retain their first form until worn out.

The Finish is superior in every detail, both in the linings, trimmings and in every detail.

The Style—Our garments are manufactured in Canada by expert tailors from the very latest American models and are sure to meet with your approval.



We guarantee our prices to be as low or lower than the same values can be had elsewhere. Money always cheerfully refunded on garments not entirely satisfactory.

Men's Spring Hats

All the leading makes and styles are now awaiting inspection. Everything that fashion dictates will be found here—

Christie's, Mallory, Wakefield, Stetson, Henry Carter, Grenville, etc

Prices Range from $2 to $4.50

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

Spring Jackets

Our showing of new Spring Jackets comprise the very newest styles to be seen this season in Whipcords, Coverts and Tweeds--Tight and Loose Fitting Effects.

French Delaines

We are showing an exceptionally nice range of Real French Delaines in Pretty Soft shades at

40c and 45c yd

White Linens

The coming season promises to eclipse all past summer seasons in the wearing of White Linen Blouse Suits.

We are showing several very special lines of Blouse Linens ranging in price from

40c to 60c yd

These goods are specially woven for Dress Wear and are not Embroidery Linens.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Easter Goods

Our display of Easter novelties is very fine this year—many new lines of which are sure to please.

Special line of Confectionery for the Easter trade. Watch for special announcement for next week.

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

The New Store.

PART OF OUR POLICY

is to get together the best goods and surround their selling with every courtesy. So long as something better is possible we invariably go after it, and our new showing of

"MINERVA"

Whitewear and Dress Skirts tells better than anything that we mean business. Every garment is labelled with the registered trademark, which is the maker's guarantee as to quality and protect you against any possible risk.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Wims & Co
TERMS CASH.

OVER

The Lake Shore Railway

From Buffalo

There are three great points of service that have here reached their highest development. These are

SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY

Nothing that skill or money can provide that tends to greater comfort, convenience or safety is lacking. The famous Lake Shore roadbed eliminates all jolts and jars and there is a notable absence of all dust, dirt and unnecessary noise.

Shortest route to and from

PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS

Direct connection for all east, west and southern points. For full particulars regarding stop-over privileges, routes and service, address

J. W. DALY, Chief Ass't G. P. A.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

A. J. SMITH, Gen'l Pass'gr Agt.
CLEVELAND, O.

W. J. LYNCH, Passenger Traffic Manager, CHICAGO.

Daily Intelligencer.

The Proposed New Patent Medicine Act.

There is now before the Ontario Legislature a bill introduced by Mr. Pratt, M. P. P., entitled "An Act Regulating the Manufacture and Sale of Proprietary and Patent Medicines."

While it might be well to eliminate some patent medicines and nostrums from the market and stop effectually the scattering of free samples promiscuously on residential door steps the bill, if passed would be a great hardship to legitimate manufacturers who have really good proprietary medicines now on sale throughout the province. The first clause in the bill makes it necessary to publish the formula of any proprietary medicine on the outside wrapper of the package. This cannot be called regulation. It looks like something akin to confiscation. Many formulas are the chief assets of the manufacturers. If they are forced to disclose them to the public they no longer can be their exclusive property, and what would become everybody's property no longer possesses a value. But, more than this, if they gave their formula to the people of Ontario, it would mean giving it to the whole world. The bill, if passed, as it stands would simply mean the driving of proprietary medicine men out of the province, as they could not be expected to sacrifice themselves for the sake of the Ontario trade. We opine that there is no demand on the part of the public for legislation of this drastic and unfair kind. It, no doubt, is the fad of a few, possibly backed by a section of the medical fraternity.

Crown Lands—How They Are Managed.

Dr. Roche, one of the Manitoba representatives, in a speech delivered a few days ago in the House of Commons, laid bare the manner in which the Crown Lands in Manitoba and the Northwest are managed in the interests of speculators.

He called special attention to the manipulations through the Interior Department, presided over by Clifford Sifton of the Saskatchewan Land Company. This favored corporation was taken in hand by Mr. Sifton, and Mr. Oliver, the successor of this politician, has continued the consideration. For $1 PER ACRE the company was placed in possession of a QUARTER of a MILLION ACRES of PUBLIC LAND. This land has since been on the market at from $8 to $10 PER ACRE. Thus for an outlay of $250,000, which sum was not paid TO THE GOVERNMENT UNTIL THE LAND WAS SOLD, the company draws in at least $2,000,000. Giving it a profit of $1,750,000, out of which expenses have to be paid. It is pleaded by the Government that the company has to place settlers upon the land. The pretence is made that this is a startling condition, mitigating the financial terms. It appears, however, that it is the Government that does the immigration work, through its agents in different parts of the world. In other words, the country bears the expense involved in the carrying out of the contract. Further, the requirement that settlers be placed upon the land is simply a stipulation that the company shall do what it is in its interests to do, namely, sell the land at a profit as speedily as possible.

This transaction is a sample of the Sifton-Oliver deals.

Men go into the game poor and come out rich.

Who could not make a fortune, if he were given a block of 250,000 acres of Northwest land, to be paid for as sold, and enjoy the difference between $1 an acre and $8 and $10 an acre, as the case may be?

How many more deals of this nature have been put through the Interior Department is a question that should be enquired into. The names of the politicians who have waxed rich in the operations should also be brought into the light.

Then the people will learn how some men went into the Ministry poor and leave it after a few years' service RICH.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

"THE OLD SCRATCH."

How The Evil One Came to be Popularly Known as "The Old Scratch."

One of the many familiar names of his satanic majesty is "The Old Scratch." It is undoubtedly due to the fact that scratching is so disagreeable that people thought it no worse than the evil one. A scalp full of dandruff keeps one scratching all the time, not only disagreeable but considered very inelegant in polite society — as it should be — because one ought to keep the scalp so clean that it would not itch. To cure the scalp of dandruff effectively, use Newbro's Herpicide. It kills the germ that creates the dandruff, which is preliminary to falling hair, and, finally, baldness. No other hair preparation kills the dandruff germ. Herpicide also is a very delightful and effective hair dressing.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Ald. Panter's remarks re the Dog by-law in Council last night were sensible and to the point. The old by-law was all right if it were enforced, and by the same token no by-law will be any good unless it is enforced. The increased tax has done nothing but work injustice and make a lot of people very angry. It should be repealed. People who have paid the increased tax (and they are very few) could have the difference returned to them. It is to be hoped the Chairman of Public Works will keep up his agitation till the injustice done has been repaired.

• • •

"Front St." writes: "I don't think the Council need take the trouble to reconsider their action of Monday night in regard to salaries. The officials are getting all they earn. I am told that one of the city officials received $450 from the Phillips lot case settlement. How about that?"

• • •

The Intelligencer is not in a position to answer that question. Perhaps someone who knows will kindly rise and oblige "Front St." by answering his question.

• • •

Twenty-three and a half is the rate. Same as last year. Pay your taxes early and save the discount.

• • •

April will surely get a medal if she keeps on furnishing as with weather like this.

• • •

The coal strike has reached Belleville. The man on the next block struck this morning, and says he won't carry any more coal in this spring.

• • •

"What are ye lookin' so downhearted about?" said Mr. Hennessy. "Me!" said Mr. Dooley. "Me! Sure. I'm only givin' an imitation of a city official that didn't get his salary boosted."

• • •

There is now a machine which makes from four million to five million cigarettes a month. And still there are young fellows on Front St. who try to keep even with the output!

• • •

Creditor nations may now understand why Turkey is unable to pay its debts. The Sultan has placed an order in Paris for seven hundred gowns for his wives.

• • •

A Cleveland woman recently got married to her second husband on the day of his predecessor's funeral. She must have been determined to be the central figure on a gala occasion for once in her life.

• • •

Andrew Carnegie is still pounding away at spelling reform. If he cannot die poor he would like to be known to posterity as the man who made the English language phonetic.

• • •

There are only fifty-four miles of railroad in Persia. But then, they don't really need any more. The Shah knows a whole lot of other ways for killing off his people.

• • •

A tramp discovered a broken rail on a railroad in Pennsylvania and flagged a passenger train. The explanation, of course, is that he did not want the road blocked by a wreck so that the freight trains on which he travelled would be delayed.

• • •

Count Henri de la Vaulx, "balloonist, writer and explorer," says that America is the great balloon land, as there is plenty of room up above. Certainly. There isn't a thoughtful father in the country who hasn't told his son that there is room at the top.

• • •

The story having got out the kitchen window that a North Dakota belle kneads bread with gloves on, an ungallant blizzardy sort of editor remarks: "The editor of this paper needs bread with his shoes on; he needs bread with his shirt on; he needs bread with his pants on; and unless some delinquent subscribers of this 'old flag of freedam' pay up before long he will need bread without a damned thing on. And North Dakota is no Garden of Eden in winter time."—Louisville Herald.

• • •

A table in the last report of the Department of the Interior shows that the lands of the West sold by the Government were paid for with $4,215,649 cash and $3,667,670 scrip. There is no record to show how much of the scrip was turned in by the recipients for land which they intended to occupy. There is reason for thinking it was a small proportion thinking it was a small proportion indeed. The Northwest scrip issues benefitted first and chiefly the Northwest grafter, who gets advanced information.

• • •

The Montreal Gazette has the following sensible remarks on the question of Labor and Capital: "Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has promised his support to the Labor members' trades disputes bill, in order, as he put it, "to place the rival powers of capital and labor on an equality, so that in the event of a fight it should be a fair one." Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman is evidently no deeper a thinker than is the directing mind of the Laurier Government's labor bureau. The public man who creates or spreads the idea that capital and labor are rival powers which must always be looking forward to a strike is as bad a mischief maker as cheap politics can produce. The employer's enterprise is as necessary to the worker's profit as the worker is to the employer's; and the recognition of this and not cheap chatter about the rivalry and war of labor and capital is what is needed to check the evils of the day in the labor world."

• • •

The magnitude of the Ogilvie Milling Company's business will be understood when it is known that they have six mills, including a corn products mill and an oatmeal mill, with a daily capacity of 15,800 barrels, or about 4,740,000 barrels in the year. There are seven mammoth elevators at terminal points, with a capacity of 2,300,000 barrels, and 95 throughout Manitoba and the Northwest, with a capacity of 4,035,000 barrels, giving a total storage capacity of 5,335,000 barrels. The Ogilvie Company is the largest of a number of large milling companies in Canada.

• • •

Extreme Radicalism is the same the world over. In Conservative Old England, the new Liberal Government is giving an illustration of profession vs. practice. The announcement of two retreats in a single day, is evidence of the impossibility of carrying out reckless promises made to the electors. The Natal question and the Labor bill, may fairly be taken as an indication that the Ministry will not last long when it runs into a really troublesome question.

We Have Everything...

Needed for the little jobs of painting you intend doing.

See our color cards and learn our low prices.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

At Sign of the Scales.

CONVICTED OF ASSAULT.

John Wilson, the Englishman who was charged with assaulting Ethel Blackwell, a woman with whom he had been living for some 11 years, was convicted and sentenced to the Central Prison for 6 months.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Marriages.

EVANS—GOLDSMITH. — At Maplehurst, Belleville, on April 4th, 1906, at 2.30 p.m., by Rev. George Brown, Helen Mary, eldest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Goldsmith, to Norman Gundry Evans, of Toronto.

Deaths.

GREATRIX.—In Belleville, on April 3, 1906, Herbert Greatrix, aged 23 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his father, Robert Greatrix, Canifton Road, to-morrow (Thursday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. Service at the house at 1.30. Interment in Reid's cemetery.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

The Bell Piano

Exclusively used by
PROF. E. E. FARRINGER
Teacher of Piano and Violin
Toronto

"When purchasing a piano for exclusive use in my studio my choice was a "Bell" with the illimitable quick repeating action. I am very much pleased with it, the tone is beautiful and the most delicate child can use the piano for hours at a time without fatigue."

E. E. Farringer

Write us for Free Booklet "B" containing photos of leading musical celebrities.

The Bell Piano & Organ Co., Limited, Guelph, Ont.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"VIRGINIUS" TO-NIGHT.

Pages have been written in eulogy of the masterly impersonation of "Virginius" as given by that sterling actor, Louis James, who is scheduled to present that masterpiece at the Carman to-night, and volumes have been printed in commendation of the literary and dramatic beauties embodied in this truly great drama. Since 1820 "Virginius" has been played by every heroic actor of note, and notwithstanding the harsh treatment it has evidently received at many of their hands, yet its construction is so perfect, its theme so human and its motive so ennobling that to-day it is the most popular Roman tragedy presented to the public.

THE GREATEST REPERTOIRE.

It would be hard to find a week stand company presenting a line of plays equal to those given by Marks Bros.' Dramatic Company, which will appear at the Carman opera house for six nights and two matinees, commencing Monday evening. Some of the similar attractions have one or two bills which are featured, but Mr. Marks believes that every performance should be equally powerful and that each and every one should be a decided drawing power in itself. It is not the aim of the management to open with one particularly attractive play and then follow up a good impression with a series of unpalatable presentations. The opening bill Monday evening will be the great comedy drama, "The Banker's Wife."

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorised to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HOUSEHOLD HELPS...

Sapolio, Bon Ami, Monkey Soap, Bathbricks, Knife Polish, Silver Polish, Borax, Ammonia, Chloride Lime, Stove Polishs, Blueing, Whiting, Washing Soda, Lye, Soap Powders, Laundry Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Toilet Paper, Wax Tapers, Candles, Clothes-lines, Mop Sticks, Ceiling Brooms, Washboards, Scrub Brushes, Boot Brushes, Shoe Polish, Tubs, Pails, etc., etc.

STARCHES—

Silver Gloss Starch, Satin Starch, Rice Starch, Celluloid Starch, Bee Starch, Ivorine Starch, etc.

☞ Invisible starch for mourning goods or colored prints.

BEST QUALITIES. LOWEST PRICES

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

At Wallbridge & Clarke's.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Fresh westerly winds, mostly fair, and a few light scattered storms. Thursday, fair and a little colder.

RIPE.....
BANANAS

FRESH SWEET
WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Eyes

We offer to examine your eyes, and you may consult us with the full assurance of getting absolutely the best advice and service Science has at her command. Our Optician has devoted years to the study and practice of optics; and with college knowledge, personal study and experience he is prepared to cope with ANY case where glasses are the remedy.

Our many customers and leading physicians don't hesitate to recommend him in unqualified terms.

His examination is a thorough one.

• • •

Angus McFee
Phone 128.
The Store With the Big Clock

FRANKFORD.

Miss Gladys Nelson and Miss Florence Fox, of Albert College, have been guests of Miss Spencer and Miss Huffman.

Miss Annie Nelson, student in Belleville, spent Sunday at the home of her uncle, Mr. F. Spencer.

Miss Foster, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is nnow convalescent.

Miss Murney left on Monday to spend some time in St. Catharines.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to or-

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
AND THE
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

SUNLIGHT SOAP

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

is equally good with hard or soft water.

If you use Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions) you need not boil nor rub your clothes, and yet you will get better results than with boiling and hard rubbing in the old-fashioned way.

As Sunlight Soap contains no injurious chemicals and is perfectly pure, the most delicate fabrics and dainty silks and laces may be washed without the slightest injury.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

5c. Buy it and follow directions 5c.

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year; Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Good reliable lady to take orders for our tailor-made costumes and skirts. Write quickly. Dominion Garment Co., Guelph, Ont. a2-3

Agents Wanted. No experience necessary. We teach you how to build up a route or regular customers quickly. Better than a bank account. Write quick. Alfred Tyler, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 411. a3-2wd

LOST.

On Church street a gold chain bracelet fastened with a Masonic pin. Finder will please leave at this office. Valued as a keep sake. 3-2t

TENDERS WANTED.

Tenders will be received up to April 10th, by the Belleville Portland Cement Co., Limited, for the erection of a number of workman's houses at Point Ann.

Blue prints and specifications will be furnished upon application or can be seen or procured at office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. — BELLEVILLE PORTLAND CEMENT CO., Ltd., Belleville. mc29-6td&1w

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Single Fare For Easter

Going April 12, 13, 14, 15 & 16th, returning until April 17th

Between all stations in Canada, also to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, N.Y., Detroit and Port Huron, Mich. Reduced fares also in effect to St. Paul and Duluth, Minn.

For tickets and full information call on

H. C. THOMPSON, Town Agent.
F. H. COPPIN, Depot Agent.

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

BOARD OF TRADE ELECTS OFFICERS.

INTERESTING SESSION AND GOOD ATTENDANCE AT LAST NIGHT'S MEETING — MR. R. J. GRAHAM THE NEW PRESIDENT.

A meeting of the Board of Trade for the election of officers and general business was held last evening.

Those in attendance were Messrs. C. M Stork, President; J. H. Reeves, W. N. Ponton, R. J. Graham, H. C. Hunt, W. J. McCamon, P. Wims, W. B. Deacon, J. W. Johnson, C. J Bowell, T. J. Blackburn, H. Carre, F. M. Clarke, D. R. Leavens, S. C. Clapp, S. S Lazier, W. Alford, J. P. Thomas, A. McGie, J. W. London.

Some communications were read but no definite action were taken with the majority. The Secretary was authorized to answer one in reference to what canned goods were being put up in this city.

Messrs. W. E. Schuster, C. W. Stroud and B. Hudson were proposed and elected as members of the Board.

Mr. T. Blackburn, Treasurer of the Board, reported that during the year the receipts were $134.10, and the disbursements $45.61, leaving a balance of $88.49 on hand.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The election of officers resulted as follows;

President—Mr. R. J. Graham.
Vice-President—Col. W. N. Ponton.
Hon. President—Mr. J. P. Thomas.
Secretary—Mr. W. J. McCamon.
Asst. Secretary—Mr. F. S. Deacon.
Treasurer—Mr. T. J. Blackburn.
Auditor—Mr. Walter Alford.
Councillors — Messrs. J. W. Johnson, C. J. Bowell, A. McGie, A. E. Lewis, C. S. Clapp, R. Templeton, S. S. Lazier, W. B. Deacon, H. C. Hunt, P. Wims, and C. B. Scantlebury.

THE BOARD MEETINGS.

Mr. Hunt moved, seconded by Mr. D. R. Leavens, that the meetings of the Board be changed, and, instead of being held monthly, be held quarterly, namely, on the 1st Tuesdays in February, May, August and November.

Mr. Alford moved in amendment, seconded by Col. Ponton, that the meetings be held monthy and upon the second Tuesdays of each month.

After some discussion it was finally decided to meet monthly, the night of meeting to be the second Thursday of the month.

A large number of resolutions, which will be presented by the Board's delegates to the meeting of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, to be held in London, Eng., in July next, were read.

Mr. McCamon spoke in support of having these resolutions sent to the Chamber of Commerce as proper subjects of discussion. He introduced a motion to that effect, which was unanimously carried.

WANTS LOCAL MATTERS DISCUSSED.

Mr. W. B. Deacon said he would like to see some matters of local interest discussed by the Board. One matter in particular was in reference to the post office service. A conference with the postmaster might improve the service.

Mr. J. W. Johnson stated that some months ago he had brought this same subject up in the Board.

At this stage of the proceedings Mr Stork vacated the chair and Mr. Graham, President-elect, succeeded him.

The newly-elected President thanked the members for the honor conferred upon him. Belleville, he was certain, would be heard of at the meeting of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire. At the next meeting of the Board the matter of insurance might be taken up. This was a subject in which all were interested. He referred to the need of having a fire alarm system established in the city which would mean 5 per cent. less to be paid for insurance if this were done. At the very least it would mean a saving of $1,750 yearly in insurance. The cost would not be very great and much benefit to all citizens would result.

On motion the Board adjourned.

FOXBORO.

The funeral of the late Mr. Benj. Reid was largely attended on Friday last. The services were conducted at the house by Rev. Mr. Smith, after which the remains were taken to Foxboro cemetery for interment.

Many from our village attended the funeral of the late Mrs. W. Barnum in Belleville on Friday last. The deceased lady was formerly a resident of our village. The many friends of both families extend their sympathy to the mourning ones.

We are glad to be able to report that Mrs. Smith, wife of Rev. Mr. Smith, who has been very ill for some time, is now better.

Mrs. Reddick, of Wallbridge, is visiting at the home of Mrs. Gibbs in our village.

Mr. A. Andress, of Fraserville, has been spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in this locality.

Mr. H. Simmons and Jas. Scott have just loaded their car for the west. They go to the Battleford section. We wish them every success.

The cheese factory is about to begin work. The prospects are good for high prices this season.

One of the grandest events of the season took place at the Presbyterian church here on Wednesday evening last, it being the marriage of Miss Annie Lenore, only daughter of Mr. A. Demorest, to Mr. John Longwill, of Sidney. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Smith, of Foxboro, after which the guests, about 150 in number, repaired to the dining-hall and partook of a very sumptuous repast. The bride was the recipient of many very valuable presents, which show the high esteem in which the young couple are held. Mr. and Mrs. Longwill left on the midnight train to visit Detroit and other western points. On their return they will take up their residence in Sidney. We join with many friends in wishing them a long and happy wedded life.

TO PIANO PURCHASERS.

An invitation is extended to all to see two beautiful "Nordheimer" pianos now on view at T. P. Brown's store, Front St. Mr. Addison A. Pegg, the Nordheimer Co.'s travelling representative, is in the city and would be pleased to meet any intending purchaser. Terms can be arranged to suit, and liberal allowance made for old instruments taken in exchange. 3-2t

MARCH REPORT S. S. NO. 23, SIDNEY.

V.—Percy Williams, Jennie Rikley.

IV.—Pearl Reid, Neta Read, Ina Jones, Clarence Vermilyea, Everett Smith, Bessie Rikley, Maud Phillips.

Senior III. — Guy Johnson, Lillie Knight, Rose Sharpe, Everett Cummings, Carl Read.

Jr. III.—George Knight, Annie Whiting, Ewart Jones, Willie Cummings, Vera Johnson, Henry Smith.

Sr. II.—Norma Lloyd, Blanche Johnson, Daisy Pope, Grant Knight.

Jr. II.—Myrtle Johnson, Frank Jeffery, Olive Smith, Keitha Lloyd.

Pt. II.—Beatrice Whiting, Alton Smith, Clarence Knight, Sherman Jones, Wesley Reid.

Pt. I.—Laura Knight, Ernest Whiting, Floyd Johnson, Edith Reid.

F. Snider, teacher.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

SPOTLESS SERVICE.

Service over the Lake Shore Railway may well be called spotless service. Throughout this entire system there is a noteworthy lack of dust and dirt. Sparkling linen and white-clad waiters greet the traveller in the dining cars, and this "spick and span" appearance extends throughout the train. One steps down at a journey's end over the Lake Shore as clean as when he boarded the train. Cleanliness is but one feature that has made The Lake Shore the most popular road in America. Others are its luxurious coaches, absolute safety, highest speed and punctuality. Tell the agent to have your ticket read "Via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway," and write for information concerning rates and routes to J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

YOUR GAS BILL REDUCED

When you use Clark's Canned Meats. All good to eat, tender, tasty and pure. They cost only a trifle more than fresh meat.

Council Passed The Estimates.

Rate This Year is 23 1-2 Mills--Fire and Public Works Appropriation Raised to Proper Figures --Salary Question Bobbed Up Again, But Was Sidestepped--A Bunch of By-laws Passed.

The adjourned meeting of the City Council was held last night. Those present were Ald. Panter, McCrodan, Gordon, Green, Marsh, Paterson, Sinclair, Vermilyea.

Ald. Gordon was moved to the chair as acting Mayor. He gracefully donned the gold chain.

Council went into committee of the whole on estimates, etc., Ald. Panter in the chair.

The following accounts were passed, subject to checking:

C. B. Foster	$ 36.29
Trenton Electric Co.	345.38
F. Dumesnil	1,50

A communication from the W.C.A. was referred to the Executive Committee. It stated that, after September next, no more patients suffering with infectious diseases would be admitted to the Hospital. This was owing to the fact that the Government had decided to withdraw its grant in case infectious diseases were admitted.

It was resolved to pay the Auditors the balance of salary due them—$25.

THE SALARY QUESTION.

Ald. Marsh asked if the salary question was to be reconsidered; if so he would like to see the matter brought up before the estimates were introduced.

Ald. Green did not think any such action should be taken at such a slimly attended meeting of the Council.

Ald. Sinclair concurred in Ald. Green's remarks.

Ald. Marsh agreed with the previous speakers. He then introduced

THE ESTIMATES.

He said he had gone into the matter carefully, and the Council need not send the estimates back to him for further revision. He had taken much trouble with them today, to the detriment of his own business. He was sorry that Ald. Cooper, Chairman of the Fire Committee, was not present, as he would be able to see that certain remarks he made last night were slightly erroneous. Ald. Marsh then read his estimates, as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Rents—		
Market	$ 180.00	
City Hall	100.00	
Harbor Com'ers, 2 years	6.00	
C. C. Leavens, 2 years	100.00	
C. P. Holton	60.00	
The Schuster Co.	50.00	
		$496.00
Licenses—		
Auctioneers	60.00	
Billiards	175.00	
Butchers	135.00	
Carters	250.00	
Hawkers and pedlars	100.00	
Liveries and hacks	210.00	
Taverns	3700.00	
Dogs	800.00	
Milk	65.00	
Tobacco	190.00	
Junk shops	70.00	
		$5755.00
Sundries—		
Fines and fees	$ 500.00	
Registry office	50.00	
Market	1800.00	
Bell Telephone Co.	300.00	
		$2650.00
		$8901.90

EXPENDITURES.

Uncontrollable—		
Coupon Interest on Consolidated, General, Local Improvement and Gas Debentures	34917.75	
Sinking Fund, for all debentures	15780.41	
Interest on current loan	750.00	
Administration of Justice	3200.00	
Police Commissioners and Magistrate	4000.00	
Waterworks hydrant rental	7100.00	
		$65746.16
Controllable—		
Public Works	$ 7000.00	
Fire	5500.00	
Light	4250.00	
Market	950.00	
Parks	750.00	
Indigent and Home for Friendless	1500.00	
Hospital	1000.00	
Contingent	2000.00	
Printing and stationery	800.00	
Accident Insurance	1000.00	
Fire insurance	150.00	
Salaries	4220.00	
Board of Health	300.00	
Public Library	1000.00	
Band concerts	200.00	
Public Library Site	700.00	
		$31320.00
High School	5064.00	
Public Schools	11412.00	
Separate Schools	1911.70	
		$189.27.70
Remissions from and returned against 1906 rolls	4040.66	
		$120036.52

SUMMARY.

Receipts—		
Rents, licenses and sundries	$ 8901.00	
Interest on balance Rolling Mills bonus	900.00	
Waterworks, interest on debentures	7680.00	
Waterworks, for sinking Fund	3423.36	
Gas Works, interest on debentures	4534.10	
Gas works, for Sinking Fund	558.22	
Gas works, for revenue	1000.00	
		$26816.70
Rates—		
High School, $3,947,170 at 1.4 mills	$ 5526.04	
Public Schools, $3,593,152 at 3.2 mills	11498.09	
Separate Schools, $354,018 at 5.4 mills	1911.70	
Municipal, $3,930,370, at 18.9 mills	74283.99	
		$93219.82
		$120,036.52

SUMMARY OF RATES.

High School	1.4 mills
Public School	3.2 mills
Municipal	18.9 mills
	23.5 mills
	Or 23 1-2 mills

Speaking of the Gas Committee, Ald. Marsh said it showed, last year, a clear profit over everything of about $1700. He had estimated a revenue of $1000 from the gas works next year, which he thought was a safe estimate. The collection of gas accounts, he might say, was not what it should be. However, if the gas works continued to make as favorable a showing as was expected, they might, in time, look for a reduction in the price of gas.

Ald. Sinclair was glad that Ald. Marsh had formed so favroable an opinion of the gas works. For some years he (Ald. Sinclair) had stood in rather an isolated position in the Council in regard to the usefulness of the gas works. Ald. Sinclair then went on to paint a glowing picture of the possibilities of gas in this city. The city, he felt, needed larger mains and a more extended service.

Ald. Marsh moved that the estimates, as presented, be adopted.

Some questions were asked re the proposed heating apparatus in the city building.

Ald. Marsh said it might be possible to instal such a system this year.

Ald. Panter thought the estimates should be adopted, and the Council's thanks be extended to the Chairman of the Executive.

Ald. Marsh's motion was carried. The report of the committee of the whole was adopted.

ENQUIRIES.

Ald. Marsh asked what the present salaries of the Solicitor and Clerk and Treasurer were.

Ald. Panter said $1000 and $900 respectively, but they were drawing $100 extra each.

Ald. Marsh said it would be well, he thought, to make it a case of straight salary.

The Council thought so, too.

Ald. Panter asked if section 4 of the Dog by-law had ever been enforced. The section provides that any dog or bitch running at large without a collar and tag on might be destroyed by the police.

The consensus of opinion was that it had never been enforced, but should be.

Ald. Green said he had heard that the Police Magistrate had expressed the opinion that there was no authority for the destruction of dogs.

Chorus of Aldermen: "See the Chief of Police."

INTRODUCTION OF BY-LAWS.

The Chairman of the Executive introduced a bunch of by-laws, as follows,

A by-law providing for the collection of taxes for High School purposes.

A by-law to provide for the collection of taxes for Separate School purposes.

A by-law to provide for the collection of taxes for Public School purposes.

A by-law to provide for the collection of municipal taxes.

A by-law to appoint a tax collector. F. Davey Diamond, the present incumbent, was again appointed, at 1 per cent. commission, said commission payable monthly, in full.

A by-law relating to the collection of taxes.

Eleven local improvement by-laws were also introduced and passed.

The by-laws were numbered from 1262 to 1278 respectively.

MOTIONS.

Ald. Panter said he had given notice of motion for the repeal of all amendments to the Dog by-law. He intended to press it now. The increased tax, he thought, had done nothing to abate the dog nuisance. If the old by-law were properly enforced there would be no dog nuisance. He moved that the Clerk be instructed to prepare a by-law repealing the recent amendment raising the tax.

Ald. Marsh said it would interfere with the revenue of this year to the extent of about $200. He thought the increased tax might be tried for this year.

Ald. Panter said he had been told by a party who was in a position to know that the city would get less revenue from the new tax than the old. Already the city had had to dispose of two dead dogs.

The matter was referred to Committee.

AT THE FIRST SIGN OF "SPRING FEVER" you should take ABBEY'S SALT.

It is the only spring tonic used in thousands of homes to purify and enrich the blood—relieve that feeling of languor—and revitalize brain and body. Highly recommended by the medical profession. 25c and 60c.

A morning glass puts the whole system in trim for the day.

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

Undoubtedly

Without doubt we buy **WALLPAPERS 25 per cent.** lower in price than any other Wallpaper concern in Eastern Ontario.

We buy for our wholesale trade as well as for our extensive retail trade

a business larger than any other of its kind in Ontario—thus securing the largest discounts known in the Wallpaper trade.

We have held the agencies of the largest and best Wallpaper factories both in United States and Canada for the past eighteen years.

The above goes to assist us in offering our customers better values than can be found elsewhere.

WE DO NOT CARRY ANY OLD STOCK and to this end we continue to sell—

Balance of our 1905 Wallpapers at a Discount of 25 per cent.

Besides this we will offer during this week **5000 rolls of 1906 Wallpapers** at the following special prices:—

15c Papers for 10c
10c Papers for 6c
8c Papers for 5c
5c Papers for 3c

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.

Colonial London Dry Gin

A Strictly Pure and Wholesome Spirit.

KEEP THE CAPSULES AND GET A VALUABLE PREMIUM.

BOIVIN, WILSON & CO., Montreal.

Ontario Liquor License ACT.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the License Commissioners for the License District of West Hastings at the Inspector's Office, No. 221 George Street, Belleville, on Wednesday, the 18th day of April, 1906, at the hour of 2 p.m., to consider applications for Liquor Licenses for the coming license year commencing on the first day of May, 1906, and granting same where they consider necessary.

The total number of licenses granted for the current year was as follows: City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns, 4.

Total number of applications for the coming year: City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops, 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns 5.

The following is the new applicant: In the Township of Sidney, Robert Armstrong, for the premises situated at Chisholm's Rapids and known as the Armstrong House.

TOM KETCHESON,
Chairman.

HUGH WALKER,
Inspector District of West Hastings.
Belleville, April 2nd, 1906.
d4-7-10-14-16w5

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

2 in 1 Shoe Polish

Black, Tan and White

"2 in 1" has no substitute. It was the first polish of its kind produced. Millions use it and refuse all imitations. It is the cheapest and best—the only one. Insist on it from your dealer.

Black and Tan in 10c. and 25c. tins White 15c. Glass.

Going to **PAINT?**

Everybody uses more or less paint in the spring. Before buying call in, let us show you why its *BEST* for you to use

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

Best for your building and does not cost more than others.

WATERS' Drug Store

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

Best in its History

Gratifying Record of Canada's Popular Mutual Company

The year 1905 proved the most successful in the history of

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. OF CANADA.

There were issued in the year 3,637 policies for $6,014,576, being nearly a million dollars more than was written in 1901. Of this $65,000 was written in Newfoundland, and all the rest in Canada. The following are some interesting facts from the Company's 36th Annual Statement:—

Income.	
Premiums	$1,547,506 45
Interest and Rents	407,563 94
Profit from sale of Real Estate	1,448 52
	$1,956,518 91

Disbursements.	
Death Claims	$ 231,924 10
Matured Endowments	159,450 00
Purchased Policies	64,188 68
Surplus	87,928 85
Annuities	9,422 56
Expenses, Taxes, etc.	343,491 76
Profit and Loss	1,519 18
Balance	1,053,593 78
	$1,956,518 91

Assets.	
Mortgages	$4,265,533 86
Debentures and Bonds	3,245,401 89
Loans on Policies	968,670 39
Premium Obligations	28,810 60
Real Estate	56,281 08
Cash in Banks	257,730 37
Cash at Head Office	4,230 23
Due and Deferred Premiums (net)	272,121 03
Interest and Rents due and accrued	277,312 65
	$9,296,092 15

Liabilities.	
Reserve, 4 per cent., 3½ per cent. and 3 per cent	$8,210,064 24
Reserve on lapsed Policies liable to revive or surrender	2,400 31
Death Claims unadjusted	64,680 00
Present value of Death Claims payable in Instalments	35,664 98
Premiums paid in advance	14,378 42
Amount due for medical fees	5,883 50
Accrued Rents	805 33
Credit Ledger Balances	10,224 25
Surplus on Company's Valuation Standard	962,001 12
	$9,296,092 15

The Company has a surplus on government standard of valuation of $1,261,905.00. The following are some striking gains made in 1905: In income, $231,210.01; in assets, $1,075,561.70; in surplus (company's standard), $179,928.25; in insurance in force, $3,720,984.00.

Send to Head Office, Waterloo, Canada, for booklet giving Annual Report and proceedings of annual meeting.

Robert Melvin, *President.*
Geo. Wegenast, *Manager.*
A. Hoskin, K.C.
Hon. Justice Britton } *Vice-Presidents.*
W. H. Riddell, *Secretary.*

S, BURROWS, General Agent, Belleville.

Are You Ready for Spring?

--WE ARE.

ASK TO SEE THE MANNISH DESIGN FOR WOMEN

Our New Styles Now in Stock

NONE BETTER THAN

WE ARE SPECIAL AGENTS

The Smartest Assortment For Correct Dressers.

The **J. J. Haines**

SHOE HOUSES—Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

THE MAN IN THE NEW SILK HAT.

Oh, the jaunty straw and the tourist cap
Are all very well in their way,
And the honest derby is just the thing
For the wear of every day.
The Panama is a swell affair
If the kind you can crush quite flat;
But the man who gets his money's worth
Is the man in the new silk hat.

It is smooth and shining and black as jet,
With the maker's name inside;
It is lined with satin as snowy white
As the dress of a dainty bride.
It suits the man who is tall and thin,
And the man who is short and fat,
And the crowd makes way respectfully
For the man in the top hat.

The college man with his coat of tan
May dance with the girls all night,
And may have his pick of the fairest buds
For a stroll in the pale moonlight:
But they all forget in a flash, you bet,
His fame at the ball or bat,
When the conquering hero comes in sight,
The man in the new silk hat.

Prosperous, elegant, up-to-date,
Right in the latest style,
Crown of the citizen well to do,
Hail to the glossy tile!
The man arrayed in the fur-lined coat,
And the man in the white cravat,
Must pocket their pride and step aside
For the man in the new silk hat.

• • •

It is illegal in Russia for a man to wed more than five times. In this country, though it is not illegal, it is generally considered exceedingly foolish.

• • •

In a Connecticut murder case counsel for the defence challenged six red-headed jurymen. Prisoner's prejudices had probably been aroused by a term in Auburn Penitentiary.

• • •

The latest authentic account of the famine in Japan is to the effect that it is much more severe than was at first believed to be the case, and that the Government will gladly welcome donations from foreign sympathizers.

• • •

A Chicago doctor is going to Africa to hunt for the lowest type of humanity. He could probably find what he is looking for more easily in the slums of his home city than anywhere else.

• • •

Japan complains that Russia's Manchurian army is an unconscionable time going home. It is very likely that the soldiers, having had their fill of the horrors of war, prefer not to go home.

• • •

It seems that the Governor-General was watching a fire at Ottawa when a hose burst in his immediate vicinity, with disastrous results. It is pointed out, however, that His Excellency's habit of dealing with Ottawa shopkeepers has accustomed him to getting soaked.

• • •

It seems strange that the immigration law of the United States cannot be relaxed even in such a case as that of the Italian laborer who was stopped and sent back to Canada while on his way to a hospital, on the American side of Niagara Falls, with both legs broken. It is not creditable to a great nation that treatment so inhuman should be extended to any human being in such a plight.

• • •

EVERYBODY WORKS BUT FATHER.

(Springfield Republican.)

The Boston version of a well-known ditty:

Everyone labors except our distinguished progenitor,
He reposes in a recumbent position within our residence through the day,
His pedal extremities idling upon the the bronze of the steam radiator,
Serenely engaged in extracting nebulous atmosphere from a tobacco respectable of mundane matter.
Our maternal mentor receives soiled linen for the purpose of cleansing it,
And in this connection I should include filial Ann,
Indeed, everybody is engaged in some variety of occupation in our domestic habitat—
Excluding, as primarily suggested, our distinguished progenitor.

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Most housewives judge the purity of a flour by its whiteness. White somehow signifies purity. But while pure flours are always white, white flours are not always pure.

Royal Household Flour is the whitest flour that is milled. It is also the purest. You may think the flour you are using is about as white as flour can be. Yet if you place it beside Royal Household Flour it will look yellow by comparison. Ask your grocer for Royal Household, and make sure that he understands that you mean it.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.
Montreal.

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE. 152

Buried by Torchlight.

Allerton Hall was upward of four centuries the property and residence of the Kitchingman family. It was the largest and most ancient mansion in Chapeltown, consisting of about sixty rooms, with gardens and pleasure grounds. The Kitchingman family for upward of 400 years were carried from this hall by torchlight to be interred in the choir of St. Peter's church in Leeds. At the interment of any of the family the great chandelier, consisting of thirty-six branches, was always lighted. In the year 1716 Robert Kitchingman died May 7, aged 100 years. He ordered his body to be buried with torchlights at Chapel Allerton. He was interred on May 16, when 100 torches were carried. The room where the body was laid was hung with black, and a velvet pall, with escutcheons, was born by the chief gentry. The pallbearers had all scarf, biscuits and sack; the whole company had gloves. Fifty pounds were given among the poor in the chapel yard on the day of his interment. Mary, his wife, died July 28, 1716, aged ninety-seven years She was interred precisely in the same way.—"Annals of Yorkshire."

For Black Eyes.

It is often the case that people meet with accidents and bruises that cause disfiguring discolorations, from which they suffer not a little embarrassment and annoyance. It is worth while to know that there is a simple remedy and one quite within the reach of every one. Immediately after the accident mix an equal quantity of capsicum annum with mucilage made of gum arabic. To this add a few drops of glycerin. The bruised surface should be carefully cleansed and dried, then painted all over with the capsicum preparation. Use a camel's hair brush and allow it to dry, then put on the second or third coat as soon as the first is entirely absorbed. A medical journal is authority for the statement that if this course is pursued immediately after the injury discoloration of the bruised tissue will be wholly prevented. It is also said that this remedy is unequaled as a cure for rheumatism or stiffness of the neck.

Two Archbishops.

The archbishop of Canterbury is primate of all England and therefore takes precedence of the archbishop of York, who is only "primate of England." This very nice distinction was made several centuries ago on account of a very bitter dispute arising between the two functionaries as to which should precede the other. The matter was settled by conferring precedence upon the archbishop of Canterbury, the two titles being also bestowed at the same time.

The Australian Native.

For hundreds of years, perhaps thousands, the Australian black has accepted the doctrine of a Trinity in heaven and the theory of evolution. In some respects he is far superior to his civilized contemporary, but he curls himself around like a dog and sinks to sleep on the bare ground at sunset. In the dark he is a veritable coward.

What Happens.

In a written examination on physical geography one of the questions was:

"What happens when there is an eclipse of the moon?"

A boy with rather an admirable knack of getting out of a difficulty wrote the following answer:

"A great many people come out to look at it."—London Answers.

Precaution.

Briggs—Does your wife laugh when you tell her a funny story? Braggs—Oh, yes! I always tell her beforehand that it is funny.

Hold on, hold fast, hold out. Patience is genius.—Buffon.

Inflexible.

"She is so rigidly conscientious."

"Indeed?"

"Yes; she sticks to her principles as if it were a matter of etiquette."

According to an old superstition of the mediaeval church, whenever a cock crows a lie is being told.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Wheat Futures Close Higher, Chicago Closed—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, April 3.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ½d higher than yesterday and corn futures ¼d to ⅜d higher.

At Chicago the board of trade was closed to-day owing to election.

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74	to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 75		0 77
Wheat, red, bush	0 75		....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 71		....
Barley, bush	0 51		....
Oats, bush	0 38½		0 39
Rye, bush	0 75		....
Peas, bush	0 78		....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53		....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Liverpool, April 3.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures quiet; May, 6s 7½d; July, 6s 6⅝d; Sept. nominal

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures quiet; May, 4s 3⅛d; July, 4s 3⅛d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut firm, 50s; shoulders, square firm, 41s 6d.

Lard—American refined, in pails, firm, 44s.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days 450,000 centals, including 207,000 American.

Receipts of American corn during the past three days 110,600 centals.

Weather fine.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 3.—Butter—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 6079.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 2443.

Eggs—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 19,-550.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Cattle Slow, Hogs Higher at Chicago.

London, April 3.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 9c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 3.—Receipts at the city cattle market since Friday last, as reported by the railways, were 68 car loads, composed of 1222 cattle, 617 hogs, 258 sheep, 277 calves and 2 horses. The quality of fat cattle generally was a little better, but there still is much room for improvement.

Exporters.

Not many shipping cattle were on the market, but there were too many for the demand, as there was one load left unsold at the close of the market. Drovers and farmers between them have got prices of shipping cattle too high for export dealers, some of whom have quit shipping and others are talking of doing the same, as prices are too high in comparison with the British markets. Prices ranged from $4.80 to $5.15; export bulls sold at $3.50 to $4 per cwt.

Butchers.

Loads of good butchers sold at $4.50 to $4.70, and anything bought at higher prices were a few prime cattle for the Easter trade and some of which were exporters. Medium butchers sold at $4 to $4.40; common and mixed, $3.75 to $4; cows at $3 to $4 per cwt.

Stockers and Feeders.

Mr. Murby reports a fair trade in stockers and feeders. There was quite a sprinkling of good feeders on the market, which were easier to buy, as the butchers got what they wanted without having to buy feeders. The highest Mr. Murby paid for any feeders was $4.60, but only in a few instances, the general price being from $4.40 to $4.50. The run of light stockers was light, but there were enough holdovers to fill the demand. Mr. Murby bought about 150 head at the following quotations: feeders weighing from 1050 to 1200 lbs., costing from $3.90 to $4.70 per cwt.; best short-keeps, 1150 to 1250 lbs., at $4.50 to $4.75; medium short-keeps, 1150 to 1250 lbs., at $4.40 to $4.60; best feeders, 950 to 1100, at $4 to $4.40; medium feeders, 950 to 1100 lbs., at $3.85 to $4.25; best feeders, 800 to 950 lbs., at $3.60 to $4; medium feeders, 800 to 950 lbs., at $3.35 to $3.65; best stockers, 500 to 750 lbs., at $3.30 to $3.50; best stock heifers, 500 to 750 lbs., at $2.10 to $3.25; common stockers, $2.75 to $3.

Milch Cows.

Only a limited number was offered, few of which were good enough to command good prices, which ranged from $30 to $55 each.

Veal Calves.

Veal calves, or, we should have said, that class known as "bobs," were plentiful. Prices for bobs are easy, but choice new milk fed calves are as good as ever. Prices ranged from $3.50 to $6 for the bulk, but there were two calves sold at $7.25 and one at $7.50 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.

Receipts were light, with prices firmer. Export ewes sold at $5.25 to $5.75; bucks, $4.50 to $5; prime yearling lambs, at $7 to $7.50 for the bulk and a few at $7.75 per cwt.; spring lambs sold at $4 to $7 each.

Hogs.

Prices have again advanced 25c per cwt. and Mr. Harris quotes selects at $7.25 per cwt. and lights and fats at $7 per cwt. Sows are worth $5 and stags $3.50 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 800 head; quiet; prices unchanged.

Veals—Receipts, 60 head; active and 25c higher, $5 to $7.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 1700 head; fairly active and 5c higher; heavy, mixed and Yorkers, $6.85 to $6.90; pigs, $6.75 to $6.80; roughs, $5.90 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2400 head; slow, but steady; prices unchanged.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 3.—Beeves—Receipts, 526, all for slaughterers direct except one car; no trading in live cattle; feeling dull but steady; exports to-day, 850 cattle, 1250 sheep and 4300 quarters of beef; to-morrow, 2900 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 15, all light veals and sold at $6.50; market steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, none; 13½ cars held over yesterday; slow but steady; sheep nominal; unshorn lambs, all Colorados and westerns, sold at $7; car of clipped Colorados at $5.80.

Hogs—Receipts, 2285, all for slaughterers; nominally firm on Buffalo advices.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 2500; market slow; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.40; cows, $3.40 to $5; heifers, $2.75 to $5.50; bulls, $2.00 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $3.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; market 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $6.35 to $6.62½; light, $6.35 to $6.57½; heavy, $6.30 to $6.00; packing, $6.52½ to $6.37½.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 18,000; market steady; sheep, $4.50 to $6.50; yearlings, $5.75 to $6.40; lambs, $4.75 to $6.70.

Second Hague Conference.

Washington, April 4.—The Russion Ambassador, Mr. Rosen, called on Secretary of State Root yesterday and stated to him that, in agreement with the Government of the Netherlands, the Russian empire proposes that the second conference at The Hague assemble in the first part of July. He handed to Secretary Root a resume of what the Russian Government proposes to submit to the conference.

King Edward At Marseilles.

Marseilles, France, April 4.—King Edward arrived here yesterday from Biarritz and boarded the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, where he joined Queen Alexandra. He was received with military and naval honors.

A DIMPLE MAKER.

Find a child with dimples and chubby arms and legs and you find a healthy child. Find one with drawn face and poor, thin body and you see one that needs Scott's Emulsion. Your doctor will no doubt tell you the child is fat-starved—its food is not nourishing it.

Nothing helps these thin, pale children like Scott's Emulsion. It contains the very element of fat they need. It supplies them with a perfect and quickly digested nourishment. Scott's Emulsion brings dimples and rounded limbs.

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Hotel Belleclaire

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Seventh Avenue, Amsterdam Ave. and West 130th St. Cars pass the door.
Luxurious rooms for permanent and transient guests.
Restaurant a Feature.
Exquisite Palm Room.
Art Nouveau Cafe.
Royal Hungarian Orchestra.

"Most Artistically Beautiful Hotel in the World." Can offer few single rooms, with bath, beautifully furnished, suitable for two people, $60 per month.

TRANSIENT RATES:

One Room, with bath .... $2.50 per day
Parlor, Bedroom, with bath, $3 and $4 per day
Parlor, 2 Bedrooms, with bath, $5 and $7 per day

Every improvement known to modern ingenuity.

Write for our magazine, "The Hotel Belleclaire World."

MILTON ROBLEE, Proprietor.

HOTEL TOURAINE

Delaware Ave. & Johnson Park
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A modern, high-class and convenient stopping place, offering every accommodation for the comfort and pleasure of transient guests. Moderate prices.

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SHORTEST Route to the United States via Cape Vincent, N.Y.

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Daily except Sunday

Lv. Belleville (G.T.R.	1.39 a.m.	noon
Arr. Kingston "	3.25 a.m.	1.25 p.m.
Lv. Kingston (steamer)	5.00 a.m.	2.00 p.m.
Arr. CapeVincent (str.)	7.00 a.m.	4.00 p.m.
Mondays only.		
Lv. CapeVincent N.Y.C.	7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
Arr. Watertown "	8.10 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9.12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p.m.
Arr. Rochester "	2.28 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.26 a.m.	0.00 p.m.
Arr. New York "	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

Convenient train service in opposite direction

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor Cars

2c a Mile.

Books for 500 miles of travel on New York Central and leased lines within State of New York, cost only $10, while books for 1000 miles over New York Central, Boston & Albany, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, Philadelphia & Reading and C.R.R. of New Jersey, cost $20. Secure further information and purchase tickets from H. S. Folger, N.Y.C. agent, Kingston, Ont.

C. F. DALY, Pass'r., Traffic Manager. New York.
A. H. SMITH, General Manager, New York.
G. C. GRIDLEY, Gen'l Agent, Watertown, N.Y.

YOUR NEW HOME

Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.

NO SUCH RISK

by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.

All Work Guaranteed.

John Cornelius,
The City Painter and Decorator.

Celery for rheumatism and neuralgia.

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W. H. SPOONER,

Associate of Trinity College, London, Eng. Organist of St. Thomas' Church, receives pupils for Pianoforte, Organ, Vocal and all branches of Theoretical Music. Apply at studio, Coleman St., or by letter, P. O. 932. 56-6md

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DR. WILSON,

J. M. Wilson. D. D. Wilson.
Located in Dr. Lockridge's old office, opposite Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge street, Belleville.
jy13-d&w1y

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public.
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Solicitors for Bank of Montreal.
Money to loan at 5 per cent.
W. B. Northrup, K. C., M. P.
jy27-d&wtf A. A. ROBERTS,

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(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q. C.)

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Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass

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Ins. Co. of North America,
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Insures farm and city property at lowest rates.
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Farm and City property insured in first-class reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Losses promptly settled. Land valuator and transacts general Real Estate business, and sale or purchase and renting of property. Appraiser for the Hastings Loan.

W. P. HUDSON, Office above Rathbun's office, cor. Bridge and Pinnacle St., opposite Post Office and Hotel Quinte, Belleville.
'Phone 163.

Money Saved is Money Earned.

I can earn you money by saving it for you in your Fire Insurance.
The Anglo-American Fire Ins. Co.
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The Equity Fire Ins. Co.
are all strong Canadian Stock Companies and insure Farm and City Property at a lower rate than other stock companies. Call and see me before placing your fire insurance.
H. FREEMAN KETCHESON.
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COLD CURE

Price 25c Relieves the head, throat, and lungs almost immediately.

I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS

MUNYON, Philadelphia

Rest and Comfort For the Kidneys.

If your kidneys are all inflamed—if there are sharp, shooting pains in the small of the back and dull ache through the hips—if there is a constant desire to urinate—if the urine is hot and scalding—if the head aches and specks float before the eyes—you can't imagine what relief there is for you in

Bu-Ju

THE GENTLE KIDNEY CURE

These wonderful little pills soothe and heal kidneys and bladder—take away all pain—clear the urine—enable one to go through the night without arising—and relieve every trace of your kidney trouble.

Cures Rheumatism Too.

THE CLAFLIN CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED,
WINDSOR, ONT. - - NEW YORK.

Sold on 3 Months' Trial

Your money returned if not satisfied in every way.

ALWAYS READY FOR INSTANT USE

because the "Carbo-Magnetic" is *electrically tempered* and hollow ground in its own peculiar way. With ordinary careful use, it will hold its edge for years with

PRICES
Carbo-Magnetic" $2.50
Pair in leather case $4.50
Double Concave for heavy beards $2.50

"Carbo-Magnetic" Elastic Cushion Strops, $1.00.
Free booklet "Hints to Shavers."

For sale by W. W. CHOWN Co., Ltd., Belleville, Ont.

Has Taken a Thousand

Zutoo

Always Cured Headache.
Never Affected her Heart.

Here is a testimonial from the wife of Doctor W. L. Shurtleff, K.C., of Coaticook, Que., who has taken a thousand Zutoo Tablets (the Japanese Vegetable Headache remedy.)

It should convince any doubting one, that while the tablets cure headache, they do not, like the drug cures, affect the heart, nerves or stomach. No one would or could take such a number if they were not perfectly harmless. Mrs. Shurtleff herself had to discard the drug cures.

Here is what she says:

I have always been a great sufferer from headache, and have taken a great many headache cures. I found that after taking them for a time they caused palpitation of the heart. Three years ago I began using Zutoo. I have likely taken over a thousand tablets. I have never yet felt the least ill-effect from using them and they cure my headaches as quickly as any remedy I ever took.

They are Harmless as Soda.

THE DUPLIGRAPH.

The best duplicator on the market. For a reasonable number of perfect copies from a type-written original we defy any machine in the world, we care not what its cost may be.

If you ever have any duplicating work to do, all we ask is an opportunity to demonstrate to you the merits of our machine.

—Cabinet with three tablets foolscap size, complete with ink—price.... $10.00
—Single Dupligraph Tray foolscap size $4.00

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C. B. Scantlebury,
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PENMAN & SPRANG,
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Head office 22 Yonge St. Arcade,
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Write for circulars and samples of work

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

BOGUS ANTIQUES.

Collectors Constantly on Their Guard Against Fraud.

Collectors of antiques have to be all the time on their guard against fraud. Even then they are often deceived. Artists exist who can impose on the very elect. A well known collector had a precious box of rare enamel. He sent it to Vienna to be repaired, and the ingenious mender fitted it with a new lid. Then he put a new lower part to the original lid, and two collectors were made happy.

A gem cutter took a modern gold Greek ring, recut the stone with an intaglio of an important subject, made a turkey swallow the ring and after some time killed the turkey. The residence in the bird's crop had endowed the gem with all the marks of age.

A scholar in a little known part of Dalmatia was seeking gold coins and ornaments of the old Servian dynasty. A dealer came to him with a beautifully wrought crucifix, which he claimed to be a genuine antique. In examining the article with a glass the student came across a tiny inscription, and, better versed than the dealer gave him credit for being, he read it aloud, "This cross was made in 1893 by —," giving the name of the maker it said. The dealer stood not on the order of his going, but left at once.

Many a reputed article is its own undoing. At one time a number of lead coins were put on the market as antiques. It was discovered that the Arabic numerals with which they were dated were of the fashion not invented at the supposed time of their making.

Collectors, young and old, trained and untrained, are constantly being taken in. Even museums themselves are not free from fakes.

PUMICE STONE.

The Best Quality Comes From the Island of Lipari.

We often hear it remarked, and particularly after the eruption of a volcano, that pumice stone ought to be plentiful and cheap, as quantities must have been ejected during the volcanic disturbance. As a matter of fact, however, none of the white stone in general use is obtained from active volcanoes. It comes from the deposits of the article discovered in one or two quarters of the globe, the best of which is at present to be found in the island of Lipari, situated in the Tyrrhenian sea. The island is mountainous in character and consists of tuffs and lavas and of highly siliceous volcanic products. The district where the stone is found is called Campo Blanco or Monte Petalo, 1,500 feet above the level of the sea.

After riding a considerable distance, partly along precipitous paths sufficiently dangerous to be interesting and partly through vineyards and over grassy plains, one almost comes suddenly upon a seemingly snow clad valley, inclosed by hills also quite white, and the whole glaringly bright on a sunny day. Into those hills workmen are unceasingly digging deep burrows, working within by candlelight. In their excavations they come across many lumps of pumice stone, which are placed in baskets, subsequently being conveyed along the valley to the seashore, where small boats are loaded and sail to the seaport near by, where the stone is sorted, packed and shipped to distant parts either by way of Messina or Leghorn.

Adirondack.

The word "Adirondack" comes to us from the language of the Mohawks. With them it was Ha-de-ron-dack and meant wood eaters. This term was applied in derision to a few members of a once powerful branch of the Algonquins, who were defeated by the Iroquois and forced to seek refuge in a fastness of the mountains. They were in great distress, and it is said they sent messengers to their victors asking them to make no further war upon them, as they were reduced to the necessity of eating roots and the bark of trees. A few of them finally escaped to the north, and others were captured and held in slavery by the Mohawks.

The Giant of Lobsters.

The largest lobster ever caught on the coast of America was taken by a Belfast (Me.) fisherman in 1891. It weighed twenty-three pounds and measured thirty-seven inches from the end of its tail to the tip of the long front claws. The monster was too large to enter a common lobster trap, but as the trap was being drawn up it was caught in the netting and safely landed. Many years ago a lobster weighing twenty-two pounds was captured near the same place, and the event was considered to be of enough importance to be given a place in Willimson's "History of Belfast."

Insect Bites.

The London Lancet remarks: "Many people do not know how easily they can protect themselves and their children against the bites of gnats and other insects. Weak carbolic acid sponged in the skin and hair and in some cases clothing will drive away the whole tribe. We have no doubt that horses and cattle could be protected in the same way from flies, which sometimes nearly madden them."

One View of Love.

Love is merely a madness, and, I tell you, deserves as well a dark house and a whip as madmen do, and the reason why they are not so punished and cured is that the lunacy is so ordinary that the whippers are in love too.

The Usual Result.

Little Willie—Pa, I'll be awful glad when I get old enough to do as I please. Pa—Naturally, my son, and when you reach that age you'll probably get married and not do it.

BLOODLETTING.

It Is Still Resorted to by Doctors In Certain Emergencies.

Bloodletting, or "venesection," as it is known scientifically, was once the common remedy for nearly every form of ailment. Washington died of it, in the opinion of modern medical authorities, and soon after his time there was a reaction against venesection. Better medicinal agents accomplished whatever benefits were attributed to this heroic treatment, and a better knowledge of physiology condemned the practice.

Venesection, however, is still employed in certain emergencies by the most advanced practitioners. A German physician has made an extensive study of the subject, with clinical experiments, and reaches the conclusion that in certain cases where the heart and lungs are engorged with blood venesection is permissible because of the speedy relief it gives, often after other resources have failed.

Deadly toxins are also present in the blood in some diseases, and venesection reduces them. The lost fluid is replaced with an injection of salt solution. Bloodletting affords relief to the livid sufferer from a distended heart when every breath is a struggle, but its use has been reduced to an exact science, and it is regarded in medicine as a final resort for giving ease in a comparatively restricted group of ailments. The days when it was a cure-all, administered by the corner barber as well as every physician, have disappeared into the past.

DON'T CODDLE YOURSELF.

Fussiness About Health Does More Harm Than Good.

When one thinks of the newfangled ideas about health and sees people on every hand hunting for disease germs in water, milk, meat, fruit and the atmosphere, analyzing everything, dreading swallowing and in constant fear with every mouthful they eat, one almost wonders whether or not life is worth living. If we are liable to be made the victims of tens of thousands of enemies which are in and around everything, in all liquids and all solids alike, we are in just about the same condition to enjoy life as was one of the olden kings who lived in mortal terror that everybody was trying to poison him. All his foods and drinks, everything, had to be tasted and tested by some trusted member of his household before he dared to touch it himself.

If there is a pitiful object in the world it is a person who has become finical about his health, who lives in terror of germs and must examine and analyze everything he eats or drinks, looking for infection.

It is an insult to one's Creator to go through life whining, complaining and fearing, in morbid terror that a thousand enemies are combined to rob one of comfort, of happiness and of health. Man was made to hold up his head, to walk erect, with boldness, fearlessness and confidence.—Success.

PINEAPPLES.

The Way They Grow and How the Plants Reproduce.

Pineapples do not grow on trees. Imagine a plant four feet in extreme height from the ground to the tip of leaves. A single stalk at the surface, but dividing at once into swordlike blades or leaves, fifteen in number, from the center of which appears a stiff, upright stem, at the top of which is the fruit. This stem is short, and the crown of the fruit when fully grown is a foot or more below the points of the leaves. At the end of a year and a half from planting each plant produces a single fruit, even as a cabbage plant produces a single head. But the pineapple does not die after fruiting once. Down on the stem below the fruit and among the long, narrow leaves a sucker appears. If allowed to remain this will soon become the head of the plant, and within another year it will yield another fruit. This process may go on for a term of years. In the meantime, however, other suckers will make their appearance.

These are broken off, and when stuck into the ground they put out roots and become other plants. Thus a single pineapple plant may produce a dozen or more others while it is yielding fruit from year to year.

Not For Strangers.

"What in the world does that mean?" asked the traveler through a sparsely settled region on the cape. "There's no such place on my road map."

The man whom he addressed first took a leisurely survey of the traveler and his horse and then turned his eyes toward the weather beaten sign which bore the single word "Tolpim."

"That ain't a name," he said, with dignity; "it's jest an indication. It means, 'To Long Pond one mile.'

"It's plain enough to folks from near by that's hunting for the pond, and we don't reckon on strangers taking much interest."—Youth's Companion.

Such a Waste!

"I wonder," said the man of a statistical turn, "I wonder how much powder is destroyed daily in useless salutes?"

"There must be a lot," said the frivolous girl, "but I suppose women will go on kissing each other just the same."

Slow.

Bill Collector—They say they'll send a check when they get around to it. Employer—When they get around to it? They must be traveling in the wrong direction.

Keep clean; keep well and dress well. Cleanliness and health are attractive. The world is a great respecter of good clothes.

A Daring Distribution

The undersigned Druggist at the earnest solicitation of the Ferrol Co., Limited, of Toronto, has made a thorough and searching investigation into the merits of FERROL, and of the methods of that Company, and he finds that: Every cure claimed by the Company is absolutely genuine; that FERROL is manufactured from the best quality of Munn's Celebrated Cod Liver Oil (the whole of the oil) and is richer in oil than any other emulsion, and while it contains just the right quantity of the best form of Iron and Phosphorous, it is so scientifically prepared, that not one in a thousand finds any trouble in taking it; that the medicine has accomplished the most amazing results in its own city; that its sales in the Home City have been phenomenal; that it is endorsed by all druggists without hesitation or qualification; that it is, in short, all the Company claims for FERROL, and more.

The more I investigated the more enthusiastic I became. It is no longer a question of my willingness to handle the preparation—FERROL—but how can I bring it to the immediate suffering of this city?

It is a heavy responsibility, but I have faith in the honesty and fairness of the Ferrol Company, Limited, of Toronto, and the unequalled merits of their preparation, FERROL.

(Signed) D. M. WATERS.

I find also that the druggists in other cities have taken upon themselves the solemn responsibility of standing behind this medicine; and that these druggists have made in each city a daring and remarkable distribution of full-sized bottles.

Impressed by the action of my fellow-druggists, and convinced that they would not have given this remedy such unqualified approval without positive knowledge of its merits, I have decided to follow their example and distribute free of charge

500 Large Bottles of FERROL Free to the Sick

Friday, April 6, From the Drug Store of D. M. Waters.

Maintaining a first-class Drug Store, the above named Druggist occupies a commanding position in the retail drug trade of this city, and almost every remedy that is offered to the public seeks an outlet through his store. But with an eye single to the interests of his many patrons he is careful to handle the most reliable preparations. Consequently when a medicine is recommended and endorsed by this Druggist, that medicine must have merit.

The above Druggist, after a rigid investigation, described elsewhere in this announcement, has decided to make, upon his own responsibility, the most remarkable distribution of medicine ever attempted in this city. Convinced by personal experience of the extraordinary merits of

FERROL

he has purchased from the Ferrol Co., Limited, of Toronto, Five Hundred large sized bottles of this remedy, for free distribution, and he hereby invites every person suffering from any form of blood trouble; any person who is run down, discouraged and in need of a powerful tonic; any person suffering from Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup and all Bronchial or Lung Trouble, Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Insomnia, Loss of Weight and all wasting diseases; any person who has sought relief in any other remedy or Cod Liver Oil preparation, and failed to find it, cut out the certificate printed herewith, fill out the blank lines, present it at the store on the dates given, and get a bottle of this wonderful preparation, FERROL, Free.

It was necessary for me to purchase a large quantity in order to have the privilege of making this free distribution, and the responsibility assumed by me in this matter, I am positive will be appreciated by the public, and the immense sales that are sure to follow will more than compensate me for the expenditure involved.

There is absolutely no sentiment in this endorsement of FERROL. It is merely a business recognition of a preparation that possesses positive merit, and a keen desire on the part of a progressive concern to always supply the best goods at the lowest possible price.

THIS CERTIFICATE,

Properly filled out and signed, entitles the holder to one large sized bottle of FERROL (Cod Liver Oil, Iron and Phosphorus), if presented Friday, April 6, at the drug store of D. M. Waters, from 9 a.m. until samples are exhausted.

Name of Patient, ...

Address, ...

Disease, ...

The bearer of this certificate hereby solemnly agrees to give this medicine a thorough and faithful trial and to report to the druggist named above, within three weeks, the improved condition of his health that is almost absolutely certain to follow.

No other distribution will be made, and it will be necessary for you to come early in order to be sure of securing a large size bottle of FERROL ABSOLUTELY FREE

REMEMBER, only ONE bottle will be given to each family. Tell your friends of this Wonderful Offer for fear they will not see this advertisement.

YOUR EASTER SUIT

Should be ordered before the real rush sets in.

We Are Making
$16, $18 and $20 SUITS
That Can't Be Duplicated.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.
Tailors & Furnishers.

SAFE INVESTMENTS
LOW EXPENSE
LOW MORTALITY

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE
Head Office: Waterloo, Ont,
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HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

SPRING HATS

GEO. T. WOODLEY.

Opposite Footbridge.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in *Lace Curtains and Wallpaper*.

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets, Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

HINDU ADEPT MARVELS

MANGO TREE GROWS FIFTY FEET WHILE YOU WAIT.

Visitor From the Occident Who Actually Climbed Up Into One of the "Wizard" Trees—Sat at the Feet of Coomra Sami, the Philosopher of Srinagur — The Wonderful Rope Trick.

The writer has spent six months in Kashmir at the feet of Coomra Sami, the philosopher of Srinagur, one of the greatest of the thousands of adepts who are to be found all over the wilds of India. They are not ordinary fakirs or the jogis, but the higher brotherhood of Sadhu and Sanaysis, who seldom exhibit their powers and never for reward, Dr. Heasoldt says in The Occult Review.

These marvellous illusions have been the wonder of centuries. If I could produce anything like them and go up and down the country exhibiting them it would cause a sensation such as Occidental humanity never experienced.

I shall never forget the day and the state of my feelings when I saw the mango feat for the first time. This was in a large public square at Agra and in the presence of about 400 people, forming a circle of perhaps sixty yards in diameter. In the centre stood the "Sadhu." Some of the onlookers were, of course, much nearer to him than others, and he seemed to have no objection if people came within ten or fifteen yards of him, but the average distance kept by the spectators was, I dare say, thirty yards. Most of my readers will know what a mango is. For the benefit of the few who may not I will say that it is an edible tropical fruit, about the size of a large pear, growing on a tree which reaches a height of from forty to a hundred feet.

Not a Cheap Western Trick.

The "Sadhu" dug a hole in the ground —by means of a short white stick— about six inches deep, placed the mango in it and covered it with earth. I now expected to see a modification of a well-known trick practiced by some of your western conjurers. The performer plants a bean or pea in a flower pot, containing quicklime at the bottom covered with earth. The bean has been previously soaked in warm water for several days and is on the point of germinating. Then by pouring in enough water to reach the quicklime the earth is warmed to such an extent that the germ is driven out in a few minutes, forcing its way upward through the soil and reaching a height of several inches in less than half an hour. This will astonish all those who are unacquainted with the wonder of plant life.

Instead of this I was startled to see in the air above the spot where the mango had been buried the form of a large tree, at first rather indistinctly presenting as it were mere hazy outlines, but becoming visibly more distinct until at length there stood as natural a tree as ever I had seen in my life—a mango tree about fifty feet high and in full foliage with mangoes on it.

A Shadowless Tree.

All this happened within five minutes of the burying of the fruit. It may have been three minutes till I saw the tree, but as I had been at first looking intently at the spot where the mango was planted, the apparition may have been there even sooner. I was so intensely surprised at what I beheld that I could hardly realize the fact that I was not dreaming. There stood a tree, to all intents and purposes as natural as any tree could have appeared to human eyes—a huge tree, with a stem at least two feet in thickness at its base.

And yet there was something strange about this tree, something unearthly, something gruesome. There was a weird rigidness about it, not one leaf moving in the breeze; it stood there as if carved out of some hard solid, like the obelisk on the Thames Embankment. Another curious feature I noticed—the leaves seemed to obscure the sun's rays and yet I could not detect a particle of shade; it was a tree without a shadow.

But the most amazing thing of all was this: after having gazed at it for about two or three minutes, I slowly approached it, wishing to make a closer examination of the stem and, if possible, to secure some of the leaves. Now in proportion as I drew near the tree seemed to lose its distinctness; its outlines became blurred and faded so that I had to strain my eyes to retain the impression of its form until when about ten yards from the supposed stem the apparition had completely vanished. Only the "Sadhu" stood there, and he smiled as he caught my eye, but his look was one I shall not easily forget.

Not Too Near Nor Too Far.

And my surprise did not end here, for no sooner had I commenced retracing my steps than the outlines of the tree appeared once more, growing more distinct with every step till, at last, when reaching the spot where I had originally stood, it resumed the same marvellous reality. Precisely the same thing happened when, instead of approaching the tree, I went further away from it. It faded, and finally disappeared completely when I had about double the distance; then came back again and appeared as distinct as ever when I got to my original position. And it was evident that all the rest of the onlookers underwent the same experience, viz., each individual saw the tree only from the place where he stood.

The mango tree had now been in view fully twenty minutes, during which a large concourse of people had gathered. The adept who, until then, had not opened his lips, now placed a small mat of cocoanut fibre on the ground, and squatted down on it, eastern fashion, with his legs crossed, which was at once interpreted by the people as a sign that he wanted to address them. The Hindus squatted likewise, and most of them came around to the side where they could face him.

A Buddha Birth Tale.

"Once," he began, "when Brahmadatta was King of Benares, the Bodhisatta was born as a white crane, far in the Neilgherry mountains, near a lake where the lotus never fades." And then he went on, giving the details of one of those strange and beautiful Jatakas, or birth-tales of Buddha, of which an incredible number are circulating in India, showing how the great teacher, for the hundredth time, resolved to quit the blessed repose of Nirvana, out of divine compassion, to be once more incarnated in an earthly form and undergo the suffering and sorrow which all terrestrial existence involves.

The Tree Disappears.

It was easy to perceive that the listeners were profoundly impressed with the Sadhu's preaching, and as for myself I had become so absorbed in it that I seemed to forget time and space. I certainly did not notice what afterward startled me more than anything else, viz., the disappearance of the tree. When the Sadhu had finished his discourse the tree was gone. It must have vanished suddenly, and yet the precise moment of its disappearance nobody could tell. The adept quietly arose, folded up his mat, then went to the spot where the tree had stood and kneeled down, taking from a small bundle which he held under his arm a short stick. With this he stirred up the earth, and in a few moments brought out again the fruit which he had planted.

I was very close to him at the time, and he allowed me to take it in my hand. It was an ordinary mango, an unripe one, apparently, for it felt rather hard. I expressed my surprise at his wonderful powers and complimented him on his eloquence, but he merely smiled. I then offered him two rupees and tried to engage him in conversation, but he refused the present on the ground that a Sadhu who practised Voga Vidya was not in need of money, and he begged to be excused as he had a great way to go.

A Very Real Mango.

This was my first experience of the famous mango feat, which I witnessed five times in various parts of India. On one occasion I saw it performed in a little village in the valley of Kashmir near Srinagar, in the Himalayas, by a certain Ram Surash, an adept famous throughout the Punjab, and I am almost afraid to record this experience, as it may be deemed utterly incredible. Yet I am telling here no ideal fairy tales. The mango tree which this adept produced did not vanish in proportion as I approached it, but retained its full realism, and I not only touched it, but actually climbed several feet up its stem.

On the west coast of India, about 230 miles north of Bombay, lies the city of Baroda. It is the capital of one of the semi-independent native states, Guzerat, and is ruled by a Maharatta prince who bears the title of Geakwar, which in plain English means "cowherd." It was in front of the Geakwar's palace, in the open air and in broad daylight, that I first witnessed the illusion, which, in the opinion of the Hindus themselves, is the climax of Sadhu achievement, viz., the celebrated rope trick. I say illusion, not because the performance gives one any such impression, or as if that word afforded some kind of explanation, but for want of a better term at the present moment. What I saw appeared to be just as real as the fact that I am now engaged in penning these lines.

Where Is That Adept Now?

A "Sadhu," after having addressed a large assemblage of people, and preached one of the most impressive sermons I ever listened to, took a rope about fifteen feet long and perhaps an inch thick. One end of this rope he held in his left hand, while with the right he threw the other end up in the air. The rope instead of coming down again, remained suspended even after the adept had removed his other hand, and it seemed to have become as rigid as a pillar.

Then the adept seized it with both hands, and, to my utter amazement, climped up this rope, suspended all the time, in defiance of gravity, with the lower end at least five feet from the ground. And in proportion as he climbed up it seemed as if the rope was lengthening out indefinitely above him and disappearing beneath him, for he kept on climbing until he was fairly out of sight, and the last I could distinguish was his white turban and a piece of the never-ending rope. Then my eyes could endure the glare of the sky no longer, and when I looked again he was gone.

I have seen this marvellous feat on four different occasions, performed in precisely the same manner, and the mystery seemed only to deepen with each repetition. It has been the standing wonder of India from a time antedating perhaps the building of the first pyramid. Marco Polo was profoundly impressed with it, and Tavernier, who visited India about the middle of the seventeenth century, speaks of it in terms which plainly denote his bewilderment.

Gloves and Microbes.

It was noticed in Paris when King Edward was there that he always appeared in public with his right hand gloved, but not his left. As it is a common practice to carry the right glove loose and not the left, much speculation has been excited by the King's reversal of this custom. One learned writer suggests that it is due to a sound perception of hygienic propriety. The object of a glove, he says, is not to adorn but to protect the hand. Which hand has the more constant employment and is therefore brought into closer contact with microbes? Why, the right hand. It follows that in keeping that hand gloved the King shows his unfailing sense.

Irish Fuel Supply.

Experts claim that Irish bogs are capable of turning out 50,000,000 tons of fuel per year for a thousand years, and if this were sold at the moderate figure of 5s. per ton it would bring in £12,500,000 a year. When this sum is multiplied by a thousand it will be seen that Ireland is richer in undeveloped resources than is sometimes imagined. It is claimed for the new fuel that it is practically smokeless, that it has no clinker or cinder, deteriorates but little by keeping, does not crumble by handling, and has high calorific power.

Only Half the Brain Work.

Prof. Symes Thompson lectured the other evening before the Gresham College, London, on "The Nervous System." In every man's brain there are many cells waiting to be developed, he said, and as a matter of fact the normal person uses only half of the brain, the other half being kept in reserve.

Are You Ready For the Spring ?

Are you in a position to enjoy to the full the soft breezes and softer sunshine that are due to arrive almost any morning now? Have you cleared out the dregs of your winter stocks of coughs, colds and grippe? Have you given your body the spring overhauling it must have if you would have perfect health?

Everybody Needs Medicine in the Spring, and the greatest of all spring medicines is Psychine. Psychine is really two medicines in one. It clears out coughs and colds, root and branch, and it kills all germs of grippe and consumption that have found lodging in your system during the winter months.

But in the preparation of Psychine it was not forgotten that killing germs and stopping their ravages was only half the work of giving good health. To complete that work the damage already done must be repaired. This is where the great tonic properties of Psychine come in.

Acting directly on the stomach, the nerves and blood-making organs, Psychine gives new force to the life-making machinery of the body. It helps the appetite and helps digest the food, it sends pure, rich blood leaping through the veins, it tones up the body all over and makes you know once more the joy of living.

That is why Psychine is the Greatest of all Spring Medicines. It clears out all disease, and results of disease, repairs all damage done, and gives new life all over the body. To meet the warm weather without a trace of that tired feeling anywhere about you you must use

PSYCHINE

(Pronounced Si-Keen)

50c Per Bottle

LARGER SIZES—$1 and $2. *AT ALL DRUGGISTS*

The Throne of Thunder.

Mungo Mam Lobeh, the throne, o place of thunder, as the natives call it, the peak of Kameruns, as the whites call it, is the highest point on the western side of the African continent. The first view the voyager gets of it who, coming from the northward, has been coasting for weeks along low shores and up the stagnant rivers, fringed with mangrove swamp, is a thing no man can ever forget. Suddenly, right up out of the sea, the great mountain rises to its 13,700 feet, while close at hand, to westward, towers the lovely island mass of Fernando Po to its 10,190 feet, and great as is its first charm every time you see it it becomes greater, although it is never the same. Five times I have been in the beautiful bay at its foot and have never seen it twice alike. Sometimes it is wreathed with indigo black tornado clouds, sometimes crested with snow, sometimes standing out hard and clear, as though made of metal, and sometimes softly gorgeous, with green, gold, purple and pink vapors tinted by the sunset.—London Mail.

A Trying Reform.

A Presbyterian clergyman of New York with two popular daughters has discovered a new way to end the visits of their beaus at a seemly hour—a plan which might appeal to lay families as well. For a number of years it has been a custom of this good man to hold evening worship after supper, always concluding the prayers with a short discourse. Things went very well until the daughters began to receive the attentions of young men and begged off or stole away to make their evening toilets. Then the minister changed the devotional hour until 10 in the evening. This reform created an upheaval, but the father insisted, and at the stroke of 10 the visiting young men are now left one alternative—either to leave or join with the family in prayer—and it has proved a severe test of their devotion for the daughters when those not prayerfully inclined stick it out, sermon and all.

The Good Fellow.

The treasurer of a church temperance society told at a temperance meeting a dramatic story.

"A woman entered the barroom," he said, "and advanced quietly to her husband, who sat drinking with three other men. She placed a covered dish on the table and said:

"'Thinkin' ye'd be too busy to come home to supper, Jack, I've fetched it to you here.'

"And she departed.

"The man laughed awkwardly. He invited his friends to share the meal with him. Then he removed the cover from the dish.

"The dish was empty. It contained a slip of paper that said:

"'I hope you will enjoy your supper. It is the same as your wife and children have at home.'"

Happy at Last

Her Husband no longer gets Intoxicated—Samaria Tasteless Remedy Cured Him.

This lady says: "For the first time since I have been married I can be happy and content—my husband is cured of his bad habit of drinking. Several months ago you sent me a free sample of your remedy at my request, and without my husband's knowledge I gave it to him in his tea and food. I then got a full treatment and gave it regularly. It is wonderful, and I cannot sufficiently thank you for the blessed change it has brought to my home."

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Address: THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 45 Jordan Chambers, Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

Coffee-Tea.

Coffee-tea is the common beverage of the natives of Java and Sumatra. When required for infusion the coffee leaves are gathered fresh from the trees and are dried in a pan over a slow fire until they are light brown. They are then put into a teapot, boiling water is poured over them, and the infusion is drunk with milk and sugar. It seems the general opinion that coffee should come in contact with metal as little as possible. The Viennese people prefer a glass bottle to a canister for storing, and Brazilians use earthenware in preference to a metal pot for making.

Antelopes Choose the Open.

The antelope lives always in open country, unlike members of the deer family, which invariably prefer a thick, dense forest. They cannot be driven into timber cover or thickets of brush, but will literally turn about and run over a pursuer, if necessary, rather than be forced into cover. If they are ever obliged to pass by or through such places for food and water, they take a great deal of time to do so, as if they were determined to see everything that could be seen en route.—H. H. Cross in Century.

The Great Lakes.

Lake Superior is the deepest of the great lakes, showing by soundings 1,008 feet in at least one place. Michigan stands second, with 100 feet less. Huron and Ontario are about 750 in the deepest parts, while Lake Erie is but 204. Vast areas of Lake Erie will not show a depth exceeding 80 feet. The bottom of Lake Michigan is 400 feet above sea level.

An Odd Verdict.

A jury in Lindsey, Lincolnshire, England, after being out some time on a case of alleged false pretenses, returned to court and said, "We can't bring him in guilty and don't like to say he is not guilty." They were sent back and in fifteen minutes reached this verdict, "We find him guilty, but not with intent." The prisoner was discharged.

Blackmail.

"Mamma," said five-year-old Margie, "I'll make a bargain with you."

"What kind of a bargain, dear?" asked her mother.

"If you'll give me a penny every day to buy candy with," replied the small diplomat, "I'll not tell any one you have false teeth."

ROYAL COURTSHIPS.

Romance From Days of King George III.—How Queen Victoria Proposed to Albert of Saxe-Coburg.

The romantic wooing of the King of Spain reminds one how rarely the element of romance has been associated with royal marriages, writes Lady Violet Greville. What could have been more brutally inconsiderate than the arrangements for the marriage of Queen Charlotte, wife of King George III.

This princess, just 17, was selected as consort for the King of England. Her life at Mecklenburg had hitherto been of the simplest. She dressed "en robe de chambre" every day except Sunday, when she put on her best gown and drove out in a coach and six. The ambassador sent to demand her hand having arrived, she was told nothing of his mission, merely that she was to dine downstairs that night for the first time.

"Mind what you say," was the warning of her eldest brother. After dinner, at which she was naturally shy, she beheld the saloon illuminated, a table, and two cushions prepared for a wedding, her brother saying, "You are no longer a child. You are to be Queen of England," as he led her in.

Some kind of ceremony then took place; she was embraced by her family, and presented by the ambassador with a beautiful parure of diamonds, including the little crown of diamonds which so often appears in her portraits. She was pressed for an immediate departure, but pleaded for the respite of a week in order to take leave of everybody. During this time she ran about visiting the poor and the little garden of medical herbs, fruit, and flowers which she cultivated herself for the benefit of the poor.

The poor little bride suffered a terrible crossing to Harwich, the royal yacht being nearly driven on to the coast of Norway. The duchesses of Ancaster and Hamilton, sent to conduct the princess to England, were both much indisposed, but Charlotte herself remained quite well, and cheered the company by singing Luther's hymns to her harpsichord in her cabin, with the door open. Perhaps she remembered the saying attributed to Henrietta Maria, the wife of Charles I., who was also nearly wrecked on her crossing, "Les reines ne se noient pas."

Arriving in London at about 3 o'clock, having traveled since 12, she was met by the King in the garden of St. James' palace. Attempting to kneel she was caught up by the enthusiastic monarch, who embraced her kindly and nearly carried her upstairs. That same evening the wedding ceremony took place. Horace Walpole writes of the new Queen:

"She looks sensible, cheerful, and is remarkably genteel" (that favorite epithet of the period). Her tiara of diamonds was pretty, her stomacher sumptuous, her violet velvet mantle and ermine so heavy that her clothes were dragged almost down to her waist. The wedding over, and supper not being quite ready, the Queen sat down and obligingly played and sang to her harpsichord. The royal party never separated till between 3 and 4 in the morning, no slight trial for a bride of 17, who had employed the few moments she passed in her room after her arrival, in trying on her wedding gown and the rest of her trousseau.

When first she caught sight of the palace she became nervous, and, being told that she was to be married that evening, she, in fact, fainted in the carriage. The Duchess of Hamilton, one of the beautiful Miss Gunnings, smiling at her fears, Charlotte said:

"You may laugh, you have been married twice, but to me it is no joke."

It is pleasant to think that after being so highly tried, Charlotte's married life proved perfectly happy.

Different was the arrival of Catherine of Braganza, who, when first seen by Charles II., was laid up with a cough and a little fever in bed. He was not favorably impressed by his new consort and remarked as much to his attendants.

George IV.'s reception of his bride, Caroline of Brunswick, is well known. How the blue-eyed, bouncing, buxom girl was implored by Lord Malmesbury to be particular about her person and her toilet, how the prince pretended to be overcome at their first meeting and called for a dram of brandy, and how the princess afterward declared that he was drunk on her wedding night.

Until quite recently little liberty was accorded to princesses. Queen Charlotte, even after her marriage, was for several years in thralldom to the Dowager Princess of Wales and denied all diversion and pleasure. She told Miss Burney that even her jewels had ceased to dazzle and interest her. "Believe me," she said, "it is the pleasure of a week, a fortnight at most, and then returns no more."

The courtship of Queen Victoria brings us into a pleasanter atmosphere. On Prince Albert's first visit to England she liked and appreciated him at once, and his tastes agreed with hers. "Every grace had been showered by nature on this charming boy," says Baron Stockmar of him at this time. The baron judged him critically, calmly, and impartially until he finally became his most attached and devoted friend and adviser.

Queen Victoria and her cousin met at first unconscious of the object of their acquaintance, and when the desired impression had been produced, the young prince, like a second Sir Galahad, was sent away to travel and fit himself by study and careful education for his great position. On his return to England the Queen writes: "Albert's beauty is most striking, and he is most amiable and unaffected—in short, fascinating."

The young couple were genuinely in love and the Queen informed Lord Melbourne that the conquest of her heart was complete. So serious, so dignified, so studious, and so excellent a young man would infuse an element of poetry and deep feeling into his love making. But by the rules of etiquette the proposal itself had to come from the young Queen, whose maidenly modesty was somewhat embarrassed at the prospect. She summoned to her boudoir, where he found her alone. After some desultory talk due to her shyness, she suddenly said: "Could you forsake your country for me?" The prince answered by clasping her in his arms. In such simple fashion did a young sovereign woo and win the husband of her choice.

A SPRING TONIC.

WEAK, TIRED AND DEPRESSED PEOPLE NEED A TONIC AT THIS SEASON TO PUT THE BLOOD RIGHT.

Spring blood is bad blood. Indoor life during the winter months is responsible for weak, watery, impure blood in the spring just as much as a tree needs new sap to give it vitality for the summer. In the spring the bad blood shows itself in many ways. In some it breeds pimples and eruptions. In others it may be through occasional headaches, a variable appetite, perhaps twinges of neuralgia, or rheumatism, or a lazy feeling in the morning and a desire to avoid exertion. For these spring ailments it is a tonic you need, and the greatest blood-making, health-giving tonic in all the world is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose helps to make new, rich, red, health-giving blood, which reaches every nerve and every organ in the body, bringing health, strength and energy to weak, despondent, ailing men and women. Here is proof. Mrs. Chas. Blackburn, Aylesford Station, N. S., says, "For the past ten years Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the only medicine I have taken when I found I needed a medicine. Last spring I was feeling poorly, was weak, easily tired and depressed. I got three boxes and they made me feel like a new person. These pills are the best medicine I know of when the blood is out of order.'

Thousands of people not actually sick need a tonic in the spring, and to all these a box or two of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will bring new energy and new strength. To those who may be more seriously ailing, who are suffering from any of the ailments due to bad blood—a fair treatment with these pills will bring new health and vitality. You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

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New York, April 4

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	94⅛	93¾
do pref	....	....
St. Paul	178½	177⅞
Mop	96½	96⅛
Union Pac	159½	158½
C.P.R.	173½	172½
Sou Pac	70½	69¾
R I	28	27½
Ills. C.	....	....
Sou Ry	41½	40⅞
Texas	34¼	34
B. & O	114⅞	113⅞
N Y C	146½	145½
Penn	140	140⅛
Soo	....	....
T. W.	120½	119⅞
Erie	45⅞	45¾
do pref	79	79
Reading	137½	138½
C. O	60½	60
O W	51¾	52⅞
Manhattan	....	....
W C	....	....
L. & N.	152½	151½
A. F.	45⅜	44⅝
Nor	90	90½
Wab.	....	....
do pref	50⅛	50⅛
Ark.	162½	161
C. G W.	21⅛	21½
T.C.I.	....	....
U. S. Steel	43½	42¾
do pref	105⅜	103⅞
Sugar	141	141½
B.R.T.	88¾	87¾
P. O	95⅛	95¾
A. C. P.	113	111⅞
Met.	....	....
Alo.	70	68¼
C.F.I.	65½	63¾

May wheat opened at 78 closed at 78½
July wheat opened at 77⅞ closed at 77¼
May corn opened at 44½; closed at 45
July corn opened at 45 ; closed at 44½
May Oats opened at 31 ; closed at 31½
May pork opened at 16.12 closed at 16.20

BELLVIEW.

The remains of Willie Sutherland arrived here from Denver, Col., this week. He had been in Colorado for two or three years for his health, but tuercolosis claimed its victim, after several years of suffering.

The Temperance Alliance are "getting busy" again, both hotel-keepers are getting before the magistrates lately.

Maple Leaf Cheese Co. intend beginning operations on Monday, April 9th.

Several farmers in this locality are engaging emigrants for the summer, Some are quite useful, others quite useless.

Mr. James McComb is slightly improved in health, but is still very serious; he has been ill for several weeks and is in a very weak condition.

Fall wheat in this locality has a very deadly-looking appearance.

Mr. David Livingstone intends building a new cottage this summer.

The Public school teachers in this district held their convention at Bellview school on Saturday last. Quite a goodly number were present.

Messrs. Meikljohn are shipping two cars of settlers' effects to Battleford this week. Mr. Geo. Meikljohn went some time ago and located.

Mr. John McCoy shipped a carload of pigs to Montreal this week.

SHIPS THAT VANISH.

Tales of Vessels That Never Reach Port—Disappearance Common.

There are few things which are so full of mystery or which make such a powerful appeal to the imagination as the stories of ships that sail gallantly out to sea and of which nothing is ever heard or seen after masts have dipped below the horizon. At present the papers are full of the records of these marine tragedies. To-day it is the Claverdale, which left Hong Kong for Vladivostock, and of which no trace has been found; yesterday it was the Royalist, which cleared from Singapore to Hong Kong and never reached her destination; the day before it was the Idum, from Norway, which vanished from human view, and so on, through the long list of ships that have sailed and disappeared.

What are the secrets of these mysterious vanishing of stately ships with their crews and cargoes? In nineteen cases out of twenty the secrets lie with the ships many fathoms deep, and will, perhaps, never leap to light. To this day no one knows what became of the City of Glasgow, which set her sails so gallantly in the Mersey half a century ago, bound for Philadelphia, nor was she seen again after the hills of Wales were lost to view.

The Bervie Castle left London some years ago on a long voyage to Australia. She should have made a final call at Plymouth, but she never came within sight of the Hoe, nor has human eye ever seen her from the day she dropped down the Channel. It was on May 10, 1854, that the Lady Nugent spread her sail at Madras with 367 of the Twenty-first Madras Light Infantry and other passengers on board. Her destination was Rangoon, but half a century has gone and neither Rangoon nor any other port has sighted her.

Nearly two years later the Collins liner Pacific dropped down the Mersey with 180 souls on board. She was accounted one of the stoutest and swiftest vessels of her time, and so, no doubt, she was. But she went the way the City of Glasgow had gone a couple of years earlier, and for forty-nine years has been lying at the bottom of the sea, but where none may know till all secrets are revealed. The trading vessel Atlanta started a quarter of a century ago for a short cruise in Bermudan waters, and from that day to this no one knows what became of her and the 250 souls she carried.

On Jan. 20, 1870, the City of Boston sailed from Halifax for England with 191 souls on board. She was an Indian liner, a fine ship, splendidly equipped and handled; but she, too, was destined to vanish from the face of the waters.

The victim of another still remembered ocean mystery was expected at Liverpool in March, 1881. March passed and Liverpool saw nothing of her. The long delay in her arrival caused great anxiety, and the wildest rumors began to be circulated. On April 13 news came that her engines and rudder had been disabled in heavy weather, and that she had put into Madeira for repairs, and there naturally followed a reaction from gloomy forebodings to transports of joy. The vessel was expected at Liverpool on a certain day, and her arrival was awaited by hundreds of people who had friends aboard, but she never came, and it was found that the story of her arrival at Madeira was a heartless hoax. All the time the ill-fated vessel was at the bottom of the sea.

On Nov. 30, 1886, a large vessel was seen from the beach at Deal, sailing toward the Goodwin Sands. She was a picture to look on as she moved over the waters with her stately spread of sails. But as the eyes of the watchers followed her she was seen to pause, and within a few seconds she vanished utterly from their view. What caused this tragically sudden disappearance of a stately ship? That is another of the countless secrets which the ocean has in its jealous keeping.

LAWYERS MAKE FACES.

London Lecturer Severely Condemns Specialists, Especially Medical.

Many society women, dressed in the very height of fashion, are studying the philosophy of Plato at Claridge's Hotel, London, where Dr. Emile Reich delivered his second lecture recently. The lecture was entitled "The Particular and the General; the Individual and the Society," and many and varied were the subjects dealt with. One of its most interesting features was the belief expressed by Dr. Reich that professions make faces.

"I find it very difficult to say whether the lawyer's face is growing more like that of a wolf or a fox, but it is certainly getting more animal-like," was one of the lecturer's statements.

"The general physiognomy of a Roman Catholic priest is different from the general physiognomy of a Protestant priest, and, if the two were dressed the same, you would be able easily to distinguish them," he continued, adding that a similar difference might be seen in the faces of Oxford and Cambridge graduates.

The man who endeavors to be a "specialist" in anything came in for severe criticism from Dr. Reich.

"The specialist knows nothing, because he does not generalize," he said, and then, referring to the medical specialist who particularizes on the eye, the ear, hair or teeth, he added, "You will soon be going to a specialist for the right ear, and a specialist for the left ear. And you will lose your hearing."

Fruit As an Aid to Digestion.

Dr. J. G. Sharp in The London Lancet calls attention to the very considerable digestive action of the juices of such common fruit as apples, pears, cherries, strawberries, etc. He states that the fruit acids combine with the iron in proteid foods and enable the blood to take it up; hence meat and fruit are the proper diet for anaemia. The ferments contained in many common fruits, as well as in the pineapple, give them considerable digestive power of a nature similar to that possessed by the pancreatic juice. To obtain the best therapeutic results from fruit Dr. Sharp recommends that it be eaten at the end of the chief meal. All tinned fruits are lacking in this digestive power, since the high temperature preceding the canning kills the ferments.

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Get Ready For Easter

The spring lines are complete and at their best. Every epartment exploits spring newness and beauty. Come oon.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats, Raincoats

All the style innovations are here—all the new weaves, olorings and effects are now to be had. Correct to fashion's ate t dictates, masterfully tailored, exact in fit, the unmatchble variety to select from, assures the complete satisfying of very taste and fancy.

The Hart, Schaffner & Marx line, sold exclusively by us Belleville, is the feature of a gathering which acknowldges no superior anywhere in the land. Other good makes re also shown in comprehensive variety, in all sizes, and at ur always moderate prices, assuring in every instance the est of values, and which range from—

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Our showing of Easter Ties is indeed a Beauty Show We've Neck Dressings selected specially for Easter trade. We've all the correct and handsome shapes from the shops of THE MOST NOTED MAKERS. Shapes are new—weaves of silk are new. We've many a spring fancy that you'll not be able to find in other stores.

Come here, sir, for your Easter Tie and you'll get the correct thing.

Our Boys' Clothing

Our Boys' Clothing Department is the birthplace of many new and beautiful styles. The suits we put forth this season are the most stylish, durable and the best in every way we have ever sold.

Bring in the young man and see what we have to show in Boys' Clothes.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

STYLISH HATS

You need the stylish, reliable Hat. Our stock comprises all the newest shapes and colors.

HAVE A LOOK AT THEM

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURING FURRIER.

N. B. Highest cash prices paid for Raw Furs.

Get It In the Neck?

You really can't do better looking for **New and Natty Neckwear** than to call and inspect our freshly selected stock

25, 50, 75, $1, $1.50, $2

GLOVES

In all the most fashionable shades

$1.00, $1.50, $2.00

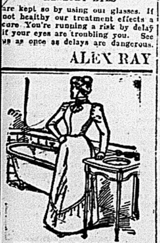
Chas. J. Symons
298 Front St Shirts to Order.

CAN'T BELIEVE YOUR EYES if they're sick. Eyes have to be healthy to give them full credit for what they ask you to believe.

HEALTHY EYES

are kept so by using our glasses. If not healthy our treatment effects a cure. You're running a risk by delay if your eyes are troubling you. See us at once as delays are dangerous.

ALEX RAY



Attractive Bath Rooms

Every house ought to have a bath room We can furnish you a bath room that can be easily kept clean and sweet.

John Lewis & Co.

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunt around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

HAT PINS

A very handy article these windy days

You should see our new assortment of Hat Pins, all American designs in heads, shields, flowers, etc., in grey, silver and rose gold effects set with Aquamarines and amethysts.

Ranging in price from

20c to $1.00

T. BLACKBURN
Cut glass & Sterling silver

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

MISS IRWIN'S STORE

"THE HOME OF THE HAT BEAUTIFUL" : : :

Our opening was an immense success. Everything the fashion world calls for is congregated here. Exclusive and original styles, in exquisite colors and blendings. Come when you can. New creations added daily.

Miss Irwin.

Time now to prepare for Easter Needs

EASY MONEY AT HOME

raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All indoors. You'll get $2.50 to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly, we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes

BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,

and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for 15c. stamps or coin. Address

COTTAM BIRD SEED. 23 St., London, Ont

Gruesome Exhibit In Court Room.

Chair in Which Mrs. Lloyd Was Found Dead Exhibited This Morning--Plans Showing Location of the Lloyd Building Explained--Judgment in Simmonds vs. Chown and Moon vs. Mather.

Adam Lloyd, the aged farmer, charged with killing and afterwards trying to cremate his wife, was commenced this morning, as soon as the Moon vs. Mather alleged slander case went to the jury.

Old Mr. Lloyd was brought into court at a quarter past 10. The old man did not look so robust as at the preliminary investigation.

The charge of murder was read to him, and he pleaded "not guilty" in a voice which had no sign of tremor in it. His son-in-law, Mr. Brickman, took a seat inside the bar, just in front of the prisoner's dock.

The selection of a jury was then proceeded with, with the following result:

THE JURY.

Walter Windover, Frankford.
Richard Baxter, Deseronto.
Eugene M. Badgley, Tyendinaga.
Charles Vermilyea, Sidney.
James McMullen, Thurlow.
Patrick Gillen, Marmora.
Thomas Montgomery, Rawdon.
Harvey Hoskins, Thurlow.
Geo. Bateman, Deseronto.
James Flynn, Monteagle.
David T. Laughlin, Hungerford.
John Hunt, jr., Tyendinaga.

There was a large number of jurors challenged, one of them being loudly challenged by the prisoner himself.

THE CROWN'S CASE.

Mr. Meredith, Crown Prosecutor, then laid the Crown's case before the jury. He reminded them of their solemn duty. Nothing they had heard or read should weigh with them. They must judge the case by the evidence they heard. There was much crime nowadays, the Crown Prosecutor said, and, in the interests of society, it must not go unpunished. The circumstances of the case were then related. The prisoner and his dead wife had been married 25 years. Their daughter had married a man named Brickman, and the Brickmans, it was said, desired to get hold of the small property the Lloyds had, owned by Mrs. Lloyd. The prisoner was to have a life lease of the property upon the death of his wife That might show a motive for the commission of the crime. They would show that there had been frequent quarrels between the prisoner and his dead wife, and one theory was that they had a quarrel on the morning of the tragedy, and that the prisoner and his dead wife, and one theory was that they had a quarrel on the morning of the tragedy, and that the prisoner, in the heat of passion, struck his wife, causing her death. Then, to cover up evidence of his crime, he poured coal oil over her clothes and set fire to them. In such a case as this, the Crown Prosecutor said, the jury might be justified in bringing in a verdict of manslaughter. The incidents of the tragedy, as told in The Intelligencer at the time, were related by the Crown Prosecutor. Suspicious circumstances in connection with the case were pointed out, among them the prisoner's statement that the dead woman was sitting peacefully in an arm chair when he found her; that the fire was under control, and that it could not, according to the prisoner, have been a spark from the stove which set fire to his wife's clothes. Neighbors, in preparing the old lady's body for burial, found a wound on her head. The old man was asked, by a party who entered the house, how the wound was caused. The prisoner said he did not know how the wound was made. The Crown Prosecutor said doctors would testify that the wound was made while old Mrs Lloyd was alive. It was possible the blow which caused the wound might have caused death, as doctors would testify that she had a weak heart. The fact that the dead woman was burned from the navel to the neck was dwelt on by the Crown Prosecutor. But the most startling evidence was that there were no burns on the woman's hands or arms. Was it within the range of possibility that that old woman would have sat there alive and not have tried to put the fire out, thus causing burns to appear on her hands? Doctors would testify that the burns on the woman's body could not have been caused by the combustion of the old lady's dress unless there had been some inflammable matter poured over it. The question was, who struck her on the head; who poured coal oil over her clothes? There was no one else there, according to the prisoner, but himself and his wife. The jury, the Crown Prosecutor said, must determine by the evidence what their verdict would be.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE EMPIRE TOBACCO COMPANY.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

The Prosecution.

W. R. AYLESWORTH.

Mr. Aylesworth identified a plan of the Lloyd house, introduced in court, as having been made by him. The distance from the house to the barn would be 145 feet. The house would be 160 feet from the travelled road, and the barn over 212 feet. The nearest house to Lloyds' was a quarter of a mile away. Mr. Aylesworth was then ordered to explain the submitted plan to the jury, which he did.

Cross-examined by Mr. Porter, Mr. Aylesworth said he had noticed some spots on the floor, which looked as though someone had tried to rub them out. The marks were about midway between the stove and the door in the living room. He did not notice that a piece had been taken out of the floor.

A GRUESOME EXHIBIT.

Mr. Porter produced a piece of board, about a foot long, but Mr. Aylesworth did not remember seeing any hole in the floor of the Lloyd living room which the piece would fit. One of the exhibits in court was the rocking chair in which the dead woman was sitting when found. The back of the chair was almost entirely burned out. It gave one a "creepy" feeling as he looked at the chair and called to mind the lifeless and burned body which was sitting in it when old Mr. Lloyd, according to his story, went back from his barn to his house on that fateful morning of January 23, 1905.

Mr. Porter asked Mr. Aylesworth several questions about the lay of the furniture in the Lloyd living room. He produced a model of the bedstead in the Lloyd house, the dimensions of which were minutely explained.

The prisoner sat nervously twitching his fingers while all this was going on.

Mr. Porter asked Mr Aylesworth if he had noticed a stovepipe hole in the ceiling of the room, which was much too large for the pipe.

Mr. Aylesworth remembered the stovepipe hole, but could not say whether it was too large for the pipe or not. He remembered, however, that the stovepipe hole was almost directly above the spots which he remembered seeing on the floor. The windows and doors of the Lloyd house were loose and shaky, and would, perhaps, allow smoke to escape. The witness did not remember that the stove was in a dilapidated condition. It seemed in fair condition to him.

Re-examined, Mr. Aylesworth said he visited the Lloyd place in October. He had no knowledge of what conditions were like in January.

A life lease of the Lloyd property, from Brickman and wife to Adam Lloyd and wife, was entered as an exhibit.

MRS. ISABELLA WRIGHT.

Mrs. Wright said she lived in the nearest house to the Lloyds. Mr. Lloyd came to her house about 8 o'clock on the morning of Jan. 23, and said Hannah was dead—burned to death. He entered the house and sat down. Then he told of how he and his wife had arisen that morning, his wife being in her apparent usual health. He went out to the barn. Smelling something he returned to the house and found his wife dead in a rocking chair, with her dress on fire. Lloyd then went back home and Mrs. Wright tried to get some neighbors to go with her to the Lloyd house, and finally got Miss Kincaid to go. When she arrived the prisoner was getting his breakfast — a hot breakfast. There was much smoke and a smell of burnt flesh. The bed was in one corner of the living room.

BODY LYING ON THE BED.

Mrs. Lloyd was lying on the bed, covered with a robe. Witness recognized the chair produced in court as being in the Lloyd living room that morning The chair was about nine or ten feet from the stove when she saw it. She did not remember whether there was a couch there or not. Witness did not remember whether Lloyd said anything or not. Miss Lily Bowers came in shortly afterwards. Then Mr. Kincaid's boys, John and William. Then Mrs. Burleigh and Mrs. Bowers arrived, and they got the water ready to wash Mrs. Lloyd. Witness helped to wash her. Her face was smoked some, and there was a cut over her eye — the left eye. The skin was off her cheek and nose. There was not, so far as she could see, any blood around the wound. The witness told of finding burns around the dead woman's body.

NO BURNS ON HANDS OR ARMS.

There were no burns on the hands or arms. After they had washed Mrs. Lloyd they put her in the other room, on a board. Witness did not hear anything said, by Lloyd, about the wound. She went home to dinner after Mrs. Lloyd had been laid out. She took Lloyd and Mrs. Burleigh with her. Witness remembered seeing some hair on the burnt chair. She identified it as being partly there at present. The floor near the chair was burnt a little in one spot; the spot was just in front of the chair. Witness went back to Lloyd's home after dinner. Lloyd told her he had found a cloth with coal oil on it. He did not say where he had found it. It was between 10 and 11 at night when Lloyd told her about finding the cloth with coal oil on it. Lloyd said he didn't know how his wife got a fire. Witness went back to the Lloyd house next morning, but did not remember seeing any coal oil. Just before Lloyd was arrested, some time after, Lloyd said he hoped God would strike him dead if he had put his hands on his wife.

Court adjourned at 12.30 till 1.30.

SIMMONDS VS. CHOWN.

In the case of Simmonds vs. Chown the jury did not arrive at a conclusion until nearly 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after being locked up for upwards of three hours. The verdict was for the plaintiff, who was allowed, as damages, $150.

Messrs. Porter & Carnew for the plaintiff; Mr. F. E. O'Flynn for the defendants.

MOON VS. MATHER.

The attention of the court was yesterday afternoon taken up in hearing the case of Moon vs. Mather. This was an action for unstated damages. The plaintiff in the case is Mrs. A. Moon, who conducts a hotel at the Village of Stirling, and the defendant is a storekeeper in the same village, and it is alleged that the defendant made remarks to certain travellers in refence to Moon's hotel, which caused them to quit patronizing the hotel. Considerable evidence was submitted in the case. At the opening of the court this morning His Lordship delivered his charge to the jury. At 11.15 the jury came into court with a verdict of $350 for the plaintiff. Messrs. Porter & Carnew for the plaintiff; Mr. A. E. DuVernet and Mr. J. E. Halliwell for the defendant.

Attempted Suicide.

MAN FOUND IN WATER NEAR BAY BRIDGE APPROACH — HAD PROBABLY SWALLOWED SMALL QUANTITY OF CARBOLIC ACID—VICTIM SENT TO THE HOSPITAL.

At about 1 o'clock this afternoon, as Messrs. Asa Brickman and Wm. Giles, of Ameliasburg, were driving along the roadway to the bay bridge, they noticed a man floundering about in the water and as quickly as possible they pulled him out. That the man intended to end his existence there seems to be no doubt, as it was apparent that he had, in addition to attempting to drown himself, taken a small quantity of carbolic acid, from a bottle which was found in his possession.

The affair was reported to the police and the man was conveyed to the police station with very little delay. He was in a very nervous condition. He gave two names, David Lalonde and John Allore, and gave Trenton as his home. He also said he was 60 years of age, but his appearance would not indicate such an age.

Dr. Yeomans was summoned to the station and made an examination of the man and ordered him to be sent to the hospital, which was done.

The unfortunate man's face presented a rather haggard appearance. The left eye was very black, there were a severe cut upon the chin and some scratches on the face.

Of a number of persons who saw the man in the police station, none had seen him about the city. His mind was in such a condition that a satisfactory statement could not be obtained.

PRETTY HOME WEDDING.

ONE OF BELLEVILLE'S MOST POPULAR DAUGHTERS BECOMES THE BRIDE OF A TORONTONIAN.

A pretty wedding took place here at 2.30 this afternoon, when the marriage was solemnized of Miss Helen Mary ("Mollie") Goldsmith, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. P. D. Goldsmith and Mr. Norman Gundry Evans, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Evans, 82 Spadina Road, Toronto. The ceremony was performed in the large drawing-room of spacious "Maplehurst" by Rev. George Brown, pastor of the Tabernacle, in the presence of about 100 guests.

The bride looked charming in a handsome gown of white brocaded satin en princesse, draped over white shirred chiffon, with bolero and trimmings of point lace. She wore a coronet of orange blossoms, with tulle veil, and carried a bouquet of violets.

Miss Nelle Goldsmith, the bride's sister, who was bridesmaid, wore pale blue chiffon taffeta trimmed with baby Irish insertion and carried pink roses.

The best man was Mr. Norman Gibson, of Niagara Falls. Little Miss Ruth Bone, the groom's niece, as flower girl, was dressed in white organdie inserted with valenciennes lace, and carried a sheaf of white easter lilies with the ring concealed in one. Master George Goldsmith, the bride's nephew, as page, wore a black velvet suit with lace collar. The ushers were Messrs. H. S. Banwell and Tom Brown, of Toronto.

Mrs. Goldsmith, mother of the bride, wore a handsome grey silk gown with insertions of Irish point lace. Mrs. Evans wore black chantilly lace over pale blue taffeta, with toque of blue tulle and ermine stole and muff.

Mrs. J. R. Bone, sister of the groom, wore white broadcloth en princesse with trimmings of gold embroidery and white hat.

Mrs. Perry Goldsmith wore black chiffon, with handsome hand-painted design in pink, over white taffeta.

Mrs. W. H. O'Flynn was in green voile over silk. Mrs. Gundry, the groom's grandmother, wore black brocaded silk with touches of white and bonnet to match. Miss Grace Gundry, of Baltimore, Md., was charmingly gowned in pale blue, with white hat trimmed with pale blue.

After the ceremony the bride held a reception and after the wedding breakfast the happy couple left on a trip to Washington and the Southern States.

The exceedingly numerous and handsome presents included a case of solid silver and cutlery from the staff of the Dominion Bank, Toronto, the associates of the groom.

The groom's gift to the bride was a beautiful diamond and sapphire hoop ring. To the bridesmaid he gave a sunburst of pearls, to the flower girl and page pretty pins.

ATTENTION

Is called to the Superior Quality of

Elephant Paints

The place to buy them is

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

Half Price

Soft Shirts Collars, Cuffs

The Quinte Laundry Co

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
S. E. Carman, Manager.

Dramatic Event of the Season,
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4th.

J. J. Coleman presents America's representative actor,

LOUIS JAMES

supported by NORMAN HACKETT and a company of excellent players, presenting a sumptuous revival of James Sheridan Knowles' masterpiece,

VIRGINIUS

A production complete in every detail—scenery, costumes, accessories.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50.

6--NIGHTS--6

And Wednesday & Saturday Matinee

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY, APRIL 9th.

R. W. Marks Presents

MAY A. BELL MARKS and Marks Bros. Dramatic Co

In a Repertoire of Standard Plays

Mon. Night—The Banker's Wife

Change of play at each performance.

Popular prices—Evening, 10c, 20c and 30c Matinee, 10c and 20c.

Ladies' tickets 15c Mon. evening if bought at advance sale before 6 p.m. Monday, Limited to 200.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local inserted for less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford, Also at residence, Murney St.

That the Nordheimer piano of Toronto is the standard high-grade piano of Canada, is conceded by all professionals. See these pianos at T. P. Brown's, Front St. 3-2t

We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country,—The SCHUSTER CO. mc30-tf

Housecleaning time. Everybody wants aprons. Ladies of Emmanuel Church will hold apron sale, Thursday, April 5th, 2.30. Ten cent tea at 6. All invited.

The Belleville Bill re sewerage comes before the Private Bills Committee, Thursday morning next, the 5th inst., at 10.30 o'clock, in the Legislative Assembly.

By request Junior League Entertainment repeated in Tabernacle, Friday, April 6th. Many important changes in programme. 4-2t

Don't fail to see the concert in Tabernacle, Friday evening. 4-2t

Don't fail to see the "Nordheimer" pianos at T. P. Brown's before purchasing elsewhere. 3-2t

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. John R. Bone, of The Toronto Star, is a guest at the Quinte.

The Belleville and Eureka Lodges of the Masonic order give a reception and banquet to-night to Jas. H. Burritt, K.C., of Pembroke.

Daily Intelligencer.

GOLDEN BRITTLE!
GOLDEN BRITTLE;
GOLDEN BRITTLE!

OR POP CORN BY THE EAR.
The 20th Century Confectionery Novelty.
IT'S GOING.
IT'S GOING.
IT'S GOING.
In an ear.
For sale only by

Chas. S. Clapp

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

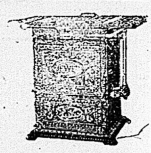
$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER
Job Department
Front St., Belleville.



"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. 48 Front St.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. uccessors to Walter Alfor

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

BOLD AND BRAZEN STEAL.

Hon. Mr. Foster On the Saskatchewan Valley Land Company Transaction —Roche's Motion Lost.

Ottawa, April 4.—Mr. Greenway (Lisgar) this afternoon resumed the debate upon the motion of Mr. Roche (Marquette), declaring that the lands of the Northwest should be reserved for the settlers, and that railroads should be required at once to select the lands to which they are entitled.

Mr. Foster declared the Saskatchewan Valley Land Company transaction to have been a bold and brasen steal.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that Mr. Foster had traveled out of his way to insult two members of this House, fully as honorable as himself. Sir Wilfrid denied that there was any scandal.

R. L. Borden doubted the good faith of the Government.

Upon division Roche's resolution was lost, yeas 58, nays 111. Bourassa voted with the Conservatives and Verville with the Government.

The Sunday bill was referred without comment to a select committee to be named hereafter. Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick briefly explained the bill.

Fatal Result of Freight Collision.

Welland, April 4.—In a collision at Port Robinson early yesterday, between G. T. R. and Wabash freight trains, Fireman Berry of the Wabash was killed and Engineer Edward Waycock has a leg off and was seriously injured. He is in St. Catharines hospital and his chances of recovery are none too bright. He is a brother of Chief Clerk Waycock of the Windsor office of the C. P. R.

The President For a Day Story.

The story that David R. Atchison of Missouri was president for a day started as a joke. Atchison was president of the senate at the expiration of President Polk's term, and the law at that time provided that that official should succeed to the presidency in default of both president and vice president. March 4, 1849, was Sunday, and President Zachary Taylor did not take the oath of office until Monday, March 5. Somebody thereupon started the joke that neither Polk nor Taylor was president during the odd day and that Atchison must have been. But if Taylor could not under the constitution be president until he had taken the oath of office how could Atchison? He did not take the oath either.

The Word "Tariff."

The word tariff has an interesting origin. It is derived from the Arabic ta 'rifa, meaning an inventory of fees payable on demand, and became current in the following way: A certain Moorish general, by name Tarifa, seized in the year 710 upon a small seaport some twenty miles from what is now Gibraltar and the southernmost town in Europe. Here he founded a station for levying toll on all craft trading in the neighborhood and bestowed his name upon the place, after the manner of Constantine, Alexander and others. The word came eventually to signify a schedule of charges and passed into the French, Italian and English.

Weird Story of a Chair.

In the museum at Cape Town is shown an old fashioned, high backed wooden chair, to which attaches a weird story. It is related that the chair is the one in which the Dutch governor was found sitting dead a few moments after the execution of a soldier whom he had sentenced to be hanged, and who on his doom being pronounced solemnly called upon his condemner to accompany him to the throne of the Supreme Judge.

"On Satan's Knees."

A little girl of five or so was much puzzled on hearing the lines of the old hymn:

> And Satan trembles when he sees
> The weakest saint upon his knees.

"Whatever," she asked, "did they want to sit on Satan's knees for? I'm sure I should not like to sit on Satan's knees at all, and why should he tremble if they were so little?"

From the Irish.

First Citizen—I beg your pardon, sir, but I am a stranger in Dublin. Can you direct me to Grafton street? Second Ditto—With Pleasure. Sure it's the second turn to the right. First Ditto—Thank you, sir. (Walks off.) Second Ditto (calling after him)—Hi! If you're a left handed man it's the other way entirely.—London Globe.

Taking No Chances.

"Perhaps," suggested the waiter, "you would like a Welsh rabbit."

"No," said the austere customer; "I am a vegetarian."

"A Welsh rabbit is made of cheese, you know, sir."

"I know it. As I said before, I am a vegetarian."

CHINA SALE

Continues All This Week.

—Fancy decorated fine china cups and saucers, 50c for	33c
—Beautiful parlor Lamps worth $1.50, for	$1 17
—Round and square cheese dishes, 75c for	50c
—Fancy china toast racks, regular 65c for	39c
—3 Piece china porridge sets, 45c, for	29c
—About fifty shaving mugs, all shapes and patterns, regular	35c
for	18c
—China candle sticks worth 15c and 20c, for	10c
—White and gold sprig tea pots, 50c for	23c

McINTOSH BROS.

MUNICIPAL POWER COMMISSION REPORT

Cost of Niagara Electrical Energy at Doors of the People.

WOULD CUT COST OF POWER AND LIGHT

Estimates of Cost of Plants of 30,000, 60,000 and 100,000 Horse Power, and Its Distribution Among Contributing Municipalities — Annual Cost of Maintenance and Provision For Interest and Necessary Sinking Fund —Details of the Cost of Power Per Horse Power, Arc Lighting and Incandescent Lighting.

Toronto, April 4.—The finding of the municipal power commissioners would reach the mayors of the several municipalities represented in the investigation yesterday. The report, which was signed by Mr. E. W. B. Snider of Waterloo, chairman; P. W. Ellis of Toronto, vice-chairman; Hon. Adam Beck, M. P. P., of London; W. F. Cockshutt of Brantford, and Reginald A. Fessenden of New York, technical adviser, is, in part, as follows:

Recommend the Enterprise.

Your commissioners believe that the industrial future of the communities that are capable of being supplied with electric power generated at Niagara Falls depends in very great measure upon the utilization of that power, and they strongly and unhesitatingly recommend that, whether or not expropriation of the lighting companies becomes necessary, the proposed enterprise be taken up and pushed to completion. They are unanimously of opinion, and they definitely recommend:

1st. That a municipal development of the type reported on herein be carried out, on a scale suited to the needs of as many municipalities as are willing to join in the undertaking, and, to that end, they advise that all other municipalities capable of being served by a Niagara Falls development be furnished with copies of this report, and be requested to join in the carrying-out of the proposed enterprise.

2nd. That, in the event of other municipalities being unwilling to take up the matter, those directly represented herein, namely, Toronto, London, Brantford, Guelph, Stratford, Woodstock and Ingersoll, carry out, with all possible expedition, a development of the 60,000 h. p. type reported on.

Site of the Development.

3rd. That, subject to the approval of the construction engineers, the development be carried out at site 4, as shown on the illustrative map No. 1, annexed. This site is, for development purposes, the best and cheapest within the park limits. This opinion appears to have been held by Mr. Randolph, C. E., of Chicago, who was retained by the park commissioners to report upon the available power sites. It has been confirmed by Messrs. Ross and Holgate, and ratified by Prof. Fessenden, and they do not think that the interests of the municipalities should be sacrificed either to illusory fears that the beauty of the park would be impaired by the proposed development, or to any dispute arising out of the contested claims of another company.

In the event of other municipalities being willing to join with those your commissioners represent, for the purpose of carrying out a development corresponding to their needs, it would be well to make specific enquiry into the actual power conditions prevailing in such other municipalities, and, at the same time, to estimate the additional cost involved, including the distributing stations and plants that would be required in connection therewith.

To Go Before Ratepayers.

By so doing, the total cost of one consolidated scheme, beginning at Niagara Falls and terminating at consumers' premises within the participating municipalities, would be ascertained, and could be placed before the respective bodies of ratepayers for consideration. Your commissioners have, by ascertaining and stating the facts herein reported, and by submitting the conclusions and recommendations that a careful study of the facts has led them to, discharged the duties they assumed, and they now leave the matter and its issues in the hands of the public they have had the honor of representing.

Respectfully submitted,
E. W. B. SNIDER, Chairman.
P. W. ELLIS,
W. F. COCKSHUTT,
A. BECK,
R. A. FESSENDEN.

Legal Position.

Section 62 of the Municipal Power Works Act expressly states that "Nothing in this act contained shall be deemed . . . to authorize the commissioners to supply power, heat or light in contravention" of the "provisions contained in sections 566 to 568, inclusive of the Municipal Act." Section 566 of the Municipal Act permits certain municipal corporations, therein described, to construct works for lighting the public streets, but only upon condition that an offer be first made in the prescribed manner to purchase the works and property of any existing electric light company, "that has supplied, or shall supply . . . electric light for street lighting in the municipality."

Your commissioners applied to the municipalities they represent for copies of all existing contracts with electric light companies for the purpose of ascertaining the municipal corporation rights and obligations thereunder. They received in reply, copies of the contracts and governing bylaws from all the municipalities to which they applied, with the exception of Ingersoll. . . . The said contracts were submitted to counsel, who advised that, before the municipalities could proceed to carry out the proposed undertaking, they would require to make offers to buy would require to make offers to buy out the existing electric light companies in Toronto, London and Brantford.

The position of Ingersoll is uncertain, on account of lack of information. Your commissioners instructed their engineers to value the assets of the lighting companies concerned upon the principles laid down in the Municipal Act.

The Brantford Electric and Operating Co., Limited, freely gave access to its premises, but the Toronto Electric Light Co. and the London Electric Co. refused access to their plants. Your commissioners having no power to force admission estimated the cost of an entirely new undertaking.

Section 62 of the Municipal Power Works Act and sections 566 to 568 of the Municipal Act (this latter being popularly known as the Conmee Act), will, as they stand at present, interfere with the carrying out of the new undertaking hereby reported on.

Financial Provisions.

Sections 34 to 42, inclusive, of the Municipal Power Works Act deal with the manner of financing the undertaking. The principal directions, apart from those relating to form of procedure, are as follows:

1st. The municipal corporations concerned are authorized to issue debentures to the estimated amount of their respective shares of the capital cost, and deliver the same to a trustee appointed under the act. The debentures are to be sold under an agreement between the municipal corporations, the construction commission and the trustee, and the proceeds of the sale are to be paid over to the construction commissioners.

2nd. The construction commissioners are authorized to issue bonds, secured upon the total assets of the undertaking, to the amount of the proceeds of the municipal debentures aforementioned, which are to be held by the trustee in trust for the municipal corporations, subject to the express trusts governing the collection and disposition of interest, sinking fund and other matters, as set forth in the act.

3rd. In the event of the capital cost of the completed works exceeding in amount the proceeds of the bonds issued in connection therewith, the commissioners are authorized, with the approval of the Chief Justice of Ontario for the time being, to issue "special bonds," secured by a first lien on the whole property of the undertaking, and carrying "a preference over the other bonds," to meet the amount of such deficit. Further, if it should become necessary or advisable at any time that funds are not otherwise available to meet the cost of such extension or improvement, the commissioners may, with the approval of the Chief Justice of Ontario, raise, from time to time, the amount necessary by the issue and sale of "special bonds," carrying priority over the other bonds, as aforesaid.

Reliability of Costs Submitted.

Messrs. Ross and Holgate, the consulting engineers herein, have made what they consider ample allowance for all contingencies, in respect of both capital and operating costs. Their work has been done in the most satisfactory way, with great care, and, in addition to purely actuarial checks, it has been fully and critically examined and confirmed by Prof. Fessenden. All known and probable conditions and the experience of the companies already established have been taken into consideration, with the net result that the engineers believe the costs are over rather than under-stated. Your commissioners have every confidence in the capacity and judgment of their advisers, and believe that the event will vindicate the estimate.

Conditions of Success.

There is no dispute as to the existence of the power or the demand for it. There is no doubt as to the supply of skill necessary to establish and operate the works required. There is no question as to the financial ability of the municipalities to carry out the undertaking.

The one fundamental condition of success is that the constructing and operating commission shall be composed of highly capable business men, whose supreme and constant aim shall be that of realizing the highest degree of efficiency in the various services.

Operating this as a purely business institution, and absolutely divorced from politics, your commissioners have every confidence that the future of the enterprise will prove increasingly successful.

A Mass of Figures.

The balance of the report is a mass of figures. These deal chiefly with the financial side of the question as it affects those cities which contributed to the cost of preparing the report—Toronto, London, Brantford, Guelph, Stratford, Woodstock and Ingersoll.

They go further, and give estimates upon the possibility that eleven municipalities, other than those mentioned may also join in the municipal power scheme. They report that a 30,000 horse-power plant would for the present possibly suffice for the needs of the municipalities who have already joined hands. Then they estimate for a 60,000 horse-power plant, which would cover the needs of the future for some time at least. Upon top of this again, they estimate for a 100,000 horse-power plant—a plant calculated to meet the needs of the eleven additional municipalities who might be induced, seeing the advantages of the plan, to take a partnership.

Cost and Its Distribution.

The capital cost of the construction of a sufficient power developing plant, and of the transmission of the power to the municipalities is as follows:

For a 30,000 h. p. plant, $6,684,629.
For a 60,000 h. p. plant, $9,354,611.
For a 100,000 h. p. plant (exclusive of the cost of delivering same to the eleven additional municipalities), $11,909,100.

The distribution of the cost is placed as follows:

	30,000 h. p.	60,000 h. p.	100,000 h. p.
Toronto	$4,323,069	$6,295,424	$6,216,113
London	847,119	1,095,356	945,185
Brantford	429,152	571,097	509,248
Guelph	317,441	425,386	377,821
Stratford	329,923	431,018	368,154
Woodstock	216,226	278,939	244,589
Ingersoll	221,672	287,391	249,754

The annual cost of maintenance of these several plants, including the provision of the necessary interest and sinking fund to meet the capital expenditure, is estimated as follows: For 30,000 h. p., $859,610; for 60,000 h. p., $1,138,551; for 100,000 h. p., $1,413,624.

These figures include payment of entire plant in forty years, and of 4 1-2 per cent. interest to municipalities on money raised by them, giving a profit of one per cent. on the regular 3 1-2 per cent. rate paid by them on loans.

Estimated Power Rates.

Following are the estimated rates upon which power may be furnished to the municipalities, delivered on premises, upon the twenty-four hour basis:

	30,000 h. p.	60,000 h. p.	100,000 h. p.
Toronto	$21.97	$15.73	$14.60
London	33.07	23.27	20.34
Brantford	30.02	17.92	15.57
Guelph	27.68	18.26	16.70
Stratford	33.67	21.45	19.42
Woodstock	34.43	21.05	17.53
Ingersoll	33.96	21.61	17.99

Cost of Arc Lighting.

The cost of arc lighting per lamp of 2,000 c. p. is estimated as follows:

	30,000 h. p.	50,000 h. p.	100,000 h. p.
Toronto	$42.02	$37.61	$36.43
London	54.08	44.89	41.36
Brantford	49.73	42.91	40.55
Guelph	47.84	40.69	39.13
Stratford	56.83	47.23	45.20
Woodstock	56.16	48.16	44.64
Ingersoll	72.58	64.02	60.40

The present charges per lamp in these municipalities are as follows: Toronto, $69.35; London, $76 (with forty-eight dark night for moon); Brantford, $60; Guelph, $65; Stratford, $65; Woodstock, $60; Ingersoll, $60.

Incandescent Lighting Cost.

For incandescent lighting the cost per kilowat hour per light is estimated as follows:

	30,000 h. p.	60,000 h. p.	100,000 h. p.
Toronto	7.41c	6.40c	6.14c
London	11.05c	9.25c	8.39c
Brantford	9.45c	7.78c	7.20c
Guelph	11.04c	9.65c	9.26c
Stratford	12.18c	9.83c	9.34c
Woodstock	13.07c	10.91c	9.95c
Ingersoll	13.21c	11.12c	10.23c

No allowance is made for over-lapping, or the use by customers of a less amount of power than they contract for, by means of which some private companies are said to add as much as 50 per cent. to their profits.

WORTH $10,000 EACH.

Crown Attorney Curry Gets Some Result From Probing Into Young Ladies' Financing of York Loan.

Toronto, April 4.—The Hudson girls figured prominently in the Phillips' investigation yesterday. Miss Lilian Hudson informed the court that she was worth $10,000, mostly in Toronto Life stock, which, Crown Attorney Curry said, "made a valuable property out of the moneys of the York Loan, money that should absolutely belong to York Loan shareholders." Her sister, Georgina was worth about the same. Books purporting to be collection books of the Liszt Piano Co., and the York Loan were produced. Crown Attorney Curry asked Miss Lilian if a book he held up was the original. Witness replied it was copied lately. The original book was thrown into the waste paper basket and eventually burnt. It was because they were soiled and blotted that she made new ones, she said.

Witness was being questioned as to whether she had any cheques that she had given to the York Loan or to the Toronto Life, when she complained that she was feeling unwell.

"You had better go home and get to bed," said Col. Denison to the witness, who left the court.

A Reticent Witness.

Her place in the box was taken by Miss Georgina Hudson, with whom the crown attorney had several verbal tussels during the afternoon. She professed either vagueness or a want of memory or of knowledge when asked most of the questions, especially those with regard to persons to whom she had loaned amounts and also with respect to the sources of her income. Witness held her ground well, but the ordeal was obviously a keen one, and it must have been with relief that she left the box at 4.30.

A Trip to the Coast.

The witness was very short in her memory concerning a trip to the coast she had made with Joseph Phillips, Miss Robb and E. J. Burt. They had to visit several offices in connection with the Toronto Life and the York County.

"It would not take four of you to go visiting offices," said the crown attorney.

"It was a general inspection," said witness, who was very hazy concerning the business transacted at all the places visited.

With formal evidence by the Misses Hall, the proceedings closed for the day.

Water Tanks Crash Through Roofs.

Montreal, April 4.—A 12,000 gallon water-tank on the building of Boivin, Wilson & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, St. Paul street, crashed through the roof yesterday morning and killed a girl named Ross, an employe of the firm mentioned, and injured several other employes.

Last week a similar accident happened at the Davies Packing Co.'s factory, on the canal, a 30,000 tank breaking through the roof, falling sideways, and carrying away part of the wall. It caused over $5,000 damage.

Railway Changes.

Montreal, April 4.—The Central Railway of Canada, formerly the Ottawa River Railway Co., has purchased the Irondale, Bancroft & Ottawa Railway, planned to run from Kinmount to Ottawa, 150 miles, fifty of which are completed. The same company has also purchased the Ottawa River Navigation Co., together with their thirteen miles of road from Carillon to Grenville.

Russia's Radical Tide.

St. Petersburg, April 4.—The official canvass of the votes cast at the election on Monday had not been completed at midnight, but it is conceded that the Radical tide has swept to victory every one of the 160 constitutional democratic candidates. The constitutional Democrats look forward to a working majority in the National Parliament.

A. W. Puttee Hurt.

Winnipeg, April 4.—While wheeling home late Monday night, A. W. Puttee, ex-M. P. for Winnipeg, was struck by an automobile at the corner of Main and Selkirk avenue. He was thrown several feet in the air, and picked up unconscious. He is suffering from concussion of the brain.

THERE ARE MANY BAKING POWDERS
"THE LIGHT OF THE KITCHEN"
BUT THERE IS ONLY ONE
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
It is Pure, Wholesome and Economical
SOLD IN ALL SIZES.
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

New Spring Wallpapers

Our stock of new Wall Paper is nearly complete and we ask you to drop in and look them over. We claim to have the largest and best selections with in the country and guarantee the prices will suit your pocket book.

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CHAS. N. SULMAN.

SPECIAL SALE OF

Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil

LARGE BOTTLE - - 25c

DON. G. BLEECKER.
Phone 11.
Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie
IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor

Maple Syrup
In pints, quarts and gallon tins

Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .
In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins

Pure Jam & Marmalade
In Glass and 5 lb Tins

Clover Honey
Sections and Extracted

Dried Fruits
Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples

Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

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CHANCEY ASHLEY
INSURANCE AGENT.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office · Belleville

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGE
Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-da carriages in style, finish ar material. A large assortme on hand at the warerooms o posite the market, Front S Belleville.

Call in and inspect these b fore you buy. No trouble show goods and you will sa money.

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Compan of Ontario.
Incorporated by Act of Parliamen

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposit payable on call.
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Money to Loan upon favorabl terms.
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J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upward allowed at current rates.
R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.28 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

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Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

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The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, APRIL 5, 1906. NO. 278

TEA . . .
is the Business of specialists.
STROUDS
have made it a specialty for over 32 years

AERONAUT LOSES LIFE

Fearful Struggle in Long Island Marsh End in Death.

Exhausted, Falls Face Downward in Bog, After Superhuman Efforts to Reach Land—Paul Nocquet Essayed a Trip That a Strong Man Could Not Possibly Complete In Daylight—Crossed 14 Islands.

New York, April 5.—Death in the waters of Bass Creek on the south shore of Long Island, between Jones' Beach and Amityville ended the daring balloon ascension begun Tuesday afternoon by Paul Nocquet, a French sculptor of note and an enthusiastic amateur aeronaut. The body was found last night on the muddy shore of the creek where the tide had left it and not a great distance from where Nocquet's collapsed balloon was discovered by the life savers of Jones' Beach.

Nocquet evidently landed safely with his car and in fighting his way out of the meadows in the darkness had crossed 13 or 14 different islands and had swam or waded through the runlets between them.

He stopped on the next to the last island he reached and removed the life preserver and the overcoat and then resumed the preserver. He crossed the runlet and climbed into the bog—shaking mass of mud, sand and dead rushes known as Cat's Island. He crossed it at a distance of perhaps 100 feet and apparently as he reached the near bank he must have fallen exhausted into the Shallow creek. He may have died from sheer exhaustion or heart disease before falling. The body lay face down in the bog.

Nocquet must have struggled the last mile of the two he traveled under fearful difficulties. He essayed a trip that a strong man could not possibly complete in daylight.

Hotel Guest Suffocates.

Bangor, Maine, April 5.—John McDonald of Cape Breton, a guest at the Globe Hotel, was suffocated yesterday morning in a fire which damaged the hotel. The financial loss will not exceed $10,000.

Engineer Saves Passengers.

Norfolk, Va., April 5.—A wreck occurred on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, yesterday, when the "Cannon Ball" train, bound from Richmond to this city, ran through an open switch at Juniper Siding. Seven persons were injured in the wreck, and but for the vigilance of Mark Noble, engineer of the train, who was watching for just such a thing as an open switch, which caused the wreck, probably many of the 50 or 60 passengers aboard would have been killed. The train was running at the rate of 75 or 80 miles an hour.

Two Men Killed.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 5.—The bodies of two unknown men were found on the track of the Canadian Pacific at Echo Bay on Tuesday. They are supposed to have been killed by a train during the night.

May Modify Their Demands.

Ray Of Hope Apparent In the Anthracite Situation

Original Demands of the Union Greater Than Expected to Get, and If Operators Meet the Men Half Way the Present Strike Will Soon Be a Thing of the Past--Mitchell Satisfied With Soft Coal Situation.

New York, April 5.—It was the general belief last night of those who are closely watching the situation about the anthracite miners' headquarters in this city that the miners definitely have decided to modify their demands and will present them to the operators probably to-day. Some of the members of the committee privately admitted before coming to New York for the present negotiations that the original demands of the union were greater than the miners really expected to get and that the leaders could afford to trim them down and still leave the workers enough to be satisfied. It is believed that if the operators will meet the men half way on some of the demands they have made such as a reconstruction of the conciliation board, an eight-hour day and an increase in pay for some classes of labor the miners would seriously consider the proposition of renewing the strike commission award for not more than one year. The miners all along have asserted they would not bind themselves to any agreement for three years.

Working Out Well.

Preparations for another meeting today between the sub-committee representing the anthracite operators and miners kept the Shamokin scale committe of the miners busy yesterday.

All the district leaders received reports from the anthracite fields during the day and evening and notwithstanding reports that more coal was mined yesterday than the day before or Monday they declare the situation entirely satisfactory to them.

President Mitchell, when asked last night how matters stood in the soft coal fields, said: "Matters in these sections are entirely satisfactory to me. Everything is turning out as I expected and I believe the situation in the west will soon be cleared up."

When informed that President Roosevelt had declined to interfere with the soft coal troubles, he showed great interest and plainly showed he was much gratified at the stand the President had taken.

A Good Omen.

A drop of 50 cents in the F. O. B prices of soft coal occurred in New York City yesterday. The dealers did not state the reasons for the decrease, but it was reported as due to the improvement in the bituminous strike situation and the releasing of the coal now in storage.

A Night of Terror.

Irwin, Pa., April 5.—Tuesday night was one of disorder and terror at Edna mine No. 2, of the Pennsylvania Gas Coal Co., where several hundred men are on strike for recognition of the union. The strikers kept up all night a continuous fusilade of firing. No one was injured.

There was a clash last night between the guards of the Pennsylvania Gas Coal Co., and a crowd of 150, and as a result Lieut. Rhodes of the guards was struck on the head with a stone. The coal company immediately had more guards sworn in.

The disorder of Tuesday night was yesterday attributed to the prevalence of liquor in the town and yesterday a close watch was kept to prevent the peddling of intoxicants.

No Coal to Run Trains.

Des Moines, Ia., April 5.—The Minneapolis and St. Louis and the Iowa Central Railroads yesterday announced the annulment of six local passenger trains for Sunday, because of coal shortage due to the coal strike.

LIVES 25 DAYS IN MINE.

Appearance of Another Survivor Results In Demonstration.

Lens, France, April 5.—Another living survivor of the mine disaster at Courrieres, March 10, was discovered yesterday morning and brought out of the pit. His name is Auguste Herton, and when found was in fairly good condition, and, according to his first statements, he suffered less than the preceding rescued men.

As the news spread through the region it caused extreme exasperation against the engineers who have been directing the salvage work. M. Leson, the state engineer, when he arrived at the pit, was surrounded by a crowd of people who cursed and swore at him, one woman going so far as to strike the engineer.

When the engineers came to the surface at noon, they were attacked by a crowd of women, crying "death to the murderers." They were rescued by a squadron of dragoons. The people are intensely excited. They believe that there are other men alive in the mine and serious disorders are threatened.

The Ministry of Justice has directed the public prosecutor of Douai, Department of the Nord, to investigate the methods followed by the salvage engineers at Courrieres, with the view of prosecuting them under the criminal code for negligence and manslaughter. The Ministry has ordered the prosecutor to make a rigid application of the laws without respect for the high position of the responsible persons, including the state and company engineers.

Death of John Bertram.

Hamilton, April 5.—The citizens generally heard with deep sorrow of the sudden death of Mr. John Bertram, the veteran manufacturer, and head of the great Bertram Works in Dundas. The sad event took place at his home there yesterday morning and was wholly unexpected. Mr. Bertram had not been at his office for a week, but no uneasiness was felt about him. He went upstairs after getting ready, and his daughter, Mrs. (Dr.) Stirling thought she heard him fall. She ran up and found him dead. Mr. Bertram was a native of Eddlestone, Peebleshire, Scotland, born September 13, 1829.

Two Royal Deaths.

Vienna, April 5.—Prince William of Schaumburg-Lippe died early yesterday of heart failure at his castle at Nachod, Bohemia.

His daughter-in-law, Princess Louise, a daughter of the King of Denmark, died five hours later of meningitis, at the same castle.

Princess Louise was the eldest daughter of King Frederick VIII. of Denmark, and a niece of Queen Alexandra.

Chinese Have Smallpox.

Montreal, April 5.—Consternation was caused at the Windsor station yesterday morning, when it was discovered that smallpox had broken out amongst a party of 130 Chinamen who were being transported in bond by the C. P. R. One of the Celestials was immediately taken to the Isolation Hospital, while the 130 Chinese and a dozen or two other immigrants have been removed to an isolation camp.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

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This Big and Beautiful Dress Goods Stock is Uusurpassed.
Such Values have never been given Anywhere
From the world's leading looms has come a stock of Dress Goods that stand second to none, that offers you every fashionable and correct weave, color and effect for the *SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1906.*
New Costumes, Coats, etc
Are being placed on exhibition in our Mantle Department every day—giving us what we believe will be the greatest variety shown anywhere of this season's newest styles.
New Models In Women's Separate Skirts
We have just received from one of the best makers a shipment of smart new street skirts. They come in fancy light Tweeds, Panama Cloths, etc., some circular styles, some pleated, others a combination of both. *THE STYLES ARE THE LATEST.*
Prices $3.50 to $13.50
Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.
Spring Clothing
A visit to our clothing department is enough to convince you that spring is here.
There are a few items to be considered before purchasing your spring garments—
The Style, Finish, Fit and Price.
Every man knows when he tries a suit on whether it fits or not, but the main point is—will it keep that *Perfect Fit.*
Our garments are cut perfect, not pressed into shape, and always retain their first form until worn out.
The Finish is superior in every detail, both in the linings, trimmings and in every detail.
The Style—Our garments are manufactured in Canada by expert tailors from the very latest American models and are sure to meet with your approval.
We guarantee our prices to be as low or lower than the same values can be had elsewhere. Money always cheerfully refunded on garments not entirely satisfactory.

Men's Spring Hats
All the leading makes and styles are now awaiting inspection. Everything that fashion dictates will be found here—
Christie's, Mallory, Wakefield, Stetson, Henry Carter, Grenville, etc
Prices Range from $2 to $4.50
Easter Millinery
The most beautiful millinery ever displayed in the city—Such has been the opinion expressed by many ladies who have inspected our display.
In our showing are embodied all the newest ideas of Paris, London and New York—our buyers having but shortly arrived from these World Fashion Centres.
Many most beautiful hats have been picked up and as a result there is almost a complete change from our opening showing.
If you saw nothing then that was "just right" you may find something now.
Those who desire new headwear for Easter should make immediate selection to ensure best attention and prompt delivery.

The Carpet Department
A trip to our Carpet Department which occupies our entire 3rd floor will be sure to please and interest you. Beautiful Carpets and Rugs, Handsome Curtains and Draperies, etc., brought together from the world's foremost makers in the old country and Canada.
Our spring stock is now complete and we invite you to pay this department a visit whether you are desirous of buying or not.

Axminster Carpets, Wilton Rugs, Tapestry Carpets, Brussels Carpets, Chenille Curtains, Draperies, Nottingham Curtains, Fine Marie Antionette Curtains, Arabian (Hand made) Curtains, etc.
The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

Spring Jackets

Our showing of new Spring Jackets comprise the very newest styles to be seen this season in Whipcords, Coverts and Tweeds--Tight and Loose Fitting Effects.

French Delaines

We are showing an exceptionally nice range of Real French Delaines in Pretty Soft shades at

40c and 45c yd

White Linens

The coming season promises to eclipse all past summer seasons in the wearing of White Linen Blouse Suits.

We are showing several very special lines of Blouse Linens ranging in price from

40c to 60c yd

These goods are specially woven for Dress Wear and are not Embroidery Linens.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

YOUR EASTER SUIT

Should be ordered before the real rush sets in.

We Are Making

$16, $18 and $20 SUITS

That Can't Be Duplicated.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.

Tailors & Furnishers.

The New Store.

PART OF OUR POLICY

is to get together the best goods and surround their selling with every courtesy. So long as something better is possible we invariably go after it, and our new showing of

"MINERVA"

Whitewear and Dress Skirts tells better than anything that we mean business. Every garment is labelled with the registered trademark, which is the maker's guarantee as to quality and protect you against any possible risk.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

The King Hat

REGISTERED

HATS

That are Winners

CAPS

That are Leaders

Geo. T. Woodley.

Opposite Footbridge.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in *Lace Curtains and Wallpaper*.

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets, Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

The Coal Strike.

The situation in the anthracite coal mining district does not lack its amusing features, says the Montreal Gazette. The union called the men out on the eve of a conference which it is hoped will result in a peaceful adjustment of conditions. By doing this it brought out from the mines a lot of non-union men who, naturally, desiring to live in peace with the union men alongside of whom they work every day did not care to place themselves in an antagonistic position for the sake of a few days' pay. There was every reason to believe, in view of the situation, that the call to quit work would meet with a practically unanimous response. The strike—for technically that is what it is—was, from the union point of view, completely successful, for the union's representatives go into the conference with the whole body of miners, nominally at least, behind them. The fact that they have all the men out is the union's first, last and only advantage

On the other hand it is the operators' disadvantage. But they are not without compensating advantages. So long as the regulations are in progress no attempts will be made to interfere with their mines. They have a large supply of coal on hand and are consequently in a position, with the slack months of the year approaching, to sit down and wait. But the greatest advantage of all that they possess is that the men quit work with the expectation of returning in a few days. Strikes, accompanied by excitement, are easily kept going. It is only when they become dull, nothing to be done but wait, that they pall upon those engaged in them. This strike was born in a comatose condition, and it will require a good deal to wake it up. The operators will most likely be very careful not to assist in supplying this. A resumption of work would probably stir up things, and so it is not likely that work will be resumed. In the meantime the operators will have plenty of time to organize their forces, while the miners will be reducing their financial strength. When the collieries are reopened the non-union men should be ready to return and the union men should be tired. It is doubtful, however, if the strike will go as far as this. Public opinion, notably favorable towards the miners' cause in the last strike, is now hostile or indifferent. The commission laid down fair and equitable conditions of employment in its report. It especially condemned the demand of the union for its recognition, and by recognition in this case, is meant its widest application, and its denial of the right of any man not a member of the union to work in a coal mine. No settlement can be possible until the union withdraws this demand, and until it is withdrawn the onus for the strike must rest with the union. The demand for an eight-hour-day for such classes of labor employed above ground, is likewise impossible, for it cannot be justified in any other way than by assenting the union's right to insist upon the employment of more men than the conditions of labor justify. A settlement may not come this week, or this month, but it is not at all likely that the struggle will last as long as did that of three years ago.

FRONT OF THURLOW.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Couch and children are visiting at the home of his father, Mr. Wm. Couch.

Mr. and Mrs. Westfall have moved to their new home on Herchimer avenue, Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Grant, of Queenston Heights, have been visiting at Mr H. MacDonald's.

We are pleased to learn that Mrs. R. Garbutt who has been ill, is improving.

Miss Minnie Geddes has returned home after visiting friends on the Fourth Line.

Mr. A. Cooper has made a great improvement in the appearance of his house by the addition of a coat of paint.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE EMPIRE TOBACCO COMPANY.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Chatham, Ont., is to have a hotel devoted exclusively to colored people. Its outlook for a successful future looks decidedly dark.

• • •

It is said that matrimony is not keeping pace with prosperity. That's strange. Usually it is prosperity that is not able to keep pace with matrimony.

• • •

President Roosevelt is now said to be advocating the construction of a $10,000,000 battleship to carry a heavier battery than the British Dreadnaught. There is similar talk in Germany.

• • •

According to the finding of the Colorado jury on the Denver & Rio Grande wreck it is the fault of nobody in particular when an operator goes to sleep and allows a trainload of people to go to their death.

• • •

Two hundred million acres of land will be plowed this year in the United States, and about 9,000,000 ploughs are on the farms to do the work. The capital invested in ploughs alone represents $80,-900,000.

• • •

A Birmingham vicar has calculated that 8,000 pounds of rice are wasted in that city every year by being thrown at married couples, and he asks people to think how many starving Hindoos that amount of rice would feed.

• • •

In France, when smallpox appears anywhere in country districts, a calf with vaccine pustules is taken bodily to the place, and all the neighboring inhabitants are vaccinated, frequently in the street, and directly from the animal. The calf is sent from a central institution in Paris, and there are special railroad accommodations for its transport.

• • •

Banwell is reported as hating his prison food. He has to eat the ordinary prison fare. Horrible! A high toned person like Banwell, who is charged with stealing $40,-000, having to eat the same food as common junk-robbers, who would probably never get away with more than eight dollars worth of old iron at a crack!

• • •

Some of the girls are again taking long walks in the evening with their heads uncovered. It's a custom of last summer, revived pretty early.

• • •

It is not always the most enterprising citizen who is the first to remove the double windows from his dwelling.

• • •

Now is the time of the year when every other fellow you meet is boasting how early he arose this morning—"The daylight is so nice I simply could not sleep any longer."

• • •

Beging clearing up your yards and lawns at once, good people. Don't put it off from day to day. A citizen who waits until the sanitary inspector comes around and peremptorily orders the removal of all rubbish, garbage, ashes and other refuse is not a public spirited or progressive resident. Set a good example by getting to work at once.

We Have Everything...

Needed for the little jobs of painting you intend doing. See our color cards and learn our low prices

McKeown's DRUG STORE

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

LAST NIGHT'S PLAY.

There was but a small audience last night to witness the presentation of "Virginius" by Mr. Louis James.

Mr James lived up to the advance notices. He is a great tragedian and well balanced actor. His support might have been better.

REPERTOIRE ALL NEXT WEEK.

Plays or technically speaking productions of stories written by the cleverest authors of the age, which are the brains and pen work of standard playwrights form the class of entertainments offered by Marks Brothers to the audiences which nightly throng to the theatre where they appear. A six nights and Wednesday and Saturday matinee engagement will be inaugurated at the Carman opera house next Monday evening at which time will be presented as the initial attraction the great comedy drama "The Banker's Wife," with all special scenery, electrical and mechanical effects.

Tower Falls to the Ground.

COLLAPSE OF TOWER ON DEPARTMENTAL BLOCK OF PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS — ESCAPE OF THOSE IN ITS VICINITY — DAMAGE ABOUT $10,000.

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

Ottawa, April 5.—The tower erected this past winter on the northern side of the departmental block to the west of the Parliament building fell just before noon to-day, with an awful crash, and now lies a heap of stone and cement. Fortunately signs of the coming collapse were noticed in time for everybody working in or near the tower to escape, and consequently no one was injured.

The cause of the collapse is not definitely known as yet, but it is credited to winter building and probably insufficient binding in the stone.

About sixty feet of tower fell, and the damage is estimated at about $10,000.

MASONS MAKE MERRY.

GRAND MASTER OF ONTARIO ENTERTAINED BY LOCAL LODGES —PLEASING FUNCTION — GOOD ADDRESSES—TUNEFUL MUSIC.

Members of the Masonic fraternity, not only in the city, but also from the surrounding country, last evening gathered in large numbers at the lodge room here. The occasion was memorable from the fact that Most Worshipful Bro. J. H. Burritt, of Pembroke, Grand Master for Ontario, was in attendance. Other distinguished members of the craft from Kingston, Napanee, Cobourg and other places were also present. In the early part of the evening the gathering was held in the lodge room, and a pleasing feature there was the presentation by the Grand Master of seven Past Master's jewels to brethren who had filled the Master's chair of Moira Lodge. These were Bros. Rev. D. F. Bogert, C. Ashley, W. S. Morden, F. Elvins, A. Matthews, L. W. Marsh and E. F. Milburn.

At the conclusion of the lodge meeting the brethren repaired to the banquetting hall. Here over 300 sat down to the bountiful spread which had been provided by Bro. J. Wallace.

The chair was ably filled by Right Worshipful Bro. A. McGinnis. After supper a toast list was carried out and it proved to be a most enjoyable affair. The addresses were all that could have been desired and the songs, which were interspersed, were appropriate. The toast list was as follows:

The King.—Proposed by R.W. Bro. A. McGinnis; God Save the King, by the company.

The Grand Master and the Grand Lodge of Canada—Proposed by R. W. Bro. W. N. Ponton, D.D.G.M., and responded to by M. W. Bro. J. H. Burritt, G.M.

Grand Lodge Officers, Past and Present—Proposed by R. W. Bro. Henry Pringle; responded to by R. W. Bro. J. Morgan, R. W. Bro. A. Shaw, and R. W. Bro. Herrington.

The Imperial Forces—Proposed by W. Bro. Dr. Farley; responded to by R. W. Bro. J. E. Halliwell.

Dominion of Canada—Proposed by W. Bro. J. Morgan; responded to by Bro. J. W. Johnson.

Our Guests—Proposed by R. W. Bro. F. E. O'Flynn; responded to by the visiting brethren.

Songs were rendered by Bros. S. Burrows, E. T. Austin, S. R. Burrows, E. F. Milburn and H. Wrightmyer.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Miss James, of Toronto, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. McCullough, John street.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Stewart, Octavia street, left yesterday for Brantford to attend the funeral of Mr. Stewart's mother, Mrs. Chas. Stewart.

Destroyed an Eye.

An elderly lady named Mrs. Minnie Vanwart, who resides on Foster Avenue, near the city limits, yesterday met with a distressing accident. She was feeding a yearling calf when the pail from which the animal was feeding upset. Mrs. Vanwart reached down to pick up the pail, and as she did so the calf raised its head in such a manner that one of the blunt horns pierced the right eye, lacerating it in a terrible manner and destroying the sight. Two physicians were called to attend to the injured woman.

Attempted Suicide Better.

In answer to an enquiry at the hospital to-day The Intelligencer was informed that the man who made an attempt at suicide yesterday is progressing favorably, but is not yet fit to leave that institution. He is still very nervous and is suffering from a severe attack of asthma, which was made more acute by being in the water. To the hospital authorities he gave his name as David Lalonde and said his home was in Quebec. When he is able to leave the hospital his case will be investigated.

Your Cold

How will your cold be tonight? Worse, probably. How about tomorrow? The trouble is, colds always tend downward. Stop this downward tendency with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Your doctor will tell you why it can do this. Ask him all about it. Ask him if he has anything better for coughs and colds. Then follow his advice, whatever it is. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Fell From Veranda.

Mr. Joseph Woodley, who resides on Sinclair street, was yesterday afternoon the victim of a painful accident which will confine him to the house for some time. He was engaged in making some improvements to the verandah in front of his residence, when he stepped upon a board which gave way under his weight. Mr. Woodley fell, and, although the distance was not great, the result was a fracture of his right leg just above the ankle. The unfortunate man was carried into the house and a physician was summoned to reduce the fracture.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Toe Taken Off.

A young man named Burris, an employee at the Marsh & Henthorn foundry, had a mishap yesterday afternoon which caused the loss of the great toe on the right foot. A heavy piece of casting which he was handling fell and struck him across the right foot, crushing the toe. The unfortunate man was taken to the hospital, where the injured member was taken off.

LITTLE POCKET PHYSICIAN.

HYOMEI INHALER THAT NEVER FAILS TO CURE CATARRH.

Thousands who have been cured by Hyomei, call the inhaler that comes with every outfit "The little pocket physician," as it is so small that it can be carried in the pocket or purse.

Prior to the discovery of Hyomei, statistics showed that at least 97 out of every 100 persons in this state were suffering from catarrh in some form. The remarkable results following the use of Hyomei are shown by the smaller percentage to-day of people suffering from catarrh.

A complete Hyomei outfit consists of "the little pocket physician," a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei, and costs only $1, while additional bottles of Hyomei can be procured for 50 cents, making it the most economical, as well as the most reliable treatment for the cure of catarrh.

If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write to-day for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomei Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD; subsequent consecutive [illegible] No [illegible] less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

By request Junior League Entertainment repeated in Tabernacle, Friday, April 6th. Many important changes in programme. 4-2t

Remember that in buying C.P.R. tickets from S. Burrows you can start from Belleville station. mh29-th&stf

Don't fail to see the concert in Tabernacle, Friday evening. 4-2t

We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country.—The SCHUSTER CO. mc30-tf

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford Also at residence, Murney St.

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate winds, cloudy, with rain to-night. Friday, showery, followed by clearing, with westerly winds.

RIPE..... BANANAS

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Eyes

We offer to examine your eyes, and you may consult us with the full assurance of getting absolutely the best advice and service Science has at her command. Our Optician has devoted years to the study and practice of optics; and with college knowledge, personal study and experience he is prepared to cope with ANY case where glasses are the remedy.

Our many customers and leading physicians don't hesitate to recommend him in unqualified terms.

His examination is a thorough one.

• • •

Angus McFee

Phone 128.

The Store With the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HOUSEHOLD HELPS...

Sapolio, Bon Ami, Monkey Soap, Bathbricks, Knife Polish, Silver Polish, Borax, Ammonia, Chloride Lime, Stove Polishs, Blueing, Whiting, Washing Soda, Lye, Soap Powders, Laundry Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Toilet Paper, Wax Tapers, Candles, Clotheslines, Mop Sticks, Ceiling Brooms, Washboards, Scrub Brushes, Boot Brushes, Shoe Polish, Tubs, Pails, etc., etc.

STARCHES—

Silver Gloss Starch, Satin Starch, Rice Starch, Celluloid Starch, Bee Starch, Ivorine Starch, etc. Invisible starch for mourning goods or colored prints.

BEST QUALITIES. LOWEST PRICES

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

At Wallbridge & Clarke's.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

It is better to be bald and rich than it is to be bald without being rich.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

. . AND THE . .

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher........................ $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots................... $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year; Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 3 marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. No experience necessary. We teach you how to build up a route or regular customers quickly. Better than a bank account. Write quick. Alfred Tyler, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

A Baker's Triumph

The Mooney Baker cannot produce anything better than

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

The very best of flour, butter and cream—the most modern plant, the very best baker in Canada. A biscuit superior to any other you have ever tasted. Say "Mooney's" to your grocer.

The Market Tolls.

OTHER THAN RENTS ARISING from butcher stalls, in the City of Belleville, will be farmed, leased or rented for one year, commencing the 20th day of April, 1906, by public tender, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of APRIL, 1906.

Particulars and conditions can be seen at the office of the City Solicitor. Tenders are to be addressed to Chas. Green, Esq., Chairman Market Committee, Belleville, and left with me at my office up to 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, the 12th day of April, 1906.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. C. MIKEL,
Solicitor and Clerk.

March 26th, 1906. m26,28,31&3,9

Going to PAINT?

Everybody uses more or less paint in the spring. Before buying call in, let us show you why its *BEST* for you to use

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

Best for your building and does not cost more than others.

WATERS' Drug Store

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

GROWING IN POPULARITY.

The More People Know Newbro's Herpicide the Better They Like It.

The more it becomes known the better it is liked. One bottle sells two, and those two sell four. Newbro's Herpicide is what we are talking about. It cleans the scalp of all dandruff, and destroying the cause, a little germ or parasite, prevents the return of dandruff. As a hair dressing it is delightful, it ought to be found on every toilet table. It stops falling hair, and prevents baldness It should be used occasionally, as a preventive to protect the scalp from a new invasion of the dandruff microbe. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

THE LLOYD TRIAL.

Concluded from page 7.

rough. They found the glass broken which was on the top of the coffin. The glass had fallen down on the face of the corpse. Witness had seen Dr. Yeomans turn the body over in the coffin. The broken glass remained in the coffin till the jury came to look at the corpse. The body was moved three times, the broken glass being in the coffin all the time.

Re-examined — Witness could not undertake to say how the glass was broken, and had no knowledge of injury being done to the body by broken glass.

DR. YEOMANS.

Dr. Yeomans testified that he was a coroner, and, at the request of the County Attorney, had gone to Vantassel's cemetery to examine the body of Mrs. Hannah Lloyd. At Brickman's he had an interview with Adam Lloyd. Told Lloyd that he was there to investigate Mrs. Lloyd's death. The Doctor told Lloyd he had examined the body, and asked him for a statement. Brickman was there and interfered, so that witness had to warn him that, unless he desisted, he would have to be removed by County Constable Duffin. The Doctor then read the statement submitted by him to the Crown at the time. In technical terms, it gave such information as had already been imparted by certain witnesses in this case. Adam Lloyd gave Dr. Yeomans a statement of the tragedy. The statement alleges that Hannah Lloyd was not right in her mind, and, the night before the tragedy, got out of bed, saying she was looking for something. The story of the morning tragedy was the same as told by Adam Lloyd to other witnesses. Dr. Hudson had told Lloyd that an inquest would not be necessary. Nothing, the prisoner said, was disturbed about the stove. Mrs. Lloyd had been unwell for some time. Lloyd said. Doctors had said she had a weak heart. Questioned by the Crown Attorney, Dr. Yeomans said he had held an inquest and Adam Lloyd was a witness there. In his evidence he related practically the same story as outlined previously by many witnesses. Lloyd said he and his wife had never had any quarrels. His wife had gone, at times, to live with her daughter, Mrs. Brickman, but had come back owing to his being lonesome. His wife had tried to get up a couple of times in the night, saying she wanted to get something for him, but he had refused to let her get out of bed. The next morning his wife told him to go and do the chores and she would get breakfast. This was unusual, as generally she stayed in bed till breakfast was ready. The old man's story of the tragedy was the same as told to several witnesses. The windows were all nailed down, Lloyd said in his evidence. His wife looked natural when he found her. There was no injury done in his handling or carrying the body. He saw no marks but burning. Clothing of Mrs. Lloyd's was missing, which had not yet been found, among it a fur cap. The bread knife had been lost once, and found under a paper in a drawer. Lloyd said he believed his wife had caught fire when she put the missing clothing in the stove. Dr. Yeomans said Lloyd's first theory to him was accident. Later Lloyd said he believed his wife had poured coal oil on herself and then set fire to it. Lloyd said a quantity of coal oil was missing from the coal oil bottle. Dr. Boyce, of Belleville, and Dr. Mather, of Tweed, had made the post mortem, Dr. Yeomans said. He (Dr. Yeomans) had been practising 19 years. The first time he saw Mrs. Lloyd's body he looked for evidences of burning. The burns were very deep on the woman's body. There were no burns on the hands or forearms. As a doctor, the witness said he did not think it possible for the woman to be so severely burned in the time Lloyd said he was absent. He did not think it would be possible for anybody to suffer such burns as the dead woman did, while conscious, and not suffer burns on her hands. The pain would be intense. Speaking of the broken glass in the coffin, the witness said they found the glass had been cracked, and they had lifted it out in two pieces. It had done no harm whatever to the body. The witness remembered the wound on the dead woman's head, but had left the examination of it to the doctors who made the post mortem.

This ended the direct examination of Dr Yeomans, and the court adjourned at 6.50 till 9.30 Thursday morning.

Thursday Morning.

Several doctors were present in the Court room when proceedings opened this morning, and looked as though the forenoon would be devoted to medical testimony. Old Mr. Lloyd, stolid and impassive, was brought in about 9.25.

His Lordship announced that the jurymen who were on the second and third panels would now be relieved from further attendance at this court. They could wait on the Treasurer and get their pay. The jurymen in question filed out with joy expressed on their countenances.

DR. YEOMANS AGAIN.

To Mr. Meredith the Doctor said that, in his opinion, the cut on old Mrs. Lloyd's forehead had been received before death. The Crown Prosecutor then read from Adam Lloyd's evidence at the inquest, in which he told of missing coal oil from the bottle in the house, and finding a woollen cloth soaked with coal oil in the bedroom after his wife's death.

Cross-examined by Mr. Porter, Dr. Yeomans admitted the correctness of evidence given by him at the preliminary investigation. At that time the Doctor said he thought the burns on Mrs. Lloyd were sufficient to have caused her death, as she had a weak heart. It was possible the victim might have been unconscious when the burns were being inflicted, which might have accounted for the fact that her hands were not burned. The redness of the dead woman's hands might possibly have been caused by burns. In direct examination the witness said, where the burning took place before death, there would be a distinct red line of demarcation between the burns and the healthy tissue. This would not be visible when burning took place after death.

GRAND JURY'S PRESENTMENT.

At this point the witness was ordered to stand aside, and the Grand Jury came in and made their presentment. They had visited the different public institutions and found them in good order. The system of heating and ventilation of the Court House was condemned and recommended to be made up-to-date.

HIS LORDSHIP'S REPLY.

In reply His Lordship thanked the Grand Jury for the way they had performed their duties, especially in finding a true bill against Mrs. Diamond. How the previous Grand Jury had justified themselves in finding no bill passed human comprehension. The evidence adduced at the trial showed that there must always be grave doubts if she should not have been convicted. However, she had been acquitted by a jury. His Lordship, in unsparing terms, condemned the antiquated methods of the Court House, and said that, only for his being assured that steps were being taken to better things, he fully intended to present a bill of indictment against the County on that account. His Lordship then thanked the Grand Jury and discharged them.

DR. YEOMANS CONTINUES.

Speaking from his medical experience, Dr. Yeomans said that a red line between the burnt and live skin would signify that the burns had been made before death. The witness said he had found no blisters on old Mrs Lloyd, but admitted that the red spots on the face may have been blisters originally. Blisters were a pretty strong indication that the burning was before death. Under certain conditions burns would cause a cracking of the skin, but the witness refused to give the opinion that the wound on Mrs. Lloyd's forehead might have been caused by a burn. It was possible that a wound made an hour or so after death might take on some of the characteristics of a wound made before death. Such a case, however, would be more the exception than the rule. Charring might take place before or after death. Mr. Porter quoted many authorities, with the conclusions of all of whom Dr. Yeomans did not entirely agree. An animated discussion took place between Mr. Porter and the witness in regard to a thin red line around the margin of the dead woman's tongue. Dr. Yeomans refused to admit that such a condition would indicate that the dead woman had inhaled flame. Old Mrs. Lloyd's hands were yellow and shrunken, but such a state of the hands, the witness said, could not, he thought, have been caused by burning.

REPORT OF POST MORTEM.

The Judge then directed that the report of the post mortem, which was conducted by Dr. Boyce, of Belleville, and Dr. Mather, of Tweed, be read. It told of finding the wound on old Mrs Lloyd's forehead, which was reddened, contused and bloodstained. On the opposite side of the head there was a bruise. The burns on the woman's body were described in technical terms. The hands and forearms were normal in appearance. The lungs were spongy in appearance. Some of the arteries of the heart were found filled with clotted blood. Stomach contained nothing but a quantity of yellow, thick mucous.

MORE QUESTIONS FOR DR. YEOMANS.

In answer to Mr. Porter, Dr. Yeomans said the sponginess of the lungs was consistent with the theory of the woman's having inhaled flame. There would have to be other conditions, however, to prove it.

Re-examined by Mr. Meredith, Dr. Yeomans said the red marks on old Mrs. Lloyd's hands did not indicate anything in particular. There was a total absence of evidence of burning on the dead woman's hands. Witness remembered pointing out to the Coroner's jury the wound on Mrs. Lloyd's forehead, and that it had every appearance of being an antemortem wound. If the woman had inhaled flame there would be several indications of it.

DR. MATHER.

Dr. William A. Mather, of Tweed, testified that he, in company with Dr. Boyce, had made a careful post mortem on the body of old Mrs. Lloyd. They found a wound above the left eye, with clotted blood in the wound. It was his opinion that the wound was made before death.

BOYS It's easy Money

Thousands of boys all over this country, who never had much money to call their own, are happy now at the merry jingle of cash in their pockets, made by selling

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

Friday afternoons and Saturdays. They have no better chances, they are no brighter than you. It's just this—instead of dreaming about the good times to come, they got right down to business and hustled for what they wanted. You can do the same. Don't lose any time about it. Write a letter to-day asking us to send you our handsome booklet about boys who make money, also the complete outfit for starting in business. With this will come ten free copies of *The Post*, which you can sell at 5c each. After this you buy as many copies as you need at wholesale prices. As an inducement to do good work we give, among other prizes, watches, sweaters, etc., to boys who sell a certain number of copies. And in addition

$250 in Extra Cash Prizes

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The bruise in connection with the wound went clear through to the bone. On the other side of the head they found, on removing the scalp, a bruise about the size of a cent. The wound over the left eye, the witness thought, was caused by a blunt instrument of some kind. The injury to the other side of the head, might have been caused by striking against something. There was nothing particularly wrong with old Mrs. Lloyd's heart, though it was somewhat weak. The wound on the forehead, he thought, would cause stunning for a time; it might, in exceptional cases, cause death. The old lady's body, from the chest to the navel, was badly burned on both sides. The witness said he did not think the mere combustion of the clothing worn by old Mrs. Lloyd would cause such burns as were found on her body. The red line on the old lady's tongue the witness said, did not indicate anything in particular. He could not give an opinion as to whether the burns were caused before or after death. There were no signs of burns on the dead woman's hands or forearms.

To the Judge and jury Dr. Mather explained certain medical terms used in the post mortem.

CROSS - EXAMINATION.

Cross-examined by, Mr. Porter, Dr. Mather said he did not think old Mrs. Lloyd's head had been washed clean, which accounted for the fact that the post mortem found clotted blood around the wound on the forehead. He did not think the possibility of putrefaction taking place would account for the clotted blood they had found inside the wound. Mr. Porter asked the witness if he would say whether the wound on Mrs. Lloyd's forehead was made before or after death. Dr. Mather said that wounds made almost directly after death had many of the characteristics of wounds made shortly before death. That answer applied to the wound on old Mrs. Lloyd's forehead. Dr. Boyce, in his evidence, had spoken of a red line of demarcation between the burnt and normal skin. Dr. Mather, asked about this, said such a line of demarcation was generally looked on as a sign that burning took place before death. It was not, however, an absolutely certain test. Such a red line might be caused if the burns were made very shortly after death. The wound on old Mrs. Lloyd's forehead went through the skin and the fatty tissue beneath. Any wound on the head bled quite profusely. He would not expect to find such a wound on the head, as that found on old Mrs. Lloyd's, without considerable show of of blood, if the wound were made before death. If the wound were made after death, however, he would not expect to find the clotting found in the wound on old Mrs. Lloyd. It was possible, the witness said to inflict such a wound as that found on old Mrs. Lloyd by pulling her out of the chair after she was dead and allowing her head to strike the arm of the chair. He could, however, account for the clotting found in the present case. If the wound were made directly after death there would be clotting, but less in extent than were the wound made during life. The wound on old Mrs. Lloyd's left eyebrow, the witness said, was, in his opinion, caused by a blow. The bruise on the right side of the head looked as though it were caused by a fall. He still believed that both the wound and the bruise were inflicted before death. He believed this the more when he considered the wound and bruise together. The shock of burning, the witness said, was sometimes sufficient to cause insensibility or death.

MR. PORTER ILLUSTRATES QUESTIONS.

Mr. Porter sat in the burnt rocking chair and illustrated certain questions he asked the witness.

The Doctor said the only way he could account for the woman's hands not being burned was that she must have been deeply unconscious or dead when the burning took place.

The witness and lawyer had a warm conversation about theories, and the witness was not any too ready to subscribe to certain ones advanced by Mr. Porter. Witness verified a former statement made by him, that, something over two years, the late Mrs. Lloyd was a little wild in her talk.

Re-examined—In answer to Mr. Meredith, the witness said that, taking the two wounds on Mrs. Lloyd's head together, he had no doubt they were made before death.

DR. BOYCE.

Dr. Boyce testified that he had made the post mortem with Dr. Mather. His description of the dead woman's injuries corresponded with that given by Dr. Mather. Some of the hairs of old Mrs. Lloyd's head, Dr. Boyce said, were matted with clotted blood, especially from the wound made over old Mrs. Lloyd's left eye. He came to the conclusion that the wounds on Mrs. Llyd's head were made before death, the conditions being such as always existed in ante-mortem wounds, such as everted edges, coagulated blood, bloodstained tissues, and other things. Dr. Boyce did not believe the burns could have been made, by the combustion of a dress, in the length of time stated by the prisoner. He thought some inflammable material, such as coal oil, had been poured over the clothes and set on fire. He did not believe it would be possible for any conscious person to have suffered the burns and not have had her hands burned. The use of coal oil, the witness said, would have caused the skin to become blackened, as had been spoken of by witnesses.

At this point, 12.25, the court adjourned till 1.30 p.m.

WHEN YOU TRAVEL

you owe it to yourself to obtain the best service your travel money will buy. Personal comfort, speed, safety, punctuality, freedom from delays and absence of dust, dirt and annoyance, these are the points that count and these points have reached their highest development on The Lake Shore Railway. Not only are these cardinal considerations as nearly perfect as experience and whole-hearted effort can make them, but the little points of courteous personal attention to the wants of passengers are fully covered. See that your ticket reads "Via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway." For full information concerning rates, routes and service address J. W. Daly, Chief A. G. P. A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, Ohio; W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

AN AGED TRAVELLER.

HE HAS RETURNED TO AUSTRALIA AFTER TEN YEARS' RESIDENCE IN THIS COUNTY.

Letters have recently come to hand announcing the safe arrival in Australia of Mr. Joseph Phelps, who, after some ten years' residence near this city, started last October on the long journey to the land in which he had spent the larger portion of his life. The following article, from a Manitoba paper, will be read with much interest by Mr. Phelps' many friends in this vicinity:

Mr. Joseph Phelps, of Melbourne, Australia, who has been living the last few years at Belleville, Ont., is staying off for a week to see a little of Manitoba, on the way back to his adopted country. Mr. Phelps, who is a hale old gentleman of 85 years, left Ontario between fifty and sixty years ago before ever a railway had been built there, and undertook the then long journey overseas, the water trip alone taking over three months About ten years ago he returned to Ontario thinking to probably spend the remainder of his life there, but the land of his adoption holds such a warm place in his heart that he is returning once more to Australia.

Mr. Phelps, who has a remarkably bright and active intellect for a man of his advanced years, can relate many interesting reminiscences of Canada's early days—the rebellion of '37 and the conditions that prevailed then, especially; no less interesting are his tales of the gold rush to Australia and adventures of the early mining days, the gradual opening up of the country and the vicissitudes of mining life.

Although having so interesting a past history, which is full of incident, he does not live in it, and manifests as keen an interest in present day affairs as any young man could do.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

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We have held the agencies of the largest and best Wallpaper factories both in United States and Canada for the past eighteen years.

The above goes to assist us in offering our customers better values than can be found elsewhere.

WE DO NOT CARRY ANY OLD STOCK and to this end we continue to sell—

Balance of our 1905 Wallpapers at a Discount of 25 per cent.

Besides this we will offer during this week ***5000 rolls of 1906 Wallpapers*** at the following special prices:—

15c Papers for 10c
10c Papers for 6c
8c Papers for 5c
5c Papers for 3c

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Decorator and Designer.

PURE GOODS ARE

Cowan's Perfection Cocoa
(Maple Leaf Label)

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Croquettes, Wafers, Medallions, Etc.

Cowan's Cake Icings

EVERY GROCER KEEPS THEM
THE COWAN CO., Ltd., TORONTO

TROOPS MOW DOWN PEASANTS.

Russian Soldiers Killed Twenty-Eight, Wounded One Hundred.

Berlin, April 5.—Russian troops had a battle with peasants in the Province of Kersan, killing 28 and wounding 100 of them. A Gatling gun was used.

Russia Wants $200,000,000.

St. Petersburg, April 5.—Russia has opened preliminary negotiations in Paris for a large foreign loan, of at least $200,000,000, and desires more, if possible. The syndicate with which she is negotiating is composed of German, Dutch and British capitalists.

No Beer For Employes.

Port Hope, April 5.—There is a strike at the Port Hope Brewing and Malting Co., which started yesterday morning. The brewers refused to return to work at 7 o'clock and the bottling workers walked out an hour and a half later. The employes of the malting department are the only ones working as the engineers and teamsters are also out. The cause of the strike is over the cutting off of the beer to the employes and several other disagreements between the manager and employes.

Jilted Lover Suicides.

Chatham, April 5.—At Thamesville, James Skimmerhorn committed suicide by shooting himself. A girl at Syracuse, N. Y., turned him down and became the wife of one of his rivals. Heartbroken, he returned to Thamesville, and after brooding over the matter for the last three days, he took his life yesterday morning by shooting himself in the head.

Lawyer's Suicide.

Buffalo, April 5.—Frederick G. Gates, a lawyer, aged 26 years, committed suicide in his office Tuesday evening by shooting.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

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ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

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Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 5

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	93⅞	93¼
do pref	....	....
St. Paul	177⅞	176⅞
Mop	97	95½
Union Pac	158	157⅞
C.P.R.	172⅞	172⅞
Sou Pac	69⅛	69
R I	27⅞	27⅛
Ills. C.	....	....
Sou Ry	40⅞	40⅛
Texas	34	33½
B.& O	113⅞	113
N Y C	145⅛	145⅛
Penn	140⅞	140
Soo	...	
T. W.	119⅞	119⅞
Erie	45½	44½
do pref	78¼	78¼
Reading	138⅛	137⅛
C. O	60	59½
O W	52½	52⅛
Manhattan	....	....
W C	....	....
L. & N.	151	150⅛
A. F.	44⅞	44½
Nor	90¼	90¼
Wab.	22½	22½
do pref	50¼	49¼
A. R.	161⅛	160⅞
C. G. W	21½	20⅞
T.C.I.		
U. S. Steel	42⅞	42¼
do pref	108⅛	107⅞
Sugar	141⅛	141
B.R.T.	87¼	87¼
P. O	95½	95½
A. C. P.	110⅞	111
Met.	117⅞	117⅞
Alo.	68⅞	68
C.F.I.	63⅛	61¼

May wheat opened at 78⅛; closed at 77⅞
July wheat opened at 77⅞; closed at 77⅛
May corn opened at 44⅞; closed at 45⅛
July corn opened at 44⅞; closed at 45⅛
May Oats opened at 31⅛; closed at 31⅞
May pork opened at 16.10 closed at 16.12

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

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All Japan Teas are Adulterated, while

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

Lead Packets Only,—25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. AT ALL GROCERS.

HIGHEST AWARD, ST. LOUIS, 1904.

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--WE ARE.

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ASK TO SEE THE MANNISH DESIGN FOR WOMEN

Our New Styles Now in Stock

NONE BETTER THAN THE EMPRESS SHOE
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The Smartest Assortment For Correct Dressers.

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SHOE HOUSES—Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

"THE TOAST OF THE TOWN," is

TRISCUIT

The shredded whole wheat wafer, MADE IN CANADA, of the choicest Ontario wheat, makes the white flour cracker look sickly and pale. A natural remedy for constipation and indigestion. Try it toasted with butter.

Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book," postpaid.
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Easter Goods

Our display of Easter novelties is very fine this year—many new lines of which are sure to please.

Special line of Confectionery for the Easter trade. Watch for special announcement for next week.

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

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TIMELY TOPICS.

THE DATE FOR EASTER.

Thirty days hath September,
Every person can remember;
But to know when Easter's come
Puzzles even scholars some.

When March the twenty-first is past,
Just watch the silvery moon,
And when you see it full and round,
Know Easter'll be here soon.

After the moon has reached its full,
Then Easter will be here
The very Sunday after
In each and every year.

And if it hap on Sunday
The moon should reach its height,
The Sunday following this event
Will be the Easter bright.

* * *

Winnipeg said good-bye to winter and welcomed 4,000 new settlers in one short week.

* * *

An eloping couple from Buffalo were married in an undertaker's shop. They realized, doubtless, that marriage is a grave matter.

* * *

Four more of New York city's firemen have offered up their lives on the altar of duty. "Theirs not to reason why; theirs but to do and die!"

* * *

Despite his wealth, all is not pure joy with John D. Rockefeller. His grandson came into this world smooth-shaven, baldheaded, and looking like a hard drinker.

* * *

About a thousand people from Western Ontario points left one day last week for the far west. There were twenty-one tourist cars and regular coaches, and seven baggage cars in the three trains.

* * *

Lord Minto has been making some plain statements to the Council in India. He declines to believe that Russia is no longer a factor to be reckoned with on the Indian frontier. The cost of the army, he says, is the premium for the insurance of India. He supports Lord Kitchener.

* * *

It has now been figured out that in 200,000 years nearly the whole Northern Hemisphere will be covered with ice which will fill all the valleys, and overtop all the mountains, but you needn't cheer up on the theory that this is going to scare the icemen enough to make him cut any rates this summer.

* * *

In the mileage of railways based on population, Canada leads the world, says The Engineering Journal of Canada. Canada has one mile of railway to every 290 people; the United States, one mile to 378 people; France one mile to 1,317 people; Germany, one mile to 1,850 people; Russia, one mile to 3,400 people.

* * *

Those early rooks and robins — both
harbingers of spring—
Have been followed by the maple
syrup pan,
But we long to give pennies to that
infallible, sure-thing;
The music-grinding hurdy-gurdy man

* * *

A western paper refers to "the late Sir Richard Cartwright." The person meant is the economist of a dozen years ago, the lover of free trade as it is in England, the denouncer of protection and its works, the foe of jobbery, the fierce critic of nepotism, the "big policeman" who was to keep the Quebec Frenchmen's hands out of the "shreds and patches" of the Dominion where they should be. His pensioned spook may be seen now and again in the Senate in the attitude of a sleeping man.

Glandular Swellings.

Here is a remedy for goiter and glandular swellings: Glycerinated iodine lotion—iodide of potassium, two drams; distilled water, one pint; glycerin (pure), one ounce. Dissolve the iodide in the water, then add the glycerin. Apply with antiseptic gauze or fine linen.

On His Dignity.

Mr. Q. Ponze—No, sir; my daughter would starve if she married you. Mr. Nocoyne—Oh, well, if you're the sort of man that would let your own daughter starve I've no desire to become a relative of yours. I withdraw my request, sir.

Longing For a Soaker.

Hobbs—Queer, isn't it, that it never rains when one wants it to? Dobbs—Garden in need of rain? Hobbs—No, it's myself. My wife gave me a new umbrella for a birthday present, and it hasn't rained since.

Balanced.

The Caller—Your art gallery is a treat. This picture especially is delightful; the values are so well balanced. Mr. Porkham—That's right—frame, $200; picture, same price.—Puck.

Old Parliamentary Fines.

It is costly to be a member of the British parliament, but some ancient expenses are spared the modern member. An order dated 1640 runs thus, "Those who go out of the house in a confused manner to forfeit 10 shillings." Others enact that "all the members that come after 8 (the house met at 8 o'clock in the morning then) to pay 1 shilling, and those who do not come the whole day to pay 5 shillings, those who do not come to prayers to pay 1 shilling, such members as come after 9 o'clock to pay 1 shilling to the poor," etc. Still more expensive was it for members to go out of town without permission. In 1664 a penalty of £10 was imposed upon every knight and of £5 upon every citizen who should make default in attending the house, and a penalty of £40 upon every member was shall desert the service of the house for the space of three days together (not having had leave granted him by the house), and he shall be sent for in custody and committed to the Tower." Week enders had a bad time in 1664.

Why Fruits Turn Red.

Fruits turn red when they ripen because of a wise provision of Mother Nature. It makes the fruit conspicuous to birds and other animals, and thus secures the dispersion of the seed. If the fruit were of the same color as the leaves it might easily be passed over. When the fruit or seed is inconspicuous, through either the want of color or the small size, dispersal is effected without the aid of animals, as in the case of the dandelion, whose seed is carried about by the wind, or of the balsam, the seed of which is ejected by a sort of spring. The colored fruits, such as the grape and the cherry, are furnished with succulent coats, which provide food to birds, who in their impatience often swallow the seeds or stones, which may pass through the animal's body without change. Seeds may thus be conveyed not only for considerable distances on land, but also from continents to oceanic islands, which may in this way acquire a new vegetation.

Some London Clubs.

London has many curious clubs, such as the Utopians, whose motto is "Serve God and be merry," and the Froth Blowers, whose members are said to be bound to curse and swear every time they enter the club. There are also many unregistered clubs which have no headquarters and take out no licenses, and there are also many clubs whose members are manifestly drawn together by some common bond of sympathy. Among these the London Daily Express enumerates the following:

The Boz club (admirers of Charles Dickens).

The '05 club (amicability and the arts).

The Royalists (guillotines and diamonds).

The Castaways' club (resigned naval officers).

The Lost Legion (for empire pioneers).

The Ways of Madeira.

The people of Madeira are as harmless as their country. The stranger meets with no snakes and need not fear mosquitoes; neither has he to take any precautions against being molested in the most out of the way parts. Everywhere civility, politeness and pleasant faces will greet him. The prices asked are grotesque, often five times what will be finally accepted. Some find the absence of fixed prices abroad a great nuisance, but the bargaining in Madeira is so good humored and can be made so amusing that the change of custom in this respect is rather refreshing.

A Picturesque Wedding.

An interesting wedding recently took place in England. The bridegroom was a fireman, and accordingly the members of the local fire brigade attended the wedding. They formed up outside the church and made an arch with their axes, under which the bride and bridegroom walked. Then the firemen drew the happy couple home in a carriage, blowing their whistles as they went through the streets.

German Silver.

One of the oddities of nomenclature is that the combination of metals known as German silver contains no silver in its composition and is of Chinese and not of German origin. It was introduced into Europe by the Germans, and for some time it was not generally known that they had simply borrowed it from the Chinese.

Let us read with method and propose to ourselves an end to which our studies may point. The use of reading is to aid us in thinking.—Edward Gibson.

EASTER

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BRITISH PETROLEUM.

A Little Known Industry—60 to 80 Million Gallons Produced Yearly in Scotland—Paraffin Distillation.

The launch of the H. M. S. Dreadnought at Portsmouth by the King recently not only adds a fighting factor of extraordinary power to the navy, but marks a new departure in other respects. She will be the first turbine-driven battleship in the navy, and is provided with combination furnaces in which coal and shale oil or crue petroleum will be used in combination. A system of jets has been introduced so that the crude oil can be sprayed on to the live coal in the furnaces, thereby largely increasing the heat produced.

The shale oil or crude petroleum is of a dark greenish color of the consistency of treacle, and is used in its crude state on account of the large proportion of carbon it contains.

American and Russian oilfields loom so prominently in the public eyes, says Lloyd's Weekly, that few people are aware that from 60 to 80 millions of gallons are produced yearly in Scotland, constituting a home industry which would prove of inestimable value in any possible naval battles of the future.

Although paraffin was obtained by Laurent in 1830 by the distillation of bituminous shale, and in 1835 by Dumas from coal tar, the shale oil and associated industries owe their origin to Mr. James Young. Paraffin candles, wax matches, and all articles in which paraffin wax enters into the composition, own their existence indirectly to him.

Born in 1811 of humble parents, Mr. Young was apprenticed to his father, a cabinet maker, in Glasgow. A course of evening lectures on chemistry, under Prof. Graham, made him so proficient that he was soon appointed demonstrator and assistant to the professor. It was while he was acting as chemist at some chemical works in Manchester that Dr. Lyon Playfair attracted his attention to a small stream of oil which oozed from the roof of some collieries at Alfreton, Derbyshire, which belonged to Playfair's brother-in-law. Having failed to interest anyone else in his schemes, Young started in 1848 with an old fellow student named Meldrum to exploit this crude petroleum. But being alive to the fact that the floating supply might easily be exhausted, he experimented with a view to ascertaining its most prolific source. Various sorts of English coal were tried with varying results, but at last a liquid containing solid paraffin was obtained from Cannel coal. In 1850 Young was shown a piece of Boghead coal, and it proved to be so rich in mineral oil that every variety of Scotch coal obtainable was tried.

Having succeeded by artificial means in doing what nature had done—viz., obtain the oil from bituminous coals by the application of gentle heat, Young made it the ground of his celebrated patent for obtaining an oil containing paraffin from bituminous coals by slow distillation.

Shale came into prominence for this purpose in a curious way, but the discoverer of its properties, a miner, named Douglas, through some mistaken idea, preferred not to talk of his discovery. The peculiar nature of "scaly blaes," or shale, a mineral deposit generally found both above and beneath a seam of coal, attracted his attention, and filling a clay tobacco pipe with little pieces he stopped the bowl with clay and thrust it into a fire.

Soon gas was generated, and then a thick black fluid slowly dropped from the stem. This black "juice" contained paraffin, but little use was made of the knowledge until 1852. While prospecting for coal at Broxburn, in Scotland, in that year, such large quantities of shale were found that it was determined to put it to some use; experiments were made, with such success that the future use of shale in the petroleum industry was assured.

In 1887 borings at Broxburn brought to the surface a thick fluid oil from a depth of 600 feet, but as paraffin solidifies at a temperature of 61 deg. Farenheit it was not found practicable to continue pumping operations. Mining was resorted to, and the shale subjected to distillation. Generally speaking the shale is smashed by a "stamp" and placed in a retort, which is subjected to gentle heat; the result, crude shale oil, is then treated for the extraction of the paraffin wax—which substance was regarded as an encumberance in the early days of the industry—and the production of purified oil.

The despised wax has since found a ready market, becoming a valuable asset in various industries.

His Property In Scotland.

Montagu Brown was full of military ardor, and he was endeavoring to enlist in the London Scottish volunteers. Of course he was asked if he were a Scotchman, according to London Answers.

"No, not much," he replied.

"Parents Scotch?" asked the staff sergeant.

"No. Bethnal Green," said Montagu.

"Well, unless you have some connection with Scotland you can't join," he was told. And he pondered for a moment.

"I've got some property in Scotland."

"Ah, that will be all right," said the sergeant and proceeded to enlist him.

Before he left, however, the sergeant turned to him.

"Would you mind informing me in what part of Scotland your property is situated?" he asked.

"Oh, yes," said the recruit. "I've got a football jersey in the Perth dye works!"

Funny Blunders.

This is from The London Times: "There was a crowd of people on Slough station to greet Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman as he passed through the window of a railway carriage with a number of enthusiastic Liberals gathered there."

What the Oxford orator wished to say, was this: "The Liberals have come in on a flowing tide." Unfortunately, however, he mixed his vowels and told his hearers that "the Liberals have come in on a flying toad."

A reporter wrote of the accident as follows: "Through his horse being frightened by a passing motor car Mr. —— was thrown out of his trap and severely injured, the motorist rendering every assistance."

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Single Fare For Easter

Going April 12, 13, 14, 15 & 16th, returning until April 17th

Between all stations in Canada, also to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, N.Y., Detroit and Port Huron, Mich. Reduced fares also in effect to St. Paul and Duluth, Minn.

For tickets and full information call on
H. C. THOMPSON, Town Agent.
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Seventh Avenue, Amsterdam Ave. and West 79th St. Cars pass the door. Luxurious rooms for permanent and transient guests. Restaurant a Feature. Exquisite Palm Room. Art Nouveau Cafe. Royal Hungarian Orchestra.

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TRANSIENT RATES:
One Room, with bath .... $2.50 per day
Parlor, Bedroom, with bath, $4 and $5 per day
Parlor, 2 Bedrooms, with bath, $5 and $7 per day

Every improvement known to modern ingenuity.

Write for our magazine, "The Hotel Belleclaire World."

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WHITE SAPPHIRES

By POMONA PENRIN

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I waited until Gabrielle's little left hand lay upon the hammock's edge, temptingly near, and then I slipped on the hoop of pearls. We had been engaged almost two months, but it had been a ringless engagement, because Gabrielle said that a ring was extravagant.

"John," she cried now, "why—oh, you shouldn't!"

"But I should," I persisted. "Besides, I doubt if betrothals are legal without rings."

"I love pearls," said Gabrielle, but there was a little pucker in her forehead that nature had set there to warn me—and other men, alas—when she was not quite pleased. I watched her in secret alarm. In spite of her protests, then, she would have preferred a diamond.

"No, I wouldn't," she said positively when I said so. "Really, I wouldn't. But I was wondering"—

"Wondering what?" demanded I, palpitating.

"Everybody will have to know now," the truth came. "Everybody will see it on my finger."

"Well," said I in relief, "that's what I want."

"Not right away—you know we said not right away," said Gabrielle hastily.

I looked away through the vines of the veranda and glowered at all the sunny world. Gabrielle's "not right away" was disquietingly elastic. She had been using that phrase for two months.

"I'll tell you," she solved the matter brightly, "when we go to places I won't wear it on this finger—for a little while, you know, John. I'll just wear it on this finger—for us."

Gabrielle was never so alluring, but I hardened my heart.

"So," I said, without looking at her, "the reason that you said a ring was an extravagance was because you did not want Mr. Algernon Phelps and the rest of them to know. I hadn't thought of that."

"Certainly it wasn't," flashed Gabrielle. "You are insanely suspicious, John. Algernon Phelps!" she finished. "He is quite old enough to be my father."

"He isn't old enough not to give you presents," said I, "which you have no right to accept."

Gabrielle looked at me in amazement. Well she might, for in those two months, despite the fact that I had bitterly resented the continual presence of big, devoted Mr. Algernon Phelps at their house, I had resolutely concealed it.

"John," she cried, "how ridiculous! He is mother's friend."

"And in love with you," I grimly supplemented.

Gabrielle laughed—a ringing, adorable little laugh that made me wish our engagement had never come between us. We were perfectly happy before we were engaged.

"That's very funny," said Gabrielle frankly. "He has given me presents since I was six. However, that isn't the point. I'll wear the ring on the right finger—I mean on the right left finger—really I will, dear. I'll wear it to the Holdons' tonight."

"Will you, sweetheart?" said I, pacified, "and will you want to, Gabrielle?"

"Of course I want to wear it with all my heart," she said simply.

She spread her two little hands on her blue muslin gown and looked at them, and then I caught sight of the other ring. She wore on her right hand a magnificently carved bit of gold, set with three exquisite white sapphires.

"Gabrielle!" I cried. "Where"—

She smiled at me serenely without moving her hands.

"Mr. Phelps bought it this morning," she said. "I've been waiting for you to notice it."

I sank to the depths of despair. It was not only that the ring was far more beautiful than the little circlet of pearls that I had selected, but it had been brought to her by that man—the great, devoted creature whom I liked in spite of his fondness for Gabrielle—on the very day that we had come into possession of our engagement ring.

"Isn't it beautiful?" Gabrielle appealed to me sweetly.

"It is," said I shortly.

Gabrielle looked first at one ring and then at the other, with charming partiality.

"Two new rings," she said musingly. "Won't the girls envy me! What a pity that I will have to wear gloves at the Holdons' tonight!"

"Gabrielle!" I cried. "Surely you will never wear both rings today of all days?"

"Why not?" Gabrielle wanted to know wonderingly. "Oh, don't be stupid!" she cried prettily. "Why, what can you care for his ring, John? You might as well object to my wearing my baby locket that he gave me when I was in pigtails. It's a beautiful ring—not nearly so beautiful as ours, but still beautiful, and I want to wear them both."

Really this was going too far. That "presents since I was six" matter could not much longer be tolerated. No man appears at a house morning, afternoon and evening, as Mr. Algernon Phelps appeared at the house of Gabrielle, in exactly the spirit in which he came bearing presents to her when she was six. And this final white sapphire indignity was not to be borne.

"Gabrielle," I said, in what I believed to be my sternest though most reasonable tone, "I cannot believe that you will be guilty of the—the bad taste of wearing both those rings tonight, and I particularly wish you not to do so."

Gabrielle thought for a moment, and then she laughed, and then her pretty lips set themselves in an unmistakable line, and her eyes met mine fairly.

"John," she said, "I won't let you be so stupid. Don't you see—you dear, silly thing?" She laughed most heartlessly. "I wouldn't wear anybody else's ring with yours—but his."

As if that was extenuation. Matters were now twice as bad. I rose, it being very nearly dinner time anyway. I looked down at Gabrielle.

"That is just it," said I, with formality. "He is the exception to everything. I am wretched over this man's continual presence here, Gabrielle, and I ask you not to wear his ring tonight with mine. Leave one or the other at home, please—whichever you prefer."

As I stalked down the veranda steps I carried with me a picture of Gabrielle's bewitching, petulant face looking up at me in hurt surprise.

"It's the dearest ring, John," she called penitently, "the pearl one. Ours. Thank you, dear."

Then as I turned ready to take her in my arms in the friendly screen of the vines she rose and came to the steps, her little flowery blue gown trailing.

"But I shall wear them both tonight, Mr. John Baden," she said, with pretty mischief. "And you shall apologize too."

"Never," said I, with dignity, and came almost face to face with Gabrielle's mother idling up from the garden, looking a picture in white.

"What big, long words he uses!" cried Gabrielle's mother gayly.

"Mrs. Jocelyn," said I, "if Gabrielle becomes unmanageable will you marry me?"

Mrs. Jocelyn has been a widow for years.

"What commendable thrift for a rainy day!" she said, smiling.

For some reason the question of the white sapphire took on a significance out of all proportion. As I drove to Gabrielle's that evening our love, our future, even her adorableness, which I was never tired of reviewing, were of less moment to me than whether or not she would disregard my wishes about the ring. It seemed to me "one of those straws which tell the wind which way to blow." But I remembered with comfort that Gabrielle had an enchanting habit of obstinacy up to the moment of withdrawal in other people's favor. So as I sat opposite her and her mother on the way to the Holdons' I became comfortably, even triumphantly, sure that there were no white sapphires in the carriage.

When we went down to supper at midnight Mr. Algernon Phelps joined us with his unbearable manner of being wanted where, to be sure, he was wanted by every one but me. Was he, I wondered savagely, after we were married to persist in these visits and presents on the strength of "when Gabrielle was six?" Then I watched Gabrielle feverishly while she drew off the fingers of her gloves and tucked them daintily and with pretty deliberation in her long, loose glove wrists.

The left hand first, and there was my modest band of pearls suiting her delicate little hand to perfection. Then the right hand, and there blazed the white sapphires.

I looked away miserably—somewhere, anywhere. When I came to analyze it I did not care a continental about Mr. Algernon Phelps' white sapphires. I cared only that Gabrielle had not cared to please me.

"And the third one," Gabrielle was saying, "is going to be that new poppy figure. I've seen the favors for that. They are—why, John, what is it?"

"Nothing," said I miserably. She had not even done it to tease me purposely! There would have been some balm of bittersweet in that. My wishes had been simply neglected and forgotten. She did not even trouble to triumph in having carried out her threat.

"Aren't you having a good time?" murmured Gabrielle anxiously.

Really, this was almost obtuse. For answer I stole one glance down at that little right hand and then buried my glances furiously in my salad.

"Oh!" Gabrielle had a fascinating habit of starting a little laugh and then thinking better of it. She did this now and stopped to say in the softest little voice:

"You think that I don't love you?"

"You know it," said I, morbidly.

"I do"—still more softly. This would have been heaven had it not been for that stupid ring.

"I love you so much," she went one, "that it hurts me to have a secret from you. But I have had to—until tonight."

"With Mr. Phelps?" I wanted to know, grimly. He was talking with Mrs. Jocelyn and heard nothing.

"Yes," said Gabrielle, "and with some one else."

Not until I followed her glance did my eye fall upon the glittering little hand of Gabrielle's mother. And on the third finger of her left hand was an exquisite ring of white sapphires and diamonds.

Gabrielle was watching me.

"You dear," she murmured, "haven't you guessed? Mr. Phelps brought her the ring today, and he gave me mine as a peace offering."

"They—you—they?" I wanted to know.

"They didn't want both engagements announced at once," said Gabrielle. "That is why I didn't want to wear the pearls. But I don't care really, John."

I looked over at pretty little Mrs. Jocelyn sitting contentedly beside Mr. Algernon Phelps and then down at Gabrielle, who was laughing at me.

"Neither do I care," I said rapturously.

THE STANDARD YARD.

That In Use In Great Britain and the United States.

The yard is the British and American standard of length. Down to 1824 the original standard of Britain, from which ours was copied, was a rod, which had been deposited in the court of exchequer, London, in the time of Queen Elizabeth. In those days all measures intended for general use were taken to the court of exchequer to be examined by the proper officer. That official took the proposed measure and placed it parallel with the standard and if found correct placed certain marks of identification upon it. By an act of parliament in 1824 the old Elizabethan standard was superseded by another, which had been constructed under the directions of the Royal society sixty-four years previous. This act provided that "the straight line of distance between the centers of two points in the gold studs in the brass rod now in the custody of the clerk of the house of commons shall be the genuine standard of the yard measure in Great Britain." The act further provided that the measurements of the rod must be made when the temperature of the brass was at 62 degrees F.

The standard was destroyed by fire in 1834, and the commission appointed to replace it made the yard measure now in use. The new standard was deposited in the house of parliament in 1855, and authenticated copies of it are in the possession of our government officials at Washington.

THE DEAD SEA.

Work of the Salt Divers In This Desolate Waste.

The awful desolation of the Dead sea, which lies nearly 1,300 feet below the level of the Mediterranean, is broken here and there by the salt divers, whose work is probably as ancient as the human race itself.

From remotest antiquity the salt of the Dead sea has been collected and taken to the Jerusalem market, where it is used for curing hides and for domestic purposes. Dead sea water contains over 25 per cent of solid substances, of which 7 per cent is chloride of sodium, or common salt.

The Dead sea contains no living creature. Sea fish put into its waters speedily die. Not a single boat navigates its strange waters, nor is there any sign of life, save the isolated parties of salt divers, who scrape and slowly amass their glistening heaps of crystal near the mouth of the Jordan.

When a sufficient cargo is made ready a long string of camels crosses the desert, and the salt is loaded up into panniers, or "shwerries," and taken into Jerusalem, where it finds a ready market.

Salt, as is well known, has been used as currency from time immemorial, just as bricks of tea are used today in central Asia, especially in the borderland of China and Siberia.

ARTIFICIAL BALDNESS.

The Ancient and Strange Custom of Shaving the Head.

A historical inquiry into the origin of the custom of shaving the head, which is practiced in several countries, would be interesting.

It was not until the fifth century that in Europe priests began to shave their crowns. The Roman clergy then adopted the circular method and shaved that small round spot on the top of the head which is known as the tonsure. In Scotland, however, the monks shaved the whole of the fore part of the head from ear to ear.

In the Andaman islands every man shaves his head, or, rather, gets his wife to shave it for him. Many other orientals also get baldheaded.

As for the Chinaman, his method of shaving is exactly opposed to that of the Roman monk. He shaves all but a round patch, the hair of which grows long and forms the pigtail.

When the difficulty of shaving the head is borne in mind the true strangeness of the custom becomes doubly apparent. It is hard to see the advantage of it, yet in one form or another and at one time or other it has been practiced in nearly every country.

Cruel Elephant Hunters.

A correspondent of the London Times writes of elephant hunting in Africa: "The most deadly method of killing elephants, and that most frequently employed by the natives of east Africa, is the pit, sufficiently deep—roughly twenty feet—long and wide to engulf and hold an elephant. After a period of frantic struggling, hunger and exhaustion the wretched animal is done to death by native spears. If the size and powers of the animal are remembered it is difficult to imagine a more revolting, brutal picture of torture, but this is the common practice of the natives of the country and is being enacted daily throughout British territory.

Unlucky.

There is an ancient jest in Paris which originated with a waiter. A guest had ordered a dozen oysters.

"Only one dozen?" asked the waiter.

"Yes, that will be enough."

"You are not superstitious, then," said the waiter with a curious smile.

"Why?"

"Because you are not afraid of being thirteen at table."

Different Tellings.

The Doctor—You never can disguise the real thing. Culture will tell. The Professor—Yes, so will ignorance, but it generally uses more words in telling it.

The God who gave us life gave us liberty at the same time.—Jefferson.

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Cheap Courting.

There lived in the town of Epping, N. H., an old man who was noted for his penuriousness. One winter the schoolteacher boarded at his house, and she had a beau who came once a week to spend the evening with her. This, of course, necessitated heating and lighting the parlor.

Nothing was said about this item of expense at the end of the term when the teacher paid her board bill, but the next day, happening to meet the young man on the street, the old man accosted him and, after a few preliminaries about the weather, remarked: "You know we've been to some little extra expense this winter running that fire in the parlor for you and teacher. I didn't say anything to her, but I thought perhaps you'd be willing to make it right."

"Why, yes," replied the young man. "I am willing to pay anything reasonable, of course. How much do you think you ought to have?"

"Waal," drawled out Mr. B., "I guess 'bout 10 cents will do."

Uniforms to Scare the Enemy.

Red uniforms were first adopted by the Emperor Valerius Maximus in order that the Roman soldiers might not be frightened by the sight of their own blood. To this day the children of England are told that this is the reason why French troops wear red trousers, and French children are taught the same notion respecting the red coats of the British. The legionaries of ancient Rome wore the skins of bears on the field of battle to make them look fierce. For the same reason they put figures of frightful beasts on their shields and helmets. From this old custom spring modern crests and armorial bearings. The idea of scaring the enemy by such devices has been perpetuated up to quite recent times. Tall bearskin hats were originally adopted to make them look taller by the French cuirassiers, each of whom carried a handful of grenades for scattering among the ranks of their foe.

Monkeys and Cocoanuts.

"The old story about monkeys climbing up cocoanut trees and firing nuts down on people that pass under them, as related in the old fashioned story books, is exploded by the facts," remarked a man who has been in South America. "The fact is that cocoanuts are never plucked off the trees. They are fastened on by a fiber that would require the strength of a Hercules to break, and no monkey was ever born in the world that could pluck one of them. I have read many stories about monkeys climbing these trees, but after five years' experience as a resident of Porto Cortes, Honduras, during which time my business has taken me out in the forests, I have never seen a monkey attempt to climb a cocoanut tree. They have no limbs, only a small bunch of foliage on the top, and each tree bears from eight to ten nuts."

A Peculiar City.

A traveler's tale has it that Nanghanu, a Siamese city, home of the royal family, is a sort of municipal harem. Its population is composed of women and children alone. It is in the center of Bangkok, has high walls around it, and in its population of 9,000 there is not a single man, though the king occasionally pays a visit. There are shops, markets, temples, theaters, streets and avenues, parks, lakes, trees and flower gardens, a hall of justice, judges, executioner, police, generals and soldiers, all the positions, official and otherwise, being filled by women. The only man in all Siam who can enter this city is the king.

The First Sapphire.

There is an Indian legend that Brahma, the creator, once committed a sin that he might know the torments of remorse and thus be able to sympathize with mortals. But the moment he had committed it he began repeating the mantras, or prayers of purification, and in his grief dropped on the earth a tear, the hottest that ever fell from an eye, and from it was formed the first sapphire.

Wondrous Evolution.

"In the slow evolution of the race," mused the elephant, looking with languid interest at the throng of curious gazers that stood on the outside of the ropes and fed him with cakes, peanuts and candy, "how many millions of years it must require to evolve from the shapeless and rudimentary projection on the face of the creature called man the full and perfect proboscis!"

The Dardanelles.

The Dardanelles is celebrated in ancient history on account of Xerxes and Alexander having crossed it, the former in 480 B. C. to enter Europe and the latter in 334 B. C. to enter Asia. At the point where Alexander crossed young Leander nightly swam the Hellespont to visit Hero—a feat performed in modern times by Lord Byron.

Making It Worse.

"What silly verses that woman is reciting!"

"I wrote them, sir!"

"Ah—oh, yes—to be sure—clever lines, but horribly delivered, don't you know. Woman must be a fool to bungle 'em so. Who is she?"

"My wife, sir!"

Got What He Wanted.

Auctioneer—Going! Going! Gone! Here, sir, it's yours. Great bargain, sir. The frame alone is worth the price. Connoisseur (ripping out the picture)—The frame is what I wanted.

You cannot find an instance of any man who is permitted to lay out his own time contriving not to have tedious hours.—Johnson.

The Water Pitcher.

The following simple method of keeping ice water in a common pitcher is worth knowing: Put a layer of cotton batting between two sheets of wrapping paper three inches higher than the pitcher. Fasten the ends of the paper and batting together, forming a circle. Paste a cover over one end of the batting and paper. This cover, when over a pitcher, must come close to the stand and so exclude the air, and ice will keep a long time. This paper cover will be found of great service in a sickroom for both milk and water pitchers.

A MERE COWBOY

By HONORE WILLSIE

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To Edith's eastern eyes the ranch was a most fascinating place. The wide, rolling stretches of plain, flat and brown under the autumn skies; the lean cottonwoods, whose scant shade was a mere joke, and the ranch house itself, roomy, low and ugly, were all beautiful in her eyes.

If you had told Edith that this strange fascination was due to the undeniable charms of a certain tall cowboy who had recently been made foreman of her brother's ranch she would have tossed her pretty head at you and denied your insinuations scornfully.

"What," she had exclaimed when her sister-in-law had slyly remarked on the regularity of Edith's morning rides under the foreman's tutelage—"what! I have more than an ordinary interest, founded on curiosity, for a cowboy! Why, Alice, you forget where I was born and bred."

At this pretty Mrs. Alcott had laughed merrily.

"'Born and bred,'" she had repeated. "My dear child, when you come west you must forget that you were born and bred. I did so five years ago. The fact that you are a college girl won't help you half so much as the fact that you are unlearning your eastern method of saddle riding. These westerners don't give a rap concerning your parents or your grandparents. Their interests are all in the present, not the past. As Jimmy says, 'One man is as good as another here and a heap better.' So leave off your condescending airs with Harry Esterly. They are quite lost on him, I assure you."

Edith listened in silence to Mrs. Alcott and watched her as she moved quietly about the living room of the ranch house, which was as cozy and homelike as the exterior was dreary; then she picked up her riding whip, pulled the latch of her sombrero under her chin and with a disdainful little sniff walked out toward the corral, where Harry Esterly awaited her.

Harry watched her keenly as she strolled slowly toward him.

"Gad," he said to himself, "she's well put up!"

And she was—erect and lithe as a young Indian, with hair that shone bronze in the sun, with skin that glowed with health after the morning tub, and with an uptilt to her beautiful head that would well give a thrill of pride to any man on whom she bestowed her friendship.

"Is that Josephine?" she called to Harry as she drew within hailing distance.

"Yes, that's Josephine," answered Harry, patting the smaller horse. "Isn't she a beauty?"

"She is indeed," said the girl, smoothing the soft nose of the pretty mare. "Are you sure she isn't part broncho? Brother Jim says that if a horse has ever so little a drop of broncho blood in him, ever so far back, he's bound to buck at least once in his life. And I don't want to be the one to discover that one drop!"

Harry shook his head. "Well, of course," he said, "it's hard to pick up a horse around here that you can vouch for. But really, Miss Alcott, I think Josephine is as safe as a cradle."

Edith hung her whip on the saddle pommel and, motioning away Harry's offered hand, swung herself into the saddle.

"This morning," he said, "I'm going to take you to my particular pet spot. It's only half an hour's ride from here."

Out they raced across the dusty plain, the horses taking the barbed wire fences as lightly as birds. They drew rein on a lonely little hillock, the only break in the level of the plain for miles around.

"Look," said Harry. "See how one side is scooped out. Some Indian made himself a shelter here some time from a dust storm. And now stand here on top for a moment and you will see why I like this place."

Edith looked. The slight eminence gave a surprising sweep of view—the far ranch house, with the distant grazing herds, the blue line of haze that marked the mountains and, farther still, the brown of the plain, merging into the blue of the desert. Toward the desert Harry looked apprehensively.

"Miss Edith," he said, "I believe that we'll have a dust storm here in an hour or so. The air felt like it this morning, with this scorching wind, and now I can see it gathering out there on the desert. I wonder if you would be willing to ride in to the ranch alone while I ride out to speak to Mr. Alcott?"

Edith blushed a little. "Why, yes, of course I'll go, but—but I wish you would let me ride your horse back, Mr. Esterly. I'm so afraid Josephine will buck."

"Why, she's as safe as a church. And Billy here used to buck like a jack rabbit. Of course, he's all right now, though."

"Please!" pleaded the girl.

Harry jumped from his horse and helped Edith from the saddle.

"Let me change saddles quickly," he said. "We've no time to waste." And in a few minutes Edith was cantering swiftly toward the ranch house, while Harry rode out toward the distant herd.

Half an hour after Edith reached the house the dust storm was upon them. Whirlpools of dust were hurled upon the house by a howling wind that shook the very rafters.

Hour after hour of intense dry heat, combined with the screeching of the wind, rasped the nerves almost to the breaking point. Edith strolled restlessly from room to room, watching the dust sift in through the closed window and under the doors. Finally she approached Mr. Alcott, who had come in just after the storm broke.

"Has Mr. Esterly come in?" she asked. "Would you mind looking, Jimmy?"

Mr. Alcott sighed patiently and went out into the storm. In a few minutes he returned, looking a little anxious.

"He's not there," he said. "He told me he'd reach here by the time the storm broke. It's letting up a little, and I'll send some of the men out soon, though nothing could have happened to an old timer like Harry."

Edith said nothing, but as the wind lessened she stole softly from the room and out toward the stables. Dusk was just beginning to deepen as she rode swiftly out toward the stopping place of the morning.

"If he got caught he made for that little shelter, I know," she said to herself. "But I know that that Josephine has done something, even if he is a cowboy, and it's all my fault."

She drew rein by the hillock. Back in its shadows sat Harry, pale, but calmly smoking, until he saw the startled eyes of the girl. Edith gave him no time for questions.

"Oh," she moaned, "I knew Josephine would do something!"

Harry glanced in an embarrassed way at his ankle, about which he had awkwardly tied a handkerchief.

"All my own carelessness," he said. "I stood in the saddle to look for the herd and if the blamed little imp didn't buck without a word of warning and threw me. I'll never hear the end of this at the ranch. First horse that's thrown me in five years. They'll find us in a little while. They know this place."

But Edith could not see the humor of the situation.

"I was a selfish, cruel thing," she moaned. "Oh, you poor, poor boy!"

Harry looked at her closely. Then he leaned forward and quietly took possession of her hand.

"Edith," he said softly, "Edith, do you care?"

Edith looked out into the dusk. "A cowboy," she thought, "just a plain cowboy! What would they say?" Then with a deep blush she looked into his face. "Yes," she half whispered, "I'm afraid I do. You see, I always said I'd never marry any but a college man."

"Is that so?" chuckled Harry. "Well, you're keeping your vow. I have a sheepskin kicking around in my stuff somewhere."

"And you never told me!" Edith exclaimed.

Harry looked up in surprise. "Gee," he said, "I'd forgotten all about it."

And he sighed in absolute content as he felt Edith's face against his coat sleeve.

Storms on the Sun.

The velocity with which solar storms move is very great, and they sometimes extend over a space several times as large as the whole of the earth's surface. In common parlance they are called "sun spots," but as they are known to have a rotary motion exactly similar to terrestrial cyclones they may be regarded as true solar storms. It has been computed by eminent astronomers that these sun storms move with the astonishing velocity of 120 miles per second, and we can best form an adequate conception of what the force of such a storm must be by comparing it to an earth storm moving at 100 miles an hour, which is indeed a terrible hurricane. Carlington and Hodgson, the English astronomers, described a sun storm which traveled 35,000 miles in five minutes, and in 1871 Professor Young of Cincinnati witnessed one that traveled 166 miles per second for forty-five minutes and constantly threw sheets of flame and fiery matter to a height of not less than 200,000 miles above the sun's disturbed surface!

The Dress of the Highlanders.

The highland dress, without a rival in picturesqueness, unique in its longevity and remarkable for the manner in which it has been employed to distinguish the different families or clans of one race, appears to be a survival of the ordinary Roman dress and a relic of Caesar's invasion of Britain. From the time when it was first adopted and while fashion has been busy with changes in other parts of the world the costume seems to have undergone little modification. That this dress should have been selected and adhered to as the national garb is due to its undeniable utility. Wrapped in his plaid, the highlander was indifferent alike to soaking mist and violent storm; he was prepared to pass the night in defiance of the most inclement weather, while the loose undergarment would have been difficult to improve upon when wading mountain torrents or climbing the steep sides of ravine and glen.

Lincoln and Hay.

From a somewhat careful study of the literary characteristics of Abraham Lincoln and John Hay, as well as of their respective natural dispositions, Leslie's Weekly is led to remark the likeness between these two celebrated men. They were both humorously inclined, Lincoln in his somewhat homely way, Hay in his more cultured style. Each was able to clothe his ideas—always notably permeated with charity—in clear, simple, logical English. On special occasions each rose to heights of classical expression in voicing great thoughts. One may almost conclude that Hay was the perfected type of Lincoln's cruder personality and that as a disciple of his great leader, with whom he was so closely associated in his younger formative days, he had consciously or unconsciously imbibed not only his master's style, but his spirit as well.

His Magic Housekeeper

By BELLE MANIATES

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A week from the day on which the bells in the old church tower tolled the death of the parents of John Lester his spacious farmhouse burned to the ground. He built a temporary home out of sight of the charred ruins of the old home. In the heart of the woods near the bank of the river that ran swift and deep in boundary to his farm he took up his abode. He kept his hearth in hermit fashion, but he was not as proficient in housekeeping duties as in the tilling of his soil, and it was now the season of planting time.

Stories most distressing to the kindly country folk were told of his making a clean sweep occasionally through his house, the accumulations landing on the back door step or vanishing through cracks of the floor; also of a weekly washing of dishes and a pork and potato diet.

They hospitably opened their doors and their services to the sole survivor of the Lester household, but he had a way of drawing about himself the magic circle which no one ventured to cross.

He was too busy through the day and too tired at night to feel lonely. There was a supreme reason why John preferred his solitary life.

One night when he came home from the fields he paused on his threshold and stared in amazement at the transformation wrought. His camping out place had become a cozy little home. Everything, from the sanded floor to the tinware on the pine table, was as spotlessly clean and white as soap and water could make it. At the windows were dainty muslin curtains. The table, spread with a snowy white cloth, was set for his supper. A loaf of homemade bread and a flower stamped pat of golden butter added their touch of domesticity.

In a haze of wonder John mechanically filled the kettle, lighted the fire and prepared his evening meal. Then he went into the adjoining room. This, too, had been touched with a magic wand and arranged in as orderly a fashion as a hospital ward—the windows curtained in muslin, the bed covered with a spread and a little silk lined workbasket adorned the table.

When he sat down to supper he was scarcely conscious of what he ate. In kaleidoscopic procession there passed through his recollection his mother's friends and neighbors; but, though the house cleaning and the bread and butter might suggest the buxom matrons of his acquaintance, it was some way borne in upon his slow working brain that the other things were the handiwork of a maiden. Even if the white curtains could be possibly charged up to one of the simple farm wives, there was still that workbasket lined in delicate blue to refute the theory. No! The workbasket would have convinced any jury, as it did John, that a young woman—one with a dormant shade of coquetry—had entered his home that day.

The white curtains and the blue lined basket would adjust themselves to but one person, and that one he feared it could not have been. Buried in his memory was the love of one woman, who had said him nay.

He roused himself from his speculations.

"Whoever it is," he thought grimly, "will soon be disclosed. The folks about here are not the kind that hide their light under a bushel."

He looked dubiously at the supper table. It seemed to him that he was under obligations to restore things to the order in which he had found them. Clumsily he washed the dishes and set the room to rights, half angry with himself for doing so.

"They'll be leaving me a kitchen apron and a dish towel next," he thought sheepishly.

In the vapory veil of smoke that floated upward from his evening pipe he saw a vision of a hearth and home presided over by a goddess, young and fair. But his pipe went out, and he awoke from his dreams.

The early dawn, with the sounds of choring, found John sturdy and practical again; yet as he went up and down through the furrows all the gray, sunless day his thoughts eagerly turned to his home going and what the evening would bring forth.

He felt his heartbeats as he lifted the latch. The same order prevailed; the cloth laid for supper and in the center of the little round table was a glass filled with flowers, not the sweet smelling garden flowers nor the stiff blooms of house plants so popular in country homes, but a handful of flowers of the wood.

The week went by, each day spent in hard, eager labor, his thoughts and hopes concentrated on the evening hour. Always he found his little home well kept, the table set with some delicacy, and everywhere was the invisible, invincible touch of a woman's hand.

He might easily have come home unexpectedly by day or lingered in some concealed place to watch for his magic housekeeper, but his chivalry withheld him from seeking to discover the identity of the one who wished to do her good deeds in secret.

Suddenly a bright idea occurred to John. The next morning after breakfast he reset the table for his evening meal, taking pains to make it look as it had each night of the preceding week, even to the flowers, except that two covers were laid and two chairs set at opposite sides of the table. Would she—if it were she—accept the unspoken invitation and all it implied?

When he came home in the late afternoon, a queer little spasm of pain tugged at his heart. Supposing it were not she, after all!

He opened the door. The room was empty, and the table set as he had left it, but there were the same traces of housekeeping. Suddenly he looked at the table and started. By the side of the plate he had set for her was a flower, a wood violet. He had given her a bunch of those blossoms once and shyly told her they were the color of her eyes. This was her answer! All the room—the poor, plain, empty little room—seemed filled with the radiance of the message of the violets.

When the sun had slipped into a gold and crimson setting John made his way through the woods and came out into a meadow. He followed the path that led him into a shaded lane, then through an orchard until he came to the little brown farmhouse—all sweet, homely familiar sights to the man who had been shut out from them for two weary years.

The door stood open, and he went into a long, low room. In the dusky shadows he discerned a slender young figure.

"Jessie!"

Her eyes were quickly raised, and in the blue haze of wistfulness was an expression of appeal. Her lips quivered.

"John!"

"I found your flower, Jessie."

There was no answer.

"Jessie, did you keep my house for me just because you felt sorry for me?"

"N-no."

He came nearer.

"Was it because you care—now? I must know, Jessie."

"I always cared, John, but I didn't know it until I heard how ill kept your house was, and I could not bear that you should be so uncomfortable. I slipped down there every morning through the woods and did the work. They were beautiful days—when I was working for you."

"I'll start out house building tomorrow, dear. We'll have a big one up on the hill. Will you come to it?"

"John!"

After a happy silence she said shyly: "John, is my place still at your table?"

"It is; it always will be now, Jessie."

"Then, John, need we wait? May I come to you in the dear little house where I have been so happy? We can watch the building of the new one together."

Voodoo Worship.

A writer in Chambers' Journal states that the belief in obi, or, as the followers of this fetichism call themselves, obeah, is as rife among the negroes of the West Indies as ever. Though the negro in the Antilles is removed many generations from the original African, it seems that obeah cannot be eradicated. In former days there was such a constant use of poison by those who were of the obeah that the English government in Jamaica did its best to suppress it, but its practices were not discontinued, only concealed. Obeah is pure fetichism, and the rites are at their revolting climax in Dahomey. In Sierra Leone all the old customs and superstitions, despite English influence, hold the natives fast. Voodoo worship, still existing among the Louisiana natives, is the obeah, only with another name, and even the white man will put faith in an absurd rabbit foot. There is with negro conservatism dread of the man or woman who can work obeah. When the colored race has been left to itself, as in Haiti, voodoo worship flourishes. It is by no means a harmless belief, because the obeah hag is skilled in the making of poisons and lives by the sale of them. If the poison administered to a victim causes death it is not murder, according to the negro, but only the influence of a magical spell.

Timepieces.

The earliest contrivance for keeping time was the hourglass, which, of uncertain antiquity, was still employed at the beginning of the present century and indeed is now in use on some reading desks in the English churches. On the pulpit of the queen's chapel at Windsor there is a twenty minute glass, which time the orator for the Sunday is advised not to exceed. The clepsydra, or water clock of the Romans, was invented by Scipio Nasica 158 B. C., and toothed wheels were introduced into these pieces of mechanism by Ctesibius about 140 B. C. The earliest complete clock of which there is certain record was made by a Saracen mechanic in the thirteenth century. The most celebrated clock in the world is that of the cathedral at Strassburg, which tells not only the hour, but the day of the week, the month, the day of the month and the year. It contains a large number of automatons, figures of angels, saints and animals, which appear at regular intervals, and a crowd always assembles at the hour of noon to witness the procession of automatons at that time.

A Cemetery Serenade.

Sounds of music coming from the cemetery in the middle of the night terrified the inhabitants of the Swiss village of Bregenz, near the Austrian frontier. Two gendarmes hid themselves one night behind a tombstone in order to investigate. They saw a young tradesman climb over the cemetery wall, pull a violin from under his coat and, standing over a newly made grave, begin to play the "Bohemian Girl." They listened to the end and then went up to the man, who said he had been playing over the tomb of his bride, who had died the week before. "It was the piece she liked best," he said to the gendarmes, who led him away.

Honor Roll for March.

PINNACLE ST.

Second Book. — Melville Clarke, Leigh Smith, Jennie Kaitting, Chas. Duesberry, David Babcock, Willie Sweet.

Sr. Part II. — Emma Hutchinson, Gracie Moxam, Jennie Wilson, Levi Phillips, Madeline McElrath, Mattie Coleman.

Jr Part II. — Roy Duesberry, Geo. Clapper, Aggie Carter, Charlie McConnell, Violet Wilson, Garfield Sanford.

Sr. Part I. — Orvel Herrington, Jessie Kiser, Sadie Kaitting, Pearl Santord, Albert Duesberry.

No. 3, Part I. — Lusinda Kaitting, Harold Morrison, Mabel Kaitting.

No. 2, Part I. — Jennie Morrison, Myrtle Collins, Muriel Glenn, Cassie Robinson and Earle Collins.

Jr. Part I. — Evelyn Kiser, James McCoy, Blanche Cornell, Tressie Carter. —A. M. MacKay, teacher.

MELROSE.

IV.—Olive Macfarlane, Marguerite McArthur, Harold McKinney, Charlie Beatty.

III.—Bert Badgley.

II.—Bert Simpkins.

Sr. Pt. II.—Carrie Crookshanks.

Jr. Pt. II.—Pearl Morden.

B. Corbett, teacher.

FOXBORO.

Part I., Class I.—Helen Roblin, Webster Kingsbery, Earl Ward, Fred Deshane, Angy Curlett, Mabel Bartlett, Keitha Wooton.

Class 2.—Stella Davis, Floyd Deshane, Nettie Stewart.

Jr. Part II.—Walter Allore, Alfred Gray, Gerald Roote, Dorothy Simmons, Maurice Vermilyea, Eugene Lake.

Sr. Part II.—Clara Gay, Stella Lowery, Bert Sills, Irene Prentice, Harry Potter, Roy Bartlett.

Jr. II.—Norman Curlett, Willie Kingsbery, Gladys Stewart, Hazel Wooton, Claude Mason.

Sr. II.—Norma VanAllen, Ernest Barrager, Lillie Wickett, Edith Mason.

O. A. Shaw, teacher.

Jr. III.—Tommy Bartlett, Kenneth Prentice, Harold Gardner, Gerald Wickett, Henry Gray, Earl Rombough.

Intermediate III.—Clarence Lang, Almon Wickett, Fred Mason.

Sr. III.—Tommy McEwan, Arthur Gibson, Cleborn Gay, Willie Burd, Clarence Eggleton, Clayton Potter, Grace Barrager, Arthur Clarke, Fred Burd.

Jr. IV.—Nellie Bartlett, Floral Wooton.

Sr. IV.—Earl Prentice, Willie Thompson, Willie Cruse, Ollie Lowery, Lulu Lowery, Johnny Gowsell, Hattie Ward.

V.—Roy Ward.

M. W. Mott, teacher.

BLESSINGTON.

V.—Fred Robinson.

IV.—Pearl Taylor, Finley Taylor, —Hunter Smith, May Haslip, Lillie Haslip, Clara McMechan.

Sr. III.—Roy Taylor, George Ross.

Jr. III.—Dorland Ross, Louise Taylor, Nettie Henderson.

Jr. II.—Lorne Lazier, Stirton Badgley, Fred Taylor, Willie McMechan.

Part II.—Grant McLaren, Charlie Ross.

Jr. I.—Florence Lazier, Harry Liddle.

B. Ross, teacher.

Fraudulent Sweetbreads.

"A true sweetbread is perhaps the most healthy meat that can be eaten," said a doctor, "but you are never able to get it. The sweetbread proper is the pancreas, which is one of the most effective agents in promoting digestion, but the sweetbread of trade is usually obtained from the throats of cattle and is what is called the thyroid gland. This gland rests against the windpipe, and, while its texture is similar to that of the real sweetbread, it has not the same beneficial qualities. But some butchers, in order to make money, pass off the salivary gland, that which furnishes the saliva, located in the cheeks for a sweetbread. This is the most inferior substitute of all. The pancreas, or real sweetbread, is a most dainty morsel. It is of triangular form, while the sweetbreads obtained from the throat are of an oval form. But what is the use of making people dissatisfied? They have been eating thyroid and salivary glands for sweetbreads for years and have been satisfied. But then they have never tasted the real thing."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Money Value of St. Louis.

When Louis IX., the saint, surrendered with his whole forces to the Saracens at Mansura on the 5th of April, 1250, 1,000,000 golden bezants—equal to half that number of the livres of the day—were demanded for his freedom. But the Moslems came down to 800,000 bezants, and in the end by surrendering Damietta Louis got off for 100,000 marks—equal, roughly, to over £1,000,000 of today. These golden bezants contained about 30 shillings' worth of our gold, but to go to market with would buy then as much probably as 7½ sovereigns now would. Were the scorner allowed to break forth here he would probably tell how this high priced and saintly carcass was treated by his people when Louis died at the siege of Tunis, twenty years later. Being hard up for embalmers, they had, according to the journal of Aubery, to quarter and boil him down in separate caldrons and so sent but his whited skeleton to France.—London Chronicle.

Easy English.

"Ah, your language! Eet ess so difficult."

"What's the matter, count?"

"First, zis novel eet say ze man was unhorsed."

"Yes?"

"Zen it say he was cowed."

PLANTS AS FURNITURE.

They Go Wonderful Lengths Toward Furnishing a House.

If one excepts the open grate fire there is no one thing that adds more to the homy aspect of a room, either in winter or summer, than a thrifty, growing plant, and, of course, if one plant be good a whole shelf full is even better. Plants go wonderful lengths toward furnishing a house. In homes where the furniture has grown old and shabby these and other shortcomings will not be nearly as noticeable if there are pleasant green things growing in the windows.

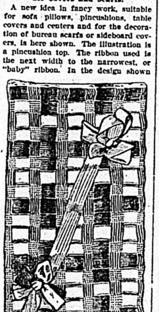
Besides serving as furniture plants have two distinct missions. They are good for the mothers, and they are good for the mothers' children. During the long winter when the mother, particularly the nervous mother, is weary of everything else, a few moments spent among the house plants will prove wonderfully restful. Whether it is the contact with the earth, whether it is the restfulness of green foliage to the eyes or whether it is the complete change of occupation I do not know. At any rate those quiet moments spent among the plants are distinctly beneficial. It is certain, too, that this little daily playtime does much toward shortening the longest winter and, as harbingers of spring, almost all plants can be depended on, for they show unfailingly, by their increased vigor, when the days are beginning to lengthen.

Almost all children can be interested in the various forms of indoor gardening. Where it is at all possible each child should own his or her own plants. It matters little what the plants are. Even an ordinary bean, planted in a tin can, proves thrillingly important when it is one's very own, especially if it is, moreover, climbing right out of its can before one's very eyes. These early attempts at gardening, besides furnishing occupation for the moment, are apt to prove of benefit in later life because of the useful knowledge gained.—Mothers' Magazine.

NEW IDEA IN FANCY WORK.

Pretty Scheme For Pincushions, Table Covers and Scarfs.

A new idea in fancy work, suitable for sofa pillows, pincushions, table covers and centers and for the decoration of bureau scarfs or sideboard covers, is here shown. The illustration is a pincushion top. The ribbon used is the next width to the narrowest, or "baby" ribbon. In the design shown heavy cream canvas was used for a foundation. Beginning about seven threads from the edge, seven threads are pulled out, seven are left in, and so on alternately all through the length of the canvas. Then the work is turned around, and threads are pulled in exactly the same way, the width of the work. This leaves the canvas made up of holes, solid squares and squares with the threads running but one way two shades of which were used in this illustration, a pale green and a pink. In the first the ribbon goes over the holes and under the single thread squares. In the third it goes the same way, the solid squares making the second row. The ribbon is threaded in alternate rows all the way across and then the same way the length of the material. In threading the length the ribbons go under the ribbons of the preceding rows and over the squares of single threads.—Brooklyn Eagle.



FANCY WORK PINCUSHION.

Boiled Fish Sandwiches.

You may find it hard to believe that sandwiches made from boiled fish are good, but if when you have a bit of boiled halibut left from dinner you make a few for luncheon or tea you will find them very good. The fish should of course have the flavor that comes from boiling it in salted water with a bouquet of vegetables—say a slice of onion, a stalk of celery or a sprig of parsley and half a dozen peppercorns. Break up the fish with a fork; then take a wooden spoon and rub it as fine as possible. Make it into a seasoned paste by adding a fourth of a pint of sweet cream, a teaspoonful of salt, a saltspoonful of white pepper or paprika and at the very last and gradually a tablespoonful of lemon juice. This amount of seasoning is for one and a half pounds of fish. Cut your bread very thin, spread the slices with a little butter and then with the fish. Lay between the slices before putting the two together a small, tender lettuce leaf.—New York Post.

GROVER'S GLOVE

By COLIN S. COLLINS

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It was all because Grover, in a sudden fit of sentimentality, had annexed Miss Lenhart's glove. On the football field, in the woods, in the hunting season or at polo Grover was afraid of nothing, but there was something about the five foot daintiness of Laura Lenhart that made Lloyd Grover blush and stammer like the rawest schoolboy in the maddest stages of his first love affair.

He never would have dared to annex the glove had he not been certain that Miss Lenhart was unaware of her loss, and he stuffed it in his deepest pocket, trembling from head to foot lest some one suddenly appear and demand that he restore the souvenir to its owner.

Later on he participated in the general hunt for the glove, and none was more eager than he in the search. Even after Miss Lenhart laughingly declared that it did not matter he kept up the pretense and made that the excuse for reporting at her side as often as her partners left her alone for a moment.

Dropping in at his club on the way home, Grover could not resist the temptation to draw the glove from his pocket and gloat over his boldness. He even pressed it to his lips, after making sure that no one was looking, but he crushed it hurriedly in his hand at Jack Turner's approach, and as he did so for the first time he realized that there was something inside the glove.

With the perspiration standing cold upon his forehead, he realized that it must be a ring, and his active imagination at once busied itself with plans for returning the jewel undetected. He could never bring himself to confess the theft of the glove. He could not pretend to have found the ring without being forced to explain why he had not returned it at once, and a thousand and one suggestions, all equally impossible, rushed through his mind.

All the time he was keeping up a conversation with Turner, and he much surprised that young man by answering, "By registered mail," when asked how he was going home.

TURNED TO CONFRONT A BURLY RUFFIAN WITH A REVOLVER.

"I was going to walk," laughed Turner, "and suggest that I keep you company as far as your door, but if you are going by registered mail I think I will pass."

"Registered mail won't do," was the absent reply. "You see, I'll have to give my address to the postal clerk."

"You'll be giving your address and other details to the desk sergeant," laughed Turner, "if you try to get home in this state." And he left the smoking room fully convinced that for the first time he had seen Lloyd Grover intoxicated.

For an hour Grover sat and pondered the situation, and at last, without having arrived at a satisfactory solution, he went out in the hope that the fresh air might stimulate his faculties to some plan of escape.

So engrossed was he with his thoughts that he did not realize how far he had walked until, with a start, he found himself several miles from home and in a most unsavory quarter of the city. He turned to retrace his steps, and in an endeavor to reach a car quickly he took a short cut through an alley.

Halfway down the block he heard footsteps behind him and turned to confront a burly ruffian with a leveled revolver in his hand. With a spring that had gained many a five yards on the gridiron, Grover sprang on him, and in a moment they were on the wet pavement struggling to gain the advantage over the other. The footpad landed several telling blows, but in the end Grover's skill told against the other's weight, and Grover was just rising from his opponent's prostrate form when, with a rush, the police were on them. The fight had been observed, and the patrolman had summoned help.

In spite of his denials Grover was dragged to the station house and charged with assault and battery, and when he was searched the glove with its ring was brought to light.

"One of those Raffles chaps," was the grinning comment of his captor. "I'll bet that sparkler is worth $500."

One of the wardmen stepped forward. "That is the ring Miss Lenhart lost," he declared eagerly. "Her father telephoned headquarters an hour ago, and an alarm was sent out. They think one of the waiters at the Colwell ball stole it."

"This chap looks like a waiter," suggested the policeman, surveying Grover's battered face. "Guess we'll hold him."

They laughed at his request that various influential persons be sent for. It was then 4 o'clock in the morning, and the sergeant would not call any one out of bed to come to the relief of a waiter who had been found fighting in "Bloody alley," so they confiscated the ring and thrust him into a cell with scant ceremony.

For the rest of the night Grover paced the narrow limits of the cell or sat on the edge of the iron bunk and thought. He had heard of men who had gone to prison and had concealed that fact. It would be a good idea in his case. It would be better to pass three months in jail and give it out that he had gone abroad than to face the jeers of the fellows, and when in the morning Laura came to the station house to identify her property before Grover was taken to court he stood silent while she sought to identify him as one of the waiters.

With his blackened eyes and cut lips it was difficult to tell what he looked like, and she turned away with a shake of her head. Grover's heart leaped as he realized that so far his scheme had worked successfully. Now all he would have to do would be to plead guilty and take his three months' sentence. But his hopes were dashed by Laura's next remark.

"Will the man get a long sentence?"

"Not very long," was the careless reply of the wardman. "As far as we can make out, it's his first offense, and he'll get off with five or six years."

It was too much. Grover started forward. "Laura," he called. The girl turned in astonishment, while her father made a step forward as if to resent the familiarity. "Don't you recognize me?" he pleaded. "Don't mention my name, but for heaven's sake let me see you for a moment in private!"

"Where?" she asked uncertainly.

"There's the captain's room, miss," suggested the detective. "If you need help I'm right here. Just call."

As the door closed on them the girl turned. "Lloyd," she asked curiously, "what does this mean?"

"I didn't steal your ring," he said desperately. "I did steal your glove. The ring stuck in one of the fingers, and I never found it out till I got to the club. I was wandering around trying to find some way of getting it back to you when some rough tried to hold me up. Only thinking of the ring, I went for him and just had him beaten when they arrested me. Then they found the ring, and you know the rest."

"But what on earth did you want of the glove?" she asked. "If you wanted one I would have given it to you."

"I couldn't ask," he stammered. "Don't you know? Don't you understand? I mean—well, when a fellow loves a girl he doesn't dare do a lot of things. I've coveted that glove ever since you wore it at the Gordons' ball last winter. That was the first time I knew that I loved you. My love made me a coward. I could no more ask for the glove than I could have asked for your heart."

"Yet you might have had both for the asking," she said tenderly.

Watering Carlyle.

A lady was one day approaching the modest home of the Carlyles in Cheyne Walk. Poor, long suffering Jeannie Welsh Carlyle, up in the balcony, looked down at her. "Oh, do," she called out, "come in! Mary Ann and I are so tired of watering Carlyle!" The lady entered and was escorted to the little garden at the back of the house. There—it was a hot day—sat the great man in a pool of water. For hours the two devoted women had been taking turns in deluging the flagstones around him by means of a large watering pot. He was very particular that not a drop should touch his sacred person, which no doubt doubled the difficulty of the operation. The same authority relates that Mrs. Carlyle had a dog which she loved. But it would come in with dirty feet, and the splenetic philosopher objected. No one was willing to wash the creature, yet he had to be cleaned somehow. Finally there was an arrangement made with a local laundress, and she washed him every week, sending him home in a basket with the clean clothes.

How Tea Chest Lining Is Made.

One of the many industries in connection with the tea trade is the collection of the lead with which tea chests are lined. China has been noted for many centuries for the purity of its lead, and this tea chest lead, as it is called, is regarded as the finest in existence. There are many uses for it. It is found very valuable in making the best kinds of solder. Machinery is not usually employed in the production of this sheet lead, every sheet being generally made by hand in the most primitive fashion. A large brick is provided the size of the sheet of lead to be made and is covered with two or three sheets of paper. On these the molten lead is poured, and another brick is placed on top, which flattens the lead out to the required size and thickness. The sheets are then soldered together to the size of the interior of the tea chest, the tea is packed in, and the top sheet is fashioned in place. The workmen are very expert, and they turn out an immense number of sheets in the course of the day.

A THRIFTLESS GENIUS.

The Hand to Mouth Existence Th Was Led by Leigh Hunt.

Leigh Hunt had no sense either time or of money, a grave fault, pe haps an unpardonable vice, in a m who had a wife and children dependi upon him. As long as he lived he w thriftless and needy, a lender and borrower, so generous that he cou never afford to be just, bringing up those whom he loved sincerely a co stant burden of debt and care. Ho reprehensible this was he seems nev to have felt, though he blames hims freely and light-heartedly, and if t reader of his autobiography is dispos to feel sorry for Mrs. Hunt it is n because her husband sets him the e ample. This was Leigh Hunt's one vic never amended or actively repented o Yet he had had his warning. It is pa thetic to compare with each other t two following passages and to see ho clearly Leigh Hunt foresaw his dange and how incapable he proved of escap ing it:

"I have seen," he writes in 1808, " much of the irritabilities, or, rathe the miseries, accruing from want of suitable income, and the best woma of her time was so worried and final worn out with the early negligence others in this respect that if ever was determined in anything it is to perfectly clear of the world and read to meet the exigencies of a married lif before I do marry, for I will not se wife who loves me and is the comfor of my existence afraid to speak to m of money matters. She shall neve tremble to hear a knock at the door o to meet a quarter day."

And in 1832:

"I never hear a knock at the door bu I think somebody is coming to take m away from my family. Last Friday was sitting down to dinner when I wa called away by a man who brought a execution into my house for 40 shillings."—London Spectator.

ODDITIES OF ENGLISH.

Interesting Origin of Some Commor English Words.

"Tariff" has an interesting origin. I is derived from the Arabic ta rifa meaning an inventory of fees payabl on demand, and is said to have becom current in the following manner: "A Moorish general, by name Tarifa, seize in the year 710 upon a small seapor some twenty miles from what is now Gibraltar, and the southernmost town in Europe. Here he founded a station for levying toll on all craft trading in the neighborhood and bestowed his name upon the place, after the manner of Constantine, Alexander and others. The word came eventually to signify a schedule of charges and passed into the French, Italian and English.

"For centuries we have tried to get the word that expresses the relation of the man to the maid he intends to marry," says a writer in The London Chronicle. "'Intended' has been tried and found wanting. 'My bloke,' 'my young man,' these combinations are not heard in the best circles. 'My betrothed'—a phrase used in Germany—has not taken root in England. 'My sweetheart' is pretty enough, but it lacks the official sound. One might suggest to the blushing girl who has to allude to the man of her acceptance 'my future.' French maidens speak of 'mon futur'—and it sounds comprehensive."

One of the oddities of nomenclature is that the combination of metals known as German silver contains no silver in its composition and is of Chinese and not of German origin. It was introduced into Europe by the Germans and for some time it was not generally known that they had simply borrowed it from the Chinese.

Love's Ingenuity.

Members of Parliament with more letters to post than pennies to spare will sympathize with the strategy practiced by an impecunious barmaid in the pre-penny post days. It was Sir Rowland Hill who told the story in order to melt the hearts of legislators, themselves at that time revelling in the luxury of unlimited "franking." Coleridge as a young poet was roaming the Lake District. He came to a village inn in time to see the post-messenger hand a letter over the counter to the girl behind the bar. She gazed at it earnestly, reluctantly handed it back, and sighed deeply as she said she was too poor to pay the necessary shilling. The tender-hearted poet, in spite of the girl's eager remonstrance, paid the money. When the postman had gone the barmaid confessed that she had arranged a system of hieroglyphics with her brother — signs on the envelope which she could understand, and that told her all she wanted to know.—London Chronicle.

The Important Comma.

A certain business man thinks he has an exceedingly bright office boy, and nothing pleases him better than to tell how he acquired the young man's services. A short time ago he posted in his shop window a notice which read as follows: "Boy wanted about fourteen years." A lad of that age, with little that was prepossessing in his appearance, came into the office and stated that he had read the notice. "Well, do you think you would like to have the place, my boy?" asked the merchant, gazing patronizingly over the rims of his spectacles at the youth. "Yes," came the prompt answer; "I want the job, but I don't know that I can promise to keep it for the full fourteen years." Then the merchant remembered that he had left out a comma on his sign, but he told the boy he might have the place.—London King.

A Line of Light For 184 Miles.

Splendid as the illumination of Rangun was, nothing in all the Prince of Wales' tour approached the magnificent conception which was carried out by the railway authorities. Both sides of the line to Mandalay were decorated with a string of lamps burning in transparent petal-like cups of tinted paper. Between every other pair a native stood with a great double torch, and this illumination was continued along the line without intermission until daylight shone upon the royal train. The distance thus covered by the double line was 184 miles, and it may be added, to show the enormous preparation involved, that each Burman stood twenty yards only from his neighbor.—London Mail.

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EVIDENCE IN LLOYD TRIAL

Neighbors Tell of the Tragedy--Doctors Tell of the Post Mortem and of the Inquest--Grand Jury Makes Presentment--County Buildings Receive Some Hard Criticism--Many Jurors Dismissed.

To-day's proceedings of the Lloyd murder trial were remarkable for the large amount of medical testimony given. Doctors for the prosecution swore that, in their opinion, the wounds on old Mrs. Lloyd's head were inflicted before death. They could not understand how any person, in her senses, could have suffered the burns found on old Mrs. Lloyd and not have suffered burns on the hands. From present appearances, it looks as though the case may last all to-day and possibly part of to-morrow.

The Grand Jury was discharged this morning, and the Chief Justice took occasion to thank them for bringing in a true bill against Mrs. Susan Diamond, and, the wisdom of her acquittal after trial, His Lordship said, was open to grave doubt.

Wednesday Afternoon.

When the court re-convened at 1.30 Mrs. Wright again entered the witness box.

She said Lloyd had told her that he found his wife in a rocking chair, burning. He took her out of the rocking chair, took the burning clothes off her, and put her on the bed. He said he threw the burning clothes out of doors. Witness had seen some clothes smouldering outside the door when she arrived. She and others had washed the dead woman. There were no burns on the woman's body below the waistband. Mrs. Lloyd had been on a visit to the Brickmans, and had returned home shortly after Christmas. Witness saw Mrs. Lloyd after she came back. Mrs. Lloyd's legs were warm when they washed her, but her body was cold. The hands were cold. She had also washed the old man's face. His hands were black-looking. He went to wash them. Miss Annie Kincaid went to the Lloyd house with her.

Cross-examined — Had lived next to the Lloyds for five years, and had known them between 15 and 18 years. Had seen a good deal of them, as they often visited witness' place. Old Mr. Lloyd always spoke well of his wife, and always seemed to be kind to her. They always spoke well of each other. The old lady was somewhat worried about her property, but not in regard to the prisoner. The prisoner, witness said, seemed to feel very badly when he told her, in the morning, about his wife's death. Everything the prisoner had told her, in the morning, about his wife's death. Witness said, she had found to be perfectly true. There was no blood around the dead woman's face when the witness helped to wash her. The cut over the eye was not very deep. It was a slight thing, and she thought it was a result of the burn. The tragedy took place on Monday, Jan. 23rd, 1905. The late Mrs. Lloyd was a large woman. Witness had noticed spots on the dead woman's hands, which remained after the hands were washed. The worst burn was on the right side, under the arm. The dead woman had no clothing, other than her stockings on when witness first saw her that morning. The dead woman sometimes talked as though she were not quite right in her mind. Witness had heard Mrs. Lloyd say that "she wished the Lord would take her away." Had heard her say that more than once. Witness saw no signs of a scuffle when she entered the Lloyd house that morning. Saw nothing that aroused her suspicious. Had not smelled the odor of coal oil. Did not remember seeing old Mr. Lloyd cry the morning of the tragedy, though he seemed to feel bad. Old Mr. Lloyd said once to witness, "Poor old soul, she don't seem to know what she wants." This was on one occasion when he was on an errand for his wife. Witness did not know that old Mrs. Lloyd was a smoker. The witness was overcome as she told of crying on the morning of the tragedy. She saw the body the day of the funeral. It looked the same then as when she saw it on the day of the tragedy.

Re-examined — Witness said she had not suspected foul play at the time, and had not told William Ferguson or anybody else so. Old Mrs. Lloyd, when she talked to witness, repeated herself a good deal; that was why witness thought she was light-headed. She worried a good deal about her property, and said she was sorry she had deeded it to Brickman. Witness said she had not called anyone's attention to the wound on Mrs. Lloyd's head when she discovered it. The witness had said that Lloyd seemed worried on the morning of the tragedy. She could not recall anything he said to indicate that he was worried.

"How could you tell he was worried, then?" said the Crown Attorney.

"Well, by the way he was sitting," said the witness.

The spot on the dead woman's hands, the witness said, looked like a bruise about as big as a five-cent piece. The dead woman's hair was scorched all over. There was blood on the back of the dead woman's head when witness raised her head from the pillow.

MISS ANNIE KINCAID.

She was a neighbor of the Lloyds. The witness told of Mrs. Wright coming for her on the morning of the tragedy and getting her (witness) to go to the Lloyd house with her. Miss Kincaid corroborated the story told by Mrs. Wright. The body of old Mrs. Lloyd was lying on the bed when witness and Mrs. Wright arrived. The witness identified the chair produced in court as the one she had seen in the Lloyd house that morning. She had not noticed anything wrong with the stovepipes in the Lloyd house, and had heard nothing said about them. Old Mr. Lloyd had told witness the same story Mrs. Wright heard, about being at the barn, smelling smoke, going in to the house and finding his wife in the chair: all he could see when he entered the room was "a figure in the smoke." Witness had swept up the floor that morning. The floor looked as though burnt fragments had been gathered up from it. Witness saw the smoking clothing at the door when she entered the Lloyd house. Did not notice any odor till she opened the door. The odor was like burning cloth and flesh. Witness did not take any part in the "laying out" of Mrs. Lloyd. She heard Mr. Lloyd talking to Mr. Burleigh about the tragedy. Witness was there when Mrs. Wright washed Lloyd's face. She said "She thought she'd clean him up a bit." Did not see Lloyd's hands.

Cross-examined—Witness acknowledged saying, at the police court, that Lloyd told her he had "pulled" his wife out of the chair. The Lloyds, the witness said, had always seemed to her to live on good terms together.

WILLIAM FERGUSON.

William Ferguson, a neighbor of the Lloyd's, had known the prisoner for 13 or 14 years. Went to the Lloyd house on the evening of the tragedy. Saw Mrs. Lloyd's body. Helped to put it in the coffin. Noticed some burns on the body and marks on the face. Remembered cut over dead woman's left eye. Afterwards asked Lloyd if he knew how the cut came over his wife's eye. He said no, unless it came when he "drug" her out of the chair. Lloyd told witness the same story of the tragedy as he had told the other witnesses. He also told him that the old lady had passed a very restless night, and several times wanted to get up, but he (Lloyd) persuaded her to remain in bed. The story of his going to the barn, smelling smoke and afterwards finding his wife burnt, was told. Witness said he had told Lloyd it was strange that the woman should be burnt to death and have no burns on her hands. Lloyd said it was a mystery: he did not know. Lloyd, the witness said, had shown supposed burns on his hands to some people in the house. He (witness) did not see them. Had not seen any coal oil that morning, or heard of any.

Cross-examined—Had been a neighbor of the Lloyd's for 13 or 14 years. So far as he knew they always got along well. They always spoke well of each other. Anything Mr. Lloyd had told him that morning, the witness said, he had afterwards found to be true. The witness said he did not notice any spots on the dead woman's hands. Lloyd had told him that, when he found her, his wife's hands were folded peacefully in her lap. She was sitting a little leaned to one side. Heard Lloyd say he had burned his hands in pulling the burning clothing off his wife. Lloyd had dinner at his (Ferguson's) place one Sunday, and Lloyd told witness that "it was hell upon earth at his (Lloyd's) place since his daughter had got married to Brickman." Lloyd had always spoken well of his wife in the hearing of the witness.

Re-examined — Witness said Lloyd had told him something about trouble he had had with his wife about turning the property over to Brickman. The old lady, Lloyd said, thought there was nobody like Brickman.

MISS TILLIE BOWERS.

Miss Tillie Bowers lived about five miles from the Lloyd place. On the morning of the tragedy she was at the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. William Kincaid. Witness went over to the Lloyd place, and found Mrs. Wright and Miss Kincaid there. Lloyd was getting something to eat at the time. The story of the other witnesses, in regard to the condition of the dead woman's body, was corroborated by Miss Bowers. The mark over the dead woman's eye looked like a burn from which the skin had been rubbed off. Her whole body was burned. Witness identified the burnt chair, which she glanced at in a reminiscent way. Thomas Kincaid, the witness said, was sent for Mr. Brickman on the morning of the tragedy. They started to lay out the body at a little after 10 o'clock. Mrs. Wright took the robe off the body. There was a flannel cloth around the body under the buffalo robe. It seemed to be pinned on. They did not disturb that. The flannel cloth extended from the chest to about half-way down the thigh. The witness said Mrs. Lloyd's body was warm when they washed her, but could not tell about her hands. John Kincaid, John Carlton and Mrs. Wright helped move the body into the next room. Witness thought the dead woman was lying on the quilts on top of the bed.

Cross-examined—Witness said she did not notice, very closely, the flannel cloth pinned round the dead woman's body. She thought the wound over Mrs. Lloyd's eye was caused by dragging her out of the chair. There was no appearance of blood about any of the wounds on Mrs. Lloyd.

Re-examined — Witness said Mrs. Wright would have the same opportunity of seeing the cut as she (witness) had.

In answer to Mr. Porter the witness said she had noticed little burnt spots on the floor near the chair. So far as she knew the spots might have been there for years.

JOHN CARLTON.

John Carlton lived about a mile from the Lloyd place. Got there about 10 o'clock on the day of the tragedy. Saw Mrs. Lloyd's body on the bed. Helped carry the body into the other room. The body was warm at the time. Did not notice the dead woman's hands. Saw the burns on her body and a cut over her left eye. Spoke about the cut at the time. It seemed to be about skin deep. John Kincaid and he both looked into the cut. The witness said Lloyd told him the story of the tragedy, which was the same as told by other witnesses. Witness had not seen any coal oil in the Lloyd house, nor smelled any. Lloyd told him the chair in which the dead woman was sitting was about seven or eight feet from the stove. The odor was very strong. Witness said he had never smelled anything like it. Witness heard nothing said about the property that morning. Lloyd had spoken to him about the property some time before. Lloyd said Brickman would not let his wife come to take care of the old lady unless he (Brickman) was given a deed of the place. Lloyd next told witness that he and the old lady had a life lease of the place. On the Saturday before the tragedy witness was at the Lloyd place, and the old lady said she was in awful trouble about her property. Brickman had been there the night before. He was after a load of wood. Mrs. Lloyd said Brickman had given her an awful sight of trouble. Old man Lloyd told her not to worry, but to live as long as she could, and Brickman would have to take care of them both.

JOHN KINCAID.

John Kincaid was at the Lloyd place on the day of the tragedy. Breakfast was being prepared when witness arrived. Saw Lloyd's hands after breakfast. There was a little burn about the size of a pea on Lloyd's hand. That was all the burn witness saw. Witness then related the story of the tragedy, as told by Lloyd. It was substantially the same as told by other witnesses. Witness said he told Lloyd he must have had a hard time putting his wife on the bed. Lloyd said he did, but managed to do it. Witness said he took the wound over Mrs. Lloyd's eye to be a cut. Did not see any blood. Saw some coal oil in a gallon glass bottle in the bedroom. It was about half-full. Saw none on the floor. Could not say whether there was a cork in the coal oil bottle or not. Did not hear Lloyd express any opinion as to how his wife met her death.

Cross-examined – Witness said it would take all the strength old Mr. Lloyd had to lift his wife's body on to the bed. The witness said he had seen some slight burns on the floor around the rocking chair. Did not see the palms of old Mr. Lloyd's hands when he was showing his burns. The cut on old Mrs. Lloyd's head was only just through the skin. He did not see any signs of bleeding from it.

Re-examined—Did not go to the funeral. Lloyd told him his wife had been up in the night, hunting round the cupboard. Witness said, "Where you not afraid?" Lloyd said, "Yes, Johnny, I was afraid; my hair stood right up on my head."

"His hair stood up because his wife got out of bed," said the Crown Council.

"Yes," said the witness.

Witness said he had taken some things out of the stove on Tuesday, the day after the tragedy. There was a match box, a file and a chain bit. Lloyd had told the witness his wife had taken some things off the top of the cupboard and he thought perhaps she had put them in the stove. The witness said a butcher knife was missing, also five dollars, and he was looking for them. The witness had given the things, found in the stove, to Mr. Porter. He did not know that a hammer was also missing.

THOMAS SMITH.

The witness, who suffered from a nervous affection, was given a chair. He was the brother of the late Hannah Lloyd. He heard that his sister was burned, and drove to Moira, to Mrs. Brickman's, to see her, where he saw her in the coffin. Lloyd was there, and told witness the story of the tragedy, which did not differ from the tales of the other witnesses. Lloyd told him that, after he had put his wife's body on the bed, he saw the tea kettle in the same place on the stove, and it looked as though nothing had been disturbed. Lloyd said there was a mystery about the matter, he thought, which would never be cleared up. Lloyd said to witness, the night before the funeral, "Well, the place is mine now, and I can do as I like with it." Lloyd had told him that a butcher knife was missing from the house. His sister, he thought, was 66 years of age. The last time witness saw her, in 1904, she seemed quite well. Her property rented for $60 a year.

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Cross-examined—Witness said he was present when the agreement between his sister and Brickman was drawn up in Mr. Morden's office. Mr. Porter here handed in, as an exhibit, the deed of the property from Mrs. Lloyd to Jas. L. Brickman. On the same day an agreement was entered into by J. L. Brickman and his wife, agreeing to support Adam and Hannah Lloyd for life. The witness (Smith) said he and Lloyd had never talked over matters in connection with the property, but he knew that the understanding was that, if the old couple were not satisfied with the living given them by Brickman, they were to go back on the place again. In answer to Mr. Porter, Mr. Smith said he did not, at the time, think there was anything strange about the remark Lloyd made, "The property is mine now, and I can do as I like with it."

JOHN BURLEIGH.

John Burleigh lived half a mile from the prisoner's house, which he visited on the day of the tragedy, about 9 o'clock. Saw old Mrs. Lloyd's body on the bed. Lloyd had told him the story of the tragedy, which the witness related. Lloyd said his wife, when he found her, was sitting in the chair with her arms folded. He lifted her out of the chair and put her on the bed. Lloyd told witness that on Friday before the tragedy Brickman had come to the house and abused them "ridiculous." Since then the old woman had been clean wild. Lloyd then said, "Never mind, he has got me to deal with now." Witness said Brickman said he was tired supporting the old couple; he could not afford to keep two families. Lloyd said his son-in-law was a scoundrel, and talked as though he was very sorry that Brickman ever got the place. Witness had noticed wounds on Mrs. Lloyd's face and a cut over her left eye.

Cross-examined — The prisoner's complaint to him, the witness said, was all against Brickman. So far as he knew, there was no trouble between Lloyd and his wife. Witness admitted there had been a little trouble between himself and Brickman.

MRS. BURLEIGH.

Mrs. Adelaide Burleigh was the wife of John Burleigh. She told of going to the Lloyd house on the morning of the tragedy. Mrs. Lloyd's face was dark with smoke. There was a wound over the left eye, at the bottom of the wound there was a faint trace of blood. When the dead woman's face was washed it seemed natural. Heard Lloyd tell the story of the tragedy. Lloyd said something about the coal oil being moved. He said it was not in just the same place as when he left it. Did not smell any odor until she got inside the house; not outside.

Cross-examined—Blood seemed to be at the bottom of the cut. It was not a deep cut, but she would call it a cut, nevertheless.

SAMUEL KETCHESON.

Samuel Ketcheson was caretaker of Vantassel's cemetery in January, 1905. Remembered Mrs. Lloyd's funeral. He received the body and put it in the vault. Thought plate on coffin said she was 68. Dr. Yeomans came and examined Mrs. Lloyd's body, about two weeks after the body arrived. Dr. Yeomans came twice. The second time he came twelve men were with him, and held an inquest. Afterwards Drs. Mather and Boyce came and held a post mortem on the body of old Mrs. Lloyd.

Cross-examined—The roads were in a very bad condition at the time.

Re-examined — The witness said Brickman had brought him a certificate of burial from an undertaker.

Cross-examined — Witness said it was about a mile from Brickman's to the cemetery. The roads were very

Conitnued on page 3.

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Choice Western Beef!
In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.
—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS
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205

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Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allo
Sash, Door and Blind Factory.
Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings, Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling for Fixtures, &c.
Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.
PECK & WILLS.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Higher—Live Stock Markets —The Latest Quotations.

Wednesday Evening, April 4.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ⅝d to ½d higher than yesterday and corn futures ⅝d to ½d higher.

At Chicago May wheat closed ⅛c higher than yesterday; May corn ⅝c higher and May oats ⅝c higher.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

		May.	July.
New York	86	86½	84½
Minneapolis	76¾	79½	....
Duluth	78⅝	79⅝	78⅜
St. Louis	....	76⅝	73¼
Detroit	80	80½	....
Toledo	....	84½	80½

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush.	$0 74 to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush.	0 75	0 77
Wheat, red, bush.	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush.	0 71	....
Barley, bush.	0 51	....
Oats, bush.	0 38½	....
Rye, bush.	0 75	....
Peas, bush.	0 78	....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 4.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures firm; March, 6s 8d; May, 6s 7¼d; July, 6s 7d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures steady; March, 4s 3⅝d; May, 4s 3⅝d.

Bacon—Short clear backs firm, 47s 6d; shoulders, square firm, 42s.

Turpentine—Spirits steady, 47s 9d.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 4.—Butter—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 4311.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 1811.

Eggs—Easy; receipts, 14,445; state, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected white, 21c; do. choice, 19c to 20c; do. mixed extra, 18½c; western firsts, 17½c; do. seconds, 17c; southerns, 15c to 17½c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady—Cattle and Hogs Steady to Easier in U.S. Markets.

London, April 4.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 9c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, April 4.—(Special.)—Receipts were 800 cattle, 50 milch cows, 2000 calves, 25 sheep and lambs, 700 hogs. The market for hogs was firm at the recent advance in prices, owing to the small supply and the good demand; sales of selected lots were made at $7.75 to $7.80 and lower grades at $7.00 to $7.70 per cwt., weighed off the cars; in addition to the above number there were 1400 received for the three big packers, which were bought in the west. Owing to the wet weather and an over-supply of cattle the market was weaker and prices declined ¼c to ½c per lb. The demand was limited and trade was slow. Prime beeves sold at 5½c. choice, 5c to 5¼c, good 4½c to 4¾c, fairly good 4c to 4¼c, fair 3½c to 3¾c, common 3c to 3¾c per lb. Several large bulls were sold at 4c per lb., which were held at 4½c per lb. on Monday. A pair of superior milch cows were sold for $115, the other cows sold at $25 to $55 each. A number of good cows were sold at from $40 to $45 each. Calves sold at $1.50 to $7 each. Sheep sold at $5 to $7.50 and spring lambs, at $4 to $6 each.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 550 head; demand light, steady; prime steers, $5.35 to $5.85; shipping, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers, $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.50 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.65.

Veals—Receipts, 200 head; active, 50c higher, $5 to $8.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 1700 head; fairly active, shade lower; heavy and mixed, $6.85, a few $6.90; Yorkers, $6.80 to $6.85; pigs, $6.70 to $6.75; roughs, $5.90 to $6.15; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5000 head; sheep steady; lambs slow; lambs, $6.25 to $7, a few $7.10; yearlings, $6 to $6.50; wethers, $5.75 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 4.—Beeves—Receipts, 1715; good steers slow, but steady; others shade lower; bulls steady; fat and bologna cows steady; medium cows lower; steers, $4.50 to $5.90; bulls, $3.35 to $4.40; cows, $1.90 to $4.30. Exports, 2300 quarters of beef; to-morrow, 86 cattle.

Calves—Receipts, 2519; veals slow to 25c lower; some sales 45c lower; veals, $4 to $8; culls, $3.50 to $3.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5925; sheep almost nominal, but steady; lambs extremely dull and feeling easier; unshorn lambs, $6 to $7; culls, $5; sheep, $4 to $5; culls, $3.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 7710; market steady; state hogs, $6.90 to $7.10.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 4.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000; steady to 10c lower; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.40; cows, $3.40 to $5; heifers, $2.50 to $5.50; bulls, $2.00 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 30,000; 10c lower; choice to prime heavy, $6.50 to $6.55½; medium to good heavy, $6.40 to $6.47½; butchers' weights, $6.45 to $6.52½; good to choice heavy mixed, $6.40 to $6.45; packing, $5.80 to $6.46.

Sheep—Receipts, 22,000; sheep, steady; lambs, steady to 10c lower; sheep, $4.50 to $6.50; yearlings, $5.75 to $6.40; lambs, $4.75 to $6.70.

Big Fire At Gads Hill.

Stratford, April 5.—The Village of Gads Hill, about six miles from Stratford, was visited by fire yesterday. It commenced in the sawmill of J. E. Ratz. The sawmill and flour mill, also owned by Ratz, were totally destroyed, as were the barns of Arthur Ratz and Mrs. Sutter; also William Miller's stables and public hall. Several other buildings were ablaze, but were saved by the villagers. The loss on the mills is about $10,000, with insurance of $2,000 in the Waterloo Mutual. Other losses aggregate about $2,000, with small insurance.

General Blanco Dead.

Madrid, April 5.—General Blanco, died yesterday morning. He was captain-general of Cuba immediately prior to and during the Spanish-American war.

CHINA SALE
Continues All This Week.

—Fancy decorated fine china cups and saucers, 50c for	33c
—Beautiful parlor Lamps worth $1.50, for	$1 17
—Round and square cheese dishes, 75c for	50c
—Fancy china toast racks, regular 65c for	39c
—3 Piece china porridge sets, 45c, for	29c
—About fifty shaving mugs, all shapes and patterns, regular for	35c
—China candle sticks worth 15c and 20c for	18c
—White and gold sprig tea pots, 50c for	10c
	23c

McINTOSH BROS.

ALL ON ONE SIDE.

Debate In House on Preserving Intact Original Representation of the Provinces in Parliament.

Ottawa, April 5.—An interesting debate, if it can be called a debate where every one speaks on the same side of the question, sprung up in support of a resolution by Mr. Hughes (King's) moving: "That an humble address be presented to His Majesty King Edward VII, praying that he may be graciously pleased to cause a measure to be submitted to the Imperial Parliament, for the purpose of amending the British North America Act, so that no province of the Dominion shall at any time have fewer representatives in Parliament than it was given when it entered Confederation."

The legal questions involved were settled by the Imperial Privy Council against Prince Edward Island upon the redistribution of 1903.

The speakers of yesterday, as a rule, were inclined to admit that the law was against them; indeed, the very purpose of this resolution is to have the constitution amended by an act of the Imperial Parliament; yet many contended that the B. N. A. Act of 1867, if correctly construed, should be read in their favor.

The Prince Edward Island delegation all spoke for the resolution, and it was evident that the Nova Scotia and New Brunswick members were thoroughly in accord with them.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that several members who were not present yesterday desired to be heard on the subject. He gave no intimation as to his own views.

The debate will be continued on Monday next.

Private Bills.

The evening hour was spent in committee on private bills.

Mr. Fitzpatrick introduced his bill restoring traveling allowances to certain county court judges, and Mr. Rivet (Hochelaga) enquired at considerable length, about the Montreal harbor commissioners.

It is understood, by the way, that the commission will soon be abolished.

Rural Postmasters Ask More.

Ottawa, April 5.—Two hundred rural postmasters from various parts of Ontario are in Ottawa to ask the Postmaster-General to increase the minimum allowance to postmasters from $25 a year to $50 a year. They will also ask an increase in the one per cent. commission allowed to stamp vendors.

CABINET WILL DECIDE.

Whether Grand Trunk Pacific Will Be Given Contract Over Lowest Tenderers — Commissioners Disagree.

Ottawa, April 5.—Not until Saturday will the Cabinet decide upon the award of the contract for the sections of the National Transcontinental Railway between Winnipeg and Quebec, and it will be left to the Government to decide, for the commissioners report that they have been unable to agree upon an award.

It appears that W. B. McArthur was the lowest tenderer for the section between Winnipeg and Superior Junction, and Hogan and Macdonald the lowest on the section between Quebec and La Toque.

According to report, Commissioners McIsaac and Reid held out for recommending acceptance of the lowest tender in each case, but Barnet and Young maintained that the estimate of Hogan and Macdonald was so far below the estimate of the Government that the "public interest" demanded it should be given to the Grand Trunk Pacific Co. itself, whose offer most nearly approximated the estimate of the Government engineers.

The whole situation bears out the prediction freely made by well-posted contractors, that the matter would be so arranged as to give the entire work to the Grand Trunk Pacific Co., who will sub-let to favorite contractors.

JAPS' EYES ON PHILIPPINES.

Russian General Says Preparations Are Under Way For Campaign.

Moscow, April 5.—Gen. Von Mack, the Russian representative of the Red Cross, has just returned from Japan. He declares that the Japanese are actively engaged in war preparations, and he adds, the enemy in view is America, and operations are being planned against the Philippines.

The Open Door Soon.

Tokio, April 5.—The long expected announcement of the open door in Manchuria, is confidently believed to be in the very near future.

The delay has been prompted solely on the part of the Japanese Government by a fear of complications arising while the transmission of troops was vigorously going on.

VALET TO GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Henry Cody Ends His Life In New York Apartment.

New York, April 5.—Henry Cody, who said that he was a stepbrother of Marie Corelli, the novelist, committed suicide yesterday in a basement apartment in West Thirty-Sixth street, where he had been living.

He swallowed morphine and turned on the gas. Cody had been successively a cigar manufacturer, restaurant keeper and proprietor of a laundry in this city, and was formerly reputed to be wealthy.

He had said that he left England 35 years ago as a valet of a former Governor-General of Canada. Of late he suffered business reverses. He was 59 years of age.

Robert Loudon Was Drowned.

Toronto, April 5.—The body of Robert Loudon, postman, was recovered from the bay yesterday after being nearly four months in the water. He disappeared late on the night of Nov. 18. He was 45 years of age. His wife died three years ago, and he could not seem to recover from the loss.

Flour Mills Burned.

Grand Valley, April 5.—At an early hour yesterday morning the Grand Valley Flour Mills were entirely destroyed by fire. The Methodist Church, which is a quarter of a mile distant, caught fire, and the flames were with difficulty extinguished.

THE BENCH'S PLAIN TALK

Magistrate Denison's Drastic Comments on Phillips.

Mr. Jones Waives Committal, In Order to Get Before High Court—Accuses Crown of Unfairness and of Meting Out Less Than British Justice to Phillips in Holding Him Without Bail—Payments to E. J. Burt.

Toronto, April 5.—The Phillips' investigation in the Police Court yesterday morning was enlivened by a three-cornered tilt taking place between Magistrate Denison, Crown Attorney Curry and Mr. Jones, as the result of an unsuccessful attempt on Mr. Jones' part to put an end to the proceedings by having Phillips sent on for trial.

As soon as one witness had been examined for the space of a few minutes, Mr. Jones arose and made his objection. In part the following dialogue took place:

Not British Justice.

"I wish to protest against this investigation proceeding any further," said Mr. Jones. "If there is enough evidence to warrant your Worship holding this prisoner without bail, there is enough to formulate a definite charge against him. The effect of your Worship's interpretation of the complaint has been to allow Mr. Curry to wander all over creation looking for things. Without the charges being specified any cross-examination is futile. It is not British justice to this man to be holding him without bail. Why should you allow this to go on from day to day?"

Mr. Curry—We will be through long before the court sits.

Secret Method of Fraud.

The Court—There has never been such a secret, complicated method of perpetrating fraud that has ever come before me. I think there should be a full investigation. There is no object for me to do it, save to get at the facts.

Mr. Jones—Your duty is, I submit, to commit him for trial. The general opinion of the community is that you are trying the man.

The Court—I am not trying the man. I am trying to make a full investigation.

Mr. Jones—"What does your Worship think of the propriety of holding this man without bail?"

The Court—"The evidence so far is all pointing in the same direction."

Mr. Jones said that some individual instance such as the alleged misappropriation of the $10,000 cheque should be incorporated in the complaint against Phillips.

Mr. Curry—"A technicality to let him go."

To Wreck York Loan.

The Court—"So far as I can see, from some time in September there has been a deliberate scheme laid out and planned by the Toronto Life and the Liszt Piano Co. and others to squeeze the York Loan for the benefit of a few people that were going to make all the money out of it. It was evident the York Loan was going to be wrecked. The York Loan was paying the expense of the Toronto Life, which was owned by Phillips and a few of his supporters."

Mr. Jones—"I do not know what a jury will have to try."

The Court—"The jury will have to try whether this man manoeuvred and by fraud and deceit and other methods took the profits out of that company for his own benefit and that would be combination with others to defraud the public."

The controversy ended with Mr. Curry continuing the case.

E. J. Burt Again.

E. J. Burt was called to give evidence in regard to a number of cheques paid to him, but he was unable to give much account of what became of them. As many as 65 cheques paid to the witness were put in.

George Crawford, manager of the Bank of Montreal branch, Queen and Yonge street, produced the cheques drawn by Phillips on the Liszt Piano Co.'s account in the bank. The balance was now $50.72—all these cheques had been cashed by the York County Loan.

Commissions $15,000; Salary $45.

The examination showed that Burt had received commissions from Toronto Life amounting in all to about $15,000. He was drawing $20 a week as an officer of the company and also $25 a week as an officer of the York Loan. Witness, in answer to Mr. Curry, said he did not remember what he did with the money.

Mr. Jones protested against this question as to what the witness did with his own money.

Crown Attorney Curry contended it was not the witness' own money.

Magistrate Denison said that if this gentleman had been an agent of Mr. Phillips for the purpose of defrauding, they should be told what had been done with this money.

Witness went on to say that he had $7,620 in the Toronto Life. The stock belonged to him, though not all in his own name. Then he furnished particulars as to persons who held his stock, mentioning that his wife held 75, which she sold to Phillips.

Miss Millard of the York Loan Co. gave evidence concerning a loan to Phillips.

Burt, in answer to Col. Denison, said that policyholders would not be able to withdraw, say $24 until after the expiration of three years and a half and then 30 per cent. were paid as interest.

To-day, Jos. and Mrs. Barrett of the Northern Light & Power Co. will be asked to give evidence.

Five Insurance Bills Pass.

Albany, N. Y., April 5.—The bills proposed by the joint special legislative committee to meet the conditions disclosed in the recent investigation of life insurance are all special orders in the Senate committee of the whole to-day. Any of them advanced by that committee to the order of third reading can be finally passed if not amended to-day. Five passed the Assembly yesterday without amendment.

$2,000 Damages.

Guelph, April 5.—The Assizes jury yesterday awarded Forbes Moir of West Garafraxa $2,000 damages against the C. P. R. for the death of his son.

ANTI-TREATING BILL.

Premier Whitney Gives Mr. McNaught's Attempt Its Quietus—Law and Farmers—Budget Thursday.

Toronto, April 5.—Mr. McNaught's anti-treating bill was thrown out by the Legislature yesterday. The coup de grace was given by the Premier, who showed sympathy with the intent of the bill, while convinced that the measure was ahead of public sentiment.

Law Reform.

Hon. Mr. Foy replied to a question of Mr. MacKay that the Government had no intention of passing law reform legislation this session, or to appoint a committee or commission to make an inquiry.

"The question has not yet been considered by the Government," was the Premier's reply to Mr. MacKay's query whether legislation dealing with the licensing and regulation of hotels or public houses in municipalities where liquor licenses wouldn't be granted.

The House applauded facetiously the second reading of the bill of Mr. Smith (Peel) to give widows and spinsters qualified to vote in municipal elections the right to vote in Parliamentary contests.

The Premier suggested that the subject be seriously debated on Friday.

Law and Farmers.

Mr. Lucas asked for a second reading of his bill respecting conditional sales of chattels.

Hon. Mr. Foy objected to the bill in its present form. It provided that men should not be bound by a contract into which they had entered. In regard to the place of trial it was exceptional legislation. The bill might be changed to give the court the option of changing the revenue so as not to incur excessive costs.

Mr. Preston of Brant thought it would give farmers room to evade their contracts, and entail unnecessary hardships on the honest manufacturer.

Mr. Gamey said it was not fair to drag a farmer from the Manitoulin Island to Toronto to the trial of an action arising out of a sale of agricultural implements on Manitoulin Island.

Mr. McGarry remarked that many of the judges moved in the same social circles as the manufacturers against whom the action was taken, and it was a hardship on the farmer to bring him from the other end of the province to Toronto or Hamilton to a trial of his action. The bill was referred to a legal committee.

Mr. Duff had a bill of the same title, which was also referred to the legal committee.

To Mr. Ross the Premier said the adjourned debate on the budget would be continued on Thursday, and the House would go into committee on Mr. Hendrie's railway bill.

License Holders Deputation.

The license holders deputation, yesterday, about 600 strong, from all sections of the province, filed into the main corridor of the Assembly building with President Hartnett of the License Holders' Protective Association; James Haverson, K. C., solicitor, and E. Dickie, secretary, at their head. Without undue delay the Premier, with Hon. Messrs. Hanna, Monteith, Matheson and Reaume, appeared, and President Hartnett introduced the advocate of the association in the person of Mr. Haverson, who laid their claims before the members of the Government.

The Provincial Secretary in his reply gave no sign that the license bill now before the House would be changed in any of its essential particulars. He defended the high license fee on the ground that a monopoly had been created and the licenses were worth more to the holders. It was the intention to stand by the clause giving protection to witnesses, but there would be a modification of the bill, so that every offence might not result in the cancellation of a license. The Government would restrict the tied-house evil, and an emphatic "no" was given to the request that the hour of closing on week days be extended to 12 o'clock. Mr. Hanna made it plain that the law would be strictly enforced, and he warned the hotelkeepers that it would be in their interest to assist.

Premier Whitney declared the Government believed the new license measure was approved of by the majority of the people of the province. The temperance people had strongly attacked the Government on the measure, the liquor men were to-day recounting objections. It was the duty of the Government to hold the balance evenly between the two. They did not expect to please the extremists on either side, and that was another evidence, he thought, of the wisdom of the course they were pursuing.

Want Farmers Included.

Provincial Secretary Hanna met a large delegation from the grocers' section of the Retail Merchants' Association yesterday.

The grocers asked that the committee of the House include farmers, and others who grow the produce they sell, in the operation of the peddlers' bill at present before the Legislature.

Mr. Hanna intimated that certain clauses of the bill would be withdrawn and the provisions that the delegation wished would receive his careful consideration.

"THIS MAN BECK."

Mr. Wright Charges Him With Inciting Public Against Companies.

Toronto, April 5.—"It is very unfair and dishonorable to have a Minister of the Crown traveling around the country as this man Mr. Beck is doing, addressing Boards of Trade and municipalities, and trying to prejudice the minds of the people against corporations doing legitimate business."

Such was the comment of Mr. J. J. Wright, general manager of the Toronto Electric Light Co., in discussing the report of the Municipal Power Commission yesterday.

Sir Arthur's Reward.

London, April 5.—Sir Arthur Nicolson, the chief representative of the British mission at the Moroccan conference, will receive the Knight Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George for his services at Algeciras.

For Starving Japs.

Montreal, April 5.—The Board of Trade reports the Japanese famine fund as having reached $12,000 yesterday.

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GOOD HEALTH
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
INSURES
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Merchant Tailor.

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In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins
Pure Jam & Marmalade
In Glass and 5 lb Tins
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Sections and Extracted
Dried Fruits
Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples
Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter
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Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
INSURANCE AGENT
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
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Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how nice a volume can be made of these magazines, even though they are somewhat soiled from much handling. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

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McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.
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Manager Belleville Branch.

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Manager Belleville Branch.

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(Twenty-four Millions)
Savings Bank Department.
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.
R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.48 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, APRIL 6, 1906. NO. 278

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
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TEA . . .
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have made it a specialty
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CRUISER TO ENFORCE LAWS.

Newfoundland's Action to Protect Fisheries Against All Comers.

St John's, Nfld., April 6.—Premier Bond, in the Colonial Assembly last night, replying to questions anent the Government's attitude towards the alleged illegal trawling of American, Canadian and colonial fishermen within the three-mile limit along the western shore, stated that the colonial cruiser Fiona has been despatched to the scene with proper officials on board to enforce the local fishery laws against all offenders.

Who Misplaced the Switch?

St. Catharines, April 6.—The following verdict was given by the coroner's jury in the death of Fireman John Barry at Port Robinson Tuesday:

"That John Barry came to his death as the result of an accident due to a misplaced switch, but who was responsible for the misplaced switch, the evidence does not show. We recommend that the Grand Trunk maintain a switchman at Port Robinson in addition to the operator."

Edward Maycock, the engineer who was so seriously injured, was resting somewhat easier last night, though the chances of his recovery are very poor.

Thanks to Dr. Goldwin Smith.

Toronto, April 6.—The members of the University Commission have concluded their labors and the report is now in possession of the Government. Prior to dissolution a vote of thanks was moved by Sir William Meredith and seconded by B. E. Walker, to Prof. Goldwin Smith for having placed "the Grange at their disposal, thus enabling the commission to conduct its inquiry and deliberations with the privacy that was essential to the work upon which it was engaged."

Jilted, He Suicides.

Frank, Alta., April 6.—Corpl. E. W. Kimberly, in charge of "F" Barracks at this station, committed suicide yesterday morning by shooting himself in the mouth with a revolver. The act was committed while he was seated on the edge of his bed in the barracks. He had been jilted.

McCraw to Be Hanged.

Three Rivers, Que., April 6.—Wallace McCraw was sentenced yesterday to hang on Friday, June 29 next, in the jail yard here, for the murder of Percy Howard Sclater.

Contractor Falls From Building.

Bowmanville, April 6.—While making some repairs on the old building known as Lyle's elevator, John Gaud, contractor, fell from the building and was seriously injured. Three ribs were broken, one of which penetrated his left lung.

King's Picture In Toronto.

London, April 6.—(C. A. P.)—The pictures of the King and Queen, painted by Mr. Colin Forbes, the Canadian artist, for the House of Parliament at Ottawa, will be exhibited at the Toronto Fair next August.

$17,000 In 26 Months.

Mr. Burt's Commission, Which He Says He Intends to Keep.

Notwithstanding Statement of Crown Attorney Curry That He Ought to Give it Over to York Loan—President of the Toronto Life Co. Makes Some Admissions Concerning Inner Workings of the Double Barrelled Agency System.

Toronto, April 6.—Greater public interest than ever in the Phillips' investigation yesterday was evidenced by the large audience at the Police Court, especially in the afternoon.

President E. J. Burt of the Toronto Life was in the witness box nearly all the time, seeming little dismayed by the searching questions, even by the plain assertions that his statements were not believed. The chief feature of the day were his confession that from January, 1904, up to March of this year he had received a total commission of $17,209.63 from Toronto Life funds.

"What has that to do with Phillips," asked the ever-protesting J. E. Jones.

Two Reasons Given.

"If this man were holding anything for Phillips we ought to know it," observed Col. Denison.

"If this man obtained the money as a result of conspiracy with Phillips he is not entitled to it, and we want to get it," put in Mr. Curry.

"This only proves," said Mr. Jones, "that it is impossible to get a fair trial in this court."

Crown Attorney Curry said he had had a denial that a cheque for $1,350 went to Phillips. Phillips' deposit account, however, showed that he had got it, despite one young lady's denial. Mr. Curry had the voucher from the Bank of Montreal.

Burt said he had paid out $7,627.50 on Toronto Life stock. He had forgotten to include the note for $2,365 he held, payable by Phillips.

Toronto Life Affairs.

Crown Attorney Curry questioned witness concerning the transactions in Toronto Life stock. The latter said that Mrs. Barrett signed three blank applications for Toronto Life stock, and that these were filled in by Phillips, Mrs. Hassard and Miss Robb. Witness denied that he burnt any books of the York County Loan. He did not know how much stock Phillips got through Mrs. Barrett.

Mr. Curry produced the book showing that Joan McCann had been given the shares from Mrs. Barrett, but there was no record of any to a Mrs. Hassard, though witness had declared he witnessed the transfer.

"Do I understand you to say," asked the crown attorney on the resumption of the case in the afternoon, "that the amount received from Phillips on the transfer of the stock here in the books under the name of Joan McCann was $4,875?"

"Yes," witness replied. The amount received on July 5, 1905, from Mrs. Barrett was $1,750. He did not know anything about the cash blotters.

Continuing, witness said he did not know anything about Joan McCann. He was not aware that Phillips had a daughter who was married to a man named McCann.

Curry Getting Close.

Mr. Curry referred to a cheque dated July 13, 1905, for $1,000, remarking to witness: "We are getting close up to the amount, proving the stock pretty closely to be that of Mr. Phillips'."

The witness made no reply.

Crown Attorney Curry produced a cheque for $5,000, payable to Joseph Phillips, and dated Dec. 30, 1904. That put in as an exhibit, had originally been drawn on the Liszt, but apparently got into the hands of the Toronto Life.

Others cheques paid in by Phillips were put in.

Burt could not swear to the signature on the cheque payable to Georgina Hudson for $15,000 (paid in as against her stock), as being that of Phillips'.

Witness had no interest in the Liszt Piano Co. He did not remember having had cheques payable to himself. He admitted that he had got three cheques from The National Monthly. They were sums, partly repayments for the loan of $1,000 he had advanced to Phillips, and partly in respect of life assurance Phillips owed.

Curry Warns Witness.

"Now I am going to ask you to be very careful in answering this question," said Mr. Curry. "Look at cheque No. 94. Tell me whether that has any reference to the $3,337.25 which you received on Jan. 15, 1904, for the Toronto Life?"

"None whatever."

"Not one-third?"

"Not one-quarter has anything to do with it whatever."

"Where did you get the money you loaned Mr. Phillips?"

"I could not say. It may have been from the insurance premiums."

"Where did you put the money you got out of the cheque? Here is another case of cashing a cheque and not depositing it."

"I may be able to find out," replied the witness, who added that a cheque for $67.36 was the balance due on an insurance premium for $5,000.

Burt was unable to give the name of the parties applying for incorporation. He admitted that the Toronto Life started business on a deposit of $25,000. He did not know who the shareholders of the Toronto Life were.

All York Loan Agents.

Crown Attorney Curry then subjected the witness to severe questioning concerning the personnel of the shareholders of the Toronto Life. Were they not all agents and servants of the York Loan.

"Yes," replied Burt.

The witness admitted that the York Loan paid the salaries of the inspectors and agents working for the Toronto Life.

"They spent their time in writing business for the Toronto Life," said Mr. Curry.

"Not all of it," replied Burt.

"Well," said Mr. Curry, "they wrote three millions of business in two years. Did they not get the York County Loan salary at the same time. You must answer the question?"

"They got the commission for the business." Witness admitted it was an advantage to the Toronto Life to have the agents of the York County Loan, because they knew the subscribers and could go round and get the business for those shareholders who were willing to take the insurance.

"What benefit did the shareholders of the York Loan get?" asked Magistrate Denison.

Witness went on to admit with great reluctance that the Toronto Life had sent out circulars to the agents of the York County Loan. He had done better business than Mr. Curry.

A Great Combination.

"Possibly," the lawyer cheerfully admitted. "As supervisor of agents of the York County Loan, you sent out to their agents circulars for the getting of business for the Toronto Life. The insurance that was written was written by agents of the York Loan for the Toronto Life."

"Some of them."

"Some of them," echoed Mr. Curry, sternly. "Will you pledge your oath that it was not the majority of them?"

Continued on page 8.

SINCLAIR'S
SATURDAY NIGHT SALE
7 to 9 p.m.

Ladies' Collars 25c
—200 Ladies' Stock Collars in silk, lace, embroidery, chiffon and ribbon effects, regular price 35c to 50c, Saturday night 25c

Taffeta Belts 10c
3 Dozen Black Taffeta Belts, regular price 25c, sizes 22 to 26 inches, Saturday night 10c

Handkerchiefs, 3 for 25c
7 Dozen Ladies' Fine Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, Saturday night 3 for 25c

Towels 10c
10 Dozen Pure Linen Bleached Huck Towels, size 16 x 31 inches, sale price Saturday night each 10c

Ladies' Vests 8c
7 Dozen Ladies' Ribbed Vests, long sleeves, lightly fleeced, very suitable for early spring wear, sale price Saturday night each 8c

Shirtwaists 39c
3 Dozen Ladies' Colored Shirtwaists, this season's new styles, all regular 50c waists, Saturday night 39c

Wash Goods 11c
20 Pieces of New Wash Goods, regular price from 15c to 25c Saturday night 11c

Cashmere Hose 25c
6 Dozen Ladies' Fine Ribbed Cashmere Hose, sizes 8½, 9, 9½ inch, regular price 35c, Saturday night 25c

Lawn 10c
3 Pieces only 42 inch fine sheer Victoria Lawn, price Saturday night .. 10c

Underskirts $1.00
3 Dozen Ladies' Black Mercerized Underskirts, S. H. & M. make, assorted styles, from $1.25 to $1.50, Saturday night $1.00

Corsets 59c
2 Dozen Pairs new girdle and long hip Corsets, all sizes, regular price 75c, sale price Saturday night 59c

Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Spring Clothing

A visit to our clothing department is enough to convince you that spring is here.

There are a few items to be considered before purchasing your spring garments—
The Style, Finish, Fit and Price.

Every man knows when he tries a suit on whether it fits or not, but the main point is—will it keep that *Perfect Fit.*

Our garments are cut perfect, not pressed into shape, and always retain their first form until worn out.

The Finish is superior in every detail, both in the linings, trimmings and in every detail.

The Style—Our garments are manufactured in Canada by expert tailors from the very latest American models and are sure to meet with your approval.

We guarantee our prices to be as low or lower than the same values can be had elsewhere. Money always cheerfully refunded on garments not entirely satisfactory.

Men's Spring Hats

All the leading makes and styles are now awaiting inspection. Everything that fashion dictates will be found here—

Christie's, Mallory, Wakefield, Stetson, Henry Carter, Grenville, etc

Prices Range from $2 to $4.50

Saturday Night Items!

$1.00 Easter Gloves 89c
—Real French kid and heavy walking gloves in grey, black and white, these are exceptional values as the prices on kid gloves are going up rapidly. Regular price $1.00, Saturday night per pair 89c

Hosiery, 15c per pair
—Fine Ribbed Cotton Hosiery, seamless feet, triple knee, fast black, sizes 8½, 9, 9 1-2, 10, special for Saturday night per pair 15c

Victoria Lawns
Fine English lawn, free from dressing, 39 in. wide, suitable for waists, children's dresses, aprons, etc:
—Regular 12 1-2c Lawn for per yard 8c
— " 15c " " " " 10c
— " 17c " " " " 12½c
— " 20c " " " " 15c

$1.50 Linen Table Cloths $1.19
—6 Only hemstitched patterned table cloths, heavy quality, 60 in. wide, 2 7-8 yds. long, regular price $1.50, Saturday night $1.19

50c Table Linen 35c yd
—Heavy Unbleached table linen, neat patterns, 72 inches wide, 3 different designs, good value at 50c, Saturday night per yard 35c

50c Dress Goods 25c
—One line of imported dress goods in brown, green, navy, red and grey, neat patterns for waists, skirts, children's dresses, etc., all new goods, special purchase enables us to sell these 50c dress goods for per yd 25c

Dresden Ribbon 25c
—100 yards dainty Dresden Ribbons in 5 different colorings, 5 in. wide, special value Saturday per yd 25c

1.00 Corsets for 59c
—Odd line of Corsets to clear, made of fine coutil trimmed with lace and baby ribbon, erect form and long hip, regular price $1.00, to clear at 59c

1.00 Blouses 49c
—Ladies' black satin blouses trimmed with choice silk gimp and fancy buttons good material, well made, regular price 75c and $1.00, Saturday night 49c

Half Hose, 15 cts. Pair
—200 Pair Men's Fine English Cashmere Hose in black and tan, all sizes, good value at 20c, Saturday night 15c

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

Saturday Night Sale

. . . 7:30 O'Clock . . .

Easter Ribbons

Here is an opportunity on Saturday night to get Beautiful Easter Ribbons at Bargain Prices.

—25 Pieces of SOFT FINISH, FRENCH TAFFETA RIBBONS, 5 inches wide, shades White, Cream, Sky, Brown, Navy, Cardinal, Resida, the kind you pay 25c a yard for, our sale price *Saturday Evening—*

12 1-2c per yd

Linen Towels

HOUSEKEEPERS, HOTELKEEPERS

Attention!

Here is something very special and worth looking after:

—25 Dozen LINEN HUCK TOWELS, hemstitched border regular 15c quality, special sale price *Saturday Evening—*

9 cents each

Flannelettes

—200 Yards PLAIN AMERICAN DOMET FLANNELETTES, Greys, Blues, Reds, Brown, 10c quality for—

6 cents yard

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

YOUR EASTER SUIT

Should be ordered before the real rush sets in.

We Are Making

$16, $18 and $20 SUITS

That Can't Be Duplicated.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.

Tailors & Furnishers.

[illegible] Store.

Saturday Night Bargains!

5 Dozen Corset Covers, trimmed with lace, regular price 30c, on sale at........ *19c*

5 Dozen Parasols, regular price 75c, on sale at........ *49c*

3 Dozen Parasols, regular price $1.00, on sale each at. *73c*

5 Pieces Swiss Spot Muslin, regular price 18c, on sale at per yard........ *12½c*

8 Pieces Printed Organdie Muslins, very pretty patterns, reg. price 20c, on sale at per yard........ *12½c*

1 Dozen Top Skirts, made of Cheviot, a good wearing skirt, regular price $3.00, on sale at........ *$2.25*

1 Dozen Skirts in Tweed effects, pleated style, colors green and brown, regular price $4.00, on sale at........ *$2.75*

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

The King Hat

REGISTERED

HATS

That are Winners

CAPS

That are Leaders

Geo. T. Woodley.

Opposite Footbridge.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown See the special values we are offering in *Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.*

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets, Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

Daily Intelligencer.

Mr. Ross' Taunt.

If the Whitney Government wished for an excuse to turn out the license inspectors and other "offensive partisans" of the old regime, says the London Free Press, it was given them by ex-Premier Ross in the Legislature on Tuesday night.

One of the most galling things which Conservatives have had to meet since the change of Government, our contemporary continues, has been the leer of triumph on the part of officials who know well they ought to have been sent packing, who fully expected to be dismissed, but who found as the months proceeded, that they were kept on the pay list. With no sense of gratitude for the leniency shown them, believing that the new Government was mildly disposed, and probably in the conceit that their services could not be so well done by others, these men have put on an air of defiance. They smile at those Conservatives who have worked in their party fights for a whole generation against what they were told, and believed, were false dealings on public account, as much as to say, "You fellows now see how you have been deceived all this time. You were told the whole system was rotten, and that a change was called for. Well, the Government has changed, but we are here still. It shows that the Grits were maligned. Your leaders find we do things honestly, and dare not put us out."

Little wonder if, mocked and derided thus, Conservative workers have felt that the new Government has been somewhat over-indulgent toward the gang that for over thirty years ran the province as if it belonged to them.

The attitude of the old official, thinking and talking as above, was insolently upheld in the Legislature on Tuesday by Mr. Ross himself. He contended that the license law was well enforced by the old inspectors. "The proof was," Mr. Ross said, "that they were allowed to remain in office for eight months. The Government acknowledged that the inspectors were good men when they allowed the inspectors to stay." In other words, your not disturbing these officials was the best testimony to our good rule as a Government! No credit allowed to Mr. Whitney for a disinclination to treat the official patronage as party spoil. No thanks for the grace allowed to old hands trained to the narrow guage, in hope they might reform. But on the contrary the direct taunt of inability to find any valid ground of change.

Hon. Mr. Hanna very promptly replied to Mr. Ross that the reason the inspectors were allowed to stay was "because we made a mistake." They made the mistake of supposing that the old officials would change their ways with the change of rulers. They found that the license department was going on in the same old way under these inspectors, and they realized, rather late in the day, that they had to be responsible for the old ways and not their own ways, if they kept these officials in power. It was a mistake to be lenient.

TIMELY TOPICS.

"Calamity City" is what a Hamilton paper calls Belleville. Well, we're had our own share of the limelight lately, sure, but will our critics please remember that most of the matters investigated have properly belonged to other places.

* * *

The evidence in the case of Phillips the president of the York County Society, says the Montreal Gazette, discloses a condition of affairs that calls for a sharp lesson. And it will be given.

* * *

This is the time of year when the model husband proves his claim to be regarded as a shining example by taking housecleaning philosophically, just like the man on the next block does.

* * *

A big deputation of country postmasters has just waited upon the Hon. A. B. Aylesworth, and, among their requests is that the minimum pay in country offices be $50 and not $25, as at present. Surely this is a reasonable request. If there is one class of public servants always at it late and early, faithfully ministering to the daily needs of a great many queer people in this world, it is the rural postmaster.

Public documents, issued by any department at Ottawa or Toronto, for publication in the press, and the general information of the people, should be privileged and it is gratifying to learn that Hon. A. G. MacKay will introduce a bill in the Ontario House to amend the Act respecting actions of libel or slander. The proposed amendment is to grant a qualified privilege to the publication of Government documents, if published without malice, and the newspaper has published any letter of contradiction or explanation.

* * *

Score one for Whitney again. He has positively refused to allow the Grand Trunk permits to sell liquor in its proposed new hotels in Algonquin Park.

* * *

A Jersey City man's wife caused his arrest because he insisted on sleeping with two sticks of dynamite under his pillow. He could blow himself up without her assistance.

* * *

A western philosopher declares that a woman likes a man best when she thinks she ought not to. That explains why her original instinct is so often confirmed by her opinion of him after she has landed him.

* * *

This New Jersey man who has raised hens which lays eggs with handles is probably trying to evolve a fowl which will lay jugs.

* * *

The count against the deposed Dowie is heavy. He is accused of extravagance, hypocrisy, misrepresentations, exaggerations, tyranny, injustice, and the teaching of polygamy. It has taken quite a time for the dupes of this man to find out his true character, but it is evident their blindness has been removed at last.

* * *

Under the Act, a person who sells stuff that is adulterated, for maple syrup, must have a label stating the ingredients and also giving the name of the manufacturer. The police in Hamilton have seized many samples of the adulterated article, and the makers will, no doubt, be fined.

* * *

The workingmen of Australia and New Zealand, having secured an 8-hour day, are now agitating for one of six hours. If this sort of thing keeps up the mere mention of work will make men tired.

* * *

The Toronto Globe considers that the financial outlook of the Dominion is rosy. The spendthrift always takes a rosy view of his financial position so long as he has a dollar in his pocket.

* * *

It appears that the smoking compartment placed in service on an English railway the other day for the use of ladies, was merely a compartment in a car on a special train being run from London to Liverpool, and that it was reserved for the use of three American ladies returning home. The articles in some of the United States newspapers upon the decadence of society in Great Britain are now being revised by the honest ones and forgotten by the others.

* * *

The total trade of the United States for the current fiscal year promises to reach an even three billion dollars. In 1870 it was one billion, and in 1900 it reached two billions. The increase since that date has been phenomenal.

* * *

M. Fallieres, the new President of France, wears a butterfly tie fastened to his collar button with a piece of elastic. He says that he has worn that kind of tie for 30 years and is not going to change, presidency or no presidency.

* * *

New York naturally has more heavily insured men than any other city. Among those with large policies are; James C. Colgate, $1,500,000; George W. Vanderbilt, $1,000,000; August Belmont, $600,000; Richard A. McCurdy, $300,000; General Francis V. Greene, $500,000; John D. Crimmins, $390,000; Pliny Fisk, $400,000; (the total on the Fisk family is $2,000,000); Chauncey M. Depew, $500,000; P. F. Collier, $350,000; Edward Lauterbach, $300,000; George W. Perkins, $300,000; Gage E. Tarbell, $500,000; E. E. Smathers, $335,000.

We Have Everything...

Needed for the little jobs of painting you intend doing.

See our color cards and learn our low prices.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

May Be Settled By Arbitration.

OHIO OPERATORS PROPOSE THAT STRIKE OF BITUMINOUS COAL MINERS BE SO SETTLED.

Columbus, Ohio, April 6.—(Special).—John H. Winder, president of The Ohio Operators' Association, telegraphed to President Roosevelt and to President John Mitchell, of the Miners' Organization, from Charleston, W. Va., where the operators and miners are meeting, that the bituminous operators of Ohio propose to Mr. Mitchell to settle the strike in the bituminous district on the same terms as Mr. Mitchell proposes to the anthracite operators, viz., by arbitration.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mrs. Addison, Cedar street, has returned home from Newcastle, Ont.

The condition of Mr. Wm. Paterson was very much improved to-day.

Misses Blanche and Pearl McGoldrick are spending a few days in Toronto.

Mrs. M. A. Sills and her daughter, Miss Helen, returned to the city yesterday from Kingston, where they have resided for ten years. Mrs. Sills has now the pleasure of once again having all her family living in this city.

Suit For Damages.

The following case was this morning commenced before the High Court.

Millard vs. Burgoyne — An action for compensation for alleged injuries received by the plaintiff by being run over by a vehicle driven by the defendant. The plaintiff, Frederick Millard, is a clerk in the city and the defendant, Adolphus Burgoyne, is a hackman. The plaintiff claims that on November 22nd, 1904, he was crossing from one side of Front St. to the other when the defendant, driving at an alleged immoderate rate of speed, knocked the plaintiff down. The plaintiff was injured about the face, his body was bruised and one finger was split. In consequence of the injuries received he was under medical care for some time and also had to be at the expense of having a dentist fix his teeth. For these injuries he seeks compensation. The case is being tried by a jury. Porter & Carnew for plaintiff; F. E. O'Flynn for the defendant.

ENSNARING VICTIMS.

STEPS SHOULD BE TAKEN AT ONCE TO PREVENT FURTHER TROUBLE.

Here in Belleville, as in other cities and towns, dyspepsia or stomach troubles are ensnaring victims in a most insidious way.

Use Mi-o-na now and soothe the irritated walls of the stomach, and strengthen the gastric follicles so that they will pour out their daily supply of digestive materials with regularity. Then the headaches, sleeplessness, specks before the eyes, poor appetite, tired feelings and nervousness will disappear, and you can eat what you want at any time you like.

Just one little tablet out of 50-cent box before meals for a few days and you will soon regain perfect health and strength, and have no fear of indigestion or stomach troubles.

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

Again Remanded.

John and Walter Lucas, two brothers who are accused of breaking into and stealing grain from bonded G.T.R. cars, were again remanded for a week by the Magistrate this morning. This was owing to the fact that the County Attorney and Mr. Carnew, who are engaged upon the case, were busy at the Assizes. The accused will have to remain in jail.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE EMPIRE TOBACCO COMPANY.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

W. C. A. Notes.

Woman's Christian Association met Tuesday, April 3, 1906.

Report of Hospital Board for Mar. 1906. Received from paying patients $312.05, medicine and dressings, $13.90; home patients, $10; massage, $6; extra meals, $2; city patients, $10; total for month, $355.95.

$28 patients admitted during the month: 1 death; 23 discharged; 20 under treatment at present.

GIFTS TO HOSPITAL, 1906.

J. D. Collip, two flowering plants; Flower and Fruit Mission, plants twice, grape juice and biscuits for public ward patients; Mrs. John Williams, dressing sacque for public patients; Mrs. Sprague, fruit and marmalade; Mrs. C. H. Leaves, fruit; Mrs. Maybee, fruit; Mrs. C. Bowell, barrel apples; Mrs. Lott, flannel for dressing gown, W. Deacon, three shirts; Mr. Scantlebury, painting the board-room.

GIFTS TO HOME.

Philharmonic Society, sandwiches; Y. W.C.T.U., jar of fruit and peppermints; Miss Jennie Seirichs, pie; 2 kinds fruit, fruit cake; Mr. Skinner, hair cut; Mrs. E. G. Porter, 1-2 gal. of marmalade; Mr. H. C. Hunt, literature; Mrs. D. R. Coleman, 3 doz. eggs; Mrs. W. J. McCamon, 2 qts. fruit and a hat; Mrs. Sinfield, Chili sauce and vegetables; some friends, cakes and 2 doz. rolls; Miss J. Harold, candy; A friend, 2 doz. eggs; Christ Church (J.W.A.) ham, cake and coffee; Mrs. Wartman, can of fruit. —H. A. MacKay, Cor. Sec. W.C.A.

Rev. Thomas Cobb Dead

The Rev. Thomas Cobb, a retired clergyman of the Methodist church, died at the home of his daughter, in Toronto, on Wednesday, the 4th inst. Mr. Cobb had charges at Demorestville and Trenton in the sixties. He was seventy-five years old.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD; subsequent consecutive [illegible] at less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

Brekekekex, coax, coax! Annual closing concert Albert College Philomathian Literary Society, Saturday evening, April 6th, at 8, College Chapel Silver collection of 10c and upwards. 6,7

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford Also at residence, Murney St.

We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country.—The SCHUSTER CO. mc30-tf

Some Phony Tales.

The reports which, during the past few days, have been circulated in reference to an alleged robbery from a residence in the city and a "daring hold-up" adjacent to the city, appear to have been greatly exaggerated by the party concerned. As to the former there are grave doubts as to its being as serious as reported, and in the latter case there has been a complete denial by one of the parties whose name was mentioned.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Pleasing Entertainment.

The elocutionary entertainment given by Miss Trotter and others in the Baptist church last night was very largely attended and pleasing to all who attended. The proceeds will go to the building fund of the Baptist church.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorised to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Births.

GILLEN.— At Belleville, April 6, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gillen, a daughter.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Strong northwesterly wind, fair and cold. Saturday, westerly winds, fair and milder.

RIPE..... BANANAS

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Eyes

We offer to examine your eyes, and you may consult us with the full assurance of getting absolutely the best advice and service Science has at her command. Our Optician has devoted years to the study and practice of optics; and with college knowledge, personal study and experience he is prepared to cope with ANY case where glasses are the remedy.

Our many customers and leading physicians don't hesitate to recommend him in unqualified terms.

His examination is a thorough one.

Angus McFee

Phone 128.

The Store With the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HOUSEHOLD HELPS . . .

Sapolio, Bon Ami, Monkey Soap, Bathbricks, Knife Polish, Silver Polish, Borax, Ammonia, Chloride Lime, Stove Polishs, Blueing, Whiting, Washing Soda, Lye, Soap Powders, Laundry Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Toilet Paper, Wax Tapers, Candles, Clotheslines, Mop Sticks, Ceiling Brooms, Washboards, Scrub Brushes, Boot Brushes, Shoe Polish, Tubs, Pails, etc., etc.

STARCHES—

Silver Gloss Starch, Satin Starch, Rice Starch, Celluloid Starch, Bee Starch, Ivorine Starch, etc. Invisible starch for mourning goods or colored prints.

BEST QUALITIES. LOWEST PRICES

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

At Wallbridge & Clarke's.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

THE MARKS BROS. DRAMATIC COMPANY.

Great successes in the repertoire field are few and far between, and in fact, the recognized attractions of this class can be counted on the fingers of one hand. Among the foremost of these organizations and perhaps the one that has gained the greatest triumphs is the Marks Brothers' Dramatic Company, which is now in its tenth year of remarkable success. The engagement of this company at the Carman opera house for six nights and Wednesday and Saturday matinees, means a series of productions at 10, 20 and 30 cents which are said to equal the original productions.

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We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

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BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher........ $3.00

—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots........ $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

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Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
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Display advertisements, 10c per line.

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Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 3 marks and figures as one word each.

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At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. No experience necessary. We teach you how to build up a route or regular customers quickly. Better than a bank account. Write quick. Alfred Tyler, London, Ontario

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A house and three lots for sale on easy terms, Foster avenue, No. 295 a6-6t

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour— HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

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For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

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Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

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Complete Cabinet with three tablets foolscap size, $10.00.

Single Dupligraph Trays foolscap size, $4.09.

The Dupligraph is the simplest, cleanest, quickest and cheapest duplicating machine on the market. It will reproduce exact fac-simile copies of an ordinary type-written or pen-written original at the rate of 50 in five minutes, and requires no expensive supplies. No stencil, roller, silk or wax paper; no trouble, dirt or washing. You simply write whatever you desire in the ordinary way on ordinary paper, and the Dupligraph does the rest.

Write for circulars and samples of work.

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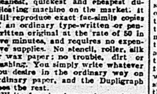

A box of Zutoo Tablets carried in the pocket or purse, or kept in the office or home, and used when required, will ward of a headache or cold—and do it every time.

Take two of the tablets just as soon as you feel a headache coming on, or feel you have been exposed to a cold.

In nine cases in ten relief will come in twenty minutes. If your case is exceptional take two more tablets. They are purely vegetable and cannot hurt you.

They will cure your headache—nip the cold in the bud—and make you feel fresh and vigorous in mind and body.

You can try Zutoo for nothing. Samples are free for the asking.

10c and 25c at dealers or by mail.
B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Q.

RHEUMATISM

Price 25c.
I will refund your money if it fails.
Munyon's Rheumatism Cure

joints in a few hours. Positively cures in a few days. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it from the system. —MUNYON.

THE LLOYD TRIAL.

Concluded from page 7.

Cross-examined — The old lady had talked quite friendly to him the Friday before the tragedy. Her mind was all right, too, when she gave witness the deed of her property.

That's the defence," said Mr. Porter, and the court adjourned at 5.55 p.m. to 7.45 p.m.

Thursday Evening.

When the court reassembled, Mr. Porter at once began his address to the jury.

MR. PORTER'S ADDRESS.

It was hard to determine just at what point of this case he should begin, he said. The Crown case was one not of fact, but of theory. There was not one fact established that would show that the prisoner at the bar was guilty. It was all a matter of theory, and the theory was not proved. It had been pointed out by His Lordship a few days ago that a case depending upon circumstantial evidence must be proven by a continuous chain. But the chain must be connected. Three elements must be established by the Crown: Motive, means and opportunity. It could not be said that the theory of the Crown fitted in with the evidence adduced. The theory, as he understood it, was that the prisoner killed his wife and then set fire to the body to hide evidence of his crime. They had tried to prove that the wound on the head was inflicted before death and the burns after death. The only facts proven in this case have been proven by the prisoner himself. Look at it calmly. Has one statement made by the prisoner been proven by the Crown to be untrue? Not one. He said he wanted everything cleared up, and gave all the information he could towards clearing it up. Theorizing was all right, but it was dangerous when paid detectives or experts tried to establish circumstances to fit a theory. The Crown said they would prove ill-will between the prisoner and his wife. Had they proved it? No. Mrs. Wright, the Crown's star witness, said she never knew of a single thing between them. He was always trying to please her. Was such a man liable to murder his wife? The Kincaids, Bowers' and others said the same—always good-will between the prisoner and his wife. As to property differences, what had the prisoner to gain by the death of his wife? Nothing. They could see that by the deeds. So much for the alleged motive. Now as to the means. Could there be, in any trial, a greater failure to prove a theory than was evident in this case? If the prisoner had struck his wife a blow on the head, killing her, and then had tried to burn her up, to hide his crime, would he not have tried to destroy first of all the evidence of his crime? In this case the burning was upon that part of the body which did not bear a wound at all. It was all purely and simply a matter of theory, and the evidence was more against it than in favor of it. Has the Crown proven that the wound was inflicted before death? No. All the doctors said it was possible that the wound on the head was inflicted just after the woman had been burned to death, thus proving the prisoner's statement to be true. The Crown tried to prove that the burns took place after death. The doctors, none of them, would swear that the burning took place after death. The doctors were compelled to admit that Lloyd's story was a quite natural one, and that the wounds might have been caused when he pulled his wife's body from the chair. Mr. Porter showed the jury the piece of board and asked them if it were not possible that Mrs. Lloyd's head had struck on the knot in the piece of board. That was only a theory, but it was as good as the Crown's. Then again, the wound might have been caused when he placed her on the bed. He could not say it was, but could the jury, or anybody else, say it wasn't? It was reasonable, all the doctors admitted that. It was just as consistent as the theory advanced by the Crown. The Crown said the burning took place after death. The consensus of opinion was that the burning took place before death, and the only way the Crown tried to reason out that it didn't was because the woman's hands were not burned. The experts said the shock of burning might have caused sudden death, and in that case they would not have expected to find the hands in any other condition than that they were found in. There was no evidence to prove that the woman was conscious when she was burning. The Crown had imported Toronto doctors, who were no better than the doctors we had here in the city. Against their evidence, given at great expense, we had the evidence of two reputable doctors in this city, who came, without charge, to give evidence which contradicted that of the expensive experts. None of the doctors could swear positively whether the burns were made before or after death. Unless the jury could say more than the doctors they would be unable to satisfy themselves that the wounds were made after death, and unless they could do that they could not find the prisoner at the bar guilty. Adam Lloyd had always treated his wife well. He was proven by reputable witnesses to be a man against whom no one could bring a single thing. For 25 years he had lived with the dead woman, and the Crown could not prove that in all that time he had ever ill-treated or abused his wife. The onus was upon the Crown to fasten guilt upon the prisoner. How had they tried to do so? By hiring expensive experts, who, for large fees, would swear that their theory was a plausible one. The doctors for the defence, who got no fees, said it was not a likely one. Adam Lloyd, an old man over 70 years of age, who had lived happily with his wife, and had been a loving husband, could not expect to be many more years in this world. Would they send him to the gallows upon such testimony as they heard? He left the case in the jury's hands, confidently believing they would do justice to and acquit his client.

THE CROWN'S SIDE.

Mr. Meredith claimed that Mr. Porter had accused the Crown of theorizing, and then had done little but theorize himself. The Crown was not anxious for a conviction unless the case was proven beyond reasonable doubt. The speaker said he was surprised that Mr. Porter had made such insinuations against the reputable doctors who had come to give evidence in the case. The Crown simply brought those men because by their learning and ability they were qualified to give evidence which could be relied on. Then why this clap-trap of Mr. Porter's! Here was the case: There were an old couple living in a house. Nobody there but them. The woman was found dead, horribly burned, with no burns on her hands, and a wound on her head, which five doctors believed was inflicted before death. What could they think of this? Remember, they were to determine this case upon their solemn oaths! The Crown Prosecutor grew very dramatic, and people sat up with excitement as his voice rose and fell. He pointed to the burned chair. Could they believe it came into that state by the means spoken of by the defence? Their common sense would tell them such could not be the case. Every doctor the Crown had asked said the chair could not have been burned in that way on the defence's theory. Their common sense would tell them that some inflammable material had been used to burn the old woman. Who put it there? It must have been the prisoner. No one else was there. No doctors would believe that the woman could have committed suicide under the circumstances described. The defence lawyer had kept away from the coal oil theory, but the jury could not get away from it. If coal oil was used, and reputable doctors said it was used, then the prisoner put the coal oil on his dead wife. If he put the coal oil on her then he gave her the blow. As to motive, they had one in the fact that, were the old lady dead, the property would revert to the old man. The prisoner that morning, probably, had upbraided his wife for deeding the property to Brickman and away from him. They may have quarrelled and then he gave her a blow. It was possible that a hellish plot was hatched that Friday when Brickman was at the Lloyd house. Brickman's evidence was most unsatisfactory. That was the fact. What did they think of it? There may have been a plot. Things smelled badly. Crime must be put down. The interests of society demanded that, otherwise the land would not be safe to live in. The defence spoke of "the loving husband." This loving husband! The man who, twenty minutes after his wife was burned to death, had got the frying pan and cooked himself a hot breakfast! It was said there was no blood. Somebody might have washed up the blood. Who put the sheet around Mrs. Lloyd? Adam Lloyd. He was cool and calm enough to do that. The defence, the Crown Prosecutor said, had said nothing about that sheet, but the jury must take that into consideration. The Crown Counsel said he would now leave the case with them. They had sworn to decide it fairly and honestly. Remember, it was a matter between them and their God.

The Crown Prosecutor's address, a very powerful one, was concluded at 10 minutes past 9, and His Lordship said he would not deliver his charge to the jury till the morning. Court then adjourned till 10 o'clock Friday morning.

Friday Morning.

The jury looked grave and thoughtful this morning, as they sat waiting for the Chief Justice to appear. They realized that the important case was now nearly "up to them." The gruesome relics were all piled up together in the middle of the space reserved for the lawyers, and everybody sat waiting for the curtain to go up on the last act in the Lloyd drama. Adam Lloyd came in, and sat nervously twitching his fingers, as had been his practice all through the trial. The Judge entered and at once began his charge.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

The prosecution, His Lordship said, charged the prisoner with the wilful murder of his wife. The prisoner had been defended with great force and skill. The Chief Justice said he was sorry that the counsel for the defence had seen fit to express the suggestion that there had been a conspiracy on the part of the Crown to convict Lloyd. The Crown represents the people, the Government of Ontario was charged with the administration of justice in this province, they were placed in power by the people and the jury was simply a committee for them. He hoped the jury would not believe that a detective, whose reputation stood very high, would take part in a conspiracy, or that well-known and skilled physicians would give their professional opinions against the prisoner, whether those opinions were right or wrong. The Crown counsel and experts were simply there to present facts — to try and find out the truth. As to the actual facts, there was very little in dispute. They must consider the facts in the light of common sense. There were, the Judge said, three theories—accident, suicide and murder. Could it possibly be accident or suicide? If not, then the third theory became the proper conclusion, and the only conclusion. If murder had been committed, it could have been done by only one person. The Chief Justice put a supposititious case case to the jury: Suppose two men were in a room. One came out with a sword or dagger in his hand, dripping with blood; the other man is found stabbed to death. In that case they need not look for a motive. The Crown says they need not prove a motive in the Lloyd case. Large motives are not always needed, said His Lordship, "for the heart of man is deceitful and desperately wicked," and men are often found who, for trivial causes are capable of great crimes. There was some feeling on the prisoner's part about property, though witnesses said he had a kindly feeling for his wife. The witness Burleigh said Lloyd told him "his heart was scalded by women," which would indicate that there had been some differences between the prisoner and his wife. Deeding the property to Brickman, the Judge said, was a stupid and improvident arrangement. Such cases were always fraught with trouble. It was proven that there was dissatisfaction in regard to this arrangement. One witness said that, after the tragedy, Lloyd told him the property was his now, and he could do as he liked with it. Brickman was at the Lloyd house the Friday before the tragedy, after a load of wood. It was not unreasonable to suppose that Lloyd did not like his taking the wood. They could judge, by Brickman's evidence in the box, that he would not be a nice person to deal with. He had said he had no differences with the dead woman, still he afterward acknowledged that "she gave him a couple of digs," one of which was that his own wife's mother had to get food from neighbors. The case, His Lordship said, came closely to the prisoner. If they could feel reasonably sure that he committed the crime they need not look for motive. As to opportunity, the prisoner had it. The instrument which inflicted the wound might be found in any farm kitchen. The contest among the professional witnesses centred round the question as to whether it was or was not inflicted before death. In connection with this point a violent attack upon the professional witnesses for the Crown had been made by the defence. Drs. Johnson and McDonald, of Toronto, were men of large experience, and gave their evidence in a strong way. The question was, were the jury convinced by that evidence? All the medical men agreed that a wound inflicted before death might point to the theory advanced by the Crown. Drs. Johnson and McDonald were strongly of the opinion that the wound was inflicted before death. Dr Gibson, a defence witness, said it was either inflicted before or shortly after death. As to the question of bleeding, they must remember that Mrs. Wright had found blood at the back of Mrs. Lloyd's head. As to the wounds on the head being caused accidentally, the prisoner said, in his evidence at the inquest, that he had laid the body carefully on the floor, and that he had in no way inflicted any injury upon it. As to the burns, the Crown were not compelled to prove that they were made after death. It made no difference at all to the Crown's theory when they were made. As to the point raised by the defence, that the wound inflicted on the woman's head had not been sought to be destroyed by the fire, His Lordship said it was a fact that every criminal brought to justice always leaves something undone. No one knows what injuries were inflicted on the charred trunk of that old woman. There was no good evidence to show that the prisoner's hands were burned at all, though one witness said he saw a burn about the size of a pea on his wrist. The Judge again told the jury they must draw their own inferences as to whether it was accident, suicide or murder. Lloyd had told one witness that it was a mystery which he believed would never be cleared up. Later he had said that he believed his wife's clothing had caught fire while she was putting certain missing clothing in the stove. Was it possible to believe that the woman, if her clothing had caught fire from the stove, could have gone back to the chair, folded her arms peacefully and allowed the fire to consume her body? As to the idea of suicide. Brickman had insisted, when in the witness box, of speaking about old Mrs. Lloyd's alleged attempt at suicide, though warned not to say anything about it. He was not present when that alleged attempt happened. Could the jury bring themselves to believe that the old woman had put coal oil on her clothes and then burned herself to death? The burns on the chair showed there had been a fierce fire, and a person sitting in the midst of it must have suffered mortal agony. Professional men had told them that people suffering that agony found it impossible to keep still. They ran wild and tried to fight it. How, then, could they account for the woman's hands not being burned? Then there was the theory of death from shock, but that supposition did not help the prisoner at all. There was the case; they could adopt any course they wished. If the logic of the facts led them to think that Lloyd had committed the deed, they had only one duty. The prisoner's age had nothing to do with the case. The Crown Prosecutor, in opening the case, had said something about a verdict of manslaughter being possible. If the jury found that the old woman was killed in a sudden quarrel it would be lawful for them to bring in a verdict of manslaughter, but would it be logical? The law says every unlawful killing is presumed to be murder. The onus was on the defence to prove any mitigating circumstances. As to the responsibility which rested on the jury, the Judge reminded them that certain responsibilities rested on all connected with the court. Their responsibility was limited to bringing in a verdict in accordance with the evidence. As long as they rendered an honest verdict they need have no pangs of conscience. The Judge's responsibility was to see that the prisoner had a fair trial; the counsel were supposed to present the case fairly and honestly; the responsibility for the verdict rested on the jury alone. In conclusion His Lordship spoke of the testimonials to the prisoner's previous good character. Such evidence, he said, might not go far in some serious crimes, but in the present case he thought it was entitled to a certain amount of weight.

His Lordship spoke for an hour, and his charge was a masterpiece of logic, being eagerly and intently followed by all present.

The jury retired at 11 o'clock, taking the burnt chair and other exhibits in with them to the jury room.

A VERDICT REACHED.

At 12.15 the jury returned to the court room, and, in answer to the usual question, announced a verdict of "Not guilty."

"Not guilty of any offence whatever?" queried the Chief Justice, with the rising inflection.

"Not guilty," was the only answer.

"Adam Lloyd," said His Lordship, "the jury say you are not guilty, so you are discharged."

And old Adam Lloyd was once more a free man.

Old Mr. Lloyd's son, who is a resident of Detroit, Mich., has attended all through the present trial. It is said that he will take his father back to Detroit with him, and care for him in future.

ASTONISHING RESULTS

Follow Each New Discovery of Science.

The great strides that medical science has made in the last few years is due to the germ theory. When the germ of a disease has been discovered, the doctors have not been slow in finding a drug to kill it. In a few years, it will be rare to find a bald-headed man or woman. The falling out of hair is due to a dandruff germ; and now it has been discovered how to kill this germ. The remedy used is called Newbro's Herpicide. Its success has been marvellous. Not a failure has been so far reported. It is also a delightful hair dressing free from oil or sticky substances. Try it and be convinced of its actual merit. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Clansman's Widow Dead

A Los Angeles despatch of a recent date says:

Local descendants of the famous Highland clan of Chisholm are interested in the announcement recently made by the Glasgow Herald, Scotland, concerning the death of Mrs. Annie Cecilia Chisholm, widow of the chief of the clan Chisholm. Descendants are scattered throughout this State and in Canada. H. G. Chisholm, tract agent in Los Angeles of the Kalorama Land Company, is one. He is the oldest son of John V. Chisholm, who is turn is the eldest son of Gilbert Chisholm, of Chisholm, Ont., Can.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

Literary Notes.

ROD AND GUN FOR APRIL.

The April number of "Rod and Gun in Canada," published by W. J. Taylor, at Woodstock, Ont., opens very appropriately with an exploration paper. Mr. James Dickson, of Fenelon Falls, tells of a four months' trip to Abitibi Lake and River and beyond taken at the instance of the Ontario Government. A fascinating and beautifully illustrated story is that dealing with the Wild Rice Harvest of the Mississagas, a peculiarity of Rice Lake, Ont., which every one interested in outdoor life should read. No sportsman should miss "The Best Old Dog in the Land!" told in touching verse by the Rev. C. F. Yates, and finely illustrated. New Brunswick is strongly represented in this number. Right across the continent to British Columbia the reader is taken, and told of a caribou shooting excursion which must make every sportsman wish he were able to duplicate that experience in his own person. Varied views of American sportsmen in Canada are given a place. The Automobile and Boating Departments are strengthened and many interesting particulars will be found in both; while there is a complete record of trap shooting in Canada for the previous month. Wide and comprehensive as is the programme set before themselves by the conductors of this Magazine this brief review will show how well they are attempting to carry it out, and how successful they are in maintaining the position of "Rod and Gun in Canada" as the leader in its special field.

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The above goes to assist us in offering our customers better values than can be found elsewhere.

WE DO NOT CARRY ANY OLD STOCK and to this end we continue to sell—

Balance of our 1905 Wallpapers at a Discount of 25 per cent.

Besides this we will offer during this week ***5000 rolls of 1906 Wallpapers*** at the following special prices:—

15c Papers for 10c
10c Papers for 6c
8c Papers for 5c
5c Papers for 3c

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—OF—
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Vice-Presidents.
THOS. HILLIARD. President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD. Supt. of Agencies.

LOW MORTALITY

HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

A CHINESE EXPLANATION OF THE RECENT BOYCOTT.

No doubt the boycott was solely due to the stringency of the exclusion law; but the paramount object of the movement is to raise the Chinese people to an equal footing with any other people in relation with the United States, and not for securing the actual economic advantage of exporting laborers to America. It is for national right and dignity rather than for anything else. There are, however, more important points regarding this question that should be carefully examined: that is—first, the boycott has never been authorized by the Government; second, the boycott has never been carried out with any forcible or violent means. The Government has done nothing toward promoting the boycott. On the contrary, the Peking authorities have tried hard to advise the merchants to modify their disposition. But no Government in the world, however absolute it may be, has power to compel its subjects to buy goods from a certain country unless they are willing to do so. No doubt this disagreeable movement has been started by those who had personally suffered maltreatment under the exclusion law, or, rather, under the regulations of the Chinese Immigration Service Office. But there has been not the least sign of violence or force, as the boycott has spread through several provinces. It is purely a voluntary action of individuals. So long as there is no disturbance of peace, "boycott" is considered a legitimate movement by any civilized country of the world. It is a commercial design, and not a warlike scheme. It is an individual action, and not a national policy. There is, therefore, no good ground upon which the recent alarming news could be supposed to have been based.—From a "Chinaman, on the Chinese Situation," by T. Y. Chang, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for April.

SAFETY.

Never in all the history of transportation has travel been safer than it is to-day. Seated in perfect comfort in any of the mile-a-minute trains of the Lake Shore Railway you are in less danger by far than was your grandfather in the lumbering six-mile-an-hour stage of a half or three-quarters of a century ago. Trains over this line are protected and guarded in a way that is but little short of marvellous. Every device that skill or money can provide is used without regard to the expense and in spite of the high speed—the fastest in the world—you are as safe here as in your own home. Combined with safety and high speed are luxurious comfort and punctuality, all combined to make a service unequaled the world over. See that your ticket reads "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway," and write for full information to J. W. Daly, Chief Ass't G. P. A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G. P. A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

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Shoe Polish
Black, Tan and White

"2 in 1" instantly cleans and polishes. Preserves alike the daintiest kid and the roughest leather. Particular people give nothing but praise.

"2 in 1" has no substitute. Millions use it. Refuse all imitations.

Black and tan in 10c. and 25c. tins. White 15c. glass

A Friend Told Me About
Bu-Ju
THE GENTLE KIDNEY CURE

Hundreds of people, who have been cured of Kidney Trouble by Bu-Ju, were first induced to try this wonderful remedy by friends who had themselves been cured. The sales of Bu-Ju are daily increasing, because everyone who takes them is benefitted—and these in turn, tell others. So the good news is spread.

Here is what a Picton man says about Bu-Ju:—

"I have used Bu-Ju with great benefit to myself, and cheerfully recommend to all who, I think, are suffering from Kidney Troubles and Rheumatism.

"I think Bu-Ju the best remedy made."

Yours sincerely,
JAMES MILLS.

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WINDSOR, ONT. - - NEW YORK.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

It is better to be bald and rich than it is to be bald without being rich.

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

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Easter Goods

Our display of Easter novelties is very fine this year—many new lines of which are sure to please.

Special line of Confectionery for the Easter trade. Watch for special announcement for next week.

Ed. F. Dickens.
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RED CROSS
CANADIAN GIN

The only Gin MATURED FOR YEARS in Bonded Warehouses, and bottled under Government Supervision.

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Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

A LITTLE SONG FOR BED-TIME.

(Boston Courier.)

A little song for bed-time,
  When, robed in gowns of white,
All sleepy little children
  Set sail across the night
For that pleasant, pleasant country
  Where the pretty dream-flowers blow,
'Twixt the sunset and the sunrise—
  For the Slumber Islands, ho!

When the little ones get drowsy
  And the heavy lids droop down
To hide blue eyes and black eyes,
  Grey eyes and eyes of brown,
A thousand boats for Dreamland
  Are waiting in a row,
And the ferrymen are calling,
  "For the Slumber Islands, ho!"

Then the sleepy little children
  Fill the boats along the shore,
And go sailing off for Dreamland;
  And the dipping of the oar
In the sea of sleep makes music
  That the children only know
When they answer to the boatman's
  "For the Slumber Islands, ho!"

O, take a kiss my darlings,
  Ere you sail away from me
In the boat of dreams that's waiting
  To bear you o'er the sea;
Take a kiss and give me one,
  And then away you go
A-sailing into Dreamland—
  For the Slumber Islands, ho!

• • •

A Michigan man, pursued by wolves, fought them off with canned goods. Probably Force.

• • •

John Dowie has left Zion City and gone to warmer climes. He's not dead, however; but in ill-health.

• • •

The anthracite mines are tied up, but the operators and miners are allowing much gas to escape as a result of their daily conferences.

• • •

Girls in a German town complained to the Emperor that they had no dance partners, and a regiment of cavalry was sent to the place. The soldiers will have an opportunity of using their arms in time of peace.

• • •

How a dyspeptic, like our old friend Rockefeller, must envy those French miners who could eat straw, oats and putrid horse, and enjoy it.

• • •

Dreamy and romantic Algeciras will now disappear from the world's eye. It is no longer a centre of international interest.

• • •

Russia seems to have supplied the formula for agreement at Algeciras The Russians are no great shakes as fighters, but in diplomacy they are peerless.

• • •

The Emperor William comes out of the Algeciras conference with the tail feathers only—France has got the bird. Where will his Imperial Hastiness be heard from next?

Successful Stock Show.

Clinton, April 6—The first show under the auspices of the directors of Huron County Stock Exhibition, was held yesterday, and was a success in every particular.

Every class was well filled, 75 entries in heavy class, 60 in roadsters and 87 of cattle. Fully five thousand people were in attendance.

Aged Couple Die.

Harrow, April 6.—Mrs. Hilaire Bondy while sitting in a chair, sewing, died, and two days later, her husband, who had been postmaster at Verker for 27 years, also succumbed. The latter was 76 years of age His wife was 67

That pain in the Back is Kidney Trouble

GIN PILLS WILL CURE IT

A strain or severe cold, or a dozen other causes may have started it—but the Kidneys are at the bottom of it. Backache (especially in the "small" of the back) means Kidney Disease. Plasters and liniments give some relief, but they never cure. Lots of people, with swollen hands and feet, are treating themselves for rheumatism, when, in fact, their sick kidneys are causing the pain and swelling. GIN PILLS cure that pain in the Back every time, because they cure the Kidneys.

OTTAWA, March 17th, 1905.

I had the honor of being appointed assistant artist to the chief artist of London "Black and White" to accompany him three years ago to China to help him get pictures of the Boxer Uprising. That is a hard country on the kidneys. I came back very much troubled, and have been so ever since. My attention was called to Gin Pills, I have taken two boxes, and can positively say that I have never felt better in my life.

H. MANLEY.

If you have tried plasters, liniments and doctors, save your money and try GIN PILLS FREE. Write us your name and address, and in what paper you saw this offer, and we will send you a free sample box of GIN PILLS. These famous Pills for Sick Kidneys are sold by all druggists at 50c a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50.

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FOOD OR STIMULANT.

Ask your doctor if when he orders a patient to drink lots of pure milk he advises the addition of a large quantity of whiskey. He'll tell you "no" very emphatically. Yet there are people who, when ordered to get Scott's Emulsion, will accept some wine, cordial or extract of cod liver oil and think it is the same thing or better. If you want and need cod liver oil in its best, purest and most easily digested form, get Scott's Emulsion. If you want whiskey, that's another matter, but don't look for the same results.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto. Ont.

CLASH AT LETHBRIDGE.

Non-Union Miner and Constable Fitzgerald Probably Fatally Hurt.

Lethbridge, Alta., April 6.—Yesterday some of the strikers came within the police pickets to persuade non-strikers to quit work. The police ordered them out, but the strikers refused to go, and when the police attempted to arrest them, 200 or 300 strikers came running down to aid their friends. As no officer was on hand to read the Riot Act, the police could not use their guns and a free fight followed. Several men were hurt. L. Albert, a non-striker, was struck with a stone thrown from the crowd, and it is feared he is fatally injured.

Finally the strikers were driven back, and two leaders arrested.

Wednesday night Constable Fitzgerald was probably fatally wounded when the houses of Joseph Oros and Steve Ungary, both non-union miners, were dynamited.

Cars Stoned At Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 6.—Trouble broke out again in Winnipeg last night, when, for the first time since the strike started, the company tried to run cars after dark. The first cars out after 8 o'clock were stoned, and motormen and conductors chased. The next two cars along Main street were stopped opposite the Strathcona Hotel. One car had two women in it, but the crowd gallantly left it alone and attacked the other fiercely, badly wrecking it. The company withdrew its few cars at 9 o'clock. One car was stalled near the C. P. R. station after being stoned by a mob, and it would have been burned if the police had not guarded it for several hours.

The mediation of clergy and city council has apparently failed and to all appearances the company is preparing for a long fight.

Propose Arbitration.

New York, April 6.—Arbitration is proposed by the anthracite miners, whose general scale committee held another session with the representatives of the operators in New York yesterday. The operators will answer on Monday.

Strikers Attack Factories.

Abbeville, France, April 6.—The striking locksmiths of Fressenville Wednesday sacked the residences of employers and foremen, set fire to the furniture, prevented the firemen from extinguishing the flames, and smashed the machinery and the factory windows. Reinforcements have been ordered to Fressenville.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 700; slow; prices steady to a shade lower; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.40; cows, $3.10 to $5; heifers, $2.75 to $5.50; bulls, $2.50 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 33,000; 5c lower; choice to prime heavy, $6.35 to $6.42½; medium to good heavy, $6.30 to $6.35; butchers' weights, $6.35 to $6.42½; good to choice heavy mixed, $6.30 to $6.37½; packers, $5.70 to $6.35.

Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; sheep steady; lambs dull; sheep, $4.50 to $6.50; yearlings, $5.75 to $6.40; lambs, $4.75 to $6.70.

In Darkest Africa.

A weird tale of witchcraft comes from the interior of Africa. A recent trial at the Lilongwe court proved that a native woman killed by a lion had been partly eaten by another native who was accused of impersonating the lion. The prisoner confessed freely that he had eaten of the woman's dead body, the excuse being that he had purchased from a "witch doctor" a medicine which enabled him to turn into a lion at will—in other words, to indulge in cannibalism in its lowest form as the mood took him.

A Waterspout.

A scientist says of a waterspout that passed over a certain district in France: "Its passage was accompanied with a sound which is described as resembling that of a battery of artillery drawn on the gallop over a paved street. At the base of an extended nimbus hung the reversed cone characteristic of phenomena of this kind. A strong wind was then blowing from the south-southwest. The waterspout was preceded by a storm and followed by a shower.".

Devotion.

That was a remarkable instance of devotion to which an Italian journal referred some time ago, wherein a husband on hearing that his wife looked her best in mourning committed suicide that she might have an opportunity to wear it.—London Queen.

Sarcastic.

Young Doctor—He seems to have every confidence in my ability to save him. Old Doctor—Is he delirious on other subjects also?

AN ARCHDEACON'S VISIONS.

Strange Statements By an Anglican Church Dignitary—The Story of Sir George Colley.

Archdeacon Colley, rector of Stockton, Warwickshire, who has occasionally attracted public attention to his views and statements on the subject of spiritualism, which he unsuccessfully desired to expound before the last Church Congress, sends to The London Daily Mail a letter on "The psychical events that preceded, happened on, and followed" the death of His Excellency Gen. Sir George Colley at Majuba on this date, Feb. 27, 1881.

These circumstances, the Archdeacon writes, are of the most weird and wonderful sort. At the time of the tragedy he himself was in Natal and chaplain to Sir George Colley, who was the Governor of the colony.

Sir George and Praying Wheel.

In conversation with Sir George, before he started to meet the Boer invasion, the archdeacon mentioned some fear he had reason to entertain for his safety. Sir George, however, making light of the matter, playfully took up a Burmese curio—a praying wheel—and purposely turned it the wrong way, so that in Burmese and Chinese superstition the prayer, actuated backwards, might work a curse instead of supplicating a blessing.

"Early on the then fatal Sunday morning of Feb. 27, 1881, I, at the Deanery, Pietermaritzburg, awoke with a feeling of something dreadful about to happen, which feeling increased as the day wore on, to culminate in the sorrowful confirmation of my fears later when, leaving the cathedral pulpit at the close of the evening service to dismiss the congregation with the benediction, a hurried message came to me from Government House, saying Sir George Colley had that morning been killed at Majuba.

"The youth shot the Governor of Natal from close behind, the bullet smashing out through the forehead, causing Sir George Colley to leap high in the air with hands outstretched and arms uplifted, and fall the mangled corpse of what a moment before was a courteous, brave, chivalrous gentleman truly religious and righteous."

Scotch Woman's "Second Sight."

"At what was probably the very moment of this upleap and death spasm Sir George in psychic, materialized, instantaneous form, was physically, or with her Scotch gift of 'second sight,' subjectively, seen by a domestic, a native of Aberdeen, whose outcry thrilled with dismay and fear the household running to her help, foreboding the sad news which the evening of that same day was brought down from the front.

"The testimony, however, of this Scotchwoman of Aberdeen is so utterly impossible of putting into words without explanations recondite and of Yogi-philosophic teaching, that I must suppress it.

"But Sir George Colley's various appearances to me, and my son, and others, are less perplexing, as they have for the most part been on the lines of what is usual in spiritualism relative to clairvoyance, and subjective with those who are gifted with the 'discerning of spirits' and have what the Scotch call 'second sight.'

"It is, therefore, almost always in the way of 'a military man in high command having a hole in his forehead' that Sir George Colley comes thus to give proof of his identity.

Also Visited His Son.

"When this was the experience of my son he did not at first know who 'the military man with a hole in his forehead' was until I told him in detail of the far-reaching effects, physical and psychical, of the circumstances that concrete to history with the bare mention now of Majuba.

"He, however, now knows what it is that comes and gives proof of his identity. Yet to others, until I say who it is that comes to them. . . Sir George Colley (though an utter stranger to them at first) is still the 'military man, evidently killed in battle—having a hole in his forehead.'

"Hence last September, in a shop at Birmingham, into which I had casually gone to buy something that attracted my attention in the shop window, a stranger diffidently accosted me and whispered that there was standing with me at the counter 'a military man having a hole in his forehead, appearing to have been killed in battle.'

A "Seer" of Birmingham.

"In haste to catch a train to Leamington I could not then stay to question my informant, evidently a 'seer,' but found when next in Birmingham that he was a working spectacle maker and a poor relation of the people of the shop.

"Moreover, only last Tuesday, Feb. 20, while at breakfast with two friends at Leamington—both clairvoyants and knowing nothing of what I have written—one of them was suddenly 'controlled' by the late Governor of Natal, who sent a most important message to my son, now quartered at Jubbulpore, the truth of which, when I have answer from India, I may some time speak."

Jerome K. Jerome on Marriage.

"No man," said Jerome K. Jerome, "should marry unless he is by nature a 'good provider'—unless without a twinge he can hand forth money right and left. Some men can in a sunny, cheerful way spend $10 or $15 on a dinner in a fashionable restaurant, while they become morose, sour and fearful for the future when they are obliged to give their wives a dollar or two for the day's meat. These men should remain single. Otherwise they will make such husbands and fathers as my old friend Crust. Crust's daughter said one afternoon in a tone of unutterable surprise, 'Papa went away quite gay and cheerful this morning.' Mrs. Crust made an exclamation of annoyance. 'That reminds me,' she said, 'I forgot to ask him for any money.'"

For Tired Eyes.

Take a cup brimful of water. Add sufficient salt to be just perceptible to the taste. Hold your eyes to the water so that your lashes touch it, then wink once, and the eyes will be suffused. Do not wipe them. This so refreshes the eyes that they feel like a new pair. Do not forget the good old rule. As soon as you "feel your eyes" stop using them. By following this treatment very little time will be wasted waiting for tired eyes.

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HIS AUNT HANNAH

By C. B. LEWIS

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Aunt Hannah Burt was rich, and she was also called eccentric. She was so called perhaps because she had never married and permitted her husband to squander the fortune that came to her from her father. There was nothing eccentric about her adopting Ray Wheeler when he was fifteen years old, because he was one of her nephews.

At the age of nineteen he entered college, and three years later he graduated as a lawyer. He was taking a rest and looking around previous to setting up for himself when Aunt Hannah discovered something that made her shiver in horror. She had heard no complaints of the young man's conduct while he was at college, and no policeman had ever appeared at the house to warn her that Ray was whooping it up when away from her motherly influence.

The young man had a caller one evening in the person of an old classmate. They smoked and talked. They talked about straight jabs, upper cuts, right hand swings and other things belonging to the Greek language. The door of the room was open, and Aunt Hannah heard them. Later they ascended to the garret. She crept part way up the narrow stairs and saw and heard. She saw them don boxing gloves and punch each other around the big room in fiercest fashion and also make use of terms she had never heard before, not even in connection with state prisons and ward caucuses.

When the visitor had departed Ray was summoned to the frozen presence of Aunt Hannah, who began:

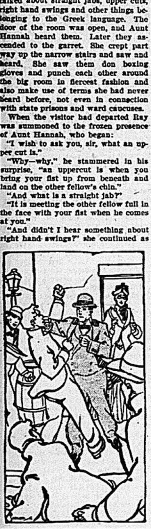
"I wish to ask you, sir, what an upper cut is."

"Why—why," he stammered in his surprise, "an uppercut is when you bring your fist up from beneath and land on the other fellow's chin."

"And what is a straight jab?"

"It is meeting the other fellow full in the face with your fist when he comes at you."

"And didn't I hear something about right hand swings?" she continued as she sat in judgment like a member of the supreme court.



BEGAN KNOCKING THE LOAFERS INTO THE GUTTER.

"You swing with your right, this way, and sometimes knock the other fellow's head off."

"And what were you and that young man doing up in the garret?"

"We had the mitts on for a few rounds, to keep in practice."

"Mitts? Mitts?"

"Boxing gloves, you know."

"Ah! You learned this at college, did you? While I supposed you were putting in all your time at your studies you were hard at work learning to be a prize fighter, eh? Instead of graduating a lawyer, I have, it seems, added to the number of loafers who pound each other about for money."

"Come, now, aunt," protested the young man, "but boxing is a part of the gymnasium work at every college."

"If I had known that they trained young men to be prize fighters you would never have gone to college. Never invite that or any other young man here again. I want those boxing gloves burned up this very evening."

"But, aunt"—

"Not a word, sir! If any one had told me that you were a thief I could not feel worse. This prize fighting business must stop right here. If there is any more of it I shall alter my will in favor of those nephews who are gentlemen, even if they don't know any too much."

The gloves were handed over to her and sent downstairs to be cremated in the furnace, and the visitor did not call again. What did happen was that Ray Wheeler attended the nearest gymnasium instead. It was an almost daily thing with him to keep up his boxing practice, and Aunt Hannah would have been none the wiser but for a talebearer. Her coachman wandered into the place one day and saw Ray hard at work, and an hour later the spinster was in possession of the fact. She felt that she had been defied and her wishes passed by, and she was very sober and serious as she faced the young man.

"Didn't I tell you how horrified I was?" she demanded.

"Yes, but"—

"And that I wanted no prize fighters in my family?"

"Yes, but you see"—

"And that if there was any more of it I should change my will? If you learned that at college you must have learned other objectionable things. I haven't heard you swear, and I don't know whether you chew and drink or not, but I am ready to believe you do. I had built up great hopes around you, and to have them shattered in a moment is something hard to bear."

"But, aunty, if only you would let me explain," replied the young man. "One needn't be a prize fighter or a tough because he knows how to box. It is taught one so that he can defend himself if need be. You see"—

"A gentleman always carries a cane to defend himself with."

"But a cane may be forgotten. Suppose I was going down the street and was accosted by two or three"—

"I can't possibly suppose any such thing. A loafer recognizes a gentleman when he sees one and lets him alone. Ray, you may go to a hotel for two or three days. I want time to think things over. When I have come to a decision I will send you word. No matter what else I decide on, you will get enough ready money to set you up in a saloon and as a prize fighter. I shall expect to see in the papers some morning that the Yale Kid has knocked some other fighter senseless and won a purse."

Ray Wheeler went without making further protest. He had been at the hotel for two days, when he took a walk through a tough part of the city. He was dodging children here and besotted men and women there and keeping as clear of pushcarts as he could, when he came upon a broken down carriage in the street.

He recognized the driver as the man who drove for his Aunt Hannah, and a moment later saw the woman herself standing in a doorway. She was on one of her charity rounds. Half a dozen loafers had taken advantage of the accident to hem her in and menace her. She had given up her purse, but they wanted more. They were referring to her as "old gal" and almost tearing the gloves off her hands when there came an interruption. The adopted son put up his dukes and began knocking the loafers into the gutter. He cleared a path to Aunt Hannah and bid her be of good cheer, and then a pretty little play occurred. Three or four of the gang came back for more and got it. There were three of them sleeping on their backs when a policeman finally pushed his way through the crowd and exclaimed:

"Bully f'r you, young man! I'd be willing to give up a hundred bones if I could handle my dukes like that."

Aunt Hannah was escorted to the repaired carriage, and she motioned to Ray to get in beside her. She hadn't a word to say until she reached home and had her bonnet off. Then she turned and asked:

"Ray, did you upper cut them?"

"Yes, aunt."

"And give them straight jabs?"

"For sure!"

"And deliver right hand swings?"

"A few of them."

"I—I guess you'd better stay home, now that you are here, and if you want the use of the garret I shan't have any objections, provided you don't make too much noise."

A Lesson In Patience.

There are two women in the waiting room at the railway station. One of them is tall and thin and of the appearance which is sometimes described as nervous, yet she sits with folded hands, placidly gazing at nothing. The other woman is plump and pretty. By every evidence of feature and build she should be joyous and contented, yet she is fidgeting around. She cannot sit in one place more than two minutes. She gets up and walks to the door and then to the windows. She keeps looking about incessantly, and from time to time she sighs anxiously.

"May I ask," inquired the tall, thin woman, "if there is any worry on your mind?"

"Yes, there is," responds the plump, pretty woman. "I am waiting for my husband."

"But that should not worry you. How long have you been waiting?"

"It's—let me see—what time is it? It's forty minutes now."

"Forty minutes? My dear woman, I've been waiting for my husband for forty years, yet you see I am not one-thousandth as nervous as you."—Memphis News-Scimitar.

Professional Women Thieves.

The ingenuity displayed by professional women thieves in concealing stolen jewels on their persons makes it imperative that the women searchers employed in police stations be alert and intelligent. An important duty of a searcher is to examine the mouth of a prisoner. The other day, after this had been done and the thief even made to raise her tongue, a valuable ring was seen to drop from her lips while she was asleep. Women who wear pompadours frequently use them as hiding places for jewelry, while the lining of jackets and shoes is a popular place for concealment. Needless to say, the position of searcher is not an altogether agreeable one, and perhaps the duty she dislikes most, owing to its monotony, is that of sitting up with prisoners whom it is deemed expedient to watch. Women prisoners when once inside the station are said to be rarely violent. For instance, the genuine professional pickpocket seldom gives the slightest trouble. She knows she is caught and makes the best of a bad job. "But," observed one searcher, "a drop of drink do change some of 'em wonderful."—New York Tribune.

CARE OF THE FACE.

How It May Be Improved In Texture and Complexion.

If more faces were really clean a great improvement both in texture and color of complexions would be noticed. Even the woman who does not patronize the beauty doctor can make use of up to date methods of cleansing her skin. After a day spent in grime and smoke the skin is in a condition that is beyond the reach of water, and unless one is careful as to soap and softeners it may do more harm than good. A good cleansing cream is a necessity, and it should be applied after a day spent in the open air and after leaving it on a little time washed off with a soft rag. After the cleansing cream a good astringent lotion may be sprayed in, as this completes the cleansing process and freshens one more than would be believed. The comfort of a clean face quite apart from its looks is altogether delightful, and, as one patron of the beauty parlor declares, "It makes me feel rested and refreshed and in a good temper."

When the pores are filled with a black accumulation of long standing steaming is necessary, and this is also something that one can do without professional help. Rub in the cleansing cream, and after it has been on for a little while lay a towel over the face that has been dipped in water as hot as you can possibly bear, holding it first over one part of the face and then the other.

The face especially is in need of treatment of this kind after exposure to strong winds, which dry and crack the skin and put in many a wrinkle. Many a bad complexion is from neglecting the proper cleansing processes, and the improvement both in color and firmness that results from keeping up the habit of cleansing it properly almost is past belief.—Exchange.

CRYSTAL WEDDINGS.

An Appropriate Way to Celebrate These Anniversaries.

The "crystal wedding" commemorates the fifteenth anniversary. Write your invitations with a very pointed stick wet with mucilage, then sprinkle "diamond powder," which is pulverized mica, over the paper and let it stand until the mucilage is dry. Dust it off carefully, and you will find that the "diamond powder" has stuck to the letters. Have as much glass on your table as possible. Very pretty dishes of pressed glass can be bought for a small amount. Make a horseshoe of white glass beads and hang it over the table and run long strings of white glass beads from the chandelier to the edge of the dining table. Buy small white paper heart shaped boxes and fill them with candy. On the lid of each box write your husband's and your initials and the year of your wedding—1890 and 1906—and sprinkle this over with the pulverized mica, says the Philadelphia Press. You could give one of these boxes to each of your guests as souvenirs of the occasion.

THE HOME DOCTOR.

A little turpentine added to the bath water is said to be good for rheumatism.

A pinch of salt in a glass of warm water is good for bathing weak or tired eyes.

To treat a cut finger brush across the cut with collodion and keep the lips of the cut together till the collodion dries.

Underdone beef and mutton are not unwholesome, but underdone veal or pork is very unwholesome indeed and often causes illness.

It is well to remember that a fresh cold in the head may sometimes be broken up immediately if treated early by snuffing warm salt water up the nose from the palm of the hand.

A good poultice for a boil is made as follows: Two tablespoonfuls of flaxseed flour, a lump of lard as large as a walnut and one white onion. Mix with sweet milk, stew until the onion is soft and apply warm.

How She Conquered.

Miss Josie Wanous, the only woman pharmacist who runs her own drug store in Minneapolis, has made a little fortune out of a shampoo bag of her own invention. She has refused $25,000 for the patent. She was the daughter of a Bohemian farmer, and the first money she earned was $2 a week at the stationery counter of a village drug store. She studied pharmacy and got her license and then encountered the obstacle which rises before most young women endeavoring to enter the professions. No pharmacist would employ her as clerk. She worked at other things until she acquired the capital to start a tiny store of her own and now has a handsome and commodious store, in which she employs twelve assistants, in one of the best sections of Minneapolis.

The Girls' Den.

To girls who work or who are trying to improve themselves in any way a den is a necessity. This is a place where work may be left about without fear of its being spirited away by a tidy maid, where every sort of industry may be carried on whole heartedly and without fear of interruption. The mother of the family should consider the den as the property of her daughters and only visit it at their urgent invitation. It is well for the different members of a family to keep some place to themselves, for the mother's boudoir to be a sacred place to which the husband and children feel it an honor to be admitted, for the daughter's room to be a sweet, homely place where the whole family, if the girl wishes it, may assemble when the day's work is done.

"OLD R. AND R."

By M. J. PHILLIPS

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The Continental Express company is a great institution. It does business in every state between the seaboards, and its employees, who are messengers on trains, local agents, route agents, office men and drivers, number thousands. The Continental continues to be great and to pay dividends because it takes a particular interest in the goings in and comings out of each of its employees. It demands services of them and loads responsibilities upon them at which bank presidents would shudder. The company's motto, if a thing so thoroughly useless were ever an appendage of an enterprise so utilitarian, would be, "The Continental expects every man to do his duty."

The corporation comes nearer to representing abstract justice than the supreme court. Good men are advanced in precisely the degree they deserve advancement. Bad men are punished.

"THROW DOWN THAT SACK!" HE COMMANDED HOARSELY.

The Continental stands ready to spend $5,000 in convicting the man who steals a hundred. Employees who have given the best years of their life to its service are pensioned. The only touch of human nature about it is the present of a five dollar bill which, with a formal and frosty little letter, is sent each Christmas to every employee who has worked for the Continental a year or more.

The spirit and essence of the Continental is its book of "Rules and Regulations." The tome is a ponderous mass of bound circulars a foot thick. Every fortnight or so another printed yellow folder is issued, bringing the express world up to date, and this is duly read by agent or messenger and fastened into the covers.

Somewhere in the musty depths of the "Rules and Regulations" are instructions covering every possible contingency, from handling Egyptian mummies to the feeding of live stock in transit. No matter how absurd an employee's procedure in an emergency, when viewed in the light of common sense he has only to quote "Rules and Regulations" correctly. He is sure of forgiveness. And the man who is versed in "Old R. and R.," as the book is called, is held by his colleagues in much the same half envious regard with which ministers look upon a brother who knows his Bible exceedingly well.

Booth, money clerk at Morgantown, had a special name for the canvas covered volume—"The Book of Revelation." The agent, Hornbeck, who had grown gray in the Continental's service, chided him one day for his flippancy.

"I tell you, Bill," he said seriously, "'Old R. and R.' can't take you far astray any turn of the road. You could use it as a guide and be a pretty good Christian. Doesn't it tell you to be strictly honest, to be temperate and keep good hours, to affiliate yourself with some church and attend divine services on Sunday, to dress neatly and as well as your income will permit, to treat everybody with politeness, 'for we must depend on rich and poor, white and black, for our business?'"

"That's true, all right," replied Bill, impressed. "I never looked at it that way before."

"And," chimed in Bobby Taylor, the driver, "'Old R. and R.' makes you insure your life before you can work for the company. That isn't all of it either. Away back in Series D, No. 439, dated June 1, 1893, I found a paragraph advising employees to marry."

"Funny you'd stumble on to that, hey, Bobby?" queried Booth, with a grin and a wink at Hornbeck, whereupon Bobby, blushing like a schoolgirl, hastened back to his wagon.

Bobby was the best driver the Morgantown office had. He did oceans of work every day, collecting parcels and making deliveries. Besides, there were four round trips between the office and Morgan Junction, a mile away. The railroads got no nearer town than the Junction. He did all this and hankered for more, anxious for promotion, for promotion meant more money, and more money spelled matrimony. Bobby and Marion Hackett had it all arranged. When his salary touched $60 a month—a driver gets $45—or when he had $300 saved, then they would adventure down life's stream together.

"For, you see, Marion, $45 a month isn't much, although it would buy coal and something to eat," Bobby would explain. "But, darling, I don't want you regretting having married me right at the start. I'm going to have enough so we'll be comfortable."

And Marion, with fond belief in Bobby's financial acumen, would lay her curly head on his shoulder and agree, satisfied this was right, for hadn't Bobby said so?

Bobby was thinking up ways and means one winter's night as he turned his horse's head homeward with the load of freight from the eastbound train. The first quarter mile of the journey, between solid rows of lumber piles and lighted by a single arc light, was lonesome. Bobby often thought that if a holdup for the valuable money packages he carried were ever attempted it would be on this stretch of narrow, deserted street.

The possibility of such an occurrence was always present. Tonight it became a reality. A man, a dark cloth tied over his face, suddenly sprang out of the shadow and seized plodding old Dick by the bit. Something glittered in the hand which he pointed at Bobby. "Throw down that sack!" he commanded hoarsely. "The red way bill stuff," as the valuable packages are called, was in a sack swung over the driver's shoulder.

Bobby's reply was to reach for the Colt's thirty-eight, which drivers of the Continental carry. The stranger fired, and Bobby felt the crease as of a hot iron right above his right ear. The bullet had barely missed him. The holdup man went down next instead, a bullet from the Colt's in his shoulder. He lay helpless on the soggy snow until the police came and took him away.

A route agent came to Morgantown next morning, talked with Hornbeck and went away. Route agents are a power, and Bobby was impressed and flattered when this particular member of the guild shook hands and jokingly called him "Deadwood Dick."

A week later the sequel of the attempted holdup was written. A red way bill package, containing five $100 bills, came for Bobby from Continental headquarters. A commendatory letter which accompanied it quoted a certain ancient circular far back in "Old R. and R.," which provides that the Continental employee who captures uninjured the criminal that attempts robbery shall receive $100; the sum shall be $500 if the thief is wounded and captured.

Hornbeck says that letter, which Mr. and Mrs. Taylor prize most highly, is the first ever sent out from headquarters consciously or unconsciously humorous. "Old R. and R." makes no allowance for humor, but the epistle advised Bobby, among other things, to get married. And Bobby was planning the honeymoon while he read it.

English Towns.

That there are many instances in England of two or more towns enjoying the same name is a fact that nobody can well help knowing, but probably few people are aware of the very wide extent to which this duplication of names prevails. Newton seems to hold the same rank among places as Smith among individuals, no fewer than seventy-two towns and villages in England alone bearing this name. By including the Newtowns, obviously the same name with a slight difference in spelling, the total is raised to little short of ninety. As every town must have been a "new town" at some time or other it shows a great lack of inventive genius among our ancestors who had the naming of the towns. There are sixty-eight places named Sutton. Our ancestors seem to have found the four points of the compass of great service in the nomenclature of their towns, for besides the Suttons there are fifty-one Westons, forty-nine Nortons and seventeen Eastons. To these last should be added thirty-eight Astons, another form of the name very common in the west of England.—London Chronicle.

A Domestic Treasure.

Sir Squire Bancroft in proposing the health of the bishop of London told a story in his inimitable way. A charming young damsel came to London to visit an aunt, who probably came originally from Scotland, for when the young lady was leaving in a cab for an evening party she said: "Now, mind; don't you pay him more than 1 shilling. It's his legal fare." Arrived at her destination, the young lady sprang out, handed cabby a shilling and bounded up the steps of the house.

"'Ere, I say, miss!" called cabby. "Kin I ask you a question?"

"Yes, you may."

"Well, are you married?"

"No," she cried, indignant. "I'm not!"

"Well—well, somebody's a-goin' to git a treasure, for I never seen a gal as could make a bob go further or do more 'ard work nor you, miss!"—London Mail.

The Right Doctor.

In Haverhill, Mass., according to the Boston Herald, there used to live two doctors of the same surname. Dr. Benjamin E. Sawyer was a physician with a large practice. Dr. Nathan Sawyer was a veterinarian. A man named Jones, after a week or more of imbibing, was very sick, and his wife, becoming alarmed, sent the hired man for Dr. Sawyer. The hired man brought the wrong Sawyer—the veterinary. Dr. Nathan explained to the wife that he was skilled only in the diseases of horses, cattle and other animals. "I guess you can prescribe all right in this case," replied Mrs. Jones. "Jones is a jackass."

OBEDIENT EGGS.

You Can Make Them Stand Just How and Where You Please.

Let us tell you how you may have a little fun. Puncture the shell of a raw egg with a pin, and through the hole thus made extract the contents. When the shell has become thoroughly dry pour fine sand through the pin hole until the egg is about one-fourth filled. Then seal up the hole with white wax, and your imitation egg will be as natural in appearance as a real one.

The next time boiled eggs are served at breakfast, substitute your sand egg for the one that you take from the dish, and tell your companions that you are going to make the egg obey your slightest wish. You may make it stand on the edge of a knife or on the rim of a glass, no matter whether you put it sideways or endways.

POSING THE EGGS.

The only precaution necessary is to tap the egg gently every time you desire to place it in any position, so as to make the sand settle at the bottom, and the weight of the sand will keep it as you wish it to be. This is called the obedient egg.

Now let us tell you how to make the disobedient egg, with which you may have even more fun than with the obedient one. Make the hole in the shell large enough to allow you to introduce half an ounce of fine shot, together with a little powdered sealing wax.

This done, seal up the hole neatly with white wax and then warm the egg gently over the fire. This will give you a fixed center of gravity in the egg, and no matter how you may pretend to place it the weight of the shot, held in a mass by the sealing wax, will drag it away from its position just as soon as you release it.

FUNNY PEOPLE.

They Tattoo Their Bodies and Walk on High Stilts.

The first travelers who visited the Marquesas islands (in the Pacific ocean) found them peopled with a magnificent race of athletes. Their clothes lasted until death, for their costume was the skin with which their Creator covered their bodies. These islanders beautifully decorated themselves with tattooing, from the crowns of their heads to the tips of their toes. As they are an enormous race this was no small undertaking. Their chiefs were chosen on account of their size, and several of them have measured six feet ten inches in height.

These people are the greatest stilt walkers in the world. This seems strange, for they are big enough without the aid of stilts. On stilts they execute performances which would drive the stilt walking clown at the New York Hippodrome out of his mind with envy. On them they run races, jump, dance, and a great mark of politeness in the islands is for one stilt walking savage to trip another one up—one should say down, for the tripped person usually comes down with a vengeance.

The stilts the Marquesans use are a little different from those of our boys. In place of straps the block of the Marquesas stilt curves over so as to hold the foot more securely.

Can You See Air?

If air cannot be seen, what is it that we see quivering above a field on a hot summer day, or even above a hot stove in the house? That question has puzzled many a head, both old and young. The answer usually given is that it is heat, but heat cannot be seen, and therefore it is not heat.

The explanation of the phenomenon is really quite simple, like all such things, when we hear it. As a matter of fact, it is air that we see quivering, but heat makes invisible. The quivering is caused by the upward passage, close by each other, of small currents of air of different temperatures, in which the rays of light are irregularly refracted, and this makes the currents visible.

Conundrums.

Why is the port of Plymouth like a very wonderful phenomenon in acoustics? Because it includes a part of the sea called the sound, and that is the only sound that you can see.

Why are bakers very self denying people? Because they sell what they knead (need) themselves.

Penny Sad and Penny Glad.

When a little penny's dingy
  And a dull and ugly brown
From the fingers of the butcher boy
  And every one in town,
I feel sorry for the penny,
  And I say it is too bad—
Don't you think the little penny must be sad?

Then I rub it on the carpet
  With all my main and might
Till it gets all warm and shiny
  And so pretty and so bright
That I'm sure it has forgotten
  All the troubles that it had—
Don't you think the little penny must be glad?

—Stella George Stern in St. Nicholas.

FINE NECKWEAR.

Laundering Hint For the Girl With a Limited Income.

The girl with a limited income must spend some of her after work hours in fixing up her little wardrobe and in washing and ironing all the neck pieces and the like which do not need the professional laundress' strenuous treatment. And there's many a woman, too, who prefers to do up all those extra little fine pieces, which she would not care to trust to the laundress.

A certain woman in the latter class has her washing day just like the Monday's programme in the kitchen, but hers is conducted on a much smaller scale. She has a tiny washboard, a doll's clotheshorse, a little bottle of bluing and a basin with running water, where she may fix up her soapsuds (she uses soap jelly) and warm water. Like the experienced laundress, she sorts her pieces, doing the most delicate and the least soiled first and changing the water frequently. The ordinary method of wringing is too much of a strain for these fine materials, so she has her own way of doing it that saves her pieces greatly. She rolls a piece into a tiny ball and presses it firmly between her palms until all the water runs out. When they are all washed she rinses them again in cool water.

The ironing board is then brought out, covered with a bit of flannel and an outside piece of muslin. The iron is heated with a little alcohol lamp in a moment. Of course she does not use much starch.

THE BUXOM WOMAN.

How She Should Dress to Improve Her Appearance.

Everything in the shape of high throat jewelry, such as dog collars, should be avoided. In fact, the less jewelry worn in the shape of necklets the better. It may perhaps be accepted as one of the compensations of the stout that they are mostly blessed with good necks and shoulders, albeit their throats are inevitably short.

An appreciable share of the work toward suppressing or disguising the size is effected by properly cut petticoats, shaped to fit around the base of the corsets and held in that position by a long waisted hook in front. The flow from the hem must commence quickly, otherwise there will be a tendency to define the figure below the waist too prominently.

The greatest assistance is offered to a short, podgy foot, than which nothing is less addicted to grace, by a well cut boot with a prominent toe, the heel only moderately high. It is high heels and a rounded toe that make for smallness.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.

Always quarter and core apples for cooking purposes, never slice them.

Uncooked figs are aperient, but during the cooking process lose this property.

If you have a tendency to biliousness or gout, or if your liver is too inactive, eat freely of carrots.

Celery contains sulphur and is excellent either steamed or raw for sufferers from rheumatism.

Very acid beverages and acid fruits are in general best avoided or taken only in moderation by those whose skins give them trouble, but of fresh vegetables and good ripe fruit they can hardly have too much.

People with weak digestion often complain that stewed fruit does not agree with them. This is very often the result of eating bread with the fruit—a thing never to be recommended even for people with healthy digestions.

Passing of Platters.

Fish and game platters have almost become obsolete. The magnificent fish and game plates, decorated with signed paintings by the foremost artists of Europe, are no longer sold in sets, accompanied by a platter, but are sold by the dozen.

"Why is that?"

"Oh," said the dealer, "because it is not customary now to carve on the table at a dinner of any importance. Nearly everything is served a la Russe, meats, etc., being carved by the butler. There is, therefore, no place for a platter."

This effects a modest saving of several hundred dollars in many cases, as this specially signed china costs scarcely less than solid gold.—Philadelphia Press.

A Wet Pack.

To make a wet pack strip all bed coverings from the mattress or overlay. Now spread upon this a counterpane, over this two blankets, and upon these a sheet that has been dipped into cold water and lightly wrung. Let the patient be quite unclad. He must lie down on the wet sheet, and have this tightly folded about him, leaving only head and face uncovered. The other wraps are now folded around him one by one. Over all more blankets may be placed. The patient may be kept in the wet pack for any period between twenty minutes and two hours. Many doctors recommend that on being freed from the wraps the patient have a cold bath. The wet pack is very useful in feverish and inflammatory states.

Water Hard and Soft.

All waters drawn from the earth contain salts. When these reach a certain percentage the waters are styled "hard." Below this they are termed "soft." Opinions differ as to the benefit or harm derived from drinking hard waters, but two facts are beyond all dispute—the softer the water the better is it for domestic cleansing, whether house or person, and that hard waters injure the skin.

On the Fence

By DONALD ALLEN

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All the farming population for five miles around said that it was a good match, that between Burt Adams, son of Deacon Adams, and Eunice Taylor, daughter of the Widow Taylor. The young folk had known each other as children. The parents approved the engagement, and the deacon went as far as to take his son by the hand and say:

"My son, she is a fine girl, and you will make no mistake in marryin' her. I shall feel toward her as my own daughter."

The engagement was announced and the wedding day set. Everything went well until the deacon's brother out in Wisconsin died and left him a legacy of $14,000 in cash. The deacon, who had lived without any of the luxuries of life, was stunned for a time by the size of the legacy. He felt that it made him one of the millionaires of earth. The money would have made some little difference to any man, no matter how level headed.

"We are on a different plane now," he said to his old wife, "and we must conform to the new circumstances. You won't wear calico any more and shall have a hired girl, and I shall do no more work except boss the hired man."

"And what about Burt?" was asked.

"He must go to college and become a lawyer or doctor."

"But he and Eunice are to be married, you know, and I don't believe he'll want to put it off."

"Look here, ma," said the deacon after thinking for awhile, "we can't let Burt throw himself away on no such girl. It might have done passably well when we were poor, but now we can buy out the whole county and have money left. He can't afford to tie himself to any such wife. To begin with, she don't look aristocratic."

"But do we?"

"Of course we do. Any one would know to look at us that we had blood and money. In the second place, she has no style about her."

"And have we got?"

"Heaps of it. In the third place, she hain't got no eddication."

"But you and me never went to anything better'n district school," protested the wife, "while Eunice attended a seminary for two whole years. I thought she knew more'n all of us put together."

"But she don't. At the seminary she jest chawed gum and played the pianner. We hain't been braggin' around any, because that ain't the way of the Adamses, but we've got eddication 'nuff to pass in any crowd. When I talked with the governor at the county fair two years ago I felt perfectly to home. I must have a talk with Burt."

"I don't believe he will give her up. You know how obstinate he is about some things. If Eunice would give him up"—

"By thunder!" interrupted the deacon as he brought his fist down on the kitchen table with a bang.

"What is it?"

"I've got an idea, ma—one of the brightest ideas I ever had. Keep mum. Don't say a word. I'll tell you all about it tomorrer or next day. Don't say a single word to Burt, and don't go around lookin' as if you had somethin' on your mind."

"You—you hain't goin' to do anything desperate?" stammered the wife.

"Of course not. I'm simply goin' to work out my idea, and when I get ready to tell you you'll say I am about as sharp as they make 'em. S-s-sh! Keep mum!"

The above conversation took place one evening, and at 9 o'clock the next morning the deacon was knocking at the door of Widow Taylor's farmhouse. Eunice had driven to the village to do some "trading," and the fat and motherly widow was just finishing up the last of her morning's work.

"Why, deacon, is this you?" she asked as she answered the knock and held out her hand. "I hope none of the folks are sick?"

"No. The folks are all well."

"None of the cows ailing?"

"Nope."

"Well, you ought to be thankful for that. Won't you come in and sit down?"

"No, I guess not. The fact is, widder, I've come over to say somethin' to you."

"Well, say on."

"It's about Burt and Eunice. You know I am rich now. Got $14,000 in cold cash—$14,000. I'm the richest man in Plum county."

"Well?"

"Waal, I want to say that I want Burt to go to college and become a great lawyer or doctor. I don't want him to marry for three or four years yet, and when he does I'd like the woman to be—to be"—

"To be somebody better than Eunice Taylor," finished the widow as the deacon hung fire.

"I hain't sayin' that exactly, but you know that the eagle and the crow can't mate."

"I've heard that they couldn't. Is that what you came to say?"

"Yes, that's about all."

"Then you have finished and can go. Good morning, Deacon Adams."

The widow turned away, and there was nothing for the deacon to do but go. He had got off better than he hoped for. He had expected to have a row, and he was elated that the widow had taken the matter so coolly. In coming he had come by the highway, but in returning he decided to take a short cut across the fields. To do this he must climb the fence of the widow's barnyard, and when he reached the top rail he sat for a moment to look around, slipped and found himself caught by a stout sliver and hanging head downward. He couldn't lift himself up, and the sliver wouldn't give way to his wiggles, and there was nothing to do but call out. He called lustily, and in about five minutes the widow appeared.

"Is there something you forgot to say?" she asked as she came up.

"You see I'm caught on the fence," he replied.

"Oh, that's it? It's singular what things happen to rich men. If any one had told me that a man worth f-o-u-r-t-e-e-n thousand dollars could be caught by a sliver on an old rail fence I should have said it was impossible. Are you enjoying the novelty of the situation?"

"Say, widder, I've got to ask you to help me out of this scrape. The blood's rushin' to my head till my ears roar."

"But as long as it's blue blood it won't hurt you. Take it calmly, deacon. All the wriggling around you can do won't tear the cloth nor break the sliver. I'm going back to the house."

"What! You goin' to leave me here hung up like this?"

"I'm going back to the house to skim the milk and get ready for churning."

"But I shall be a corpse in ten minutes more. My head's almost bustin' now."

"I shall be back in a quarter of an hour. While I'm gone you do some thinking. Think about Burt and Eunice. Think about that f-o-u-r-t-e-e-n thousand dollars; think what a fool you are trying to make of yourself. You've got the swell head, deacon, and the rush of blood will be good for it. Because you've got $14,000 you are ready to swell up and bust and make yourself a laughingstock. Get hold of yourself and get your common sense back."

"Don't leave me, widder!"

But she did. She went to the house and dallied around for a long twenty minutes and then returned. The deacon had been thinking. He was red in the face, and his nose was bleeding, and there was a roar like Niagara in his head.

"Widder," he said as he became aware that she had returned.

"Well?"

"I've got f-o-u-r-t-e-e-n thousand dollars, and I'm goin' to give Burt and Eunice $3,000 of it for a marriage present!"

"Very nice, I'm sure," replied the widow as she brought the ax and chopped the sliver and let him tumble to the ground.

Fetichism—New Style.

The case of a German student who is reported to have been arrested for stealing plaits of human hair is an example of what has been called fetichism, a not inapt use of an old term for an old tendency. A certain deceased English nobleman of the present generation who used to pocket the silver spoons of others when he went into society was never believed to do so in order to enrich himself. He was wealthy. A few years ago in a Manchester court an elderly man of many convictions was before the judge. He was not a mercenary thief. He had always stolen one particular thing, to the exclusion of all others—shovels. Similarly, one remembers a woman thief, with a long record of previous convictions, whose theft was always of one kind, and that not of a remunerative description. Her fetich was newly washed clothes hanging upon a line to dry, and she never tried to possess herself of anything else. Fetichism is not confined to criminal psychology. There seems a strain of it in the normal mind. A distinguished university graduate and traveler told me that he found fetichism so universal that much of his recreation in going through the world lay in a constant attempt to discover the fetich of each person he met.—Manchester Guardian.

The Bahamans.

A most curious utensil of a Bahaman dwelling is a big cement oven, like a cone, at the back of the house. In this the family bread is baked. Bahamans are physiologically starved, and their thin, attenuated forms show it. An unvarying diet of fish and fruit is not nourishing enough, and the fact speaks for itself in these islanders. The white Bahamans are homely and sallow unless burned so that complexion is a thing of the past. They rarely—some never—wear shoes; hence feet in these latitudes are feet and not merely the ends of legs. I used to gaze in admiration at the feet that daily and nightly visited our schooner. The owners of the appendages could walk where a shod foot could not bear to tread. The skin becomes tougher than leather. Black Bahamans are the finest specimens of the negro race to be seen outside of Africa—strapping fellows with magnificent arms and chests, but they are dreadful beggars and dreadful liars.—London Chronicle.

Birch Bark Shoes.

Shoes and other articles besides baskets and cabinets are manufactured from birch bark by the Russian peasantry. The bark from which these articles are made is from the inner skin of the Russian birch tree, common in almost all parts of the empire. It is gathered spring and fall, and the process is a very simple one. An incision is first made around the trunk of the tree, and the peasants have a knack of tearing or unwinding the bark from the starting point, which gives them a strip of even width that they wind into a ball and keep through the winter until it is dry enough to use. It is then made into shoes, baskets and other useful articles. The bark shoes are universally worn by the Russian peasantry. Other shoes used in winter are made of sheep's wool. These are manufactured by itinerant cobblers who travel from house to house, using the peasants' own materials.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.
42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 6.

Stock	Op'g	Cl'se
Atchison	93	93½
do pref	....	....
St. Paul	177⅞	177⅞
Mop	92⅞	56
Union Pac	157⅞	157⅞
C.P.R.	172⅞	172⅞
Sou Pac	68⅞	69⅜
R I	27⅞	27⅞
Ills. C.	174½	174
Sou Ry	40⅞	40⅞
Texas	....	....
B& O	113½	113⅞
N Y C	144⅞	145½
Penn	140	141⅞
Soo	....	....
T. W.	....	....
Erie	44⅞	45⅞
do pref	....	....
Reading	138	[illegible]
C. O	59⅜	59⅜
O W	52⅜	52⅞
Manhattan	....	....
W C	....	....
L. & N.	150⅞	150⅞
A. F.	44	44⅜
Nor	....	....
Wab.	21⅞	22⅞
do pref	49½	50
A. R.	160⅜	160⅞
C. G W	20⅞	21⅞
T.C.I.	151½	151⅞
U. S. Steel	42⅞	42⅞
do pref	107⅞	108
Sugar	141	140⅞
B.R.T.	87⅜	87
P. O	95⅜	95⅜
A. C. P.	111	111⅞
Met.	....	....
Alo.	67⅞	68⅜
C.F.I.	01⅞	01⅞

May wheat opened at 77⅞ closed at 77⅞
July wheat opened at 77⅞ closed at 77⅞
May corn opened at 45⅞; closed at 45⅞
July corn opened at 45⅞; closed at 45⅞
May Oats opened at 31⅞; closed at 31⅞
May pork opened at 16.10 closed at 15.12

CLARKE'S PORK AND BEANS.
Is a dish to enjoy — perfectly cooked — tastily seasoned and very nutritious and economical. Get some. Plain or favored with Chili or Tomato Sauce. 5c and 10c tins.

SUPERFICIAL SENTIMENT.

Secret of Power Lies in Intensity of Emotion.

Superficial sentiment is without vital influence. The secret of power lies in the intensity of emotion, but especially so in poetry, art and literature. By no hocus pocus can artists and writers adequately depict what they do not feel. There should be a thermometer of temperament as well as for temperature. Feeling and emotion have their degrees. We are serene when our feelings are in the temperate zone, indignant when we pass eighty-three, furious when we reach blood heat, mad at boiling point. When feeling falls below 50 we become indifferent, and when it reaches freezing point we are heartless. An emotion that does not attain the seventy-sixth degree is hardly worth recording. At summer heat the rarest flowers begin to bloom and nature becomes poetic. While the temperate is the proper sphere for pure reason and scientific observation, it is rarely, if ever, proper for the highest achievement in any art. In the world of art imagination and feeling are not content with a serenity that touches the borders of indifference. The creative instinct is never effective unless at a certain pitch of enthusiasm. It is the sharp, clear, brilliant current of thought that electrifies the brain. But an idea is worthless unless we can find a form to hold it. In the best work idea, form and feeling appear to the beholder as one. An electric bolt seems a cold thing, yet a stroke of lightning will consume more at one flash than an ordinary fire would consume in an hour.—Francis Grierson in Critic.

GETTING THE NEWS.

Method Adopted at the Outbreak of the Revolutionary War.

In contrast to the workings of the newspaper of the day and of the rapid transmission of tidings without the aid of even a wire to guide the message is a document printed in the Berkshire Courier at the beginning of the Revolutionary war. But evidently people were as eager then as now to hear the news.

"For the Purpose of getting Speedy and Certain Intelligence from the Army at Boston. We the Subscribers hereby promise and agree to Ride from this town to Tyringham or Sheffield by Turns so as to bring Intelligence from thence each Day (the Sabbath excepted) and to Report the same at the House of Mr. Josiah Smith—And in Case no regular method is come into for bringing the News to Said Tyringham we promise to bear our proportionable part of the Expense in procuring Intelligence from Springfield twice in each Week—Witness our hands this 3rd Day of May 1775."

Following this agreement is a list of days, with the names of the citizens who were to be riders. Jacob Van Deusen, who agreed to be the first man to ride to Tyringham or Sheffield, was to go for it on Monday, May 8, and Mark Hopkins was to follow on Wednesday, the service from that time on alternating, except as to the Sabbath, which compelled a no news interval of two days in the week.

WOMAN'S WORLD

MISS ANNE LEARY.

A New York Woman Who Is Famous For Her Charities.

Miss Anne Leary of New York is a wealthy woman of whom it may be said that her life work is charity and philanthropy.

So great and so far reaching has been the charitable work of Miss Leary that Pope Leo XIII. in recognition of it created her a comtesse of the papal states, and the proudest title she owns today is that of "Comtesse Anne Leary," bestowed upon her by the pope for her charitable work among the poor.

For many years Miss Leary's Lenten sewing class has been a social charity, entrance to which is largely sought by the most exclusive women in New York. Here society sews and turns out hundreds and hundreds of garments for the poor in the hospitals and on Blackwell's and Ward's islands.

MISS ANNE (COMTESSE) LEARY.

The sewing class works only during Lent. The poor need clothes all through the year. In order that her work shall not flag, shall adequately fill the end for which it was started, she employs nuns in the poorer convents to sew constantly and supply the incessant demands.

Miss Leary is constantly aiming to improve the condition of the needy in the hospitals and in the poorer quarters of the city.

Her charities are practical. The poor are naked; she clothes them. They are sick; she tends them. They are depressed; she cheers them. They are dying; she ministers to them. Those who are needy and who can and are willing to work she pays to work for their needier brethren. She stimulates them to be self supporting. She trains them to this end. She raises them. She never pauperizes them.—New York Herald.

One Woman's Advice.

"If a wife would keep her husband her lover, let him miss her now and then," is the advice of a worldly wise woman. "Men get tired of their wives just from seeing them round so much, the same face at breakfast 365 times a year, the same face at dinner year in and year out. Neither realizes what the trouble is, and the wife, as often as not, thinks it is her fault and prods herself into greater conscientiousness, greater fidelity. Stuff and nonsense! Let her pack her grip and go off for a holiday. Give him the jolt of finding that he must eat his dinner alone once in awhile. The indifferent attitude toward the wife—the taking her for granted—it is this which, unguessed, unseen, lies at the bottom of much of the domestic friction of the day. In nine cases out of ten the woman is its victim; but, on the other hand, it is generally her fault to begin with. These self effacing, meek, ultra conscientious little wives—oh, how much they have to answer for!"—Exchange.

Wall Decoration.

In decorating the walls of a room the first point to be considered is whether they are to form a background for its contents or to be in themselves its chief decoration. In many cases the disappointing effects of wall decoration are due to the fact that this important distinction has been overlooked. In rooms that are to be hung with prints or pictures the paneling or other treatment of the walls should be carefully designed with a view to the size and number of the pictures. Pictures should never be hung against a background of pattern. Nothing is more distressing than the sight of a large oil painting in a ponderous frame seemingly suspended from a spray of wild roses or any of the other naturalistic vegetation of the modern wall paper. The overlaying of pattern is always a mistake. It produces a confusion of line, in which the finest forms lose their individuality and significance.—From "The Decoration of Houses," by Edith Wharton and Ogden Codman, Jr.

Things Girls Should Know.

Girls should know that the home kitchen with mother for teacher and a living, willing daughter for pupil, is the best cooking school on earth. That "the most excellent thing in woman"—a low voice—can be acquired only by home practice. That true beauty of the face is possible only where there is beauty of soul manifested in a beautiful character. That the girl everybody likes is not affected and never whines, but is just her sincere, earnest, helpful self, says the Manchester Union. And, finally, that one of the most beautiful things on earth is a pure, modest, true, young girl—one who is her father's pride, her mother's comfort, her brother's inspiration and her sister's ideal—which we should try to be.

Homemade Oilcloth.

A good floor covering may be made from an old brussels carpet. Nail it loosely wrong side up to an attic floor and paint with a thick coat of linseed oil and burnt umber. Let it dry thoroughly and then cover with a coat of good varnish. When it has stood for a week or more it can be scrubbed and washed like any oilcloth. Tack it closely where it is to be used, for it need not be taken up in many years. As the paint and varnish wear off renew them and thus it will last four times as long as common oilcloth.

Prize Cleaning Recipe.

The English Society of Arts offered a prize for the best process of cleansing silk, woolens and cotton fabrics—one that would not change their color or injure them in any way. The winning recipe was as follows: Grate two good sized potatoes into a pint of clear, clean, soft water. Strain through a coarse sieve into a gallon of water and let the liquid settle. Pour the starchy fluid from the sediment, and it is ready for use. Rub the articles gently in the liquid, rinse thoroughly in clear water, dry and press.

The Wife's Name.

The assumption by the wife of the husband's name is, in this country at least, merely a social custom, a custom of such universality, however, that few would care to disregard it. It is in no way required by law. A woman after marriage has a right to retain her maiden name if she desires so to do, although she seldom or never does. In fact, a person may go by any name he or she chooses, provided a new name is not assumed for the purpose of defrauding some one else.—St. Louis Republic.

The Wedding Ring of Today.

The wedding ring of today is a shallower circlet than its predecessor of a decade or two ago and allows for the wearing of other rings on the same finger with more artistic results than formerly. Some matrons who acquired their third finger circlets under the old regime are having them cut in half, wearing one of the sections themselves and presenting the other to their husbands. A jeweler of Manhattan has had several orders for this wedding ring operation this season.

Measles and Scarletina.

An easy way of distinguishing scarletina from measles is to draw the back of a finger nail pretty firmly across the eruption. If scarletina, a white line will result, and this will remain for one or two minutes. No white line will appear if the test be made in a case of measles. It is very necessary to distinguish between these two disorders. A mild case of measles may be treated by domestic means. A case of scarletina demands the presence of a doctor.

Let the Baby Handle Things.

It is the business of the baby to become acquainted with everything in the world, and the baby that does not want to grab and handle everything it sees is not normal. The wise mother lets the child feel and handle whenever it is possible the objects in a room until it is perfectly satisfied, and then cleverly removes them if it is possible to break or damage them.

The Double Chin.

There is no astringent that will reduce double chin, but hard massage will accomplish it. The strokes should be from the point of the chin toward the ears and from the chin along the under jaw. The movement must be hard enough to wear down the flesh and should be done nightly for ten minutes.

The Gloves.

A woman who is careful of her hands must be careful of her gloves, for this is most important. If they are tight, they ruin the shape of the hand; if they are badly cut, they give a common aspect to the whole appearance, and such gloves are the dearest in the end.

Benzoinated Face Tonic.

A benzoinated face tonic is a delightful addition to the bathroom. It is quite easy to make. Take a big bowl of warm water and put twelve drops of benzoin in it. If your face is rough, add a pinch of borax and bathe the face daily in it.

The tops of wardrobes and cupboards that do not reach to the ceiling should have papers laid over them, not only to keep dust from sifting down, but to lighten the monthly house cleaning.

Nail biting can be cured by will power alone in older people, as it comes from nervousness. With children dip the ends of the fingers in quinine or a little extract of quassia.

It takes only five minutes to change wet boots and stockings, but it may take ten months to get over a cold caught by not changing them.

Don't wash your hair on a damp day or you cannot dry it at all, and damp hair is always dull hair.

THE GHOST OF A CHANCE

By Martha McCulloch-Williams

Copyright, 1905, by P. C. Eastment

"Everybody else is going," Selina said, with a sigh. "Oh, dear! I wonder why we have to skip all the good times."

"It is in punishment for our uncommitted sins," Bess answered, with a toss of the head. "All our sins must be uncommitted. I'm sure we've been brought up more strictly than ever nuns were. Sometimes when I think over it all I get fairly afraid for us two. We've been so proper from our cradles—we must break out after awhile."

"Hush! Aunt Wilton would have a fit if she heard you," Selina said. "Do you think she was ever young, Bess? I can't fancy her less than sixty and severe, yet I do believe she means only to be kind and really wants us to be happy."

"Yes, in her way, which isn't mine nor anybody else's," Bess broke out passionately. "Her way is to have everything just so 365 days in the year. We have all sorts of material good things—we eat well, sleep well, dress well—but no liberty to get the good of them. How many times did we wear our best frocks last summer? Not once! And it's going to be the same this season. People never ask us to things any more because they know we won't come."

"I don't mind that so much as the flowers. Shouldn't you like, just once, to run riot in the garden, pulling whatever you liked?"

"You heretic! Aunt Wilton would have serious doubts as to your sanity if she heard that. I think she loves flowers, not because they are flowers and beautiful, but because they are her own"—

"The same as her nieces," a deeper voice said from an ambush of lilac hedge. Next minute the hedge shook violently. It was old and gnarly, being a party hedge and therefore beyond Wilton control. The end of the shakings was a young man, slim and merry eyed, who bowed very low to the two young women, then said deprecatingly: "Don't freeze me because I eavesdropped. I know how bad it is, but really this time the end justifies it. I'm a committee of one, self appointed, to find out just why the nicest girls in town stay out of everything."

"Will you listen?" Bess adjured Selina, whose eyes were dancing, though her face was preternaturally grave as she answered. "Everybody overlooks Joe Hartwell's fibs because he fibs so nicely."

Hartwell laughed. His father being Aunt Wilton's lawyer, he knew the Ford girls, Aunt Wilton's nieces, better than anybody in Caswell town. It was a knowledge that ran back to the mud pie period, although the Fords knew no more of mud pies and their making than could be gathered from watching him enviously through crannies of the hedge.

Now, for two years he had been wondering how they had escaped their bringing up. Selina, he was sure, was full of mad longings for life and freedom. About Bess he was not so sure. She sang and laughed like a human sunbeam—sang and laughed herself into the deepest depths of his heart. Therefore he resented bitterly her isolation. The sisters would some day inherit Aunt Wilton's more than comfortable fortune. It galled him to think that people would say Bess had married him through lack of other lovers; maybe also that his father had encouraged his client to keep her heiresses so secluded out of regard for the interests of his son. Beyond all that, though, was the rebellion against thus winning by default. How could Bess be sure she really loved him when she had had no chance of measuring him against other lovers?

It was with a hope of giving her that chance he had asked his chum, Dennison, for a month's visit. Dennison was handsome, witty and winning. His coming, duly advertised, had set social Caswell all a-flutter. There were already things planned for all the first fortnight. Selina and Bess had been discussing the most spectacular of them, the lawn party at the old Vernon place. It was to come off by moonlight, aided and abetted by Japanese lanterns. There would be dancing, of course, and supper in the big hall of the deserted mansion. Everybody was to go in costume and masked. Except for that, Selina and Bess might have had faint hopes. But Aunt Wilton's face was flint toward masking. It savored to her so much of acting and the theater.

If Hartwell had known that—but speculation is idle. He looked blank indeed when Selina let him see how the land lay. "And I got it up mostly so you might dance your fill," he said sorrowfully. "How I wish I could wash the slate clean and begin all over! Such a great lark I hoped we might have, and now to think"—

"Such a great lark we will have!" cried Bess, springing up and whirling about in front of the garden bench. Hartwell stared at her. Selina looked puzzled. Bess stopped short in her dancing to put her finger on her lip and say, nodding sagely between the words: "Promise not to faint when you see us, Joe. I think we're coming, though we have just the ghost of a chance."

* * *

The lawn party had to take its full moon on trust. So many clouds sailed in the sky the lantern lights shone all undimmed. The thick, lowery night kept the crowd close about the house. It was big and substantial, and, if the worst came in the shape of rain, da ing could go on inside. True, a f nervous persons said that would ha ly do. Of course it was all idle t None the less there had been talk o Vernon ghost.

Two ghosts indeed—those of the V non twin sisters, who had loved t same sweetheart and had refused marry him out of regard for the oth They had lived to a great age, fadi and falling at last like withered ro there in the family mansion. They h been dead twenty years, with none b good words to follow them. If th did not sleep peacefully in their sun graves, then were pure lives and go deeds vain. Notwithstanding the was the talk, now one, now anoth glimpsed them walking hand in ha up the broad stairway or flitting dusk through the overgrown rose g den.

Dennison heard all this avidly. liked whatever was old world and u usual. Perhaps that was why, wh the rain at last sent everybody scurr ing within, he drew a little apart fr the merrymakers and stood staring the dim vista of the great stairwa And thus he was the first to see tw wraiths, slim and girlish, floating rat er than walking, glide out of the upp dusk and, linking arms, fall into th swing of a waltz. They were all vaporous white—swirls of it cover them from head to foot. They ke perfect time and moved so in unison was like the rhythm of one soul rath than two.

Dennison felt his heart beat faste All the rest had accepted the veile dancers as but new come maskers. nodded toward them, saying in Har well's ear: "Don't you hate monopoly Let's break that one up."

Then in hurried whispers he tol what he had seen. Hartwell suppresse a whistle, then said with a quic breath: "I'll go you. Take the talle one"—

"No; I'm going to dance with th other. Ghostlike masqueraders don' demand formal presentation." Denn son whispered back as he shot out t intercept the whirling visions. In wink he had his chosen one fast, an Hartwell perforce took the other. To gether they made the round of the lon hall—not once, but many times, th ghost dancers moving so lightly the did not even breathe more quickly, al though their mortal partners at las were panting.

"How did you think of it? How dared you do it?" Hartwell asked as he whirled and wheeled. The wraith in his arms answered evenly: "We've been doing it this long time. It was a sort of outlet. Selina first thought of it after we had found the lost key to the big gate, but she never would have had the courage to do it if I had not egged her on. She wouldn't dare be here tonight if I had let her think. We have always gone home before 9 o'clock and climbed in by the library window. This time we shall have to be ghosts until morning. We can get in on the heels of the milkman, and of course we shall run away before unmasking time. What would Aunt Wilton say if anybody told her we had been here?"

"Probably disinherit you. I should like that," Hartwell returned. "Then you wouldn't think, you couldn't, I am fortune hunting when I say I love you"—

What more he might have said nobody knows. Just then there came wild cries of fire and after them general panic. Despite the pouring rain, helped by the raging wind, the old house burned like tinder. Hartwell had for a moment left Bess. When he looked for her he saw two vapory creatures fleeing up the stairway.

Bess and Selina, madly bent on avoiding discovery, meant to vanish that way and escape up the back stairs by which they had come. A wall of flame blocked them. As they ran back from it they heard a shout: "Stand still! We are coming!" Then, up the long main stair, came Hartwell and Dennison, to rush down half a minute later through licking flames, each with a girl's inanimate figure crushed against his breast.

Right there was settled the question of a double wedding. Even Aunt Wilton insisted on it. Her nieces, she said, needed stronger guardians. Both matches have turned out to be ideal, so much so that Hartwell and Dennison say they shudder to think they gained such happiness by barely the ghost of a chance.

Shopping in Shanghai.

It must be lots of fun to go shopping in China. Here is the Shanghai Times, for example, with a dry goods advertisement that is well calculated to make any frequenter of the bargain counter wild to rush into action. It tells how various kinds of goods are going to be sold at sacrifice prices. You can understand in a minute that this particular store must have been swamped with custom when the Chinese bargain hunters read about the things that were marked way down.

Among the shirtings we notice the following varieties of attractive goods: Gold sun, Sing Sing soldier man, five sister, nine old man, eighteen student, painted three ladies, Chin Chin New Year, red emperor's birthday, brave soldier, blue four sister. Two squirrels jeans were going at an awful sacrifice. As for white goods, look at this list: Painted Buddha, painted grandfather, red double lighthouse, green three student. Black goods were offered at prices that would simply compel you to buy some of these: Three rabbit, joss birthday, Tin Chan's marriage, two war hammer, stag and monkey, teacher son, autumn festival, flower basket.

It just shows what bargains may be picked up if one will only keep one's eyes open.—Minneapolis Journal.

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Get Ready For Easter

The spring lines are complete and at their best. Every department exploits spring newness and beauty. Come soon.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats, Raincoats

All the style innovations are here—all the new weaves, colorings and effects are now to be had. Correct to fashion's latest dictates, masterfully tailored, exact in fit, the unmatchable variety to select from, assures the complete satisfying of every taste and fancy.

The Hart, Schaffner & Marx line, sold exclusively by us in Belleville, is the feature of a gathering which acknowledges no superior anywhere in the land. Other good makes are also shown in comprehensive variety, in all sizes, and at our always moderate prices, assuring in every instance the best of values, and which range from—

$5.00 to $22.00

Your Easter Tie

Our showing of Easter Ties is indeed a Beauty Show. We've Neck Dressings selected specially for Easter trade. We've all the correct and handsome shapes from the shops of THE MOST NOTED MAKERS. Shapes are new—weaves of silk are new. We've many a spring fancy that you'll not be able to find in other stores.

Come here, sir, for your Easter Tie and you'll get the correct thing.

Our Boys' Clothing

Our Boys' Clothing Department is the birthplace of many new and beautiful styles. The suits we put forth this season are the most stylish, durable and the best in every way we have ever sold.

Bring in the young man and see what we have to show in Boys' Clothes.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

STYLISH HATS

You need the stylish, reliable Hat. Our stock comprises all the newest shapes and colors.

HAVE A LOOK AT THEM

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURING FURRIER.

N. B. Highest cash prices paid for Raw Furs.

Get It In the Neck?

You really can't do better looking for **New and Natty Neckwear** than to call and inspect our freshly selected stock

25, 50, 75, $1, $1.50, $2

GLOVES

In all the most fashionable shades

$1.00, $1.50, $2.00

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St Shirts to Order.

INCREDULITY.

Many good people can scarcely believe their eyes when they see the many improvements made in lenses, nose clips, etc., for the betterment of eyesight. Not everything that is new is good, but whatever is new and good we adopt immediately. So you have here an up-to-date collection of superior eye aids. Free expert eye examination, and correct pricing are further inducements for dealing with us.

—ALEX. RAY.

HAT PINS

A very handy article these windy days

You should see our new assortment of Hat Pins, all American designs in heads, shields, flowers, etc., in grey, silver and rose gold effects set with Aquamarines and amethysts.

Ranging in price from

20c to $1.00

T. BLACKBURN

Cut glass & Sterling silver

MISS IRWIN'S STORE

"THE HOME OF THE HAT BEAUTIFUL" : : :

Our opening was an immense success. Everything the fashion world calls for is congregated here. Exclusive and original styles, in exquisite colors and blendings. Come when you can. New creations added daily.

Miss Irwin.

Time now to prepare for Easter Needs

Attractive Bath Rooms

Every house ought to have an attractive Bath Room, but it should be attractive not only because it is pretty, but because sanitary laws have been observed—the plumbing of the best, and the workmanship hygienically correct.

Our goods are first-class, workmanship the best and prices right.

John Lewis & Co.

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

EASTERTIDE EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Via New York Central lines, Thursday, April 12th, 1906. Exceptionally low rates. Ten days return limit. Through day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. Apply to nearest New York Central ticket agent.

m10wta11-d31

ADAM LLOYD IS ONCE MORE A FREE MAN.

Jury in Murder Trial Brought in a Verdict of "Not Guilty" After an Hour and a Quarter's Deliberation--Able Addresses by Counsel--Judge's Charge Was a Masterpiece of Logic--Mr. E. Guss Porter Highly Complimented For His "Masterly Defence" by the Chief Justice--Closing Scenes of an Interesting Trial.

Adam Lloyd, the aged Huntingdon man charged with the murder of his wife, is once more a free man, having been acquitted by the jury after a trial which lasted over three days. The case was given to the jury at 11 o'clock, and they took an hour and a quarter to reach their verdict. It is whispered that the acquittal of old Mr. Lloyd may not mark the end of the celebrated Lloyd case, but nothing more definite than that can be gleaned from those who are in a position to know.

Thursday Afternoon.

When the court reassembled Dr. Boyce again entered the witness-box.

In cross-examination by Mr. Porter, the witness said that, after death, the blood became thickened, rather than clotted. The witness thought that the clotted blood found mixed with old Mrs. Lloyd's hair was consistent with the theory that the wound was made before death. Lawyer and witness fenced very skilfully, but Dr. Boyce made few admissions that the clever lawyer was trying to extract from him. He admitted, however, that the redness of the skin under a blister would show that the burns had been made before death. He could not, however, recall any blister on old Mrs. Lloyd. Dr. Boyce did not know anything about broken glass having been in the coffin. He thought that any doctor who had made a fairly careful examination of old Mrs. Lloyd's body should have discovered the cut over her left eye the first time he examined her. The burns upon old Mrs. Lloyd would cause considerable shock, but he did not think there would be any shock till after there had been some pain. The shock might cause the death of the subject. It was a common thing for women to be burned to death by their clothes igniting, even though every effort had been made to extinguish the fire. The witness verified a statement made by him in the Police Court, namely, that the burns and death were close to each other.

Re-examined by Mr. Meredith, Dr. Boyce said he had no doubt the cut and bruise on Mrs. Lloyd's head were produced before death.

DR. JOHNSON.

This witness is Chief Coroner of Toronto, and had been practising since 1872. The description given of the wounds on Mrs. Lloyd's head, the witness said, showed that they had been made before death. The bruises under the cut were strong evidence of this. The clotting of the blood was evidence that the blood was still alive and warm when the clotting took place. The wound over Mrs. Lloyd's eye was inflicted before death.

The witness gave his evidence in a very graphic way.

The blow which caused the cut over Mrs. Lloyd's eye, the witness said, probably caused insensibility. The cut and bruise were probably caused by the same blow. The witness doubted if a fall could cause the cut and bruise found on Mrs. Lloyd's head. The putrefaction of Mrs. Lloyd's left eye, the witness thought, was evidence of the severe bruise caused by the cut on the left eyebrow. Dr. Johnson said he thought the burns were caused before death. It was utterly impossible that the burns found on Mrs. Lloyd could have been caused by the mere combustion of her clothing. There must have been some other substance used. There had been a good deal of fire. The witness examined the burned chair, and said that the woman who was burned in it had leaned to the left side; that was easy to see. In regard to the dead woman's hands and arms not being burned, the witness said it was plain she was not conscious, otherwise her hands and arms would have been burned. That was plain. There had been a fierce fire in the chair. The witness did not believe it would have been possible for anybody to take a person out of a fire such as the condition of the chair disclosed without suffering some damage to his own hands and clothing. The fact that a person repeated herself, as told of by Mrs. Wright, would not indicate imbecility. Without some inflammable material, such as turpentine or coal oil, it would have been impossible to inflict the burns found on Mrs. Lloyd.

His Lordship asked Dr. Johnson if, in his opinion, it was possible for persons to saturate their clothing with coal oil and deliberately commit suicide by burning themselves to death, under the circumstances found in the Lloyd case. Dr. Johnson said he did not think so. The record of such cases showed that such persons generally ran wild. The pain was so intense that they could not sit still.

Cross-examined by Mr. Porter, the witness said he had given his evidence entirely upon the post mortem and what he had heard witnesses say. Dr. Johnson said a wound made not later than ten minutes after death would have the same characteristics as a wound made before death. The edges of the wound would be everted the same as though the wound were made during life. If Mrs. Lloyd had lived any length of time after the cut on her eyebrow was inflicted, there would have been some swelling, the witness said. He was certain that the burns were produced before death; the cut and bruise might possibly have been made within ten minutes after death. Burns, the witness said, sometimes caused cracks or fissures in the skin, but the skin and flesh must have been burned into a mass like leather before this could be looked for. Such a crack or fissure could not be looked for in the midst of normal tissue. Shock from the fright caused by fire sometimes caused death. Pain attendant upon it might also cause death. He would look for death in such a case, rather than insensibility. The witness thought death would be instantaneous. Looking at the chair produced, he could quite understand the woman's hands being in the condition represented. The fact of old Mrs. Lloyd's lungs having been found to be spongy, signified nothing to the witness. That was the condition in normal deaths.

DR. McDONALD.

Dr. Albert A. McDonald, of Toronto, had been practising since 1872. Had heard the post mortem report read. Believed the wound over Mrs. Lloyd's eye was inflicted before death. The eversion of the edges and clotting of the blood, also the condition of the tissues, convinced him of that. The wound on the dead woman's eyebrow, he felt convinced, would have been caused by some blunt instrument. The blow would have been a glancing one. He could not conceive the wound's having been caused by a fall. The bruise on the other side of the head, he believed, was caused by the victim being thrown against some hard substance. He did not think the burns could have been made by the combustion of the woman's clothes alone. The use of coal oil would make it possible. He did not believe Mrs. Lloyd was conscious when she suffered the burns found. Considering the character of Mrs. Lloyd's burns, he did not believe they could possibly have been inflicted unless some combustible had been poured over the woman's clothing. The spongy condition of the lungs was a normal condition. The thin red line on the tongue indicated, to the witness, no proof that flames had been inhaled. Dr. McDonald said he thought, from what had been said of the wound on Mrs. Lloyd's forehead, that it was made before death. He thought it was unlikely that Mrs. Lloyd had died from shock.

Cross-examined — Witness would not admit that it was impossible to tell the difference between a wound made before death and one made directly after death. There was a lot of skilful sparring between lawyer and witness over this point. Dr. McDonald said he was of the opinion that the woman was either insensible or dead when the burns were inflicted. Shock would have a more serious effect upon Mrs. Lloyd than upon a strong woman, owing to the weak condition of the dead woman's heart. The fact of the smell of coal oil not being apparent in the Lloyd home, the witness said, did not signify much, as the odor of burning flesh was very pungent, and would overcome the odor of coal oil.

Dr. Noble was called, and Mr. Porter objected to his evidence, on the ground that the statute only allowed the evidence of five experts, which number, he claimed, had already testified.

Mr. Meredith claimed that Drs. Yeomans, Mather and Boyce were not called as experts.

The evidence of Dr. Noble was not given.

DR. YEOMANS RECALLED.

Dr Yeomans testified that he had taken the cracked pane of glass out of the coffin and placed it carefully on the top of a rough box near by. The glass had done no injury at all to the dead woman's face.

"That's the case for the Crown," said Mr. Meredith.

The Defence.

DR. DOLAN.

Dr. J. F. Dolan had heard the post mortem report read. Had also heard the evidence of Drs. Boyce and Mather. Dr. Dolan said he believed the wound over Mrs. Lloyd's eye might as well been made after death as before death. The burning, the witness believed, by what he had heard and read, took place before death, or, at least, very shortly after. He judged this by the line of demarcation. The parchmenty appearance of the skin would indicate that the burning was post mortem. From the description given of the wounds in the post mortem, Dr. Dolan said he did not think any doctor could tell by that whether it was inflicted before or after death. Witness did not attach much importance to the red line on the tongue. He thought it would be quite possible for a woman to sit in the chair and sustain such burns as Mrs. Lloyd had, providing the garments worn had been worn for any length of time. The witness said he had, as an experiment, taken an old flannel shirt, wrapped it round a piece of beef, and set fire to it. In 20 minutes the beef was quite badly charred. The witness said that, in his opinion, it was quite possible for Mrs Lloyd to have sustained her burns without any coal oil being used. It would be possible, the witness said, for the wound on old Mrs. Lloyd's head to have been made when old Mr. Lloyd threw his wife's body on the bed. Her head might have struck on the edge of the bed. Witness did not believe the wound on Mrs. Lloyd's head could be caused during life unless there was considerable flow of blood. The absence of swelling around the wound, the witness said, led him to believe that the wound was either made before death, or very little force was used. Weak clotting of the blood, Dr. Dolan said, would be consistent with a wound after death. The conditions of the wound, as described, the witness said, made him think it was inflicted after death. The witness did not think the skin would contain sufficient elasticity to cause a wound to open, longer than 25 minutes, but thought it would for that long. There was, Dr. Dolan said, no possible way of determining whether such a wound as that found on Mrs. Lloyd's head was caused by a blow or a fall. The blotches on the dead woman's face, he thought, indicated ante-mortem burning.

Cross-examined by Mr. Meredith—The witness said he had conducted post mortems on three persons burned to death. He would expect to find no difference between bruises made before death or shortly after. The witness was questioned very closely in regard to the beef experiment, and again described it fully and very graphically. It would, he thought, require a fierce fire to burn the chair. The burning of the woman's garments might have caused the burns on the chair.

"Could you tell whether those burns on the chair were post mortem or ante-mortem?" said the Crown Prosecutor, and everybody smiled.

Again Dr. Dolan said he believed Mrs Lloyd's injuries could have been inflicted without any inflammable substance being used.

Re-examined, the witness said he knew of a party being burned to death with only a nightgown on. There was coal oil in that case, however, as a lamp had exploded.

DR. W. J. GIBSON.

Dr. Gibson had practiced over 20 years. Had had extensive experience in cases of burning. Had heard the post mortem report. He believed the wound over the eye was either made post mortem or shortly before the woman's death. If the wound over the eye was made before death, the witness believed there would have been very considerable bleeding. Nothing he had heard would be inconsistent with that theory. Putrefaction of the body would cause liquifying of the blood. Dr. Gibson said he believed the burns on Mrs. Lloyd's body were inflicted before death. The evidence, he thought, showed that conclusively. It was possible, the witness thought, that the wounds on Mrs. Lloyd's head were caused by her being pulled out of the chair and striking on the floor. The fact of there being no swelling on the wound, no discoloration and no blood, would lead him to believe that the victim was insensible or nearly dead. It might have been inflicted either shortly before or after death. There was considerable similarity between ante-mortem and post mortem burning. There might be some connection between the wound over the eye and the burns. The presence or absence of blisters proved nothing to his mind. Death might have been caused by shock, but there would be a period of unconsciousness before death ensued in the case of old Mrs. Lloyd. The position of the dead woman's hands, the witness said, were perfectly natural, he thought, under the circumstances. The sponginess of the lungs, the witness thought, was consistent with death from suffocation. He did not think the conditions under the wound, as described by witnesses, could be directly traceable to the wound on the outside. This was a startling statement. In the opinion of the witness the body would retain its elasticity for perhaps 15 minutes. It depended somewhat on the cause of death. A blow inflicted after death might cause discoloration of the skin.

Cross-examined, Dr. Gibson said that, in his opinion, the blood would flow very freely if the wound on old Mrs Lloyd's head was made before death. The blood might have been darkened considerably by mixing with the black on the woman's face, so that, possibly, it might not have been noticed by the people who washed her face.

J. LESTER BRICKMAN.

This witness was the son-in-law of the dead woman, Mrs. Lloyd. He had been at the residence of the prisoner since he was charged with the crime. He identified the portion of board which was in court as having been taken from the floor in the Lloyd house, rather in front and to the left of where the chair was setting. There were burned spots on the floor in front of the chair, the same as the spot on the piece of floor produced in court. The largest burned spot was to the left side of the chair. Witness got to the Lloyd house about 12 o'clock on the day of the old lady's death. Lloyd and his wife were on good terms, so far as witness knew. The prisoner bore a good character, "not very easy to get mad." The prisoner, so far as witness knew, had always made the same statement in regard to the tragedy.

Cross-examined — Witness explained what he called the burnt spot on the piece of board. Could not swear how many burnt spots there were on the floor round the chair. Witness' wife had suggested that a coroner should be sent for. She wanted him to get Dr. Hudson. Witness thought it was an accident, but thought perhaps an inquest was necessary, "to clear the law." Brickman admitted being at the Lloyd place on the Friday before the tragedy. He arrived there about 3 p.m.; at that time the old lady was well. He went after a load of wood. Witness said he had no trouble or jangling with the old lady. At the inquest the witness' wife said her husband told her, on his return home, that her mother "was giving him digs all the time." Still he swore now that the old lady was perfectly friendly with him. Witness said he was not at Lloyd's on Saturday night or Sunday. There was no trouble between the old lady and him over the property. It was not true that he had abused the old lady "ridiculous" on the Friday before tragedy.

W. P. HUDSON.

Mr. Hudson had known the prisoner for 35 years and upwards. He had always borne a good reputation.

WILLIAM GILLESPIE.

This witness lived east of Roslin. Had known the prisoner "rising" 40 years. He had always borne an unsullied character.

WM. SHILLABEER.

Had known the prisoner for 30 years. Had never heard anything against him.

MR. BRICKMAN AGAIN.

The witness said Mrs. Lloyd was not right in her mind before her death. He knew she had attempted suicide. The old lady told him that night, when he came home, that there were more ways than one for a person to take their life. This was, the witness said, after old Mrs. Lloyd had tried to cut her throat with a file.

Conitnued on page 3.

Just Received
A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES
. . AND . .
FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE
White Front, near the Footbridge

Half Price

Soft Shirts
Collars,
Cuffs

The Quinte Laundry Co

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
J. E. Carman, Manager.

6--NIGHTS--6

And Friday & Saturday Matinee

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY, APRIL 9th.

R. W. MARKS PRESENTS

MAY A. BELL MARKS and Marks Bros. Dramatic Co

In a Repertoire of Standard Plays

Mon. Night—The Banker's Wife

Change of play at each performance.
Popular prices—Evening, 10c, 20c and 30c
Matinee, 10c and 20c.
Ladies' tickets 15c Mon. evening if bought at advance sale before 6 p.m. Monday, Limited to 200.

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the **Second Door from Waters' drug store** on **Bridge St.** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

—And all Kinds of—

SILKS and FLOSSES
Blouses and Light Dresses
MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Daily Intelligencer.

Easter Confectionery AND Novelities.

We have a more beautiful and varied Easter line than ever, our import line being delightfully new and suggestive.

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With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

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Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL

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The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

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PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allo

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work. A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

Pure, Healthful, Refreshing

Apollinaris

"The Queen of Table Waters"

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Lower—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Thursday Evening, April 5.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ½d lower than yesterday and corn futures unchanged to ½d lower.

At Chicago to-day May wheat closed ⅝c lower than yesterday; May corn ½c lower and May oats ¼c lower.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	85¾	83¾
Minneapolis	76¼	78⅝
St. Louis	76⅞	74⅞
Detroit	85¼	80
Duluth	78	78½
Toledo	85⅝	80

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74 to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 75	0 77
Wheat, red, bush	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 71	....
Barley, bush	0 51	0 52
Oats, bush	0 38	0 39
Rye, bush	0 75	....
Peas, bush	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 5.—Closing—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures quiet; May, 6s 7⅛d; July, 6s 7⅛d; Sept., 6s 6⅞d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures quiet; May, 4s 3⅛d; July, 4s 3⅛d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 52s.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 5.—Butter—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 6436.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 815.

Eggs—Steady; receipts, 14,959; state, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected, white, 20c to 21c; do. choice, 18c to 19c; do. mixed extra, 18c; western firsts 17c; do. seconds, 16c to 16½c; southerns, 15c to 17c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Hogs and Cattle Easier in U. S. Markets.

London, April 5.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 9c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 5.—Receipts of live stock at the city market, as reported by the railways, since Tuesday were 97 car loads, composed of 1559 cattle, 1562 hogs, 399 sheep and 541 calves.

Exporters.

Prices ranged from $4.75 to $5.15, the bulk, however, selling at about $5. Export bulls sold at $3.75 to $4.25 per cwt.

Butchers.

Easter butcher cattle sold all the way from $5 to $5.50 for prime lots and in one or two instances more money was paid. Corbett & Henderson sold 1 shorthorn (14 months) calf, brought in by John Brown of Galt, at $6 per cwt. Choice picked lots of butcher cattle sold at $4.75 to $4.90; loads of good $4.65 to $4.90; medium, $4.25 to $4.60; good cows at $3.50 to $4.15; common cows at $2.50 to $3.25.

Feeders and Stockers.

Trade in stockers was not brisk, altho there was a fair trade at about steady prices. Harry Murby bought about 200 stockers and feeders at following quotations: best short-keeps, 1150 to 1250 lbs., at $4.50 to $4.75; medium short-keeps, 1150 to 1250 lbs., at $4.40 to $4.60; best feeders, 950 to 1100 lbs., at $4 to $4.40; medium feeders, 950 to 1100 lbs., at $3.85 to $4.25; best feeders, 800 to 950 lbs., at $3.60 to $4; medium feeders, 800 to 950 lbs., at $3.25 to $3.65; best stockers, 500 to 750 lbs., at $3.30 to $3.50; best stock heifers, 500 to 750 lbs., at $3.10 to $3.25; common stockers, $2.75 to $3.

Milch Cows.

About 30 milch cows and springers were offered and sold at $30 to $60 each, but there were few brought the latter price, the bulk selling from $35 to $45 each.

Veal Calves.

The run of "Bob" calves was large. About 400 calves of all conditions, amongst which were few worthy of the name of veal, sold at $3 to $6 each, with a choice new milk fed calf worth just as high a price as ever.

Sheep and Lambs.

Receipts were light, with prices firm. Export ewes sold at $5.25 to $5.75 per cwt.; bucks, $4.50 to $5 per cwt.; yearling lambs sold at $7 to $7.50 per cwt.; spring lambs, $3 to $7 each for the bulk.

Hogs.

Receipts were larger than for several markets. Mr. Harris reports the market unchanged at $7.25 for selects and $7 per cwt. for lights and fats; sows, $4 to $5 per cwt.; stags, $2.50 to $3.50 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 5.—Cattle—Receipts, 200 head; slow; prime steers, $5.35 to $5.85; shipping, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers, $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.50 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.65.

Veals—Receipts, 150 head; active and steady; $5 to $8.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 2400 head; slow, 10c to 15c lower; heavy, mixed and Yorkers, $6.70 to $6.75; pigs, $6.60; roughs, $5.90 to $6.10; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 6000 head; steady; sheep active, lambs slow; lambs, $6.25 to $7; yearlings, $6 to $6.35; wethers, $5.75 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 5.—Beeves—Receipts, 632; nothing doing; feeling dull; exports, 86 cattle.

Calves—No fresh arrivals; a few head of prime veals sold at $8; feeling steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1075; market dull; lambs lower; good western and Colorado lambs, $6.62½ to $6.75; sheep nominal.

Hogs—Receipts, 656; none for sale; nominally a trifle weak.

Special Bargains for Saturday In Our China Department

NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

—Japanese China Celery Trays worth $1.25, for........... 93c
—Fancy White China Sugar Bowls, worth 20c for.......... 10c
—Japanese China Cream Jugs, worth 25c for.......... 17c
—Children's fancy China Mugs, 25c, for.......... 15c
—Japanese China Salad Bowls worth $1.25, for.......... 89c
—Fine China Syrup Sets (3 pieces), worth 30c and 35c, for.. 19c
—Large China Biscuit Jars (beautiful decoration) worth $1, 67c
—See the Jardineres, regular $1.25, for.......... 98c
—Large Dutch Bowls, 2 for.......... 25c
—Ask to see the new 4-piece Chamber Sets at per set..... $1 50

McINTOSH BROS.

$17,000 IN 26 MONTHS

"I would not say."

"You would not say, and you the supervisor of the agents of one concern, became the supervisor of the same agents in regard to the other. You get an overriding commission of $17,290, and you ask us to believe that it does not belong to the York County Loan?"

Intends to Keep It.

"I intend to keep it," said witness.

"You intend to keep it," said Mr. Curry. "Well, I think you ought to give it over to the York Loan."

Books had to be fetched before witness could give any definite information regarding his salary. It appeared that on January 1, 1904, his salary was increased from $30 a week to $57 a week.

"I venture to say," said Mr. Curry to the witness, "that you will never have the same opportunity of earning the same during the rest of your natural life."

The witness admitted that the Toronto Life had built up a nice little business without impairing its capital.

Never Before.

"You have never before heard of a company that had a York County Loan to fall back upon?"

"No," admitted the witness.

"That is right," said Mr. Curry. "You will never have a York County Loan again. I think that the people of this country have had a sufficient lesson, until a new generation spring up that know not Joseph."

The court laughed heartily, Phillips appearing to enjoy the humor immensely.

Joseph Barrett gave brief evidence before the court adjourned until today. He gave an account of the dealings his wife and he had with Phillips, whereby an agreement was entered into for a loan of $212,000 for the construction of works for the Southern Light and Power Co. at Port Credit.

BRITISH DEFEATED.

Natal Field Force Attacked and Routed By Rebellious Natives.

Greytown, Natal, April 6.—The colonial field force, which was congregating at Umpanza, 12 miles northwest of Greytown, for operations against the insurgent chief, Bambaata, the deposed regent of the Greytown District, has been compelled to abandon its laager, after heavy fighting, and retire to Greytown.

A portion of the force, sent to rescue the women and children isolated at Keate's Drift, succeeded in so doing, but while returning was attacked by rebellious natives. A running fight was kept up for six miles, the Zulus continuing the pursuit until within a mile of Greytown. Three of the colonial police were killed and several were wounded. The remainder are safe at Greytown.

The police report that the rebels are in strong numbers and flushed with victory, and the officials fear further excesses. A strong force of artillery, infantry and mounted men moved out of Greytown yesterday to operate against the rebels.

The British field force at present only numbering a few hundred men, will be strongly reinforced during the next 24 hours. The bulk of the reinforcements sent from Pietermaritzburg and Durban have arrived, and will join Manselles column to-day. Operations will begin on Saturday.

FIFTY-FIVE KILLED.

One Hundred Dangerously Hurt and 20 Missing in Collapse of Hall.

Berlin, April 6.—A large hall attached to the Hotel Blackstag, in Nagold, South Germany, collapsed yesterday while the place was crowded with members of a local association who were celebrating an annual fete.

Fifty-five persons lost their lives, and seventy were dangerously injured by the collapse.

Nearly 200 person were buried in the ruins. The building had not been fully completed, and the catastrophe is attributed to the non-observance of proper precautions. Up to 10 p. m. yesterday 55 bodies had been recovered and 100 wounded removed, many dangerously hurt. Twenty persons are still missing.

Prince Von Buelow Faints.

Berlin, April 6.—Chancellor Von Buelow, while attending the debate in the Reichstag yesterday, fainted and was carried to a committee-room by some of the members of the House. The chancellor made a speech on the subject of Morocco, and was listening to the answer of Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, when he was taken ill.

Punishment and the Crime.

Ottawa, April 6.—James Finnessy, convicted on the charge of rape, was sentenced to Kingston Penitentiary yesterday afternoon by Judge Teetzel for six years and a half. An accomplice was sentenced in January to 7 years.

At Washington's Tomb.

Washington, D. C., April 6.—Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada, Lady Grey and the other members of the vice-regal party, yesterday visited the Tomb of Washington at Mount Vernon.

Mrs. Hughes President.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 6.—The International Kindergarten Union in session here yesterday elected officers, including Mrs. Ada Marean Hughes of Toronto, Ont., president.

BUDGET DEBATE ENDED

Premier Whitney's Effective Points on Harcourt Deal.

Correspondence Showed Mr. Harty of Kingston Had Made an Offer on 1904 Bonds "Plus $25,000 Commission"—Premier Wanted to Know Who Was to Get This Commission—Mr. Harcourt Thought Harty Meant Bonus.

Toronto, April 6.—The second division of the present session of the Legislature took place yesterday, following an attempted explanation by Hon. Mr. Ross and Mr. Harcourt of the charge strongly driven home by Premier Whitney that the attempt to float the Temiskaming bonds in 1904 had brought about a binding agreement with the London brokerage firm of Coats, Son & Co., detrimental to the interests of the province.

The Government majority of 40, the vote being 64 to 24, included Mr. Rathbun, the Independent Liberal member from East Hastings, whose declaration to stand with the Government on the question, might be taken as one evidence of the strength of the Government's position.

The situation as developed a week before was given a new turn by the production of correspondence showing that, while in London on his mission, Mr. Harcourt had received a cablegram from then Premier Ross to the effect that Mr. Harty of Kingston, a former member of the Legislature, had made an offer "plus $25,000 commission."

Mr. Whitney wanted to know who the $25,000 commission was for.

Mr. Ross and Mr. Harcourt denied that there had been any understanding with Mr. Harty, as the Premier directly charged, and declared he thought that the $25,000 was meant to be a bonus to be added to the figure offered. At this the Government benches laughed sardonically.

The Opposition leaders showed haste to have the discussion wound up by urging a division after the 6 o'clock hour for rising had been passed.

Col. Matheson announced that Mr. Hanson of the firm of Coats, Son & Co., had written him making denial of the statement that the Provincial Treasurer had made in the House that he (Hanson) had gone about before the agreement was made with the Bank of Montreal to float the bonds protesting against its being done.

At the evening session of the House some of the estimates were passed, and the House went into committee on Mr. Hendrie's railway bill. Good progress was made, none of the clauses likely to be contentious being touched.

Province Is a Claimant.

The Ontario Government is a claimant for the valuable power site on the Current River, claimed by George T. Marks and the Town of Port Arthur. A bill to incorporate the Current River Power Co. was before the private bills committee yesterday, when Hon. Adam Beck made the claim on behalf of the Government. The property is included in the report of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario.

Mr. Marks claimed that he bought the rights in 1865. Owing to the Government's claim, consideration of the bill was laid over.

The Kakebeka Falls dispute was also before the committee. It will be further discussed to-day.

Province Shuts Off Electricity.

Kingston, April 6.—The Provincial Secretary has ordered that no more electricty be furnished to the Church of The Good Thief, Portsmouth, from Rockwood Asylum plant.

BANWELL'S PRISON DUTIES.

He Has an Easy Position as Librarian in the Penitentiary.

Kingston, April 6.—Banwell, the bank robber, is considered here to have a snap in the penitentiary. The duties of the position of librarian are not onerous. He remains in the library till 9 p. m., while the other convicts must return to their cells for the night at 5 in winter and 6 in the summer.

During the day he is in the presence of some of the best books in the language, and much of his time can be spent in reading. His work consists in taking the library cards with the names of the books desired by the convicts, selecting these and taking them to their cells.

New Settlement Lands.

Toronto, April 6.—The Dominion Government has practically completed arrangements for the sale to settlers of several Indian reserves on the Rainy River between Fort Frances and the Town of Rainy River, comprising 50,000 acres. The negotiations were opened by the Provincial Government, and it is expected that details will be completed in a few weeks.

Guilty of Fraud For Insurance.

Guelph, April 6.—John B. Madill was last night found guilty of an attempt to defraud insurance companies in connection with the burning of the Hillsburg creamery. A charge of arson was also preferred against him, but the Crown has not yet proceeded with it. The jury was out nearly five hours. Chief Justice Mulock will pass sentence this morning.

Prisoner Eluded Constable.

Berlin, April 6.—Albert Stricker, a young man of Elmira, was arrested yesterday on a charge of seduction, and remanded for trial. He was brought to Berlin by Constable Bowman, who took him to the Market Hotel while the prisoner's father was looking for bondsmen. While waiting, Stricker eluded the constable and didn't return.

Three Years For Jewel Thief.

London, April 6.—George Webber Paradis of Woodstock was sentenced to three years in Kingston Penitentiary yesterday morning by Magistrate Love on being found guilty of stealing diamond rings from a Dundas street jeweler.

Made a D.D.

Toronto, April 6.—"Ralph Connor," the noted Canadian author, received the degree of doctor of divinity at Knox convocation at Westminster Church last night.

MR. M'COOL SAVES LIVES

Collapse of New 75-Foot Tower on Parliament Buildings.

Five Men Stepped Off the Structure Just In Time Through M. P.'s Warning—Saw Cracks In Tower and Advised Public Works Department—A Probable Loss of $25,000 — Cause Given by Chief Architect Ewart.

Ottawa, April 6.—With a possible loss of $25,000, the new 75-foot tower which the Government has been building in the northwest angle of the western departmental block, collapsed yesterday at noon. Five workmen on the roof stepped off the structure just in time to save their lives.

Shortly before the crash Charles McCool, M. P., saw cracks in the tower, and he hurried to the Public Works office and advised that if anybody was near the structure they should be warned in time. This was done and the workmen's lives were saved.

The work was begun last summer and was almost completed. The entire addition was to cost $75,000. The contractor was George Goodwin of Ottawa.

Chief Architect Ewart of the Public Works Department believes that the fall was in part due to the building of the structure in the winter, by which the outer mortar dried before the inner, and to the lack of binding stones to solidify the wall.

IN THE HOUSE.

Mr. R. L. Borden called attention in the House to the collapse of the new tower of the western building at noon yesterday.

Hon. Mr. Hyman answered that Mr. Taylor, an experienced architect, had charge of the work. The department would make a thorough investigation.

At the suggestion of Mr. Bourassa, the Minister promised to have an investigation made by some competent expert who was not connected with the department.

Mr. Monk, on what he believed to be reliable authority (W. D. Scott himself) that the Minister of the Interior had forbidden W. D. Scott, superintendent of immigration, to obey an order of the House committee investigating the Atlantic Trading Co.

Mr. Oliver promptly denied it.

Edward Norman Lewis (West Huron) made an able speech of some three hours' duration, urging upon the Government the necessity of upbuilding the mercantile marine of Canada.

Mr. Brodeur said the matters referred to would be taken up by the tariff commission and by the Government.

On a motion of the Minister of Justice a select committee was appointed to examine the proposed Sunday law, subpoena witnesses and report to the House.

RUSSIAN COALITION.

Censorship of the Press Tightened After Election Results.

St. Petersburg, April 6.—The victories in the city elections just concluded, of the constitutional Democrats, have been followed by a proposed coalition of the constitutinal Democrats, the Moderates and the Octobrists under the leadership of Ivan Petrunkevitch, who is a candidate for president of the lower House, and M. Shipoff, a prominent zemstvo leader, to insure a clear majority in the lower House of Parliament to resist any attempt on the part of the Government to prorogue it immediately upon its assembling.

It appears that the reactionists are seriously endeavoring to induce the Emperor to find any excuse to annul the new elections.

The first act of the Government after the result of the St. Petersburg elections became known was to tighten the screws on the press. Some of the worst features of the censorship have been restored.

Smokers to Pay Cost of War.

St. Petersburg, April 6.—The exact financial burden caused by the war with Japan will be borne in part by tobacco consumers. A project to increase the internal revenue tax on an average of 30 per cent. has been approved for submission to the approaching National Parliament. The increase falls heavily on the choicer grades of tobacco, but even the cheap "momorka" smoked by the peasants, will be raised eleven points.

To Improve Sakhalin Island.

St. Petersburg, April 6.—The Russian Government has decided to stop the deportion of convicts to the Island of Sakhalin. The penal colonies there will be disbanded.

Horrible Child Murder in Montreal.

Montreal, April 6.—The body of Edith May Ahern, the four-year-old child which was reported to the police Wednesday as missing from her home at 40 Napoleon street, was found yesterday morning in a clump of bushes at Cote St. Paul, in the direction of which a child was seen going with a drunken man at the time crying bitterly. The little girl had been strangled, and the body showed evidence of a criminal assault having been perpetrated.

Understanding at Last.

Budapest, April 6.—As a result of a conference of leaders of the coalition party, held here yesterday under the presidency of Francis Kossuth, a complete understanding has been reached which may be expected to end the legislative deadlock. Herr Kossuth and Count Andrassy started last night for Vienna, where they will have an audience of Emperor Francis Joseph to-day.

Open Next Week.

Port Arthur, April 6.—Navigation will be open here early next week. A contract has been signed by the Government for the opening of the harbor, and the icebreaker Whalen will commence next week to open up the bay to steamers.

Enticed Daughter Away.

Windsor, April 6.—Mrs. Olive Moore, 24 years of age, of Detroit, is held here by the police on the charge of enticing a 15-year-old Windsor girl from her home to Detroit.

USE ONLY THE BEST

GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE

is the STANDARD article

READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY.

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 pounds SAL SODA.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

TORONTO, ONT.

Going to **PAINT?**

Everybody uses more or less paint in the spring. Before buying call in, let us show you why its **BEST** for you to use

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

Best for your building and does not cost more than others.

WATERS' Drug Store

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St.
Merchant Tailor.

New Spring Wallpapers

Our stock of new Wall Paper is nearly complete and we ask you to drop in and look them over. We claim to have the largest and best selections within the country and guarantee the prices will suit your pocket book.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

Maple Syrup

In pints, quarts and gallon tins

Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .

In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins

Pure Jam & Marmalade

In Glass and 5 lb Tins

Clover Honey

Sections and Extracted

Dried Fruits

Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples

Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

J. C. Hanley & Co.

Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Opposite Post Office - Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St. Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-2 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday, Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,

Victoria Avenue,

(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —

Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1906. 297.ON

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

TEA . . .
is the Business of specialists.
STROUDS
have made it a specialty
for over 32 years

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Continue to Decline—Live Stock—The Latest Quotations.

Friday Evening, April 6.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ¼d lower than yesterday, and corn futures unchanged to ⅛d higher.

At Chicago, May wheat closed ⅛c lower than yesterday, May corn ½c higher, and May oats ⅛c lower.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
Minneapolis	75⅜	78⅛
Duluth	77⅜	78⅜
St. Louis	76⅞	74⅞
Detroit	83½	80
Toledo	83⅝	79¾

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush.	$0 74	to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush.	0 75		0 77
Wheat, red, bush.	0 75		....
Wheat, goose, bush.	0 71		....
Barley, bush.	0 51		0 52
Oats, bush.	0 38½		....
Rye, bush.	0 75		....
Peas, bush.	0 77		....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 53		....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 6.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures steady; May 6s 7¾d, July 6s 7d, Sept. 6s 6¾d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 2½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d. Futures quiet; May 4s 4d, July 4s 3¼d.

Hams—Short cut firm, 52s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut firm, 50s 6d; short rib strong, 53s 6d; shoulders, square, firm, 42s 6d.

Lard—American refined, in pails, steady, 43s 9d.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 184,000 centals, including 43,000 American.

Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 241,200 centals. Weather fine.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 6.—Butter—Easy, unchanged; receipts, 2491.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 1833.

Eggs—Firmer; receipts, 10,481; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 21c; do., choice, 18½c to 20c; do., mixed, extra, 18½c; western, firsts, 17¼c to 17½c; do., seconds, 17c; southern, 15½c to 17½c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady—Chicago Firmer and Buffalo Market Easier.

London, April 6.—Cattle are quoted at 10½c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8¾c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 250 head; slow, 10c lower; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.85; shipping, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers, $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.50 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.65.

Veals—Receipts, 1350 head; active; 25c lower, $5 to $8.

Hogs—Receipts, 7000 head; active; shade lower; heavy and mixed, $6.65 to $6.70; yorkers, $6.60 to $6.65; pigs, $6.50 to $6.60; roughs, $5.90 to $6; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000 head; slow and easier; lambs, $6.25 to $6.90; yearlings, $6 to $6.25; wethers, $5.75 to $6; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 6.—Beeves—Receipts, 4223; steers slow to 10c lower; bulls and fat cows steady; medium and common cows weak to 10c off; steers, $5 to $5.85; bulls, $3.60 to $4.65; cows, $2 to $4.30. Exports to-morrow, 1811 cattle and 5521 quarters of beef.

The Highways For People.

Premier Whitney Against Perpetual Franchises to Railways.

University Report Brought Down In the Legislature—Brief Summary of the Contents of Its Sixty Printed Pages—Provides For Board of Governors, But Real Power Remains in the Legislature of the People.

Toronto, April 7.—The report of the royal commission appointed by the Ontario Government on Oct. 3, 1905, to enquire into the present condition and needs of Toronto University was laid on the table of the Legislature by the Provincial Secretary yesterday. It is a comprehensive document, comprising sixty printed pages.

In addition to the report, a draft bill, embodying suggested improvements in the system of university management has been handed to the Government, and if the report meets with the approval of the Cabinet the bill will be given to the House in the shape of a Government measure.

The commission issued in October last authorized J. W. Flavelle, Dr. Goldwin Smith, Sir W. R. Meredith, B. E. Walker, Rev. Canon Cody, Rev. Dr. B. Macdonald and A. H. O. Colquhoun (secretary) to report upon:

Their Instructions.

A scheme for the management and government of the university; a scheme for the management and government of University College; the advisability of the incorporation of the School of Practical Science with the University of Toronto; such changes as should be brought about in the relations between the said University of Toronto and the several colleges affiliated or federated therewith, having regard to the provisions of the Federation Act; such suggestions and recommendations arising out of any of the subjects thus indicated.

The commission deals with the defects found in the university system and makes nine recommendations. These are prefaced by what the commission says of the defects in the present system.

The commission is strongly of opinion that the university's claim for increased endowment cannot either in wisdom or in safety be delayed or resisted.

Divorce From Politics.

After examining the governmental systems of other state universities, the commission finds a surprising unanimity of view upon the propriety of divorcing them from the direct superintendence of political powers. It is found that the Legislatures do not cease to act with generosity because the university is not a department of the state Government. The contrary is the case. Says the report:

"In order that no part of the state's authority shall be surrendered, and that the university shall retain the advantages and enjoy the dignity of state support, we recommend that the governors be nominated by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, * * * * In our opinion no step should be taken to lessen the responsibility of the Legislature for the efficient management and support of the institution. To confer upon the graduates the power to elect some of their number to the board would divest the state of its full control of the governing body. This, in our opinion, would be unwise. The chancellor and president should be ex-officio members of the board."

Authority of Legislature.

The authority of the Legislature should be asserted in three ways:

That of the fifteen governors, all except the two ex-officio members, should be appointed by and removable at the pleasure of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

That detailed statements of the expenditures and the investments should be annually furnished to the Government.

That no provision involving any encroachment on the endowment should be made without the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

The governors, if fifteen in number, would be sufficiently numerous to permit of their being drawn from different parts of the province. They should be representative men. The Government should appoint the chairman of the board, and the term of six years is suggested, three of the members of the first board retiring at the end of two, and five at the end of four years.

The commission regards the senate as an essential element. To abolish it would disturb the harmony at present existing. It is suggested that the work now performed by the senate committees might properly be transferred to faculty councils.

The President.

The autocratic presidency is associated in the popular mind with many universities in the United States. Usually there are no specific enactments giving to the president the extensive authority which he exercises — as a rule the personality of the man determines the extent of his powers. The report continues:

"The head of a great university, to be influential, must have wide powers, but he need not be supreme.

"We believe that the governors, as representing the crown, should select the president. As their appointment for short terms ensures their acceptability to the public, as he, owing his appointment to them, must work in harmony with them, and be amenable in all respects to their supervision. The test of his success as an administrator will be his ability to secure the co-operation of the governors since, lacking their ratification of his acts, all his efforts must be futile.

"He should be relieved of all teaching duties. He should be a member, ex-officio, of the governing body, but not its chairman. He should preside at meetings of the senate. This would bring him into constant and intimate contact with both the business and the academic side of the administration. He should be, in general, the channel of communication between the governors and other academical bodies. * * * * The distribution of power over so many agencies, with the final appeal to a political ministry, entails upon the executive officer of such a system, a continual effort to reconcile conflicting elements without in the end being able to enforce the decision.

Appointments to Staff.

"The question of making appointments to the staff concerns the very life of the university. It is clear that the governing body should make all appointments. The method of procedure is of the first importance. Every possible assurance should exist that the efficiency of the staff is not determined on any other ground than that of merit and quality. * * * * The right to recommend should rest with the president, who, as the academic head, is the natural adviser of the governing body. Without his recommendation the responsibility of action would be divided. Appointments therefore should be conditional upon his nomination."

Forestry School.

The commission regards it as surprising that Ontario with its rich areas of timber has failed to set up a school of forestry in its own university for the double purpose of providing technical training for young men and of

Continued on page 8.

SINCLAIR'S

SATURDAY NIGHT SALE

7 to 9 p.m.

Ladies' Collars 25c

—200 Ladies' Stock Collars in silk, lace, embroidery, chiffon and ribbon effects, regular price 35c to 50c, Saturday night.......... 25c

Taffeta Belts 10c

3 Dozen Black Taffeta Belts, regular price 25c, sizes 22 to 26 inches, Saturday night.......... 10c

Handkerchiefs, 3 for 25c

7 Dozen Ladies' Fine Hemstitched Linen Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, Saturday night 3 for.......... 25c

Towels 10c

10 Dozen Pure Linen Bleached Huck Towels, size 16 x 31 inches, sale price Saturday night each.......... 10c

Ladies' Vests 8c

7 Dozen Ladies' Ribbed Vests, long sleeves, lightly fleeced, very suitable for early spring wear, sale price Saturday night each.......... 8c

Shirtwaists 39c

3 Dozen Ladies' Colored Shirtwaists, this season's new styles, all regular 50c waists, Saturday night.......... 39c

Wash Goods 11c

20 Pieces of New Wash Goods, regular price from 15c to 25c Saturday night 11c

Cashmere Hose 25c

6 Dozen Ladies' Fine Ribbed Cashmere Hose, sizes 8½, 9, 9½ inch, regular price 35c, Saturday night.......... 25c

Lawn 10c

3 Pieces only 42 inch fine sheer Victoria Lawn, price Saturday night.. 10c

Underskirts $1.00

3 Dozen Ladies' Black Mercerized Underskirts, S. H. & M. make, assorted styles, from $1.25 to $1.50, Saturday night.......... $1.00

Corsets 59c

2 Dozen Pairs new girdle and long hip Corsets, all sizes, regular price 75c, sale price Saturday night.......... 59c

Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Spring Clothing

A visit to our clothing department is enough to convince you that spring is here.

There are a few items to be considered before purchasing your spring garments—*The Style, Finish, Fit and Price.*

Every man knows when he tries a suit on whether it fits or not, but the main point is—will it keep that *Perfect Fit.*

Our garments are cut perfect, not pressed into shape, and always retain their first form until worn out.

The Finish is superior in every detail, both in the linings, trimmings and in every detail.

The Style—Our garments are manufactured in Canada by expert tailors from the very latest American models and are sure to meet with your approval.

We guarantee our prices to be as low or lower than the same values can be had elsewhere. Money always cheerfully refunded on garments not entirely satisfactory.

Men's Spring Hats

All the leading makes and styles are now awaiting inspection. Everything that fashion dictates will be found here—

Christie's, Mallory, Wakefield, Stetson, Henry Carter, Grenville, etc

Prices Range from $2 to $4.50

Saturday Night Items!

$1.00 Easter Gloves 89c

—Real French kid and heavy walking gloves in grey, black and white, these are exceptional values as the prices on kid gloves are going up rapidly. Regular price $1.00, Saturday night per pair.......... 89c

Hosiery, 15c per pair

—Fine Ribbed Cotton Hosiery, seamless feet, triple knee, fast black, sizes 8½, 9, 9 1-2, 10, special for Saturday night per pair.......... 15c

Victoria Lawns

Fine English lawn, free from dressing, 39 in. wide, suitable for waists, children's dresses, aprons, etc:

—Regular 12 1-2c Lawn for per yard.......... 8c
— " 15c " " " " 10c
— " 17c " " " " 12½c
— " 20c " " " " 15c

$1.50 Linen Table Cloths $1.19

—6 Only hemstitched patterned table cloths, heavy quality, 60 in. wide, 2 7-8 yds. long, regular price $1.50, Saturday night.......... $1.19

50c Table Linen 35c yd

—Heavy Unbleached table linen, neat patterns, 72 inches wide, 3 different designs, good value at 50c, Saturday night per yard.......... 35c

50c Dress Goods 25c

—One line of imported dress goods in brown, green, navy, red and grey, neat patterns for waists, skirts, children's dresses, etc, all new goods, special purchase enables us to sell these 50c dress goods for per yd.......... 25c

Dresden Ribbon 25c

—100 yards dainty Dresden Ribbons in 5 different colorings, 5 in. wide, special value Saturday per yd.......... 25c

1.00 Corsets for 59c

—Odd line of Corsets to clear, made of fine coutil trimmed with lace and baby ribbon, erect form and long hip, regular price $1.00, to clear at.......... 59c

1.00 Blouses 49c

—Ladies' black satin blouses trimmed with choice silk gimp and fancy buttons good material, well made, regular price 75c and $1.00, Saturday night.......... 49c

Half Hose, 15 cts. Pair

—200 Pair Men's Fine English Cashmere Hose in black and tan, all sizes, good value at 20c, Saturday night.......... 15c

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

Saturday Night Sale

. . . 7:30 O'Clock . . .

Easter Ribbons

Here is an opportunity on Saturday night to get Beautiful Easter Ribbons at Bargain Prices.

—25 Pieces of SOFT FINISH, FRENCH TAFFETA RIBBONS, 5 inches wide, shades White, Cream, Sky, Brown, Navy, Cardinal, Resida, the kind you pay 25c a yard for, our sale price *Saturday Evening*—

12 1-2c per yd

Linen Towels

HOUSEKEEPERS, HOTELKEEPERS

Attention!

Here is something very special and worth looking after:

—25 Dozen LINEN HUCK TOWELS, hemstitched border regular 15c quality, special sale price *Saturday Evening*—

9 cents each

Flannelettes

—200 Yards PLAIN AMERICAN DOMET FLANNELETTES, Greys, Blues, Reds, Brown, 10c quality for—

6 cents yard

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Honor Roll for March.

OCTAVIA ST. SCHOOL.

Sr. IV. — Jean Shanks, Douglas Row, Irvine D. Row, Harry Green, Roy Leitch, Muriel Birchard, Clarence Anderson, Evelyn Cunningham, Jim Ford, Della Campbell.

Jr. IV. — Florence Brough, Percy Peck, Vera Bell, Ernest Hagerman, Georgina Hodge, Arthur Skinner, Eva Skinner, Elwood Robinson, Rob Good.

—D. Barragar, teacher.

Sr. III. — Arthur Anderson, Harry Symons, Albert Harris, Lily Zebeee, Hugo Monaghan, Willie Campbell, Norma Westover, Leigh Brintnell.

Jr. III. — James Barnes, Roy Cronk, Glencoe Thompson, Willie Boyd, Milton Vandervoort, Willie Shane, Jimmie Shane, Harry Ellis, Wilfrid Vandervoort, Arthur Bishop, Francis Fraser, Claude Dalmage, Keitha Woodley, Leslie Yerex.

—A. Harold, teacher.

Sr. II. — Delbert Prest, Nellie Westover, Mack Anderson, Laura Bird, Laura Doolittle, Ernest Potter, Maidie Post, Archie Bales, Trueman Hinch (Equal), Elsie Sinfield, Verna Stinson, Evelyn Cronk, Maude Delong.

Jr. II. — Ida Gerow, Russell Woodley, Hazel Walmsley, Netah Murphy, Grace Panter, Regie Weese, Marion Vanderwoort, Willie Riggs, Mabel Farrow, Larmer Mason, Frank Shoener, Lela Murphy.

—Lucy Berry, teacher.

Sr. Class, Part II. — Johnny Common, Ida Pitman, Stanley Nurse, Alfred McCoy, Sabra Bonisteel, Hilda Oliphant, Gladys May, Vera Ward, Bessie Duckworth, Lena Mikel.

Jr. Class, Part II. — Jean Cronk, Earle Wheeler, Willie Green, Eddie Canning, Viola Skinner, Marjorie Thompson, Anna Barnes, Llewellyn Waite, Stewart Mitchell, Gladson Waite, Harold Woodley, Fred Quincey, Ernest Adams.

—S. Morton, teacher.

Sr. Class. — Bessie Hurst, Roger Parks, Keitha Gerow, Elsie Vallance, Mima Diamond, Myrtle McCune, Bernice Ward, Marguerite Walmsley, Wil Rushworth, Arthur Quincey, Ena Bryant, Albert Shoener, Willie Hughes, Fred Woodley, May Riggs, Bertha Ellis, Mabel Woodley, Herbert Diamond, Lucy Peck, Gerald Ward, Jim Walmsley.

Junior Class. — Mat Campbell, Eunice Moore, Ethel Prest, Gordon Jarvis, Victor Kerr, Harry Weese, Vitae Sanford, Millie Hinds, Bert Rushworth, Norman Easterly, Beulah Ketcheson, Leo Orr, Howard Black.

—F. E. Gardner, teacher.

S. S. NO. 10, SIDNEY.

Sr. IV.—Eva Mills, Eva Bush, Ralph Coon, Elsie Wannamaker

Jr. IV.—Ethel Bush, Ross Nicolson, Gerald Bush, Rhoda Byers.

III.—Mary Dafoe, Emma Hawkins, Alice Dafoe, Ezra Nicholson, Myrtle Brown, Teddy Byers, Cecil Brown.

II.—Willie Hawkins, Ross Brown, Lloyd Dafoe, Hattie Archer.

Pt. II.—Clara Wannamaker, Nora Wannamaker, Addie Wannamaker, Essie Simpson.

Cora A. M. Dame, teacher.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

To-day's Market.

The market to-day was one of the largest which has been held here for some time. Prices were, however, high for all produce offered for sale, and especially for dressed poultry. In one case $1.75 was asked for a pair of chickens, and an offer of $1.60 for them was refused. A large quantity of maple syrup was offered for sale, the ruling price being 25 cents to 30 cents per quart. Butter and eggs maintain the usual price.

Our quotations are as follows:

Eggs—14c to 15c dozen.
Hay—$6 to $8.50 per ton.
Fall wheat—75c.
Spring wheat—75c.
Barley—38 to 42c.
Oats—34c.
Rye—62c.
Buckwheat—55c.
Timothy—$1.50.
Clover—$7 to $8.
Alsike—$4 to $6.
Butter—22c to 24c lb.
Dressed Hogs—$7.50 to $8.00.
Dressed hogs—$5.50 to $9.00.
Dressed beef, fore—$4.00.
Dressed beef, hind—$5 to $5.50.
Chickens—75c to $1.50.
Butchers' trimmed hides—8 1-2c to 9
Rough hides—8c to 8 1-2c.
Mutton—6c to 7c lb.
Horse Hides—$2 to $2.50.
Veal hides—8c per lb.
Deakins—75c.
Pelts—80c to $1.00.
Tallow, rough—1 1-2c to 2c.
Tallow, rendered—3 1-2c.
Wool—22c.
Potatoes—$1.00 per bag.
Sheep Skins—60c to 65c.
Geese—$1 to $1.75.
Ducks—$1 to $1.50.

CRADLE--ALTAR--TOMB.

BIRTHS.

In Tyendinaga, March 25th, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Maracle, a daughter.

In Deseronto, March 22nd, to Mr. and Mrs. Milton Smith, a son.

In Springbrook, on March 19th, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Phillips, a son.

At Springbrook, on March 26th, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McMaster, a daughter.

MARRIED.

In Bancroft, March 30th Mr. Thos. Shields to Miss Maggie E. Steele.

In Marmora Village, April 4th, Mr. Allan Jones to Miss Maggie Moffatt.

In Trenton, April 4th, Mr. Wm. Foster to Miss Hannah Bradshaw.

In Marmora Township, on March 21st, Mr. Geo. Wiggins to Miss Ethel B. Kennedy.

In Stirling on April 4th, Mr. Harry Kennedy, of Toronto, to Miss Beatrice Phillips, of Stirling.

In Monteagle, on March 20th, Mr. James Sutherland to Miss Eliza Beecham.

DIED.

In Deseronto, on March 30th, Emmeline Sager, aged 13 months.

In Sidney, on March 31st, Mr. John Steele, aged 85 years.

In Faraday Township, on March 23rd, Mr. Walter Whitefoot, aged 70 years.

In Madoc, on March 31st, Mr. Geo. Sexsmith, aged 75 years.

It is better to be bald and rich than it is to be bald without being rich.

Daily Intelligencer.

Comic Opera "Ministers."

Ignorance of their departments and inattention to them are the distinguishing marks of the farcical ministers in the Dominion Government. Attention was recently drawn to the extraordinary manner in which the Postmaster-General conducts his work. He owns that he only knows about some of the post offices from what he reads in the papers.

The same inattention to their duties is shown by all the ministers. It has become a public scandal. The Hon. Sydney Fisher gave an example of this last week. Explanations of votes of money are due to the country through questions in the House by members of the Opposition; yet this Minister is not only unprepared to give them, but resents the enquiries being made. On a grant for the Canadian Exhibit at the Imperial Institute, in London, England, this was forcibly brought out.

Conservative members protested against being asked to vote the money without having a more definite explanation of the plan. The House, in fact, should be informed of the details of the scheme. From the meagre information given by the Minister it appeared that he had come to the conclusion that Parliament itself practically amounted to nothing, and ought not to be consulted. It was time for the members on both sides of the House to utter their protests against this sort of thing.

Mr. Lennox joined in the protest, stating that he did so particularly on behalf of the farmers of Canada.

Mr. Borden said that the whole matter illustrated very forcibly a complaint which had become much too prevalent of late years. The Minister of Agriculture should have been in his place when the item was brought up in supply a few nights ago. The trouble now had arisen because on that occasion the Minister being absent, no explanation had been given. In addition to that, he should have brought down Mr. Hutchinson's report to-day. He (Mr. Borden) noticed an increasing tendency on the part of Ministers of the Crown to absent themselves from the House.

Day after day for the last ten days, or two weeks, public business had been delayed by the absence of the Minister of Railways. Why was that Hon. gentleman not in his place today? Look at the Treasury benches even to-day, and how many of them would they see filled? Only four. Occasionally proper reasons might be given for the absence of Ministers, and he was willing to make every possible and just allowance, but even after doing so, he found what seemed to be a very great neglect of duty on the part of the Ministers.

The estimates would get along better and public business would suffer less if the Ministers would be present to attend to business when their estimates were going through. He thought this thing had better stop right now.

Hon. Mr. Patterson even said that he agreed with Mr. Borden that when estimates were up the Ministers concerned should be present, if at all possible, to give information.

Mr. Ingram said that the Minister of Agriculture had been more than careless in regard to the exhibit, and he had not submitted a single plan to the House to justify the increase.

The Minister of Agriculture, in his usual self-satisfied manner, delivered a long harangue in reply, and when he sat down again, a Conservative member protested against the Minister of Agriculture obstructing his own estimates. Nothing had been said from the Government benches which in the slightest degree excused the Minister of Agriculture for an obvious dereliction of duty.

Then Mr. Bain (Peel) said it was surprising the exhibition of ignorance and inattention to departmental work that Mr. Fisher displayed. Last year when this very subject was under discussion, Mr. Fisher promised to bring down two reports bearing upon the subject, and they were not yet forthcoming. Could the Minister explain this?

This briefly is a description of a scene which took place last week. The public can judge for themselves of the business-like manner in which their affairs are being managed at Ottawa.

FALSE THEORIES.

Lead to Worthless or Harmful Remedies.

Stimulating the scalp may allay the itching of the dandruff, but that does not cure the scalp. The disease won't yield to quinine or capsicum nor alcohol, because it is caused by a germ or parasite. To cure dandruff the germ must be destroyed. Until recently there was no hair preparation, or dandruff cure, or hair restorer on the market that would kill that insidious germ that dries up the scalp in little scales called dandruff, and absorbs the vitality of the hair, causing falling hair, and finally baldness. Newbro's Herpicide is the only really scientific preparation to cure dandruff, prevent falling hair and baldness. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE EMPIRE TOBACCO COMPANY.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Having found a daughter of Eve not guilty, it was hardly to be expected that a jury would convict Adam.

• • •

The buds will soon be making a fresh start.

• • •

Anything which makes a noise like an Easter hat looks like ready money and a dream these days.

• • •

The jurors and witnesses will now go home and take their turns at the separator.

• • •

"By gravy," said one juryman, "I'm glad Dingbell was not tried at this court."

• • •

Big, fat, saucy robins were hopping round the lawns this morning. Nearly time to brush the cobwebs off your straw hat. Gentle spring is here.

• • •

What's coming over this good old county of Hastings? Now we have a stabbing case—in which a son and his father are the chief actors—reported from a northern township. What next?

• • •

Country papers published in this county did not have reporters at the Assizes. They didn't need any. They cheerfully "scalp" from The Intelligencer—without giving credit. Our country readers will kindly mark that the "borrowed" news, when they get it in that way, is a week old. Subscribe for The Intelligencer, and get the news fresh and up-to-date.

• • •

Marmora Herald: At last Mrs. Diamond is free. For it is not likely the detectives will stir up the case again. At the previous court, the Grand Jury brought in a verdict "No Bill." The only excuse for again bringing her to trial would have been that there was new evidence to give. But there does not seem to have been any new evidence whatever. One is forced to the conclusion that either the detectives or the authorities brought the case on again for some personal advantage and not for the sake of justice. The most simple-minded laymen could see there was not evidence to convict of murder.

That sounds strange, taking into consideration the words of Chief Justice Falconbridge. But then, you see, it is a poor country newspaper man who does not know more about law than a Chief Justice of His Majesty's High Court. O tempora! O mores!

• • •

There is a movement on foot in Cleveland to save the teeth of the school children. Why not save the whole child?

• • •

Andrew Carnegie says that he finds lots of good stuff in poetry. Certainly: punctuation is punctuation even in poetry.

• • •

A New York actress who wants a chaperone is advertising for someone to mother her. Why doesn't she ask one of the chorus girls?

• • •

Hereafter to be of perfect legal size, an egg in Iowa must weigh two ounces. Will the hens who can't come up to this figure plead immunity?

• • •

An Iowa minister was killed by lightning while preaching in his pulpit. If he had been a layman at a Sunday picnic, what do you suppose the moral would have been.

• • •

An opera singer who is to warble in the United States for $1,200 an evening was once a blacksmith. Evidently he took a hint from his daughter, who, you know, used to work in the village choir.

• • •

A young woman has jilted a Pittsburg banker for a baron. The banker can lend the baron money to get married on and charge him interest.

A brave Cleveland girl held a dog by the throat while a policeman shot it. Few persons would be willing to stay in the block while a policeman was shooting at anything.

• • •

A lecturer said in Cleveland the other night that the country's danger is not in too much graft but in too much gab. Being a lecturer, could he not easily set a good example?

• • •

The Hamilton Herald sagely remarks; "That footnote in the Methodist discipline which forbids indulgence in worldly amusements such as dancing, card-playing and the theatre continues to be a source of vexatious discussion. It is the vermiform appendix of the discipline. The time seems to have come for cutting it out."

• • •

Crown Attorney Curry, of Toronto, says the York Loan business is "the greatest piece of robbery he has seen for some time." The York Loan sufferers may not get much money out of the wreck, but would it not be a great ease to their feet if they could, some day, get a photograph of Joseph Phillips, Esq., in a striped suit.

• • •

Emil Reich, the well known publicist in London has given the prohibitionists a hard nut to crack in his appeal to statistical proof that the number of murderers among teetotallers is far greater than that among even confirmed drunkards." Criminologists have long observed that the most deadly enemies of society, the most secretive and furtive in their designs, have no inclination for drink both from natural constitution and the fear of lessening the skill of their execution. But because the greatest criminals have no taste for strong drink is no reason why honest people should not carefully refrain from immoderate addiction to brandy and whiskey.

FLIPPANT AND DEFIANT.

(Ottawa Citizen.)

If anything could be worse than the barefaced looting of the York Loan company to which the evidence given in the Phillips case undoubtedly points it is the flippant and defiant manner in which the implicated witnesses give their evidence. It is quite in keeping with the heartlessness which has been the means of robbing hundreds of widows and orphans of their little savings.

• • •

That awful affair near Montreal makes one's blood run cold when he thinks of it. Surely Chief Justice Falconbridge spoke the truth yesterday when he said; "The heart of man is deceitful and desperately wicked!"

• • •

NO DOUBT.

(Toronto Star.)

King Edward's picture is to be exhibited at the Toronto fair. Personally, however, we believe His Majesty's portrait on a five-dollar goldpiece is much more satisfying to gaze upon.

• • •

A Toronto elevator boy collected $8 for The Star's Japanese Famine Fund. A case of the ruling passion no doubt. It is pointed out that the boy has got so used to giving people a lift that he couldn't help it.

We Have Everything...

Needed for the little jobs of painting you intend doing.

See our color cards and learn our low prices.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

ARREST MADE IN MONTREAL CASE.

RAOUL BRADLEY, A FORMER BOARDER WITH THE VICTIM'S FAMILY, HAS BEEN TAKEN ON SUSPICION.

Montreal, April 6.—A man named Raoul Bradley has been arrested on suspicion of having murdered Ida May Ahern, the girl of five years whose body was found in a lamentable condition in a clump of trees at Cote St. Paul yesterday morning. Bradley boarded at the home of the little girl, but was forced to leave more than a year ago because he owed $10. Ever since then, it is believed, he had nursed a secret grudge against the family, and a fellow-boarder asserts that once he was heard to say that he hated little Ida. He is a laboring man of sordid temperament, and although he has not been absolutely identified as the person who was seen with the girl, the police are pretty well satisfied with his capture. He was in a saloon in Montreal when arrested, and afterwards admitted that he was in the vicinity of the scene of the murder on Tuesday.

The father of the little girl confronted the prisoner at the police station shortly after his arrest tonight. After declining for several minutes to meet his visitor's gaze, Bradley looked up with a peculiar leer, but said nothing.

Mr. Ahern says that he had regarded the man as not being right-minded, because he had always acted peculiarly. No other crime in recent years in Montreal has so shocked the whole community as has this terrible tragedy. In the immediate neighborhood of Ahern's home at Ste. Cunegonde the crowd of sympathizers was so great all day that it was necessary to place a cordon of police around the house in order to keep them at a proper distance.

BELL

USED IN

Leading Conservatories, Colleges, Schools, Theatres, and in thousands of homes where a piano of distinctive merit is appreciated. The Bell is the only piano with the Illimitable Repeating Action.

ART

PIANOS

Send for Beautiful (free) Booklet B to
The BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. and Mrs. T. P. J. Power, who have been travelling with the Kilties Band, arrived in the city last night.

Kingston Whig: Mrs. Sills, Sydenham street, moved yesterday to Belleville, to join her son, Robert, who is clerk in a drug store there.

Mrs. John Merrin, who has been seriously ill for several days at the home of her daughter, Mrs. T. H. Marshall, Lingham St., is slightly better to-day.

Mr. Jack Phippen, of Upper Canada College, Toronto, is in the city spending his Easter holidays with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Phippen.

ST. AGNES' SCHOOL.

The swimming tank is now ready and lessons, private or in class, may be arranged upon application to Miss F. E. Carroll, Lady Principal. 3-7

THE CANADIAN IMPERIAL CLUB.

WILL SECURE NEW QUARTERS AND LETTERS OF INCORPORATION—MEMBERSHIP FEE FIXED AT $10 PER ANNUM.

A special meeting of the Canadian Imperial Club was held at the Officers' Quarters, Church street, last evening, for the purpose of considering the leasing of rooms as permanent quarters for the club. The members unanimously decided to rent and fit-up suitable rooms. A number of the members generously offered to donate portions of the furnishings.

The executive committee were instructed to take steps to secure letters of incorporation for the club, and within the near future the members expect to have comfortable and well-equipped quarters.

A motion was also carried to increase the annual membership fee to $10.00 per year.

A well-conducted social club should receive generous support from the citizens of Belleville, as it meets a long-felt want.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

West and north winds, fair. Sunday, easterly winds and cool, probably followed by rain or sleet.

RIPE..... BANANAS

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Eyes

We offer to examine your eyes, and you may consult us with the full assurance of getting absolutely the best advice and service Science has at her command. Our Optician has devoted years to the study and practice of optics; and with college knowledge, personal study and experience he is prepared to cope with ANY case where glasses are the remedy.

Our many customers and leading physicians don't hesitate to recommend him in unqualified terms.

His examination is a thorough one.

• • •

Angus McFee

Phone 128.

The Store With the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HOUSEHOLD HELPS . . .

Sapolio, Bon Ami, Monkey Soap, Bathbricks, Knife Polish, Silver Polish, Borax, Ammonia, Chloride Lime, Stove Polishs, Blueing, Whiting, Washing Soda, Lye, Soap Powders, Laundry Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Toilet Paper, Wax Tapers, Candles, Clotheslines, Mop Sticks, Ceiling Brooms, Washboards, Scrub Brushes, Boot Brushes, Shoe Polish, Tubs, Pails, etc., etc.

STARCHES—

Silver Gloss Starch, Satin Starch, Rice Starch, Celluloid Starch, Bee Starch, Ivorine Starch, etc.
Invisible starch for mourning goods or colored prints.

BEST QUALITIES. LOWEST PRICES

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

At Wallbridge & Clarke's.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

AND THE

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher........ **$3.00**
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots........ **$3.00**

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Long Distance
Telephone
Main 5300-01-02

Commission Orders
Executed
on All Exchanges

Bonds and Stocks

Bought and Sold on Commission

Investment Securities

Both Listed and Unlisted. Information upon Request

Members
Toronto Stock Exchange

Baillie, Wood & Croft.
TORONTO

301

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 3 marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. No experience necessary. We teach you how to build up a route or regular customers quickly. Better than a bank account. Write quick. Alfred Tyler, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

A typewriter, new; an excellent opportunity for anyone desirous of purchasing such. Good reasons for selling. Apply to Typewriter, Box 295, City. 1t

A house and three lots for sale on easy terms, Foster avenue, No. 295 a6-6t

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 71-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Ontario Liquor License ACT.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the License Commissioners for the License District of West Hastings at the Inspector's Office, No. 221 George Street, Belleville, on Wednesday, the 18th day of April, 1906, at the hour of 2 p.m., to consider applications for Liquor Licenses for the coming license year commencing on the first day of May, 1906, and granting same where they consider necessary.

The total number of licenses granted for the current year was as follows: City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns, 4.

Total number of applications for the coming year: City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops, 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns 5.

The following is the new applicant: In the Township of Sidney, Robert Armstrong, for the premises situated at Chisholm's Rapids and known as the Armstrong House.

TOM KETCHESON,
Chairman.
HUGH WALKER,
Inspector District of West Hastings.
Belleville, April 2nd, 1906.
d4-7-10-14-16w5

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD; subsequent consecutive [illegible] [illegible] as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

The Ladies' Aid of St. Andrew's Church will hold a Tea and Sale on Thursday, April 12th. Admission ten cents. 1t

The annual Easter concert of Albert College will be held in the College Chapel on the evening of Thursday, April 12th. Admission 15c. 7-10-11

Brekekekex, coax, coax! Annual closing concert Albert College Philomathian Literary Society, Saturday evening, April 6th, at 8, College Chapel. Silver collection of 10c and upwards. 6,7

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

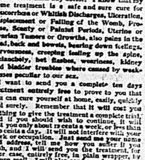
We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country.—The SCHUSTER CO. mc30-tf

The amount of insurance now in force in The Mutual Life Company of Canada is nearly $45,000,000, it has assets of about $10,000,000, and its surplus on the Government Standard, over and above all liabilities, is more than $1,200,000.—S. Burrows, General Agent.

Remember that in buying C.P.R. tickets from S. Burrows you can start from Belleville station. mh29-th&stf

Free to You, My Sister

Free to You and Every Sister Woman Suffering from Woman's Ailments



I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand woman's sufferings. What we women know from experience we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for Leucorrhœa or Whitish Discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, hot flashes, weariness, kidney and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten days treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial, and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week, or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book "WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER," with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to **think for herself.** Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures **all, old or young.**

To mothers or daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhœa, Green Sickness and painful or irregular menstruation in young ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality, who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this **Home Treatment really cures** all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. **Just send me your address,** and the free ten days treatment is yours, also the **book.** Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS
Box No. 1 Windsor, Ont.

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

Dr. William Canniff, A Veteran Physician.

INTERESTING SKETCH OF A FAMOUS AUTHOR, TRAVELLER AND MEDICAL MAN, FORMERLY A RESIDENT OF THIS CITY.

(Hamilton Herald.)

Away back—ever so far back—there was a family named Canniff. Louis XIV. expelled the Huguenots from France in 1685. The Canniffs were included. To Ireland they went. Soon afterwards they became residents in America, being among the first settlers in New Rochelle. Along came the American rebellion, but the new pioneers remained firm and true to the Empire. John Canniff, at the close of the war, was a refugee in New Brunswick. In 1788 he came to Canada, and was one of the first settlers in Adolphustown. Another move; to Thurlow, Hastings county, this time. The grandfather of the man in the Valley City also became an inhabitant of Adolphustown; his father, after serving throughout the war of 1812, located at Myer's Creek. In the course of time, Canifton was the name given to the neighborhood. This was near Belleville—there was no place on the map named Belleville nearly one hundred years ago. At Myer's Creek it was that William—the subject of this article—became a young Canadian, and looked for the first time on his parents. Now, let us follow him—so far as space will permit—through a career of travel and experience until spoken of as William Canniff, M.D., M.R.C.S.

"My age when first attending school? About six. Oh, dear, no! The school system was entirely different seven decades ago. School teachers were poorly paid."

Pedagogues received part payment in board. Now they get salaries through a board of education. It was customary, when a teacher wished to punish a scholar, to send the youngster out to gather material wherewith to make a birch rod to have himself whipped. From a village school to Cobourg college was only a matter of a few years.

"Your father erected a saw mill and flour mill, doing an extensive business, how came you to forsake the land and take up medicine?"

When a lad he worked on the farm, learned to plow and to sow and to reap and to mow; did all that falls to the lot of a farmer's boy. Still the work was not congenial.

"I suppose at one stage in your life, you had a liking for athletics?"

"Athletics! Youngsters on farms in the early days had plenty of athletic exercise. Chopping wood and felling trees kept them in training."

A can of tobacco and pipe being noticed, the question was asked if they were for use or ornament. The septuagenarian has been a smoker for more than fifty years, but never really enjoyed the weed until after his thirtieth birthday.

Leaving Victoria College, he commenced to study at Toronto School of Medicine, Dr. Rolph being principal, where he passed the examination of the Upper Canada Medical Board. Then he is found at New York University, and became entitled to affix the letters M.D. after the name he received when christened.

If you will kindly carry the mind back to the brief sketch of the doctor's progenitors, it may be noticed they had made journeys by land and by water. The same traits for wandering were inherited by the new M.D.

When in New York a position was secured as assistant surgeon at the Seamen's retreat, Staten Island. Wages $33 monthly—all found. Not the money; the provisions and lodging. This institution was all that could be desired for a young man with ambitions—one determined to attain a prominent place in the ranks of his profession. Testimonials of the highest character testify that the assistant had given satisfaction during the fourteen months he remained at the retreat.

"Now, I'll tell you a peculiar incident that happened at this time," the doctor remarked.

The Crimean war was in progress. In certain quarters in England it was believed that many recruits could be gathered in the United States to take part in the fight against Russia. Hon. Joseph Howe made a journey from Halifax to New York to prepare the way for enlistment. The plan promised to be successful. Dr. Canniff received the appointment of medical examiner. Before any recruits were examined, the United States authorities stepped in and prevented a regiment being formed. Red tape was pulled from both sides of the ocean, and a regular political hubbub followed.

Shortly afterwards, on the log book of a sailing vessel bound for England from New York, was the name of "Dr. Canniff, surgeon." Upon arriving in London, he became a student in St. Thomas' hospital. By the way, here the Canadian met a young man from Hamilton, Dr. Ryall. Both were in search of medical knowledge. In 1866, the two physicians met again on the field at Ridgeway.

In 1855, the initials M.R.C.S. were gained, also an examination was passed before the army medical board—a severe examination, too, but successful. Having had a desire to dress wounds and saw bones on the battle field, the doctor hoped to make a trip to the Crimea. The angel of peace brought the war to a close, thus upsetting the Canadian's plans.

Not to be daunted, he did duty in the Royal artillery, and at the same time gained experience by attending the returned sick and wounded soldiers at Chatham hospital. A rolling stone is said to gather no moss—a roving physician does gather knowledge. One morning Chatham hospital authorities were informed that a change on the staff would soon take place. Regrets at his departure were heard from physicians and patients.

It was a delightful morning towards the close of 1856 when the doctor set out on his peregrinations. By taking a walking tour through England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales, places read of in history and points of interest to the tourist could be visited. Herein the searcher after information acted wisely. It is only by walking from city to town and village to hamlet, that a beneficial sight-seeing trip can be enjoyed. How is it possible to fully realize the romantic and historic spots of a country when being whirled long distances in a train going at a thirty or forty-mile an hour speed, or breaking records on a wheel. Castles, cathedrals, abbeys, famous houses and parks were visited, and mountains and monuments climbed. The pedestrian is a devotee of Sir Walter Scott—worships at the noted author's shrine. That is, he believes Sir Walter to stand head and front over all novel writers. Such being the case, many places mentioned in the author's works received special attention. Great, indeed, was his pleasure at being admitted into the identical room where the novelist thought out and indited his romances—works teeming with instruction, and also entertaining to the average reader.

In Ireland, too, much was seen that has not been forgotten — especially the ride in a jaunting car to kiss the Blarney stone. Is there not some verse regarding this stone that runs: Really, memory fails just now, but it intimates that any man who kisses it may, if he chooses, become member of parliament. The doctor, judging from the conversation held, was never "gone on politics." Anyway, they were only casually touched upon, consequently there was no political aspiration in the kiss he gave to the stone.

"To be, or not be? Shall I return to Belleville or travel the continent?" This was the question the tourist had to solve. Decision reached—the continent. Up the Rhine and down the Rhine, Brussels, Carlsbad, taking in all that could be seen. Not "taking in" only, but committing to memory much information, from which is drawn—even in his seventy-sixth year—incidents that make him a pleasant conversationalist.

When at Wiesbaden he "drank the waters." His own words: "I shall never forget it — the water tasted like poor chicken broth."

Something not understood at the time is made plain in after years. In 1878, a leading hotel in this city dispensed hot chicken broth at five cents per glass. Two friends partook of the hot liquid. Said one: "There's not so much flavor of chicken in that stuff as you get in the water at Germany." The other made no remark; in place of showing ignorance he pondered. Now all has been made plain. The so-called chicken broth sold in the Hamilton hotel must have been water from Wiesbaden. The travelling medico secured a bottle of genuine perfume at Cologne, and hied across the border to France.

Passing through many beautiful pieces of country, staying by the wayside to watch grape gatherers and champagne makers, finally he came to the one historic spot—the field of Waterloo; was actually treading the ground walked over by Napoleon. In this place incidents read in school days came to memory. Who can tell, perhaps he had taken part in a debate regarding the ability as general of Wellington and Bonaparte.

At last Paris was reached—Paris the beautiful. Time to visit the principal attractions was limited. Business now supplanted pleasure. Dr. Canniff's attention was devoted to studying the ways and means and whys and wherefores of the cases under care in Paris hospitals. In a few weeks, a longing to return to Belleville touched the feelings of the man. One thing he desired to do—climb the Alps. Inspecting the wonderful clock at Strasburg afforded satisfaction. Ambition urged him still higher. However, the Alps were never ascended by this tourist.

From Liverpool an emigrant ship was about to sail for New York. Securing the position of surgeon, in the month of December, the dust of Liverpool's dirty docks was taken with him on board—and very little else. Numerous passengers were on board the sailing vessel, and the voyage was unusually rough.

"Being a physician, you could heal yourself. Had some secret prescription to prevent sea sickness."

"Would you believe it, sir, I was sick, too. Of the many Christmases that have passed, the one spent on board that vessel will never be forgotten. All through the day I was only able to take lemonade."

As the vessel neared New York the weather became bitterly cold. Several of the sailors suffered so severely from the frost that upon reaching the dock they had to be hurried off to the hospital. Before leaving for home, the young surgeon visited the Seaman's retreat, where, it will be remembered, his first engagement was made. Going through one of the wards, several men called "Dr. Canniff, Dr. Canniff. How are you?" The exclaimers were the frost-bitten sailors.

Shortly afterwards, the return of the wanderer was announced in the streets of Belleville, for the news of his arrival spread quickly. Particulars of his pilgrimage were related over and over again. In a word, the rover was in great demand for —— How space does fly!

"Practice makes perfect," is a copybook sample. A good practice brings wealth to a doctor. After following his profession in Belleville for a short time, with excellent prospects for the future, he, in response to an urgent request, undertook the professorship of pathology in Victoria college. It was in this institution that the first series of lectures on pathology were delivered in Canada, And Dr. Canniff was the lecturer. Names of many students were mentioned. Some have risen to prominence in their chosen profession. At least four also have seats in the present House of Parliament.

The civil war in the States was the principal topic of everyday conversation. A desire to seek reputation at the cannon's mouth prompted the professor to resign his position. Hospitals at Washington were visited as a preliminary to joining the army of the Potomac. When on active service many operations requiring surgical skill were performed, particulars of some cases being related.

Once again in practice at Belleville—only for a few months. Previous to going to Toronto, the G.T.R. authorities had appointed him medical man on a certain portion of the railway. In this position, ample opportunity was given for the display of a surgeon's ability.

"Well," said he, "forty years ago things were managed on different lines. At that time doctors were supposed to be able to attend all sorts of cases.

Specialists now look after the various branches of ills that flesh is heir to.

The man from Canifton has endeavored to prove that it is better to wear out than rust out. A long life has his been. When travelling, eyes were kept open, ears alert. He "went out for to see"—and did see. When attached to the artillery, at a review near London he saw the late Queen on horseback. Had he been as proficient in sculpture as anatomy, a model for the proposed monument in Gore park might have been sent in. The Prince of Wales, when a lad, stood beside the Canadian as both viewed the ruins of a theatre destroyed by fire in London. When the former visited Canada in 1860, the doctor was beside him again.

As for Premiers and Governor-Generals, all in his day have been seen.

"By the way, for whom did you first vote?"

"The election lasted a week—Flint and Wallbridge were the candidates. Yes, I'm a Conservative. I voted for Wallbridge, at one time speaker in the house."

Upon a hurried perusal of original letters received from Sir John Macdonald, it is evident that the leader and the follower were upon the most intimate and friendly terms, outside of politics.

"Down Belleville way, Orangemen and Catholics were always to the front. Many a rumpus have I seen."

Dr. Canniff is credited with being a promoter of the Canada First party, president at one time of the medical section of the Canadian institute, one of those who formed the Canadian Medical Association in Quebec, and has filled many important positions. Being the originator of the U. E. Loyalist centennial celebration held in Toronto, 1884, it was he who presided over the deliberations. The doctor changed the subject when asked the mode of initiating candidates into a Free Mason's lodge at the time he became a member of Ionic, Toronto. Numerous signs were given, but all to no purpose.

During the Fenian raid he was ready to shoulder the musket or use surgical instruments. When the country was agitated over the Trent affair, a company of men in Toronto, under Captain Canniff, expressed a willingness to leave home and fight for country. In addition to the above, he was the first medical health officer in Toronto.

Numerous incidents of his active life have to be omitted, but one feature must not be overlooked—an important one, too. Contributions from his pen have been published in medical magazines. He is also the author of several works. The Principles of Surgery, Settlement of Upper Canada, and the Medical Progress of Upper Canada from 1783 to 1850, are three volumes that may be mentioned, each containing over six hundred pages.

In the doctor's possession is a large collection of memoranda well worthy of careful perusal by those in search of incidents bearing upon leading events of Canada. One parcel contains a number of old almanacs, illustrated with woodcuts, dating from 1811. They are curious productions. Seeing is believing.

In the House of Providence, about thirty rooms are set apart for the convenience of well-to-do people, who prefer to board at a quiet and well-managed institution in place of a hotel. The doctor expressed himself as being delighted with all the surroundings, and, so far as health permits, is a contented and happy guest. In a comfortably furnished room the physician receives friends and enjoys all visits made to him. Here it was that a pleasant conversation took place with the writer.

Nervous?

There are many causes of nervousness, but poor blood heads the list. The doctors call it anemia. The blood lacks red corpuscles. At your first opportunity, consult your doctor about taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Ask him if he has anything better for weakness, debility, nervousness. If he has, take it. If not, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Get well, that's what you are after. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

They Came by the Hundreds

Hundreds Secured Free Samples and Hundreds Came Too Late

The most unique and most successful distribution of medicine ever attempted in Belleville was an overwhelming success. Hundreds thronged at the drug store of D. M. Waters, Friday, when he gave to the public 500 bottles of

FERROL

A CARD FROM D. M. WATERS :

TO THE PEOPLE OF BELLEVILLE—

We believe that an acknowledgment is due to the people of this community for the astounding response to our announcements. In all our experience we have never witnessed such widespread interest in any preparation as that manifested in the free distribution of FERROL at our store yesterday. We have faith in the curative powers of FERROL and we believe that a great amount of good will result from our distribution.

We only wish it was in our power to distribute five hundred more bottles that there might be no possible chance for disappointment.

We thank the people of Belleville for the confidence they have shown in our endorsement of this remarkable preparation, FERROL (Cod Liver Oil, Iron and Phosphorus). If you failed to get a bottle of FERROL we urge you to procure this preparation at once and give it a thorough trial. We are convinced you will be perfectly satisfied. It is on sale at our store.

D. M. WATERS.

The Service Rendered . . .

All this and the best possible service is yours and actually without cost if we do your painting, graining and decoraring.

That is to say we do not charge for our excellent service. We charge only for the actual work done and material used.

The service is our system—the producer of good results for our customers and ourselves.

This Same Service

you will find in our ***WALLPAPER SALESROOM*** and indeed throughout this methodical store, for if not methodical in every respect, we are open for pointers and information.

In the WALLPAPER DEPARTMENT we are at present selling all of the ***balance of our 1905 papers at 25 per cent. discount*** until sold—we will not carry through from year to year.

In addition we are offering during the coming week—

5000 Rolls of 1906 Papers at special prices

5c Papers for 3c
8c Papers for 5c
15c Papers for . . . 10c

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Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

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ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES DOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

THE old-time miller did not concern himself much about the quality or purity of his flour.

He simply ground the wheat.

You would refuse to use his product to-day. The results would not satisfy you. You have advanced.

Yet it is possible that your advance has not kept pace with the advance in milling methods.

You may demand a better flour than your mother did and yet be satisfied with something inferior to what it is possible for you to get.

If you are not using

Royal Household Flour

you are not getting the best that improved milling has to offer.

Ogilvie's Royal Household is as much superior to ordinary flours as *they* are superior to the crude, coarse product of olden times.

Royal Household is made entirely from hard, spring wheat, ground by the latest and most improved method, and purified and vitalized by electricity—a process that is conceded by all millers to be the only method of producing absolute purity, and one that is used by no other mill in Canada.

Your grocer has it in stock.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited
Montreal.

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.

Easter Footwear

Are your feet ready for Easter. Your Outfit will not be complete without your Easter Shoes We have an unlimited galaxy of styles in choice Easter Footwear for men, women and children.

"Dorothy Dodd" and "Empress" Shoes for Ladies

BLOSSOM OUT IN NEW SPRING DESIGNS

AT POPULAR PRICES

The J. J. Haines

SHOE HOUSES - Belleville, Napanee & Trenton.

Opening Day To the Ladies of Belleville!

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 10th and 11th inst., will be our opening day for the Summer Business.

This is a new feature in our business and we believe it will be appreciated. We have gone to a lot of expense this spring in trying to make our store a bright and attractive place.

We invite you to come in and see us. Cake and cocoa will be served free on Tuesday and Wednesday from 10 to 11 a.m., and from 3 to 6 p.m. We want you to feel perfectly free to come and bring your friends. Remember the date—Tuesday and Wednesday from 10 to 11 a.m., and from 3 to 6 p.m.

Ed. F. Dickens.
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The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

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TIMELY TOPICS.

JOHN.

(Charlotte G. Chase.)

I shouldn't like to give offence—
I never care to boast;
But of all the men I ever met,
I like my John the most.

I know looks aren't essential—but
John is a handsome man,
(You might as well have looks along
With goodness, if you can.)

A little more than six feet tall
(About the proper size),
With hair that's rather light than dark,
And steady, clear blue eyes.

Inclined to be esthetic
(Not too fashionably dressed),
He likes the things that I like—
(His tastes are of the best).

He sings—oh, so attractively!
And I am glad to say
That he accompanies himself
(For I don't love to play.)

While John is just about as fine
As any man could be,
Perhaps the nicest part of all
Is what he thinks of me.

What? Do you ask to see this man,
Whose like you've never met?
Why, John's my future husband—but
I haven't found him yet.

• • •

A New Jersey woman seized her tenant's baby for rent the other day. The baby evidently rented the house.

• • •

The president of the York County Loan Co. is in jail in Toronto. He seems bound to live at the expense of the public.

• • •

France and Germany did not get all they wanted at the Morocco conference. But they're aware that Russia did in Corea and are not doing much kicking.

• • •

A man who suicided in Paris the other day said he wished no person to benefit by his fortune and left a will ordering that it be buried with him. He'll need it.

• • •

In New York last year there were more than 10,000 women arrested for drunkenness.

• • •

The forecast that a coal mining strike would mean a fight to a finish gives most of us a rather alarming hunch as to whose finish it will be.

• • •

As to the question of spelling reform, we don't see that it makes much difference whether you spell it check or cheque, so long as you get the money.

• • •

It is now claimed that the Czar's heir is a microcephalus. His head is too small. This will strongly appeal to the sympathy of the Kaiser, who is troubled by the other extreme.

• • •

We know innumerable things that were not known a hundred years ago. But thousands of years ago some men and nations had learned the art of living happily which we have forgotten or neglected.

• • •

Of the 958 lots burned over by the fire of two years ago in Baltimore, building permits covering 820 have been issued. As in the case of the Chicago fire in 1871 and of Boston's in 1872, the valuation of the burned district is increased largely in Baltimore, the gain being put at fully $100,000,000.

• • •

Snow is sold in the north of Sicily, where it fetches about a halfpenny a pound. It is a government monopoly, and the Prince of Palermo derives the greater part of his income from it. The snow, which is gathered on the mountains in felt-covered baskets, is widely bought in the cities for refrigerating purposes.

• • •

Science is always doing something unnecessary. Not long ago it produced a remedy for red noses, and now it is a cure for gout. Before long, at this rate, it will be absolutely impossible to distinguish a person of wealth and culture from the animals in the common herd.

• • •

Cocoanuts are transported along South American waterways in the same manner that timber is floated, thousands of them being thrown together and the whole mass surrounded by long strands of dark fibre. A number of such rafts can be towed by one native.

• • •

BEAUTY AND UTILITY.

(Hamilton Herald, Ind.)

One of the subsidiary enterprises of the C. P. R. Company is the maintenance of a flower department. Every spring packets of seeds are sent to every C. P. R. station master and responsible official with instructions how to plant them and to care for the plants as they grow. It is the ambition of the director of this department to have an attractive flower garden at every station on the great railway system. What a bountiful idea—a belt of blooming flowers extending across the continent from ocean to ocean! This spring each envelope distributed contains twenty-one packets of seeds, representing as many varieties of flowers, some of them quite rare. Who can estimate the good that is done by this attempt on a large scale to connect beauty with utility—the love that is awakened for the beautiful in nature, the taste for botany that is stimulated.

THE COAL SITUATION.

Bituminous Operators Want Arbitration With Striking Miners.

New York, April 7.—Soft coal operators, who have not yet agreed to the 1903 scale and their miners, ask for arbitration. Their offer is identical, except where the term bituminous is substituted for anthracite with the one President Mitchell presented to the hard coal operators here Thursday.

The receipt of the proposition caused a stir.

Within an hour of the receipt of the offer Mitchell sent reply to the effect that there was no power to act on the proposition, but he would submit it to the international executive board of the union at its meeting at Indianapolis week after next.

Another Investigation.

Washington, D. C. April 7.—The first hearing of the interstate commerce commission in its coal and oil investigation will be held in Philadelphia on April 10.

No Reciprocity For Us.

London, April 7.—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the C. P. R. in an interview yesterday declared that Canada does not want reciprocity.

Postal Congress In Session.

Rome, April 7.—The delegates to the international postal congress met informally yesterday.

Command large fields, but cultivate small ones.—Virgil.

EASTER
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C. P. R. Agent, Belleville
Or write C. B. Foster, D. P. A., Toronto.

BILL WAS TALKED OUT

Cattle Embargo Discussed in the British Commons.

Premier Campbell-Bannerman Announced Government's Neutral Position—Tardy Justice to Canada Was Contention of Mover of Bill—Unsatisfactory Conclusion of the Debate Gives Impression That Bill Is Dead.

London, April 7.—(C. A. P.)—In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Thomas Cairns (Liberal), in moving the second reading of the diseases of animals act amendment bill, sketched the history of the act of 1896 and the continued hostility that had been shown it by reason of the fact that under its provisions foreign, and especially Canadian, cattle could not be landed alive at our home ports. This bill, he said, did not affect Ireland, yet the Nationalists had announced their intention of opposing it. It was eminently desirable to remove the embargo on Canadian cattle. The Canadian Government habitually complained of the restriction, inasmuch as Canada was free from disease. If there was any risk he would be the last to express himself in favor of the measure. During the last ten years 1,250,000 Canadian cattle were landed here, not one suffering from foot-and-mouth disease or anthrax. For every one of Canadian cattle killed for suffering from tuberculosis there were 11 home cattle destroyed. He argued that the sooner we had these healthy animals among our home herds the better.

Quality Had Deteriorated.

Mr. Price, seconding the motion, said the quality of stock had gone down under the operation of the act of 1896. It was not suggested that any risk of disease should be taken. Canada was free from the disease.

Messrs. Courtenay warned and C. Wason moved and seconded the rejection of the bill, and denied that it would benefit the farmer, the laborer or the consumer. Mr. Wason said he protested against the recent despatch of Hon. Sydney Fisher, which represented the action of the British Government as unfriendly to the Dominion. That was an unveracious statement.

Sir Gilbert Parker asked that Speaker if such an expression was permitted, and Mr. Wason said he would substitute the expression that the despatch was liable to misconstruction.

Mr. Hamar Greenwood supported the bill.

Mr. W. O'Brien said if the bill passed 200,000 holdings in Ireland would be rendered unprofitable.

Government Is Neutral.

The Premier said that personally he preferred the old system by which matters of this kind were left to the discretion of the responsible Ministers. If the embargo were suddenly removed it might cause nervousness in many parts of the country. As to the policy of admission of Canadian cattle, he thought the House should be left to determine these matters without the interference of the Government. He had no desire to exercise any influence, and would leave this an open question.

Walter Long, for the Opposition, scored the Government for not accepting responsibility.

Several members continued the discussion on both sides, while many others vainly tried to get the Speaker's eye. Finally the bill was talked out without a division, the Speaker refusing the closure.

Mr. Cairns afterwards said the bill would be put down in the usual way on Monday, but had not much chance of being reached. The impression among the members is that the bill is dead.

Rebel Has Only 200 Followers.

Greytown, Natal, April 7.—Bambaata, the leader of the Zulu rebels, is believed to be within seven miles of Greytown. He has only two hundred followers. It is impossible for infantry to penetrate the bush in pursuit of the rebels, but overlooking their hiding place is an eminence on which artillery is being placed. Natives also are prepared to tackle Bambaata in native fashion in the bush.

Arrested For Child's Murder.

Montreal, April 7.—Rauel Bradley, a former inmate of the Ahern household, but who was sent away because he failed to pay his board, was arrested last evening, charged with the murder of little Ida Ahern. Medical evidence showed that a frightful outrage had been attempted upon her.

60 Days For Bigamy.

Toronto, April 7.—Alex. Cockburn was yesterday given 60 days for bigamy. While coming from the old country last August he made the acquaintance of Alice Jeffreys, aged 26, and married her in October. The arrival from Scotland of his first wife with five children placed him in the hands of the police. Both women asked that Cockburn be liberated, and when sentence was passed the wronged woman fainted in the witness box.

English Firms Anxious.

Toronto, April 7.—The Provincial Treasurer yesterday received the following cablegram from Lord Strathcona:

"It is reported here that it is the intention of your Government to let Cobalt mines by tenders. Am requested by English firms to request full particulars. Kindly cable."

An answer will be sent by cable.

Policyholders Position Defined.

Albany, N. Y., April 7.—Senator Armstrong in the Senate yesterday introduced a new bill designed to remove whatever doubt may exist as to the eligibility of policyholders in stock life insurance companies to be elected directors therein, regardless of whether or not he owns stock. The bill was advanced to third reading without opposition.

Girder Placed at Last.

Guelph, April 7.—The big girder for the Grand River bridge on the Guelph & Goderich Railway, which played an important part in two bad accidents, was successfully placed in position yesterday afternoon.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Single Fare For Easter

Going April 12, 13, 14, 15 & 16th, returning until April 17th

Between all stations in Canada, also to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, N.Y., Detroit and Port Huron, Mich. Reduced fares also in effect to St. Paul and Duluth, Minn.

For tickets and full information call on
H. C. THOMPSON, Town Agent.
T. H. COPPIN, Depot Agent.

Hotel Belleclaire
Broadway and 77th Street,
New York.

Seventh Avenue, Amsterdam Ave. and West 77th St. Cars pass the door. Luxurious rooms for permanent and transient guests. Restaurant a Feature. Exquisite Palm Room. Art Nouveau Cafe. Royal Hungarian Orchestra.

"Most Artistically Beautiful Hotel in the World." Can offer few single rooms, with bath, beautifully furnished, suitable for two people, $80 per month.

TRANSIENT RATES:
One Room, with bath .... $2.50 per day
Parlor, Bedroom, with bath, $3 and $4 per day
Parlor, 2 Bedrooms, with bath, $5 and $7 per day

Every improvement known to modern ingenuity.

Write for our magazine, "The Hotel Belleclaire World."

MILTON ROBLEE, Proprietor.

HOTEL TOURAINE
Delaware Ave. & Johnson Park
BUFFALO, N. Y.

A modern, high-class and convenient stopping place, offering every accommodation for the comfort and pleasure of transient guests. Moderate prices.

Harry C. Griswold, Proprietor.

NEW YORK CENTRAL
& Hudson River R.

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SHORTEST Route to the United States via Cape Vincent, N.Y.

GOING EAST AND WEST

		Daily except Sunday	
Lv. Belleville (G.T.R.		1.39 a.m.	noon
Arr. Kingston	"	3.25 a.m.	1.25 p.m.
Lv. Kingston (steamer)		5.00 a.m.	2.00 p.m
Arr. CapeVincent (str.)		7.00 a.m.	4.00 p.m
Mondays only.			
Lv. CapeVincent N.Y.C.		7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
Arr. Watertown	"	8.10 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
Arr. Oswego	"	11.59 a.m.	9.12 p.m
Arr. Syracuse	"	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p.m
Arr. Rochester	"	2.28 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica	"	12.26 a.m.	9.00 p.m.
Arr. New York	"	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

Convenient train service in opposite direction

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor Cars

2c a Mile.

Books for 500 miles of travel on New York Central and leased lines within State of New York, cost only $10, while books for 1000 miles over New York Central, Boston & Albany, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, Philadelphia & Reading and C.R.R. of New Jersey, cost $20. Secure further information and purchase tickets from H. S. Folger, N.Y.C. agent, Kingston, Ont.

C. F. DALY,
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A. H. SMITH, General Manager,
New York.
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DOTS AND SPACES

By SHERWOOD BOYD

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Truesdell looked eagerly from the platform of the sleeper as the long train pulled into the station.

There, by the baggage truck, stood his father, soldierly, gray haired and eager to welcome his son. Back in the crowd were a dozen familiar faces, but the one he most anxiously sought was not to be seen.

"Where's Margie?" he asked when all greetings had been exchanged and at last he was free to fall into step with his father and go up the familiar street. He tried to speak carelessly, but his father caught the note of anxiety in his tones and sighed.

"I think she did not know you were coming," he said gently. "She doesn't come over to the house as she used to. Perhaps the attraction was removed," he added, with a poor little attempt at a joke. But it was a jest of the voice, not the heart, and he wondered how he might break to this big boy, of whom he was so proud, the fact that his little playmate had not only kept away from them, but that it was common report that she was engaged to George Colson.

"I should think," said Truesdell, "that she might have at least answered my letters. I telegraphed my address just before we sailed, and I wrote by almost every steamer."

"Marjorie has been away, Dick," said his father. "Perhaps she did not get your letters."

"Nonsense. She must have had some of them," declared Dick. "There she is now." And before the father could lay a detaining hand upon his arm Dick Truesdell had dropped his bag and dashed across the narrow street.

He paused dumbly as the girl passed with a most chilling nod and then, with slow step, retraced his way. The elder man put out his hand, and Dick grasped it and wrung it with a grip that meant more than words. It was the way they had come away from his mother's grave, hand in hand, only now it was the old man who led his son, not the son consoling the father.

Dick picked up his valise, and the two went up the street. They had almost reached the old home before the father spoke.

"I wanted to wait until we got home, Dick," he said, with a touch of wistfulness in his tones. "I thought Marjorie was still away and that I could tell you better in the house. Marjorie is going about a great deal with George Colson. She never comes near me now. I have tried to find out what the trouble is, but she only says that I should know as well as she."

"It will come out all right," said the boy, with a brave effort at cheerfulness. "At any rate, we shan't let it spoil the homecoming, shall we?" He linked his arm affectionately through his father's, and they turned in at the familiar gateway and went up the gravel walk to the house.

That night as Dick stood before the mirror in his own little room the motto his mother had put over the glass when he had come home from college caught his eye. It was simply, "Look before you leap," one of those printed texts for framing, but now it seemed almost like a message from the dead, and he put out the light and jumped into bed with a braver heart.

"I shan't leap to the conclusion that I've lost Margie until I've looked into the thing," he said to himself, and the thought brought sleep to eyes that might not have closed save for that promise.

But it was easier to declare than to execute, and it was almost a week before Dick saw Marjorie. Letters had been returned unanswered, and on the few occasions he had seen her on the street she had been with friends. At last one afternoon as he was coming down the street she fairly ran into him in the growing dusk.

She began to murmur an apology before she saw who it was, and by that time Dick had her arm.

"I want to know just what the trouble is," he said commandingly. "If you don't love me I'll not bother you again, but if it's something that can be explained let's have it over with. Perhaps there is an excuse."

"Your affront was inexcusable," she said coldly. "I desire no explanation."

"I insist upon one," he said quietly, but with a new note of mastery in his voice. She recognized the tone and shivered a little.

"Of course," she said, "I can't run away from you if you insist upon holding on to me this way, but"—

"I am glad to see you are convinced of that," he said softly. "I am not going to let you run away from me now or ever. There is some mistake somewhere, and I'll have the truth."

"There could be no mistake," she said. "The matter was entirely too clear to admit of explanation. I don't see why you should be so anxious to be friends with me when you have Marie."

"I don't want to be friends with you," he disclaimed. "I want to be your husband, and I don't remember any Marie that figures in this story."

"Doubtless you forget your traveling companion," she retorted.

"You mean Marie Gorman," he laughed. "I wonder who told you about that. Besides, she was Bennett's friend. His sister used to go to school with her or something."

"Very ingenious," sneered Marjorie, "but I fail to see that that explains anything. The fact that she was an acquaintance of Mr. Bennett does not excuse your going all over Europe with her."

"Now you are wrong," he said evenly. "We didn't go all over Europe together. We did Switzerland and the Rhine; then they went to the south for the winter, and we went on to Denmark."

"Who are 'they' and 'we'?" she demanded. "It is a little puzzling to keep track of your conversation."

"'We,' Bennett and myself; 'they,' the Gormans and the Crofts. We ran into them in London."

"I am no child to be told tales," she said bitterly. "I did hope that there might be some explanation I could accept, but you have made it impossible. After that telegram in which you declare that you are going abroad with Miss Gorman your explanation that you met them in London is an affront to my intelligence."

"I should like to see that telegram," he said. "It's the first I have heard of it."

"I still have it," she said. "If you think to get out of it by denying sending it you are mistaken. I kept it."

She led the way into the house, and he followed into the parlor. It gave him a pang as he remembered the pleasant evenings spent there and thought how close he was to losing it all, but he sprang up when she entered with a lamp and a sheet of yellow paper.

She thrust the latter toward him. "I don't suppose that you will deny sending this?" she said coldly.

"Not a bit," he admitted, "only I wrote: 'Am sailing for London with Marc tomorrow. Address American Exchange.' I cut out the Bennett to make ten words. The operator got it 'Marie.'"

"I don't see how he could do that?" she said doubtingly. Dick went over to the bookcase and drew down a volume.

"It's like this," he said, opening the book and laying it on the table. "Marc Bennett spells his name with a 'c' instead of a 'k.' Now, if you will look at this Morse code you will see that they telegraph two dots for 'i' and one for 'e.' 'C' is two dots, a space and a dot. Now, if the space between those dots was a little longer than it should be, as it very often is when a beginner is at the key, the receiver would read it 'ie' instead of 'c.' If Mark had spelled his name with a 'k' you would have been saved all this trouble, or if you had had more faith in me"—

"Don't scold," said Marjorie penitently, stopping his words with her soft lips. "I've been a little fool. Can you forgive me?"

Since Dick stayed to supper he presumably did.

The University Presidency.

The unity and security of a university can only be assured through accountability to a central office. While every one is to have freedom to do in his own way the thing he is set to do, so long as his way proves to be a good way, the harmony of the whole depends upon the parts fitting together and upon definiteness of responsibility and frequency of accountability. No self respecting man is going to administer a great office or an office responsible for great results and have any doubt about possessing the powers necessary or incident to the performance of his work. He will have enough to think of without having any doubt upon that subject. There need be no fear of his being too much inflated with power. There will be enough to take the conceit out of him and keep him upon the earth. If he cannot exercise the powers of his great office and yet keep steady and sane there is no hope for him, and he will speedily come to official ruin. It is not a matter of uplifting or of inflating a man, but of getting a man who can meet the demands of a great situation.—Andrew S. Draper in Atlantic.

She Was Ready For Him.

He had come to break off the engagement. His mother didn't approve of his choice. Besides, he felt that he was too timid to assume the responsibilities of married life.

It wasn't a pleasant task.

"I have come," he said, "to say that—isn't there some one stirring at the side door?"

"It is nothing," she hastily answered. "You were about to say that"—

"I were about—I mean I was about to say that I think that we have—I mean I have—made a mistake in—I'm sure I hear somebody shuffling at the keyhole!"

She laughed in an unmirthful way.

"Yes," she said, "my football brother, with his brindle bulldog, is out there waiting."

He didn't ask what they were waiting for.

"I have come to say, dearest," he briskly remarked, "that I think I have made a mistake in permitting you to put your wedding day so far ahead."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Usefulness of a Watch.

"If a business man did not require a watch in getting to and from the office every day," said a busy merchant, "he would need one to keep himself from being deluded and hurried or retarded by the hundred and one clocks he is sure to glance at en route. Have you ever noticed," he continued, smiling, "how few clocks are required to fill their original purpose of keeping the correct time? Not one in twenty or twenty-five is really exact, and frequently two clocks within half a block of each other will differ all the way from fifteen minutes to half an hour. The clocks in many stores regulate the time to suit their own sweet will. Public clocks and church clocks are frequently run down or out of order, and it really seems as if the only thing on duty in all timekeeping creation is the business man's pocket timepiece."—New York Press.

Solid Emery Wheels.

In the production of solid emery wheels the best cement that can be employed is one that binds the emery together with that degree of strength which will resist the centrifugal strain due to the high speed at which emery wheels cut best—about 5,000 feet speed per minute. It must not soften by frictional heat or glaze or burst or become brittle and break with cold, nor must it hold the cutting grains until they are too dull to cut nor release them so readily as to waste away the wheel too fast. It must be capable of being thoroughly mixed evenly with the grain emery, so that the wheel may not have either hard or soft spots and be out of balance, and must also be capable of being tempered to suit different kinds of metal or work. Great care and skill are required in the matter of selecting only pure and strong chemicals for these cements.—Cassier's Magazine.

The Bald Head.

A bald head is a less familiar (and nowadays less true) representative of the unchangeable than the Ethiopian's skin or the leopard's spots, but it was cited in this character with impressive pathos by Hipparchus, one of the seven martyrs of Samosata. After they had been subjected to severe tortures they were at last confronted with seven crosses, and the Emperor Maximian offered them a last chance to recant. But the aged Hipparchus put his hand on his bald head and cried, "As this, according to the order of nature, cannot again be covered with hair, so never will I change or conform to your wish!" Maximian ordered a goat's skin to be nailed to Hipparchus' head and then jeeringly claimed that the condition was fulfilled. But Hipparchus remained obdurate and speedily died on the cross.—London Chronicle.

He Was Absentminded.

The absentminded man is at it again. He had been reading the egg story and decided to try the trick. The first thing to do was to boil the egg. How many minutes? he asked himself, and, going to the stove with the egg in one hand and his watch in the other, he dropped the latter in the hot water. Then, placing the egg on the table, he sat down to read until the time was up. At the end of five or six minutes he was surprised to find the egg lying there before him, but, supposing that he had himself taken it from the kettle and cooled it, he proceeded to crack and peel it. The consequence may be imagined. Finally he missed his watch. The house was searched high and low, and it was not till the following morning that the cook found it in the kettle, where it had been boiling for hours.—Exchange.

SPEED OF INSECTS.

A Common House Fly Travels a Mile In Thirty-three Seconds.

It is the popular belief that the flight of the birds is much swifter than that of the insects, but a number of naturalists who have been making a study of the matter think that such is not the case.

A common house fly, for example, is not very rapid in its flight, but its wings make 800 beats a second and send it through the air twenty-five feet, under ordinary circumstances, in that space of time. When the insect is alarmed, however, it has been found that it can increase its rate of speed by over 160 feet per second. If it could continue such rapid flight for a mile in a straight line, it would cover that distance in exactly thirty-three seconds.

It is not an uncommon thing when traveling by rail in the summer time to see a bee or wasp keeping up with the train and trying to get in at one of the windows. A swallow is considered one of the swiftest of flying birds, and it was formerly thought that no insect could escape it.

A naturalist, however, told of an exciting chase he saw between a swallow and a dragon fly, which is among the swiftest of insects. The insect flew with incredible speed and wheeled and dodged with such ease that the swallow, despite its utmost efforts, completely failed to overtake it.

Marked.

"His attentions to you have been marked, have they not?" said the young woman's experienced friend.

"Oh, yes. He has never taken the price ticket off any of his presents."

Precisely.

Izzy Innit—Did you ever hear an oyster bay?

Tommy Rott—Yes, it's sort of a Long Island sound.

Mean.

Molly—Have you seen Mabel's engagement ring? Dolly—Seen it? Why, I wore it all last summer.

Safety For Children.

Baby's Own Tablets is the only medicine that gives the mother the guarantee of a government analyst that it contains no poisonous opiate and is absolutely safe. This is worth much to every mother who cares for the future welfare of her child. The Tablets are good for the tenderest baby or for the well grown boy or girl, and cure the minor troubles that are inseparable from childhood. Mrs. W. J. Macintosh, Clam Harbor, N. S., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for constipation, vomiting and colds and have found them a splendid medicine. I give the Tablets all the credit for the splendid health my little one now enjoys." The wise mother will always keep a box of these Tablets on hand. They can be got from any druggist or by mail from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 25 cents a box.

Beyond Criticism....

"SALADA"

CEYLON NATURAL GREEN TEA

Is a perfectly pure tea of the highest quality.

LEAD PACKETS ONLY—25c, 30c, 40c, 50c AND 60c PER LB. AT ALL GROCERS.

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There are wheatfoods and wheat foods, but only one pure

SHREDDED WHEAT

It is made in Canada of the choicest Ontario Wheat, steam-cooked, drawn into fine shreds and baked. Better than porridge for breakfast—good for any meal with fruit or Vegetables.

Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book," postpaid.

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Saturday Night Bargains!

5 Dozen Corset Covers, trimmed with lace, regular price 30c, on sale at	19c
5 Dozen Parasols, regular price 75c, on sale at	49c
3 Dozen Parasols, regular price $1.00, on sale each at.	73c
5 Pieces Swiss Spot Muslin, regular price 18c, on sale at per yard	12½c
8 Pieces Printed Organdie Muslins, very pretty patterns, reg. price 20c, on sale at per yard	12½c
1 Dozen Top Skirts, made of Cheviot, a good wearing skirt, regular price $3.00, on sale at	$2.25
1 Dozen Skirts in Tweed effects, pleated style, colors green and brown, regular price $4.00, on sale at	$2.75

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And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in *Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.*

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raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All indoors. You'll get [illegible] for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes

BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,

and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for 15c. stamps or coin. Address

COTTAM BIRD SEED, 23 St., London, Ont.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of Heber Williams Cronk, late of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Liveryman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario," 1897, chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of the said Heber Williams Cronk, who died on or about the Nineteenth day of November, 1905, are required, on or before the Twenty-fifth day of April, 1906, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Clute & Morden, of the City of Belleville, solicitors for the Administratrix, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice, that after such last mentioned date, the said Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that she will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice has not been received, as required.

Dated this 24th day of March, A. D. 1906. CLUTE & MORDEN,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves the Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Sunlight Soap

is a perfect cleaner and will not injure anything.

Best for all household purposes, Sunlight Soap's superiority is most conspicuous in the washing of clothes.

Common soaps destroy the painted or varnished surfaces of woodwork and take the color out of clothes.

Even the daintiest linen or lace, or the most delicate colors may be safely washed with Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

5c. Buy it and follow directions 5c.

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Full discription furnished on receipt of Postal card.

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Is positively free from all deleterious ingredients—its absolute purity being vouched for by such eminent medical celebrities as L. MINIER, French Chemist of the Laboratory of Practical Sciences, and MILTON L. HERSEY, Government Analyst.

It is strongly recommended for Anæmia, Loss of Sleep, Dyspepsia, La Grippe, General Debility and Nervous Prostration.

ALL DRUGGISTS

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

HOME WHERE'ER THE HEART IS.

'Tis home where'er the heart is,
 Where'er its loved ones dwell,
In cities or in cottages,
 Thronged haunts or mossy dell.
The heart's a rover ever,
 And thus on wave and wild
The maiden with her lover walks,
 The mother with her child.

'Tis bright where'er the heart is:
 Its fairy spells can bring
Fresh fountains to the wilderness
 And to the desert spring.
There are green isles in each ocean,
 O'er which affection glides,
And a haven on each rugged shore
 When love's the star that guides.

'Tis free where'er the heart is;
 Nor chain nor dungeon dim
May check the mind's aspirings,
 The spirit's pealing hymn.
The heart gives life its beauty,
 Its glory and its power;
'Tis sunlight to its rippling stream
 And soft dew to its flower.

—Anon.

NELSON'S FAMOUS MEMO.

Patriotic Dealer Saves the Manuscript and Relic Stays In England.

Ever since the manuscript of Milton's "Paradise Lost," was carried off to the United States, for the price of £5,000 ($25,000), something like a panic has reigned in that circle of society interested in what is termed national treasures, says a London correspondent, and there was quite a nervous flutter, judging from the appeals to the Government, which, however, were all disregarded in the excitement of the opening of the new Parliament, when it became known that Nelson's famous memorandum to the fleet before the battle of Trafalgar was to be put up for auction at Christie's.

But the anxiety has subsided and given place to rejoicing. In the same way as a patriotic art dealer recently purchased the famous picture of "Venus and Cupid," by Velasquez, at a cost of £45,000 ($225,000), and presented it to the National Gallery—where, by the way, it has been hung this week between the other Velasquez canvases, namely, "Philip the Fourth" and "Admiral Pulido Pareja"—so has this memorandum been purchased by another patriotic dealer, Mr. Frank Sabin bidding and bidding until the hammer finally fell, amid the cheers of a large crowd, at £3,600 ($18,000).

No Provision For Defeat.

This remarkable document consists of four quarto pages, each side of which is covered in the bold handwriting of Nelson, with the orders issued to his captains at Trafalgar, including a rough map of the intended attack. It is interesting to note that in this forecast of the battle no provision is made for anything but victory.

The former ownership of the document was not disclosed, but it is believed to have been found in a desk which Admiral Sir George Mundy Rodney's grandson gave to one of his servants in 1884.

Though valuable, less interest was shown in the disposal of one of the official copies of the same memorandum addressed to William Leshmere, Esq., captain of H. M. S. Thunderer, and which was purchased by a dealer, Mr. Maggs, for £180 ($900). It is marked secret and contains the following note: "When the Thunderer quits the fleet for England you are to return the secret memo to the Victory." It was the property of Mr. John R. Talbot, son of Admiral Sir John Talbot, who commanded the Thunderer after the battle Trafalgar.

The terror of the wealthy American collector is voiced in an editorial in The Daily Express, which says: "What is required in order to prevent the loss of national treasures and waste of public money is the adoption of the stringent Italian law which forbids the sale of historical heirlooms to foreign purchasers. It ill becomes this country to lag behind Italy in such a matter, the more so as the purse of the American millionaire is as bottomless as his tastes are eclectic."

Dispersal of Art Works.

And now a large, interesting and very valuable collection of works of art is soon to be scattered over the land, if not over the world. They are the duplicate mezzotints and etchings from the Royal Library at Windsor and which are now on view at Messrs. Agnew & Sons' rooms. The majority were added to the collection during the reign of Queen Victoria and are stamped with the letters "V. R." There are many hundred mezzotint portraits of historical men and women, principally naval, military and theatrical personages, after famous artists.

Two are worthy of special notice—extremely fine proofs before letters, after Sir Joshua Reynolds, of full length portraits of the Duchess of Devonshire and the Duchess of Rutland, which were published in 1780. Both are very rare and will be eagerly sought by collectors.

Familiar Ostriches.

A traveler on the railway from Cape Town to Victoria Falls in South Africa writes: "There is not much incident on the trip, though the life at wayside stations when the engine stops for a drink is always interesting. At Mochudo two tame ostriches walked majestically up and down beside the train, their little heads on a level with the passengers, who sometimes would hand them a biscuit. I was told to keep my camera out of sight or they would gobble it up. A man was lighting a cigarette at one of the carriage windows when one of the ostriches bit from his hand and swallowed a box of matches. The matches were of the kind that light only on the outside of the box, so that the probability of the lucifers igniting on any of the stray bits of bottles on the staircase going down was minimised."

G. B. Shaw Explains His Epigrams.

I told a lie accidentally on the platform at Wakefield the other day. A workman corrected me afterward in private conversation. I assured him that it was pure ignorance on my part. "Oh," he said, with a slightly disappointed air, "didn't you know? We thought it was one of your epigrams." I think this shows a remarkable insight on the part of a poor man into the true nature of most modern epigrams.—From The Clarion.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

"Help"

"Wrestlers"

will be the subjects of the sermons by the pastor, Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. to-morrow in

BRIDGE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

Singing led by large choir, assisted by a choir of boys, under the direction of Prof. V. P. Hunt.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School for people of all ages.

Strangers in the city, students at colleges and all other visitors welcome at this church. Open every day

HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST.

Rev. R. H. Leitch, Pastor.

Times of Refreshing.

10 a.m.—Young converts' meeting, Junior Epworth League, class fellowship for all.

11 a.m.—W.M.S. 25th anniversary.

7 p.m.—The World for Christ. Student Movement.

2.30 p.m.—S. S. session of special interest to old and young; good music; orchestra director, Prof. Denmark.

Congregational singing: large choir, led by Mr. M. C. Gordon.

Monday evening—Epworth League of C. E.

Tuesday evening—The Brotherhood.

Wednesday evening — Evangelistic service, 8 p.m.

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Victoria Avenue, between Church and Pinnacle Streets.

Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector.

Divine service morning and evening.

Morning sermon — "The Crowning Paradise of History."

Evening sermon—"The Glory of the Cross, as Displayed in the Consummation of Redeeming Love."

Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m.

Y.P.S.C.E. meeting Monday evening at 8.

Prayer and praise service, Wednesday evening at 8.

Praise, Psalter and Litany with Bible talk, Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

BETHEL HALL.

Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.

—Sunday—

The Lord's Supper, 11 a.m.
Sunday School, 3 p.m.
Gospel preaching, 7 p.m.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH.

Church Street.

Rev. George Brown, Pastor.

Morning service at 11. Subject—"Steadfastness."

Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m.

Music led by orchestra.

Evening service at 7. Subject—"Christ Our Refuge."

Epworth League, Monday evening, at 8

Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p.m.

Students and strangers cordially invited to all services.

JOHN ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. A. H. Drumm, Pastor.

Residence—15 Alexander Street.

Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

The pastor will preach at both services to-morrow.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

Young People's Guild, Monday at 8 p.m.

Mid-week service Wednesday at 8 p.m.

All are welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. R. S. Laidlaw,

Residence "The Manse," George St.

Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

The Pastor will preach at both services to-morrow.

11 a.m.—"Christ, the Way."

7 p.m.—"A Foolish Bargain."

Sabbath School and Men's Bible Class at 3 p.m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

VICTORIA AVE. BAPTIST CHURCH,

Cor. Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.

Rev. Chas. H. Emerson, M.A., Pastor,

Residence, 231 John St.

Morning — "The Cosmopolitanism of Jesus."

Evening—"The Companions of Solitude."

Sunday School at 3 p.m.

The pastor's Bible class for adults meets at 3 p.m.

Men's prayer meeting, Sunday, 6.30 p.m.

Strangers will be cordially welcomed. Seats free.

CHRIST CHURCH.

(Anglican.)

Coleman St.—Across Footbridge.

Rector—Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.A.

Holy Communion at St. George's at 8 a.m.

Morning Prayer at 11.

S. S. and Bible Class at 3 p.m.

Evensong at 7.

Preacher, the Rector. Subjects appropriate for Palm Sunday.

Midweek service on Wednesday night at St. George's.

Seats free; visitors welcome.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

HAVE A SYSTEM.

It Will Lighten Your Labors and Rest Mind and Body.

Care must be taken that the time set apart for the various items of housework is long enough to allow these to be thoroughly done and also that the arrangement is such that both mistress and servant will have some degree of leisure every day.

In many well regulated houses a time table is hung on the kitchen wall, with the work of each day carefully noted as well as the time to be devoted to each item. The work of each household can easily be arranged so that there is little to be done on the last day of the week, which most people regard as a half holiday.

An early start must be made every day. In all households, whether great or small, each apartment should be thoroughly cleaned once a week. It is a good plan to have a day set apart for each room, and one day every two weeks at least ought to be devoted to the cleaning and arrangement of cupboards and what are known as "odd corners."

If windows are cleaned regularly the work can be both easily and quickly performed. Bright windows and fresh curtains generally indicate the character of the interior of a dwelling. Ironing ought to be done as soon as possible after the washing is finished, as one never gets the work performed so quickly and efficiently as when the clothes are newly taken from the line.—Boston Traveler.

AN AID IN CLEANING.

Many Ways In Which Kerosene Oil May Be Used.

"If more women knew how quickly and thoroughly coal oil acts as a cleaning agent there would be fewer tired backs and aching bones on cleaning day," said a little woman, whose apartment is always as fleckless as the streets of a certain town celebrated for its immaculate condition.

"Ever since the hint was given to me by a practical friend, a fifty years' housekeeper," she continued, "I've been learning to use the oil for more and more purposes each week—in fact, I am a coal oil crank. I wipe up my stained wood floors with a rag moistened with the oil and find that in addition to removing every scrap of dust it darkens the boards a little every time, which is a disideratum in my case, as the floor is of soft wood and wears easily.

"All the woodwork I wipe with another rag on which I sprinkle a few drops of oil. Anything of porcelain, like a bathtub, it cleans most beautifully; also the bathroom washstand and closet, only taking the precautions to change your cloths. The wall back of my range is painted a deep red. When it becomes greasy and dusty I find that the oiled cloth makes a splendid cleanser, although I confess I tried it in the first instance with fear and trembling.—Philadelphia Press.

LAUNDRY LINES.

Calico dresses should be soaked in strong salt water for an hour before washing, so as to set the colors.

If a cup of thin boiled starch is put in half a tub of rinsing water for table linen and handkerchiefs they will be greatly improved in appearance.

Tie a lump of arrowroot in a thick cotton cloth and boil it with the fine white pieces to give them a dainty odor more delightful than from sachet powder.

To prevent goods from fading drop into a pail of water a teaspoonful of lead acetate and let it dissolve. Soak the goods in this mixture for half an hour before washing them in the ordinary manner.

Colored ginghams should be washed through thin starch water, without any soap, and then rinsed in soft cold water and hung to dry in a shady place, as few colors can stand to be exposed to the sun while damp.

A Pretty Basket.

There are many pretty and useful things that can be made with a crochet hook and a ball of common twine. Baskets may be made in bag shape, then starched and shaped over a suitable dish. The dish must be slightly greased before stretching the bag over it, so that it will come off readily after it is dry. Two coats of varnish will be needed after it is stiffened with starch. By mixing a little bronze paint and some turpentine with the last coat of varnish a very pretty basket is secured. Shellac varnish should be used with the paints, and gold or silver paint may be used instead of the bronze if preferred.

Whitening the Teeth.

The teeth are improved by the use of salt. Rubbed wet when the mouth is stained with fruit it will bleach perfectly. Rubbed in once a day with a brush it is a tonic and antiseptic, and combined with peroxide it makes a powerful bleach. This is done by wetting a brush with a few drops of peroxide of hydrogen and then dipping it into the salt. This will have a most pronounced effect upon yellow teeth, whitening them noticeably, but it should not be used oftener than once in ten days or the enamel will be injured.

Tender Feet.

A good bath for tender feet is composed of five quarts of hot water, 200 grams of boric acid and five grains of tannin. The feet should be soaked in this bath for ten minutes. Dry thoroughly. If your feet are sore after a long walk or vigorous exercise, massage them with olive oil. They respond to care very quickly. If your feet swell from long standing, dissolve one ounce of alum, two ounces of rock salt and two ounces of borax in the bath.

Tired Doctoring

How many people in Canada are ***tired doctoring?*** How many have gone from one doctor to another searching for the health they cannot find? How many, disheartened and hopeless, are wondering today if all the sunshine and pleasure has gone out of life forever? They are the ones to whom Psychine is recommended by people who were once as they are but who today are healthy and happy. We can only mention a very few of the many here, but listen to what they say. It's the grandest news ever given to suffering men and women:—

MR. JAMES HERRELL, Springhill, N.S.—

"I was taken down with La Grippe, then Pneumonia and Typhoid Fever, which soon affected my lungs. I was under the care of several physicians, who regarded my case as hopeless. I found a cure in Psychine."

MISS ELLA WOOD, Brownsville, Ont.—

"I was so weak I could hardly drag myself across the floor. I could not sweep the carpet under any consideration. Many times I dropped utterly helpless from fatigue. I found a cure in Psychine."

MR. ALEX. MATHESON, Braemar, Ont.—

"My physician advised me to go to another climate. He told me that my lungs were seriously affected, and that I could only live a short time. I found a cure in Psychine."

MISS ADA M. CHILDS, Florence, Ont.—

"For many months my father had a very bad cough and rheumatism through his chest. He suffered great tortures, and had given up all hope of recovery. He found a cure in Psychine."

MR. BRYCE ALLEN, Jarvis, Ont.—

"I tried medicines, and doctors prescribed for me, but I got no relief. With lungs and stomach diseased, nervous, weak and wasted, I began to use Psychine. With two months' treatment I found a cure in Psychine."

These people were ***tired doctoring,*** just as you are. They thought life held nothing for them but pain and suffering and that terrible feeling of weakness and despondency. They found new life in Psychine, and what the great tonic and germ killer has done for them it will do for you. It stops the ravages of disease and repairs the damage done. The greatest builder-up of weak men and women ever given to the public, the greatest of all spring medicines is

PSYCHINE

(Pronounced Si-Keen)

50c Per Bottle

LARGER SIZES—$1 and $2. ***AT ALL DRUGGISTS***

There are towns in Hungary, and small towns, too, where from seven to ten idioms are constantly being used. On the Galician frontier there is in a lovely valley the old town of Eperjes. The number of its inhabitants do not exceed 12,000. To this day the good people of Eperjes are in the habit of talking or being talked to in six different languages and several dialects. An ordinary household will include a Slovac manservant, a Hungarian coachman, a German cook and a Polish chambermaid. What is still more remarkable, each grade of society will tenaciously cling to its own language for centuries.

H. R. Beattie,

BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 7

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	93⅞	93¾
do pref	....	....
St. Paul	177⅛	176⅞
Mop	90	95⅜
Union Pac	157⅞	156⅞
C.P.R.	173	172⅞
Sou Pac	65⅞	65¾
R I	27⅞	27⅞
Ills. C.	172½	173
Sou. Ry	40⅞	40½
Texas	....	....
B. & O	113⅞	113
N Y C	144½	144⅞
Penn	141⅞	141⅞
Soo	160	159
T. W.	....	....
Erie	45⅜	45
do pref	78	78¼
Reading	138⅛	137⅞
C. O	60	59½
O W	52¾	52½
Manhattan	156⅞	156⅞
W C	....	.
L. & N.	150	150
A. F.	44⅞	44¼
Nor	90	90
Wab.	22½	22¼
do pref	...	...
A. R.	160⅛	159⅞
C. G. W	21⅜	21⅛
T.C.I.	151	151
U. S. Steel	42⅞	42⅜
do pref	108⅛	107⅞
Sugar	140½	140
B.R.T.	87¾	87½
P. O	95⅝	95⅜
A. C. P.	112⅞	112⅞
Met.	115⅞	115⅞
Alo.	68½	68½
C.F.I.	61⅞	60¼

Few children reach the age of eight years without having worked out a cosmology of their own and their own system of metaphysics. A group of youngsters of that mature age were going home from school the other day when one began to instruct the others what to do in case of a certain crisis. "When the end of the world comes do you know what you want to do?" asked the manikin. "Well, you want to give a little jump like this. The world will slip out from under you, and you'll light on the one a-followin' it and be all right." Then the youngsters began practicing the sort of jump that was necessary to give them immortality.

A Specialist's Prescription

for women

Who Feel Tired and Run Down.

A Remedy that Gives New Life and Vigor and makes Women Feel Good.

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for Women are the prescription of a specialist.

We don't say that no other living physician could prescribe so good a remedy for women. But we do say this. The ordinary practising physician cannot prescribe so good a one, and no living physician can prescribe a better one.

Dr. Hugo put into the prescription all the knowledge, experience and skill which he had acquired in forty years' practice as a specialist in women's diseases, and included as well the discoveries of all other great physicians.

All that is latest in medicine—all that has been found useful to women, is contained in them. Nothing useless has been included. Nothing useful has been left out.

The result is, that every requirement of the female system in any possible condition is met by them.

And this fact has been certified to by leading physicians and chemists on this continent, to whom Dr. Hugo's prescription was submitted.

If you are in a run-down condition and don't feel as well as you would like to, or suffer from any menstruation difficulty, or weakness peculiar to your sex, avail yourself at once of the prescription of this great and good physician.

The cost of 72 tablets, enough for an extended treatment, is only 50c.

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets Make Healthy Women.

Legend of a Book.

A quaint and kindly legend, illustrating the sorrow devout Christians used to feel for the paganism of their favorite classic authors, is that of St. Cadoc and his Virgil. St. Cadoc, whose day is Jan. 24, was the son of a South Welsh prince, who founded several monasteries in Glamorganshire and neighboring regions, but was driven away to Brittany by the coming of the Saxons. There he was walking one day with a copy of Virgil's poems in his hand and wept to think that Virgil as a pagan might be in hell. An ultra orthodox friend who was with him severely reproved him for even doubting the fact, and a sudden gust of wind carried the book out of Cadoc's hand into the sea. But that night he heard in a dream a sweet voice saying: "Pray for me; weary not in praying. I will sing the mercies of the Lord forever." And next day a fisherman brought Cadoc a fish inside which the Virgil was found uninjured. —London Chronicle.

Mixed Wives.

In the early part of the last century there lived in an old New England town a Mr. Church, who in the course of his earthly life was bereft of four wives, all of whom were buried in the same lot. In his old age it became necessary to remove the remains to a new cemetery. This he undertook himself, but in the process the bones became hopelessly mixed. His "New England conscience" would not allow him under the painful circumstances to use the original headstones, so he procured new ones, one of which bore the following inscription:

"Here lies Hannah Church and probably a portion of Emily."

Another:

"Sacred to the memory of Emily Church, who seems to be mixed with Matilda."

Then followed these lines:

Stranger, pause and drop a tear,
For Emily Church lies buried here,
Mixed in some perplexing manner
With Mary, Matilda and probably Hannah.

The Last Versailles Bourbon.

There is at Versailles an orange tree some five centuries old. This tree, which was taken from Fontainebleau of Versailles on the completion of the orangery, was already famous under the title of the Grand Bourbon. According to tradition, the tree had been planted in 1421 by a Princess of Navarre and after several changes of owners came into the possession of Francois I., by whom it was placed at Fontainebleau. When it reached Versailles the king came to visit it, and two grand Bourbons were then face to face. The man passed, and even his bones, torn from their tomb at St. Denis and tossed into a trench, have perished. Not a pinch of his dust remains. But the tree lives and blooms and bears fruit, the only Bourbon at Versailles, serene, invincible, enthroned.

Significant "Nots"

A Life Insurance Company may be judged by what it DOES NOT DO as well as by what it DOES DO. As illustrating the things which the management of

The Mutual Life OF CANADA

does NOT do, attention is invited to the following:

(1) This Company does NOT write foreign business; it does NOT seek business outside British North America and Newfoundland.

(2) It does NOT invest in stocks or in foreign securities of any kind; all its securities are legitimate, first class and productive.

(3) It does NOT deal in Real Estate and does NOT own palatial branch office buildings.

(4) It does NOT deposit in Trust Companies and its officers do NOT hold stock in any subsidiary Trust or Deposit Company.

Head Office, Waterloo, Canada

S. BURROWS,
General Agent, Belleville.

AS SMOOTH AS A BILLIARD TABLE.

Your comfort on a railway journey very largely depends upon the roadbed of the route you select. No matter how luxurious the coaches, or how much personal attention you receive from the employees, you cannot be comfortable if jolted and jarred by a poor and irregular roadbed. On the Lake Shore Railway no expense has been spared to make a roadbed as nearly perfect as the most skilful engineering could build, and as a result, throughout the entire length and breadth of the system the right of way is as smooth as a billiard table. No jolts or jars, nor dust nor dirt. This perfection of service extends throughout the entire system. Lake Shore trains are the most luxurious, they are equipped with every comfort and convenience and are run at highest speed and in safety. They run on time. For your own sake you should see that your ticket reads "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway." Write for full information about rates and routes to J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O., or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

Get Ready For Easter

The spring lines are complete and at their best. Every department exploits spring newness and beauty. Come soon.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats, Raincoats

All the style innovations are here—all the new weaves, colorings and effects are now to be had. Correct to fashion's latest dictates, masterfully tailored, exact in fit, the unmatchable variety to select from, assures the complete satisfying of every taste and fancy.

The Hart, Schaffner & Marx line, sold exclusively by us in Belleville, is the feature of a gathering which acknowledges no superior anywhere in the land. Other good makes are also shown in comprehensive variety, in all sizes, and at our always moderate prices, assuring in every instance the best of values, and which range from—

$5.00 to $22.00

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Your Easter Tie

Our showing of Easter Ties is indeed a Beauty Show We've Neck Dressings selected specially for Easter trade. We've all the correct and handsome shapes from the shops of THE MOST NOTED MAKERS. Shapes are new—weaves of silk are new. We've many a spring fancy that you'll not be able to find in other stores.

Come here, sir, for your Easter Tie and you'll get the correct thing.

Our Boys' Clothing

Our Boys' Clothing Department is the birthplace of many new and beautiful styles. The suits we put forth this season are the most stylish, durable and the best in every way we have ever sold.

Bring in the young man and see what we have to show in Boys' Clothes.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

STYLISH HATS

You need the stylish, reliable Hat. Our stock comprises all the newest shapes and colors.

HAVE A LOOK AT THEM

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURING FURRIER.

N. B. Highest cash prices paid for Raw Furs.

Get It In the Neck?

You really can't do better looking for **New and Natty Neckwear** than to call and inspect our freshly selected stock.

25, 50, 75, $1, $1.50, $2

GLOVES

In all the most fashionable shades

$1.00, $1.50, $2.00

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

INCREDULITY.

Many good people can scarcely believe their eyes when they see the many improvements made in lenses, nose clips, etc., for the betterment of eyesight. Not everything that is new is good, but whatever is new and good we adopt immediately. So you have here an up-to-date collection of superior eye aids. Free expert eye examination, and correct pricing are further inducements for dealing with us.

—ALEX. RAY.

HAT PINS

A very handy article these windy days

You should see our new assortment of Hat Pins, all American designs in heads, shields, flowers, etc., in grey, silver and rose gold effects set with Aquamarines and amethysts.

Ranging in price from

20c to $1.00

T. BLACKBURN

Cut glass & Sterling silver

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialist.

Attractive Bath Rooms

Every house ought to have an attractive Bath Room, but it should be attractive not only because it is pretty, but because sanitary laws have been observed—the plumbing of the best, and the workmanship hygienically correct.

Our goods are first-class, workmanship the best and prices right.

John Lewis & Co.

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

EASTERTIDE EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Via New York Central lines, Thursday, April 12th, 1906. Exceptionally low rates. Ten days return limit. Through day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. Apply to nearest New York Central ticket agent.

m10wta11-d31

Son Used Knife On His Father.

SERIOUS RESULT OF A FAMILY QUARREL IN CARLOW TOWNSHIP, THIS COUNTY.

As a result of a family quarrel, Mr. O. K. Cameron, of the township of Carlow, Hastings County, is suffering from three knife wounds in his arms, inflicted by his son George, and is in a very serious condition.

From the information we have been able to gather, says the Bancroft Times, it appears that bad blood has existed for some time between the father and son with regard to the division of the farm. Mrs. Cameron is dead and when the son got married last winter against his father's wishes and asked to have the property deeded to him the trouble began which culminated in an encounter on Tuesday morning in which the father came near losing his life.

We understand the quarrel took place after the transfer of the property had been made and when Mr. Cameron, Sr., undertook to tell the boy what he thought of him. The son claims that his father struck at him with his fist and he drew the knife in self defence. He used it to good advantage, and appears to have made up his mind to put the old man hors de combat. The first blow severed the main artery in the left arm near the shoulder and made a wound which it took eight stitches to close up. At this juncture the father reached for a neck-yoke and the son stabbed him twice again in the right arm. The timely arrival of a neighbor, who tied up the wound in the left arm and stopped the flow of blood, saved the old man's life, as he would have bled to death in a few minutes.

A telephone message was sent to Bancroft for a doctor, and Dr. Beeman went down. He found the wounded man in pretty bad shape. When the bandages were removed from the left arm a stream of blood as thick as your finger shot out, and he had considerable difficulty in stopping the flow. However he succeeded in getting the wounds dressed and made the unfortunate man as comfortable as possible. He is still very weak from loss of blood, but will be brought to town as soon as it is safe to move him. Mr. Cameron is between sixty and seventy years of age.

The young man who did the stabbing is still at large. He treats the matter very lightly, and expresses complete indifference as to the outcome of the quarrel.

Since the above was written, Young Cameron came to town and was placed under arrest by Constable Ruttan. He will be given a preliminary hearing to-day.

Smallpox Across the Bay Bridge.

DISEASE IS BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN CARRIED BY A DOG — UNUSUAL, BUT NOT IMPOSSIBLE.

It was stated on the street to-day that there had been an outbreak of smallpox across the bay, a short distance from the bay bridge, in the Township of Ameliasburg, at the residence of Mr. F. Pitcher, son-in-law of the late Geo. Leonard, of this city. Investigation showed that for some days a son of Mr. Pitcher's, who had been a regular attendant at the Rednersville public school, had been complaining of not feeling well.

The symptoms created some alarm, owing to a peculiar rash which began showing itself. The lad's father consulted a doctor of this city, who pronounced the case indicative of smallpox.

The local doctor at once notified Dr. Moran, Medical Health Officer for Ameliasburg, located at Rednersville Dr Moran at once communicated with Mr. Cyrus Giles, chairman of the Ameliasburg Board of Health, who summoned a meeting of the Board last evening at Dr. Moran's office.

After learning the facts of the case the Board very properly decided to take prompt action in the matter and instructed Dr. Moran to visit the home of Mr. Pitcher at once and take the necessary proceedings under the Health Act to stamp out the disease. The Board of Health have ordered the public school and Sabbath school to be closed pending further developments.

A peculiar feature in connection with the outbreak of the disease is that a diseased dog is supposed to be the cause of the infection.

If such be the case it is an unusual thing, but as it is stated that such diseases are transmitted more readily through hair than in any other way, the dog may be responsible for the spreading of the disease.

Dr. Moran has had some experience with smallpox, and the public may rest contented that, with the assistance of the Ameliasburg Board of Health, nothing will be left undone which should be done to confine the disease to its present quarters.

Japanese Famine Fund

Already Acknowledged.. $64.74

ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

L. M. P.	$1.00
J. B. Jessup	1.00

HOW ABOUT YOUR PAINTING?

All customers of Mr. M. Cummins will be pleased to hear that he will shortly return from a trip to Chicago and other cities, where he has been for the purpose of obtaining the latest ideas in painting and paper hanging. It will be to your advantage to leave orders or make enquiries at the store of Mr. James Cummins, Harness Maker, Front St.

7,9

Died in Watertown.

Mr. Thomas Fitzgerald died on Thursday at Watertown, N.Y. Deceased, who was about 30 years of age, spent his boyhood days in this city, and was well-known here, having many friends. The deceased studied for the priesthood of the Roman Catholic church, but was never ordained. A few years ago he went to Watertown, where he has since resided. Mr. Fitzgerald was unmarried. Relatives of the deceased reside in this city.

APRIL WEATHER TO BE UNSETTLED

HICKS FORECASTS AN UNSETTLED MONTH — HIGH TEMPERATURE AND BAD STORMS.

Rev. Irl R. Hicks, of St. Louis, has issued his storm and weather forecasts for April, from which the following information is extracted:

The partial effects of the earth's spring equinox will be felt, in diminishing force, until after the central storm period in April.

The first regular storm period extends from the 2nd to the 7th, having its centre on the 4th. This period is also embraced in the mercury period, which covers the 1st to the 12th, central on the 4th. By the 3rd, marked fall of the barometer will be noted in western sections. Change to warmer will be advancing eastward out of the same region. By about the 4th these condition will grow into cloudiness and rain. During the 4th, 5th and 6th, wide areas of cloudiness and rain will pass eastwardly across the country, breaking into severe squalls, thundergusts and hail in various localities.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 9th, 10th and 11th. This period is at the culmination of the Mercury period, with the moon on the celestial equator on the 5th, full on the 9th, and in perigee on the 10th. These combined facts, all blending with the Mercury and the Vernal equinoxes will conspire to bring on very high temperature, low barometer and forceful storms, beginning on and next to the 9th in Western sections and passing eastwardly across the country from about Monday, the 9th to Thursday, the 12th. Change to decidedly cooler weather will follow for several days, causing frosts in many sections during the nights ranging between the 11th to 15th. Hail storms will be the most natural results, with violent local gusts, during the passage of these April thunder clouds.

A regular storm period extends from the 15th to the 19th, having its centre on Monday the 16th. As we enter this period a rapid change to much warmer will advance from western parts, the barometer will fall correspondingly fast and low, the general cloudiness will increase from the west and more storms of rain and thunder will touch many parts during the eastward march, of storm areas, from Monday, the 16th, in the west, to Thursday, the 19th, in the east. Another change to rising barometer and much cooler will push the western sides of these storms, causing more very cool nights, with decided frosts in central to northern sections, from about the 18th to 21st.

A reactionary storm period is central on the 22nd, 23rd and 24th. This period will be hurried in its development by the passage of the Moon across the celestial equator on the 21st, it will be intensified by the New Moon on the 23rd and prolonged by the moon in apogee on the 25th. A series of threatening to violent thunder storms will be quite natural for three to five days at this time, say from about Saturday the 21st to Wednesday the 25th.

A regular storm period extends from the 26th to the 30th, having its centre on the 27th. The Moon is at extreme north declination on the 29th, inducing atmospheric currents from the south. Hence very high temperature will prevail, with low barometer pressures; threatening storm clouds will gather, and thunder storms, with heavy rain and hail in many localities, may be expected, passing eastwardly over the country from Friday, the 27th, to Monday, the 30th. Rising barometer and change to much cooler will follow up these storms from the northwest.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Assizes Have Been Concluded.

UNFINISHED CASES TRAVERSED TO NOVEMBER SITTINGS NEXT MONTH.

The Spring Assizes, which have been remarkable for their length and the highly interesting cases tried, came to an end to-day, having lasted nearly two weeks. Following is a summary of the latest cases before Chief Justice Falconbridge:

Millard vs. Burgoyne — This case was concluded last evening. The plaintiff claimed damages for injuries received by being knocked down by a vehicle driven by the defendant. A number of questions were submitted to the jury and their answers in substance were that some blame was attached to both parties and in consequence no damages were allowed. Messrs. Porter & Carnew for the plaintiff, and Mr. O'Flynn for the defendant.

Marchant vs. Rathbun Co. — The plaintiff, C. E. Marchant, is a young Englishman, who on the 26th of July last, at Deseronto, sustained an accident at the defendants' mill, whereby he lost three fingers of the right hand and his shoulder was also lacerated by a saw. He claims damages on the ground of contributory negligence. It appears that Marchant was working near a band-saw and in crossing over what is known as the carriage track, leading to the saw, slipped upon some slippery bark and fell against the saw with the above result. It is alleged by the plaintiff that the company were negligent in not having this slippery bark removed as fast as it was accumulated. The defendants allege that the plaintiff did not exercise that care he should have used whilst working near the saw. The case was given to the jury at noon. Messrs. Porter & Carnew for the plaintiff; Mr S. Masson for the defendants.

The jury finally agreed to disagree.

The last case to be tried by His Lordship was a non-jury case, namely, Perry vs. Perry.—The plaintiff, a Mrs. Perry, now residing in Peterboro, brings the action to recover alimony from her husband who is at present living in Alberta. The local Master in Chancery some time ago gave an interim order granting alimony to Mrs Perry, which order, it is alleged has not been obeyed. Case not concluded. Messrs. Porter & Carnew for the plaintiff; Mr. W. J. McCamon for the defendant.

The remainder of the cases on the docket have been traversed to the non-jury sittings, which open here on the 28th of next month.

The Lloyd Case.

IS STILL A TOPIC OF POPULAR CONVERSATION IN THIS CITY.

The Lloyd murder trial, with the final acquittal of the aged prisoner, is still "the talk of the town." The verdict can hardly be said to have caused much surprise. Few people thought the case had been brought sufficiently home to the prisoner enough to satisfy the jury that he was the murderer—for that the case was one of murder no one doubts.

A professional man, talking to The Intelligencer yesterday, said; "There was murder there, sure. I have not the slightest doubt of that."

If there was murder, and Adam Lloyd did not do it, who did?

It is hinted that the jury declined to convict Lloyd because they thought some other people knew more about the case than he did.

It is said that the last of the Lloyd case has not yet been heard, and that the murderer may yet be brought to justice.

All right-thinking men and women will hope so.

CENT. ONTARIO RAILROAD BONDS,

MACKENZIE AND MANN HAVE ACQUIRED A BLOCK OF THEM.

Mail and Empire; Mr. Wm. Mackenzie, of the Mackenzie, Mann Co., Limited, stated last night that his company had purchased a certain block of the bonds of the Central Ontario Railway. He was not prepared to say that it constituted a controlling interest, because there was so much litigation as to the ownership of the other bonds. The block which he and his colleagues had purchased, however, was free of claims.

The Central Ontario Railway is what is known, in vulgar parlance, as a "jerk-water line." It runs from Picton into the mineral regions of North Hastings. It was promoted by Mr. S. J. Ritchie, of Akron, O., and for a time was owned by the late Judge Stevenson Burke, of Cleveland, O. Litigation as to the bonds has been going on for years, although the line is being operated, it is said, with profit.

Residence Burned.

The residence of Mr E. W. Roughley, near Paudash Lake, was completely destroyed by fire on Sunday last, with all its contents, says the Bancroft Times. Only Mrs. Roughly and two daughters were at home at the time, and the former narrowly escaped with her life. One of the daughters had her hands and face badly burned while trying to save some of the furniture. The house was a frame building and Mr. Roughley carried no insurance, so that his loss is pretty heavy.

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A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES
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FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE
White Front, near the Footbridge

Half Price
Soft Shirts
Collars,
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CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
S. B. Carman, Manager.

6--NIGHTS--6

And Friday & Saturday Matinee

—COMMENCING—

MONDAY, APRIL 9th.

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MAY A. BELL MARKS and Marks Bros. Dramatic Co

In a Repertoire of Standard Plays

Mon. Night—The Banker's Wife

Change of play at each performance.
Popular prices—Evening, 10c, 20c and 30c.
Matinee, 10c and 20c.
Ladies' tickets 15c Mon. evening if bought at advance sale before 6 p.m. Monday, Limited to 200.

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the **Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St.** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

—And all Kinds of—

SILKS and FLOSSES
Blouses and Light Dresses
MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

MARKS BROTHERS.

Marks—Those five letters speak volumes in themselves. It is the name that can be relied upon, a guarantee of good faith; gain the public confidence and the road to success is sure. A six night and Wednesday, and Saturday matinee engagement by the Marks Bros. company will commence at the Carman opera house next Monday evening, at which time the great comedy drama "The Banker's Wife," will be produced with all special scenery, electrical and mechanical effects, the same as the original production. Ladies tickets 15 cents Monday evening, limited to $2, if bought at the advance sale before 6 p.m., Monday. Seats on sale at Riggs'.

Miss Eileen Millett Gets Fine Position.

A Toronto paper gives the following information concerning the young lady who was the soprano soloist at the recent Philharmonic concert in this city, and whose singing was greatly admired: Miss Eileen Millett, soprano soloist at the Metropolitan Church for some years, has been offered and has accepted the position as soloist in the First Baptist Church, Franklin, Pa., at the guaranteed salary of $1,700 per annum. Miss Millett has been a pupil of Dr. F. H. Torrington from the age of 13 years, being trained by him as a church, concert and oratorio singer. She leaves for her new position on Tuesday next, April 10.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

SPORTING NOTES.

Mr. "Dick" Arnott, proprietor of the skating rink, promises a dandy rink ready for when old Jack Frost comes next winter. A larger ice surface, seating capacity for everybody, dressing rooms at the sides and up-to-date conditions in every respect is what skaters and hockey lovers can look forward to. And, to cap it all, a Federal League team, capable of making any bunch in Canada travel some to catch 'em, is a strong probability. How does that strike you?

In the meantime, what about lacrosse and baseball for this summer? Good players are said to be plentiful, especially among those sporty young gentlemen, the bankers. In other places teams have already organized for the season, why not here? Good Friday is only six days off. Whose move is it?

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Daily Intelligencer.

Easter Confectionery
AND
Novelities.

We have a more beautiful and varied Easter line than ever, our import line being delightfully new and suggestive.

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"The Jewel"
All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,
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Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.
NEATLY PRINTED.
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Job Department
Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

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Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alford
Sash, Door and Blind Factory.
Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling bar Fixtures, &c.
Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.
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WONDERFUL EFFECT OF FRUIT.

"Fruit-a-tives" (Fruit Liver Tablets) are concentrated fruit juices. And it is these fruit juices that cure Constipation, Biliousness, Headaches, Indigestion, Palpitation of the Heart and all Troubles of the Stomach and Kidneys. A leading Ottawa physician discovered a process by which he could combine the juices of Apples, Oranges, Figs and Prunes and by adding another atom of bitter principle from the Orange peel, completely change the medicinal action of the fruit juices, giving the combination a far more powerful and more beneficial effect on the system. "Fruit-a-tives" are tablets made of this combination of fruit juices—and they have made most wonderful cures of Stomach, Liver and Kidney Troubles and of Blood and Skin Diseases. 50c a box.—Ask your druggist.

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NO ANNUAL TAX.
If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details!
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Free Booklet "Hints to Shavers."
For sale by W. W. CHOWN Co., Ltd., Belleville, Ont.

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We do things right at the Mooney bakery.
Crackers are packed piping hot from the ovens. The moisture-proof paper and air-tight tins retain all the freshness and crispness, no matter where or when you buy them.

They come to your table just as inviting and delicious as though you ate them at the ovens in the bakery. At all grocers in 1 and 3 lb. packages.

Samaria Stopped His Drinking
A London Lady cures her husband permanently of the drink habit and without his knowledge.

"How glad I am that I overcame my hesitation about writing you for a Free Sample of Samaria. At that time my husband was drinking very hard, and I was in despair. The effect of your treatment was immediate, and now our home is entirely free from the Drink Curse. I gave my husband the tablets in his tea, and he never knew. As the taste for liquor left him, his general health improved and is now splendid —many, many thanks. I will be glad if you will tell others of my experience.

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Address THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO. 45 Jordan Chambers, Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

THE LIQUIDATORS ACT

Interim Injunction Against Toronto Life Shareholders.

Joseph Wright, the Hudson Girls, E. J. Burt, et al, Restrained From Disposing of or Transfering Their Toronto Life Shares—Results of Police Court Dragnet Satisfactory to Liquidators of York Loan—The Investigation.

Toronto, April 7.—Yesterday the National Trust Co. issued a writ against the following shareholders in the Toronto Life Insurance Co.:

Lillie Daw, 75 shares.
Agnes Conghlin, 50 shares.
Mrs. M. J. Hassard, 100 shares.
Lillian Hudson, 181 shares.
Georgina Hudson, 141 shares.
Annie Lee, 58 shares.
Fred Lee, 50 shares.
Joan McCann, 530 shares.
Joseph Phillips, 125 shares.
Annie Robb, 192 shares.
Emma Souter, 265 shares.
Maggie Ventress, 50 shares.
Effie Whatnough, 50 shares.
E. J. Burt, 91 shares.

By the writ the liquidators asked for a declaration that the shares of stock of the Toronto Life, on the names of the defendants are held by the defendants as trustees for the plaintiffs, and that the plaintiffs are the rightful owners. Also for an order that the defendants do transfer and assign the shares to the plaintiffs and for an injunction restraining the defendants from transferring, assigning, permitting assignment, or in any way dealing with the shares until the action is finally disposed of.

Acting for the liquidators, C. D Scott, solicitor, obtained from Mr. Justice Mabee, at Osgoode Hall, an interim injunction against the defendants, returnable Monday, 16th inst.

Satisfied With Present Position.

Mr. White, manager of the National Trust, stated that with regard to the Toronto Life and the Liszt Piano Co., the liquidators had already taken such steps as to protect the interests of the York County Loan shareholders and are satisfied with the present position.

Speaking of Crown Attorney Curry's investigation, Mr. White said it had been of the greatest possible advantage to the shareholders of the York County Loan Co. By the dragnet of the criminal courts, the transactions in regard to the subsidiary companies had been exposed and light thrown upon the York County Loan situation that could not possibly be got from books of the York County Loan.

Another point to be considered was that the prosecution of Phillips which is bringing out the facts is not costing the York Loan shareholders one dollar.

Mr. Barrett's Philosophy.

In the investigation in the Police Court yesterday, Joseph Barrett, managing director of the Southern Light & Power Co., said he had made from $3.00 to 50 cents on each pole that was bought by the company.

"Did Phillips know it?" asked Crown Attorney Curry.

"Certainly," answered Mr. Barrett.

"How much did he get out of it?"

"I raised his salary."

"Raised the president's salary?"

"Why not? I paid all the men."

"What increase did you give him?"

"I gave him $35 a week, instead of $25."

Mr. Barrett added: "I got poles cheaper than any other person. There was no reason why I should not get advantage of that."

"You were employed by the company to get the poles at the cheapest possible price?"

"The company got good value in those poles."

The way the company was formed was the subject of investigation. Mr. and Mrs. Barrett were paid $3,351 in cash for their property in Erindale and in addition were to be given $295,000 in paid-up capital stock of the company. The whole stock amounted to $300,000, divided into $100 shares.

A Still-Born Company.

"How much did the Southern Light & Power Co. get from the York Loan Co?" asked Mr. Curry.

"About $217,000 was paid to Mr. Hicks, the treasurer."

"What was he before?"

"An employe of the York Loan Co."

"What security had the York Loan?"

"We gave a mortgage for $200,000 in July, 1904. In August this mortgage was retired, and bonds issued for $200,000, of which $200,000 worth was assigned to the York Loan."

"What have you got now to show for this $217,000?"

"Our land, plant, etc."

"Yes, a still-born child," remarked the crown attorney.

"I notice a carload of poles arriving every now and then," said Mr. Curry, looking up from the books. "Did you get a rakeoff on all the poles?"

"Certainly."

"How much would it amount to altogether?"

"Perhaps $400."

"It looks more like $1,000 from the way I find things?"

"It might amount to that."

"But you were acting as a trustee," protested Magistrate Denison. "You were supposed to buy them at the lowest price."

"The company paid what any other company would under the circumstances."

"You had the underground passage," remarked Mr. Curry smiling.

Mr. Burt Again.

E. J. Burt, vice-president of the York Loan Co., was again on the stand. He had with him a duplicate copy of his bank book. He was told also to get a bank book of his wife's.

The $17,000 he earned from the Toronto Life Co. was not all he earned. He had earned also money from the York County Loan, but never got commissions on sales from outsiders to the York County Loan.

"Do you remember being mulcted in damages for scaring someone's horses?"

"Yes."

"Who paid those damages?"

"The York County Loan paid them."

Write Alike.

Georgina Hudson, who was called next, was asked what she had to do with Philip's private bank account.

"I made some deposits," she said.

"And the others were made by whom?"

"By my sister, I suppose."

"Which deposit slips are yours?" asked Mr. Curry handing out a bunch.

"I can't always tell my sister's handwriting from mine," remarked Miss Hudson after looking over them for some moments.

"Why?"

"We write very much the same."

A Director's Knowledge.

William Paine, one of the directors of the York Loan, said that he was elected in April, 1905, to fill the place left vacant by the resignation of A. T. Hunter. At the same time he was made a director of the Toronto Life Insurance Co. For the former he was paid $15 a week and the same for the Toronto Life.

Previous to that time he was employed as an insurance agent at $15 a week for the York Loan. Then he was raised to an inspectorship at $20 a week. He kept track of the agents in older Ontario. "I occasionally wrote business for terminating stock," he said.

"The agents of the York Loan were paid $4 for writing up a share, paying 25 cents a week. Then if they wrote four of those shares they were given $3 extra."

"Did most of them get the bonus?"

"Yes."

The same agents admitted the witness acted for the Toronto Life, the National Monthly and the Liszt Piano Co. Returns were often made to the York Loan office on York Loan Co. blanks

"What proportion of the people that went in withdrew their money?"

"I can't say. A number of them went in again."

Collected Commission Again.

"And the agents collected their commission again?"

"Yes."

"About this loan to the Southern Power Co. in July. Did you know that company was owned by Mr. Phillips?"

"No."

"Did you know it was the York Loan's money that started the Toronto Life?"

"No."

"But you knew that the president gave instructions to the employes of the York Loan to take stock in the Toronto Life."

"Yes."

"Did you know anything about the setting apart of $500,000 for the purpose of the Liszt pianos?"

"No, that was before my time."

Continues Monday.

The investigation was adjourned until Monday under a protest from J. E. Jones, who claimed that the investigation should proceed with haste as his client was in custody

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, April 7.—The Opposition found in the fall of the Laurier tower a splendid opportunity for heckling the Government, and availed themselves to the fullest extent. The Minister of Public Works announced that he had appointed Mr. Curry of Toronto and Mr. Hutchinson of Montreal to make the investigation.

The evening session was quite unruly. It was largely devoted to personalities between Messrs. Bennett and Conmee and between Mr. Conmee and Col. Sam Hughes. The Speaker repeatedly called the members to order.

The House will adjourn from April 11 to April 17 for Easter.

Compromise Ends Controversy.

Vienna, April 7.—After fourteen months' of controversy between the throne and the coalition parties, the Hungarian crisis finally has been settled. Both sides express satisfaction with the result obtained, which appears to be in the nature of a compromise. The Fejervary Cabinet welcomed the overtures of the coalition and thus an agreement was speedily reached. The elections will be held within the proper time and parliamentary Government will be re-established.

No Winners and No Losers.

London, April 7.—In the House of Lords yesterday, replying to a question regarding the Moroccan conference, the under secretary, Lord Edmond FitzMaurice, said that the signing of the protocol would occur at an early date, if not to-day. He added that when the papers were laid on the table in the House he thought the members would agree that the phrase, frequently used, that there had been "Neither victors nor vanquished," expressed the true situation.

Railway Fireman Killed.

Woodstock, April 7.—Nineteen-year-old Alfred Norwood, a Grand Trunk fireman of Sarnia, was instantly killed Thursday night in the G. T. R. yards. He had completed raking out the ashes from the ashpan, and was crawling from beneath his engine, not noticing the limited, running at thirty miles an hour, on the adjacent track. The steps of the engine struck and instantly killed him. Norwood had been firing for about three months.

Forty-Nine Were Killed.

Nagold, Black Forest, Germany, April 7.—A revised list of the casualties resulting from the collapse of the Hotel um Hirschen (Stag Hotel) Thursday, shows that forty-nine persons lost their lives and that fifty were severely injured.

One Year In Central.

Guelph, April 7.—John B. Madill, who was found guilty of attempting to defraud the insurance companies in connection with the Hillsburg creamery, was yesterday sentenced to a year's imprisonment.

Run Over By Train.

Tilbury, April 7.—Fred Webster, a young man from Oil Springs, Ont., jumped from a M.C.R. train in front of another train here last night and had his foot cut off at the ankle.

Norwegian Poet Dead.

Bergen, Norway, April 7.—Alexander Lange Kielland, Norwegian poet and author, died yesterday of paralysis of the heart. He was born in 1849.

Dead at 123.

Chicago, April 7.—At the extraordinary age of 123 years, Mrs. Phlox Rogers, a negro woman, died Thursday at her home here.

HIGHWAYS FOR PEOPLE

benefitting in the conservation of its forest wealth by their knowledge and skill. In the United States forestry is now a department of the Federal Government.

On the question of establishing a forestry department the report says: "We realize that a beginning may be made without incurring at first all the expenditures of a complete faculty," and concludes, "We are strongly of the view that the people of Ontario will endorse the action of the Government in creating a school of forestry, by means of which the scientific treatment of our forests can be effectively carried out."

The commission commends to the university authorities the idea of devoting the beautiful ravine north and south from the biological building to the boundary of McMaster University, to the purpose of a botanical garden.

An Art School.

The hope is expressed that the University of Toronto will either have its own art school or have affiliated with it a school conducted on the most advanced principles.

It has also hoped that the university may have connected with it a school of music over the management and teaching of which it would have complete control.

A history of the meteorological survey is included. "Believing that its transfer would not be in the public interest, we would strongly urge that prompt communication be had with the Dominion Government, with a view to having an appropriation for the erection of a new observatory on the site that has been provided by the university, made during the present session of the Parliament of Canada and the entire work now being carried on at the observatory being done in the new building."

Agricultural College.

The relation of the Ontario Agricultural College to the University of Toronto is considered. While not believing that the university should interfere with or be responsible for the management of the college, it is suggested that there might be an advantage in having in addition to the present, two members elected by the graduates in agriculture, who would represent the agricultural side of university education. It also suggested that an advisory council be appointed to assist the Minister of Agriculture, to be composed of the deputy minister of agriculture (chairman), the president of the college, three graduates or associates of the college resident in Ontario and not members of the staff and, if thought desirable, two representative farmers not graduates of the college.

A state veterinary college is recommended, that the college be placed under the Minister of Agriculture, and that the Minister have an advisory board to assist him in the administration of same, and that it be affiliated with the University of Toronto.

Other Suggestions.

The desirability of college residences is dwelt on. Others suggestions are:

A physical director should be appointed. He should be a graduate in medicine

As to discipline, each college and faculty should be responsible for its own students

A students' committee to represent the undergraduates as a whole is advised.

A bureau of self-support for the students.

Department of pedagogy.

Superintendent of buildings and grounds.

The report deals with the financial support of the university and suggests that for its endowment at least a million acres in New Ontario be set aside.

Manhood Suffrage Registration.

The Premier introduced a bill to repeal the Manhood Suffrage Registration Act. This will do away with the necessity of registering manhood suffrage voters in cities and county towns. "It is inconvenience and a nuisance," said the Premier.

A number of questions were answered, several bills were read a second time, and the House went into committee on the railway bill. On the clause fixing twenty-five years as the limit of a franchise, Premier Whitney said:

Highways For the People.

"The highways are the property of the people, and must remain so forever. When it is considered that municipal councils may be elected one year and turned out of office the next, we should go slow in giving them power to make agreements for all time to come. The Government will not take the responsibility under any circumstances of giving the power to grant any perpetual franchises."

Mr. Graham Concurs.

Mr Graham spoke for the Opposition in concurrence with the views of the Premier. He didn't believe any member of the House would care to pass legislation giving a perpetual franchise. It had been truly said that it became the duty of a Legislature to protect municipalities against themselves. The question was how far they might go without retarding railway enterprise.

By mutual consent the debatable clauses of the bill were passed over without discussion, to facilitate progress. These clauses will be fully threshed out when the third reading takes place.

The first report of the hydro-electric power commission was presented to the Government by the chairman, Hon. Adam Beck, yesterday afternoon. The report will not be given out for a few days.

Boy Kicked By Horse.

Cornwall, April 7.—Evan Williams, the 12-year-old son of Thos. Williams of Summerstown, while leading a horse to water, was kicked in the head. The skull was fractured so as to expose the brain.

Sir Wyke Balis Dead.

London, April 7.—Sir Wyke Balls, president of the Royal Society of British Artists since 1888, died here suddenly during Thursday night of heart disease. He was born in 1835.

Murder Suspect Arrested.

Winnipeg, April 7.—Martin Doyle, who is suspected of the murder of Vincent Weller, near Snowflake last November, was arrested Thursday night at Battleford.

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HIGH GRADE
CREAM TARTAR
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
SOLD IN PACKAGES AND CANS.
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For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

New Spring Wallpapers

Our stock of new Wall Paper is nearly complete and we ask you to drop in and look them over. We claim to have the largest and best selections with in the country and guarantee the prices will suit your pocket book.

AT THE BEE HIVE
CHAS. N. SULMAN.

Maple Syrup
In pints, quarts and gallon tins
Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .
In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins
Pure Jam & Marmalade
In Glass and 5 lb Tins
Clover Honey
Sections and Extracted
Dried Fruits
Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples
Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

J. O. Hanley & Co
Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY
INSURANCE AGENT
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Job Printing

ENVELOPES—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

—Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,
Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.
4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.
Money to Loan upon favorable terms.
OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.
R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited. Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express. Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)
Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.
— SPECIALIST ON —
Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES DOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

Special Bargains for Saturday In Our China Department

NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

—Japanese China Celery Trays worth $1.25, for 93c
—Fancy White China Sugar Bowls, worth 20c for 10c
—Japanese China Cream Jugs, worth 25c for 17c
—Children's fancy China Mugs, 25c, for 15c
—Japanese China Salad Bowls worth $1.25, for 89c
—Fine China Syrup Sets (3 pieces), worth 30c and 35c, for.. 19c
—Large China Biscuit Jars (beautiful decoration) worth $1, 67c
—See the Jardineres, regular $1.25, for 98c
—Large Dutch Bowls, 2 for........ 25c
—Ask to see the new 4 piece Chamber Sets at per set $1.50

McINTOSH BROS.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, APRIL 9, 1906. NO. 298

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

TEA . . .
is the Business of specialists.
STROUDS
have made it a specialty
for over 32 years

Fred Cramus of Brantford Loses His Life In Altercation.

Buffalo April, 9.—His breast penetrated by a sharp file in the hands of Rudolph Schilling, a fellow workman, Frederick Cramus of Brantford, Ont., an employe at the Plant & Letchworth works here, lies dead. Schilling has been placed under arrest.

The men were employed as patternmakers by the firm, and worked on benches side by side. Shortly after 10 o'clock Saturday morning Schilling approached Cramus, and, so it is said, asked familiarly, "How are you, Cramus?" The latter seemed to resent the freedom of this mode of being addressed, and returned that he "had a handle to his name and preferred to be called by it."

As a result of the altercation that came after, Schilling made a thrust at the other with a sharp file used to scrape patterns. Cramus expired almost instantly, a blood-vessel having been severed.

It is claimed by Schilling that his benchmate first dealt him a sharp blow on the jaw with his clenched fist, and that he (Schilling) acted in self-defence. He is a youth of 19 and had been at work on the plant for eight months. Cramus was 29 years old and had been in Buffalo for some time.

WOULD TRUST COLONIES.

Lord Curzon Raps Government re. Natal's Recent Treatment.

London, April 9.—Lord Curzon, in his speech at the Pilgrims' Club banquet at the Savoy Hotel Friday night appealed to the British to as far as they could, trust the men on the spot in the colonies and not to worry, fret or nag them with dogmatic wisdom. They themselves did not claim superior wisdom, but in any case their errors were in nowise comparable to these based on dogmatic ideas, conceived at home.

He proceeded to rap the Government for its recent treatment of Natal, warning it never to sacrifice the interests of a dependency to exclusively British interests and never to force on it a policy unsuitable to it because it was advantageous to the Home Government.

Lord Curzon concluded by urging the country to send its best men to its dependencies.

KILLED AN INSANE PATIENT.

St. John's Authorities Astounded By a Conscious-Stricken Man.

St. John, N. B., April 9.—Edward Maloney, an Englishman, about 26 years of age, entered the Central Station Saturday and astonished the police by stating he had killed a man last August in the City of Warren, Pennsylvania.

Maloney says that, four years ago, he had charge of a ward in a state insane asylum in Warren, Pa. One day in August last he was attending a patient named Davidson, who angered him. Having a violent temper, he struck the man over the head with an instrument and killed him.' He then ran away to Canada.

The New Idea
10c PATTERN
A Uniform Price
The Best Pattern that can be produced at Any Cost.

The New Idea . . .
Woman's Magazine
The Best 5c Magazine Published Anywhere
50 cents a Year

Sinclair's

Bomb Kills Governor.

Blown to Pieces in Principal Street Of His Town.

Reactionists Ruler of Tver Murdered by Very Young Man —Held Responsible For the Beatings of the Intelligencia by the "Black Hundreds" Last Fall – Governor Was Terribly Mutilated —Coachman Injured.

Province of Tver, Russia, April 9.—While the Governor of Tver, M. Sleptzoff, was passing through the principal street of the town Saturday he was killed by the explosion of a bomb.

Governor Sleptzoff was regarded as a very reactionary official, and was held responsible for the beatings administered to the intelligencia by the "Black Hundreds" last fall.

The governor was in his carriage when he was assassinated. His body was terribly mutilated and his coachman was seriously injured. The bomb exploded with terrible force. All the windows in the neighborhood were broken. The assassin, who is a very young man, was arrested.

PANIC AMONG AUTOCRATS.

Radicals Will Control House and Czar Must Yield to Witte.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—A panic has been created in Government circles by the surprising strength developed by the Constitutional Democrats in the elections, which may have immediate and dramatic consequences. The issue between reaction and reform which has been hanging in the balance, has been unexpectedly precipitated by Premier Witte. The elections have greatly strengthened the Premier's hand in his fight against the reactionaries, and he now feels strong enough to challenge Gen. Trepoff and Minister of Interior Durnovo and the entire reactionary cabal.

Would Be Fatal Blunder.

Less than a fortnight ago the Premier was decidedly pessimistic, and believed that the majority in the lower House of Parliament would be Conservative, and that the entire program for reform might be overthrown. The results of the elections, however, convinced him that the Radicals will control the House, and that an attempt to thwart the popular will, as expressed by the ballot-box, would be a fatal blunder on the part of the Government. It was learned from an unimpeachable source Saturday night that the Premier journeyed to Tsarskoe Selo on Thursday to lay this view before the Emperor, and made another trip to Tsarskoe Selo Friday night, and was closeted with His Majesty until after midnight.

The impression is abroad that the success of the Constitutional Democrats' bill will insure the success of the big foreign loan of which the Government is in such urgent need.

Russian Election Results.

St. Petersburg, April 9.—The electoral colleges in 20 out of the 51 provinces in European Russia yesterday elected 178 members to the National Parliament—about one-third of its entire membership—and returns received up to midnight indicate that the wildest hopes of the Liberals have been realized, the Constitutional Democrats and other progressivists practically everywhere having gained a tremendous victory over the Octobrists and other Conservative parties. As far as is ascertainable not a single reactionary candidate pulled through.

Smuggling On Increase.

St. John, N.B., April 9.—Smuggling on the winter port steamers has now reached such a magnitude that customs officials are taking every precaution. So far three ships of different lines have been fined $400 each. Cigars and tobacco are sold to different liquor stores in the city at fair profit by a member of the crew, who handles the goods. Smuggling is apparently increasing.

Liberal Majority Reduced.

London, April 9.—The bye-election Friday in the Eye division of Suffolk in consequence of the resignation of F. S. Stevenson, resulted in the election of H. Pearson, Liberal, a son of Sir Weetman Pearson, by a majority of 197 over the Marquess of Graham, Conservative, eldest son of the Duke of Montrose. In the last contested election in Eye, held in 1900, the Liberal majority was 1,517.

Stabbing at Haileybury.

Haileybury, April 9.—A teamster named Marrault is in a dangerous condition, having been stabbed four times in the back by a Swede with whom he was quarreling. The affair took place on the main street here about 11 o'clock Saturday night. Some parties hearing the noise came to the man's rescue, carrying him into Dr. Jackson's surgery, where he is being cared for.

Clerks' Won't Enter Building.

Ottawa, April 9.—It is now anounced that the defective cement that caused the collapse of the Laurier tower was used throughout the whole addition and that the civil servants employed in the departments of Inland Revenue and Public Works have absolutely refused to enter it.

A Stabbing Affray.

Ottawa, April 9.—Alphone Richard, aged about 30 years, is in the hospital badly stabbed about the abdomen, the result of a drunken brawl early yesterday morning. Napoleon Roy is in Hull jail awaiting the issue. Roy has a nasty cut on the head from a stone thrown by Richard.

Farmer's Bad Accident.

Brockville, April 9.—A farmer, named Robert Grey, will lose his left hand as the result of an accident. His coat sleeve became entangled in the moving cogwheels of a well-drilling machine, and the forearm was ground almost to a pulp.

Burns to Death.

Saskatoon, April 9.—Mrs. George Gill, wife of resident of St. Paul, who had contemplated removing here in the immediate future, was burned to death in her house Saturday night during the temporary absence of her husband.

Sea Hunting Is Good.

Montreal, April 9.—A cable from St. John's, Nfld., reads as follows: The seal fisheries have been the best for twenty years. The latest return from the fleet indicate a total catch of 360,000 seals against 177,000 for 1905.

Canada's Revenue.

Ottawa, April 9.—The revenue of Canada for the nine months of the current fiscal year up to the end of March totaled $57,051,562, an increase of $5,581,794 over the corresponding period of the previous year.

Goes to Ottawa.

London, April 9.—George Rennie, who for many years was gardener at the London Insane Asylum, has been appointed head gardener at the Parliament buildings, Ottawa.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Easter Millinery

The most beautiful millinery ever displayed in the city —Such has been the opinion expressed by many ladies who have inspected our display.

In our showing are embodied all the newest ideas of Paris, London and New York—our buyers having but shortly arrived from these World Fashion Centres.

Many most beautiful hats have been picked up and as a result there is almost a complete change from our opening showing.

If you saw nothing then that was "just right" you may find something now.

Those who desire new headwear for Easter should make immediate selection to ensure best attention and prompt delivery.

The Carpet Department

A trip to our Carpet Department which occupies our entire 3rd floor will be sure to please and interest you. Beautiful Carpets and Rugs, Handsome Curtains and Draperies, etc., brought together from the world's foremost makers in the old country and Canada.

Our spring stock is now complete and we invite you to pay this department a visit whether you are desirous of buying or not.

Axminster Carpets, Wilton Rugs, Tapestry Carpets, Brussels Carpets, Chenille Curtains, Draperies, Nottingham Curtains, Fine Marie Antionette Curtains, Arabian (Hand made) Curtains, etc.

The Ritchie Coy Limited

Spring Clothing

A visit to our clothing department is enough to convince you that spring is here.

There are a few items to be considered before purchasing your spring garments—

The Style, Finish, Fit and Price.

Every man knows when he tries a suit on whether it fits or not, but the main point is—will it keep that ***Perfect Fit.***

Our garments are cut perfect, not pressed into shape, and always retain their first form until worn out.

The Finish is superior in every detail, both in the linings, trimmings and in every detail.

The Style—Our garments are manufactured in Canada by expert tailors from the very latest American models and are sure to meet with your approval.

We guarantee our prices to be as low or lower than the same values can be had elsewhere. Money always cheerfully refunded on garments not entirely satisfactory.

Men's Spring Hats

All the leading makes and styles are now awaiting inspection. Everything that fashion dictates will be found here—

Christie's, Mallory, Wakefield, Stetson, Henry Carter, Grenville, etc

Prices Range from $2 to $4.50

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

New Carpets

What about a New Carpet or Rug this Spring? Have you thought over the matter? If you have and are considering the cost, you can't do better than see us first. We can give you very special price concessions and can make you up anything you want in the Carpet or Rug line,

Crossley's Brussels Carpets
Crossley's Velvet Carpets
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets
Crossley's Axminster Carpets

Crossley's Rugs

There are a few makers of Carpets as good as ***Crossley's but none better.***

Then why not buy a Crossley Carpet? They don't cost any more than any other makes.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

The King Hat

HATS
That are Winners
CAPS
That are Leaders

Geo. T. Woodley.
Opposite Footbridge.

The New Store.

"Reynier" Gloves

In Glace and Swede—a full stock for Easter trade.
Every Pair Guaranteed.

New Neckwear
IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES

New Belts, New Veilings.
EVERYTHING NEW.

Wims & Co
TERMS CASH.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in ***Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.***

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,
Carpets Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

YOUR EASTER SUIT

Should be ordered before the real rush sets in.

We Are Making

$16, $18 and $20 SUITS
That Can't Be Duplicated.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.
Tailors & Furnishers.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

The Gillies Limit.

An unexpected but very wise and statesmanlike step, says the Guelph Herald, has been taken by the Whitney Government in their determination to retain and mine the Gillies Limit at Cobalt for the benefit of the people of this Province. The land in question is believed to be the richest in ores in that wonderfully rich country—the very pick of the whole district.

Some idea of the wealth of the silver region, and especially that of the Gillies limit, may be gained from the fact that in places solid chunks of almost pure silver, weighing many pounds, may be picked up from the surface. Needless to say, this has attracted the attention and excited the cupidity of the less scrupulous of the crowd awaiting the opening of the limit, and a considerable quantity of valuable ore has already been made off with by poachers on the Government's preserve. The authorities, however, have placed a strong guard of constables around the ore-bearing district, and further thieving will be prevented as far as is possible.

During the coming summer Prof. Miller, of the Ontario Bureau of Mines, will make a thorough examination of the Gillies limit, with a view to ascertaining the geological formation and tracing the valuable ore veins, so that when the limit is thrown open on October 1st next everything may be in readiness for the Government to proceed with the development of the mines by the commission to be appointed.

Thus again has the Whitney Government fulfilled a pledge. The mines and the timber limits were not to be, as under the Ross administration, the prizes and rewards of political heelers, but are to be safeguarded in the interests of the people. The Gillies limit is a practical proof of the manner in which these interests are being looked after.

But, in addition to this, Mr. Whitney's mining policy is shown in another matter which still further emphasizes his desire to do all that he could for the people. Rich mineral veins lie on the right of way of the Government railroad, in a section of about three and a half miles in length. The privilege of developing this section will be disposed of to the highest bidder, whose bonus, however, must be not less than $50,000. Further, the Government must share in the yield of the deposits. On all ore worth more than $400 a ton the holder must pay 10 per cent. to the Government; on ore worth $1,000 a ton the tax is to be 25 per cent.; on ore of greater value than $1,000 a ton the Government is to get 50 per cent.

The public will no doubt contrast the Ontario Government's attention to their duties with that of the Dominion administration. At Ottawa graft is rampant, the public's property and money is being given away for political ends. It is in the power of the people to stop all this, as we have in Ontario, and the Conservatives have the leaders ready and capable to carry out an announced policy in the interests of the people of the whole Dominion.

TIMELY TOPICS.

April showers bring May flowers.

• • •

Umbrella carrying, this a. m., was good exercise.

• • •

A few Easter bonnets got reckless and came out yesterday — a week ahead of time.

• • •

It is a regrettable fact that many people in this city will find lessons in the following which they may profitably take to heart:

When your catalogue comes from the mail order house, wait until you get home before removing the wrapper; then, after supper, when the chores are done, draw an easy chair to the table, where the light will shine all on the page, put on your glasses so that no bargains can escape your eye, and settle down for an hour of enjoyment. What a wonderful book it is, to be sure—wonderful in what it does not contain as in what it does. We miss something we should be glad to see. How much taxes will they pay for improving roads and bridges, for the support of the poor of the county, for the expenses of running the business of the town and county? On what page is their offer to contribute money or services in the establishment and maintenance of church or Sunday school for the improvement of the moral tone of the community? What line of credit will they extend to you when your money is gone?; when through illness or misfortune you are not able to send them cash with your order for hardware, dry goods, etc.? Where is their offer to contribute to any demonstration on a holiday? In what department do they explain to you the increased value of your property as a result of dealing with them? If in the catalogue you find these questions answered to your entire satisfaction, bring the answers in. Under such conditions no town will be needed, further than to furnish a railroad station, express office and post office, all of which might be covered with one roof. If you buy of catalogue houses, think over the above seriously, and then make up your mind that you should patronize local business people.

• • •

A bill has been introduced into the Ontario Legislature to compel every director in a company dealing in medicine to take out a license as a qualified druggist. The Toronto Star hits off the situation exactly in the following: As an amendment to the Pharmacy bill, it might be provided that every director of a company selling spring hats shall be a licensed milliner. It further occurs to us that no newspaper ought to be allowed to publish poetry unless every director of the company has taken out a poetic license. Mr. Downey ought to promote a bill providing that all the directors of a newspaper shall be printers. It is also suggested that every director of the King Edward Hotel Company shall be a licensed bartender. Also that every trustee in a hospital shall be a qualified physician. Likewise that every director of a company manufacturing steam boilers shall take out an engineer's license.

• • •

A Chicago man called the police to make his small son come out of the bathroom, where he was trying to swim in the tub. It is a wonder anybody ever learns to swim in Chicago.

• • •

Last week the talk was all of tragedies. This week it will be all of comedies, in the shape of Easter hats.

• • •

Green grass can now be seen on the lawns. Nothing is now lacking but the sound of carpet beating to prove that spring is here.

• • •

A writer in a Washington paper says that sleeping late on Sunday morning is injurious. The above is respectful recommended to the attention of a lot of empty pew-holders (the pews, not the holders), yesterday morning.

• • •

The Boston Herald says that the poorest member of the British House of Commons is John Ward, from Stoke-on-Trent, who has a wife and four children to support on $12.50 a week, and says further: "By all means, let his wages be advanced to $1,500 a session." Isn't that the limit for gall! It's bad enough for any Yankee newspaper to butt in, but surely a sheet published in Boston, the scene of the famous "tea party," should have sense enough to let John Bull run his own show!

• • •

The Toronto Star says: "Suckers are now plentiful in the Don." They have never, as Mr. Joseph Phillips might point out, been scarce in the beautiful city near the Don.

• • •

Every true sportsman will applaud the action of the local branch of the Fish and Game Protective Association in taking steps to bring about a better observance of the Game laws in this district. If, as is alleged, certain overseers have not only neglected to prosecute cases of violation brought to their notice, but have given the names of the complainants to the lawbreakers, the said overseers should be given a short shrift by the Government. The enforcement of the Game laws has been a joke in this district long enough. Drastic measures are necessary.

• • •

The Hamilton Spectator waxes hilariously funny because we humbly pointed out that the murders investigated at the recent Assizes here were committed in the County and were simply tried here, this being the county town. Our esteemed contemporary says: "We suppose that calf which gouged the girl's eye out came from the county, too." It is not easy to see what object the Spec has in "rubbing it in" to Belleville, unless the fact that the editor of a rival Hamilton paper is a native of this city has something to do with it. We beg to assure our esteemed contemporary that human life is as safe here as it is in Hamilton, and that even he (if he behaved himself) might live in this burg without being hit with anything more deadly than a highball.

• • •

A Minneapolis caretaker who robbed his master of silverware and jewels opened a pawnbroker's office in order to sell the stuff. That chap didn't need any nerve food.

• • •

Complaints are made that the gas in many of the churches last night was very poor. A little louder, please.

• • •

A correspondent complains that many people were to be seen spearing fish yesterday. Poor occupation for a Sunday.

• • •

QUITE LIKELY.

(Ottawa Citizen.)

If the observant reporter who discovered that President Philips' hair is turning grey under the strain of the police court investigation would turn his glances on some of the York County Loan investors he would probably find that their hairs have also turned grey in a night.

• • •

Another Russian governor has been blown up, but as it's getting near house-cleaning time he probably has no large-sized kick coming.

• • •

It was a case of "Hail! Gentle Spring" to-day all right.

• • •

It strikes us that we'd rather live even in Kingston than in the neighborhood of Vesuvius just now; though rents may be cheap.

We Have Everything...

Needed for the little jobs of painting you intend doing.
See our color cards and learn our low prices.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

AQUATICS.

Cambridge Won the Historic Boat Race.

London, April 7.—The sixty-third annual boat race, between crews representing the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, was rowed to-day over the course from Putney to Mortlake, on the Thames, a distance of a little over four and a half miles, and was won by Cambridge, by three and a half lengths, after an unexciting race. Time, 19 mins., 24 secs.

Cambridge took the lead from the start and the race was never in the slightest doubt. The Oxford men struggled gamely to the end, but the work was so punishing that several of them collapsed.

The day was bright and sunny, the wind was very light, the water was smooth and there was very little choice in the stations. Enormous crowds thronged all parts of the course.

Oxford won the toss and chose the Surrey side. The two boats got away nicely at 12.03. Cambridge struck the water first, pulling 38 strikes during the first minute to Oxford's 37. The nose of the Cambridge boat quickly showed in front, and at the end of the first mile post Cambridge was half a length to the good.

The leaders were rowing with perfect finish to their strokes. They increased their lead to a full length before Craven Steps, about three-quarters of a mile from the start, was reached. Thereafter Cambridge drew away with every stroke. At Hammersmith Bridge, a mile three-quarters from the start, Cambridge already had the race well in hand, with a lead of over two lengths.

The Oxford boat at that stage of the race was rolling badly. Shortly afterwards the Oxford men spurted a little and took their rival's water, but from that time on it was merely a procession.

The race was the sixty-third contest between crews of the two great English universities. Since 1853 the races have been held annually. Between 1829, the year of the first aquatic contest between these universities, and this year, Oxford has won 34 and Cambridge 28 times, the race in 1877 resulting in a dead heat. Last year Oxford won by three lengths, rowing the course from Putney to Mortlake in 20 minutes, 35 seconds.

At the outset this season Oxford was regarded as having the better chance of winning, her oarsmen being superior in weight and physique to those of Cambridge. Later, however, several members of the Oxford crew were incapacitated, and in the betting yesterday Cambridge was the favorite.

The closest contests were — Dead heat 1877, half-length, 1856, 1867 1891 and 1896. One race went to Oxford on a foul, and Cambridge sank in 1859. In 1849 and in 1852 two races were rowed.

In the race in 1846 outriggers were first used; in 1857 boats without keels were first brought into requisition, and in 1873 sliding seats were tried for the first time.

Cambridge took three races in a row in 1839, '40 and '41. The longest strings were—Oxford; nine straight years, 1861 to 1869; and again, nine straights, from 1890 to 1898. The longest runs for Cambridge were—five straights, 1870 to 1874; four from 1886 to 1889, and three from 1902 to 1904.

The fastest times from Putney to Mortlake, or vice versa, were—1893, Oxford, 18.47, duplicated in 1900 by Cambridge.

Oxford won last year in 20.35 by three lengths.

BOTH FOOD AND MEDICINE.

We like best to call Scott's Emulsion a food-medicine. It is a term that aptly describes the character and action of our Emulsion. More than a medicine—more than a food, yet combining the vital principles of both. It is for this reason that Scott's Emulsion has a distinct and special value in all wasting diseases. There is nothing better to remedy the troubles of imperfect growth and delicate health in children. The action of Scott's Emulsion is just as effective in treating weakness and wasting in adults.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

Our Shade Trees

To the Editor of The Intelligencer:

Dear Mr. Editor,—Is it not a pity that there is no adequate supervision of our beautiful shade trees? Should there not be a by-law to regulate the planting, as well as the pruning and cutting down, or better still, a supervisor appointed, who has made some study of the subject?

All over the city the trees have been planted too close together to begin with, then trimmed and cut until they are maimed and mutilated, and their beauty gone, and when in the end it is absolutely unavoidable, some are cut out, leaving unsightly stumps, with trees on each side which can never recover from the butchering to which they have been subjected, but being more exposed than before to wind and weather, last but a short time, and are not much loss when they go. There is something radically wrong about all this. There ought to be a proper and uniform distance maintained and property owners made to observe this.

Experts argue that there should not be less than 35 feet at least between maples. In Rochester 40 feet is the distance allowed. Avenue A is planted with sugar maples 40 feet apart. Brighton Avenue with cut-leaved birches 40 feet apart, and Goodman St. with elms 50 feet apart. Why should we not have more variety, too?

Our city is going ahead. More building to be done this year than has been the case for years. Let us all do what we can to help the forward movement and to foster a spirit of municipal pride that will make Belleville worthy of its name of Beautiful city.

Yours for,
CIVIC IMPROVEMENT.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

To Meet Here.

Whig: The board of the Women's Auxiliary of the diocese of Ontario, has decided to accept the invitation of the W. A. women of Belleville, and will hold its annual meeting there the first week in June.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorised to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Strong easterly and southerly winds. Tuesday, southwest and west winds; mostly fair and a little warmer.

RIPE..... BANANAS

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Eyes

We offer to examine your eyes, and you may consult us with the full assurance of getting absolutely the best advice and service Science has at her command. Our Optician has devoted years to the study and practice of optics; and with college knowledge, personal study and experience he is prepared to cope with ANY case where glasses are the remedy.

Our many customers and leading physicians don't hesitate to recommend him in unqualified terms.

His examination is a thorough one.

Angus McFee
Phone 128.
The Store With the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HOUSEHOLD HELPS . . .

Sapolio, Bon Ami, Monkey Soap, Bathbricks, Knife Polish, Silver Polish, Borax, Ammonia, Chloride Lime, Stove Polishs, Blueing, Whiting, Washing Soda, Lye, Soap Powders, Laundry Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Toilet Paper, Wax Tapers, Candles, Clothes-lines, Mop Sticks, Ceiling Brooms, Washboards, Scrub Brushes, Boot Brushes, Shoe Polish, Tubs, Pails, etc., etc.

STARCHES—

Silver Gloss Starch, Satin Starch, Rice Starch, Celluloid Starch, Bee Starch, Ivorine Starch, etc. Invisible starch for mourning goods or colored prints.

BEST QUALITIES. LOWEST PRICES.

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

At Wallbridge & Clarke's.

The Market Tolls.

OTHER THAN RENTS ARISING from butcher stalls, in the City of Belleville, will be farmed, leased or rented for one year, commencing the 20th day of April, 1906, by public tender, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of APRIL, 1906.

Particulars and conditions can be seen at the office of the City Solicitor. Tenders are to be addressed to Chas. Green, Esq., Chairman Market Committee, Belleville, and left with me at my office up to 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday, the 12th day of April, 1906.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. C. MIKEL,
Solicitor and Clerk.

March 26th, 1906. m26,28,31&5,9

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
AND THE
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher	***$3.00***
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots	***$3.00***

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year; Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

At once, boy sixteen or seventeen years old.—S. A. HYMAN & CO. 9-tf

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. I sell direct to consumers at wholesale rates. There is nothing better than a route of regular customers. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

A house and three lots for sale on easy terms, Foster avenue, No. 295 a6-6t

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

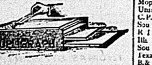
CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.



THE DUPLIGRAPH.

The best duplicator on the market. For a reasonable number of perfect copies from a type-written original we defy any machine in the world, we care not what its cost may be.

If you ever have any duplicating work to do, al we ask is an opportunity to demonstrate to you the merits of our machine.

—Cabinet with three tablets foolscap size, complete with ink—price....$10.00

—Single Dupligraph Tray, foolscap size $4.00

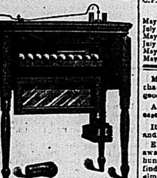
For sale in Belleville by

C. B. Scantlebury,
Stationer

PENMAN & SPRANG,
Sole Mfrs.
Head office 22 Yonge St. Arcade,
Toronto, Can

Write for circulars and samples of work

CHATHAM INCUBATOR



For sale by

D. P. Cory,
202 Church St., Belleville, Ont.

COLD CURE

Price 25c Relieves the head, throat, and lungs almost immediately.

I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS
MUNYON, Philadelphia

2 in 1 Shoe Polish

Black, Tan and White

The bootblacks all use "2 in 1" Shoe Polish—Pleased customers and many of them.

"2 in 1" is a leather food, softens, preserves and does not eat or burn shoes. Don't take substitutes.

Black and Tan in 10c. and 25c. tins White 15c. Glass.

FULLER.

Mr. George Sayer and Mr. John Johnston, of Thurlow, paid a few short visits in this neighborhood on Wednesday.

Mr. Fuller Clapper spent Thursday in Tweed.

Miss Lydia McCumber and Miss Bertha Calvert were the guests of Miss Maude Burke one day last week.

Mr. William Longmere, of St. Ola, is the guest of Mr. David McCumber.

Miss Ida Burke spent a few days in Crookston, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Andrew Carson.

Mrs. Samuel Carson is on the sick list.

Miss Mae Collins, who has been suffering from pneumonia, is slowly recovering.

Mr. James Burke is on the sick list.

Mr. Wm. Calvert spent a couple of days this week in Madoc.

Our cheese factory opens up on Monday, the 9th.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 9

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	93¾	92½
do pref	....	....
St. Paul	177	175½
Mop	95½	94½
Union Pac	156¼	154¾
C.P.R.	172¼	171¼
Sou Pac	68¼	65
R I	27¾	27¾
Ill. C.	173	171½
Sou Ry	40¼	40
Texas	33½	32¾
B.& O	113	112¾
N Y C	144	143
Penn	142½	141
Soo	158	157
T. W.	119¼	118
Erie	45	44½
do pref	78¼	78¼
Reading	137¾	135¾
C. O	59¼	59
O W	52	50¾
Manhattan	155	155
W C	27¾	27¾
L. & N.	149¾	148¾
A. F.	44	43¼
Nor	90	89½
Wab.	21¾	22¼
do pref	50⅛	47½
A. R.	159¾	158
C. G. W	21	20¾
T.C.I.	151	150
U. S. Steel	42¼	41¾
do pref	107¾	107
Sugar	140¼	138¼
B.R.T.	86¼	85½
P. O	91¼	91¼
A. C. P.	111¼	109¾
Met.	....	....
Alo.	68¼	67¾
C.F.I.	60¼	60⅛

May wheat opened at 77¼ closed at 78¼
July wheat opened at 77¼ closed at 77¼
May corn opened at 46¾; closed at 46¾
July corn opened at 40¼; closed at 45¼
May Oats opened at 31¼; closed at 31¼
May pork opened at 16.25 closed at 16.27

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mrs. C. Bly, of Toronto, is visiting friends in the city.

Mr. P. Tomlinson, of Brockville, spent yesterday in the city.

Miss Edith MacDonald has returned from a visit to friends in Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. Andyes, of Kingston, are visiting Mrs. Andyes' parents in this city.

Mr. Joseph Woodley, whose leg was broken in an accident recently, is progressing favorably.

Mrs. James Erskine, of Hamilton, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Lalonde, Dundas street.

At the Quinte; T. C. LeBoutillier, J. A. Lang, W. A. O'Hearn, A. B. Haycock, R. B. Brayson, W. R. Carmichael, A. T. Matthews, Montreal; F. Nicoll, London; L. M. Harris, R. S. Dill, J. S. White, W. Nash, J. Lydiatte, J. H. Evans, Toronto; C. Saunders, New York; T. McMillan, Havelock; D. E. K. Stewart, Madoc; L. C. VanVleck, Toledo.

OLIVE OIL AS AID TO BEAUTY.

ENGLISH DOCTOR'S PRESCRIPTION STARTS NEW FAD IN LONDON.

London, April 8.—According to the well-known journal, Family Doctor, fagged-out society beauties may find salvation in olive oil. The Family Doctor relates how a reigning London beauty went to the King's physician during the season and said; "What shall I take for my complexion? I am a sight." The reply was; "Take olive oil; live on it, live in it, live with it, drink it, dress your food with it, lubricate yourself with it."

As a result of following this advice the young woman achieved a complexion of rosy blood, pink damask and gloire de Dijon roses, and began to give beauty luncheons. These luncheons have since become very popular.

KEEPS UP WITH TIMES.

NEW REMEDY FOR STOMACH TROUBLES THAT WILL CURE.

In keeping with their custom of always ordering a supply of new remedies as soon as their value has been established, our leading druggists have obtained a supply of Mi-o-na, a remedy for stomach troubles that absolutely cures and restores lost functions of the digestive organs.

On the other hand, Mi-o-na contains no pepsin, acts directly upon the gastric glands, restores the lost functions of the digestive organs, revives flagging nutrition, aids in assimilation of food and, in fact, so strengthens the whole digestive system that you can eat anything at any time without fear of indigestion.

Weakness, nervousness, sleeplessness, headache, pain and distress after-eating, and debility are the result of a weak and faulty digestion. Use Mi-o-na, and all these symptoms will be overcome, and you will have perfect health.

Get a 50-cent box of Mi-o-na tablets to-day.

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD; subsequent consecutive [illegible]

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

Last Thursday Miss Burke and her class gave a luncheon to a number of the members of the Board of Education of this city at Albert College.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford Also at residence, Murney St.

We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country.—The SCHUSTER CO. mc30-tf

SECOND LINE OF THURLOW.

Mr. and Mrs. Meagher, of Marysville, spent last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Sutton.

Mr. A. Vermilyea, of Belleville, conducted the services in Spencer's church on Sunday last.

Mr. F. Henderson, the son of Mr. Wesley Henderson is sick with the whooping cough.

Miss Pansy Warner, Napanee, is spending a few weeks at the home of Mr. J. J. Sutton.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Vivian entertained a number of friends one evening of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Sine gave a party to the young people on Thursday night of last week.

UNHAPPINESS DISPELLED.

Men and Women Unanimous About It.

Many women weep and wail and refuse to be comforted because their once magnificent tresses have become thin and faded. Many men incline to profanity because the flies bite through the thin thatch on their craniums. It will be good news to the miserable of both sexes to learn that Newbro's Herpicide has been placed upon the market. This is the new scalp germicide and antiseptic that acts by destroying the germ or microbe that is the underlying cause of all hair destruction. Herpicide is a new preparation made after a new formula on an entirely new principle. Anyone who has tried it will testify as to its worth. Try it yourself and be convinced.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

LONDON HAS A WEIRD MYSTERY.

A PHOTOGRAPHER WHOSE CAMERA GIVES AMAZING RESULTS.

New York, April 8.— The Herald has the following cable from London;—An astounding story of mysterious photographs, which is vouched for by a well-known London photographer, is told in the current number of M.A.P.

A certain young woman named Miss B., who lives with her mother in one of the home counties, made an appointment with the photographer in question. The sitting was duly given, the photograph taken, and after the lapse of a week the young woman received a letter saying the photographs were not a success and asking for another sitting.

She agreed, and as soon as possible went to London again and a second photograph was taken. A short time elapsed, and as no proofs were sent she wrote making inquiries, only to receive a very apologetic letter, saying that again the photographs were failures and asking for a third sitting. For the third time Miss B. came to London. She is a good-natured girl, and contented herself with expressing the hope that this time there would be a successful result. In two days' time she received an urgent letter from the photographer, asking her to come up to his studio, and bring a friend with her.

As a result of this letter Miss B., accompanied by her mother, paid a fourth visit to the studio, and there the photographer exhibited the amazing results of the three sittings. The actual photographs of the girl herself were quite good, but in each plate there was to be seen standing beside her the figure of a man holding a dagger in his uplifted hand. The features, though faint, were clearly discernible, and to her horror Miss B. recognized them as those of her fiance, an officer in the Indian army.

The effect of this experience was so great that she wrote to India, breaking off her engagement.

Japanese Famine Fund

RECEIVED TO-DAY.

Junior Mission Band of Baptist Church $1.60

The Japanese Famine Fund collected and acknowledged through the columns of The Intelligencer, amounting to sixty-eight dollars and fifty-nine cents ($68.59), was to-day forwarded to Hon. Tatszgoro Nosse, Japanese Consul-General at Ottawa.

At Sign of the Scales,

A DOG CASE.

The attention of the court was occupied for some time in hearing a dog case Robert Bennett, who resides on Grier street, has at present in his possession a dog which Mrs. Craddock claims belongs to her. It appears that the dog was at one time the property of a Mr. Nutbrown, who was janitor at Albert College. Bennett claims that the dog was given to him and Mrs. Craddock claims it was given to her boy. The case will be heard again to-morrow.

HOW ABOUT YOUR PAINTING?

All customers of Mr. M. Cummins will be pleased to hear that he will shortly return from a trip to Chicago and other cities, where he has been for the purpose of obtaining the latest ideas in painting and paper hanging. It will be to your advantage to leave orders or make enquiries at the store of Mr. James Cummins, Harness Maker, Front St. 7,9

A Picton Fire.

Picton, April 8.—At 3 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in R. J. Musgrove & Company's harness shop on Main street. The stock, which it is believed, is uninsured, was completely destroyed. The brick building, which is owned by the Carter estate, was gutted, but the walls are undamaged. The building was insured. Cause of fire unknown.

License Commissioners

The following gentlemen, it is announced in The Ontario Gazette, have been appointed License Commissioners for West Hastings;—Wellington J. Diamond, Bruce W. Powers and Anson Latta.

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

KEIR HARDY'S "AT HOME."

An Interesting Old House and An Interesting Tenant — A Piquant Sense of Contrast.

The London World's subject for "Celebrities at Home" for March 2 is James Keir Hardie, M. P., at 14 Nevill's court, Fetter lane. Says the writer: One is impressed by a certain piquant sense of contrast in discovering the leader of the "party of the future" at home in a house which dates back to the time of the Tudors. Not far from the Holborn end of Fetter lane, and connecting that thoroughfare with the great printer's colony of New street square, is a quaint little alley, entered through a narrow brick archway, and flanked on each side by a row of private gardens, whose abundant leafyness provides in summer time, one of those pleasant oases of unexpected greenery which somehow contrive to flourish here and there in the very heart of the wilderness of city bricks and mortar. The houses to which these gardens are attached, and to which they give access from Nevill's court—so named from the great historic family whose one-time town mansion still stands close by—belong to a period of which the city has to-day but few surviving relics.

A Wonderful Old House.

It is perhaps the oldest — competent authorities give it at least four hundred years of existence — and certainly the most picturesque of these ancient buildings that Keir Hardie has made his modest London domicile. A wonderful old house, built of massive timber through and through, with irregular projecting casements, winding wooden stairway, and outer walls of plaster stained and tanned with the weather and smoke of centuries, it seems at first sight an oddly incongruous abode for the leader of the most determinedly "advanced" party in twentieth century politics. But one soon discovers that this strenuous prophet of the future, so far from being indifferent to the interests of the past, is not only proud of the antiquity of the house and well posted in the history of its surroundings, but has himself been at pains to restore, as far as possible, the original character and aspect of the rooms which he occupies, and to rescue them from the effects of whitewash and wall-paper vandalism of former unappreciative tenants.

Severe Simplicity.

However much Keir Hardie may abhor "mediaevalism" in politics, he has obviously no objection to it from the aesthetic point of view; and the severe simplicity of these old-world rooms of his is tempered by evidence of artistic taste and of appropriateness of decoration which might surprise some of those who only know the redoubtable labor leader in his public capacity. With its plainly distempered walls, its solid beams of stout Scots fir and its high antique chimney-piece, Mr. Hardie's combined study and reception-room seems to transport the visitor back at a bound to a period of English history when the profession of Socialism, in its mildest form, would probably have been a hanging matter, and provides a curiously interesting environment of a leader of men who regards even the party Radicalism of to-day as an outworn political and social creed. A tiny bedroom, plain as an anchorite's cell, curtained off from the living room, and a small kitchen on the same floor, complete the accommodation of the unique fifteenth or sixteenth-century "flat" which serves the leader of the newest of our political parties as his London home.

Striking Contrasts.

As may be imagined, however, the atmosphere of antiquity and feudalism which clings about these venerable rooms only brings into sharper relief the uncompromising "progressiveness" which finds expression not merely in the literature of socialism, permanent and periodical, that abounds on every hand, but in the portraits of pioneers and champions of social revolution—Robert Owen, Karl Marx, Walt Whitman, and others—which surround the labor leader of to-day as he works at a table thickly strewn with letters and telegrams relating to the business of the powerful organization of which he is now the chosen parliamentary chief. A pictorial treasure which Mr. Hardie specially prizes is a rare old print representing the historic Reform meeting in Birmingham, which brought together a hundred thousand resolute claimants of the franchise of 1831; and near at hand are portraits of the Boer generals, De Wet and Botha, memorials of their owner's vehement opposition to the policy of the South African war. A graceful color sketch by Faed affords evidence of Mr. Hardie's appreciation of gentler arts than those of the politician and agitator; and the portraits of his wife and three children carry with them the reminder that his real home is not in this ancient London house, but at Cumnock, in Ayrshire, where, in the intervals of his exacting public work, he finds recreation in gardening and in collecting specimens of the ballad and chap-book literature of his native Scotland.

Awkward First Lines.

A humorist of the days of the Reform bill hit upon a neat way of scoring off political opponents. A comic journal, not being a newspaper within the meaning of the act, was prohibited from giving news, and so, in place of a Parliamentary report, the humorist in question reported a few "first lines" from speeches by prominent members:

"Sir Charles Wetherell said he was not sensible—

"Mr. Hunt was entirely ignorant—

"Col. Sibthorpe never could understand—

"Lord Lyndhurst said he must entreat of everyone to give him credit—

"Sir Edward Sugden was not one of those who thought—

"Mr. Croker said he had the fullest assurance—"

It will be recognized that the method can be used by either party; it is only a matter of making the opening fit the opener.—London Chronicle.

Japan and Australia.

Many Australians have an idea that Japan is looking covetously on their island continent. Their suspicions were increased the other day by the discovery in the baggage of two Japanese, who were traveling in Australia as merchants, of a complete set of the secret plans of the Sydney fortifications.

SUNLIGHT SOAP
$5000 Reward! will be paid by LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT
LESS LABOUR GREATER COMFORT
GUARANTEED PERFECTLY PURE, GENUINE, & FREE FROM ADULTERATION ALL DEALERS are AUTHORIZED TO RETURN PURCHASE MONEY TO ANYONE FINDING CAUSE FOR COMPLAINT.

Your Money Refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

$5,000 reward will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

5c. Buy it and follow directions. 5c.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto 156

The Service Rendered . . .

All this and the best possible service is yours and actually without cost if we do your painting, graining and decorating.

That is to say we do not charge for our excellent service. We charge only for the actual work done and material used.

The service is our system—the producer of good results for our customers and ourselves.

This Same Service

you will find in our *WALLPAPER SALESROOM* and indeed throughout this methodical store, for if not methodical in every respect, we are open for pointers and information.

In the WALLPAPER DEPARTMENT we are at present selling all of the *balance of our 1905 papers at 25 per cent. discount* until sold—we will not carry through from year to year.

In addition we are offering during the coming week—

5000 Rolls of 1906 Papers at special prices

5c Papers for 3c
8c Papers for 5c
15c Papers for . . . 10c

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
Wallpapers, Paints and Oils Wholesale and Retail.

SAFE INVESTMENTS

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE
Head Office : Waterloo, Ont,
P. H. SIMS, S. B. BRICKER, HON. SENATOR McMULLEN
Vice-Presidents.
THOS. HILLIARD, President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD. Supt. of Agencies.

LOW EXPENSE
LOW MORTALITY
HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

Charges of Lawson Effective.

Boston, April 9.—The charges made by Thomas W. Lawson that the big insurance companies, in their hunt for proxies, have been giving rebates and issuing policies for no consideration other than the assignment of the vote of the holder, resulted Saturday in the return of several indictments after a special enquiry under the direction of District Attorney John D. Moran. All the names but one were withheld pending arrests. The exception is that of Frederick Hockaday, who is accused of "allowing rebates of insurance premiums contrary to the public statutes." Hockaday was taken into custody.

A Travelers' Presentation.

London, April 9.—Two years of splendid service for the Western Ontario Commercial Travelers' Association were rewarded Saturday afternoon at the quarterly meeting of the association, when Mr. Wm. R. Grant, president for 1904 and 1905, was made the recipient of a cabinet of solid sterling silver. The cabinet was of oak, with a silver plate, engraved on the lid, and it contained 110 pieces. The presentation was made by C. W. Nicholls, president.

Date is Inconvenient.

Washington, April 9.—The State Department has suggested to the Russian Government, through Ambassador Rosen, that the period suggested in the Russian note for the convention of the second Hague conference, namely, the early part of July, would be inconvenient to this country, and to some of the other countries of this hemisphere, which had expected to be represented at The Hague.

U. S. Trade With Canada and Cuba.

Washington, April 9.—The total trade of the United States with the principal countries of America in the fiscal year 1900 was: With Canada, $203,000,000; with Cuba, $125,000,000; with Brazil, $111,000,000; with Mexico, $92,000,000, and with Argentine $39,000,000.

Both Feet Cut Off.

Port Hope, April 9.—About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, while attempting to board a westbound freight train half a mile east of the Grand Trunk station, Leo Walker, 14 years old, son of James Walker of this town, had both his feet cut off just above the ankle.

EASY MONEY AT HOME

raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All [illegible] You'll get [illegible] each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK ([illegible]) and two cakes

BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,

and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for [illegible] stamps or coin. Address

COTTAM BIRD SEED, 23 St., London, Ont

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

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Ed. F. Dickens.
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TIMELY TOPICS.

THE BLUES.

(James Whitcomb Riley.)

When a man ain't got a cent an' he's feelin' kind o' blue,
An' the clouds hang dark an' heavy, an' won't let the sunshine through,
It's a great thing, O my brethren, for a feller just to lay
His hand upon your shoulder in a friendly sort o' way!

It makes a man feel curious; it makes the tear-drops start,
And you sort o' feel a flutter in the region o' the heart.
You can't look up an' meet his eyes; you don't know what to say,
When his hand is on your shoulder in a friendly sort o' way.

• • •

Some cities are requesting all the milkmen to be careful in future to boil the water before using.

• • •

The cars are running in Winnipeg, and so would anybody else run with a howling mob in hot pursuit.

• • •

The miners strike will save the trouble of finding some other reason for the increase in the price of coal.

• • •

Instead of using a hat pin on two burglars, a western girl used a meat axe, and she proved to be an efficient butcher.

• • •

A Schenectady man found a dog tag in a sausage. What became of the animal's collar, however, is still a horrid mystery.

• • •

As a matter of principle, we are unalterably opposed to these newfangled "women's smoking cars." The girls ought to be more sociable.

• • •

The proposed new Lord's Day Act may prevent newspaperdom from reporting sermons on Sunday, such not being a work of necessity or an act of mercy.

• • •

Judging by the way Montreal milkmen are being fined for watering their milk, it isn't now any wonder that the water in the St. Lawrence is unusually low this spring.

• • •

Five revivalists in the States had their overcoats stolen while they were revivaling. Well, the armor of righteousness ought to be plenty warm enough for this weather.

• • •

Edwin Charles, engineer and shipbuilder, of Folger Company, Kingston, has been appointed to succeed the late Captain Augustus as Chief Inspector of Canadian Lloyds, in the district from Toronto to Quebec.

• • •

That munificent five hundred times millionaire, John D. Rockefeller, has opened himself up and subscribed a big silver dollar to aid a struggling New Jersey hospital. There is not the slightest danger of the Standard oil grabber dying of enlargement of the heart.

In Germany a young man was kissed by a girl who mistook him for some other fellow. He complained to the police, and the girl was sentenced to fast for four days. German young men now feel that they can walk the streets in safety without a female escort.

• • •

Earl Grey says that the wealth which Canada had been slowly but surely accumulating for millions of years in the Laurentian Mountains was transported on the stately chariot of a glacial drift from out of the bountiful lap of our rich Dominion and generously given by Canada to the people of the United States. Those people who grumbled at Lord Alverstone did not know that he was merely assisting nature.

• • •

Though the winter of 1906 has been counted one of the most remarkable on record because of little snowfall, the official figures for March on the whole indicate that the month just past was more wintery than last year. The mean temperature for March, 1906, was 27 degrees, or 2 degrees below the average for the month in other years. The highest temperature was 49 degrees and the lowest one below zero. The amount of rain was 1.32 inches, or .18 of an inch below average. The amount of snow was 12.3 inches, or .6 above the average. In March, 1905, the mean temperature was 30 degrees, highest during the month 64, lowest 6 degrees above zero. The amount of rain was .34 inches, and of snow 1.7 inches.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

A VILLAGE IDYL.

Homesick to-night! My heart is sick,
And, as in days of yore,
I walk again the village street,
I see the village store—
The same old-timer codfish
Is dangling near the door.

I hear the village joker joke;
I hear the answering roar—
He's cracked those hoary-headed jokes
These twenty year or more,
Yet I could laugh at them again
Until my sides were sore.

Before that self-same window, there
I used to stand and feed
My boyish eyes on candy wealth,
For candy was my creed,
And if I had a copper, oh!
Then I was rich indeed.

I sit in awe upon a box,
My hands upon my knees,
And hear the farmers as they talk
Of politics and cheese;
Of horses, plows, the weather, crops,
And topics such as these.

Till all at once a vision bright
Stands in the open door!
My boyhood's darling! Ah, my heart!
I'll see that face no more.
Her face is sweet, her feet are bare,
Her little frock is tore—
—The Khan's Canticles.

CHRIS. STONG, HUNTER.

Famous Coon Hunter Who Recently Met Tragic End.

On the day he had concluded to quit coon hunting after a last try Chris. Stong, York's most successful coon hunter, fell from a tree fifty feet and was instantaneously killed.

Christian Albert Stong, who was 43 years of age, was born in Vaughan Township, in which he was raised by his uncle, with whom he lived until he was 9 years of age. Then he went to live with his grandfather, a farmer, and worked for him until the latter's death, about eight or ten years ago. Chris was a good hand at the work, but his real inclinations were always toward sports; he was quite an athlete and took part in several races besides riding horses at races.

Deceased was known far and wide as a hunter of coons, in which pursuit he professionally started after his grandfather's death. Some eight years ago he met with a serious accident, which folks thought would end fatally. He had mounted a tree some 60 feet high, and was chopping a coon out with an axe, which slipped, with the result that Stong missed his hold and fell to the ground, sustaining internal injuries, and it is said that he had never been the same man since.

He married twice and leaves a widow and three children, the eldest of whom, a boy, aged 22, is in the Northwest. Deceased had a wide circle of friends and was much liked.

Chris Stong, during the 20 years in which he hunted coons, is estimated to have captured something like 2,500 coons. He was known for unerring instinct in detecting their hiding places and few escaped him. His first proceeding was to look for claw marks.

His method of climbing trees was peculiar and effective. As a young man, he worked for a telephone company as a pole climber, and he used the same means, his boots being equipped with spurs and a rope attached to his waist belt, going around the tree trunk, the rope being also attached to shoulder harness that he wore. It was said by those who watched him that he was almost able to walk up a tree.

For use in dealing with his quarry he carried a brace of revolvers, a hatchet and other tools. As he went up his experience was such that he could tell by the sound of the spur just where the hollow in the tree began, and could cut a hole in the exact place to locate the coon or coons. Then he might either thrust his hand into the hole and seize a coon to throw down to the waiting dog, or lower into the hollow from the hole above used by the coon to go in and out, a piece of stick tied in the middle by a length of rope.

Aroused by the object bobbing among them, the coons would begin to scramble about. When the hunter felt the weight of one of them resting upon the stick he would begin to pull and force the coon to climb. On getting him on the top the hunter would either despatch the coon with a revolver or seize him and throw him to the ground. By the use of his methods he has secured as many as eight of the game animals, some of which weigh 40 pounds and over, in a single haul.

Chris. Stong was sometimes criticized for what was termed his butchery of coons, but he always held that the coon was a pest, killing poultry and ravaging grain in field and granary. The pursuit was a profitable one to him from the money view, as he was able to secure good returns for the pelts, which had been averaging in value over $2.

Among the points in his record was the capture of 187 coons in the winter of 1902-3. In 1904, at Sharon, he took 24 coons in 1 1-2 hours, his greatest achievement for quick work.

Art Treasure For Exhibition.

The Toronto Industrial Exhibition Association have received an important addition to their art collection in the shape of a historical painting done in water colors, of a scene on the banks of the River St. Lawrence or one of its tributaries, supposed to be in the neighborhood of Montreal. The painting was done by an officer of the French army about two hundred years ago, and represents an Indian encampment on the banks of a river. The painting, which is about 1 1-2 by 2 feet in size, will be placed on view in the Art Gallery at this year's exhibition. It was presented to the Exhibition Association by Sir Purdon Clark, former director of the South Kensington Museum, London, England.

Carrying a Loaded Gun.

A man came into the Police Court the other day carrying a friend on his back. "What's the matter?" asked the judge. The man answered, "Judge, this man is a friend of mine, and his name is Gunn. Now, Gunn is loaded. I know that it's against the law to carry a loaded gun on the streets, so I brought him in here." The judge said: "Gunn, you are discharged." And the next day the report was in the papers.—Mount Morris Index.

TO PREVENT USURY.

Reflections and Reminiscences Called Up on Scanning the Hon. Chas. Fitzpatrick's Bill in House.

The efforts to put an end to usury or the loaning of money at exorbitant rates of interest, are to be commended. It is therefore to be hoped that Mr. Fitzpatrick's bill dealing with this question will be made practicable, and that it will become the law of the land. It has been sent to the Committee of Banking and Commerce for the perfecting of its details, and thus give the country the reasonable defence against excesses to which it is entitled.

What the Measure Proposes.

So far as can be gathered, the bill proposes to limit the rate of interest that the money-lender can charge to 12 per cent. on sums under $500, and to make the rate after the debt has fallen due no more than 6 per cent. This is a change for the better, but it is scarcely so sweeping a reform as might be expected considering the gravity of the situation, and the means that may be employed to circumvent the intent of the statute. It can readily be understood that a loan may call for a great deal more than 12 per cent, although no higher rate is mentioned in the bond. All that is necessary, in order to extort an exorbitant rate, is to require the borrower to sign for a much larger sum than he receives. By artificially increasing the principal the interest charge is swollen. What Parliament ought to do is clear. It should make certain that there is no departure from the principle it lays down.

What Britain Did.

In this connection it is of interest to note that Great Britain, afflicted by the usury evil, dealt with it in a drastic way in the year 1900. Up to that time the usury had had a clear field for unchecked operations. Wherever he could find victims he did his heavy work. In the colleges, the schools, the army, the offices, the shops—in all places where young people were to be found—the usurer operated. The commission of enquiry exhumed the fact that the plan of procedure was the sending of a circular mentioning the convenience that a money-lending firm was to the recipient. The older people had their banks; why should not the younger have financial accommodation also? Money the young persons needed. Why not borrow it from the firm from which the circular came? The borrower would be able to satisfy his immediate needs, and nobody would be the wiser! And so the net was spread. Into it the unwary fell, with the result that he was soon heavily involved, the interest swallowing up all the money he could scrape together.

A Curse to the Country.

The constant drag upon the victim was awful. Sometimes freedom was attained, but there were too many cases in which the unfortunate sought relief by means that ruined him for life. The Imperial Parliament dealt with the question thoroughly, and to-day usury and its evils are not so general as they at one time were. The first principle of the British law is registration. Every person who makes money-lending a business must register as such in the Inland Revenue Office, and must trade under the firm name by which he is registered. This gives the law a grip upon the lenders, for without registration the business cannot be followed. Any person doing business with a money-lending firm is entitled to receive a copy of every document or security relating to the loan. Thus, there can be no secrecy and no misunderstood agreement. There is a fine of $500 for the first violation of this part of the law and imprisonment for three months for a second offence.

Precautions Against Fraud.

While the money-lender can be fined or imprisoned for failing to register or for neglecting to give the borrower the papers that are called for, he is subject to heavier penalties for misrepresentation. If by any false promise or statement he induces any person to borrow money he is guilty of a misdemeanor and is liable to two years' imprisonment or to a fine of $2,500. This clause renders the offering of false inducements to borrow a very hazardous business. Another provision renders the collection of usurious rates from an infant or from a person who is under age impossible. The money-lender has to prove that he had reason to believe that his customer was of age when the money was loaned in order to collect. This provision makes difficult the drawing of young people into the meshes of the loan shark. But the strongest protection the public have lies in the authority given to the judge, when a debtor is sued, to reduce the charges and the interest, if he thinks proper so to do.

High Rates Cut Down.

Whenever the money-lender sues to recover money which he has lent and the court is satisfied that the interest charged is excessive or that the amount charged for expenses, fines, bonuses, and so on, is too high, or that the transaction is "harsh and unconscionable," the court can reopen the transaction and award, in spite of the contract, what is fair. The judge may wipe out the debt, if he thinks enough money has already been paid. He may even order the creditor to refund to the debtor whatever sum he regards as an overpayment. Under this statute the man who charges a rate that is usurious will not go into court if he is not registered, for that would render him liable to a fine, and he certainly will not try to recover an unjust debt, even if registered, for it may happen that the court will turn the tables upon him and make him the debtor of the man he is suing. This is strong legislation. It certainly renders the operations of the unfair lender difficult.

While the British Act gives this remedy for the evil, there is another that has been tried elsewhere, namely, the opening of loan offices for the distressed. Wealthy people across the line have formed little companies for the advancing of money to worthy people at low rates of interest. The result has been relief where needed and no loss to the persons who have invested in these benevolent schemes.

Moderation.

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Who, when his fortune's truly stated,
Has cash beyond his need, yet not
Enough to be investigated.

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HOMESPUN HEROICS

By Claude Pamares

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One of the habitues of Skinner's grocery, at the village of Skinnersville, was Abe Langford. He became a "sitter" when he was twenty years old, and for twelve years he never missed but one night. That was the night of his marriage to the Widow Durham. She was his senior by ten years, and she married him mostly that he might have a mother. Every night, rain or shine, summer or winter, Abe was there.

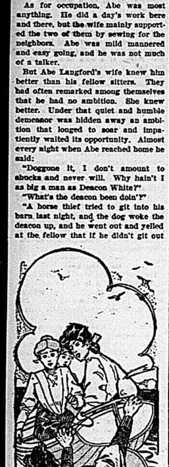
During the first year the old veterans crowded him around somewhat, but after that one of the cracker barrels was marked with his initials and duly recognized as his throne.

As for occupation, Abe was most anything. He did a day's work here and there, but the wife mainly supported the two of them by sewing for the neighbors. Abe was mild mannered and easy going, and he was not much of a talker.

But Abe Langford's wife knew him better than his fellow sitters. They had often remarked among themselves that he had no ambition. She knew better. Under that quiet and humble demeanor was hidden away an ambition that longed to soar and impatiently waited its opportunity. Almost every night when Abe reached home he said:

"Doggone it, I don't amount to shucks and never will. Why hain't I as big a man as Deacon White?"

"What's the deacon been doin'?"



HE HUNG ON TO THE STERN AND GOT THE BOW POINTED STRAIGHT.

"A horse thief tried to git into his barn last night, and the dog woke the deacon up, and he went out and yelled at the fellow that if he didn't git out mighty sudden he'd let go a hull bushel of buckshot at him. He's a hero, the deacon is. When he got through tellin' the story Skinner offered to trust him for ten pounds of sugar all to once."

"Everybody can't be a hero," answered the wife, with a sigh.

"What do you s'pose happened to Elijah Smallman two or three years ago?"

"I can't say. I don't remember of his telling that anything did."

"No, he never told a human being about it till tonight, and then he made us all promise never to breathe a word to a soul. Lordy, but the chills went up and down my back while he was tellin' it!"

"What was it?"

"He saw a murderer. His dog barked about midnight, and he got up and looked out of the winder and saw a murderer snoopin' around. The feller even came up and rattled on the kitchen door. The dog put his tail down and made a sneak and didn't come home for two days. Lijah said he got so weak in the knees that he could hardly get back to bed, and he covered up his head for more'n an hour afterwards."

"How did he know it was a murderer?"

"Because the feller had on a slouch hat pulled down over his eyes and was crouched over. That's the way they allus do. Yes, he was a regular murderer. A week later a tin peddler come along and told Lijah that a hull family had been murdered about fifty miles away the very next night. If the dog hadn't barked the Smallman family would have been wiped out. Do I ever see a murderer snoopin' around?"

"Land o' massy, but I hope not!"

"But I orter see one, same as other folks. If I ever do see one I won't stand and tremble and shake. No, sir, I won't. I'll just go right out to him and tell him to hump himself out of that or he'll have me in his hair, but I shan't never see one. There's no such good luck for me."

"But you hain't done so bad," observed the wife in soothing tones. "You fell in the river once, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"And you had a fight with a lightnin' rod man?"

"Yes."

"And a mad dog chased you up a ladder?"

"But what does all them things amount to agin Injuns and murderers? I want to be a hero, same as other folks. If I'd ask Skinner to trust me for ten pounds of sugar all to once he'd drop dead."

"Waal," said the wife as she rose up to prepare for bed, "you are doin' all you can, and nobody can't do any better. If you live long 'nuff mebbe your chance will come."

It was on the road and only two weeks away. A millionaire had his summer home on the bank of the river running through the village. His eighteen-year-old daughter was fond of rowing, and it was an almost everyday sight to see her skimming along in her boat. There had been heavy midsummer rains, and the river had gradually risen until the water poured over the dam like a Niagara. There was a drop of twelve feet, with three or four waves at the bottom rising up and curling over in a menacing way. One day, at the highest stage of the water, three young ladies appeared on the pond in a boat. The rich man's daughter was taking company out for a row. Two hundred feet above the dam, as she attempted to turn and go back, one of the oars snapped, and in her sudden panic she lost the other, while the boat turned broadside to the stream. To go over the dam in that fashion meant death to all.

Abe Langford had been salvaging sawlogs and boards from the river with rope and hook and stood on the bank when the disaster to the boat occurred. There were others higher up and lower down who were startled by the screams of the girls, but not one of them grasped the situation. It was left for Abe. Off came his coat, vest and shoes, and in he plunged. A score of men called to him that he could never hope to tow the boat ashore, but that wasn't his plan. There was just a chance that if the girls kept quiet and the boat was guided over the dam bow first she wouldn't fill or be upset. Abe caught it when it was yet fifty feet from the plunge, and, whirling it about, he hung on to the stern and got the bow pointed straight. Then he said to the girls:

"We have got to go over the dam. All of you crouch down and hang on for your lives. If you make one move we shall all be drowned."

There was screaming and yelling and shouting all along the banks, but Abe Langford was not rattled. Two of the girls had fainted away, and the other was dumb with fright. The boat half filled, but floated through to safety, and, guiding and swimming, Abe brought her to the bank. He had done a brave deed, and his fellow townsmen were unstinted in their praise. He took it all in his humble way, and as soon as he could escape them he went shivering home.

"Good lands, Abe Langford, but what's the matter?" exclaimed the wife on beholding his saturated condition.

"Just saved three gals from drowndin'," he replied.

"Then you are a hero at last?"

"Durn the luck, no! In all the stories I've ever read the hero marries the gal whose life he saves. There was three of 'em, and what am I goin' to do about it? Besides, if there wasn't but one I'd be married to you just the same, wouldn't I? I tell you luck is agin me, and I shall never have a fair show."

"Waal, git off your wet clothes and mebbe you'll be chased by a mad bull tomorrer," said the motherly wife as she began drying his wet hair with a towel.

Dangers in Circulating Libraries.

A foreign medical journal has been publishing facts about the dissemination of disease through books from public libraries. It is, of course, impossible for librarians to ascertain where books have been or to know the conditions of families into which they go. A large number of books were examined and were found to contain the bacilli of pneumonia, diphtheria and many other sorts, some of which were harmless. Even new books fresh from the publisher's hands were found to contain germs. There are very many persons who practice wetting the fingers with the lips or tongue when turning the pages of books. This is an exceedingly dangerous thing to do, not only to the person who does it, but to all others who may use the book afterward, especially if the person so doing has any form of disease in the system. Invalids of all kinds are likely to be great readers, and the consumptive or those suffering with cancer may unwittingly deposit on the pages of the volumes they peruse the deadly germs of their own malady.

Just a Lie.

"I once," said the colonel solemnly—"I once, and only once, had all thirteen trumps dealt me."

"Er—I suppose you were the dealer," suggested a candid friend.

"No, sir!" roared the colonel. "No, sir! I was not the dealer!"

"Then may I ask what happened to the trump which the dealer turned up?"

And a terrible silence ensued.

Recuperating.

Visitor (to convict)—I suppose you find your life here very tiresome, my friend, do you not? Convict—Oh, no, sir. I have been a burglar for a good many years and have worked hard and conscientiously at the business, and as I'm only in for three years I feel that the rest is doing me good.

FIVE NEW SENATORS.

Sketches of the Careers of Recent Appointments to the Senate.

Hon. Robert Jaffray.

Mr. Robert Jaffray, who is president of The Globe Publishing Co., was born at Bannockburn, Scotland, on Jan. 23, 1832. After being educated at Stirling school, he became an apprentice to Mr. J. R. Dymock, but when 20 years old came to Canada, becoming a resident of Toronto. He entered the employ of Mr. J. B. Smith, a grocer and provision merchant at the corner of Yonge and Louisa streets, five years later became a partner in the business, and in 1858 became sole proprietor. He retired in 1883. Mr. Jaffray was for several years a Government director on the board of the Northern Railway Co.; later a director of the Midland Railway; became a director of The Globe in 1880, and its president in 1888. He is vice-president of the Imperial Bank, of which he has been a director since 1885; vice-president of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co.; one of the commissioners of the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park; and a director of the Toronto General Trusts Corporation, and of the Canadian General Electric Co. He was chairman of the Temiskaming Railway Commission until the advent of the Whitney Government to power, when he resigned.

Hon. J. M. Douglas.

Mr. J. M. Douglas was born at Linton, Bankheed, Roxborough, Scotland, on May 26, 1839. He was educated there, at Toronto University, at Knox College and at Princeton Seminary. He was ordained to the ministry in 1865; was pastor at Uxbridge and Cobourg Presbyterian Churches; was a missionary to India and chaplain to the British troops at Mhow from 1876 to 1882. Returning to Canada, he became minister at Brandon and subsequently filled the pulpit at Moosomin. He retired from the ministry in 1896 and devoted himself to farming. He was elected to the House of Commons from East Assiniboia in 1896, was re-elected in 1900, but retired in 1904. He married in 1861 Jane, the daughter of George Smith, of Darlington, Ont.

Hon. Peter Talbot.

Mr. Peter Talbot, who is of an Irish father and a Scottish mother, was born at Eramosa, Wellington County, on March 30, 1854. He was educated at Rockwood Academy and the Ottawa Normal School, was Principal of Cornwall Model School from 1883 to 1890, when he was appointed Principal of the Public School at McLeod. He was elected to the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories as a supporter of the Haultain Government in 1902, but was elected to the House of Commons as a Liberal in 1904. He was married to Clara Card, of Guelph, Ont., on Jan. 1, 1879.

Mr. L. G. DeVeber.

Hon. Leverett George DeVeber, M.D., son of Richard Sandys and Caroline DeVeber, Anglo-Canadian, was born Feb. 10, 1849, at St. John, N. B., and was educated at the Collegiate School and King's College, Windsor, N. S.; St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London, England, and the University of Pennsylvania. He was married in 1885 to Rachel Frances Ryan, and was elected to the Northwest Assembly by acclamation in 1898 and re-elected in 1902. He was Health Officer of the Town of Lethbridge. He belongs to the English Church, and is a Liberal politically.

The most valuable desolate islands in the world are the Liakovs, in the Arctic ocean, off the mouth of the Lena, in Siberia. They are frost bound and utterly barren save for arctic moss, but they contain such enormous quantities of fossil ivory that they are exceedingly valuable—in fact, although uninhabited save for the ivory diggers and of themselves incapable of supporting life, they produce a revenue of £1,000,000 a year.—London Queen.

A Bengalese Peculiarity.

A doctor remarks: "What strikes one most at a Bengal hospital is the lack of sense of proportion in the estimation of diseases. A man is gravely perturbed because he has not sneezed for three months, but he is comparatively indifferent to the fact that he exhibits the early signs of leprosy.

Rustic Folly.

"You'd never think Kjones was from the country, would you? His manner is perfect and his dress fashionable."

"Yes, but he gave himself dead away on the street car today."

"How?"

"Got up and gave his seat to a woman."—Cleveland Leader.

Hindoo Women.

The Hindoo holy books forbid a woman to see dancing, hear music, wear jewels, blacken her eyebrows, eat dainty food, sit at a window or view herself in a mirror during the absence of her husband and allows him to divorce her if she has no sons, injures his property, scolds him, quarrels with another woman or presumes to eat before he has finished his meal.

The Cote.

In Chaucer's time a woman's gown was called her cote.

Sneeze Wood.

One of the natural curiosities of South Africa is the "sneeze wood" tree, which is so called because one cannot cut it with a saw without sneezing, as the fine dust has exactly the effect of snuff. No insect or worm will touch it; it is very bitter to the taste, and when placed in water it sinks.

Marriage In Spain.

Marriage in Spain takes place during the day or night, according to the position in life of the young people. If well to do, the ceremony occurs early in the morning.

Mile Varieties.

A statute or geographical mile is 5,280 feet. A nautical mile or knot is 6,085 feet. A league differs in length in different countries. A marine league is three knots. In parts of the United States acquired from Mexico the league is 2.63 statute miles.

Ancient Salads.

The lettuce was deemed by the ancients the food of the dead because when Adonis, the beloved of Venus, was mortally wounded by a wild boar the weeping goddess laid him upon a bed of soft and tender lettuce, whose milky juice possesses soothing and narcotic qualities. Lettuce was eaten by the ancients at the close of their repasts, as from its cooling qualities it was considered an antidote to the heating effects of wine. The bitter herbs which the Jews ate at the passover were wild lettuce, succory, tansy, camomile and dandelion, and this same race are the inventors of the salad compounded of oil, vinegar, sugar, salt and mustard to render the bitter herbs palatable. The Irish two centuries ago made their salads of sorrel, wood sorrel and beet chopped with vinegar, beer and a little sugar, but no oil, salt or mustard. Readers of classic history will remember how a lettuce caused the cruel death of Cambyses, king of Persia and Media, and of his consort, who was also his sister.

Municipal Thrift.

On the way from one town on Cape Cod to another a contributor to the Boston Transcript came upon a charming house by the roadside, which immediately claimed his attention. It bore a fresh coat of white paint, which was well set off by green blinds. There was a smooth piece of lawn in front, a group of fine shade trees and hammocks, piazza chairs, brilliant sofa pillows and all the adjuncts of summer comfort in luxurious profusion.

"Whose place is this?" he demanded of the boy of twelve who accompanied him as guide and adviser in general.

"That there?" said the boy. "Oh, that there's the poorhouse."

"The poorhouse!" the man exclaimed. "You seem to have luxurious paupers in this town."

"Well, you see," was the explanation, "we hain't got but one, 'n' she's an old woman, 'n' the overseers they board her out with one o' the neighbors 'n' let the poorhouse to some o' them Boston folks for the summer, 'n' that pays her keep."

How to Boil Water.

To boil water would seem to be a very simple thing, and yet the late Charles Delmonico used to say that very few people knew how to do it. "The secret is," he said, "in putting good fresh water into a clean kettle already quite warm and setting the water to boiling quickly and then taking it right off for use in tea, coffee or other drinks before it is spoiled. To let it steam and simmer and evaporate until the good water is in the atmosphere and the lime and iron and dregs only left in the kettle is what makes a great many people sick, and it is worse than no water at all." For water boiled like this and flavored with a few drops of lemon juice Mr. Delmonico used to charge as much as for his best liquors, and he often recommended it to his customers and friends who complained of loss of appetite. It is worth trying. —Good Living.

Some of the Many Theories Put Forth For the Change.

That our winters are displaying a tendency towards a greater geniality is a theory held by many people, lay and scientific, all through the temperate zone.

Many are the theories put forth in support of a conviction, the most important being advanced by Herschel and favored by Gickie and the authorities of the Kew Observatory. That is that the axis of the earth is gradually swinging about, bringing the temperate and Arctic zones nearer the tropics, and carrying the tropic zone nearer the polar regions. The world is like a spinning top, they say, the upright centre upon which it spins being the axis.

Now they believe that the earth is running down, and is wobbling just like a top. Lest anyone should be alarmed for fear the spinning should suddenly stop, we hasten to explain that it has been running down for some millions of years, if these scientists are right. That many regions that are now hot were once cold, and many cold places once semi-tropical, seem to be proved by scientific discoveries, which need not be discussed here.

Another scientific theory is that the earth swings back and forth every few years, and that the cold winters for five or ten years are followed by mild winters for a like period of time. All we can say of this theory is that to strike a winter like this, after last winter, the earth would have had to back up so suddenly that everyone must have felt the jog.

Passing over the sun-spot theory, which has many admirers, we come to the students of the Gulf Stream and its influence upon our climate. These observers declare that the stream is changing its course, and is now closer to the Atlantic Coast of Canada and th United States than it was some years ago. The fact that the climate of Maryland and New Jersey is growing warmer is offered as proof of this theory. The Japanese current, others say, is changing its course. In short, there are scores of theories, all but one of them ridiculed by every scientist. What the one is depends on the scientist.

Kind Words For the Sucker.

The sucker is the coyote and hog of the waters, but he has his uses. Caught in the early spring, the fish is firm and clean and may become a dried and salt food of commercial value. Pigs and cattle can be fed on this fish later in the season, and if boiled and mixed with bran or meal it gives no taste whatever to meat or milk. Successful experiments have been made in feeding carp, suckers, and mullet to cattle when dried or salted. If all other fish are caught by the net fisherman and the sucker is thrown back into the water the inevitable result must be that only the sucker will remain. He consumes the wild rice and other wild-fowl food, and also the food that would support better fish.

A Whistle Language.

They have a whistle language on Gomera island, in the Canary archipelago. They can whistle there as articulately as a Bostonian speaks. And, since they can whistle very loud and shrill, the Gomeras can converse a long way off. A Gomera hunting a mile from home can ask his wife what there is for lunch, and, if the menu does not please him, he can scold her and order a change quite as well as though he stood beside her.

The Gomeras talk in a singsong, and their whistle language reproduces the spoken one's intonations. For instance, children all over America have a taunting cry:

"Hiss for shame,
Hiss for shame,
Everybody knows your name!"

This cry is not sung. It is intoned. And so the Gomeras intone their guttural language. It would be quite easy to whistle the "Hiss for shame" cry. So it is quite easy to whistle the Gomeras' singsong language.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Beyond the Limit.

"I don't mind folks borrowing," said Miss Hodges plaintively to an old friend who was paying her a visit, "but I've got an awful trying woman for a neighbor just now. She borrows such queer things I'm most out of patience with her."

"Shears and brooms and the flour sifter and ironing board, I s'pose," said the guest, who had known life in a country town.

"Mercy me, I don't count such things!" said Miss Hodges. "Nor my best umbrella nor my carving knife. I can make shift to get on without them for awhile any time. But when she come over to borrow my diary the other day so's she could keep account of the weather and her hens' eggs and so on till her husband came back from California, she having given him hers to put down his expenses and sights in, so's she could copy her record in from my book in the right place—I declare, I called it the cap sheaf!"—Youth's Companion.

Take a Fresh Start.

As the horses trot down to the wire in a long, straggling line a race official bangs a bell and the whole field turns and goes back to try again. A fresh start is necessary. But it is not only on the race tracks that fresh starts are essential to the achievement of results. There are countless instances of business firms taking fresh starts after visitations of misfortune. Individuals without number daily turn their backs upon discouragements of the past and take a fresh start. The man who fails is he who is unwilling to do battle over again. An individual suffers everlasting failure if, when confronted by obstacles, he refuses to gird up his loins and take a fresh start. Fresh starts are the foes of sluggishness and laziness and the guarantee of a brighter success than could be possible without them.—Baltimore Herald.

Her Method of Darning.

"The worst case of a henpecked man I ever saw," said the traveling man, "is up in my little native place among the Berkshire hills. The hen in this case is a smart woman who runs a farm and keeps everything shipshape except her husband. She is content to let him get along in any old fashion, so long as he does not interfere with her work. One day he asked her apologetically if she wouldn't darn at least one pair of his stockings, for every pair he owned had holes.

"She gave him a crushing glance and said, 'If every pair has holes, wear two pairs, and the good places in one will cover the holes in the other.' And she made him do it too."—New York Press.

Mexico's Fans.

In Mexico fans were used long before the conquest, and when Montezuma heard that the Spaniards had landed and were about to visit him he sent for goldsmiths and lapidaries and ordered, among other gifts which were to be offered to Cortes, two feather fans ornamented with a sun and moon of highly polished gold. Like the Japanese and other ancient nations, the Aztecs evidently considered the fan an emblem of authority, for they generally placed it in the hands of Ometeuctli, god of paradise, and of Totec, the military disciple of Quetzalcohuatl.

Weighing the Anchor.

A young lady, who had no knowledge of nautical phrases, asked a friend, "Do you know, I often wonder why a ship has to weigh its anchor every time it leaves port?" The answer of her friend was not illuminating—"Well—er—the weight is constantly changing, you know, because of the—er—binnacles and things that accumulate on the anchor!"—London News.

His Jubilee.

Judge—Are you aware of any mitigating circumstances in your case? Prisoner—Yes, your honor. This is the fiftieth time I have been here for vagrancy, and I thought that perhaps we might get up a small jubilee.

For Two Pins.

"My wife told me this morning that for two pins she'd kiss me."

"How affectionate!"

"No; merely crafty. She's after two diamond hatpins she saw in a jeweler's window yesterday."

The Resemblance.

"A wild goose has really some reason to be classed in courage with the eagle."

"In what respect?"

"It is sure to die game."—Baltimore American.

Scorn no man's love though of a mean degree. Love is a present for a mighty king. Much less make any man thine enemy.—Herbert.

Crabs Helped In Rabbit Hunt.

On a property where the rabbit shooting was strictly preserved upon the southern coast of England a boy was caught with two dead rabbits in his possession and nothing that would account for their decease. A search of his pocket revealed nothing but two live crabs of small dimensions, the end of a candle and a box of matches. Under promise of release the urchin was persuaded to disclose his method of procedure. First he selected a likely burrow and then stripped off his clothes, putting his coat over one hole, his trousers over another and his shirt over the third. He lit the candle end, dropped a little grease upon the crab's back and stuck the lighted candle thereon and then put the crab at an unoccupied opening. Straightway the frightened torchbearer fled sideways into the darkness and explored the innermost depths, while the boy, expectant as a terrier, awaited events outside. Presently a rabbit bolted into the coat. As it did so that boy was after it like a shot, and boy, rabbit and coat all rolled over together, the boy rising from the fray with the rabbit in his clutches.—Korea News.

Priceless, Yet Costless—Pure Air.

There is no menace to vitality and to the sum and the value of the products of vital energy so continuously imminent, so insidious, so effectively active as are the invisible wastes of the body. The dead by the weapons of the world's battlefields are few compared with those whose lives have been either blighted or prematurely ended because of failure to maintain the body in a correct relation to the atmospheric source of abundant energy waiting to be transformed into vital force and who have died for want of proper breath. He who would live at his best must breathe air at its purest. There is no material necessity to life greater than that of pure air. There is nothing so priceless and yet so costless as air. There is no financial investment which does or can yield so sure and so large returns as money wisely expended for pure air.—Professor S. H. Woodbridge in Good Housekeeping.

Villages That Cut Corks.

Thousands of men, women and children in the mountains of Spain and Portugal are employed in cutting cork. It is a domestic trade, and it occupies whole villages. Agents from the factories and export houses of Seville and Lisbon go through the mountain villages each year buying up the corks in enormous quantities. It is not unusual for an agent to purchase 5,000,000 on one journey. The corks as purchased in the native villages are of all sizes and qualities. They are sorted in the cities and, after being packed, are shipped by the ton. Once here many of them are recut by hand at the rate of twenty gross a day. So fastidious are some bottlers that the cork importers have to keep in their employment several cork cutters to recut such corks as do not suit customers.

Arabs and Portraits.

An artist who found it difficult to get pictures of Arabs in Morocco writes: "I once tried to sketch some Arabs in Algiers. They constantly evaded me, and at last an old Moor, with whom we were on the friendly terms produced by constant bargaining for embroidered rags, spoke to me on the matter like a father, for my good. 'It is not,' he said, 'that any harm will ensue to those whose picture you make. It is you yourself will suffer inconvenience in the next world. Allah will say to you: "Following your own will and pleasure, you have made those figures. I now command you give them souls." And where, my friend, will you be then?'"

Woman Was Made From an Elm Stick

In the Scandinavian myth of the origin of woman Odin, Vili and Ve, the three sons of Bor, were walking along the sea beach when they found two sticks of wood, one of ash and one of elm. Odin and his brothers were gods, of course, but the sight of the stick caused them to wish that they could carve other gods from the inanimate wood. They forthwith set about the task, with the result that they made a living man out of the ash stick and a female, being in godlike form, equally as lively as the man, out of the elm billet.

Injurious to the Memory.

Besides inattentive reading there are other things injurious to memory. One is the habit of skimming over newspapers, all in a confused jumble, never to be thought of again, thus diligently cultivating a habit of careless reading hard to break, says Home Chat. Another is the reading of trashy novels. Nothing is so fatal to reading with profit as the habit of running through story after story and forgetting them as soon as read.

Suspicious Directors.

"Our cashier seems to be a frugal chap."

"How so?"

"Always brings his lunch with him and eats it at his desk."

"Hum. That may be frugality and it may be fear of leaving his books. Better have him investigated at once." —Philadelphia Bulletin.

Information.

"What is a domestic animal, mamma?" asked the little boy.

"A domestic animal," replied mamma, with a scornful glance at papa, who was putting on his coat, "is one who does not spend all his time at the club."—Brooklyn Life.

A bill is better receipted, and an old chair is better reseated, and that is the resemblance between 'them, although neither of 'em looks at all like the other.

You have No Reason for Not Using

Zutoo

Some people think that all headache cures are alike—that they all undermine the health, even if not perceived at the time of taking them.

Well, we'll admit that the drug cures do this, but that is no reason why you should not take Zutoo.

Zutoo is a harmless vegetable remedy. One ingredient is soda—just old-fashioned soda that our grandmothers used to take to settle the stomach, when they had sick headache. And there is nothing better.

The principal ingredient—the one that stops the headache, is a vegetable ingredient imported for us from Japan. It won't hurt you any more than will the soda.

There is absolutely no reason why you should not use Zutoo.

If you suffer from headache there is every reason why you should.

Taken in time, two tablets will ward off a headache. Taken later, they will stop it in twenty minutes, and leave you feeling good every time.

If you are using a drug remedy, why not discard it?

Zutoo will cure just as quickly and will save you the penalty, that all must sometime pay, who take the drugs which these cures contain.

If you will give Zutoo one trial, you will never take any other headache remedy again.

10c. and 25c. at dealers or by mail.
B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Que.

It is as Harmless as Soda

Andirons.

In regard to andirons a writer in the Connoisseur points out the curious fact that the older specimens rarely come in pairs, but are of different heights and sizes. It was the custom in the middle ages, it seems, to make them uneven so as to facilitate the moving and raising of the huge blocks employed for firewood. He continues:

In the middle ages they were also planned to hold a spit, and it was not until the late sixteenth century that they were much ornamented. According to Viollet le Duc, since the most remote ages, from Etruscan times down to the Romans, such andirons were made of iron. Vasari speaks of andirons made with "meraviglioso magistero" for the captains of the Arte della Seta, but I have not found much ornamentation upon them as early as he says. I have a theory of my own, which is contrary to that of Viollet le Duc. In England andirons are called fire dogs, and in the Bargello there is a splendid specimen made in the form of crouching hounds. I hold that the andirons were in the first instance made in the shape of animals lying at rest, shaped of clay or stone, and it was much later that they were made of iron, when they often ended in animals' heads, most often in that of dogs.

Advertising a Novel.

In a New York literary club two novelists were discussing a novel of the eighties and of which 60,000 copies had been sold.

"It was," said the older man, "the best piece of advertising I ever heard of, for it was advertising, not merit, that made the book popular.

"The author has a millionaire bachelor friend—call him Millions—and he persuaded Millions to let him write for a newspaper a paragraph to the effect that the novel's heroine had made a hit with him, and if he could find anywhere a girl resembling her he would marry her.

"This paragraph duly appeared. It was copied all over the country. The young women of America, on fire with curiosity and hope, bought and read the book in order to see if they stood any chance with Millions."

The younger novelist took out his notebook.

"By Jove," he muttered. "It wouldn't hurt to resurrect that scheme."

The One to Be Pleased.

"No," said Peckham, "we never have boiled ham at our house any more."

"Why," replied Newitt, "I thought you were very fond of it."

"So I am, but my wife's pet dog won't eat it at all."

One is never weary of life. One is only tired of oneself.—Carmen Sylva.

No Sleep
For The Kidneys.

Old people are especially liable to Kidney and Bladder Irritation. The organs are weakened by age. This starts up inflammation—blood is not properly purified as it goes to the kidneys—and the bladder is unable to retain the urine properly. There is a constant desire to urinate day and night—and sound, restful sleep is unknown.

Bu-Ju

THE GENTLE KIDNEY CURE

gives the vigor and strength of youth to kidneys and bladder. It soothes and heals the irritated surfaces—tones up the organs—enables them to do their work easily and naturally—and cures all kidney troubles.

Cures Rheumatism Too.

THE CLAFLIN CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED,
WINDSOR ONT. - - NEW YORK.

A SACRED PILGRIMAGE

TEXT: "COME, SEE THE PLACE WHERE THE LORD LAY."

FIRST EASTER DAY SCENES

World's Most Sacred Shrines Are These Vaults or Cathedrals Which Cover the Bodies of the Honored Dead—But This Tomb, Out of All the Ages, Was Empty For the Lord Had Risen—O! Happy Day!

Entered according to Act of Parliament of Canada, in the year 1906, by Frederick Diver, Toronto, at the Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 8.—At this season of the resurrection of nature the preacher takes us back on a sacred pilgrimage to the scenes of the first Easter day, the text chosen being Matthew xxviii, 6, "Come, see the place where the Lord lay."

The world's most sacred shrines are the vaults or cathedrals which cover the bodies of the honored dead. When the American tourist alights in the London depot to begin the exploration of the British metropolis one of the first places he visits is Westminster Abbey. He does this not because Westminster Abbey is near to the Parliament buildings, where assemble the legislative bodies of the British Empire. He does this not because its stones from the most beautiful architectural coronet of England. He does this because for years—aye, for centuries—the greatest dead of the British realm have been buried there. Not only do we find England's kings and queens sleeping within those stately walls, but we find there the bodies of some of the greatest poets, dramatists and musicians, painters, warriors and statesmen, whose closed eyes cannot be opened, whose ears cannot be filled by the many thunderings which the mightiest of capitals roars about those silent graves.

When you cross the channel and go to the most beautiful of all modern cities, the French capital, what journey do you first make? Do you say, "Let us get a carriage and drive out upon the boulevards and ride up the Champs Elysees and see the Arc de Triomphe?" No, not if you are like most American tourists. You want to see where the great dead sleep. You wish to go to the Notre Dame, or to the Madeleine, or to the Pantheon, or to that greatest of all tombs where sleeps the mighty Napoleon. It is said that when Charles V. of the Netherlands and Spain was about to be buried a courtier of his son and heir, King Philip, stepped forward and lifted a rod and struck the casket as he said: "The king is dead! He shall remain dead. He is dead, and there is another risen up in his place greater than he ever was." But though that may be true of Charles V. it is not true of Napoleon I., the warrior. Napoleon, the soldier, is dead, but another soldier greater than Napoleon has not risen in his place and in all probability never will arise. No wonder most tourists seek the mausoleum of the little Corsican. What is true of the tombs of London and Paris is also true of Berlin and St. Petersburg and Rome and Egypt. The graves of the great dead have, for the most of us, more fascination than the palaces and the thrones of living men, greater than their ancestors though they may be.

But though Caesar may travel hundreds of miles to stand at the tomb of Alexander the Great, and Otto III. went far out of his way to open the vault which contained the body of Charlemagne, and Napoleon himself went forth to find the tomb of Caesar, and though great may be our fascination for the tombs of great men, that fascination is as nothing compared to the yearnings that draw us to the family plots where sleep our own beloved dead. The greatest compliment we can pay to a living friend is to ask him to accompany us to the last resting place of a mother, a father, a wife or a child. Because we have loved our silent dead so much we do not wish any one to go to our family plot unless our dear ones are sacred in his eyes.

Now, Mary Magdalene loved the Lord Jesus Christ with her whole heart. He was to her the divine being who forgave her past sins. And as we see her going to the tomb of Christ on that Easter morning we find her taking along one of her dearest friends—Mary, the mother of James, who also loved the Lord. These two women are wending their way to Christ's sepulcher weighed down with a common sorrow. As they come near to the tomb an angel meets them and says: "Fear not ye, for I know that ye seek Jesus who was crucified. He is not here, for he is risen, as he said." Then the angel spake the eight words to which I wish to call your attention in our meditation on the events of that Easter day—"Come, see the place where the Lord lay." If a holy fascination drew Mary Magdalene and the other Mary to the tomb of a dead Christ surely it is important for us to visit the rifled tomb of a risen Lord. Easter day should be the happiest day of all the year to us. It is the mighty day when the Lord's humiliations and services came to their glorious eternal consummation and Jesus became the first fruits of them that slept.

Let us find out, in the first place, in what kind of a grave Jesus was buried. Let us see how his body was laid in that crypt. The condition of his tomb and of his clothes ought to teach us just as many helpful gospel lessons as his cradle of Bethlehem and the swaddling clothes in which he was wrapped as a new-born child. I suppose the easiest way to find this grave is to have Mary Magdalene for our guide. Without some help we shall never find it at all. The cemeteries or graveyards of the far east are just like the graveyards of the west. They all need a guide to take the tourists through. Yes, and the amazing fact about the Jerusalem cemeteries is that you can distinguish the different graves there, just as you can pick out the different graves in Calvary cemetery of Long Island. As you go through them you can say, "Here is the tomb of a wealthy family," or "Here is the family plot of people who lived in moderate circumstances," or "Here is a potter's field, where the poor are buried." You can tell all this by studying the tombstones and the elaborate mausoleums and the neglected graves. Now, as Mary Magdalene is leading you and me among the tombs and graves which surround Jerusalem to the grave of Christ, much to my surprise she does not go toward potter's field or to the place where the poor are buried. She directs her steps toward a beautiful garden, in the centre of which a magnificent tomb has been chiseled out of the solid rock. This must be the tomb of a very rich man. As she goes along I feel that she is beside herself with grief, and I say: "Stop, Mary, stop! You are going the wrong way. This is not the tomb of Christ, who died a pauper; this is the tomb of one of the weathy men of the east." Then Mary turns, with a sweet smile, and says:

"Nay, friend, I am not wrong. Christ may have lived and died a poor man, but he was buried as a king. Dost thou not know that Joseph of Arimathea, a member of the sanhedrin and one of the great leaders of the Jewish nation, went and asked Pilate for Christ's body after it was dead and that Pilate gave it to him? And dost thou furthermore not know that Joseph of Arimathea took Christ's body and buried it in his own family vault?" "But," I again say, "how could Joseph do that? Jesus did not own a particle of clothes when he died. The soldiers even gambled for the coat that he wore on his way to the cross." "True," says Mary. "True, but didst thou not also know that, as one rich man gave Christ his own tomb in which to be buried, so Nicodemus, another rich man, furnished the funds whereby Christ's body was appropriately arrayed for the rich man's sepulcher?" Do you think that these words which I have put into the lips of Mary are purely imaginary? Then read Mark xv, 43, "Joseph of Arimathea, an honorable counselor, who also waited for the kingdom of God, came and went in boldly unto Pilate and craved the body of Jesus, and he gave the body to Joseph." Then turn to John xix, 39, "And there came also Nicodemus, who, at the first, came to Jesus by night and brought a mixture of myrrh and aloes, about a hundred pound weight. Then took they the body of Jesus and wound it in linen clothes with the spices, as the manner of the Jews is to bury."

Now, what is the deduction of these two thoughts? Why, as Nicodemus, the rich man, gave the expensive spices with which to preserve Christ's body for the burial, and as Joseph of Arimathea, another rich man, gave Christ his sepulcher for the burial, therefore it means that all the rich men of the world and all the brains of the world shall yet stand by the empty tomb of Christ and declare him Lord of lords and King of kings. Oh, my friends, I am glad Christ's cradle was in a manger. That proves that Jesus came a Christ for the poor and the outcasts, the sorrowing and the afflicted. But I am also glad that Christ's dead body was wrapped in the spices of a Nicodemus and laid in the family vault of a Joseph. That symbolizes to me this other fact that some day all the mightiest men of earth shall yet acclaim him not only the risen Lord, but also their Redeemer and Friend. May that glorious day be not far distant! It is said that just over his study desk at Hawarden William E. Gladstone had these words framed and hung upon the wall: "Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on thee." So may all the great and honored men of this day find their perfect peace in a risen Lord, as Nicodemus and Joseph of olden times honored him at the sepulcher.

But as we approach a little nearer to the rifled sepulcher we find another startling fact. "The body of Christ is gone!" you say. Is that the startling fact? Oh, no. I expected to find the body gone. All historians have alluded to this one fact. I expected to find the body of Christ gone. Next I want to call your attention to the fact that the graveclothes were lying in the crypt, just as they were put there by Christ's friends when Jesus' body was laid away in the tomb. "How can these things be?" you ask. Then you realize that stones and doors and barred windows were no barriers for him. When Jesus arose on the first Easter morn he did not come forth, as did Lazarus, bound hand and foot with graveclothes. He did not get up, as we do of a morning, by throwing the bedclothes from off our bodies, but he arose silently, swiftly. He arose, and the graveclothes were left in just the same positions as Christ's friends had placed them. "Come; see the place where the Lord lay."

What is the significance of all this? It means that when we are resurrected we shall leave all earthly associations and infirmities behind. We shall not arise with a struggle, but we shall simply move quietly out of all the struggles, all the heartaches, all the sufferings of this world. It means that when you get up at the trumpet blast of resurrection your back will never ache again, your head will never be weary, your heart will never bleed. All these sorrows and trials of earth have had their mission in fitting us for the future life, but when that life comes the mission of Paul's thorn in the flesh shall be forever done away with. Oh, the glorious day when we shall be emancipated from our binding graveclothes, which have always been the symbol of sin and of sorrow and of earthly parting! In heaven we shall all have new wearing apparel. Would you like to catch a glimpse of the garments of the resurrection? "Who are these which are arrayed in white robes, and whence came they?" is asked in the apocalyptic vision. "These are they which come out of great tribulation and have washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb." Glorious, glorious is to be the change of our resurrection garments. Thank God that, like Christ's, our binding shrouds of earth shall be left in the sepulcher and be exchanged for the coronation robes of heaven.

Now, as the angels had such a large part to do in the earthly life of our Lord Jesus Christ the question which comes to our mind is this: "Who are these angels? If they were important to Christ's life, are they important for ours?" Angels are mentioned at least 280 different times in the Bible. They were important to the lives of Abraham and Isaac and Jacob and Moses and Joshua and David and all the other mighty servants of God in the Old and the New Testament, and they are important to our life as they were to Christ's. When we shall arise from our graves God will send his angels to greet us as he sent his angels to greet Christ. We may be pardoned for wondering if the heavenly messengers who shall stand by our open graves will be those dear ones who have gone beyond and have come back to earth to take us to our celestial home. We wonder if the messenger who will open our closed eyelids on our first Easter morn shall be mother or father or brother or little child. Lord Jesus, who art thou going to send to us at that time? Will it be one of our loved ones who is to be thy messenger?

But there is still another startling fact about this Easter tomb to which I would call your attention. That is the garden surrounding it. In ninety-nine times out of a hundred, when you have pictured this tomb of Joseph of Arimathea, it has been in the midst of a garden. Then you have turned to the books of Biblical lore and studied the flora of the springtime in the Holy Land. These writers have told you that in March and April there are flowers everywhere about Jerusalem. The valleys are covered with them; the hillsides are covered with them. They push their golden heads between the crevices of every rock. And when you think of this angel of my text greeting Mary Magdalene and Mary, the mother of James, you think of him with piled up banks of roses on every side and amid great white calla lilies, as sentinels lifting up their heads to keep watch, and amid great hosts of carnations and bluebells and sweet violets and jonquils and tulips and orchids and dahlias and asters and pansies and heliotropes and wistaria. You say to me: "I do not care whether there are oriental flowers or no. When I think of the garden surrounding Christ's tomb I think of the most beautiful of all flowers, and then I say Joseph's garden was like those flowers and not only like them, but far more beautiful than they."

You are right, my brother. No garden of the western hemisphere can be as beautiful as the garden of the Palestine hills, where Christ was buried in Joseph's tomb. But, alas, you would be very much in error if you thought this garden about Joseph's tomb was beautiful when Mary Magdalene and Mary, the mother of James, entered it on that Easter morning. If you would go with these women there you would find the lilies and the roses and all the other flowers trampled down. It was once beautiful, but now it is a wrecked garden. This beautiful garden looks as though it had been uprooted by a pelting hailstorm. What was the matter? No sooner did this angel of the resurrection appear and Christ come forth from the tomb than the Roman soldiers fell down like dead men. They fell flat among the flowers. Then, as soon as they recovered from their swoon, they rose and in wild terror fled. Those flowers were torn from their roots or crushed as though a herd of stampeding cattle had jammed their hoofs into them. What lesson do we therefore learn from these crushed flowers lying around in the wrecked garden surrounding the tomb of Joseph or Arimathea? Why, this is the lesson: If we can only bring our risen Lord into touch with the intrenched armies of sin he will scatter the Satanic hosts as he made the Roman guard drop before him in the sunrise burst of that first Easter morn. Oh, my friends, will this not be your purpose, that Christ may triumph over all the forces of evil intrenched in our city streets?

We can never rid this world of sin unless we make the risen Christ our leader and companion. Almost everywhere we turn, even among the beautiful flowers about the tomb of the dead Christ, we can hear the hiss of the serpent, the touch of whose fang means eternal death unless the wound is healed by divine medicament. Bishop Meade relates how one day he was out walking in a beautiful garden with a young lady. "Oh, bishop," she cried, "look at that lovely flower!" With that she reached over to a bush heavily laden with the most exquisite roses. She reached far forward to pluck the most beautiful of all, when suddenly out of that bush there darted the fang of a snake and fastened itself upon her arm. So in the world about us. Even in the most beautiful of flower gardens we find the Satanic serpents wriggling, twisting, hissing, as the Roman guard was encamped about the tomb of Joseph of Arimathea from "black Friday" to Eastern morn. Oh, my friends, will you not strive to bring forth this risen Christ and let him make sin under the flash of his eye crouch and trample and die?

And, if it is important to let the risen Christ come forth to scatter sin out of the hearts of the human race, how much more important is it to let him come in touch with our own hearts and make us pure and true and good and noble and Christian! There is a beautiful legend told that many years ago a poor, blind pilgrim was journeying toward Jerusalem, the City of Peace. After he had been many days and weeks and months on his way he met another traveler going that way. This stranger said, "Friend, submit thyself to me, and I will guide thee to the City of Peace and give to thee whatsoever thou wilt ask." After the twain had journeyed on for some days more, at last the pilgrim, utterly wearied, turned and said, "Oh, good friend, thou who hast said that thou wilt do everything for me if I submit myself to thy will, open for me my blind eyes." The stranger said: "I will. 'Blind eyes, be ye opened!'" Instantly the blind man opened his eyes, and he say that he had been walking along the edge of a precipice. And he saw that his guide was Jesus Christ.

Lord Jesus, at this Eastertide we are pilgrims. We are journeying to the New Jerusalem, the City of Peace. We are journeying thither by the way of the garden, in the midst of which stands a rifled tomb. We are blinded by sin. We are lost, and we want a guide. Oh, thou Christ, who didst appear unto Mary Magdalene, come to our rescue! Open our blind eyes. Cry unto us as thou didst to the sinful woman of old: "Thy sins are forgiven thee. Go in peace." Grant us this prayer, O Jesus! And may thy angel who spoke to Mary Magdalene and Mary, the mother of James, speak to us in thy name the glorious message of our sins forever pardoned and forever past!

Cupid, Medical Assistant

By LA TOUCHE HANCOCK

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Dick Fremont was in an unromantic state of mind. A little Cupid, which was holding a finger to its lips and gazing at him from the top of an inkstand on a table by his side, seemed to warn him that he had been physically exhausting himself lately. He had been working too hard. At present he had pains all over his body. His tongue was distinctly discolored, and his pulse was weak. His head was throbbing, and there was scarcely a portion of his body which did not ache. Loss of time meant loss of money to him, for he wrote for a living. If he did not work he was perfectly aware that some one else would get ahead of him. Not that he had easily given up, but the task of putting words together had proved in his present condition as hard as carving blocks of stone.

In his extremity he thought of a doctor. Of all medical men he had a horror. At the moment, however, there seemed to be no excuse for not conquering his aversion, so he dispatched a bellboy with orders to bring the nearest medical practitioner in a hurry.

"WHY, MAY—MISS MONTGOMERY—YOU?"

He had made a heroic effort to forestall any aid from such a source. On the table near by were bottles of all sizes and shapes, containing nearly every advertised patent medicine which he thought suited to his peculiar complaint. He had partaken of them all with much the same result as if he had drunk a "hazing" concoction. At last he had given up all hope of successful self treatment and resigned himself to a dubitative trial of "kill or cure" at the hands of a doctor.

The little Cupid attracted his eyes to a photograph lying close at his hand. He took it up, looked at it earnestly and meditated. Just as he was about to press it to his lips a knock came at the door. He said wearily, "Come in!" and a woman's voice responded:

"Pardon me, but are you the gentleman who sent for a doctor? The boy who called me said you lived on the third floor, but I did not quite catch the name he mentioned."

The tones of the voice seemed familiar to Dick. He hastily hid the photograph he had in his hand behind the pillow on his chair and looked up at his visitor.

"Why, May—Miss Montgomery—you?"

With a blush the woman he addressed turned as if to go away.

"It must have been a mistake," she began, when he interrupted her.

"No, no! Please come in!"

She hesitated and then, closing the door, looked at him.

There was a pause, and neither spoke. Then Dick said, in a half whisper, "Are you a—a doctor?"

"I am," she replied, with a smile, "but I don't think you meant to send for me."

"Well"—he hesitated. "I'm glad to see any doctor."

"Thank you!"

She almost laughed at the doubtful compliment.

"No! I don't mean that. I—I really had no idea of seeing you. I told the bellboy to go for the nearest doctor, and I never thought"—

"To see me? No; I suppose not. You didn't know I had taken my degree. Of course not. I don't suppose my affairs interested you after"—

"After our quarrel? Oh, yes, they did, I assure you"—

She stopped him with a glance.

"You do look sick," said she, "really sick, and"—advancing to the table—"what on earth have you been dosing yourself with?"

"A little medicine."

"A little medicine? A little poison!" she exclaimed, with a laugh, as she took up the several bottles, one after the other, and examined them.

"Toothache drops! Paregoric! Dear me, you must have a complication of ailments!"

"I suppose I have," he wearily assented. "I've tried them all, and I'm not a bit better!"

She burst out laughing. Then she came a little nearer to him and said, hesitating, "Let me feel your pulse."

He put his hand in hers. His pulse was beating at fever heat. She counted mentally, then touching him on the shoulder gently pressed his body forward and placed her ear to his back. As she did so the pillow fell down, releasing the hidden picture. She started as she saw her own photograph. Then, with a quite smile, she said, "Are you in pain?"

"Awful!" he replied, pressing his heart.

She winced and turned toward the mantelpiece. There, staring her in the face, was another photograph of herself. She turned and looked at him.

"Why," she exclaimed, "I really believe you still"—

"Yes," he replied, looking straight into her eyes, "I do still care for you. Won't you forgive me for my share in that silly quarrel we had two years ago? I"—

She made no reply as he hesitated.

"Ah, say 'yes,'" and he tried to rise, but sank back with an expression of pain.

"Don't get up," she said gently. "You are too sick!"

"Can't you help me?"

She smiled. "I think I can."

She took out her prescription book and wrote on a leaf.

"Here is a prescription which"—

"Oh, bless the medicine! I don't want that. If you only"—

"Will you take it? See what it is!"

"Oh, I can't read doctors' hieroglyphics. I mean I don't understand Latin."

She handed him the slip of paper. He took it and carelessly scanned what she had written, which was merely her name—"May Montgomery."

"Will I take it?" he almost shouted. "Will you give it to me?"

She nodded her head.

The cure was complete.

Startled the Rector.

The rector, returning from his holiday, heard that a parishioner had "lost his old Betty" and at once hurried off to console him.

"I'm grieved to hear of your loss, Giles," he began.

"Oh, well, sir, thankee," replied Giles, "it's a pity, of course, but she was a rare lazy jade. She would never do anything unless she was well thrashed."

"Tut, tut; dear me"—

"It's true, sir. She was a bad bargain. Thank goodness, the fair's next week, and I'll pick up a better one there, I hope, if I don't get suited before."

"But don't you think, even for appearances' sake, you had better wait a little longer?" urged the clergyman, getting rather annoyed at his tone.

"Oh, no," responded Giles. "I've had my eye on one for some little time, and what I get for Betty's skin will go toward it. I tell 'ee what, sir, I wouldn't mind having one of your young uns, if you're agreeable."

"I won't stop to hear another word of such abominable talk," said the disgusted rector. "There wasn't a better woman in the village than your wife Betty."

"Wife! Who's talking about my wife?" said the astonished Giles. "I'm talking about my old mare that died yesterday."—London Globe.

The Properties of Cocaine.

Travelers in Peru and countries where cocoa grows chew the leaves of this plant for the purpose of allaying the sense of hunger and the feeling of exhaustion that accompanies it. At first the leaves were thought to possess food elements, but now it is known that the cocaine they contain merely allays the irritability of the nerves that produce the sense of hunger. Cocaine is an alkaloid made from the cocoa leaf, which has the effect of completely destroying the sensibility of nerves. The discovery of this active principle of the cocoa leaf explained fully and satisfactorily the effect produced by chewing the leaves. An infusion of the leaf might be used with good results in allaying the gnawing appetite that follows some forms of fever or in cases where the sense of hunger is due to a diseased condition of the stomach. Cocaine should never be used except on the prescription of a trustworthy physician, because it is dangerous. The cocaine habit is more readily formed than either the morphine or the liquor habit and is far more rapid in its work of destruction.

Asked and Answered.

In the "Reminiscences of Sir Henry Hawkins" (Lord Brampton) a story is told concerning Jack, the pet terrier which always accompanied the famous judge wherever he went.

On one occasion, when on circuit and driving to the cathedral of a certain city for the preliminary religious service, Jack sat beside his master in the sheriff's coach. The sheriff and his chaplain, a most solemn looking, ascetic high churchman, occupied the opposite seat.

His lordship in relating the story says that the chaplain eyed the dog for a long time with great uneasiness. Then, as they neared the cathedral, he seemed to get alarmed and, in a state of great agitation, stammeringly said:

"My lord, may I—ah—er—ask if the dog is going to divine service?"

"Well, I don't know," replied his lordship. "I shall ask him. Jack, would you like to go to church?"

Jack growled and lifted his head to howl.

"No," went on the judge. "Jack says that he doesn't like dry sermons."

"Perfect Lemonade."

Perfect lemonade is made as follows: For a quart take the juice of three lemons, using the rind of one of them. Carefully peel the rind very thin, getting just the yellow outside. Cut this into pieces and put with the juice and powdered sugar, of which use two ounces to the quart in a jug or jar with a cover. When the water is just at the boiling point pour it over the lemon and sugar, cover at once and let get cold. Try this way once and see if it is not delicious.

LIFTING A BABY.

Be Careful Always to Support the Head and Neck.

The head of a baby is very heavy, much heavier in proportion to its body weight than that of an adult. The brain of a newborn baby is about 14 per cent of its entire body weight, while a grown person's is but 2.37 per cent of its weight. At the same time its spine is very weak, the bones of it are soft, being, in fact, more of the consistence of gristle than of hard bone.

Now, this is why a young baby's head falls forward if put sitting up straight, which, by the way, is a thing that never should be done until it sits up of its own accord. This it will not be slow to do as soon as its muscles are strong enough, which is generally when the infant is about four or five months old.

In lifting a baby, therefore, it is most important always, before beginning to lift, to place the palm of one hand under the back of the head and neck, so as to support them well. At the same time the other hand and forearm should be passed round the child's loins, so as to support both back and thighs and prevent the legs from hanging down. When both hands are in position, then gently raise the infant.

Never lift a baby up with one hand. This is an absolute rule, to which there is no exception. Both hands must always be used at the same time in lifting an infant. Neglect of this simple rule may cause muscle strains and jars to the spinal cord and brain.

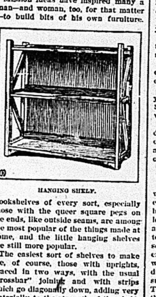
In carrying a baby see that its head is well supported against the arm and that its legs do not dangle from the knees. At the same time do not hold it so as to constrict its movements. Keeping a baby held with its back bent and its limbs doubled causes deformities. It also causes wasting of the muscles. These cannot grow strong unless they have free room to exercise. A baby should always be able to use its limbs freely.—New York American.

HANGING SHELVES.

They Come In Handy For Books, China or Bric-a-brac.

An extra shelf or two does a great deal by way of relieving congestion where the bookcase or china closet is small. These shelves, by the way, are comparatively easy to make and inexpensive to buy if you've no handy man to wield hammer and saw.

Mission ideas have inspired many a man—and woman, too, for that matter—to build bits of his own furniture.



HANGING SHELF.

Bookshelves of every sort, especially those with the queer square pegs on the ends, like outside seams, are among the most popular of the things made at home, and the little hanging shelves are still more popular.

The easiest sort of shelves to make are, of course, those with uprights, braced in two ways, with the usual "crossbar" joining and with strips which go diagonally down, adding very materially to the strength of the shelf. This is the style of shelf shown in the illustration.

Deeper sets may be made to set in under a window, where it is in a sort of recess, as many windows are. They may be built directly into the recess, made immovable, but the better way is in making them like a separate case which fits snugly but easily into the wall. Then at cleaning time the case may be entirely removed for the better getting rid of dust.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Massaging the Face.

Massaging the face is a help to nerves as well as a preventive of wrinkles and should be done with an emollient cream after washing it with lukewarm water. Start from the chin with an upward and outward motion. The palms of the hands are best for the cheeks, always moving them in an outward direction. Beneath the eyes also move the finger ball in an outward direction, but do it lightly, or bagginess at the corners of the eyes will result. Cologne dropped on a handkerchief and held under the eyes will remove the dark lines that come from fatigue.

Sickroom Deodoriser.

A delicious odor to use in a sickroom is merely a mixture of powders. A half ounce each of powdered frankincense, cascarilla, benzoin, cloves, cinnamon and thyme are used. They should be worked into a fine, well mixed powder and kept in a tightly closed glass jar. When using heat either a metal dish or a shovel and throw a little of the powder over. It will smoke, but not burn.

Cleaning Ribbons.

A mother of daughters who has phenomenal success in cleaning ribbons of all kinds and characters washes them in warm water, rubbing on them white soap as she works. Then she rinses them and irons them wet. As soon as they are dry she rubs them between her hands until they are soft and then irons them again. They usually issue from the ordeal like new.

Animals and Fire.

Rattlesnakes won't run from fire, bu instead strike till the last at the flame about them. This is true of many animals, especially of horses, who wil rush back into a burning barn, apparently blind with rage, striking wit their hoofs and switching their tails i great anger.

The flight of wild birds during migrating time against lighthouses is more like the action of the green bicyclist who rides against a trolley car o wagon as if hypnotized by it and in spite of his fears.

Gorillas, it is said, delight in fire, drawing closer to the flames as the fire dies down and at last wading in the redhot ashes, apparently enchanted and not feeling the burning coals.

A little fire built beneath one of the pear shaped paper wasp nests that are seen hanging from low branches will kill every wasp in it, as the insects fly at it one by one in their endeavors to save their home and young.

Frogs leap through the flames of a little bonfire time and time again, as if having the most pleasing of fun. It may be, though, that they think the flickering flames to be some new sort of insect.

Strange Captivity.

The springbok of South Africa migrate in vast herds, moving in a compact body and carrying everything before them. If a flock of sheep be in the line of march—as it sometimes happens—it is surrounded, enveloped and becomes, willingly or unwillingly, part of the army. An African hunter tells the strange story of seeing a lion in the midst of the antelopes, forced to join the march. It is supposed that the lion had sprung too far for his prey, that those upon whom he alighted recoiled sufficiently to allow him to reach the ground, and then the pressure from both flanks and the rear prevented him from escaping from his strange captivity. If the springbok travels in such armies, how can those in the middle and rear find food? In this wise: Those in the front ranks, after they have eaten greedily of the pasture, gradually fall out of the ranks to rest, while the hungry ones in the rear come up, and so the columns are all the while changing.

Had Him Beat.

The head day porter and the head night porter of a hotel, according to the San Francisco Chronicle, became involved in a discussion on ages. The head night porter confessed to thirty-eight.

"H'm! Say. I've got you beat ten years," declared the head day.

"You mean to tell me you're only twenty-eight?" demanded the head night.

"I should say not. I's just forty-eight," explained the head day, with an expression of withering disdain.

"Then you ain't got me beat no ten years. I's got you beat just ten years. Say, I got ten years comin' that you won't see again."

"Look here, man," declared the head day, "you ain't got no sense. I's sure of them ten years, 'cause I's seem 'em an' been through 'em. You ain't sure of yours. You might die tomorrow."

A Source of Contagion.

It has been proved by abundant investigation that one prolific source of epidemic diseases is found in the liability of the germs of such diseases to lodge in the mouth around the teeth and gums. A physician examined the teeth of the children of a certain school. He found disease germs present in almost every case. By careful watching he discovered that those children whose teeth were kept cleanest suffered less from epidemic diseases. The neglected condition of the teeth is, therefore, a common cause of illness. Indeed, if one takes the trouble to observe with what rapidity the tartar and cheesy matter accumulate around the teeth of people who are out of health they will not be long in making up their minds that a thorough and judicious use of the toothbrush is not very far from a means of grace.

An Alphabetical Advertisement.

The following remarkable alphabetical ad, appeared in an issue of the London Times away back in 1842: "To Widowers and Single Gentlemen—Wanted, by a lady, a situation to superintend the household and preside at table. She is agreeable, becoming, careful, desirable, English, facetious, generous, honest, industrious, judicious, keen, lively, merry, natty, obedient, philosophic, quiet, rosy faced, sociable, tasteful, useful, vivacious, womanish, Xantippish, youthful, zealous, etc."

The Widow's Wish.

First Chauffeur—The judge fined me $50 for running over that man and killing him, and now his widow has come around— Second Chauffeur—For damages? First Chauffeur—No. She says she wants to pay the fine!

He Won.

Crimsonbeak—How did you come out on your bet? Yeast—What bet? Crimsonbeak—Why, last night when you went home late you said you'd bet you'd get rats from your wife. Yeast—Oh, yes, I won!

One of Fox's Puns.

"I hear you can make a pun on any subject," said a woman to the irresistible Fox. "Make one on king."

"King is no subject," promptly replied the joker.

Her Advice.

The Actor—What shall I do to fill the house at my benefit? Lady Friend—Invite your creditors.

It is just as well that some of our blessings come in disguise; otherwise they would never catch us.—Puck.

Get Ready For Easter

The spring lines are complete and at their best. Every department exploits spring newness and beauty. Come soon.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats, Raincoats

All the style innovations are here—all the new weaves, colorings and effects are now to be had. Correct to fashion's latest dictates, masterfully tailored, exact in fit, the unmatchable variety to select from, assures the complete satisfying of every taste and fancy.

The Hart, Schaffner & Marx line, sold exclusively by us in Belleville, is the feature of a gathering which acknowledges no superior anywhere in the land. Other good makes are also shown in comprehensive variety, in all sizes, and at our always moderate prices, assuring in every instance the best of values, and which range from—

$5.00 to $22.00

Copyright 1906 by
Hart Schaffner & Marx

Your Easter Tie

Our showing of Easter Ties is indeed a Beauty Show We've Neck Dressings selected specially for Easter trade. We've all the correct and handsome shapes from the shops of THE MOST NOTED MAKERS. Shapes are new—weaves of silk are new. We've many a spring fancy that you'll not be able to find in other stores.

Come here, sir, for your Easter Tie and you'll get the correct thing.

Our Boys' Clothing

Our Boys' Clothing Department is the birthplace of many new and beautiful styles. The suits we put forth this season are the most stylish, durable and the best in every way we have ever sold.

Bring in the young man and see what we have to show in Boys' Clothes.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

STYLISH HATS

You need the stylish, reliable Hat. Our stock comprises all the newest shapes and colors.

HAVE A LOOK AT THEM

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURING FURRIER.

N. B. Highest cash prices paid for Raw Furs.

DIFFERENT EYES require different glasses, and only a thorough test by an OPTICIAN who uses modern scientific instruments will determine what the difference shall be.

Free tests of the eyes are made here, and we can furnish any kind of lens that may be found necessary.

In simple cases we can draw on our large stock of EYEGLASSES AND SPECTACLES, but in complicated cases lenses must be made to order. In either case the cost will not be high.

—ALEX. RAY.

BACK COMBS

The Back Comb is again the feature of prominence, and as is usually the case with such ornaments of richness and elaboration are carried to extremes

Styles are high and narrow, broad with but a narrow portion of shell above the comb and the mountings are colored in Rose, Roman and Dull Green finish, with and without stones, in silver and gold filled.

Prices, 75c to $5.00

T. BLACKBURN

Get It In the Neck ?

You really can't do better looking for **New and Natty Neckwear** than to call and inspect our freshly selected stock.

25, 50, 75, $1, $1.50, $2

GLOVES

In all the most fashionable shades

$1.00, $1.50, $2.00

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St Shirts to Order.

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialist.

Attractive Bath Rooms

Every house ought to have an attractive Bath Room, but it should be attractive not only because it is pretty, but because sanitary laws have been observed—the plumbing of the best, and the workmanship hygienically correct.

Our goods are first-class, workmanship the best and prices right.

John Lewis & Co.

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, laid. Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

CHURCH CHIMES OF YESTERDAY.

NOTES OF SERVICES IN BELLEVILLE'S DIFFERENT PLACES OF WORSHIP.

Christ Church.

The services and sermons yesterday were appropriate to Palm Sunday. The Rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave, preached at both services. In the evening his text was from St. Matthew, 21st chapter and 9th verse:

> "And the multitude that went before and that followed, cried, saying, Hosanna to the Son of David, blessed is He that cometh in the name of the Lord; Hosanna in the highest!"

John Street.

The pastor, Rev. A. H. Drumm, officiated at both services. In the evening his text was from St. Matthew, 19th chapter and 25th verse;

> "When His disciples heard it they were exceedingly amazed, saying, Who then can be saved?"

During the service Miss Gowsell and Mr. Cameron sang a duet entitled, "Some Day the Silver Cord will be broken."

Emmanuel R. E. Church.

At last evening's service the Rector, Rev. A. M. Hubly, preached the last but one of a series of sermons on "The Glory of the Cross." The final sermon of the series will be preached on Good Friday. At the evening service yesterday Miss Lillian Hubly sang "Gethsemane," very sweetly.

St. Michael's.

The services yesterday were exceedingly well attended. During the offertory at the evening service Mr. Harry McIninch sang "The Palms" in splendid style.

Holloway Street.

Yesterday the services in this church were of a missionary nature and proved to be both instructive and profitable. In the morning the pastor preached a sermon having especial reference to the Woman's Missionary Society and the good work which it was accomplishing. The text he chose was, he said, in keeping with the day, namely, Palm Sunday. It was from St. Luke, 19th chapter and 38th verse;

> "Saying, blessed be the King that cometh in the name of the Lord, peace in heaven, and glory in the highest."

At the evening service Messrs. H. E. Plewman and C. A. Mullen, students of Albert College, who were representatives to the Students' Volunteer convention, recently held at Nashville, Tenn., gave addresses in reference to missionary work and the convention. The hymns sang and the music by the choir were appropriate to the service.

Baptist.

Pastor Emerson preached at both services yesterday. His evening subject was: "The Companions of Solitude." Text, Deut. 31: 43-52:

> "Our thoughts are the companions of our solitude."

Our life, the preacher said, is made up of past, present and future, and in our solitude these all pass before our minds. It is a good thing for us to spend some time in solitude. In the hours of solitude God equips men for service. The three means by which the events of our lives are borne in upon us are: 1. By memory, by which things of the past become present. 2. By imagination, by which the future is made present. 3. By faith, which lays hold of the unseen things and reveals them to us. Moses in the mountain of solitude saw God, and this was the secret of his strength. What is our vision of the future in our hours of solitude? The past may have been dark and sinful, but by looking to God a bright future opens up before us.

Bridge Street.

"Wrestlers" was the subject discussed last evening by the pastor, Rev. J. P. Wilson. A large congregation was present and the discourse was highly appreciated. During the service Miss Vermilyea sang a solo entitled, "Babylon," and in the anthem, "Father, Keep Us in Thy Care," the solos were taken by Misses Vermilyea and G. Price.

A Bark Lost Forever.

Yesterday morning a valuable dog belonging to Mr. James Mackie, jr., was acting in such a strange manner that a policeman was called to shoot the canine, which he did. The dog had every symptoms of having taken poison.

Police Notes.

Since Saturday a couple of tramps were the only occupants of the cells.

A buffalo robe, post office key and a tie weight were left at the station during Saturday, they having been picked up upon the street.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

Better Protection Of Fish and Game.

HASTINGS COUNTY BRANCH OF THE ONTARIO FISH AND GAME PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION MET ON SATURDAY.

A meeting of the above association was held on Saturday afternoon at the Public Library and was well attended. Much interesting discussion took place after routine business was disposed of.

President Ritchie occupied the chair.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted and copies ordered to be sent to the Hon. Minister of Fisheries, Dr. Reaume;

Resolved, "That this branch of the Ontario Fish and Game Protective Association hereby heartily endorses the decision of the Ontario Government to forbid the use of gill nets and seines in the Bay of Quinte and its tributaries, by means of which there has been hitherto such wanton destruction of food and game fish, and which at no time ought to have been permitted, these waters being one of the principal spawning grounds for whitefish, and before they had become almost exterminated of salmon trout also.

"Moreover, previous to the use of gill nets and seines, these waters were teeming with black bass, which, together with such game fish as maskinonge and pickerel, are now reduced almost to the vanishing point.

"We desire especially to draw attention to the absolute necessity of a thorough enforcement of the regulations, which have hitherto been a mere sham; unless the overseers appointed to carry out the law perform their duty, it will still continue to prove ineffectual to prevent the evil of so great a loss to the country.

"This association, though most desirous to aid in protecting the fish, find their efforts ineffectual owing to overseers neglecting to act even on information given them, and actually, in cases of infringement of the law brought to their attention, reporting the name of their informer to the law breakers instead of taking action against them.

"If hoop nets are to be permitted this season it is very necessary that the length of the leaders attached to these nets should be limited, otherwise they will destroy large quantities of other fish than their use contemplates."

As the usual slaughter of robins and other insectiverous birds is already beginning, it was decided to pay a reward for information in each case that leads to conviction of any person guilty of this rascally practice. If the informant does not wish to appear, any information furnished to the President, Secretary or any member of this association, will be treated as confidential, if so requested, but it must be positive and genuine information, as we will not spend time and money on suspicion, or to satisfy private spite, as people often want us to do. The same offer holds good in regard to all violations of Fish and Game laws occurring in Hastings County or Prince Edward townships adjoining Bay of Quinte, and all waters tributary to Bay of Quinte.

The meeting adjourned to meet on call of the President.

JOSEPH TEMPLETON,
Secretary.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

MARKS BROTHERS TO-NIGHT.

May A. Bell Marks, who is one of the most talented and gifted actresses playing in repertoire to-day, is at the head of Marks Brothers' Dramatic Company, which is booked to appear at the Carman opera house for six nights and Wednesday and Saturday matinees, beginning tonight. The success of this organization in the melo-dramatic field during the past few years has encouraged the management to outdo their previous efforts, and as a result the present combination is said to surpass the productions of any similar company. "The Banker's Wife," with all its magnificent stage settings will be the opening bill this evening.

Theatrical People Joined in Wedlock.

Peterboro Examiner: A quiet wedding was solemnized at the Charlotte street parsonage yesterday afternoon, Rev. W. J. Jolliffe, B.C.L. officiating, when Edward W. Hubbard, of Auburn, N.Y., and Miss Mildred E. Bell, of Perth, were united in marriage in the presence of the bride's mother and Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Crowley, of Rochester. Both bride and groom are valued members of Marks Bros.' Dramatic Company.

The wedding is of more than usual interest inasmuch as the contracting parties are nightly under the scrutiny of the public gaze from their position as exponents of the drama behind the footlights.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

FISHERY RETURNS DECREASED CATCH

DEPLETION IN VALUE OF $58,561 AS COMPARED WITH 1904.

Mr. S. T. Bastedo, Deputy Commissioner of Fisheries, has just completed his annual report for the past year, the total catch showing a decrease of 1,437,670 pounds, and in value of $84,561, as compared with the catch and value of 1904.

The revenue from the Department was $47,755.03, and the expenditure $31,137.36, leaving a surplus of $16,617.67.

The total number of persons engaged in the fishing industry was 3,274, and the amount of capital invested $1,129,467. The total product of the fish amounted to 22,572,300 lbs., the estimated value of which is $1,708,963.

A summary of the detail in the various districts is as follows:

Lake of the Woods — 140 persons, 1,017,420 lbs., at a value of $91,707.

Lake Superior—184 persons, 2,647,820 lbs., at $254,178.

Huron, North Channel — 359 persons, 2,689,720 lbs., at $259,668.

Georgian Bay —315 persons, 2,509,030 lbs., at $239,503.

Lake Huron — 326 persons, 2,045,430 lbs., at $173,211.

St. Clair and Detroit river — 216 persons, 740,190 lbs., at $33,313.

Thames River— 803 persons, 7,318,230 lbs., at $8,256.

Lake Erie — 803 persons, 7,318,230 lbs., at $437,352.

Lake Ontario—516 persons, 2,796,360 lbs., at $163,584.

Nipissing District—44 persons, 368,800 lbs., at $34,740.

Inland waters—276 persons, 256,710 lbs., at $13,451

There are in use 122 rigs valued at $323,675, and 1,464 sail and other boats at $209,498.

York Loan Money Long Way Off Yet.

MISS JOAN McCANN, A MISSING WITNESS, HAS BEEN FOUND IN NEW YORK.

Toronto, April 9. — The mysterious Miss Joan McCann, who is reported to hold 530 shares of Toronto Life Insurance stock, and whom some people believed to be a myth, is a real personage. She is a graduate nurse, now in attendance, it is said, upon a patient in the Holland House, New York. Crown Attorney Curry said on Saturday that Miss McCann would probably not come here to testify, but an order for a commission to examine her with regard to her knowledge of the York Loan & Savings Company and the other ventures of Joseph Phillips might be secured from a Superior Court Judge. If this commission is secured Mr. Curry and a special examiner, the appointee of the court, will go to New York and secure the testimony of Miss McCann, which, it is understood, is to be willingly given.

So numerous are the enquiries from shareholders of the York County Loan Company, as to when they may reasonably expect to be paid a dividend on the money they paid into the company, that Mr. W. T. White, manager of the National Trust Company, which is liquidator of the York Loan, was asked on Saturday for a statement on the matter.

"Shareholders and creditors," said Mr. White, "cannot possibly receive anything for a long time yet. The affairs of the York Loan Company are being wound up as fast as possible, but books are slow in coming in, and until they are all in and the different claims are decided no payments can be made.

"There are now about 65,000 books in but several thousand are still unreceived by the National Trust Company. Even after all the books are in the courts will have to decide upon the merits of the different claims—that is, classify them, and that will necessarily take considerable time. Then the assets of the company have to be sold. An organization of this kind cannot be wound up in a few weeks. It takes a long time, and shareholders, though anxious, will necessarily have to wait until all these matters are adjusted."

Departing Teacher Was Given a Watch.

A presentation took place yesterday afternoon in connection with the Sunday School session of the Holloway street church. Miss Emma Vandervoort, who has been engaged for some time in teaching the primary class, has resigned her position owing to the fact that she is leaving the city to reside in Toronto. Yesterday she was made the recipient of a handsome lady's gold watch, the same being from the officers, teachers and scholars of the school. Miss Sabra Bonisteel read an address and Master Adrian Magrath made the presentation. Rev. R. H. Leitch, on behalf of Miss Vandervoort, made an appropriate reply.

JUST TO COME AND SEE.

As Freely Welcome as if Going to a Millinery Opening.

"Keeping abreast of the changing styles—often ahead of them," has been one great factor in the success of the Slater shoe, and the manager of the Slater shoe store says that this is emphatically true of the Slater women's shoe. The new styles have arrived from the factory, and they are ready for free inspection. "We want you to see — and we won't urge you to buy."

Just Received
A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES
. . AND . .
FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE
White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
S. E. Carman, Manager.

6--NIGHTS--6
And Friday & Saturday Matinee
—COMMENCING—
MONDAY, APRIL 9th.
R. W. MARKS PRESENTS
MAY A. BELL MARKS and Marks Bros. Dramatic Co
In a Repertoire of Standard Plays
Mon Night—The Banker's Wife
Change of play at each performance.
Popular prices—Evening, 10c, 20c and 30c
Matinee, 10c and 20c.
Ladies' tickets 15c Mon. evening if bought at advance sale before 6 p.m. Monday,
Limited to 200.

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the **Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St.** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

—And all Kinds of—

SILKS and FLOSSES

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

LATE REGISTRATION

GOVERNMENT HAS DECIDED TO STOP WHAT IT CONSIDERS A NUISANCE.

Toronto, April 7.—The Government has decided to abrogate the manhood suffrage registration act, under which persons in cities and county towns who find themselves left off the voters' list can have their names put on by application to the county courts. Premier Whitney introduced a bill yesterday to repeal this law. He does not propose to put anything in its place, but simply to wipe out a measure which, he says, has proved itself a perfect nuisance. The law as it now stands applies only to cities and county towns, and, the Premier pointed out, was not in force in many places considerably larger than some of the county towns. The only apparent advantage of the system, he said, was that it permitted electors who were not on the roll to have their names inserted immediately before an election and after the lists had closed. The advantage of this, however, was more than doubtful, while the cost was very great, considering the meagreness of the results. In future the municipal rolls will be taken as the sole basis of the voters' lists.

CLARK'S LUNCH TONGUE.

A tender, tasty "sweet bit" for all seasons and all occasions. Makes delicious sandwiches.

New Fancy Goods Store Has Opened.

Our lady readers will be deeply interested in knowing that a new Fancy Goods and Dressmaking establishment has been opened on Bridge St., in the premises formerly occupied by the Gas office. An elegant stock of Fancy Goods is kept on hand, and the proprietresses, Miss A. Corham and Mrs. J. Neate, will spare no pains to please their patrons. A superb window display is made. Ladies who love fancy work (and what lady does not) will find many nice things in the new store. Blouses and Light Dresses made to order according to the latest dictates of Dame Fashion.

Presentation to a Former Resident.

Miss Edythe Poulton, who has for some time been residing in Havelock, was on Monday evening last presented with a gold locket and an address. The presentation was on behalf of the Junior League of the Methodist Church of Havelock, the recipient being the president. Miss Poulton leaves shortly for Calgary, Man. Many in this city will remember Miss Poulton, she having for some time resided here.

SAVING TIME.

In this day and age of the world when it seems as though every minute had a value and every hour its imperative demands to perform a necessary duty the traveller who has had experience is careful to see that his ticket reads "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Rilway." Here is a line whose schedule is so arranged that every available minute of the traveller's time is saved. No long waits for connections nor tedious delays en route. Trains are operated at highest speed and are equipped with coaches so luxurious that the comfort of The Lake Shore is famous the world over. You can obtain full information about rates, routes or service by addressing J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O., or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

Daily Intelligencer.

HOT X BUNS

Following our usual custom of the past four years, we will make Hot X Buns on Thursday, to be delivered the same afternoon for Friday's breakfast. Nice, large rich buns, with plenty of currants. 15c a doz. Leave your order to-day.

Chas. S. Clapp

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. 33. Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

——GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allor

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work. A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

ANSWER TO MINERS.

Operators May Agree to Arbitration But On Different Plan.

New York, April 9.—With President Mitchell and the scale committee awaiting the reply of the operators to the proposition to arbitrate their differences all is quiet in the anthracite coal strike situation.

No information was obtainable yesterday accurately to indicate what stand the operators will take to-day. It is known they have carefully gone over the arbitration plan proposed by Mr. Mitchell, and, it is said, they have decided to accept arbitration, but in a radically different form from that offered by the miners.

The end of the first week of suspension of operations in the anthracite field found the miners staunch in their support of Mitchell.

Figures from the anthracite coal districts yesterday showed that in the five days they have been idle, so far, the miners have lost about $1,773,419, less the amount paid to the pumpmen. The operators have not sustained nearly so great a loss. They have sold, it is estimated, 1,250,000 tons, the normal demand for the week, and at a price fifty cents higher than they would have received had the normal conditions of April prevailed.

In the Western Pennsylvania bituminous districts reports indicate that 28,000, or over 95 per cent. of the miners will be at work to-day.

WINNIPEG STRIKE ENDS.

Cars Are Moving Again—Result of Mediators' Efforts.

Winnipeg, April 9.—The street railway strike is settled, and the cars were all started with the former employes in charge at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

Dr. Sparling and Principal Patrick made the announcement after an hour's session with the men at Friendship Hall.

As the two mediators left the hall they were loudly cheered by the men.

They went immediately to the Street Railway Co.'s offices to communicate the decision that the men had accepted the terms offered.

The wages are advanced one cent an hour all round, while there is to be no discrimination against union men. The arbitration clause, though, is left out.

All former employes are taken back by the company except those who exercised violence toward the company's property. There is a clause in the agreement that the company will be willing at all times to treat with its men, or any committee employed by them, on any subject in the interests of the company, or employes.

There was a general feeling of relief over the termination of the strike, and as cars went out at 4 o'clock they were heartily cheered by thousands on the street.

TWO STUDENTS DROWN.

A. C. Moorhouse and W. W. Hart of Trinity, Toronto, Go Down In Lake.

Toronto, April 9.—Saturday A. C. Moorhouse, aged 23, son of Dr. H. H. Moorhouse, honor classical graduate of this year at Trinity College, and W. W. Hart, son of Wm. Hart, city assessor, Guelph, head of this year's graduating class and holder of the Wellington scholarship, were drowned in the lake on Saturday afternoon.

The lost their lives while canoeing in choppy water between the Humber river and Mimico creek.

National Strike In France.

Paris, April 9.—The General Labor Federation decided yesterday that all workmen will be asked to cease work on June 1 and remain on strike until an eight-hour day is granted them.

St. Lawrence Navigation.

Montreal, April 9.—The ice in the river is on the move, and the indications now are that local navigation will be open in the course of the next few days.

Gen. Booth's Birthday.

London, April 9.—From 20,000 to 30,000 members of the Salvation Army celebrated Gen. Booth's 77th birthday at the Crystal Palace Saturday.

Field Marshal Oyama Retires.

Tokio, April 9.—Field Marshal Oyama, chief of the general staff is retiring at his own request, and General Baron Kodama, Governor-General of the Island of Formosa, will be appointed chief of the general staff. Lieutenant General Sakuma will succeed General Kodama as Governor-General of Formosa.

Runaway Boy Drowned.

Peterboro, April 9.—The body of Louis Bell, the 12-year-old son of Alex. Bell, was found in the Trent Canal yesterday morning near his parents' residence. The boy left home in December last and it was rumored that he had gone to New York.

Neighbors Saved Him.

Stratford, April 9.—P. O'Brien, Logan Township, had a narrow escape from being burned to death in his home. Fire broke out and neighbors found O'Brien asleep in his shed. They awakened and saved him from a horrible death.

EASTER SALE

We will try and make this the most interesting week of the year.

We will put on sale one of the finest lot of **RIBBONS** ever offered in this city. The price will be the very lowest, the quality the best.

We will also offer for sale a large assortment of **LACES** and **EMBROIDERIES** of all kinds.

The price will be so low that you will wonder how we got them here for the money.

We also have just received a large stock of the very latest, up-to-date in **LADIES' FANCY COLLARS** (travellers' samples) and will offer them at **25 per cent. less than manufacturer's prices.**

McINTOSH BROS.

SIGNED AT ALGECIRAS

Work of Delegates to the Conference at Last Ended.

Moroccan Convention Was Signed Saturday—Treaty Is a Formidable Document of Sixteen Columns, Seven Chapters, and 123 Articles — Last Work of Conference—United States Does Not Accept Responsibility of Carrying Out Reforms In Morocco.

Paris, April 9.—The Moroccan convention was signed Saturday afternoon at Algeciras and the conference adjourned sine die.

The Foreign Office Saturday gave out the text of the convention for Moroccan reforms agreed upon.

It is a formidable document of sixteen columns, seven chapters, and 123 articles. The most interesting chapter relates to the Moroccan police. It consists of twelve articles and provides for natives as rank and file, Caids as commanders, French and Spanish instructors and a Swiss inspector-general. The force will consist of 2,500 officers and men.

Last Duties Performed.

Herr Von Radowitz, of the German delegation, supported by M. Revoil of the French embassy, asked Duke Almodovar to communicate with the Swiss Government on the subject of an inspector of police. The Marquis Visconti Venosta, head of the Italian delegation, thanked the president of the conference and the Spanish Government and asked the president to transmit to King Alfonso the compliments of all.

After a short response by Duke Almodovar, the delegates signed the written copy of the protocol, which will be preserved in the archives at Madrid. A printed copy, certified to and signed by the president, will be given to each delegation.

U. S. Signs Under Reserve.

Henry White, head of the American delegation, made a statement that the United States Government did not accept the obligation of responsibility with regard to the measures necessary to carry out the provisions of the protocol. The signatures of the American delegates were preceded by the words "Under reserve, this declaration, made at a plenary sitting of the conference, April 7, 1906." The Swedish delegates made the same reservation.

Duke Almodovar gave a luncheon, which was attended by all the delegates.

THEIR MAJESTIES APPRECIATE.

Reply to Canada's Condolences on the Death of Queen's Father.

Ottawa, April 9.—The following reply has been received by the Governor-General from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, to the message of condolence with Their Majesties sent by the Government of Canada on the occasion of the death of the King of Denmark:

"Downing street, 21st March.

"My lord,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch No. 68, of the 21st ulto., enclosing a copy of the approved minute of your Privy Council expressing profound regret of your Ministers and tendering the devoted sympathy of the people of Canada to Their Majesties the King and Queen, in the loss which they have sustained through the death of his Late Majesty the King of Denmark.

"Your despatch and its enclosures have been duly laid before Their Majesties and I am commanded to request you to convey to your Ministers and through them to the Canadian people, the cordial thanks of Their Majesties for this mark of sympathy in the time of distress and of appreciation of the great loss which they have sustained, and to say that Her Majesty the Queen has been greatly comforted by the expressions of affectionate regard towards herself and by knowing that the heart of Canada goes out to her in her sorrow. I have, etc.,

(Signed) "ELGIN."

ASKS NO BONUS.

J. J. Hill to Build New Transcontinental Railway In Canada.

St. Paul, Minn., April 9.—James J. Hill intends to build a trans-continental railroad through Canada, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. In a letter to the Winnipeg Board of Trade, he says:

"We are now undertaking to build up a new system, a trans-continental line through the Canadian Northwest, which, I hope, will serve to further develop your city and the country from which its prosperity is drawn. I am called east on business, which will keep me until about May 1, after which time I intend to visit Winnipeg."

From Montreal west, the line will parallel the Canadian Pacific. Mr. Hill asks no bonus.

Almost Every Family Suffered.

Nagold, Black Forest, South Germany, April 9.—The burial of fifty bodies of those who perished April 5, by the collapse of the Stag Hotel, took place Saturday. There is scarcely a family in the village who has not lost a member.

May Be the Murderer.

Cornwall, April 9.—Detective Carpenter of Montreal passed through here yesterday afternoon with Arsene Soulges, the man who was arrested at Massena, N. Y., on suspicion of being the murderer of the little Ahearn girl at Montreal.

Aged 78; Year In the Central.

Windsor, April 9.—Seventy-eight years old and a self-confessed burglar, Paul Laroue was Saturday sentenced by Judge McHugh to one year in the Central Prison, Toronto, for robbery committed in McGregor several weeks ago.

Saw Mills Burn.

Ottawa, April 9.—The saw mills of Ald. James Davidson, situated at Fort Colounge, Pontiac County, were completely destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon. The loss is $25,000; insurance $10,000.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Wheat Futures Close Lower, Chicago Higher—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Saturday Evening, April 7.

Liverpool wheat and corn futures closed to-day ⅛d lower than Friday.

At Chicago: May wheat closed ⅛c higher than yesterday; May corn, ⅜c higher, and May oats ⅜c higher.

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74	to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 75		0 77
Wheat, red, bush	0 75		....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 71		....
Barley, bush	0 51		0 52
Oats, bush	0 38½		....
Rye, bush	0 75		....
Peas, bush	0 77		....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53		....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 7.—Wheat—Spot, nominal; futures, dull; May, 6s 7⅝d; July, 6s 4¾d; Sept., 6s 6⅛d.

Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed, new, 4s 3d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures, dull; May, 4s 3¼d; July, 4s 3¼d.

Peas—Canadian, steady, 6s 9½d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, steady, 8s 6d. Hops—In London, Pacific Coast, quiet, £3 to £3 5s.

Beef—Firm; extra India mess, 78s 9d. Pork—Firm; prime mess, western, 77s 6d. Hams—Short-cut, 14 to 16 pounds, firm, 53s. Bacon—Firm; Cumberland-cut, 26 to 30 pounds, 56s 6d; short-rib, 16 to 24 pounds, 53s 6d; long, clear middles, light, 28 to 34 pounds, 48s 6d; long, clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 pounds, 48s; short, clear backs, 16 to 20 pounds, 47s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 pounds, 48s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 pounds, firm, 42s 6d.

Lard—Firm; prime western, in tierces, 42s 6d; American refined, in pails, 43s 9d.

Butter—Steady; finest United States, 90s; good United States, 80s. Cheese—American, finest white, steady, 63s 6d; American, finest colored, strong, 68s.

Tallow—Firm; prime city, 25s 6d; Australian, in London, 29s. Turpentine spirits—Steady, 47s 6d. Rosin—Common, steady, 9s 7d. Petroleum—Refined, quiet, 6⅜d. Linseed oil—Firm, 22s 9d. Cotton seed oil—Hull refined, spot, firm, 20s 7½d.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 7.—Butter—Weak; receipts, 5429; street price extra creamery, 23c to 23½c; official prices, creamery, common to extra, 15c to 23c; held, common to extra, 15c to 21c; state dairy, common to extra, 15c to 22½c; renovated, common to extra, 11½c to 18½c; western factory, common to firsts, 13c to 16c.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 2063; skims, dull to light, 3c to 10½c.

Eggs—Firm; receipts, 11,967; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 22c; do., choice, 19½c to 21c; do., mixed, extra, 19½c; western firsts, 18½c; do., seconds, 18c; southerns, 15c to 18½c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady—U. S. Markets Are Quiet and Steady.

London, April 7.—Cattle are quoted at 10½c to 12c per lb; refrigerator beef, 8½c per lb; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 7.—Cattle — Receipts 200 head; slow; prices unchanged.

Veals—Receipts 75 head; active, 25 cents lower, $5 to $7.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 2600 head; fairly active, shade higher; heavy, mixed and Yorkers $6.70 to $6.75; pigs, $6.55 to $6.60; roughs, $5.90 to $6.10; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 7400 head; sheep, steady; lambs, slow, 10c lower; lambs, $6.25 to $6.80; yearlings, $6 to $6.25; wethers, $5.75 to $6; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 7.—Beeves—Receipts, 340 head; none on sale; feeling unchanged; dressed beef, dull, at 6½c to 8½c for native sides; exports, 1311 beeves and 8521 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, none, and no trading; feeling nominally steady; city dressed veals, steady, at 7c to 12c; country dressed, do., unchanged, at 5c to 9½c.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1610; no trading in sheep; feeling steady; lambs more active, but no higher; prime unshorn Colorado lambs sold at $6.75, clipped Buffalo do., at $5.25; dressed mutton, slow, $5 to $8; dressed lambs, dull and unchanged at 9c to 10c; country dressed spring lambs, quiet, at $3 to $6.50 per carcase.

Hogs—Receipts, 2763; feeling steady to firm; country dressed hogs, steady, at 6½c to 9¼c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; slow; beeves, $3.90 to $6.25; cows and heifers, $1.50 to $5; stockers and feeders, $2.85 to $4.70.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; strong to a shade higher; mixed and butchers', $6.25 to $6.45; good, heavy, $6.35 to $6.47½; rough, heavy, $6.25 to $6.30; light, $6.25 to $6.42½; pigs, $5.75 to $6.35; bulk of sales, $6.37½ to $6.42½.

Sheep—Receipts, 2000; steady; sheep, $3.25 to $6.40; lambs, $5 to $6.75.

SUICIDES ON TRAIN.

Oliver Green, Traveling to Chicago, Cuts His Throat.

Montreal, Que., April 9.—Oliver Green committed suicide on the I. C. R. Maritime Express Friday by cutting his throat with a razor. He was traveling from North Sydney to Chicago, and had a through ticket. When near Chaudiere Junction, Green was seen reading and re-reading a letter, and seemed greatly distressed. A few minutes later he went to the toilet room. When some time had elapsed and he did not come out the train crew forced the door and found him on the floor insensible. He expired within a few minutes. He had the appearance of a commercial traveler, and was about 45 years of age.

Hungarian Cabinet Formed.

Vienna, April 9.—A Hungarian cabinet has been formed under the Premiership of Dr. Alexander Wekerle. The principal portfolios are held by Count Albert Apponyi, Count Julius Andrassy and Francis Kossuth.

The members of the new Cabinet were sworn in at the Hofburg Palace yesterday afternoon. It was decided that writs should be issued to-day calling for elections to be held April 28.

Stricken In Toronto.

Toronto, April 9.—Taken with a stroke of apoplexy in a room at the King Edward, Duncan McIntyre, a middle-aged traveler, was removed to the Emergency Hospital, where he died at midnight. McIntyre leave a wife in Owen Sound and several grown up children. He was about 55 years of age.

No Decision Yet.

Ottawa, April 9.—The Cabinet had an all-day meeting Saturday and discussed tenders for the National Transcontinental Railway, but no decision was reported. At least that was the statement made by several Ministers.

A German Victory.

Berlin, April 9.—A despatch from Salaam, German East Africa, says that Col. Hassel has routed the rebellious natives near Lorembo. The rebels lost 205 killed and hundred wounded.

LAVA BURIES VILLAGE

Residents of Boscotrecase Are Forced to Flee For Lives.

Inhabitants Abandon Their Belongings to Escape—Torrents of Liquid Fire, Molten Stream of Lava and Huge Blocks of Rock Are Emitted From Crater of Vesuvius—Pitiful Scenes Everywhere In the Vicinity.

Naples, April 9.—Mount Vesuvius is a colossal brasier and the town of Boscotrecase, on its southern declivity, has been transformed into a gray island of ruin by the lava and ashes from the crater of the volcano. Torrents of liquid fire, resembling in the distance serpents with glittering yellow and black scales are coursing in all directions, amid rumblings, detonations and earth-tremblings, while a pall of sulphurous smoke that hovers over all makes breathing difficult.

The inhabitants abandoned it on Saturday in time to save their lives.

They had lingered in the hope of saving their belongings, but the destroying stream advanced on them so fast that they finally fled, leaving their possessions behind.

Besides the lava, huge blocks of rock are emitted.

The upper part of the Funicular Railway has been destroyed.

Pitiful Scenes.

Everywhere in the vicinity of the volcano pitiful scenes are witnessed—women tearing their hair in grief and old men crying aloud at the loss of their beloved homesteads, while in the distance, in striking contrast, lie the sapphire-colored Mediterranean, the violet-hued mountains of the Sorrento peninsula, and the island of Capri in the tranquil sea.

Artillery carts have been sent to the assistance of the fleeing peasants, and the Duke of Aosta, Cardinal Joseph Prisco and all the authorities despite the rain went into the portions of the mountain most threatened in order to succor or comfort the people.

Considerable apprehension is felt because of the earthquake shocks, which are growing stronger and are felt even at Castellamare, fifteen miles southeast of this city. Each shock is accompanied by deep and prolonged detonations.

Town Threatened.

Ottajano, at the northeast foot of the mountain, is threatened by a stream of lava and the people are beginning to desert the town. The populace of Torre Anunziata, at the south foot, have requested that night trains be run to the town. This request has been granted and trains are now ready to proceed thither in case of need.

It is estimated that 2,000 acres of land under cultivation has been destroyed by the eruption. Signor Matteucci, director of the observatory on Vesuvius, still continues to occupy a most dangerous position.

New craters have opened at different points on the mountain, but it is impossible to ascertain their number or where they are situated.

There has been no fatalities at Boscotrecase or elsewhere as a result of the eruption.

Panic at Naples.

The panic has spread to Naples. Two strong earthquake shocks shattered window panes and cracked the walls of buildings yesterday. The entire population rushed to the streets in terror, many persons crying, "The Madonna has forsaken us; the end of the world has come."

No trace remains of Boscotrecase, the commune on the southern declivity of the mountain, where up to 48 hours ago ten thousand persons lived; and Torre Annunziata, on the shores of the Gulf of Naples, one mile to the southward, is almost surrounded by the invading lava and has been evacuated by its 20,000 inhabitants. The people were brought to Naples by trains, street cars, military escorts and steamships. Transportation facilities have been sent to Torre Del Greco, to take away the people. The police and carbineers are guarding the abandoned houses and several members of the Government are also there.

Terror Stricken.

A telegram received from the mayor of Sebastiano, a village near the observatory on the northwest declivity of Vesuvius, says the lava is approaching rapidly and that the people are terror-stricken. They have been for nights without sleep, he says, are destitute and beg that assistance be given them.

The observatory has been destroyed and Signor Matteucci, the director and the employes had narrow escapes. The restaurant of the Funiculair R. R., too, has been obliterated.

The work of succor is hampered owing to the railway service, which is interrupted by red hot stones thrown to a height of 3,000 feet falling on the tracks.

As yet it is impossible to count the craters that have opened and from which streams of lava have flooded the beautiful, prosperous and happy land lying on the southeast shores of the Gulf of Naples.

With the danger and horror of the situation, aside, Vesuvius presents one of the most splendid sights imaginable.

Infant Murder.

Quebec, April 9.—With the little back broken, and bearing marks of having met with a brutal death, the body of a new-born infant lies in the morgue, while a young woman of St. Malo and her mother and brother are under arrest. It is said the young woman, who is unmarried, was the mother of the child.

Bambaata Escapes.

Durban, Natal, April 9.—Chief Bambaata has escaped in Zululand with a body guard of 70 warriors. Col. Leuchar of the colonial punitive force, is in pursuit. Two battalions of the Umoti militia reserves have arrived to reinforce the column.

Bribery Extraditable.

London, April 9.—The Lord Chancellor, Sir Robert Threshie Reid, introduced a bill in the House of Lords Saturday making bribery and bankruptcy extraditable offences in accordance with the Anglo-American convention.

GILLETT'S

HIGH GRADE

CREAM TARTAR

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

SOLD IN PACKAGES AND CANS.

Same Price as the cheap adulterated kinds.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

TORONTO, ONT.

Going to PAINT?

Everybody uses more or less paint in the spring. Before buying call in, let us show you why its **BEST** for you to use

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

Best for your building and does not cost more than others.

WATERS' Drug Store

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St.

Merchant Tailor.

New Spring Wallpapers

Our stock of new Wall Paper is nearly complete and we ask you to drop in and look them over. We claim to have the largest and best selections with in the country and guarantee the prices will suit your pocket book.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

Maple Syrup

In pints, quarts and gallon tins

Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .

In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins

Pure Jam & Marmalade

In Glass and 5 lb Tins

Clover Honey

Sections and Extracted

Dried Fruits

Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples

Good Value In Creamery and Roll Butter

J. C. Hanley & Co.

Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Opposite Post Office . Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St. Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,

Manager Belleville Branch.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upward allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,

Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 10.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m. Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,

Victoria Avenue,

(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —

Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

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—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, APRIL 10, 1906. NO. 299

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

No Matter How Old

STROUDS

Tickets for tea purchases they are just as good now as when they were issued

SAVE YOUR TICKETS, THEY ARE VALUABLE

THE OPPOSITION'S VICTORY.

Belated Returns of Russian Elections Only Increase Its Magnitude.

St. Petersburg, April 10.—Belated returns yesterday only increased the magnitude of the Opposition's victory. The City of Moscow has returned 160 electors, all Constitutional Democrats. Kursk returned a solid Progressive delegation, headed by Prince Peter Dolgoroukoff. M. Sherkoff, one of the members elected to the lower House of Parliament, is now in prison. Vitebsk elected two Poles, one a Catholic priest, and one a Progressive; two Constitutional Democrats and two peasants. Vladimir, one of the old capitals of Russia, where the orthodox faith is particularly strong, chose a Monarchist, but the electoral college elected five Constitutional delegates.

Tula is the only province, except Moscow, which elected a majority of Conservatives. The result in Moscow Province constitutes an anomaly in the elections. All the Constitutional Democrats went down, but the result was engineered through a deal with the Reactionists and a portion of the Octobrists, who bought the support of the peasants in the electoral college by allowing them to name an additional member.

As a result, the Province of Moscow, the real heart of Russia, sends to Parliament comparatively unknown men—two peasants, a workman, Prince Gagarin, M. Bashoff, M. Krudner and Peter Struve. The latter is the most prominent, being the president of the Moscow Bourse. With the single exception or Tula, in every province where the peasant class was in the majority they captured the majority of the members. Most of them, however, although belonging to the peasant class, are actually peasants in name only, and have risen far above their station. For instance a peasant of St. Petersburg province is a principal of a middle school.

Count Witte Resigns.

St. Petersburg, April 10.—Premier Witte late last night, according to information which has reached the Associated Press, again tendered his resignation to the Emperor with a clear-cut intimation that the latter must choose, and at once, between him and the Minister of the Interior Durnovo. The Emperor, according to reports, took the resignation under consideration.

Detroit, April 10.—The rain and wind Sunday broke the ice jam in the St. Clair River.

The McMorran, Port Huron, wrecking fleet of two steamers and a schooner, which had come down to Tashmoo to work on the sunken Linden, was caught in the crush of ice and carried below Algonac. The boats and their crews are thought to be safe.

Toronto's Oldest Citizen Dead.

Toronto, April 10.—The death of Daniel Osborne Brooke, which occurred Sunday, removes one of the oldest, if not the oldest, Torontonians, born and raised in the city. Born in 1823, when Toronto was known as Little York, Mr. Brooke had resided here ever since.

The New Idea
10c PATTERN
A Uniform Price

The Best Pattern that can be produced at Any Cost.

The New Idea . . .
Woman's Magazine

The Best 5c Magazine Published Anywhere

50 cents a Year

Sinclair's

York Loan Money Used

Says Curry in Starting Toronto Life Insurance Co.

More Evidence Showing How Employes of York Loan Worked For Toronto Life and The National Monthly—A Teamster Who Had a Third Profits in Work Done By the York Loan.

Toronto, April 10.—Yesterday's evidence in the Phillips' conspiracy case was not of a remarkably exciting character.

Miss Alexander said she was in the employ of the York County Loan for nearly three years. Phillips started The National Monthly in June, 1902. At that time witness was in the pay of the York County Loan from June, 1902, until March, 1905, but she had worked for The National Monthly. Her work for the York Loan was not considerable.

Witness said she had also worked for The Canadian Home, under instructions of Phillips.

"Could you tell me the amounts spent by the York County Loan in advertising in The Canadian Home?"

"I could not say." Witness added that E. J. Burt brought in the advertisements. She did not know what Miss Lillian Hudson did. Witness knew nothing concerning the expenditures.

Divided the Profits.

Thomas Clark, teamster, said he had advances of money from the York Loan. He thought $2,950 in all. He entered the employment of the York County Loan.

"What did you do before you had any connection with the York County Loan?"

"I had a team and wagon. I went to work for the York County Loan four years ago. The first advance to me was $400 in cash. I got the other sums in cash. I bought horses and wagons with the money and worked them at the York Loan and the Southern Light."

He added that he had not done much work outside these companies. He sometimes drove the Misses Hudson down town in a buggy. He rendered the bills to the York County for the work done. Witness had given no security for his loan. He had charged 4 1-2 dollars per day for team and men. For the work done to the Southern Light he rendered the account to an employe of the York County. Witness said two-thirds of the profits made to Miss Lillian Hudson, by arrangement with Phillips. He retained the other third. After he had reckoned his expenses and retained the $15 a week due to him, he handed over the balance to Miss Hudson.

Witness added that his teams were not always all working, but the magistrate reminded him that he could not have afforded to keep the horses idle in the stables.

"When your teams were working what were the division of profits about?" asked Crown Attorney Curry.

"Sometimes there would be a profit of $50 or $60. Once there was $100 profit made."

"You got a third?"

"Yes." Witness admitted that he had been instructed by the York Loan to buy horses and wagons. He admitted that he did not think the money advanced was a loan at the time.

"Did you not tell Detective Twigg that you said you would not sign anything?"

"No." He added that the interest on the loan had been fixed at 6 per cent.

An Energetic Agent.

The next witness was a man named Broadhurst, who said that he was now in the employ of the Sun Life about two months. Prior to that he had been in the employ of the York County Loan.

He had originally received a bonus of $6 a week for writing 10 shares a week. He also received commissions, so that he got on an average $15 a week in all. When he was an inspector he sold National Monthlies and Canadian Homes, and he had also sold a Liszt piano, on which he got 15 per cent. commission.

He had written from $2,000 to $5,000 of life assurance on the average a week, out of the city as well as in it, and his expenses were paid by the York Loan. But he had been able to do business for the York Loan as well.

"But you could not do it at the same time."

"I could do it on the same day," said witness.

"What would your expenses be on the road?"

"About a dollar and a half per day for hotels and traveling expenses."

"York County Loan pay them?"

"Yes."

Witness had subscribed for stock in the Toronto Life on Mr. Phillips' suggestion. He paid $629.77 for 10 shares.

J. E. Jones contended that stock had nothing to do with Phillips.

Crown Attorney Curry claimed that he had a right to ask the question, as he contended that Toronto Life was started by the employes of the York Loan, from the president downward, out of the moneys of the York Loan.

Magistrate Denison said that Mr. Curry had to prove his contentions by asking questions.

The case was adjourned until this morning.

The argument to make permanent the interim injunctions against the holders of Toronto Life stock obtained by the National Trust Co., liquidator of the York Loan, has been adjourned by Judge Mabee till April 18.

Must Contain Eight Gallons.

Ottawa, April 10.—Retail milk dealers have suggested that instead of an eight-gallon can for milk it should be sold in cans weighing eight pounds. To this Archie Campbell, M. P., who represents the farmers, will not consent.

Where the Irish Go.

London, April 10.—(C. A. P.)—Statistics just issued show that emigrants from Ireland in 1905 to the United States numbered 24,134; to Canada, 2,360, and in Australia, 255.

Open For Navigation.

Brighton, April 10.—Presque Isle Bay is now open for navigation. The strong north winds Sunday night broke up the ice fields and carried the ice out into the lake.

ILL, LEFT ALONE TO DIE.

Hungarian Laborers at Niagara Falls Desert Sick Comrade.

Niagara Falls, Ont., April 10.—But for the casual curiosity on the part of the driver of a butcher's cart, Michele Carowitz, a Hungarian, would have perished of starvation within a few feet of one of the busiest thoroughfares around Niagara Falls. Carowitz was one of a party of Hungarian laborers who have been living in a little house on Portage road, just outside of the city limits at Falls View.

Carowitz developed consumption and became too ill to work. His companions cared for him, but when the completion of the power development threw them out of work they decided to go to some other city.

Carowitz was too ill to take with them, so they calmly went off and left him to his fate. He is likely to die from his long chill and lack of food.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Easter Millinery

Our millinery show rooms are filled to overflowing with the choicest of Easter Millinery, lately secured by our buyers from the world's greatest fashion centres—*Paris and New York.* There has been a great change since opening days, many new designs being added. We will be pleased to have your inspection at least.

Never before have we heard such pleasing remarks from the ladies, convincing evidence that our spring millinery is—

Beautiful, Stylish and Moderate in Price.

Easter Kid Gloves

Neat gloves are one of the most important items in connection with the new Easter outfit they give the necessary finishing touch.

Perrin's French Kid Gloves have stood the test for years and in offering them to our customers we do so—feeling sure that for fit and service they are unsurpassed.

We guarantee every pair of gloves from $1.00 upwards.

Easter selling always breaks our assortment—make your selection early when choosing is pleasant and easy.

Perrin's Adonis $1.00

We believe this to be the best dollar glove in the market today.
—In Tans, Modes, Greys, White and Black, price *$1.00*

Perrin's Mercells $1.25

This is the most popular selling glove in our assortment and is one of our best wearing gloves.
—These in all the newest shades, as well as black and white, for ... *$1.25*

Perrin's Olga 1.50

—An extra fine glove made from specially selected French kid in the most delicate mode and tan shades, as well as black—*guaranteed*.... *$1.50*

Men's Light Spring Overcoats

We wish every man in our city would come to see our new Spring Overcoats, Suits, Hats, Haberdashery etc.

Never have we been in better shape to meet the demands of our trade than we are today.

The styles are strictly up-to-the-minutes—the fabrics you would scarcely expect to find in Ready-to-wear Clothes.

Our garments at all times show their merchant tailor likeness.

—***Men's Light Spring Overcoats*** in all the newest styles and fabrics, choice linings and trimmings, well sewn with silk and linen.... *$7.50, $8.50, $10 & $15*
—***Young Men's Light Overcoats*** in Fawns, Grey and Black, very stylish garments, ... *$7.50 to $15.00*
—***Young Men's Double Breasted Suits***, swell and nobby patterns, perfect fit guaranteed, prices .... *$7.50 to $15.00*
—***Men's Single and Double Breasted Navy and Black Worsted Suits***—the choicest of linings and trimmings, well sewn with silk and linen, and perfect fit that will stay until worn out .... *$10, $12 and $15*

Underwear

Our medium weight Underwear comes in about now—it is getting too warm for winter underwear and a little too soon for summer underwear.
—Medium weight underwear for early spring, every style and weight to choose from .... *38c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 each*

Easter Haberdashery

Easter Hats, Ties, Shirts, and all the fittings a gentleman needs in the newest spring styles.

Pay us a visit and you will be sure of all that is latest and smartest in Easter Haberdashery.

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

New Carpets

What about a New Carpet or Rug this Spring? Have you thought over the matter? If you have and are considering the cost, you can't do better than see us first. We can give you very special price concessions and can make you up anything you want in the Carpet or Rug line.

Crossley's Brussels Carpets
Crossley's Velvet Carpets
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets
Crossley's Axminster Carpets

Crossley's Rugs

There are a few makers of Carpets as good as ***Crossley's but none better.*** Then why not buy a Crossley Carpet? They don't cost any more than any other makes.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

BOIL IT DOWN!

Note the well-dressed man—see if he's not our customer—you'll find that he is, in the majority of cases.

Good dressers have formed a habit of coming here.

It is needless to say to them "get the habit," for they have already got it.

There's a reason for contracting it too—

Boiled Down It's This:

It's because the particular man knows full well that when he comes here his satisfaction is assured.

He gets the country's best in clothes at a moderate price.

. . . COME ON IN . . .

OAK HALL,
The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

"Reynier" Gloves

In Glace and Swede—a full stock for Easter trade.
Every Pair Guaranteed.

New Neckwear
IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES

New Belts, New Veilings.
EVERYTHING NEW.

Wims & Co
TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

Some Dominion "Deals."

It is said that some peculiar "deals" are now being broached in the House of Commons, and it is gratifying to note that they are not liable to go through without protest by the Opposition. Mr. Bennett, M.P., brought up last week an interesting discussion concerning the sale of timber on an island known as the Clanta Tomb. It seems that the timber on this property is to be sold, and Mr. Bennett has information that negotiations have been going on in the interest of Mr. Peter Ryan, a well known party man in Toronto, for the purchase at a price very much less than its real value. He charges that Mr. D'Arcy Scott, son of a Dominion minister, has been acting as the go-between. Recalling the famous deal by which Captain Sullivan bought from the Ontario Ross Government for $250, timber limits which are sold afterwards for $10,000, Mr. Bennett intimates that the parties who are shut out from such operations in Ontario since the change of Government, are now operating with the Dominion Government. Mr. Oliver pleads ignorance of the whole matter, but a diligent cross questioning brought out that Mr. Ryan has been in communication with the Government.

Apparently there is a good deal to reform in the Indian Department. The name of Mr. Peter Ryan, who is negotiating for timber limits, is represented as one of the members of a ranching company which pays $5,600 a year for grazing rights on certain Indian Reserves in the ranch country. They have a ten years' lease over an area of over 350,000 acres, which is a cent and a quarter an acre for the territory, said to be very good grazing land. It does not appear that there was any competition for this privilege.

Mr. Roche is also a little curious to know what is the nature of the pull exercised by Dr. Lafferty, of Calgary. He has a salary of $300 a year as medical attendant of an Indian school, $200 for the same duties in another school, $400 as medical officer for the Stoney Reserve, $400 as medical officer for the Sarsee Reserve, $500 for the Blackfoot Agency, with $200 as expenses to Ottawa on a trip which is alleged to have been made to promote the doctor's claim to a Senatorship.

These are but a few instances of the way in which the Dominion Government is carrying on the business of the country. The public will no doubt take cognizance of them at the proper time—next election day.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Within a few short weeks we'll see
The blossom and the bud;
But nowadays there's little else
But mud—mud—mud!

• • •

Wouldn't it be perfectly delightful if we could all go to Cuba for March and April?

• • •

"Staggering Bob" writes; "Where is the Market Inspector keeping himself these days? Perhaps he may not know that veal unfit for human food was alleged to be offered for sale on the market last Saturday. This matter should be looked after."

• • •

Merchants say it was a great day for business in the stores yesterday. A few days like that and some of the local storekeepers would trot in the Rockefeller class.

• • •

But cheer up! The weather man is getting rid of all that wind and water before Easter Sunday.

• • •

Talking of Easter, isn't that a beautiful Easter celebration they are arranging in Russia, where the police will shut their eyes and let the "Black Hundreds" slaughter a few hundred Jews by way of recreation! How would you like to be a Jew in Russia?

• • •

President Roosevelt shook hands with the mother of fourteen children and said he was delighted. He could afford to be delighted. He is not their father.

• • •

A New York man who had twenty bones broken in a railroad wreck has obtained a settlement at the rate of $1,000 a bone. Now we at last know the value of a "bone."

• • •

The letter from "Civic Improvement" yesterday, protesting against tree butchery in this city, was certainly timely. It is nothing more nor less than a shame the way our beautiful maples have been haggled and cut up. It is to be hoped the Council will take the matter up and place the work in charge of somebody who has a few qualifications for it. The present state of affairs, on some streets, is shocking.

• • •

Rev. Mr. Henry, of Hamilton, the bright gentleman who made such a favorable impression here during the provincial convention of the Young People's societies, has accepted a call from Regina and will go west. The everlasting scrapping of the Hamilton papers has probably made him long for a quiet life.

• • •

Somebody put a $20 bill on the collection plate in a Peterboro church last Sunday, and the church officials are wondering ever since if they had not been entertaining Andy Carnegie unawares.

• • •

Buy your Easter presents early, and avoid the rush.

• • •

Boys who get tired of going to school should read the following, written by Supt. Adams, of Fayette, Ohio, College. "The average educated man gets a salary of $1,000 a year. He works forty years making a total of $40,000 in a lifetime. The average day laborer gets $1.50 per day—300 days in a year or $450 a year, in forty years he earns $18,000. The difference or $22,000 equals the value of an education. To acquire this earning capacity requires twelve years of school at 180 days each, or 2,160 days. Divide $22,000, the value of an education by 2,160, number of days getting it, we find that each day at school is worth a little more than $10 to a pupil. Can't afford to miss it can we?

• • •

The city of Moscow returned 160 Democrats in the recent Russian elections. But those chaps had better not get too gay, or the Czar may send 'em to Siberia.

• • •

The Filipinos are afraid the Yankees are going to sell the Philippine Islands to Japan. The Filipinos know that, with the Japs as their rulers, they must either be good or jump off the landscape. The little brown men will stand no nonsense

• • •

Orange eating, as a means of beautifying the complexion, is now the fad among Londoners. Well, they might have a worse one.

• • •

The Kingston News, which, as everybody knows, is published in a town that, were it not for the public institutions within its gates, would soon be as dead as Pompeii, gives this friendly dig to Belleville;

"According to the Belleville Intelligencer Col. J. L. Biggar was approached in reference to securing his influence to get the Kingston military camp for Belleville. That city, it is further stated, has 200 acres of land adjacent to the city, that can be procured. A good many will think that there is ample room for military manoeuvres, and rifle practice, without endangering life, within that city's limits.'

• • •

One good thing about that Campbellford attempted murder—the criminals, if arrested, won't be tried in Belleville.

• • •

The Belleville Old Boys and Girls now resident in Toronto are coming home again in July. Most assuredly we'll have to open a bottle of ink and a paper of tacks when the old timers come back again.

• • •

The news from Naples just now is calculated to make one brush up a bit on his memories of Bulwer Lytton's classic, "The Last Days of Pompeii."

• • •

A Toronto paper says that a number of the English immigrants who arrived in Toronto on Sunday are already in distress and are being assisted by the City Relief Officer. Is not this enough to make people wonder if the Dominion Government is not a little too ready to admit immigrants not properly qualified for life in this country? People who land in a new country without sufficient funds to keep them in food for a week do not start with very bright prospects. It is, perhaps, not so much their fault as the fault of those who ship them over here on false pretences, but there is no denying that the condition of affairs is a deplorable one.

We Have Everything...

Needed for the little jobs of painting you intend doing. See our color cards and learn our low prices

McKeown's DRUG STORE.

REMARKABLE TEST.

HYOMEI HAS BEEN KNOWN FOR YEARS AND IS GUARANTEED TO CURE CATARRH.

The remedy has made so many cures that we have urged its use in the most chronic cases of catarrh.

Breathed for a few minutes four times a day, through an inhaler that comes with every outfit, it soothes the irritated mucous membrane of the nose, throat, and lungs, kills the catarrhal germs, and restores complete health. Its healing, antiseptic fragrance penetrates to the most remote air passages, as no medicine taken into the stomach can possibly do.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs only $1, and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the pocket or purse, and will last a life-time, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei. If this is not sufficient for a complete cure, additional bottles of Hyomei can be obtained for 50 cents.

Compare this small expense with the fees charged by specialists.

If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write to-day for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomei Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

RECTOR DID NOT TALK OF MARRIAGE

BELFAST BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT, WHICH HAD INTERESTING FEATURES.

The London Daily Mail has the following from Belfast: "As pretty a little love story as he had ever come across," was how counsel at Belfast Assizes yesterday characterized the action brought against the Rev. Joseph Jennings Smyth by Miss May Robinson, of Dunmurry, Belfast, for breach of promise.

When the plaintiff, who is still a minor, was a school girl of fourteen, the defendant, now rector of St. Donard's, Bloomfield, was curate of the parish of Derraghy, and was on friendly terms with Mr. Robinson. His love for the girl, said counsel, was first shown when he presented her with a cracker motto, "Say you will be mine, my little one. Say you will wait for me only a few more Christmases, then happy we will be."

By Easter, 1901, they were regarded as an engaged couple. At one time there was a tift, but it was healed up, and when the plaintiff's sister asked if that were so, he replied, "She's my Mary, I'm her Joe."

One evening he called at the house, said counsel, and Mrs. Robinson was preparing to light the fire, when he said, "You need not light the fire for me. Your girl is not sufficiently class for me. I am told by the clergy I cannot have her for my wife."

There were numerous letters, but, said counsel, the defendant had carefully refrained from mentioning marriage in them. On a picture postcard, however, he had written, "Nice place for the holiday or honeymoon."

The plaintiff, in her evidence, said the defendant frequently sat with her, kissed her, and placed his arms around her. At her parents' house a pair of slippers was kept for him.

The hearing was adjourned.

AN ENIGMA TO THE POLITICIANS.

PREMIER WHITNEY AND HIS COLLEAGUES KEEP THEM ALL GUESSING.

Toronto Saturday Night: The Canadian power companies are, no doubt, extremely anxious to escape the excessive control of the Ontario Government. It is a significant fact, and complimentary to Premier Whitney, that these companies now begin to snuggle under the protection of Ottawa. Why do they do so—why did they not do so sooner. Because Premier Whitney's Cabinet of amateurs are a good deal of a puzzle to the big financiers. They do not know where they are at with Premier Whitney. He scarcely seems to be human, such is his indifference to the smiles of the capitalists and to the advice of wise politicians who go to him with warnings. He is not a brilliant man, but he has sand, and, perhaps, he remembers the cold deals he got from these same men when he was in Opposition. Perhaps he remembers, too, what happened to a Government that forgot the many and danced attendance on the few. At all events Mr. Whitney and his novices are a puzzle to men who have got into the way of whistling for any politician they want to use. The power companies are by no means sure that the Whitney Government will not, in its stolid and gruff way, step forward and expropriate all their property in the name of the people. Some lawyers have legal minds so fine that they can scent difficulties in doing anything whatever. They dare do nothing, because of a thousand and one legal possibilities that might ensue. Mr. Whitney's mind lacks these microscopic powers. He has a farmer's faith in horse-sense.

EASTERTIDE EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Via New York Central lines, Thursday, April 12th, 1906. Exceptionally low rates. Ten days return limit. Through day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. Apply to nearest New York Central ticket agent.
m10wta11-d31

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD; subsequent insertions [illegible] a word. No [illegible] less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

The annual Easter concert of Albert College will be held in the College Chapel on the evening of Thursday, April 12th. Admission 15c. 7-10-11

The celebrated autopiano will be operated by Mr. W. B. Riggs at our opening to-morrow, Wednesday, afternoon, from 3 to 6 o'clock. Cake and cocoa will be served free.—Ed. P. Dickens.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of the Oak Hall, which will be found on page 2 of The Intelligencer in future. Mr. Vermilyea carries a full and up-to-date stock of made-up clothing, men's furnishings, etc.

Mr. Alex. Smith will deliver Ice this season the same as usual. His customers can depend upon getting a good supply of A 1 Ice.

The Ladies' Aid of St. Andrew's Church will hold a Tea and Sale on Thursday, April 12th, from 3 to 7. Home-made bread and cake for sale. Admission 10 cents. 10-11

Mr. S. Burton caught a good-sized muskrat at noon to-day at the corner of Victoria Ave. and John St.

The amount of insurance now in force in The Mutual Life Company of Canada is nearly $45,000,000, it has assets of about $10,000,000, and its surplus on the Government Standard, over and above all liabilities, is more than $1,200,000.—S. Burrows, General Agent.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country.—The SCHUSTER CO. mc30-tf

The upper portion of Front street and Mill street is being cleaned.

All smart up-to-date women of to-day,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.—D. M. Waters.

Card of Thanks.

Mrs. W. H. McGregor desires to thank her many neighbors and friends for their sympathy and kindly words to her in the time of her bereavement, the same being a great comfort.

CHATTERTON.

Mr. Maitland has sold his fine grey colt for the handsome sum of $200.

Mr. Thomas has also disposed of one of his splendid blacks for the same price.

Mrs. John Reid is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Maitland Sine and family and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bell and family spent a pleasant evening on Thursday last at the home of Mr. A. Ketcheson.

Mrs. A. Dafoe and son Albert spent Friday last in Murray.

Mr. J. Reid has purchased a handsome span of drivers.

Miss Ethel Sine has returned after visiting friends in Prince Edward.

Mr. John Dafoe has hired with Mr. John Moore, cheesmaker, of Prince Edward, for the coming season, and will commence his duties soon.

A number of our young men took in the moonlight excursion on Thursday last.

The Misses Lancasters of Belleville, spent a couple of days of last week under the parental roof.

Mrs Frederick entertained on Friday last.

Building fence and house cleaning is the order of the day.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Strong easterly winds, with sleet or rain. Wednesday, showery and a little milder.

YOUR ORDER FOR

Hot Cross Buns

Solicited for Good Friday.
15c Per Dozen

Please place your orders early with us.

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

Eyes

We offer to examine your eyes, and you may consult us with the full assurance of getting absolutely the best advice and service Science has at her command. Our Optician has devoted years to the study and practice of optics; and with college knowledge, personal study and experience he is prepared to cope with ANY case where glasses are the remedy.

Our many customers and leading physicians don't hesitate to recommend him in unqualified terms.

His examination is a thorough one.

• • •

Angus McFee
Phone 128.
The Store With the Big Clock

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS
EXTRA SUGAR-CURED BACON
BACK BACON
FINEST QUALITY

ROQUEFORT CHEESE
CREAM CHEESE
MacLAREN'S CHEESE
FRESH SUPPLIES

PURE OLIVE OIL
SOLD IN BOTTLES ONLY

DURKEE'S SALAD DRESSING
ENGLISH MALT VINEGAR

FRENCH PEAS
FRENCH MUSHROOMS
SPINACH

☞ Complete stock of Canned Vegetables, Olives, Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Marmalade, Biscuits, Fruits, etc.

HIGH GRADE TEAS
New Season's Fragrant & Delicious
Wallbridge & Clarke's
NEW BLENDS IN SEALED PACKETS
25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c LB

DELICIOUS COFFEE
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
AND THE
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher........$3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots........$3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Room and board for young gentleman. State rates, Box "B" Intelligencer Office. 1t

At once, boy sixteen or seventeen years old.—S. A. HYMAN & CO. 9-tf

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. I sell direct to consumers at wholesale rates. There is nothing better than a route of regular customers. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

A house and three lots for sale on easy terms, Foster avenue, No. 295 a6-6t

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

LOST.

Black cocker spaniel; white spot on breast. Answers to name "Dash." Anyone retaining possession after the publication of this notice will be prosecuted. Finder rewarded.—W. J. CARTER, Moira St. 10-4t

H. R. Beattie,

BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

Stock	New York, April 10 Op'g	Close
Atchison	91⅞	92¼
do pref	103½	103
St. Paul	175⅜	174⅝
Mop	94⅛	94⅞
Union Pac	155	153¼
C.P.R.	171½	171
Sou Pac	67½	67¼
R I	27½	27
Ills C.	172	171½
Sou Ry	40½	39⅞
Texas	32⅞	32¼
B.& O	112⅝	112½
N Y C	142½	143
Penn	141	140½
Soo	156½	155
T. W.	118⅞	118⅞
Erie	44⅞	43⅞
do pref	78¼	78¼
Reading	136½	135
C. O	59⅞	57⅞
O W	51⅛	50⅞
Manhattan	....	155
W C	....	....
L. & N.	148⅞	147⅞
A. F.	43⅞	42¼
Nor	88¼	88¼
Wab.	21½	22¼
do pref	49½	49
A. R.	158	156
C. G W	20¼	20⅞
T.C.I.	....	....
U. S. Steel	41¼	41
do pref	106½	106⅞
Sugar	139⅞	137⅞
B.R.T.	86	84⅞
P. O	91¼	91⅞
A. C. P.	109⅞	108½
Met.	....	....
Alo.	67⅞	67¼
C.F.I.	60⅞	60

May wheat opened at 78 closed at 78½
July wheat opened at 77½ closed at 78½
May corn opened at 45½; closed at 46½
July corn opened at 45½; closed at 46
May Oats opened at 31½; closed at 31½
May pork opened at 16.27 closed at 16.32

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. —D. M. Waters.

MARSHAL SOULT.

English Views of the Famous Lieutenant of Napoleon.

"When I had Soult as my opponent I could eat, drink and amuse myself without fear of being surprised. It was not that he failed to be a great commander. He was wonderful in his way; he knew how to collect 100,000 men at a fixed point on a fixed date, but when he had collected them he never knew the least in the world what to do with them."

So said Wellington, and on this occasion he actually ate Soult's dinner, which was in course of preparation for him. But, though the capture of the French marshal seemed inevitable, he was already "beyond the toils, having by a supreme effort extricated himself from perils as fearful as ever beset a general."

It was a masterly retreat, and throughout it he was not only watching for the best advantages to be gained, but testing the spirit of his men. His hand was almost on their pulses, his eye was ever watchful, and suddenly, by a stroke almost theatrical in its effect, he "drew up the troops, 20,000 in number, on the position he had occupied two months before at the battle of Braga," thus rousing the spirits of his soldiers.

He continued the retreat, facing every difficulty of country and weather, but never deterred, and finally crossed the Cavado "in full time, for the English guns were thundering on the rear."

He had lost about 5,000 men; he had entered Portugal with fifty-eight pieces of artillery; he returned without a gun.—Colonel J. Hanbury Williams, C. V. O., C. M. G., in Blackwood's Magazine.

THE NAMES HE USED.

They Helped to Sell the Wonderful Works of Whistler.

Though the peculiar nomenclature Whistler adopted for the output of his brush and needle inevitably in its novelty excited ridicule and censure and was surely adopted, just as his hirsutial oriflamb was carefully cultivated, mainly as an advertisement to attract the custom of the hunter after art novelties and art bargains even as his wand and flat brimmed hat were assumed to mark him out to "the man in the street," there is no little to be said in favor of such nomenclature by those who recognize the sisterhood of the various fine arts. Whistler's early days were passed in an atmosphere of music, and, apart from the masterful craving of erratic genius for novelty and his appreciation on reaching manhood and looking forth on the world of the value of new processes in systematic self advertising, it was therefore not unnatural that he should use musical terminology in giving titles to the output of his work in graphic art. Why should he not speak of that work as symphonies or harmonies in white, in green, in blue, in gray or what, not? Why should the word "arrangement" be confined to musical notes? Is not what is perhaps his masterpiece, his mother's portrait, really and truly, as children say, an "arrangement" in black and gray?—Critic.

Cause of Nosebleed.

In weak persons bleeding at the nose is frequently hurtful and should be stopped without delay, as continued hemorrhage may prove fatal if neglected.

Those who suffer from poorness of blood or anaemia and are sometimes seized with violent nosebleeding should avoid as far as possible anything which may tend to bring it on. Gentle exercise only should be taken, as violent bodily movements may provoke a repetition of the hemorrhage. Even running downstairs hastily should be avoided. Bleeding at the nose is usually a sign that something is wrong with the system. The cause should, if possible, be discovered and steps taken to remove it.

"Survival of the Fittest."

In Ireland from time immemorial candidates for political honors have had to cope not only with Irish brains, but with the noble Irish oak in the shape of a shillalah, a fact which illuminates a reminiscence of Galway, found in Blackwood's Magazine. When Georve IV. visited Ireland an election for Galway was pending. The king inquired of a Galway gentleman who came up to Dublin to attend his levee which candidate would probably be returned.

"The survivor, sir," replied the gentleman.

Exceptions.

Hardy—She may be well educated, as you say, but she uses very singular expressions. Tardy—She does? Hardy—Yes. Yesterday, for instance, she spoke of a musical concert. Tardy—Wasn't that correct? Hardy—Certainly not. It wasn't necessary to say "musical" in speaking of a concert. A concert must be musical. Tardy—Must, eh? Well, I've been to some that were not.

A Restful Book.

"Yes, I picked up his book last night, and I never budged out of my chair until 4 o'clock this morning."

"Goodness! Was it that interesting?"

"No, but I didn't wake up until that time."

True Helpfulness.

I want it to be said of me by those who know me best that I have always plucked a thistle and planted a flower in its place wherever a flower would grow.

Blue Blood.

Lots of people who boast of their blue blood are really color blind.—New York Times.

THE LUNGS ARE LIFE.

An Odd Little Essay on the Subject of Breathing.

Everything on, in and under the earth breathes—animals, minerals, vegetables, etc. The tides are caused by the breathing of the earth itself. This old globe must take two long breaths a day, each inspiration requiring six hours and each expiration the same period of time. If Mother Earth did not breathe she would in all probability "bust" and blow up. When she breathes too hard, as if in a panic, or because of some geological excitement, she cracks the ground and we have the earthquake. Her ordinary respiratory movement merely expands and contracts the water volume.

Singularly enough, air is the most important element provided by nature. A man can live forty-five days without food, several days without water and about three or four minutes without air. Take away his lungs, as by pneumonia, and death is as certain as sin. Does the heart beat make the circulation of the blood or does the circulation make the heart beat? What causes breathing? Does breathing make the heart beat? Does breathing make the circulation? Important, vitally important, are these questions. You may remove a man's liver, kidneys, stomach, intestines; you may sever arteries and veins; you may even stab him through the heart or withdraw his brains, and he will still live, but take away his lungs and he is dead. The lungs are the life!

THE MOTORIST'S JOYS.

A Tribute to the Beauty and the Delights of the Road.

To "see life steadily and see it whole" was Matthew Arnold's ethical aspiration. That is how the motorist sees the land he traverses. His teacher is the road. A road is the most interesting and instructive thing on earth. It is the chain that binds a country together; it is the artery along which the lifeblood of a people flows; it is the story of their past, the exhibition of their present, the presage of their future; it is the book of humanity, with a picture and a story and a lesson on every page. The history of Rome is in her roads. Once know and love the road and you can tolerate no other transit. Too fast? Read the wonderful poem W. E. Henley wrote after a friend's motor car had revealed England to him:

> Speed and the range of God's skies,
> Distances, changes, surprises;
> Speed and the hug of God's winds,
> Beautiful, whimsical, wonderful.

Read the whole of this "imperishable poem," as William Archer calls it (I had the privilege of giving it to the public), and never talk to me again of "going too fast to see anything." It is just because we go fast that we see everything.—Henry Norman, M. P., in Scribner's.

Humble Pie.

The term humble pie originally carried no opprobrium with it. It was a pie made out of the "humbles" or "numbles," from the Norman French "nombrils"—i. e., the entrails of a deer. To this day it is highly esteemed in Scotland and in northern parts of England. So late as the time of Pepys "umble pie" was served as part of the menu of a gentleman's table on an extraordinary occasion. Some writers derive the contumelious use of the phrase "to eat humble pie" from an alleged custom of serving umble pie below the salt, or at the second table. But this is not supported by authority. It more probably came into use simply through the similarity of sound, there being no similarity of meaning whatever between the noun umbles or numbles and the adjective humble.

A Ruskin Remedy.

A letter written by the late John Ruskin to Sir Oliver Lodge says: "Is it still impossible to get into any human head at your universities that the economic crisis is because people will dig iron out of the ground and build ironclads, instead of raising corn and wine and giving them to whoso needs them? That is the one plain two plus two equals four that I have tried to teach these twenty years—the thing of all others indisputable and needful, and no mortal yet has taken up the word!"

Brief Mention.

Reporter—Now that I have described your dress and those of your maids, the house decorations and the presents, what shall I say of the bridegroom when we print the account of the wedding?

Bride Elect—Well, I suppose his name must go in. You might say that he was among those present.

They Go Toward It.

"There are some men," said the chronic kicker, "whom good fortune seems to follow always."

"I think you're wrong," replied the happy hustler. "You will find good fortune meets them; it doesn't follow them."

Force of Habit.

One time a jail reporter was sent to report a wedding. He began his report by saying:

"The condemned man ate a hearty breakfast of ham and eggs."

Favorite Musical Instruments.

The burglar's, the lute; the scold's, the harp; the aurist's, the drum; the card fiend's, the trumpet; the apothecary's, the viol; the mathematician's, the triangle.

"Acre" once meant any field. It is still used with this significance by the Germans, who speak of God's acre, alluding to the cemetery.

Comparisons.

This is not a joke. It is a brief dissertation on astronomy. A variable star is one whose brightness has been observed to diminish or increase. The best known variable is in the constellation Perseus. It was called by the Arabians Algol, which means the demon star. This shows that the Arabians knew a thing or two themselves. Algol, which is larger than our sun, is partially eclipsed every 2 days 20 hours 48 minutes and 55.4 seconds by an invisible body about the size of our sun. In observing this phenomenon it is necessary to have in mind the fraction of a second; otherwise you will be liable to miss it. Algol is so far away from the earth that we do not hear the rush of the wind as the two ponderous bodies rush around each other. Compared with the distance of Algol, the diameter of the earth's orbit, which is about 185,000,000 miles, shrinks into an invisible point. When one reflects upon the vastness of such distances and the almost unimaginable activity displayed when two such tremendous bodies revolve around each other at a prodigious speed without a hitch or a change in the programme, the excitement about the amount of our gas bills seems puny indeed.

She Couldn't See the Barn.

An old lady in New Hampshire decided to try matrimony for the second time in extreme old age. Her children and grandchildren and great-grandchildren expostulated with her, but she remained firm and declared she was going to marry the man, says the Boston Herald.

"Why, you're too old," said they. "You are losing your faculties. You can't see. If this man was on the other side of the street you couldn't tell him from any one else."

The old lady said she was going to marry him. "Now, we'll put the man on top of the barn, and you shall stand in the kitchen door. If you can see him on the barn you shall marry him."

The prospective bridegroom sat on the ridgepole of the barn, the old lady came to the door, looked, shaded her eyes and looked again.

"Do you see him?" cried the family.

"Oh, yes," was the reply. "I can see the man all right, but I can't see the barn!"

Honest Sweden.

The Swedes are punctiliously honest and truthful. When asking for places at a theater, for instance, the ticket clerk never fails to inform the applicant if, owing to the crowded state of the house, a better position would be secured with a cheaper ticket than the one asked for. Again, when parcels are taken out by steamers from Stockholm to country places in the neighborhood, they are just thrown on to the quay, where they frequently remain half the day without being claimed. It never seems to occur to any one that they could be possibly taken by any one but their rightful owners. On a canal trip of any length a little book lies in the saloon of the steamer, in which each passenger keeps his own account of the number of meals and drinks that he has taken during the journey.

Alexis Piron.

Alexis Piron, a native of Dijon, is perhaps most notorious for his epitaph, "Here lies Piron, who was nothing—not even an academician." One night he was asked at a party if he could tell the difference between a woman and a mirror. "A woman," he replied, "talks without reflecting; a mirror reflects without talking." Upon this a lady asked, "Can you now, M. Piron, tell me the difference between a man and a mirror?" And as Piron remained silent she went on, "A mirror is always polished, while a man sometimes is not."

Good Breeding.

A man's own good breeding is the best security against other people's ill manners. It carries along with it a dignity that is respected by the most petulant. Ill breeding invites and authorizes the familiarity of the most timid. No man ever said a pert thing to the Duke of Marlborough. No man ever said a civil one to Sir Robert Walpole.—Chesterfield.

Bank of England Clerks.

The patronage of the Bank of England belongs entirely to the directors, a clerk being appointed by each director in rotation until the vacancies are filled, with the exception of one clerkship in every seven, which is given to a son of one of the clerks of the establishment who has discharged his duties to the satisfaction of the directors.

Getting Him In Line.

Dr. Younger—You're a little bit under weight. You don't eat enough, Mr. Mussel—Nonsense! If I were to eat more I'd have dyspepsia. Dr. Younger—I know that, but that's my specialty, you know.—Exchange.

Price of It.

Tomkins—That's a handsome umbrella you've got there, Gibbs. Gibbs—Yes, Tomkins. Tomkins—About how much does it cost to carry an umbrella like that? Gibbs—Eternal vigilance!

A Corn Producer.

Church—You say he's in the corn producing business? Gotham—Yes, indirectly. Church—I don't understand you. Gotham—Why, he's a shoe manufacturer.

Another Family.

Mrs. Knicker—I thought your cook was a jewel. Mrs. Bocker—So she was, but she has been reset.

A wise man should have money in his head, but not in his heart.—Swift.

HEDGEHOGS.

Venom of the Most Poisonous Snakes Does Not Affect Them.

An interesting fact about hedgehogs that perhaps not many persons know is that the bites of even the most poisonous serpents have no effect on them whatever. Mr. Lenz, a naturalist, once watched a fight between a hedgehog and a viper and gives a most interesting description of it. He says that when the hedgehog came near the snake she began to smell it, for the sight of these animals is so poor that they depend almost entirely on the sense of smell, and then she seized its head with her teeth.

In a moment the snake had freed itself and, darting at the hedgehog, bit it several times, but the little animal did not seem to mind the bites at all, and when the snake was tired out with its efforts she again seized its head, which she ground beneath her teeth, poisonous fangs and all. Then she devoured almost the whole of its body.

M. Lenz also tells of a pet hedgehog that he kept in his house in a large box. Several times he put some adders into the box, which the hedgehog did not seem to fear at all, but attacked them fiercely and, as in the case of the other, was never in the least affected by their poisonous bites.

A man who had a pet hedgehog in his possession for a long time says that he had often seen it throw itself off the top of a wall fourteen feet in height. Without pausing a moment it would contract itself into a soft, fluffy ball and fall to the ground so lightly that almost immediately it would unfold itself and run off.

DIVISIONS OF TIME.

Measurements of the Days, Months and Years.

A "solar day" is measured by the rotation of the earth upon its axis and is of different lengths, owing to the ellipticity of the earth's orbit and other causes, but a "mean solar day" is twenty-four hours long, as reckoned by the timepieces.

An astronomical day commences at noon and is counted from the first to the twenty-fourth hour. A "civil day" commences at midnight and is counted from the first to the twelfth hour, and then again commences with one and finishes with twelve. A "nautical day" is reckoned the same as the "civil day," only that the reckoning is begun at noon instead of at midnight.

A "calendar month" varies from twenty-eight to thirty-one days. A "mean lunar month" is twenty-nine days, twelve hours, forty-four minutes, two and two-thirds seconds. A "year" is divided into 365 days. A "solar year," which is the time occupied by the sun in passing from one normal equinox to the other, consists of 364.24244 days, which is equal to 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, 49.536 seconds.

A "Julian year" is 365 days even. A "Gregorian year" is 365.2425 days. The error in the Gregorian mode of time reckoning amounts to but one day in each 3,571 years.

A Good Eater.

When Gustavus of Sweden was besieging Prague, a boor of extraordinary aspect gained admittance to his tent and offered, by way of amusing his majesty, to devour a large hog in his presence. Old General Konigsmarck, who was in attendance, at once suggested that the man with the Gargantuan appetite should be burned as a witch, whereupon the boor, whose feelings were hurt by this observation, exclaimed, "If your majesty will but make that old gentleman take off his sword and spurs, I will eat him before I begin the pig." This was accompanied by such a "hideous expansion of the jaws and mouth" that the general, though he had given his "proofs" on many a field, turned pale and fled incontinently to his tent.

Two Handles.

Everything has two handles—the one soft and manageable, the other such as will not endure to be touched. If, then, your brother do you an injury, do not take it by the hot hard handle, by representing to yourself all the aggravating circumstances of the fact, but look rather on the soft side and extenuate it as much as is possible by considering the nearness of the relation and the long friendship and familiarity between you—obligations to kindness which a single provocation ought not to dissolve. And thus you will take the accident by its manageable handle.—Epictetus.

The Hungarian Crown.

The Hungarian crown, the royal headdress worn at their accession by all the Austrian emperors, is the identical one made for Stephen and used by him at the time of his coronation, more than 800 years ago. It is of pure gold and weighs nine marks and six ounces (about fourteen pounds avoirdupois). It is adorned with 53 sapphires, 50 rubies, 1 emerald and 338 pearls, but no diamonds, it being a notion of the royal Stephen that diamonds were unlucky.

Better Late Than Never.

"Intelligence has just reached me"—began Mr. Blodger as he sat down to the dinner table.

"Thank goodness if it has at last!" exclaimed Mrs. Blodger, and the food was partaken of in silence.

Plenty of Reason.

"I don't see why that tune haunts me constantly," complained a dull man who was always humming.

"Because you are forever murdering it!" came the quick reply from Foote.

It takes ten pounds of common sense to carry one pound of learning.—Persian Proverb.

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Burma Customs.

Two ceremonies in Burma mark when childhood stops and manhood or womanhood begins. The boys have their thighs tattooed and the girls their ears bored. The boring of a girl's ears is commenced with a needle, and the puncture is gradually increased until the tip of the finger can be introduced. The enlarging process is the one carried out in the Polynesian islands, where a native can carry a good sized knife hanging in the lobe of his ear. The ugliest mutilation is that of the Eskimo, who punches a hole in his cheek and puts a bone stud into it. The Burmese boy suffers great pain from the elaborate ornamentation of his legs, which are decorated in blue and red patterns.

Organ Grinders In England.

By turning the handle of an organ the Italian in England obtains nearly eight times as much per week as he can earn in Italy, more than four times as much as the English farm laborer and nearly three times the pay of the policeman who moves him on when requested. Thousands of skilled artisans who have served apprenticeship as carpenters, painters and joiners get only half the organ grinder's pay, for the Italian reckons it a very poor week indeed if he makes less than $15, and he often gets $17.50 to $20 or more.

The Angler Fish.

The angler fish angles for his prey. From the upper part of his head project two long tentacles, with fleshy extremities, which wave about in the water and attract small fish, that, approaching and attempting to seize the supposed bait, are themselves captured by the angler. Without this device to attract his prey he would probably starve to death, as he is heavy and of comparatively slow motion.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

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"Dorothy Dodd" and "Empress" Shoes for Ladies

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AT POPULAR PRICES

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SHOE HOUSES—Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

Opening Day To the Ladies of Belleville!

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 10th and 11th inst., will be our opening day for the Summer Business.

This is a new feature in our business and we believe it will be appreciated. We have gone to a lot of expense this spring in trying to make our store a bright and attractive place.

We invite you to come in and see us. Cake and cocoa will be served free on Tuesday and Wednesday from 10 to 11 a.m., and from 3 to 6 p.m. We want you to feel perfectly free to come and bring your friends. Remember the date—Tuesday and Wednesday from 10 to 11 a.m., and from 3 to 6 p.m.

Ed. F. Dickens.

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The "Tin-Can Age" calls for a Tin-Can Stomach. Have you got one? If not, eat

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TIMELY TOPICS.

THE GIGGLES.

(San Francisco Call.)

Sweet Mary is a charming girl,
Or so Augustus thinks;
She wears her golden hair a-curl
In fascination kinks;
But, oh, will some one tell me why,
While still with life she higgles
And all its solemn moments fly,
She giggles?

It matters not how dread the hour,
How grave its moments be;
While others' tears fall like a shower
Sweet Mary says "Te he!"
And there are others of her kind;
For instance, young Miss Miggles,
Who when she needs to air her mind
Just giggles.

I sat with Hamlet, but last week,
The melancholy Dane
Brought tears to my unwonted cheek,
So sore his woe and pain.
"To be or not to be!" he cried,
While Mary squirmed, and wriggled
And when at last poor Hamlet died
She giggled.

Within the solemn house of prayer,
At function or pink tea;
Where Mary goes—yet, everywhere—
She takes her te he he.
If laughter's due, or laughter's not,
Her golden head she wiggles,
And, though there's pathos in the plot,
She giggles.

I've thought full oft of Mary's case,
Along life's thorny road;
Why is her giggler out of place?
Any why does it explode?
Is it because her thinks won't flow,
The while she writhes and wriggles?
I dare not say—I only know
She giggles.

* * *

Nearly 1,000 persons died from consumption in Montreal and suburbs during the past year.

* * *

The German Emperor is to turn his attention to aerial navigation. Well, it's not the first time he went in the air.

* * *

"I am not much of a mathematician," said the cigarette, "but I can add to a man's nerve troubles; I can substract from his physical energy; I can multiply his aches and pains; I can divide his mental powers; I can take interest from his work, and discount his chances of success."

* * *

The Baltimore Herald says: Census reports show that the bicycle business in the United States has dropped from $30,000,000 a year to $6,000,000. And yet enthusiasts once predicted that the bicycle would send the horse to the abattoirs. Now the automobile craze is at its height and similar prophecies are being made. Will fulfilment be an elusive jade again?

* * *

Morocco is threatened with a serious drought. The recent conference delegates must have gone at a pretty fast clip.

* * *

Coal has become an article of such vast economic importance that it would not be surprising, if this strike goes on, to hear of a movement for the destruction of corporative interests and the nationalization of all the United States coal lands. Stranger things have happened. The present uncertainty which prevails from year to year unsettles every line of business and has become almost intolerable. Perhaps Congress may apply this remedy.

* * *

Experts claim that Irish bogs are capable of turning out 50,000,000 tons of fuel per year for a thousand years, and if this were sold at the moderate figure of 5s. per ton it would bring in £12,500,000 a year. When this sum is multiplied by a thousand it will be seen that Ireland is richer in undeveloped resources than is sometimes imagined. It is claimed for the new fuel that it is practically smokeless, that it has no clinker or cinder, deteriorates but little by keeping, does not crumble by handling, and has high calorific power.

* * *

The great hindrance to modern husbandry is the ambition for extensive rather than intensive agriculture, says an exchange. The average farmer is spreading his resources over too wide an area to achieve the best results. Consolidation and concentration of effort characterize nearly all industries except agriculture, in which the majority of farmers are eager to compute their wealth by acres and not on the general results of revenue per acre. It is admitted that, owing to a lack of concentration, not more than 25 per cent. of products are producing annually which the land is capable of yielding. This entails an annual loss to the agricultural possibilities of the country that would aggregate billions of dollars.

* * *

According to officers of the De Forest Wireless Telegraph system, 572 words were flashed across the Atlantic Ocean from Coney Island to the coast of Ireland, a distance of 3,200 miles, without the use of cables, wires or any other medium than the atmosphere. This transatlantic achievement is regarded as marking the greatest forward step yet taken in the development of telegraphy without wires. A total of 1,000 words was sent out from the Coney Island station. The messages were sent in various keys, pitches or tunes, to use the wireless vernacular, in order to ascertain the correct one. Ireland reported by cable that 572 of these words were received and recorded. Heretofore the longest distance reached was between Coney Island and Colon, Panama stations, 2,100 miles apart.

* * *

HENS AND A PHONOGRAPH.

(Hudson, N. Y., Register)

A Stockport poultry farmer has had great trouble of late because his hens were not producing the proper number of eggs. A nearby neighbor has a fine flock of hens which were working over-time to produce eggs. While hanging over the back fence listening to the triumphant cackle of his neighbor's hens an idea struck the luckless owner of hens. He went into the house and brought out his phonograph, inserted a blank record, and succeeded in getting a fine imitation of the cackling of the laying hens. He then installed the phonograph in his own henhouse and started it going. The first day the hens were greatly amazed, but the second day they got down to business and ground out an egg every time the phonograph cackled. The hens have stopped cackling themselves, however, and when the phonograph stops they stop laying and the originator of the idea has to sit in his coop all day long to keep the phonograph going.

LAKE SHORE SPIRIT.

Throughout the entire length and breadth of the great Lake Shore Railway System there is a spirit of co-operation and personal responsibility on the part of employees from the highest to the lowest that is reflected in every detail of the road's operation. The traveller feels that the great army of trained workers have his welfare and comfort at heart as much as though he were the only patron of the road. This spirit—the Lake Shore spirit—is one of the features that have made this line so popular among experienced travellers. Comfort, speed, safety and punctuality here have reached their highest development. Write for full information to J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O.; or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, and tell the agent to have your ticket read "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway."

BRITISH EDUCATION BILL.

Passes First Reading—Oxford University Opposes the Bill.

London, April 10.—The education bill, the main measure in the Liberal program for the present session, yesterday was formally passed on first reading in the House of Commons after an extended debate participated in by Mr. Birrell, president of the board of education (its introducer), James R. MacDonald, Labor and Socialist, and Sir Alfred Thomas, chairman of Welsh Liberal Parliamentary party, who supported the measure, and Sir Wm. Anson, Liberal, representing Oxford University; George Wyndham, Conservative, and Lord Robert Cecil, who opposed it.

Mr. Birrell declared the bill was an honest attempt to deal with a difficult problem.

Under the bill religious education may be given in hitherto unprovided schools, if they are taken over by the educational authorities, two mornings weekly by consent of the local authorities, but not by the regular staff. Nor shall the attendance of pupils be compulsory, and no part of the expense thereof shall be borne by the rates.

The bill provides for a further annual grant of $5,000,000 from the Imperial exchequer for education, and proposes the establishment of a national education council of Wales.

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THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Higher—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Monday Evening, April 9.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ¼d to ⅜d higher than Saturday, and corn futures ½d higher.

At Chicago May wheat closed ⅛c higher than Saturday; May corn ⅛c lower and May oats ⅛c higher.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY.

	April 9,'06.	April 10,'05.
Wheat	46,322,000	31,697,000
Corn	9,200,000	8,080,000
Oats	19,673,000	14,614,000

During the week wheat decreased 146,000-bushels, corn decreased 2,131,000 bushels, and oats decreased 1,650,000.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	86	85
Minneapolis	76¼	78⅝
Duluth	78⅝	79¼
St. Louis	77⅞	75⅛
Detroit	84½	81
Toledo	84⅛	80½

Grain—

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Wheat, spring, bush....	$0 74 to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 75	0 77
Wheat, red, bush	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush ...	0 71	....
Barley, bush	0 51	0 52
Oats, bush	0 38½	....
Rye, bush	0 75	....
Peas, bush.	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 9.—Bacon—Long clear middles, light, firm, 49s; long clear middles, heavy, firm, 48s 6d. Lard—Prime western, in tierces, firm, 42s 9d; American refined, in pails, firm, 44s. Hops—In London (Pacific coast), quiet, £2 to £3 10s.

The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 36,300 quarters from Atlantic ports and 58,000 from other ports.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 9.—Butter, easy; receipts, 4118; street price, extra creamery, 21c to 21½c; official prices creamery, common to extra, 14c to 21c; do., held, 14c to 20c; renovated, common to extra, 11c to 18c; western factory, common to firsts, 13c to 16c; western imitation creamery, firsts, 17s.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 2122; state, full cream, large and small, colored and white, fancy, 14½c; do., good to prime, 13¼c to 14c; do. common to fair, 11c to 13c; skims, full to light, 3c to 10½c.

Eggs—Unsettled; receipts, 12,085; state, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected white, 22c; do., choice, 20c to 21c; do., mixed extra, 20c; western firsts, 19c; do. seconds, 18½c; southerns, 17c to 19c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Easier—Chicago Higher on Hogs and Cattle.

London, April 9.—Cattle are quoted at 10½c to 11⅝c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8⅝c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO JUNCTION LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 9.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Stock Yards were 36 cars, consisting of 708 cattle, 24 sheep, 22 hogs, 37 calves and 3 horses.

Exporters.

Prices ranged from $4.75 to $5.12½, the bulk selling at $4.85 to $5 per cwt. Export bulls sold at $3.75 to $4.12½ per cwt.

Butchers.

The butchers' cattle offered were not a good lot, generally speaking. Picked lots sold at $4.75 to $4.90; loads of good, $4.65 to $4.85; medium mixed loads sold at $3.85 to $4.40; cows, at $3.25 to $4.25 per cwt.

Milch Cows.

A few milch cows, which were of medium quality, sold at $30 to $45 each.

Veal Calves.

Veal calves sold at $4 to $11 each, or $3.50 to $6.50 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.

Export sheep are worth from $5 to $5.75; yearling lambs, sold up to $7.50 per cwt.

Hogs.

Prices firm at $7.25 for selects, and $7 for lights and fats, are the quotations given by H. P. Kennedy.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, April 9.—(Special.)—Cables from Liverpool and London on Canadian cattle came steady at 11¼c; exports from Portland and St. John were 2200 cattle. Armour Company have renewed contract with Thompson Steamship Line for all London space for one year. Canadian Pacific line have let 300 spaces on London boats for May and June to American firm, and prospects are other large contracts will be closed with American exporters in the near future. First vessels sailing from Portland to Liverpool in May have been let for ranch cattle at 35s. A fairly active trade was done in cattle and some high prices were paid for fancy Easter stock, one steer, 1810 lbs., selling at $7.35 per cwt. for shipment to Quebec; one heifer, 1800 lbs., sold at $125; one calf, 830 lbs., brought 8¼c per lb; one, 730 lbs., 7¼c; other sales of fancy steers were made at 6c to 7c; prime, 5¼c to 5¾c; choice, 5c to 5¼c; good, 4¼c to 4¾c; lower grades, 2¾c to 3¾c. Receipts of hogs were 1152, of which 654 were bought in the west for two of the large packers, consequently the supply for sale was small. Demand was good and the market strong, prices scoring another advance of 15c per cwt., with sales at $7.40 to $8 per cwt., weighed off cars. Cables from London and Bristol on Canadian bacon were strong at an advance of 2s to 3s, but Liverpool was easier with prices 6d to 1s easier than a week ago. Milch cows sold at $30 to $60 each; good to choice calves, $6 to $15; common, $2 to $4 each. Sheep, $5 to $7.50; lambs, $4 to $7 each. Receipts were 1200 cattle, 80 milch cows, 150 calves, 50 sheep and lambs, and 1200 hogs.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 4500 head; opened slow and steady; closing firm; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.75; shipping, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers, $4.25 to $5.10; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.65; bulls, $3.25 to $4.70; stockers and feeders, $3.25 to $4.50; stock heifers, $2.75 to $3.50; fresh cows and springers, steady, $18 to $52.

Hogs—Receipts, 14,500 head; slow; pigs, a shade higher; others steady; heavy, mixed and yorkers, $6.70 to $6.75; pigs, $6.60 to $6.65; roughs, $5.90 to $6; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 18,000 head; slow and steady; lambs, $6.25 to $6.80; yearlings, $6 to $6.25; wethers, $5.75 to $6; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 9.—Beeves—Receipts, 3885; steers, slow to 10c lower; bulls, steady; cows, 15c to 25c off. Steers, $4.60 to $5.75; bulls, $3.30 to $4.50; cows, $1.75 to $3.00. Exports to-morrow, 850 cattle, 1073 sheep and 3826 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 638; veals, 75c to $1 lower; veals, $3.50 to $7; few choice, $7.15 to $7.25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 6562; sheep, quiet but steady; unshorn lambs, 10c to 15c higher; clipped lambs, slow, but steady. Sheep, clipped, $3 to $4.75; no sales of woolled sheep; unshorn lambs, $6.90; few choice, $7; clipped lambs, $5.80.

Hogs—Receipts, 9381; market firmer; state and Pennsylvania hogs, $6.80 to $7.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 18,000; strong, to 10c higher; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.40; cows, $3.25 to $4.50; heifers, $2.75 to $5; bulls, $2.60 to $5.25; calves, $2.75 to $6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 32,000; strong to 5c higher. Choice to prime heavy, $6.45 to $6.50; mediums to good heavy, $6.40 to $6.45; butchers' weights, $6.30 to $6.50; good to choice heavy mixed, $6.40 to $6.45; packing, $5.80 to $6.45.

Sheep—Receipts, 25,000; weak to 10c lower; sheep, $4.50 to $6.45; yearlings, $5.75 to $6.25; lambs, $4.75 to $6.60.

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H. FREEMAN KETCHESON,

Office—Bridge Street.

Mrs. Sutherland thought she had

Serious Heart Trouble

"Fruit-a-tives" cured her when Doctors failed.

Hundreds of people suffer with Irritated Heart. Pain comes over the heart, especially after eating. Palpitation or fluttering—headaches—belching gas—indigestion and constipation follow. And the sufferer takes heart tonics and sees heart specialists, and steadily grows worse.

The heart is irritated by the stomach. The nerves of the heart and stomach are identical. When the stomach is distended by gas—when food sours or is not properly digested—the stomach nerves are irritated and this soreness extends to the heart. That causes pain which makes so many people think they have serious heart disease.

"Heart disease and Dyspepsia cured by Fruit-a-tives."

OTTAWA, July 14th, 1905.

To Fruit-a-tives Limited,

Gentlemen:—

I never gave a testimonial to any medicine before but I like "Fruit-a-tives" so much I will gladly do so. I had every symptom of heart disease and I had a very nasty pain over my heart. I tried purgatives and consulted several physicians but nothing did me any good. After taking "Fruit-a-tives" I am entirely well again. My digestion was very bad and I suffered from long standing constipation and now I am quite well from these complaints. I wish to say also that my complexion was very bad, sallow and muddy in the extreme, but now after taking "Fruit-a-tives" it is as fresh as ever. To any one suffering from constipation and bad digestion or liver complaint and to any one with a bad complexion, I can recommend "Fruit-a-tives" with every confidence.

(Signed)

MRS. A. SUTHERLAND.

"Fruit-a-tives" CURE IRRITATED HEART because they cure stomach, bowels, kidneys and skin. "Fruit-a-tives" set the gastric juices flowing—clean and sweeten the stomach—insure the perfect digestion of every meal. They make the liver give up more bile, move the bowels regularly every day, and strengthen and heal the kidneys, as well as act directly on the skin.

"Fruit-a-tives" are concentrated fruit juices, combined by a wonderful process which increases their medicinal action many times. Tonics and antiseptics are added and the whole made into tablets.

At all druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price—50c. a box or 6 boxes for $2.50.

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Something Unique is

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Coconut Cream
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THE LADIES ARE CHARMED WITH IT. MADE ONLY BY

THE COWAN CO., Ltd., TORONTO

Precious Metals of Canada.

Mr. Ingall, in his summary report of the mineral production of Canada for 1905, the figures of which have already been published, says the increase of 14 per cent. during the past year is the more remarkable as the falling off in the output of gold from the Yukon continues, amounting to over $2,000,000 in value. Of the gold products of the Dominion the Yukon is credited with 57 per cent., British Columbia 40 per cent., and the other provinces three per cent. In Ontario activity was evident in prospecting and developing both in the old districts in the eastern parts of the province and in the newer gold-bearing districts west of Thunder Bay. In British Columbia the dry season affected the production of placer gold. The Yukon continued to fall off, and will do so until under more favorable conditions the permanent forms of mining lower grade bodies of gravel are fully established. British Columbia and Ontario, since the development of mining at Cobalt, are now credited with 98 per cent. of the silver produced in Canada.

A Century Old.

Surrounded by relatives and warm personal friends, Mrs. James Harman celebrated her 100th birthday at the Aged Women's Home. Born on the 21st of March, 1806, in Kent, England, she came to America in 1844, on a sailing vessel, and after spending a few years in Pittsburg, Pa., and Cincinnati, Ohio, came to St. Catharines in 1853, and finally settled in Toronto in 1856. Afterwards going home to England, she stayed for a visit of two years, and again visited London when the London bridge was opened by King William.

Flowers and loving messages from a wide circle of friends brightened the day, and the most interesting incident of the day was when she held a little great-grand-niece, who was just a year old that day—ninety-nine years between, for her photograph.

Mrs. Harman must have been a beauty in her youth, as now, in her great age, she is like a piece of delicate porcelain, so fine is her skin, with scarcely any wrinkles, and her pink and white coloring give the lie to time's withering touch.

Equivocal.

"I had quite a struggle with the fellah, in the dark, doncherknow, and weally, befoaw I could call for assistance he nearly bwained me."

"Oh, impossible!"

Indian Wars.

Our government has had fourteen great Indian wars, which are estimated to have cost not less than $150,000,000, and as much more in private loss was sustained by individuals.

Command large fields, but cultivate small ones.—Virgil.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some men don't care how dull business is if it is equally bad with their rivals.

About the third time some people show you a kindness you find they want to sell you something.

Patience is that which you have to have with others, but which no one is called upon to have with you.

Society is a good deal like our rich kin—we are mighty nice to its face, but make fun of it behind its back.

Some people are like a worthless team of horses—always have to be helped when it comes to pulling a load uphill.

There is one way of starting on the pathway to get rich which is seldom traveled these days—running a store and living over it.

It sometimes happens that deference is shown a man not in recognition of his greatness, but because he will be cranky of it isn't.

They Had No Dinner.

The absentmindedness of a certain well known Scotch professor is notorious. Not long ago he invited a few select friends to dine with him, and upon their arrival, some short time before the hour set apart for dinner, the professor suggested a walk through the conservatory and grounds until the gong should sound the dinner hour. After spending a short time inspecting flowers, plants, etc., host and guests came suddenly to a small gate at the end of the lawn. "Ah," said the professor to his astonished guests, "assuredly this will be a much nearer way home for you than going back to the front." And, all unconscious of his invitation to dinner, he opened the gate and bowed his guests out.—London Answers.

Pleasant Job.

"Oh, George, I'm so glad you've come," exclaimed the sweet girl. "Father is so excited and disturbed. Do go in and calm him."

"Very well," replied Mr. Lovett, "what's the matter with him?"

"Why—er—I just told him you wanted to marry me."

A Mean Trick.

"What do you do to make talk when you call on a new girl?"

"I usually start by telling a joke."

"But the rest of the evening?"

"That can be filled up in explaining the joke."

Foresee misfortunes that thou mayest strive to prevent them, but whenever they happen bear them with magnanimity.—Zoroaster.

JOE'S MISSIONARY

By M. J. Phillips

Copyright, 1905, by Ruby Douglas

Little Mary Anderson was undoubtedly pretty. She was brown and lithe. Her crinkly hair was a jumbled poem. Her big brown eyes were alight with shifting fires, merriment and mischief predominating. Joe Temple thought, once or twice, that he had surprised a tenderer light in their depths, but Mary's pert little tongue and ringing laugh promptly drove such ideas helter skelter.

Joe was a light haired viking of a fellow, with muscles like a wrestler, shoulders almost the width of the door and the best temper in the world. He was teamster at the cereal food factory where Mary worked. The little brown maid attracted him. Her duty was to pack the paper cartons in cases for shipment and nail on the light covers of the boxes. Almost every load somehow lacked one box and that the one Mary was nailing, so it was natural Joe should wait for it by Mary's bench and talk while he waited.

"OH, BUT, MARY, I HAVEN'T TOUCHED A DROP IN SIX MONTHS."

The other girls were not slow to notice, and there were many sly little darts aimed at Joe in his absence. Mary soon learned that his besetting sin was drink. The conviviality of the cup that cheers had no fascinations for him. He abstained totally for months, only to fall grievously when the innate and agonizing thirst for liquor overcame him. Then he drank hard and long, suffering untold remorse after his appetite had been satiated.

When bashful Joe, his acquaintance with Mary a week old, asked if he might call on the girl in her home, the clear brown eyes met his gaze frankly.

"You may, Mr. Temple," she replied, "but there is one condition. If I smell liquor on your breath, it's all off." Poor Joe blushed. "And don't use cloves to cover it up!" she added emphatically. "That's so cheap a trick in a man. Besides, I'd know it just as quick."

Every Wednesday and Sunday evening thereafter found Joe at Mary's home, for he was soon very much in love. The family liked the big fellow and made more of him than the friendly but outwardly indifferent Mary. He talked politics with her father, helped her mother wind endless skeins of yarn and eased her small brother over rough places in the "three r's."

Fortnightly Joe and his sweetheart attended the dances of the Pastime Pleasure club at Hibernia hall, the teamster scrupulously sober and fairly exuding pride and happiness, while Mary's demureness was belied by the sparkle of her eyes.

Twice the old insidious longing for liquor fought with Joe's love, but was worsted. For days during these periods he trembled with the manfully suppressed longing when he passed a saloon. In the past he had fallen an easy victim; it was different now.

For a dazzling plan was taking form in Joe's honest brain. He had the home where he lived with his aged parents repainted and papered; during the long summer evenings he shingled the kitchen and built a back porch, for he was handy with tools, and several articles of furniture had been added to the living room out of his wages or savings.

Winter had come before he finally mustered up courage to ask the question which such preparations forefended. And the answer he received was not what he had hoped.

"Oh, I daren't, Joe; I daren't!" little Mary had said, the merry eyes sober for once. "I like you, but"—her voice sank to a whisper—"suppose you got drinking again! I couldn't stand that, Joe."

"Oh, but Mary, I haven't touched a drop in six months!" he responded earnestly. "And please God, if you'll marry me I'll never take another drink."

But she still shook her head. "That isn't long enough, Joe; wait six months more."

And to all his pleading this was her answer until Joe, in a burst of disappointment and wounded pride, declared the time too long to wait for any one; there were others; now—

Mary was a girl of spirit. She tossed her brown head and commended the sulky Joseph to those "others." He could go to them; she didn't want him, she was sure.

It was a sore hearted and very angry Joe who found himself alone soon after beneath the frosty winter stars, the snow creaking in discords beneath his feet.

"It's no use," he said to himself bitterly. "No one cares whether I'm on the water wagon or not. That girl's just been baiting me on; she doesn't care for me"—and he knew the thought was untrue while he formulated it.

"I know what I'll do. I'll go down to Joe Byers' and get sloughed. No use trying to do the right thing; nothing in it. M'm, but a drink will taste good!" It occurred to him that a drink would never taste as it did before he met Mary, though.

Joe's ugly reflections kept his eyes off his path, and a jolt to his shoulder brought him up standing. He had walked under an iron stairway which ascended to the second story of a quaint little brick store, an obstruction which the stream of progress had not washed away.

An arc light near by shone brightly on the seamed and grizzled wall. Absentmindedly rubbing his shoulder, he was stepping back from beneath the stairway when his eyes sensed something unusual on the wall, and he stooped to examine it.

There, sheltered by the steps above from the snow and the worst of the frost, a little clump of grass, a bare four spears, clung undauntedly. The cold had withered the tips, but the heart of the plant was vigorous. No earth was visible; it flourished, apparently, on bare brick and mortar. Temple peered at the grass, which stood out in minutest detail beneath the strong electric light, until a suspicious policeman gruffly ordered him to move on.

When Joe had walked half a dozen blocks, pondering the phenomenon, he began to find a lesson in it for himself. "Why," his thoughts ran, "that little bunch of grass has got more grit than I have! It's shy a thinker to help it out even. The Lord put that seed on earth to grow. He didn't say, 'Find a nice rich soil somewhere, grow if you feel like it and quit when you get discouraged.' No, sir. He just commanded it to be what it's made to be, and, by thunder, that seed didn't ask any questions!

"And here I am," he went on in wholesome self scorn, "a great big hulking guy with brains—leastways I'm supposed to have 'em—laying down like a hound pup when things don't go to suit me. Mary, little sweetheart, that bunch o' grass was a missionary set to growing out of a brick wall just to show me what a chump I am. Well, I've found out in time. No booze for me! And if you say six years instead of six months I'll wait for you and be proud to do it." With a light heart he turned homeward.

Joe met a diminutive messenger boy at his own front gate. "Yer name Temple?" queried the youngster. "This is fer you then."

By the light of a single match he read the brief message:

> Can't you come over, Joe? Maybe we can compromise.
> MARY.

"Hey, you!" shouted the boy in amazement as Joe, after rapturously pressing the note to his lips, rushed down the street. "Any answer?"

"Yes, but I'll deliver it myself," came back to him.

Cautiously the youth tested with strong teeth the dollar Temple had given him; then a grin overspread his wizened face, and he reached up into the frosty atmosphere as if to pull on a rope. "Weddin'-bells!" he commented laconically.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

Dandruff.

A preparation of one ounce of flower of sulphur and one quart of soft water if applied thoroughly to the scalp night and morning will remove every trace of dandruff and render the hair rich and glossy.

English Marriages.

In every thousand marriages in England twenty-one are solemnized between first cousins. Among the nobility the rate is much higher, amounting to forty-five in a thousand.

Gin Pills Help You As Nothing Else Will

ONTARIO PROOF

GIN PILLS cure all Kidney ills from simple backache to diabetes pain in the small of the back and through the hips—swollen feet and hands—burning urine—constant desire to urinate—dizziness—headaches—spots before the eyes—with loss of appetite, sleeplessness and nervousness—disappear under the healing, soothing powers of GIN PILLS.

Men and women who have any kidney or bladder trouble are throwing away their one chance of health and happiness by not writing for a free sample.

OWEN SOUND, ONT., March 10th, 1905.

Having used a sample box of Gin Pills, and finding them give me great relief, I sent my father-in-law, A. McDermid, of Keady, a box; he having for years been used up with kidney and bladder trouble, and unable to get relief from the urinary remedies used. The Gin Pills gave him relief before half the box was used. He is now entirely cured, and I believe Gin Pills a great cure.

JAMES LODGE.

Do as Mr. Lodge did. Simply write us for a free sample box of GIN PILLS and try them at our expense. If you feel better in every way, and know that GIN PILLS are doing you good, surely you will continue using them until cured. That is why we will send you a free sample box if you write and tell us in what paper you saw this offer.

GIN PILLS are sold by druggists everywhere, 50c a box, or 6 for $2.50.

THE BOLE DRUG CO. - WINNIPEG MAN.

WHENCE NAMES COME

THE SURPRISING CHANGES THAT TIME HAS WROUGHT.

Who Would Think, For Instance, That the Name Thomas Whitehorse Originally Indicated "Thomas at the Sign of the White Horse?"

Considering the surprising changes that many names have undergone, says Miss Laura Alton Payne in the Independent, the almost universal lack of knowledge concerning their origin is not to be wondered at. What is there in "Peter Snooks" to suggest to the uninitiated that originally it was "Peter at the Seven Oaks?" Though "Thomas Whitehorse" suggests the American Indian custom in names, originally it was "Thomas at the White Horse," or "Thomas at the Sign of the White Horse" (a tavern). Sidney is a corruption of St. Denys, Sinclair of St. Clair, Seymour of St. Maur, Janeway of Genoa, Curtis of "courteous," Armitage of "hermitage," Spark of Sparrowhawk. Emerson and America had the same origin—Almeric, an old Norman name, Amerigo being the Italianized form.

Names, like things, are not always what they seem. Beers and Berry are not "beers" and "berry," but a corruption of "borough," often written "bury" and "bery."

In the beginning a single personal name sufficed. For awhile no two persons bore the same name, but as a stock of names accumulated repetitions became common, and as the population of the world increased distinctive names became necessary; hence we read of John the Baptist and John the Disciple, Darius Hystaspis and Alexander the Great, Joshua, son of Nun, and Simon Barjonas—"Simon, son of Jonas."

Surnames were first used in France, becoming general there during the latter part of the tenth or the fore part of the eleventh century. They were used hereditarily to some extent, however, prior to that time. They were introduced into England at the Norman conquest in the year 1066, but it required two or three centuries to establish the body of our nomenclature on a fixed basis. During that time surnames became general throughout the British isles except in Wales, in some parts of which they are unknown to this day.

Surnames are now general in all civilized countries, I believe, except Turkey. In England alone there are from 40,000 to 50,000 existing surnames.

Surnames have been drawn from every available source—personal names, location, occupation, deeds of prowess, mental, moral and physical attributes, terms of relationship, the human body, farm and household articles, buildings, foods and drinks, modes of travel, nations and laws, customs and religions, geographical terms, weather and seasons, months and days, measures and values, the joys and ills of life, the animal, mineral and vegetable kingdom and even from the kingdom of heaven. The use of nicknames and compound terms gave an almost inexhaustible source. Even oaths became embodied, as in Pardoe, from par Dieu.

In most countries it is customary for the wife to take her husband's name, but in some European countries it is not unusual for the husband to append the wife's name, particularly when it is more honorable than his own. Hyphenated names and the wife's retention of her maiden name for a middle name are customs growing in favor in the United States and Great Britain.

Among the earliest names introduced by the conquest were found Serl, Drew, Bryce, Harvey, Arnold ("ern"—eagle), Albred (now known as Albert and Albright), Almeric, Ingelram, Ebrardus (Everard), Warin (Guerin, now Warren), Ivo, Hamon (Hammond), and Payn (originally Pagan). After their adoption as surnames the most of these became obsolete as personal names.

The most popular personal names since the Domesday Book recorded them have been John and William, but their derivatives are too numerous to mention here. Roger, Robert and Richard took a double nickname in H and D; hence Hodge and Dodge, Hobbs and Dobbs, Hicks and Dicks, with the rougher forms of the last—Higgs and Diggs, and even Hitch, giving rise to Dickens, Hitchcock and Higginson.

Diminutive and other affixes served an important part in the origin of surnames from personal names. The Anglo-Saxon "kin" and "cock" and "ing" are represented in Jenkins, "little John;" Hitchcock, "little Richard," and Browning, "little Brown;" the Norman "ot" and "et," in Eliot, "little Elias," and Emmet, "little Emma" (sometimes "lot" and "let," Hamlet, "little Hamon"); the French "on" and "en" in Marion and Dickens.

Many prefixes were used. The Celtic "Mac" or "M" of the Scotch; "Mc" of the Irish; "Map," "Ap," or "P" of the Welsh, and the Norman "Fitz" (Latin fils), signify "son" or "son of," and the Irish "O," "grandson of."

A fair knowledge of English nomenclature, declares Miss Payne, gives a fair knowledge of English history, so closely are the two interwoven.

Called the Bluff.

Mrs. X.—Yes, I tried to make my husband economize in smoking, so I told him if he ever smoked I would never speak to him again. Mrs. Y.—What was the result? Mrs. X.—His cigar bill was doubled the next month.

There can be no friendship without virtue, for that intimacy which among good men is called friendship becomes faction when it subsists among the unprincipled.—Sallust.

Queer Salt.

In Lapland they have no salt, and the bark of the fir tree is used as a substitute. The Lapps peel the bark from the trunk of the tree, carefully remove the epidermis and then divide the inner bark into quite a number of very thin layers. During the brief but extremely hot Lapland summer the layers are exposed to the sun until thoroughly dried; then they are torn into narrow strips and placed in boxes made of fresh bark taken from other trees. Deep holes are then dug in the sand, and the bark boxes are buried in them, where they are allowed to remain for about three days. The second day fires are made over places where the boxes are buried and kept burning briskly for several hours. The heat penetrates deep into the sand, turns the fir bark a deep red color and gives to it a pleasing taste and odor. Finally the boxes are unearthed, the fir strips are pounded or ground into a coarse powder, and the Lapps use it just as we do salt, only much more sparingly, because it is so troublesome to prepare.

Got Haydn Interested.

Sir Joshua Reynolds was once commissioned to paint a portrait of Haydn, the celebrated composer. Haydn went to the residence of the painter and gave him a sitting, but soon grew tired. Sir Joshua would not paint a man of such genius with a stupid countenance and adjourned the sitting. The same weariness and want of expression occurring at the next attempt, Sir Joshua communicated the circumstance to the commissioning prince, who contrived a stratagem. He sent to the painter's house a pretty German girl in the service of the queen. Haydn took his seat for the third time, and as soon as the conversation began to lag a curtain rose, and the fair German addressed him in his native tongue with a compliment. Haydn, delighted, overwhelmed the enchantress with questions, his countenance recovered its animation, and Sir Joshua rapidly and successfully seized its traits.

Swiss Funeral Customs.

The funeral customs among some of the Swiss are most peculiar. At the death of a person the family inserts a formal black edged announcement in the papers asking for sympathy and stating that "the mourning urn" will be exhibited certain hours on a special day. In front of the house where the person died there is placed a little black table, covered with a black cloth, on which stands a black jar. Into this the friends and acquaintances of the family drop little black margined visiting cards, sometimes with a few words of sympathy on them. The urn is put out on the table on the day of the funeral. No one except men ever goes to the churchyard, and they generally follow the hearse on foot, though sometimes carriages are used. The horses that draw the hearse have long black cloaks on, with places cut out for them to see through.

To Ascertain Your Brain Power.

Do you possess well formed and evenly balanced features? This is the rule; judge for yourself: The height of your forehead, from your hair to the line of your brow, should be the same as the length of your nose, and both should be commensurate with the depth from the base of your nose to the extremity of your chin, so making three equal divisions. Have you an excess or deficiency of brain power? This question you may answer to your own satisfaction by contrasting the bulk of your head visible above or below a line drawn horizontally through the center of each eye and which normally divides the head into two equal parts.

A Noted Talker.

Dismal stories used to be told of Lady Hester Stanhope's portentous power of talk. "I," said her hapless doctor, "have sat listening for eight, ten—nay, twelve or thirteen—hours at a time!" Mr. Way remained from 3 o'clock one afternoon till dawn next morning tete-a-tete with her, and Lady Hester once kept Mr. N. so long in discourse that he fainted away. No wonder Mr. N. soon expressed a wish to return to Europe.—London Standard.

Terrible Malady.

"Isn't it ridiculous of these scientists to say kissing is dangerous?" scornfully remarked the pretty young man.

"Why, of course, it's dangerous," replied the crabbed old bachelor.

"What disease could it possibly lead to if we"—

"Matrimony."

Clever Youngster.

Mamma—Now, look here, Tommy, didn't I give you a penny yesterday to be good? Tommy—Yes, ma, and I'm trying to be as bad as I can today just to let you see that you got a good pennyworth yesterday.

It Was Worth the Five.

A rich heiress once said complacently to a very beautiful but poor girl, "I had five offers of marriage last week."

"You are more fortunate than I," said the pretty girl; "I only got declarations of love."

To the Crack of Doom.

The Colonel—I fancy your wife lost her temper today. Smith—Not a bit of it. She has an inexhaustible supply.

An Expensive Complaint.

Howell—What is your wife's trouble? Powell—Cataract. She wants me to take her to Niagara falls.

Conjugal Felicities.

"Mabel, I sometimes think you only married me for my money."

"Those lucid intervals are encouraging."

It Springs Back

quickly into shape—for it is The Ellis Spring Needle Ribbed Underwear—made on the famous Cooper Spring Needle Circular ribbed Machine.

Wears — looks — and feels better than any underwear made in the old way with the latch-stitch—a stitch so short and uneven it cannot withstand strain.

The Spring Needle runs at an angle that makes every stitch the same length, giving a peculiar elasticity, which endures till the garment is worn out.

Fits perfectly. There's never any bagging at knees, elbows or shoulders.

Soft, smooth and unshrinkable. In two-piece and combination suits. Men who are careful about the fit of their clothes prefer the union suits, for they fit like one's skin.

Light, cool summer-weights. Wool—lisle—silkaline—balbriggan. For men and women.

Ask your dealer. And send for free booklet with sample of fabric. Address:

THE ELLIS MFG. CO. LIMITED
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Sole makers in Canada of Spring Needle Ribbed Underwear.

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Cheerfully Furnished on Prospective

Electric Light
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GREENLEAF & SON.
The General Repair Shop.

"Just the thing"

For a "bite at bed-time," what could be better than a glass of milk and

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

Canada's finest crackers, from Canada's finest bakery. Crisp, inviting, delicious. In the air-tight boxes that keep them in faultless condition.

Your grocer has them.

Ontario Liquor License ACT.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the License Commissioners for the License District of West Hastings at the Inspector's Office, No. 221 George Street, Belleville, on Wednesday, the 18th day of April, 1906, at the hour of 2 p.m., to consider applications for Liquor Licenses for the coming license year, commencing on the first day of May, 1906, and granting same where they consider necessary.

The total number of licenses granted for the current year was as follows: City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns, 4.

Total number of applications for the coming year; City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops, 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns 5.

The following is the new applicant: In the Township of Sidney, Robert Armstrong, for the premises situated at Chisholm's Rapids and known as the Armstrong House.

TOM KETCHESON,
Chairman.

HUGH WALKER,
Inspector District of West Hastings.
Belleville, April 2nd, 1906.

d4-7-10-14-16w5

Thin Blood Experience count anything with you? Then what do you think of 60 years' experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla! Sixty years of curing thin blood, weak nerves, general debility! We wish you would ask your own doctor about this. Ask him to tell you honestly what he thinks it will do for your case. Then do precisely as he says. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

FARM AND FIRESIDE

Useful Hints Which Will be Appreciated by the Progressive Farmer and His Housekeeper.

BOUGHT KING EDWARD'S BULL.

Mr. James Yule, manager of Sir William Van Horne's Northwest farm, has just returned from a trip to Britain, where he went to purchase pedigree animals for his employer. He purchased a bull from King Edward's stock, paying $1,000 for the animal, and for a bull purchased from a private party he gave $8,000. He offered $15,000 for a Shorthorn bull from a famous Wiltshire herd, but the owner refused to sell at any price at first, believing that he would take first prize at the Royal Agricultural show in Great Britain next summer. Eventually he offered to part with the animal for $10,000, but Mr. Yule did not purchase. Mr. Yule has purchased from Ontario cattlemen for Sir William several valuable pedigree cattle. In one case he offered $4,000 for a cow and her calf, but the farmer would not sell for less than $6,000.

AGRICULTURAL.

Work at The Barn.

Spring dairying should now be in active operation and with it comes increased care and work. Attention to the cows, the feeding and care of the spring calves and pigs, along with the other necessary work, will fully occupy the time. The season for full returns from the dairy is at hand and the most should be made of it.

The butter market remains in very good condition and the dairyman should seek to make the most from his herd. There should be added a proper allowance of grain with the fodder and of the kind that experience has proved to be the best for the purpose.

The stables should be kept well ventilated and free from objectionable odors. The manure should be drawn often and spread upon the fields, as this will save much work by and by when other work is pressing.

Strive for the Best Results.

Farmers and dairymen should carefully study the weekly market reports, noting the great difference there usually is in the prices of the different grades of butter. The best quality commands the highest price, and there is always a good demand. The inferior grades, all along down, may be in poor demand or not wanted at all, as the case may be, but there is always a place and at least a fair demand for the best. This should be an inducement to dairymen to do the best possible. If the butter is made on the farm, the aim should be to produce a superior article. If the milk or cream goes to a creamery it should be in the best condition, as the quality of the product at the creamery will depend in great measure on the condition of the milk or cream when delivered. The dairyman can assist very materially in this matter, and he should patronize those creameries that are altogether up-to-date in the quality of their products and prices paid.

In some parts competition prevails among creameries to secure the largest possible patronage that farmers are likely to get very satisfactory prices, while from this cause in some places those making their own butter have to do it at a small profit.

Turning Stock to Pasture.

The fences should be put in repair as early as possible, so that when the time comes the animals can be turned to pasture. But this should not be done until the ground becomes sufficiently dry and firm. If there is a dry field where the cows can be turned for a time during the day when the weather is suitable, they will greatly enjoy being out and it will do them good, but not much more than this should be expected or allowed until the season is more advanced. Toward the last of the month in favored localities the young stock, perhaps, may be turned to pasture. Animals should never be allowed to run on the meadows in spring, if at any time of year.

The Mowing Fields.

Where manure was spread on grass land last fall or during the winter, it should be thoroughly pulverized this spring. And the sooner this work is done the better it will be, as the spring rains will then have a chance to act the most favorably on it, driving the fertilizing element down among the roots of the grasses where most needed.

Where much manure is applied to the grass fields, the spreaders made for the purpose will do the work in the most satisfactory manner, but where there are not in use then other methods should be employed. A smoothing harrow, the corn weeder or clod crusher will do good work, or a brush harrow can be made fine, distributed evenly and well pressed down about the grass roots.

If concentrated fertilizers are to be applied this should be done early. These will need the early rains to render them soluble, and when rightly applied their effects will soon become visible and often produce the best of results. Try a grass fertilizer on a small scale and see.

If in last year's seeding there are spots where the seeds did not grow or were killed during the winter, more seed should be sown and as early as possible.

It may be a little too soon to determine in what condition the grass fields have come through the winter, but a few weeks will decide. The winter was a most singular one, and it is feared that its effects may be bad in unfavorable localities where the ground was long bare or covered with ice. On this account it may be necessary for some farmers to change their plans somewhat in order to get the best crops from their lands. lands.

Early Sowing and Planting.

When conditions are right, the soil and the weather sufficiently warm, early seeding is usually the best, and there is nothing gained in putting seed into the ground when it is wet and cold. The soil should be put in the best condition mechanically for the reception of the seed, and then the sowing or planting can be performed in a satisfactory manner. It is probable that by the last of the month potatoes may be planted and oats and barley sown.

Moving Trees and Shrubs.

Take advantage of the first fine day when the soil is in good order. All deciduous trees and shrubs may now be moved safely. It is well to remember the following points in connection with tree moving. Have the trees taken up with plenty of roots; trim off the ends of all broken roots with a sharp knife. Use a little judgment in pruning the top; thinning out the branches is preferable to cutting them back too severely. Never leave the roots exposed to the sun and air; they should be taken out of the ground and planted at once. Dig the hole large enough so that you will be able to lay the roots out straight without cramping. Shake the soil well among the roots. Never put manure directly on to the roots. Don't be afraid to tread the soil firm around the roots; you cannot tread the soil too hard with your feet. All small trees and shrubs may be trodden down with the feet, but use pounders for large trees. Stake immediately after planting all those that are likely to require support.

Plow and harrow the orchard lot this month; finish the pruning and most of the grafting. Cut all scions before buds start.

The Brooder Chicks.

Now that artificial incubation has improved so much that poultry keepers can with some safety count on their chickens before they are hatched, it is fortunate that artificial brooders have also been improved and cheapened. Chicken raising in inclement spring weather, is not the business it was some years ago, and death rates are decidedly lower among the big breeders. But even with the best of brooders it is very easy to lose not a few of the youngsters that go from the drying box into the foster mother strong and healthy to all appearances.

Baby chicks are extremely susceptible to chills, and many mysterious deaths are due to this cause. They should be moved very carefully out of the drying box, well covered with flannel, and placed in the brooder, the heat of the latter should not exceed 90 degrees, many more chickens are killed by too much heat than by too little—80 degrees is a high enough temperature for chicks a week old, and 70 degrees at three weeks. A little experience soon enables the poultry keeper to dispense with a thermometer. Whether chickens in brooders are reared on wet food or dry, the chief thing is to keep them active; they have no hen mother to call them and make them run about, and if the weather is winterish are liable to eat and sleep too much, which is bad for them; when every bit of their food has to be sought for they have to run about, and this keeps them in health.

Probably this is the chief reason why dry feeding and nothing else has been found so successful; when soft food is much fed it is very difficult to prevent the chickens occasionally gorging themselves, though by feeding very frequently, and a little at a time, the danger can be avoided. Always presuming that the chicks are in a weather-proof brooder, sufficiently ventilated and provided with a reliable lamp, there is no reason why they should not do well if the feeding is carefully seen after, and they have grit and green food, and plenty of chaff at the floor of the rearer; failing the latter, they get cramped toes. The brooder should stand in a sheltered spot with its back to the prevailing winds, and on short grass, and on fine days the door should always be open so that the chicks can run in and out.

One great advantage of an incubator is that the chickens start in life free from lice, but it is extraordinary how quickly they get infested if a few chickens that have lice get among them; this should be guarded against. It need hardly be said that strict cleanliness is very necessary. The brooder should be cleaned out every day; there should be no smell in the sleeping chamber, and only clean water procurable by the chickens. Fifty is the largest number that should be run together, and a one hundred chick brooder—that is to say, what manufacturers sell to hold one hundred chickens—is none too big for them; they grow, one must remember, and at three weeks old are double the size they were when hatched.

Apiary.

Bees naturally store pollen at the side of the brood nest, in the coolest part of the hive, and the honey above the brood. Bees will often winter kill, and have plenty of honey left in the hive; but it is away from the cluster, and during a continuous spell of cold weather, bees will rather starve than venture to leave the cluster in search of food. A thorough airing of the cellar is a good thing at any time, for you cannot expect bees to hive in good health if the air is foul. Bees wintered on honey dew will fare badly. The frames get badly spotted, and the hives become foul. It frequently happens that three-fourths of the bees die when wintered on this stuff. How to detect honey dew in the hives is hard to describe. It is usually dark in color, roiley in appearance, has a rank smell and generally a very disagreeable taste. Some localities are given to an abundance of it every few years. It is usually secreted on the leaves of oak and other forest trees. It is thought that the hives contain much of it. It will be a good plan, at the approach of winter, to take away some of the centre combs from each colony, extract it, and replace the empty comb, and feed the bees sugar syrup. Honey dew will not prove detrimental to the bees in the breeding season, when allowed to fly forth from the hive each day, but, on the other hand, will prove to be poison to them when obliged to endure a winter's confinement. At the time a prime swarm issues there is nothing more than sealed queen cells left in the old hive and the young queen may be laying during ten or fifteen days. But do not go to clipping wings until you find eggs present and are sure the queen is all right. A queen whose bees cap the honey so it has a watery appearance should be superseded by one whose bees cap the honey white. If the queen is otherwise desirable, better give her colony an extracting "story," and furnish the one possessing superior comb-honey traits with a super of sections.

If bees work on a dozen different kinds of flowers on the same day, you may find all the kinds of honey in one cell, but in actual practice you will find only one kind of honey in the same cell, for bees are likely to work on clover alone, or else on linden or some other of the chief sources.

DAIRY DEPARTMENT.

Stripping.

The practice of stripping a cow between finger and thumb is a bad one. The cow to do her best should be milked rapidly and completely. The practice of nearly milking a cow, and then changing off to one hand, and stripping about, is objectionable and the cow soon gets to like the stripping business and gives down her milk accordingly. The going back and milking the cow a second time is fully as bad, and she soon is at a loss to know at which time the milk is wanted, and the result is she quickly enters the non-paying class. Sit down to the cow and go resolutely to work, milk fast, and until she is milked out clean, and then stop. When milking, do so with a uniform and steady motion, and do not jerk and pull as if streams of milk were shoe laces.

DOMESTIC HINTS.

Bread Pudding.

Use two cups of stale bread crumbed, two cups of milk, one cup flour, one cup sugar, one cup raisins, a tablespoonful of melted butter, three eggs, two small teaspoonfuls baking powder and a half teaspoonful each of common allspice and cloves. Boil for two hours in a well buttered mould. Serve with meringue and drops of currant jelly on top.

After you have tried hot springs, sulphur baths, patent medicines, electricity, etc., bring your case to the Supreme Court of Rheumatism — Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil. This is a powerful, penetrating oil, which as its name implies, acts directly on the bone or joint—the lodging seat of rheumatism. If you are troubled with rheumatism, sciatica, lame back or kindred troubles and have not been able to get anything to help you don't get discouraged and make up your mind that nothing can cure you until you have tried Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil. It has cured hundreds of cases just as bad as yours. H. S. Brown, of Merrickville, Ont., writes as follows:—

THE SUPREME COURT.

Dear Sirs,—I am free from rheumatism to-day because I used Tuck's Bone Oil. I had rheumatism in my hands and feet and thought at one time that my life was going to be ruined by it. I consulted a doctor and tried various remedies, but while some of them that I took internally made me feel better for a time, none of them took the pain away. After I had suffered for six months or more, doctoring all the time, I was advised one day to try Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil. I did and I never can be thankful enough to the man who told me to get it. I had not used a bottle until I was better and before the second one was done my joints were loosened up, the pain was gone and I was well. Tuck's Bone Oil did it. That was six years ago and I have not been bothered since.

H. S. BROWN,
Merrickville.

For all inflammation arising not only from rheumatism, but from colds, croup, bronchitis, quinsy, &c., Tuck's Bone Oil is a sure and speedy cure. Sold by all medicine dealers at 50c a bottle or sent by mail prepaid by the Tuck Bone Oil Co., Limited, Smith's Falls, Ontario.

DISCRIMINATING LADIES.

Enjoy Using Herpicide on Account of Its Distinctiveness.

The ladies who have used Newbro's Herpicide speak of it in the highest terms, for its quick effect in cleansing the scalp of dandruff and also for its excellence as a general hair-dressing. It makes the scalp feel fresh and it allays that itching which dandruff will cause. Newbro's Herpicide effectively cures dandruff, as it destroys the germ that causes it. The same germ causes it. The same germ causes hair to fall out, and later baldness; in killing it, Herpicide stops falling hair and prevents baldness. It is also an ideal hair dressing, for it lends an aristocratic charm to the hair that is quite distinctive. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Sweet Potato Fritters.

A pint of hot mashed sweet potatoes, two eggs, a cupful of flour, into which has been sifted a teaspoonful of baking powder, salt and enough milk to make a batter. Drop the batter, a tablespoonfoul at a time, in deep fat, smoking hot, and cook to a light brown. Tomato sauce may be served with the fritters.

Macaroni and Eggs.

Cook macaroni until tender and place in a small baking dish. Beat together two eggs and half a cupful of milk, add salt and pepper and pour over the macaroni. Bake in the oven until the top is nicely browned.

Carrot Soup.

Scrape and cut into small pieces six carrots add an onion, sliced, two or three stalks of celery, and a leaf of parsley. Cover with boiling water and cook until the carrots can be rubbed through a sieve. Add a pint of hot milk and thicken with a tablespoonful each of flour and butter creamed together. Season with salt and red pepper and the least bit of nutmeg. Serve over cubes of fried bread and dash paprika over all just before sending to the table.

Potato Omelet.

Mince a small onion, fry it brown in a tablespoonful of butter, turn in a cupful of hashed cold boiled potatoes and fry until they are brown. Make a plain omelet, and before folding sprinkle the potatoes over it.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

Good macaroni is of a yellowish tint and does not break readily in cooking.

Newspapers placed under carpets and rugs are most satisfactory, and by using a long stitch they may be sewn together on the machine, making squares as large as may be required.

Turpentine is the best preventive for moths. Saturate pieces of brown paper with same, and place in boxes.

Tea is one of the foods which it will not do to keep in a glass fruit jar. Tea loses its strength in strong light and probably deteriorates in a weak light.

A handkerchief wet with eau de cologne and held under the eyes will help to remove the dark lines that are caused by fatigue.

A strengthening drink for the aged is made by boiling a teaspoonful of pure honey in half a pint of water.

Ink spots may be taken out of delicate white goods with chlorinated soda. A few drops poured on will make the ink disappear at once. It should not be used on silk, however.

Delicious mustard is made by first slicing an onion in a bowl and covering it with vinegar. Let this stand forty-eight hours, then pour off the vinegar into another bowl, add a little red pepper, salt, sugar, and enough dry mustard to thicken to a cream. The proportions should be a teaspoonful of the papper and salt and twice that of sugar, but tastes differ somewhat as to the quantity of sweet used.

The easiest way to sprinkle clothes is to use a clean whisk broom that should be kept for the purpose.

THE HORSE.

To train a horse thoroughly to drive without bit or line under the whip, requires from four to six weeks' time; it requires also a man of strong nerve and self-control.

An enclosure twenty-five or thirty feet square is required. If you have it smaller, and your horse should be disposed to kick, you will be in danger. If larger, it gives the animal too much room to get away from the whip. It is better that you go in with the horse alone, as then the animal will have no other object to take his attention.

Turn him loose without bridle or halter in the enclosure. Take your position in the centre, holding in your right hand a straight whip nine or ten feet long. You crack the whip as you take your position. This alarms the horse and causes him to run into one corner of the enclosure. Crack the whip several times that he may learn that you do not intend to hurt him. Now commence tapping him lightly upon the near shoulder, but do not hurt him. If a nervy fellow, he is all excitement for a few minutes; continue the tapping until he turns his head towards you, which he will do in a short time. The moment he turns it, however slight it may be, cease the whipping. As soon as he turns it away again, repeat the tapping with the whip. In a few minutes he again turns his head towards you. Stop the motion of the whip. As he turns away repeat the whip tapping as before. In a very short time he turns around so that you can approach him. Now gently caress him, move away, and again approach him. Should he turn away repeat the whipping. By this means you teach him to come to you on the near side.

After he has learned this thoroughly, which requires about one week's training, half an hour each day, then proceed in the same manner upon the off side. As soon as he obeys the motion of the whip upon this side, take your position behind him, and turn him by the motion of the whip, to the right or to the left. As soon as he performs nicely, put the harness upon him, take the lines behind him, and, as you give him the word to go forward, throw the whip down by his right side without touching him. At the same time have the long web around the near fore foot, and give it to an assistant; you want him to stop, give him the word "whoa!" At the same time your assistant pulls up the foot, turn the whip in a horizontal position above your head. In this way you teach him that the whip in that position means "whoa."

By repeating these motions, he learns in about four weeks to turn to the right whenever the whip is thrown towards the right shoulder, to the left when thrown towards the left shoulder, to go ahead when thrown down by the right side; and to stop when held in a horizontal position. You now want to teach him to back. Having previously instructed him according to our rule, put the cord, using the small loop, in his mouth. Take the cord in your hand with the reins; pull upon the reins, and say "back" at the same time keeping the whip directly over the animal's back, giving it an upward and downward motion, or you may tap him gently upon the back with the whip—this is best done in a sulky. If he starts forward, set him back by pulling quickly upon the cord. Repeat the operation until he will go back by the motion of the whip alone. Should he make repeated efforts to go forward, bring the whip once or twice down over his nose, he will not then repeat the operation very often. With this training, it is necessary to use an open bridle, so that the animal will see the motions of the whip.

You are now prepared to hook him up for the first drive.

Take an assistant with you. Have the footstrap or long web secured upon the near fore foot. Get it in charge of your assistant; let the lines lie over the dash as a matter of precaution. Now commence operations with the whip. If the animal acts promptly remove the foot web, and begin again, having the lines over the dash as before. Drive the animal in this way at least two or three weeks before removing the bit from the mouth. Your horse is now safe to drive under the whip.

Of course it is better to use this method of whip training with young horses, and those which are naturally docile and obedient; but there are few horses so disobedient that they may not be thus controlled at any age.—W. Stinson, in American Cultivator.

BREEDERS' NOTES.

Linseed meal can be fed in small quantities to horses and colts with the greatest benefit just before and during the time that the animals are shedding their coats in the spring.

All through the Canadian Northwest there is a big demand for horses of all kinds and shipments which have already been received from outside points have found a ready sale, in fact, many of the carloads were sold before they were unloaded. Two cars of farm horses arrived at Virden recently and were sold within an hour after their arrival, the lowest price being $400 per team. Several fancy drivers have been brought up from eastern Canada recently and were quickly sold, in fact, a number of people are anxious to secure light horses and are waiting the next carload with interest.

This brings us up to where the colt becomes a horse. Now, what are you going to do with him? Begin carefully, slowly and patiently to educate him to work. Don't crowd him. Don't try to teach him more than one thing at a time. Don't expect him to understand too much at the start. Don't get careless with him; don't abuse him, and don't trust him too far. And if he is at all likely don't sell him until he is thoroughly educated, so that you may know his real value.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. his salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

Dead as a Doornail.

"As dead as a doornail" at first seems utterly senseless, but becomes lively and picturesque when we remember that knockers were once universally used. Beneath the knocker, in order to prevent disfiguring the door, a large nail or bolt was driven. An impatient caller, waiting for the door to be opened, would frequently use the knocker with great force, and the irresponsiveness of the nail gave rise to this expression.

Not Uncanny.

'Arry—I've brought yer a ring, 'Arriet. Ain't it a beauty? 'Arriet—Why, it's a opal, 'Arry, and opals is awful onlucky, so they sez. 'Arry—You needn't worry yerself over that, cos it ain't a real un.—London Express.

Poetic.

Diderot, the French poet, once said. "He who would write of women should dip his pen in rainbow dye and powder his lines with gold dust from butterflies' wings."

PAPER TREES.

Work For Little Girls Who Make Doll Houses Out of Boxes.

Many girls enjoy making paper dolls' houses out of boxes, and so we will tell you how to make cunning trees, to have your house in a nice shady grove. Fold in two, lengthwise, a piece of green paper about four inches wide and fourteen inches long. Cut this paper very regularly through the fold as shown in Fig. 1, making a sort of paper comb.

Then roll the band between the thumb and finger, as in Fig. 2, until the cut paper forms a large mass. When it is as tight as it will go, fasten together the tube part with a little paste and make the paper puff out by running the finger between each strip or paper ring. Stick the tube in the end of a flat mustard cork in which a hole has been cut, or you can use a large spool.

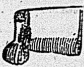


FIG. 2

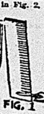
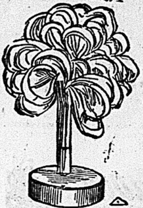


FIG. 1



THE PAPER TREE.

Paint the tube brown for the trunk of the tree, and, if you like, you can color the cork to make it look like one of the great standards in which evergreen trees are now often set.

By making the paper larger or smaller you can have big trees or tiny saplings.—Exchange.

Our Funny First Engines.

If our modern railway engines had the same power to laugh that they have to scream they might, as you children say, "nearly die" laughing over the way our first railway engines looked. Little, queerly shaped, puny things they were. The "Stourbridge Lion" didn't weigh one twenty-fifth part of the weight of an engine of today, and it looked as if people might well hesitate about risking their lives behind it. It was first used at Honesdale, in Pennsylvania, and it ran on wooden rails with a thin layer of iron on them. People gathered from near and from far that 8th of August, in the year 1829, when the little British lion of iron and steel was to make its first run. The wiseacres shook their heads and prophesied all sorts of probable disasters, and people said that "nothing on earth" could tempt them to ride across the bridge spanning the Lackawaxen river on "that thing." But the little lion went safely over the bridge and over the eight or nine miles of track, which was the entire length of this line of railroad.—St. Nicholas.

How to Catch a Rabbit.

A Lewiston man relates: "When I was a small boy somebody told me that if I saw a rabbit and shouted loud, running straight at him meanwhile, he would stand still and let me catch him. Not long afterward, while driving with my father one day, I spied a rabbit in the road ahead. Like a flash I was out of the wagon and, yelling at the top of my lungs, made for him. The creature actually stood stock still. I picked him up, took him home, built a hutch for him and had him for a playmate for a year or more."—Lewiston Journal.

Conundrums.

Why does an aching tooth impose silence on the sufferer? Because it makes him hold his jaw.

Which letter in the alphabet is most useful to a deaf woman? The letter a, because it makes "her" "hear."

Why is a lady in full dress like a locomotive? Because she carries a train behind her.

When are thieves like leopards? When spotted.

Your P's and Q's.

All little girls and little boys
Should mind their P's and Q's,
Or else so many, many things
Of value they will lose.
For, while P stands for prompt and please
And prettiness and plays
And patience and politeness and
Propriety and praise,
It also stands for pinch and pry
And plague and pester; you
Will see it heads perversity
And pert and painful too.
Then, as for Q, it stands for quick
And quietness and queen,
Delicious quince and quarts and quill
And Quaker so serene,
Yet still it's at the head of quail
And quarrel, quip and quack
And quicksand, quinsy, quis and quake
And querulous, alack!

—Chicago News.

FACE CREAMS.

The Dangers That Sometimes Lurk in These Beautifiers.

"If women knew the danger that lurks in stale face creams they would exercise more caution in the use of these complexion aids," said a druggist. "People who would not think of employing rancid oil or stale fats of any kind singly as an application seem to lose all fear of the same elements when they have been melted together in the form of a toilet preparation.

"A cream, salve or ointment containing various oils and greases is allowed to remain on the dressing table for a space varying all the way from two months to a year to be applied at irregular intervals. Of course the temperature of the average house is not low enough to keep the preparation long fresh in winter, while in summer it will become unfit for use in a few hours.

"You know what a disagreeable flavor table oil takes on when kept long in a warm room or closet.

"Actual cases of face cream poisoning are by no means rare. The skin absorbs the rancid stuff, with all its germs, and the latter pass slowly but surely into the blood. If there happens to be an abrasion of the skin where the stale cream is applied bad results are much more rapidly developed. The proper place for all such preparations is the refrigerator or other cool spot where perishable provisions are kept. —New York Press.

SERVE MORE CURRANTS.

They Are Said to Contain More Nutriment Than Lean Beef.

Only a few years ago nobody knew that there was any food value to the little dried so called Greek currants. Since then food chemists have demonstrated that there is far more nutrition in them than in lean beef. Sir Francis Laking, physician to King Edward, says that nutrition in white bread is greatly increased by them and that thirty parts of currants should be added to seventy parts of dough. To add them to bread, wash, dry well and mix with the flour after sifting it with salt. They also make a good winter substitute in all bread and batter recipes that call for fresh huckleberries. The best variety to get are the Zanti currants, which come from the island of Zanti. They are really not currants, but are a small variety of seedless grape.

To use them with sour cream salt a cup of sour cream. Put in a little less than you believe to be just enough soda to neutralize the acid. Beat it until foamy. Sift a pint of flour with one cup of sugar and one teaspoonful of baking powder. Add one cup of dried currants or fresh blueberries and bake as muffins.—Exchange.

DRESS HINTS.

To take care of silk dresses properly they should never be brushed, but rubbed with a soft piece of merino.

White gloves cleaned promptly after each wearing will last indefinitely. If the stains are allowed to dry on they become permanent.

Blue linings for the bureau drawers or shirt waist boxes in which you keep your prettiest blouses keep them more daintily white.

Common seashore sand will greatly improve the appearance of old velvet and remove all the dust. Sprinkle the velvet well with the fine sand and then brush until none remains, always brushing the pile the wrong way.

A bit of that canvas or, better still, a bit of stiff buckram will repair the worst ravages of a hatpin. Slip it under the torn place and take a few strong stitches to keep it firmly set and then adjust the trimming to cover it.

Corsets and Comfort.

When a woman has to remove her corset to rest, something is the matter with it. There is a pinching that makes forgetfulness impossible, and when I find a woman addicted to the habit of removing her stays when safely intrenched within her chamber I know her for a victim of fashion. She is much more common than you may know. I never understood how anybody could find life endurable when every day held a measure of torture, fully known and appreciated at its real value beforehand. I am not an exponent of ugliness, but I dare believe that it is possible to combine comfort and grace with the happiest results. I have seen it done, I am sure.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

The Scalp.

The cleaning of the scalp should be very carefully and tenderly performed. It is best to use warm water with a mild soap, rubbing in gently and with the ends of the fingers, then rinsing with tepid water. Drying should be done by gently pressing the hair and scalp with a very dry towel, continuing until thoroughly dry. Fanning is another safe process. If any application is necessary to bring hair thus dried into shape, dampen with a solution of bichloride of mercury. Stiff brushes are especially injurious to the tender scalp, causing the hair to break and irritating the delicate skin covering of the head.

Little Red Spots.

If you see a tiny spot, bright red, that persists during many months and gets slightly larger, make up your mind to have it destroyed. If let alone it will enlarge and become a great blemish. Any surgeon can, by the use of caustics or electrolysis, remove the spot in a few minutes. These things are called "naevi," and they are made up of dilated capillaries, neither arteries nor veins, but the tiny vessels that unite the two.

Get Ready For Easter

The spring lines are complete and at their best. Every department exploits spring newness and beauty. Come soon.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, Topcoats, Overcoats, Raincoats

All the style innovations are here—all the new weaves, colorings and effects are now to be had. Correct to fashion's latest dictates, masterfully tailored, exact in fit, the unmatchable variety to select from, assures the complete satisfying of every taste and fancy.

The Hart, Schaffner & Marx line, sold exclusively by us in Belleville, is the feature of a gathering which acknowledges no superior anywhere in the land. Other good makes are also shown in comprehensive variety, in all sizes, and at our always moderate prices, assuring in every instance the best of values, and which range from—

$5.00 to $22.00

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Your Easter Tie

Our showing of Easter Ties is indeed a Beauty Show. We've Neck Dressings selected specially for Easter trade. We've all the correct and handsome shapes from the shops of THE MOST NOTED MAKERS. Shapes are new—weaves of silk are new. We've many a spring fancy that you'll not be able to find in other stores.

Come here, sir, for your Easter Tie and you'll get the correct thing.

Our Boys' Clothing

Our Boys' Clothing Department is the birthplace of many new and beautiful styles. The suits we put forth this season are the most stylish, durable and the best in every way we have ever sold.

Bring in the young man and see what we have to show in Boys' Clothes.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

STYLISH HATS

You need the stylish, reliable Hat. Our stock comprises all the newest shapes and colors.

HAVE A LOOK AT THEM

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURING FURRIER.

N. B. Highest cash prices paid for Raw Furs.

Get It In the Neck ?

You really can't do better looking for **New and Natty Neckwear** than to call and inspect our freshly selected stock.

25, 50, 75, $1, $1.50, $2

GLOVES

In all the most fashionable shades

$1.00, $1.50, $2.00

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialist.

BACK COMBS

The Back Comb is again the feature of prominence, and as is usually the case with such ornaments of richness and elaboration are carried to extremes.

Styles are high and narrow, broad with but a narrow portion of shell above the comb and the mountings are colored in Rose, Roman and Dull Green finish, with and without stones, in silver and gold filled.

Prices, 75c to $5.00

T. BLACKBURN

Rex Chocolates

If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes. Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,
Home Bakery, Front St.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

For . . . Sore Eyes

Such as weak, painful or inflamed eyes, red lids, excessive tears, etc., (though many of these symptoms may proceed from Eye-Strain and should be examined which we will do free of charge) or any case that medicine will benefit, our Eye Lotion will give immediate relief and in fit cases permanent cure. Try it—*Only 25 cents per Bottle.*

—Alex. Ray

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations. Intelligencer Job Department.

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

A HORSE MISSING FROM DESERONTO.

ALLEGED INDIAN DOCTOR, WHO HAS BEEN HERE, BELIEVED TO HAVE STOLEN IT.

Brockville Times: Saturday noon Chief Burke was called up over the long distance telephone by Thomas Gault, liveryman of Deseronto, asking him to be on the look-out for a man giving the name of Prof. Seymour, travelling as an Indian doctor, who he wanted arrested on a charge of horse-stealing. Chief Burke was requested to notify liverymen and hotel-keepers with a view of locating the alleged thief and outfit.

Gault states that on Friday Seymour hired from him a horse and buggy to drive west of Deseronto, some ten or twelve miles, promising to return not later than Saturday. Soon after leaving Gault learned that the stranger had started east and at once took up the chase. He was tracked to Kingston and when the police there got wind of the affair Seymour had just fed the horse and put out for Gananoque and Brockville. He passed safely through the former place without being detected and reaching Brockville 5.30 Saturday afternoon made his headquarters at the Windsor Hotel, Perth street. He ordered the animal to the barn, took supper and went out. Returning about 8.30 he remained for a few minutes, then left again and from that time no trace of the stranger can be found, notwithstanding a vigilant search of the town by the police.

The officials were not definitely aware of Seymour's presence here until yesterday morning when the horse and buggy were identified in the Windsor hotel yards by Constable Jackson who dropped into the premises after disposing of a dog in the west end. About 11 o'clock Saturday night Sergt. Burns was stopped opposite the hotel and told of the arrival of a stranger with a horse and buggy but the barn being locked the officer could not get a look at the horse.

Chief Burke notified Mr. Gault of the finding of the stolen outfit and he immediately came to Brockville and identified it as belonging to him. A strange feature of the case is that the harness was removed from the stable Saturday evening and was not missed until after Seymour had departed. Mr. Gault shipped the horse and buggy back to Deseronto to-day. The animal appeared to be none the worse of its long drive of 80 miles.

HOUSE BURNED ON COMMERCIAL ST.

DWELLING OF MR. WM. CARNRITE DESTROYED BY FIRE LAST NIGHT.

Shortly after midnight last night a roughcast house, situated on West Dundas street, near Commercial street, was completely destroyed by fire. The building was occupied by Mr. Wm. Carnrite and family. Mr. Carnrite informed a representative of The Intelligencer that about midnight Mrs. Carnrite was awakened by smoke, which filled the bedroom. The family arose and had to leave the premises hurriedly. The fire appeared to have originated about the chimney and had gained considerable headway when discovered. Nothing of value was saved. When the brigade reached the scene the house was already doomed to destruction. Mr. Carnrite estimates his loss as over $1000. He had an insurance upon the contents of $800, in the Economical. The building was the property of a Mrs. Denike, who resides in Sidney. We were unable to ascertain what insurance, if any, there was.

Special Session of The County Council.

On Tuesday next, the 17th inst., a special session of the County Council will be held. The object of the meeting is to pass a by-law changing the course of the county road at Corbyville, and to consider the tenders for the building of the House of Refuge.

Lucas Brothers Will Be Tried To-morrow.

The trial of Walter and John Lucas, who are accused of stealing grain from bonded G. T. R. cars, will take place to-morrow. They will be tried before Magistrate Flint. County Attorney Anderson will prosecute and Mr. Carnew will defend the accused.

Horses Ran Away.

A team of horses belonging to Mr. Thomas Gorman, of Thurlow, ran away last evening on the Canifton road. The animals started at Lazier's mill and ran for some distance. Considerable damage was done to the outfit.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

Murder Attempted Near Campbellford

UNSUSPECTING FARMER WAS STRUCK WITH A CLUB AND THROWN INTO A CREEK TO DROWN — BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN THE WORK OF TRAMPS.

One of the most villainous attempts to murder, in the history of the Midland district was made on Friday night upon Mr. Dewitt Stotts, a resident of Meyersberg, a small village a few miles beyond Campbellford.

Mr. Stotts, who is a farmer near Meyersberg, says the Peterboro Examiner, left his home on the evening of the attempted crime to go to the post office and store of the village for a gallon of coal oil and some tobacco. On his return home and a short distance from the post office he was met by two men, one of whom went to one side and one to the other of the road. Mr. Stotts said good evening to them to which salute they answered by a low mumbling sound. In passing he was struck on the head by something solid and that was the last he remembered until he regained consciousness a short time afterwards in the middle of a creek. He managed with a great deal of difficulty to crawl out and returned home about 8.30 with his face completely covered with blood and his clothes soaked in blood and water. Upon examination it was found he had been struck in four places, behind each ear and on the top and rear of the head, and apparently by a dull club. All his pockets had been searched, and the linings were left turned out. Mr. Stotts, however, had no money on him at the time. He took thirty-five cents with him this was expended in buying the coal oil and tobacco. There is some doubt, however, whether the criminals were merely in search of money as the circumstances above strongly indicate their intention was to murder the unfortunate man.

The Examiner learned the above story on Saturday night from a Peterborough man who at the time was in Meyersberg visiting his uncle. He together with a number of others visited the scene of the attempted crime on Saturday morning and discovered the spot on the road where Stott had fallen and near by were found the coal oil can, his hat, the tobacco, and a glove. Spots of blood were traced in one direction about ten feet as if he had been carried that distance by the highwaymen and then upon second thought they turned towards the creek. The blood stains in the road were followed to the brink of the water where Stott had been thrown in to drown. Although the creek was not deep yet there was sufficient water in it to easily cover a person's head were he lying down. Mr. Stotts must have awakened soon after touching the cool water, considering the time he arrived home, as he did not leave the store until about 8 o'clock.

As to the perpetrators of the dastardly deed nothing definite had been learned on Saturday night. Two suspicious characters were seen by the gentleman who informed the Examiner of the crime. He, together with another man had driven from Campbellford that night. He got out of the vehicle and went down to the post office for his mail while the other waited. Both going and coming he saw two strangers who walked quite closely to him apparently to discover if he were the person they were after. In the dusky light he could only see in passing that one was quite tall and not very stout, and dressed, he considered, in a dark grey suit; he had no beard, at least none was visible in the dull light. The other was short and appeared to him to be only a boy. Another resident of Meyersberg, Augustus Bertrand, and a young lady passed along the same road shortly before, but did not see the strangers who evidently were then in hiding and knew from their concealment that neither of these was the one they were in search of.

As far as is known no others in the neighborhood saw the suspicious persons who in all probability have made their escape from the vicinity.

Mr. Stott was on Saturday afternoon still conscious and regaining strength. He is a man about 40 years of age and recently moved to Meyersberg from Norham. He is a much respected and successful farmer and is very much puzzled by the character of the assault upon him.

An investigation will at once be made by the authorities of Northumberland county and the daring bandits, who so brazenly attempted the murder of the unsuspecting man, will be diligently searched for, and if found, made to answer for their villainous work.

MANY DESERTING FROM KINGSTON.

DESERTIONS FROM BATTERY MORE NUMEROUS THIS SPRING THAN EVER BEFORE.

Kingston Whig: One of the battery sergeants declared, to-day, that there had been more desertions this year than any previous year in his memory. "It is easy money for any of the men to desert," he continued, "as little or no search is put up for them, unless some enemy peeps to the officers, or by accident they just happen to be stumbled upon. I have known of cases where deserters have remained in town several days merely changing to civilian clothes." He said he could not understand what prompted many of the men to desert and return in the fall when they knew they would have to spend a month or two in the toils. He remarked that it was a common occurrence among the English batterymen to save sufficient cash, take the first boat in the spring across to the United States and return to the old country in the fall when they would again come to Canada for the harvest season.

A Dangerous Practise

The Port Hope Guide thus condemns the habit among boys of jumping on moving trains, a practice by no means unknown in this city: "Yesterday's sad accident, by which a young life was blotted out, was the result of that dangerous practice of jumping on moving trains. Any Sunday afternoon crowds of young boys may be seen engaged in this same work, and it is miraculous that more accidents similar to yesterday's have not occurred. Nothing, however, seems to be a warning, and we are told that even last night a large number "bumped" their way to Cobourg. It might be well for some of the Grand Trunk railway officers to pay a visit to this overhead bridge and take the boys in hand who persist in this practice. Loss of life does not appear to serve as a warning, but probably a short term of imprisonment would have the desired effect."

At Sign of the Scales.

THE DOG CASE.

The case of Robert Bennett, who is accused of keeping in his possession a dog the property of Mrs. Craddock, was called again this morning. As from the evidence adduced it seems clear that the dog is the property of Mrs. Craddock, the Magistrate ordered the defendant to produce the dog at the police station during to-day.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

OLD BOYS COMING AGAIN NEXT JULY.

TORONTO HOME COMERS WILL MAKE THINGS LIVELY FOR THREE DAYS.

That the Belleville Old Boys and Girls resident in Toronto mean to carry out their promise to make an annual excursion to their native city every summer seems evident. At least, they are coming this summer, as may be judged by a perusal of the following postcard, which was received this morning, and explains itself:

BELLEVILLE OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION.

You are invited to a meeting in Oddfellows' Hall, corner of Yonge and College streets, at eight o'clock sharp, Friday evening, April 20th, 1906. (We expect you. "See.")

General business, programme, addresses and music, etc.

Second annual excursion to be held July 21st-23rd, special train leaving Toronto eight a.m. Saturday. Returning leave Belleville eleven fifty-five p.m. Monday. Return fare $1.75.

Have you got your 1906 Membership Card?

If not come prepared to get same.

If unable to attend, remit amount to Secretary and receive your card by return mail.

Ladies fifty cents. Gentlemen one dollar.

CHAS L. ROSEVEAR,
Secretary,
578 West Queen St., Toronto.
'Phone Main 295.

THINK HE ROBBED LADY GIL. PARKER.

MAN ARRESTED IN NEW YORK BELIEVED TO BE THE THIEF.

New York, April 9.—The police believe that Harry Johnston, who was arrested last Friday on the seventh floor of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, is not only responsible for many hotel robberies in New York since Jan. 1st., but that he is implicated in the theft of $4,000 worth of jewels from Lady Gilbert Parker, wife of the English author, in London, a few months ago.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the building of a brick storehouse to be erected at Corbyville. Plans and specifications may be seen at our office, Front St., Belleville.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders close April 17th.
H. CORBY DISTILLERY CO., Ltd.
April 10th, 1906. 10-3t

Just Received
A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES .. AND .. FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE
White Front, near the Footbridge

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the *Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St.* with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

—And all Kinds of—

SILKS and FLOSSES

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Kleingbeil Farm For Sale by Tender.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up till noon of the 21st April, 1906, for the farm of Ferdinand Kleingbeil, in the Township of Thurlow, consisting of 85 acres. The highest tender will be accepted, providing the same exceeds $2000. Terms of payment, ten per cent. cash, $500 within one month thereafter. Balance to be secured to suit the purchaser. Possession on acceptance of tender.

Dated 10th April, 1906.
PORTER & CARNEW,
Solicitors for Vendor.
10ts,td,2tw

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Corlett left to-day for Calgary, where they will reside in future.

Miss Flossie O'Hagan has returned to Lethbridge, Alberta, after a visit with friends here.

Miss Helen Masson is home from St. Anne's Convent, St. Jerome, Que., to spend the Easter holidays.

Mr. W. Lattimer, who has been for some time travelling through the State of Indiana, is home for the Easter holidays.

W. J. Diamond and W. N. Ponton left to-day to attend the Grand Council meeting of the Royal Arcanum in Hamilton.

At the Quinte: K. Trusdale, F. R. Farrell, H. Findlay, New York; W. Canning, Guelph; R. E. Leslie, A. Agnew, A. Robertson, W. Murch, H. Hawley, E. H. Davis, Montreal; G. Hutchinson, Brockville; A. G. Marmion, H. Smith, Toronto; J. V. Carr, Detroit; P. Buchert, J. R. Stephens, Cincinatti; J. Martin, Hamilton.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

SPORTING NOTES.

Port Hope is laying great plans to win the Central baseball championship this year. A catcher from New Brighton, Pa., is already in that town, and other players are expected within the next few weeks.

New York, April 9.—"You can tell the Cincinnati people for me that they did not win a game from me last year, and they won't this year, either. Tell them in Chicago that I will give the Nationals all the trouble they want this year, and if Cleveland asks anything tell that bunch if it should happen to win the American League championship, I will beat it out of the world's championship." So said Christy Matthewson, premier twirler of the New York Giants, the other day. "It is true I was laid up for ten days with diphtheria, but I am in tiptop condition again," he continued. "Owing to lack of work, my arm is not quite as strong as it will be in a week or two, but there is nothing the matter with me, and I anticipate as good a season as I had last year."

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

MAY A. BELL MARKS.

It is about seven years since May A. Bell Marks appeared in Belleville, and the crowded house that greeted her last night, despite the rain, proved that she had not been forgotten. She is well supported by Marks Bros.' No. One Company, who presented "Lost in London." May A. Bell Marks, in the dual role of Annie Meadows and Nan, the flower girl, showed herself to be an accomplished actress. She had the support of a capable cast. The play was well staged, the light effects being good and the scenery among the best seen in the opera house in years. The vaudeville is first-class and up-to-date. To-night, "The Banker's Wife." Matinees will be put on Friday and Saturday.

Daily Intelligencer.

HOT X BUNS

Following our usual custom of the past four years, we will make Hot X Buns on Thursday, to be delivered the same afternoon for Friday's breakfast. Nice, large rich buns, with plenty of currants. 15c a doz. Leave your order to-day.

Chas. S. Clapp

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. 35. Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alford

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

JAPAN OPENING THE DOOR.

But Foreign Travelers Take Risks In Interior of Manchuria.

Washington, April 10.—The following statement was given out yesterday at the Japanese legation:

"Owing to the fact that the withdrawal of the troops from Manchuria not having sufficiently progressed, the Japanese Government hitherto has neither permitted citizens and vessels of foreign countries to enter the ports and regions of Manchuria, nor allowed foreign consuls to proceed to their posts therein. Considerable progress, however, having now been made in this respect, the Japanese Government has decided, in accordance with the principles of the open door and equal opportunity ever advocated by them, to permit citizens and vessels of foreign countries to enter from May 1 at Antunghsien and Tatungkao, and to allow foreign consuls to proceed to their posts at Antunghsien. From June 1 foreign consuls shall be allowed to proceed to their posts at Mukden and the traveling of foreigners in the interior of Manchuria will be permitted in so far as military exigencies do not prevent it. It has further been decided that the Japanese Government will open Dalny (Talienwan) to the commerce of the world in as near future as possible.

"Judging from the present condition of the interior of Manchuria, it is impossible for the Japanese authorities to afford such foreign travelers adequate protection and facilities in housing and other matters. Those, therefore, who enter the interior of Manchuria do so entirely at their own risk, and the Japanese Government do not hold themselves responsible for any injury or damage which may suffer from bandits or other marauders."

Year For Bigamist.

Brantford, April 10.—The case of Jas. McConnell, for bigamy, was heard at the Police Court yesterday. Prisoner pleaded guilty to being married twice. The two women were present in court and gave evidence as to their marriage, and McConnell would not support them. Prisoner was sentenced to one year in the Central Prison.

Railway Wreck Near Buffalo.

Buffalo, N.Y., April 10.—An eastbound passenger train on the Erie Railroad was wrecked ten miles west of here last night. Engineer Wallage Russell of Buffalo was caught beneath his overturned engine and crushed to death. Fireman George Griffith, also of Buffalo, was badly scalded.

Yankee Dealers Responsible.

Ottawa, April 10.—British wheat men are here opposing the lowering of grain grades as suggested in Manitoba. They argue that such action would result in a lot of inferior grain being mixed with grain of good quality, and that Yankee dealers are responsible for the agitation.

The Barometer.

That the barometer should be so important a factor in indicating meteorological conditions is to many an unsolvable mystery. There should, however, be no difficulty in understanding that the simple principle underlying the construction is that the free and unfettered air balances a column of mercury varying in height, according to the circumstances of the moment, whose average elevation at the level of the sea is thirty inches. It is known, because directly ascertainable, that thirty cubic inches of mercury weigh close upon fifteen pounds avoirdupois, and therefore, as commonly expressed, the pressure of the atmosphere is, under normal conditions, fifteen pounds on every square inch—equivalent to nearly a ton on a square foot, more than eight and a half tons on a square yard and of 100 tons on a square of ten and a quarter feet side. Scientific calculation also places the aggregate weight of the atmospheric envelope surrounding the world at about 5,000,000,000,000 of tons, and this may be represented as the weight of a solid leaden ball having a diameter of sixty miles. Such figures are really beyond human comprehension.

Finger Nails.

In the healthy adult the average growth of the finger nails is one thirty-second part of an inch per week. They grow faster in health than in sickness, in summer than in winter, on the right hand than on the left; fastest on the middle finger and slowest on the thumb and little finger. The finger nails are, therefore, all renewed in from 120 to 140 days. The toenails are four times longer in growing than the finger nails.

Some years ago many learned Asiatics let their finger nails grow to such an extent that it was said they often exceeded the length of the fingers, under which they sometimes bent in the strangest curves and folds. Travelers gave the length as three inches and even more. The best authorities give the extreme length to which the finger nails grow as just upon two inches, when they become corrugated and break off.

EASTER SALE

We will try and make this the most interesting week of the year.

We will put on sale one of the finest lot of ***RIBBONS*** ever offered in this city. The price will be the very lowest, the quality the best.

We will also offer for sale a large assortment of ***LACES*** and ***EMBROIDERIES*** of all kinds.

The price will be so low that you will wonder how we got them here for the money.

We also have just received a large stock of the very latest, up-to-date in ***LADIES' FANCY COLLARS*** (travellers' samples) and will offer them at ***25 per cent. less than manufacturer's prices.***

McINTOSH BROS.

THE COAL SITUATION.

Operators to Propose New Plan of Arbitration—Soft Coal Miners Win In Western Pennsylvania.

New York, April 10.—At the joint conference of the sub-committees of the anthracite coal mine owners and their employes to be held here to-day, the operators will decline to accept the arbitration plan as presented last week by the mine workers, and will present a counter proposition, which, if agreed to by the miners, will bind each side for more than two years.

The operators have been working on the new plan ever since the adjournment of the joint conference of last Saturday, and the inability of the presidents of the hard coal carrying railroads to complete minor details caused a postponement of 24 hours of the conference scheduled for yesterday.

The operators' representatives conferred yesterday, and promise that unless something unforeseen should occur they will be ready with their answer to the miners arbitration plan today.

President Mitchell announced last night that the last of the bituminous coal operators in the Pittsburg district, who had held out against the 1903 wage agreement, signed the scale yesterday. This action, he said, clears up the Western Pennsylvania territory, and means that 40,000 men in that territory, who produce from 35,000,000 to 40,000,000 tons of soft coal a year, will receive an increase of 5.55 per cent. in wages.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Adulteration of Maple Syrup In Quebec Subject of Debate.

Ottawa, April 10.—The adulteration of maple syrup was discussed in the House yesterday by the members from Quebec, and a resolution passed, calling upon the Government to suppress it. The discussion was not political, but on both sides of the House there was a sentiment freely expressed that the law had not been enforced with a sufficient degree of vigor.

Mr. Brodeur, lately Minister of Inland Revenue, was a trifle nettled at the criticisms directed against his former department, but declared himself in accord with the resolution.

Preceding this there had been a debate upon the exposure by Mr. Smith of a transaction in Britain in russet apples, and the publication of the member's name by the Government, as committing a fraud although there had been no fraud. In no other case had any shipper's name been published, although the department had received many complaints, based on actual fraud. Was it an effort to punish him for defeating the Liberal candidate at the bye-election?

Sir Wilfrid Laurier scouted the idea that there was any malice towards Mr. Smith.

Rigid Enquiry Into Tower Fall.

Ottawa, April 10.—The instructions isued yesterday to Architect S. G. Curry and A. C. Hutchinson require them to investigate and report, not only upon the tower, but also as to the entire addition. They are authorized to examine witnesses under oath, and are to determine: (1) Whether the plans and specifications have been carefully followed. (2) Whether the material was of the quality and kind specified. (3) Whether the workmanship was such as was called for by the contract. (4) Whether the inspection of the work by the department was sufficient in all respects. (5) Whether the work, if otherwise properly done, was unsuitable work to be done during the winter weather. (6) Where the responsibility lies for the accident.

WANTS IT HURRIED.

Fitzpatrick's Intimation to Sabbath Observance Bill Committee.

Ottawa, April 10.—Dr. Daniel, St. John, N. B., was appointed chairman of the special committee on the Sabbath observance bill, which met yesterday morning.

Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick intimated that he was very anxious that the proceedings of the committee should not be protracted, and in view of the fact that the bill had already received its second reading in the House, one or two meetings of the committee would be sufficient.

Thursday, April 19, was fixed for the first meeting, when the objections and claims of interested parties will be heard in reference to the bill.

SIR WM. RALPH MEREDITH.

May Be the Chairman of the Provincial Railway Commission.

Toronto, April 10.—It is said that the Whitney Government will offer the post of chairman of the new Provincial Railway Commission to Chief Justice Sir William Ralph Meredith, and, that the chief justice will accept.

There are indications that he will welcome the opportunity of retiring from the bench.

His retention of his place on the North American Life directorate adds credence to the story that he will go on the Railway Commission.

HIS HEAD SEVERED.

Brantford Workman Is Killed by Grand Trunk Yard Engine.

Brantford, April 10.—George Blanche, an employe of the Brantford Carriage Co., was killed instantly by a Grand Trunk yard engine while returning from work.

He was coming down the track and was overtaken by the engine which struck him.

The engine ran over him, completely severing his head from the body.

An inquest was held last night.

Address Carried After Division.

Regina, Sask., April 10.—In the Legislature yesterday a division occurred on the Opposition amendment to the address in reply to the speech from the throne. The Government mustered 13 supporters and the Opposition 7. The address in reply was carried.

Bare Paintings For Fair.

London, April 10.—(C. A. P.)—Dr. Orr has succeeded in getting paintings by the following artists for Toronto Exhibition, Landseer, Constable, Turner, Millais and Leslie. They have been insured for £50,000.

VESUVIUS TAKES LIVES

Latest Information Says as Many as 500 Lives Were Lost.

Day of Terror In Cities and Country Around the Angry Volcano—Damage Done by Cinders and Ashes Almost as Great as Devastation Wrought by Lava—One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Refugees.

Naples, April 10.—According to information received late to-night, probably as many as 500 lives were lost. It is said that more than 200 persons in the district of San Guiseppe perished while from the ruins of a church, which collapsed owing to the weight of ashes on the roof, forty-nine corpses were extricated. It is asserted that at San Guiseppe thirty-seven persons were killed by falling houses.

Ashes are still falling in great quantities.

Ashes Crush San Guiseppe.

Yesterday was a day of terror for the cities, towns and country about Mount Vesuvius. Unconfirmed reports place the number of dead and injured at several hundred, but not many facts can be obtained upon which to base an accurate estimate. At midnight the situation appears more assuring, the lava streams having diminished in volume, and in some directions having stopped altogether, while copious rainfall is cooling the lava where it lies stationary.

Almost equally with the devastation wrought by the lava is the damage done by cinders and ashes, which in incredible quantities have been carried great distances. This has caused the practical destruction of San Guiseppe, a village of 6,000 inhabitants. All but 200 people had fled from the village, and these assembled in the church to attend mass. While the priest was performing his sacred office the roof fell, and about 60 persons were badly injured.

150,000 Refuges In Naples.

The shower of ashes ceased to fall over Naples for a time yesterday morning, but began again later in the day. There are 150,000 refugees gathered in this city. When the last train was leaving Boscotrecase, a fresh crater opened near the station. The refugees from Ottajane say five houses and five churches collapsed from the wave of ashes. An excursion steamer, attempting to reach Naples from the Island of Capri, had to return as the passengers were being suffocated by the cinders.

In an interview with Lieut. Clarrocchi, commanding a detachment of troops, who witnessed the destruction of Boscotrecase as a result of the eruption of Mount Vesuvius, the lieutenant is quoted as follows:

A Story of the Day.

"All was quiet in the town just before its destruction, the people believing that they were safe from the stream of lava, but after midnight terrific rumblings were heard, followed by violent earth shocks, which shattered the windows and cracked the walls. The lava then began flowing from Mount Ciramella near where a fresh fissure opened a few days ago. A wild panic ensued, the people rushing about in the streets, shrieking with terror. The Ciramella crater was by that time hurling forth masses of incandescent rock and a current of fire was sweeping down the mountain with terrific speed, flowing in two streams. One of them, 200 yards broad, was moving towards the centre of the town.

"The population fled in terror to Torre Annunziata, while the soldiers visited the houses in order to see that all the inhabitants escaped. In so doing they rescued several bedridden people who had been left behind by their terrified relatives. Indescribable scenes of panic were witnessed.

River of Fire.

"The people seemed to have lost all control over themselves. The town was hardly evacuated when a river of fire invaded the houses, and soon afterwards Boscotrecase seemed to be enveloped in flames. After passing Boscotrecase the two small streams flowed to Torre Annunziata."

Piles Quickly Cured at Home.

INSTANT RELIEF, PERMANENT CURE — TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE TO ALL IN PLAIN WRAPPER.

Piles is a fearful disease, but easy to cure if you go at it right.

An operation with the knife is dangerous, cruel and rarely a permanent success.

There is just one other sure way to be cured—painless, safe and in the privacy of your own home—it is Pyramid Pile Cure.

We mail a trial package free to all who write.

It will give you instant relief, show you the harmless, painless nature of this great remedy and start you well on the way toward a perfect cure.

Then you can get a full-sized box from any druggist for 50 cents, and often one box cures.

If the druggist tries to sell you something just as good, it is because he makes more money on the substitute.

Insist on having what you call for.

The cure begins at once and continues rapidly until it is complete and permanent.

You can go right ahead with your work and be easy and comfortable all the time.

It is well worth trying.

Just send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 3877 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., and receive free by return mail the trial package in a plain wrapper.

Thousands have been cured in this easy, painless and inexpensive way, in the privacy of the home.

No knife and its torture.

No doctor and his bills.

All druggists, 50 cents. Write today for a free package.

VICTORY IS ONLY HALF

Justice Burbridge's Decision in Ontario v. Canada.

Dominion Must Pay 5 Per Cent. On the School and Land Improvement Funds, But May Pay Off the Debt at Any Time—This Last Part of the Decision Will Be Appealed to Supreme Court and Privy Council.

Toronto, April 10.—Hon. Mr. Matheson made an announcement in the Legislature yesterday that he had just received advice from Aemilius Irving, K. C., who was of the Ontario Government's legal counsel, of a decision by Judge Burbridge of the Court of Exchequer, which conveyed the meaning that the province had won a partial victory over the Dominion Government in litigation over the trust funds.

Since Confederation these funds had been held up till two years ago at a five per cent. interest rate. The funds are made up of a common school fund of $1,469,000 and a land improvement and an Upper Canada College fund, the grammar school and building fund totalling $1,910,000. Two years ago the Dominion Government claimed the right to pay off the whole amount, and on this being refused, reduced the interest on other than the common school fund to four per cent, entailing a loss to the province of $19,000 yearly.

The decision, while fixing five per cent. as the uniform rate and compelling the Dominion Government to make up the lapse, also gives the Dominion the right to pay off the whole at any time.

Hon. Mr. Matheson stated that this ruling would be appealed through the Supreme Court, and if necessary, through the Privy Council. He figures that, as a perpetual asset at five per cent. it would be worth $400,000 or $500,000 more to the province than if otherwise invested.

Too Many Judges.

Should the bill by Mr. Clark, which received its second reading yesterday, become law, it will result in a considerable reduction in the number of judicial appointments for the province.

The bill provides that in any county only one judge should hold office. Mr. Clark pointed out that up till 1896 the unit was 40,000. In that year the Liberal Government of Ontario was considering asking the Dominion Government to make the unit 80,000, when a change in Government then prompted a change in the request, whereby the Dominion Government might appoint two judges to a county on stating in issuing the commission that the population was 80,000. This, Mr. Clark declared, made it possible for an extra judge to be appointed through a lie in the issuing of a commission.

Hon. Mr. Foy agreed with the speaker's views that in many counties there were now two judges where one could easily do the work.

Hon. Mr. Ross thought the legal machinery of the province had improved. In the High Court, where there were now four divisions, the work was done more expeditiously than ever before. However, there might be too many judges.

"There are a large number of counties where two judges aren't necessary," ruled Premier Whitney. "The question should form part of anything in the nature of law reform which may be taken up."

Mr. Whitney's opinion was that the proposed measure could do no harm, while a good deal of good might come from it. He referred it to a select legal committee.

Telephone Regulation.

Mr. Lucas, in withdrawing his bill to allow any telephone line to be connected with any other line, said he did so because of legislation recently introduced at Ottawa, which made it unnecessary. He made the suggestion, however, that the new railway board be given authority to regulate the telephones operating in Ontario. He hoped the importance of having uniform standards for all the small rural lines would be seen.

A second reading was given Mr. Lennox's auto bill, with the clause relating to revenue eliminated.

Bills Passed.

The order paper was decorated with no less than 48 bills, which were presented for their final readings, giving a rather striking evidence of the heavy routine work of the present session. The following bills were passed through the final stages:

Mr. Cochrane—Respecting the Department of Lands, Forests and Mines.

Mr. Cochrane—To amend the act to preserve the forests from destruction by fire.

Mr. Preston (Durham)—Respecting the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham.

Mr. Calder—Respecting the Town of Oshawa.

Mr. Lennox—To authorize the Law Society of Upper Canada to admit Henry Ernest Redman to practice as a barrister.

Mr. McCowan—To authorize the Law Society of Upper Canada to permit George Macgregor Gardner to practice as a barrister.

Mr. Crawford—Respecting the Anglo-American Fire Insurance Co.

Mr. Preston (Durham)—Respecting the Village of Campbellford.

Mr. Lucas—Respecting the Town of Thornbury and the Township of Collingwood.

As the House was rising Mr. Whitney announced that the education bills would be introduced to-morrow.

Hamilton Man Suicides.

Hamilton, April 10.—"I've done it now," remarked William Anderson, as he seated himself at the window of his brother's barber shop yesterday afternoon, after drinking a fatal dose of carbolic acid. In a short time he fell over unconscious, and he died on the way to the hospital. He had often threatened to end his life. He was 30 years of age, and leaves a widow and two children.

Prince Reaches Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 10.—Prince Arthur of Connaught arrived in the city yesterday morning and was greeted by a large assembly of citizens. In the evening his highness and suite attended a state dinner at Government house.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE.

SOLD AND USED EVERYWHERE.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Going to **PAINT?**

Everybody uses more or less paint in the spring. Before buying call in, let us show you why its ***BEST*** for you to use

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

Best for your building and does not cost more than others.

WATERS' Drug Store

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

New Spring Wallpapers

Our stock of new Wall Paper is nearly complete and we ask you to drop in and look them over. We claim to have the largest and best selections with in the country and guarantee the prices will suit your pocket book.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

Maple Syrup

In pints, quarts and gallon tins

Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .

In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins

Pure Jam & Marmalade

In Glass and 5 lb Tins

Clover Honey

Sections and Extracted

Dried Fruits

Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples

Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

J. C. Hanley & Co.

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British American Assurance Co.
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Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date arriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.48 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.06 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCredan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —

Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

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—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY. APRIL 11, 1906. NO. 300

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

No Matter How Old
STROUDS
Tickets for tea purchases they are just as good now as when they were issued
SAVE YOUR TICKETS, THEY ARE VALUABLE

BRIEFS BY WIRE.

News of the Day Condensed Into Short Paragraphs.

Counsel for the defence in the Gaynor-Greene case began argument Tuesday.

Plans are being prepared for a new Winnipeg Grain Exchange building, at an estimated cost of $250,000.

Waterloo ratepayers voted down the bylaw to grant $7,500 as a loan to the Hogg-Metcalfe Knitting Co. of Galt.

Edward Haycock, the Wabash engineer who was injured in the collision on the G. T. R. at Port Robinson, is dead.

Prof. Nathaniel S. Shaler, the eminent geologist, and dean of the Lawrence Scientific School, is dead at Cambridge, Mass.

Fire in a block of buildings at the corner of Moreau and St. Catherine streets, at Montreal, did about $15,000 damage.

A storm which broke over New England Monday night caused much damage to telephone, telegraph and electric light wires.

The Prince and Princess of Wales, returning from their visit to India, have arrived at Corfu, and were greeted by King George of Greece.

The thirteenth annual convention of the National Association of Chiefs of Police is in convention at Hot Springs, Ark., with the largest attendance in years.

A St. Catharines' jury has returned a verdict for Mrs. William Elliott of St. Catharines for full amount of claim, with costs, in her suit against the Bank of Toronto.

Windsor City Council, by a vote of 7 to 5, has granted the Windsor, Essex & Lake Shore Electric Railway practically every request that the railway company made.

R. A. Brunt, B. A., of the teaching staff of the Windsor Collegiate Institute, has been appointed a member of the British Society of Chemical Industry of London, Eng.

In the British House of Commons Tuesday night Lief Jones' resolution in favor of the principle of local option was carried by 271 to 40, the Premier moving the closure at midnight.

Miss Eva Booth, commander of the Salvation Army of the United States, was taken ill suddenly on a Harlem Railroad train late Sunday. Dr. Weiss refused to say if her condition is critical.

Col. Heneker Appointed.

Montreal, April 11.—Lt.-Col. W. C. Heneker, D. S. O., has been appointed assistant adjutant-general for the Imperial forces in the Orange River Colony. Lt.-Col. Heneker is a Canadian, a brother of B. T. Heneker, a Montreal advocate. He has served with distinction in South Africa with the British forces for some years, his promotion having been very rapid. He won his D. S. O. in the British expedition to punish the Mad Mullah.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

Easter Shopping
We are Making
A Special Display
This Week Of
Ladies' Ready-To-Wear Garments
FOR EASTER
All the Newest Styles In
Coats, Costumes,
Dress Skirts, Shirt Waists,
Silk Underskirts and Whitewear
Sinclair's

Vesuvius Calamity

Added to by the Collapse of the Market at Naples.

Twelve Dead and Over 100 Seriously Injured—Gay Spectacle In Market Place Suddenly Turned Into Scene of Horror—Volcanic Disturbances on the Increase—Fate of Children In Doubt—Brave Soldiers.

Naples, April 11.—As a result of the terrible collapse of the Mount Olliveto market yesterday morning 12 are dead, 24 are mortally wounded, and over 100 are seriously injured.

When morning broke yesterday, the outlook was promising for an amelioration of the conditions consequent upon the activity of Mount Vesuvius. The hopefulness of the populace, however, was short-lived, and the Neapolitans were plunged into a condition bordering on frenzy by the collapse of the Mount Oliveto market, from the weight of cinders from Mount Vesuvius.

From Life to Death.

The courtyard covers 600 feet square and was roofed. The space within was unusually crowded with buyers and their children, the accident happening at the hour of the day when trade is most brisk. Rival displays of flowers, fruits and vegetables contended for buyers, while market-women screamed their wares and joked with their customers. Little children played about the stands, adding gaiety to the scene, the line of which is not to be witnessed outside of Naples.

Suddenly, with scarcely a tremor of warning, there was a terrifying crash and the brilliant sight disappeared in a cloud of dust, while shrieks of agony rent the air.

Identification Impossible.

The identification of the bodies of a number of those killed by the collapse of the market roof was found to be impossible, owing to their being absolutely unrecognizable, in some cases being reduced to pulp, while others were horribly mutilated, giving rise to scenes which are better undescribed. Among the dead are many children who had been sent by their parents to do the morning's marketing.

Indignation of the people as a result of the disaster increased as each additional body was taken out, and disturbances approaching a riot in importance occurred. The people loudly insisted that the authorities were aware that the roof of the market was unsafe, and that they were so excessively economical that they would not appropriate the funds necessary to repair the building.

Terrifying news reached the city yesterday morning from points throughout the district surrounding Ottajano. The reports indicate that an enormous area is buried beneath ashes and cinders. The present disaster is looked upon as a repetition of the catastrophes to Pompeii and Herculaneum, except in this instance the loss of life is less.

Efforts on the part of the press representatives and the authorities to ascertain the exact number of those who have already fallen victims to the eruptions of Vesuvius are almost fruitless, from the fact that the buried villages are impossible of access, and, further, because the people who fled when their houses began to fall have scattered throughout the country districts.

Fate of Children Unknown.

The fate of many children at Ottajano is unknown. When the military carts arrived at the scene of the disaster Monday night the soldiers arranged to have the children and aged people get into the carts, but when the vehicles had gone a few hundred feet it was found that, although there were four horses harnessed to each wagon, they could not pull their loads through the deep ashes. This caused a panic among the children, who expected to be buried in the ashes from the volcano, and they fled in all directions in the darkness and blinding rain, and have not since been heard of.

Several lads in Boscotrecase, who were unharmed when the danger following the eruptions of Mount Vesuvius seemed most imminent, subsequently ventured to walk on the cooling lava. They went too far and the crust broke under their weight. They were swallowed up before the helpless onlookers.

Lava Flows Again.

The flow of lava from the volcano which had almost ceased during the night, recommenced early yesterday, and the fall of volcanic ejecta in the Vesuvian communes has been enormous. It is feared that the weight of ashes on roofs will cause the collapse of many more buildings, both here and in the towns and villages near the volcano.

Director Matteucci, who continues at his post in the observatory, telegraphed last night that the volcano was generally calm Monday night, with occasional sharp explosions, these becoming more violent towards morning. Director Matteucci says his seismic instruments indicates great subterranean agitation.

King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena have forwarded to Premier Sonnino, who is here, $20,000 to be applied towards the relief of the sufferers by the volcano.

Finding the Victims.

The scenes at Ottajano when the first victims were unearthed there were most horrible. The positions of the bodies showed that the victims had died while in a state of great terror, the faces being convulsed with fear.

Many tales are told of heroic rescues on the part of the soldiers sent to the assistance of the sufferers at Ottajano and elsewhere. One man rode his horse through the ashes, reaching up to its flanks, at Ottajano, calling out, "Who wants help? Who wants help?" He was rewarded by hearing a woman's voice reply in weak tones, and, springing from his horse, found her in a ruined house, with three children dead beside her. The soldier picked the woman up in his arms and carried her to a place of safety, where it was found that both her legs were broken and that she had been badly crushed about the body.

The number of dead taken from the church at San Giuseppe, which collapsed Monday, while a congregation of about 200 persons were attending mass, is 26. There were 79 severely injured.

Coal Steamer Ashore.

Amherstburg, April 11.—The first marine mishap of the season occurred here yesterday when the big steel steamer L. C. Waldo, up-bound with a cargo of coal, ran on to the Jagged Rocks, at the lower end of Bois Blanc Island. A hole was punched in the boat, and one compartment is full of water. She will be lightered off.

Wood Alcohol Suicide.

Toronto, April 11.—Despondent because her health was troubling her, Miss Nellie Cavanagh committed suicide at 50 Elm Grove avenue, by taking a large dose of wood alcohol. Coroner Greig will hold an inquest to-day.

2,500 Sail For Canada.

London, April 11.—(C. A. P.)—As a result of the active emigration propaganda in Belgium the steamer Lake Michigan sailed from Antwerp for Canada yesterday with 2,500 emigrants, a record for the port.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Easter Millinery

Our millinery show rooms are filled to overflowing with the choicest of Easter Millinery, lately secured by our buyers from the world's greatest fashion centres—*Paris and New York.* There has been a great change since opening days, many new designs being added. We will be pleased to have your inspection at least.

Never before have we heard such pleasing remarks from the ladies, convincing evidence that our spring millinery is—

Beautiful, Stylish and Moderate in Price.

Easter Kid Gloves

Neat gloves are one of the most important items in connection with the new Easter outfit they give the necessary finishing touch.

Perrin's French Kid Gloves have stood the test for years and in offering them to our customers we do so—feeling sure that for fit and service they are unsurpassed.

We guarantee every pair of gloves from $1.00 upwards.

Easter selling always breaks our assortment—make your selection early when choosing is pleasant and easy.

Perrin's Adonis $1.00

We believe this to be the best dollar glove in the market today.
—In Tans, Modes, Greys, White and Black, price.................... *$1.00*

Perrin's Mercells $1.25

This is the most popular selling glove in our assortment and is one of our best wearing gloves.
—These in all the newest shades, as well as black and white, for ... *$1.25*

Perrin's Olga 1.50

—An extra fine glove made from specially selected French kid in the most delicate mode and tan shades, as well as black—*guaranteed*.... *$1.50*

Men's Light Spring Overcoats

We wish every man in our city would come to see our new Spring Overcoats, Suits, Hats, Haberdashery etc.

Never have we been in better shape to meet the demands of our trade than we are today.

The styles are strictly up-to-the-minutes—the fabrics you would scarcely expect to find in Ready-to-wear Clothes.

Our garments at all times show their merchant tailor likeness.

—***Men's Light Spring Overcoats*** in all the newest styles and fabrics, choice linings and trimmings, well sewn with silk and linen.... *$7.50, $8.50, $10 & $15*

—***Young Men's Light Overcoats*** in Fawns, Grey and Black, very stylish garments, ... *$7.50 to $15.00*

—***Young Men's Double Breasted Suits***, swell and nobby patterns, perfect fit guaranteed, prices........ *$7.50 to $15.00*

—***Men's Single and Double Breasted Navy and Black Worsted Suits***—the choicest of linings and trimmings, well sewn with silk and linen, and perfect fit that will stay until worn out........ *$10, $12 and $15*

Underwear

Our medium weight Underwear comes in about now—it is getting too warm for winter underwear and a little too soon for summer underwear.

—Medium weight underwear for early spring, every style and weight to choose from .... *38c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 each*

Easter Haberdashery

Easter Hats, Ties, Shirts, and all the fittings a gentleman needs in the newest spring styles.

Pay us a visit and you will be sure of all that is latest and smartest in Easter Haberdashery.

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

New Carpets

What about a New Carpet or Rug this Spring? Have you thought over the matter? If you have and are considering the cost, you can't do better than see us first. We can give you very special price concessions and can make you up anything you want in the Carpet or Rug line,

Crossley's Brussels Carpets
Crossley's Velvet Carpets
Crossley's Tapestry Carpets
Crossley's Axminster Carpets

Crossley's Rugs

There are a few makers of Carpets as good as **Crossley's but none better.**

Then why not buy a Crossley Carpet? They don't cost any more than any other makes.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

BOIL IT DOWN!

Note the well-dressed man—see if he's not our customer—you'll find that he is, in the majority of cases.

Good dressers have formed a habit of coming here.

It is needless to say to them "get the habit," for they have already got it.

There's a reason for contracting it too—

Boiled Down
It's This:

It's because the particular man knows full well that when he comes here his satisfaction is assured.

He gets the country's best in clothes at a moderate price.

. . . COME ON IN . . .

OAK HALL,
The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

"Reynier" Gloves

In Glace and Swede—a full stock for Easter trade.
Every Pair Guaranteed.

New Neckwear
IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES

New Belts, New Veilings.
EVERYTHING NEW.

Wims & Co
TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
[illegible] FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

Freak Legislation.

The student of freak legislation has only to look at the State Legislatures of the United States to have food for thought. It is the inherent privilege, dear as a square meal to the appetite of the private member, to introduce any legislation he is inclined to. Nothing is sacred or secluded from the legislative mania of the state legislator. He has all sorts and conditions of folk in his constituency. He has promised some man to introduce a bill to turn back the hands of the clock. And he does. Besides he may have freakish notions of his own, and away he scurries to grind out a bill. What matters it if his bills are all buried before they reach maturity. His argument on the stump is the more effective than it would be had his legislation been acceptable. The virtue is in introducing the bill, not in having had it solidified in the statute books.

One is constrained, says the London Free Press, to view A. C. Pratt's bill in the Ontario Legislature from this viewpoint. Mr. Pratt is one of the rising legislators of Canada, a clever speaker, well and generally wisely informed and mentally alert. Doubtless he has been watching events across the line. His chosen vocation would compel him, even if he were not a law-maker. He sees that in nearly all the state legislatures bills have been introduced which seek to compel manufacturers of proprietary and patent medicines to make public the formulas and private processes by which their preparations are made. But is that all? Does Mr. Pratt observe the apparent spontaneity of these measures and the noisy clamor of their advocates? Is there not a suspicion that this organized effort in all directions, and the rhetoric spent in its advocacy, have their source in certain interests that are not always in line with the public interest? A keen American observer says, "there is no real demand from the general public for this legislation, except such as has been, by false representations, created by certain selfish interests."

The National Druggist of St. Louis, Mo., under the caption of "A Conspiracy to Establish a Physicians' Trust," attempts to show the real significance of the movement in the United States. They have there an organization of doctors known as the American Medical Association. With the industrial trust movement there arose a plan to organize all the doctors of the United States into one gigantic medical trust. All small, independent medical societies were to be merged into the A.M.A. The organ of the association proclaimed the merits of such a combine. The contagion spread. The A.M.A., from a membership of 5,000, now musters 20,000, and still grows. Each state society is encouraged to establish a journal of its own, but all to work out the one idea, the trust idea. The independent medical press was blacklisted. The California state medical journal makes no bones about it, and says: "The day of the private-owned medical journal is passing away and its place will be taken by the journal of the A.M.A. and the various state journals."

Now, with foundation well laid, what was the next step? Let Truthful James, the National Druggist, say:

"About a year ago these medical autocrats started out on a project to regulate and control the drug industries of the country, and their initial move was the issuance of an edict to the manufacturers of that class of proprietaries intended exclusively for physicians' prescriptions, notifying them that they must forthwith furnish to the association's council on chemistry and pharmacy the names and exact quantities of the ingredients which enter into the composition of their several remedies, together with their methods and secret processes of manufacture, all of which should be so complete as to enable the council to verify them; that is, to reproduce the preparations, and to determine their future status from time to time. It was at the same time declared, that unless the manufacturers acceded to these demands, their remedies should be refused admission into a volume which it was proposed to publish, that would contain all remedies of the kind that members of the American Medical Association could 'ethically' prescribe or use in their practice."

RHEUMATISM
Price 25c.
I will refund your money if it fails.
Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve pains in legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints in a few hours. Positively cures in a few days. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it from the system. —MUNYON.

But this move did not increase the revenues of the trust medical journal. The manufacturers withdrew their advertisements from "the organs." The situation was serious. Something had to be done. What was done? Truthful James deposes that,

"A few months ago, as if by concerted action, the journal of the American Medical Association and the auxiliary state journals began to teem with articles on the danger to the public from patent medicines, and various suggestions were proposed to overcome the great evil. The idea of educating the general public to the danger to which it was thus exposed was first proposed, but immediately abandoned as too slow and difficult, and it was finally determined to strike at the manufacturers of these articles through Congress and the State."

Now, the National Druggist seems to think that it has proven its charge of conspiracy against the A. M. A. Perhaps it has, but that has nothing to do with conditions in Ontario. Oh dear, no! Certainly not.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Looks as though we are going to have a damp week.

• • •

The grass is growing like a poor man's family.

• • •

Cheer up and never mind the mud. Be thankful you are not grinding an organ in Naples these days.

• • •

What about that permanent paving scheme? Has it dropped out of sight?

• • •

Only three more days in Lent. Are you going to sing tenor or bass in the anthem next Sunday?

• • •

I'll stand pat
On my Sunday hat

As the man on the next block said when his good wife reminded him that he needed a new headpiece for Easter.

• • •

The estimates are in, the tax rate fixed and everything is lovely. At least it would be if a lot of estimable citizens knew just exactly where they were going to lay their hands on the long green to pay their taxes.

• • •

A Hamilton minister, on Sunday last, was to have preached on the topic, "Popular but False." The typesetting machine, truthfully reflecting the criminal instincts of the operator, set it up "Popular Fat Folks," and so it appeared in a Hamilton paper. If that kind of thing is common it is no wonder that Hamilton editors are short-tempered people.

• • •

It was noted recently, with considerable satisfaction, that the Hastings County branch of the Fish and Game Protective Association had decided to offer a reward for the conviction of persons who destroyed robins and other song and insectivorous birds. In this connection the following, from the St. Catharines Star-Journal, is apropos; "A singular and deplorable manifestation of the boyish instinct of destruction seems to present itself concurrently with the first song of the robin. Immediately, the impulse of the boyish heart is to become possessed with a catapult, and the beautiful red-breast is singled out for a mark. Already boys with these infernal weapons may be seen going to and from school, peering to discover from what tree or house-top the robin call is being made, and then a sneak is made in the effort to get "a shot." It is the privilege of any citizen to arrest a boy on sight who may be using one of these catapults, and the lovers of birds should be on the keen lookout and make an example of any catapult fiends they may come across. It is understood the police will be actively alert this spring, and their efforts should be assisted in every way by residents generally. The sparrow has driven away our smaller song birds; let us unite to save the robin from the small boy. The parent may have to suffer for the boy's misdeeds, but it will be father's privilege to have a quiet reckoning with the boy in the woodshed afterwards."

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

• • •

Brantford Courier: The number of people that get killed around Belleville without any one being responsible, leads to the belief that most of them must have succumbed to heart failure.

What about Brantford, Oh! you wise guy? After the Irene Cole case no Brantford person should make a sound.

• • •

It will be remembered that, not long ago, an article appeared in The Intelligencer in relation to the difference in the price of bread in Belleville as compared with London, Eng. The Ottawa Journal printed The Intelligencer's article, and now publishes the following communication in regard to it;

Editor Journal — An item is going the rounds to the effect that a 4-lb. loaf of bread costs 11c in London, England. It is a good many years since bread was that price in London. At present it is 3 1-2 pence or 7c for 4 lbs.

In Ottawa the same quantity costs 13 1-2c. Many account for the difference in price by asserting that bakers' wages in Ottawa are double the wages paid in London.

Ottawa bakers get $12 per week. London bakers get $10 per week.

The main reason for the difference in price here and in London is due to the fact that everything excepting wages that enters into the cost of production of bread in Canada is exalted in price about 40 per cent. by our protective tariff. Thus the government in so far as it supports protection, nullifies the very bounty of the Creator, as manifested in good crops.

H. WASHINGTON,
Sec. "British Colonial Free Trade League."

How H. Washington, whoever he may be, figures that the tariff has anything to do with an article grown, milled and made into bread in this country is more than most people will comprehend. Much free trade talk has made him mad.

• • •

"Will the public tamely submit to a coal strike?" asks the Rochester Times. Evidently the Times does not know the public. The public will submit to anything.

• • •

A Utica paper prints an editorial on the subject of two young persons who married on $6 a week. Such subjects should always be treated in the humor column.

• • •

Further evidence to the effect that some animals are almost as intelligent as people was furnished in Philadelphia on Sunday when a man bull charged on a baseball umpire and forced him to take refuge in a tree.

• • •

The weather lately must make our recently arrived English immigrants feel as though they were at 'ome again.

• • •

It is now said in Ottawa, by people "on the inside," that the military camp for military district No. 3 will go to either Kingston or Cobourg this year. If Kingston provides a suitable rifle range the camp will go there; if not it will go to Cobourg. This statement, it is said, was made by a member of the Military Council.

• • •

AN AWFUL SLANDER.
(Chicago News.)

When a half dozen women get together they proceed to lay out their neighbors and cackle.

• • •

Mr. D. McClew, for some years editor of the Deseronto Tribune, has become manager and editor of the Alexandria Glengarrian. He will probably make it a bright paper.

• • •

Toronto Telegram; A Chicago professor bets $25,000 that he will not tell a lie for a year, and the minute the Globe is ready to make a similar bet on its own behalf what a rush there will be to cover its money.

• • •

The examination into the affairs of the York Loan drags along, and every day brings out new instances of graft. There is little doubt that men and women have been playing fast and loose with the money of widows and orphans entrusted to their care. A case in point; Two officers of the company were compelled to pay damages for furious driving. The York Loan footed the bill. Any day it is apt to be established that the company paid the millinery bills of its employees.

• • •

Some of the ladies' fashion journals are protesting strongly against the probability of shirtwaists coming into vogue again for men. Is it a case of jealousy? Does woman think man is trying to look pretty? Poor fellow! He couldn't, if he would. He only wishes to avoid sunstroke and hay fever. Why should not the dear girls allow him to go to dinner in the same materials that they wear, if he does not expose a low neck and bare arms?

• • •

Montreal Star: Madame Albani's notes are not so good as they were, but, judging from the gate receipts, her notes on the bank will be as good as ever.

• • •

Brockville's tax rate is 25 mills. It may be noted that Belleville's tax rate is exceeded by many towns in this province, which do not offer her advantages, either.

MOTHER
AND CHILD.

Let the mother take Scott's Emulsion for the two; it never fails to benefit them both. One can eat for two, but nourishing two is a different thing. It calls for a degree of internal strength that the average woman lacks. People of luxury are not very strong by habit; overworked people are weak in some functions from exhaustion or their surroundings. Scott's Emulsion can be depended upon to overcome such conditions. It is a wonderful food for a mother and child.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

We Have Everything...

Needed for the little jobs of painting you intend doing. See our color cards and learn our low prices

McKeown's DRUG STORE

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. Arthur Lingnam has gone to Montreal.

Mr. E. L. Palen has gone to Gananoque.

Mrs. C. J. Bowell has returned from Chicago.

Rev. Father Twomey was in Kingston yesterday.

Mrs. H. Johnson and Miss Johnson, of Boston, are in the city.

Mr. Harold Holton, who was in the city for a week, returned to Toronto yesterday.

Miss Marjorie Vermilyea, who has been visiting in Kingston, returned to the city yesterday.

Mr. Herbert M. Cowan, now of Toronto, spent the week end in the city renewing friendships.

Mrs. Hoodless, lecturer and adviser in Domestic Science in the Provincial Normal School and Macdonald Institute at Guelph, visited the Domestic Science departments at the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Albert College to-day.

At the Quinte: G. Blatchley, T. J. Gloster, J. Cuffee, M. Johnson, R. J. Dunlop, C. Buckley, F. King, F. W. O'Flynn, H. Leach, F. Savage, H. DeLong, L. Band, Toronto; G. Maguire, Buffalo; R. Hicks, Peterboro; F. F. Raynor, D. McEwen, R. Foster, Ottawa; H. Hewson, Cornwall; G. G. Barrington, H. Smith, T. Carter, H. Godfrey, Montreal; S. G. Peplor, Mrs. J. Hoodless, Hamilton; J. O. Hutton, Kingston.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Westerly winds, some scattered showers, but mostly fair. Thursday, northwesterly winds, fine with a little higher temperature.

YOUR ORDER FOR
Hot Cross Buns
Solicited for Good Friday.
15c Per Dozen
Please place your orders early with us.

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

LADIES!
. . . FOR EASTER . . .

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and in fact such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS
EXTRA SUGAR-CURED BACON
FINEST QUALITY

ROQUEFORT CHEESE
CREAM CHEESE
MacLAREN'S CHEESE
FRESH SUPPLIES

PURE OLIVE OIL
SOLD IN BOTTLES ONLY

DURKEE'S SALAD DRESSING
ENGLISH MALT VINEGAR

FRENCH PEAS
FRENCH MUSHROOMS
SPINACH

Complete stock of Canned Vegetables, Olives, Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Marmalade, Biscuits, Fruits, etc.

HIGH GRADE TEAS
New Season's Fragrant & Delicious
Wallbridge & Clarke's
NEW BLENDS IN SEALED PACKETS
25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c LB

DELICIOUS COFFEE
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

EASY MONEY AT HOME
raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All [illegible] You'll get $2 to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes
BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,
and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries. All for 15c. stamps or coin. Address
COTTAM BIRD SEED, 23 St., London, Ont

Inspector Walker Is Looking After Hotels.

Mr. Hugh Walker, License Inspector for West Hastings, was in Trenton and Frankford yesterday, inspecting the premises for which licenses for the ensuing year have been asked.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
. . AND THE
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher........$3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots........$3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

The Bell Piano

delights MR. FRANK JENNINGS,
Musical Director
Grand Opera House, Toronto

"I am pleased to say that the Bell Piano I purchased from you some time ago continues to give best of satisfaction. I am delighted with its sweetness and depth of tone, and cannot say too much in its praise."

Frank E. Jennings

Write us for Free Booklet "B" containing photos of leading musical celebrities.

The Bell Piano & Organ Co., Limited, Guelph, Ont.

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year: Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 3 marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. I sell direct to consumers at wholesale rates. There is nothing better than a route of regular customers. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

A house and three lots for sale on easy terms. Foster avenue, No. 295 a6-6t

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 71-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

LOST.

Black cocker spaniel; white spot on breast. Answers to name "Dash." Anyone retaining possession after the publication of this notice will be prosecuted. Finder rewarded.—W. J. CARTER, Moira St. 10-4t

FOUND.

Purse, containing money and pins. Owner can have by identifying and paying for advertisement. At Intelligencer Office. 1t

The Dupligraph

Complete Cabinet with three tablets foolscap size, $10.00.

Single Dupligraph Trays foolscap size, $4.00.

The Dupligraph is the simplest, cleanest, quickest and cheapest duplicating machine on the market. It will reproduce exact fac-simile copies of an ordinary type-written or pen-written original at the rate of 50 in five minutes, and requires no expensive supplies. No stencil, roller, silk or wax paper; no trouble, dirt or washing. You simply write whatever you desire in the ordinary way on ordinary paper, and the Dupligraph does the rest.

Write for circulars and samples of work.

For sale in Belleville by

C. B. Scantlebury,
Stationer

PENMAN & SPRANG,
Sole Manufacturers,
Head Office, 22 Yonge St. Arcade,
Toronto, Canada.

"The Adventurers," one of the most fascinating serial stories ever published in The Intelligencer, will begin shortly. Watch for it,

2 in 1 Shoe Polish

Black, Tan and White

Shining your own shoes with 2 in 1 is both a luxury and an economy. 2 in 1 Black Polish is known as "Black Lightning." Your shoes are given the richest, glossiest blackshine with only an instant's rub. Don't take substitutes or imitations.

Black and Tan in 10c. and 25c. tins
White in 15c. Glass

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 11

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	92⅞	93⅛
do pref	....	....
St Paul	175	176⅝
Mop	95	96
Union Pac	153⅞	156⅛
C.P.R.	171⅛	172⅞
Sou Ra:	67½	68¼
R I	27	27½
Ills C.	172⅞	175⅜
Sou Ry	39⅞	40⅛
Texas	....	....
B.& O	113⅛	113⅜
N Y C	143½	143⅞
Penn	140⅛	141⅛
Soo	155	155
T. W.	118	118
Erie	43⅜	45
do pref	79¾	78¾
Reading	133½	133½
C. O	58¾	59⅛
O W	51	52
Manhattan	....	....
W C	27¾	27⅞
L. & N.	147⅞	149
A. F.	45	45¾
Nor	88¾	85⅞
Wab.	22⅛	22½
do pref	49	50
A. R.	155½	159⅛
C. G. W	20⅞	21⅛
T.C.I.	...	...
U. S. Steel	41¾	42⅜
do pref	106⅞	105
Sugar	138	139½
B.RT.	84¾	80¾
P. O	91¾	91⅞
A. C. P.	108⅛	110⅛
Met.	....	....
Alo.	67⅞	68¼
C.F.I.	60⅛	62⅛

May wheat opened at 78⅞; closed at 79
July wheat opened at 78⅜; closed at 78⅜
May corn opened at 45½; closed at 46½
July corn opened at 45½; closed at 46⅛
May Oats opened at 31⅞; closed at 32
May pork opened at 16.22 closed at 16.22

CLARK'S QUICK MEALS.

Tasty, nourishing and enjoyable meals can be served with Clark's Canned Meats. The quality is assured by "Clark's label."

PROMPT CONNECTIONS.

There is one feature of the wonderful service over The Lake Shore Railway that particularly appeals to those who travel much. The schedule is so arranged that connections, where any are necessary, are made promptly and long waits and delays are avoided. This, taken in connection with the luxurious trains, perfect personal service, highest speed, safety and punctuality has made the Lake Shore the most popular line in America. Careful travellers see that their tickets read "Via Buffalo and the Lake Shore Railway." For full information concerning rates, routes and service address J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

Celery for rheumatism and neuralgia.

ANTHRACITE COAL HAS QUITE A HISTORY.

DEVELOPMENT HAS BEEN RESULT OF 115 YEARS' HEART-BREAKING TRIALS,

Anthracite coal has a history which few people know. It is particularly suitable to mention it just now when we are watching the progress of the coal strike negotiations.

In a recent statement, President Baer, of the operators, issued the following statement of the output of anthracite coal for 1905, according to size. He puts the prepared coal at 65 per cent. and the steam coal at 35 per cent. of the total output of 61,410,200 tons. The sizes he distributes as follows;

	Tons.	P.C.
Lump	1,609,887	2,62
Broken	4,238,069	6.90
Egg	7,562,411	12.13
Stove	11,765,419	16.16
Chestnut	12,249,398	19.95
Pea	8,419,097	13.71
Buckwheat No 1	8,979,273	14.62
Smaller than Buckwheat No. 1	6,586,614	10.73
Total	61,410,200	100.00

The development of the fuel to this enormous extent has been the growth of 115 years, and it has not been obtained without heart-breaking trials of the discoverers.

In 1791 the mountains around Lehigh River in Pennsylvania were clothed in primeval forests and on the eastern side there lived a hunter named Philip Ginther, with his wife and child. In the year named he stumbled over a fallen tree and a large black stone. He had heard of "stone coal" existing in the mountains, and concluded that this stone must be a specimen. He took a piece with him, and later gave it to a Colonel Jacob Weiss, who sent the specimen for examination to Philadelphia, where it was passed upon by many alleged scientists. It remained for Charles Cist, a printer, to declare that the specimen was anthracite coal. He asked Colonel Weiss to reward Ginther, and at the same time to secure as much land in the vicinity of the find as possible.

From the Blue Mountains to the Susquehanna was then an unbroken wilderness, and little difficulty was experienced in securing several thousand acres of land, through the Land Office. The following year the "Lehigh Coal Mine Company" was organized. In May an expedition was formed to explore and work the mine. This consisted of one of the members of the company as mining expert, and four laborers.

There is something pathetic in the mind's eye picture of this little forlorn hope as it marched into the wilderness to start one of the greatest industries that the world's history has ever known. They required no scientific skill; the coal was found at the root of the fallen tree, with but a thin covering of soil above the seam. A few small pits were sunk and a few tons taken out. Then the most serious questions arose: "What was to be done with it? Where was a market to be had for the produst, now that it had been found?"

Colonel Weiss used to fill his saddle-bags with the coal and ride through the country, beseeching the blacksmiths to test the fuel. Most of the people regarded the Lehigh Coal Mine Company as a humbug, if no worse, and tried their wit and sarcasm upon the association.

The Coal Mine Company still held to its faith, and had a fleet of "arks" built, to be sent down loaded with coal to Philadelphia by the earliest freshet. Of these but two lived to reach Philadelphia, the others being lost on the voyage down the rushing steam. Their crews appear to have escaped, however. But there were no purchasers for the coal, except for specimen lots.

The authorities had a steam pump in Broad street, for raising water into elevated tanks for the city's use. They were induced to try the coal, but all efforts to use it failed. Finally, the supply was broken up and used to macadamize some footpaths. This terminated the operations of the Coal Mine Company for a period of fourteen years.

This ought to have checked the enthusiasm of the adventurers, but it did not. When coal was found at Pottsville the mining was taken up again. Blacksmiths found that the anthracite actually would burn, and a Philadelphia chemist discovered that it had great heat producing properties. In 1814 a charter was granted for the improvement of the Schuylkill River, and the success of the village blacksmiths with the coal drew attention to its possibilities once more.

A Colonel Shoemaker, of Pottsville, sunk some shafts and started out with a dozen wagon loads. The failure of the Lehigh coal was not forgotten, and he was scoffed at by the multitude. He finally succeeded in selling a few tons to the nail works at Fairmount, and smaller lots to blacksmiths. All failed to ignite the coal, and Shoemaker was called every kind of a knave, and writs were issued for his arrest, and he only escaped the officers by making a detour of fifteen miles on his return home.

But the turning point had been reached, and in curious wise. Every effort had been made to burn the coal at the Fairmount nail works. A furnace filled with it had been poked and stirred and raked and blown upon until proprietor and workmen were alike disgusted and heartily cursed Shoemaker and his black stones. Dinner time came, the men shut the furnace door and abandoned the experiment in despair.

Their surprise may be imagined when, upon their return, they found the furnace doors red hot and the furnace a mass of fire. The secret was out; the anthracite only required to be let alone and neither stirred, poked or raked. Then the newspapers got hold of the story, and the character of the coal was established for good and all.

A SPRING DANGER.

MANY PEOPLE WEAKEN THEIR SYSTEMS BY DOSING WITH PURGATIVE MEDICINES.

A spring medicine seems to be a necessity. Nature demands it as an aid to enriching the blood and carrying off the impurities that have accumulated during the indoor life of the winter months. Thousands of people, recognizing the necessity for a spring medicine, dose themselves with harsh, griping purgatives. This is a mistake. Ask any doctor and he will tell you that the use of purgative medicines weakens the system and cannot possibly cure disease. In the spring the system needs building up—purgatives weaken. The blood should be made rich, red and pure—purgatives cannot do this. What is needed is a tonic, and the best tonic medical science has yet devised is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine actually makes new, rich blood, and this new blood strengthens every organ and every part of the body. That is why these pills banish pimples and unsightly skin eruptions. That is why they cure headaches and backaches, rheumatism, and neuralgia and a host of other troubles that come from poor, watery blood. That is why the men and women who use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills eat well and sleep well and feel active and strong. Mrs. Albert E. Sampson, L'Ardoise, N. S., says; "I have used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with the greatest benefit. I know of no medicine that can equal them in building up people who are weak or run down."

When buying these pills see that the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, is printed on the wrapper around the box. You can get the pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HAROLD.

Mr. W. Patterson and family spent Thursday with Mr. Robert Scott.

You should see George Bailey's smile "It's a girl."

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Snarr gave a sugar party to a few of their warm friends on Wednesday evening, April 11th.

Mrs. Earl Bailey is spending a few days at Chapman.

Mr. Fred Rongue has hired with Geo. Snarr for the summer.

Sugar making is the exercise here at present.

Mr. Robert Scott and family, also Mr. Fred Ashley took in the social at Wellman's Thursday evening.

Mrs. Kirk, of Chapman, is the guest of her daughter.

Mr. Harry Heath is preparing to put his barn on a wall

Come to Harold if you want to see good barns, and houses, too.

MASSASSAGA.

A little girl has come to brighten the home of Mr J. Wallbridge on Huff's Island.

The Massassaga cheese factory started operations on April 2, with Mr Collins as cheesemaker and T. D. Wallbridge as president.

The Epworth League was reorganized on the evening of the 4th April.

Mr. Mack, of Springbrook, visited his sister, Mrs. Harford Seeley, a short time ago.

Miss Graham, of Belleville, has been a guest of Miss B. Wallbridge.

Mr. German Seeley, who has been visiting his sisters here, has gone to Quebec to take charge of a cheese factory.

Mrs. Broad gave a very enjoyable party to her friends last week.

SIDNEY CROSSING.

It was thought at one time the fall grain would be destroyed, but the farmers in this section are glad to report fall wheat and rye in a fairly good condition.

Mrs. Toby, of Brighton, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Spafford.

Mrs. Flora Sherman, of Boston, after an absence of thirteen years, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Wm. Yateman, and other friends here.

Mr. W. W. Chown, of Belleville, conducted the services at Aikens' Church on Sunday.

Miss Ethel Johnson attended the wedding of her friend, Miss Hanna at Stirling last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Crandell, of Picton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Vandervoort during last week.

Mrs. Geo. Kincaid and son, Harry, left last week to join her husband at Redvers, Man., where he has lately located.

Mr. Harry Phillips leaves in a few days to take charge of his cheese factory near Brockville. Mr. Frank Jeffery accompanies him.

Mr. Chas. Saylor, of Bayside, who has been so seriously ill, is reported some better.

Miss C. Spafford, who has been spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. J. M. Stalker, of Toronto, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McPherson entertained the young people at their home on Wednesday evening last. A good time was reported.

The Bayside Auxiliary of the W. M.S. will hold a birthday social, in honor of the silver anniversary of that society, at Centenary Church on Good Friday night.

HEROES HONOR A DEAD HERO.

JAP SAILORS AT TOMB OF NELSON, THE GREATEST OF SEA FIGHTERS.

The London papers to hand give stories of the visit to London of the Japanese sailors sent over to man the great new warships recently built and now going into commission. The Express thus describes the visit of the crew of the Kashima to St. Paul's Cathedral;

At a little before 8.30 in the morning the cry of "Here they come!" was raised among the mass of spectators who had gathered outside Liverpool St. Station. As the dapper little bluejackets emerged into the street a hearty cheer swept through the watching ranks, followed by a confused chorus of "Banzais." The sailors broke into an answering roar of "Hello!" With that promptitude which is bred of a naval training, they climbed into the string of primrose-colored brakes awaiting them. When they arrived at St. Paul's Cathedral the visitors showed the utmost solicitude to be conducted forthwith to Nelson's tomb, which had already been described to them by their comrades of the Katori's crew. Their mien as they stood around the tomb was a most impressive study. The sentiment of veneration, almost of awe, was plainly expressed in every countenance. The tradition of ancestor-worship is still strong in the Japanese nature.

A most pleasing, half pathetic incident of this visit was the coming of Dean Gregory to welcome the band of silent, bare-headed guests. Venerable under the burden of his 87 years, he stood before these heroes of a mighty strife, and addressed them in silvery, though slightly quavering tones.

"We in England," said he, pausing that the interpreter might translate his speech, "look on the Japanese as our friends. I am sure the Japanese feel this same sentiment towards us. The Japanese are a brave race, and it is the earnest hope of all Englishmen that their destiny among the nations of the earth may prove as great as their valor, their chivalry and their humanity merit."

Archdeacon Sinclair followed with a few kindly words. Captain Ijichi returned thanks on behalf of his men for the warmth of their reception.

Will Hold an Inquest On Death at Mines.

County Attorney Anderson has been instructed by the Crown authorities at Toronto to act in conjunction with Coroner Harper, of Madoc, and hold an inquest and investigation into the case of Peter Jarvis, who was recently killed at Bannockburn through the premature explosion of a dynamite blast. It is alleged that carelessness on the part of somebody is suspected. Mr Anderson will go on Tuesday next to look into the case.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS A WORD [illegible]

"The Adventurers," one of the most fascinating serial stories ever published in The Intelligencer, will begin shortly. Watch for it.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford Also at residence, Murney St.

We are local representatives of the ALLAN LINE of steamers to the Old Country.—The SCHUSTER CO. mc30-tf

A tramp was the sole occupant of the cells last night.

The police last night in their rounds found a keg of fish which was found outside of a business place.

Read "The Adventurers," our new serial story which will begin in a few days.

Remember that in buying C.P.R. tickets from S. Burrows you can start from Belleville station. mh29-th&stf

Do you care for a tale of adventure? H. B. Marriott Watson's admirable story, "The Adventurers," is to begin as a serial in The Intelligencer in a few days. Do not miss the opening chapters.

The annual Easter concert of Albert College will be held in the College Chapel on the evening of Thursday, April 12th. Admission 15c. 7-10-11

The Ladies' Aid of St. Andrew's Church will hold a Tea and Sale on Thursday, April 12th, from 3 to 7. Home-made bread and cake for sale. Admission 10 cents. 10-11

Read "The Adventurers," our new serial story which will begin in a few days.

Picton Gazette: Steam was got up on the Niagara yesterday with the object of trying to force a passage through the ice to clear water down the bay. The attempt proved unsuccessful, however, as she proceeded only a little below the lower dock when she met ice of such thickness that she could not force a passage, and returned to her dock.

AT THE FIRST SIGN OF "SPRING FEVER"
you should take ABBEY'S SALT.

It is the only spring tonic used in thousands of homes to purify and enrich the blood—relieve that feeling of languor—and revitalize brain and body. Highly recommended by the medical profession. 25c and 60c.

A morning glass puts the whole system in trim for the day.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

DECORATING !

Our Decorative, Painting and Paper Hanging trade is ***BOOMING*** and it will continue to boom, for our decorator is behind it pushing constantly.

We have at your service a staff of workmen, par excellent, proficient, trustworthy, painstaking—a larger staff than all others in the city combined.

This department is under most excellent system and management, the only way in which to make any business pay. ***We are as particular of a $2 job as we are of one worth $200.***

We Are Always At Your Service.....

With Good Workmen, Good Materials, In Paints, Oils and Colors, Good Wall Papers, And Most Liberal Prices.

Everything we use in this painting and decorating department is purchased wholesale.
Our Lead is imported from ***England.***
Our Wallpapers from ***United States and France.***
Everything we use is purchased in the best markets and our prices are thoroughly dependable.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
Wallpapers, Paints and Oils Wholesale and Retail.

SPRINGBROOK.

The Epworth League meeting here last Friday was very interesting. The programme was taken charge of by the Bethesda League, who were out in large numbers. Mr. Ernest Timmon called the meeting to order stating the object of their visit was to carry out a system of campaign, which had been inaugurated at their last district conference. This campaign was to be under the forward movement of the society, and their battle cry was, "Pray, Study, Give." The Rev. Mr. Weatherill took the subject of "Prayer." His address was enthusiastic and inspiring. Mr. Howard McConnell gave a short but concise history of the forward movement, very instructive, and introducing the second subject "Study." Miss Flora Martin gave an interesting paper on this important feature of the programme. Mr. Ramsay then introduced the third heading, "Give." He gave some figures which were startling in their comparisons, and left much food for thought. Mr. Sherwood also spoke on this latter theme, and, in his own inimitable manner, kept the close attention of the audience for thirty minutes. The singing was unusually good, two selections by male voices being out of the ordinary. The writer has no hesitation in saying the talent exhibited, both in speaking and music, by the members of Bethesda League is far above the average. Mr. Timmon is an excellent leader. The whole league is the right sort. Please call again. The ladies of Springbrook provided a lunch for the occasion, which was served at the close of the meeting.

Mr. Cooney has returned from Belleville hospital.

Mr. Robert Wright has taken possession of the Temperance house at this place.

Mr. Sidney Mason has moved across the road in the house formerly occupied by his father, Mr. L. Mason.

HUNTINGDON COUNCIL.

Town Hall, Moira,
2nd March, 1906.

Council met. All members present. Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Moved by S. Ray, seconded by J. G. Elliott, that by-law No. 340, passed Aug. 7th, 1905, to open 40 feet of concession road in 9th con. across lot 13, be repealed.—Carried.

A petition from Owen McAvoy and 95 others, asking Council not to ask the County Council to change their decision respecting the county road between lots 6 and 7, known as the Grand Junction, but allow it to be the county road, and not the road from Moira to W. Huntingdon.

Moved by J. Gay, seconded by W. E. Tummon, that the petition of O. McAvoy be placed on file.—Carried. for delivering the roll be extended read from Chris. Henderson, stating that the Township of Huntingdon being assessed this year at its full value, an injustice would be done the ratepayers of Huntingdon, who belong to S. S. No. 1, Madoc, if 25 per cent was added same as last year, and asks the Council to investigate the matter.

Moved by S. Ray, seconded by J. Gay, that the Reeve and Clerk see the Madoc Council re the equalization of Union S. S. No. 1, Madoc, with power to act, and also to try and arrange with Madoc Review for printing.—Carried.

An order was given by W. Douglas for repairing the bridge between 6th and 7th concessions, furnishing cedar and railing amounting to $11.50.

Harford Reid was paid $12.00 for support of Mrs. Caldwell, in full to April 1st, 1906.

Moved by J. Gay, seconded by J. G. Elliott, that the collector's time
A communication was received and
until next meeting of Council.

Moved by W. E. Tummon, seconded by S. Ray, that the Court of Revision be held on the 11th of June, and that no Council business be done on that day.—Carried.

Council adjourned until the first Monday in June.

JAS. HAGGARTY,
Clerk.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents To be had at R. Templeton's drug store

GARDENVILLE.

Mr. S. Orr returned to Kingston to secure a wrecking tug for the removal of the Robert Macdonald, which was blown ashore last fall.

Miss Eva Moynes, of Frankford, returned home after a three weeks' visit with Miss F. Moynes.

Dr. Boyce and family spent Sunday at Mr. W. J. Dymond's.

Mr. J. Cross purchased a valuable horse last week.

Miss Pearl Clapp, of Bancroft, is the guest of Mrs. F. Chase.

Mrs. J. McCullough has been visiting friends in Springbrook.

Mr. A. Young gave a sugar-off to a number of friends last Wednesday night.

Mr. H. Potter, of Frankford, was the guest of Mr. O. Moynes last Sunday.

Mr. F. Snider is placing a new wall under his residence.

We are glad to see that Mr. A. Cooper is slowly improving in health.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

THE cost of living is an important thing in most homes. You may have to figure closely in these matters. A little extra on a barrel of flour may look big to you.

But there is a difference between spending money wisely and spending it foolishly.

Sometimes it is economy to spend instead of to save. It is in the case of Royal Household Flour.

Those few extra cents a week, that give you

Royal Household Flour

in preference to inferior flour, buy health.

Nothing contributes so much to the food you eat as flour, and therefore nothing should be more carefully bought. Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour is the whitest, cleanest and most nutritious flour that's milled. It is the only flour that is absolutely pure.

Ask your grocer.

OGILVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.
Montreal.

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.

103

Easter Footwear

Are your feet ready for Easter. Your Outfit will not be complete without your Easter Shoes. We have an unlimited galaxy of styles in choice Easter Footwear for men, women and children.

"Dorothy Dodd" and "Empress" Shoes for Ladies

BLOSSOM OUT IN NEW SPRING DESIGNS

AT POPULAR PRICES

The **J. J. Haines**

SHOE HOUSES—Belleville, Napanee & Trenton.

Opening Day To the Ladies of Belleville!

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 10th and 11th inst., will be our opening day for the Summer Business.

This is a new feature in our business and we believe it will be appreciated. We have gone to a lot of expense this spring in trying to make our store a bright and attractive place.

We invite you to come in and see us. Cake and cocoa will be served free on Tuesday and Wednesday from 10 to 11 a.m., and from 3 to 6 p.m. We want you to feel perfectly free to come and bring your friends. Remember the date—Tuesday and Wednesday from 10 to 11 a.m., and from 3 to 6 p.m.

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

SAFE INVESTMENTS

LOW EXPENSE

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE
Head Office: Waterloo, Ont.
P. H. SIMS, S.B. BRICKER, HON. SENATOR McMULLEN
Vice-Presidents.
THOS. HILLIARD, President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD. Supt. of Agencies.

LOW MORTALITY

HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

HIS MOTHER'S OPINION.

(From "The Brighter Day.")

Whilst walking down a crowded city
street the other day
I heard a little urchin to a comrade
turn and say:
"Say, Chimmy, lemme tell youse I'd
be happy as a clam
If I only was de feller dat me mudder t'inks I am.

"She t'inks I am a wonder, an' she
knows her little lad
Could never mix wit nuttin' dat was
ugly, mean or bad
Oh, lots o' times I sit and t'ink how
nice 'twould be, gee whiz!
If a feller was de feller dat his mudder t'inks he is."

My friend, be yours a life of toil or
undiluted joy,
You still can learn a lesson from this
small, unlettered boy,
Don't aim to be an earthly saint,
with eyes fixed on a star,
Just try to be the fellow that your
mother thinks you are.

• • •

A Cleveland court has ruled that a girl in love is not competent to teach school, and there is an old superstition that a girl who is willing to teach school is not liable to fall in love.

• • •

A Washington man, aged 108, has only commenced to sow his wild oats. Last week he was arrested for habitual drunkenness. Centenarians, like the first spring robin, appear to be very numerous this season.

• • •

A new sect has started in Montreal. It intends to abide by the golden rule and a few others, and will lay up no treasures. There is nothing original about this last article of belief The Weary Willies of this country permit other people to lay up treasures for them.

• • •

The New York Sun wants to know whether when an auto goes round a circle the smell is in front or behind. Next thing some one will be wondering aimlessly how much "forwarder" the Ontario Grits are getting.

• • •

For forging a cheque for five dollars a Virginia man was sent to prison for ten years. He would not have got more if it had been five millions, and probably it would have been twenty years if he had only stolen a ham.

• • •

The New York Tribune says: — "Merchant ships worth $50,000,000 will participate in this year's British naval manoeuvres, and the value of all the fleets engaged will be $500,000,000. These are big figures. But we must remember that the mercantile marine of the British Empire aggregates more than 17,000,000 tons." Britannia rules the sea.

• • •

A "Gospel Temperance Society" in Toronto expresses the unexpected opinion that the increase in liquor license fee is "retrogressive legislation, and not in the best interest of the temperance cause, for with the increased license would follow increased drunkenness and increased prisoners for jails and prisons that are now overflowing." This appears to be rather singular temperance doctrine.

• • •

Mrs. Christine K. Huber, is a California washerwoman who rides in an automobile purchased with money she earned over the tub. Mrs. Huber does from 18 to 24 family washings a week, and makes about $25 in six days. For eighteen years she has taken in washing, caring for five children and giving them a commendable education. She owns the house in which she lives, another house which she rents, and a farm.

• • •

The March output of the Rand gold mines is estimated by Kaffir houses in London at 440,000 fine ounces, as compared with 407,668 fine ounces in February, and 428,638 in January. This is a new high record in the history of the Transvaal. Value of above estimate, reckoning one ounce roughly at $21 1.4, is $9,350,000, against $8,658,320 in February, and $9,103,695 in January. Prior to the Boer war the high record of Rand production was $8,604,000 in August, 1899.

• • •

Speaking of the question of Sabbath Observance, Goldwin Smith says: "The subject is one on which reason and mutual toleration ought especially to prevail. An attempt violently to enforce the religious observance of the Lord's Day may imperil the observance of the day of rest." There is much truth in that. We do not have it too well protected now; if extremists provoke hostility to reasonable laws for its preservation we may find that instead of helping to save it, they are its worst enemies. It is a time for caution, toleration and education.

• • •

According to the eminent physician and surgeon, Sir Frederick Treves, we ought not to complain of sneezing, catarrh, coughing and the general discomforts that ordinarily accompany a common cold. They are not symptoms of disease, but proofs that the system is defending itself. The efforts of the sufferer, says the distinguished authority, should not be directed to stopping them directly, but to aiding nature, which is putting up a brave fight against dangerous bacteria. Indeed, a cold would in the majority of cases, prove fatal if these symptoms of resistance were not present. The presence of infection would not be discovered until the bacteria were so numerous that a fight would be hopeless. A medicine which merely stops coughing or allays inflammation may be thwarting nature's efforts to cure.

HANDED TO YORK LOAN.

Liszt Piano Co.'s Assets Assigned to Liquidators For the Benefit of Creditors — The Investigation.

Toronto, April 11.—"The Liszt Piano Co. have quietly assigned their assets to us for the benefit of the York Loan, and we are now in possession," was the statement made by an official of the National Trust Co., liquidators for the York Loan, yesterday afternoon.

The Phillips' investigation went on until nearly 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and was adjourned until this morning.

Couldn't Serve Writ on Phillips.

An officer of the National Trust Co., liquidators of the York Loan, made an unsuccessful attempt to serve notice on Joseph Phillips of the writ that has been issued, asking that he be restrained from disposing of his Toronto Life stock. The court intimated that the writ must be served on Phillips only through his counsel.

C. E. Stacey, an inspector of the York Loan and Toronto Life, acknowledged that Phillips had given him permission to write up Toronto Life insurance as a "side line," while traveling for the York Loan. From August, 1903, to December, 1904, witness received $2,000 to $3,000 for writing up insurance. From Nov 1, 1904, up to the present he had received $3,000 as commissions from the Toronto Life, besides $20 a week salary.

Commissions Paid Stock.

The 60 shares of stock on which he had paid $1,720 had been paid out of commissions he had from the York Loan and Toronto Life, and on the 10 per cent. of his salary that had been held back by the York Loan. Witness denied that he had got any cheques in favor of Phillips or the Misses Hudson.

Mrs. Mary Jane West, superintendent of the York Loan, deposed that she had sold National Monthlies under the instructions of Phillips.

"If," she added, "we sold two Monthlies and two York Loan shares, we were paid the regular commission by the York Loan. Also, if we sold three Monthlies and one share."

Witness had also sold pianos and Toronto Life insurance. One week she had written up from $10,000 to $15,000 insurance, and got a prize of $10 or $15.

"Was this paid by the York Loan?"

"Yes, I guess so. It was cashed there, too."

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Burt and the Hudson girls are subpoenaed for to-day.

Canada Will Be There.

Ottawa, April 11.—Up to date about fifty manufacturers have signified their intention of exhibiting at the New Zealand International Exhibition in November. The Government offers to pay transportation charges to New Zealand, free installation of exhibits and full maintenance, including competent attendants during the term of the exhibition

Insurance Bills Pass.

Albany, N. Y., April 11.—The Senate yesterday passed unanimously and without debate, two of the insurance bills, which had not been amended. One amends the general corporation law as to acquisition of real property by life insurance companies, the other amends the penal code so as to prohibit the giving of rebates in life insurance business.

To Tan Fur Skins.

A formula often used to tan skins with hair or fur on is this: Wash the skin and scrape off any flesh that may be sticking to it. Then wash the hair side with water and soap and rinse well. Take one pound each of salt and pulverized alum, two ounces of borax dissolved in hot water, add enough rye meal (cornmeal may answer as well) to make a thick paste and spread all over flesh side. Then fold lengthwise, with the hair side out. Let remain two weeks in an airy but shaded place; then unfold, shake well and wash flesh side with water and scrape with some sort of dull scraper. Pull and stretch and work till dry. The quantity of ingredients must be in the proportions given, but the size of the skin must determine the quantity used. The quantities named probably would be enough for two or three sheepskins.

The Play in Paris.

By a fortnight all Paris is supposed to have seen a new play. It is not considered smart to be seen at a play after it has been running for more than that time.—London Bystander.

A Difference.

He—Don't you think that some of her sayings are smart? She—They aren't, but they do.—Brooklyn Life.

WOMEN'S SENSES.

They Are, It Is Said, Less Acute Than Those of Men.

The man, when his tooth was pulled, yelled hoarsely. The next patient, a woman, bore the pain of three extractions with silent fortitude.

"Yes," said the dentist, "women endure the pangs of tooth pulling better than men, but they deserve no praise on this account. They feel the pain less. Experiments have frequently been made to test the acuteness of the masculine and feminine senses. A series of experiments were made in New York city, and they were interesting and conclusive.

"First, taste was tried. The male subjects could detect in water the presence of the sixtieth part of a grain of gall. The women couldn't distinguish the gall in a smaller quantity than the twentieth of a grain. The men's taste was three times keener than the women's.

"Next, smell. The men smelled the presence of the hundredth part of a grain of prussic acid. The women were unconscious of the acid till a quantity five times greater was set before them. In smell the men were five times the women's superiors.

"Men heard a watch ticking at a distance of ten yards; women could only hear it at a distance of two yards. The males again, you see, were five times the better. It was the same thing with sight and with touch. The men saw five times better. They felt five times more keenly and delicately.

"These experiments explain in a way the apparent anomaly of woman's wondrous fortitude to pain. Woman's senses being less acute, she is less affected by pain than man."—Exchange.

THE OYSTER.

It Was Eaten by Riparian Man Thousands of Years Ago.

It was Dean Swift who remarked that "he was a bold man that first ate an oyster," but neither Dean Swift nor any other lover of good eating has been able to find records of any time, however ancient, when oysters were not eaten, while there is ample proof that thousands of years ago riparian man not only consumed these bivalves, but was very fond of them. Thus the "kjoekkenmoeddinger" or "kitchen refuse" along the Scandinavian coasts exhibits huge hills of oyster shells from which prehistoric men ate this succulent mollusk at their feasts in the days of Thor and Odin. There is, of course, an interesting tradition which relates how, in those prehistoric days a man clad in the skins of wild beasts ran barefooted along the shore of the sea. Suddenly he caught his foot in an oyster shell, which, as it instantly closed upon him, caused him so much pain that he seized a stone to dislodge the strange foe that clung to him so tenaciously. After accomplishing his purpose he raised his hand, moist with the juice of the oyster, to his lips, with results that were so pleasing to his palate that he promptly proceeded to eat the entire bivalve. Thus, it is said, did man first discover the gustatory delights contained within an oyster shell.

The Stomach Ache.

For genuine stomach ache—that is, pain in the true stomach—you must blame the digestion. If the pain often occurs one may be sure that a serious state of chronic indigestion obtains. Then of course it is very necessary to take advice directed to that one case. But for a solitary attack there is nothing better than getting rid of the stomach contents. They cannot possibly do good and may greatly upset the system. Warm salt and water is a simple domestic emetic. When there are acid risings and burnings in the throat a teaspoonful of bicarbonate of sodium in water, taken in divided doses, may be tried.

The Adirondack Lakes.

One of the most striking phenomena of the Adirondack region is the carrying power of the human voice in still weather upon the lakes great and small. Persons ashore easily hear the ordinary conversation of others who are so far out upon the lake as to be indistinguishable, and as a great many Adirondack visitors habitually violate the law touching the slaughter of deer all such offenders are extremely careful not even to whisper a word that might betray their guilt when rowing upon the lakes.

A "Gold Brick" of Old Time.

In one of the Tell-el-Amarna letters, written during the eighteenth dynasty, the king of Babylon accuses Amenophis III. of Egypt of sending him a mass of base metal for gold. He says, "The twenty minas of gold you sent me contained, when melted down, only five minas of pure gold."—London Post.

No Competition.

"What do you consider the most memorable occasion in your career?"

"Once, at an evening performance," answered the great tenor, with emotion, "all the boxes were occupied by mutes. I shall never forget that night."

Her Cooking.

Young Wife—How do you like my cooking? Don't you think I've begun well? Husband—Um—yes. I've often heard that well begun is half done.—Punch.

Sarcastic Swift.

It was Swift who warned a friend who was extolling the air of overtaxed Ireland: "Hush! If they hear you say that, they'll certainly tax the air."

A Bad Combination.

Seads—You say he left no money? Baggs—No. You see, he lost his health getting wealthy, and then lost his wealth trying to get healthy.

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TALE OF AN ANTIQUE RUG

By Edith M. Doane

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I am a prayer rug—an "antique Gheordez" my master calls me—and I lie in a corner of the library before the shelves that hold his choicest books.

The morning sunshine envelops me in a rich flood of yellow splendor; in the evening the blazing logs in the fireplace caress me with flickering shafts of golden light; at night I lie in the soft darkness and dream happily of the days of my youth.

Allah is good. I am content.

I was an old rug, worn smooth by the bare feet of the faithful, even before I was taken from the temple and brought to this strange country across the seas. For months I lay in dark, evil smelling places, before that day when I found myself once more in the blessed sunlight amid a babel of strange sights and sounds. The worshipers in this new temple swayed and jostled each other noisily; the priest waved his arms madly. "Going, going, gone!" he cried. "Going, going, gone!"

Aside from the crowd, in the corner where I lay, two men were standing. One talked earnestly to the other, who listened with a certain embarrassment.

"Tell her what you have told me," said the first. "Go home to her now. Get down on your knees and tell her that you've made all kinds of an ass of yourself and you know it. Beg for her forgiveness. Beg for one more chance. Beg for the boy's sake, to be allowed to try again."

The other man flushed dully. "I have not been home for weeks," he said huskily. "I couldn't. I've done about all the evil a man can do—except that. I couldn't go from that other crowd to her and the boy."

"But you are done with all that now," protested the first eagerly. "You have had your fling, and you've found it yields nothing but Dead sea fruit in the end. It isn't too late to go back. She will forgive you."

"ELIZABETH," HE SAID ALMOST FIERCELY, "I LOVE YOU!"

"How can I ask her to?" said the other wearily. "Think of the grievous wrong"—

Just here I was taken up and carried over to the priest, who held me aloft in his arms, while all the people craned their necks and jostled each other in their effort to get a better view.

"An antique Gheordez prayer rug," chanted the priest. "A sapphire on an opal ground. A rug that is to other rugs what rubies are to other precious stones—rarer, more brilliant, more costly. Notice the harmony of the contrasting colors—the mosaics of the borders—the splendor of the design. How much am I offered for this superb antique prayer rug?"

Then the tide of the shouts of the devout broke against the priest's chant, and in its midst I found myself carried once more to the corner where the two men stood. They examined me carefully. The face of the one who had held back was flushed and eager.

"This is the anniversary of our wedding day," he said to the other, "and I will do it. I will go now. I will take her this rug as a thought of the anniversary and on it, where so many prayers for forgiveness have been offered, I will offer mine."

"Oh, Allah, be merciful!" he added under his breath.

So I went with him to his home, and he let himself in gently with his latchkey and tiptoed softly to the library and laid me before the fire. Then he touched a bell.

"Is Mrs. Wharton at home?" he asked the man who answered his ring, and his voice trembled in spite of his efforts to steady it.

The man eyed him curiously. "No, sir," he said respectfully. "Mrs. Wharton and Master Edward 'as been gone, sir, some days."

"Mrs. Wharton left a note, and there is other mail," he added, placing a sheaf of letters on the table and retiring with a bow.

My master tore open the small square envelope on top, and his face went ashen gray. "I have warned and prayed and entreated," he read dully, "and now I have gone where I shall at least be spared the insult of your presence. You have ruined my life and your own, but the boy shall be saved."

Under the small square envelope was a long white one. "Her lawyers," he repeated monotonously, opening it and stumbling mechanically through its legal phrasing.

Then he threw himself in a chair and buried his face in his arms on the table.

"Oh, my God!" he sobbed brokenly. "Oh, my God!"

After that night I did not see the master for many months; then one evening he came into the library, looking older and sterner, with deep lines in his face. After that he spent nearly all his evenings in the library, sometimes with friends, but oftener alone, reading or just staring straight ahead into the fire. So the days rolled into weeks and the weeks into months and years until one evening the master came and stood for a long time looking at the picture of a woman and a boy on the mantel. "Three years tonight," he said slowly; "three long years."

The curtains of the doorway parted, and a woman came forward part way into the room, a slender, graceful woman who carried her head haughtily, although her lips quivered with nervousness.

The master turned abruptly.

"Elizabeth!" he cried.

"You are surprised to see me here?"

"Elizabeth!" he said again in dazed astonishment, then: "The boy? What is wrong with the boy?" he cried sharply.

She flushed painfully. "It is because of him I am here. He has some claim on you still, even though I—have none."

She stopped abruptly and walked over to the fireplace, then turned and looked at him with proud, appealing eyes.

"I have not money enough to educate the boy properly," she said simply, "and there is no one I could come to but you—his father."

He did not answer her, but with one quick step forward took her hands in his.

"Elizabeth," he said almost fiercely. "I love you! I want you!"

Trembling, she leaned against the table.

"Love me? After all I did—the divorce—the boy"—

"The fault was mine. I loved you through it all. I have always loved you. I love you now"—

He looked searchingly at the sweet, averted face, then, with a quick, happy movement, drew her close.

"It was not until afterward that I knew how dearly I loved you," she said, with a little catch like a sob in her voice.

That was the dawn of a new era. The old silence is gone, and laughter and the soft sound of happy voices echo through the house. I am fond of them all, the master with his merry laugh, the mistress with her soft dark eyes and gracious ways, the boy who brings in troops of his admiring friends to see me.

If I sometimes long for the days of my youth—for the silence of the temple and the prayers of the faithful—what would you?

Allah alone is perfect.

I am content.

If Tom Had Been There.

The great Nelson's sovereignty was confined to the seas. On shore his valet, old Tom, ruled him completely. He was no hero to Tom, but a boy to be governed kindly, but firmly. To the end of his days the faithful old servant ascribed his master's fate to the fact that he was not aboard Nelson's ship at Trafalgar. Tom had been everywhere with Nelson until the time of Trafalgar, says a contributor to St. James' Budget. On that occasion he was detained in London too late to go to sea with Nelson, and ever afterward he used to say:

"If I had only been there Lord Nelson would not have been killed, for he should not have put on that coat!

"He would mind me like a child," the old fellow would go on, "and when I found him bent on wearing his finery before a battle I always prevented him.

"'Tom,' he would say, 'I'll fight this battle in my best coat.'

"'Oh, no, my lord, you shaun't,' I'd say.

"'But why, Tom?' he'd say.

"'Why, my lord? You just ask no questions, but fight the battle first,' I'd say, 'and then I'll dress you up in all your stars and garters, and you'll look something like. But after the battle, not before, my lord.' He got on his best coat at Trafalgar because I wasn't there to prevent him, and it was the end of him!"

She Rebuked Gladstone.

Laura Hain Friswell, in her book, tells this amusing anecdote of William E. Gladstone. Miss Friswell had been to the wedding of Sir Edward and Lady Ermyntrude Malet and was trying hard to get out of the crush. "I heard a voice saying: 'It's 4 o'clock! It's 4 o'clock! We shall be late for the house, Harcourt. We must get out.' The speaker was just at the back of me and pushing dreadfully; but I, grasping my friend's arm, stood back; then I turned my head and saw Gladstone and Sir William Harcourt.

"'What do you mean by this ungentlemanly behavior?' I asked indignantly. 'We are late for the house, madam,' returned the 'Grand Old Man.' 'And is that any reason why we should be killed by those horses? If you were men, you would keep the crowd back.'

"'She's right there,' whispered Harcourt. 'We must keep the crowd back. I beg your pardon, madam.' Gladstone looked very cross, but did as he was requested and muttered something which I took for an apology. They kept back the crowd."

AN HOUR'S WALK.

You Would Hardly Think It Meant Traveling 85,253 Miles.

Have you ever thought of the distance you travel when you are out on an hour's stroll? Possibly you walk three miles within the hour, but that does not by any means represent the distance you travel. The earth turns on its axis every twenty-four hours. For the sake of round figures, we will call the earth's circumference 24,000 miles, and so you must have traveled during the hour's stroll 1,000 miles in the axial turn of the earth.

But this is not all. The earth makes a journey around the sun every year, and a long but rapid trip it is. The distance of our planet from the sun we will put at 92,000,000 miles. This is the radius of the earth's orbit—half the diameter of the circle, as we call it. The whole diameter is therefore 184,000,000 miles, and the circumference, being the diameter multiplied by 3.1416, is about 578,000,000.

This amazing distance the earth travels in its yearly journey, and dividing it by 365 we find the daily speed about 1,586,000. Then we get the distance you rode around the sun during your hour's walk, divide again by twenty-four, and the result is about 66,000 miles. But this is not the end of your hour's trip. The sun, with its entire brood of planets, is moving in space at the rate of 160,000,000 miles in a year. That is at the rate of a little more than 438,000 miles a day, or 18,250 miles an hour.

So, adding your three miles of leg travel to the hour's axial movement of the earth, this to the earth's orbital journey and that again to the earth's excursion with the sun, and you find you have traveled in the hour 85,253 miles.

CRUDE HOUSEKEEPING.

Domestic Methods In England In the Fourteenth Century.

Carpets were unknown luxuries in England in the fourteenth century, but the fashion of strewing the apartments with rushes was being gradually abandoned. Rushes were still used in the retainers' hall, but for the better rooms sweet scented herbs and fragrant twigs were usually employed.

Windows were apertures filled with glass so as to admit light, but to exclude wind. The walls also were frequently hung with cloth or tapestry to protect the inmates of the room from the many currents of air that penetrated the strong but badly built walls. We learn from various ancient documents that it was the duty of the serving men and pages to sweep out the principal apartments, but as the use of water is rarely mentioned damp and fragrant leaves and twigs must have aided not only in collecting the dust, but also toward refreshing the atmosphere in such constantly closed rooms, fresh air being only admitted through the doors opening on to the battlements or balconies.

From old inventories at Thurleigh and elsewhere we ascertain how scantily furnished were these ancient mansions, although they seem to have been abundantly supplied with flagons and drinking cups in gold, silver and finely engraved pewter, besides an infinite number of black jacks or cups made of leather.—London Standard.

Gems and Disease.

Many curious stories of the healing of blindness and diseases by gems are to be found in ancient works, and it is said that the Emperor Theodosius was cured of blindness by a stone of great brilliancy which was laid on his eyes. What this stone was history unfortunately does not say. The diamond, ruby, emerald and opal were supposed to warn the owner of danger by changing color. Pliny says of the diamond that it is not only an antidote to poison, but that it has the power to free the mind from vain fears and to give bravery. Worn in the ephod of the high priest it determined innocence or guilt and was used to detect accused persons. This gem is dedicated to April, and, worn by those born in that month, is lucky.

There Is Plenty of Coal.

Every now and then some statistician with too much liver utters figures showing that the world's coal supply will last only a few hundreds of years. Make it many, many thousands. China has coal to burn—400,000 square miles of coal fields, some say. Japan has plenty more. Roumania has enough for the Balkan states if ever they stop burning powder and one another's houses. America's bin will be full for centuries on centuries. Great Britain and Germany will not be coalless soon. Let us worry about something else.

Tennyson's Prediction.

Tennyson predicted the day of his death. Just a year before his death friends of the poet were visiting Aldworth House. The late Lord Selborne turned to Tennyson and remarked, "You ought to be happy here." "Ah," sighed the poet, "I have only a year to live!" His hearers laughed at the remark, but it was a prophetic assertion that was verified to the minute.

A Girl's Way.

Have you noticed that when a girl has short skirts she is always teasing to have them lower, and the very day she gets them lowered she starts to hold them up?

Its Finish.

The Governess — What happened when the man killed the goose that laid the golden egg, Margie? Little Margie —Why, I guess his goose was cooked.

A man of integrity will never listen to any plea against conscience.—Tome.

A GOOD IDEA OF SPACE.

It Is Given by a Contemplation of the Star Sigma Draconis.

Stars or planets are said to be "fixed" when they are separated from us by a distance so great that a change in their orbits makes no perceptible difference in their positions, even though such "fixed" bodies may travel an orbit 100,000,000 miles in circumference in the course of a year. These "fixed" stars may be only a few paltry millions of miles away or they may be billions or even trillions of miles from the pygmy planet upon which we have our being. The most distant of all the orbs, as far as astronomers know, is the fixed star Sigma Draconis, which is separated from us by a distance so great that millions and billions of miles are only as inches and feet compared to the miles which intervene between our earth and the sun. Astronomers are noted for their propensities for indicating stellar distances with robust and well developed strings of figures, but in the case of Sigma Draconis the distance is so great that figures fail to give any conception whatever.

Light travels at the rate of 186,330 miles per second, and, reckoning the day at twenty-three hours fifty-six minutes and four seconds in length and the year at 365¼ days, an astronomical light year will equal 5,864,060,148,330 miles. The above figures, which represent the distance which light will travel in a year, when multiplied by 129 give us the distance to Sigma Draconis, or, in other words and figures, that star is 129 light years, or 756,000,000,000,000,000 miles, from us! If Sigma had been blotted out of existence before our Revolutionary war began, its light would still be shining as though the star were yet in place!

THEY ARE VERY UGLY.

The Korean Women Are the Homeliest In the World.

I think the assertion may safely be made that the women of Korea are the most unattractive in the world. One of my chief occupations during my stay in the little Hermit Kingdom has been making a diligent search for a passably pretty face. I have failed to find one. It is not that they haven't pretty eyes. They have—eyes of softest brown and gentlest expression. It is not that their features are coarse or irregular, for, while this may be true of many, it is not by any means true of all, and I have caught glimpses of as delicately molded features at Seoul as in any other part of the world.

But the Korean woman is just ugly. She may have fine eyes, she may have a pretty little nose and mouth and other features that in themselves are not at all unattractive, but as she is put together and as her mental life has made her she is ugly.

One doesn't ordinarily see much of the women of the better class in this strange little land; but, being admitted, as I have been, to the imperial palaces and several houses of high degree, I have been at least able to receive impressions. The women who are to be seen on the streets of the cities are usually slaves or servants of a low order; but, whatever they are, they, each and every one of them, look as if they had hurried out into the street without taking time to dress themselves properly.

A Moorish Legend.

A certain sultan one morning commanded his prime minister to take a census of all the stupid people in his empire and let him have the correct list. The vizier set to work, and at the head of the list, which was a very long one, he placed the name of his sovereign. The latter happened to be in a good humor and merely inquired how he came to merit that distinction.

"Sire," the minister replied, "I have entered you on the list because only two days ago you intrusted large sums of money, for the alleged purpose of buying horses abroad, to a couple of men who are entire strangers and who will never come back again."

"Is that your opinion? But suppose they do?"

"Then I will erase your name and place theirs at the head of the list."

The Turk.

The Turk practices no trade, engages in no commerce. They have a proverb which says, "The Frank has science, the American commerce, the Osmanli majesty." But, as majesty won't fill stomachs, those who do not serve as soldiers strive to become functionaries, and the men of the small villages, failing in this, do nothing, and the work of the fields and house falls upon the shoulders of the women. One chronicle states that occasionally the man of the house crochets a stocking or minds the baby for a short period.

Domestic Bookkeeping.

"And what's your reason for increasing the servants' wages, pray?" her friend asked.

"Because my husband complained that my dress and millinery bills equaled the household expenses, and I want to show him they do not."—London Tit-Bits.

Had Him.

He—Isn't dinner ready yet? She—No, dear. I got it according to the time you set the clock when you came in last night, and dinner will be ready in four hours.

After Identification.

Detective—Could you identify the man who bunkoed you? The Victim—Identify him? I'll do a good deal more than that to him if I ever get near enough.

Never let go the reins of the wild colt of the heart.

Cures Rheumatism Too.

Bu-Ju cures Rheumatism, because it cures the Kidneys. Every drop of blood in the body passes through the kidneys, to be filtered. If the kidneys are sick—tired—inflammed—they don't filter out the uric acid. It is this acid, deposited in the joints—on the nerves—that causes Rheumatism.

Bu-Ju
THE GENTLE KIDNEY CURE

cleans, heals, strengthens the kidneys—sets them to working properly—cleans the blood—stops the ache — and takes away every trace of Rheumatism and Sciatica.

THE CLAFLIN CHEMICAL CO., LIMITED,
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A Life Insurance Company may be judged by what it DOES NOT DO as well as by what it DOES DO. As illustrating the things which

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does NOT do, attention is invited to the following:

(1) It does NOT deposit its policyholders' funds in other than chartered Canadian Banks of good standing.
(2) It does NOT contribute to campaign funds; and it does NOT use policyholders' money for private or personal aggrandizement.
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NO NEW BLADES.
NO ANNUAL TAX.
ONE RAZOR LASTS A LIFETINE.
ALWAYS READY FOR USE.
NEVER GETS DULL.

PRICES
Carbo-Magnetic $2.50
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Free Booklet "Hints to Shavers."

For sale by W. W. CHOWN Co., Ltd., Belleville, Ont.

If You Suffer From
Headache
Zutoo Tablets Will Cure It.

The tablets cure my headaches so completely that I don't mind having them any more.
ANSON A. GARD,
Litterateur (Wandering Yankee),
Ottawa, Ont.

Delicate women have in your remedy something they can use with satisfaction.
MRS. THOS. PATRICK,
Bulwer, Que.

The editor of the Chronicle keeps a box in his desk and can testify from personal experience, that they do what is claimed for them.
L. E. CHARBONNEL,
Ex-Grand Master Grand Lodge, I.O.O.F.,
Cookshire, P.Q.

They are Harmless as Soda.

Cured her Father's Drunkenness by a Simple Remedy.

Saves her father from a drunkard's grave. Free sample of Samaria Tasteless Prescription checks his drinking and leads to a complete cure.

"It seemed hopeless to keep father from drinking, and we all felt the disgrace. When things were at their worst a friend advised me to try Samaria. I saw that you offered a free sample treatment and that the remedy was tasteless and could be given secretly. I determined to try it, and, have been glad every day since. The full treatment, which I gave him in his tea, cured him, and I am pleased to say he never touches whiskey now. How glad I am that I wrote you and how happy we all are together Father says that he could never have stopped drinking of his own accord."

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Address: THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 45 Jordan Chambers Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

LOST RECORDS TRACED.

Dominion Archivist Discovers Important Documents in the South.

Dr. A. G. Doughty, C. M. G., has returned to Ottawa from his visit to Louisiana and Mexico, with an exceptionally good haul of archivistic information. The ancient connection between New France and the Mississippi Valley has resulted in a remarkably large number of documents of interest to the former finding their resting-place in the latter region. Some of these are of such importance that it is a subject for some surprise that they were allowed to leave Canada. From Louisiana a flow of documents seems to have taken place; many of these are ecclesiastical, referring to affairs connected with the see of Quebec. Dr. Doughty spent most of his time in Louisiana, but paid a brief visit to Mexico, got an idea of the nature of the Mexican Archives—which comprise 70,000 volumes.

The results are most valuable. Letters exist there from Frontenac, Laval, LaSalle, Tonti, La Forest, Allonez, Hocquart, Vaudreuil, Bigot; even from King Louis himself, as well as from Sir Guy Carleton and Murray. One interesting document is a petition containing the signatures of Abraham Martin, Couillard and Hebert, three out of the eight original settlers who came out with Champlain. Hebert was the first man to cultivate the soil in New France. No specimens of the signatures of these pioneers has hitherto been known to exist. Another is La Salle's last letter to Tonti. Among the documents discovered are a number of Nova Scotia Church records, taken away by the Acadians, at the time of their expulsion. Many of these will be of great value in the researches which the Department is prosecuting into Acadian genealogies.

Important discoveries were also made among the three thousand Kaskaskia documents, of which Dr. Doughty examined a thousand. One thing which he found was a register of sentences passed by Governor Clark, which throw much light on the administration of justice in his time, and go to show that the general impression as to the absence of law and order in that era is incorrect. Many of the papers on Indian affairs properly belong to Canadian affairs; indeed, one letter from Sir Guy Carleton actually belongs to the series of letters on Indian affairs, published in the last volume of Archives, and the place in which it should be inserted can be seen on examination. An odd find was a project for the Government of Illinois, a proposal for an elementary form of administration, which is written in French, but on English paper and in an English handwriting; it is unsigned and undated. Copyist are already at work on many of these finds.

A feature of Dr. Doughty's work was his arrangement of a network of reciprocal services. At Tulane University in Louisiana, for example, he found that the authorities have forty boxes of papers which have never been examined, and he has induced them to have these looked over and such of them as refer to Canada copied and forwarded here. From St. Louis will come in due time a catalogue of documents in the hands of the Historical Society of that city. In Detroit, where there are many records of interest to Canada, and in many other places he has engaged the co-operation of local workers in the field of research. So far as the Mexican Archives are concerned Dr. Doughty has secured the aid of the Carnegie Institution and the University of Texas in extracting such portions as are of Canadian interest. These arrangements are reciprocal, Dr. Doughty being able to assist these investigators in many matters, especially with regard to documents in London and Paris, where the Canadian Archives Bureau maintains staffs of copyists, who, at no extra trouble can render valuable assistance to investigators on this side of the Atlantic.

Canned Goods.

Never forget when buying canned goods that when once the can is opened the contents should be immediately turned out. As long as the can was tightly closed—air tight—there was no danger, but it is unsafe to use food that has stood in open cans.

Corn Griddlecakes.

For corn griddlecakes take one cupful of buttermilk, one cupful of sweet cream, two eggs, salt and sugar to taste and a level teaspoonful of soda. Thicken with cornmeal and bake on the griddle.

Fashion's Echoes.

The tailor made is once more the garment of the day.

Broadcloth will be in the lead for dressy tailor gowns.

Men's overcoats are being cut shorter, less full and more form fitting.

A black broadcloth suit looks handsome with the panels of the skirt finely braided.

A revival of the deep oblong buckle is noticeable among the attractive styles of the hour.

Velvet collars are seen on many of the coats this season, and some of the more dressy ones have pipings of velvet on the front.

The "one night" represents a bag novelty. It carries gown, neckwear, necessary brushes and combs and has space for a few other articles.

Cleverly "blended" furs are the recourse of the economically disposed these days. So skillful is the manipulation of fur skins that only the expert can say whether imperial sable is what it seems or merely artfully handled marten.

The Oily Menhaden.

The oily character of the menhaden is familiar. It is caught for its oil, which is tried out in factories. Menhaden fishermen use purse nets, which are tarred to preserve them. To keep their hands from sticking to the tarred nets they rub on them a freshly caught menhaden, handling it somewhat as they would a cake of soap. So oily is the menhaden that the simple pressure thus applied is enough to bring through the scales oil sufficient for the purpose.

IN CANADIAN ROCKIES

CLIMBING THE "GREAT" CANADIAN GLACIER IN B. C.

Twenty-Five Miles Across the Snow Field, Five Miles of an Ice River 1,800 Feet In Thickness—"Great" Glacier Is More Explored Than Any Other In America Because of Its Convenience to Reach.

The word glacier is naturally associated in one's mind with Switzerland, yet this great North American continent, which has within its limits mountains, rivers, waterfalls, and other natural beauties, excelling in size and grandeur similar attractions in the Old World, possesses also among the heavily wooded Selkirks and the Rocky Mountains of the Pacific slope glaciers, which in size, beauty, and majesty surpass anything to be seen in the better known country of the Alps.

Along the Pacific coast flows the warm Japan current. The evaporation from this stream of warm water is very rapid, and, as the prevailing winds blow eastward, the heavily laden clouds pass over the low Coast and Gold ranges which skirt the shore, but on striking the higher and more rugged Selkirks and Rockies, cooling takes place rapidly, and the precipitation takes the form of snow during the greater part of the year. In the short northern summer there is not time for the snow which has fallen to melt and flow away. Consequently, conditions are most favorable for the formation of lakes of snow and rivers of ice, and this is exactly what glaciers are.

One of the largest of the Rocky Mountain glaciers in British Columbia, says The Montreal Standard, is the "Great" or "Illecillewaet" glacier. It is twenty-five miles across the snow field or neve, and the lower part or ice river is estimated to be from one to five miles in width, and 1,800 feet in thickness. This glacier is more often explored than any other in America, because it can be reached so conveniently. The foot of the glacier is only about two and a half miles distant from Glacier Station, on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. At that place are several Alpine guides brought over every year from Switzerland to conduct parties of tourists across these great ice fields.

Exploring the "Great" Glacier.

The ascent of one of these vast ice rivers is an experience well worth the while, although a trying one to the novice in the science of mountain climbing. The outfit consists of heavy woollen underclothing, a knickerbocker suit, a pair of stout hobnailed shoes, woollen stockings, a thick sweater, a pair of rough doeskin gloves, a combination alpenstock and axe, and a coil of rope, several cakes of chocolate, and, most likely, a flask of general comfort and encouragement. It is an easy journey to the foot of the glacier, over trees and rocks. As the glacier is approached, one comes to the moraine, or stretch of rocks and stones, which, in ages gone by, has been carried down by the glacier and left there as it melted. For a couple of hundred yards the mountain climber makes his way jumping from rock to rock. Then he comes face to face with the great sheet of ice.

Full of Perilous Chasms.

The glistening track which looked so smooth and easy through the telescope on the observatory of the hotel, is now seen to be full of chasms and crevasses, often of great width and of a depth past finding out. Just at the foot of the glacier, ice caves and green grottos stretch inward, out of which trickled clear, cold, blue-green streams, the water of the slowly melting glacier. Hundreds of these take their rise from under the mass of ice, and, uniting, form foaming mountain torrents which rush pell-mell down the slope to become tributaries of the larger rivers.

At the foot of the glacier the ice wall looks to be only twenty or thirty feet thick, but during the ascent, if one lies flat to hang for a moment over the edge of some chasm in an attempt to penetrate the icy depths, the thickness of the glacier appears to be hundreds of feet. These chasms or crevasses have been at one time but mere cracks, no wider than the blade of a knife. The cracks gradually increase in size, until at times they are a thousand feet in length, a hundred feet wide, and of a depth interminable.

Cautiously making one's way, by the support of the alpenstock, one of the most interesting sights is that of rivers of water, caused by the melting of the glacier, flowing over this river of ice. The water flows for some distance on the surface until a crevasse is reached. Down these chasms the water leaps, making in many cases beautiful waterfalls. Sometimes deep wells or moulins are formed, filled with water. In other cases the giant aperture is, to all appearances, dry, but on listening the sounds of subterranean streams are heard echoing through icy tunnels far below.

Chopping an Ice Stairway.

When a particularly steep place on the glacier side is reached, steps in the slopes are chopped out by the guide. The rope is fastened round his waist, and then around the waists of the remaining members of his party, who are "strung on the line," like beads on a necklace, at intervals of about twenty feet. This is done in order that any unfortunate who "takes a tumble" may be hauled up into place again on the perilous path. The slant on the glacier side is sometimes 50 per cent., and for short distances more. A wall of ice rises in front, and bit by bit, placing the feet carefully in the niches cut by the guide, the daring climber surmounts the obstacles and comes out finally on the snow field or neve, which is in itself the course of the glacier.

The moisture of the air is precipitated on the tops of the high mountains during practically the whole year in the form of a fine, granulated, sandlike snow. Under the influence of cold and pressure this is compacted into the hard, clear ice of the glacier proper. Layer upon layer of this forms under the newly-fallen snow, and in the lower tracts the snow disappears entirely, the solid ice reaching the surface.

Over the neve or snow region it is difficult, but not so dangerous climbing. The snow is perhaps fifteen to eighteen inches deep, and it is just a case of patient plodding in the footsteps of the burly guide till the highest point is reached, where a short rest is taken and a snack of the aforesaid comfort. The ascent has occupied perhaps seven or eight hours. There are no hospices on the summits of these mountains, as there are in Switzerland, and perforce the return journey must be immediately begun. The descent is, of course, easier, but it must be made none the less carefully. In a sense, it is more tiring, as every one can vouch who has attempted to hold himself back from being precipitated down hill for a duration of several hours. In the late evening the hotel is reached after a day of strenuous toil, but one which has, nevertheless, paid for itself in new experience, in wonderful views of snow and ice.

Moves 180 Feet a Year.

The rate or flow of each glacier varies according to the steepness of the mountain slope and the pressure of the ice mass. The Great Glacier flows about 180 feet in the year. Some flow more rapidly. The great Agassiz, sixty years ago, explained to the world this hitherto mysterious phenomenon, and since that time observations have been made by means of scientific instruments which prove that glaciers move slowly.

The glacier not only moves onward down the valley till the melting point is reached, where the heat of the sun is sufficient to counteract the movement of snow and ice, but the "foot" of the glacier recedes or advances according as the summer is long or short, hot or cold. If a hot summer, the foot of the glacier will recede perhaps 50 or 60 feet. If the melting has not been as great as usual, the foot of the glacier will reach a point further down the valley.

Senator George A. Cox.

Senator George A. Cox, president of the Canada Life Assurance Co., is, says The Globe, one of the outstanding figures in the financial life of Canada. Senator Cox is a Canadian, having been born in Colborne, Northumberland County, May 7, 1840. His parentage is English. He attended the public and grammar schools of Colborne until February, 1856, when he entered the service of the Montreal Telegraph Co. After two years' service, and when only eighteen years of age, he was placed in charge of the agency at Peterboro'. He remained there for thirty years, and has still extensive interests in that city. He was Mayor of Peterboro' for seven years, being returned four times by acclamation. In 1871 he stepped into the Provincial Parliamentary field and won West Peterboro' from W. H. Scott. The election was set aside, however, and in the following year he was defeated by a majority of one. In 1887 he again contested the same riding for the House of Commons, but was defeated by 16 by James Stevenson. In 1878 he became president of the Midland Railway, holding the position until 1884. During his term the amalgamation of the Grand Junction, Whitby & Port Perry, Victoria & Toronto and Nipissing Railways was effected, and the consolidated roads sold to the Grand Trunk. It was in 1884 that Mr. Cox became president of the Central Canada Loan & Savings Co., and in 1885 a director of the Canadian Bank of Commerce. In 1890 he became president of the latter. He is president of the Western Fire and Marine Insurance Co. and the British America Fire and Marine Insurance Co. Senator Cox is a Methodist, a temperance man, Bursar of Victoria University, and President of the Ontario Ladies' College.

Mark Twain's Indecision.

Mark Twain in his earlier days did not enjoy the prosperity which came later in his career. In a conversation with William Dean Howells on one occasion, the subject of literary vicissitudes was broached by the humorist.

"My difficulties taught me some thrift," he observed. "But I never knew whether it was wiser to spend my last nickel for a cigar to smoke or for an apple to devour."

"I am astounded," observed Mr. Howells, "that a person of so little decision should meet with so much worldly success."

Mark Twain nodded very gravely.

"Indecision about spending money," he said, "is worthy of cultivation. When I couldn't decide what to buy with my last nickel, I kept it, and so became rich."

His Head Saved.

In the House of Commons no incident is greeted with more hearty laughter than that of a member who, after an eloquent oration, plumps down on his silk hat on the bench behind him. A young member who had just made his maiden speech sat upon his new silk hat. There were roars of laughter. An Irish member immediately arose and gravely said: "Mr. Speaker, permit me to congratulate the honorable gentleman upon the happy circumstance that when he sat on his hat his head was not in it!" This remark upset the dignity of the House, and the Speaker called "Order, Order," amid roars of laughter.

Tycho Brahe.

It was the great eclipse of Aug. 21, 1560, that turned Tycho Brahe into an astronomer. He was in his fourteenth year at the time, a Danish boy of noble origin, and had been destined first for the army and then for the law. But the accuracy with which the eclipse was predicted impressed him with the belief that astronomy was a divine thing, and thenceforward he devoted his life to it. The debt of astronomy to Tycho Brahe not only for his own work, but as the man who shaped the genius of Kepler, can scarcely be overestimated.

Dinner In a Bell.

In the tower of Erfurt cathedral hangs a huge bell ten feet high and thirty feet in circumference, weighing thirteen tons. Within this in July, 1713, dined ten of the town's most opulent burghers on dishes cooked in a kitchen temporarily erected on the beam that supported the ponderous mass of tintinnabulary metal. To celebrate this repast medals were struck, having on the obverse the portraits of the guests and on the reverse the representation of the curious scene.

Tired Doctoring

How many people in Canada are ***tired doctoring?*** How many have gone from one doctor to another searching for the health they cannot find? How many, disheartened and hopeless, are wondering today if all the sunshine and pleasure has gone out of life forever? They are the ones to whom Psychine is recommended by people who were once as they are but who today are healthy and happy. We can only mention a very few of the many here, but listen to what they say. It's the grandest news ever given to suffering men and women:—

MR. JAMES HERRELL, Springhill, N.S.—

"I was taken down with La Grippe, then Pneumonia and Typhoid Fever, which soon affected my lungs. I was under the care of several physicians, who regarded my case as hopeless. I found a cure in Psychine."

MISS ELLA WOOD, Brownsville, Ont.—

"I was so weak I could hardly drag myself across the floor. I could not sweep the carpet under any consideration. Many times I dropped utterly helpless from fatigue. I found a cure in Psychine."

MR. ALEX. MATHESON, Braemar, Ont.—

"My physician advised me to go to another climate. He told me that my lungs were seriously affected, and that I could only live a short time. I found a cure in Psychine."

MISS ADA M. CHILDS, Florence, Ont.—

"For many months my father had a very bad cough and rheumatism through his chest. He suffered great tortures, and had given up all hope of recovery. He found a cure in Psychine."

MR. BRYCE ALLEN, Jarvis, Ont.—

"I tried medicines, and doctors prescribed for me, but I got no relief. With lungs and stomach diseased, nervous, weak and wasted, I began to use Psychine. With two months' treatment I found a cure in Psychine."

These people were ***tired doctoring,*** just as you are. They thought life held nothing for them but pain and suffering and that terrible feeling of weakness and despondency. They found new life in Psychine, and what the great tonic and germ killer has done for them it will do for you. It stops the ravages of disease and repairs the damage done. The greatest builder-up of weak men and women ever given to the public, the greatest of all spring medicines is

PSYCHINE

(Pronounced Si-Keen)

50c Per Bottle

LARGER SIZES—$1 and $2. AT ALL DRUGGISTS

CLOSING PEKING'S GATES.

Noisy Ceremony Performed Daily at the Chinese Capital.

The closing of the gates in Peking just because it goes on daily and may apparently go on daily for centuries to come is probably one of the "sights" least witnessed and talked of save by those foreigners who may have chanced to "run for it" near closing time. The daily performance is marked with a due ceremony which is quaint and full of interest to the intelligent onlooker, as the closing by no means signifies the mere bringing together of the heavy wooden doors and barring the emperor's highway against all comers.

At the appointed hour a preliminary signal is given by a large gong or iron shield being struck with a big iron bar fifty times in such quick succession as almost to defy calculation. This is followed by a signal of 100 blows repeated in precisely the same fashion three times. When the third and last cycle of gong strokes is entered on a number of old and at this season very much bewadded and muffled up old "Charlies" start a series of discordant yells to all and sundry to "hasten" or they will be shut out. This combination of signals is followed by a jostling stream of people in both directions.

Presently the rush slackens until only a solitary pedestrian or possibly a man on a donkey, full tilt, a belated rickshaw or a heavily laden cart struggles through. Then a movement is made with the gates, yelling bursts out afresh and another rush ensues, the gates being meanwhile half closed and occasionally opened a little way again until, the outgoers having meanwhile ceased, there is a final scrimmage to get into the city, and the process of closing, which has taken some half hour in all, is concluded.

The huge iron plated doors having clanged to, a monster iron pole is dragged up and placed across them on iron supports, being retained in position by a padlock of enormous proportions and of the well known Chinese type. There are in all nineteen gates, and the same ceremony is observed at each, but at such thoroughfares as the Hatamen there is naturally more traffic, and the process is probably proportionately longer.

Trifles.

We are often reminded of what Mrs. Chillingly said when asked who managed her household. Her reply was, "My husband has agreed that I may decide upon all the small questions if I will let him decide the large ones." As small ones arose many times each day and large ones only at intervals of months, it ended in her "ruling the roost."

The Baroness Macdonald.

The Island of Jamaica is the birthplace of three distinguished women, including Lady Holland, the Empress Josephine and the Baroness Macdonald of Earnscliffe, widow of the late Sir John A. Macdonald. Perhaps this accounts to a degree for the political affinity that at times manifests itself between Canada and Jamaica. Lady Macdonald is a daughter of the late Hon. F. J. Bernard, a member of the Privy Council. She was born, as stated, in Jamaica in 1836, and at an early age was taken to England, where she was educated. Her first visit to Canada was at the age of eighteen, when, with her mother, she came to Ottawa on a visit to her brothers, Messrs. Hewitt and Richard Bernard, then young lawyers at the capital. There she met Sir John A. Macdonald, and in the year of Confederation, 1867, they were married. During many critical moments of his career as Premier Lady Macdonald was at his side. It was after her husband's death that Queen Victoria created her a Peeress in her own right, with the title Baroness Macdonald of Earnscliffe.

Canadians Eat of Catalo.

In serving as the principal feature of its recent annual dinner at the Hotel Astor, New York, a giant roast of catalo, a hybrid of the American bison and domestic cattle, the Canadian Camp achieved a double victory in supplying its guests and members with an entirely novel dish and at the same time one which all gladly partook of even after learning what it was. Dr. G. Lennox Curtis, president of the camp, was toastmaster, and speeches were made by Col. Jones, Hon. Dr. Reaume, Commissioner of Public Works for Ontario; Jean Prevost, the Quebec Minister of Fisheries, and others. Dr. Curtis read a letter from Lord Minto, Viceroy of India, and former Governor-General of Canada, expressing regret that he had been unable to find during his brief residence in India anything sufficiently rare to send for the camp's feast.

Oxford's Oldest Woman.

One hundred and twelve years is the age that was claimed for Aunt Dinah, as Mrs. Hannah Stewart, the centenarian colored woman of this county, was affectionately called by her many friends. She passed away at the House of Refuge at Woodstock recently. Where she came from originally is not known. It is believed she was a slave for many years in the southern States. About sixty years ago she ran away and came to this, the free country, settling in East Zorra. There she lived until the House of Refuge was built, twelve years ago, when she took up her residence there. At that time it was generally conceded that she was a centenarian. In spite of her extreme age she was bright and active. She was very reticent about herself, and no person could learn from her the eventful story of her life.

As to Fags.

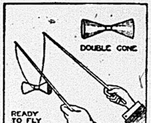
Oh, yes, we've heard of brain fag. But isn't it strange that so few people have chin fag?—Chicago Tribune.

THE FLYING CONE.

An Odd Chinese Toy and How to Make and Work It.

This interesting and in many respects remarkable toy had its origin in China, where the peddlers use it to announce their coming by the humming sound that it produces. Of course it was made of heavier material and of a larger size in its original farm, but when it was introduced into Europe it became so popular that men, women and children played with it and an eminent scientist, a professor in the University of Cambridge, spent much time in studying its movements and finally succeeded in explaining it mathematically.

To make the toy fit together two cones at their points. Then get two small, light sticks about two feet long each and fasten a string a yard long to an end of each.



THE FLYING CONE.

The player holds the other ends of the sticks, one in each hand, allowing the string to rest on a table. He then places the double cone near the right hand stick at the middle joint, where the cones are joined. The illustration will show you how they are joined.

The cone having been placed near the stick on the right, the player lifts that stick steadily, and the cone begins to revolve and run down the string. Now toss the cone up a little way and bring the string back to its original position, and the cone will continue to revolve. Repeat this slight movement until the cone is revolving rapidly.

As you acquire skill with it you may toss the cone high into the air and catch it spinning on the taut string or you may make it run up the stick to your arm.

Don't be discouraged if you cannot do this at first. Keep at it, and it will give you more fun than spinning a top ever did when you become expert. Various other feats with it will suggest themselves when you have become sufficiently skillful.

Tuning Church Bells.

The bellmakers were finishing a huge bell for a magnificent church. Beside them stood a piano. One struck a note of music from the instrument; the other struck the bell a blow with a hammer.

"Cla-a-ng!" sounded the mellow metal, and the man beside the bell took up his tools and chipped a small piece from its edge.

"Still too high," he said. "Now, once more, George."

Again the piano was struck, and again the bell was struck.

"Still high," said the workman, and he carefully chipped off another piece of metal.

"Won't you ruin that bell, chipping it so?" a clergyman stopped to ask.

"Why, bless you, no sir," said the bellmaker. "You always have to chip a bell to bring it to the required tone. Every bell, after it's done, has to be tuned, and the only way to tune it is to chip it this way."

"Truth Is Stranger," Etc.

Cautious Customer—But if he's a young horse why do his knees bend so?

Dealer—Well, sir, to tell yer the 'onest truth, the poor animal 'as bin living in a stable as was too low for 'im, and 'e's 'ad to stoop.—Sketch.

Willing.

"Now," began the philosopher, "take the life of your neighbor, for instance. He"—

"I'd do it in a minute," interrupted the practical man, "if the law would not interfere. He's learning to play the cornet."

Not Anxious to Please.

Neptune—I say, Boreas, if you keep on blowing like that you'll get yourself disliked. Boreas—What do I care! It isn't my business to furnish popular airs.

Nothing serves better to illustrate a man's character than the things which he finds ridiculous.—Goethe.

"GOOD GROWING WEATHER."

When the New Scalp Antiseptic Is Used.

A good head of hair is as much a "crown of glory," for man as it is for woman, notwithstanding all the poetry on the subject applied to the female sex exclusively. In the season when flies bite, the bald-headed man can sympathize with the Egyptians who were so sorely plagued on account of the children of Israel. Why not try Newbro's Herpicide? Others have been benefited and are loud in its praise. It cleanses the scalp, kills the germ at the root of the hair and by keeping the scalp sweet, pure and wholesome, the hair is bound to grow as nature intended, regardless of the temperature. Try it and be convinced.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

CZAR PAUL'S WIG.

An Officer Tweaked It and Won a Bet and Promotion.

Paul, the eccentric czar of Russia assassinated in 1801, was very particular as to his dress and considered trifling matters as of supreme importance. This peculiarity was once taken advantage of by an officer of the guards, Major Vaksel, to win a bet. The major, the wildest joker in the army, wagered several hundred rubles that he would tweak the tail of the emperor's wig on parade.

The very next day the emperor happened to be present at an early parade and, as destiny ruled it, took a position for a moment immediately in front of the daring major. Breathless with excitement and terror, Vaksel's companions beheld that rash officer's right hand steal slowly from his side, rise to the level of the czar's neck and give the wig's hanging tail a most decided tweak.

In an instant the emperor's face, pale with fury, was turned upon Vaksel's countenance, which, however, only reflected an expression of childlike innocence, mingled with the most deferential astonishment.

"Who dared to do that?" asked the enraged czar, his eyes giving flashing evidence that his most dangerous mood was upon him.

"I did, your majesty," said Vaksel, who, however his heart may have fluttered, managed to preserve outwardly an unruffled calm, together with an expression of innocent surprise. "It was crooked, your majesty," he added, in a confidential undertone. "I straightened it for fear the younger officers should see."

Paul's countenance cleared at once. He stared fixedly, however, at Vaksel's innocent looking face for some seconds. Vaksel admitted afterward that this was the trying moment, and he had said to himself, "If I waver I'm lost!" Then the czar spoke, and spoke so that all might hear.

"I thank you, colonel," he said.

If ever a step in rank was gained by the purest effrontery it was so acquired on this occasion, and Vaksel left the field, not only promoted to a coveted position in the guards, but richer by many hundred rubles as the result of his wager.

THE SACRED LOTUS.

There Are Pretty Legends of Song and Story About Its Fruit.

Concerning the rich fruit of the lotus, which grew luxuriantly in the Nile, many charming legends have been told. It was believed that it was so delightful that those who ate of it would never leave the spot where it grew, but for it would abandon home and friends to spend their lives in a dream of serene delight. Homer, in the "Odyssey," mentions the lotus eaters who lived on the northern coast of Africa and records their attempts to detain the followers of Ulysses by giving them the fruits of the lotus to eat, so that they should never wish to leave the spot where it grew.

The same poetical idea is known to the Arabs, who call it the "fruit of destiny," which is to be eaten in paradise, and it is on this foundation that Tennyson built his charming poem of the "Lotus Eaters." This mythical lotus has been identified by several botanists with that indigenous to Tunis, which is a thorny shrub, with berries of the size of an olive.

Mungo Park found a species of lotus in Central America bearing berries of a delicious taste, which, on being dried and pounded, made very wholesome and pleasant bread. The lotus fruit found in Tunis has a stimulating, almost intoxicating effect, and it is therefore probable that this plant furnished the foundation of the ancient legends.

The sacred lotus of the Egyptians was a fine aquatic plant, dedicated to Osiris and Isis and regarded in Egyptian delineations as signifying the creation of the world. Distinct from this lotus was that known as the blue lotus of the Nile, also a sacred plant. Both these species of lotus occur frequently as religious symbols and decorations in the temples.

The Name of the Vatican.

The Mons Vaticanus is sometimes said to have received its name from vaticinium, an oracle or prophecy, for tradition says that Numa chose the Vatican hill as a sacred place from which to declare to the people the messages he received from the gods. It is not, however, one of the seven hills on which ancient Rome was built, but forms a part of the ridge beginning with the Janiculus and ending with Monte Mario, all of which was outside the ancient limits of the city. In our day the name is applied only to the immense pontifical palace adjacent to and connected with the basilica of St. Peter's.

Easter Elegance

IN MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S

Suits, Topcoats, and Raincoats

You'll be "right in line" in the Easter style parade if your finery bears the Quick & Robertson label. That means not only that you'll get up-to-the-minute style and perfect fit, but that you'll be sure to have the kind of garments that suit you individually, for you select here from the largest and choicest variety in the city. Prices range from—

$5.00 to $22.00.

Full Dress and Tweed Suits and Prince Albert Coat and Vests

These garments are a revelation to the man accustomed to paying his tailor a fancy price for them. We carry a complete range of sizes and when occasionally the fit is not just right, we do exactly what a custom tailor does when he has a "try on"—adjust the garment to the man just as correctly as the tailor would.

Prices $15.00 to $23.00

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Boy's Easter Outfits

Everything for the boys same as for the men—Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishings that embody style, character and quality—a department that acknowledges no equal in Belleville.

Exclusive Easter Neckwear

Is a revelation in itself For style, newness and complete variety, it is positively the greatest showing in the city.

Men's Easter Gloves

All the best makes—Dent's, Fowne's, Perrin's, etc., in all the new and correct shades—regular or cadet—(short finger) all sizes.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50

Men's Easter Hose

All the new things for your low shoes are here in silk, lisle, cashmere, cotton, etc., in all colors, at all prices, from ***10c to 75c.***

Woodrow's Silk Hats, $6.00 Quality for $5.00

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

STYLISH HATS

You need the stylish, reliable Hat. Our stock comprises all the newest shapes and colors.

HAVE A LOOK AT THEM

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURING FURRIER.

N. B. Highest cash prices paid for Raw Furs.

IN TIME FOR EASTER

We have never been known to be a minute late in our offering seasonable articles in

FURNISHINGS

As soon as the manufacturer makes anything new in our line, we've got it.

Always something new in Neckwear.

Chas. J. Symons
298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.
Millinery and Corset Specialist.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Beg to announce to the ladies and gentlemen that they have made satisfactory arrangements with us to hold daily demonstrations for two weeks, commencing Monday, April 16th regarding treatment of the Hair and Scalp. They respectfully invite everyone to call and consult with them. Come and see the Long, Beautiful Hair, grown by the use of the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Hair Grower and Hair and Scalp Cleaner.

WATERS' Drug Store

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON
Phone 112.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

It is claimed the carrot forms blood and beautifies the skin.

Back Combs

The Back Comb is again the feature of prominence, and as is usually the case with such ornaments of richness and elaboration are carried to extremes

Styles are high and narrow, broad with but a narrow portion of shell above the comb and the mountings are colored in Rose, Roman and Dull Green finish, with and without stones, in silver and gold filled.

Prices, 75c to $5.00

T. BLACKBURN

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

For . . . Sore Eyes

Such as weak, painful or inflamed eyes, red lids, excessive tears, etc., (though many of these symptoms may proceed from Eye-Strain and should be examined which we will do free of charge) or any case that medicine will benefit, our Eye Lotion will give immediate relief and in fit cases permanent cure. Try it—***Only 25 cents per Bottle.***

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the ***Second Door from Waters' drug store*** on ***Bridge St.*** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

—And all Kinds of—

SILKS and FLOSSES

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

Alleged Grain Robbery Is Being Investigated.

WALTER AND JOHN LUCAS ON TRIAL BEFORE MAGISTRATE FLINT — CAR FROM WHICH CORN WAS SAID TO HAVE BEEN TAKEN WAS 1400 POUNDS SHORT IN WEIGHT.

The police court room was this morning filled with people who appeared to be interested in the proceedings against Walter and John Lucas, two brothers, who were jointly charged with theft of flour, grain, etc., from bonded G. T. R. cars, at the station yard here.

Mr. Anderson, County Attorney, represented the Crown, and Mr. W. Carnew looked after the prisoners' interests.

Mr. Carnew stated that Walter Lucas pleaded not guilty and elected to be tried by Magistrate Flint.

THE TALE OF AN AUGER.

Mr. Shorey, sworn, said he was a general merchant at Canifton, and on the 3rd of March sold to Walter Lucas an auger and some other goods. Lucas did not tell him what he wanted the auger for. It was a 2-inch auger. A few days after John Lucas was arrested Walter Lucas saw witness and asked him if any parties had asked him (witness) about the auger. Witness answered no. The auger produced resembled the one he sold to Lucas. Never bought flour or grain from either of the Lucas'. Witness knew Mrs. Bruce Foster, whose daughter, Grace, came to his place with a message.

Mr. Carnew — "I object to anything that may have been said between the daughter and witness, relating to my client, Walter Lucas."

Mr. Anderson — "I will stop. You can take the witness."

Cross-examined — Walter Lucas was at witness' place of business sometimes twice a week. Lucas' account, in less than a year, was about $75. Never knew of Walter Lucas having bought any hardware except the auger. A detective was at witness' place, and he told him about the conversation in reference to the auger. The sale of the auger was not an unusual occurrence.

Re-examined—Witness had known Walter Lucas for some time and had never known him to have been in trouble before.

OFFICER HAYES TESTIFIES.

Police Officer Hayes, sworn, said that, in company with Detective Harnett, she visited Walter Lucas' place. They found two augers. The [illegible] Canifton for the purpose of boring holes in a hay rack. Witness examined the hay rack but there were no holes bored in it. This was on the 3rd of April. Mrs. John Lucas was at the place at the time. Witness had a conversation with Miss Callery, postmistress at Canifton, in reference to the case in question. Some coupling pins used on the G.T.R. and a hammer bearing the G. T. R. mark were found on the premises occupied by Walter Lucas.

Cross-examined — The G. T. R. detective appeared on the scene on the 29th of March, and Walter Lucas was arrested that day. They made the search of the house that day and in the evening placed Walter Lucas under arrest. He was arrested on the road between his home and Holloway. Walter did not make any explanation as to when or how the coupling pin and other articles which they found came into his possession. The bolts were in a trunk and a number of articles were on top. A search was made for two-inch auger holes, but none were found. On the Saturday evening previous to the arrest of Walter Lucas some loose corn, in considerable quantity, was found in the river on the Canifton road.

Re-examined — On the 3rd of April there were no holes bored in the hay rack.

DETECTIVE HARNETT.

Mr. James H. Harnett, sworn, said he was a G. T. T. officer and came here to look into the matter of car-breaking. He was here a day or two before he laid any information. Witness saw Mrs. John Lucas and had some conversation with her. Walter Lucas and his father were there at the time. This was at the father's residence, in Thurlow. This was on the 28th of March. Before Walter Lucas was arrested, witness, in company with Officer Hayes, made a search of the premises where Walter made his home. The auger produced was found up over a door in a shed, and was partially covered up with straw. They also found some fish bolts, and a large chisel stamped "G. T. R." They arrested Walter Lucas whilst he was riding upon a load of hay, on the road leading to Holloway. Constable Hayes questioned Lucas as to what he wanted with the auger, and he said he purchased it to bore some holes in a hay rack. Lucas did not tell, when he was arrested, where he purchased the auger.

After the arrest witness and Officer Hayes examined the hay rack and there were some small holes in the rack, but no two-inch auger holes. Witness received from Mr. Coppin a large wooden plug which had been used in plugging a hole in the bottom of a car.

Cross-examined — Walter Lucas, when arrested, said that the auger was purchased for the purpose of boring holes in the hay rack he was driving. The auger at that time had not been shown to Lucas. Lucas told the truth as to where he purchased the auger. Witness was positive that the auger was hidden, being covered with straw. Made a search about the premises for two-inch auger holes, but could not find any.

A CORBYVILLE WITNESS.

James Hume testified that he resided at Corbyville. He remembered a car of corn coming to that village. He weighed the grain and car, and 58,600 pounds was the weight. The number of the car was 5286. The gross weight of the car and corn when shipped was 60,000 pounds. Witness examined the car. The seals were all right and had not been broken. In the under part of the car he found a large plug, which showed that the car had been bored. The corn was loose in the car. It was about a two inch hole.

Cross-examined — Could not say that cars had before come short of weight, as he does not receive the invoice. Witness weighs the car and contents and sends the weight to the Corby Company's office at Belleville. Witness never made a minute examination of the plug or hole in the car. He made no measurement of the hole.

MRS. JOHN LUCAS.

Mrs. John Lucas testified that Walter Lucas was a brother of her husband, John Lucas. She had some conversation with the post-mistress at Canifton about this matter; also had a conversation with Detective Harnett and Police Officer Hayes. She pointed out to the officers the wagon that belonged to Walter. Told them where Walter was the afternoon before the robbery occurred. On the night of March 21st, when she went to bed, there was no flour or grain in their house. Walter was there that afternoon. Walter and Smily, another brother, left in the early evening and later John went away. She got up later in the night and let her husband in. Witness did not remember telling the post-mistress that some one was putting grain in their house during the night. In her bedroom were four bags of flour. She saw printed marks on the bags, but could not tell what the marks were. She took the flour out of the bags. When she got up in the morning her husband was already up. Did not hear him when he arose. Did not see any person come in with her husband. She had no idea of the time when he came in. When she saw the four bags of flour in her bedroom she was surprised. Did not see Walter again until after John had been arrested. This was two days after. He asked her if she would like to move down to his place, and she subsequently went down Walter never mentioned anything to her about the flour or grain being in the house. Never saw the auger produced. The trunk in which the bolts were found, belonged to her, but she was unable to state how they came in it. When John was arrested witness never told Officer Hayes that the four bags of flour had been in her house for two months. Never told Moorman that such was the case. Walter moved her down to his place two days before he was arrested. She did not see any sacks of flour or grain at Walter's place.

At this stage of the proceedings the court adjourned until 3 o'clock.

GRIT LIE NAILED.

MR R R. GAMEY, M. P. P., WILL NOT BE APPOINTED CHAIRMAN OF THE TEMISKAMING MINING COMMISSION.

It was stated yesterday by certain Grit papers that Mr. R. R. Gamey, M.P.P., for Manitoulin, was to be appointed chairman of a certain mythical mining commission. To-day's Globe contains the following pretty effectual denial of the rumor:

"The revival of the rumor that Mr. R. R. Gamey, M.P.P. for Manitoulin, will be appointed upon the Temiskaming Mining Commission, was referred to Hon. Mr. Cochrane last night. He emphatically stated that the appointment of a commission of the nature mentioned had not been considered by the Government, consequently no person or persons had been named or thought of for positions on any such body, should one eventually be appointed.

"Mr. Gamey himself sent a written denial to the Press Gallery of the Legislature.

"It would not be surprising if a commission of the nature mentioned was not appointed by the Government. There is a strong inclination, The Globe understands, in favor of dealing with the limit and the lease of mineral sections on the Temiskaming & Northern Ontario right of way through officials of the Mining Bureau."

A Small Fire.

The explosion of a lamp in a bedroom at Mr. Gordon's, opposite the G. T. R. station, gave the Fire Brigade a run at 3.50 this afternoon. Little damage was done.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

TO LOOK AFTER TEETH OF PUPILS.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS ACT PUTS SUCH A DUTY ON BOARDS OF EDUCATION.

There was introduced in the Legislature, on April 3rd, 1906, "An Act to Amend the Public Schools Act," the sponsor of the Act being Mr. Craig, M.P.P. It provides that:

65a.—(1.) In any case where a petition is presented signed by a majority of the parents or guardians of children attending the public schools, and where provision has been made by any dental hospital board for the care of the teeth of the children, of parents or guardians unable to pay for the same, without charge, the public school board of any city, town or incorporated village may pass a resolution requiring that every pupil attending the public schools of such city, town or village shall be required once every six months either to produce to the teacher of the school at which such pupil attends a certificate from a duly qualified dental surgeon, stating that the teeth of such pupil are in a sound and healthy condition and do not require dental treatment, or submit to have his teeth examined by a dental inspector to be appointed as hereinafter provided.

(2) Every such school board may by resolution appoint a duly qualified dental surgeon to be dental school inspector for such city, town or incorporated village at such salary as such school board may see fit, and it shall be the duty of such inspector to visit the public schools of such city, town or incorporated village for which he is appointed every six months and to make an examination and inspection of the teeth of all public school pupils attending such public schools who shall not have produced the certificate in subsection 1 of this section provided for.

(3) It shall be the duty of every teacher of a school so visited by such dental inspector to require every pupil so to be examined to submit to such examination and for such purpose shall direct that such pupil accompany such dental inspector to the hall of such school room or other convenient part thereof apart from the other pupils, there to be so examined by such dental inspector.

(4) Such inspector upon such examination being made shall forthwith report to such teacher in writing whether the teeth of such pupil are sound and healthy or whether they require treatment by a dental surgeon.

(5) It shall be the duty of the parent or guardian of every pupil whose teeth are found to be in such condition as to injure the health of the pupil or other children attending by a dental surgeon, and no such pupil shall be permitted to attend such school until he has produced a certificate to the teacher from a dental surgeon stating that the teeth of such pupil have been properly treated and cared for.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"THE BANKER'S WIFE" WAS A "SWELL" SHOW.

Tuesday night, usually an off night with repertoire companies, was marked by a larger house than Monday night at the opera house, when the Marks Bros. put on "The Banker's Wife." May A. Bell Marks, as "Mabel Holt," the wife and afterwards as "Reddy," her daughter, displayed unusual ability and won merited applause. The support was good and the scenery and vaudeville the best ever seen at popular prices. To-night, "For His Sake." Friday matinee, "Under Two Flags." Saturday matinee, "A Woman's Sacrifice."

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

SPORTING NOTES.

The New York Giants still seem able to go a few. They beat the Providence Greys 11—0 in an exhibition game yesterday.

The Cincinnati National Leaguers did not do so well, being beaten by the Buffalo Eastern Leaguers by 4—0.

At the Readville, Mass., trotting meeting, whose early closing stakes amount to $27,000, there is no deduction from money winners, all entries paying 5 per cent. whether they get into the money or not. Every one of the six early closing stakes will be contested on the three-heat plan, or practically the dash system.

Racing at Yarmouth, England, is conducted by the municipality, which owns the course. The meeting yielded sufficient profit to enable £500 to be allocated to the relief of the poor rates. Formerly the bulk of the profits, when the races were under private management, were given to local hospitals and other charities. This is the second year the corporation has managed the races, but the first year's profits were devoted to course improvements.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES . . AND . . FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE
White Front, near the Footbridge

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the building of a brick storehouse to be erected at Corbyville. Plans and specifications may be seen at our office, Front St., Belleville.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders close April 17th.

H. CORBY DISTILLERY CO., Ltd.
April 10th, 1906. 10-3t

Presented Gold Locket To Departing Member.

At the regular meeting of the Brotherhood in connection with Holloway street church last night a presentation took place. One of its members, Mr. Albert H. Woodley, who, since the inception of the society has held the position of treasurer, resigned, owing to the fact that in a few days he leaves the city for Detroit, Mich., where he intends to reside. At a suitable time during the evening Mr. Woodley was called to the front and Mr Wm. Embury read an address expressive of regret at the departure of Mr. Woodley, but wishing him every success in his new field of labor. On behalf of the Brotherhood, Mr. Charles Wills made the presentation, which took the form of a handsome gold locket. Upon one side of the locket was the recipient's monogram in raised letters, A H W., and upon the reverse side was the inscription "Presented to A. H Woodley by the Brotherhood of Holloway St. church, Belleville, April 10th, 1906." Although taken by surprise Mr. Woodley replied in a feeling and appropriate manner. The Brotherhood feel keenly the loss of such a valued member.

In the Interest of Good Seed For Farmers.

T. G. Raynor, the Ontario representative of the Seed branch, Department of Agriculture. Ottawa, and interest of good seed for farmers. He is explaining the practical application of the Act to seed retailers and is on the lookout for low grade seed of such a character as would be prohibited from being sold for seeding purposes by the Act. He reports that the general quality of the seed being offered by the trade this year is much improved.

Mrs. Craddock Has Secured Her Canine.

The dog case between Mrs. Craddock and Robert Bennett, which has been before Magistrate Flint on several occasions, appears to have been settled, and Mrs. Craddock has the canine in her possession. The Magistrate yesterday ordered Bennett to produce the dog under penalty of being fined or going to jail. This had the desired effect and the dog was given over to Mrs. Craddock.

Quite an Honor.

Toronto military authorities have been desirous that the various guards of honor for Prince Arthur of Connaught during his visit to Toronto should be composed of the finest-looking men in Toronto. Special pains have been taken in the selection of all the guards but particular in the mounted one, which is to be personal guard of honor to the Prince. The standard of height, weight, physique, deportment, etc., has been set high. Amongst those selected is Mr. Louis Landers, of this city, at present residing in Toronto. Mr. Landers is a grandson of the late Mr. E. Miles, who was for many years connected with The Intelligencer.

Mr. Crothers' Job.

Picton Gazette: Mr. R. J. Crothers, of Northport, has been appointed immigration agent for the County of Prince Edward at a salary of $100 per month and expenses. He received his appointment from the Federal Government. His duties, it is understood, will be to attend to the distribution of farm laborers, as well as using his influence to promote immigration. Mr. Crothers has had a good deal of experience during the past few years, and has brought many people here from the old land, and placed them with the farmers of the county.

Five Short Termers Gone to the Central.

Alexander Patterson, Peter Blakely, Alex. Cameron, John Stewart and John Wilson, all of whom were sentenced to a six-months term in the Central Prison, for various offences, were to-day taken to that institution.

Daily Intelligencer.

Easter Eggs

CHICKS
CHICKENS, NOVELTIES, ETC.
ARE GOING.

We have a prettier assortment than ever this year. See them. Many fancy confectionery packages also.

Chas. S. Clapp

N.B. — Order your Hot X Buns now for Thursday's delivery. Store closed Good Friday.

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. 38. Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture,

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alford

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

WRECK OF THE VALENCIA

Grounds For Censure Expressed in House of Commons.

Liberal Members Call Upon Government For Better Coast Protection — Hon. Mr. Brodeur, Minister of Marine, In Reply, Tells What Government Is Going to Do—Mr. Borden Shows Inefficiency From Liberals Statements.

Ottawa, April 11.—In the afternoon session of the House yesterday Mr. Macpherson (Vancouver) called attention to the serious wrecks that have occurred of late off the coast of British Columbia. He instanced the Balfour, the King David and the Valencia. The Government had furnished no chart to mariners, and they were still relying upon one made by Great Britain in 1859. The inspection of ships was superficial and insufficient, and the system of lights and signals along the coast obsolete. He recommended additional and more up-to-date lighthouses and that whistling buoys and gas buoys should be installed. He also recommended that Government vessels be fitted up to patrol the dangerous portions of the coast.

Mr. Smith (Nanaimo) said the Government was not responsible for natural causes that brought on disaster. Still, he thought the Government was to blame for careless inspection of vessels and for accepting the certificates of inspection from officers of the United States, as they were notoriously unreliable. He urged compulsory pilotage and the establishment of a wireless telegraph system on the Pacific Coast, under Government ownership.

Mr. Sloan (Comox, Atlin) urged a thorough hydrographic survey of the waters of British Columbia.

Mr. Brodeur's Reply.

Mr. Brodeur, Minister of Marine, said a report has just been received which attributes the loss of the Valencia to the inefficiency of the captain. The same finding was made by the American commission. He admitted that a chart was badly needed. The Government of Canada was at work upon a new chart. A large vessel was being built for that purpose, and surf boats for patrol and rescue purposes. A wireless telegraph system would be installed as soon as possible. The United States Government accepted our certificates, and it was necessary to give and take. He intended to readjust and increase the pay to lighthouse keepers, and declared himself entirely willing to appoint a member of the lighthouse board from British Columbia. He would visit British Columbia the coming summer.

Mr. Borden's Criticism.

Mr. Borden thought it peculiar that the report upon the loss of the Valencia should only just have been received by the Minister, when he found, from a brief visit to the library, that it had been published three weeks ago in the newspaper owned by the Min the Government showed gross inefficiency on the port of the Department of Marine and Fisheries. Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Smith (Nanaimo) had charged inefficiency and incompetency upon subordinate officers, which had been tantamount, in certain cases, to manslaughter.

Mr. Borden commented upon the wreck of the Valencia. Had the Salvor been supplied with proper boats and appliances, 75 people could have been saved. He quoted from an address by Mr. Smith (Nanaimo), defending the Government on the ground that the Salvor was subsidized for the salvage of property, and only incidentally for the saving of life.

A number of bills were introduced and read a first time.

In answer to a query by Mr. Borden, it was announced that the contracts for building the eastern section of the G. T. P. will be awarded by the council on Thursday.

A Yukon Scandal.

Hon. N. A. Belcourt (Ottawa) and Hon. Clifford Sifton (Brandon) were under the limelight at the evening session, in connection with a valuable hydraulic mining concession in the Yukon.

Hon. Mr. Belcourt admitted that he was to receive $100,000 in stock for legal services rendered and to be rendered his old friends and clients, but he disclaimed any improper act or intent. The company had received no favors from the Dominion Government.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said there had been rumors to the effect that members of Parliament were accepting employment to use their influence in Parliament with the Government. He thought these practices should be discountenanced and a bill had been brought down with that end in view. He knew nothing personally about the accusation against Mr. Belcourt. These hydraulic concessions were necessary to develop the country. Some should be cancelled. The present Minister was rapidly weeding them out.

Mr. Lennox (S. Simcoe) said that Mr. Belcourt personally was not so much to blame. The Government had encouraged this sort of thing.

An interested auditor of the debate last evening was W. W. B. McInnes, commissioner for the Yuko

EASTER SALE

We will try and make this the most interesting week of the year.

We will put on sale one of the finest lot of ***RIBBONS*** ever offered in this city. The price will be the very lowest, the quality the best.

We will also offer for sale a large assortment of ***LACES*** and ***EMBROIDERIES*** of all kinds.

The price will be so low that you will wonder how we got them here for the money.

We also have just received a large stock of the very latest, up-to-date in ***LADIES' FANCY COLLARS*** (travellers' samples) and will offer them at ***25 per cent. less than manufacturer's prices.***

McINTOSH BROS.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Wheat Futures Close Lower, Chicago Higher—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, April 10.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day 1 lower than yesterday and corn futures lower.

At Chicago May wheat closed ⅛c higher than yesterday; May corn ⅛c higher and May oats unchanged.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	86½	81⅝
Minneapolis	78⅞	79⅛
St. Louis	78½	76⅞
Detroit	85	81½
Toledo	85¼	80⅞

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—		
Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74 to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 75	0 77
Wheat, red, bush	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 71	....
Barley, bush	0 51	0 52
Oats, bush	0 38½	....
Rye, bush	0 75	....
Peas, bush	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 10.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures quiet; May, 6s 7¾d; July, 6s 6⅝d; Sept., 6s 6⅛d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new 4s 3d; American mixed, old 4s 7d; futures quiet; May, 4s 4¼d; July, 4s 3⅛d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut firm, 50s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, strong, 43s 6d; American refined, in pails, firm, 44s 6d.

Linseed Oil—23s.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days 102,000 centals, including 58,000 American.

Receipts of American corn during the past three days 70,100 centals.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 10.—Butter—Steady; receipts, 7785; state dairy, common to extra, 14c to 20½c.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 3418.

Eggs—Easy; receipts, 23,268; state, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected, white, 21c; do. choice, 19c to 20c; do. mixed extra, 19c; western firsts, 18c; do. seconds, 17½c; southerns, 16½c to 18c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—U. S. Markets About Steady.

London, April 10.—Cattle are quoted at 10½c to 11¾c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8½c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 13c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 10.—Receipts of live stock at the city market, as reported by the railways, were 58 car loads, composed of 793 cattle, 539 hogs, 836 sheep and 372 calves.

Exporters.

Two or three loads of exporters sold at $4.75 to $5 per cwt. Export bulls sold at $3.75 to $4.12½ per cwt.

Butchers.

Trade in butchers' cattle was slow, there being few buyers from outside points. Picked lots sold at $4.75 to $5 per cwt., with few at latter price; loads of good, $4.50 to $4.65; medium mixed at $4 to $4.25; cows, $3 to $4.25 per cwt.

Feeders and Stockers.

Trade in stockers and feeders was steady at following quotations: best short-keeps, 1150 to 1250 lbs., at $4.50 to $4.75; medium short-keeps, 1150 to 1250 lbs., at $4.40 to $4.60; best feeders, 1050 to 1150 lbs., at $4 to $4.40; medium feeders, 950 to 1050 lbs., at $3.85 to $4.25; best feeders, 800 to 950 lbs., at $3.60 to $4; medium feeders, 800 to 950 lbs., at $3.35 to $3.65; best stockers, 500 to 750 lbs., at $3.30 to $3.50; [illegible]

Milch Cows.

About 15 milch cows and springers sold at $30 to $57 each, with only one at the latter price.

Veal Calves.

Deliveries of veal calves were large, but out of the whole lot there was not one choice calf.

"Bobs" were plentiful and prices ranged from $3 to $6 per cwt. for the kinds that were on sale to-day. But had there been a few prime new milk-fed calves they would have brought $7 to $8 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.

Deliveries were not large, but prices of export sheep and yearlings lambs were quoted 25c per cwt. lower. Export ewes, $4.75 to $5.50; bucks, $4.50 to $5 per cwt.; yearling lambs, $7 to $7.00 per cwt. for choice ewes and wethers; mixed lots at $5.50 to $6.50. Spring lambs were plentiful, but they were a poor lot, that ought to have been left out with their mothers for a couple of months longer. Prices ranged from $3 to $7 each. The best spring lamb was bought by J. H. Wickson, butcher at St. Lawrence market. This lamb weighed 70 lbs. and cost $8.50, and was cheap considering that it was the best lamb seen on the market this season.

Hogs.

Deliveries were not large and prices are reported unchanged by Mr. Harris. Selects sold at $7.25 and lights and fats at $7 per cwt.; sows, $4 to $5 per cwt.; stags at $3 to $4 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 175 head; firm; prices unchanged.

Veals—Receipts, 75 head; active and 25c lower; $5 to $7.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 2100 head; steady; active on heavy; slow on light; heavy, mixed and Yorkers, $6.70 to $6.75; pigs, $6.60 to $6.65; roughs, $6 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1800 head; slow and steady; unchanged.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 10.—Beeves—Receipts, 361, all for slaughterers except one car; nothing doing; feeling steady. Exports today, 850 cattle, 1073 sheep and 3629 quarters of beef; to-morrow, 50 sheep and 3500 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 243; market steady; common to fair veals, $4 to $6; no prime or really good here.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 428; market quiet, but steady; good unshorn sheep, $5.75; fair unshorn lambs, $6.00; spring lambs, $3.50 to $6 per head.

Hogs—Receipts, 6129; all for slaughterers; none for sale on live weight; nominally a trifle weak.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 4000; firm; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.40; cows, $3.25 to $4.50; heifers, $2.75 to $5; bulls, $2.60 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $7; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; strong; choice to prime, medium, $6.45 to $6.55; medium to good, heavy, $6.40 to $6.45; butchers' weights, $6.45 to $6.52½; good to choice, heavy, mixed, $6.40 to $6.45; packing, $5.80 to $6.45.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 15,000; steady and dull; sheep, $4.25 to $6.50; yearlings, $5.75 to $6.25; lambs, $4.75 to $6.60.

Witness Paid to Disappear.

Brandon, Man., April 11.—Last fall Sadie Mefford charged one Freedman with theft of jewelry, and the case was to have been tried at the spring Assizes. The woman, however, could not be found to testify. She was afterwards located in Winnipeg and has been brought back. She says she received $550 to leave the city until May 1.

May Be the Murderer.

Montreal, April 11.—The Montreal detectives have James Hackett, a steel worker, 38 years of age, and they claim he is the murderer of little Ida Ahern. The prisoner's wife claims he was home at the time of the murder, while this is flatly denied by neighbors.

THE EDUCATION BILLS

Hon. Dr. Pyne Presents Two "Non-Contentious" Measures.

Recommendations That Will Appeal to the General Public—To Inaugurate Many Reforms—Call For a Superintendent and An Elective Advisory Council—Commission to Investigate Text Books.

Toronto, April 11.—The feature of yesterday's session of the Legislature was the bringing down of two educational bills by Hon. Dr. Payne. The first refers to the Education Department, the second amends the present Public Schools' Act. A full explanation of the bills was given by the Minister, and both Messrs. Harcourt and Ross on one side and Mr. Whitney took part in the discussion. While the legislation was commended by the Opposition it was claimed that there was no new principle in either bill.

Hon. Dr. Pyne expressed confidence that the House would clearly recognize that it was the desire and object of the Government to do something for the cause of education that would commend itself to the masses of the province. He had pleasure in introducing a bill which was non-contentious. Dr. Pyne explained that in using the term he made no reflection on the former administration of the Department. The bills were outlined as follows:

Department of Education.

Appointment of superintendent of education and establishment of advisory council subject to the Minister.

The superintendent to have general supervision of all classes of provincial high, public and separate schools, professional training schools and examinations for teachers of said schools, art schools, public libraries and the inspectors of schools and libraries, and may make recommendations to the Minister.

Advisory council to consist of seventeen members, fifteen being elective and two ex-officio. The latter will be the president of the University of Toronto, who will be chairman, and the superintendent of education, who will represent the Minister, but without vote. The other representatives will be: three from University of Toronto, one each from Queen's, McMaster and Ottawa Universities, university representatives to be members of their senates; two elected by high school teachers; four elected by public school teachers; one elected by separate school teachers; two elected by public school inspectors. School representatives to be elected by closed ballot. First election to be held in October next.

Advisory council to be consultative committee to confer with Minister, and their advice he may either accept or reject. Will exercise executive powers in connection with university and departmental examinations as may be conferred by university and Department of Education. Present educational council to remain in office till this year's ex- [illegible] grants to be distributed as heretofore, except that no account be taken of average attendance. Legislature to be asked to give special grant to the rural public and separate schools. Grants to be made first, among municipalities according to population; second, between public and separate schools, according to average attendance. Further sub-division of grants to public and separate schools to be on similar basis to that of high schools, namely, the salaries paid the teachers (percentage on all over minimum), character of accommodations and value of equipment. Provision is also made for distribution to territorial schools, poor schools and continuation classes.

Government asks power to appoint commissions of enquiry into management of any institution under its control, question of school books and any other educational question. This has immediate reference to text-book question.

Public Schools' Bill.

Trustees of any number of schools may determine that continuation classes shall be conducted. School rate for maintenance. Qualifications of teachers to be settled by regulation.

Powers given boards of urban municipalities to acquire and expropriate land for school sites.

Municipal councils required to collect a sum at least equivalent to special grants made by the Legislature to the rural schools. Township levy of $150 raised to $250, and an additional $150 for every assistant teacher. To be applied exclusively to teachers' salaries. In addition to sum provided township council towards each teacher's salary, the trustees of every rural school shall pay to the teacher where there is only one, and to the head teacher where more than one at least the following sums: $250, where assessed property of public school supporters is at least $160,000; $200, between $80,000 and $160,000; $150, between $40,000 and $80,000; $100, between $30,000 and $40,000; $50, less than $30,000, and $150 to every assistant teacher. Minimum salaries will not come into operation till next year, but county grants and additional township grants will be payable this year. If teachers accept smaller salary the inspector may suspend certificate.

Public school inspectors cannot be dismissed except by a majority vote, and then only with approval of the Lieutenant-Governor. Allowance for postage and stationery increased $1 for each school section, provided total over his allowances shall not exceed $1,800. Reorganization of system of public school inspection promised next session.

Abolition of present county and city model schools and establishment by September, 1907, of additional normal schools. Number not decided yet; to provide each year for training about 200 students. District model schools retained, and possibly model schools in one or two of the less advanced counties. No more third-class certificates to be issued, and products of normal schools to hold interim second-class certificates to become permanent after probation. Limitation of lower grades of certificates to certain classes of schools.

Cost of the New Normals.

Speaking of the proposed additional normal schools, the Minister said that in case there were four the capital expenditure would be about $200,000 and there would be necessary about $75,000 a year for maintenance.

Concluding, Dr. Pyne said he hoped the members would carry a copy of the bills away with them so as to thoroughly acquaint themselves with their provisions.

Not New, Says Harcourt.

Mr. Harcourt, speaking for the Opposition, said that while the bill was not non-contentious, it would certainly be dealt with in a non-partizan way. The bill provided for the expansion of the present system, but there was no new principle, except probably, the feature fixing the minimum salary of teachers. He was not speaking in a hypercritical way. He assured the Government that if the evolution of the bill proved to be upward the bill would commend itself to the people.

Mr. Harcourt hoped that there would be no partizan considerations in discussion of the bill.

Cheap School Books.

The Premier agreed with this last sentiment, and asserted that the new consultative council would mean a great change from the old, whose members were appointed by Government, whereas the body would now be elective.

The text book question wasn't in abeyance as Mr. Harcourt had suggested. The question was the first educational one that the Government would have taken up, but for the large number of contracts, still unexpired, made by the late Government. A commission had been appointed because the Government would have great trouble in getting the information wanted. It was proposed to dive down to the foundation.

"We propose to find out what will be a proper, reasonable price for such school books in this province, and, when we find that out, we propose to see to it no matter what the difficulties may be, that the people of the province shall receive text books at that price," declared Mr. Whitney.

What Ross Did.

Mr. Ross claimed that during the last 20 years of the late Government's regime a revolution in the school system had taken place. He cited the abolition of third-class certificates, the establishment of Normal schools, and public school inspectors, and the extension of school libraries to cover the whole province.

"The bill in many respects commends itself to this side of the House," admitted Mr. Ross. The consultative council was not a new idea. It would probably have the same authority as the old. No doubt, it would prove useful. Mr. Ross didn't think a superintendent of education was necessary. He was doubtful if it would work well, and foresaw a possibility of friction.

Revision of the Ballot

Premier Whitney has introduced in the Legislature a bill to do away with the printed number on the Ontario ballot.

The Opposition objected to the stipulation in the Toronto General Hospital bill that medical students other than those of Toronto University be admitted only by the giving of special permission by the board of trustees of the hospital. The debate arose out of the reading. The Premier said that the clause would be reconsidered.

There was a grist of bills up for a third reading, which was given to 13 of them.

The appointment of a railway and municipal board by the Government was discussed when Hon. J. S. Hendrie's bill was in committee.

OPERATORS' ALTERNATIVE.

Arbitration Scheme Proposed by Them —Independents Express Views.

New York, April 11.—A counter proposition was made by the anthracite coal operators at their meeting yesterday with the representatives of the United Mine Workers of America. This proposition rejects the arbitration plan offered by John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, and suggests the following instead:

The anthracite coal commission of 1902 should be requested to reconvene and consider, whether any circumstances have arisen since April 1, 1903, which would justify a modification of its award of that date, in respect only to the following subjects:

(1) Wages.

(2) As to adjustments of complaints through the conciliation board, or otherwise.

Award to Bind For Three Years.

Any new award of the commission shall be binding for a period of three years.

The joint conference adjourned after having been in session about half an hour, to meet again on Thursday, at 1.30 p. m.

President Mitchell would not comment on the answer of the operators, but said the meeting of the scale committee, held last night, would consider it.

At the close of the meeting, a copy of a letter from independent operators who held a meeting at Wilkes-Barre yesterday, to the operators' committee, was made public. The letter expressed the conviction of the independent operators, that any agreement to arbitrate with the United Mine Workers would be an unjustifiable surrender to anarchy and mob violence.

Make Consumers Pay.

The independents also suggested that any increase in the cost of production could be added at once to the market price of coal. On this point, the letter said:

"If consumers (naturally, perhaps, thinking only of their own comfort and convenience) are so indifferent to the demands of law and order as to compel us to abandon a contest for right and decent government, that we are ready, if necessary, to undertake, they should pay the cost of the surrender that they compel."

To Bring Body Home.

Toronto, April 11.—John Turner, aged 21 years, son of John Turner, 85 Essex street, of this city, was killed last Sunday morning in the switching yards of Jajunta, Cal. He was struck by a train and died instantly. The parents were notified by wire, and ordered the forwarding of the body to Toronto.

Montreal Snow-Covered.

Montreal, April 11.—An exceptionally heavy fall of snow for this season of the year took place Monday night. Over seven inches of damp snow falling in eleven hours.

MAGIC

SODA

OR
SALERATUS
IS THE BEST.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St.
Merchant Tailor.

Special Easter Gift : : :

From now until April 14th we will give half dozen best China Egg Cups worth 15 cents half dozen FREE, with one lb. of our 30c Tea or Coffee.

Our 30c Coffee, fresh ground.
Our 30c Black Tea.
Our 30c Japan Tea.

Are all special values, and we ask you to give them a trial.

Wall Paper

Now is the time to make your selection while stock is largest and prices the lowest.

AT THE BEE HIVE
CHAS. N. SULMAN.

Maple Syrup

In pints, quarts and gallon tins

Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .

In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins

Pure Jam & Marmalade

In Glass and 5 lb Tins

Clover Honey

Sections and Extracted

Dried Fruits

Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples

Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

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CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office. Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St. Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

P. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —

Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL —LITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARI HURSDAY. APRIL 12, 1906. NO. 300

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split
C. C. LEAVENS

You ask for good tea
You pay for good tea
You get good tea at

STROUDS

Stroud's Teas are the Best

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Easier—Cattle Firm, Hogs Higher at Chicago.

London, April 11.—Cattle are quoted at 10c to 11¾c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8½c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, April 11.—(Special.)—Receipts were 500 cattle, 50 milch cows, 3000 calves, 100 sheep and lambs, 800 hogs. An easier feeling developed in the market for hogs and prices declined 10c per cwt., owing to increased supplies. At the decline demand was good and sales of selected lots were made at $7.80 to $7.90, and mixed lots at $7.60 to $7.75 per cwt., weighed of cars. Trade in cattle was very slow, and a number were left over for another market, but prices are without change. Prime beeves sold at 5c to 5¾c per lb. Pretty good, 4c to 4¾c, and common, 2¾c to 3¾c. An extraordinarily fine, large bull was held at 6c per lb., but was not sold. Milch cows were slow of sale at from $25 to $55 each. A few superior calves were sold at $8 to $12 each. The best large lot on the market were 29 calves, sold by Mr. A. J. Dyer of Sutton, at $6 each; several other good lots were sold at $5 each, while the general run of common calves sold at $1.25 to $2.50 each. Sheep sold at $5 to $7.50 each, and spring lambs, at $3.50 to $7 each.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 11.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; fair demand and steady; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.75; shipping, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers, $4.25 to $5.10; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.25.

Veals—Receipts, 650 head; fairly active, 25c higher, $5 to $8.

Hogs—Receipts, 2100 head; active, shade higher; heavy, mixed and yorkers, $6.75 to $6.80; pigs, $6.65 to $6.70; roughs, $5.90 to $6.15; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 6000 head; fairly active; lambs, $6.25 to $6.90; a few, [illegible] yearlings, $[illegible] to $6.25; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 11.—Beeves—Receipts, 1619; steers, firm to 10c higher; bulls, full steady; cows, slow; steers, $4.00 to $5.90; bulls, $3.25 to $4.40; cows, $1.75 to $4. Exports to-day, 50 sheep and 2540 quarters of beef; to-morrow, 12 cattle and 141 sheep.

Calves—Receipts, 2588; active and 5c to $1 higher; veals, $5 to $8; culls, $3.50 to $4.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 4062; sheep, easier; lambs, steady; few wooled sheep, 5c; clipped, do., $3 to $4.50; unshorn lambs, $6.75 to $6.80; clipped do., $3 to $4.75; spring lambs, $3 to $6 per head; deck of Maryland, $5.50 each.

Hogs—Receipts, 6415; market firmer at $6.75 to $7.

Substitutes For Tobacco.

Sailors on long cruises sometimes exhaust their tobacco. Thence untold misery and many ingenious efforts to create a tobacco substitute. Tea and coffee make the best tobacco substitutes. They smoke freely in pipe or cigarettes, and their taste and aroma are not unpleasant. But they burn the mouth and rack the nerves. Rope yarn—the untwisted parts of rope and oakum—is smoked by sailors as a last resort. Bark, peeled from the hoops of salt beef and pork barrels, is also smoked when the limit is reached. These things smoke abominably, and the black fumes that they give forth from the sailors' mouths are always accompanied by oaths and imprecations. Yet many a desperate sailor has smoked them in the hope of appeasing his tobacco hunger.

Death Liss Now,000.

And Vesuvius HaRendered 50,000 Homss.

Property Loss From This Outbrea the Volcano's Temper Is Estimated at $20,00,0—Thousands Are In Dire Distress, and It, problem Is Their Relief—Army of 100,Men and Millions Requirec

Naples, April 12.—The whole of the Vesuvius district, as far as Naples, Caserta and Castellemarie, is one vast saharan desert. Reports last night from all sides state that the fall of ashes is not so heavy as it has been for the last few days, and that the ashes are much finer, and from this it is argued that the prospects are much brighter.

Yesterday was a disquieting day in Naples. The people, alarmed by what has happened, have deserted their shops, and the manufactories are nearly all closed. The crowds are in a temper for any excess. It would only require a spark to start a conflagration.

Worst Is Over.

Conditions last night in the section affected by the eruption of Mount Vesuvius are greatly ameliorated. The fall of volcanic ashes has diminished, and scientists express the opinion that the volcano has spent itself. All the papers recommend that the public be calm, pointing out the improved condition of affairs. The papers also eulogize Director Matteucci for his courage in returning to the ruined observatory on Mount Vesuvius, and sending thence messages of encouragement and expressions of confidence that Vesuvius soon will quiet down.

San Gennaro Partly Buried.

The Village of San Gennaro has been partially buried in sand and ashes, and several houses have collapsed. At that place three persons were killed and more than twenty wounded.

In the road at Torre del Greco three persons were found dead from suffocation.

The people who remain at Torre Annuziata are in danger of perishing from starvation, the shops having been closed. Rations for 200 persons have been sent thither.

The distress among the tens of thousands of fugitives is appalling. The Government has forwarded supplies of food and money.

Although the report that Sarano has been destroyed is denied, it now is officially admitte Ottajano has been buried.

3,000 Been Killed.

The numbkilled there, and in the surroundfages, is not known, but 3,000, it eved, will be a low estimate.

The loss terty by the volcanic outbreak is ated at $20,000,000, and it is ared that 50,000 persons have bendered homeless.

So widespis the catastropho caused by thption of Vesuvius, it is estimated it will require an organized bod100,000 men and the expenditure ny millions of dollars to raze housade unsafe for habitation by thcumulation of ashes and cinders he roofs; erect temporary huts fuge for the thousands who have tobliged to flee from their homesar the roofs of buildings that met be saved; extricate from the ruf fallen structures and bury the de:

Miners ccept Commission.

New Yorkpril 12.—After having the counter itration plan of the anthrate opeors under consideration nealy all d the general scale committee of thard coal miners completed the dt of their reply and will resent it tche committee of mine owners to-dalt is believed the miners have decidedo accept the operators' offer that th anthracite strike commission tak p the ispute, but will ask that e tribunal permitted to consir the original demands with certain mportant modifications.

First Effects of the Reconciliation.

Buda-Pesth, April 12.—Count Andrassy's first acts as Minister of the Interior have been to rescind all the absolutist measures against the press and public meeting, to reinstate dismissed officials, and stop some eighty political trials, including one against Herr Polonyi, the present Minister of Justice, for alleged treasonable expressions against the monarch.

Gaynor-Greene to the Jury.

Savannah, Ga., April 12.—Judge Emory Speer, at 12 o'clock last night, concluded his charge to the Greene and Gaynor jury, and the fate of the contractors charged by the Government with frauds amounting to more than $1,500,000 now rests with the twelve jurors, who, for three months, have listened to evidence and arguments.

Circus Man Bailey Dead.

New York, April 12.—James A Bailey, 59 years of age, died at Mount Vernon late yesterday. Mr. Bailey's name is familiar as a showman, and in the later years of his life he was managing director of the Barnum & Bailey circus.

Seeding Acreage Increased.

Winnipeg, April 12.—The first report of seeding shows the average increase in acreage will be from 10 to 15 per cent., although many districts have 20 to 30 per cent. increase, and a number as high as 50 per cent. and over.

A Formal Demand.

London, April 12.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Tokio telegraphs that Japan has formally demanded that China open Mukden and Antung Province next month to foreign trade.

Railwaymen Feel Effects.

Meadville, Pa., April 12.—All departments of the Erie Railroad shops here were put on half-time yesterday on account of the coal strike.

British House Adjourns.

London, April 12.—The House of Commons yesterday afternoon adjourned until April 24.

York Loan Assets.

Toronto, April 12.—Formal transfer of the property held by the City Realty Co. for the York County Loan Co., was made yesterday by Joseph Phillips at the instigation of the National Trust Co. According to the statement made by Phillip's counsel yesterday, it was nearly nine miles of frontage and is worth over a million dollars.

The National Trust got an order from Master-in-Chambers Cartwright stating that service of injunction on J. E. Jones, counsel for Phillips was sufficient, and this was carried out.

Boy Drowns At Clinton.

Clinton, April 12.—A drowning accident occurred here yesterday whereby a small boy named Henry Nelson, aged six years, lost his life. He was drowned in an unused mill dam.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

..SINCLAIR'S..
Saturday Night Offerings
FOR EASTER

Ladies' Collars 19c

—7 Dozen Ladies' Collars in Silk, Lace and Chiffon trimmed, regular price 25c, Saturday night.................... *19c*

Ladies' Collars 50c

—5 Dozen Ladies' Fancy Collars, a beautiful assortment to choose from, all new styles, regular price 75c, 90c and $1.00, Saturday night.................... *50c*

Ladies' Collars 25c

—10 Dozen Ladies' Fancy Collars, in silk, Lace, Chiffon and Embroidery effects, regular price 35c to 50c, Saturday night.................... *25c*

Shirt Waists $1.00

—6 Dozen Ladies' Fine lawn shirtwaists, beautifully trimmed with lace, embroidery, insertion and rows of tucks, regular price $1.25 and $1.50, Saturday night.................... *$1.00*

Easter Gloves
... WE SELL ...
Fowne's and Roullion's
Celebrated Kid Gloves
Everything New in Style and Coloring.
Every Pair Guaranteed to Wear and Fit to Perfection.

Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Easter Millinery

Our millinery show rooms are filled to overflowing with the choicest of Easter Millinery, lately secured by our buyers from the world's greatest fashion centres—*Paris and New York.* There has been a great change since opening days, many new designs being added. We will be pleased to have your inspection at least.

Never before have we heard such pleasing remarks from the ladies, convincing evidence that our spring millinery is—

Beautiful, Stylish and . . . .
. . . . Moderate in Price.

Easter Kid Gloves

Neat gloves are one of the most important items in connection with the new Easter outfit they give the necessary finishing touch.

Perrin's French Kid Gloves have stood the test for years and in offering them to our customers we do so—feeling sure that for fit and service they are unsurpassed.

We guarantee every pair of gloves from $1.00 upwards.

Easter selling always breaks our assortment—make your selection early when choosing is pleasant and easy.

Perrin's Adonis $1.00

We believe this to be the best dollar glove in the market today.
—In Tans, Modes, Greys, White and Black, price.................... *$1.00*

Perrin's Mercells $1.25

This is the most popular selling glove in our assortment and is one of our best wearing gloves.
—These in all the newest shades, as well as black and white, for ... *$1.25*

Perrin's Olga 1.50

—An extra fine glove made from specially selected French kid in the most delicate mode and tan shades, as well as black—*guaranteed*.... *$1.50*

Men's Light Spring Overcoats

We wish every man in our city would come to see our new Spring Overcoats, Suits, Hats, Haberdashery etc.

Never have we been in better shape to meet the demands of our trade than we are today.

The styles are strictly up-to-the-minutes—the fabrics you would scarcely expect to find in Ready-to-wear Clothes.

Our garments at all times show their merchant tailor likeness.

—***Men's Light Spring Overcoats*** in all the newest styles and fabrics, choice linings and trimmings, well sewn with silk and linen.... ***$7.50, $8.50, $10 & $15***
—***Young Men's Light Overcoats*** in Fawns, Grey and Black, very stylish garments,.................... ***$7.50 to $15.00***
—***Young Men's Double Breasted Suits***, swell and nobby patterns, perfect fit guaranteed, prices.................... ***$7.50 to $15.00***
—***Men's Single and Double Breasted Navy and Black Worsted Suits***—the choicest of linings and trimmings, well sewn with silk and linen, and perfect fit that will stay until worn out.................... ***$10, $12 and $15***

Underwear

Our medium weight Underwear comes in about now—it is getting too warm for winter underwear and a little too soon for summer underwear.
—Medium weight underwear for early spring, every style and weight to choose from.................... ***38c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 each***

Easter Haberdashery

Easter Hats, Ties, Shirts, and all the fittings a gentleman needs in the newest spring styles.

Pay us a visit and you will be sure of all that is latest and smartest in Easter Haberdashery.

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

Saturday Morning

716 Yards

Summer Delaines

—WILL BE SOLD AT—

8c per Yard

See our Window Display of these Goods in South Window

These goods are worth from 15c to 20c a yard, are all good patterns, in light and dark grounds, spots, stripes, figures.

Delaines are one of the popular dress materials this season. They wear much better than muslins.

Of this lot none will be sold before 8.30 Saturday Morning.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Oak Hall

Belleville.

Sole Agents For The

Progress Brand Clothing

NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE

Have You Seen It?

The New Store.

"Reynier" Gloves

In Glace and Suede—a full stock for Easter trade.

Every Pair Guaranteed.

New Neckwear

IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES

New Belts, New Veilings.

EVERYTHING NEW.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

"Coming Events Cast Their Shadows Before."

When Canadians look abroad and contrast the conditions in their own country with those of many other lands they are perfectly justified in concluding that their lot is an enviable one. No civil commotions disturb the country's peace: wars or invasions do not cause the loss of a moment's sleep to any citizen. The crops are gathered; the cattle graze in our fields with no thought of marauders. Of severe, destructive tempests, typhoons, cyclones, what have we to do with them or they with us?! Our people from one end of the Dominion to the other may lie down in peace each night, undisturbed by such thoughts. Of "burning mountains," casting out red glowing boulders over the landscape, filling the air with fetid gases, and threating destruction for miles around, we know nothing, save by hearsay or by a visit to foreign lands. And yet there is much to disconcert our people, and cause them anxiety, if not in their physical welfare, then in their pockets.

Our ruling politicians at Ottawa are having a high time with the public wealth while the prosperity lasts, spending and contriving to spend with an easy conscience, as if the good times were to last forever. The day of reckoning will surely come, and is not far off, when those gentlemen, if they are still in power, will stare aghast at the problems before them. If they are not in power the same problems will rise for others to solve.

But students of public affairs in Canada may well, when they have time to sit down calmly and think it over, ask themselves, "Do the men now at the head of the country's affairs ever stop to think of coming years, of the tremendous financial responsibilities which they are soon to take up and for ten years to continuously carry, whether this country be prosperous financially or whether it be in depression. Do they know they are marching into the teeth of a financial problem which should make every staid and shrewd financier almost tremble at the thought of the weight and magnitude of the obligations?"

As has been time and again pointed out by Conservative members of Parliament, the Government is not only heaping up ordinary expenditures by millions every year, but they are marching in the teeth of five or seven years to come, when they shall be obliged to borrow $147,000,000 to take up old and maturing debts and at least $100,000,000 for extraordinary capital expenditure on railway account. No provision has been made for this time of trial in the ten prosperous years we have had, nothing but increasing prodigality in laying about for methods upon which money can be spent in great amounts.

In 1896 the Liberal-Conservatives took $28,000,000 of taxation out of the country, last year the Laurier Government took $54,000,000. Whereas in 1896 the total Conservative expenditure was some $41,000,000, last year the total expenditure was $78,000,000 The Hon. Mr. Patterson, when reminded of these enlarged figures, says the people don't feel the tax; "they have so much more to spend." But there will come a time when they will feel it, when there will come a tightening of the financial reins, and a stern examination of the public credit. You cannot take $71,000,000 to six millions of people and they not feel it. It comes directly out of their pockets. It makes $15 per head of the population, or nearly $90 for every family in the country.

Truly, if we have no wars or natural convulsions to contend with in Canada, we have "troubles of our own" to look forward to at no very distant day, when the old world bankers come to be appealed to to tide over the financial problems that will be ours.

What this will mean for the Dominion we have had a glimpse of in Ontario. A province out of debt, with incalculable natural resources, found it difficult to float a few millions of debentures to cover the debt on a railway yielding large profits. It does not mean that the credit of Ontario is not good, for it is undoubted. It means that money is hard to get, unless at a sacrifice.

The Dominion Government will be confronted witht his difficulty when in a few years hence it will fall to their lot to negotiate loans for some hundreds of millions of dollars upon most probably a falling revenue and the inevitable su poor crops in the cou rosperity does not last alw ur rulers seem to act as a permanent attendan ir administration.

TIMEL CS.

Good Friday—to Remember, it is a holyda oliday.

The traditions Friday make it the most niversary in the history of stian church. Don't make of feasting and roysteri

"Yes, sir," said n on the next block, "I al to see my yard looking d tidy. That's why I've ht this nice, light rake wife."

People who n sifting ashes all winter glad they don't live in Italy read of all the ashes which oming from old Vesuvius.

* * *

Cheer up soon be lawn mower tim

* * *

A few shor s, and lovers of the aesthe be throwing fits because yellow peril, the dandelion ting in everywhere there is t hes of green grass. The mode delion, to some ultra-fastidi ople, is like a red rag to

* * *

Our readers remember that, a short time a correspondent, with charm ourtesy, belabored the musica tic" of this paper for daring express an honest opinion in d to Madame Albani. It m t be out of place to reproduce honest opinion of another pap Here is how the Woodstock ss expressed itself:

"Madame A. has had a wonderful and lo ncert career, but even her staunt admirers must admit that he ce has not now the beauty power that has charmed multi s of different lands. She still s much of her stage presence all of the little gestures whi ave distinguished her from oth singers, but ge has weakened hardend her voice, and this quite noticeable, in spite of the f that her numbers last night re less exating than those whic formed her programme in other ears."

* * *

The season of the snowball gives place to the season of the mothball.

* * *

The limit in insurance appears to have been reached in England, where a married man can now insure himself against the bearing of twins by his wife.

* * *

There will be one compensation if Andrew Carnegie's spelling reform goes through. It will be quite impossible to tell an educated from an uneducated man by his spelling

* * *

A woman in Moscow saw her husband shot. Many women in Belleville have seen their husbands half-shot.

* * *

Aliens who enter the United States hereafter must have means. As they only need consist of $25 for males and $15 for females, it is evident Uncle Sam does not mean to be mean by any means.

* * *

Perhaps in the case of old Vesuvius it might be well to pour a few gallons of dyspepsia tablets down the "crather."

* * *

Hon. Mr. Fielding is back again in the House after being laid up with a sprained ankle. Laurier's sprained promises didn't cause him to lay off a minute, however.

* * *

Mr W. H. Bennett, M. P., calls the editor of the Toronto Globe "a smooth-faced hypocrite." Why, nearly anybody could have told Mr. Bennett that the editor of The Globe is not smooth-faced at all. He wears a beard.

* * *

It seems that Vesuvius did not begin to cut up till King Edward of Britain arrived in Italy. If the volcano would do a stunt like that for King Edward, what would it do if some really great man like President Roosevelt had arrived on the scene?

* * *

The enormous consumption of high-priced lumber in the eastern cities of the United States emphasizes the need of conserving and increasing the Canadian supply. Our timber is one of this country's most valuable assets.

* * *

Italy may be having trouble with Vesuvius, but they have no York Loan over there, anyhow.

* * *

Twenty-five employees of the Kingston Locomotive Works quit work without permission and attended the reception to Archbishop Gauthier. Then the management fired them. Now there is talk of a sympathetic strike.

A BIG CONTRACT.

(Lord Curzon.)

"Wherever unknown lands exists, wherever people are in a state of barbarism, wherever a new civilization can be implanted or superimposed on an old civilization; wherever, in fact, progress and enlightenment are possible, there is a field for the Anglo-Saxon."

* * *

It will gratify our correspondent, "Civic Improvement," to know that her letter, published in these columns a few days ago has been copied and made to do duty in the columns of papers in other towns. The arguments and suggestions were admirable.

* * *

It was bound to come. Carnegie, after kissing two Georgia beauties, has decided that widows of college professors should be pensioned.

* * *

A momentous and startling change in men's fashions has been set by H. R. H. the Prince of Wales. Those who have glanced at the Prince of Wales' clothes when His Royal Highness has been in mufti at any of the recent gatherings during the royal visit, says an Indian paper, must have noticed that the crease is down the sides of the trousers.

* * *

London, Ont., will have 95-cent. gas after July next, and in five years will have 90-cent. gas. The rent of meters will be cut in two. They are now $2.40 per annum. This represents the concessions made by the company in their application to the Legislature to increase their capital stock from $250,000 to $750,000. Gas at present is $1 net in London.

* * *

The Postmaster-General's position becomes the more startling when his own rule for the conduct of officials is considered. Mr. Aylesworth dismissed the Cannington postmaster, whose salary was $700 or $800 a year, on the ground that no officer must engage in any business outside of the public service. This offender had been forced, through circumstances which he could not control, into a small interest in a store, and the situation did not in the slightest degree interfere with his work. Nevertheless, out he had to go for his crime. Surely if a $700 official is required to give his time exclusively to the country, the $9,500 official who makes the rule ought to be called upon to respect his own principles.

* * *

Ever since the news of the first Japanese victory over Rusian troops was printed in the naive press of China the Chinese have been discussing among themselves their chances of being delivered from the humiliation of foreign interference. And behind all the chatter of newspapers and teashop habitues there has been an example of effort for the attainment of the national desire set by powerful leaders of the people of whom Viceroy Yuan Shih Kai is the chief representative. In a few short months an efficient army of 50,000 soldiers has been drafted from the undisciplined, badly trained bodies of men masquerading a year or two ago as the military defenders of the country, and this army is but the nucleus of one which it is intended shall be large and strong enough to meet all the requirements of defence from whatever quarter they may come. And with the development of the inexhaustible and varied mineral resources of the country will ensue a cessation of orders for armaments from the European markets. Already arsenals employing thousands of hands supply the Government with guns, rifles and powder, and their white managers are gradually disappearing, one by one, as the foreign instructors did from Japanese warships.

* * *

A delegation of country postmasters waited on the Postmaster-General. And Hon. Mr. Aylesworth never turned a hair!

* * *

"More power to you!" as Premier Whitney said to the delegation.

* * *

Hot Cross Buns to-morrow. Don't forget 'em.

Send.... Your Friends

Tokens of the Joyous Easter Tide.

Lowney's Chocolates In Fancy Boxes.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

Do you care for a tale of adventure? H. B. Marriott Watson's admirable story, "The Adventurers," is to begin as a serial in The Intelligencer in a few days. Do not miss the opening chapters.

We Tell

We have nothing to conceal! No secrets to hide! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. You will find these in Ayer's Almanac for 1906. If you do not have a copy we will gladly send you one. Then show the formulas to your doctor. If he does not approve, then do not buy; if he approves, then buy, and keep these standard family medicines on hand.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Ayer's Pills. Ayer's Ague Cure. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. Thos. Waymark has gone to Tweed to work.

Master Bobby Good went to Toronto last evening.

Mr. C. E. Cameron, of Toronto, will spend Easter in the city.

Miss Kathleen Johnson has returned to the city from Toronto.

Miss Lila Burrows returned to the city from Toronto at noon to-day.

Prof. W. N. and Mrs. Gill, of Kingston, are in the city for Easter.

Chief of Police Hinds, of Trenton, and wife, were in the city to-day.

Mr. Walter Dobbs, of Montreal, will spend Easter with his parents in this city.

Miss Amy Wallbridge, daughter of Mr. George Wallbridge, is home from Toronto.

Mrs. C. F. Payne, Burnham St., is spending Easter with her daughters in Toronto.

Miss Eva Ross left to-day for Toronto, to spend Easter with her brother, Mr. Robert Ross.

Mrs. Arthur McGie and Master John McGie will spend the Easter holidays in Peterboro.

Mr. M. H. Mowry left for Brantford to-day, to attend the Baptist Young People's Union convention.

Mrs. J. W. Dunnet and Miss Izzie Dunnet have returned to the city, after an absence of several months.

Mr. Robert Alford, who has been prospecting at Cobalt for several months, is home for the Easter holidays.

Miss Howell, George street, has returned to the city after a two months visit to friends in different parts of the west.

Mrs. J. F. Poste, Everett street, left to-day for Owen Sound, to spend Easter with her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Packham.

Miss Burke, superintendent of the Domestic Science department of Albert College, has gone to her home in Hamilton for Easter.

Miss Aileen Corcoran, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a student at the Abbey, Toronto, is spending the Easter holidays with her cousins, Col. Mr. J. Hendrick, and Mrs. Hendrick, John St.

Mr. Ernest Alford, son of Mr. Walter Alford, who has been in the Bank of Montreal in Bathurst, N.B., and Sydney, Cape Breton, arrived home yesterday for a couple of weeks holidays.

At the Quinte; H. L. Bingham and son, Bessemer; M. Fahey, A. Woolridge, H. Mihill, A. Begg, F. Killackey, M. Todd, A. Collins, W. Bewley, T. Dickens, W. Stephens, W. Verner, E. Fastick, A. Ford, G. M. Hutton, D. A. Gannon, M. Thrasher, N. H. Conley, Toronto; J. E. Halliwell, Stirling; J. Birss, Brampton, W. J. Easson, Pittsburg; R. Hutton, London; T. King, Whitby; L. C. Farnsworth, Ottawa; T. McMaster, H. H. Brown, Guelph; L. Brewer, R. G. H. Stewart, J. Taylor, J. McCurley, H. Lambert, Montreal.

Booth Must Stand His Trial in Napanee

Montreal, April 11.—G. R. Booth, of Trenton, Ont., who was found guilty, ten days ago, of obtaining goods by false pretences, and was sentenced by Judge Choquet to a fine of $50 or 4 months in gaol, was taken to Napanee, Ont., on this morning's train, by Chief of Police Graham, of that town. Booth is wanted in Napanee on a charge similar to that on which he was convicted here.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

To-day, moderate winds, fine and milder. Friday, easterly winds, fair and mild.

YOUR ORDER FOR

Hot Cross Buns

Solicited for Good Friday,

15c Per Dozen

Please place your orders early with us.

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

LADIES!

...FOR EASTER...

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin Sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault.

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS
EXTRA SUGAR-CURED BACON
FINEST QUALITY

ROQUEFORT CHEESE
CREAM CHEESE
MacLAREN'S CHEESE
FRESH SUPPLIES

PURE OLIVE OIL
SOLD IN BOTTLES ONLY

DURKEE'S SALAD DRESSING
ENGLISH MALT VINEGAR

FRENCH PEAS
FRENCH MUSHROOMS
SPINACH

Complete stock of Canned Vegetables, Olives, Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Marmalade, Biscuits, Fruits, etc.

HIGH GRADE TEAS

New Season's Fragrant & Delicious

Wallbridge & Clarke's

NEW BLENDS IN SEALED PACKETS

25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c LB

DELICIOUS COFFEE At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY AND THE BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

THE SILVER BAR

The Silver Bar property is situated strictly within the rich native silver and cobalt zone and adjoining the richest portion of the famous Gillies Timber Limit and one and a half miles from the Town of Cobalt.

The sale of One Hundred Thousand Shares of the Silver Bar Mining Co.'s stock—par value $1.00— commenced April 9, 1906,

For shares and information, apply to

CHANCEY ASHLEY, - Belleville, Ont.

WHEN YOU SPEND A DOLLAR GET A DOLLAR'S WORTH

COWAN'S PERFECTION COCOA

(Maple Leaf Label)

Is the best value, because it is pure, nutritious and very economical.

THE COWAN CO., Ltd., TORONTO

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year: Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

A good second-hand baby carriage. Address Box X, Intelligencer Office. a12-1t

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. I sell direct to consumers at wholesale rates. There is nothing better than a route of regular customers. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

A house and three lots for sale on easy terms, Foster avenue, No. 295 a6-6t

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

TO LET.

A commodious brick house with all modern improvements, fine lawn, brick stable. Corner Victoria Ave. and Albert street.—T. E. EWEN, 330 Albert St. a12-6t

LOST.

Black cocker spaniel; white spot on breast. Answers to name "Dash" Anyone retaining possession after the publication of this notice will be prosecuted. Finder rewarded.—V. F. CARTER, Moira St. 40-dt

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

A tin horn sport is one that passes more horn than tin.

Annual Report of Game Commission.

SEVERAL SUGGESTIONS MADE—CHIEF GAME WARDEN SAYS SPECIAL PRIVILEGES TO INDIANS SHOULD BE ABOLISHED.

The annual report of the Ontario Game Commission has just been issued, and contains some interesting information particularly in view of the present movement towards the further protection of game in the province.

The Chief Game Warden in his report refers to Mr. Fitzgerald's appointment as follows:

Changes have been made in staff of wardens in charge of districts. Mr. H. K. Smith, of Belleville, having had charge of the eastern district, has been succeeded by Mr. Geo. W. Fitzgerald, of Peterborough. Mr. Fitzgerald has had the misfortune to be laid up from a severe attack of paralysis, with, I regret to say, the prospect of his being able to resume the duties of the position very remote.

The warden speaking of the necessity for further protection of the game says:

I regret the causes necessitating my drawing your attention to the imperative necessity for more stringent laws being enacted for the purpose of curtailing—or even abolishing—the special privileges at present accorded Indians and so-called settlers, trappers and poachers in general, who locate in the back woods of the Province, not for the alleged purpose of clearing land and farming, but for the purpose of enabling them to lead a lazy, loafing life, supplying lumber camps, summer hotels and tourists with game during the respective close season.

I regret the necessity of again drawing your attention to the continued abuse and misuse of settlers' hunting permits. When the system of resident deer hunters' licenses was introduced—the Government realizing that it might be a hardship to many of the poor settlers in the back townships, compelling them to procure a $2 license—authorized by order-in-council the issuing of hunting permits, presumably only for men actually residing on and working their farms in the exempted districts. Complaints are made that professional men, storekeepers and artisans residing in towns and villages in the exempted districts claim to be settlers, and claim the right to hunt and kill deer on settlers' permits. Most of these men are better able to buy licenses than many hunters living in older settled portions of the Province who make strong complaints of the injustice. I respectfully suggest that the word farmer be substituted for settler, to prevent an agitation ensuing amongst the thousands of licenses for the abolition of these permits.

5,595 deer hunters' licenses, 230 moose licenses, and 413 non-resident licenses; also 2,495 settlers' permits were issued. These returns are not complete, several issuers having failed to make returns.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Read "The Adventurers," our new serial story which will begin in a few days.

EASTERTIDE EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Via New York Central lines, Thursday, April 12th, 1906. Exceptionally low rates. Ten days return limit. Through day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. Apply to nearest New York Central ticket agent. m10wta11-d31

Read "The Adventurers," our new serial story which will begin in a few days.

Eggs vs. Beef as the Basis of Bodily Power.

(London Free Press.)

The Cambridge crew won an easy victory over Oxford in the 'Varsity boat race on the Thames on Saturday. From the start to finish they gave a display of wonderful physical endurance in deep contrast with the fagged and exhausted condition of their rivals. The Oxford men stuck to their work in a most plucky and persevering manner, but were overborne by sheer superior energy and physical fitness. Not for a moment was the issue of the great race in doubt. It is quite possible that the result was one of merely unequal strength, that Cambridge had the pick of a class of men of higher natural stamina. But it is very remarkable that so great a disparity should be exhibited where in most years the contest has been of a keener edge and more equal measure. Why was it that this year the one kept on a magnificent stretch, playing with their rivals as a cat with a mouse, coming in an easy winner unblown, still intensely "fit" and able to have made their own distance, where the other "showed evident signs of distance" and "collapsed at the finish?"

We are likely to hear more of this in connection with the new principles of dietary of which the Cambridge men have become noted disciples. While one-half of the British nation seems "all torn up" over the meat question, there is a large and rapidly-growing class who have forsaken a meat diet altogether. Among these is a band of athletes who are said to be breaking record after record on a diet which contains none of the staples which but a few years ago were deemed essential to the nation's greatness. That the "roast beef of old England" is the underlying cause of her world power, once accepted as a Gospel truth, is now seriously and by many vehemently disputed. Shakespeare's saying that "beef is bad for the wits," is quoted as merely broaching the subject of its dietetic imprudence.

One learned medical man, Dr. Haig, of London, gives strong testimony on the point based on his own conversion. He turns to Nature's teaching, and regards man as a frugivorous animal, who has been making the terrible mistake of eating the foods which are right and proper only for a carnivorous animal. He has thus no difficulty in understanding that some 75 per cent. of what are called the most terrible "diseases" under which the race suffers, its increasing insanity, increasing cancer, debility and deterioration may be due to this neglect of Nature's laws. These, in the doctor's opinion, are not diseases at all, but poisonings by unnatural foods. He finds in this a simple and complete explanation of the fact that these "diseases," and the sorrows and suffering attendant upon them, have been increasing by leaps and bounds during the past thirty years, as people have tended to take more and more meat with the other stimulants and poisons it has brought in its train.

Dr. Haig maintains that if anything is to be done for the physical improvement of our race, it will not be by attending to exercises alone, and neglecting that from which muscle power is obtained, namely food. "If alcoholism is to be conquered it can only be done by attacking its cause; and the same for our ever-increasing mental, moral and physical debility, and decay; we must look and see that these things have a meaning and an explanation; that their increase is the result of a change in the national foods which, during the last thirty years (coincidently with the increasing prosperity of the people), has become so much more marked."

The adherents of this doctrine are likely to seize upon the glorious physical triumph of the Cambridge rowing crew as an expression of its truth, since it has been given out that they have relied upon their strict vegetarianism to "pull them through."

UNEQUALLED SERVICE.

In all the world over, among all the railways of all nations, there is one line whose service stands pre-eminent—The Lake Shore Railway. Luxurious comfort, speed, safety, punctuality, personal attention and service, have here reached their highest development. Lake Shore trains run on time and when connections are to be made the schedule is so arranged that long waits and delays are avoided. In a word, here is a railway whose service in every respect leaves nothing to be desired. Travellers of experience know this to be so and all are careful to see that their tickets read "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway." You can obtain full information by addressing J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O., or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

SCIENCE PREVENTS BALDNESS.

The Fatal Germ and Its Remedy Now Facts of Science.

It is the rarest thing in the world for a man to be necessarily bald. No man whose hair is not dead at the roots, need be bald if he will use Newbro's Herpicide, the new scalp antiseptic. Herpicide destroys the germ that cuts the hair off at the root, and cleans the scalp of dandruff and leaves it in a perfectly healthy condition. Mr. Mannett, in the Maryland Block, Butte, Mont., was entirely bald. In less than a month Herpicide had removed the enemies of hair growth, and nature did its work by covering his head with thick hair an inch long, and in six weeks he had a normal suit of hair. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Death Calls Away A Noted Showman.

Mount Vernon, N.Y., April 11.—Jas. A. Bailey, owner of Barnum and Bailey's circus, died at his home, "The Knolls," Corcoran Manor, Mount Vernon, at 5.20 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Bailey was suffering from erysipelas. The attack was a virulent one, although four physicians and a corps of trained nurses worked over him until the last minute, they could not save his life.

Mr. Bailey, who was 59 years of age, was taken ill last Thursday night, after returning from Madison Square Garden. He was a remarkably strong man, and there was every hope of his recovery until Monday, when the disease spread to his arms. It is believed that he knew he was going to die yesterday, because he called Mrs. Bailey to his bedside and communicated a message to her. Soon after he sank into a coma, and was lucid only at times.

The last of Mr. Bailey's family, a brother, died at Holly, Mich., on Jan. 12th last.

The late Mr. Bailey was born in Detroit in 1847. Orphaned in childhood, he worked for some time on a farm and then became connected with a show and later with a theatre in Nashville, Tenn. He served as Guller's clerk in the rebellion, and at its conclusion re-entered the show business. In 1878 he became partner in the Argue and Bailey circus, which became consolidated with the Barnum show in 1881. After Barnum's death deceased became the proprietor, and bought the Forepaugh show. He visited all the cities of Europe at different times with his circus.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $4.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

To-morrow being Good Friday, The Intelligencer will not be published.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford Also at residence, Murney St.

The various civic committees will meet this evening.

There was a good attendance at the market this morning. Prices remain about the same.

Do you care for a tale of adventure? H. B. Marriott Watson's admirable story, "The Adventurers," is to begin as a serial in The Intelligencer in a few days. Do not miss the opening chapters.

Mr. Cameron, of Albert College, is arranging a concert in aid of the Hospital in the City Hall, on Tuesday, April twenty-fourth. Usual admission. a12-2t

"The Adventurers," one of the most fascinating serial stories ever published in The Intelligencer, will begin shortly. Watch for it.

The Good Friday love feast will be held at Bridge St. church at 11 o'clock to-morrow. Services will also be held in the Anglican and Roman Catholic churches.

The Gregory Family, four in number, the greatest acrobat act in the east, joined Marks Bros.' Company this morning and will appear at the opera house to-night and for the balance of the week. This will be additional to the regular dramatic and vaudeville bill.

There will be special meetings in Bethel Hall for three days, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday, at 10.30, 2.30 and 7.30 (7 on Sunday.) These meetings are especially for Christians and any of the Lord's people who wish to listen to the ministry of God's Word in simplicity and get something for their souls are heartily invited. No collection.

Miss Clara Sharpe, of Belleville, has graduated from Oswego, N. Y., Hospital, and has also completed a three months' course at the Women's and Children's Hospital at Syracuse, N.Y. She is now supplying as superintendent of Oswego Hospital, while the present superintendent is taking a vacation.

"The Adventurers," one of the most fascinating serial stories ever published in The Intelligencer, will begin shortly. Watch for it.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

SECRETARY SHAW PAYS FOR TWINS.

TOOK COMPASSION ON A MEMBER OF HIS DEPARTMENT WHO WAS BEHIND DOMESTICALLY.

Washington, April 11—Some months ago Secretary Shaw undertook a statistical investigation of the financial condition of the employees of the Treasury Department. They were asked under assurance of privacy to fill out blanks showing their debts and other items. Among those to reply was an excellent employee who was behind in his account and Secretary Shaw called him into his office and asked him what the trouble was.

"Well," explained the employee, "I kept even till the last pair, and since then I haven't been able to square up."

"Last pair? What's that—pair of shoes, pair of jacks, or what?"

"The last pair of twins," explained the man.

"For goodness sake, how many pairs have you?"

"Oh, they come in pairs at our house; we've had three pairs now. I managed to keep even with the doctor till the last pair came."

The Secretary reached down into his pocket. "How much did that last pair cost?"

The man estimated the figure.

"Well," declared the head of the department, "I guess you're entitled to have the slate cleared. I'll pay for the last pair." And he did.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

How May Better Church Singing Be Brought About?

With the idea of training his church choir and congregation to sing sacred music with greater intelligence, and incidentally to develop the musical talent of the church members, the pastor of a Methodist church in Indianapolis has established a "chair of ecclesiastical music" in the church. A well-known music teacher of Indianapolis will be in charge of this school, and attention will be given to the elementary studies, such as time, tune and pitch, and to articulation, transposition, theory, hymnology, etc.

This school for training churchgoers to sing will probably meet with favor, and there are few who would deny the necessity for it, says the Woodstock Express. In Canada, choirs are regarded as knowing much about singing, but a far different condition exists in the average congregation. Those who have given the matter any thought must have noticed that in any church the choir produces more than half the volume of sound in the singing of hymns. This condition might be expected in the singing of hymns with which the congregation are unfamiliar, but it is much the same whether the hymns are not well known or are quite familiar. "Let all the people sing" is the expression of a hope rather than a command or even a request. Ministers at times bewail the conditions in singing, but few of them have done anything practical to bring about a remedy. It would be impossible for many of them to follow the example of the Indianapolis pastor, but something could be done to improve the singing. Some of those who long to be useful in church work, but who find little to do might undertake to teach singing or might meet the expense of having a singing master give a few lessons. Those who can't sing, but could sing, if trained, should be given a chance, and the result would be brighter services in the church.

Another matter in regard to church singing, which might well claim attention, is getting a congregation to sing the words of the hymns correctly. Several examples of singing a wrong meaning into the words of a hymn might be given. These mistakes are not in the unfamiliar hymns, but are in hymns which have been sung till they are so familiar that congregations have them almost by heart. In one hymn congregations everywhere may be heard singing, "For Christ counts everything but loss." This is a meaningless statement, and a glance at the hymn in which it is supposed to appear shows that the writer did not make such a statement, but gave the command, "For Christ count everything but loss." A stanza of another hymn is sung as though written:

"Jesus keep me near the cross,
There's a precious fountain,
Free to all a healing stream,
Flows from Calvary's mountain."

Practically all of those who attempt to sing may be heard rendering this stanza as given here, although many of them would see a mistake in the second line if they took the trouble to examine it. It may be argued that such mistakes are not of great importance, but they spoil the effect of the hymn for some people, and a congregation could soon be broken of the habit of making such mistakes. Also, the person who made a list of such mistakes would do churches a favor.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

BOYS

Do you want a horse?

If you want a horse, or a bicycle, a gun, a camera, or anything else you've set your heart on, do what other boys are doing to get these things—sell

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

in your town on Friday afternoons and Saturdays. Maybe you think it'll take a long while to earn enough money for what you want. But that all depends on yourself. Some boys make as much as $15 a week; others make $2, $3, $5 a week. In our handsome booklet, "Boys Who Make Money," some of our boys tell, in their own way, how they got money for things they had long wanted, by selling THE POST. This booklet is free for the asking. We will send along with it, the complete outfit for starting in business, including ten free copies of THE POST. You sell these at 5c the copy, and that furnishes all the money you need for buying further supplies. Besides the money you make each week, we give, among other prizes, watches, sweaters, etc. And in addition

$250 in Extra Cash Prizes

each month to boys who make the biggest increase in their sales.

Better send us a letter to-day.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY 1728 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA

DECORATING !

Our Decorative, Painting and Paper Hanging trade is **BOOMING** and it will continue to boom, for our decorator is behind it pushing constantly.

We have at your service a staff of workmen, par excellent, proficient, trustworthy, painstaking—a larger staff than all others in the city combined.

This department is under most excellent system and management, the only way in which to make any business pay. ***We are as particular of a $2 job as we are of one worth $200.***

We Are Always At Your Service.....

With Good Workmen, Good Materials, In Paints, Oils and Colors, Good Wall Papers, And Most Liberal Prices.

Everything we use in this painting and decorating department is purchased wholesale.

Our Lead is imported from ***England.***

Our Wallpapers from ***United States and France.***

Everything we use is purchased in the best markets and our prices are thoroughly dependable.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,

Decorator and Designer.

Wallpapers, Paints and Oils Wholesale and Retail.

Things to Wear Easter

NEW SPRING SHIRTS
NEW NECKWEAR
EASTER GLOVES
EASTER HOSIERY

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.

Tailors & Furnishers.

The King Hat

HATS That are Winners

CAPS That are Leaders

Geo. T. Woodley.

Opposite Footbridge.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in ***Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.***

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

If Given a Trial

"SALADA"

Ceylon Natural GREEN Tea will prove Its Superiority Over All Japan Teas.

Lead Packets Only,—25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. AT ALL GROCERS.

HIGHEST AWARD, ST. LOUIS, 1904.

TRISCUIT

The new shredded whole-wheat toast served with butter, cheese or preserves --more nourishing than bread.

Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book," postpaid.
CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara, Ont.
Toronto Office, 32 Church St.

Easter Footwear

Are your feet ready for Easter. Your Outfit will not be complete without your Easter Shoes. We have an unlimited galaxy of styles in choice Easter Footwear for men, women and children.

"Dorothy Dodd" and "Empress Shoes for Ladies

BLOSSOM OUT IN NEW SPRING DESIGNS

AT POPULAR PRICES

The J. J. Haines

SHOE HOUSES—Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

Easter Saturday

Our stock in every department will be complete for that day.

A beautiful assortment of cakes in Chocolate, maple cream, pineapple, orange, Orange Sponge and many other kinds at 10c each. A choice line of pies, tarts, meat pies, rolls and fruit lines of all kinds.

Have your order in early for Weston's Homemade bread.

Ice cream and cream for whipping in abundance.

A limited number of hot cross buns will be made Good Friday morning to be delivered in time for dinner only.

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

SAFE INVESTMENTS

LOW EXPENSE

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE
Head Office: Waterloo, Ont,
P. H. SIMS, S.B. BRICKER, HON. SENATOR McMULLEN
Vice-Presidents.
THOS. HILLIARD, President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD. Supt. of Agencies

LOW MORTALITY

HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

SPRING SIGN.

(Chicago Record-Herald.)

In the spring a woman's fancy always starts her on the scent,
And her dauntless heart is gladdened by each sign that reads "For Rent."

She may know before she enters that the price will be too great,
That's a trifle, though, that never causes her to hesitate.

From the cellar to the garret she examines and explores,
Peering into every closet; looking back of all the doors.

With unmeasured satisfaction she goes tripping through the halls,
Making side remarks concerning the cheap paper on the walls.

If upstairs somewhere somebody on a bed of anguish lies,
Does she leave the room unentered which the sick one occupies?

If you think so you're mistaken. She must step inside and see,
For to her it doesn't matter much how bad the case may be.

"Is the landlord," she asks sweetly as she steps upon the stairs,
"Likely, if he gets good tenants in the house, to make repairs?

"Is he one whom cultured people could have dealings with? If so,
Are the neighbors folks that people of refinement ought to know?"

And when going she takes pleasure, as she makes a sad grimace,
In declaring that she couldn't live in such a dingy place.

What a joy to gentle woman each returning springtime gives
As she sets out to discover how each other woman lives!

• • •

A Chicago man has been arrested for trying to climb through a window into his own house. A man's house is his castle, but it is always wise to have a pass from the missus.

• • •

Probably the reason the mountain sheep of Castle Mountain did not permit Prince Arthur of Connaught to come within rifle range is that they took fright at his many titles.

• • •

They are trying to make out that Dowie is crazy because he wrote letters to a good looking young heiress convert, calling her "My little lump of gold." And Mrs. Dowie has the letters.

• • •

They are teaching the college boys in Guatemala how to play football. This will end those interminable revolutions, which will seem like mere child's play compared with the higher education.

• • •

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has been advising young men not to sow wild oats. It is much more profitable to sow the kind which can be unloaded on the public later in the guise of breakfast food.

• • •

Sarah Bernhardt's manager and leading man are going to fight a duel for the greater advertisement of Sarah. When it comes to advertising schemes, Sarah has all her rivals looking like last year's cauliflowers.

• • •

At the next Hague Conference, Russia will propose some new regulations to govern naval warfare. Russia was much annoyed during the last war at the indecent haste with which her navy was sunk by the Japanese, and will probably suggest that no Russian ship shall hereafter be sunk while the commander has his fingers crossed.

All smart up-to-date women of to-day,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.—D. M. Waters.

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Says Hydro-Electric Report Covering Western Ontario.

Requirements Will Be Increased to 100,000 Horse-Power Within Five Years—Prices For Power Based on $12 Cost at the Falls For Various Places in District Groups Adopted—Sources of Hydro-Electric Power.

Toronto, April 12.—The first instalment of the report of the hydro-electric power commission of Ontario, dealing with the southwestern section of the province from Toronto to Sarnia, described as the Niagara district, has been made public. Yesterday the Provincial Secretary laid a copy on the table of the Legislature.

At the moment that it was tabled the chairman of the commission, Hon. Adam Beck, rose to say that it did not deal with points east of Toronto that may be supplied with power from Niagara Falls. A second report, dealing with these localities, would, Mr. Beck said, be submitted during the next week.

Makes No Recommendations.

No recommendations are made; the commissioners were not asked to devise a scheme by which consumers may be supplied at the lowest possible cost. The presentation of the report lays the charge at the door of the Government, and it will be for Mr. Whitney and the assembled wisdom of his Cabinet to proceed with the data that is now before them.

50,000 Horse-Power.

The report is a mass of figures and data dealing with the Niagara district. It shows that the demand for electric power will be regulated by the prices as compared with steam, and that plants which use exhaust steam for purposes of heating could not be expected to use electricity for manufacture only. It shows that at least 50,000 horse-power could be obtained within a reasonable radius of Niagara Falls as soon as transmission lines can be laid, and this will be increased to 100,000 in five years. The reports says that the trend of private corporations has not been to compete for business and reduce prices, but to amalgamate or otherwise destroy competition, and then fix the price to suit the circumstances. This has led to many smaller concerns being forced to instal steam plants to make their own power, and "specific illustrations of this are found in Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal."

Savings For Toronto.

In order to show the savings that will accrue to the municipality, and to individual consumers from the distribution of Niagara Falls power at the lowest cost price, Toronto is taken as typical of the other cities affected, and as shown in an appendix to the report.

It is understood that the price which the Toronto-Niagara Power Co. is to receive from the Toronto Railway Co. is about $35 per horse-power per year for stepped-down power at the receiving station, compared with a cost, under some municipal arrangement, say, of $18.10 per h. p., $217,200 is the saving in the cost of power to the Toronto Railway Co. The city could save $53,000 annually on the pumping service, and the Toronto Electric Light Co. could save about $145,000 per year. This latter sum the taxpayers must pay in profits to the companies delivering the power. The total annual savings to be made by the distribution of electrical energy from Niagara Falls, on a cost basis, aggregates $515,000.

Prices For Power.

Based on the assumption of power at at $12 at the Falls, the total cost of power delivered at Hamilton for a full load of 16,000 horse-power at the substations would be $15.36. At Toronto, with a full load 50,250, it would be $16.53, or $16.91 for three-quarter load, and for half load $17.15. This is for twenty-four horse-power per annum. Comparative prices for full load of twenty-four hours would be: St. Mary's, $25.86; Stratford, $20.48; Tavistock, $23.50; Berlin and Waterloo, $17.36; Guelph, $18.39; Galt, $17.35; Brantford, $16.87; St. George, $17.14; Brampton, $26; St. Thomas, $31.89; London, $19.51; Tillsonburg, $24.30; Ingersoll, $18.81; Woodstock, $18.26; Paris, $18.12; Chatham, $24.62; Sarnia, $29.28; Petrolea, $25.52; Strathroy, $27.82; Windsor, $27.18.

Groups of Power Centres.

The report of the chief engineer, Mr. Smith, follows the outline given by the commissioners themselves. He has selected certain groups of power centres as being independent of other groups, the transmission being distinct through the entire route from Niagara except as regards right of way and telephone lines, provision, however, being made by interswitching stations at Hamilton and St. George for interchanging loads for night repairs between these points and Niagara Falls. The groups decided upon are as follows:

Division 1—Hamilton and Dundas.

Division 2—Toronto, Milton, Brampton, Georgetown and Orangeville.

Division 3—Brantford St. George, Galt, Preston, Hespeler, Guelph, Waterloo, Baden, New Hamburg, Tavistock, Startford and St. Mary's.

Division 4—Paris, Woodstock, Ingersoll, Tillsonburg, London and St. Thomas.

Division 5 — Windsor, Walkerville, Wallaceburg, Dresden, Chatham, Thamesville, Bothwell, Glencoe, Strathroy, Alvinston, Oil Springs, Petrolea and Sarnia.

Respecting the last division it is doubtful, the engineer says, whether electrical distribution would be fully justified commercially at present owing to the small amount of power required and the great distance of transmission.

Sources of Hydro-Electrical Power.

In Southwestern Ontario there are a large number of small rivers possessing small water powers, most of which are already developed, but these are mostly suitable only for local purposes. These developments are found at Port Dover, Dunnville, York, Caledonia, Brantford, Paris, Galt, Elora, Ayr, New Hamburg, Preston, Hespeler, Guelph, Georgetown, Norval, Erindale, London and Springbank.

The only source of hydro-electric power considered in the report is the water of Lake Erie, utilized on the Niagara escarpment, which is feasible at various points extending 20 miles west of Niagara Falls.

The present Niagara companies, with their net effective development are as follows:

Cataract, 22,500 horse-power, 10-hour.

Canadian Niagara, 40,000 horse-power, 24-hour.

Ontario, 50,000 horse-power, 24-hour.

Electrical Development, 37,500 horse-power, 24-hour.

Cost of a Plant.

Mr. Smith deals with the purchase of power from one of the existing companies or as an alternative the construction of a new generating plant.

He estimates the cost of a generating plant at Niagara Falls as follows:

50,000 horse-power development, $5,786,560, or $116 per horse-power.

75,000 horse-power development, $7,019,584, or $94 per horse-power.

100,000 horse-power development, $8,631,168, or $86 per horse-power.

These figures are for 24-hour power.

The operating charges on such a plant would be as follows:

50,000 horse-power $544,300
75,000 horse-power 661,700
100,000 horse-power 811,100

Allowing for transforming losses of 2 1-2 per cent., the net amount would be as follows:

50,000 horse-power, net power, 48,750; yearly cost, $11.16; percentage of capital cost, 9.62.

75,000 horse-power, net power, 73,125; yearly cost, $9.05; percentage of capital cost, 9.63.

100,000 horse-power, net power, 97,500; yearly cost, $8.32; percentage of capital cost, 9.67.

These figures are based upon setting aside a sinking fund for replacements, and for rate of rental similar to that already in force in contracts between the park commissioners and existing companies.

Transmission of Power.

The estimates on transmission are based upon the purchase of a right of way over the entire district 100 feet wide between Niagara and Hamilton; 66 feet wide, between Hamilton and Toronto, and, 33 feet wide, alongside of highways or railways for the remainder. Steel towers similar to those of the Toronto-Niagara Power Co. are provided for. Estimates are also given on the cost of construction of cedar poles.

Routine In Legislature.

A number of bills were read a second time, among which was Premier Whitney's bill to abolish registration of manhood suffrage voters. Hon. Mr. Monteith's two bills covering horticultural societies and agricultural associations were read a second time. There was a lively debate on Mr. Hoyle's prospectuses bill, but it was left over to draft a clause to meet Mr. McKay's objections. A change was made in committee in the veterans land grants bill.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Hanna an agreement with W. B. Converse for the manufacture of rope and cord at the Central Prison was ratified by the House.

A number of bills were read a third time.

The Legislature will adjourn this afternoon till Wednesday next.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Higher—Live Stock Markets —The Latest Quotations.

Wednesday Evening, April 11.

At Liverpool to-day wheat futures closed unchanged to ¼d higher than yesterday and corn futures unchanged to ⅛d lower.

At Chicago May wheat closed ⅜c higher than yesterday; May corn, ¼c higher, and May oats ⅜c higher.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	86½	84⅛
Minneapolis	77	79⅛
St. Louis	79	76⅞
Detroit	85¼	81⅞
Toledo	86¼	81¼
Duluth	79⅝	80¼

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 11.—Wheat, spot nominal; futures, dull; May, 6s 7¼d; July, 6s 6½d; Sept., 6s 6½d. Corn, spot, firm; American mixed, new, 4s 3½d; American mixed, old, 4s 7d; futures, dull; May, 4s 3½d; July, 4s 3⅜d. Beef, extra India mess, 76s 3d. Pork, prime mess western, firm, 78s 9d. Bacon, Cumberland cut, firm, 49s 6d; short clear backs, steady, 47s. Lard, prime western in tierces, strong, 43s 9d; American refined, in pails, firm, 44s 9d. Turpentine spirits, steady, 47s 3d.

Politeness of Children.

The politeness of children is only skin deep. One cannot help sympathizing with the little London girl who said sleepily to her hostess at a party she had not been old enough to enjoy, "Please, will you tell me which is the lady what's giving this party, 'cause I promised mummy to say, 'Goodby, thank you very much for the nice party,' and I can't go home till I've said it, and—and I do so want to get away from this horrible place!" But one's whole heart goes out to the little boy who, having greatly enjoyed one small insufficient chocolate, was asked sharply, "Well, Johnny, what do you say?" "More," answered Johnny.

Size of the Sun.

We sometimes see a huge ring or halo round the moon, occupying a space in the heavens so large that ninety moons' breadths would but just suffice to span it. Yet the body of the sun would fill all that space ere we had approached within 2,000,000 miles of him. Once on his apparent surface were we permitted to travel thereon and with the speed of an express train it would require five whole years of continuous journeying before we could make the circuit of this orb.

Superstition of the Turks.

The superstition of the Turks is nowhere so apparent as in their fear of the "evil eye." Jugs placed around the edge of the roof or an old shoe filled with garlic and blue beets (blue glass balls or rings) is a sure guard against the illusion. Whenever a pretty child is playing upon the street the passersby will say, "Oh, what an ugly child!" for fear of inciting the evil spirit against its beauty. The peasant classes in Turkey are of course the most superstitious because they are the most ignorant. They have no education whatever and can neither read nor write.

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WHERE ENDICOTT FITTED

By BARRY PRESTON

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Endicott was a duffer. There was no shadow of doubt about that. He could neither swim nor sail a boat; he played golf in a manner that set his caddy offering suggestions; his dancing was a cross between a prim walk and an awkward skip; he sat on a horse with as much grace as he would have straddled an elephant. Moreover, his lack of conversational powers had given him a reputation for taciturnity that was far from flattering.

"Why on earth Mrs. Saunders should ask him down for the month I can't see," one of the young women confided to a bronzed young fellow as they sat together in a vine made nook of the broad veranda one evening.

"Oh, that is the easiest part of the equation," he returned. "What sticks me is why the deuce he accepted the invitation." Whereat they both laughed.

"He's the death's head at the feast," said she.

"Oh, he's harmless enough," her companion said easily. "He doesn't attempt to do things unless some one sets him up to it. He'd never have gone in the water this morning if Vandecken hadn't kept at him for an hour to come along with us. He's game in a way, though. We didn't know he'd got beyond his depth until he was half drowned. Thought he was splashing about for the fun of it. Not a yip did he make."

"IT'S DREADFUL," SHE WAS SAYING. "WHAT IS IT?" ASKED MISS WILMOT.

"It makes you awfully uncomfortable to have such an incompetent person about," said she. "I'm always imagining things when he's late at luncheon or dinner."

"Providence has a watchful eye for a certain class of individuals," said he, and they both laughed once more.

Meanwhile, at the other end of the veranda, Endicott sat on the steps with Miss Wilmot. If Endicott had been a different sort of chap he would doubtless have made desperate love to the lady. But Endicott knew his limitations, and, therefore, instead of telling her all that was in his heart, he sat beside her on the top step, twirling his hat, watching covertly the changing expressions come and go on her pretty face, and wished most devoutly that he were less of a duffer.

He was a big, heavily built young fellow, with a frank, boyish face and a laugh that was very attractive in its genuineness, if you ever managed to get well enough acquainted with him to hear it. Miss Wilmot had heard it many times when she was alone with him, and it told her much of the real man that lay beneath the awkward reticent exterior.

Just now Endicott's troubled gaze was fixed on some ragged bits of red cloud, the aftermath of a gorgeous sunset.

"I think I shall leave in the morning," he said uneasily.

"But you haven't been here a week yet," she said in surprise.

"I know," said he, "but somehow I don't seem to fit. If a fellow's going to be a success at a house party he should do many things well. Now, I do everything badly. I simply slow up everything I enter into and spoil all the fun for the rest."

"Nonsense!" she declared.

"It's so," he maintained. "I'm just a duffer pure and simple, and there's an end of it. So long as I stay, of course, out of courtesy to me, they'll drag me into all these things, even if it does spoil their fun."

"You shan't talk so," she said. "Come, it's time we were getting ready for that moonlight sail."

"If there's so much as a ripple on the water I'm sure to be sick," he observed gloomily. "That makes it very cheerful for the rest."

"You have an attack of pessimism," she laughed as she arose. "Salt water is the best cure in the world for that malady."

They went down the veranda together. At the door they found Mrs. Saunders talking excitedly to her guests, who were grouped about her.

"It's dreadful," she was saying. "All the servants have left, even to the stable boy, and they're strictly quarantined. Poor Mrs. Browne is frightened nearly to death."

"What is it?" asked Miss Wilmot as they came up.

"Why, the youngest Bowne child has diphtheria."

At the door they found Mrs. Saunders.

Endicott was stroking his hair thoughtfully.

"Those the people that own that new place back by the pines?" he asked.

"Yes," said Mrs. Saunders. "Dreadful, isn't it? Her husband is in the west, and she's nearly frantic. There isn't a soul about here that they can induce to go there."

When the party started for the pier Endicott stepped up to Miss Wilmot.

"I don't believe I'll go back tomorrow," he whispered. "Perhaps I can fit, after all."

"Of course you can," she said and thought no more of his words until they had reached the end of the pier. It was then they found Endicott was missing. After much shouting and a hurried search about the immediate vicinity they started out without him.

It was nearly 11 when they returned. Mrs. Saunders met them on the veranda.

"Where do you suppose Ted Endicott has gone?" she cried.

"Where?" chorused several voices.

"To the Bownes'. He is going to stay there until they can get a trained nurse from the city."

Endicott stayed even longer than that. He stayed until little Bob Bowne died. Then when the quarantine of the house was at an end he came back to the Saunders cottage to get his traps before he went back to town.

The house party made a hero of him. The men spied him coming up the path and carried him, protesting loudly, on their shoulders into the hall, where all the other guests assembled. They gave him a round of cheers, and every one wanted to grasp him by his hand first.

Vandecken made a little speech and told them what the doctor had told him—all about what Endicott had done and how he had held little Bob Bowne in his arms the night the child died. They tried to get Endicott to say something about it himself, but he merely reddened up and shifted uneasily from one foot to the other and finally blurted out: "Oh, pshaw! It really wasn't anything!"

That evening he sat on the steps with Miss Wilmot. They were quite alone.

"I knew you were just like that," she said.

"Like what?" he asked.

"Oh, I knew you'd not be found wanting in a crisis," she explained. "And I knew, too, you'd be just as modest about it as you were."

"Any fellow could do that. That wasn't anything," he said uneasily.

"You're a dear, brave boy," she said heartily.

"If I were"— he began.

"What would you do?" she asked. Her eyes were tempting him.

"If I were," he repeated, "I'd—I'd—ask you—oh, hang it! I'm not," he ended in confusion.

"Ted, dear," she said softly, "I'll spare you the asking—and—and say 'yes' now."

He sat for a moment in dazed silence. He could not comprehend it all. Then his eyes lighted wonderfully.

"Thanks," he stammered, "thanks very much." Which was eminently like Endicott.

"Brought Up" In College.

One of the most original characters of the Welsh pulpit was the Rev. Lewis Powell, Cardiff. While on a visit to Carmarthentown on one occasion he called at the college, and the students were all for the first time to pay him homage.

"Can I have the help of two of you, my boys, for a minute?" asked Mr. Powell.

"Yes, dear Mr. Powell," answered half a dozen of them at the same time.

"Well, I want two lusty boys, if you please," he remarked, and two of the strongest students were chosen. "Now, my boys," said the old preacher, "let me lay a hand on the shoulder of each of you, and you put your arms around me."

This was done.

"Lift me, boys," said Mr. Powell, and the students lifted him until he was head and shoulders above all present in the room. "Thank you, my boys," he remarked. "Let me down now."

This was done. Then one of the boys asked:

"What is the meaning of this, Mr. Powell?"

The answer was: "Well, some people look down on the church in Cardiff because Mr. Powell, the minister, was not brought up in college. I can go back to Cardiff now and tell them that I was raised in Carmarthen college and that I stood higher than all the other students."—London Tit-Bits.

Swedish Rule In America.

New Sweden was established in 1638 on the bank of the South river, the Delaware, on territory now embraced in the city of Wilmington, Del. The first settlement was of some fifty pioneers from Gothenburg in the ship Key of Calmar and the tender Griffin, under the direction of Peter Minuit, a discharged director of the New Netherlands. For a kettle and some trumpery they bought all the land on the west bank of the river from Cape Henlopen to the falls near Santickan, now Trenton, running back "as much inwards from it in breadth as they might want." The Dutch, who claimed the territory, fulminated threats from Fort Nassau, but prudently refrained from blows. New Sweden prospered from the start and soon controlled the trade of the Delaware. This prosperity endured until 1655, when Peter Stuyvesant invested and reduced Fort Christina, thus putting an end to Swedish rule in America.

THE AGE OF AN OYSTER.

You Can Tell It by the Lines on the Hinge of the Shell.

In some ways an oyster is smarter than the man who eats him, but in one respect the consumer has his victim beaten in the matter of wisdom. The consumer has learned the art of "making up" to conceal his age; the oyster has not. Any one who wishes to do so can find out just how old an oyster is. The lines in the groove of the hinge of the shell tell the whole story. These lines are a true index to the number of layers composing the shell, being, in fact, nothing else than their attenuated tails. One of these layers grows each year, and, no matter how hard the sensitive oyster may try to keep it from showing, it is bound to overlap its predecessor and leave a ridge which, no doubt, is just as annoying to the oyster tribe as an annual wrinkle would be to the human race.

Up to the time of an oyster's maturity these layers are arranged with regularity, but after that they fairly pile over each other, just as if the little bivalve's birthplace had crowded upon each other so rapidly that he didn't have time to spread out one new plate before another was right at his heels.

An oyster comes of age when he is four years old. Coming of age in the oyster kingdom means that he is old enough to take care of a family and go to market. Going to market is a disastrous undertaking and is generally the last of him, for a four-year-old oyster is particularly palatable, and people do not hesitate to pay a pretty good price for a pint or a quart of him. By this it must not be inferred that after an oyster has passed the four layer period and has five, ten or even a dozen wrinkles on his shell he is a back number and fit for nothing but to keep on accumulating wrinkles until he dies of old age. Indeed, there are records of oysters being eaten just after celebrating their thirtieth birthday, and in most cases they formed quite a delicious meal. This is an unusual age for an oyster to attain, because few of them are given an opportunity to live so long. If left to enjoy life in his own quiet way it is quite probable that the oyster would live to become an octogenarian or even a centenarian.

BITS FROM THE WRITERS.

Progress isn't a passing fancy; it's the life principle.—Elizabeth Robins.

When we work because we love work, then the work is well done.—Marie Corelli.

There can be no journey more pleasant than that which carries us a stage upon the road to our ambitions.—Max Pemberton.

You mustn't mind what other people do. If their souls were your soul it would be different. You stand and fall by your own work.—Rudyard Kipling.

It is a curious contradiction that happiness is the one thing people really want and that it is the one thing nearly everybody misses.—Gertrude Atherton.

The kind of honesty that won't actually steal 's a kind of fool honesty that's common enough, but the kind that keeps a feller's mouth shut when he hadn't ought to talk 's about the scurcest thing goin'.—E. N. Westcott.

Parental Parsimony.

Everything is by comparison. Said a woman recently of a young married couple whose families are counted "immensely rich:" "They really cannot live on their income; it is shocking to pinch as they must. Why, you know, his father only gives him $10,000 a year. He has a salary of $5,000, and she has an allowance from her family of $10,000—only $25,000, with a $100,000 house to keep up. It's outrageous, with all the money there is in those two families!" Twenty-five thousand dollars income and a completely furnished house and yet counted paupers by the world in which they move! Better change the orbit and come into one of common sense.

A Railway Mixup.

Among those who have been complaining of the slow railways in Italy is a commercial traveler, who recently determined that the Milan express should end his life. Two minutes before the train was due at a certain station he laid himself stoically across the rails. After vainly awaiting the train's approach for fifty minutes the gentleman was compelled to relinquish the project. He threatened to sue the directorate for inconvenience caused him, in which case, it is said, the railway authorities will put in a counterclaim for services rendered.

One Comfort Left.

The retired merchant was looking over his old ledgers.

"What satisfaction does that afford you?" asked the caller.

"A heap," he answered. "When somebody calls me an old skinflint and a miser it does me good to look at the unpaid accounts of my forty years in business and reflect that I've given away in my time, without counting interest, $27,491.36."

Not Unlucky.

'Arry—I've brought yer a ring, 'Arriet. Ain't it a beauty? 'Arriet—Why, it's a opal, 'Arry, and opals is awful onlucky, so they ses. 'Arry—You needn't worry yerself over that, cos it ain't a real un.—London Express.

Poetic.

Diderot, the French poet, once said, "He who would write of women should dip his pen in rainbow dye and powder his lines with gold dust from butterflies' wings."

DON'T HAVE A FIRE.

Most Frequent Causes of This Household Disaster.

Carelessness is the human equation entering into nearly all fires. This and ignorance, either of the common causes of household fires or of what to do when an incipient blaze is discovered, are responsible for the destruction of hundreds of American homes annually. "Lose your head and you lose your home" is an aphorism which may well be quoted in time of fire, and this applies quite as much to the head of the house as to his better half. Asked what to do in case of fire, our fire chief promptly replied, "Don't have a fire." What he meant was this:

Don't empty hot ashes into a wooden barrel. It is better not to use a wooden barrel anyhow.

Don't shake the range or furnace and immediately take up the ashes. Clear the ash pit first and then shake down. It is the freshly shaken down ashes and coals that make the trouble.

Don't keep a hot fire continuously in an open fireplace for too long a time. The thickest wall of brick will heat through eventually.

Don't leave hot fat on the stove.

Don't have unprotected woodwork close to a furnace.

Don't allow paper or other light, inflammable stuff to accumulate in the cellar or elsewhere.

Don't allow greasy rags to lie in dark corners or closets.

Don't have lace curtains near unprotected gas jets.

These cover the more important and most frequent causes of fire. Leaky gas jets are not infrequently the occasion of bad outbreaks. Gas stoves possess elements of danger which all too frequently are overlooked. "Gas stoves break the monotony of life for us pretty often," said a fireman. Then he explained that a tiny hole often develops in the supply tube not far from the burner. Sooner or later a lighted match is passed over it or flame from the burner reaches it and a blaze so small as to escape notice is started. The stove is left for an hour or two, the flames eat a constantly increasing hole until the tube is burned off, and a full flow of gas starts a conflagration.

The common method of hunting with a lighted match for gas leaks is a dangerous practice, as the following incident shows: A householder, detecting the odor of gas in the cellar, examined all the pipes, going over them carefully with lighted matches. Nowhere could he detect a leak, and at last he gave up the search. A few hours later his house was seriously damaged by fire. Investigation showed that a lead gas pipe had been melted off. During the morning search for gas the match had passed over the leak, starting a flame so small that by daylight it was invisible. Gradually it had melted the lead, with the final disastrous results.

Just here let me offer an infallible test for leaking gas pipes given me by a veteran fire fighter. With a shaving brush or other small brush and an ordinary soap lather go over a suspected pipe. If there is a leak, no matter how tiny, it will blow bubbles in the lather. A leak too small to produce a flame will thus disclose its whereabouts.—T. W. Burgess in Good Housekeeping.

Celery Root Salad.

Wash and scrape celery roots, then cook in boiling salted water until tender. Drain, sprinkle with salt and set aside covered to cool. When cold cut in half inch cubes. Pour over a pint of cubes about five tablespoonfuls of olive oil mixed with a little salt and pepper. Turn the pieces of vegetables over and over with a fork and spoon to cause them to take up the oil, then pour over about three tablespoonfuls of vinegar and mix again. Serve on lettuce leaves. The whites of two cooked eggs cut in small pieces and the yolks sifted may be mixed with the celery root before the addition of the oil. Mayonnaise dressing may be used instead of the simple oil and vinegar. A little grated onion may be added, or the salad fork and spoon may be rubbed with a clove of garlic cut in halves.—Boston Cooking School Magazine.

Mint Sherbet.

Boil together for five minutes a pound of sugar and a pint of water. Pound well the leaves from one large bunch of mint, pour over them the hot sirup and set away until cold, then strain. Add the strained juice of three lemons and freeze. When hard, remove the dasher, mix well with a spoon, repack the freezer and set aside for several hours.

Sweets For a Luncheon.

Fancy heart shaped boxes are filled with candied rose petals, strawberries, violets or mint leaves.

Pastry strips are rolled in chopped nuts and twisted into bowknots brushed with egg and baked, being dusted with sugar just before the baking is finished.—Delineator.

VALENTINE BONBONS.

To Clean Bottles.

To clean decanters and other narrow necked bottles put in half a cup of vinegar, then half as much tea leaves. Shake until clear, empty, put in warm soapsuds and shake again. Then rinse thoroughly.

WORKLESS AFRICAN SOLDIERS.

Hundreds of Boer War Veterans Tramping In England.

Many soldiers who were invalided out of the army after the Boer war are now on the tramp, the casual wards of Britain's workhouses being their only home.

The majority are disabled, and the remainder find it impossible to get work. Never before have ex-soldiers had so much difficulty in obtaining employment, even when they are in the best of health and have left the army with papers testifying to unblemished character.

"It has become a very serious matter," declared the secretary of the National Society for the Employment of Ex-Soldiers. "For instance, 140 men who have just left the service with the highest possible character applied here for work this morning. On the other hand, only three employers sent for help.

"The same tale is told at each of our 114 branches, and the condition of things is rapidly becoming worse.

"The reason of this difficulty in finding ex-soldiers employment is, in my opinion, due to the energy which is being devoted to finding work for the unemployed civilian. An ex-soldier who does not know a trade is, however, a much better man than a civilian without a trade. In the first place, he is more cleanly in his habits, and is used to thorough obedience. Then his wits have been brightened and his intelligence developed, especially under the new order of things.

"It is generally forgotten that a certificate of unblemished character means much more in the case of a soldier than a civilian. For whereas the military man is watched night and day, and the least peccadillo is recorded against him, the civilian has only to behave properly during working hours—what happens afterwards is his own business."

Tragedy In Thackeray's Life.

On the 20th of Aug., 1836, at the British embassy in Paris, Thackeray married Isabella Shawe of Doneraile, County Cork. Three daughters were born of this marriage, and after the birth of the third, May 28, 1840, Thackeray took a trip to Belgium, having arranged for the publication of a short book of travels. He had left his wife "nearly well," but returned to find her in a strange state of languor and mental inactivity, which became gradually more pronounced. For a long time there were gleams of hope. Thackeray himself attended to her exclusively for a time. He took her to her mother's in Ireland and afterwards to Paris. There she had to be placed in a maison de sante, Thackeray taking lodgings close by and seeing her as frequently as he could. A year later, as he wrote to FitzGerald, then very intimate with him, he thought her "all but well." He was then with her at a hydropathic establishment in Germany, where she seemed to be improving for a short time. The case, however, had become almost hopeless when in 1842 he went to Ireland. Yet he continued to write letters to her as late at 1844, hoping that she might understand them. She had finally to be placed with a trustworthy attendant. She was placid and gentle, though unfitted for any active duty and with little knowledge of anything around her. She survived till 1894.

Once Brilliant Surgeon.

Sir Patrick Heron Watson, who has just retired from the presidency of the Edinburgh Royal College of Surgeons, has also largely retired from active practice. He was at one time one of the most brilliant surgeons in Europe and has done a great deal for surgical science. His professional career began just about the time of the Crimean war, in which he was actively engaged as an assistant surgeon. He had the misfortune to be invalided home, and was so ill, indeed, that his life was despaired of. A return to the bracing air of his native city, however, restored him completely to good health, and he soon became engaged in active practice. He was the first surgeon to remove the thyroid gland for the condition known as goitre, so common among the natives of Derbyshire, and also of Switzerland. He was also the first to perform the operation for removal of the larynx for malignant disease, which operation, it will be remembered, the late Montagu Williams underwent. He is Surgeon in Ordinary to King Edward in Scotland, and in 1878 was attache to the special embassy sent to Spain on the marriage of the late King. Although considerably over seventy, Sir Patrick Watson bears his years lightly and few would be able to guess his age.

Dean Swift Did Marry Stella.

The discovery of an unpublished letter in the library of Christ Church, Oxford, clears up the literary mystery of Dean Swift's relations with Stella. The letter was written by the Rev. Dr. Evans, Bishop of Meath, to Archbishop Wake, and is dated July 27, 1723. The Bishop writes:

"There was reported to be a promise of marriage between a young woman named Miss Van Omrig and the Dean. She designed to give him all her fortune, which was about £5,000, but on discovering that the Dean had already been married to Mrs. Johnson, daughter of Sir William Temple, she became indignant and made a new will."

The letter corroborates in detail the information as to Stella's announcement of the marriage and her wish that the correspondence with Dean Swift should be published, a request with which her executors refused to comply. Altogether the letter makes the evidence of Dean Swift's marriage too strong to resist.

The Traveler's Tree.

In the island of Jamaica there is a tree that is greatly admired by all visitors; hence its name—traveler's tree. It is similar to the palm tree, but in shape is like a fan. A curious feature of this tree is that its plume-like leaves sway and bend with the sun and the rain. In rainy weather the leaves bend almost to the ground, but in sunshine they raise themselves to their upright and more graceful position. The effect is very curious, for the leaves of this tree are immense. Any place of consequence in Jamaica has one or more of these specimens, but it is necessary to travel there for a sight of them, for they will not grow in any other climate.

Antoine's Marie

By Virginia Leila Wentz

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One August morning, with his high leather leggings, his easy costume, his fishing basket and tackle, Paul Blake strode along through the dew wet Canadian grass. He knew of a certain deep hollow in the brook which on such a gray moist day as this would be the haunt of juicy trout, and for the sheer joy of expectation he whistled. For equal to Blake's love for the art of painting was his love for the sport of fishing. He was not only enjoying his summer gathering French Canadian landscapes; he was reveling in his favorite sport as well.

After an hour of successful fishing in the quiet spot which he had selected he spied a splendid trout tucked cozily under a stone. But it was written in the book of fate that this fish and the frying pan should not lightly be brought together. Fly after fly was thrown in vain. Down through the crystal clear water he could see the sleek sides and the round, unspeculative eye of his intended victim, and he resolved to try the method of tickling.

So he undid his sleeve links, bared his arm and knelt upon the lichens, clinging with one hand to an overhanging birch. He was dipping cautiously toward the water when there in the pool before him, close to the reflection of his own, flashed another face.

It was a girl's face, and in its unusual loveliness it lay for a second like some magic picture. The next second Blake observed with a thrill that the vision was being changed by the current and that his own blond curls were made to trespass gently over the girl's dark ones. Then while he gazed at the reflection with Narcissus-like intentness the other face vanished as suddenly as it had come.

Springing to his feet, Blake perceived the bent trunk of an alder which projected across the stream from the top of the bank above, and he knew that the girl must have been leaning over the trunk from that higher bank, unconscious of his presence, until, like a startled deer, she fled.

"She was like one of Murillo's gypsy eyed Madonnas!" he exclaimed. And, though he went on for awhile longer with his trout fishing, the sport seemed to have lost a bit of flavor.

The next day Paul Blake drew up his horse before the kitchen door of a whitewashed farmhouse, and Antoine Martin rose to greet him.

"Bienvenue, m'sieu," said he, with old French hospitality. "And will m'sieu dismount?"

Blake did dismount, and as he stood in the wide doorway he tried to account for his presence. He was a painter, forsooth, and doing this section of Canada. He had already collected a good many views, but among them all there was not one more wonderful than that which could be obtained from the level plateau on which Antoine's farm stood. It was as if the hills had here withdrawn to leave an arena for some great spectacle, some ancient savage pageant. Might he, therefore, be permitted to fetch his easel and palette and to put upon canvas the harmony and beauty of it all?

Blake saw the lithe figure of a girl sitting opposite to him, her arms upon the table, her dimpled face with the Murillo eyes framed in both hands, her scarlet lips parted in breathless listening, hanging upon his words. Ah, luck was with him, to be sure. If he had lost the trout yesterday he had found the girl today.

"Come here, cherie," said old Antoine to the girl, and to the stranger, "My niece, Marie."

• • • • • • •

"But, you little water sprite, you little Undine, however did you get your face so mixed up with mine that day in the pool?" Blake asked one morning as Marie stood watching him at work on his canvas.

"Eh, bien, m'sieu, I had gone out for a pique-nique on the barrens, and—ramasse les granages—what you call pick berries," she answered in her quaint English speech, eked out with bits of patois here and there. Then she explained how she'd leaned over the trunk of the tree from the bank above to wash her stained fingers; how, just as she was in the act of dipping down, she had seen his reflection in the water and was startled.

Between the strokes of his brush Blake took surreptitious glances at the willowy figure, half holding back the apple boughs as she talked, half swinging on them. Rebel locks had broken out of confinement and were curling damply about her warm, white neck and that crumpled rose leaf of an ear. Ah, she was exquisitely delightful! That same day he said to Antoine:

"If you would permit Mlle. Marie to sit to me, and if Mlle. Marie will consent"—he questioned the Murillo eyes, which silently gave him his answer, then fell beneath his own—"I could do a painting that was worth while."

So the August days passed till the brief Canadian summer was over. Already they had started to burn the wood that Antoine had cut for winter use.

While the piled up logs sent red lights flickering about the plastered walls and shining floor, they would often show that Blake had joined the Martin home group and was reading to old Antoine, who listened soberly between long whiffs at his pipe. Marie would sit on the high backed bench near the clock, knitting, stealing a glance now and then at the volume which lay open on the table.

Antoine, good, sturdy old Antoine, had just been offered the position of foreman of a gang in the pineries at the headwaters of the Lievres. He had worked in the lumber camps for years, but never as foreman, forsooth. Nevertheless he hesitated about accepting it. There was poor little Marie, he pointed out to Blake. What would become of her?

"Poor little Marie!" For the next few days Blake did a good deal of thinking. Marie had never read Henry James or Meredith, it was true; she had never seen a poster lady, never heard "Camille," and yet in her setting she was perfect. Moreover, she was the sort to adapt herself readily to new environments. "And why not?" he argued finally to himself. "She is pure, beautiful and capable of the deepest, tenderest feelings. What she has not is the superficial gloss of society. That I do not want."

One evening, pushing his book aside, Blake glanced across at Marie, whose eyes, as usual, were bent on her knitting. She was humming softly to herself an old Canadian boat song:

"Descendez a l'ombre,
Ma jolie blonde."

Blake had often heard it above the blow of the oars in the rowlocks, but never had the words seemed so fitting as tonight. He rose suddenly and laid a hand on Antoine's shoulder.

"Let me take Mamselle Marie for a little stroll in the starlight," he said pleadingly. "It's warm in here. I will take good care of her."

"Eh, m'sieu!" The old man dropped his pipe and gauged him silently for a second with those black beaded eyes of his. What he read in the younger man's face must have satisfied him, for he said finally, with a little movement of his hand: "It must not be far. See you, m'sieu? And it cannot be for long."

Outside through the dusk there was a silvery glimmer. The woodland stir seemed like a sigh. Blake looked down closely into the little face beside him. In the mind of the girl something indefinable had arisen, something which had stolen away all her gay caprices and set her trembling.

"Ma petite blonde!" Blake used the soft provincial word for sweetheart that Marie had used in her song. His tone was one of gentle entreaty; his attitude was that of reverence.

"Ma petite blonde," he repeated, taking her hand and lifting it softly to his lips, "I want you for my little wife. Will you let me take care of you always?"

She looked at him with wide, surprised eyes and slightly parted lips.

"You, m'sieu?" she said breathlessly. "You to take care of me?" It seemed incredible.

For answer he drew her to him as a knight of old would have drawn a lady and looked into her lovely face. His blue eyes and her Murillo eyes met and pledged each other in deep drafts of gazing; then with a superb motion of surrender Marie reached up and put her arms about his head.

Thus in reality did his blond curls trespass gently over the girl's dark ones, even as once they had seemed to do in that reflection in the pool. And thus was brought about the winning of Antoine's Marie.

A King's Incognito.

Probably the most complete incognito on record was that adopted by King Charles of Roumania on his way to take possession of the Wallachian throne.

At the time the relations between Austria and Prussia were exceedingly strained—it was just before the outbreak of war between these two nations—and the Vienna government was known to be strongly opposed to a prince of the house of Hohenzollern ascending the throne of Roumania.

It was feared, therefore, that obstacles might be placed to the passage over Austrian territory of the newly elected sovereign of the Wallachs. Accordingly King Charles traveled down the Danube on board the Austrian steamboats disguised as a servant and in the second or third class cabin.

The two or three members of his suit, who of course were in the first class cabin, affected to treat him with the utmost severity and contempt and assailed him with loud reproaches for alleged negligence in his menial duties.

It was only on setting foot on Roumanian territory that the roles were reversed and that those who had remained on board the steamer were able to witness the ceremonious welcome accorded by the Wallachian authorities to the erstwhile valet and footman.

River Funerals In Germany.

The river Spree, which runs through Berlin, has a habit of almost continuously overflowing its banks. As a result the lowlands beyond the city, called Spreewald, are almost always under water in summer and covered with ice in winter. Much of the summer traffic is done on skates and with sledges. The postman delivers his mail either in a boat or on skates, the children skate to school, and the ladies go to market on the water wagon or on the ice.

Even the dead are carried along the river to their last resting place in a coffin resting on a bier in a boat covered with flowers. The hearse is paddled by two of the undertaker's assistants. In the first boat following are the clergymen and the family, and the usual long line of coaches is supplanted by a long line of boats. These are paddled sometimes by men, sometimes by women, but always by some of the friends of the deceased. These water funerals are very picturesque as they wend their way through the temporary channels caused by the overflowing Spree.

SAYS BOURASSA IS A JEW HATER.

TORONTO RABBI DEFENDS THE JEWISH RACE IN A SERMON.

Toronto, April 11.—The remarks of Henri Bourassa, M.P., in the House of Commons at Ottawa on March 15, on a resolution deprecating the massacre of Jews in Russia, when the member for Labelle referred to the Jews, on the authority of sober British papers, as being at the bottom of social troubles in that country and as obtaining the peasants' wealth by usury, were severely criticized by Rabbi S. Jacobs at the Feast of the Passover in Holy Blossom Synagogue yesterday morning. Rabbi Jacobs first stated that the statements of the member for Labelle did not contain one grain of truth. "The Jew," he said, "had no more to do with and was no more responsible for the present disturbed state in Russia than the spleenful, bombastic methods of the member for Labelle have affected the eruption of Vesuvius."

Continuing, the Rabbi stated that the troubles which threatened the Government of Russia were due to the sins of the aristocracy and the plutocracy. The funds being raised to help victims of the present atrocities were being distributed through sources which even commanded the respect of the Czar and his Government. The statement that the Jews had enriched themselves by oppression and usury was an ignorant, malicious and false statement, according to Rabbi Jacobs. He quoted an authority to the effect that Jews in Russia worked from fifteen to twenty hours a day, living in a state of semi-starvation, while only between ten and fifteen thousand Jews in that country possessed any certain means of existence.

"The charge was not true that the Jews did not assimilate to the country in which they lived or that they made an unworthy use of their citizenship. Loyalty to country was more than a civic duty with the Jew, it was a religious duty, continued Rabbi Jacobs. He said that the member for Labelle had only to open his eyes to see how well Jews were acquitting themselves in the duties of citizenship. Men of Jewish race and creed were filling responsible positions in almost every field of effort.

"The truth of the matter is," said the Rabbi, "the aspersions cast upon our race by the member for Labelle are the usual stock-in-trade, anti-Semitic utterances, which betray the workings of a mind warped by prejudice and envenomed by race hatred of the Jew." It was to be deplored that a member of Parliament should make statements devoid of truth, and give the color of justification to such deeds of cruelty and violence as had been perpetrated in Russia. The speaker concluded that the anti-Semitic utterances could not be talked down, nor wrote down, nor preached down, but they could be lived down. Each life should be a refutation of such charges.

HYOMEI CURES CATARRH.

ITS HEALING BALSAMS KILL ALL CATARRHAL GERMS.

There is no more common disease than catarrh, and none that is more dangerous. It weakens and debilitates the whole system, if it is allowed to run, leads to serious, and sometimes fatal complications.

No dangerous drugs are taken into the stomach when Hyomei is used. Breathed through the small pocket inhaler that comes with every Hyomei outfit, its healing balsams penetrate to the most remote cells of the throat, nose, and lungs, killing the germs of catarrh, healing the irritated mucous membrane, and making complete and lasting cures.

The complete Hyomei outfit, consisting of an inhaler that can be carried in the purse or vest pocket, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei, costs only $1. The inhaler will last a lifetime, while extra bottles of Hyomei can be procured, whenever needed, for only 50 cents.

If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write to-day for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomei Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

Honor Roll for Easter.

QUEEN VICTORIA SCHOOL.

Senior Fourth — Marjorie Johnson, Maud Fleming, Jessie McKenna, Nellie Knight, Madeline Shanklin, Lottie Jackson, Eddie Shappee, Nellie Goudy, Marion Adams, Frank McMillan, Eddie Clark, Charlie Jones, Ralph Graham, Oswald Wilkins, Harry Thomas, Lewis Stapley, Alxie Moore, Cyril Drumm, Charlie Green.

S. A. Gardner, teacher.

Junior Fourth—Jean Sinclair, Bessie Handley, Eileen Buchanan, Audrey Arnott, Edith Fenn, Aletha Silts, Olive Cooper, Arthur McGie, Robina Templeton, Willie Finkle, George Mitchell, Jack Denmark, Charlie Frederick.

Christie Urquhart, teacher.

Senior III.—Harry Hunt, Byron McCrodan, Irene McBride, Bessie Guenther, Nina Yeomans, Ethel Mott, Evelyn Thompson, Marjory Waters, Vernon Clarke, Mac Waters, Gordon Reid, Willie Mills.

G. Wood, teacher.

Junior Third—Kathleen Marshman, Marjorie Iler, Alice Guenther, Dorothy Renshaw, Marguerite Green, Marguerite Roberts, Frank Williamson, Alice Mitchell, Sarah Phillips, Mina Ormond, Jean Collins, Eula Rose, Edith McCuaig, Georgia Springer, Harold Knight.

M. Fleming, teacher.

Junior Third—Charlie Pearce, Emily Armstrong, Willie Taylor, Dorothty Johnson, May Barrett, Mary Burrell, Lucy McCrudden, Ethel Collins, Phyllis Bogart, Harold McPherson, Charlie Mitchell, Marion Ketcheson, Frank Moxam, Cyril McBride, Dean Ross.

L. Craig, teacher.

Senior Second—Julia Burrell, Earl Graham, Horace Yeomans, James Booth, Harold Reid, Marjorie Gowdy, Charlotte Story, Gladys Muir, Arthur Brown, Ada McElrath, Willie Boyce, George Gulliver.

I. Northcott, teacher.

Senior Second—May Wallace, Mary Macdonald, John A. Macdonald, Marjorie McGoun, Sydney Newton, Marion Chamberlain, Montgomery Barlow, Janet Mitchell.

Junior Second — Lillian Armstrong, George Ketcheson, Stanley Young, Mary Lewis, Ernest Shanklin, Jebsie Ranson, Gladys Littlewood, Maggie Soule.

Ruth E. Vincent, teacher.

Second Book — Ada Carwardine, Walter Archbold, Hubert Carnahan, Irene Boyle, Ford Sanford, Teddy Yeomans, John Ormond.

Part II.—Lottie Boyle, Winnie Armstrong, Helen Sulman, Pearl Huddleston, Eva Lazier, Willie Chamberlain, Gordon Wilson, Floyd Smith, Ellis Burrell, Kenneth Robertson.

L. M. Ault, teacher.

Senior Part II.—R. Sinclair, M. Bird, E. Carwardine, E. Smith, M. Denmark, C. Ashley, L. Fenn, H. Guenther, M. Taylor, F. Mott.

Junior Part II.—D. Frederick, A. Dunning, P. Homan, W. Davis, H. Ackerill, K. Arnott, H. Bateman, G. Skinner, H. McIntosh, T. McCargar.

Part II.—K. Renshaw, M. Gulliver, F. Maiden, V. Mitchell, N. Jose.

J. Bruce, teacher.

Part I., Class I.—Greta Archbold, Wilfred Ross, Russell Williamson, Harold Holway, Charlie Armstrong, Milton Elliott, Kathleen Ashley, Bertie Post, Mae Holland, Nellie Alford.

Class II.—Mabel Bird, Vera Thompson, Vera Sine, Hazel Mills, Mary Yeomans, Leroy Madden, Florence Cook, Helen Foster.

May McCaughey, teacher.

CANIFTON ST. SCHOOL.

Part I. — Harry Hopkins, Edna Case, Mary Huddleston, Kenneth Loucks, Stanley Green, Rosa Harrow.

Jr. Part II. — Frank Rainbird, Geo. Bowler, Reta Fitzgerald, David Jackson.

Sr. Part II. — Melbourne Emsley, Raymond Hudson, Vera Stapley, Florence Fitzgerald, Glenn Mangold, Myrtle Ayers, Jimmie Bowler, Mary Palmateer.

—Laura M. Phelps, teacher.

Jr. II. — Lily Ayers, Alta Dennis, Glen Chesney, May McDonald, Grace Green, Frank Kiser, Emma Beaumont.

Sr. II.—Nora Case, Pearl Henderson, Albert Hodgson, Pearl Stapley, John Lavender.

Jr. III.—Wm. McDonald, Wilfrid Ruttan, Edith Bulpit, Bertha Empey, Edna Bowen, Minnie Simmons, Vera Clarke, Jim Alexander.

Sr. III.—Lizzie Morton, Pearl Storms, Grace Clarke.

Jr. IV.—Stella Ayers, Fax Baker, Eric Keeler.

Sr. IV.—Marjorie Taylor, Harold Chesney, Ralph Wilson, Did Thomas.

Chas. F. Simpkins, teacher.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

SPORTING NOTES.

The National Baseball League season opens to-day.

Exhibition games yesterday: New York National 9, Manhattan 4; New York American 6, Providence Eastern 2; Cincinnati National 8, Buffalo Eastern 1.

Lachance of Montreal, refuses to sign. He wants $500 a month; the club offers $300. Lachance pulls a great string with the "pea soup" fans, but he's hardly worth 500 plunks a month.

Jay Gould, second son of George J. Gould, who won the American national championship at court tennis on Saturday by defeating Charles E. Sands, will try for the English championship. He sailed on the Kron Prinz Wilhelm yesterday, and will go to London to prepare for the championship court tennis tournament, which is to be held at the Queen's Club, in West Kensington, on April 30. His entry was forwarded two weeks ago, and a cable message of acceptance has been received.

London, April 10.—August Belmont, of New York, has bought the race horse Rock Sand, winner of the Two Thousand Guineas, Derby and St. Leger of 1903, for £25,000. Mr. Belmont secured Rock Sand in competition with a French breeder, who offered £21,000. The executors of Sir J. Miller, the former owner of the horse, had previously refused £15,000 for the animal. Under the conditions of sale the horse will finish the stud duties already undertaken here. He will not be shipped to the United States before June. He has been insured meanwhile for £26,000.

If the Providence team wins the championship of the Eastern League this year the players will receive $250 in gold from the compapp.

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

It is better to be bald and rich than it is to be bald without being rich.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

SPHERE OF WOMEN.

Miss Laura Rose's Address Before the Women's Institute.

An unique and unusually interesting address on "The Womanly Sphere of Woman" was delivered at the Women's Institute convention at the Guelph Model Farm on Wednesday, Dec. 13, by Miss Laura Rose of the O. A. C., Guelph. There was an immense attendance of ladies drawn from many different parts of Ontario, and the sentiments of the speaker were frequently applauded. Miss Rose, who is a very pleasing speaker, deprecated the entrance of women into the spheres of work better suited for men. A woman's success in the financial world might mean the sacrifice of her womanly nature, and cause failure more pathetic and far more to be regretted than financial failure.

"Let us safeguard well the difference in our nature which makes men seem our superior, and which, if neutralized, would only mar us and probably blot out the very best part of our nature," said Miss Rose. "The winning of a diploma often means physical wreck. She has won her laurels dearly, but for her rounded figure she has got muscular flabbiness, and for her rosy, merry face, she has got sharp-featured irritability. I think it would be well to leave this delving into deeper science to men, and let us be content to read of their wonderful discoveries. Some women are constantly uncomfortable because all the time trying to know more and more, so that they have not time to enjoy life.

"The education of our girls has been towards taking them from the home. During their school days they are always, when at home, poring over books and they take no interest in home life and home work. What can we do to keep our girls in the kitchen or turn them again to the kitchen; My greatest hope in the Macdonald Institute is that it may turn girls back again to the home life, and that they may there find their greatest pleasure in administering to the comforts of the inmates of their own homes. 'Nothing lovelier can be found in woman than to study household good.' At the institute they study it under such lovely conditions. There they, as they bend over the washboard, take delight in seeing the soil come out of the clothes, and when they go to the kitchen cooking becomes a joy. They will find such a dignity in performing the simple duties of housework that they would not change their sphere for any other in the world."

Miss Rose spoke of the necessities for congenial tastes between husband and wife, and advised women not by any means to limit their education to the kitchen. She, however, complained of the neglect of home by many married women who attend too many social and church meetings. Many of those works she believed should be done by maiden ladies. "There are lots of them," she remarked. The women of our country were largely responsible for the standard of home life. "A woman who is loving and true and devoted, a wife devoted and intelligent, need have no regrets if academic honors, high social position or political privileges have been denied her. She is filling the womanly sphere. The eyes of the world and of the God above rest kindly upon her, and her reward is great.

"Stay, stay at home, dear heart, and rest;
Home-keeping hearts are happiest.
For they that wander they know not where
Are full of trouble and full of care.
To stay at home is best."

AN ILLUSION DISPELLED.

The Oneidas Indians' Gift to the King Sent Back.

Sentimental persons will be touched by an incident that is reported from St. Thomas. The squaws of the Oneida Indians got an idea a couple of years ago and began to put it into effect. They set to work making two quilts, the finest they could design, the best their eager fingers could put together. They worked on these two quilts for a whole year, for they were to be devoted to a grand purpose—they were to be a gift from the Oneidas to the great King of England. When at last the work was done the precious quilts were laid before the chief of the Oneidas, Chief Ninham, who undertook to send them with a suitable message to King Edward.

This was done. Then weeks and months slipped away, and no word came from the great King, who had been so loyally served by his people the Oneidas. They waited expectantly to hear of the pleasure they had caused His Majesty and of his admiration for the skill and industry of which the carefully made quilts were the evidence.

A few days ago the chief of the Oneidas was thrilled by the receipt of the long-looked-for letter. He opened it. It was from His Majesty's private secretary. It formally stated that owing to the rules laid down with regard to offerings from individuals the King could not accept the quilts sent, and they were being returned. They came. They are back where they started from, to remind those who made them of a year's lost labor, and, more than that, of the Oneidas' lost illusion.

A rule is a rule and a secretary is a secretary, but in this case he would have been a wise secretary who had laid this special case under the notice of King Edward himself for his own decision, says The Toronto Star. The tact for which His Majesty is noted would probably have been exercised. Nor was this case one that came under the ordinary rules. The Indian tribes of Canada are allies of the King, not subjects. Call this a fiction if you will, but it is one that has had circumspect recognition from the first in all relations between the throne and our aboriginal people. The Oneidas are allied to the throne by treaty. More than that, in this city the people have come from far and near to veiw the vast collections of presents made to Queen Victoria and King Edward by princes and potentates of India. Why should the gift of the chief of the Oneidas be unable to get past the palisade of secretaries?

The boundary line between Canada and the United States is 3,000 miles long — 1,600 by land, 1,400 through water.

HER LADYSHIP'S DIAMONDS

By G. B. LEWIS

Copyright, 1905, by P. C. Eastment

Her ladyship's extravagance was a subject of general remark, but it was true that his lordship did not stint her in money matters, and so what she threw away was nobody's business after all. It was so for the first five years of their married life, and then his lordship began to feel the pinch. He delayed saying anything to her of the matter as long as possible, but there came a day when he had to tell her that retrenchment must be the watchword for several years to come He had figured up her bills and found she had spent more money in a given time than any other woman in the kingdom. In a way he was proud of it, but in another way he had to give her a word of caution. She could still be extravagant and reduce her expenses one-half.

His lordship found out something too late. Give a wife rein for the first five years, and she will take the bit in her teeth for the next five. Talk of economy should come before instead of after. In addition to gratifying her own many whims and caprices her ladyship had a brother in the navy and another in the army, both officers, of course, and both living more or less off her bounty. Only the day before his lordship had asked for a private interview to talk retrenchment she had sent the naval officer a liberal check to straighten up his debts of honor and been informed by letter that the other one must have a much larger amount or throw up his commission in disgrace.

His lordship's news, therefore, came like a douche of cold water. If there was any sort of scene it was kept from the servants and therefore from the public, and things seemed to go on as before. They didn't, however. Her ladyship had her diamonds duplicated in paste and raised a large sum on the real gems to help others and herself. This was done quietly and secretly and was only part of a plan she had in her mind.

After the close of the London season his lordship retired to his country castle and was soon followed by a score of invited guests. The astute English robber is always on the watch for these house gatherings. Every woman guest is certain to bring at least a good part of her jewels to wear at dinner, and there are always chances for a smart thief to get in his work. As an offset the host employs a detective to mix in with the servants or even with the guests for the time being and keep watch over things.

It was so in this case. Scotland Yard had loaned him Inspector McDonald, and there never had been a robbery in a country house he was protecting.

The inspector, under another name, mingled with the guests and made himself at home, but he was given to passing much of his time wandering over the estate and musing in the shade of its forests. One of his musing fits was one day interrupted in a rather singular manner.

He was lying on the moss under a spreading beech when the sound of footfalls disturbed him, and he rolled over on his side, to discover her ladyship making her furtive way through the woods. At a dozen paces from him she stopped and with a stick dug a hole in the ground at the foot of a tree and concealed something. When she had run away the inspector scooped out the dirt until he came to an oiled silk bag containing her ladyship's diamonds. They were all there to her last ring, and the inspector knew enough about precious stones to know that these were paste.

This happened at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. What her ladyship would do without her diamonds at dinner time the inspector could not determine. Her secret burial of them meant to him simply one thing—she was going to be "robbed" of them. She would have to put up a claim of loss by daylight, and there would be a sensation. Either that or she must be "indisposed" at dinner time and not appear among her guests during the evening.

Her ladyship proceeded at once to business. An hour before dinner, and after all the guests, including the inspector, had been indulging in games on the lawn, she went to her room to discover that her diamonds were missing. There was a sensation at once. No one had seen any stranger lurking about, and the robbery must have been perpetrated by some of the servants. Including maids and valets, these numbered over sixty, and each one was obliged to come forward and be investigated. His lordship insisted on the most rigorous examination, and this led to protestations and hard feelings. Within twenty-four hours the house party was broken up and scattered, and Inspector McDonald had to admit that he had no clew. The only thing his lordship could do was to offer a reward, and he made it $25,000.

The inspector did not go with the others. He remained behind to look for clews. He held many interviews with his lordship and her ladyship together, and he had to admire the density of the one and the cunning of the other. It was more than cunning. Her ladyship had more nerve and cheek than the detective ever before had found in a woman. She was a most convincing liar, and if he hadn't had the paste diamonds in his pocket he would have been inclined to believe that the scene in the woods was a day dream. She could furnish no information as to how her diamonds had disappeared.

She cleared her own maid of suspicion, but would not vouch for the honesty of the others. It was through her advice and insistence that his lordship advertised "No questions asked." The stolen plunder could thus be returned by any one of her choosing. The $25,000 would get the originals out of pawn and save her brother. The inspector held but one interview with her ladyship alone. At that interview, after she had retold her story and looked him as straight in the eye as a woman could, he said:

"I can't believe that the plunder was carried far. I shouldn't wonder if it was buried in the woods."

"That may be," she innocently replied.

"They didn't happen to be your paste diamonds, while the real gems are in a vault in town?"

"Would his lordship advertise such a reward for paste diamonds? Have you ever heard that I have resorted to paste?"

"I did not mean it in that sense. The reason I spoke of the woods was because I was out there that afternoon."

"Well?"

"I thought I saw a woman prowling around."

"Then you have been derelict as a detective. Why didn't you speak of the matter before?"

"The more I think of it the more I believe that this woman buried something at the foot of a tree."

"Then let me call his lordship, and we will go at once."

When it was too late he saw that she wouldn't take a bluff, and he was obliged to accompany the pair to the woods. He walked straight to the tree and showed them the cavity. He looked straight into the eyes of the woman, but she did not falter in the gaze. He saw by her attitude that she was even ready to hear him say that she was the woman he saw and to drag from his pocket the bag of diamonds in corroboration. He dared not put her to the test.

When his lordship criticised his action in not overhauling the unknown woman, the detective could only swallow his chagrin and beg to withdraw from the case. Two hours later he was packed and ready to go. As he was descending the stairs he encountered her ladyship ascending. She gazed straight into his eyes and held out her hand. There was no bribe in her fingers—she knew the inspector to be above that. He took the bag of diamonds from his pocket and passed it over without a word and then, raising his hat to her, he kept on his way out of doors. Two weeks later a London paper said:

"We are glad to hear that her ladyship's diamonds have been restored to her. It is hinted that the person claiming the reward had the manners of the gentleman, though in disguise."

"One of her brothers, maybe," said Inspector McDonald to himself, as he turned to the case in his book and wrote "Closed" at the bottom.

His Religion.

Not long ago a certain clergyman from the west was called to a church in Jersey City. Soon after his arrival the divine's wife made the usual visits to the members of the parish. One of these, a plumber's wife, was asked by the good lady whether the family were regular churchgoers, whereupon the wife of the plumber replied that, while she and her children were attendants at divine service quite regularly, her husband was not.

"Dear me!" said the minister's wife. "That's too bad! Does your husband never go to church?"

"Well, I wouldn't say that he never went," was the reply. "Occasionally Will goes to the Unitarian, now and then to the Methodist, and I have known him to attend the Catholic church."

A look of perplexity came to the face of the visitor. "Perhaps your husband is an agnostic," suggested she.

"Not at all," hastily answered the other; "he's a plumber. When there is nothing for him to do at one church there is very likely something for him at one of the others."—Harper's Weekly.

Where the Sea Disappears.

A girl was recently overtaken and drowned by the incoming tide on the west coast of France. A transplanted Breton said of this fatality:

"Can you, who see your own tides crawl in at the rate of ten feet or so an hour, imagine tides racing like wild white horses up the flat sands at the rate of half a mile a minute? The extraordinary flatness of our Breton coasts gives us these phenomenal tides. The sea does not rise and fall. It appears and disappears. You have a vast and flat plain of sand. At a set hour the sea rushes in, white, wild, submerging this vast plain. At a set hour an unseen hand sucks back the waters—back thirty, forty, fifty miles—and nothing is visible but the plain of pale sand again. Woe unto such as walk on this desolate plain when the tide begins to rise, for they must drown! Nothing can save them."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Experienced Traveler.

"Look here," demanded the irate hotel proprietor, "what did you say to that last guest?"

"Why," replied the waiter, "he didn't pass over a tip, so I said, 'I think you have forgotten something, sir.'"

"That's just it. After you said that he returned to the table and took three oranges and six pears."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Conscience.

A man, so to speak, who cannot bow to his own conscience every morning is hardly in condition to respectfully salute the world at any other time of the day.—Douglas Jerrold.

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TORONTO

SELECTIONS

THE WALKING FEVER.

One Phase of "Yellow Jack" That is Particularly Dangerous.

"In the south they have lately had yellow fever," said a lady who is an exile from Mobile because of the sickness, "but one of the sources of the disease is of a peculiar character. It is distributed by persons who have what is called the 'walking fever.' They go about their business or affairs while the fever is latent in them, but still of a malignant and contagious character. A victim in whom the disease is established, and who is put to bed, by reason of coming in contact with but few persons rarely becomes a focal point of its spread, but the victim who still moves about distributes the malignant taint to many. The curious thing about these sufferers is that they keep on going about till they simply fall down and quickly die. They have a headache and stiff joints, but their temperature is little above normal, and they attribute their sickness to other than the serious causes which give rise to it.

"In a previous invasion of yellow fever in the south, I remained until too late to leave my home. The quarantine was imposed, and its terms were executed with cruel fidelity. A gentleman living in my street, a merchant, gave his whole attention and time to health work. Our street is on high ground and is kept in the best possible sanitary condition. The gentleman came home daily and one evening fell fainting in the street. That night he died. Not a house in the row, some thirty of them, was spared by the dread visitant. We were able to trace from him the progress of the malady that twice decimated the residents of the street within twelve days.

"A woman friend of mine in New Orleans had the walking fever during the current outbreak of the disease. She communicated it to her family, and now all of them, eight in number, are dead."—New York Herald.

The Practicability of Airships.

The mists of the future still hide the airship that will be used as a conveyance, making regular trips, carrying people to and fro above the earth on business and pleasure, but the coming of the practical ship is inevitable. I will not venture to say how soon it will arrive, but I think that many who are now alive will move over the housetops in airships, when most houses will have entrances on their roofs. I have no faith in the idea that flying machines may be devised for single individuals or that the correct principle may be found by studying and copying the flight of birds. When such plans are suggested I am reminded of the ideas and efforts of inventors who a century ago tried to make locomotives with four legs to operate like horses. The thought of these mechanical experts was that, since the horse moved more rapidly across the land than almost anything else with which they were familiar, it followed that any mechanism that was to attain a greater speed would have to be constructed and operated in a similar way.—Success.

Heat and Cold.

An army surgeon who was stationed for some time in the Philippines has contributed to the New York Medical Record some of his conclusions from observation of epidemics of typhoid fever in those islands. One of the most surprising of his statements is that the greatest mortality as a result of the disease occurs during the first quarter of the year because the power of resistance of the natives is at the lowest ebb "at the close of the cold season." If we are surprised at the suggestion that there is a cold season in the Philippines our astonishment is increased by the further remark that "to an American it seems absurd that people should suffer and even perish from cold in a temperature seldom under 70 degrees, but such is the case." Cold and heat are relative terms, as the American may learn also in London, where the newspapers are printed with "scare heads" and long articles on the intolerable heat when the thermometer gets up to 80.

Blushing Made Dangerous.

Even in the backwoods district the use of belladonna to increase the brilliancy of the eyes is dying out, but the new "blush producer" from London bids fair to have a more serious effect than the herb product. The "blush producer" consists of nitrate of amyl "pearl," a capsule containing a minute portion of the drug. This is crushed in the handkerchief and inhaled, with the result that the acceleration of the heart action suffuses the face with a rosy blush. The danger lies in the fact that nitrate of amyl is a powerful heart stimulant, which has long been used in capsule form by patients suffering from cardiac affections. It is a yellow colored fluid, with a marked odor of bananas, and even in the slight doses required to send a flush to the cheek it will work hurt to the most vital organ of the body.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.
42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

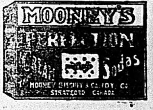
NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 12

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	93½	93
do pref	103	103
St. Paul	170½	170⅛
Mop	96	95⅞
Union Pac	156½	155⅞
C.P.R.	172½	172⅞
Sou Pac	68⅜	68⅞
R I	27⅞	27⅞
Ills. C.	174½	175
Sou Ry	40⅞	40½
Texas	33⅝	33⅝
B & O	113⅞	112⅞
N Y C	143⅞	143
Penn	141½	140⅞
Soo	157½	157⅞
T. W.	....	....
Erie	45⅛	44½
do pref	78½	78½
Reading	138	137⅞
C. O	58⅞	58⅜
O W	52⅞	52⅞
Manhattan	151⅞	153⅞
W C	27½	27½
L. & N.	149½	148⅞
A. F.	44⅞	43⅞
Nor	89⅞	89⅞
Wab.	22	22⅜
do pref		
A. R.	159⅞	158
C. G W	21⅞	21⅛
T.C.I.	149⅞	149⅞
U. S. Steel	42⅞	42⅛
do pref	108⅛	107⅛
Sugar	138⅞	139
B.R.T.	86⅝	87
P. O	95	91⅞
A. C. P.	111	110½
Met.	....	....
Alo.	68⅞	68
C.F.I.	61⅞	61⅞

May wheat opened at 79⅞ closed at 80⅜
July wheat opened at 78⅛ closed at 79⅞
May corn opened at 46⅛; closed at 40⅞
July corn opened at 46⅛; closed at 40⅛
May Oats opened at 31⅛; closed at 32⅛
May pork opened at 16 25 closed at 16.07



To His Pleased Customers

The wise grocer studies his customers—knows their likes and dislikes—knows that his best trade want

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

He lets them know that he has their favorite biscuits—and sees that they are not asked to buy something "just as good," which is NOT as good.

Grocers who want to please their patrons always have Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas. In 1 and 3 pound packages—air-tight and moisture-proof.

Sunny Spots.

There is one spot in Switzerland, Lugano, which has an average of daily sunshine for the year of 6.1 hours, higher than Padua, 5.6 hours, and nearly as high as Rome, 6.7 hours. Basel has only 4.7 hours. Denmark has the same daily amount of sunshine as England, 3.3 hours, while Germany has from 4.2 to 4.8 hours. The sunniest spot in Germany is Jena.

Coffee Test.

If you suspect your coffee is adulterated throw a handful of the beans in cold water. The real coffee beans will sink, while the spurious ones will float or remain suspended for some time.

Hungarian Asphalt.

Asphalt is found in large quantities in various parts of Hungary.

The First Newspapers.

The first newspapers, the Venetian gazettes, were for many years circulated only in manuscript because the government would not allow their publication in print. Becoming scurrilous, they were prohibited in every part of Italy by a special bull issued by Gregory XIII.

Britain's Lack of Woods.

With the exception of Portugal, Great Britain has the lowest percentage area of woodland of any country in Europe.

Easter Elegance

IN MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S

Suits, Topcoats, and Raincoats

You'll be "right in line" in the Easter style parade if your finery bears the Quick & Robertson label. That means not only that you'll get up-to-the-minute style and perfect fit, but that you'll be sure to have the kind of garments that suit you individually, for you select here from the largest and choicest variety in the city. Prices range from—

$5.00 to $22.00.

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits and Prince Albert Coat and Vests

These garments are a revelation to the man accustomed to paying his tailor a fancy price for them. We carry a complete range of sizes and when occasionally the fit is not just right, we do exactly what a custom tailor does when he has a "try on"—adjust the garment to the man just as correctly as the tailor would.

Prices $15.00 to $23.00

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Boy's Easter Outfits

Everything for the boys same as for the men—Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishings that embody style, character and quality—a department that acknowledges no equal in Belleville.

Exclusive Easter Neckwear

Is a revelation in itself For style, newness and complete variety, it is positively the greatest showing in the city.

Men's Easter Gloves

All the best makes—Dent's, Fowne's, Perrin's, etc., in all the new and correct shades—regular or cadet—(short finger) all sizes.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50

Men's Easter Hose

All the new things for your low shoes are here in silk, lisle, cashmere, cotton, etc., in all colors, at all prices, from *10c to 75c.*

Woodrow's Silk Hats, $6.00 Quality for $5.00

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Easter Hats

Of all the various kinds, shapes and colors at

$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00

No Trouble to Show Them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

N.B.—Store Open Thursday evening until 10 o'clock.

IN TIME FOR EASTER

We have never been known to be a minute late in our offering seasonable articles in

FURNISHINGS

As soon as the manufacturer makes anything new in our line, we've got it.

Always something new in Neckwear.

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialist.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Beg to announce to the ladies and gentlemen that they have made satisfactory arrangements with us to hold daily demonstrations for two weeks, commencing Monday, April 16th regarding treatment of the Hair and Scalp. They respectfully invite everyone to call and consult with them. Come and see the Long, Beautiful Hair, grown by the use of the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Hair Grower and Hair and Scalp Cleaner.

WATERS' Drug Store

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

Celery for rheumatism and neuralgia.

Back Combs

The Back Comb is again the feature of prominence, and as is usually the case with such ornaments of richness and elaboration are carried to extremes

Styles are high and narrow, broad with but a narrow portion of shell above the comb and the mountings are colored in Rose, Roman and Dull Green finish, with and without stones, in silver and gold filled.

Prices, 75c to $5.00

T. BLACKBURN

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

For Rheumatism

Lumbago, Weak Back, and all kindred diseases, I have never handled a more effective Remedy than Ray's Kidney Pills. I can produce some remarkable testimonials to cures from their use, the sale of which are constantly on the increase without any advertising on my part, but simply on testimony of those who have been helped by their use. Ask for "RAY'S KIDNEY PILLS," 25c a box, or 5 boxes for $1.

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the ***Second Door from Waters' drug store*** on ***Bridge St.*** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

—And all Kinds of—

SILKS and FLOSSES

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

Lucas Case Was Laid Over For a Week.

CHIEF NEWTON TOLD OF SEEING WHAT LOOKED LIKE FLOUR MARKS ON JOHN LUCAS' COAT—WALTER LUCAS HAS BEEN BAILED OUT.

The case against John and Walter Lucas, charged with stealing grain, etc., from bonded G.T.R. cars, was resumed at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The court room was again filled.

A BAGGAGEMAN'S TESTIMONY.

Mr. Morris Moorman testified that he was baggageman at the G.T.R. station. Heard of the cars being broken into, but did not see them. Saw corn along the road on his way home. This was in the direction of the Lucas house. Between 10 and 11 o'clock in the forenoon of March 21st witness was at John Lucas' house. John was home at the time and Officer Hayes was there. The officer took witness into the kitchen and he saw bags containing flour and grain there. Upstairs he saw four large sacks of flour. John Lucas told witness he could prove where the grain came from. He said he had bought the oats from one man and the corn from another, but did not say where he had procured the flour. Witness then said to Lucas, "This oats and corn did not come from the G.T.R. yard?" and Lucas said no. That day witness took some of the grain and flour away and next day took away the four bags of flour which were upstairs. On Monday, March 26th, witness saw some loose corn lying in the river. There was probably 200 pounds. Mr. M. Donovan informed witness of the corn in the river.

Cross-examined—Witness went out to John Lucas' place in consequence of a message from Officer Hayes, who was at the place. Four bags of flour were marked alike and two others were different. Witness got six bags of corn, six bags of flour and 13 bags of oats. Walter Lucas at one time lived in a house at the east end of the G.T.R. yard. It adjoined the railway property.

Re-examined—Nothing was said to witness as to where John Lucas was the night the cars were broken into.

A NEIGHBOR TESTIFIES.

Mrs. Lambert testified that she lived near Mr. John Lucas.' On the morning she heard of the grain being stolen she heard the noise of a wagon near their place. She called her husband and he looked to see what time it was. It was 3 o'clock in the morning. Did not get up; neither did her husband. Could not tell which way the wagon was going. Saw John Lucas that morning about 7 o'clock. He was in his own yard and some man was with him. Could not tell who the man was. Saw Walter Lucas at John Lucas' place the afternoon before the grain was taken at night. Walter had a team of horses there. Smiley Lucas was also there. She did not hear any noise about Lucas' place that night.

Cross-examined — Had seen John Lucas buy grain from persons travelling along on the road.

Re-examined—Never saw John Lucas buy grain on the road between the hours of 11 o'clock at night and 3 o'clock in the morning.

OTHER WITNESSES.

Ambrose Clement swore that he resided at Canifton. He remembered the car of corn which was shipped into Corbyville. He saw the bottom of the car was bored, and a wooden plug was in the hole. To the best of his knowledge, the hole was about two inches in diameter.

Alexander Jose testified that he worked at Corbyville. He helped to unload a car of corn. Saw a plug in the bottom of the car. The hole was about two inches. The plug was made of cedar. Witness marked the number of the car on the plug.

Chief Newton testified that he remembered the arrest of John Lucas. He was sober. The shoulder and back of his coat was white. It had the appearance of being flour. Witness saw a plug and gave it to Detective Harnett. It was initialed.

The County Attorney stated that as far as John Lucas' case was concerned the evidence was all in, but he might possibly have some further evidence submitted in reference to Walter Lucas' case.

Mr. Carnew stated that he was not in a position to proceed with the defence in the case. He thought that the court should, in the case of Walter Lucas, allow bail until the case is proceeded with. This, Mr. Carnew considered, was not asking too much. His client was able to give bail.

The Magistrate thought that it was not unreasonable to accept bail in Walter's case, if the Crown was willing.

The County Attorney was of the opinion that if bail was accepted two sureties would have to be secured.

Magistrate Flint—"I will fix bail at $300 in Walter's own recognizances, and two sureties of $100 each.

The case was then enlarged for a week.

Shortly after the court closed bail was secured for Walter Lucas. The sureties were Messrs. Shorey and Callery, of Canifton.

Grand Welcome for Returning Prelate.

ARCHBISHOP GAUTHIER RECEIVED WITH ACCLAIM AND PRESENTED WITH A PURSE OF $3400.

Kingston, April 11. — His Grace, Archbishop Gauthier, arrived in Kingston on Tuesday afternoon, on the train from the east. The Grand Trunk railway company very kindly placed a special car at his grace's disposal. No distinguished citizen ever got a warmer or more enthusiastic reception on entering the Limestone City, than that accorded Archbishop Gauthier on his arrival home after his official visit to Rome. The people turned out en masse irrespective of creed or class, to extend to him a warm and generous welcome back to Kingston.

Previous to the arrival of the train, the Catholic societies were extended from the G. T. R. station, along Ontario street, and up Brock street to King street. The 14th Regimental Band, the R.C.H.A band, and the Deseronto band, were arranged at intervals in the line, and discoursed fine music.

When the train reached the station, and his grace stepped to the platform, he was met by members of the clergy of the diocese, and the reception committee, and escorted to his carriage. Mayor Mowat with Aldermen Craig, Elliott, Angrove, Hoag and Kent, drove up and the Mayor extended to the Archbishop an official welcome back to his cathedral city. The procession then started to conduct the Archbishop to St Mary's cathedral. It moved off in this order:

Standard bearer with Canadian flag

Catholic Societies, composed of the Knights of Columbus, A.O.H., C.O.F., C.M.B.A., and Y.I.C.B.U.

Gentlemen of St. Mary's congregation. Carriage with the Archbishop and Vicar-General Masterson, and Rev. Father Kehoe.

Carriages with Mayor Mowat and the aldermen.

The reception committee in carriages.

Clergy of the diocese in carriages.

The Catholic societies never before turned out in such force or with such grandeur. They presented a fine scene with their gaily dressed marshals on prancing steeds. Daniel Eves was grand marshal; Thomas J. James, marshal of the A. O. H.; C. Millan, marshal of the C. M. B. A.; Patrick Fannon, marshal of the Y.I.C.B.U., and Michael Goodman, marshal of the C. O. F. Four mounted men formed a guard of honor around the Archbishop's carriage.

When the head of the procession reached the front of the palace, it halted and formed into two lines, through which his grace's carriage passed, headed by the 14th band. The Archbishop followed by the priests, then entered the palace where they robed, the band playing "Home, Sweet Home," as his grace alighted from his carriage.

In the interval, the societies formed two lines from the palace door to the cathedral entrance. A grand procession then took place from the palace in the following order;

Cross bearer and acolytes.

Sanctuary boys.

Clergy.

The Archbishop, accompanied by Vicar-General Masterson, Dean O'Connor and Dean Murray.

When his grace entered the church, the separate school children, who occupied a prominent position on either side of the cathedral, under the direction and supervision of their teachers, sang the "Vivat Pastor Bonus." The cathedral was crowded to the doors.

When the Archbishop took his seat in the sanctuary, surrounded by the clergy of the diocese, the reception committee approached him, and Dr. Rayn read to him an address, during the reading of which His Grace was presented with a purse containing $3400.

In reply the Archbishop expressed his heartfelt thanks for the good wishes contained in the address, and announced that, after making his report to the holy father, whom he had the privilege of meeting on several occasions, he had spoken of his congregation. To him the holy father said: "Tell them for me that I love them, that I impart to them my special blessing."

In acknowledging the magnificent money gift, his grace said that he was not until recently aware of the sacrifices the people of the congregation had made during the past few years. It was more than edifying to see their spirit of faith in the contributions made to the church, but he did not expect such an offering as that made to him now. He wanted to tell them that their magnificent money gift was not for him. It would go towards the various funds of the diocese.

His Grace then imparted the Papal benediction; after which the choir sang the "Te Deum."

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.

THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

WOULD-BE SUICIDE ALLOWED TO GO.

DAVID LALONDE CAN ONCE MORE SEEK HIS HAPPY HOME IN QUEBEC.

David Lalonde, who on Wednesday of last week made an attempt at self-destruction by taking a small dose of carbolic acid and then throwing himself in the waters of the bay, was to-day able to be discharged from the Hospital. The man was brought up before Magistrate Flint this morning and a charge of attempted suicide was preferred against him. As he expressed a desire to leave the city and return to his home in Quebec he, was allowed to go. The lesson he has had will no doubt prove of benefit to him in the future, and will have the effect of deterring him from again attempting to end his existence.

15TH OFFICERS HELD A MEETING.

AFFAIRS OF THE REGIMENT IN VERY SATISFACTORY CONDITION.

An adjourned meeting of the officers of the Fifteenth Regiment was held last evening at the quarters on Church street. Reports from various committees were read and adopted. These showed that everything connected with the Regiment was in a satisfactory condition.

The question of securing a place for indoor drilling was discussed, and it was decided to utilize the old Ontario Hall, on Bridge street.

The matter of engaging a band for regimental purposes for the season was considered, but not decided. The matter has been referred to a special committee.

Death of a Tweed Business Man.

Tweed, April 11.—(Special.) — After an exceedingly brief illness of pneumonia, Henry Duncan McKelvie, died yesterday evening at his home on Front street, aged 56 years.

Deceased formerly resided in Campbellford and at Norwood, moving to Tweed some fifteen months ago and entering into partnership with Mr. George McCallum in the marble works. His wife died some years ago, one daughter who resided with her father and another married and living in Winnipeg being the sole survivors.

The remains were taken to Campbellford by morning train for interment, after a brief service had been conducted at the house by Rev. Jas. Bennie, pastor of St. Andrew's church

One Thousand Ladies Enjoyed the Music And Refreshments.

Fully one thousand ladies visited Mr. Ed. F. Dickens' cosy refreshment parlors on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons, thoroughly enjoying the cocoa and cake, accompanied by delightful music furnished by Mr. W. B. Riggs on the celebrated Autopiano. Mr. Dickens' parlors have been handsomely done over, and three very powerful new lights, direct from New York, have been put in. In the cosy tea room—fitted with delightfully easy seats—electric fans will be much appreciated during the coming summer, while, in the store, two large water motor fans will keep the air cool and flies in the background. The floral decorations were in excellent taste, and evoked a chorus of praise from the ladies who attended the opening. The weather was a little damp, but the opening was a great success. It is evident that, during the coming season, Mr. Dickens' handsome refreshment parlors will be—like the viands he furnishes—par excellence.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

MAY A. BELL MARKS.

Marks Bros.' company at the Carman opera house last night had a packed house. The play was "For His Sake," a four-act drama by Jos. Fraser, author of "The Little Minister," owned by R. W. Marks. May A. Bell Marks, as Esther Lynn, sustained the good impression made here, her acting being characterized by remarkable intensity and artistic methods. The vaudeville was first-class, the wardrobe and scenery the best. May A. Bell Marks wore a Rhine stone gown in the fourth act, a Worth creation. A new acrobatic feature is announced for to-night.

"THE HOLY CITY."

A great Biblical production, "The Holy City," is booked for the Carman Opera House on the 30th inst. This is said to be one of the greatest religious productions of modern times.

Sent Up For Six.

A young man named John Campeau was yesterday, at Trenton, sentenced to six months in the Central Prison on a charge of vagrancy. Campeau was, last evening, brought to the city and placed in the county jail.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Just Received

A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES

..AND..

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front. near the Footbridge

TENDERS

FOR CONSTRUCTION OF Church Building to Be Erected For

Victoria Avenue Baptist Church,

Belleville, Ont.,

Will be received up to 24th inst. inclusive, for masonry, brick work, carpentering, plastering, tinsmith work, painting, plumbing, heating and lighting.

Tenders for the work separately or en bloc will be received, the lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications may be seen at Stroud Bros.' Tea Store, Front St. a12-6t

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the building of a brick storehouse to be erected at Corbyville. Plans and specifications may be seen at our office, Front St., Belleville.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Tenders close April 17th.

H. CORBY DISTILLERY CO., Ltd,

April 10th, 1906. 10-3t

Rex Chocolates

If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,

Home Bakery, Front St.

Former Resident Is Dead at Milwaukee.

Miss Bella Manning, a former resident of this city, died yesterday at Milwaukee, from lung trouble. Deceased was born here, but some six years ago went to Milwaukee, where she had since resided. Last summer Miss Manning spent two months here. She was a member of the Roman Catholic church. The only surviving member of the family is a brother, John Manning, who lives in Syracuse.

Two Months For Abusing a Horse.

Chief of Police Gunyou, of Deseronto, was in the city to-day, having brought to the County jail a man named Walter Keller, who will serve two months behind the bars. He was convicted at Deseronto yesterday of abusing a horse belonging to Mr. T. Gault, of that town, and for this offence received the above sentence.

The City Taxes.

Belleville, April 12, 1906.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer,

Dear Sir, — Since the publication of my letter of January 13th, 1906, asking ratepayers to pay up their taxes, water and gas rates, licenses, etc., promptly, I have been pleased to note that many citizens having interest in the prosperity of the city they live in have complied with the request. There are a number, however, who have delayed the payment of their taxes, etc., for 1904 and 1905 who apparently have not that interest in civic affairs that they should have, or who have deliberately allowed these matters to remain settled. Now, civic affairs cannot be conducted on the proper basis or in a profitable manner to the community in general unless all persons unite in giving their town the support to which it is entitled, and I ask the citizens of Belleville who have not paid their indebtedness to the city for 1904 and 1905 to do so at once. Instructions have been issued to the Tax Collector to have ALL ARREARS CLEANED UP BY THE END OF APRIL, and I hope the citizens will assist him in this matter and without the necessity of issuing warrants.

There is no reason whatever why these amounts should not have been in the City Treasury before this.

I thank you, Sir, for the use of your columns, in placing this matter before the public.

Yours sincerely,

L. W. MARSH,

Chairman Finance Committee.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. —D. M. Waters.

Daily Intelligencer.

Easter Eggs

CHICKS
CHICKENS, NOVELTIES, ETC.
ARE GOING.

We have a prettier assortment than ever this year. See them. Many fancy confectionery packages also.

Chas. S. Clapp

N.B. — Order your Hot X Buns now for Thursday's delivery. Store closed Good Friday.

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. 33. Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER
Job Department
Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alford

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work, Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

EASTER SALE

We will try and make this the most interesting week of the year.

We will put on sale one of the finest lot of ***RIBBONS*** ever offered in this city. The price will be the very lowest, the quality the best.

We will also offer for sale a large assortment of ***LACES*** and ***EMBROIDERIES*** of all kinds.

The price will be so low that you will wonder how we got them here for the money.

We also have just received a large stock of the very latest, up-to-date in ***LADIES' FANCY COLLARS*** (travellers' samples) and will offer them at ***25 per cent. less than manufacturer's prices.***

McINTOSH BROS.

MARCH FOR POWER WENT 1,500 STRONG

Municipal Representatives of Ontario Invade Toronto.

PREMIER'S PROMISE TO THE PROVINCE

Hon. J. P. Whitney To the Monster Deputation Promises Prompt But Cautious Action Towards Providing Electrical Power Based on Cost Production—Careful Consideration of Expropriation Necessary—Will Consider Power Question When Educational Issues Are Settled.

Toronto, April 12.—Fifteen hundred delegates, a crowd that filled Queen street for three blocks, marched on the City Hall and Parliament Buliding yesterday morning.

"Cheap Power" was their watchword. Five special trains brought them to the Union Station. The trains were decorated with streamers and bunting, and each delegate wore a badge indicating what town he represented.

Mr. G. H. Clark, chairman of the Fire, Light and Water Department of Orillia, who was a member of the power deputation, yesterday morning, in a letter to the mayor said: "Orillia has solved this problem for itself, and demonstrated the fact that they can sell power at $16 per horse-power, 24 hours' service, and make a profit."

Where They Were From.

Beside Mayor Coatsworth and prominent controllers and aldermen of the City of Toronto, cities and townships were represented by the following gentlemen and others from the various bodies and places appended:

Guelph, Mayor Sleeman; Woodstock, Mayor Butler; Stratford, Mayor W. J. Ferguson; Berlin, Mayor Bricker; Galt, Mayor A. Thompson; Paris, Mayor Patterson; Bolton, Reeve McFall; London, Mayor Judd; Norwich, Councillor Avey; Embro, D. R. Ross; Collingwood, Mayor Wilson; New Hamburg, Reeve Bigger; Elora, Reeve Clark; St. Catharines, Mayor Riddell; Simcoe, Mayor Gunton; Brantford, Mayor Waterous; Mitchell, Mayor W. R. Davis; Windsor, Mayor Wigle; Lucan, Reeve Hawkshaw; Weston, Reeve Bull; Orillia, Councillor Clark; Richmond Hill, Reeve Crorley; Barrie, Mayor Ross; Cayuga, Reeve McClury; Waterloo, A. Weidenhamer; Eglinton, Mayor Fisher; Sarnia, Mayor Barr; Newmarket, Mayor Roadhouse; Dunnville, Mr. Haynes; King, Reeve Legge; Oshawa, Mayor Fowke; St. Thomas, Mayor Lawrence; Acton, Reeve Swalkhamma; Glen Morris, S. C. Kitchen; Guelph Township, Reeve Wright; Ayr, O. T. Falls; Grimsby, Reeve Nelles; Oakville, Mayor Keily; Islington, Reeve Shaver; Southampton, Mayor Belcher; Drumbo, Chas. A. Munn; South Dumfries, Reeve Kitchen; Aurora, Mayor Daville; King Township, Councillor Norman; Oxford County, M. T. Buchanan; Millbrook, Councillor Needhan; Preston, Mayor Clare; Pickering, Reeve Todd; St. Mary's, Mayor Meenie; Seaforth, Councillor Gregg; Ingersoll, Dr. Coleridge; West Oxford, Frank Folden; Waterloo County, Warden Cherry; Waterloo Township, Reeve Reist; Toronto Junction, Mayor Smith; Streetsville, C. H. Falconer; Tillsonburg, Mayor Hogarth; Kingston, Ald. Rigney; Hespeler, Ald. Jardine; Fergus, Reeve Moffat; Toronto Board of Trade, R. C. Steele, president; Manufacturers' Association, P. H. Burton; Beamsville, Reeve Davis; Thedford, Councillor Woodhall; Durham Township, Reeve Scott; Dufferin County, Reeve Ewing; Willmott Township, Reeve Zeller; Acton Board of Trade, Secretary Goodeve; Vaughan Township, Reeve Boyle; Petrolea, J. A. Jackson; Forest, James Prout; Mount Forest Senator McMullen; District Trades and Labor Council, R. Hungerford; Builders' Exchange, Geo. Duthie; Retail Merchants' Association, E. M. Trowern; Strathroy, Mayor Fillinsbee.

The Delegates' Resolution.

Prior to going to the Parliament buildings, the delegates assembled at the City Hall, where the following resolution of Mayor Judd of London and Mayor Ferguson, Stratford, was unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, whereas cheap and widely-distributed electric power will be of great benefit to the Province of Ontario, and the manufacturer, artisan and farmer will each benefit for such cheap power;

"And whereas electric power from coal will always be expensive, and the province is blessed with many water-powers from which electric power can be and is being obtained, the development of which have, to the present, been made chiefly by private companies;

"And whereas private companies will and do sell power at as high a rate as possible, with prices based on coal as a source of power;

"Resolved: that the municipalities now present, and represented in the City Hall, Toronto, having an urban and rural population of over 1,000,000, respectfully urge upon the Governor-in-Council of the Province of Ontario the necessity of safeguarding the people's interests by originating as a Government measure, legislation enabling the Governor-in-Council to appoint a permanent provincial commission, with power to take, where considered by it advisable, the following action:

"The construction, purchase or expropriation of works for the generation, transmission and distribution of electric power, heat or light.

"To arrange with any existing development company or companies for the acquisition or purchase by or from such company or companies of power at a reasonable price so as to be transmitted and sold by the Government to municipalities or others.

"Also to vest in it the powers necessary to enable it to regulate prices at which electricity shall be sold to all and every consumer, whether municipal, corporate or private."

Feature For Posterity.

After the proceedings in the Council chamber were concluded the deputation assembled on the front steps of the City Hall, and had their photographs taken, after which they formed in procession, four abreast, and took their departure for the Parliament buildings at 11.40 a. m. The procession, which was headed by the Mayor and City Council and mayors and reeves of outside places, reached for three blocks along Queen street.

The Toronto Board of Trade, Manufacturers' Association, Builders' Exchange, Retail Merchants' Association, and Federated Council of Building Trades sent delegations to join with the Mayor and City Council as the Toronto deputation.

At the Parliament Buildings.

Preparations had been made for the reception of the big deputation on the steps of the main entrance of the Legislative Chamber. Tables had been placed on the landing and the deputation spread itself over the steps, along the corridors and over the railings of the floors above. In one solid jam were aldermen, reeves, mayors, members of Parliament, Senators and other representatives of the people. Hon. Adam Beck extended an invitation to the deputation to go into the place where they make Ontario's laws, where the Premier and the Cabinet would hear them. There was a rush for the door and a jam at once occurred at the entrance.

The Cabinet In Force.

Amongst the members of the Cabinet present, besides the Premier, were Hon. J. J. Foy, Hon. Col. Matheson, Hon. Dr. Pyne, Hon. Dr. Reaume, Hon. Col. Hendrie, Hon. Mr. Hanna, Hon. Mr. Monteith, Hon. Mr Cochrane and Hon. Dr. Willoughby. Hon. Adam Beck stood by the side of the Premier all the time.

The Deputation's Demands.

Mayor Coatsworth briefly introduced the deputation, which he said was representative of nearly all the municipalities of Ontario within a radius of 150 miles of Niagara Falls. They desired that the Government should take hold and develop and transmit the power of Niagara Falls, so that the municipalities could run their own power at an average rate of $20 per horse-power. Mayor Coatsforth read the resolution of endorsation passed by the United Municipalities and added that immediate action was desired.

Mayor Coatsworth was followed by a small army of speakers, all of whom gave unswerving support to the municipal power commission's report. There was not one dissentient voice. Among these were Mayor Judd of London, Senator McMullen of Mount Forest, Mayor Sleeman of Guelph, Mayor Barr of Sarnia, Dr. Coleridge of Ingersoll, Mayor Thompson of Galt, Mayor Fowke of Oshawa, County Councillor Buchanan of Oxford, Fire and Light Chairman Thompson of Orillia, President of Guelph Board of Trade G. B. Ryan, Mayor Belcher of Southampton, Reeve Wright of Guelph Township, Mayor Wayne of Dunnville, Mayor Butler of Woodstock, Mayor Ferguson of Stratford, James Simpson for Toronto labor organizations, President Woodstock Board of Trade John White, Mayor Lawrence of St. Thomas and Mayor Gunton of Simcoe.

Premier Whitney's Reply.

Received on rising with loud cheering, Premier Whitney began his speech by remarking that the prevailing sentiment he had noticed at this great gathering was that cheap power was very dear to their hearts. This prevailing sentiment represented, as he knew full well, a large proportion of that very desirable people, the people of the Province of Ontario. His colleagues and himself joined in thanking them very heartily for coming there in such large numbers, which, of itself, meant a tribute. They also thanked them because the Government of Ontario was composed of individuals, who, in their individual capacity, as well as in their collective capacity, were always in a receptive mood when the wants and interests of the people were concerned. They believed that the Government under our constitutional system was a sort of conduit pipe by which the desires and wishes of the people went forth and became known to the public, and were crystalized into methods of action. Hence they believed that it was the definite duty of the Government of the day, from the highest, and perhaps from the lower, motives, to be always on the look-out for manifestation of public opinion. In doing that they would best serve the interests of the country, actuated not only by the belief that it was their duty to do so, but also by the lower motive that the great majority of the people were right.

Difficulties to Overcome.

"Those reasons," Mr. Whitney proceeded, "make it delightful for my colleagues and myself to welcome you, gentlemen, here to-day. The subject you have in such high regard is surrounded with difficulties, but even they may be overcome. Somebody has said with a lot of concentrated wisdom that difficulties exist for the purpose of being surmounted.

"You may rely upon it that the Government will not be frightened by any difficulties which may seem to cross the path which, in their deficient wisdom, they may be obliged to follow.

"It would not be wise for me to take up your time in dilating on the details, going to show the immense importance of this wonderful question to the coming generations. It is to our Government to see that they do not lag behind the footsteps of the idea which the circumstances have changed at the present day.

"Whenever the Government shall feel that it is not within their power to deal properly with a question like this, it will be the duty of that Government to acknowledge quickly the impossibility which they find surrounding its power of carrying out the people's wishes, and to let other good and strong men take their places.

"His Sin Finds Him Out."

"We have heard biblical references to-day, and I may use one, which, if not distinctly biblical, has a distinct relationship to lots of things, even in biblical matters. It has often been expressed of individuals, and of groups of people, that in some instances their sin has found them out.

"Now, sir, my sin has found me out, and I am proud and glad, both as an individual, and as one occupying the position I do, that I am enabled to stand before an audience like this, not in humiliation, but with satisfaction and pride, with the knowledge that my sin has found me out. A distinguished member of the Legislature a few years ago put on the journals a resolution (which was voted down) a measure proposing to deal in a wise way with this magnificent question, regard it how you will, and I well recall the part which that hon. gentleman, and few with him, took in their earnest desire to anticipate and serve the interests of the people of Ontario. In regard to this great power question, I find here that in the Legislature I used these words, and recollect that that was before the days of deputations on this question:

"'Our position is that the Government should take up this question, consult experts upon it, decide whether or not the better plan would be for the Government to establish a plant at Niagara Falls and furnish electrical power to all the municipalities within 150 miles at cost, or whether the best plan would be to appoint commissioners and provide for a union of municipalities, but, whether one way or the other, it ought to be done, and in my opinion the Government which fails to take this matter up as a Government question, and deal with it from a Government standpoint, will be criminally negligent, and will be so considered and adjudicated upon by the people of Ontario. I have no hesitation in saying that the Government of this province should do what Mr. Miscampbell says—the Government should either produce the power itself or control the producers of it, so that the municipalities would receive it at cost or a very slight advance over cost.'

Humble Yet Satisfied.

"It is with proper humility and satisfaction, not often given to public men, that I find that the great majority of the people of this province are rallying round this very idea, expressed in practically the same words introduced several years before by myself.

"If what I have read here was wisdom when it was uttered, it is wisdom to-day. The circumstances and the various developments have changed, but I see very little, indeed nothing, to lead me to alter what I said, although there may be something which I desire to add. Naturally difficulties will be found in the way. We do not know what complications may arise between Great Britain and the United States, and the Dominion and the States, concerning the Falls. But the Government of Ontario will be day and night upon the watch in order to see that the interests of the people of this province are not sacrificed in reference to this question. There is a large section of the Province of Ontario outside the immediate influence of Niagara Falls, and we cannot forget these other sections. This question must not be dealt with from a geographical point of view."

Hydro Commission Report.

Mr. Whitney went on to announce that the report of the hydro commission would be laid upon the table that afternoon, and that would enable them to take up that portion of that subject as soon as they had the opportunity. It was hoped that the report dealing with the eastern district would shortly be to hand. What they would have to consider would be how, in the wisest, most reasonable and least expensive manner they could procure power for the people of this province. It would be their duty to compare methods, selecting that one which may seem to have the best application towards the realization of the object they had in view.

"We will have to consider," said the Premier, "whether it will be our duty to invest from $15,000,000 to $25,000,000 in expropriation, and that cannot and ought not to be done without careful investigation of the probable results. This is the manner in which this question must be approached, and this is the manner in which all the gentlemen listening to me desire that this question shall be approached. Having shown that despite the years that have gone on the position is to-day exactly as it was, I repeat that we have seen no reason to recede from that position.

Day of White Coal Coming.

"We are ready to believe that as soon as we get through with our educational legislation, we should consider by what methods this great power question can be settled, so that the people of Ontario can receive those rights to which they are entitled by the situation, and which will do away with the expenditure of from seventeen to twenty-five millions of dollars for coal from the United States, and which will also enable the workingmen to breath God's fresh air, free from the smoke nuisance. It is certainly the duty of the Government to step warily, so that the interests of the province may not be forfeited or injured in any way, and so that no mistakes may be made. Let our friends go away saturated with the idea that the Government of Ontario claims no patent. They are simply ordinary mortal men whom the people, in consequence of their own wishes, have given for a certain time power to act. We look to the generous forbearance of the people of the province."

Prolonged applause ensued at the close of the Premier's speech, and with Mayor Coatsworth's thanks to Mr. Whitney for receiving the deputation, the proceedings ended.

COSTS OF CONTINGENTS.

Aggregated $1,175,000—Collection of United States Silver.

Ottawa, April 12.—The afternoon in the House was devoted to private bills and the House adjourned at 4 o'clock.

In answer to Mr. Worthington, the Minister of Militia stated that the entire cost for the first and second Canadian contingents to South Africa had been paid by the Dominion Government, and that it aggregated $1,175,000.

Mr. Blain was informed that American silver had been collected by the banks for the Government to the extent of $93,768.

Christmas In Scandinavia.

In Scandinavia Christmas is celebrated in its literal sense of "peace on earth, good will toward men." The courts are closed, quarrels are adjusted and old feuds forgotten. It is the home of the famous Yule log.

Chamois Leather.

To wash chamois leather make a lather of soap and warm water and in this squeeze the leather till the dirt is removed. Use more than one lot of suds if necessary, finally rinse in soapy—not clear—water, squeeze and hang out to dry. If the leather be much soiled add a little ammonia to the soap suds.

Theater Ticket Tax.

A 10 per cent tax on theater tickets in France yields about $10,000,000 a year. The money is devoted to the maintenance of the poor.

The Magnetic Needle.

The needle points to the north pole wherever the compass may be. North of the line on which the compass needle balances perfectly—the line is called the magnetic equator—the needle dips to the north. South of that line the southern end of the needle dips, but the ends of the needle are not reversed.

An Honored Baker.

Croesus erected a statue of gold to his baker in memory of his talents.

Tea In Japan.

Tea at a halfpenny a pound is used by the poorer classes in Japan. This is the cheapest kind of "bancha" and consists of the trimmings of the tea bushes when they are clipped with the shears after the first crop.

Bronze.

Bronze, such as used for tea urns, etc., may be cleaned by washing first with soap and water, then, after drying thoroughly, apply furniture cream and polish with a soft duster. This method is not recommended for works of art, but for bronze articles of household use it answers perfectly, making them look bright and new.

The Largest Searchlight.

The largest searchlight in the world is that on top of Pike's peak, Colorado, and flashes over 280 miles of the Rocky mountains.

Ocean Cables.

Atlantic cables are always laid from west to east because the prevailing winds in the summer months on the Atlantic are from the west and ships make much better weather going eastward.

Japanese Matches.

Sixty per cent of the matches made in Japan are sold in China.

Frog Barometer.

The green tree frog is an excellent barometer. Put him in a jar with an inch or two of water at the bottom and a little ladder running up to the top. If the weather is to be fine he will ascend; if bad he will go down.

Combinations In Dominos.

The mathematical fiend has been at it again, and now makes to a shuddering world the announcement that "two persons playing dominos ten hours a day and making four moves a minute could continue 118,000 years without exhausting all the combinations of the game, the total of which is 218,528,211,840."

Highland Children.

The healthiest children in the world dwell in the Scottish highlands. They seldom wear shoes before they are twelve years of age.

Piles Quickly Cured at Home.

INSTANT RELIEF, PERMANENT CURE — TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE TO ALL IN PLAIN WRAPPER.

Piles is a fearful disease, but easy to cure if you go at it right.

An operation with the knife is dangerous, cruel and rarely a permanent success.

There is just one other sure way to be cured—painless, safe and in the privacy of your own home—it is Pyramid Pile Cure.

We mail a trial package free to all who write.

It will give you instant relief, show you the harmless, painless nature of this great remedy and start you well on the way toward a perfect cure.

Then you can get a full-sized box from any druggist for 50 cents, and often one box cures.

If the druggist tries to sell you something just as good, it is because he makes more money on the substitute.

Insist on having what you call for.

The cure begins at once and continues rapidly until it is complete and permanent.

You can go right ahead with your work and be easy and comfortable all the time.

It is well worth trying.

Just send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 8877 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., and receive free by return mail the trial package in a plain wrapper.

Thousands have been cured in this easy, painless and inexpensive way, in the privacy of the home.

No knife and its torture.

No doctor and his bills.

All druggists, 50 cents. Write to-day for a free package.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

MAKES YOUR CAKES LIGHT.
MAKES YOUR BISCUITS LIGHT.
MAKES YOUR BUNS LIGHT.
MAKES YOUR LABOR LIGHT.
MAKES YOUR EXPENSES LIGHT.
Order from your Grocer.

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.
Phone 11.
Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie
IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

Special Easter Gift : : :

From now until April 14th we will give half dozen best China Egg Cups worth 15 cents half dozen FREE, with one lb. of our 30c Tea or Coffee.

Our 30c Coffee, fresh ground.
Our 30c Black Tea.
Our 30c Japan Tea.

Are all special values, and we ask you to give them a trial.

Wall Paper

Now is the time to make your selection while stock is largest and prices the lowest.

AT THE BEE HIVE
CHAS. N. SULMAN.

Maple Syrup
In pints, quarts and gallon tins

Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .
In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins

Pure Jam & Marmalade
In Glass and 5 lb Tins

Clover Honey
Sections and Extracted

Dried Fruits
Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples

Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

J. C. Hanley & Co.
Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY
INSURANCE AGENT.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office. Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,
Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 10.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.48 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express. Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger. Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express. Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —
Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1906. NO. 301

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

You ask for good tea
You pay for good tea
You get good tea at
STROUDS
Stroud's Teas are the Best

POSTAL EMPLOYES STRIKE.

Vienna and Paris In Throes of Mail Delivery Disturbances

Vienna, April 14.—Seven hundred drivers of mail carts struck yesterday. As the postal authorities had not received any intimation of their intention, they were caught unawares, but after a temporary dislocation of the business, they managed to secure sufficient substitutes to take out the carts. The drivers want more pay. The letter-carriers will possibly join in the strike to-day.

Postal Strike In France.

Paris, April 14.—A section of the telegraph messengers and pneumatic tube men, forming about one-third of the personnel of the Paris branch of the general postoffice, decided to strike last night. The Minister of Public Works yesterday dismissed 300 other striking postmen. Half of the members of the staff of the Lyons' postoffice have struck.

SAVES DROWNING BOY.

Bank Man Didn't Hesitate Wh Youngstar Was In Peril.

Dunnville, April 14.—Fred Hines, a lad of eight, was saved from drowni in the Welland Canal here yesterd morning by the prompt action of M. Parry of the Bank of Hamilton.

Parry was crossing the locks wh he saw the boy come to the surface the swift current below the locks. jumped into the canal and succeed in catching him before he was carried under again by the current.

The boy was fishing from a boat and fell into the water.

PRESIDENT CASTRO RETIRES.

Venezuela's Ruler Wants to Have His Health Restored.

Caracas, April 12, via Willemstadt, April 14.—General Castro Thursday transferred the presidency of Venezuela to Vice-President Gomez. In an address which he made on that occasion, General Castro said that his retirement was due to ill health, but he did not say whether it was temporary or permanent. It is generally understood, however, that his retirement will last about three months.

As a result of General Castro's retirement, the Venezuela Cabinet has resigned.

Miss Passay—So she's twenty-five today. I guess it would surprise her if I should tell her I was the same age. Miss Peppery—Oh, no; she knows that, of course. Miss Passay—That I am twenty-five? Miss Peppery—No; that you were.

A sound discretion is not so much indicated by never making a mistake as by never repeating it.—Bovee.

He is the happiest of whom the world says least, good or bad.—Jefferson.

.. SINCLAIR'S ..
Saturday Night Offerings
FOR EASTER

Ladies' Collars 19c
—7 Dozen Ladies' Collars in Silk, Lace and Chiffon trimmed, regular price 25c, Saturday night.................... 19c

Ladies' Collars 50c
—5 Dozen Ladies' Fancy Collars, a beautiful assortment to choose from, all new styles, regular price 75c, 9c and $1.00, Saturday night.................. 50c

Ladies' Collars 25c
—10 Dozen Ladies' Fancy Collars, in silk, Lace, Chiffon and Embroidery effects, regular price 35c to 50c, Saturday night.................................. 25c

Shirt Waists $1.00
—6 Dozen Ladies' Fine lawn shirtwaists, beautifully trimmed with lace, embroidery, insertion and rows of tucks, regular price $1.25 and $1.50, Saturday night.................................. $1.00

Easter Gloves
... WE SELL ...
Fowne's and Roullion's
Celebrated Kid Gloves
Everything New in Style and Coloring.
Every Pair Guaranteed to Wear and Fit to Perfection.

Sinclair's

Naples Is Gay Again.

Joy Comes With Good News From Scientist Mattuci.

Plucky Observatory Official Reports That Volcanic Calm Will Reign In the Course of a Very Few Days—With Naples Incredulous of Recent Tales of Terror, Awful Evidences Continue Elsewhere.

Naples, April 14.—No better evidence of the improved condition of affairs in the section affected by the eruption of Mount Vesuvius can be presented than the following telegram from Director Mattucci, sent last evening from the observatory on the mount:

"Last night and to-day the activity of Vesuvius and the agitation at the surface of the volcano sensibly diminished. Electric discharges ceased today, and the discharge was less abundant. From the presumed formation of the crater and other indications, and if the news coming to me is true of the cessation of lava at Boscotrecase, I predict with reserve that in two or three days volcanic calm will reign."

Brought Joy to People.

The publication of this assuring despatch has brought joy to the people, and last night's Good Friday services at the churches, which were attended by large congregations, took the form of fervent thanksgiving for danger past.

Conditions at Naples were so much better yesterday that the people were almost incredulous of the tales of terror told by those who had escaped from the towns, villages and country farther within the zone of devastation. The weather was fine, and the wind had shifted so that the clouds of ashes from the volcano, instead of enveloping Naples, were carried in the direction of Caserta. The apprehension of the populace gave place to a smiling confidence in which there was no reflection of the terror, which had prevailed for the past week.

Recovering the Dead.

But in other quarters there is no escaping from the awful evidences of the volcano's fury. At Boscotrecase, the exhumation of the dead is being carried on by soldiers, who, owing to the advanced state of decomposition of the corpses, are unable to work more than an hour at a time. The work is one of great cost of money, as well as of danger and arduousness to those engaged in it. Many of the bodies are merely shapeless unrecognizable masses of flesh and bones, while others are but little disfigured. As quickly as possible they are buried in quicklime to lessen as far as may be the danger of epidemic. None but those engaged in the work of recovering the corpses are permitted in the vicinity.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The marriage of King Alfonso and Princess Ena of Battenberg has been definitely fixed for June 1.

At Middletown, N. Y., Friday, Geo. Prior, an Englishman with wealthy parents, from whom he was long estranged, shot himself.

The Czar will not venture to open one Russian Parliament, but will read the speech from the throne to members assembled in his own palace.

By the explosion of a G. T. R. oil tank at Stratford, Walter Taylor had the hair burned off his head and was badly burned about the face and hands.

Mayor Ellis has been awarded $1,000 damages in his suit for $5,000 against ex-Ald. W. G. Black for libel at Ottawa. A motion for a new trial will be made.

H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught visited Port Arthur and Fort William received addresses and replied to them, and started east on the 12.50 p.m. train Good Friday.

A few days ago, at St. John, N. B., Fred Lashey, 12 years, so violently assaulted Stanley Crawford, 11 years, that the latter died. There was an almost continuous flow of blood from the child's mouth till death came. The police are considering action.

According to an Associated Press cable from St. Petersburg, Great Britain has begun to vigorously press negotiations for an Anglo-Russian entente, with the purpose of completing the triple alliance of Great Britain, France and Russia against Germany.

The Canadian section of the International Waterways Commission has handed Premier Whitney copies of its proceedings, and has stated that the the Government of Ontario would be kept acquainted with any action, and that there was no intention of interfering with the rights of Ontario.

London, England, general postoffice has notified the Canadian postal department that many cases of matches being mailed from this country to the United Kingdom have been discovered. This is an offence for which the guilty party might become liable to imprisonment for life, and the department has decided to take strong steps to put a stop to such acts.

Hardware Men Organize.

Toronto, April 14.—A practical step taken yesterday at a representative convention of hardware men, held at the Rossin House, was the formation of a body called the Retail Hardware and Stove Dealers' Association of Ontario. It is to be of value to the retailers in the maintenance of prices and the collection of debts. The following provisional officers were appointed: President, A. W. Humphreys; first vice-president, W. J. Scott (Mount Forest); second vice-president, J. R. Hambley (Barrie); treasurer, John Castor (Toronto); and secretary, Weston Wrigley.

The Benchers.

Toronto, April 14.—The final ballots have been counted in the election for the benchers of the Law Society. The votes case for the winning candidates are:

Strathy 822, Shepley 793, Wilson 768, Aylesworth 747, Lynch Staunton 715, Clarke 714, Ritchie 708, Maclennan 701, Glenn 699, Guthrie 689, Gibbon 688, Chrysler 685, S. G. McKay 674, Bruce 635, Hoskin 624, Kerr 624, White 603, Barwick 602, Smith 600, Hogg 593, Riddell 586, McPherson 578, Bicknell 575.

Sir Robert Thorburn Dead.

St. John's, Nfld., April 14.—Sir Robert Thorburn, K. C. M. G., who was the Premier of Newfoundland from 1885 to 1890, died here Thursday night. Was born in Scotland, 1836, and married in 1865 Susan, daughter of Andrew Milloy of Hamilton. He went to Newfoundland in 1852. In 1898, by royal permission, he was accorded the title of Honorable for life.

Occupying Tien Tsin.

Tien Tsin, April 14.—Three hundred Russian troops arrived from Pekin yesterday morning, and 1,100 Japanese troops are expected April 16. The remainder of the German troops embarked yesterday.

Government In Coal Business.

Wellington, New Zealand, April 14.—The Government of New Zealand has started in business as a dealer in coal having established agencies for the retail distribution of state-mined coal.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Easter Millinery

Our millinery show rooms are filled to overflowing with the choicest of Easter Millinery, lately secured by our buyers from the world's greatest fashion centres—*Paris and New York.* There has been a great change since opening days, many new designs being added. We will be pleased to have your inspection at least.

Never before have we heard such pleasing remarks from the ladies, convincing evidence that our spring millinery is—

Beautiful, Stylish and ....
.... Moderate in Price.

Easter Kid Gloves

Neat gloves are one of the most important items in connection with the new Easter outfit they give the necessary finishing touch.

Perrin's French Kid Gloves have stood the test for years and in offering them to our customers we do so—feeling sure that for fit and service they are unsurpassed.

We guarantee every pair of gloves from $1.00 upwards.

Easter selling always breaks our assortment—make your selection early when choosing is pleasant and easy.

Perrin's Adonis $1.00

We believe this to be the best dollar glove in the market today.
—In Tans, Modes, Greys, White and Black, price.................... $1.00

Perrin's Mercells $1.25

This is the most popular selling glove in our assortment and is one of our best wearing gloves.
—These in all the newest shades, as well as black and white, for ... $1.25

Perrin's Olga 1.50

—An extra fine glove made from specially selected French kid in the most delicate mode and tan shades, as well as black—*guaranteed*.... $1.50

Men's Light Spring Overcoats

We wish every man in our city would come to see our new Spring Overcoats, Suits, Hats, Haberdashery etc.

Never have we been in better shape to meet the demands of our trade than we are today.

The styles are strictly up-to-the-minutes—the fabrics you would scarcely expect to find in Ready-to-wear Clothes.

Our garments at all times show their merchant tailor likeness.

—*Men's Light Spring Overcoats* in all the newest styles and fabrics, choice linings and trimmings, well sewn with silk and linen.... $7.50, $8.50, $10 & $15
—*Young Men's Light Overcoats* in Fawns, Grey and Black, very stylish garments, ... $7.50 to $15.00
—*Young Men's Double Breasted Suits*, swell and nobby patterns, perfect fit guaranteed, prices.................... $7.50 to $15.00
—*Men's Single and Double Breasted Navy and Black Worsted Suits*—the choicest of linings and trimmings, well sewn with silk and linen, and perfect fit that will stay until worn out .... $10, $12 and $15

Underwear

Our medium weight Underwear comes in about now—it is getting too warm for winter underwear and a little too soon for summer underwear.
—Medium weight underwear for early spring, every style and weight to choose from .... 38c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25 each

Easter Haberdashery

Easter Hats, Ties, Shirts, and all the fittings a gentleman needs in the newest spring styles.

Pay us a visit and you will be sure of all that is latest and smartest in Easter Haberdashery.

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

Saturday Morning

716 Yards

Summer Delaines

—WILL BE SOLD AT—

8c per Yard

See our Window Display of these Goods in South Window

These goods are worth from 15c to 20c a yard, are all good patterns, in light and dark grounds, spots, stripes, figures.

Delaines are one of the popular dress materials this season. They wear much better than muslins.

Of this lot none will be sold before 8.30 Saturday Morning.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Oak Hall

Belleville.

Sole Agents For The Progress Brand Clothing

NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE

Have You Seen It?

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in *Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.*

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

Deaths.

PATERSON. — In Belleville on Friday, April 13, 1906, William J. Paterson, aged 54 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon, April 15, at 2.15 to St. Michael's Church, thence to St. James' cemetery.

SOLMES—Died on Saturday morning, April 14, at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. Clinton, Mary E. Stinson, widow of the late David D. Solmes.

Funeral Tuesday morning at 9.30 o'clock, to St. Thomas' Church.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

COPYRIGHTED SERIAL.

The Intelligencer has secured the right to publish the story

The Adventurers

by M. D. Marriott Watson, the copyright for which is held by Harper & Co.

This splendid serial WILL COMMENCE ON MONDAY, and will doubtless give our readers a great deal of pleasure.

Do you care for a tale of adventure? H. B. Marriott Watson's admirable story, "The Adventurers," is to begin as a serial in The Intelligencer in a few days. Do not miss the opening chapters.

Daily Intelligencer.

Mulock's Muddling.

Sir William Mulock, the late Postmaster-General, has been held up as the best Postmaster - General Canada ever had. He started out by publishing a supplement to the regular Postmaster-General's statement, in which he set forth the great loss the Government had sustained by the extension of mail transportation contracts, and showed in each case how much the country had lost in the past and how much it would save in the future by his presence of mind in cancelling the contracts. Nor has it been forgotten that in this connection Sir William Mulock printed a large number of private and confidential letters which he had discovered in the office of the department.

In the light of this publication it is interesting to examine the last report of the Postmaster-General. Perhaps Sir William Mulock's own friends would be surprised to find how many of the contracts which he then brought to a sudden termination have been replaced since that time by others at a higher rate than those which he condemned. A few illustrations might be given to show the modern tendency in mail-carrying contracts.

Barrie and Midhurst. — Sir William Mulock canceled the contract which had been let at $160, because there had been at the time the contract was made a tender at $130. He stated that the service had been let at $120, making a saving of $40, or $160 for the term. At present the contract price for this service is $180.

Crossland and Phelpson. — In the Mulock report it is alleged that the late Government had given out this contract at $275 when there was an offer at the rate of $218, making a loss of $108 for the contract term. This service is now performed for $300 a year.

Gananoque and Seeley Bay. — The old contract for this service was $145, and the special report makes out that there was a loss of $21 a year or $84 for the term, compared with the price for which the service could have been obtained. At present the service involves three trips a week in the place of two and the rate is $230, which is considerably larger in proportion than the price which cost Sir William Mulock so much distress.

It is not necessary to give further instances, but every one who has the time and inclination can discover case after case in the report, showing similar results.

The public can judge from this how the country is being humbugged. It is the same in all other departments of the Government. No wonder that the expenditure of the Dominion is going up yearly by millions, and that the people are crying out.

Unfortunately the new P. M. G. is degrees worse than Sir William. He owns that he does not know the details of his work. How can he when he is attending to his private personal work as a corporation solicitor?

TIMELY TOPICS.

SONG OF THE EASTER BELLS.

(By Clinton Scollard.)

All of the voices of earth
Cry in melodious mirth,
Lyrical river and rill,
Musical valley and hill,
Lilting and lifting on high
Up to the arch of the sky,—
Out of the gloom
Shall come bloom!
Out of the night
Shall come light!

Bells from the jubilant towers
Ring through the blue Easter hours;
Down the white dawning there floats
Rapture of radiant notes;
Through the red evening there steals
Passion of echoing peals,—
Out of the gloom
Shall come bloom!
Out of the night
Shall come light!

• • •

Lovely day, yesterday. One like it, to-morrow, will greatly oblige the ladies.

• • •

Realizing, possibly, that it was band practice night, the frogs were out in force last evening. They were joining their cheerful songs in great accord.

• • •

A lady found a splendid specimen of butterfly on the Trent road yesterday. It seems to be about time to set out the posies.

• • •

Some of the Easter hats in the milliners' windows are "peaches." Any man should rejoice to see one of them on the head of his wife, even if he has to mortgage the piano to pay for it.

• • •

The chairman of the Executive
Once more sets up a shout—
"The Tax Collector'll get you
If you don't watch out."

• • •

Here's hoping the weather will be fine to-morrow. It would be simply shameful if any of the Easter bonnets had to blush unseen

• • •

The score to date seems to be something like this:

	Seen.	Heard.	Total.
Robins	47	199	246
Bluebirds	1	1	1*
Butterflies ...	1	0	1
Frogs	0	1000**	1000

*Same one ** More or less.
Umpire—Chief Newton.

• • •

A man in New York State fell dead when the doctor told him his charge would be $2. A man with a weak heart like that had no business monkeying with medical men.

• • •

The opinion seems to be pretty general in this city that the Legislature will take the same action in regard to Belleville's private bill as they did in regard to similar measures put forward by other places —namely, pass the bill with the proviso that, before spending any money, the city must submit a bylaw to the ratepayers. And that is precisely what should be done. In the language of the street, the ratepayers have to "dig up" the stuff"; why should they be deprived of a voice in the matter, especially as the statute specifically gives them one?

• • •

A twelve-year-old boy saved a train from wreck near Hadley, Pa., by waving his coat at the engineer. A boy is handicapped by not having a red skirt, of course, but a coat will do on occasion.

• • •

Unfeeling physicians defeated the unselfish scheme of a Cincinnati man who tried to commit suicide three days before his insurance premium came due. They kept him alive until the day after the policy expired. The insurance companies don't have everything their own way.

• • •

Mrs. Maybrick has changed her name. No doubt she wishes she could change her record, too.

• • •

Judge Bacon, a London magistrate, remarked the other day from the Bench: "There is many a true word spoken by accident." It is just possible that the judges who tried the ballot-box cases here might have made the same remark, if they had thought of it.

• • •

A Wisconsin man, by the terms of a will, must go to church once a week for fifteen years or lose an inheritance of $1,500. Would he be anything ahead at the end of the fifteen years or would he have used up his $1,500 in weekly contributions?

• • •

Several small boys in Newark, N.J., are charged with having stolen a barn, bit by bit. Stealing a barn that way might work all right, but when it came to the horse to put in the barn they would have to take it all at once.

• • •

Some bicycle manufacturers who met in Buffalo recently are reported as wondering why cycling has fallen off in this country, while it is as popular as ever in Europe. The principal reason, says the Buffalo Express, is that we are not an athletic nation, but merely a sporting one. We don't love outdoor life for itself, but pursue it in connection with the fad of the moment, which has to change from time to time in order to maintain the popular interest. But the day of the bicycle will come again. It is too good a thing to be shelved permanently.

• • •

The difference.—The Montreal Gazette says: "Among the amendments to the Ontario license law is one providing that prosecutions cannot be upset on technicalities. The Whitney Government is evidently making an attempt to give the people of Ontario a workable license law. The Liberal plan was to frame a law the phraseology of which would please the temperance element, while at the same time its application would protect the liquor seller." How true.

• • •

Sir Wilfrid Lawson, one of the most pronounced of English Free Traders, is thus satirized. It will be appreciated when it is known that Sir Wilfrid opposes the free entry of Canadian cattle into England:

"We are all for free trade,
The purest that's made,
And for it all steadfastly battle,
But beyond all deception, we must
have exception
When it comes to Canadian cattle."

In the Eye division of Suffolk, England, the Liberal candidate was elected by a majority of only 197, as compared with a Liberal majority in the last contested election of 1,517. The reason for the falling off in the Liberal majority of 1,320, was due to the popularity of the young lady to whom the Conservative candidate was engaged, who entered the field and canvassed for him. The next time she deserves to win.

• • •

Some few days ago the Mail and Empire, referring to a reported sale of the Central Ontario Railway, said it was, in vulgar parlance, known as a jerk water line. The Trenton Courier did not like the expression, and thus defends the C. O.:

"It is all very well for the Mail and Empire to sneer at the C. O. Ry., but it may be pointed out that our railway is away and ahead of the many "jerk-water lines" that have helped build up Toronto as a great city. We opine that Toronto would like much to have one end of the C. O. Ry. to-day. The Central Ontario is a splendid road, is running through and serving a rich and important part of the province, and will soon form a link in a great trans-continental line."

• • •

One provision in the new education bill is that if teachers accept a smaller salary than those provided by the law the inspector may suspend certificates. This will certainly prevent all rate cutting.

• • •

Arthralgonicon is the name of the new cure for rheumatism. Will come handy to the man who can't find a word to express himself when he has a rheumatic twinge.

• • •

The editor of the Marmora Herald is a pessimist. Listen to him; "The C. P.R. haven't their new line built in to Marmora yet, neither has the foundation for the new hotel been built. The town hall has not yet been repaired though we are waiting for work to begin at once. A few people have not gone to the Northwest."

Send..... Your Friends

Tokens of the Joyous Easter Tide.

Lowney's Chocolates in Fancy Boxes.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

EASTER CONCERT AT ALBERT COLLEGE.

The Easter concert at Albert College, given by pupils of the vocal and elocution departments, was a marked success. The night was fine and a large audience was present. The student body seemed very small, a great many having gone on their holidays. The two opening numbers, vocal solos by Miss Shipman and Mr. Harry Gordon, received great applause and the following number, a reading by Miss Margaret Saunders, was beautifully rendered. Two vocal solos by Mr. Erwin Gordon and Miss Munns followed, and these in turn by a series of statue poses, by Misses Saunders and Vermilyea. These were beautiful in the extreme and presented to the audience vivid pictures of the scenes chosen. Miss Thompson and Mr. Wrightmyer, in their two solos, charmed their hearers, and an instrumental number which followed was very pleasing. Mr. "Jack" Hayes sang in his usual able manner and a reading by Miss Tuite was so well received that an encore was demanded. The closing number, a solo by Mr. Jas. Dyer, made a fitting ending to a programme of exceptional merit.

MAY A. BELL MARKS.

"The Midnight Marriage" was put on at the Carman Opera House to a capacity audience last night. May A. Bell Marks was very clever in the leading role. The support was up to the usual standard and the vaudeville and pictures up to the minute. To-night "The Duke's Daughter."

"SWEET CLOVER."

The most important dramatic offering at the Carman in the near future will be the beautiful production of "Sweet Clover," a comedy-drama by Pauline Phelps and Marion Short, which was one of the greatest financial and artistic successes of last season, and is said to be a model play, inasmuch as it consists of four acts of most dramatic material, relieved by abundant humor. Its story is told without the commission of a crime, yet is as thrilling at times as anything Sardou has given the stage, and merits from twenty to thirty certain calls at each performance. "Sweet Clover" will be at the Carman on Wednesday, April 18.

Do you care for a tale of adventure? H. B. Marriott Watson's admirable story, "The Adventurers," is to begin as a serial in The Intelligencer in a few days. Do not miss the opening chapters.

Pale? Thin?

How is it with the children these days? Have they plenty of grit, courage, strength? Or are they thin, pale, delicate? This reminds you of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It does great things for children. It gives them a good appetite, improves their digestion, builds up their general health. Ask your doctor if he endorses this. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

The J.W.A. of St. John's Church will have an exhibition of work for the Northwest Bale, also a sale of useful and fancy articles, on Wednesday evening, April 18th, in the parish room, from 8 to 10. Admission 15c, including refreshments. 14,16

The annual meeting of the officers of the 49th Regiment was held in Marmora yesterday.

The license commissioners of North Hastings will hold their annual meeting in Marmora on Tuesday next.

Since Thursday two prisoners were occupants of the police cells.

Last evening a meeting of the Board of Education was called, it being the regular meeting night, but no meeting was held.

St. John's Church J.W.A. exhibition of work and sale in Parish Room, Wednesday evening, April 18th. Admission, with refreshments, 15 cents. Musical programme. 14-16-17

Mr. Cameron, of Albert College, is arranging a concert in aid of the Hospital in the City Hall, on Tuesday, April twenty-fourth. Usual admission. a12-2t

At the residence of the bride's parents, Ameliasburg, Ont., on Thursday, April 12, 1906, by Rev. Jos. Barnes, B.A., Mr. William A. Haskell, of Picton, Ont., and Miss Elizabeth Cave, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Cave were united in holy matrimony, after which the happy couple left for Toronto and points west.

The Ferry between Prince Edward County and Deseronto has started making its regular trips.

Christians are reminded of the special conference meetings in Bethel Hall Sunday, 2.30, and 7, Monday, 10.30, 2.30, 7.30 and Tuesday same time. No collections. Come and hear the word of life and truth.

The amount of insurance now in force in The Mutual Life Company of Canada is nearly $45,000,000, it has assets of about $10,000,000, and its surplus on the Government Standard, over and above all liabilities, is more than $1,200,000.—S. Burrows, General Agent.

The musical services at Bridge St. Church to-morrow will be of a very high order. The anthems will include "Worthy is the Lamb" (from the Messiah), Handel, and "As it Began to Dawn," by Martin, "Hail to the Risen Lord," by Gaul. The Boys' Choir will render a number of Easter carols. And the soloists will be Miss Mabel Vermilyea, Miss Gertrude Price and Mr. Jas. S. Dyer. The music will be under the direction of Mr. V. P. Hunt. Also, Mr. Vanderwater, tenor soloist of the Metropolitan Church, Toronto, will sing.

Remember that in buying C.P.R. tickets from S. Burrows you can start from Belleville station. mh29-th&stf

"The Adventurers," one of the most fascinating serial stories ever published in The Intelligencer, will begin shortly. Watch for it.

EASTER SERVICES.

The Easter-Day services in St. Thomas' Church will be as follows: Celebrations of the Holy Communion at 7, 8 and 11 a.m. The eleven o'clock celebration will be fully choral, with Easter anthems and sermon. Children's Festival service at 3.30. Evensong and sermon, with Easter anthems and solo by Miss Edna Bird at seven o'clock.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

To-day easterly and southerly winds, showery. Sunday, southerly to westerly winds, showery but partly fair, and comparatively warm.

OYSTERS

Fresh Oysters today

40 and 50c qt.

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

LADIES!

. . . FOR EASTER . . .

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashion at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault.

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

EXTRA SUGAR-CURED HAMS
EXTRA SUGAR-CURED BACON
FINEST QUALITY

ROQUEFORT CHEESE
CREAM CHEESE
McLAREN'S CHEESE
FRESH SUPPLIES

PURE OLIVE OIL
SOLD IN BOTTLES ONLY

DURKEE'S SALAD DRESSING
ENGLISH MALT VINEGAR

FRENCH PEAS
FRENCH MUSHROOMS
SPINACH

Complete stock of Canned Vegetables Olives, Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Marmalade, Biscuits, Fruits, etc.

HIGH GRADE TEAS

New Season's Fragrant & Delicious

Wallbridge & Clarke's

NEW BLENDS IN SEALED PACKETS

25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c LB

DELICIOUS COFFEE
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove & Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $2.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

. . AND THE . .

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.................. $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.............. $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Long Distance
Telephone
Main 5200-01-02

Commission Orders
Executed
on All Exchanges

Bonds and Stocks
Bought and Sold on Commission
Investment Securities
Both Listed and Unlisted. Information upon Request
Members
Toronto Stock Exchange

Baillie, Wood & Croft.
TORONTO

301

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

A general servant. Must be efficient and have good references. Apply to Mrs. F. R. Lingham, evenings, 6 to 8 o'clock.

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Brass finishers wanted. Good machine hands. Address Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterboro, Ont. a14-3t

Agents Wanted. I sell direct to consumers at wholesale rates. There is nothing better than a route of regular customers. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

The residence of Mrs. J. W. Dunnet, corner of Bridge and Commercial Sts., Belleville. For particulars apply to owner or Northrup & Roberts, barristers, Bridge St. a14-4teod

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

TO LET,

A commodious brick house with all modern improvements, fine lawn, brick stable. Corner Victoria Ave. and Albert street.—T. E. EWEN, 330 Albert St. a12-6t

LOST.

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

Sable ruff on Thursday evening, between Albert College and Grove St., via North Front St. Finder will kindly leave at Mrs. W. C. Wells, Grove street. tf

Black cocker spaniel; white spot on breast. Answers to name "Dash." Anyone retaining possession after the publication of this notice will be prosecuted. Finder rewarded.—W. J. CARTER, Moira St. 10-4t

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for
Women
Make Healthy Women.

Upon being taken into the stomach, the various ingredients are absorbed by the blood, and then find their way to every organ and tissue.

Some reach the uterine system. These allay inflammation, stop all drains on the system and make women regular.

Some strengthen the stomach. They help digestion and increase the appetite.

Others act on the bowels. They cure constipation.

Other ingredients stimulate the liver and kidneys in carrying off impurities from the system.

Others reach the nerves. These tone up the nervous system and supply vital energy, thereby curing the nervousness, irritability, and melancholy, to which so many women are subject.

The full effect of all the medicaments in the tablets is to arouse the entire female system to renewed life and vigor.

Improvement is noticed the first week.

50c. at dealers or by mail. B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Que.

Cracker Charm

There is all the difference in the world between eating biscuits and biscuit eating. One may eat a biscuit and not taste it, but when you think of biscuit eating you think instantly of

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

Crisp, delicious and tasty.

Absolutely and distinctly superior to any other make.

Say "Mooney's" to your grocer.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 14

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	93⅝	93⅜
do pref	....	
St. Paul	177¼	177⅞
Mep	96	96
Union Pac	157½	158½
C.P.R.	172¼	172¼
Sou Pac	69½	69⅞
R I	27⅞	28
Ills. C.	175½	175
Sou Ry	40⅛	40½
Texas	33⅞	33⅞
B.& O	111⅞	111½
N Y C	144⅞	144½
Penn	141½	141⅝
Soo	158	158
T. W.	....	....
Erie	45⅞	45⅜
do pref	....	....
Reading	138⅞	138¼
C. O	59	59⅞
O W	....	...
Manhattan	....	...
W C	....	....
L. & N.	149⅞	150¼
A. F.	44	44⅛
Nor	89½	89⅞
Wab.	....	....
do pref	49½	49½
A. R.	160⅞	161⅞
C. G. W	21½	21¼
T.C.I.	....	....
U. S. Steel	43	43⅞
do pref	108¼	109
Sugar	139⅞	140¼
B.R.T.	88½	87⅞
P. O	....	...
A. C. P.	113¼	113¼
Met.	118⅞	118⅞
Alo.	63¼	63⅞
C.F.I.	61¼	62⅞

To Fruit Importers and Commission Merchants

Importers of fruit are warned that the Fruit Marks Act, referring to the grading and packing of fruit, and sections 4 and 5 of the Act "Respecting the Packing and Sale of Certain Staple Commodities," referring to the size of fruit packages, will be strictly enforced. Importers of foreign fruit will be held responsible for the packing and marking of the fruit which they sell as well as for the size of the packages.

Copies of the Fruit Marks Act and the Act "Respecting the Packing and Sale of Certain Staple Commodities," may be had, free, on application to the Fruit Division, Ottawa.—

A. McNEILL,
Chief Fruit Division,
Dept. of Agriculture.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

EASY MONEY AT HOME

raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All indoors. You'll get $2.50 to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes

BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,

and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for 15c. stamps or coin. Address

COTTAM BIRD SEED, 23 St., London, Ont

CRAIGMOUNT AND ITS CORUNDUM.

CORRESPONDENT GIVES A GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF A HUSTLING NORTHERN VILLAGE AND ITS CHIEF INDUSTRY.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer:

On the southern slope of a beetling crag, some 700 feet high, composed of red and grey granite, is situated the mining town of Craigmount. Craigmount has 350 operatives, with an annual pay roll of $150,000. Its plant cost a quarter of a million, and its yearly output of corundum exceeds another quarter of a million dollars. This Craigmount does not lie in far-off Arizona, but near the northeast corner of our County of Hastings. A brief sketch, even if imperfect, may therefore be of interest to your readers. The commander of this army of industry is Mr. Haultain, a gentleman of untiring energy and of great executive ability. He is a practical miner, and is more often found striding in his red-top boots over the rocks and through the slush of the works than daintily seated in his office. Among his able lieutenants is Mr. Kelly, who superintends the mining and personally selects the ore. This requires knowledge and good judgment. A scientific assayist on the premises tests specimens from each part of the works, and also analyses the tailings, as the refuse from the mill is termed, to ascertain how thoroughly the corundum is extracted. Hydrofluoric acid dissolves out of the specimens everything except the corundum, and no ore is mined unless it contains 12 per cent. of this abrasive. The ore is brought from the mine to the crushers in lumps the size of a pail. The first crusher breaks the granite rock as easily as you would a piece of cheese, into lumps the size of apples. Carriers convey it to the second and third crushers, and it comes out from the size of small shot to that of dust. Water is the next agent employed. A lake has been tapped and great pumps are at work conveying a small river to the top of a large building 200 feet high. Dozens upon dozens of large tables, each larger than the biggest barn door, are so tilted that they slant slightly sideways, and also endways to the right. The tables are being constantly shaken by machinery operated by one of the engines, a 250 horse-power. The crushed ore and a steam of water are ceaselessly trickling down each of these tables. The ore is composed of iron, corundum, feldspar and hornblende, and the water forms them into separate streaks upon the tables, according to their respective gravities. The iron, being the heaviest, travels along in a black streak diagonally to the right end of each table. The corundum, the next heaviest, forms a grey streak just below the iron, and also passes over the right ends of the tables, along with the iron, into troughs. The pink feldspar and the black scales of hornblende, being lighter than either the iron or corundum, flow straight down the side of the tables and are thrown away. There is now a mixture of iron and corundum to separate. This is done by passing the mixture along a broad belt downwards around a wide iron wheel, which is heavily charged with electricity, thus causing it to become a powerful magnet. The corundum not being attracted by this magnetized wheel, falls off the web as it passes around the wheel and is caught in a waiting trough; but the iron being attracted, travels along on the web as far as it is in contact with the wheel, thus being carried beyond the corundum. The iron thus separated is being stored for further treatment and utilization. The pure corundum is next crushed and ground between numerous series of twin chilled steel rollers. It is then run through numerous screens and is finally sieved through fine silk webbing. The finished corundum is packed, according to its grades, which vary from two grades finer than flour to grains the size of bird shot. Wherever steel, iron, brass, stone or hard woods are required to be ground or polished, corundum is used. Its use is thus world-wide, and the name of the Canada Corundum Company, with "Made in Canada" stamped on each package, is known throughout Europe and America as being unexcelled for quality.

T. E. EWEN.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

SPOTLESS SERVICE.

Service over the Lake Shore Railway may well be called spotless service. Throughout this entire system there is a noteworthy lack of dust and dirt. Sparkling linen and white-clad waiters greet the traveller in the dining cars, and this "spick and span" appearance extends throughout the train. One steps down at a journey's end over the Lake Shore as clean as when he boarded the train. Cleanliness is but one feature that has made The Lake Shore the most popular road in America. Others are its luxurious coaches, absolute safety, highest speed and punctuality. Tell the agent to have your ticket read "Via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway," and write for information concerning rates and routes to J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

Read "The Adventurers," our new serial story which will begin in a few days.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

THE PEOPLE ALL

In Chorus Cried, Give Us Newbro's Herpicide.

This word of late has been in everyone's mouth, and many are wondering what the word signifies, though no one has yet been found, who will deny that NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE does the work. Well, for the information of thousands of people who like to know all about a good thing, we would say that HERPICIDE means, a destroyer or killer of "Herpes." Now "Herpes" is the family name of a disease caused by various vegetable parasites. A similar microbe causes dandruff, itching scalp, and falling hair; this is the microbe that NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE promptly destroys; after which the hair grows. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. "Ernie" Ford is in the city.

Miss Lena Marshall is home from college.

Miss Edna Bird has returned to the city.

Mrs. Wm. Hicks, nee Pringle, is in the city.

Mr. John Worrell, College Hill, is ill with pneumonia.

Mrs James Warham is at Coldwater, visiting relatives.

Miss R. Glickler, of Montreal, is spending Easter in the city.

Mr. Matthew Cook, of Chicago, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. S. E. Carman has returned home from a trip to Jamaica.

Mr. Harry Burgoyne, of Toronto, is visiting his mother in this city.

Miss Helen Landers, of Toronto, will pass the Easter holidays here.

Miss Minnie Kyle, of Orono, is visiting Mrs. Margaret Hall, Wharf St.

Miss Bessie Corbett is amongst the numerous visitors at present in the city.

Miss Helen Burgoyne, of Tweed, is spending the holidays with her mother.

Mr. H. R. Beattie is spending Easter holidays with relatives at St. Catharines.

Mrs. Jack Roblin and Miss O'Brien left for Toronto, where they will spend Easter.

Mr. George T. Hayne, of Maitland, is spending Easter with his parents, Bleecker avenue.

Miss Madeline Young, of the Hamilton Normal College, has arrived in the city.

Mr. Thos. Stevenson, of Toronto, is spending his holidays in the city with his parents.

Mrs. S. Way, of Tweed, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Mills, Grier St.

Miss Olive Hicks has decided to accept a position in Toronto. She leaves this evening.

Mr. Ed. Ashley, of Kingston, was visiting friends in this city yesterday.

Miss Bessie Moon, of Plainfield, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Moon, of this city.

Mr. John Donovan, a contractor on the Temiskaming railway, is spending a few days in the city.

Messrs. Fred Thompson and Fred Parks, of Oshawa, are spending the Easter holidays in the city.

Mr. Carl Blakeley, of Toronto, is spending a few days in the city, the guest of Mr. Robert Wilson.

Miss Lillie Moon, of Toronto, is spending Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Moon, Murney St.

Mr. and Mrs. Myers and son, of Toronto, are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Dickens, Ann street.

Mr. Stanley Coon, of Niagara Falls, is in the city, spending Easter with his parents, West Bridge street.

Miss S. A. McNinch, who has been spending a month with her parents at Gananoque, has returned to the city.

Mr Arthur Northrup arrived in the city to-day, after some months absence. He will return to Montreal on Tuesday.

Dr. Boyd, of Blind River, is spending the Easter holidays here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Boyd, Pinnacle St.

Miss Lena Monoghan, teacher at Solmesville public school, P. E. Co., is spending the Easter holidays with her parents, Cedar street.

Mr. and Mrs. James Davies, of Toronto, are spending Easter with Mrs. Davies' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kane, Catherine St.

Mr. Lawrence Rous, of Toronto, has been renewing old acquaintances in the city of his birth. Like many other Belleville boys, he is "doing fine" in the Queen City.

Mr. W. B. Northrup has been elected one of the Benchers of the Upper Canada Law Society, standing twenty-fifth in a total of thirty elected. The Intelligencer extnds congratulations.

Mr. E. H. Luke, son of Mr. Thomas Luke, of this city, is expected in the city to-day to say good-bye to many friends before starting for Japan, in which country he will represent his company. The appointment is a very complimentary one to Mr Luke.

To-day's Market.

There was a good attendance at the market this morning. Eggs advanced in price selling from 15c to 17c per dozen and potatoes also advanced, selling as high as $1.10 per bag. Dressed poultry still commands a good price.

Our quotations are as follows:

Eggs—15c to 17c.
Hay—$8 to $8.50 per ton.
Fall wheat—75c.
Spring wheat—75c.
Barley—38 to 42c.
Oats—34c.
Rye—62c.
Buckwheat—55c.
Timothy—$1.50.
Clover—$7 to $8.
Alsike—$4 to $6
Butter—22c to 24c lb.
Dressed Hogs—$7.50 to $8.00.
Dressed hogs—$8.50 to $9.00.
Dressed beef, fore—$4.00.
Dressed beef, hind—$5 to $5.50.
Chickens—75c to $1.50.
Butchers' trimmed hides—8 1-2c to 9
Rough hides—8c to 8 1-2c.
Mutton—6c to 7c lb.
Horse Hides—$2 to $2.50.
Veal hides—8c per lb.
Deakins—75c.
Pelts—80c to $1.00.
Tallow, rough—1 1-2c to 2c.
Tallow, rendered—3 1-2c.
Wool—22c.
Potatoes—$1.05 to $1.10
Sheep Skins—60c to 65c.
Geese—$1 to $1.75.
Ducks—$1 to $1.50

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer office by J. D. Ford Also at residence, Murney St.

CZAR PAUL'S WIG

An Officer Tweaked It and Won a Bet and Promotion.

Paul, the eccentric czar of Russia assassinated in 1801, was very particular as to his dress and considered trifling matters as of supreme importance. This peculiarity was once taken advantage of by an officer of the guards, Major Vaksel, to win a bet. The major, the wildest joker in the army, wagered several hundred rubles that he would tweak the tail of the emperor's wig on parade.

The very next day the emperor happened to be present at an early parade and, as destiny ruled it, took a position for a moment immediately in front of the daring major. Breathless with excitement and terror, Vaksel's companions beheld that rash officer's right hand steal slowly from his side, rise to the level of the czar's neck and give the wig's hanging tail a most decided tweak.

In an instant the emperor's face, pale with fury, was turned upon Vaksel's countenance, which, however, only reflected an expression of childlike innocence, mingled with the most deferential astonishment.

"Who dared to do that?" asked the enraged czar, his eyes giving flashing evidence that his most dangerous mood was upon him.

"I did, your majesty," said Vaksel, who, however his heart may have fluttered, managed to preserve outwardly an unruffled calm, together with an expression of innocent surprise. "It was crooked, your majesty," he added, in a confidential undertone. "I straightened it for fear the younger officers should see."

Paul's countenance cleared at once. He stared fixedly, however, at Vaksel's innocent looking face for some seconds. Vaksel admitted afterward that this was the trying moment, and he had said to himself, "If I waver I'm lost!" Then the czar spoke, and spoke so that all might hear.

"I thank you, colonel," he said.

If ever a step in rank was gained by the purest effrontery it was so acquired on this occasion, and Vaksel left the field, not only promoted to a coveted position in the guards, but richer by many hundred rubles as the result of his wager.

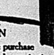
THE SACRED LOTUS.

There Are Pretty Legends of Song and Story About Its Fruit.

Concerning the rich fruit of the lotus, which grew luxuriantly in the Nile, many charming legends have been told. It was believed that it was so delightful that those who ate of it would never leave the spot where it grew, but for it would abandon home and friends to spend their lives in a dream of serene delight. Homer, in the "Odyssey," mentions the lotus eaters who lived on the northern coast of Africa and recounts their attempts to detain the followers of Ulysses by giving them the fruits of the lotus to eat, so that they should never wish to leave the spot where it grew.

The same poetical idea is known to the Arabs, who call it the "fruit of destiny," which is to be eaten in paradise, and it is on this foundation that Tennyson built his charming poem of the "Lotus Eaters." This mythical lotus has been identified by several botanists with that indigenous to Tunis, which is a thorny shrub, with berries of the size of an olive.

Mungo Park found a species of lotus in Central America bearing berries of a delicious taste, which, on being dried and pounded, made very wholesome and pleasant bread. The lotus fruit found in Tunis has a stimulating, almost intoxicating effect, and it is therefore probable that this plant furnished the foundation of the ancient legends.



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AN INVITATION
Is extended to all who contemplate the purchase of a piano to make a critical examination of the Bell; it is the only way to acquaint yourself with its superior qualities. The Bell is the only piano with the Illimitable Quick Repeating Action.
ART PIANOS
Send for Beautiful (free) Booklet B, to
The BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO.

Hart's Filters

None Superior
Every Family Needs One
Removes all Impurities

Full discription furnished on receipt ot Postal card.

Belleville Pottery Co.

Kleingbeil Farm For Sale by Tender.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up till noon of the 21st April, 1906, for the farm of Ferdinand Kleingbeil, in the Township of Thurlow, consisting of 85 acres. The highest tender will be accepted, providing the same exceeds $2000. Terms of payment, ten per cent. cash, $500 within one month thereafter. Balance to be secured to suit the purchaser. Possession on acceptance of tender.

Dated 10th April, 1906.

PORTER & CARNEW,
Solicitors for Vendor.
10ts,td,2tw

Estimates

Cheerfully Furnished on Prospective
Electric Light
Electric Motor
Local Telephone
Electric Bell Installations
Etc., Etc.

GREENLEAF & SON.
The General Repair Shop.

YOUR NEW HOME

Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.

NO SUCH RISK

by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.

All Work Guaranteed.

John Cornelius,
The City Painter and Decorator.

"The Adventurers," one of the most fascinating serial stories ever published in The Intelligencer, will begin shortly. Watch for it.

The sacred lotus of the Egyptians was a fine aquatic plant, dedicated to Osiris and Isis and regarded in Egyptian delineations as signifying the creation of the world. Distinct from this lotus was that known as the blue lotus of the Nile, also a sacred plant. Both these species of lotus occur frequently as religious symbols and decorations in the temples.

The Name of the Vatican.

The Mons Vaticanus is sometimes said to have received its name from vaticinium, an oracle or prophecy, for tradition says that Numa chose the Vatican hill as a sacred place from which to declare to the people the messages he received from the gods. It is not, however, one of the seven hills on which ancient Rome was built, but forms a part of the ridge beginning with the Janiculus and ending with Monte Mario, all of which was outside the ancient limits of the city. In our day the name is applied only to the immense pontifical palace adjacent to and connected with the basilica of St. Peter's.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

Wilson's Invalids' Port

Is a medical preparation, the ingredients of which are :—

Port Wine and extract of Cinchona Bark, the purity of which are certified by Milton L. Hersey, the Government Analyst, and L. Minier, the great French Chemist of the Laboratory of Practical Sciences, Paris.

It is a superior strengthener and can be borne by the most delicate stomach.

All Druggists

Ontario Liquor License ACT.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the License Commissioners for the License District of West Hastings at the Inspector's Office, No. 221 George Street, Belleville, on Wednesday, the 18th day of April, 1906, at the hour of 2 p.m., to consider applications for Liquor Licenses for the coming license year commencing on the first day of May, 1906, and granting same where they consider necessary.

The total number of licenses granted for the current year was as follows: City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns, 4.

Total number of applications for the coming year; City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops, 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns 5.

The following is the new applicant: In the Township of Sidney, Robert Armstrong, for the premises situated at Chisholm's Rapids and known as the Armstrong House.

TOM KETCHESON,
Chairman
HUGH WALKER,
Inspector District of West Hastings.
Belleville, April 2nd, 1906.
d4-7-10-14-16w5

Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of Heber Williams Cronk, late of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Liveryman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario," 1897, chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of the said Heber Williams Cronk, who died on or about the Nineteenth day of November, 1905, are required, on or before the Twenty-fifth day of April, 1906, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Clute & Morden, of the City of Belleville, solicitors for the Administratrix, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice, that after such last mentioned date, the said Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that she will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice has not been received, as required.

Dated this 24th day of March, A. D. 1906. CLUTE & MORDEN,
Solicitors for the Administratrix.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

The only nourishment that bread affords is that which the flour contains.

Bread baking is merely putting flour in appetising form.

Flour making is merely putting the nutritious part of wheat in shape for bread making.

Good milling is the kind that takes from the wheat all that is nutritious, nothing else.

Royal Household Flour

is made from carefully selected Manitoba Hard spring wheat.

Every pound is almost a pound of food; clean, white, pure and nutritious.

It goes farther, does better baking and is more satisfactory in every way than any other flour.

Your grocer knows he cannot keep store so well without Ogilvie's Royal Household.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited.
MONTREAL.

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never before published. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE. 3

Easter Footwear

Are your feet ready for Easter. Your Outfit will not be complete without your Easter Shoes. We have an unlimited galaxy of styles in choice Easter Footwear for men, women and children.

"Dorothy Dodd" and "Empress Shoes for Ladies

BLOSSOM OUT IN NEW SPRING DESIGNS

AT POPULAR PRICES

The J. J. Haines

SHOE HOUSES —Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

Easter Saturday

Our stock in every department will be complete for that day

A beautiful assortment of cakes in Chocolate, maple cream pineapple, orange, Orange Sponge and many other kinds at 10c each. A choice line of pies, tarts, meat pies, rolls and fruit lines of all kinds.

Have your order in early for Weston's Homemade bread.

Ice cream and cream for whipping in abundance.

A limited number of hot cross buns will be made Good Friday morning to be delivered in time for dinner only.

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

The ladies of Calgary are offended because Prince Arthur appeared among them in a sack coat. It is possible he did not observe their pretty Easter hats, either.

• • •

The girls of Atlantic, Ga., in welcoming Mr. Carnegie sang "Andy is the candy" and illustrated the crying need of libraries in that city

• • •

An Erie paper says that it is time for the consumer to be heard. The consumer is heard—he's heard all the time. He's always complaining, but that's all he does do.

• • •

The distinction of being the only European country without a railroad, which is at present enjoyed by Iceland, is soon to be taken from her, according to a contributor to the Railway Age, who writes: "The first track, it is stated, will probably soon be begun by an English company recently formed for the purpose of working the sulphur mines at Theisstarkir, in the north of Iceland. The mines are about seventeen miles from Husavik, the nearest harbor, to which the proposed railway will run.

• • •

Water is the coal of Canada. England became a great manufacturing country because she had both coal and iron. These two substances blended again to make Pittsburg. Canada will become rich by uniting its mills and its factories with its water powers. Water will "burn" in the electric light; water will not only draw a street car, but it will heat and light it as well. A great water power is an exhaustless coal mine; and, if there ever was a reason to establish popular ownership of coal mines, there is an equal reason to insist upon popular ownership of water powers.

• • •

A doctor was pointing out medical fallacies—the wrong ideas about things medical that many people hold. "One fallacy," he said, "is that beef tea is nourishing. It is nothing but water in which certain pleasant and exhilarating meat salts are dissolved. You would starve to death on beef tea, the same as on whiskey or on coffee. "Another fallacy is that alcohol—whiskey—warms the body. Alcohol lowers the temperature. It chills instead of warming. Hence it is of no use whatever as a guard against cold. A third fallacy is that one egg contains as much nourishment as a pound of meat. Sick people without appetite think complacently that if they take an egg or two a day they are doing well. As a matter of fact, they are doing anything but well. They must remember, if they are substituting eggs for meat, that eight eggs, not one, are required to equal one meat pound. Then, there's the liver fallacy. Many as soon as their stomachs get out of order begin to treat their liver. But the liver is a dangerous thing to treat unless one understands it, for there are over ninety distinct liver troubles, and what is good for one of them may be bad for all the rest."

• • •

THE POINT OF VIEW.

The commanding officer of a regiment was much troubled about the persistent untidiness of one of his men. Reprimand and punishment were unavailing. The man was incorrible and remained as dirty as ever. A brilliant idea struck the colonel. Why not march him up and down the whole of the regiment and shame him into decency? It was done. The untidy warrior, who hailed from the Emerald Isle, was ordered to exhibit himself and march up and down the entire regiment, and the men were told to have a good look at him. The unabashed Pat halted, saluted the colonel, and said, in the hearing of the whole corps, with the utmost "sang-froid": "Dhirtiest regiment I iver inspected, sorr!"

• • •

John D. Rockefeller says everybody is striving to get ahead. Well, he ought to know. He's right up in front where he can see.

• • •

A New York woman who will be a cripple for life warns other women against the cause of her misfortunes, high French heels. However, women are brave.

All smart up-to-date women of today,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.—D. M. Waters.

A RESPONSIBLE BOARD

Accountant Cross' Suggestion in Report to Government.

Outcome of His Investigation of the Books of the York Loan Co.—How York Loan Employes Played Double Game—Negotiations in Progress to Hand Over All the Assets—Investigation Adjourned Till Tuesday.

Toronto, April 14.—Permission having been granted by the Attorney-General for the crown attorney to interview Miss McCann, in New York, and Miss Sauter, in Buffalo, both of whom are shareholders of the Toronto Life, the Phillips' investigation was adjourned until Tuesday next. But Mr. Curry may not find it necessary to thus procure the evidence of the Misses Robb, McCann and Sauter, as it is stated, on apparently good authority, that negotiations are in progress which would result in Phillips, the Toronto Life Insurance Co., and the other concerns turning over all assets to the York Loan liquidators. If these negotiations succeed the Phillips' case, as far as the police court is concerned, will end early in the week.

Mr. Cross Reported.

W. H. Cross, the commissioner appointed by the Ontario Government to examine the affairs of the York Loan Co., has made his second report to the Attorney-General. Mr. Cross says:

"In view of the large number of persons interested in this company, and of the confusion in the public mind existing from widely different statements in the press and by speakers at public meetings; in view also of the varied proposals and suggestions made by local committees of shareholders in different parts of the Dominion, and in view of the possibility that speculators might take advantage of this situation to induce shareholders to sell their shares for less than value, I deemed it my first duty to obtain and make public at the earliest possible moment, reliable information regarding the actual situation of this company's affairs and the causes of its failure.

First Report Verified.

"The course of the public investigation then held by me and the conclusions arrived at, including a statement of the causes of the company's failure, are set forth in my interim report already made to you, dated the third day of January last. The results found in that report have been tested and verified by various investigations subsequently made, and I now confirm the conclusions therein given.

"At the time when the commission issued, and subsequently, there prevailed a general public belief that the failure was due largely, if not altogether, to gross irregularities, and improprieties committed by directors and servants of the company for their own personal benefit, and that the existing position of the company had arisen from this cause. Evidence supporting this belief did not transpire during the public investigation, and I had no information that warranted any such conclusion at the time of making my first interim report. In view, however, of the specific and direct charges made from various quarters, I deemed it desirable that this question should be further investigated through such avenues as remained open to me after the criminal proceedings had been instituted against Phillips

Examination of Books.

"To this end an examination of the books of the company was made, more thorough than had been possible in the limited time preceding the issuance of the interim report, and other lines of enquiry outside the books and records of the company were pursued, including particularly the charge that had been made that much more was paid out of the York Loan funds for the land acquired by the company than the vendors actually received, and that there had been added to the outlays of the company in connection with their building and improvement operations, large sums which had been retained by officials of the company. The result of this examination and these enquiries have failed to disclose any evidence substantiating these charges.

"It is obvious from the extent and nature of this company's operations that my enquiries should not possibly be exhaustive, but so far as I have been able to ascertain the facts, the position is as above stated.

Withdrew Own Funds.

"I beg to report, as a fact additional to what is stated in my interim report, that in the later stages of the company's existence, and during the months immediately preceding the winding-up order, directors, officers, agents and employes of the company, while withdrawing their own funds, which were invested in the company, were at the same time collecting the monthly instalments due from shareholders, and also obtaining new subscriptions for stock. I also draw attention to the fact that improper entries were made from time to time in the books of the company, which had the effect of swelling the annual financial statements, the apparent profits and assets of the company.

Must Verify Returns.

"I beg to again draw attention to the fact stated in my interim report, with regard to the incorrect and misleading returns filled by this company with the Government, and sworn to by the officers of the company. The public are dependent upon these returns for reliable information, and they are, in my opinion, of the greatest public importance. They should be explicit and readily understood, both by those who make them, and by those who rely on them. It is superfluous to say that they must be true, frank and accurate, but I suggest that, in order to emphasize the responsibility not only of the officers who swear to these returns, but also the responsibility of the whole board of directors, it should be required by law that these returns be sanctioned and approved by the resolution of the board of directors, and that such resolution be verified and filed along with the return.

"I am not making this as a final report, because facts and lines of enquiry other than those I have reported may present themselves to you as demanding further investigation. If any such further examination is desired, I shall be pleased to have your instructions in regard thereto."

OPERATORS UNWILLING.

To Take Up Latest Offer Made by the Mine Workers

New York, April 14.—At the meeting of the sub-committees of the anthracite mine workers and operators here President Mitchell offered a re-submission of the miners' original demands, with two amendments, and in case they are not accepted he proposed that the controversy be placed before the strike commission.

Operators' Reply.

President Baer, as the chairman of the operators' committee, made this reply:

"We regret that you have not accepted our propositions. We do not feel that we can modify them. We will hereafter answer your communication of this date by letter, or if your desire a further meeting the time can be arranged or be hereafter fixed by the respective chairmen."

President Mitchel believes Mr. Baer's offer was written on the spur of the moment and that there will yet be a peaceful end to the controversy.

1,200 Men Ordered Out.

Pittsburg, April 14.—Twelve hundred miners employed at the Great Lakes Coal Co. at Kaylor, Pa., quit work yesterday by order of the district officials, because of the refusal of the company to agree to certain concessions asked for by the mine workers, and included in the 1903 scale.

Laid Off on Account of Coal Strike.

Chicago, April 14.—Many employes of various railroads entering Chicago were laid off Thursday on account of the decrease in business resulting from the coal strike.

The Chicago & North Western laid off 500 employes. It was announced that the Chicago & Alton had dropped nearly 200 employes from the pay-roll. Four hundred mechanics of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois are now idle.

Curtailments in the yard and train service are going on on all roads, owing to the cessation of the demand of fuel hauling.

Building Strike at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., April 14.—Two officers of the Bricklayers and Stone Masons International Union drove around St. Louis yesterday, calling off bricklayers from every building job on which the stonemasons employed were not affiliated with the International Union. Work was reported stopped on 160 buildings. It is estimated that 2,000 men stopped work.

Defy Labor Officer.

Hamilton, April 14.—A majority of the striking bricklayers and masons defy the international executive. The international officer, Thomas Izzard, ordered them to work at 45 cents an hour, pending a settlement of the trouble, but they hold out for 50 cents. It is intimated that if the men refuse to obey him he will take away the charter of the local union.

Why the Horse Heeds the Bugler.

An interesting report regarding the development of the musical sense in horses was made by a committee of German zoologists and botanists. The report says: "The investigations as to the musical sense of horses have shown that that sense is very poorly developed in these animals. It has been proved beyond doubt that horses have no notion whatever of keeping time to music, and that at circuses they do not dance according to the tune, but that the musicians have to keep time according to the steps of the animals.

"Other investigations show that horses do not understand military trumpet signals. It is only the rider or the animal's instinct of imitation which induces horses to make the moves required by the signal, but no horse without a rider, however carefully trained, takes the slightest notice of a trumpet signal, and the same observation has been made on a large number of cavalry horses without riders."

The Bull of Perilius.

Perilius of Athens is said to have invented for Phalaris, tyrant of Agrigentum, 570 B. C., a brazen bull which opened on the side to admit victims who were to be roasted by the fire which was built underneath. The dying groans of the sufferers resembled closely the roaring of a mad bull. Phalaris greatly admired the invention and by way of test roasted the inventor first. Later the populace rose in rebellion and burned Phalaris.

Must Have Been.

"Ah, Lady B., I had the pleasure of meeting you last year. And how is your dear little girl?"

"My little boy is quite well, thank you."

"Little boy? Ah, yes, of course! I knew it was one of the two."

Another Reason.

Aunt Emeline is the best loved woman in Saymouth, for her charity is alike of hand and heart. Like many other excellent persons, Aunt Emeline is not a church member, but she is a regular attendant at the village church, which is so near her cottage as to seem under the same roof. When, at the close of a recent sermon, the minister requested all those present who had never united with the church to retire at the end of service, everybody was surprised to see Aunt Emeline rise and start down the aisle.

"Aunt Emeline," the minister called softly, "that does not apply to you!"

"That isn't why I'm going," Aunt Emeline responded serenely. "I smell my dinner burning up."

Constantinople.

Constantinople, called by the Turks Stamboul or Istamboul, was originally the ancient city of Byzantium. In 330 B. C. the Emperor Constantine made it the capital of the Roman empire and called it after his own name. The city lies on an arm of the sea called the Golden Horn and is protected by a great wall built by the Byzantine emperors.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Single Fare For Easter

Going April 12, 13, 14, 15 & 16th, returning until April 17th

Between all stations in Canada, also to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, N.Y., Detroit and Port Huron, Mich. Reduced fares also in effect to St. Paul and Duluth, Minn.

For tickets and full information call on
H. C. THOMPSON, Town Agent.
T. H. COPPIN, Depot Agent.

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Seventh Avenue, Amsterdam Ave. and West 130th St. Cars pass the door.
Luxurious rooms for permanent and transient guests.
Restaurant a Feature. Exquisite Palm Room. Art Nouveau Cafe. Royal Hungarian Orchestra.

"Most Artistically Beautiful Hotel in the World." Can offer few single rooms, with bath, beautifully furnished, suitable for two people, $60 per month.

TRANSIENT RATES:
One Room, with bath..........$2.50 per day
Parlor, Bedroom, with bath, $3 and $4 per day
Parlor, 2 Bedrooms, with bath, $5 and $7 per day
Every improvement known to modern ingenuity.
Write for our magazine, "The Hotel Belleclaire World."
MILTON ROBLEE, Proprietor.

HOTEL TOURAINE

Delaware Ave. & Johnson Park
BUFFALO, N. Y.

A modern, high-class and convenient stopping place, offering every accommodation for the comfort and pleasure of transient guests. Moderate prices.

Harry C. Griswold, Proprietor.

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ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP VIA CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

GOING APRIL 12 TO 16 INCLUSIVE | RETURNING UNTIL AND ON APRIL 17

For train times and tickets see nearest Can. Pacific agent.

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C. P. R. Agent, Belleville.
Or write C. B. Foster, D. P. A., Toronto.

NEW YORK CENTRAL
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SHORTEST Route to the United States via Cape Vincent, N.Y.

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Daily except Sunday

Lv. Belleville (G.T.R.	1.39 a.m.	noon
Arr. Kingston "	3.25 a.m.	1.25 p.m.
Lv. Kingston (steamer'	5.00 a.m.	2.00 p.m.
Arr. CapeVincent (str.)	7.00 a.m.	4.00 p.m.
Mondays only.		
Lv. CapeVincent N.Y.C.	7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
Arr. Watertown "	8.10 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9 12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p m
Arr. Rochester "	2.25 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.20 a.m.	9.00 p.m.
Arr. New York "	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

Convenient train service in opposite direction
Pullman Sleeping and Parlor Cars

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Books for 500 miles of travel on New York Central and leased lines within State of New York, cost only $10, while books for 1000 miles over New York Central, Boston & Albany, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, Philadelphia & Reading and C.R.R. of New Jersey, cost $20. Secure further information and purchase tickets from H. S. Folger, N.Y.C. agent, Kingston, Ont.

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G. C. GRIDLEY, Gen'l Agent, Watertown, N.Y.

Business Directory.

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W. H. SPOONER,
Associate of Trinity College, London, Eng. Organist of St. Thomas' Church, receives pupils for Pianoforte, Organ, Vocal and all branches of Theoretical Music. Apply at studio, Coleman St., or by letter, P. O. 832. 56-6md

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THE SNAKESKIN BELT

By LILIAN C. PASCHAL

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"Fine lot of western souvenirs you've got here," I commented through my teeth, which held in loving grip a particularly fragrant after dinner cigar. I had been nosing around the curio corner of Dane's hunting lodge.

"The real thing—no machine made curios in this bunch."

I suddenly pounced upon a queer object of beautifully mottled grayish leather, evidently intended for a lady's girdle.

"What's this reptilian treasure?" I asked curiously, holding it up gingerly by its handsome gold buckle wrought into the semblance of a tiny revolver, perfect as to butt, muzzle and full complement of blue diamond bullets.

Dangling from the trigger by a single link of spun gold was the "burglar alarm" of a mountain rattlesnake. The number of rattles and the button tacked to the edge showed that its one time wearer was in the ninth year of his age when he came to his end.

"I STEPPED OUT IN THE ROAD, BOWED LOW AND PULLED MY GUN."

"Another trophy of the chase?" I glanced interrogatively at Dane.

"Yes, a trophy of the chase—the chase after the rainbow and the heart of gold at the end of it. Come along for a walk up the canyon a little way, where there's a fine moonrise now in course of preparation for our special benefit, and I'll tell you about that belt. You see, it belonged to my first sweetheart—I had it made for her—so it's just as well my wife doesn't hear me talk of it."

"Et tu, Brute," I scoffed, but rose and followed him as he led the way up the great gorge at the back of the lodge.

"It was when I first came to Montana," began Dane, taking no notice of my comment. "She lived on the next ranch. She was as willful a piece of skirts as ever climbed crags where nothing but goats and squaws ever before had rolled pebbles downhill. We'd quarreled about that Carolina chap I wrote you about once—name of Bailey.

"The fellow was a cad, and I'd told Nan so in language more distinguished for force than for frills. She called me jealous, turned up her little nose at me and flirted her quirt in my direction. She'd just ridden out o' the corral on her cayuse when I galloped up and our little tiff began. But it ended in a big one. She gave me a go-by for good and all, and when I'd see her after that riding the cattle range she'd be so absorbed in that long legged Carolina sandhill crane of a Bailey that she didn't know I was on earth at all apparently. He did tag her for fair, though he looked like Ichabod Crane astride of his Pinto. He couldn't ride any more than a jack rabbit.

"But I felt pretty blue, I tell you, those days. Big aches from little quarrels grow, as the poet says, and when a fellow's up against that kind of gnawing feeling at the pit of his stomach night and day like that Spartan kid with the foxes in his apron, why, he gets as sore headed as a grizzly in the springtime. I used to haul out my gun from my belt when I tramped over these hills looking for the yellow—that was before I'd found it—and think I'd let the old spitfire in my face just once and end the whole business."

No wonder his wife doesn't like to hear the story if he had it that bad. And again my bachelor cynicism smiled that he had so easily found consolation. But aloud I only grunted, "Well?" and smoked on.

"One morning when I was desperate from mooning over that minx of a girl I was going round this very ledge. You see how narrow it is even now, though I've had the road blasted out of the rock above us since then. You take notice there's a bit of a precipice just below?"

"I should say I did!" I exclaimed, drawing back from the brim with a tenderfoot shudder. "Your 'bit of a precipice' must go down a sheer 500 feet if it's an inch to that hustling western torrent down there."

Dane nodded. "Not a very good place for a girl to step aside to avoid a snake, for instance?"

I shuddered again.

"Well, this is just where I met Nan that day. I can see her now, bless her heart, dancing along in the little short skirts and baby cowboy boots she loved to wear and dangling her big sombrero by its cord. She hadn't seen me, and I turned to hike back the way I came, for Lee Bailey was on her trail and I'd seen them together as often as I could possibly stand it.

"Just as she came to that turn where the bowlder juts out she gave a little scream and turned so suddenly that her foot slipped and down she went right on the edge. She held on to that rock for dear life and shrieked: 'Lee! Oh, Lee!'

"That 'Lee' settled me, and I stood still, like a stubborn mule, and let her yell. I knew he could pick her up easily enough, and I wouldn't butt in. But when I reconnoitered around the bowlder I was behind I was the cause of the disturbance—this Mr. Rattler, ruffling himself up like the coil of an electrocutioner and disputing the right of way with my girl.

"And there was Miss Nan, white with fear, staggering right on the edge of the precipice, too paralyzed to move back up the trail."

"Where was Bailey, the noble rescuer?" I asked as Dane paused and gazed reflectively into the lighted end of his cigar.

"Yes; that was what I wanted to know. He'd made for camp on a lope—that's where he was, the coward—to get a fishing rod to kill the snake with, he explained afterward, but it didn't go down with Nan. When I saw her natural protector deserting her I stepped out in the road, bowed low, pulled my gun and blew the gentleman's head off—the rattler's, not Bailey's, though that would have been a job to my liking too. He wasn't as much of a gentleman as Mr. Snake, for he was polite enough to tell right out what sort of poison critter he was, while the human serpent wasn't."

"And Nan?" I even forgot to puff smoke in my interest.

"Acted just right, like the heroine in a melodrama—fainted promptly on to the shoulder of her faithful knight, and when he'd waked her up again by means of kisses and other shocks she promised to love and obey him ever after, and nothing would do but that snakeskin must be fixed up with the trimmings you saw as one of our Lares and Penates, but whether a Lar or a Penate I don't know, being rather misty on mythology since I left college. Ah, there's the moon at last! Isn't this country great at night?"

"Yes, yes!" I exclaimed impatiently, without a glance at the wonderful panorama of rolling, pine clad, snow capped summits now being transfigured by the rising glory. "But what became of Nan? Why didn't you marry"—

"Oh, there you are, dear!" called out a silvery voice ahead of us farther up the slope. "I've been waiting for you a long time. You have been two hours climbing the gulch. I came up the short cut. It takes more breath, but less time."

"Well, little girl, you've got plenty of both," answered her husband, sprawling himself over the thick pine needles at pretty Mrs. Dane's feet and laying his head shamelessly on her lap. Her small fingers buried themselves in his hair. He pulled them down to his lips. "We took the time because I was using up all my breath telling Jack about the snakeskin belt, Nan, dear."

"Oh, that old story!" I could see her blush delicately in the moonlight.

Another light than that of the moon broke in on my darkened senses. "Oh, then you did marry her? I thought you said"—

"My first sweetheart? Sure, so I did—and Nan's it!"

Mr. Gilder's Judicious Reply.

The woman journalist was entertaining half a dozen Wellesley undergraduates at tea. It was an expensive tea, served in an expensive apartment. Plainly the young woman journalist was doing well.

"Yes; I am doing well," she admitted. "I write fashions now. But when I was a high class journalist, interviewing celebrities on my own hook, I couldn't afford to give teas. These celebrities—if they would only talk! You visit them expecting to extract a twenty-five dollar story. You come away with a quarter one—or nothing. Once I sought out Richard Watson Gilder in order to get from him five or six columns on 'Young Women In Literature.' A fetching subject, eh? But, alas, Mr. Gilder wasn't in a talkative mood! When I suggested this glorious topic to him, when I opened fire with the first question, 'What is the chief requisite for a young woman entering the literary field?' he replied, 'Postage stamps.'"—Buffalo News.

Frost Makes Fat Turkeys.

"Cold weather makes fat turkeys," said the poulterer.

"Why?"

"Because in a warm fall the ground keeps soft, the vegetation lingers on and the fields are full of worms and bugs. What's the result? The result is that the turkeys from sunrise till dark tramp the tempting fields on long forages, eating the worms and bugs, which thin them, and walking all their soft and fine flesh into tough, stringy muscle. A cold fall, with early frosts and snows, freezes the ground and kills the bugs. Then the turkeys are not tempted to wander. They loaf in the farmyard, gorge an abundance of grain and put on flesh like a middle aged woman at a seashore hotel. But in a warm fall, hunting the irresistible bug, the turkeys do their fifteen to twenty miles regularly and become athletes. For athletic turkeys there is no public demand."—Minneapolis Journal.

THE AMERICAN THEATER.

It Should Not Be a Toy—It Should Be Made an Educator.

To claim that the stage, no matter how improved, could work an immediate revolution in the manners and taste of our people would be manifestly absurd, but it is entirely safe to say that the theater could, in the matters which are apparently so unimportant in life, yet which mean so much, be an important factor in molding at least the externals of our national character. This means, however, that, busy as we are, we should give the theater a more important place in our thoughts and in our scheme of popular education than that at present allotted to it. Nor is the claim that the theater might be made a teacher of improvement in the minor things of life the only one that can be made for it. It might be made the medium for the elevation of the popular taste in all the arts and in literature and even for the inculcation of the principles of lofty thought and right living. It may seem strange that a people so clever as we are have neglected this potent influence for good and have regarded it only as a toy for our amusement, to be shaped and fashioned by the toy merchant solely with a view to making it catch the fancy and therefore become a salable and profitable article of merchandise. But, as we are a busy and, on the whole, a self satisfied people, beyond our pursuits and ambitions we look only for the amusements which shall be the least burden to us.—J. S. Metcalfe in Atlantic.

"PELE'S HAIR."

A Product of the Gigantic Hawaiian Volcano Mauna Loa.

Mauna Loa, the gigantic Hawaiian volcano, has two craters or openings, one of which, Kilauea, is the largest active volcanic crater in the world. The mountain is 14,100 feet high and Kilauea is situated on the eastern side about 4,000 feet above the level of the sea. This marvelous crater is really a vast lake of boiling lava which rises and falls continually by the action of subterranean fires. In tossing to and fro like a troubled sea of molten metal the lava is dashed against the cliffs and hardens there in the form of long glassy filaments, gigantic knobs, miniature trees and in imitation of grass, leaves, etc.

Another form of glassy filament to be found along the shores of this fiery lake is in the shape of queer bunches and tufts of lava made up of an aggregation of vitreous threads which the natives call "Pele's hair," Pele being the goddess to whom the mountain is dedicated. These glassy threads appear to be caused by the passage of steam through the molten lava. In so doing small particles in the shape of bubble-like balloons are thrown into the air, leaving a tail behind like a comet. When the scene of these miniature steam eruptions is near a rock or shore all solid and cool surfaces are found covered with bunches of "Pele's hair." This "hair" was formerly used in mystic native ceremonies.

Canal Locks In China.

The contrivances for locks along the Grand canal in China are very simple—stout boards, with ropes at each end of them, being let down edgewise over each other through grooves in the stone piers. Boats are dragged through and up the sluices by means of ropes communicating with large windlasses worked on the bank, which haul them safely, but very slowly. Artificial basins were hollowed out in the banks of the canal at these locks, where boats might anchor securely. The sluices which keep the necessary level are of very rude construction. Soldiers and workmen are constantly in attendance at these sluices, and the danger to boats is diminished by coils of rope hung down at the sides to break the force of possible blows.

A Phenomenon.

A handy word much misused is "phenomenon." The London Globe once heard a man explaining its meaning to a friend. He did it as follows: "Now, if you see a cow in a medder," he said didactically, "that's not a phinomeena. It's a pretty animal and what not, but it ain't a phinomeena. And if you see a thistle in a medder that ain't a phinomeena. Nor if you see a lark in the medder that ain't a phinomeena. It's a pretty bird and what not, but it ain't a phinomeena. But if you was to see that cow sitting on that thistle and singing like that lark that would be a phinomeena." His friend said, yes, he saw now.

The Silver Lining and the Cloud.

Doctor—When can you pay me my bill for curing you of insomnia? Patient—I don't know, doctor; I sleep so soundly now that my wife goes through my pockets every night and takes everything.—Judy.

Safeguard the Children.

There is no telling when a medicine may be needed in homes where there are little ones. Therefore, the prudent mother will always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets on hand. These Tablets promptly cure indigestion, colic, sour stomach, constipation, diarrhoea and teething troubles. They break up colds, prevent croup, expel worms, and give the child sound natural sleep. Mothers have the guarantee of a Government analyst that these Tablets contain no opiate or poisonous soothing stuff. Mrs. J. C. Gildart, Prosser Brook, N.B., says: "Baby's Own Tablets act like magic when a little one is ill, and I would not feel safe without a box in the house." You can get Baby's Own Tablets from your medicine dealer or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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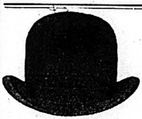

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To-morrow's International Sunday School Lesson.

JESUS' POWER OVER DISEASE AND DEATH—GOLDEN TEXT IS "I AM THE RESURRECTION AND THE LIFE."

Luke 7: 1-17; memory verses, 14, 15; Golden text, "I am the Resurrection and the Life."

Historical Setting.

Time—Summer of A.D. 28.

Place—(1) Capernaum, on the northern shore of the Sea of Galilee. Scholars divided between two sites—"Tell Tum, three miles southwest of the issue of Jordan, and Khan Minyeh, on the northern edge of Gennesaret; but the evidence is greatly in favor of the latter site."—Smith's Historical Geog. of the Holy Land. So also Hastings' Dict. of the Bible. The remains of the traditional synagogue of the centurion are at Tell Hum. (2) Nain, a town southwest of Capernaum, seven miles from Nazareth.

In both Matthew and Mark the Sermon on the Mount is followed by an account of many miracles, related in this place doubtless to prove Christ's authority and right to proclaim such laws and set up such a kingdom, and to illustrate Christ's teachings and character.

1. When He had ended all His sayings. Those of the Sermon on the Mount. He entered into Capernaum. The large and important city, by the Sea of Galilee on the northwest, which Christ made His headquarters after His rejection at Nazareth.

2. And a certain centurion's servant. This centurion was a heathen by birth and was probably in the service of Antipas.

Who was dear unto him. The adjective does not necessarily imply an affectionate relation between the master and the servant, though such may well have existed. It may mean only that he was a valuable servant. He was a personal, confidential servant, like Joseph in the house of Potiphar, and Eliezer, the chief servant of Abraham.

Was sick and ready to die. Matthew says he had the palsy, and was "grievously tormented." "St. Luke, as a physician, may have omitted this specification because the description applied rather to tetanus than to the strict use of paralysis."

3. And when he heard of Jesus. Christ had already worked many wonderful miracles and spoken many wise sayings in Capernaum, so that the centurion had the best foundation for his faith. Until the medical missionaries were sent by several English societies, there was not a physician in the land, and even now there are very few. In such a country as this, with sick and crippled in every village, picture the eager excitement when the news spread that a good physician had arrived in town.

He sent unto him the elders of the Jews. Leading representative men. Beseeching him that he would come and heal his servant. A peculiar verb meaning "save through" the disease.

4. Besought him instantly. For he loveth our nation. This Gentile soldier found in the Jews "a purity, reverence, simplicity and nobleness of life which he had not found elsewhere. And he hath built us a synagogue, to testify his interest in them and their religion.

A character sketch. (1) The centurion was a Gentile, as we gather from Matt. 8: 10, and from his position in the army. (2) He was religiously minded. (3) He was wealthy. (4) He was generous. (5) He was broad-minded, able to see good wherever it existed. (6) He was kindly as we see in his affection for his servant. (7) He was brave, daring to express his regard for the manner, though his brother officers would be sure to ridicule him. (8) Jewish religion in the most public Best of all, he was a man of faith, as the narrative goes on to show.

6. Then Jesus went with them, saying, I will come and heal him. Some of the delegation seem to have hastened in advance to the centurion's house, in order to relieve his anxiety before Jesus could arrive. As they drew near to the house, the centurion sent friends to him, with another message. He probably had heard of the healing of the nobleman's son in Capernaum while Jesus was at Cana. (John 4: 46-53), so that he knew the presence of Jesus was not necessary: and he also felt, I am not worthy that thou shouldest enter under my roof. This feeling of unworthiness was due partly (1) to his own consciousness of sin, and partly (2) to his knowledge of the Jewish feeling that "as the houses of Gentiles were 'unclean,' entrance into them, and still more, familiar fellowship would 'defile'."

7. Say in a word. "Literally, 'Say with a word and let my servant be healed.'"

8. For I also am a man set under authority, etc. The centurion thinks Jesus can order about disease, as he orders his soldiers—say to fever, palsy, leprosy, go, and it will go."

9. He marvelled at him. Only twice do we read in the Gospel that the Saviour marvelled; once at the unbelief of his fellow-citizens at Nazareth (Mark 6: 6), once at the faith of this heathen. Said unto the people, who needed the lesson on faith. I have not found so great faith. "The Saviour knew well the difficulties that must have lain in the way of this man's faith. They were the facts that he was a Gentile, that he was consciously unworthy, that he was asking for an especially wonderful miracle, a cure at a distance. No, not in Israel, where it would naturally be expected, for they expected their Messiah, they knew the true God, and that He had wrought miracles for his people in the past.

10. And they that were sent. Christ's message through them to the centurion was: "As thou hast believed, so be it done unto thee" (Matt. 8: 13). Found the servant whole. In sound health. For this meaning it is the regular word in medical writings."

11. The day after. He went into a city called Nain. A small town 25 miles to the southwest. A hamlet of the same name still exists there.

12. When he came nigh to the gate of the city. Nearly all towns and villages were surrounded by walls as a defence against marauders. "Nain" means "Fair," and it was "probably so called from its striking situation on a steep hill. Behold, there was a dead man carried out The bier on which the body was borne was a simple board supported on two poles. There was no coffin; the corpse was simply covered with a large cloth. The only son of his mother The Greek implies that he was the only son she ever had — a fact intensifying her grief.

And she was a widow. The second grief had followed the first. She was alone in the world. The condition of widows in the East, especially childless ones, was so sad and dependent as to give added poignancy to this widow's sorrow. And much people of the city was with her.

13. The Lord. A title first used by Luke in this place, perhaps because in this miracle Christ showed Himself supremely the Lord of life and death. Saw her. He picked her out readily because she led the sad procession. He had compassion on her. "Jesus, who was always touched by the sight of human agony. And said unto her. Weep not. "A hint of what was coming."

14. And he came and touched the bier. The body lay with its face turned up, uncovered, and its hands folded on the breast. They that bare him. Friends and neighbors. Stood still. Taking the touch of Jesus as a sign that he wished this. And he said, Young man, I say unto thee, Arise. Observe the ease with which this miracle was wrought. Elijah had to agonize with God. He had to stretch himself three times upon the child, and every time to plead with God again. But with Jesus Christ there was a calm authority. A touch or a word—and the miracle was done. Elijah begged as a trusty servant might. But Jesus Christ commanded like a king.

15. And he that was dead. "The spectators were sure that he was dead, for they were carrying him out to bury him. No deception was possible, for his own mother believed him dead, and you may be sure that if there had been a spark of life in him she would not have given him up to the jaws of the grave. Sat up, and began to speak. Incoherent, perhaps, were those words, like the last words of a dream with which a man awakes; but they were words, and they made known that the dead was alive.

And he delivered him to his mother.

16. And there came a fear on all. It is natural that this should be the first feeling on seeing a corpse reanimated. But a writer of fiction would rather have given us the frantic joy of the mother and of those who sympathized with her. A great prophet is risen up among us. They might have thought of Elijah and the widow of Sarepta, of Elisha and the lady of the not far distant Shunem God hath visited his people. Compare the words of Zacharias (Luke 1, 68), and of Nicodemus (John 3, 2.)

17. And this rumor of him went forth. It would spread like wildfire far and wide. Throughout all Judea. Not implying that Nain was in Judea; but the story spread from Galilee all over Judea. And throughout all the region round about. That is, Perea, where John the Baptist was in prison. Luke goes on to tell how John came to hear of it.

Significant "Nots"

A Life Insurance Company may be judged by what it DOES NOT DO as well as by what it DOES DO. As illustrating the things which the management of

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. OF CANADA.

does NOT do, attention is invited to the following:

(1) This Company does NOT write foreign business; it does NOT seek business outside British North America and Newfoundland.

(2) It does NOT invest in stocks or in foreign securities of any kind; all its securities are legitimate, first class and productive.

(3) It does NOT deal in Real Estate and does NOT own palatial branch office buildings.

(4) It does NOT deposit in Trust Companies and its officers do NOT hold stock in any subsidiary Trust or Deposit Company.

Head Office, Waterloo, Canada

S. BURROWS, General Agent, Belleville.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

OLD LEAP YEAR LAWS.

When Women Proposed Six Centuries Ago the Man Had to Accept.

In two countries, at least, and more than 600 years ago laws were passed which gave women the right of proposing marriage. These enactments went even farther than this. They also stipulated that if the man whose hand they had sought should refuse he should incur a heavy fine.

A searcher among the ancient records of Scotland discovered an act of the Scottish parliament, which was passed in the year 1288, which runs as follows:

"It is statut and ordaint that during the rein of his maist blissit Megeste, ilk for the years knowne as Lepe Yeare, ilk mayden ladye of baithe highe and lowe estaet shall hae liberte to bespeke ye man she likes, albeit gif he refuses ta talk hir to be his lawful wyfe, he shall be mulcted in ye sum of ane dundis or less, as his estait may be, except and awis gif he can make it appeare that he is betrothit ane ither woman, he then shall be free."

A year or two later a law almost similar to the Scottish enactment was passed in France and received the approval of the king. It is also said that before Columbus sailed on his famous voyage to the westward a similar privilege was granted to the maidens of Genoa and Florence.

There is no record extant of any fines imposed under the conditions of this Scotch law and no trace of statistics regarding the number of spinsters who took advantage of it or of the similar regulations in France, but the custom seems to have taken firm hold upon the popular mind about that time. The next mention of it is dated nearly 400 years later, and it is a curious little treatise called "Love, Courtship and Matrimony," which was published in London in 1606. In this quaint work the "privilege" is thus alluded to:

"Albeit it now becomes a part of the common law in regard to social relations of life that, as often as every leap yeare doth return, the ladyes have the sole privilege during the time it continueth of making love either by wordes or lookes, no man will be entitled to benefit of clergy who doth in any wise treat her proposal with slight or contumely."

Up to within about a century ago it was one of the unwritten laws of leap year that if a man should decline a proposal he should soften the disappointment which his answer would bring about by the presentation of a silk dress to the unsuccessful suitor for his hand.

A curious leap year superstition is still to be met with in some parts of New England, and that is that during leap year the "beans grow on the wrong side of the pod."

An Incautious Critic.

Almost the last work that Sir Edwin Landseer was engaged on was a life sized picture of Nell Gwynn passing through an archway on a white palfrey. This picture in which the horse alone was finished, was bought by one of the Rothschild family and given to Sir John Millais to complete. One morning a celebrated art critic called and was much impressed with this work. "Ah, to be sure!" he said, going up close and examining a deerhound, which almost breathed, in the foreground of the picture. "How easily one can recognize Landseer's dogs! Wonderful, isn't it?" "Yes, it is wonderful," remarked Sir John, lighting another pipe. "I finished painting that dog yesterday and have done the whole of it myself." That critic was sorry he spoke.

Another Reason.

Aunt Emeline is the best loved woman in Saymouth, for her charity is alike of hand and heart. Like many other excellent persons, Aunt Emeline is not a church member, but she is a regular attendant at the village church, which is so near her cottage as to seem under the same roof. When, at the close of a recent sermon, the minister requested all those present who had never united with the church to retire at the end of service, everybody was surprised to see Aunt Emeline rise and start down the aisle.

"Aunt Emeline," the minister called softly, "that does not apply to you!"

"That isn't why I'm going," Aunt Emeline responded serenely. "I smell my dinner burning up."

The Oily Menhaden.

The oily character of the menhaden is familiar. It is caught for its oil, which is tried out in factories. Menhaden fishermen use purse nets, which are tarred to preserve them. To keep their hands from sticking to the tarred nets they rub on them a freshly caught menhaden, handling it somewhat as they would a cake of soap. So oily is the menhaden that the simple pressure thus applied is enough to bring through the scales oil sufficient for the purpose.

Pleasant Job.

"Oh, George, I'm so glad you've come," exclaimed the sweet girl. "Father is so excited and disturbed. Do go in and calm him."

"Very well," replied Mr. Lovett, "what's the matter with him?"

"Why—er—I just told him you wanted to marry me."

A Mean Trick.

"What do you do to make talk when you call on a new girl?"

"I usually start by telling a joke."

"But the rest of the evening?"

"That can be filled up in explaining the joke."

Foresee misfortunes that thou mayest strive to prevent them, but whenever they happen bear them with magnanimity.—Zoroaster.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

"Easter Song"

"The Transfigured Valley"

will be the subjects of the sermons by the pastor, Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. to-morrow in

BRIDGE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

The large church choir, assisted by the boys' choir, under the direction of Prof. V. P. Hunt, will render music which has been in preparation for weeks.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School for people of all ages.

Strangers in the city, students at colleges and all other visitors welcome at this church. Open every day.

HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST.

Rev. R. H. Leitch, Pastor.

Easter Rejoicings.

10 a.m.—Young people's praise service, Junior Epworth League, classes and fellowship for all.

11 a.m.—Joyous children's service.

7 p.m.—Choral and praise service. Congregational singing: large choir, led by Mr. M. O. Gordon.

2.30 p.m.—S. S. session of special interest to old and young: good music: orchestra director, Prof. Denmark.

Week evening services at 8.

Monday evening—Epworth League of C. E.

Tuesday evening—The Brotherhood.

Wednesday evening — Evangelistic service, 8 p.m.

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Victoria Avenue, between Church and Pinnacle Streets.

Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector.

Easter services morning and evening.

Communion of the Lord's Supper, sermon and appropriate music at 11 a.m.

Divine service, Easter music and sermon at 7 p.m.

Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m.

Annual parish meeting Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

Y.P.S.C.E. meeting Tuesday evening at 8.

Prayer and praise service, Wednesday evening at 8.

BETHEL HALL.

Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.

—Sunday—

Conference meetings at 2.30 and 7. Speakers from a distance.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH.

Church Street.

Rev. George Brown, Pastor.

Morning—Easter service at 11. Music by choir, Sabbath school and orchestra. Address, "The Power of His Resurrection."

Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m.

Music led by orchestra.

Evening service at 7. Subject—"The Resurrection of the Dead."

Epworth League, Monday evening, at 8

Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p.m.

Students and strangers cordially invited to all services.

[illegible]

JOHN ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. A. H. Drumm, Pastor.

Residence—15 Alexander Street.

Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Easter services. Special Easter music will be rendered by the choir, under the direction of Mr. D. Cameron.

The pastor's subjects will be:

Morning—"A Spring Wooing."

Evening—"Paul as a Witness of the Risen Christ."

2.30 p.m.—Sunday-School and Bible Classes.

Young People's Guild, Monday at 8 p.m.

Mid-week service Wednesday at 8 p.m.

All are welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. R. S. Laidlaw,

Residence "The Manse," George St.

Easter Services.

Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

The Pastor will preach at both services to-morrow.

11 a.m.—"The Empty Tomb."

7 p.m.—"Heaven, Our Resurrection Hope."

Sabbath School and Men's Bible Class at 3 p.m.

VICTORIA AVE. BAPTIST CHURCH.

Cor. Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.

Rev. Chas. H. Emerson, M.A., Pastor,

Residence, 231 John St.

Morning—"The Moral Significance of the Resurrection."

Evening—"What is Death"

Sunday School at 3 p.m.

The pastor's Bible class for adults meets at 3 p.m.

Men's prayer meeting, Sunday, 6.30 p.m.

Strangers will be cordially welcomed. Seats free.

CHRIST CHURCH.

(Anglican.)

Coleman St.—Across Footbridge.

Rector—Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.A.

Holy Communion at Christ Church at 8 a.m.

Holy Communion at St. George's at 9 a.m.

Choral Communion at Christ Church at 11 a.m., with sermon.

S. S. service at 3 p.m.

Evensong and Easter music at 7.

Sermons—a.m., "Christ's Resurrection"; p.m., "Our Resurrection."

Midweek service on Wednesday night at St. George's.

Seats free; visitors welcome.

CLOSING PEKING'S GATES.

Noisy Ceremony Performed Daily at the Chinese Capital.

The closing of the gates in Peking just because it goes on daily and may apparently go on daily for centuries to come is probably one of the "sights" least witnessed and talked of save by those foreigners who may have chanced to "run for it" near closing time. The daily performance is marked with a due ceremony which is quaint and full of interest to the intelligent onlooker, as the closing by no means signifies the mere bringing together of the heavy wooden doors and barring the emperor's highway against all comers.

At the appointed hour a preliminary signal is given by a large gong or iron shield being struck with a big iron bar fifty times in such quick succession as almost to defy calculation. This is followed by a signal of 100 blows repeated in precisely the same fashion three times. When the third and last cycle of gong strokes is entered on a number of old and at this season very much bewadded and muffled up old "Charlies" start a series of discordant yells to all and sundry to "hasten" or they will be shut out. This combination of signals is followed by a jostling stream of people in both directions.

Presently the rush slackens until only a solitary pedestrian or possibly a man on a donkey, full tilt, a belated rickshaw or a heavily laden cart struggles through. Then a movement is made with the gates, yelling bursts out afresh and another rush ensues, the gates being meanwhile half closed and occasionally opened a little way again until, the outgoers having meanwhile ceased, there is a final scrimmage to get into the city, and the process of closing, which has taken some half hour in all, is concluded.

The huge iron plated doors having clanged to, a monster iron pole is dragged up and placed across them on iron supports, being retained in position by a padlock of enormous proportions and of the well known Chinese type. There are in all nineteen gates, and the same ceremony is observed at each, but at such thoroughfares as the Hatamen there is naturally more traffic, and the process is probably proportionately longer.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some men don't care how dull business is if it is equally bad with their rivals.

About the third time some people show you a kindness you find they want to sell you something.

Patience is that which you have to have with others, but which no one is called upon to have with you.

Society is a good deal like our rich kin—we are mighty nice to its face, but make fun of it behind its back.

Some people are like a worthless team of horses—always have to be helped when it comes to pulling a load uphill.

There is one way of starting on the pathway to get rich which is seldom traveled these days—running a store and living over it.

It sometimes happens that deference is shown a man not in recognition of his greatness, but because he will be cranky of it isn't.

They Had No Dinner.

The absentmindedness of a certain well known Scotch professor is notorious. Not long ago he invited a few select friends to dine with him, and upon their arrival, some short time before the hour set apart for dinner, the professor suggested a walk through the conservatory and grounds until the gong should sound the dinner hour. After spending a short time inspecting flowers, plants, etc., host and guests came suddenly to a small gate at the end of the lawn. "Ah," said the professor to his astonished guests, "assuredly this will be a much nearer way home for you than going back to the front." And, all unconscious of his invitation to dinner, he opened the gate and bowed his guests out.—London Answers.

Superstition of the Turks.

The superstition of the Turks is nowhere so apparent as in their fear of the "evil eye." Jugs placed around the edge of the roof or an old shoe filled with garlic and blue beets (blue glass balls or rings) is a sure guard against the illusion. Whenever a pretty child is playing upon the street the passersby will say, "Oh, what an ugly child!" for fear of inciting the evil spirit against its beauty. The peasant classes in Turkey are of course the most superstitious because they are the most ignorant. They have no education whatever and can neither read nor write.

Dead as a Doornail.

"As dead as a doornail" at first seems utterly senseless, but becomes lively and picturesque when we remember that knockers were once universally used. Beneath the knocker, in order to prevent disfiguring the door, a large nail or bolt was driven. An impatient caller, waiting for the door to be opened, would frequently use the knocker with great force, and the irresponsiveness of the nail gave rise to this expression.

The Play In Paris.

By a fortnight all Paris is supposed to have seen a new play. It is not considered smart to be seen at a play after it has been running for more than that time.—London Bystander.

A Difference.

He—Don't you think that some of her sayings are smart? She—They aren't, but they do.—Brooklyn Life.

Educational Contest Lists Destroyed By Fire

CONTEST EXTENDED TO July 31st, 1906

Messrs. Armour Limited, Toronto, regret to advise all who have so kindly forwarded lists of names as per the conditions of their Educational Contest, that their building, with its entire contents, was destroyed by fire on the evening of March 19th, and all records of lists they have received, as well as all lists, were destroyed, and we ask that all who had sent in lists previous to this time, mail us duplicate lists. To make up for time lost by the fire, and to give all competitors a fair and equal chance, we have consented to extend the Educational Contest until July 31st, 1906.

We offer $200.00 in gold to those sending in the largest lists of correct words made from the twelve different letters used in spelling the four words

Armour's Extract of Beef

$100.00 in gold will be given as the first prize.

$25.00 in gold will be given as the second prize.

$10.00 in gold will be given as the third prize.

$5.00 in gold will be given to each of the next five.

$2.00 will be given to each of the next twenty.

CONDITIONS

Use only the following 12 letters:—A-R-M-O-U-S E-X-T-C F-B. No letter to appear in the same word more than once.

Only such words may be used as are found in Webster's International Dictionary.

No proper names, foreign words or names of persons, towns or places are to be used.

Words spelled the same, but having different meanings, may be used but once.

All contestants must attach to their lists a metal cap taken from a jar of "Armour's Extract of Beef." Failure to do this puts the list out of competition.

The names of the winners of these prizes will be determined by judges whom we shall appoint.

Write only on one side of the paper. After making your list, state the number of words it contains, with your full name and address on the top of each piece of paper and mark on the outside of the envelope "Educational Contest Department," and mail to our address as below.

Armour's Extract of Beef is sold by all druggists and grocers. If yours cannot or will not supply you, a small jar will be mailed you, post paid, on receipt of 25 cents in stamps or coin.

Armour Limited

77 FRONT ST. EAST, TORONTO

Free to You, My Sister

Free to You and Every Sister Woman Suffering from Woman's Ailments

I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand woman's sufferings. What we women know from experience we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for Leucorrhœa or Whitish Discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, hot flashes, weariness, kidney and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten days treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial, and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week, or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment, for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book "WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER," with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all, old or young.

To mothers or daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhœa, Green Sickness and painful or irregular menstruation in young ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality, who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten days treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS

Box No. 1 Windsor, Ont.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

Easter Elegance

IN MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S

Suits, Topcoats, and Raincoats

You'll be "right in line" in the Easter style parade if your finery bears the Quick & Robertson label. That means not only that you'll get up-to-the-minute style and perfect fit, but that you'll be sure to have the kind of garments that suit you individually, for you select here from the largest and choicest variety in the city. Prices range from—

$5.00 to $22.00.

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits and Prince Albert Coat and Vests

These garments are a revelation to the man accustomed to paying his tailor a fancy price for them. We carry a complete range of sizes and when occasionally the fit is not just right, we do exactly what a custom tailor does when he has a "try on"—adjust the garment to the man just as correctly as the tailor would.

Prices $15.00 to $23.00

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Boy's Easter Outfits

Everything for the boys same as for the men—Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishings that embody style, character and quality—a department that acknowledges no equal in Belleville.

Exclusive Easter Neckwear

Is a revelation in itself For style, newness and complete variety, it is positively the greatest showing in the city.

Men's Easter Gloves

All the best makes—Dent's, Fowne's, Perrin's, etc., in all the new and correct shades—regular or cadet—(short finger) all sizes.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50

Men's Easter Hose

All the new things for your low shoes are here in silk, lisle, cashmere, cotton, etc., in all colors, at all prices, from **10c to 75c.**

Woodrow's Silk Hats, $6.00 Quality for $5.00

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Easter Hats

Of all the various kinds, shapes and colors at

$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00

No Trouble to Show Them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

N.B.—Store Open Thursday evening until 10 o'clock.

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialist.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Beg to announce to the ladies and gentlemen that they have made satisfactory arrangements with us to hold daily demonstrations for two weeks, commencing Monday, April 16th regarding treatment of the Hair and Scalp. They respectfully invite everyone to call and consult with them. Come and see the Long, Beautiful Hair, grown by the use of the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Hair Grower and Hair and Scalp Cleaner.

WATERS' Drug Store

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

Celery for rheumatism and neuralgia.

Back Combs

The Back Comb is again the feature of prominence, and as is usually the case with such ornaments of richness and elaboration are carried to extremes.

Styles are high and narrow, broad with but a narrow portion of shell above the comb and the mountings are colored in Rose, Roman and Dull Green finish, with and without stones, in silver and gold filled.

Prices, 75c to $5.00

T. BLACKBURN

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

IN TIME FOR EASTER

We have never been known to be a minute late in our offering seasonable articles in

FURNISHINGS

As soon as the manufacturer makes anything new in our line, we've got it.

Always something new in Neckwear.

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

For Rheumatism

Lumbago, Weak Back, and all kindred diseases, I have never handled a more effective Remedy than Ray's Kidney Pills. I can produce some remarkable testimonials to cures from their use, the sale of which are constantly on the increase without any advertising on my part, but simply on testimony of those who have been helped by their use. Ask for "RAY'S KIDNEY PILLS," 25c a box, or 5 boxes for $1.

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the ***Second Door from Waters' drug store*** on ***Bridge St.*** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

Also the latest designs in shadow and eyelet embroidery for Blouses. STAMPING DONE.

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

The Rolling Mills Have Been Sold.

Disposed of, Before the Banks Closed To-day, to An Ottawa Gentleman Who is Acting for a Syndicate, Which Will, It is Said, At Once Bring the Plant Up-To-Date and Operate It.

It begins to look as though the city may yet have to "loosen up" on that $30,000 rolling mills money now reposing so snugly in the vaults of the Bank of Montreal.

The rolling mills were sold to-day. No false alarm this time. Straight goods, sure enough.

Mr. J. F. Wills this afternoon informed The Intelligencer that the rolling mills property had been today sold to Mr. J. W. Wardrope, of Ottawa, who is acting for a syndicate of manufacturers, and that the deal was closed and the money paid over shortly before the banks closed at one o'clock to-day.

It is, we are told, the intention of the present owners to instal up-to-date machinery, place the plant in first-class condition and operate it as soon as possible. It was, Mr. Wills says, in consideration of this that the sale price was placed at a low figure.

"However," said Mr. Wills, with a smile, "remember I am guaranteeing nothing about the operation of the mills, but I can tell you positively that they have been sold, and the money has been paid over. The new owners say they will operate them."

"They would hardly," ventured the newspaper man, "buy the mills to look at."

CROSSED OVER THE DARK RIVER.

W. J. PATERSON.

Mr. W. J. Paterson, for twenty-seven years a popular resident of the city, passed away at 2 a.m. on Good Friday, the cause of death being kidney disease. The late Mr. Paterson was a well-known figure on our streets, and his death will be sincerely regretted Deceased was 54 years of age, having been born in Toronto. He leaves a widow, but no children. In religion deceased was a Roman Catholic. He was proud of the fact that his father was a Paterson of Inverness, Scotland, and his mother from the County Meath, Ireland. The surviving relatives, in addition to the widow, are his mother and three sisters, in Toronto, and one brother, Ald. Paterson, of this city.

WM. BUNNETT.

Mr. Wm. Bunnett, a well-known yeoman of Thurlow township, died yesterday, after three weeks' illness, from an attack of rheumatism. Deceased, who was 70 years of age, was born at Suffolk, Eng. For the past 45 years he had resided in the township of Thurlow, where he was favorably known. Mr. Bunnett was a member of the Anglican church. An aged widow and a family consisting of six sons and three daughters survive. The sons are; George and James, of Thurlow; Edward, of Cobourg; William, of Allerton, Iowa; David, of Saskatchewan, and Ernest, of this city. The daughters are Mrs. Wm. Howe, of Thurlow, and Misses Laura and Sarah, at home.

MRS. W. J. LESLIE.

At an early hour on Good Friday morning Mrs. Isabella Leslie, wife of Mr W. E. Leslie, passed away at the family residence, Roslin. Deceased, who was 61 years of age, was a daughter of the late Mr. Robt. Duncan, and was born in Thurlow township, where she resided all her life. She was an estimable Christian lady, having been for many years a member of the Presbyterian church. The cause of death was cancer of the throat The husband, two sons, Wm. R. and D. P. Leslie, and two daughters, Mrs. Robert Gordon and Mrs. Robt. Sills, all of Thurlow, survive.

DENNIS CARR.

A well-known yeoman of the township of Sidney passed away yesterday in the person of Mr. Dennis Carr. Heart trouble was the cause of death. Deceased, who was 73 years of age, was born at Norfolk, England. At the age of 22 he came to this country and for 51 years had been a resident of Sidney township. Deceased was a member of the Methodist church. An aged widow and two daughters, Mrs. Wm. Drewery, of this city, and Miss Carr at home, survive.

MRS. MARY E. SOLMES.

This morning a little after eight o'clock, at the residence of her son-in-law, Dr. Clinton, there entered into rest Mrs. Mary E. Solmes, relict of the late David Barker Solmes. Mrs. Solmes had been in failing health for some months past, and the end was therefore not unexpected. The deceased was born in Prince Edward County, and was descended from U. E. Loyalists on both paternal and maternal sides. Her maiden name was Mary E. Stinson, and her maternal grandfather, Col. Henry Young, was one of the first of the U E. Loyalists to land at Kingston and occupy Fort Henry. The deceased was of a very gentle and amiable disposition, sincerely loved by her many friends, who will deeply mourn her taking from their midst. Her children surviving her are: Frank S., of Solmesville, Prince Edward County; Russell R., of Montreal, and Mrs. (Dr.) Clinton, of this city, and a stepdaughter, Mrs. Donald Fraser, of Montreal. The funeral will take place on Tuesday next, at 9.30 a.m., to St. Thomas' Church, and thence to the family vault at Picton, whence interment will be made.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.

THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

BELLEVILLE FRUIT AND VINEGAR CO.

WAS ORGANIZED LAST NIGHT—A CONCERN WHICH SHOULD HAVE A BRIGHT FUTURE.

A meeting of those interested in the formation of the Belleville Fruit and Vinegar Company, Limited, was held in Mr R. J. Graham's office last night, there being a good attendance. The company, as above described, was organized, the following directors being elected: Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Messrs. R. J. Graham, W. J. Magrath, S. Burrows and W. C. Springer. The directors afterwards elected the following officers:

President—R. J. Graham.
Vice President—W. J. Magrath.
Secretary-treasurer — E. P. Frederick.

The company's factory will be in the premises in West Belleville known as the Severn brewery, which will be fitted up at once. A large number of men will be employed, and the gentlemen interested are enthusiastic about the possibilities of the business, which at first will start with the manufacture of sweet cider, cider vinegar, pickles, jams and jellies. The company is capitalized at $40,000.

CARLOW TOWNSHIP STABBING CASE

O. K. CAMERON, THE VICTIM, APPARENTLY NOT ANXIOUS TO PROSECUTE HIS SON.

Bancroft Times: George Cameron, of Carlow, charged with using a knife with intent to do bodily harm, appeared before Magistrate Jarman on Thursday night last and was remanded for one week. His two brothers gave bail to the amount of $1000 for his appearance.

Mr. O. K. Cameron, the victim of the stabbing affray, was brought to town on Friday, but refused to appear in court on the plea that he was not able to leave his room. The Magistrate called upon him at the house where he was stopping, but he did not appear to be anxious to say anything that would incriminate the son. He is still in Bancroft. The wounds are healing nicely, and he expects to return to his home in a few days.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets —B. M. Waters.

Belleville Boy Will Be Sunshine Delegate.

The Montreal Herald says: "The annual Sunshine convention is to be held this year in Brooklyn, N.Y. Mr. Macaulay Pope has been appointed delegate from the Boys' Sunshine Club." The delegate mentioned, Mr. W. W. Macaulay Pope, is the son of Major and Mrs. W. W. Pope, who were, until a short time ago, exceedingly popular residents of this city. Mr. Macaulay Pope is now vice-president of the Montreal Boys' Sunshine Club.

Lloyd Case is Ended Says Detective Murray

Toronto, April 12.— In spite of the Belleville assertion that other arrests in the Lloyd murder case are likely, the investigation will not continue. Inspector Murray has his own opinion as to the story that some one else knew more about the murder of Mrs. Lloyd than did her husband.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

CIVIC COMMITTEES.

PURELY ROUTINE BUSINESS WAS TRANSACTED ON THURSDAY NIGHT.

At a meeting of the various Civic committees, held on Thursday evening, the business transacted was purely of a routine nature. Mayor Sulman and all the aldermen, excepting Ald. Paterson, were in attendance.

WATERWORKS.

Ald. Gordon, chairman, presided. The accounts passed were;

Pay sheet	$55.89
R. Muller Mfg. Co.	12.00

Moved by Ald. Marsh that permission be granted to Ald. Gordon to be absent for three months from April 17th, and that Ald. Vermilyea act as chairman of Water in the meantime.—Carried.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Ald. Panter, chairman, presided. The only account passed was the pay sheet, amounting to $175.37.

Moved by Ald. Gordon, that the matter of building crossings be referred to a committee consisting of Surveyor Hulme, Ald. Panter, Knox and Sinclair.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Sinclair, that the holes on Front street be patched and gravelled by the street surveyor.

Moved by Ald. Gordon, that Mayor Sulman, Ald. Panter and Vermilyea be a committee to select the cement walks to be built this year.—Carried.

MARKET AND CITY PROPERTY.

Ald. Green, chairman, presided. An account of $13.30 to D. Gallagher was passed.

Moved by Ald. Panter, that the tender of W. E. Vandervoort of $1800 for the market tolls be accepted, he to have the use of the City Hall basement and keep it in repairs, but in the event of the city requiring the use of it for city purposes Mr. Vandervoort to give it up. Mr. Vandervoort's securities to be the same as last year.—Carried.

PARKS.

Ald. Knox, chairman. The pay sheet, $22.50, was passed.

EXECUTIVE.

Ald. Panter acted as chairman. The following accounts were passed;

C. B. Scantlebury	$ 1.50
Hilda Bell	.50
Jas Hodge	1.50
Adam Dean	25.00

Moved by Ald. Gordon, that Mayor Sulman. Ald. McCrodan and Knox be a committee re plans of library building.—Carried.

GAS.

Ald. Sinclair, chairman. The following accounts were passed;

Pay sheet	$155.00
Pittsburg Coal Co.	190.88
Queen City Oil Co.	18.40
Auer Inc. Light Co.	47.32

Belleville Boy Married In the Queen City.

On Thursday, the 12th, a pretty home wedding took place at the residence of the bride's parents, Walton St., Toronto, the contracting parties being Mr. Albert E. Davis, of this city, to Miss Emma Smith, daughter of Mr. J. G. Smith. The bride was attired in creme voile, trimmed with lace and satin to match, and was attended by her sister, Miss Maude. Mr. Wm. Gidlow assisted the groom. The bride was the recipient of a number of most beautiful and useful presents. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. Mr. Thomas, M.A.

Brothers Graduated At Queen's University.

Belleville had a personal interest in the Convocation of Queen's College on Thursday last, for two of her sons, Mr. Eric McLeod Sutherland, B.S.C., and Mr. Bruce Cunningham Sutherland, graduated in Medicine, taking high honors. The course of these two brothers through college has been watched with pardonable pride by many relatives and friends in this city. Two brothers passing their medical course at the same time is unique in the annals of our city. To the Drs. Sutherland, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sutherland, the father and mother, to Mrs. (Rev.) J. T. Thompson, sister, and the other relatives we extend congratulations.

At Sign of the Scales.

VAGRANCY.

John Murphy, of this city, was arrested for this offence. He was given a suspended sentence of six months in the Central Prison.

FALSE PRETENCES.

A man who gave his name as Chas. Smith, and Sault Ste. Marie as his home, was charged with and found guilty of obtaining some goods by false pretences. It appears that he secured a hammer and some other articles on the pretence that he was going to work for a contractor in this city. He sold the articles and with the proceeds became intoxicated. He was sent to the Central Prison for four months.

EASTERTIDE EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Via New York Central lines, Thursday, April 12th, 1906. Exceptionally low rates. Ten days return limit. Through day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. Apply to nearest New York Central ticket agent.

m10wta11-d31

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES ..AND.. FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front. near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

S. B. Carman, Manager.

Wednesday, April 18th

Victor H. Schafer Presents

the original New York company in a special scenic production of the beautiful comedy-drama—

"Sweet Clover"

The greatest American Pastoral Play ever written. Fifth successful season. Last Canadian tour.

Prices, 25, 50, 75c, $1.00

Plan Opens Monday Morning.

TENDERS

FOR CONSTRUCTION OF Church Building to Be Erected For

Victoria Avenue Baptist Church,

Belleville, Ont.,

Will be received up to 24th inst. inclusive, for masonry, brick work, carpentering, plastering, tinsmith work, painting, plumbing, heating and lighting.

Tenders for the work separately or en bloc will be received, the lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications may be seen at Stroud Bros.' Tea Store, Front St. a12-3t

Rex Chocolates

If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,

Home Bakery, Front St.

Japanese Famine Fund

The following letter has been received:

Imperial Consulate General of Japan, for the Dominion of Canada. 385 Laurier Avenue East.

Ottawa, April 11th, 1906.

Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House, Belleville, Ont.—

Dear Sirs, — I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th inst. enclosing a money order for $68.59 being the amount of contribution towards the Japanese Famine fund.

In forwarding the same to The Japanese Government for its proper distribution, I beg to tender to you my best thanks for your deep sympathy, shown towards our sufferers in the Northeastern districts.

With kind regards,
Yours faithfully,
T. NOSSE.

PIANO TUNING.

Mr. J. R. Moran, the piano tuner, is in town. For first class work, leave orders at McKeown's drug store, 'Phone 135. 14,16,17,18

GOING TO THE HORSE SHOW.

A NUMBER FROM THIS VICINITY WILL VISIT THE GREAT EVENT AT TORONTO NEXT WEEK.

Quite a large number of people will be going from this vicinity to the Canadian Horse Show, which takes place in Toronto on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday next, April 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th. There promises to be a finer quality of horses at this exhibition than has been seen during the whole course of its history. The presence of H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught, on the first two days of the show, adds another element of interest. The reduced railways rates which are in force will attract a very large number from this locality. Those desiring reserved seats can secure them by writing the Manager, Stewart Houston, Massey Hall, Toronto.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents To be had at R. Templeton's drug store

Read "The Adventurers," our new serial story which will begin in a few days.

Daily Intelligencer.

Easter Candies

Don't forget your Easter Candies to-night.

Chas. S. Clapp

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. 38. Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

——GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alfor

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

Fruit Cures Constipation

"Fruit-a-tives" cure Constipation because they are made of fruit.

Constipation comes from just one cause—lack of bile. It is the bile—flowing into the intestines—that causes the bowels to move. More bile is the only thing that can cure Chronic Constipation.

Fruit acts directly on the liver. It stimulates and strengthens the millions of tiny liver cells—causes more bile to be made—and makes the liver give up more bile to the bowels.

MRS. KATE KURTZ, Dunnville, Ont., writes stating that for years constipation was her trouble, and says:—"I have used "Fruit-a-tives" with great benefit, and they are a grand medicine for constipation and other stomach trouble. I would not care to be without them in the house, they are so good."

Cathartics, pills, salts, aperient waters don't reach the liver. They merely irritate the bowels and make the bowels move by irritating the lining membrane. Constipation is made worst by such drugs.

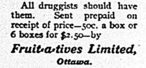
Fruit-a-tives

or Fruit Liver Tablets.

contain no calomel, cascara, senna or other bowel irritants. They are concentrated fruit juices, combined and made more active medicinally by our process of uniting them. "Fruit-a-tives" are a liver tonic. They tone up and stimulate the liver—and cause the liver to secrete more bile. This means a healthy bowel action and a permanent cure for Constipation, Biliousness and kindred troubles.

All druggists should have them. Sent prepaid on receipt of price—50c. a box or 6 boxes for $2.50—by

Fruit-a-tives Limited,
Ottawa.



NOT AN EXPERIMENT. AN ESTABLISHED AND ADMITTED FACT. 3,000,000 USERS PRAISE IT.

NO HONING. NO GRINDING

PRICES
Carbo-Magnetic $2.00
Pair in leather case $4.50
Double Concave for heavy beards $2.50

"Carbo-Magnetic" Elastic Cushion Strops, $1.00.
Free booklet "Hints to Shavers."

For sale by W. W. CHOWN Co., Ltd., Belleville, Ont.

Cured of Drunkenness

How a Montreal lady cured her husband of drunkenness with a secret home remedy.

"I want to tell you that tasteless Samaria Prescription has entirely cured my husband of drunkenness so quickly and simply that I am astonished. How glad I am that I confided in you and wrote for your free sample package. The sample tablets I got from you checked his drinking, and before I had used the full treatment he was permanently cured. I gave him the remedy in his tea, and as it had no taste or smell, he never knew he was taking it. I want others to know; so you can use this letter, but please not my name yet. I may say that my husband's health is better in every way than for years."

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Address: THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 45 Jordan Chambers, Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

EASTER SALE

We will try and make this the most interesting week of the year.

We will put on sale one of the finest lot of ***RIBBONS*** ever offered in this city. The price will be the very lowest, the quality the best.

We will also offer for sale a large assortment of ***LACES*** and ***EMBROIDERIES*** of all kinds.

The price will be so low that you will wonder how we got them here for the money.

We also have just received a large stock of the very latest, up-to-date in ***LADIES' FANCY COLLARS*** (travellers' samples) and will offer them at ***25 per cent. less than manufacturer's prices.***

McINTOSH BROS.

COCHRANE MINES BILL

Framer Gives Out to the Press Summary of New Measure.

Bill Provides For a Uniform Law For the Whole Province—The Decentralization of Administration—Protection to Prospector—Security of Titles, Thus Affording Protection to the Investor.

Toronto, April 14.—Hon. Frank Cochrane, Minister of Lands and Mines, has given to the press a summary of his new mines bill, which he formally presented a couple of weeks ago in the Legislature, but which was not then in complete shape.

The bill makes a complete revision of the existing legislation. The mining industry of Ontario is growing rapidly in importance. The aggregate output of minerals and mineral products, which for several years has been about $11,000,000 or $12,000,000, rose in 1905 to about $19,000,000, or if the refined values of nickel and copper are used as a basis of computation, instead of the value in the matte, the total would amount to $22,000,000 or $23,000,000. This large advance is due to the increased output of nickel, silver, copper and pig iron.

Anomalies of Old Act.

Many anomalies and weak places have been brought to light in the present mining laws. For instance, there are at least four methods of taking up mining lands from the Crown—(1) by purchase; (2) by lease; (3) by staking out in a mining division; (4) by staking out outside of a mining division. The amount of work to be done on purchased or leased lands is different from the amount require to be done on lands in mining divisions, and different again from the amount required to be done on lands outside mining divisions. The purchase price of land varies according to distance from a railway, and whether in surveyed or unsurveyed territory. So much variety is confusing, and prospectors are often at a loss to know how to proceed.

A second defect is the encouragement which the law holds out to the taking up of lands for speculation as against actual mining purposes. This is shown by the fact that from first to last about 1,300,000 acres of mining lands have been disposed of by the Crown in Ontario, while anyone acquainted with the mineral industry knows that a very small proportion indeed of this large area is being actually worked. Another proof is the fact that some thousands of mining leases are at present being canceled by the Department of Lands and Mines, covering some 300,000 acres, chiefly because of non-payment of rental. These lands were taken up during the time of boom for gold, silver, nickel, copper or iron, and the holders, instead of working them, have simply sat down and waited for someone to buy them out at a high price. They did not even pay the small annual rent due the Crown.

A third defect is the provision for issuing a title subject to working conditions. That is requiring the work to be done after the patent or lease has been granted. True, the Crown may resume the land if the work is not done, but there are many difficulties in the way of canceling titles once they are issued.

Aim of Framers.

A number of other disadvantages in the present law could be pointed out, and there has for some time past been a general demand that a simpler and more suitable act should be substituted. In framing the bill introduced by Mr. Cochrane, the following ends have been aimed at:

A uniform law for the whole province.

The decentralization of administration.

Protection to the prospector.

Security of titles, thus affording protection to the investor.

To some extent the bill has followed many of the provisions of the British Columbia mining laws, adapted to conditions in Ontario.

One Way Only.

It is proposed to have only one way of taking up mining lands. Every prospector and everyone who wishes to hold mining lands must procure a miner's license, which will be good throughout the whole of Ontario, and will cost $10 per annum.

The province will be divided into mining divisions, in each of which, where there is sufficient business to warrant it, a mining recorder's office will be opened. On making a discovery of mineral, the prospector will stake out his claim by planting post at the corners and erect a discovery post on the outcrop. A claim will be a square of twenty chains to a side, with boundary north and south and east and west.

On staking out his claim, the prospector will record it in the office of the mining division, and his discovery will be subject to inspection. If the inspector finds a discovery of valuable mineral, the prospector will then be required to do thirty days' work within ninety days of recording the claim; sixty days' work in each of the next two years, and ninety days' work during the third year, or he can complete the work in a less time. He may then buy the land at $3 per acre, if in surveyed territory, or $2.50 if in unsurveyed territory. His patent is indefeasible, and not subject to any further working conditions.

Discovery Necessary.

Under the bill, actual discovery of valuable mineral is necessary in order to obtain title to mining lands, and valuable mineral is defined in these words: "A vein, lode or other deposit of mineral or minerals in place, containing such quantities of mineral or minerals other than limestone, marble, clay, marl, peat, or any building stone, as to make it probable that the said vein, lode or other deposit is capable of being developed into a working mine."

It thus affords a guarantee that lands will not be staked and recorded simply because of their proximity to known mines or deposits of value. The price required by the Crown to be paid is a mere bagatelle if the deposit is a valuable one. The chief consideration which the public receives for the small price of Crown lands is the actual discovery of a workable deposit, and in insisting upon this the law is requiring some return to be made for parting with the ownership of the deposit.

Special Conditions.

In the main, mineral deposits of value in Ontario outcrop at the surface, and on this theory the law proceeds in requiring actual discovery. There are, however, cases where, owing to the depth of soil or upper covering of barren rock the minerals do not actually outcrop, and consequently it is difficult, or impossible, to make a discovery in this way. In such cases it is necessary to dig trenches, sink a shaft, or use a diamond drill. The new act provides for such cases by permitting application to be made for what is called a working permit, to be issued by the mining recorder within sixty days after such application, provided in the meantime no bona fide discovery of valuable mineral is made on the land. A working permit gives the holder exclusive possession of the claim for six months on condition of his working on it five days per week during that time. If at the end of six months he has not made a discovery the permit may be renewed for another term, and when discovery is made the land may be bought and patented in the ordinary way. This provision will go a long way towards meeting the views of those mining men who hold that the Crown ought not to insist upon discovery, but that first come should be first served.

Prospecting Permits.

"Prospecting permits" are also provided for. In the regions north of the height of land there is reason to believe that such valuable substances as petroleum, natural gas and salt may be found, as well as lignite, and other minerals which do not come to the surface in the ordinary way.

A prospecting permit covering 640 acres may be granted on payment of a fee of $100. The holder must spend in actual work a sum equal to $2 per acre during the term of the permit, which is to be for a year. Upon discovering minerals the lands may be leased subject to a rental of $1 per acre and the expenditure of $2 per acre per annum in raising the substances found.

Mining Partnerships.

The bill also regulates mining partnerships. It is common for two or more prospectors to work as partners, or one may may "grub-stake" another. The bill requires the particulars of all partnerships to be filed in the recorder's office, and an agent must be named by the partnership, who will have authority to deal with the claim. This will abolish the nuisance of "silent partners" who have already proved a troublesome feature in the Cobalt field.

It has long been felt a hardship by miners that they cannot enforce collection of their wages in the same way as mechanics, under the Lien Act. The bill places miners and laborers in a mine on the same level as mechanics in this respect.

Improved regulations are provided for securing the health and safety of working miners, and detailed rules as to the handling of explosives, ventilation, ladder ways, shafts, scaling, etc., are set out in the bill.

Finally, the bill repeals all previous legislation, except such as is expresly saved in the act, but any rights acquired, or liabilities or penalties incurred under previous legislation are not to be affected.

The bill concludes with a number of forms required to carry out its provisions, so that every prospector may draw up his own papers if he desires to do so.

The question of taxation and bounties to encourage the refining of certain metals is not dealt with in the bill, but is to form the subject of a separate measure.

KILLED ON RAILWAY TRACK.

Cobalt Man While Asleep Meets With Fearful Death.

Cobalt, April 14.—The lifeless body of Archie McDonald, formerly manager of the King Edward Hotel here, was found at 7 o'clock yesterday morning by Section Foreman Hughes between the rails on the T. & N. O. Railway track.

Police Chief Caldbeck was notified, and had the body removed to the fire hall at Haileybury. Coroner Codd was notified. The body was badly mutilated, one arm was cut off, one leg broken in several places, and only one side of the face gave any possibility of identification.

A prospector, named O'Donnell, who had been looking all morning for his mate claimed, when making his enquiries, that he and McDonald had started Thursday night to walk to Cobalt, but that he decided to return, as it was too late and too dark. He tried to induce the deceased to return, but without avail.

It is supposed the dead man, who was tired after tramping in the bush for two days, sat down to rest and fell asleep. He was killed at mile-post 104, between Argentine and Cobalt.

McDonald came from Cornwall, where his wife and family are living. He was a kindly man, and he had many friends in Cobalt.

CHAINED FOR 10 YEARS.

Man Held Captive In His Home For Lunacy Taken to Hospital.

Halifax, April 14.—John Sonier, of Meteghan, Digby County, was released Thursday by G. P. Henry of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty, after having been chained to his room for ten years.

The shackle was tied about his ankle, and the chain to which it was attached was only three feet long, the other end being fastened by a staple driven in the floor alongside his bed.

About ten years ago Sonier, who is now 52 years of age, became demented and his people, who were French, believed they were doing the best they could for him by securing the man in this way. He had been well cared for.

The S. P. C. will have him placed in the Nova Scotia hospital to-day.

Liberal Wins.

Lethbridge, Alta., April 14.—The Liberals have carried the provincial bye-election here, Simmons being 87 in the lead over Sherman (Labor) and 155 over Kiffer (Conservative), with only three small polls to hear from, which will not alter the result.

Child Murder.

Ottawa, April 14.—The body of a male child apparently recently born was fished out of the canal basin last evening. An inquest will be held.

THE MARKETS.

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74 to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 75	0 77
Wheat, red, bush	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 71	....
Barley, bush	0 51	0 52
Oats, bush	0 38½	0 39
Rye, bush	0 75	....
Peas, bush	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53	....

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 13.—Butter, steady; receipts, 4507; creamery, common to extra, 14c to 21c; held, 13½c to 20c; state dairy, common to extra, 14c to 20½c; western factory, common to finest, 13c to 15½c; western imitation creamery, firsts, 16c to 17c.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 717.

Eggs—Firm; receipts, 12,802; state, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 22c; do., choice, 20c to 21c; do., mixed, extra, 20c; western firsts, 19c; do., seconds, 18½c; do., southerns, 18c to 19c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady—Hogs and Cattle Are Firm at Chicago.

London, April 13.—Cattle are quoted at 10c to 11½c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8½c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

On Thursday and Friday the receipts of live stock at the city yards, as reported by the railways, amounted to 57 car loads, composed of 858 cattle, 1415 hogs, 594 sheep, 567 calves and 31 horses. Besides the above there were 1541 hogs came in for Park, Blackwell, King, and Kennedy, which would equal at least 15 cars more.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 13.—Cattle—Receipts 100 head; steady to strong; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.75; shipping, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers', $4.25 to $5.10; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.65.

Veals—Receipts, 1750 head; slow, 25c lower, $5 to $7.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 5100 head; active, 5c to 10c higher; heavy and mixed, $6.85 to $6.90; yorkers, $6.80 to $6.85; pigs, $6.75 to $6.80; roughs, $6 to $6.25; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6900 head; active; sheep, steady; lambs, 10c to 20c higher; lambs, $6.25 to $7.20; yearlings, $6 to $6.25; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 1500; steady; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.40; cows, $3.25 to $4.50; heifers, $2.75 to $5; bulls, $2 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $6.10; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.73.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; strong to 5c higher; choice to prime, heavy, $6.00 to $6.65; medium to good, heavy, $6.50 to $6.60; butchers' weights, $6.55 to $6.62½; good to choice, heavy, mixed, $6.50 to $6.60; packing, $5.80 to $6.85.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5000; steady; sheep, $4.25 to $6.50; yearlings, $5 to $6.25; lambs, $4.75 to $6.65.

AWARD G. T. P. CONTRACTS.

Lowest Tenderers Win Out—To Use Canadian Materials.

Ottawa, April 14.—When Parliament reassembles next Tuesday, Sir Wilfrid Laurier will announce that the contracts for the two sections of the transcontinental railway have been awarded, and that in each case the work has been given to the firm which submitted the lowest offer. The western section, which has been let to J. D. MacArthur, begins at Winnipeg and ends at Peninsula, crossing near the junction point of the Fort William branch of the Grand Trunk Pacific, 245 miles. MacArthur's tender is $13,010,000, a quarter of a million dollars below the estimate of the Government engineers.

The eastern section runs from the north end of the Quebec bridge, Quebec, to a point near La Tuque, on the St. Maurice River, 150 miles. The contract goes to Hogan and McDonald, at $5,297,000, the lowest of half a dozen bids, and about $800,000 below the cost estimated by the engineers.

The third contract, for a steel viaduct about 3,000 feet long across Cap Rouge Valley, near Quebec, has been awarded to the Dominion Bridge Co., for $318,000.

A deposit of $400,000 was made with each tender for the Winnipeg section; a deposit of $225,000 for the Quebec section, and a deposit of $35,000 for the steel viaduct.

A clause provides that "the contractor shall in connection with the whole of the work, as far as practicable, use only material, machinery, plant, supplies and rolling stock manufactured or produced in Canada; provided the same can be obtained as cheaply and upon as good terms in Canada as elsewhere, having regard to quality and price." The work is to be completed on or before September 1. 1907.

GAYNOR AND GREENE.

Each Sentenced to Four Years and to Pay a Big Fine.

Savannah, Ga., April 14.—Judge Speer in the United States Court yesterday sentenced Greene and Gaynor each to a term of four years in the penitentiary, and to a fine of $575,749.90, the amount each is charged with having fraudulently obtained from the United States Government.

Richard Garnett, LL.D., Dead.

London, April 14.—Richard Garnett, the author, died yesterday of internal hemorrhage, at his residence in this city. He was 71 years old. Richard Garnett, C. B., LL.D., was born at Lichfield in 1835 and in 1851 was appointed assistant librarian in the British Museum; in 1875, superintendent of the reading-room, from 1870-9 was keeper of the printed books there and for many years edited the museum catalogue. His writings included autobiographies of poets and authors' verse and history of literature. He was a contributor to the Encyclopaedia Brittanica and was editor of the international library of famous literature.

Tornado in Texas.

Dallas, Texas, April 14.—It was reported yesterday that six persons were killed and several injured in the tornado which swept over Briggs, Texas, Thursday afternoon. A number of buildings in the district were destroyed. At Cleburne, Texas, the storm blew down the grand stand in the ball park during the progress of a game. Several persons were injured.

Foul Play Is Feared.

Winnipeg, April 14.—Lawrence Kennedy, who came here several days ago from Graceville, Minn., with several associates on a land purchasing expedition, has mysteriously disappeared and foul play is suspected. He had considerable money on him when last seen.

GILLETT'S

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CREAM TARTAR.

Nearly all goods in this line at the present time are adulterated and in fact unfit to use.

GILLETT'S is used by the best bakers and caterers everywhere.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

GILLETT'S costs no more than the inferior adulterated goods.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

Special Easter Gift :::

From now until April 14th we will give half dozen best China Egg Cups worth 15 cents half dozen FREE, with one lb. of our 30c Tea or Coffee.

Our 30c Coffee, fresh ground.
Our 30c Black Tea.
Our 30c Japan Tea.

Are all special values, and we ask you to give them a trial.

Wall Paper

Now is the time to make your selection while stock is largest and prices the lowest.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

Maple Syrup

In pints, quarts and gallon tins

Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .

In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins

Pure Jam & Marmalade

In Glass and 5 lb Tins

Clover Honey

Sections and Extracted

Dried Fruits

Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples

Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

J. C. Hanley & Co.

Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office. Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upward allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.46 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger. Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —

Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL – LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL – CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY, APRIL 16, 1906. NO. 312

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

You ask for good tea
You pay for good tea
You get good tea at
STROUDS
Stroud's Teas are the Best

RAN DOWN ROYAL PARTY.

Peasants' Cart Strikes King Edward's Carriage in Corfu Street.

Corfu, April 16.—A cart filled with drunken peasants collided with the royal equipage in which King Edward and Queen Alexandra were driving here Saturday.

One of the rowdies fell from the seat, and the rearing horses backed the cart over him. His leg was broken, but he was sobered to a realization of what had happened.

He begged for mercy, and would have kissed His Majesty's feet, but the King backed away. The peasant then crawled toward the Queen, but she also evaded him.

Before leaving the scene King Edward ordered a doctor from the British flagship in the harbor to attend the man.

Hamilton Gets Orders.

Hamilton, April 16.—Saturday Mayor Biggar received the following letter from Hon. Frank Cochrane: "I hereby notify you not to make any further contracts with radial or steam railways or transmission lines without the consent of the Government until further notice." Though the Minister's letter does not say so, it is supposed that he refers only to the Beach, and it is taken as an indication that the Government has decided to end all disputes about the Beach by taking it over.

Probably Drowned.

Brockville, April 16.—Fears are felt for the safety of Wm. Stevens, a popular young resident of Alexandria Bay. He left home in a rowboat with a camping outfit to spend a few days down the River St. Lawrence. Before daylight next morning cries for help were heard along the shore, and subsequently his boat was found drifted ashore. No trace of him has been found, and the river is being dragged for the body.

Ice Is Moving.

Quebec, April 16.—The signal service of the Quebec agency of the Marine and Fisheries Department received a despatch Saturday reporting that the Lake St. Peter ice was commencing to break up. The whole body can be expected to move down by Monday or Tuesday next.

Revolt In Morocco.

London, April 16.—According to The Daily Mail's correspondent at Elaraish, Morocco, a young relative of the Sultan's will shortly be proclaimed ruler in the south, and a formidable revolt against the Fez Government is maturing in the City of Morocco.

200 Express Agents Strike.

St. John, N.B., April 16.—Nearly 200 express agents along the line of the Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways went out on strike at 12 o'clock Saturday night, having been refused the increase in wages they asked for handling parcels.

SINCLAIR'S
Display of Shirt Waists
In Charming Spring Styles

No woman of good taste can help being attracted by these dainty waists. Some of silk, others of linen, lawn, all-over lace and every other material that the season demands.

Prices from 75c to $7.50

New Costumes . . . New Jackets

Almost daily we receive something new in high grade costumes and jackets at medium prices. Our cloak and suit business is a marvel, and its been a pleasant surprise even to us. We've made up our mind to deserve your trade and giving you the best possible values, combined with the newest new styles, is telling in our favor every day.

You can always rely on each garment we show to be as nearly perfect as tailoring art and expert workmanship can make it.

Sinclair's

Little Hope For Peace.

Miners and Business Men In Anthracite Field Agree.

Preparations Being Made For Expected Suspension of Coal Mining—Eleven Thousand Miners Go Out in Virginia—Refuse to Accept the Winder Plan of Arbitration—Five Operators Break Ranks and Sign 1903 Scale.

Philadelphia, April 16.—Miners and business men generally throughout the anthracite field express little hope of a peaceful settlement of the differences between operators and miners. Officials of many coal companies recently have been making obvious preparations for an extended suspension of mining operations. Imported laborers are said to have been placed in the collieries of the Hillside Coal & Iron Co., the Pennsylvania Co. and the Deleware & Hudson Co. about Wilkes-Barre.

Eleven Thousand Miners Go Out.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 16.—The United Mine Workers' convention of sub-district No 6 met here Saturday to receive the answer of the operators to the demand for the 1903 scale made upon them Friday. The answer was a flat refusal to grant the demands, and instead an offer to arbitrate on the lines proposed by John H. Winder was presented. This the miners would not accede to. The operators then withdrew, and a strike was declared. Eleven thousand are affected.

Strike's Over.

Greensville, April 16.—The miners and operators of the Mercer and Butler County fields of the Pittsburg district reached an argreement on the wage scale which will be effective for two years. The miners were granted an advance, but it is a compromise on the scale demanded. About 1,500 miners who have been on strike will return to work immediately.

Operators Break Ranks.

Massillon, Ohio, April 16.—The first break in the ranks of the operators in the Massillon district came Saturday night, when five operators signed the 1903 scale. The three largest operators in the district are still holding out against the demands of the miners. The five operators who signed employ about 4,000 miners.

CHARTER OF LIBERTY.

Law Guaranteeing Russians Personal Freedom and Property Right.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—The draft of a charter of personal liberty has been drafted by a commission of which Count Ignatieff is president. It provides that a person arrested shall be given a hearing within 24 hours, and that no domiciliary arrests shall be made without a warrant. The law provides for the inviolability of property, especially of personal correspondence and prohibits the use of force in the dispersal of unarmed street mobs before warnings have been given. The use of troops is forbidden except at the request of the civil authorities. All secret societies are forbidden. A famine and a typhus fever epidemic have broken out in the provinces adjacent to Kharkoff.

3,000 In Good Friday Battle.

London, April 16.—The correspondent at Warsaw of the Chronicle reports that the conflict between the Mariavite sect and the orthodox Catholics is increasing in intensity. A pitched battle, in which three thousand persons participated, occurred on Friday in the environs of Warsaw, resulting in two Catholics being killed and thirty wounded.

Quiet Easter at St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, April 16.—At midnight Saturday night the usual imposing Easter services were held in all the churches in St. Petersburg. Emperor Nicholas, who ordinarily gives the signal, "Christ Is Risen," at the winter palace, remained at Tsarskoe-Selo, to which place special trains were run to accommodate Cabinet Ministers and other high dignitaries who went to the palace to be present at the service.

The Easter festival, the anniversary of the Jewish massacres at Kishineff and other places, happily was not stained this year by anti-Jewish excesses, so far as was reported up to midnight.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Port Dalhousie, April 16.—The Welland Canal will be opened to-day for traffic. There were no boats in waiting yesterday.

Paris, April 16.—There is a posibility that King Edward will pay a visit to the Czar in June, after the meeting of the National Assembly

At Springfield, Mo., Saturday night a mob roasted two negroes to death for assaulting a white woman, but there was no evidence against them.

Amherstburg, April 16.—The grain warehouse of Barron, Bailey & Bailey was totally destroyed by fire at noon Saturday. Loss about $5,000. The office stove is blamed.

Windsor, April 16.—The swift Canadian fisheries cruiser Vigilant, rapid-fire battery and all, slipped her lines at Walkerville Saturday noon and sped down the river at top speed.

Chicago, April 16.—Deputy Sheriff Wilson served a summons on Dowie personally for $500 in a civil suit at the point of a revolver. Dowie listened to its reading without reply.

Detective Mackie returned Sunday morning with his prisoner, Christopher Holland, who was arrested in Bristol, England, on the charge of stealing $13,800 from the Ideal Bedding Co. of Toronto.

New York, April 16.—Nicodemia Lellis dived a distance of 135 feet Saturday from Washington Bridge into the Harlem River, and died in a hospital an hour later with out explaining the motive for his act.

Guelph, April 16.—Norfolk street Methodist Church celebrated Sunday the golden jubilee of the dedication of the present church building, and the seventieth anniversary of the organization of the congregation.

St. Louis, April 16.—George R. Young was formerly cashier and chief clerk of the Postal Telegraph Co. here. He was wanted to stand trial on a charge of embezzlement of $500, but committed suicide at Mount Holly, N. J., on Saturday. He was 55 years of age.

Aeroplane Injures Inventor.

Atlantic Beach, Fla., April 16.—Israel Ludlow of New York, inventor of the Aeroplane, was so badly injured by a fall here Saturday that he will probably die. Mr. Ludlow in tow of two automobiles ascended to a height of 150 or 200 feet, when his aeroplane encountered a strong south wind, which was blowing with such force that it broke the bamboo supports and the wings of the aeroplane shut in, pinning him to his seat. With its occupant pinned in, the aeroplane fell to the beach. Two of Mr. Ludlow's vertabrae were knocked out of line, paralyzing his lower limbs.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Stylish Spring Suits

The young man who is desirous of having an up-to-date and natty suit for spring will be pleased with the wide range we are showing. Fashioned by experts after the most improved *New York Models.*

These goods are cut to fit, not pressed into shape and will retain their perfect fit until worn out

Examine into the linings, sewing and every detail, they will stand the closest examinations—we guarantee every suit and overcoat sold by the only guarantee, namely—money always cheerfully refunded if everything is not entirely satisfactory.

—Men's stylish Spring suits in all the newest materials and styles.. *$7.50 to $15*

The New Hats

Spring has truly arrived and the old hat will not do any longer. We cordially invite you in to inspect the new styles for spring. We have every new and up-to-date style in both the Hard and Soft Hat.

The following well known brands are represented:

John B. Stetson, Mallory, Christie, Wakefield, Wafer Light

And many others. The price range from *$2.00 to $4.50.*

The Ritchie Co'y Limited

House Furnishings

House cleaning time has arrived and every lady will be looking for such things as *Curtains, Draperies, Carpets, Rugs, etc.,* to brighten up the home.

We are desirous that every lady should see our beautiful display of *Handsome Curtains and Draperies, Gorgeous Carpets and Rugs,* all bought direct from the makers from over the sea and the manufacturers in Canada.

It will be to your advantage to pay this department a visit whether you wish to purchase or not.

Nottingham Curtains

We have a very large display of these well known and favorite Curtains in many new and dainty designs, our buyer having secured them at a special price which enables us to give you exceptional good values.

—*Nottingham Lace Curtains* in all the newest and daintiest designs. Prices per pair.......... *30c to $6.50*

—A large range of *Marie Antionette, Brussels Net, Arabian (hand-made), Irish Point, Art Guipure, Bobbinet,* at prices ranging up to........ *$12.50*

Templeton's Rugs

We believe that in these goods we have the best floor covering procurable when you consider the serviceability and moderate price.

They are not cheap Rugs but are economical, as they last a life time and always retain that rich appearance not found in cheaper rugs.

Templeton's Rugs from 85c to $55.00.

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

HOSIERY

For the Boys

We are showing special values in Boys' Heavy Cotton and Cashmere Hosiery for early spring wear.

—Boys' Heavy Fine Ribbed Cotton Hose, all sizes, double legs and feet, absolutely fast colors........................ *25c pr*

—Boys' Fine Ribbed Cotton Stockings, all sizes, made from a fine imported yarn, double Heels, Knees and Toes....... *25c pr*

For the Girls

—Fine Light Weight Cashmere Hose for Spring Wear, prices .... *20 to 30c pr*

—Fine Ribbed Cashmere Hose, all sizes........ *20 and 25c pr*

Girls' Tan Cashmere Hosiery.
Girls' Black and Tan Cotton and Lisle Hose.
Infants' Cashmere and Silk Socks.

Ladies' White Waists

We have just received into stock a number of lines of Ladies' New White Lawn and Organdie Waists, beautifully trimmed and finished, ranging in price from—

$1.00 to $3.50

These goods are all well made and tailored.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Oak Hall
Belleville.
Sole Agents For The
Progress Brand Clothing
NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE
Have You Seen It?

The New Store.

Ladies' Street Skirts

At $1.95, $2.25, $3.00, $3 50, $4 00 and those pretty greys now so stylish at $4 50, and $5 00.

Linen Embroidered Blouses, very very stylish each at .... $3.00 and $4.50

Silk Blouses at.................................... $2.75, $3.00, $4.00, $5 00

RAIN COAT OR DUST COAT

Made of Cravenette, man tailored, Silk stitched, colored Oxford, Bronze and Fawn only.. $5.00

LACE CURTAINS

A full range to choose from, prices per pair.......... 50c to $7.50
Roller Blinds each from.................................. 25c to 75c

"Agreeable good natured service, no matter when you come.

Wims & Co
TERMS CASH.

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

Life Insurance in the United States.

The investigation into the affairs of the New York principal insurance companies, is having its effect upon business, particularly upon that transacted by the New York Life, The Equitable Life, and the Mutual Life of New York. The Post, one of the most reliable papers in that great city, tells its readers that the new business written during 1905 by the three companies, named above, decreased no less a sum than $162,000,000.

This, however, does not indicate a want of confidence in the principle of life assurance, for the same journal points out, that "the total gains "by other companies over the business for 1904 more than offset this "enormous decrease in the Big "Three, and left a net increase of "about $62,000,000." It does show, however, that the business of life assurance has been transferred from the companies which have had their affairs sifted to other companies which have not had the inquisitors at work.

A contemporary points out that other companies have lost "besides the Big Three, and the result is significant. Of seventy companies operating in the United States (not industrial), forty-six show a gain of about $94,000,000, and twenty-four show losses of $194,080,000. Of this tremendous decrease all but $32,000,000 occurred in the Big Three. So the proportion of losses stands:

"Big Three, $162,000,000.

"Other companies, $32,000,000."

These latter figures do not seem to justify those given by the Post, but they are significant enough to show that, to an alarming extent, these United States life companies are suffering in the magnitude of their business. It would be interesting to know whether this serious falling off has been in their foreign or domestic business.

Canadians may well make a note of it.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Well, the weather man is a horrid, mean old thing, so there!

• • •

The idea of handing out a wet Easter Sunday, and compelling a big bunch of expensive lids to stay indoors, is pretty nearly the limit.

• • •

Let's see. This is the night the vestrymen sit up with the mortgage, isn't it?

• • •

The rain may have rather spoiled the millinery display yesterday, but it couldn't spoil the music. The Intelligencer heartily congratulates all the ladies and gentlemen in the various choirs who yesterday uplifted their voices in the Easter anthems. Diligent enquiry reveals the fact that, in every church in the city, the music was bright and quite up to—if not higher than—the standard set in former years. And that's saying something, mind you, in this city of good taste and good singers.

• • •

What did you do with all the money you saved during Lent?

• • •

There seems to have been quite an old girls' and boys' reunion in this city during the last few days. No place like home to 'em yet.

• • •

The attention of the Public Works department is drawn to two very deep and dangerous holes on Bridge street east, one in front of Mr. J. W. Murray's residence, and the other facing Bleecker avenue, near Mr. G. Hope's late residence. Mention may also be made of the condition of the streets running south of Bridge street, particularly Charles and Albert, which are in a deplorable condition. On Friday last a milkman, passing from Dundas to Bridge streets, on Albert street, got so badly mired that before he could extricate his horse and wagon twenty-three quarts of milk were lost.

• • •

About this time of year, said the man on the next block, "look out for the housewife who wants to get her housecleaning done before her neighbors. There is an ominous look in her piercing eye which unfortunate male creatures know only too well. It bodes ill for their comfort. Soon they will eat off window sills and rise from bed in the morning in a carpetless bedroom, the cold chill of which stays with them all day. What matter if the air be chill and pneumonia lurking in houses in which fires have gone out! No time to wait for warmer weather. Come, let us eat, drink and be merry, for to-morrow we clean house! Talk about the atrocities in Bulgaria! They are not a patch on the atrocities perpetrated in this fair land by strenuous females to whom a speck of dirt is like a red rag to a bull."

• • •

WITH PANTS TO BUY!

The centipede has a thousand legs,
And he needs them, every one,
For the centipede was made to crawl,
And never to walk, or run.
Now, suppose that a man had a thousand legs,
And the centipede had but two—
It would be mighty rough on the centipede,
But what would the poor man do?

• • •

Maxim Gorky, the exiled Russian patriot, has had a pulmonary attack since arriving in New York. Still, it's not as bad as a Cossack attack.

• • •

The Liverpool Chief of Police is of the opinion that education does not so much decrease crime as it refines the criminal. He says: "The burglar avoids violence whenever possible, and chooses when occasions offer more subtle forms of roguery. Men who 50 years ago would have been burglars or highwaymen are to-day bogus company promoters and well-dressed swindlers of various kinds. Their profits are enhanced and their risks diminished, and I have no doubt that this is one of the fruits of modern education." Interpreted, this may mean that the Yankee life insurance and bank managers who have been recently exposed for their frenzied finance would have been burglars and highwaymen had they been uneducated.

• • •

The scientific explanation is that water has penetrated Vesuvius' interior, causing the volcano to throw up. That's a hard nut for the prohibitionists to crack. Of course they will say that, at this time of year, water should be boiled before drinking.

• • •

It is said that Montreal and Toronto firms are manufacturing spurious maple syrup by the tank and exporting it. People in those big cities are wicked enough for anything, almost.

• • •

Sarah Jane M'Leod, of Toronto, was entitled to $651.30 from an estate but it was paid into court for her benefit, and now all she can get of it is $300. The rest goes to the lawyers. How did they come to let go of that $300?

• • •

The coal operators refuse the demands of the miners. Probably both the public and the miners expected as much. The demands were such as to make it appear that the miners desired a strike. The operators are ready. The public alone is unprepared.

• • •

A very pretty story is being told of Queen Alexandra, who a short time ago consented to be godmother to a little daughter of one of her neighbors and friends at Sandringham. After the ceremony was over the Queen asked that she might be taken to the baby's nursery. Upon arriving there she walked to the big window, and taking a diamond ring from her finger wrote on the glass, "May God's blessing rest on this house and all in it."

Send..... Your Friends

Tokens of the Joyous Easter Tide.

Lowney's Chocolates in Fancy Boxes.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

Funeral of the Late William J. Paterson

Many citizens were yesterday afternoon in attendance at the funeral of the late Mr. Wm. J. Paterson, which took place from the family residence, Church street. The C.M.B.A. of which the deceased was a member, turned out in large numbers. Services were held at St. Michael's church, being conducted by the Rev. Father Twomey. The choir chanted the Libera. Many beautiful floral tributes were placed upon the casket. The bearers were Messrs. C. J. Peppin, W. A. G. Hardy, H. L. Ingram, Wm. Williamson, F. Dolan, sr., and J. Downey.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Sunday Morning Blaze At Sheriff Hope's.

CRACKLING SOUND HEARD BY INVALID CHILD, PROBABLY PREVENTED A TRAGEDY—LOSS HEAVY — FIRE BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY DEFECTIVE WIRES.

At an early hour on Sunday morning, Sheriff Hope and his family, who resided on the corner of Bridge street and Bleecker avenue, had a rather exciting experience.

This was owing to the fact that a fire broke out in the premises, and before it was subdued the building, with all of its contents, was about destroyed.

At 1.30 the Sheriff's daughter, Miss Marjorie, who is ill, was awakened by a crackling noise in the garret. She, as best she could, raised an alarm, and soon other members of the family were awakened.

By this time the fire (for such it proved to be), had gained considerable headway and the inmates were compelled to flee for their lives, with nothing about them but their night clothes.

The young sufferer who raised the alarm was tenderly carried out of the burning building to a nearby residence and latterly was conveyed to the hospital.

The flames spread with such rapidity that no wearing apparel was saved by the Sheriff's family or servants.

The fire brigade was summoned, but owing to the fact that the place was a considerable distance from the fire halls it was some little time before they were able to get to work.

Whilst the firemen were able to subdue the flames before the house was completely destroyed, the salvage will be little, if any.

It is thought that an electric wire, which entered the residence where the fire was first seen, caused the trouble.

The building was a large two-storey brick structure, the property of Col. A. A. Farley, who resides at Quebec. It was insured in the Royal, and the amount will probably cover the loss.

Sheriff Hope's loss will be heavy, as the house was elaborately furnished. His insurance is $3,500 in the Hartford. On the 13th of December last the same place was visited by fire and the loss was considerable.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

SPORTING NOTES.

Slosson, the veteran billiardist, defeated Willie Hoppe, the "boy wonder," by 500 to 245. Schafer and Slosson lead in the tournament so far.

It is said that Sir Thomas Lipton is having plans for a Shamrock fourth prepared. They can't lose Sir Thomas.

A meeting of lacrosse players in this city is booked for the near future, we are told. There are said to be former stars here in the persons of Cornwall and Brantford boys—in which towns, as everybody knows, they grow sure-enough lacrosse experts—as well as a lot of good players from other places. It is to be hoped that all interested in the game will help the thing along, and give us a little sport this summer.

The National Baseball league teams have hardly got squared away yet, but Boston is leading with 4 wins and 0 losses. New York is fourth with 2 wins and 1 loss.

The Midland Baseball league this summer is composed of Cobourg, Port Hope, Peterboro and Oshawa. The schedule opens on May 24. If it had been a croquet league, now, Belleville might have entered.

Booth Remanded in Napanee Case.

Napanee Beaver: G. A. Booth, of Trenton, was arrested at Montreal about two months ago on a charge of obtaining goods under false pretences. He was given four months or a fine of $50.00, which he paid. A warrant of a similar character was issued by Mr. B. Derbyshire, Odessa, in January, and as soon as Booth paid his fine he was held by orders from Chief of Police Graham, of Napanee. Mr. Graham went to Montreal on Tuesday after the prisoner and brought him to Napanee on Wednesday. On his arrival here Booth was given a hearing before Police Magistrate Rankin and remanded for one week.

Death of a Child.

Wilber Ellis three-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ellis, of Marmora, died last evening from an attack of pneumonia. The little one was on a visit to relatives in Thurlow, when it was taken ill, and the illness proved to be fatal. The remains will be sent to Marmora for interment.

In Great Demand.

Referring to the description of the Canada Corundum Company's mine at Craigmont, which appeared in the last issue of the Intelligencer it is interesting to add that within a short time the company has applied for and obtained from the Ontario Business College of this city—two of its graduates—one as bookkeeper and the other as stenographer. Principal Johnson informs us that the demand for O.B.C. graduates from all parts of Canada is unprecedented.

CAUSE OF THEIR DEFEAT.

Slater Ladies' Shoe Forces Confession From Boston Shoe Makers.

The commercial war between countries dates back to the establishment of the first customs house. Business war between Canada and the United States looked like a victory for our neighbors twenty-five years ago. The first men on the other side to openly confess defeat at the hands of Canada were the shoe manufacturers. They admit that they cannot compete with the Slater shoe in Canada, and when anyone compares a $3.50 ladies' shoe made by the Slater Shoe Company with a $4.00 imported shoe the cause of the American confession of weakness is apparent. The sterling make of the Slater women's shoe is emphasized by its finish, fashion and style.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

St. John's Church J.W.A. exhibition of work and sale in Parish Room, Wednesday evening, April 18th. Admission, with refreshments, 15 cents. Musical programme. 14-16-17

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

A public meeting of all persons interested in Y.M.C.A. work will be held in the association rooms on Friday evening, the 20th inst., at 8 o'clock, to discuss the advisability of discontinuing the work in Belleville. All interested are urged to attend. 16,18,20

Christian Conference meetings at Bethel Hall. 7.30 this evening and 10.30, 2.30 and 7.30 to-morrow. Come and get something for your soul.

Mr. T. Blackburn has been in London, Ont., attending to a very important matter in connection with his business.

A regular meeting of the City Council will be held this evening.

To-morrow afternoon a special session of the County Council will be held.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES. Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorised to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

An Antiquarian Gets Into Legal Trouble.

Miss Josephine Smith who spent a few days in Belleville a couple of years ago gathering relics of years ago, at the Cornwall assizes last week was acquitted of a charge of retaining and diverting to her own use a Roman Catholic prayer book printed in Paris, France, in 1500, and believed to have been at one time the property of Mary Queen of Scots. Miss Smith is a well-known antiquarian. She conducted her own case and addressed the jury. She testified that she believed the book to be among some goods sent to a friend in Philadelphia, which are still in possession of the express company. She denied any intention of retaining the book, and the jury evidently believed her.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate variable winds: fine, Tuesday, fine and a little warmer.

OYSTERS

Fresh Oysters today
40c and 50c qt.

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

LADIES!
...FOR EASTER...

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin Sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault.

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HIGH GRADE TEAS
New Season's Fragrant & Delicious
Wallbridge & Clarke's
NEW BLENDS IN SEALED PACKETS
25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c LB

"*It Pays to Buy the Best.*"

HUYLER'S
NEW YORK
BON BONS
FRESH SUPPLIES BY EXPRESS
JUST RECEIVED.

• • •

SARATOGA
CHIPS
FRESH SUPPLIES BY EXPRESS
JUST RECEIVED.

• • •

DELICIOUS COFFEE
At Wallbridge & Clarke's

EASY MONEY AT HOME

raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All [illegible] You'll get $4.50 to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes
BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,
and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for 15c. stamps or coin. Address
COTTAM BIRD SEED, 23 St., London, Ont.

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

It is better to be bald and rich than it is to be bald without being rich.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
.. AND THE ..
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.............................. *$3.00*
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.......................... *$3.00*

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year: Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at F. & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

A general servant. Must be efficient and have good references. Apply to Mrs. F. R. Lingham, evenings, 6 to 8 o'clock. 14-3t

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. Some of our men who started in a small way now have large routes of customers, and keep two or three rigs busy delivering all the time. Why not you? Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

Brass finishers wanted. Good machine hands. Address Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterboro, Ont. a14-3t

FOR SALE.

The residence of Mrs. J. W. Dunnet, corner of Bridge and Commercial Sts., Belleville. For particulars apply to owner or Northrup & Roberts, barristers, Bridge St. a14-4teod

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam: speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

TO LET.

A commodious brick house with all modern improvements, fine lawn, brick stable. Corner Victoria Ave. and Albert street.—T. E. EWEN, 330 Albert St. a12-6t

LOST.

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

THE
Chatham
Incubator
Special Offer for April

Anyone buying an Incubator, Weigh Scale or Chatham Fanning Mill during the month of April will be presented with a $500.00 Ontario Accident Insurance Policy free of charge. One, two or three pay time given if desired. Send post card or call on

D. P. CORY,
General Agent,
202 Church St., Belleville, Ont.

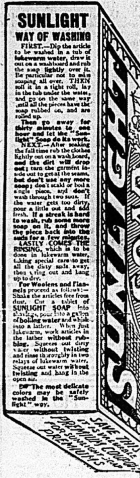
2 in 1
Shoe Polish
Black, Tan and White

"2 in 1" is a secret scientific preparation for leather only. It is the result of over fifty years of experience in shoe polishes.

An ounce goes further than a pound of ordinary paste. No imitation even half as good.

Black and Tan in 10c. and 25c. tins White 15c. glass

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.



SUNLIGHT SOAP
is better than other Soaps but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Follow directions.

SUNLIGHT
WAY OF WASHING

FIRST.—Dip the article to be washed in a tub of lukewarm water, draw it out on a washboard and rub the soap lightly over it. Be particular not to miss soaping all over. THEN roll it in a tight roll, lay in the tub under the water, and go on the same way until all the pieces have the soap rubbed on, and are rolled up.

Then go away for thirty minutes to one hour and let the "Sunlight" Soap do its work.

NEXT.—After soaking the full time rub the clothes lightly out on a wash board, and the dirt will drop out; turn the garment inside out to get at the seams, but don't use any more soap; don't scald or boil a single piece, and don't wash through two suds. If the water gets too dirty, pour a little out and add fresh. If a streak is hard to wash, rub some more soap on it, and throw the piece back into the suds for a few minutes.

LASTLY COMES THE RINSING, which is to be done in lukewarm water, taking special care to get all the dirty suds away, then wring out and hang up to dry.

For Woolens and Flannels proceed as follows:—Shake the articles free from dust. Cut a tablet of SUNLIGHT SOAP into shavings, pour into a gallon of boiling water and whisk into a lather. When just lukewarm, work articles in the lather without rubbing. Squeeze out dirty water without twisting and rinse thoroughly in two relays of lukewarm water. Squeeze out water without twisting and hang in the open air.

☞ The most delicate colors may be safely washed in the "Sunlight" way.

SAVE THIS IT IS VALUABLE PREMIUM COUPON FOR SUNLIGHT SOAP PREMIUMS

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

5c. Buy it and follow directions. 5c.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO

Ontario & Quebec Navigation Co.

STR. ALEXANDRIA

Thoroughly refitted,

Will commence the season with an excursion to Rochester, N. Y.

SATURDAY, APRIL 28TH.

Leaving Belleville 11 a.m., returning, will leave Charlotte 8.30 Sunday evening. Fare for round trip, $2.25.

For further particulars apply to the Schuster Co., agents.

Parsley, mustard, cowslip, horseradish, dock, dandelion, and beet tops clear the blood, regulate the system, and remove that tired feeling so peculiar to spring.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

SECRET IS OUT.

FORMULA OF MI-O-NA MADE PUBLIC.—A CURE FOR STOMACH TROUBLES.

Our leading druggists are very anxious to have Mi-o-na, a remedy which they sell as a cure for stomach troubles, tested rigidly in every case of heart-burn, acute dyspepsia, wind on the stomach, loss of appetite, annoying dreams, sleeplessness, general weakness and debility, or where the digestive organs do not act as they should.

Mi-o-na is composed of bismuth subgallate, by all odds the very best medicine known for intestinal diseases.

With this is combined cerium oxalate, a standard remedy in the treatment of all irritations of the stomach and digestive organs.

Sodium bicarbonate is then added to overcome the excessive acidity usually present in stomach troubles, and nux vomica for its general tonic and nerve-strengthening powers.

A large box of Mi-o-na tablets is sold for 50 cents.

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

Correspondent Argues For Civic Improvement.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer:

Sir,—Would it not be a good idea for Belleville to organize a Civic Improvement Association, with the object of making our city more beautiful, healthful and attractive generally?

These Improvement Associations are a power in many of the cities, towns and villages "across the line," and Hamilton and Galt have long since fallen in line. Kingston is at present conducting an enthusiastic campaign of civic improvement. Why should not Belleville take up the good work? To quote from the report of one society, "This association work is the most contagious thing in the world. Like a freshly painted house in a neighborhood, it starts nearly everybody in sight to planning improvements on their own property. There is no doubt our city is entering on a period of growth and material prosperity. Let us see that it is at the same time growing in beauty, healthfulness and cleanliness. Here are some of the things for which a Civic Improvement Association stands:

1st.—To associate persons, particularly women, who are interested in restoring America to its naturally beautiful condition.

2nd.—To bring about such action on the part of its members and others whom they can influence, as will result in cleanliness and sightliness about their own home grounds and surroundings, however humble.

3rd.—To promote by every possible action and influence, the establishment of sanitary and beautiful conditions in and about the community, and along the highways approaching it.

4th.—To encourage the establishment and maintenance of public parks, reservations, park drives, open squares, play grounds and baths, by which the people may have proper facilities for recreation and pleasure, amid conditions as nearly resembling those of nature as possible.

5th.—To create and foster an interest in the planting and preservation of native American hardy trees, vines, and shrubs for the beautifying of the home, the highways and the parks of our community, and to advocate such laws and regulations as will prevent the mutilation or improper removal and will guard the trimming of trees that are on or near the public highways, or in view from any park or other place of recreation.

6th.—To work for the intelligent improvement of conditions in and about the public school houses of our community and neighborhood, to the end that our children may be educated amid such surroundings as will advance the rising generation in respect to the appreciation and use of the beautiful and cleanly surroundings of the home and community to which they are by right entitled.

7th.—To endeavor by every honorable means to cause the permanent removal of unsightly advertising signs and bill-boards, especially about public parks or play grounds.

Is there not room in Belleville for some of these ideas to be carried out, and the public spirit and municipal pride to take up the subject?

CIVIC IMPROVEMENT.

Fish and Game Protection.

The Intelligencer has been asked to publish the following letter;

To the Members of the Ontario Fish and Game Protective Association;

Dear Sir,—A small pamphlet is to be prepared by the Ontario Fish and Game Protective Association, for the Farmer, Sportsman, and Guide.

It is proposed to ask the assistance of each member of the Association who would like to help in this work. If, therefore, you have any information, which you consider might be useful to have placed in such pamphlet, you are cordially invited to send the same to the Secretary of your Branch, to be forwarded by him to this office.

The general scheme of this pamphlet is: First, to show the farmer in what manner his interests are best served by the protection of fish and game: second, To give useful information for the guide.

Doubtless a large fund of information, suggestions and articles will be received from the members through this appeal, and it is proposed to hand the whole of this information to Mr. Arnold Haultain, who has consented, gratuitously, to reduce such information to pamphlet form.

Changes in the School Books — When next the school books are changed, which may occur within a year or so, we have reason to believe that the Minister of Public Works will give us a few pages to be devoted to such questions as the harm done by the killing of insectivorous birds the injury caused by catching fish out of season, robbing bird's nests, and other kindred subjects.

If you have any suggestions, items of interest, or articles, for matter along these lines, you are requested to send the same to the Secretary of your Branch, to be forwarded here. We hope to obtain a great deal of information in this manner, and the same will be handed to Henry W. Auden, M. A. (Cantab.,) Principal of Upper Canada College, who has kindly consented gratuitously, to edit the reading matter for the pages which may be given us by the educational Department.

Yours truly,
A. KELLY EVANS,
Secretary at Toronto.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

IS YOUR COAT DUSTY?

You Probably Have the White Scab of Dandruff on It.

If your coat or shoulders have a white dust upon it, the chances are that it is from dandruff. The only way to permanently cure dandruff is to remove the cause, which is a germ. Newbro's Herpicide kills the germ. Every toilet table should have such a hair-dressing that contains also the destroyer of the dandruff and hair falling germ. It stops all irritation, keeps the scalp sweet, pure and wholesome. Remember that something claimed to be "just as good," will not do the work of genuine Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Miss Lena Vermilyea is in the city.

Miss Susie O'Flynn is visiting in Lindsay.

Miss Norah Lazier has returned to the city.

Mr. Thos. Wilson, South John St., is seriously ill.

Mrs. H. C. Dickens, now of Toronto is in the city.

Miss Pearl Hicks, of Deseronto, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. Albert Carr, of Toronto, is visiting in the city.

Misses Nora and Myrtle Boyce are spending Easter in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sutherland are welcome visitors in the city.

Mr. W. F. Cober is spending a few days with his family in Galt.

Mr. Wm. Rathman, of Kingston, spent yesterday in the city.

Messrs. A. Finkle and P. Webster, of Toronto, are in the city.

Miss Mabel O'Brien, A.T.C.M., London, Eng., is visiting in the city.

Mr. Horace Clarke, after spending Easter here, returned to Toronto today.

Mrs. W. H. Graham, after a prolonged absence, has returned to the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Meyers, of Toronto, are spending a few days in the city.

Miss Alice Adams, Macdonald Ave., is spending Easter with friends in Toronto.

Miss Pearl Campbell, of Toronto, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Campbell, George street.

Cadet Guy Hutton, of the Royal Military College, is spending Easter with Col. Ponton.

Mr. Carl Blakely returned to Toronto to-day, after spending a few days in the city.

Mr. Fred J. Bowen returned to Montreal to-day, having spent Easter with his parents.

Mr. Albert H. Woodley left this afternoon for Detroit, where he intends to reside in future.

Mrs. Dunlop, of Woodstock, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Laidlaw, at the Manse, George St.

Mr and Mrs. Garrett, of Ottawa, are in the city, visiting their two daughters at Albert College.

Dr. W. P. O'Brien, Superintendent of St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, is in this city on important medical business.

Mr. Rathman, who has made so creditable a record at Victoria College, Toronto, is at home for the holidays.

Miss Bertha Austin has returned home to Fenelon Falls, after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Chas. Walters, Catharine street.

Messrs. Howson, manager of the Sovereign Bank; J. Wheeler and Lorne Coulter, G.T.R. agent, were among the visitors from Stirling to the city yesterday.

Mr. H. J. Clarke, B. A., went to Toronto to-day to attend the annual meeting of the Ontario Library Association, and will also attend the Provincial Teachers' Association.

At the Quinte; W. B. Northrup, J. H. McKinley and wife, Ottawa; C. Smith, Campbellford; W. Houston, T. Warren, L. Coulter, G. Witty, H. A. Wheeler, Stirling; F. C. Morrow, W. Arnold, Ingersoll; L. Ridley, Pickering; F. Merreau, Newburg; L. Clary, Wellington; A. P. Northrup, J. Heffering, S. Armstrong, Montreal; B. Fielding, Hamilton; W. W. Hodge, Quebec; E. Illsey, Picton; E. Best, London; J. Dryden, Deseronto; H. Collins, L. Post, W. Bewley, T. Gray, H. Moss, F. Austin, B. R. Hawley, J. Watson, W. Treblecock, H. Towler, A. Nimmo, B. Smith, H. Hilliard, G. Golding and wife, J. G. Fitzgerald, W. Griffith, G. A. Mihell.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. To be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

THE SILVER BAR

The Silver Bar property is situated strictly within the rich native silver and cobalt zone and adjoining the richest portion of the famous Gillies Timber Limit and one and a half miles from the Town of Cobalt.

Second allotment of one hundred thousand shares has been advanced and is now selling at one dollar.

For shares and information, apply to

CHANCEY ASHLEY, - Belleville, Ont.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Exchange Closed, Chicago Wheat Futures Lower—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Saturday Evening, April 14.

Liverpool Grain Exchange was closed to-day.

At Chicago, May wheat closed ⅝c lower than Thursday, May corn ⅝c lower, and May oats ⅛c lower.

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—		
Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74	to $....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 75	0 77
Wheat, red, bush	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 71	....
Barley, bush	0 51	0 52
Oats, bush	0 40½	0 41
Rye, bush	0 75	....
Peas, bush	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53	....
Seeds—		
Alsike, No. 1, bush	$7 00	to $9 00
Alsike, No. 2, bush	5 50	6 50
Red, choice, No. 1, bu	7 80	9 20
Timothy seed, flail-threshed, bright and unhulled, per bush	2 00	2 40
Hay and Straw—		
Hay, per ton	$11 00	to $13 00
Hay, mixed, ton	7 00	9 00
Straw, bundled, ton	10 00	11 00
Straw, loose, ton	7 00	....
Fruits and Vegetables—		
Apples, per bbl	2 50	4 50
Potatoes, Ontario	0 70	0 80
Cabbage, per doz.	0 40	0 50
Beets, per bag	0 50	0 60
Red carrots, per bag	0 00	....
Onions, per bag	1 00	1 25
Turnips, bag	0 25	0 30
Poultry—		
Turkeys, dressed, lb	$0 18	to $0 22
Chickens, dressed, lb	0 16	0 18
Spring chickens, lb	0 40	0 50
Dairy Produce—		
Butter, lb. rolls	$0 24	to $0 30
Eggs, strictly new-laid, dozen	0 18	0 20

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 14.—Butter—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 3150.

Cheese—Quiet, unchanged; receipts, 1823.

Eggs—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 9142.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Hogs Now Over $7 at Buffalo.

London, April 14.—Cattle are quoted at 10c to 11½c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8¼c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; steady; prices unchanged.

Veals—Receipts, 150 head; active; 25c lower, $5 to $7.

Hogs—Receipts, 1700 head; active; 10c to 15c higher; heavy and mixed, $6.95 to $7; yorkers and pigs, $7 to $7.05; roughs, $6.15 to $6.30; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3000 head; active; sheep steady; lambs 5c higher; lambs, $6.25 to $7.25; yearlings and wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 14.—Beeves—Receipts, 925; feeling steady; dressed beef steady at 6½c to 8½c per lb. for native sides. Exports, 757 beeves and 7915 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 147; feeling unchanged; city dressed veals steady at 8c to 12c per lb.; country dressed do., 6c to 10c.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2521; sheep firm; lambs 25c to 35c higher; a few choice, unshorn sheep sold at $6.25 per 100 lbs.; unshorn lambs at $7.25 to $7.50; dressed mutton slow at 8c to 9½c; dressed lambs steady at 9c to 10½c; country dressed spring lambs at $3 to $6.50 per carcase.

Hogs—Receipts, 2123; feeling firm to a fraction higher; country dressed hogs steady at 7½c to 9½c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 100; steady; beeves, $4 to $6.30; cows and heifers, $1.60 to $5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.70.

Hogs—Receipts, 6000; 5c to 7½c higher. Estimated receipts Monday, 36,000; mixed and butchers, $6.45 to $6.70; good, heavy, $6.60 to $6.72½; rough, heavy, $6.25 to $6.40; light, $6.40 to $6.67½; pigs, $5.90 to $6.45; bulk of sales, $6.55 to $6.65.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1500; steady; sheep, $3.25 to $5.65; yearlings, $5.65 to $6.40; lambs, $4.75 to $6.65.

The Budget Speech.

Ottawa, April 16.—It is understood that the budget speech will be delivered by Minister Fielding next week. He attended the Cabinet Council Saturday. The supplementary estimates were agreed upon and will be laid before the House on Tuesday.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Presented With Address and Purse of Gold.

A pleasing event took place at the Tabernacle Sunday School yesterday afternoon, namely, the reading of an address and presentation of a purse of gold to Mr. I. Gordon. The recipient, who has for some time been leader of the orchestra in connection with the Tabernacle Sunday School is about to leave the city for the purpose of taking a course in the Conservatory of Music at Toronto. The purse was subscribed by members of the orchestra, officers and officials of the school. Mr. Gordon replied in an appropriate manner to the presentation.

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Have your order in early for Weston's Homemade bread.

Ice cream and cream for whipping in abundance.

A limited number of hot cross buns will be made Good Friday morning to be delivered in time for dinner only.

Ed. F. Dickens.
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TIMELY TOPICS.

WE AND THE OTHERS.

(Puck.)

I pity that poor Mrs. Jones;
She works herself to skin and bones!
Of course, in my case, I prefer
To be my own help, as it were.

Old Mrs. Johnson talks so loud
Whenever she is in a crowd!
To make my conversation heard
I have to shriek with every word.

The Livingstons are drinking beer!
I saw some taken there—dear, dear!
We have a case; oh, yes. But that
Was ordered just to make me fat.

My! Hear the Perkins' baby bawl!
They must neglect the child, that's all!
Now, when our little fellow cries
'Tis merely for the exercise.

Miss Browne does love to gossip so;
She's talking there with Mrs. Roe,
I can't quite catch it all—can you?
I guess I'll find out—"How do do?"

* * *

The announcement that Dowie is to return to Zion City in a fiery chariot may be a poetic way of letting us know that he has bought an automobile.

* * *

Here's information for you! A Kansas postmaster advertises that the post office has been removed from where it was to where it is.

* * *

Prince Arthur of Connaught has seen the bears and buffalos at Banff, and when he gets to the wicked eastern towns he will have a chance to inspect the elephants.

* * *

How the Northwest grows! A two years ago "howling wilderness," and just in the suckingbottle stage of provincial babyhood, Alberta is actually demanding a State University.

* * *

A Chicago man who beat his wife because he had to get his own breakfast, has been sent for three months to a place where his breakfast is served up promptly at six o'clock.

* * *

"Le'Economiste" of Paris says: —"Canada, like other countries, may have critical moments in her development. But no country will make greater strides in advance during the first half of the twentieth century than the great British Colony of North America."

* * *

As widows of professors are to benefit by the Carnegie Foundation arrangement, some of the latter will be worth more dead than alive.

* * *

A negro who assaulted a white girl in a New York street car, gave his name as Albert Trot. When the crowd got after him he broke badly

* * *

Through a surgical operation, Toledo physicians have made a bad boy good. The Policemen's Union will likely get after them for butting in

* * *

And now it seems proper to mention that some really respectable snow storms have been known to come in May.

* * *

The Halifax Chronicle says: "The C P. R. evidently intends to make Quebec the permanent terminus of its steamship line. At first it was intended to adopt that port for the new Empress boats only, but it is now decided that Quebec shall be the summer terminus for all the company's steamers in the Liverpool service. Montreal is out of the race."

* * *

Togo's heroes are the lions of the hour in London. On the visit to Westminster Abbey, Archdeacon Wilberforce extended a welcome to the Japanese sailors in these graceful words: "The eyes of all Europe are upon the Japanese Nation now. You have taught us the principles of bushido (Japanese Chivalry)." Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has sent a formal message of welcome and "Banzai" greets the plucky brown tars at every turn.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

CHEWING THE CUD.

I'll have to learn to chew the cud;
I haven't time to eat;
I jump into a restaurant,
Then rush into the street;
With apple pie in either hand
I back to business scud;
I don't know what I'll do unless
I learn to chew the cud.

So fast the times are getting now,
Your meal is just begun;
You grab a dusky doughnut,
Then back to business run,
It's ruinous to your liver,
Deleterious to your blood.
I don't know what we'll do unless
We learn to chew the cud.

Ah! 'tis indeed a rapid age;
Its way I hardly like,
For by the time you've captured wealth
Your stomach's on a strike.
Your indigestion turneth down
Your beefsteak and your spud;
I've got a remedy, 'tis this;
Let's learn to chew the cud.

My breakfast takes three minutes,
My dinner "hour" takes ten;
And, bolting pie, I reappear
Among my fellow men,
This splendid form my horse sense says
Will soon in graveyards bud,
Unless I change my business ways,
And learn to chew the cud.
—The Khan.

CANNOT ACCEPT LEGACY.

Canadian Nurses Who Are Heirs of Late Senator Fulford.

Mabel E. Lenman, Ella B. Jordan, Miss Sarkey and Miss Taylor, four Canadian nurses who attended the late Senator Fulford of Brockville prior to his death in Newton Hospital, Newton, Mass., on Oct. 15 last, from injuries received while he was motoring down a hill leading into Boston, are heirs to $100 each by a bequest of the late Senator. They are prohibited from accepting the legacy, however, by regulations governing Newton Hospital and the money remains in the hands of the Toronto General Trust Corporation, who act as executors of Senator Fulford's will.

The late Senator received his fatal injuries on October 8 last, while making an automobile tour through the Eastern States. As he and Mr. W. T. Hanson of Schenectady, N. Y., were descendig a hill on their way to Boston, their car collided with an electric railway car, resulting in injuries to both occupants, and also to the chauffeur. Senator Fulford was removed to Newton Hospital, where he was attended. His nurses were four young ladies of Canadian birth, who are in training in Newton Hospital. Their constant and kind attention so won the heart of Senator Fulford that he expressed to Mr. Hanson the desire that provision be made for the payment of $100 to each of the nurses as a recognition of their care and attention. The Toronto General Trusts Corporation, as executors of the Senator's will, was notified of the bequest, and recently a cheque was made out by the corporation for $400, payable to the nurses through Mr. Hanson. When Mr. Hanson turned the money over to them, the Board of Management of the hospital would not allow the nurses to accept it, claiming they would be violating the regulations of the institution in taking any such gifts.

Hon. Adam Beck.

Will the information gleaned by Hon. Adam Beck concerning the cost of generation and transmission of power at Niagara crystallize into a great agency for the public good? asks The Globe. It is something to have ascertained such important facts as were enunciated the other day; it is quite another thing to follow up such facts with the constructive statesmanship that causes future generations to build monuments to their public men and call them blessed. Thousands who knew Hon. Adam Beck personally believe that he is large enough to see this great work to its conclusion. He is a practical business man, with sufficient diplomacy in public and commercial matters to inspire confidence among his political supporters and associates. Since 1902 he has been a member of the Legislature He was born at Baden, Ont., June 20, 1857, and in 1898 was married to Lillian Ottaway. He was educated at Galt, and in 1902 and 1903 was mayor of London. In religion he is an Episcopalian and in business a manufacturer. He is fond of speedy horses and is a familiar figure at the Jackey Club meetings.

Canadian to the Rescue.

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, the Canadian High Commissioner, has come to the assistance of the Bodleian Library of Oxford University with a donation of $2,500 to complete the total sum which was necessary to secure the first folio of the works of Shakespeare. The folio was presented to the Bodleian Library in 1624, but was sold in 1664, and since that time has been in a private collection. An American collector recently offered $15,000 to the present owner of the folio, who, however, gave the Bodleian Library the opportunity to recover it for the same amount. His offer held good until March 30. The Bodleian Library, which was originally established in 1445, takes its name from Sir Thomas Bodley, who collected an enormous library during his later years, re-established the library in 1597-1602, and presented it to the University of Oxford. It contains over 500,000 printed volumes, and 20,000 volumes of manuscripts.

The Korean Flag.

The Korean flag is white and bears in the center a sort of ball, one half blue and the other red, typifying the two elements of creation, the male and the female. In the corners are strange and complicated blue characters invented by a Chinese emperor a few thousand years ago.

Devotion.

That was a remarkable instance of devotion to which an Italian journal referred some time ago, wherein a husband on hearing that his wife looked her best in mourning committed suicide that she might have an opportunity to wear it.—London Queen.

Sarcastic.

Young Doctor—He seems to have every confidence in my ability to save him. Old Doctor—Is he delirious on other subjects also?

A YUKON ABSURDITY.

The Government Up There Has Hired a Rainmaker—Gets $10,000.

Charles M. Hatfield, the famous rainmaker of Los Angeles, California, has been engaged by contract with the Yukon Territorial Government to make rain in the Klondike during all the coming mining season, and will be there within eight weeks. According to the contract Hatfield must be on the ground by May 1 with an assistant and the rain-making apparatus.

Last summer the Klondike hydraulic plants suffered the loss of thousands of dollars that they would have harvested had there been big rains. The rainmaking plan was suggested and fostered by J. T. Lithgow, Territorial Comptroller, now acting Commissioner of the Territory. He had come in touch with Hatfield's work while in California on a visit.

In the terms of the contract, which is on file in the Government offices at the Administration building in Dawson, Hatfield is to receive $10,000 provided he makes rain to the satisfaction of a board of seven men, three of whom shall be chosen by the Governor of the Yukon, three by Hatfield and one by the first six. The contract is made on the terms of no cure no pay. Should Hatfield fail to produce rain to the satisfaction of the board, or the majority of the board, he will receive only his cost of transportation to and from the Klondike and maintenance for himself and assistant and cost of shipping the apparatus. From what is understood of the method Hatfield should have very little apparatus to ship.

Of the $10,000 half is to be paid by ten of the largest mining operators in the Yukon. The other half is to be paid by the Yukon Government.

Hatfield agrees to produce rain to the satisfaction of the board. No stipulated quantity of rain by inches is required, but it is specifically stated in the contract that he "shall increase the rainfall and renew it from time to time for four months, as may be named by the board, and sufficient to insure, so far as ample rain will, a successful and prosperous summer for placer mining industry of the Dawson district." Five days will be allowed after each seance for the rain to come. Ten days after Hatfield comes the money subscribed by the big companies is to be paid into the Government Comptroller's hands.

PLAY MARBLES HONESTLY.

Rev. Dr. Crummy Says Youth Determines Manhood.

Teach a boy to be honest when playing marbles, carefully mould a boy's mind and habits, impress a boy with the fact that it is noble and manly to courageously avow the good teachings of mother and father, and little fear need be entertained for the character of the man. Rev. Dr. Crummy expressed this sentiment in a recent sermon in the university series delivered at Wycliffe College, Toronto.

Dr. Crummy was speaking before young men and women, and he endeavored to outline for them the philosophy of life as it presents itself in practical form. Youth was the time, he maintained, for the fashioning of men and women, and youth had much of this fashioning to do themselves. Invariably if the gambler was traced back to his boyhood days it would be found that he had cheated his playmate in a game of marbles. Often parents ignored these evil tendencies of their children, thinking them too trivial for observance and admonishment, but the bad habits and wrong ways once rooted grew and grew until the man gambled for large stakes.

"I like to look behind the banker, the broker, the leader in mercantile pursuits, and see how his mind was directed in boyhood. I also look behind the gambler, of whom we speak so ill, and see what paths he wandered into, for the man is the boy grown to full stature."

A vivid verbal description of Tom Brown and Little Arthur, as they appear in "Tom Brown's School Days," was given by the speaker to point out the discouragements boys meet when they find themselves away from the tender counsel of father and mother and face to face with a heartless world, or rather, with a world of persons who seem heartless until the finer sentiments of their dispositions are touched. Here Dr. Crummy showed how a young man, by taking a fearless stand for the right, could gain the good will, for himself, and often the souls for God, of those who know true principles but are afraid to acknowledge them.

Director Geological Survey.

Mr. A. P. Low, the well-known Canadian traveler and geologist, has been appointed director of the Geological Survey of Canada. Mr. Albert Peter Low, B. A. Sc., joined the service on June 1, 1881, when twenty years of age, and was appointed Geologist Feb. 16, 1891. His career in the department has been one of steady advancement, and he has had a large experience in the difficult and important work of exploration. For more than six years he was engaged in exploring the resources of Labrador, of which country he probably has a more thorough knowledge than any other man in Canada. In 1887 he accompanied the Diana in a scientific expedition sent to Hudson's Bay. Recently he was in charge of the Neptune in exploration work in Hudson's Bay.

Constantinople.

Constantinople, called by the Turks Stamboul or Istamboul, was originally the ancient city of Byzantium. In 330 B. C. the Emperor Constantine made it the capital of the Roman empire and called it after his own name. The city lies on an arm of the sea called the Golden Horn and is protected by a great wall built by the Byzantine emperors.

Cruel.

Miss Passay—So she's twenty-five today. I guess it would surprise her if I should tell her I was the same age. Miss Peppery—Oh, no; she knows that, of course. Miss Passay—That I am twenty-five? Miss Peppery—No; that you were

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The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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CHAPTER I.

IT was in August of the year 188— that I turned the corner, as it were, into the strange history I am now to relate. The Welsh marches had been entirely unknown to me until at a point in an idle tour of the west of England I fell upon the little town of Raymond and brought up at 7 in the evening at the Swan hostelry that occupies a corner of the irregular triangle constituting the market place. The country in that part is full of swelling hills and valleys, soft and exhilarating of air and clothed with a great vesture of wood. The great Gwent, as the forest across the little river Ray is called in the countryside, rolls westward across the county, broken by tracts of fertile fields lying under grain and pasture, and descends upon the black hills of the mining district beyond. At Raymond, which stands upon the hither side of the river, we are yet in England proper and upon the margin of a more open country. The town itself is small and neat and wears its air of respectable antiquity very haughtily.

The inn, which was itself among the most venerable buildings in the small town, was comfortably served by a very brisk landlord of middle age. It had kept, so to speak, a precarious continuity with antiquity and in the main scheme had changed but little during the 200 years which had passed since its erection.

The hostelry was much too large for its present uses, but for all that wore no air of neglect in the inhabited chambers. My own rooms were marked by homely comfort, and I was waited upon like a prince of the blood. After a rude and wholesome country dinner I sought distraction in the taproom with my pipe and a heterogeneous company of townsfolk. The landlord was in some kind a president at this symposium, which consisted for the main part of a few of the smaller shopkeepers. There was Mr. Jones, for example, whose name I had noticed upon a shop front as I rode through the High street. This man fixed upon me early in the evening, and poured his confidences into my ear. He was a hay merchant, and he had no dearer ambition than to establish his business in Bristol. He found Raymond too mean for his aspiring temper, and the Mecca of his prayers was Bristol. I confess that I found him something of a bore, and was glad to exchange commonplaces with my other neighbor. The landlord himself kept his seat before the long table, smoking his long pipe with the peace of a man whose business is ended for the day, and now and then discharging a glance in my direction. He was, I discovered, a traveled man for those parts, and had the reputation of a smart fellow. Indeed, he compared well with the duller rustics who surrounded him. The placid air of the taproom was in some ways little more diverting than the solitude of my chamber, but that was soon to pass. Presently there came a great noise, followed by a heavy tramp of feet approaching from the outer bar, and in strutted a tall young fellow, with his hat upon one side, and a jaunty air of one who knows his own worth and despises his neighbors.

"Come in," says the innkeeper, very friendly, but with a certain air of constraint. "Plenty of room, Mr. Montgomery, sir, and a good evening to you."

"Oh, hang your ceremonies," says the newcomer, but with no touch of ill humor, "and give your best attention to my order, Wendover!" And, clapping his hat more firmly on his head, he rapped loudly upon the table.

He drank the glass of whisky which the barman served and then fell into a seat and stared without any truculence, but rather with a savage air of curiosity, at myself. He was of a ruddy color and quite young, and something in his bearing rather than in his dress marked him out from the rest of the company. But above all his great size and muscular appearance were noticeable.

"Come in," says the innkeeper.

"Who is that?" I asked as soon as Montgomery's eyes had wandered from me.

"He's no better than he should be," my neighbor answered. "For all his grand airs, he's but little better than a pauper. And that's where your blood comes to in the end."

The landlord, who was close by me, noting my interrogation with a busy eye, leaned forward and supplemented this disparaging information in a whisper.

"One of the best families in the Gwent, sir," he murmured, "though his estate is no more than a yeoman's nowadays. Times are against property on the border." And, having delivered this statement, he drew himself back and addressed a question to Montgomery, with the object, as I conceived, of exhibiting a local celebrity to his guest.

"Anything doing out your way, sir?" he inquired.

The youth turned his eyes upon him in a lackluster gaze and then, emptying his glass, hammered on the table noisily.

"Why the deuce don't that man of yours come?" he exclaimed. "Here have I ridden b. ten miles for the sight of a human face and the taste of good Scotch, and— That's right." He gave his order and, observing Wendover again, gave vent to a heavy laugh. "What do you expect to happen in the Gwent?" he asked. "It's as dull as ditch water."

"I don't know so much about that," put in suddenly a man on the other side of the room whom, from his general air, I took to be a miller. "There's something as I heard of lately that was pretty exciting."

The spokesman drew all eyes upon him. The surface of our deep composure stirred and ruffled.

"What's that, Mr. Llewellyn?" asked the innkeeper.

Montgomery looked incredulous. "Pooh!" he said disdainfully.

The miller enjoyed the importance and seemed inclined to prolong it. He leisurely refilled his pipe.

"I heard something queer happened at the castle last week," he said at last, seeing that his news must out.

"What's that?" asked Montgomery.

"A girl that was in service there told my missus," went on the miller. "We have taken her in. She's left the castle."

"What did she say?" asked Wendover.

"I don't exactly recall the right of it," the miller confessed, with a hasty sense of shame. Montgomery looked at me and, seeing a smile in my eye, burst out laughing. "But I know it was about a burglary," said the miller promptly and with courage.

"I'd like to hear about the burglary," said some one.

"The man that keeps the inn there—the—what's that inn?" went on the miller.

"The Woodman," answered Montgomery.

"Aye, that's it. He was servant to the castle—the girl said—and he caught them."

"Caught whom?" said Montgomery impatiently.

"Well, he didn't catch them," admitted the miller, "but he frightened them off. They were after the plate that the old gentleman keeps, so the man told my girl."

"He's a queer old customer," interposed one of the company, seeing, as we all saw, that we should get no further interest out of the miller. Our attention broke up.

"You're right," nodded his vis-a-vis and replaced his pipe in his mouth.

"May I ask what castle you are speaking of?" I ventured to say, addressing the miller.

"Ivor castle, sir," said he civilly.

"It lays in the Gwent, sir, back of the hills," explained the landlord.

"As you talk of this burglary," said Montgomery, breaking in rather rudely. "I'd like first to know what they were going to find in the castle. Every one knows there's nothing to be got there."

Confronted with this uncivil infidel, the miller came to bay. "I don't know anything about it," he declared. "All I know is that this young woman—she says she was woke up by a noise going on, and then she went to sleep again, putting her head under the blankets, and that the manservant—I can't bring back his name—he told her next day that the thieves had tried to get in."

"Humph!" sneered Montgomery, who had plainly drunk too much to be an easy companion. "I don't call that much of a tale."

"If it's true, it's true," said the mild looking man.

"Who the devil asked your opinion?" retorted the lad brusquely. The mild man shifted in his chair, but mustered courage to ask if a man might not express his sentiments upon a point of general interest.

"That's true, anyway," assented Montgomery, with a foolish laugh.

It was clear that he had taken enough to be quarrelsome if the opportunity should rise, and unfortunately he chose to turn his bantering gaze upon my sour and peevish neighbor.

"Well, Mr. Jones," said he, "and how's hay?"

"How's crops, my young gentleman?" says Jones in his surly fashion.

"Crops," said Montgomery in a bawl, "crops is as they should be—seasonable. Here's to crops, gentleman, and also to hay," and he fell into his chair laughing abominably.

I could not say if this was part of an elaborate jest, conceived by a maudlin brain, or whether he had really been taken with an unreasonable fit of anger; but, whether of accident or of purpose, he filled up his glass forward between his fingers, and the dregs flew out and spattered the hay merchant's face.

"Gentlemen!" cried the landlord, in some alarm.

Montgomery stood, his red face somewhat vacant and grinning broadly, while his sallow faced victim, who had got upon his feet, gesticulated and stuttered under his nose with a show of passion that was not quite English, and at this moment, when it seemed as if some retaliation was to be expected and a fracas precipitated, an impulse took me, and I myself intervened.

"I think, sir," said I, addressing Montgomery, "you will admit that you have used this worthy gentleman very ill, and if I were you, sir, with your youth and spirit at my back, I would ask his pardon at once."

On that he stared at me for some seconds, and then, plumping the empty glass on the table, he broke into a sheepish laugh.

"All right," he said; "very sorry. I beg his pardon," and muttering some indistinct apologies he resumed his seat, sitting somewhat silent for a good time afterward.

But that was my introduction to the lad, an introduction none too favorable, of which he began at once to make use, for he crept close to me, moving from chair to chair, when a chance served him, and, being emboldened by the liquor he had drunk, struck up a lively conversation with me. In the end he was exceedingly merry, and was shaking me heartily by the hand, and invited me to drive out to his farm in the Gwent with a good deal of unusual warmth and vehemence, but I managed at last to make my escape, and that without giving him offense.

It was yet early, but the taproom had lost its humors for me, and I was for bed. In my room I spent an agreeable hour, idly considering my guidebooks and determining a date for my return to town. Upon the map I made out the site of Iver castle, of which there had been talk, also of Montgomery's farm, which he had described to me. They both lay in the Gwent, as that great reach of forest in the marches is called.

CHAPTER II.

RAIN had fallen in the night, and a sweet savor of earth commingled with the summer air when I opened my door and looked forth upon the courtyard. The landlord gently deprecated the events of the previous evening, offering, as it might be to a fastidious guest, an apology for a headstrong young scapegrace.

"They're not like us of the eastern counties, sir," says he. "They're a bit Welsh hereabout. It's a contamination, to my way of thinking. But, there, all sorts of blood go to make a nation, and that's the truth."

But he volunteered a few additional particulars about Montgomery.

"Not a bad sort, sir, at heart, but he's running to seed here. He's taken a main fancy to you. That I could spy at a look. But it's a poor prospect for him, with land dwindling away to nothing, and Llanthony is a shabby house for a young gentleman as he should be."

Llanthony, it appears, was the name of Montgomery's paternal estate in the Gwent. And, in fact, it was for this Gwent that I was bound this morning. The prospect of those rolling hills attracted me with some force. I had an appetite for the wilderness of that back country, unscarred, as I learned, by the track of any railway. It was in a way virgin, at the least a property private from the world. As I struck across the Ray and directed my horse toward the long red slope of the ascent I looked back upon the little town and discovered it wrapped in mountain humors.

Llanthony, according to my host, lay at the back of the first hill, some four miles from Raymond, but as the estate was not my particular aim, and, if it had been, I had no one to guide me, I roamed indefinitely through byways over a circuit of the upper Gwent and finally drew up in the village of Llanellan about the hour of lunch. This village lay a mile or so from the more open districts of the Gwent and within the privy borders of the great forest itself. It would have been easy to throw the reins upon the horse's neck and to wander, lost in the abysms of that wilderness, for the villages were scattered at a great distance and the habitations of the settlers were at long intervals. It was somewhere about 5 in the afternoon, and as I rode down into a spacious valley a few miles from Llanellan, that the monotony of this desultory journey was broken by an event of some moment.

A pretty brook rippled through the wood and was crossed upon a rude bridge. As it chanced, my horse fell suddenly lame, and I had dismounted on the farther edge of the stream to examine his hoof when I heard sounds as of a struggle in the close brake to my left, and upon that a shrill shout as of one crying for assistance. Leaving the bay without further ado, for he was of mild mettle, I jumped into the copse and ran toward the noises, shouting as I went to encourage the wayfarer who was calling for aid.

The cries had already ceased, but a crackling and brushing in the undergrowth still directed me, and, bursting through the furze and brier, I came out very suddenly upon the verge of the little brook and almost fell over the form of a man who lay doubled upon the earth. As I stumbled and shifted to regain my balance I had a glimpse of a lithe, lean bodied fellow vanishing precipitately into the copse. But obviously it was to the victim that I must first turn my mind rather than to any fugitive assailant. He was a man, as I guessed, of some sixty years or more, very bald of the head and under the middle stature. Across his white and shining forehead was a streak of blood, which drew from me an exclamation as I helped him to his feet.

"It is not mine," said he, with a complacent smile. "I go better prepared than my years would suggest."

"No bones broken?" I inquired.

He shook his head, leaning upon my arm and breathing painfully.

"A bruise or two, and no wind in my belly—no more. I was a fool to have forgotten my pistol."

The words recalled me to the thought of the runaway, to whom I attributed this scurvy trick upon an old gentleman.

"What was the cause?" I asked. "Some highway thief?"

"Hardly that," he remarked thoughtfully, and pulling forth an ancient snuffbox with deliberation. "No, I could scarcely describe him as that."

I made a motion to withdraw, recollecting hastily that it was my duty to ascertain some tidings of the ruffian, but the old gentleman, observing my intention, put his hand upon my shoulder.

"I would not worry," said he suavely. "It is of small consequence as it happens. Now, had you come up a moment later," he continued, regarding me with a faint smile, "I could hardly have put a limit on this business, but as it is"—

I had a glimpse of a lithe, lean bodied fellow.

"Surely," I broke in shortly, "you will have the brute arrested if you can recognize him again?"

"Recognize him?" murmured the old gentleman, snuffing gently and with an air of consideration from his fingers. "Yes, I dare say I should know him, but I am sure you will allow me to manage this affair my own way. I have stood the racket, you know, though I heartily acknowledge you have acquired a certain claim to attention. It is very good of you," he said politely, and then, "Yes, I think I should know him again—if we met—which is of course extremely improbable," he concluded, with a twinkle in his eyes.

Now, the self possession of this old fellow, with his air of imperturbable courage, puzzled me hugely and in a manner was very disconcerting. He had taken the outrage, which had evidently been committed upon his person, with such mildness, even with amiability. I could scarce credit my senses to see him discoursing there, with his snuff between his fingers, so pleasantly and broadly, of the event. He seemed quite unruffled, though his body still panted with the efforts of his struggle.

"Is your watch safe? I suppose it was robbery?" I said, feeling somehow rather mean and cast down by the unexpected situation.

"Thank you, quite safe," he replied, without troubling to ascertain. "Yes, quite safe. Certainly I must suppose it to have been robbery—yes, robbery, no doubt."

His air was so abstracted that I took leave to doubt his sanity; but, after all, it was no business of mine if he was foolishly disposed to mercy, and one needs but little imagination to conceive of a dozen deep reasons for an assault save the plain motive of theft. He turned to me presently as I was upon the point of withdrawing.

"I am at a loss to know," said he, laboring over his words and speaking very deliberately, "what devil of folly pursues men that they will hazard all on a piece of carelessness, a wanton whim or just mere indifference or idleness, I cannot say"— He paused as we emerged upon the road. "This must be your horse, then, a good, serviceable animal, that would have warmed my heart thirty years since. I cannot say," he resumed, clutching gently at my arm, "that my adventure today was due to any other cause than that of mere carelessness." He paused again, surveying my horse with apparent interest. "In the first place, I should not have been so far from home; secondly, I should not have been without my revolver; thirdly, I should have used my stick harder when I got home, a concurrence of negligences which made my fate almost a certainty but for your arrival," he added as a polite afterthought, squeezing my arm.

I confess that I was utterly at a loss what to make of him and was inclined to interpret him for a mild lunatic, but we proceeded along the roadway, I with the bridle of my horse over my arm. He still clung to me, discoursing quietly in a melodious voice upon his views of life and the philosophy we should derive from it, while I listened, for the most part, in silence. But after walking for a quarter of an hour, the latter part of which time was spent in a somewhat laborious ascent, we came out upon the summit of a little hill clad in the splendid livery of summer and surmounted by what seemed in the distance to be the ruins of a castle. Here the old gentleman came to a halt, ceasing simultaneously of his chatter, and looked toward the building.

"I am fully conscious, Mr. —; I don't think I caught your name, Mr."—

(To be continued.)

CANADA'S MELLOW EAST.

The Old Chateau and Its Memories—A Bi-Centennial Celebration—A Valuable Society.

That country which has no history may be happy, as the phrasemaker says, but it can never inspire the patriotism that has its roots in the glories of the past not less than in the promise of the future. Canada is a young country, but her history is venerable, and strikes back hundreds of years into the traditions of two races. The West may be new and raw, but the East is mellow with memories of a lustrous but vanished regime. Some of its landmarks remain, lustrous no longer, even mean by comparison with modern luxuriousness in architecture, but dear alike to the antiquarian and to the Canadian who thrills at the mention of some of the historic personages and epoch-making events with which they are associated. Such a landmark is the Chateau de Ramezay, a famous old house in Montreal, once the very heart of life in Canada, now shabby in old age, and cold with the chill of a museum—a shell emptied of its kernel a hundred years ago, standing as a monitor of the transience of man and the permanence of his works.

A Bi-Centennial Celebration.

The chateau has passed its two hundredth year, and recently the people of Montreal fittingly commemorated the anniversary by permitting their minds to be turned back over the lapse of years to review some of the events connected with the venerable building. The guide-books of modern days baldly describe the chateau as a "long, low, cottage-built building of shabby mien, standing behind an old stone fence." It stands opposite the City Hall, and the two present a contrast stimulating to the imagination. It was built in 1705 by Claude de Ramezay, a Governor, whose name has been chiefly remembered by his son, who surrendered Quebec when further defence of the citadel was impossible. Later on the chateau fell into the hands of the Compagnie des Indies Occidentales, and became the headquarters of the French fur trade for many years. After the conquest it was used by the English Governors. A tablet in the wall of the chateau proclaims these facts, that are repeated by the guide-books.

Franklin's Canadian Office.

Another tablet refers to the events of 1775, when the Americans held the city, and established themselves in the official residence. Here came Franklin, Samuel Chase and Charles Carroll to confer with Benedict Arnold and discuss means whereby the Canadians could be induced to join with the other colonists in revolt against British connection. In the council chamber where now the tourist loiters the American commissioners sat in secret conclave and considered weighty matters. Hither Ben Franklin brought a printing press and set it up, the weapon he deemed mightier than the guns and bayonets of his soldier colleagues. The first newspaper in Montreal was printed in the cellar of the Chateau de Ramezay, and at Franklin's instigation, for he fetched from Philadelphia one Fleury Mesplet, a printer, who issued a little weekly pamphlet, printed in French. Its avowed purpose was to make the French-Canadians discontented with English rule and persuade them to enter the Union as a separate State. After a while both the English and French languages were used in the paper, and then English only. The paper thus begun has grown to be one of the greatest journals of Canada, and for 130 years it has not changed its name—The Gazette, of Montreal.

Two Hundred Years Ago.

The Gazette, therefore, might reasonably claim to be the supreme authority on all matters pertaining to the old Chateau de Ramezay, and it was only natural that at the present time it should be rich in the lore of its first home. We cannot do better than quote from an article in The Gazette: "Those who may be privileged by being present will see in the museum, galleries and library of the chateau hundreds of connecting links between the Montreal of two centuries ago and the Montreal of to-day. There is, in the Jugements et deliberations du Conseil Superieur du Quebec the record of an altercation that took place, in the very year of the chateau's foundation (1705), between the Sieur Rocbert de la Morandiere, garde des magazins de Montreal, and a soldier servant of M. de Ramezay, named La Marine, in the course of which the latter (who was the assailant) lost his life. In due time the case was submitted to His Majesty Louis XIV., and the unhappy slayer of La Marine was released from prison. The reader will find all the particulars in the fifth volume of the Jugements, etc. (pages 464-471 inclusive). M. Pierre Georges Roy has reproduced the account of the quarrel and the King's pardon in his history of La Famille Rocbert de la Morandiere.

A Valuable Society.

Originally the residence of a Governor, who built it because he could find in Montreal no fitting place to house himself, the chateau, as has been intimated, saw many strange scenes, acknowledged in turn French, American and English conquerors. It has been court house, publishing office, college, Normal school and court house again, the home of French and Scotch private gentlemen, but Government property since 1774, when its owner, William Grant, after ten years' residence, leased it. Now, it is a show place, and the haunt of the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society, that is well qualified to be its custodian, and under whose auspices, on Wednesday evening, Earl Grey and many distinguished citizens of Montreal met to commemmorate the record of the old grey walls and the stout oak beams. The Gazette pays a tribute in passing to the labors of the society, and recalls other celebrations that it has inaugurated. It led the way among our learned bodies in honoring the memory of William Caxton, and the introduction of printing in England, and held a magnificent exhibition of books, manuscript and printed. More than once it has held loan portrait exhibitions of unusual interest. It is chiefly through the exertions of this society that the old chateau has been preserved to Canadians as a memento of a time that is past, and of a chivalry that left a deep mark upon the pages of our history.

NATURE'S POISONS.

The Part They Have Performed in Civilizing the World.

"Poison," as a single word of the English language, carries with it more instinctive warning and repugnance than invest any other word in the glossary of English speech. Whether spoken or written the word at once challenges the attention and the imagination to horror of evil. There are only three poisonous serpents in the geography of North America, yet because of these three varieties alone the whole reptilian family is condemned to death at sight.

And yet, strangely anomalous as it may appear, the existence of active poisons in the animal, vegetable and mineral kingdoms of nature has done more for the development of modern civilized man than have all the other innocuous elemental things which aboriginal man found to his hand. These active poisons were man's first stimulus to thought. Even in the figurative Eden there was one fruit of which man might not eat. "Why not?" was his first question, and the only rational answer was for him to eat and see.

Waving aside this literal Eden as apochryphal and metaphorical, the aboriginal man was confronted by the same literal condition as to the things which he should not eat or touch or smell. His environment was that of the torrid zone. Nakedness was his condition. Exposure to the venoms and animal, plant and mineral life was a consequence against which only a quickened intelligence could insure immunity. The fruit of one plant he discovered to be life; the touch of another was death. He could avoid the giant carnivora of the jungle which would have searched him out with tooth and claw, but he had little resource against the creeping, crawling things whose fangs and stings meant convulsive suffering, horrors and death to his kind. He knew the sweet waters of the hills, but must learn to guard against the brackish, excoriating waters of the deserts. "Why?" because in this manner his first voiceless question and the stimulus of the interrogation were the making of the civilized man.

COINCIDENCES.

Some of the Queerest Recorded in the History of the World.

The late well known archaeologist, Albert Way, crossing Pall Mall, cannoned against an old gentleman. After mutual apologies cards were exchanged. On each card was printed, "Mr. Albert Way." The older gentleman, dying, left his fortune to the other Albert Way.

The planet Neptune, which had for countless ages revolved in the heavens unseen by any one on earth, was discovered simultaneously and independently in 1846 by Professor Adams and M. Leverrier, the two most brilliant astronomers of the day.

Some years ago a shepherd boy placed a sleeper on the railway line between Brighton and Falmer, with the result that a train was thrown off the rails. One year later to a day, almost to a minute, that same youth was struck by lightning and instantaneously killed within a couple of miles of the spot at which the accident occurred.

The four King Georges of England all died on the same day of the week.

In 1890, a few weeks before the census taker began the enumeration of the people of Elm Grove, Va., the town authorities counted their own population preparatory to filing articles of incorporation. The following was the remarkable result: Number of males over twenty-one years of age, 148; number of males under twenty-one years of age, 148; number of females over sixteen years of age, 148; number of females under sixteen years of age, 148.

Some years ago in Teheran an English sailor was caught in the act of carrying off some precious stones from the shah's palace. The thief was brought before the "king of kings," who swore that the next time the sailor crossed his path he would at once be put to death. It is a curious fact that this very sailor was crossing the street when the shah was driving in Berlin some time after and was knocked down and instantaneously killed.

Tennyson's "Brook."

It is not generally known that Tennyson's beautiful poem, "The Brook," once came very near perishing. One day the Rev. Edward Rawnsley was sitting with the poet in his lodgings in London, when Tennyson began burning papers and manuscripts and was about to destroy "The Brook," says Home Notes.

"Stop, stop! You mustn't burn that!" said Mr. Rawnsley. "It is one of the best things you have written."

"Is it?" said the poet, and put it back.

Stupid Jeweler.

Miss Inez Entz—Yes, Mr. Fickel proposed last night, and we're engaged now. I'm so happy! And I'm the first girl George ever loved too!

Miss Wise—Yes? I don't notice your ring. Didn't he give you one?

Miss Inez Entz—Yes; but, you see, he had to take it back to have it fixed. The stupid jeweler made the inscription read, "George to Genevieve" instead of "George to Inez."—London Sketch.

Not a Falsifier Either.

"Patching and darning, as usual, are you?" said the caller.

"Yes," answered Mrs. Lapsling. "I tell Samuel I save him a good deal of money by being so mendacious."

The man of meditation wastes no time, scatters no energy, misses no opportunity.—Besant.

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Soda.

Ontario Liquor License ACT.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the License Commissioners for the License District of West Hastings at the Inspector's Office, No. 221 George Street, Belleville, on Wednesday, the 18th day of April, 1906, at the hour of 2 p.m., to consider applications for Liquor Licenses for the coming license year commencing on the first day of May, 1906, and granting same where they consider necessary.

The total number of licenses granted for the current year was as follows: City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns, 4.

Total number of applications for the coming year; City of Belleville—Taverns, 16; shops, 3; Town of Trenton—Taverns, 7; shops 2; Township of Sidney—Taverns 5.

The following is the new applicant: In the Township of Sidney, Robert Armstrong, for the premises situated at Chisholm's Rapids and known as the Armstrong House.

TOM KETCHESON,
Chairman

HUGH WALKER,
Inspector District of West Hastings.
Belleville, April 2nd, 1906.
d4-7-10-14-16w5

WANT MATERIAL PROOF

FORGETTING SPIRITUAL THINGS ARE SPIRITUALLY DISCERNED.

FOR DOUBTING THOMASES

Amplification of Our Conceptions of God Will Lead Us Away From Human Error and Misconceptions of the Almighty and Into Simple Faith and Obedience Wherein Are Found Peace and Joy.

Entered according to Act of Parliament of Canada, in the year 1906, by Frederick Diver, Toronto, at the Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 15.—In this sermon the preacher shows how our human misconceptions of God and his promises lead us into error and that the remedy is simple faith and obedience. The text is John iv, 48, "Except ye see signs and wonders, ye will not believe."

We are always demanding gospel proof. Like Gideon of old, we want our faith bolstered up by the wet fleece. Like doubting Thomas, we want to see Christ in the flesh and to thrust our fingers into the torn palms of the hands and into the wounded side before we will believe that he is risen from the dead. When any fact about God or the prophecies of the Bible is told us we at once say, "Give us the evidence or we will not believe." Now, I want to show you not only that "faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen," but that we should believe and trust God and accept his words and promises, even when there are no signs and wonders visible to confirm our faith.

Signs and wonders theological have come to us. God and his attributes pass all the realms of human explanation. The story is told that one day Michael Angelo entered the studio of Raphael. You know that the Florentine master was nearly a decade older than the painter of the Sistine Madonna. As an artist who had won his spurs, he had a right to give advice to the younger man. Michael Angelo stood for some time before one of Raphael's easels. The young man at this time was absent from his studio. Angelo lifted a pencil and drew the curves of the figure upon the canvas along broader lines. Then under the picture he wrote this one word three times: "Amplify! Amplify! Amplify!" You who have stood before the wonderful creations of the architect of St. Peter's of Rome know what he meant by that word. He meant "Increase the conception of your subjects." Oh, Raphael, knot the muscles of your model's arms and make swarthier necks and broader shoulders and more leonine countenances. The taunting Philistine is not a dwarf, but a giant. The master builders of history are not pygmies, but Titans. Neptune's trident does not rule a mill pond, but has for its realm the mighty deep. Amplify! Amplify! Amplify! Good advice that for Raphael, in an artistic sense. Good advice for us in a theological sense. We have received certain revelations given in reference to God's personality, but we must not stop with these revelations. We must be continually enlarging our ideas of God. We must try to gain a conception of him greater than our eyes can see and greater than our human intellects can explain.

We must amplify our belief of God's personality in reference to his eternal existence. The first verse of the first chapter of Genesis says, 'In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth." But that "beginning" simply alludes to the creation of the world and the planetary system. Friend, did not God exist before what? "Oh, yes," you answer: "God has always existed." But what do you mean by "always?" I follow Hugh Miller, the Scottish geologist, in his "Testimony of the Rocks" and in his "Footprints of the Creator," and he tells me that the six days of creation were not six days of twenty-four hours each, but that each day represented ages upon ages of time. This conception of the time of the creation was well expressed by the Psalmist when he said, "A thousand years in thy sight are but as yesterday when it is past, and as a watch in the night." In the creation of the world the seconds of time are centuries, and the minutes are millenniums, the hours are eras, and the days are ages upon ages. If you go and stand by the falls of Niagara, the scientists will tell you that the falling waters wear away about six feet of rock every year. Then they will take you for miles down the rapids, toward Lake Ontario, and show you where those rocks have gradually been worn away by the falling waters of thousands of years. Next these geologists will open the leaves of the rocks and tell you that those rocks which have been worn away took ages upon ages to form. Then, after we go back thousands upon thousands of years to the creation of the world, you are not yet at the beginning of God's eternal existence, for God existed before the world was. Backward to the birth cradle of this world you must go; backward, still backward and backward, until time loses itself you must go, and there you will still find God's eternal existence. Am I not right in saying that the eternal life of God passes all human conception and explanation?

What the eternal existence of God means cannot be better illustrated than by the following words of M. Camille Flammarion, the celebrated astronomer. What this French writer says about the heavens we can easily apply to the duration of time: "Let us imagine that we sail a million years with the velocity of light, 186,000 miles a second. Are we at the confines of the visible universe? See the black immensities we must cross! But yonder new stars are lit up in the depth of the heavens. We push on toward them; we reach them—again a million years, new revelations, new starry splendors, new systems, new worlds, new earths. What, never an end? We are at the vestibule of the infinite. We have advanced but a single step. We are always at the same point—the centre everywhere, the circumference nowhere. We see before us the infinite, of which the study is not yet begun. We have seen nothing. We recoil in terror. We might fall in a straight line during a whole eternity, nor ever reach the bottom. It is infinite in all directions." So wherever we go into the past let us always think of God as still farther back. Backward we can go ages upon ages, trillions and quadrillions of years, and there we still find God's eternal existence. Am I wrong in saying amplify? Amplify! Amplify your conceptions of the life of God in the past and amplify your conceptions of the life of God in the future.

Not only must we amplify our ideas in reference to God's eternal existence, but we must also amplify them in reference to God's personal presence. The Bible tells us that we are made after God's image. "So God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him, male and female created he them." Does this imply that God is like unto us physically—that he has two eyes, two hands, two feet and a beating heart? Just as I find Queen Victoria's face stamped upon the English shilling, so some people think God's face, in a physical sense, is stamped upon us. But is this true? Nay. Amplify! Amplify your idea of God's personality. In the One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Psalm I read these words: "Whither shall I go from thy spirit or whither shall I flee from thy presence? If I ascend up into heaven, thou art there; if I make my bed in hell, behold, thou art there; if I take the wings of the morning and dwell in the uttermost parts of the sea, even there thy right hand shall hold me. Yea, the darkness hideth not from thee, but the night shineth as the day. The darkness and the light are both alike to thee." In other words, God is here, God is there, God is everywhere at once. How can all this be and yet God be like ourselves in a physical sense? Men incapable of conceiving pure spirit have supposed that God has a human form, as did the ancient anthropomorphites, or an animal form, as did the ancient idolaters, but the Bible doctrine as expounded by Jesus is, God is a spirit, and they that worship him must worship him in spirit.

Not only does the omnipresence of God pass all human conception and explanation, but his personality, called the Trinity, also passes human explanation. Here we have God the Father, God the Son and God the Holy Spirit. How can you interpret it? A dear friend of mine told me how an old Spanish artist once tried to explain it. Above one of the altars of a Mexican cathedral was a picture amid clouds. Out of these clouds appeared the faces of three men. These three faces were all the same. Under the picture, in Latin, were the words, "The Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost." These three faces were all alike; they were like three photographs of one face taken from the same negative. But had that artist caught a true conception of the Trinity? No. He no more pictured the true God than did the artist who tried to picture the face of the Trinity as that of one man. The full conception of God's eternal existence and of God's personality passes all human grasp.

But, though I have dwelt long upon my first point, I believe it is the least important of any I shall present, for it is almost an impossibility for any one of us to get away from our belief in an overruling God who was the creater of the universe after we have studied the wonderful harmonies of the natural world. We are like the student of skeptical tendencies who was seated at the feet of that master of anatomy, Dr. Marshall. The great professor was explaining to his class the marvels of the points of the knee or of the hand. After he had finished his talk this student exclaimed, "A man must be a fool indeed who, after duly studying his own body, can remain an atheist." So we say, "A man must be a fool who can study the harmonies of nature and not believe that a master mind, called the Creator and the Ruler, is molding and influencing all." But, after we have studied the signs and the wonders of the heaven and the earth and have accepted a belief in a God, the next question which naturally confronts us is this: "How do we know that this God the Creator is the God who is the author of the book we call the Bible, in which the coming of Christ is foretold and the promises of forgiveness of sin in Christ's blood are made to a dying human race?" How do we know that God is the author of the Bible? Why, by the testimony of the Bible itself. The internal evidences of a manuscript carry their own proof of genuineness. For centuries upon centuries the Bible has had the test of internal criticism applied to it.

Let the first chapter of Genesis come forth and speak. That is to me one of the most wonderful of all passages of the Bible. Have you ever carefully studied it? Suppose that Luther Burbank, California's wizard of flowers and fruits, should bring to us a new kind of fruit. This fruit may be different from any other fruit ever grown. Then suppose he told us how he got that fruit. Perhaps it was developed by grafting an Italian grape upon a certain kind of American grapevine. If he told us all this, and we knew that no other such grape had ever been grown, we would believe that he had developed that grape. Well, in the same way thousands of years ago God told Moses how he had created the world. First came the water, then the land, then the grass, then the living creatures in the water, then the animals, then man. "Oh," you say, "that is a simple story." Yes, it is so simple that for thousands of years the scientists were trying to discover the order of creation, and now, much to their surprise, the biologists have found out that the order as written by Moses thousands of years ago is the scientifically accepted order of creation of today. Does not the first book of the Bible bear upon it the stamp of God's authorship? Was not its story of creation told before science was born?

Then the miracles of Jesus and the recorded biographies of Christ. How are you going to get around them? Are you going to regard Christ as a fraud and an impostor and yet call him the best of men, as nearly all infidels and agnostics do? I can understand how Voltaire could despise and blaspheme Christ, but I do not understand how Rousseau and Jean Paul Richter could be so illogical as to represent Christ at the same time as a model for humanity and yet as a self-deceived fanatic.

Are you going to take the ridiculous and illogical stand which a noted editor of a city newspaper did when he wrote to a lawyer friend of mine a letter that went thus: "A man who drinks can preach a better temperance lecture than all the fanatics on earth. But you cannot make men good by law. I am not a believer in religion, so called, but I was convinced long ago that the ultimate redemption of the children of men must come through the inculcation in their hearts of the religion of Jesus Christ. If men make Christ the model, even though it be a superstition, as I believe, virtue will dominate the world of vice and sin will be minimized. But it must come through moral suasion and not through force and compulsion." Now, my friend, is that your illogical stand? Are you prepared to assert with your one breath that Jesus Christ is the best of all human beings and then to assert with your next breath that Christ is a deceiver. Nay, nay, not that. As an intelligent man you should be ready to say here and now: "No man could have uttered such words as did Jesus Christ unless he was true. And therefore, if Christ is true, Christ is the Son of God." By the law of logic and common sense we cannot get away from this conclusion. The Bible biographies of Christ, by their internal evidence, prove that Christ's life was divine.

Now, having seen enough of the signs and wonders of the Bible to prove that it is of divine authorship, I am ready to make a confession. I am ready to confess that this holy book is filled with mysteries. Like a blind man, I bump up against them everywhere. But because I cannot understand why God should so love the world that he gave his only begotten Son that whosoever believeth on him should not perish, but have everlasting life, is that any reason why I should reject that divine offer of pardon and eternal life? "Nay, nay," again I say. Why all the promises of God are given to us I cannot conceive. But those promises are there. And because they are there I will accept them and live by them and leave the explanations for eternity. I have had given to me enough proof to know that the Bible is true. Therefore I shall accept upon the faith of those promises the things I cannot understand.

But now, believing that God is a loving Father and that the Bible is given to us by divine inspiration, the next difficult question which confronts us is this: "Why does a loving Father, who is preparing such felicity for us on the other side of the grave, allow so much misery and suffering and injustice to his dear ones on this side of the grave?" for we all can say with the Psalmist, "I have seen the wicked in great power and spreading himself like a green bay tree." Yes, we have seen wicked Dives in a palace and good Lazarus as a beggar dying in the gutter. But that is not the universal rule. Religion has in it the promise of the life that now is. A proof of the fact we may see around us in prosperous, happy men, who are leading good Christian lives.

Let me prove this statement by the testimony of one of the greatest of English statesmen of the past century, Hon. William E. Gladstone, who once said: "Christianity is the religion in the command of whose professors is lodged a proportion of power far exceeding its superiority of numbers, and this power is both moral and material. In the realm of controversy it can hardly be said to have a serious antagonist. Force, secular or physical, is accumulated in the hands of Christians in a proportion absolutely overwhelming, and the accumulation of influence is not less remarkable than that of force. This is not surprising, for all the elements of influence have their home within the Christian precinct. The art, the literature, the systematized industry, invention and commerce—in one word, the power of the world—are almost wholly Christian. The nations of Christendom are everywhere arbiters of the fate of non-Christian nations." When people as a nation have honored God there God has always honored and blessed those people. The signs of these blessings everywhere prove that God is looking after and caring for his own. Now, having seen how God blesses his own in great numbers, I am ready to believe that he is blessing his own even when he permits the heavy hand of trouble to fall upon them. I cannot understand always why this trouble comes, but I am ready by faith to accept it as a blessing. And why should not we accept as a blessing the troubles which come to God's dear ones, although we cannot understand why these troubles come? Do we not, as parents, often have to do that which may seem cruel or hard to our children, and yet we thus afflict for our children's good?

In closing I would bid you set your gospel compass. I want you to be like the traveler going through the western country guided by the beacon light of the rising and setting sun. I want you to be like a voyager setting sail across the Atlantic. He does not go in a haphazard way to a fisherman of Nantucket and say, "Will you with your sailboat take me to Europe?" But he goes down to the office of a great transatlantic line. There he selects his steamer. He knows that this steamer is managed by a competent crew and commanded by an able captain. When the storms come and the winds blow and the billows heave, he does not rush upon the deck and say, "Let me take that wheel." Nay. He says, "The captain knows best, and he will see us through." So may it be with us in life's voyage. May we step into the gospel ship and say to Jesus: "Master, Commander, wherever thou takest me I know it is best for me to go. Tell me what to do, and I will do it! But thou, O Divine Captain, stand upon the quarter deck and command, and all will be well."

Some time ago a little girl was out driving with her father. Suddenly the horse shied, and in great fright the daughter grabbed the reins from her father's hand, and the leaping horse nearly caused an accident. With that the father said: "Daughter, never do that again. You should learn to trust me. I will not let any harm come to you when I have hold of the lines." We must walk by faith and not by sight. We must let our God take us where he will. Friend, child, are you ready to let God drive? Knowing that he loves us, will you trust him even when you cannot always understand him? Drive on, thou King of kings, drive on!

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Atchison	94	93⅞
do pref	102½	102½
St. Paul	178⅞	177⅞
Mop	96¼	96½
Union Pac	158¼	157⅞
C.P.R.	172½	172½
Sou Pac	69⅞	69½
R I	28⅛	28⅛
Ils. C.	175½	174⅞
Sou. Ry	40⅞	40½
Texas	31	34
B & O	112	111⅞
N Y C	144½	144
Penn	141⅞	142½
Soo	....	157
T. W.	125	120
Erie	45⅞	45½
do pref	78½	78½
Reading	138⅛	137½
C. O	59½	59
O W	51½	52
Manhattan	155	155½
W C	....	....
L & N.	151	151
A. F.	45⅛	45½
Nor	....	....
Wab.	22	22½
do pref	49	49¼
A. R.	101½	101
C. G W	21½	21½
T.C.I.		
U. S. Steel	43½	43⅝
do pref	109½	109
Sugar	140½	142
B.R.T.	88½	87½
P. O	94½	94½
A. C P.	114½	114
Met.	117⅞	117½
Alo.	70½	69½
C.F.I.	63½	62¾

May wheat opened at 79⅞; closed at 79⅞
July wheat opened at 79⅞; closed at 79⅞
May corn opened at 46½; closed at 46½
July corn opened at 46½; closed at 46½
May Oats opened at 31¾; closed at 31½
May pork opened at 16.05 closed at 16.17

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ANOTHER MARRIAGE QUESTION.

Ontario Law Forbids a Man Marrying His Brother's Widow.

The Provincial Secretary's Department has recently received several letters from issuers of marriage licenses, who ask whether licenses should be issued for a man to marry his "brother's wife," for so the statute defining marriages which are prohibited on the grounds of consanguinity reads. The department's answer in every case is the same, and it is to the effect that under the statutes of Ontario a man cannot lawfully marry his brother's widow or his brother's divorced wife. Most of the inquiries ask the question apparently in behalf of parties who want to marry brothers' widows. It is said that several such marriages have lately taken place in the province.

Col. English Will Stay.

It has been learned that Lieut.-Col English, R. E., commandant of the Esquimalt garrison in British Columbia, will not return to [illegible] main two years longer, assisting in the organization of the Canadian troops. He is regarded as one of the smartest officers in the force, and his efficiency has made him very popular at that station. He will not likely remain at Victoria, but will be attached either to headquarters staff or Kingston Citadel. A large number of men will be taken on at Victoria with the Canadian force. This is important, because a great deal of technical ordinance work must be done at once. The mounting of 9.2 guns on Signal Hill, involving the drawing to the summit of the crag and the placing in position of two hundred tons or more of guns, has been suspended for some time. The Imperial forces were doing this work, and receiving a halfpenny per hour for the extra work it involved, over and above their pay. It will cost Canada much more, and she will, moreover, have few men of sufficient experience for the work. Each of the guns require about twenty men to keep in proper shape, and this, it is felt, will compel Canada to keep up about four hundred men, although it is announced that the start will be made with a skeleton force of 150.

It is stated authoritively that an arrangement has been made between the Home and Canadian Governments whereby such Imperial soldiers and officers as remain in Canada will be allowed to count the years of Canadian service as Imperial service for pension purposes, and that Canada will contribute to the Imperial coffers her proportion of this pension allowance corresponding to the time put in this country.

Let us read with method and propose to ourselves an end to which our studies may point. The use of reading is to aid us in thinking.—Edward Gibson.

FOR METRIC'S USE.

Alexander Graham Bell, Inventor of the Telephone, Calls Present Conditions Very Chaotic—New Standard.

In the March Number of the National Geographical Magazine Alexander Graham Bell, the inventor of the telephone, contributes an article, entitled "Our Heterogeneous System of Weights and Measures," which is an explanation of the reasons why we should abandon its obsolete system in inches, tons and gallons. He discusses the Littauer bill, which provides that after July 1, 1908, the metric system of weights and measures shall be used in the Government departments. Dr. Bell says, in part:

"It is obvious that our present system of weights and measures is in a very chaotic condition. It certainly is not right that a coal company should be able to pay miners by a ton of 2,240 pounds and then sell the coal by another ton of 2,000 pounds. But even the pound itself varies in weight according to circumstances. Some of our people employ a pound of sixteen ounces, others a pound of twelve ounces, so that it is necessary in business transactions to have a definite understanding as to the kind of pound we employ—whether avoirdupois or troy weight. The ounce, too, varies.

Much Unnecessary Labor.

"Few people have any adequate conception of the amount of unnecessary labor involved in the use of our present weights and measures. Scientific men and merchants may have the necessary skill with figures to enable them to use the metric system, but how about the common people of the country? It is just here that the metric system possesses special advantages—reducing to a minimum the amount of labor and skill required in the solution of the everyday problems of life involving the use of figures.

"The people of Great Britain, having no practical experience, by actual use, of the advantages of a decimal system of measurement, may have difficulty in realizing the amount of unnecessary drudgery through which they are obliged to go in order to obtain a solution of the simplest arithmetical problems, and they therefore have some excuse for remaining in the rear of progress, but the United States has no such excuse to offer for her hesitation in joining the majority of the civilized nations of the world in the adoption of the metric system.

"We already have a decimal system of money, and our people are therefore prepared to appreciate the great saving of labor involved in pushing the decimal principle into all our methods of measurement. We would not, if we could, go back to the old pounds, shillings and pence of our ancestors, for we can realize through our everyday experience with dollars and cents the drudgery we are saved in all financial calculations, and are, therefore, prepared to appreciate by analogy that corresponding benefits would arise from our adoption of a decimal system in our weights and measures.

An Illuminating Contrast.

"Let us compare for a moment the arithmetical processes involved in calculating by the old method of pounds, shillings and pence with the simpler process employed when we deal with dollars and cents and then apply the results to the metric system of weights and measures. Take any problem that may occur to your mind.

"Let us take, for example, the figures 1906, which represent the present year. Now if we had 1906 pennies and wanted to find how many pounds, shillings and pence this amounted to we must divide 1906 by twelve to find the number of shillings, and then divide this product by twenty to find the number of pounds. But the moment you adopt a decimal system of money like our own this kind of drudgery becomes entirely unnecessary. No calculation whatever is required in order to reduce the figures from one denomination to another—we simply shift the decimal point. We know at once, without calculation, that 1906 cents amount to 19.06 dollars.

"Now compare this simple process with the laborious processes involved in the use of the ordinary measures of length and weight. Take 1906 inches—how many feet and yards? We must divide 1906 by twelve to find out the number of feet, and then divide the product by three to ascertain the number yards. Or take 1906 ounces—how many pounds?

Simplicity of Metric System.

"And what kind of pound—avoirdupois weight, troy weight or apothecary's weight? In one case we may have to divide 1906 by 16, in another by 12, but the point I wish to make is this—that a calculation of some sort is involved in the mere process of translation from one denomination to another in the same kind of measure, while by the metrical system all this kind of labor is saved; we merely shift the decimal point.

"The amount of labor saved in calculating square measure and cubical measure is still more remarkable. Try square measure first. Take the figures 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 123,456 square inches. How many square feet. I will not try to work it out, but you must divide this number by 144 to get the number of square feet. You will probably require paper and pencil to perform the computation, but on the metrical plan the solution is so easy that any intelligent person can arrive at the result mentally without any calculation whatever; 123,456 square centimetres is equivalent to 12.3456 square metres.

"Even should we forget that there are 10,000 square centimetres in a square metre a moment's thought will enable us to recover the knowledge. The merest tyro knows that a metre consists of 100 centimetres (the name centimetre itself means one-hundredth of a metre), so that a square metre is a surface measuring 100 centimetres one way by 100 centimetres the other; 100 times 100 is 10,000, the figure '1,' followed by four ciphers, which means that we [illegible] shift the decimal point four places to the left to ascertain the number of square metres.

"At the present time the metric system is the only system known that has the ghost of a chance of being adopted by the world. As a matter of fact it is now international in character, for practically all the civilized nations of the world have already adopted it with the exception of the English-speaking peoples, who employ an admittedly inferior system."

GEOLOGIST DR. R. BELL

GETS ROYAL GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY'S GOLD MEDAL.

Interesting Account of the Origin of the Decoration Which Confers New Distinction Upon the Acting Director of the Canadian Geological Survey—Illustrious Men Who Have Previously Received the Medal—Sketch of Dr. Bell's Great Services.

To the many honors he has received from universities and institutions of science in recognition of his work as a geologist Dr. Robert Bell, acting director of the Canadian Geological Survey, now adds the prize most coveted by men eminent as explorers and geographers. The Royal Geographical Society has conferred upon him, with the sanction of the Sovereign, its patron's gold medal. To have his name added to the list of distinguished men who have been selected year after year for this mark of the society's appreciation must be very gratifying to Dr. Bell. In 1897 the medal was awarded to his predecessor in office, Dr. George M. Dawson, for geographical explorations carried on in the Northwest Territories, in the Yukon and in other parts of Canada.

Origin of the Decoration.

The Royal Geographical Society was established in 1830, and it at once found favor in high quarters. King William IV. took an interest in it from the first. At his request its name was changed from "The Geographical Society, of London," to the present form, "The Royal Geographical Society." He consented to become its patron, and while he lived it received from him an annual donation of fifty guineas, to be used as a premium for the encouragement and promotion of geographical science and discovery. The society was careful to see that none but the worthiest obtained its recommendation for this royal award. In William's reign the recipients of the premium were the following: Endersley, for despatching vessels to the Antarctic regions; Ross, for his expedition in the far north; Back, for his errand for the rescue of Ross; Burns, for his journey to Bokhara; Chesney, for surveying the Euphrates; Fitzroy, for his survey of the South American coast. In some cases these men received the royal award in cash; in others they obtained a medal of fifty guineas' value. Ross and Beck were great extenders of the geography of Canada's Arctic regions, the former being the discoverer of Boothia Felix and King William Land, the latter being the discoverer of the Great Fish River.

Queen Victoria's Medals.

Upon her accession to the throne Queen Victoria announced her intention to continue the royal patronage and bounty, and she regularly contributed the fify guineas per annum, as King Edward has done since her death. At that time the society decided that henceforth the money should be expended upon two gold medals of equal value and honor, one always since known as the Founder's medal, the other as the Patron's. On the Founder's medal the effigy of King William IV. is stamped, and the Patron's medal bears that of the reigning monarch. They cost 25 guineas apiece, and, as has already been said, one is as great a distinction as the other. Not every year, however, were medals struck. There were times when the highest services to geography were not deemed important enough to warrant the issue of the medals. In such years the fifty guineas were distributed as money among the men who were foremost in the geographical research that called for notice. Throughout its history, indeed, the society has supplemented the royal awards by cash donations, by gifts of watches, instruments, etc.

Former Holders.

It is impossible to mention all the illustrious men who have received the medals, but some of those who explored our northern seas and coasts may be referred to. One of the medals went to Thomas Simpson. After the return of Sir George Back, Simpson and Deane started in 1837 for the Great Slave Lake on a mission for the Hudson's Bay Co. They succeeded in connecting the work of Franklin and Beechey, thereby completing our knowledge from the Coppermine to Behring Strait. In 1839 Simpson went eastward from Coppermine River as far as Castor and Pollux River, thus connecting the work of Back and Franklin. He discovered the south coast of King William Land, and built at Cape Herschel the cairn that the perishing heroes of Franklin's last expedition came upon in 1848. In 1852 Dr. John Rae received the Founder's medal. In 1846 and 1847 he connected the work of Parry with that of Ross, and proved Bothia to be part of the mainland. In 1848 he accompanied Sir John Richardson down the Mackenzie River, and examined the Arctic coast east of the Coppermine in search of Sir John Franklin. In 1849 he continued the search via the Coppermine. In 1850 he examined the southern shores of Wollaston and Victoria Lands, and reached a higher latitude than the position in which Franklin's ship were abandoned. In 1854 he connected the work of Simpson and Ross, and brought home the first information of the fate of Franklin's expedition.

Dr. Bell's Services.

It is to men like those and like Capt. John Palliser, Carl Ritter, Dr. Livingstone, Capt. Burton, Capt. Speke, Capt. Grant, Sir Samuel Baker, Sir Henry M. Stanley, Sir Robert McClure, Sir Leopold McClintock and Sir George Nares that the royal awards of the society have gone. The medals have never been bestowed except for service of the very highest value to geographical science. It is true Lady Franklin obtained the Founder's medal in 1860. It was given to her as for her heroic husband, and also for the great financial sacrifices she made to maintain the search for his expedition, sacrifices that were fruitful of very great additions to our knowledge of Arctic geography. Speaking of the medals, Sir Clements Markham, the president of the Royal Geographical Society, has said this of them: "The royal awards became the goals which aroused the ambition of young explorers and urged them on to renewed efforts. The greatest honors that the society can confer, they have always been very highly prized, and have been strong incentives to brave and even desperate enterprises in the cause of discovery." No other living man has done so much to add to the geographical knowledge of Canada as Dr. Robert Bell. He has been engaged in topographical surveys in every part of the country. In the Great Slave Lake district, in the interior of Baffin Land, in northern Quebec—where the great Bell River perpetuates his name—on both shores of Hudson Bay, on nearly all the chief rivers and lakes of the West, he has done important work as a discoverer.

THE PLANET MERCURY.

Like Venus and For Like Cause, It Is Now a Dead World.

Mercury is a body devoid, practically if not absolutely, of air, of water and of vegetation. Consequently it is incapable of supporting any of those higher organisms which we know as living beings. Its surface is a vast desert. It is rough rather than smooth. Whether this roughness be due to mountains proper or to craters we are too far away from it to be able yet to say. The latter is the more probable. Over the greater part of its surface change either diurnal or seasonal is unknown. Three-eighths of its surface is steeped in perpetual glare, three-eighths shrouded in perpetual gloom, while the remaining quarter slowly turns between the two. The planet itself, as a world, is dead.

Interesting as Mercury thus proves to be, the interest as regards the planet itself is of a rather corpselike character. Less deterrent perhaps is the interest it possesses as a part of the life history of the solar system, for tidal friction, the closing act in the cosmic drama, has brought it where it is. The machine has run down. Whether it ever supported life upon its surface or not, the power to do so has now forever passed away. Like Venus and for like cause, it is now a dead world. And it was the first thus to reach the end of its evolutionary career, earlier to do so than Venus, inasmuch as tidal action was very much greater upon it than on Venus and consequently produced its effect more quickly. Mercury has long been dead. How long, measured by centuries, we cannot say, but practically for a very long time. Venus must have become so comparatively recently. Both, however, now have finished their course and have in a most literal sense entered into their rest.

SEEING SICILY.

Not to Know This Island Is Not to Know Greece.

There are some lands which have always laid a spell upon the mind, upon the imagination, upon the heart. Greece, above all other countries, has entranced the mind. The imagination has ever loved the east—Egypt, the Indies, forgotten Asia, the almost as mysterious Asia of today. For most of us the home land is the country of the heart; for many, it may be [illegible] where was lighted the fire at which the hearts of incalculable millions are still warmed. Others are content to say with Emerson in the fine essay on "Heroism," "That country is the fairest which is inhabited by the noblest minds." But, above all other lands, there is one which has at once impressed the mind, the imagination and the heart of western peoples. When a famous poet declared that on his heart would be found engraved the word Italy the words voiced the emotion of a multitude in every country of Europe and in the great northern continent oversea.

To see Sicily, the old "Garden of the Sun," as the poets have loved to call it, is not to see Italy, though there may be a measure of truth in Goethe's remark that not to know Sicily is not to know Italy. In a sense one might more truly say of Sicily that not to know it is not to know Greece. In another sense, however, we have in this most beautiful of islands the intensification of Italy. Whatever is most Italian is in evidence here, though it is Italian of the south and not of the north. What a gulf divides them is known only to those familiar with the whole peninsula.—William Sharp in Century.

"Bulls" Not Irish.

Those who are not Irishmen sometimes trespass on Irish property. A French cure, preaching about sudden death, said, "Thus it is with us—we go to bed well and get up stone dead!"

An old French lawyer writing of an estate he had just bought added, "There is a chapel upon it in which my wife and I wish to be buried, if God spares our lives."

A merchant who died suddenly left in his bureau a letter to one of his correspondents which he had not sealed. His clerk, seeing it necessary to send the letter, wrote at the bottom, "Since writing the above I have died."

A Sentiment and an Autograph.

A certain young lady, so the story runs, wrote to F. Marion Crawford, the novelist, requesting that he send her a bit of sentiment and his autograph. The reply was:

> Dear Miss A.—When you request a favor that is of interest only to yourself, please inclose a two cent stamp. There's your sentiment, and here's your autograph. F. MARION CRAWFORD.

A Simple Precaution.

Landlady (of country inn on the eve of a popular holiday to her daughter, who is kneading the dough for a cake)—Resel, you'd better put a couple of eggs and a bit of butter into the cake. It looks as if we were going to have a storm, and if the townsfolk don't stir out tomorrow we shall have to eat it ourselves.—From the German.

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Easter Elegance

IN MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S

Suits, Topcoats, and Raincoats

You'll be "right in line" in the Easter style parade if your finery bears the Quick & Robertson label. That means not only that you'll get up-to-the-minute style and perfect fit, but that you'll be sure to have the kind of garments that suit you individually, for you select here from the largest and choicest variety in the city. Prices range from—

$5.00 to $22.00.

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits and Prince Albert Coat and Vests

These garments are a revelation to the man accustomed to paying his tailor a fancy price for them. We carry a complete range of sizes and when occasionally the fit is not just right, we do exactly what a custom tailor does when he has a "try on"—adjust the garment to the man just as correctly as the tailor would.

Prices $15.00 to $23.00

Boy's Easter Outfits

Everything for the boys same as for the men—Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishings that embody style, character and quality—a department that acknowledges no equal in Belleville.

Exclusive Easter Neckwear

Is a revelation in itself For style, newness and complete variety, it is positively the greatest showing in the city.

Men's Easter Gloves

All the best makes—Dent's, Fowne's, Perrin's, etc., in all the new and correct shades—regular or cadet—(short finger) all sizes.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50

Men's Easter Hose

All the new things for your low shoes are here in silk, lisle, cashmere, cotton, etc., in all colors, at all prices, from 10c to 75c.

Woodrow's Silk Hats, $6.00 Quality for $5.00

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Men's Hats

There are several elegant shapes in both soft and stiff hats anyone of which is perfectly correct and stylish.

The best way to judge is to come in and try on some of these hats.

No Trouble to Show Them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialist.

WATCH THE WINDOW —At— WATERS' Drug Store

They are here, the Ladies with the most beautiful hair in the world.

The Seven Sutherland Sisters The Name You All Know.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

• • •

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

• • •

Celery for rheumatism and neuralgia.

Blouse Sets !

—Very pretty designs in natural shades of clover and violet with pearl centres at 95c

—Other sets are finished in rose gold and grey silver.

—One very pretty set is in rose gold finish, set with amethysts or aquamarines at $1.25

T. BLACKBURN

China and Cut Glass

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

IN TIME FOR EASTER

We have never been known to be a minute late in our offering seasonable articles in

FURNISHINGS

As soon as the manufacturer makes anything new in our line, we've got it.

Always something new in Neckwear.

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

FOR ALL EYES.

It requires years of study and experience combined with the proper use of the most accurate and scientific instruments to be able to determine the latent and obscure errors of Eye-Sight in individual cases. While we wish to say it modestly, yet with all confidence, "WE" possess all these qualifications, and place them at your disposal.

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St. with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

Also the latest designs in shadow and eyelet embroidery for Blouses. STAMPING DONE.

Blouses and Light Dresses MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

Easter Sunday In the Churches.

QUEEN OF FESTIVALS FITTINGLY CELEBRATED YESTERDAY — FLORAL DECORATIONS AND SPLENDID MUSIC WERE THE RULE.

St. Thomas'.

The Parish Church of St. Thomas celebrated the "Queen of Festivals," Easter day, with great gladness and devotion. From the early hour of seven o'clock the church was thronged with worshippers. The beautiful edifice was adorned most tastefully with Easter lilies and other plants, and the musical services were most inspiring under the able direction of Mr. W. H. Spooner. Celebrations of the Holy Communion were held at 7, 8, and 11 o'clock, at which there were 254 who received the Holy Sacrament, being the largest in the history of the parish.

The eleven o'clock service was fully choral and was very devotionally rendered to the setting of Roland Smart in E Flat. The Anthem at this service was "O Give Thanks unto the Lord," by Michael Watson.

The children's service at 3.30 was very bright and interesting and largely attended, though it was raining.

At seven o'clock there was festal evensong with Tallis' responses and Bunnett's setting of the Canticles. The Easter anthems, "Christ our Passover," and "Now is Christ Risen from the Dead," were very admirably rendered.

During the offertory Miss Edna Bird sang Dudley Buck's "Fear ye Not, O Israel!" in excellent voice and with good expression. The rector gave Easter discourses both morning and evening.

The offerings for the day amounted to upwards of $260.

The Bishop holds confirmation next Sunday at 11 a.m.

Bridge Street.

Easter day services at Bridge Street were largely musical in their character, and, as usual on special occasions, the large and well balanced choir of the church were very much in evidence. Prof. Hunt, the musical director, is to be heartily congratulated on his choir. They sing everything well; but some things, of course, better than others. The morning service yesterday consisted of anthems by the choir, carols by the Boys' choir, etc., the subject of the pastor's sermon being "The Christian's Easter Song." At the evening service there was a large congregation present, and the musical features were quite up to the mark set by many a metropolitan church. The choir rendered an anthem, "As it Began to Dawn," in very good style, Miss Mabel Vermilyea taking the solo sweetly. The choir, however, was at its best in the chorus, "Worthy is the Lamb," from "The Messiah." The grand and uplifting music of Handel was splendidly interpreted, the bass voices, in particular, covering themselves with glory. Bridge St. Church has excellent reason to be proud of its choir. A highly tuneful number was a sextette for ladies' voices, "Hail to the Risen Lord," charmingly rendered by Mesdames Ray and Hunt, Misses Wilson, G. Price, Vermilyea and Fish. It carried with it all the evidences of refined vocalism. The Boys' choir sang a carol, "The World Itself Keeps Easter Day," their fresh young voices being very pleasant to listen to. Miss Mabel Vermilyea, in fine voice, sang Handel's time-honored masterpiece, "I Know that My Redeemer Liveth," and has seldom been heard to better advantage, though one was inclined to think that something more lyric in its character would have served better to show Miss Vermilyea's liquid, flexible voice and remarkable range. Miss Gertrude Price's rich contralto voice was heard to advantage in Neidlinger's "Easter Song," a lyric richly freighted with the traditions of Easter. Mr. Vanderwater, a visiting Toronto vocalist, sang a solo, "Hosanna, Praise be Thine," showing himself to be the possessor of a fine voice and a cultured and withal sensible method. His upper notes are especially pleasing, and his singing should make him a favorite wherever he is heard. The sermon by the pastor, Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., was a clear-cut gem in its way, breathing the benedictions of Easter. His subject was "The Transfigured Valley," text Psalm 23; 4:

> "Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil, for thou art with me: thy rod and thy staff they comfort me."

The preacher drew a vivid picture of the burial of Jesus after the crucifixion. As He walked through the valley of the shadow, so must all of us. A solemn thought it was, that we—now full of life and health—must soon walk through the dark valley! In this world only one thing was certain—death. The great work of the men of all ages had been to lighten that valley, but only Christians had succeeded—to them the valley of the shadow was lightened by the light of the resurrection morn. Death did not end all — we were simply beginning to live when we die: He giveth His beloved sleep. The preacher drew a graphic picture of a tired child who was called in by its mother to rest for the morrow. So it was with God — He called us to sleep to rest for the life to come. Death is the voice of love. When we see an old man or an old woman pass away we say "They are resting now." When a child dies, we say, "Ah! well, God saw the path was too rough for them. Loving them, He gave them early the gift of death!" We know that, being Christians, they will wake up in the blessed land. So the way of the dark valley is transfigured for us: when we die we go where our loved ones are. Beautiful thought! Every path is smooth when we are going home! Thus Easter interprets death for us, and Easter transfigures the dark valley of the shadow.

Among the most enjoyable features of the services were the organ voluntaries of Prof. Hunt, who played with all the taste and skill for which he has become noted. The opening voluntary at the evening service, Wagner's "Prelude to Lohengrin," was given a masterly rendition.

St. Michael's.

Very bright and beautiful were the services in stately St. Michael's yesterday, they being attended by large congregations. At High Mass the choir, in splendid form, sang Edouardo Marzo's First Mass in A, doing much credit to themselves and their talented directress, Mrs. James Grant. Mr. Ingram was at the organ, his work leaving nothing to be desired. The solos in the mass were excellently sung by Mrs. Grant, Misses Katie Bawden, Mae Duboe, Agnes St. Charles and Madge Blute, and Messrs. H. McInnich, Peppin and "Jack" Hayes. The hymn "Regina Coeli" was splendidly rendered by the choir during the offertory. Rev. Father Traynor preached a very able sermon on that perennial subject, "The Resurrection." Easter Sunday, 1906, will go down in the history of St. Michael's as one of the brightest and most inspiring ever known.

Tabernacle.

At the morning service the members of the Sabbath School took an active part in the services and special and appropriate instrumental selections were rendered by the orchestra of the school. The service consisted of Easter carols, hymns, responsive readings and a sermon by the pastor, Rev. G. Brown. His subject was "The power of His Resurrection," and the text was from Philippians, 3rd chapter and 10th verse:

> "That I may know Him and the power of His resurrection, and the fellowship of His sufferings, being made conformable unto His death."

All present entered heartily into the service. The pulpit was prettily decorated with Easter lilies.

At the evening service Miss M. Stork sang a solo entitled, "Angel of Easter," and Mr. I. Gordon sang "The Pilot Song." The anthem by the choir was "The Conquering King," very well rendered, indeed.

Emmanuel R. E. Church.

Large congregations were the rule in the above church yesterday, in spite of the weather, and the services were very inspiring and hearty. The beautiful Easter hymns were sung with a swing and fervor quite uplifting. Holy Communion was administered at the morning service, there being over sixty communicants. The special music by the choir was excellently rendered. At the morning service they sang the anthem, "Christ the Lord is Risen," solos being creditably taken by Miss L. Hubly and Mr. A. S. Large. At the evening service the anthem was "Angels Rolled the Stone Away." The sermons by the Rector, Rev. A. M. Hubly, were in keeping with the festival of Easter. The annual parish meeting of this church will be held tonight, when it is confidently expected that the reports presented will show it to be in a better position, financially and numerically, than ever before in its history.

St. Andrew's.

Rev. R. S. Laidlaw, pastor, occupeid the pulpit at both services. In the morning he took his text from St. Matthew, 28th chapter, 6th verse:

> "He is not here; He has risen as he said; come see the place where the Lord lay."

The singing in the morning was led by a children's choir, composed of 24 voices. During the service they rendered two numbers in fine form, "Pearly Dew Drops Glisten," and "O, Glorious Easter Morn."

In the evening the reverend gentleman took his text from 1st Corinthians, 2nd chapter, 9th verse:

> "Eye has not seen, nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man the things which God has prepared for them, which love Him.

During the service the choir rendered two anthems, "The Morning Kindles all the Sky," by Mrs. Carrie B. Adams, Mr. Chris Pratt taking the baritone solos, and "Hallelujah! Christ is Risen," by E. S. Loring.

Holloway Street.

The Easter services at this place of worship yesterday were largely attended and all appeared to enter heartily into the services, which were appropriate to the day. In the morning the children took a prominent part in providing the singing, they occupying the choir's gallery. Three numbers were rendered by them, namely, "Ring, Easter Bells," "Hail the Bright and Radiant Morn," and "Lo, the Chains of Death are Broken." The children showed that they had been well trained, singing splendidly. During the service Miss E. Price sang, with pleasing effect, a solo entitled "Christ is Risen." A large number of the pupils of the Deaf and Dumb Institution were present and took part in the service. Their signing of the Lord's Prayer was especially effective. Mr. G. F. Stewart, who was in command of the children, interpreted the service to them. The pastor, Rev. R. H. Leitch, preached a sermon which was in keeping with the spirit of the day. His text was from St. John, 11th chapter and 25th verse:

> "Jesus' saith unto her, I am the resurrection and the life: he that believeth in me though he were dead, yet shall he live."

The significance of the address was that Easter was the pivotal point of the world's history, an awakening from death unto life. It was appropriate that it should be in the spring, when all nature was awakening and coming forth in beauty.

In the evening a choral and praise service was held, in which the choir took a leading part. The pulpit and altar of the church were beautifully decorated with flowers, and in the morning the sweet songs of birds were to be heard in the auditorium.

Christ Church.

Easter services commenced at this church at 8 a.m. yesterday, with the celebration of Holy Communion, at which there were a large number of communicants. The morning service was fully choral, Smart's setting in E flat being used. During the service Mr. Maurice Vanderwater, of Toronto, rendered most acceptably, a solo entitled "Hosanna," by Granier. The Rector's subject was "Christ's Resurrection." In the evening the choir rendered an anthem entitled "A Risen Lord." The Rector's evening subject was "Our Resurrection," and the text was from 1st Corinthians, 15th chapter and 12th verse:

> "Now if Christ be preached that he rose from the dead, how say some among you that there is no resurrection of the dead?"

The church was tastefully and beautifully decorated with flowers.

John Street.

"Paul as a Witness of the Risen Christ," was the subject discussed last evening by the pastor, Rev. A. H. Drumm. His text was from Acts, 26th chapter and 15th verse:

> "And I said, who art thou, Lord? And he said, I am Jesus, whom thou persecutest."

The sermons and services throughout were appropriate to Easter day. In the evening Mr. D. A. Cameron sang a solo entitled "The Palms," Miss Gowsell rendered, very sweetly, a solo, "There is a Green Hill Far Away," and the anthem by the choir was "Christ, Our Passover," given in splendid style.

Baptist.

Pastor Emerson preached at both services. Morning subject, "The Moral Significance of the Resurrection." The choir sang an anthem entitled "God is Love." The evening subject was "What is Death?" Text, Psalm 89-48, also John, 14-19. All the paths of life, said the speaker, converge in one direction; the call comes to all men. All must die. Love, genius and medical skill cannot ward off the hand of death. Why this shrinking from death? It is not because of death itself, but because of the reckoning at the judgment. What is death? The seer, the scientist, the philosopher, all have failed to answer the question. Only one place to go for an answer, and that is the Bible. Only one man has answered the question—Jesus. Death is an exodus or outgoing. Some men have accomplished more by their death than by their life, Samson, Cromwell and Christ Himself. Death is simply going home, answering the call of our Father. But what does it mean to the unsaved man or woman? The preacher appealed to the unsaved to answer this question and act accordingly. The choir sang an anthem entitled "If a man die shall he live again?" in very nice time and tune.

St. John's.

The services at this church yesterday were of a joyful nature and heartily participated in by the members of the congregation. The Rector, Rev. Canon Bogert, preached two helpful and appropriate sermons. The beautiful Easter hymns were well sung by the members of the choir and congregation. Holy Communion was celebrated at the early morning service, and many communicants participated.

Bethel Hall.

The three days' Christian conference commenced yesterday, and is largely attended by Christians from the city and surrounding country, as also Peterboro and Kingston. Several speakers addressed the meetings on vital subjects, bringing the word of God to bear on the Christian's life and walk. A gospel meeting was held in the evening and every seat was occupied. At the close the ordinance of baptism was administered and meetings were announced for morning, afternoon and evening during to-day and Tuesday.

Dangerous Mudholes on Bridge St. East.

The roadway on Bridge St. East is in a deplorable condition. In addition to accidents recorded elsewhere, the Quinte Laundry delivery wagon to-day ran into a mud-hole near Mr. J. W. Murray's residence, East Bridge St., and broke the shafts. The hole is dangerous for any rig.

RAY'S "STOMACH AND LIVER TABLETS"

Have proven an excellent remedy in all troubles arising from lack of tone of above organs, such as indigestion, constipation, bilious headache, etc.; they are agreeable to take, being chocolate coated, contain no injurious drug, being a purely vegetable compound. Price 25c a box.—Alex. Ray. d&w

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES ..AND.. FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

S. H. Carman, Manager.

Wednesday, April 18th

Victor H. Schafer Presents

the original New York company in a special scenic production of the beautiful comedy-drama—

"Sweet Clover"

The greatest American Pastoral Play ever written. Fifth successful season, Last Canadian tour.

Prices, 25, 50, 75c, $1.00

Plan Opens Monday Morning.

TENDERS

FOR CONSTRUCTION OF Church Building to Be Erected For

Victoria Avenue Baptist Church,

Belleville, Ont.,

Will be received up to 24th inst. inclusive, for masonry, brick work, carpentering, plastering, tinsmith work, painting, plumbing, heating and lighting.

Tenders for the work separately or en bloc will be received, the lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications may be seen at Stroud Bros.' Tea Store, Front St. a12-6t

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"SWEET CLOVER."

Elmer Thayer by his wonderfully natural and life-like creation of the part of Jerome Holcombe, in "Sweet Clover," has fully demonstrated that he is beyond question the greatest exponent of rural character comedy parts before the public. His methods are natural, quiet and easy, the same style that James A. Hearn delighted in. His initial tour in "Sweet Clover" last year so firmly established him as a star, that the reception accorded him on return dates in some of the cities played was an ovation such as is rarely given an actor, and in every city visited this season the number has been limited only by the capacity of the theatre. "Sweet Clover" will be at the Carman on Wednesday evening next.

POLICE ARE AFTER THE CRIMINALS.

WHO ATTEMPTED THE MURDER OF MYERSBURG FARMER.

The Campbellford police are at present working on the attempted murder case at Myersburg, but as yet no clue to the identification of the footpads has been received. A miller in the village, however, noticed on the day of the attempted crime, two strangers, one of whom carried a gun. Also another resident saw two strange characters that day and, according to reports, they corresponded to the men seen on that part of the road on Friday night, where the assault was committed.

Mr. Stotts, the victim of the assault, has been suffering the past week from the wounds, but more particularly from a severe nervous strain, the shock being too much for him.

Mr. William H. Wright, Christ'n Scientist, Dead

Mr. Wm. H. Wright, who had been ill for some time, passed away shortly after noon to-day at the family residence, Queen St. Deceased, who was 54 years of age, was born at Port Hope, where he resided the greater portion of his life. Some 12 years ago Mr. Wright came to this city where he has since made his home. He was the leader of the Christian Scientists in this city, and in that religious denomination took a deep interest. A widow and a family of one son, Alfred, of Toronto, and three daughters, Mrs. H. Bryant, of this city; Mrs. Fred Hicks, of Lethbridge, and Miss Louise, at home, survive. The remains will be taken to Port Hope for interment.

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS.

The kind you like. The pork gives them a nice meaty flavor. Plain or with Chili and Tomato Sauce. 5c and 10c tins.

PIANO TUNING.

Mr. J. R. Moran, the piano tuner, is in town. For first class work, leave orders at McKeown's drug store. 'Phone 135. 14,16,17,18

Daily Intelligencer.

Easter Candies

Don't forget your Easter Candies to-night.

Chas. S. Clapp

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. 9c Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

——GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

J.D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allor

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

NOURISH

the body, don't dose it with medicine. Scott's Emulsion is the best nourishment in existence. It is more than a food; you may doubt it, but it digests perfectly easy and at the same time gets the digestive functions in a condition so that ordinary food can be easily digested. Try it if you are run down and your food doesn't nourish you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto. Ont.

FIVE BOYS RAID OFFICE.

Get Away With Cash and Cheques Amounting to $1,100.

Winnipeg, April 16.—Three daring robberies, supposed to be the work of crooks known to the Dominion police, have been committed in Winnipeg during the past week.

The first robbery was when Ernest Ansley was relieved of $500 which he had drawn from the Bank of Hamilton.

The other two robberies took place in the Imperial Bank, one of the victims being Ald. Sanderson, who was touched for $50, and a lady who lost $24.

All three robberies were of the most daring character. Ald. Sanderson had his money taken out of his bank book which he laid down for a second.

Five boys, aged from 14 to 17, skipped last week, with the cash box of the law firm of Howell, Hudson & Marlatt, containing $1,100 in cheques and cash. The deed was done at noon hour, the lads apparently being in league with the office boy. One of the boys was captured Saturday and the police found about $250 hidden in a back yard. The other boys went to Minneapolis, and the police there are after them.

A Cancer Remedy.

Albany, N. Y., April 16.—As a result of experiments which are now being made in the cancer laboratory at Buffalo, the medical experts of that institution are encouraged in the belief that a specific cure for cancer will soon be discovered. In his annual report to the state commissioner of health, Dr. Harvey R. Gaylord, director of the laboratory, says the experiments indicate the existence of immune forces antagonistic to cancer.

Servian Cabinet Crisis.

Belgrade, Servia, April 16.—The Politka Saturday says the Servian Government will after Easter furnish King Peter with a list of the officers to be retired, and that in case he does not acquiesce the Ministry will resign.

Postmen Going Back.

Paris, April 16.—The postmen who have been on strike are returning to their duties. There are now only 1,400 strikers attending a total of 10,000 postmen. The postmen's strike at Lyons is ended.

Cardinal Callegari Dies At Rome.

Rome, April 16.—Cardinal Callegari Bishop of Padua, died Saturday night. He was the first cardinal created by his holiness Pope Pius X.

Public Warned of Counterfeit.

Toronto, April 16.—There has come into the hands of the Bank of Quebec a bogus $10 note on the Bank of Quebec, numbered C 039012, dated July 3, 1898, signed by John Brakey, president, and countersigned by V. F. Convey.

It is just the same size as a genuine bill. The colors of the numbers are bright red and blurred, much brighter than the genuine. The paper has an oily feel.

The appearance of the note would not deceive anybody who is expert in handling money, but it is a dangerous deceiver to the public.

Italian's Murderous Assault.

Port Arthur, April 16—Saturday night an Italian named Devine made a murderous assault on a fellow-countryman named Carillo, shooting him in the stomach. The man escaped. Yesterday a man could be seen running around on an icefield, which was rapidly being blown out into the lake, and it is believed that Devine, to elude the police, had gone out on the ice and has been blown into the lake.

Season Begun at Port Arthur.

Port Arthur, April 16.—Navigation opened at the Canadian head of the lakes yesterday morning with the arrival of the Hoover at Fort William from Duluth.

No Conference This Summer.

The Hague, April 16.—It is stated here on good authority that it is now certain that the peace conference will not meet here this summer.

Sale of Black Sateen Underskirts and Ready-Made Print Wrappers.

We have just placed in stock the largest range of Black Sateen Underskirts and Wrappers ever shown in this store.

The Underskirts are made of a more superior quality of sateen than we have ever been able to offer to our customers.

They are made in the very latest styles and range in prices from *69c to $4.50 each.*

We are showing the most elegant stock of Ladies' Print Wrappers made from the latest New York patterns and during this week we will sell wrappers at lower prices than you could buy the material and make them up.

McINTOSH BROS.

JAPAN AGAIN SUFFERS

Heavy Loss of Life From Second Formosan Earthquake.

109 Already Known to Be Killed, But It Is Feared That the Casualties and Damage Will Be In Excess of Last Month's Earthquake When 1,014 Lost Their Lives, 695 Were Injured, and 1,200 Homes Were Demolished.

Tokio, April 16.—One hundred and nine persons are known to have been killed and twenty-nine injured in the earthquake that was experienced in the southern part of the Island of Formosa last Saturday, but further details, it is expected, will swell the death roll, as the shock was more severe than that of March 17.

The Town of Kagi again was the principal sufferer, the houses which escaped destruction in the former disturbances being now in ruins. Doko and several other towns and villages also were affected by landslides, which have completely changed the topography of the country. The officials are working feverishly to relieve the thousands of persons left homeless by the earthquake.

Terrible scenes are reported around Kagi and Doko.

Later reports received from Formosa confirm the earlier rumors of the complete destruction of Kagi, where seven persons were killed and 35 injured.

At Daigo 400 buildings were destroyed and at Ajensui 1,191 buildings collapsed and 749 were damaged and three persons were killed and 15 wounded.

These later advices says that this shock was more powerful than that of March 17, but as the people had been warned they were able to escape.

As a result of the earthquake in Formosa last month 1,014 persons were killed, 695 injured and 1,200 houses demolished.

The damage done was roughly estimated at $45,000,000.

THANKSGIVING IN NAPLES.

Prof. Matteucci's Latest Bulletin Respecting Vesuvius Is Re-assuring.

Naples, April 16.—The somewhat threatening condition of Mount Vesuvius Saturday night, having subsided with the eruption of enormous clouds of sand and ashes, these elements have begun to settle slowly, again enveloping the mountain in a thick haze and cutting off a view of it from Naples, only the outline of the base being visible.

Prof. Matteucci, director of the Royal Observatory on the mountain, last night issued the following bulletin:

"My instruments are now most calm. The emission of sand continues in less abundant quantities and I wait serenely for a satisfactory termination of the eruption."

The sudden renewal of alarm Saturday night gave way yesterday to the celebration of Easter with unusual fervor. The festival is always picturesque in Naples, but yesterday it was doubly so.

Found Alive.

The gravest situation has now shifted to Ottajano and San Giuseppi, where the recovery of the dead from the debris goes on amid the misery of thousands of homeless refugees. A sensational development occurred during the work of salvage at Ottajano yesterday when the searchers unearthed two aged women, still alive, but speechless, after their six days' entombment. They were among the hundreds who were crushed beneath the falling walls during the rain of stones and ashes last Sunday and Monday. The women were protected by the rafters of the house in which they were and managed to exist on a few morsels of food which they had in their pockets.

Matteucci's Narrative.

In an interview on Saturday, Prof. Matteucci, director of the Royal Observatory, said: "I first observed Mount Vesuvius giving unusual sign about a month ago when the lava began to overflow, taking a southwest direction. This gradually increased as several small lava streams formed into one great current.

"The real danger began the middle of last week. Then an enormous stream of lava came from the summit, meeting the other streams which burst from the lower strata. It was this that overwhelmed Boscotrecase. Throughout the lava discharge the volcano was comparatively quiet and without electrical phenomena or explosions.

Great Rent in Cone.

"Our really terrible period came at 3 o'clock Sunday morning and lasted until 8 o'clock. The mountain, which hitherto had been silent, suddenly gave out a deafening roar and a great rent was made in its cone. Huge solid rocks were hurled skyward. Some of them fell near the observatory, threatening to crush in the roof, but most of them fell far outside the observatory zone. There was no scoria in this first discharge, but solid, bullet-like stones, which cut the roof and damaged the windows.

A Veritable Hell.

"Throughout Sunday enormous solid blocks of stone rose to a height of 2,500 feet from the crater, while ashes and sand were thrown much higher, but towards Monday the terrible shocks of earthquake gradually diminished. One of the worst feature of the eruption was the unusual extent of electrical phenomena, the darkness being broken by vivid flashes of lightning, giving the sky a blood-like color, with short heavy peals of thunder interspersed. These moments were terrible —very terrible. Yes, it was a veritable hell."

Asked if his scientific observations had yielded valuable results, Prof. Matteucci replied:

"Observation was extremely difficult under such disturbing conditions. The seismic instruments were badly effected by the electrical intensity, each explosion being announced by a violent movement of the instruments which seemed ready to burst into pieces.

One of the Greatest.

"Compared with other great eruptions this is one of the most important in the history of Vesuvius. Its effects are less terrible than those from the eruption in the year 79, when Pompeii was buried, but it equals in intensity the great eruptions of 1631 and 1872. What result this eruption will yield to science is not yet certain. Eruptions are not exact in science. You cannot count on Vesuvius, each of its eruptions has its characteristics. This one was marked by an abundance of electrical phenomena. I have already collected quantities of cinders and scoria for comparison with similar matter from other eruptions, and later I will collect large stones."

The professor pointed to the shelves in his laboratory, where there were plates containing cinders varying in size and bottles filled with ashes, and there were also in the room enormous stones, each labelled with the date of its ejection from the volcano.

An American scientist is the only one sharing Prof. Matteucci's opportunities of observation. This is Prof. Frank A. Perret of New York.

King Victor Emmanuel has decorated Prof. Matteucci, director of the Royal Observatory on Mount Vesuvius, with the rank of Commander of the Order of the Crown.

SIX U. S. SAILORS KILLED.

Fatal Disaster Occurs on Battleship Kearsarge on Good Friday.

Washington, April 16.—Friday six men were killed in the forward turret of the battleship Kearsarge. Saturday Rear Admiral Evans, the commanding chief of the Atlantic fleet, cabled the followings particulars:

"Caimanera, April 14, 1906.

"Secretary Navy, Washington:

"On April 13, about 3.15 p. m., shortly after completion of target practice of Kearsarge forward turret while the powder was going below, three sections of a 13-inch charge powder were ignited. Charge of powder in other lift just below and one section inside 13-inch remained intact. Cause not yet determined, nor accountability. Matter is being investigated.

"Lieut. Joseph W. Graeme, gun umpire, has been sent to the Maryland in a very critical state about 9 a. m. The following have since died: Lieut. Hudgins, turret officer; Peter Norberg, gunner's mate; Theodore Neagely, seaman; Anton O. Thorson, ordinary seaman; Julius A. Koester, turret captain, first class; Ellis N. Athey, seaman. The following were dangerously injured by accident, recovery doubtful: W. King, ordinary seaman.

"Will bury dead at Guantanamo. Vessel uninjured."

The Kearsarge is regarded as one of the best battleships in the American fleet, is of 11,520 tons and 375 feet in length. She was launched in 1898 and commissioned in 1900.

JABEZ BALFOUR FREE.

Ex-Magnate and M. P. Who Swindled the Poor of England.

London, April 16.—Jabez Spencer Balfour, formerly a financial magnate and a member of Parliament, who was sentenced to 14 years' imprisonment in 1895 for extensive frauds in connection with the Lands Allotment Co. and the House and Land Investment Trust of the Liberator group of companies, was released Saturday from the Parkhurst Prison on the Isle of Wight.

It is said he will probably return to the Argentine Republic, from where he was extradited before his trial and where, it is said, he holds considerable interests in different trade concerns.

The case of Jabez Balfour caused a good deal of interest. He is a man of good education and pleasant manners and succeeded in swindling thousands of people, especially persons belonging to the poor middle class of England. It was estimated that these lost about $30,000,000.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Coroner's Jury Convinced That Hackett Is Edith Ahern's Murderer.

Montreal, April 16.—James Hackett was committed Saturday for the murder of little Edith Ahern. Hackett will probably be tried at the June term of the Court of King's Bench.

The first two witnesses were a boy named Poirer, and Mrs. Taylor, both of Cote St. Paul. They were among those who saw a man and child in that vicinity on the day of the murder. When it came to identifying the man in a room full of people they totally failed to further strengthen the case for the coroner.

The boy picked out a newspaper reporter as the man he thought he saw with the girl, and Mrs. Taylor was uncertain. The identification of the two Norwegians and the Neilson boy are the only ones which so far directly implicate Hackett.

Postpones Insurance Inquiry.

Ottawa, April 16.—G. F. Shepley, K. C., counsel to the Royal Commission investigating life insurance made the following announcement last night:

"The Royal Commission on life insurance has been compelled, owing to the illness of one of its members, to postpone the public sitting fixed for Tuesday, 17th inst., at Ottawa.

"A further announcement will be made at the earliest possible moment."

Fell Twenty-Five Feet.

Winnipeg, Man., April 16.—William Beech, a young man, Saturday morning fell from a window of the first floor of the new postoffice to the ground, a distance of about 25 feet, alighting on his head in a pile of stone. He got up unassisted, but was later taken to the hospital, where it was found that one arm was broken and his head badly cut.

Franklin's Portrait Arrives.

New York, N. Y., April 16.—The steamer St. Paul, which arrived yesterday from Southampton and Cherbourg, brought the portrait of Benjamin Franklin, which was restored to America by Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada.

Gaynor-Greene Moved.

Savannah, Ga., April 16.—Judge Speer passed an order in the United States court Saturday directing that Greene and Gaynor be taken to Macon for safe keeping pending their transfer to the penitentiary at Atlanta.

FALL WHEAT ALL RIGHT

Lack of Snow Did Not Prove Injurious to the Crop.

Top of Wheat Browned But Roots Said by Correspondents of Ontario Bureau of Industries to Be Uninjured—Clover Crop Conditions Are Better Than Are Those Even of Fall Wheat—Fruit Is Unharmed.

Toronto, April 16.—Contrary to the generally accepted idea that lack of snow is injurious to fall wheat, comes the announcement that the crop appears to have wintered remarkably well, according to reports received at the Parliament buildings. While the top is for the most part well browned up, the roots are said to be uninjured and though delayed in the early growth the outlook is on the whole favorable.

Clover Is Good.

The clover crop conditions are said to be even better, particularly through the border counties of Peel, York, Ontario and Durham.

In the western counties of Huron, Grey and Bruce whole districts formerly sown to wheat are now devoted to grazing land, the revenue derived from the sale of cattle yielding more satisfactory returns than does grain growing. This has been brought about largely through the higher prices of farm labor. The result is clearly shown in the neglect which in many cases characterizes the care of the farms, in striking contrast to the thrifty appearance which formerly prevailed.

Fruit Unharmed.

Over in the Niagara Peninsula the reports concerning the fruit situation are more than ordinarily cheering. On every hand from the Niagara frontier around the head of the lake and down to Oakville little or no damage is reported from the frosts of winter. In many sections the greatest anxiety was felt by nurserymen as to the damage likely to be wrought by the exceptionally warm week in the latter part of January. Happily these fears are not likely to be realized. A. W. Peart, Burlington, discussing the situation, stated that some slight damage would in all probability result to the more tender varieties through forcing of the buds, but the prospects generally were all that could be desired. The Dawson Commission Co. were of a like opinion. Little or no damage is reported from the barking of the trees from mice.

$500 to $1,000 an Acre.

The fruit industry of the Province of Ontario has assumed enormous proportions. This is evidenced by the fact that the value of the land in the fruit-growing districts of the Niagara Peninsula ranges all the way from $500 to $1,000 an acre.

Whether it is that the inauguration of the commuted statute of labor system is working injuriously to the roadways, or that spring of 1906 is especially unfavorable, from every part of the province come reports of the almost impassable condition of the public roads.

OTTAWA WELCOMES PRINCE.

Large Concourse at Depot to Great the Royal Visitor In Rain.

Ottawa, April 16.—King's weather" did not welcome Prince Arthur of Connaught. He arrived at 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon amid a violent downpour of rain and after briefly inspecting the guard was rapidly driven along Wellington street, down Rideau to King Edward and via the Driveway to Government House, where he was welcomed by the Governor-General.

In spite of the rain, a large concourse of people filled all the approaches to the Union Station which was gaily festooned with innumerable Union Jacks.

The Cabinet was represented by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Messieurs Scott, Paterson, Oliver, Hyman, Aylesworth, Fitzpatrick and Brodeur.

The guard of honor, 100 strong, was furnished by the Forty-Third Regiment, with Capt. Bolland in command. At Government House the guard to receive the Prince was a detachment from the Governor-General's Foot Guards, in command of Capt. Cunningham.

When the Prince arrived at Dufferin Bridge on his way from the depot to Government House, a salute was fired by the Forty-Third Field Battery from Nepean Point.

Contract For Statue.

Hamilton, April 16.—Saturday afternoon the Queen Victoria memorial statue committee agreed to award the contract of making the statue to Philippe Hebert, C. M. G. The only other competitor was Hamilton McCarthy. The statue will cost $10,000, and will be placed in the west end of Gore Park.

S. A. Immigrants Arrive.

Halifax, N. S., April 16.—With the Salvation Army flag flying at the masthead, the Kensington, at 3 o'clock yesterday, with the second contingent of Salvation Army immigrants to arrive during the past two months. There were 1,150 persons, including many young married couples.

Mutineers Imprisoned.

Lisbon, April 16.—The mutinous spirit has spread to the crew of the Portuguese ironclad Vasco Da Gama. The authorities have taken precautions to prevent a further outbreak. A number of the crew of the cruiser Don Carlos I., who mutinied April 11, have been imprisoned.

Cure For Locomotor Ataxia.

London, April 16.—The Express Saturday morning says that Legrand Norton Denislow, an American doctor residing in London, has discovered a cure for locomotor ataxia. He already, says The Express, has effected many wonderful recoveries.

Boy Shot In Thigh.

Guelph, April 16.—The carelessness shown by young lads using rifles along the river was shown when Master Earl Matthews was shot through the thigh while sitting on the bank. The bullet came dangerously near severing the main artery.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

PURE AND WHOLESOME.
ONE POUND CAN 25c
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 41.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St

Merchant Tailor.

Special Easter Gift : : :

From now until April 14th we will give half dozen best China Egg Cups worth 15 cents half dozen FREE, with one lb. of our 30c Tea or Coffee.

Our 30c Coffee, fresh ground.
Our 30c Black Tea.
Our 30c Japan Tea.

Are all special values, and we ask you to give them a trial.

Wall Paper

Now is the time to make your selection while stock is largest and prices the lowest.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

Maple Syrup

In pints, quarts and gallon tins

Edwardsburg and Bee Syrup . . .

In 2, 5, 10 and 20 lb tins

Pure Jam & Marmalade

In Glass and 5 lb Tins

Clover Honey

Sections and Extracted

Dried Fruits

Peaches, Prunes, Apricots Apples

Good Value in Creamery and Roll Butter

J. C. Hanley & Co.

Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
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CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Opposite Post Office Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

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McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St. Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,

Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,

Act. Manager Belleville Branch

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.46 p.m., daily, except Sunday
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.18 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.15 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.85 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

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Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

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Parquette and Hardwood Floors Grills and Fireplace Mantels. Building and House Repairs & Alterations. Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

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—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, APRIL 17, 1906. NO. 303

The Very Best Coal
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split
C. C. LEAVENS

You ask for good tea
You pay for good tea
You get good tea at
STROUDS
Stroud's Teas are the Best

GRAVEYARD GRAFT.

Leads to Indictment of Some Prominent Buffalo Officials.

Buffalo, April 17.—Fred O. Murray, recently appointed collector of the Port of Buffalo, and former treasurer of Erie County, was yesterday indicted by the grand jury on a charge of stealing from the County of Erie sums aggregating $35,870, and receiving stolen property in a like amount. Several other secret indictments were handed in by the grand jury, which has been investigating alleged grafting in connection with the purchase by the county of the North street cemetery as a site for the 65th Regiment armory.

Postmaster Fred Greiner yesterday afternoon appeared before Justice Kenefick and entered a plea of not guilty to charges of bribery to influence a vote. The charges arose from the purchase of the cemetery as a site for the armory. The contract for the removal of the bodies was secured by R. J. Conover. He was to receive $15 for each body raised and reinterred in another cemetery. Conover has been convicted on a charge of grand larceny. In his trial evidence was given showing that the bones found in single graves were divided into several parcels which were buried as separate bodies. The county, it is alleged, was robbed of $100,000.

Since his conviction Conover has appeared before the grand jury and, it is reported, laid before it evidence which has involved several members of the board of supervisors and some prominent political leaders.

THE PRINCE AT OTTAWA.

Dined With Premier and Lady Laurier and Leader of Opposition.

Ottawa, April 17.—After receiving and replying to the civic address yesterday, H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught, drove to the residence of Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier, with whom he dined. The other guests present were Lady Sybil Grey, Lord Redesdale, Admiral Seymour, Gen. Kelly-Kenny, Col. Davidson, Capt. Wyndham, Mr. Lampson, Hon. Charles and Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Lady Borden, Sir Elzear and Lady Taschereau, Col. and Mrs. Hanbury Williams, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Borden and Mrs. Williard, wife of the Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia, who is on a visit to Lady Laurier.

At 2 o'clock His Royal Highness opened the "Old English Fair," a bazaar whose proceeds are to be contributed to the Japanese famine fund.

At 5.30 o'clock the Ottawa South African Veterans' Association, headed by its president, Major Charles F. Winter, waited upon Gen. Kelly-Kenny at Government House, and were given a cordial reception.

Prince's Short Stay.

Hamilton, April 17.—Prince Arthur of Connaught, who will spend three hours in Hamilton next Saturday afternoon, will be taken for an automobile spin through the parks after the presentation of a civic address at the City Hall.

Bloodshed At the Mines

Three Dead in Windsor Mines Near Johnstown, Pa.

State of Terror Prevails and Sheriff Has Asked Governor For Troops—Riot Began With Attempt of Striking Miners to Rescue Comrades Who Had Been Arrested—Trouble Expected When Constabulary Arrives.

Johnstown, Pa., April 17.—In a riot at the Windber mines, near here, last night three foreigners were shot dead by deputies, a boy was fatally wounded, and Eugene Delaney, a mining engineer was taken to the hospital seriously injured.

The riot was the result of an attempt on the part of striking miners to rescue some of their comrades who had been placed under arrest. A state of terror prevails. Sheriff Begley has made a demand to Governor Pennypacker for troops.

Shortly before midnight the town quieted down and the crowds began to disappear from the streets. The state constabulary was summoned from Greensburg, but a freight wreck delayed the train, and it is expected that the constabulary will not reach Windber before early morning. Trouble is anticipated, however, when the constabulary arrives at the mines, as the foreign element are very antagonistic to state officers.

The bodies were lying in the street last night where they fell, the strikers refusing to allow the undertakers to remove them.

The foreign element celebrated Easter Monday in the mining section, and much liquor has been used. The streets were thronged all day with boisterous crowds.

How It Began.

The trouble started at 5 o'clock, when Deputy Sheriff McMullen went to the mass meeting held by the striking miners in a wood at the edge of the town. Many of the miners had been drinking, and the sight of the deputy made them furious. The officer was quickly surrounded by maddened miners, who threatened to kill him. McMullen fled for his life, finding refuge in the house of Councilman Charles Davis. Practically every man who had gone to the mass meeting joined in the chase, and soon after the latter had entered the Davis house it was surrounded by a mob of 2,000 shouting, cursing miners, who challenged McMullen to come out. The mob attacked the house and literally wrecked it. The deputy sheriff was roughly handled, but again managed to escape. The members of the Davis family fled to neighbors. Other deputies, guarding coal property, had been notified of the trouble and twenty of the rioters were landed in the lock-up at Windber.

Fire Department to Protect Jail.

Strikers, with Sills at their head, prepared to storm the jail. Deputy sheriffs fixed bayonets, surrounded the jail and the fire department was called out. The foreigners refused to listen to efforts to pacify them, and, shouting to the deputies to throw away their guns and give up the prisoners, closed in on the jail.

When it became certain that the little band of deputies and firemen could not stand before the howling mob, they opened fire. Those of the foreigners who were closest to the jail had already begun using knives in the attempt to disarm the deputies, while others flourished revolvers. The deputies fired but only one volley and the foreigners broke and fled, leaving three dead in front of the jail.

At the mass meeting yesterday afternoon the men had decided to return to work on the operators' terms, when Deputy McMullen appeared. It is said that an intoxicated striker made an insulting remark to the deputy and when the latter warned the miner to keep quiet the trouble began.

400,000 Miners Out on Strike.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 17.—At this time about 400,000 men are idle and on strike. None of the men have yet drawn on the national treasurer for support.

"One would scarcely know that a great strike is on," said Mr. Mitchell. "The operators and the public have all the coal they want, the miners would not have had any work anyway since April 1, and if the public is paying more than formerly for coal, some one is taking advantage of the situation."

Police Fight With Miners.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., April 17.—A detail of the state constabulary was called to Wilkes-Barre Township yesterday to do police duty. In a fight among foreigners Sunday night local constables were worsted after they had shot three men and one woman.

Mines Filling With Water.

Columbus, O., April 17.—According to reports received here from Illinois and Indiana, some of the mines in those states are filling with water because pumpmen and engineers have quit work.

Operators' Last Word.

New York, April 17.—The Tribune says the coal operators' reply to the workers will declare that their last proposition to President Mitchell is final.

Strike For Union Recognition.

Atlanta, Ga., April 17.—The strike of the Southern Bell Telephone linemen became effective yesterday.

Col. W. T. Gentry, vice-president of the company, says: "It is a demand for a recognition of the union and the employment of union men." Probably 400 men are out.

Go to Work Again.

Hamilton, April 17.—The striking bricklayers and masons will resume work in the morning at 15c. an hour, pending a final settlement.

Two Bad Accidents.

Glace Bay, N. S., April 17.—Richard Rockett, a miner at Bridgeport, was instantly killed yesterday by a fall of stone. He was 62 years of age.

Frank Doucette had his leg terribly lacerated yesterday at Dominion No. 1 colliery, through becoming entangled with the chain attachment of the hoisting engine.

Mounted Police Suffer.

Prince Albert, Sask., April 17.—Yesterday morning fire destroyed the N. W. M. P. canteen and recreation room, together with contents, which included many cups, trophies and heirlooms of the force. The total loss will be about $4,000, upon which there is $600 insurance.

Buffalo Against It.

Buffalo, April 17.—Mayor Adams, in an interview yesterday, declared himself an antagonistic to the proposal in the Barton bill, which prohibits the importation of power from the Canadian side.

Editor's Son Loses Arm.

Hamilton, April 17.—Word was received last night that Alex. Cameron, a son of J. R. Cameron, editor of The Spectator, had a hand cut off in a saw-mill at Guelph. Dr. McGillivray will leave for Guelph to-day.

SINCLAIR'S
Display of Shirt Waists
In Charming Spring Styles

No woman of good taste can help being attracted by these dainty waists. Some of silk, others of linen, lawn, all-over lace and every other material that the season demands.

Prices from 75c to $7.50

New Costumes
. . . New Jackets

Almost daily we receive something new in high grade costumes and jackets at medium prices. Our cloak and suit business is a marvel, and its been a pleasant surprise even to us. We've made up our mind to deserve your trade and giving you the best possible values, combined with the newest new styles, is telling in our favor every day.

You can always rely on each garment we show to be as nearly perfect as tailoring art and xpert workmanship can make it.

Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Stylish Spring Suits

The young man who is desirous of having an up-to-date and natty suit for spring will be pleased with the wide range we are showing. Fashioned by experts after the most improved *New York Models.*

These goods are cut to fit, not pressed into shape and will retain their perfect fit until worn out

Examine into the linings, sewing and every detail, they will stand the closest examinations—we guarantee every suit and overcoat sold by the only guarantee, namely—money always cheerfully refunded if everything is not entirely satisfactory.

—Men's stylish Spring suits in all the newest materials and styles.. *$7.50 to $15*

The New Hats

Spring has truly arrived and the old hat will not do any longer. We cordially invite you in to inspect the new styles for spring. We have every new and up-to-date style in both the Hard and Soft Hat.

The following well known brands are represented:

John B. Stetson, Mallory, Christie, Wakefield, Wafer Light

And many others. The price range from *$2.00 to $4.50.*

The Ritchie Co'y Limited

House Furnishings

House cleaning time has arrived and every lady will be looking for such things as *Curtains, Draperies, Carpets, Rugs, etc.,* to brighten up the home.

We are desirous that every lady should see our beautiful display of *Handsome Curtains and Draperies, Gorgeous Carpets and Rugs,* all bought direct from the makers from over the sea and the manufacturers in Canada.

It will be to your advantage to pay this department a visit whether you wish to purchase or not.

Nottingham Curtains

We have a very large display of these well known and favorite Curtains in many new and dainty designs, our buyer having secured them at a special price which enables us to give you exceptional good values.

—*Nottingham Lace Curtains* in all the newest and daintiest designs. Prices per pair.................... *30c to $6.50*

—A large range of *Marie Antionette, Brussels Net, Arabian (hand-made), Irish Point, Art Guipure, Bobbinet,* at prices ranging up to....... *$12.50*

Templeton's Rugs

We believe that in these goods we have the best floor covering procurable when you consider the serviceability and moderate price.

They are not cheap Rugs but are economical, as they last a life time and always retain that rich appearance not found in cheaper rugs.

Templeton's Rugs from 85c to $55.00.

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

HOSIERY

For the Boys

We are showing special values in Boys' Heavy Cotton and Cashmere Hosiery for early spring wear.

—Boys' Heavy Fine Ribbed Cotton Hose, all sizes, double legs and feet, absolutely fast colors.......... 25c pr

—Boys' Fine Ribbed Cotton Stockings, all sizes, made from a fine imported yarn, double Heels, Knees and Toes...... 25c pr

For the Girls

—Fine Light Weight Cashmere Hose for Spring Wear, prices .... 20 to 30c pr

—Fine Ribbed Cashmere Hose, all sizes....... 20 and 25c pr

Girls' Tan Cashmere Hosiery.
Girls' Black and Tan Cotton and Lisle Hose.
Infants' Cashmere and Silk Socks.

Ladies' White Waists

We have just received into stock a number of lines of Ladies' New White Lawn and Organdie Waists, beautifully trimmed and finished, ranging in price from—

$1.00 to $3.50

These goods are all well made and tailored.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Oak Hall
Belleville
Sole Agents
For The
Progress
Brand
Clothing

NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE

Have You Seen It?

The New Store.

Ladies' Street Skirts

At $1.95, $2.25, $3.00, $3 50, $4.00 and those pretty greys now so stylish at $4 50, and $5.00.

Linen Embroidered Blouses, very very stylish each at .... $3.00 and $4.50

Silk Blouses at.......... $2.75, $3.00, $4.00, $5 00

RAIN COAT OR DUST COAT

Made of Cravenette, man tailored, Silk stitched, colored Oxford, Bronze and Fawn only.......... $5.00

LACE CURTAINS

A full range to choose from, prices per pair.......... 50c to $7.50
Roller Blinds each from.......... 25c to 75c

Agreeable good natured service, no matter when you come.

Wims & Co
TERMS CASH.

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

The Carnival of Graft at Ottawa.

Day by day the corruption which is going on in the Dominion Government is being shown up by the alert Opposition, says the Guelph Herald. It is as bad as, if not worse, than that which took place under the Ross Administration. Probably it will increase as the grafters who were the barnacles on the ship of state in Ontario have attached themselves to Ottawa, and the Hon. Mr. Aylesworth is there to give his sinister advice.

The latest revelation is the Bronson-Ray scandal. Between 1898 and 1902, one of the most promising gold concessions in the Yukon was held by these two gentlemen. The grant became void because the mining conditions had not been fulfilled. The owners then sought to obtain a withdrawal of the cancellation, but their own influence was not strong enough. Mr. Belcourt, M.P., for Ottawa, was then approached. The company was re-incorporated under another name and Mr. Belcourt's law firm was given stock to the amount of $100,000, or a one-tenth interest, for services, and the lease was renewed by the Government.

Contrast this with the fact that in the States a Senator was recently fined and sentenced to prison for pushing the claims of certain persons to land grants at Washington.

This transaction is said to be a sample of the sort of thing that prevails at the Capital under Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Be that as it may, it is certainly giving us a notable Parliament.

On the front bench sits a Minister of the Crown who has ordered the Intercolonial Railway to buy the oil of a company over which he really presides. Behind this gentleman are the two Saskatchewan Valley Land Company magnates. One is Mr. Turiff, the Land Commissioner, during whose official regime the $8 land was sold at $1 an acre to his brother-in-law Mr. Adamson, who occupies a seat nearby. In front of this gentleman is the contractor for the penitentiary flour, and not far off sits Mr. Belcourt, whose reasoning with the Interior Department was assessed as worth $100,000 in the stock of the gold mining company for which he acted.

Mr. Belcourt's defence in the House consisted solely in a denial of having done anything of which he was ashamed, and the reading of a letter from Messrs. Bronson and Ray, declaring that his work for the company has been of a strictly proper nature. The indecency of the practice of legal members of Parliament acting before committees of the House for their clients for gain was criticized in strong terms by Messrs. Stockton and Bennett, and Mr. Thompson (Yukon) declared that the Bronson and Ray concession was the most iniquitous one in the Yukon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke briefly in connection with the matter, but was able to add nothing to Mr. Belcourt's defence.

TIMELY TOPICS.

It is just possible that there may have been a spring when the streets of Belleville were in worse condition than they are at present, but few people will be able to call it to mind.

• • •

The Public Works Committee cannot get busy and spend some of that $7,000 appropriation any too soon.

• • •

That unfortunate drowning accident teaches a sad lesson. The bank of a river or stream is a dangerous playground for children.

• • •

The Intelligencer desires to congratulate the different episcopal churches of this city on the extremely favorable showing made at the annual vestry meetings last night. No better indication of a community's prosperity could be looked for than that shown in the prosperity of its churches. May it long continue.

• • •

Some people think the rolling mills will be used to manufacture railroad spikes for the Grand Trunk Pacific. This was hinted years ago. An employee of the Grand Trunk offices in Montreal told The Intelligencer recently that on one division of the new road it is estimated that 20,000 tons of spikes and fishplates will be required. The rolling mills will have to go some to supply a demand like that. However, a gentleman who is in a position to know states that the talk about the mills being bought for G. T. P. purposes is not correct. The plant will, he says, be used for legitimate rolling mills purposes. So there you are.

• • •

"Have you," says an exchange, "an old, unsightly fence in your back yard that is an eyesore to yourself and to your neighbors, and yet cannot be dispensed with? Just sow wild cucumber seeds along its base and train the vines over the fence. The vine is a rapid and luxuriant grower and will transform your fence into a thing of beauty."

• • •

"An Old Boy", writes: "Why this talk about discontinuing Y.M.C.A. work in Belleville? Have our boys and young men become so good that there is now no danger of their being led into temptation, or have they become so worthless that it seems advisable to let them drift? Can it be possible that, just when the city is taking on a new lease of active life, the leaders in Y. M. C. A. work have become weary in well-doing? Nay, nay. I don't believe that. The local association has been running for a good many years now, and has assuredly done much good. To be sure it has slain no giants, and it is just possible that people who wish to pose as giant slayers are not in their proper sphere in Y.M.C.A. work. Spasmodic efforts are always attended by a reaction. Perhaps the local association is suffering from one now. As the great family journal has remarked before, success to the Y. M. C. A. I believe there is a field for it in Belleville."

• • •

They are now dynamiting Italian barbershops in New York. Next!

• • •

A Buffalo man poured boiling water over his wife because his supper was cold. Poetic justice? He made it hot for her.

• • •

A man who has lived in a New York State almshouse for twenty years is about to marry a female pauper and try his luck at supporting a family. The taxpayers may well wonder why he didn't think of that years ago.

• • •

A writer in a London paper tells how it would be possible to live on fourpence a day. It would be just as easy and much more entertaining to readers to tell how to live on £4 a day and how to earn the £4.

• • •

A woman's dog attacked a man's dog in Winsted, Ct., and the woman got a horsewhip with which to separate them. The man interfered with her and she horsewhipped him, his dog meanwhile worsting hers. Which side would you say won?

• • •

A member of the Baptist congregation tells The Intelligencer that they expect to begin operations on their new church about the end of this month. The congregation will worship in the opera house while the new church is in course of erection. It is hoped that the new edifice, which will cost in the neighborhood of $13,000, will be ready for occupancy next fall.

• • •

This weather will bring the dandelions out a-flying.

• • •

Look out for the burglars. It might be a good idea to unchain Towser these nights.

• • •

Speaking of Towser, what about the Dog tax to-night? 'Tis said that, at this evening's meeting of the Council, Ald. Panter will press his motion for the cancelling of all recent amendments to the Dog by-law. Most people think the doubling of the tax was unjust, and the by-law to that effect should be repealed.

• • •

Enforce the old by-law, that's good enough for anybody. The unfair proceeding of doubling the tax simply punished the innocent for the guilty.

• • •

Bloodshed at the coal mines already! That doesn't look much like a peaceful settlement of the strike. Let's be thankful that summer is coming, and not winter.

• • •

The people of Springfield, Mo., are "thoroughly ashamed" of the fact that a white mob broke into jail and lynched three innocent negroes. Goodness! The people of Springfield, Mo., may actually pass a vote of censure on the mob which hung three innocent men with black skins!

Send..... Your Friends

Tokens of the Joyous Easter Tide.

Lowney's Chocolates in Fancy Boxes.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

The condition of Mr. John Worrell, College Hill, who is a victim of pneumonia, was improved to-day.

Rev. Willard Brewing, rector of Christ Reformed Episcopal church, Toronto, is in the city, the guest of Rev. A. M. Hubly, Victoria avenue.

At the Quinte: W. K. Mc Barlow, W. Brown, A. Greenlesse, M. Kutner, J. Meade, E. Starr, R. Greigg, F. W. Hollingsworth, Montreal; R. Cook, Syracuse; J. Best, Bancroft, W. D. Cameron, J. H. Hope, Hamilton; F. Pine, Kingston; R. Elliott, C. H. Temple, J. Byrne, H. Edwards, Toronto.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

HOCKEY.

Harry McGuire Opened Their Eyes.

Hockey lovers and many others in this city will remember Harry McGuire, who, after some time spent in Y.M.C.A. work in Montreal, is now at the Springfield Y.M.C.A. Training School. It seems that, just about the end of the winter, there was a hockey match at Springfield, in which the genial Harry took part. What he did to the unsuspecting Yankees appears to have been a shame. A Springfield paper thus described the match.

"The Training School hockey team had everything its own way yesterday afternoon, when the Trinity College under-classmen were beaten by the score of 11 to 0 on the Watershops pond. The Y.M.C.A. men played all around their opponents and scored almost at will. McGuire, of the local team, was the star, 10 of the goals being made by him. The Trinity team was especially weak in defence near the goal and it was only due to the blocking of the forwards and the centre man that the score was not much larger.

"The Training School squad had the puck in its possession nearly all the while and kept it in its opponents' territory continually, team work being a feature. The ice was in good condition for the game and there was no wind, the day being ideal for such a contest. A large space on the Watershops had been cleared for the event and side boards were hurriedly brought from the rink on the Training School grounds, affording a chance for a good-sized crowd to see the game conveniently.

"The game started with a rush and for a few minutes it looked as if the contest was to be a close one, as neither side scored for some time. The first half was delayed about five minutes, as Morrow, the centre for the Trinity team, was badly cut over the eye by a lift from the puck, but he recovered sufficiently to enter the game again.

"As play was resumed the local players seemed to increase in speed and strength, and McGuire started the scoring with a neat goal from in front of the posts. McNicol scored one right after from the side and then McGuire pushed in another on as pretty a bit of play as was seen during the game. He received the puck at the end of the rink, and, unaided, carried it past the whole Trinity line, shooting it through for a goal. This was the last score of the half.

"In the second half Training School allowed several of the substitute men to enter the game and they played as well as the first team men Trinity, weakened in this half, allowing the local men to score eight more points before the whistle.

"McGuire opened the half with two goals in succession, the second one coming on a trick play, which was a clever bit of work. The puck had been behind his opponents' goal and he shot around it, carried it out and then quickly twisted it between the feet of the astonished goal-tender. Gray, who took Young's place in this half, was the next to score. Four more then went to the credit of McGuire. McNicol made the last goal of the game.

THE TURF.

The Passing of Tod Sloan.

Tod Sloan's probably truthful admission that he is ill in body and broke in pocket is provocative of the trite epigram anent the infernal qualities of this sporting life. Aged thirty-six, old, indigent, this once famous figure of the Parisian boulevards and American white lights is a sad and sorry spectacle.

This sporting life. This life of the foyers, the race track, the summer garden and Delmonico's at 6. It is a life for which all of us have, more or less, hungered, a life which at one time or another, long or short, most of us have lived, a life which has killed and ruined many of us, a life which those of us who have, for a time, led and survived are duly thankful.

They can have their Maxims and their Moulins Rouge, their Champs Elysee and their Folies Bergeres, their Cafes Martin and their Martin's Restaurant, their Great White Way. It is a life fit only for some modern Frankenstein made of Pittsburg wire and alligator hide to live. It is not a life for a human being. Some animated product of the laboratory and factory may find such a life fit for the living. Surely no man was meant to endure it.

Oh, lovely life of champagne and pate de fois gras, cigarets, electric lights, cafe chantant and heated hereafter. Feet always on asphalt, lungs ever in carbon, eyes eternally in glare. Thunder of iron and quiver of steel, shooting of elevators and clanging of gongs. Terror of furnaces, murder of volts. Can it be possible that the sons and daughters of Eve were meant to live the sporting life? Life of sport, life of a dog. Eat like a hog. Mind all asogg. Figure of frog. Stomach of ulcers. Die prey for the vultures.

Let your eyes follow them along that sporting life down the boulevards, through the cafes, along the Great White Way. The end spells always the same—illness, misery, poverty and dishonor.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

New Hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow because it is a hair-food. Feed the hair-bulbs, and the hair grows. That's nature's way, and that is all there is to it. Strong and healthy hair stays in, keeps soft and smooth, and grows thick and heavy. Then aid nature with Ayer's Hair Vigor. A little of it often does great things. There's genuine comfort in a handsome head of hair! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

REMARKABLE TEST.

HYOMEI HAS BEEN KNOWN FOR YEARS AND IS GUARANTEED TO CURE CATARRH.

The remedy has made so many cures that we have urged its use in the most chronic cases of catarrh.

Breathed for a few minutes four times a day, through an inhaler that comes with every outfit, it soothes the irritated mucous membrane of the nose, throat, and lungs, kills the catarrhal germs, and restores complete health. Its healing, antiseptic fragrance penetrates to the most remote air passages, as no medicine taken into the stomach can possibly do.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs only $1, and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the pocket or purse, and will last a life-time, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei. If this is not sufficient for a complete cure, additional bottles of Hyomei can be obtained for 50 cents.

Compare this small expense with the fees charged by specialists.

If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price Write to-day for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomei Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

Company and Engineers Agree to Arbitrate.

James Markey, mechanical superintendent of the G. T. R. at Allendale, formerly locomotive foreman at the company's shops at Brockville, informed a representative of the Brockville Times that all arrangements had been completed for an arbitration of the grievances of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers a matter that has been hanging fire for a long time. The company and the men could not agree upon a revised schedule of wages so the question of arbitration was proposed and accepted by both sides. The G.T.R. named Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., Toronto, and the engineers P. A. Morrissay, Grand Master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. These two men could not agree on a third man for a long time, but finally the name of Mr. Wallace, a Chicago civil engineer engaged on the construction of the Panama canal, was acceptable. These three arbitrators were passengers on the same train with Mr. Markey going to Montreal to hear the evidence which will be given this week by the company and the engineers.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Southwesterly to west winds; fine and a little warmer. Wednesday, fine and comparatively warmer.

OYSTERS

Fresh Oysters today
40c and 50c qt.

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

LADIES!
...FOR EASTER...

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin Sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1,50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HIGH GRADE TEAS
New Season's Fragrant & Delicious
Wallbridge & Clarke's
New Blends in Sealed Packets
25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c lb

"It Pays to Buy the Best."

HUYLER'S NEW YORK BON BONS
FRESH SUPPLIES BY EXPRESS JUST RECEIVED.

• • •

SARATOGA CHIPS
FRESH SUPPLIES BY EXPRESS JUST RECEIVED.

• • •

DELICIOUS COFFEE At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
. . AND THE . .
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.......... $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.......... $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per. cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year: Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word. 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 3 marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

A general servant. Must be efficient and have good references. Apply to Mrs. F. R. Lingham, evenings, 6 to 8 o'clock. 14-3t

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. — —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. Some of our men who started in a small way now have large routes of customers, and keep two or three rigs busy delivering all the time. Why not you? Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

Brass finishers wanted. Good machine hands. Address Canadian General Electric Co., Limited, Peterboro, Ont. a14-3t

FOR SALE.

For sale, cheap steam yacht. 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

TO LET.

A commodious brick house with all modern improvements, fine lawn, brick stable. Corner Victoria Ave. and Albert street.—T. E. EWEN, 330 Albert St. a12-6t

LOST.

St. Bernard dog, answers to name "Duke." Anyone retaining possession after the publication of this notice will be prosecuted. Finder rewarded.—T. W. RAINBIRD, Cor. Bleecker and Emily Sts. 1t

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

Ontario & Quebec Navigation Co.

STR. ALEXANDRIA

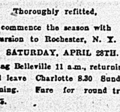
Thoroughly refitted,

Will commence the season with an excursion to Rochester, N. Y.

SATURDAY, APRIL 28TH.

Leaving Belleville 11 a.m., returning, will leave Charlotte 8.30 Sunday evening. Fare for round trip, $2.25.

For further particulars apply to the Schuster Co., agents.



Estimates

Cheerfully Furnished on Prospective

Electric Light
Electric Motor
Local Telephone
Electric Bell Installations
Etc., Etc.

GREENLEAF & SON.

The General Repair Shop.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

HOLLAND, ALLEGED THIEF, RETURNS.

IS CHARGED WITH THEFT FROM A TORONTO CONCERN.

The Toronto Globe has the following about Holland, who was at one time a resident of Picton and is well known to many in this city; Christopher Holland, the Ideal Bedding Co's bookkeeper, reached the city yesterday from England in the custody of Detective Mackie. Holland is charged with the theft of $13,802, which, it is alleged, he obtained by padding the pay sheets and using signed checks left with him by the manager. He left the city on Jan. 12th, three days after the warrant had been issued for his arrest.

Holland asserts he gave the prosecution a bill of sale for his furniture, $600 in diamonds, and that he only went to England to try and raise enough money to get him out of his difficulties. While lying very ill with typhoid fever prior to leaving the city the prisoner declares he also gave up his life insurance policies for $8,000. His wife and child are still in the city.

Holland is a South African veteran and by his father's will recently came into £500. In the final distribution of the estate he will get about $10,000. Mr. R. C. Levansconte, the firm's solicitor, is at present in England in connection with the case. Holland's wardrobe included five large, bulky steamer trunks and grips. It is said he has with him a dozen pairs of boots and as many hats. Mr. T. C. Robinette, K. C., has been retained for the defence.

Cheese Instructors For Eastern Ontario.

R. G. Murphy, secretary of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association, has announced the following list of instructors for 1906;

Chief Instructor, G. G. Publow; W. W. Dool, Bishop's Mills; A. H. Wilson, Athens; R. Elliot, Carp; P. Nolan, Philipsville; C. W. Norval, North Williamsburg; H. Howey, Belleville; I. Villeneuve, St. Isidore de Prescott; D. J. Cameron, Campbellcroft; D. M. Wilson, Kemptville; C. A. Publow, Kingston; R. A. Rothwell, Maxville; J. H. Echlin, Balderson; J. Irvin, Bancroft; J. B. Lowery, Frankford; Jos. Charbonneau, Plantagenet; W. J. Ragsdale, Merrickville; G. H. Bensley, Napanee; E. Wilkinson, Lancaster; A. MacDonell, Alexandria; R. W. Ward, Foxboro; C. Ferguson, Burrit's Rapids; R. T. Gray, Marmora; S. S. Cheetham, Gananoque; G H Robinson, Kingston; A. Herity, Moira; J. Buro, Mille Roches; L. A. Zoeteli, Chesterville; John F. Singleton, Smith's Falls.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets —D. M. Waters.

FULLER.

Although mud is in abundance our farmers have started their spring work.

Mrs. B. McCumber gave a sugar party to some of their neighbors on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Howe, of Melrose, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Geen on Sunday last.

A few of our young folks attended the sugar party given by Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Vandewaters, of Moira, on Wednesday evening. A very enjoyable evening was spent in eating taffy, games, music, and refreshments.

Mr. Murney Morland is engaged in the cheese factory with our cheesemaker, Mr. John Young. Our cheese factory opened on Monday 9th, making five cheese.

Our school teacher, Miss E. Coulter left this morning for her home in Weston, where she will spend the vacation.

Mr. Willie Longmere, of St. Ola, who has been in the company of Mr. David McCumber, met with a painful accident on Thursday. He fell from the horse on which he was riding and broke his arm.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents To be had at R. Templeton's drug store

SECOND LINE THURLOW.

Messrs. Bertha and Francis Stickney are spending the Easter holidays with friends in Toronto and Guelph.

Misses Minnie and Alida Sutton are spending Easter holidays with friends in Colebrook.

Mr. J. J. Sutton gave a sugar-off to a number of friends; altogether about 35 enjoyed themselves immensely.

Mr. and Mrs. Liddell spent the evening at Mr. James Sutton's sugar-off on Wednesday evening last.

Mr. and Mrs. Milligan, Salem, spent Sunday last at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sine.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

St. John's Church J.W.A. exhibition of work and sale in Parish Room, Wednesday evening, April 18th. Admission, with refreshments, 15 cents. Musical programme. 14-16-17

The amount of Insurance now in force in The Mutual Life Company of Canada is nearly $45,000,000, it has assets of about $10,000,000, and its surplus on the Government Standard, over and above all liabilities, is more than $1,200,000 —S. Burrows, General Agent.

The Historical Society will have a meeting at Mrs. Parker's, on Thursday evening next at 8 o'clock.

There is every indication that The Barnum and Bailey circus will visit Belleville some time this summer.

Miss Henderson, of St. Agnes' School will sing at the hospital concert in the City Hall next Tuesday evening, April twenty-fourth. 17,18

Last meeting of Christian Conference in Bethel Hall to-night at 7.30. All cordially invited.

Births.

WALLACE.—At Marchmont Home, Belleville, Ont., April 17th, 1906, to Rev. and Mrs. Robert Wallace, a son.

Deaths.

WRIGHT.—In Belleville, on Monday, April 16, 1906, William H. Wright. The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning, April 18th, at 10.15, to the G.T.R. station. Interment at Port Hope.

FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Teddy Fitzgerald will take place from the residence of his father, Mr. Dennis Fitzgerald, G.T.R. foreman, Moira street, on Wednesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock to St. Michael's church, thence to St. James' cemetery.

Christian Conference At Bethel Hall.

The Christian Conference in Bethel Hall is being largely attended and stirring addresses were given yesterday by many speakers, bringing out the truths of the word of God. These people believe in a whole Bible for all the Lord's people and profess to take it and it only as their guide. They believe in baptism of believers only and that by immersion, and at the close of last night's meeting two more were baptised. The last meeting takes place this evening.

All smart up-to-date women of to-day,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.—D. M. Waters.

ZION'S HILL SCHOOL.

The following is the report of the standing of the pupils of Zion's Hill school, according to the number of marks obtained by each pupil at the Easter examinations;

V.—Roy Sills, Earle Denyes.

Sr. IV. — Miller Carl.

Jr. IV. — Bessie Sills, Walter Francis, Clinton Townsend, Wellie Denyes, Myrtle Francis, Laura Francis, Leonora Lloyd, Otho Denyes, Mary Maines, Blake McMullen.

Jr. III. — Hubert Carl, Jennie Kennedy, Harry Simpson.

Jr. III. — Lillie Francis, Georgina Sills, Percy Parliament, Harry Kelly, Effie McMullen.

Pt II. — Marie Lloyd, Grace Kennedy, Keitha Caldwell, Bruce Copeland, Harry James.

Pt. I. — Nelson Howard, Thomas Howard —Ethel Gowsell, teacher.

SAFETY.

Never in all the history of transportation has travel been safer than it is to-day. Seated in perfect comfort in any of the mile-a-minute trains of the Lake Shore Railway you are in less danger by far than was your grandfather in the lumbering six-mile-an-hour stage of a half or three-quarters of a century ago. Trains over this line are protected and guarded in a way that is but little short of marvellous. Every device that skill or money can provide is used without regard to the expense and in spite of the high speed—the fastest in the world —you are as safe here as in your own home. Combined with safety and high speed are luxurious comfort and punctuality, all combined to make a service unequaled the world over. See that your ticket reads "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway," and write for full information to J. W. Daly, Chief Ass't G. P. A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G. P. A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

EASTERTIDE EXCURSION TO NEW YORK

Via New York Central lines, Thursday, April 12th, 1906. Exceptionally low rates. Ten days return limit. Through day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. Apply to nearest New York Central ticket agent. m10wta11-d31

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

THE MOTHER ANTELOPE.

Wonderful Manner in Which She Provides For Her Young.

The manner in which the mother antelope protects her young until they are old and strong enough to join the full grown bands in their wanderings is an interesting and wonderful instance of nature's providence. These beautiful creatures live in an open country infested by all kinds of enemies and especially prowled over by the coyote, the gray wolf and the timber wolf, which subsist upon the young of all kinds of animals, yet the mother can easily protect her babies from the fiercest of these marauders. The enemy most dreaded is the soaring eagle.

There is a variety of cactus, a prickly plant which grows in great abundance all over the western plains, which furnishes her the means for this protection. Horses, cattle, buffalo and, in fact, all animals know the danger of treading on this plant. It grows in large patches some four or six inches in height above the ground and forms a thick mat varying in breadth from the size of the top of a man's hat to many feet. It is in the center of one of these patches that the female antelope prepares a place of safety for her young. The thorns of this cactus, while very poisonous and terribly painful to every other animal, for some reason are almost harmless to the antelope. The cactus may lacerate her legs, making them bleed freely, but neither the stickers nor their poison remains, while other animals seldom bleed, but retain the poisonous stickers in their wounds until they become malignant sores, causing excessive swelling of the limbs and very great and long continued suffering.

When the antelope has selected her patch of cactus, backing away a few feet, she will make a running jump, bounding high in the air and alighting in the middle of the patch, with all four feet close together, the hoofs pointing downward. Then, springing out again and repeating this operation until she has chopped the roots of the cactus plant to pieces, she loosens and clears a space large enough for standing room. She then will enlarge it by pawing and digging with her sharp hoofs. Here she gives birth to her young in undisturbed security, knowing that she can leave them in comparative safety during the day and return to them at night to give them suck. Should it be in a locality where eagles abound, however, the mother does not venture far away, as the soaring eagle often swoops down on the young, taking them away if she is not there to do battle for their lives.—H. H. Cross in Century.

Lincoln and the Old Virginian.

Washington was a strong man and a famous wrestler. He was never thrown, which meant much, for wrestling was a favorite amusement with Virginians, many of whom were as nearly invincible as the ancient Greeks. Lincoln, too, could boast classic excellence in the same sport. "It is a curious thing," Lincoln said, when Washington's prowess was first brought to his attention—"it is a curious thing, but that is just precisely my record when I was a youth. I could outlift any man in Illinois, and I never was thrown. If George was round now, I should be pleased to have a tussle with him, and I rather believe that one of the plain people of Illinois would be able to keep up his end against the old Virginian."

Matrimony and Patience.

Matrimony and patience! It is not always a perfect combination, is it? In South Africa the savage tribes have a peculiar ceremony which they put the matrimonial candidate through previous to his entering the holy state. His hands are tied up in a bag containing five ants for two hours. If he bears unmoved the tortures of their stings he is considered qualified to cope with the nagging and daily jar and fret of married life. Such a man would make an admirable husband. He would not be upset by the thoughts of a spring bonnet or grow irritable every time the steak was overdone. The idea of having a patience trial for those about to marry is one that civilized people might adopt.

The Largest Described Snake.

Speke, in his narrative of the journey to the source of the Nile, describes the largest snake that has ever been seen by man. "I shuddered," he says, "as I looked upon the effects of his tremendous dying strength. For yards around where he lay grass, bushes and saplings—in fact, everything except full grown trees—were cut clean off as if they had been trimmed with an immense scythe. The monster when measured was 51 feet and 2½ inches in extreme length, while around the thickest portions of its body the girth was nearly three feet."

Labor.

If it were not for labor men could neither eat so much nor relish so pleasantly nor sleep so soundly nor be so healthful nor so useful, so strong nor so patient, so noble or so untempted.

Pursue the Puzzles.

He—It's impossible for any one to understand you women. You're all puzzles. She—Which proves that you men are all stubborn. He—Why? She—Simply won't give us up.

Important.

"What sort of a man is Jimson?"

"Oh, he's one of those fellows who send their washwoman a check for $2 and spell it 'cheque!'"

It takes a wise man to discover a wise man.—Diogenes.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 17

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	91¼	91½
do pref	....	....
St. Paul	177½	176⅞
Mop	96¼	96⅝
Union Pac	157⅛	157⅛
C.P.R.	[illegible]	174
Sou Pac	69¼	69⅝
R I	28⅛	27⅞
Ills. C.	175½	175
Sou Ry	40¼	40⅜
Texas		33⅞
B.& O	111⅞	112⅛
N Y C	145½	144⅛
Penn	141½	142⅛
Soo		...
T. W.	119¼	119⅛
Erie	45¼	45⅝
do pref	...	....
Reading	137⅞	137⅛
C. O	59½	59⅞
O W	51⅝	51¾
Manhattan	155¼	155¼
W C	21	21
L. & N.	151¼	151⅛
A. F.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nor	[illegible]	91⅝
Wab.	[illegible]	22
do pref	....	....
A. R.	160⅛	161⅛
C. G W	21¾	21⅞
T.C.I.	....	
U. S. Steel	43⅝	[illegible]
do pref	108¼	[illegible]
Sugar	142⅛	141
B.R.T.	87⅝	87½
P. O	94¾	94½
A. C. P.	114⅛	113⅞
Met.	..	....
Alo.	70⅛	67¾
C.F.I.	[illegible]	62¾

May wheat opened at 79½, closed at 80½

July wheat opened at 75⅞; closed at 79½

May corn opened at 47; closed at 47

July corn opened at 46⅛; closed at 46⅛

May Oats opened at 31⅛; closed at 31⅛

May pork opened at 16.10 closed at [illegible]

COIN CURIOSITIES.

A Great Variety of Materials Has Been Used For Money.

Among the early Roman copper coins was one that weighed nine and one-half ounces and must have proved inconvenient small change for the Roman matron when she went shopping. China of all countries, ancient and modern, exhibits the greatest variety in the matter of coins. The earliest money on record, about 2000 B. C., consisted of shells and cowries. The cowry was used for small change, while tortoise shell and purple cypraea shells, the latter ranging in size from a few inches to a foot and a half in length, represented money of a higher value. A decrease in the supply of shells and increasing prosperity called for a more handy medium of exchange, and cash, the coin with a square hole in the center, came into existence and remains in use to this day.

Among the earlier Chinese coins was one of porcelain about three-quarters of an inch in diameter and a quarter of an inch thick, bearing the legend "Eternal Prosperity." A very curious knife money was at one time used in the state of Tsi. It was of copper shaped like a bill hook, about seven inches long and fitted at the end with a ring. During periods of metal scarcity in China iron, lead, tin, baked earth, grain, silk and shells have been used as a circulating medium.

In Japan an iron coinage, begun about 1636, has existed up to the present day. A curious coin made of a mixture of silver and copper was long in use in Japan. It varied in size from a small pea to a large bean. Lead coins were also used there for five centuries. Glass was employed as a substance for coin for many centuries in Egypt, while wooden money is mentioned in many of the Buddhistic writings.

Russian Superstitions.

In Russia much rain is considered a good omen. It is believed that the downfall washes away the evil spirits, who would otherwise be hovering in the air ready to work woe to the monarch about to place his crown on his head, the bride on the point of plighting her vows, the babe on its way to the font or whosoever might be the hero or heroine of the moment. Further, the superstitious moujik believes that each stream of water has its Rusalka, or good spirit, a lovely maiden with yellow hair floating down her back, who spreads plenty around, but should the water fail, so that her hair dries, she will die, and famine or other disaster ensue.

No Romance.

He dropped her hand with a sigh of defeat.

Mutely she looked into his eyes, as though seeking in his glance some message that would convey the word she sought.

With one slow look at her hand as it lay where he had let it fall, he shook his head slowly and said:

"Give them the trick. You haven't a trump."

Universal Experience.

The distinguished citizen had returned from a trip abroad.

"Did the old world give you the glad hand?" they asked him.

"Oh, yes," he said, "or, rather, it gave me the expectant hand. It wasn't the glad hand until I had put the tip into it."

Commission Orders Executed on all Exchanges

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Our Decorative, Painting and Paper Hanging trade is **BOOMING** and it will continue to boom, for our decorator is behind it pushing constantly.

We have at your service a staff of workmen, par excellent, proficient, trustworthy, painstaking—a larger staff than all others in the city combined.

This department is under most excellent system and management, the only way in which to make any business pay. ***We are as particular of a $2 job as we are of one worth $200.***

We Are Always At Your Service.....

With Good Workmen, Good Materials, In Paints, Oils and Colors, Good Wall Papers, And Most Liberal Prices.

Everything we use in this painting and decorating department is purchased wholesale.

Our Lead is imported from ***England.***
Our Wallpapers from ***United States and France.***

Everything we use is purchased in the best markets and our prices are thoroughly dependable.

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
Wallpapers, Paints and Oils Wholesale and Retail.

The King Hat REGISTERED

HATS That are Winners
CAPS That are Leaders

Geo. T. Woodley.
Opposite Footbridge.

The wonderful progress of Canada is illustrated by the fact that the finest Cocoa in the world is made there.

COWAN'S PERFECTION COCOA

Is the purest and the best and is fast becoming the beverage for old and young.

THE COWAN CO., Ltd., TORONTO

Things to Wear Easter

NEW SPRING SHIRTS
NEW NECKWEAR
EASTER GLOVES
EASTER HOSIERY

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.
Tailors & Furnishers.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in ***Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.***

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,
Carpets Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

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FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Try - - -
"SALADA"
CEYLON NATURAL GREEN TEA once and you will never return to the adulterated teas of Japan.
LEAD PACKETS ONLY 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c per lb.
At all Grocers.
HIGHEST AWARD, ST. LOUIS, 1904.

Easter Footwear

Are your feet ready for Easter. Your Outfit will not be complete without your Easter Shoes. We have an unlimited galaxy of styles in choice Easter Footwear for men, women and children.

"Dorothy Dodd" and "Empress" Shoes for Ladies
BLOSSOM OUT IN NEW SPRING DESIGNS
AT POPULAR PRICES

The J. J. Haines
SHOE HOUSES—Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

The Cleanest, Purest Cereal Food in the World is
SHREDDED WHEAT
it contains all the nutritive body building elements of the whole wheat in digestible form—not "treated" or "flavored" with anything. Just pure cooked wheat.
MADE IN CANADA of selected Ontario Wheat.
Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book." postpaid.
CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara, Ont.
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THE CARDINAL POINTS
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HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

ICE CREAM
Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh cream every day.
Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stale cream.
Delivered well packed—50 cents per Quart.
Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

TO A SICK MAIDEN.

(The Khan.)

A snowy bed, a weary head
Upon a pillow pallid;
Now I will write for her delight
A pretty little ballad.
Cheer up, my dear, the snowy year
Is almost nearly ended;
On every hand, throughout our land,
The sunshine's growing splendid.

The birds will come, the bees will hum,
The frogs will nightly joke us,
And in the yard amid the sward
Will peep the clever crocus.
Sweet narcissus will come to kiss us,
Johnny-jump-up, too;
The tulip fair her head will rear
In every hue but blue.

The grass will grow, and to and fro,
The pendulum will swing,
Till, like a chime, in sweet spring-time,
The birds will start to sing.
The sun will greet thee, zephyrs meet
Breezes fan thy brow;
Little girlie, it's rather early;
Don't get up just now.

The buds will swell, then you'll be well;
The sun the ice will splinter,
Nor come again, and all your pain
Will flee away with winter.
And to your cheek, O maiden meek!
The flowers will say "Is this you?"
And all outside on land or tide,
Will do their best to kiss you.

• • •

It's a sad world, isn't it? Nothing but war, or eruptions, or strikes, or people getting married all the time.

• • •

Admiral Togo, it seems, turns over all his salary to his wife. Ah, well, we are all Togos is some respects.

• • •

Ten thousand people attended a hanging down South the other day. This is what they call out-door amusement in the Southern States.

• • •

A New York boy has been sentenced to jail for three years for stealing a cent. If he had taken a whole dollar he would have three centuries to repent over his crime.

• • •

A Paris woman sentenced to jail for stealing chickens, murdered her husband to keep him ignorant of the fact. Happy thought, but a Fowl crime.

• • •

Two men were executed in Warsaw recently for disfiguring a portrait of the Russian Emperor. Russian portrait painters must have the art down to a fine point.

• • •

Emperor William has sent a letter to Vienna's Minister of Foreign Affairs thanking him for acting as his second on the duelling floor of the recent Morocco conference, and assuring him of the Emperor's readiness to tender a like service. First time Bill ever consented to play second fiddle.

• • •

In Connecticut a court has decided a husband must obey his wife. To the majority of husbands this decision would seem entirely superfluous, not to say sarcastic.

• • •

Ireland's population is still nearly five millions. After all the emigration during the past half century, the Emerald Isle is within a million of the population of Canada.

• • •

The cocaine habit, brought about by a liking for the drug through use of headache powders, has seventy thousand victims in Chicago. People should be careful about the excessive use of headache powders.

• • •

The Toronto World remarks: "Treating and tipping are two modern curses that are ever with us in aggravated form. Aggravated because all the legislation in the world would be powerless to stop either. Yet both sap the manhood of the giver and the receiver. They are diametrically opposed to the democratic spirit of the age and yet they are constant in development."

• • •

The Chatham News says; There is evidence to show that the Province of Ontario is literally riddled with cases (of smallpox), yet the returns to the department convey an idea the very reverse, and outside papers and journals are accustomed to point to the lack of preventive diseases in Ontario, when, if they knew the real state of affairs, they would be astonished that such conditions are allowed to exist rather than that the country is so healthful.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

YES—THEY ARE.

We have talked so strongly about "Fruit-a-tives" being a liver tonic, and curing Constipation and Biliousness, that some may think they are not for anything else. Well, they are. "Fruit-a-tives" are a grand, good tonic for the whole system. One "Fruit-a-tives" tablet three times a day, makes rich, red blood and firm flesh. The same daily treatment and a sensible diet takes away dyspepsia and gives you sound digestion, and good appetite. "Fruit-a-tives" clear the skin of pimples and blotches—make the complexion fresh and rosy. Get "Fruit-a-tives"—take them the right way—and see how you improve.

50c. a box. At all druggist.

ANOTHER LABOR PARTY.

Organize In Montreal—Public Ownership Main Plank.

Montreal, April 17.—At a meeting of Labor men a new party was organized with the following platform:

Government ownership and control of all means of transportation and intercommunication. Municipal ownership of al public utilities.

An eight-hour work-day for all employes of the Provincial and Federal Governments and municipalities.

Discontinuance of the contract system of public works, Provincial, Federal and Municipal.

Equal pay for equal work for both sexes.

Payment of wages weekly in lawful money only.

Prohibition of child labor under 16 years of age.

First lien for workingmen's wages.

Abolition of contract prison labor.

Sanitary inspection of mines, factories, mercantile establishments, dwellings, and all places where labor is performed.

Compulsory education up to 16 years of age, and adoption of a mandatory free school book system.

Prohibition of pauper immigration.

RAILWAY NEEDS NEW RAILS.

Pere Marquette Leased Line Declared Unsafe For Traffic.

London, April 17.—At a meeting of the London & Port Stanley Railway board last night, a report was received from City Engineer Graydon, stating that the city's line, leased to the Pere Marquette, is unsafe for traffic.

The city solicitor was instructed to take immediate steps to have the road placed in proper condition under the term of the lease.

The engineer declared that new rails are necessary between London and St. Thomas, a distance of eighteen miles. Two entirely new bridges are required at once.

At present shippers are seriously handicapped in consequence of the refusal of the railway to carry the customary load over the line.

Good Investment For Canada.

London, April 17.—(C. A. P.)—Interviewed at Aberdeen, Gen. Booth told of the efforts of the army in colonizing Canada, and declared it to be a good investment for the Government to spend a few millions. He said it would not be very much for the Government to spend £10,000,000 per annum in making out of those crofters and agricultural laborers, artisans and unskilled laborers who were walking about the streets or living on the verge of starvation, a good and prosperous people who would fight for the flag if it were necessary.

Passing Fight in Philippines.

Manila, Philippines, April 17.—The headquarters of the Philippine constabulary of Maolos, Island of Luzon, were attacked several days ago by a band of Ladrones. Three native members of the constabulary and one Ladrone were killed. The affair creates no alarm here, where it is regarded as merely an incident of the effort to establish order in the island through the employment of native constabulary.

Similar conflicts between local outlaw bands are of more or less frequent occurrence.

To Clean Leather.

To clean leather mix together half a pound each of French chalk and fuller's earth, two ounces of powdered starch and one ounce of yellow ocher. Wet this with boiling water enough to make a thin paste and add one tablespoonful of sweet oil. When cold spread on the soiled leather, let it remain until dry and brush off. Wipe off every particle of the cleaning material and polish the leather with wax melted with turpentine, four ounces of wax and a gill of turpentine. If you wish to darken the leather, add a little oil to the wax preparation.

SUPERFICIAL SENTIMENT.

Secret of Power Lies In Intensity of Emotion.

Superficial sentiment is without vital influence. The secret of power lies in the intensity of emotion, but especially so in poetry, art and literature. By no hocus pocus can artists and writers adequately depict what they do not feel. There should be a thermometer of temperament as well as for temperature. Feeling and emotion have their degrees. We are serene when our feelings are in the temperate zone, indignant when we pass eighty-three, furious when we reach blood heat, mad at boiling point. When feeling falls below 50 we become indifferent, and when it reaches freezing point we are heartless. An emotion that does not attain the seventy-sixth degree is hardly worth recording. At summer heat the rarest flowers begin to bloom and nature becomes poetic. While the temperate is the proper sphere for pure reason and scientific observation, it is rarely, if ever, proper for the highest achievement in any art. In the world of art imagination and feeling are not content with a serenity that touches the borders of indifference. The creative instinct is never effective unless at a certain pitch of enthusiasm. It is the sharp, clear, brilliant current of thought that electrifies the brain. But an idea is worthless unless we can find a form to hold it. In the best work idea, form and feeling appear to the beholder as one. An electric bolt seems a cold thing, yet a stroke of lightning will consume more at one flash than an ordinary fire would consume in an hour.—Francis Grierson in Critic.

GETTING THE NEWS.

Method Adopted at the Outbreak of the Revolutionary War.

In contrast to the workings of the newspaper of the day and of the rapid transmission of tidings without the aid of even a wire to guide the message is a document printed in the Berkshire Courier at the beginning of the Revolutionary war. But evidently people were as eager then as now to hear the news.

"For the Purpose of getting Speedy and Certain Intelligence from the Army at Boston. We the Subscribers hereby promise and agree to Ride from this town to Tyringham or Sheffield by Turns so as to bring Intelligence from thence each Day (the Sabbath excepted) and to Report the same at the House of Mr. Josiah Smith—And in Case no regular method is come into for bringing the News to Said Tyringham we promise to bear our proportionable part of the Expense in procuring Intelligence from Springfield twice in each Week—Witness our hands this 3rd Day of May 1775."

Following this agreement is a list of days, with the names of the citizens who were to be riders. Jacob Van Deusen, who agreed to be the first man to ride to Tyringham or Sheffield, was to go for it on Monday, May 8, and Mark Hopkins was to follow on Wednesday, the service from that time on alternating, except as to the Sabbath, which compelled a no news interval of two days in the week.

SPEED OF INSECTS.

A Common House Fly Travels a Mile In Thirty-three Seconds.

It is the popular belief that the flight of the birds is much swifter than that of the insects, but a number of naturalists who have been making a study of the matter think that such is not the case.

A common house fly, for example, is not very rapid in its flight, but its wings make 800 beats a second and send it through the air twenty-five feet, under ordinary circumstances, in that space of time. When the insect is alarmed, however, it has been found that it can increase its rate of speed by over 160 feet per second. If it could continue such rapid flight for a mile in a straight line, it would cover that distance in exactly thirty-three seconds.

It is not an uncommon thing when traveling by rail in the summer time to see a bee or wasp keeping up with the train and trying to get in at one of the windows. A swallow is considered one of the swiftest of flying birds, and it was formerly thought that no insect could escape it.

A naturalist, however, told of an exciting chase he saw between a swallow and a dragon fly, which is among the swiftest of insects. The insect flew with incredible speed and wheeled and dodged with such ease that the swallow, despite its utmost efforts, completely failed to overtake it.

[illegible]

Many cases of catarrh might be avoided and others greatly relieved if at the first sign of any trouble in the "early snuffles" period the nose and throat were thoroughly sprayed at least once a day with one part of listerine mixed with two parts of water. A throat specialist thinks this treatment as much a part of the good and cleanly toilet as brushing the teeth or hair or bathing.

Language.

Language is a solemn thing. It grows out of life—out of its agonies and ecstasies, its wants and its weariness. Every language is a temple in which the soul of those who speak it is enshrined.—O. W. Holmes.

Feminine Finesse.

Duffer—My wife got a fiver out of me today with one happy remark. Puffer—Let's have it. Duffer—She told our boy Willie that she was his nearest relative, but that I was his closest.

Every day is a new life, every sunrise but a new birth.—Jordon.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Single Fare For Easter
Going April 12, 13, 14, 15 & 16th, returning until April 17th
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The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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CHAPTER I.

IT was in August of the year 188— that I turned the corner, as it were, into the strange history I am now to relate. The Welsh marches had been entirely unknown to me until at a point in an idle tour of the west of England I fell upon the little town of Raymond and brought up at 7 in the evening at the Swan hostelry that occupies a corner of the irregular triangle constituting the market place. The country in that part is full of swelling hills and valleys, soft and exhilarating of air and clothed with a great vesture of wood. The great Gwent, as the forest across the little river Hay is called in the countryside, rolls westward across the county, broken by tracts of fertile fields lying under grain and pasture, and descends upon the black hills of the mining district beyond. At Raymond, which stands upon the hither side of the river, we are yet in England proper and upon the margin of a more open country. The town itself is small and neat and wears its air of respectable antiquity very haughtily.

The inn, which was itself among the most venerable buildings in the small town, was comfortably served by a very brisk landlord of middle age. It had kept, so to speak, a precarious continuity with antiquity and in the main scheme had changed but little during the 300 years which had passed since its erection.

The hostelry was much too large for its present uses, but for all that wore no air of neglect in the inhabited chambers. My own rooms were marked by homely comfort, and I was waited upon like a prince of the blood. After a rude and wholesome country dinner I sought distraction in the taproom with my pipe and a heterogeneous company of townsfolk. The landlord was in some kind a president at this symposium, which consisted for the main part of a few of the smaller shopkeepers. There was Mr. Jones, for example, whose name I had noticed upon a shop front as I rode through the High street. This man fixed upon me early in the evening, and poured his confidences into my ear. He was a hay merchant, and he had no dearer ambition than to establish his business in Bristol. He found Raymond too mean for his aspiring temper, and the Mecca of his prayers was Bristol. I confess that I found him something of a bore, and was glad to exchange commonplaces with my other neighbor. The landlord himself kept his seat before the long table, smoking his long pipe with the peace of a man whose business is ended for the day, and now and then discharging a glance in my direction. He was, I discovered, a traveled man for those parts, and had the reputation of a smart fellow. Indeed, he compared well with the duller rustics who surrounded him. The placid air of the taproom was in some ways little more diverting than the solitude of my chamber, but that was soon to pass. Presently there came a great noise, followed by a heavy tramp of feet approaching from the outer bar, and in strutted a tall young fellow, with his hat upon one side, and a jaunty air of one who knows his own worth and despises his neighbors.

"Come in," says the innkeeper, very friendly, but with a certain air of constraint. "Plenty of room, Mr. Montgomery, sir, and a good evening to you."

"Oh, hang your ceremonies," says the newcomer, but with no touch of ill humor, "and give your best attention to my order, Wendover!" And, clapping his hat more firmly on his head, he rapped loudly upon the table.

He drank the glass of whisky which the barman served and then fell into a seat and stared without any truculence, but rather with a savage air of curiosity, at myself. He was of a ruddy color and quite young, and something in his bearing rather than in his dress marked him out from the rest of the company. But above all his great size and muscular appearance were noticeable.

"Come in," says the innkeeper.

"Who is that?" I asked as soon as Montgomery's eyes had wandered from me.

"He's no better than he should be," my neighbor answered. "For all his grand airs, he's but little better than a pauper. And that's where your blood comes to in the end."

The landlord, who was close by me, noting my interrogation with a busy eye, leaned forward and supplemented this disparaging information in a whisper.

"One of the best families in the Gwent, sir," he murmured, "though his estate is no more than a yeoman's nowadays. Times are against property on the border." And, having delivered this statement, he drew himself back and addressed a question to Montgomery, with the object, as I conceived, of exhibiting a local celebrity to his guest.

"Anything doing out your way, sir?" he inquired.

The youth turned his eyes upon him in a lackluster gaze and then, emptying his glass, hammered on the table noisily.

"Why the deuce don't that man of yours come?" he exclaimed. "Here have I ridden a ten miles for the sight of a human face and the taste of good Scotch, and— That's right." He gave his order and, observing Wendover again, gave vent to a heavy laugh. "What do you expect to happen in the Gwent?" he asked. "It's as dull as ditch water."

"I don't know so much about that," put in suddenly a man on the other side of the room whom, from his general air, I took to be a miller. "There's something as I heard of lately that was pretty exciting."

The spokesman drew all eyes upon him. The surface of our deep composure stirred and ruffled.

"What's that, Mr. Llewellyn?" asked the innkeeper.

Montgomery looked incredulous. "Pooh!" he said disdainfully.

The miller enjoyed the importance and seemed inclined to prolong it. He leisurely refilled his pipe.

"I heard something queer happened at the castle last week," he said at last, seeing that his news must out.

"What's that?" asked Montgomery.

"A girl that was in service there told my missus," went on the miller. "We have taken her in. She's left the castle."

"What did she say?" asked Wendover.

"I don't exactly recall the right of it," the miller confessed, with a hasty sense of shame. Montgomery looked at me and, seeing a smile in my eye, burst out laughing. "But I know it was about a burglary," said the miller promptly and with courage.

"I'd like to hear about the burglary," said some one.

"The man that keeps the inn there—the—what's that inn?" went on the miller.

"The Woodman," answered Montgomery.

"Aye, that's it. He was servant to the castle—the girl said—and he caught them."

"Caught whom?" said Montgomery impatiently.

"Well, he didn't catch them," admitted the miller, "but he frightened them off. They were after the plate that the old gentleman keeps, so the man told my girl."

"He's a queer old customer," interposed one of the company, seeing, as we all saw, that we should get no further interest out of the miller. Our attention broke up.

"You're right," nodded his vis-a-vis and replaced his pipe in his mouth.

"May I ask what castle you are speaking of?" I ventured to say, addressing the miller.

"Ivor castle, sir," said he civilly.

"It lays in the Gwent, sir, back of the hills," explained the landlord.

"As you talk of this burglary," said Montgomery, breaking in rather rudely, "I'd like first to know what they were going to find in the castle. Every one knows there's nothing to be got there."

Confronted with this uncivil infidel, the miller came to bay. "I don't know anything about it," he declared. "All I know is that this young woman—she says she was woke up by a noise going on, and then she went to sleep again, putting her head under the blankets, and that the manservant—I can't bring back his name—he told her next day that the thieves had tried to get in."

"Humph!" sneered Montgomery, who had plainly drunk too much to be an easy companion. "I don't call that much of a tale."

"If it's true, it's true," said the mild looking man.

"Who the devil asked your opinion?" retorted the lad brusquely. The mild man shifted in his chair, but mustered courage to ask if a man might not express his sentiments upon a point of general interest.

"That's true, anyway," assented Montgomery, with a foolish laugh.

It was clear that he had taken enough to be quarrelsome if the opportunity should rise, and unfortunately he chose to turn his bantering gaze upon my sour and peevish neighbor.

"Well, Mr. Jones," said he, "and how's hay?"

"How's crops, my young gentleman?" says Jones in his surly fashion.

"Crops," said Montgomery in a bawl, "crops is as they should be—seasonable. Here's to crops, gentleman, and also to hay," and he fell into his chair laughing abominably.

I could not say if this was part of an elaborate jest, conceived by a maudlin brain, or whether he had really been taken with an unreasonable fit of anger; but, whether of accident or of purpose, he filled up his glass forward between his fingers, and the dregs flew out and spattered the hay merchant's face.

"Gentlemen!" cried the landlord, in some alarm.

Montgomery stood, his red face somewhat vacant and grinning broadly, while his sallow faced victim, who had got upon his feet, gesticulated and stuttered under his nose with a show of passion that was not quite English, and at this moment, when it seemed as if some retaliation was to be expected and a fracas precipitated, an impulse took me, and I myself intervened.

"I think, sir," said I, addressing Montgomery, "you will admit that you have used this worthy gentleman very ill, and if I were you, sir, with your youth and spirit at my back, I would ask his pardon at once."

On that he stared at me for some seconds, and then, plumping the empty glass on the table, he broke into a sheepish laugh.

"All right," he said; "very sorry. I beg his pardon," and muttering some indistinct apologies he resumed his seat, sitting somewhat silent for a good time afterward.

But that was my introduction to the lad, an introduction none too favorable, of which he began at once to make use, for he crept close to me, moving from chair to chair, when a chance served him, and, being emboldened by the liquor he had drunk, struck up a lively conversation with me. In the end he was exceedingly merry, and was shaking me heartily by the hand, and invited me to drive out to his farm in the Gwent with a good deal of unusual warmth and vehemence, but I managed at last to make my escape, and that without giving him offense.

It was yet early, but the taproom had lost its humors for me, and I was for bed. In my room I spent an agreeable hour, idly considering my guidebooks and determining a date for my return to town. Upon the map I made out the site of Ivor castle, of which there had been talk, also of Montgomery's farm, which he had described to me. They both lay in the Gwent, as that great reach of forest in the marches is called.

CHAPTER II.

RAIN had fallen in the night, and a sweet savor of earth commingled with the summer air when I opened my door and looked forth upon the courtyard. The landlord gently deprecated the events of the previous evening, offering, as it might be to a fastidious guest, an apology for a headstrong young scapegrace.

"They're not like us of the eastern counties, sir," says he. "They're a bit Welsh hereabout. It's a contamination, to my way of thinking. But, there, all sorts of blood go to make a nation, and that's the truth."

But he volunteered a few additional particulars about Montgomery.

"Not a bad sort, sir, at heart, but he's running to seed here. He's taken a main fancy to you. That I could spy at a look. But it's a poor prospect for him, with land dwindling away to nothing, and Llanthony is a shabby house for a young gentleman as he should be."

Llanthony, it appears, was the name of Montgomery's paternal estate in the Gwent. And, in fact, it was for this Gwent that I was bound this morning. The prospect of those rolling hills attracted me with some force. I had an appetite for the wilderness of that back country, unscarred, as I learned, by the track of any railway. It was in a way virgin, at the least a property private from the world. As I struck across the Ray and directed my horse toward the long red slope of the ascent I looked back upon the little town and discovered it wrapped in mountain humors.

Llanthony, according to my host, lay at the back of the first hill, some four miles from Raymond, but as the estate was not my particular aim, and, if it had been, I had no one to guide me, I roamed indefinitely through byways over a circuit of the upper Gwent and finally drew up in the village of Llanellan about the hour of lunch. This village lay a mile or so from the more open districts of the Gwent and within the privy borders of the great forest itself. It would have been easy to throw the reins upon the horse's neck and to wander, lost in the abysms of that wilderness, for the villages were scattered at a great distance and the habitations of the settlers were at long intervals. It was somewhere about 5 in the afternoon, and as I rode down into a spacious valley a few miles from Llanellan, that the monotony of this desultory journey was broken by an event of some moment.

A pretty brook rippled through the wood and was crossed upon a rude bridge. As it chanced, my horse fell suddenly lame, and I had dismounted on the farther edge of the stream to examine his hoof when I heard sounds as of a struggle in the close brake to my left, and upon that a shrill shout as of one crying for assistance. Leaving the bay without further ado, for he was of mild mettle, I jumped into the copse and ran toward the noises, shouting as I went to encourage the wayfarer who was calling for aid.

The cries had already ceased, but a crackling and brushing in the undergrowth still directed me, and, bursting through the furze and brier, I came out very suddenly upon the verge of the little brook and almost fell over the form of a man who lay doubled upon the earth. As I stumbled and shifted to regain my balance I had a glimpse of a lithe, lean bodied fellow vanishing precipitately into the copse. But obviously it was to the victim that I must first turn my mind rather than to any fugitive assailant. He was a man, as I guessed, of some sixty years or more, very bald of the head and under the middle stature. Across his white and shining forehead was a streak of blood, which drew from me an exclamation as I helped him to his feet.

"It is not mine," said he, with a complacent smile. "I go better prepared than my years would suggest."

"No bones broken?" I inquired.

He shook his head, leaning upon my arm and breathing painfully.

"A bruise or two, and no wind in my belly—no more. I was a fool to have forgotten my pistol."

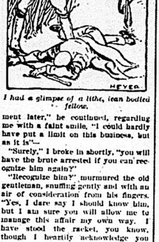
The words recalled me to the thought of the runaway, to whom I attributed this scurvy trick upon an old gentleman.

"What was the cause?" I asked. "Some highway thief?"

"Hardly that," he remarked thoughtfully, and pulling forth an ancient snuffbox with deliberation. "No, I could scarcely describe him as that."

I made a motion to withdraw, recollecting hastily that it was my duty to ascertain some tidings of the ruffian, but the old gentleman, observing my intention, put his hand upon my shoulder.

"I would not worry," said he suavely. "It is of small consequence as it happens. Now, had you come up a moment later," he continued, regarding me with a faint smile, "I could hardly have put a limit on this business, but as it is"—



I had a glimpse of a lithe, lean bodied fellow.

"Surely," I broke in shortly, "you will have the brute arrested if you can recognize him again?"

"Recognize him?" murmured the old gentleman, snuffing gently and with an air of consideration from his fingers. "Yes, I dare say I should know him, but I am sure you will allow me to manage this affair my own way. I have stood the racket, you know, though I heartily acknowledge you have acquired a certain claim to attention. It is very good of you," he said politely, and then, "Yes, I think I should know him again—if we met—which is of course extremely improbable," he concluded, with a twinkle in his eyes.

Now, the self possession of this old fellow, with his air of imperturbable courage, puzzled me hugely and in a manner was very disconcerting. He had taken the outrage, which had evidently been committed upon his person, with such mildness, even with amiability. I could scarce credit my senses to see him discoursing there, with his snuff between his fingers, so pleasantly and broadly, of the event. He seemed quite unruffled, though his body still panted with the efforts of his struggle.

"Is your watch safe? I suppose it was robbery?" I said, feeling somehow rather mean and cast down by the unexpected situation.

"Thank you, quite safe," he replied, without troubling to ascertain. "Yes, quite safe. Certainly I must suppose it to have been robbery—yes, robbery, no doubt."

His air was so abstracted that I took leave to doubt his sanity; but, after all, it was no business of mine if he was foolishly disposed to mercy, and one needs but little imagination to conceive of a dozen deep reasons for an assault save the plain motive of theft. He turned to me presently as I was upon the point of withdrawing.

"I am at a loss to know," said he, laboring over his words and speaking very deliberately, "what devil of folly pursues men that they will hazard all on a piece of carelessness, a wanton whim or just mere indifference or idleness. I cannot say"— He paused as we emerged upon the road. "This must be your horse, then, a good, serviceable animal, that would have warmed my heart thirty years since. I cannot say," he resumed, clutching gently at my arm, "that my adventure today was due to any other cause than that of mere carelessness." He paused again, surveying my horse with apparent interest. "In the first place, I should not have been so far from home; secondly, I should not have been without my revolver; thirdly, I should have used my stick harder when I got home, a concurrence of negligences which made my fate almost a certainty but for your arrival," he added as a polite afterthought, squeezing my arm.

I confess that I was utterly at a loss what to make of him and was inclined to interpret him for a mild lunatic, but we proceeded along the roadway, I with the bridle of my horse over my arm. He still clung to me, discoursing quietly in a melodious voice upon his views of life and the philosophy we should derive from it, while I listened, for the most part, in silence. But after walking for a quarter of an hour, the latter part of which time was spent in a somewhat laborious ascent, we came out upon the summit of a little hill clad in the splendid livery of summer and surmounted by what seemed in the distance to be the ruins of a castle. Here the old gentleman came to a halt, ceasing simultaneously of his chatter, and looked toward the building.

"I am fully conscious, Mr. —; I don't think I caught your name, Mr."—

"Greatorex," I told him.

"Thank you," said he. "I am fully conscious, Mr. Greatorex, that I am under a deep obligation to you for your great service this afternoon. Greatorex! There are, if I remember aright, Greatorexes in Hampshire."

I explained that we were cadets of that family. He bowed his acknowledgments of my explanation and proceeded.

"Hospitality tells me that I can do no less than offer you the opportunity of refreshment for yourself or"—his eyes dwelt abstractedly upon my horse—"for your animal. But I am reluctant to press the offer upon you, seeing that it is very probable you have ridden far"—he was observing poor Jupiter's flanks—"and are still far from your destination."

His eyes interrogated me, but with no rude curiosity, rather as if they offered a remark which I might consider a question or not, as I chose. I answered frankly:

"I am staying at the Swan, in Raymond, and to say truly"—I laughed—"I am not quite sure how far I am from the town or in what direction it lies."

"In that case," he said urbanely, but with a sense of satisfaction, as I imagined, "my reluctance vanishes. You are some seven miles from Raymond, and my house is here."

Without more ado we resumed our walk and, entering an avenue of limes, came next upon an iron gateway set in a high brick wall. It was of very ancient workmanship, but as nothing to the house itself, which came directly into full view as soon as we had passed the entrance. It lay some 300 yards back, approached through a patch of park grown with grass and interspersed with noble trees. My first impression had not been wrong. It was nothing less than the ruins of a small castle, one of those fortalices reared by the border barons against the inroads of Welsh barbarians in the Plantagenet times. As we drew near my gaze devoured the building and took in many points of interest. It was quite small, but, saving for one wing, in perfect integrity. From the huge masonry of the drum towers down to the moat and portcullis all was as it had been in the days maybe of Hugh Lupus. The wing of the quadrangle to our left was dismantled and lay strewn with huge stones in precarious ruin. A hundred yards or so upon the other side, however, gleamed the red roof and heavy thatch of farm buildings, and a round stack or two in the neighborhood proved that the fortress kept its ancient uses no longer.

"You will see that I am able to resist a siege," said my host, with a whimsical smile, as we crossed the drawbridge, adding, with what seemed to me a comical irony and looking down at the bridge, "I fear, though, we should find some trouble with the hinges."

We passed through the arch of masonry and into the courtyard within, where the old gentleman speedily summoned a man and gave him charge of my horse. And here again I noticed that further appearances testified to the use of the castle as a farm. From a scrutiny of this pleasant aspect I was aroused by my host, who, pausing as he pushed open a huge oaken door, turned to me suddenly.

"I am extremely remiss, Mr. Greatorex," he exclaimed with a gesture of apology. "You have not yet the style of your grateful host. My name is Kesteven, and this is generally known as Ivor castle."

All this was conceived in the most formal and eccentric temper, and doubtless had it not been for the strange interest of his habit and conduct I might not have consented so meekly to be his guest, for it was now time for my homeward journey. However, I must, it appeared, sit and drink with him a glass of sherry in his library, a large and ancient room with a very fine display of oaken shelves and paneling.

A little later I excused myself, and rose for departure. For a minute or two he appeared to have fallen into abstraction, and then, glancing at me quickly, he regarded me with a steadfast, inquiring gaze.

"Mr. Greatorex," said he, "you are a young man. I begin to think that we should find much in common. You will permit the question? Are you married?"

I assured him that I was not. He nodded, as if this were satisfactory news. "Nor am I," he answered, "but very probably for another reason. I cannot expect you to take part in my philosophy, but I am reminded that you have seen nothing of a house which is of some historical interest, and which I should esteem myself happy to show you. Is it necessary that you should return to your Swan this evening?"

The invitation in the query took me aback, for, eccentric as my host undoubtedly was, I had not anticipated this proffer of hospitality. Yet there was certainly no pressing reason for my return, and here, at least, I should have more congenial company than in my miscellaneous taproom. I replied something to the effect of this thought.

"Good!" said he, brightening a little. "You are kind to cheer a solitary. I can even promise you a bottle of champagne if you are young enough. If you will allow me I will call my housekeeper." He rose and went to the bell, but, pausing with his hand upon the rope, looked at me gravely.

"I should be doing you wrong, Mr. Greatorex," he said, "if I were not to let you know that by consenting to be my guest tonight you are conferring upon me a great favor. You place me under a particular obligation."

I told him, laughing, that the obligation was mine.

"No," said he. "I fear that my meaning is not plain. Let me say this—I have a particular reason for wishing your companionship tonight."

I bowed politely and offered some conventional reply, though this deep air of mystery puzzled me.

"You are a strong man, Mr. Greatorex," he continued, surveying me seriously. "I must tell you that I have no one sleeping in the house save my housekeeper and a maid. The man you saw, who took your horse, sleeps in a cottage at Llanellan." He paused. "I was unfortunate enough to lose my valet a month ago and so far have been unable to fill his place."

I began to understand. He was in some fear of his lonely condition. Possibly he dreaded an attack by his late assailant. Suddenly, too, ran into my memory the scene in the taproom on the previous night, the miller and his long pipe and his story. There was that same tale that should have been exciting about a burglary. And here I was in Ivor castle.

"If you are thinking of that scoundrel!"— I began. "Surely the police"—

He interrupted me with a smile. "The police, Mr. Greatorex, are seven miles from Ivor castle. But pray do not misunderstand me. I shall be infinitely obliged by your company. It's long since I had an intelligent conversation. But I would not detain you if you had any scruples about staying."

I laughed. "Not I!" said I. "I will stay and gladly." And in truth I meant it, for the adventure interested me not a little. Was it burglars?

It was in the dining room that we spent the evening. This was a long, low roofed chamber occupying the ground floor and opening with windows upon the cobble courtyard on the one side and the meadows of the park on the other. It was a great chamber to contain but two people, but somehow the black oak of the walls and the general air of the upholstery prohibited the thought of discomfort. These walls were not vacant, nor this space, but tenanted, if one considered duly, by a concourse of illustrious faces and high stepping ghosts. Upon this point, as it happened, I was not long left in curiosity, for Mr. Kesteven was in the mood to confide the history of the castle to me. He was a queer creature, partaking, as it seemed to me, of the most diverse and incongruous emotions. Constantly he would set me wondering upon his statements, striving to pick some order in their apparent confusion. One moment quite a sounding pride rang in his pompous annunciation of the titles of some great noble, while the next I was driven to suppose by very clear signs that he displayed nothing but a pitiful contempt toward the whole prejudice of race and family. The man struck me as wearing a mask, and that a mask of such severity and primness as to offer very few secrets to his company. And even at his moments of most spacious frankness I was never able to determine the depth of its genuineness.

He fetched me out some wines, giving me a generous choice, but himself drinking but sparingly.

"No, thank you; I have never smoked," said he in reply to my offer of a cigar. "Will you not smoke yourself, Mr. Greatorex? And pray try that port. I understand it to be of a particular year." He insisted gently upon helping me from the decanter and then dropped softly into his chair.

Suddenly he rose and going to a window threw it open and leaned forth. I heard somewhere from the deep recesses of the old house a clock striking the hour of 1. Mr. Kesteven closed the casement and turned to me.

"I fear, Mr. Greatorex," he said, with a smile, "that I have fetched you here under false pretenses, but at least you have saved an old man from his own company, which is, after all, somewhat dull fellowship."

He threw open the window and leaned forth.

"No," said I, echoing his smile. "I have been myself preserved from the hard chairs of a very crowded taproom and the quarrelsome attentions of half drunken farmers."

"Come, come," said he genially, "you must not give the Swan a villainous reputation."

"Oh, it was not I," I answered lightly, keeping up the triviality, "but a young gentleman of the Gwent."

Mr. Kesteven ceased to smile. "May I ask his name?" he asked.

"Montgomery, I believe, but I understand we are sworn friends now, so that no harm is done."

"Montgomery!" he repeated slowly. "Yes, I have heard the name—a very young and thoughtless man," and he regarded me with a certain reflectiveness.

But it was not of Montgomery I thought when I went to bed, but of the window and the silence of the night, with the moonlight striking on Kesteven's head. Why had he thrown open the casement and discharged me, so to say, from my obligation as policeman? For that was how I interpreted his words.

CHAPTER III.

BEFORE breakfast I had the opportunity to make a narrower inspection of the castle as it appeared from without. The morning was fine, the air of those hills delicate and stimulating, and the sunlight struck the woods and valleys with a golden glory. Smoking a cigarette, I strolled round the edifice, surveying with admiring eyes the details of the design. The entrance by the portcullis lay between two solid drum towers, very formidable to look on. The battlements, which were extremely plain and by no means perfect, the machicolations being worn into great chasms here and there, stood two stories away from the base of the castle, and three if the bottom of the moat be counted. Upon the one side of the irregular square which the buildings made the stonework, as I have said, had fallen into disrepair, and, indeed, no rooms were habitable here. The detritus of centuries had flowed over into the courtyard, and the stones were heaped in a solid accumulation and overgrown with masses of huge Irish ivy. The southern face of the castle was, so to speak, but a hill of rock. It was at the junction of the southern and western walls that the keep stood, itself raised some twenty feet above the level of the battlements and the termination of the habitable portion of the fortress. The moat, which was some ten feet deep, was grown upon with grass, and its sides were covered with blackberry and furze and divers wild creepers. Completing my circuit of the castle, I struck upon a stream which ran in a full body through the park and, reaching the verge of the woodland, leaped suddenly into a torrent and scattered into a waterfall down the steep face of the hill. While I was wandering upon the margin, watching the tide and swirl of the tiny eddies with lazy satisfaction, I encountered my host, who greeted me courteously.

"You are admiring my little brook," he said. "Yes, it is pretty, but prettier in the copses below, where I think you must have observed it yesterday. Here it runs very gravely; below it is a noisy vagabond. You see it has uses here."

"You draw your water here?" I asked, fascinated with the primitive idea.

"Not unusually," he replied, "but there is a well within the castle, doubtless from the same springs. Yet the brook rendered a more important service in my predecessors' times."

I looked at him inquiringly. He smiled.

"Let me see," he resumed, "if I can give you ocular proof. It should be here." He stopped and, dipping his stick into the water, poked among the pebbles of the stream. "Ah, here it is! I think I have it!" He looked toward the castle, above the battlements of which now flamed the morning sun. They rose some fifty yards away. "There is a connection with the moat by means of a conduit," explained Mr. Kesteven.

I uttered an exclamation of delight and vowed that I must explore farther. Assenting graciously, he led the way toward the house and, letting himself gently down the sloping bank, walked, peering about him, along the bottom of the moat. "You will find it overgrown, no doubt," he said. "But your eyes are better than mine. It is ten years since I looked for it."

I searched amid the trailing creepers and presently discovered the mouth of the conduit. It was of thick stone and mortar and from its appearance must have been of very ancient construction. But the opening was choked with earth and grass and probably had been so for centuries. I said as much to Mr. Kesteven.

"No," he returned, "I think not. I believe my predecessor in the tenancy of the castle had it opened some fifty years ago, and flooded the moat for his own amusement. I understand that the experiment was quite successful and entertained a party of guests, one of whom," he added dryly, "fell into the water and was only rescued with some difficulty. But you shall make better acquaintance with our neighborhood after breakfast. I assure you, Mr. Greatorex, it is worth your study, and this castle of mine is by no means singular."

I was quite at his disposal for a stroll later in the morning and upon that occasion got my first knowledge of the topography of the Gwent, a knowledge which, as you shall hear, I was glad enough to profit by at a little later period. And here I may set forth in a few words the character of that country which was destined to be so strangely connected with my fortunes. The castle stood upon a little eminence toward the higher parts of the hills and looked down toward the east upon a long, broad valley as upon its special domain. This valley, which was some three miles long and little more than a mile across, was inclosed by undulating hills and enveloped in a dense growth of forest. Two roads ran from the castle toward the east downward, one upon either side of the ravine. One of them—not that by which I had mounted on the previous afternoon—we took upon this walk together.

We had gone about a mile or rather less upon this road when we came upon the first signs of life. The country was but sparsely peopled, but here, at any rate, was some remote and faithful settler. The inn—for such it was—bore the name of the Woodman and was, as I conceived, of the sixteenth century at least. It was small, but the outbuildings attaching to it rambled away into the forest behind. The sign swung, creaking, on a green patch of grass before the door. As we drew near, a man lounging in front of the inn suddenly drew his pipe from his mouth and touched his hat.

"Good morning, Hood," said my companion quietly, pausing and leaning on his stick. "These are very pleasant days for us all."

"They are, sir," responded the man.

(To be continued.)

FARM AND FIRESIDE

Useful Hints Which Will be Appreciated by the Progressive Farmer and His Housekeeper.

POULTRY DEPARTMENT.

Farm Turkey Raising.

Since prices paid for turkeys were so high last fall, and the chances good that they will continue so, it is time for the farmer to look around and study the possibilities of his farm with a view to raising a few of these magnificent birds in order to provide a little income and a variety for the table. The man with an acre or two of fenced grass land is admirably fitted out.

Little Capital

is needed, as a cock and two or three hens will be enough to start in with, these being kept several years. Then, if failure results, learning will not be too costly, and, furthermore, as forty or more young should be raised from these, one will have all he can attend to with other duties. And let it be understood right here that while mature turkeys are the most hardy fowls, young turkey chicks are the most tender, needing protection and care. The old turkeys if left to themselves may raise a few if fortunate enough to escape foxes, crows and poor climatic conditions, but to be sure of success the grower must co-operate with his birds.

In Buying Stock

get unrelated two-year-old birds from reliable yards where disease does not exist, and also introduce new blood every year or two by buying a new cock. Of the various breeds the Bronze is the favorite, because of its large size, tameness, beauty and hardiness.

The Essentials

of turkey raising are plenty of range, liberty, dry soils, green food, pure water and cool, clean houses. If only a few are to be kept they may run with other fowls, be fed the same food and receive the same care. They may be allowed to roost outdoors all the year round, but it is better to shut them up in the barn nights, providing perches of 3-inch limbs for them. Twice a day in winter and once in summer is often enough to feed them, giving a warm, soft mash on winter mornings of two parts middlings, one part corn meal and vegetable matter, such as one part onion tops, two parts mashed potatoes, or two parts chopped sweet apples, with a pinch of pepper once in a while. Feed plenty of old corn, wheat or buckwheat at night. Throw them a cabbage, a few carrots or a little chopped clover now and then until grass comes. Feed regularly. Have plenty of pure water, grit, and a dust bath of loam or ashes, always accessible.

The turkeys begin laying about the first of April, and must be watched, as they steal their nests. Place barrels, boxes and other receptacles in sheltered places for them to lay in. As fast as the eggs are laid collect them, leaving a nest-egg, however. Pack in sawdust and keep in a cool place until a setting is completed. This may be hatched under a large hen and the turkey kept laying. If put under the turkey visit her but once a day, but be sure to have food and water handy at all times. Hens can only cover eight or nine eggs, but turkeys may have sixteen to twenty. The eggs hatch in 30 days. Leave them alone for 24 hours when they can have their first meal. This consists of a hard-boiled egg chopped fine. From now on feed regularly, confining the chicks diet to egg for the first week, feeding it six times a day. Give the old hen her regular food, and provide water for them all. The hen and brood must be kept in pens until the chicks are five weeks old. Then they may be allowed to roam for a few hours on sunny days.

The Second Week

add a little chopped dandelion or lettuce, and vary the egg with stale bread or cracker crumbs dipped in milk and then squeezed dry. Season twice a week with pepper.

The third week further variations may be made by feeding scalded rolled oats, oatmeal, johnny cake of boiled corn meal, sour milk, a little soda and salt, milk curd — made by placing sour milk on the stove and drawing off the whey, using the residue — and also green food, as grass, weeds or clover.

After the third week feed four times a day, the food to be a continuation of that of the preceding weeks, varied and supplemented with a little cracked wheat, and meat scraps if insects are not abundant. Young turkeys at this stage want bone and muscle producers and not fatty foods.

After the Fourth Week

they may run, when three feeds will be sufficient. The grain ration may be gradually increased, feeding not corn, but buckwheat, wheat, and similar grains.

During the whole period guard against the chicks getting wet or chilled, avoid wet, cold, raw foods, and be economical with the grain. When three months old the chicks "throw the red," and this is a critical period. Keep them warm and feed plenty of milk, meat scraps, and ground bone.

Easy Money.

Turkeys are not hard to raise if given reasonable care and attention, and by fall one will have a nice flock ready for market. Nothing gives a tone and dignity to the place as a flock of these gaudy birds, in addition to their commercial value. The housewife with a desire to make a little pocket money, and the farmer with a liking for new ventures, will both find ample opportunities in these noble birds.

A Grand Medicine for the Kidneys.

Don't suffer—don't experiment—don't waste money on unknown, untried remedies. There is one quick cure—one certain cure—one cure that everybody knows does cure Kidney Trouble. That's Gin Pills.

"I have been a sufferer with Kidney Trouble for years. Have tried medicines and doctors' prescriptions, but could get no permanent relief, my case being pronounced chronic. As it is generally known that the properties of gin without the alcohol is good for the kidneys, I decided to try Gin Pills, but must admit with very little faith. From the very first pill I got relief, and have since taken nearly four boxes and am COMPLETELY CURED, but am going to continue them a while longer. No dull, sickening pains in the back—no low spirits—am increasing in weight—and more vim and vigor than I have had for years—is what Gin Pills have done for me.

"H. P. HERBERT, Ottawa."

Be well and strong. Be free of pain. Be able to enjoy all the good things of life, with all your old-time vigor and enthusiasm. Gin Pills will cure those sick kidneys. Start now—to-day—and see how much better you feel to-morrow. 50c box—6 boxes for $2.50—and your money back if they don't cure.

Special offer: If you send us your name and address and tell us the name of the paper in which you read this we will send you a trial box absolutely free and post prepaid. Write today and get the medicine that cures.

The Bole Drug Co., Winnipeg, Man.

THE HORSE.

Castration.

Apart from the many influences that have led to the deterioration of stud horses is the pernicious habit of many breeders in castrating their colts too early. Operating on colts when young facilities their management, but, unfortunately, does so at the expense of their development. Castration is practiced to render the male horse more serviceable for certain purposes, by doing away with undesirable habits and vices of the stallion, while the good characters of the entire animal are retained. The best time, therefore, to castrate a horse is between one and two years of age, when the structural characteristics of the sex are evident. Horses castrated under one year old are unsexed before their character has developed, and grow into loosely made animals with flat sides, narrow chests, and long, effeminate-looking heads. They often lack stoutness, courage and endurance, because these qualities have not had time to become properly developed. Several breeders who used to castrate their horses under 12 months old, acting on advice, now allow their colts to run entire until they are between fifteen and eighteen months old, and report that there is a decided improvement in the young stock. With improved castrating instruments, the risk of operating on the older animals is no greater than in castrating nine months old colts by means of the obsolete smearing iron, while the operation is more quickly performed, with less pain to the subject.

GRANGE MATTERS.

The Kitchen Garden.

If the average gardener of to-day would make a combination of the care, patience and labor which his grandfather put upon the kitchen garden, with the splendid variety of fruits and vegetables which science and plant-breeding have made available to-day, we would have more of wholesome table food the year round and less of poor canned stuff.

The farm gardens, "market gardens" and "truck gardens" of to-day are the producers of a multitude of "miscellaneous vegetables" almost unknown fifty years ago. In the census of 1890 the large increase in garden products was recognized, and a systematic count of their bulk and value was made. It is possible, therefore, to make a ten-year comparison of the increase of such products, and this records the remarkable increases from 100 per cent. to 400 per cent. in the five several divisions of the country. The North Atlantic States had a well-developed industry in "garden products" before 1890, which accounts for the relatively low increase. However, 190 per cent. in ten years, while the population increased only a trifle over 20 per cent., is amazing.

Could our great-granddaddies, who thought tomatoes poisonous, and our great-grandmothers, who grew them as ornamental plants in window pots under the attractive name of "love-apples," come back and realize that over thirty million bushels of the pretty poisonous vegetables, according to a statement in Harper's Weekly, are eaten as a common and healthful food, they would surely realize that time works wonderful changes. Another interesting statement is that the lettuce crop of the South has so increased that in the spring of this year North Carolina sent twenty carloads of that vegetable North in a single day.

Thirty-five years ago celery was a rarity, even on hotel tables, and was used by few families even of wealth. To-day it is a common edible, occupying thousands of acres. One firm is engaged in shipping celery by the carload the whole year round. Twenty-two million bunches of radishes and twelve million bunches of asparagus are figures given for the crops of these vegetables.—American Cultivator.

HAPPY RESULTS OBTAINED.

By the Use of the New Scalp Antiseptic.

It wouldn't take long to number the hairs in the heads of some people, the reason being they haven't many to number. In most instances, however, the fault is their own. A germ at the root soon plays havoc with the most luxuriant growth and causes it to fade and fall out. A remedy for this has recently been discovered, called Newbro's Herpicide, that acts by destroying the germ that does the damage, besides removing all impurities from the scalp. In addition it permits new life and vigor to enter the scalp, and happy results are sure to be obtained from its use. Try it. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

WOMEN AND MUSHROOMS.

To most people the question of mushroom culture brings up visions of dark, damp cellars and vague stories of enterprising women who have made "loads of money" at the business. The dark, damp cellar is not necessarily a factor in the process of growing mushrooms, popular ideas to the contrary notwithstanding and although the vague stories of the enterprising women are oftentimes exaggerated, the fact remains that the culture of mushrooms is a most interesting and profitable way of earning money at home for women who have energy and a certain amount of time to devote to it.

They can be grown at all seasons and in almost all places. In raising mushrooms the point to be considered is not "can they be grown?" but "can they be disposed of?" For the woman, therefore, who lives sufficiently near a large city for their transportation to be a simple matter, the mushrooms may be made to bring in a most satisfactory little sum of additional money.

To the uninitiated the process of starting a mushroom bed is an unknown proposition. Mushrooms are not grown from planted seeds, nor from bulbs, but from spawn, and the chances are that the uninitiated person would not know mushroom spawn if she were to see it.

It is prepared in most unprepossessing looking slabs of earth, apparently, each slab about one inch thick, five inches wide and seven inches long, and is sold at so much per pound.

The spawn consists of the small, whitish cords that are attached to the root of the mushroom and extend outward into the soil—this is the vegetative portion of the mushroom, the part that grows and spreads and that absorbs all of the organic matter.

In preparing the spawn for sale the little whitish cords are carefully removed from the mushroom and thoroughly worked into a mixture of manure; then this is cut into slabs and dried in the sun, when they are ready for use. This preparation of spawn is one of the most important features of the work of the large seed-distributing houses and a large tract of land is kept covered in warm, dry weather with the uninteresting looking slabs, that are carefully turned and watched, in order that they may be dried in just the proper way.

Mushroom beds may be made in a warm, dry cellar, or in any building where the frost does not penetrate, or in the open air during the summer and fall months. The preparation of the beds requires time and a certain amount of work, but it is work that brings most satisfactory results, and that is interesting while it lasts. The beds should be about three feet wide, ten feet long and two feet deep, and beaten down firmly in the process of building. After the bed has been made for about a week the spawn may be put into it. The slabs are broken into small pieces about two inches square, and these small pieces are placed in the bed about six inches apart, then the bed is covered with two inches of rich, loamy soil and packed down firmly, with a foot of dry straw or hay placed on top of all. In about six weeks, if everything goes on well, the mushrooms will begin to appear.

For the woman who does not care to go into the business of mushroom raising, but is interested in it as an experiment, small beds may be made in pots or boxes, or anything capable of keeping the materials together, and placed in a cellar or even a closet. Of course, if one is so fortunate as to have access to a greenhouse, the raising of mushrooms may be made a more simple proposition. In case the beds are made out of doors they should be carefully protected from the rain by shutters or sashes.

They should not be watered if possible, but the covering should be kept damp. If watering is absolutely necessary, it should be done with lukewarm water, applied very gradually, through a fine hose; otherwise the water will percolate through the mould. This will cause the spawn beneath it to perish and probably destroy any succeeding crops, as spawn will never grow where other spawn has perished.

There is always a steady demand for mushrooms in the hotels and restaurants, so that if once successfully started the question of their culture should be an easy one, and there is additional advantage in the fact that they are never "out of season."

The great curative powers of this remarkable remedy is attracting much attention, and everywhere it has been introduced it is winning its way among the people. It is a powerful, penetrating oil, which we believe has a larger percentage of cures of rheumatism to its credit than any other remedy ever offered for this dread disease.

TUCK'S BONE OIL

It acts directly on the bone—the lodging place of rheumatism—dispels the poisonous acid from the joints to be carried out of the system in the natural way and by its splendid work has proved that the surest and quickest method of getting relief from the torturing pains of rheumatism, as well as the common sense way, is by a direct attack on the affected part. For the small ills of life it is invaluable.

Mrs. W. H. Thomas, of Lombardy, writes as follows: I was subject to stiff neck. Suffered for years and have been as long as two weeks at a time not able to turn my head without turning my whole body. I doctored and got relief, only to have the trouble return again. In August last I had a severe attack and I tried Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil, having been reading in the papers about how good it was for rheumatism, &c. Three applications completely cured me and I have had no return of the trouble since. I recommend Tuck's Bone Oil to everyone.

MRS. W. H. THOMAS,
Lombardy, Ont.

For rheumatism, lame back, neuralgia, sprains, coughs, colds, quinsy or bronchitis, in short for any and all kinds of inflammation there is nothing to equal Tuck's Bone Oil. A bottle should be on the shelf in every home. For sale by all medicine dealers at 50c a bottle or sent prepaid by The Tuck Bone Oil Co., Limited, Smith's Falls, Ont.

DOMESTIC HINTS.

Rice with Cabbage.

Boil separately well washed Carolina rice and a small spring cabbage. Drain the cabbage and cut into tiny pieces. Mix with it the drained rice, and add an ounce of butter, salt and black pepper. A little cream and a tablespoonful of Parmesan cheese may also be added, and will be liked. Stir over the fire until quite hot. Serve with croutons of fried bread.

Honey Cake.

Soften a cup of butter and mix with it two cupfuls of strained honey, a tablespoonful of ginger, half a grated nutmeg, a little of the yellow rind of lemon grated and a small quantity of flour. Dissolve a heaping teaspoonful of soda in a cup of water and strain into the mixture, then add more sifted flour until stiff enough to roll out. Bake in a sheet like gingerbread, and eat cold or hot.

Orange Fritters.

Mix one-half pound flour and one-half pint milk into a stiff batter, add two ounces melted butter, two eggs well beaten and a very little salt. Peel two oranges, divide into sections without cracking the skin, have ready a pan of thoroughly boiling fat, put in a tablespoonful of batter with one piece of orange in the centre, fry a nice golden brown, drain on kitchen paper, then dish on lace paper, sprinkling powdered sugar on the top. They should be cooked and sent to table as quickly as possible.

Cream of Cheese Soup.

Scald one quart of milk with a teaspoonful of grated onions, a blade of mace, and a piece of a red pepper about as large as a knife blade. Make a white sauce with two tablespoonfuls each of butter and flour and a cupful of cold milk, and add it to the hot milk in a double boiler. When it cooks add a cupful of grated cheese. Let this melt, and add a little salt. Beat two eggs and strain the soup over the eggs, stirring all the time. Whip until light and serve.

Potato Salad.

Clean six medium sized potatoes and boil them in their jackets until not quite done. They must not be raw and hard, but cooked just enough not to be mealy. Peel them and divide lengthwise into quarters, then slice as thin as possible into a bread bowl. To each layer of potatoes add a sprinkling of fine shredded onion and celery, using one onion and one cup of celery in all. Shake on salt and pepper the same as if you were seasoning it at table. Use also a slight amount of cayenne or nepaul pepper and fine chopped parsley. Pour one tablespoonful of oil and a scant one of vinegar over each layer of potatoes. When all are sliced toss it up carefully with two forks and then set away in a cool place till serving time.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

Damp salt will remove tea stains from crockery.

To render stained water bottles beautifully clean and bright put in salt and pour on vinegar; stand a few hours, then shake.

An authority on laundering linen writes thus: "Use pure soap, fresh clean water and lots of it, plenty of air and sunshine, and carefully avoid starch. You should be careful to rinse the pieces thoroughly in good, clean water, and then give them plenty of light and air. They should be ironed damp to get the fine sheen so characteristic of well laundered linen. If linen is ironed dry, or nearly so, it gets fuzzy.

There is a new wrinkle, says the Brooklyn Eagle. It is located at the corners of the eyes, and it is a wrinkle which indicates deep thought. The wrinkle, or the group of wrinkles—when first seen may seem indicative of old age. But actually the lines are formed by study, by reading, by thought and by constant and repeated efforts of mentality. The age at which you may expect these wrinkles naturally is forty. But, if they appear under that, then it is a mark of too much brain work.

Equal parts of turpentine, linseed oil and vinegar make a splendid polish for furniture, etc.

A brush dipped in salt water should be used in cleaning bamboo furniture.

The brushes should always be washed in cold water in which there is a little ammonia and a few drops of carbolic acid added to the water by way of a mild disinfectant.

If pains in the head are brought on by a nervous attack they will often be relieved by binding a silk handkerchief tightly about the forehead.

A dustpan with a long, perpendicular handle will save many a twinge in the muscles of the back.

The busy housekeeper is often troubled with tired feet. She will find relief if she keeps them on a cushion while she is preparing vegetables or washing dishes. Pads or cushions suitable for such purposes can be made of several thicknesses of old cloth, bagging, carpet, lining or horse blankets stitched together and covered with old carpet, the edges turned in and over-handed. The whole may then be tacked like a comfortable. When this cushion is not needed hang it up with two loops, one at each end, to keep the edges from curling.

A SILLY TOY.

The Way the Toothbrush Was at First Regarded.

Colonial diaries and letters make it plain that our unfortunate ancestors suffered much from jumping toothaches, swelled faces and the early loss or forcible extraction of teeth which at a later period might have been saved to render their owners many years of further service. No wonder, since the care of the teeth was little understood, and that little often but negligently practiced.

Toothpicks were known; the toothbrush was not, although rough substitutes were employed, made of flattened sticks, split and pounded at one end to a stiff, fibrous fringe. Toothbrushes when first introduced were regarded as by no means important accessories to the toilet, but rather as minor luxuries and suitable for women only.

The diary of a London merchant trading to the colonies has this entry:

"Bought a Toothbrush for my wife, which, used together with salte water, very strong, and a wasshe of Herbs, she is told will keep her Teethe from falling out or getting hollowe. The salte and Herbes may well prove strengthening to her Gummes wch. are tender, but for the brush it seemes but a silly Toy, hardly like to ware the worth of its price and scarce cleanley save when new. But she must have it, being a new thing late from France."

In the famous collection of the letters of the Verney family, as well, the toothbrush is referred to as "an elegant trifle, now used by the ladies of Paris."

But when Sally Aznts a colonial belle, wrote of it to her sister she had, like the London merchant's wife, good hopes of its proving of more than trifling value. Her seafaring father had just brought her one, along with other gifts.

"Besides these, and ye smalle combe, he brt. me a new mouth-brush made of eyvory," she wrote, "the back parte inlayed very pretty with silver: and ye brissles long and stiffe and sett very firme: wch he is assured will help me of my Tooth Akes: wch. you will guess deer Judy I do pray it may."—Youth's Companion.

FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

Melted butter will not make a good cake.

Veal should be white, dry and close grained.

The colder eggs are the quicker they will froth.

To make good pastry the ingredients must be ice cold.

Nutmegs should be grated at the blossom end first.

A brush dipped in salt water should be used in cleaning bamboo furniture.

Good macaroni is of a yellowish tint, does not break readily in cooking and swells to two or three times its bulk.

A simple and very efficient disinfectant to pour down a sink is a small quantity of charcoal mixed with water.

Warm bread and cake should be cut with a knife the blade of which has been heated by standing it in boiling water.

Mica Mining.

Mica mining is one of the greatest industries in North Carolina. Mica is found in all sorts of blocks of various thicknesses and shapes and can be split and resplit almost ad infinitum or until it becomes the thin, flexible wafer of commerce. The material is by nature imbedded or scattered through the feldspar in masses large or small, close together or far apart, and is blasted from the rocks by means of dynamite, the purer veins being found between walls of slate. From the mines it is taken to the shops, where it is split into thin sheets, trimmed into regular forms and made ready for the market, the price varying with the size and color of the sheets. The average size is about 4 by 6, though rare sheets of 24 by 18 inches are sometimes found.

Napoleon's Bad Handwriting.

M. Houssaye attributes the muddle over orders at Waterloo to Napoleon's execrable handwriting. This was the opinion of the writing master of Alexandre Dumas: "The emperor never lost a battle except by his bad writing. His officers could never make out what he meant. Remember this, Alexandre, and make your down strokes heavy and your up strokes light." Grouchy declares that during the battle of Waterloo he could not make out whether Napoleon wrote "bataille gagnee" or "bataille engagee," and he conjecturally read "battle gained."

TRAINING CROUPIERS

THE WAY THE EXPERTS AT MONTE CARLO ARE MADE.

Picked Men Undergo a Rigid Course of Instruction Until They Are Molded Into the Right Form to Preside Over the Gaming Tables.

The stereotyped words ring out in but slightly varying tones from the throats of those immaculate black coated functionaries. Indeed the most sensational coup of the season would, we believe, be powerless to move any of these suave officials into betraying even a momentary gleam of interest in the mere mortals he thus adjures to plank down "their ready."

The casual frequenter of the salle de jeu pays but little heed to these things—indeed takes them as a matter of course—nevertheless the croupier is "made," not "born," though he may have inborn qualifications. He is a creature of selection, and, given a candidate of seeming promise, there follow months of training and trial—aye, little temptations which shall test his honesty—before the three chiefs who watch him and consider all his points decide upon his actual election, and he is carefully molded into the "right form," that of the quiet, courteous yet ever alert gentleman, whose well kept hand spins the marble ball and throws the coins so dextrously across the green cloth.

It may be interesting to those who do not already know to hear that no more than thirty-six men can go up at a time for election. Thirty-six—the number which exactly corresponds with the numerals on the board—and of these, again, only the very fittest are chosen for final training and appointments.

The "making of the croupier" takes place during the dead season—that is, from about August till the end of December, by which time it is calculated a smart man may be considered fit to try his paces in public. The training is indeed no play, but consists of regular attendance at the classes of the "ecole des croupiers" for six hours a day, the exact time being from 8 to 11 in the forenoon and from 2 to 5 in the afternoon. Before admittance to the "school," however, a medical examination has to be undergone as well as examinations in viva voce arithmetic and tests put with regard to correct and fluent French and refinement of accent. Yet would all these avail a man nothing should his antecedents and character not bear the strictest and most searching scrutiny. During this time of probation coins of the value of those they will have to handle at the tables are not used, notes being represented by squares of paper of much the same size and texture and the louis d'or being "understudied" by one franc pieces, while the smallest stake permissible, the clumsy five franc piece, remains the same.

As we have, however, already observed, tests of honesty are at times resorted to in order to make sure of the man's qualities in this respect. Yet in order not to strain this point too highly the management pays the probationer a sum of 150 francs a month salary during his period of training. The daily "lessons" consist naturally enough principally in the acquirement of a nice manipulation of the ball and the rake, in quick "head reckoning" and in dextrously pitching the coins across so that they seem to fall in an orderly golden row, each separate and distinct.

A distinction is made between candidates for the trente-et-quarante tables and those devoted to the more easily grasped game of roulette. The men serving the former are, as may have struck any observant visitor, of a distinctly better class, a higher mental caliber. Their salaries, too, are proportionately higher, ranging from 400 to 600 francs a month, while the "chef" draws 725 and the inspectors and subdirectors from 750 to 1,000 a month, with a bonus also at the end of the season and the comforting prospect of a pension when old age or sickness comes along to lay them on the shelf. That these men are also well worth it goes without saying.

A lesser grade of intelligence is required at the rouge-et-noir board, yet here, too, the salaries are such as many a civil service clerk might well envy—earned, too, in a lovely climate and bearing in mind that, given fair health and a steady devotion to duty, the appointment may be considered good for all the man's working life—leading also to the ultimate pension in recognition of faithful services. The salary of the roulette croupier starts at 250 francs a month and may rise to 400 francs, and he also is the recipient of an annual bonus at the end of the "grand season." It should also be observed that while "on duty" the strain is continuous. Each man is "relieved" every two hours, when occurs that curious little ceremonial of turning the cushion on his chair, a "matter of form" to show he has hidden no coin beneath it.

The ages at which men may enlist in Fortuna's ranks lie between twenty-five and thirty, the adventurer, in the general and derogatory acceptation of that term, having no chance whatever, there being no place for such under the red and black flag of M. Blanc. A few of the older men one still meets—and there are now less of them every year—have "won their spurs" on other fields before the fickle goddess was driven into exile on the fair shores of the Mediterranean. Such who have grown gray in her service remember Homburg and Baden-Baden, have lively memories even of those halcyon days when the chink of the gold was borne out through the open windows of the now decorous Kurhaus in Wiesbaden.—London Pall Mall Gazette.

It Springs Back

quickly into shape—for it is The Ellis Spring Needle Ribbed Underwear—made on the famous Cooper Spring Needle Circular ribbed Machine.

Wears — looks — and feels better than any underwear made in the old way with the latch-stitch—a stitch so short and uneven it cannot withstand strain.

The Spring Needle runs at an angle that makes every stitch the same length, giving a peculiar elasticity, which endures till the garment is worn out.

Fits perfectly. There's never any bagging at knees, elbows or shoulders.

Soft, smooth and unshrinkable. In two-piece and combination suits. Men who are careful about the fit of their clothes prefer the union suits, for they fit like one's skin.

Light, cool summer-weights. Wool—lisle—silkaline—balbriggan. For men and women.

Ask your dealer. And send for free booklet with sample of fabric. Address:

THE ELLIS MFG. CO. LIMITED
HAMILTON

Sole makers in Canada of Spring Needle Ribbed Underwear.

The Mooney Way

There's nothing too good to go into MOONEY'S CRACKERS. The best flour that Canada mills, the best butter and cream that Canada's famous dairies can produce, and the best equipped bakery in Canada, to convert them into the best crackers you ever ate—

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

They are good eating any time and all the time.

Crisp, inviting, toothsome.

At all Grocers

Kleingbeil Farm For Sale by Tender.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up till noon of the 21st April, 1906, for the farm of Ferdinand Kleingbeil, in the Township of Thurlow, consisting of 85 acres. The highest tender will be accepted, providing the same exceeds $2000. Terms of payment, ten per cent. cash, $500 within one month thereafter. Balance to be secured to suit the purchaser. Possession on acceptance of tender.

Dated 10th April, 1906.
PORTER & CARNEW,
Solicitors for Vendor.
10ts,td,2tw

Rex Chocolates

If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes. Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,
Home Bakery, Front St.

MAYNOOTH.

The spring sun has chased from our surroundings The Beautiful; sugar-making is in vogue and farmers are making ready for the new season's work.

The attendance in rural schools throughout the winter is more than double that of the last two winters, as the children have had no snow to wade through. Then, with all about us going apparently well, we are reminded of the fact "That in the midst of life we are in death." The Grim Reaper claimed two from among us last week, in the persons of Mr. Joseph Murphy, aged thirty-one, and Mrs. Wm. Fiss, whose husband died some twelve years ago, leaving a family of eight small children. These the mother now leaves and the youngest, Master Hadden, and Madge, will be left in charge of two of the mother's sisters, Mrs. F. Fiss and Mrs. H. Keluskey, respectively. The older members of the family are engaged in various duties in the vicinity of Cobalt. The body was interred in the burying ground at the Emmanuel Church, Saturday, March 31st. Messrs. Clapp and Morton, two evangelists, conducted the funeral service. Pall-bearers were her three eldest sons, Henry, Fred and William Fiss, her brother, W. Bahm, and two nephews, W. Keluskey and F. Fiss.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Easter Elegance

IN MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S

Suits, Topcoats, and Raincoats

You'll be "right in line" in the Easter style parade if your finery bears the Quick & Robertson label. That means not only that you'll get up-to-the-minute style and perfect fit, but that you'll be sure to have the kind of garments that suit you individually, for you select here from the largest and choicest variety in the city. Prices range from—

$5.00 to $22.00.

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits and Prince Albert Coat and Vests

These garments are a revelation to the man accustomed to paying his tailor a fancy price for them. We carry a complete range of sizes and when occasionally the fit is not just right, we do exactly what a custom tailor does when he has a "try on"—adjust the garment to the man just as correctly as the tailor would.

Prices $15.00 to $23.00

Copyright 1906 by
Hart Schaffner & Marx

Boy's Easter Outfits

Everything for the boys same as for the men—Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishings that embody style, character and quality—a department that acknowledges no equal in Belleville.

Exclusive Easter Neckwear

Is a revelation in itself For style, newness and complete variety, it is positively the greatest showing in the city.

Men's Easter Gloves

All the best makes—Dent's, Fowne's, Perrin's, etc., in all the new and correct shades—regular or cadet—(short finger) all sizes.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50

Men's Easter Hose

All the new things for your low shoes are here in silk, lisle, cashmere, cotton, etc., in all colors, at all prices, from ***10c to 75c.***

Woodrow's Silk Hats, $6.00 Quality for $5.00

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Men's Hats

There are several elegant shapes in both soft and stiff hats anyone of which is perfectly correct and stylish.

The best way to judge is to come in and try on some of these hats.

No Trouble to Show Them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialis

WATCH THE WINDOW
—At—
WATERS' Drug Store

They are here, the Ladies with the most beautiful hair in the world.

The Seven Sutherland Sisters
The Name You All Know.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

• • •

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

• • •

Celery for rheumatism and neuralgia.

Blouse Sets !

—Very pretty designs in natural shades of clover and violet with pearl centres at 95c

—Other sets are finished in rose gold and grey silver.

—One very pretty set is in rose gold finish, set with amethysts or aquamarines at $1.25

T. BLACKBURN

China and Cut Glass

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

IN TIME FOR EASTER

We have never been known to be a minute late in our offering seasonable articles in

FURNISHINGS

As soon as the manufacturer makes anything new in our line, we've got it.

Always something new in Neckwear.

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

FOR ALL EYES.

It requires years of study and experience combined with the proper use of the most accurate and scientific instruments to be able to determine the latent and obscure errors of Eye-Sight in individual cases, While we wish to say it modestly, yet with all confidence, "WE" possess all these qualifications, and place them at your disposal.

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the ***Second Door from Waters' drug store*** on ***Bridge St.*** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

Also the latest designs in shadow and eyelet embroidery for Blouses. STAMPING DONE.

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family.

"Teddy" Fitzgerald Drowned In Millrace.

SAD ACCIDENT WHICH CAST A GLOOM OVER WEST BELLEVILLE FAMILY YESTERDAY—LITTLE BOY DISAPPEARED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, AND THE BODY FOUND THIS MORNING.

Yesterday was a sad Easter Monday for one family in this city, who lost a bright little boy as the result of a drowning accident—the first, so far, this season. The accident is believed to have occurred shortly after noon yesterday, but it was not till later that suspicion deepened into conviction. The victim of the sad accident was "Teddy" Fitzgerald, five-year-old and only son of Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Fitzgerald, who reside on Moira street, in a house at the rear of which is the mill race, filled with rushing water, which runs the Lingham mill.

When last seen "Teddy" was playing about the bank of the stream and the general impression is that he slipped and fell in. At that time there was upwards of 7 or 8 feet of water flowing through the millrace. As soon as the little fellow's absence was noised about, a number gathered upon the scene and a search for the body was instituted, and kept up until an early hour this morning without any result. In order to facilitate the work of the searchers, the sluiceway of the course was opened up and in a short time, the greater portion of the water was let off. This gave the searchers an excellent opportunity of dragging and even seeing the bottom of the mill race.

The search was continued this morning, with the result that the body was found, about 8 o'clock, by Messrs S. Greaves and Britton.

No person saw the boy fall into the water, but his absence from the noon-day meal and no trace having been found of him later in the day, led to the belief that an untimely death had overtaken him.

Such proved to be the case.

The body was found in the raceway, just behind the residence of Mr. Wm. H. Lingham a few yards below where he undoubtedly fell in.

It is needless to say that the parents are nearly distracted by grief, and the sympathy of all will go out towards them in their sore affliction. "Teddy" was an exceptionally bright and clever boy, beloved by all who knew him. A little girl is the only other child of the afflicted parents.

After the remains had been recovered a coroner was notified, but an inquest was not considered necessary, the unfortunate affair being beyond doubt accidental. The body was taken to the parents' residence and prepared for burial.

The Busy Burglar Abroad Last Night.

TWO STORES VISITED, BUT ONLY ONE MISSED ANYTHING.

Burglars got busy in the city during last night, but did not realize much gain for the pains they took.

Two business places on Front St. were entered and ransacked. They were the Oak Hall, of which Mr. C. H. Vermilyea is proprietor, and the tailoring and men's furnishing establishment of Messrs. Robinson & Thompson. In the former place about $6 in silver and coppers was taken, also postage stamps to the value of $1. The money was taken from a cash drawer in the office of Mr Vermilyea's store, and the stamps from a cigar box in which they were kept. Two other drawers were ransacked but nothing else was missed. It appeared evident that the thieves did not wish to take anything but money, as the goods in the store were not at all disturbed. The safe in the office was not touched. An entrance to the Oak Hall was gained by forcing open two doors at the side of the premises. The outer door was fastened inside by a hook and small staple. The staple was pulled out and the second door was opened by shoving the fastening to one side.

In the case of Messrs. Robinson & Thompson a window in the rear of the premises, situated near the back door, was broken and through the aperture made the thief or thieves drew back a bolt which held the door They then had access to the premises. Inside the door some drawers were ransacked, but the cash drawer was overlooked Nothing was taken from this place.

The affair was reported to the police as soon as discovered, but there is apparently no clue as to the thieves. From the fact that no goods were taken it would not appear that ordinary sneak thieves did the work.

Landscape Gardener to Lay Out the Corby Park

Mr. F. G. Todd, of Montreal, a landscape architect, was in the city yesterday and visited the Corby Park for the purpose of laying out that resort in a manner that will be satisfactory to the donor and citizens. After looking over the park Mr. Todd will immediately prepare plans for its ornamentation.

Special Meeting of the County Council.

A special meeting of the County Council is being held this afternoon, at which tenders for the construction of the County House of Refuge will be considered. Another matter will be the passing of a by-law changing the county road at Corbyville.

A Quiet Wedding.

A quiet wedding took place at the Bridge St. parsonage on the 10th inst., when Mr. Albert Burke, of Brougham, Ont., was married to Miss Grace Irene Carter, of Holloway. Rev Mr. Wilson performed the ceremony, and the couple were unattended. They will reside at Brougham.

Grass on Fire.

Some dry grass on Everett St., West Belleville, got on fire in some manner shortly before one o'clock this afternoon, and people in the vicinity had to turn out and fight the flames, as they might have proved dangerous. Several little boys in the neighborhood solemnly declared they did not set fire to the grass.

PIANO TUNING.

Mr. J. R. Moran, the piano tuner, is in town. For first class work, leave orders at McKeown's drug store. 'Phone 135. 14,16,17,18

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"SWEET CLOVER."

The tremendous success which was accorded "Sweet Clover" when produced here last season may be attributed in part to the fact that "Sweet Clover" is a play that appeals to the wide range of amusement lovers, as it contains an intensely dramatic story, told with sharp contrasts of pathos and humor, and is thoroughly clean in its moral. The company presenting the play is one of the greatest ever taken on tour, and a specially constructed car is required for the transportation of the stupendous and elaborate scenic production, while the costuming is of the most costly and beautiful assortment. "Sweet Clover" will be seen at the Carman to-morrow night.

"FABIO ROMANI."

A great special attraction to be presented at the Carman will be that time tried romantic drama, "Fabio Romani," which is a splendid and deftly arranged dramatiaztion of Marie Corelli's wonderful work of fiction, "The Vendetta." In the history of romantic plays there is probably none on record that has had the continuous success accorded this remarkable play. A carefully selected cast is employed in this season's presentation and a complete scenic production is given. "Fabio Romani" is a play for the intelligent and happily adapted to please the masses. At the Carman opera house next Saturday night.

E. C. Rosenzi, the Oil Expert, is Dead.

Many in this city, who met him, will regret to hear of the death of Mr. E. C. Rosenzi, the oil expert, who passed away at St. Joseph's Hospital, Philadelphia, on April 7th. He will be remembered as having been in this city in connection with the Melrose oil well. He was a whole-souled man, and everyone who knew him will say "may he rest in peace."

Mrs. Solmes' Funeral.

The funeral of the late Mrs. D. R. Solmes took place at 9.30 this morning from the residence of Dr. Clinton, Bridge street. The remains were taken to St. Thomas' church, where the impressive burial services of the Anglican church were held, being conducted by the Rector, Rev. Rural Dean Beamish. The remains were then conveyed to the wharf, placed on board the steamer Annie Lake and taken to Picton for interment. The bearers were Messrs. C. M. Stork, D. M. Waters, S. S. Lazier, T. Ritchie, A. A. Roberts, and J. Williams.

A Transaction Which Was Not Profitable.

A few days ago, says a Madoc correspondent, Mr Geo. Wellman, of Springbrook, was before Casement and Wright, J.P's, for selling liquor without a license. Two charges were made and two fines were imposed—one for $50, and one for $75 and costs—making in all $132, on which he paid $30, agreeing to pay the balance the Monday following. When the time arrived to pay he refused, stating they could not make him as they had accepted $30 on the fine Mr Casement made out the committal papers and gave them to Constable St. Charles to take Mr. Wellman to the Belleville jail. Arriving in Belleville Wellman had a lawyer examine his papers, who informed him that he would have to pay or go to the coop, as he was credited with $30 on the $50 fine. The commitment was for the $75 and costs, amounting to $15 more. After making two trips to Belleville and paying his lawyer, Mr. Wellman is not much ahead, besides the way he took to get out of paying the fines. It looks hard, but some of the Springbrookers will be obliged to take to drinking water.

Annual Easter Vestry Meetings.

ENCOURAGING REPORTS PRESENTED IN ALL THE EPISCOPAL CHURCHES LAST NIGHT—THE OFFICERS ELECTED.

ST. THOMAS'.

The Easter vestry meeting held in the Parish Hall of St. Thomas' Church was largely attended, being one of the best ever held by this parish.

The Rector, Rev. Rural Dean Beamish, presided and opened the proceedings with prayer.

The financial report presented was most encouraging, showing that all liabilities had been met.

The following officials were elected:

Vestry Clerk—Mr. S. R. Gorman.

Rector's Warden—Mr. J. P. C. Phillips.

People's Warden—Mr. T. E. Ketcheson.

Delegates to the Synod — Messrs. E. G. Sills, S. R. Gorman and Dr. Clinton.

The sidesmen are to be appointed by the Advisory Board.

A committee composed of Messrs. J. P. C. Phillips, T. E. Ketcheson, W. A. Hungerford, J. A. Kerr, H. Corby and F. R. Lingham was appointed in reference to having the stone wall about the church premises repaired.

Moved by Mr. W. A. Hungerford, seconded by Mr. J. A. Kerr, that the vestry deem it advisable that a new Parish Hall be erected in order to meet the requirements of the Sunday School and Parish.—Carried.

Mr. W. H. Spooner, organist, was re-engaged at an increased salary.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. A. A Roberts, retiring Vestry Clerk, and that gentleman replied in an appropriate manner.

This concluded the business and the meeting adjourned.

CHRIST CHURCH.

The annual vestry meeting of the above church was held in the body of the church last evening. The Rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B. A., presided. After opening exercises the minutes were read by Mr. J. Lutton, Clerk of the Vestry. Reports from the W.A., J.W.A. and Ladies' Aid were also read and all were accepted. The total receipts for the year amounted to $3437.71. There is a small liability still to be paid up. The election of officers for the ensuing year was proceeded with, as follows;

Church Wardens. — Messrs. Frank Thompson and Chief Newton.

Sidesmen—G. Bennett, C. Boyle, H. Chene, W. Cole, C. Carrol, B. Backus.

Auditors—Joseph Tickell, G. Bennett.

Finance Committee—J. Lutton, G. Bennett, W. Cole, J. Sargent, J. R. Donnelly, Mr. Reid, Dr. Ackerill, A. Sherry, W. Alford, W. Rodbourne.

Vestry Clerk—J. Lutton.

Synod Delegates—F. Thompson, R. P. Hamilton, R. Greatrix.

Altar Guild—Mrs. Irwin, Miss Lucy Mills and Miss Mabel Doxsee.

St. George's Altar Guild — Miss Palos and Miss Lutton.

Assistant S. S. Superintendent and Librarian—Frank Mills.

St. George's S. S. Superintendent—Fred Palos.

Assistant Librarian—Russell Bell.

Mrs. Campbell is retained as organist, to the great satisfaction of all concerned.

Very kind words were spoken by those present expressive of satisfaction with the work the Rector has done, and by unanimous voice the sum of $200.00 was added to his stipend for the coming year. The Rector replied fittingly, expressing his appreciation of the feeling of the people.

The meeting adjourned till Monday night next, when the auditors' report will be received.

EMMANUEL R. E. CHURCH.

The Rector, Rev. A. M. Hubly, presided at the annual Easter Monday parish meeting of the above church last night. After brief devotional exercises the reports of the different societies of the church were read, which showed them to be in a very healthy condition. With one exception—the Women's Foreign Mission Society, which stood even—all the societies showed a comfortable balance on the right side. During the past year the church has raised, for all purposes, $1856.34, as follows: Sunday School, $186.86; Mission fund, $60.50; Ladies' Aid, $187.78; Christian Endeavor Society, $39.80; Women's Foreign Missionary Society, $50.71; Vestry, $1168.38; Communion alms, $26.73; testimonials, $135.50.

The Rector presented his report, which showed that his faithfulness and zeal had been great. The esteem in which he is held by the congregation was markedly in evidence last night.

The election of officers resulted as follows;

People's Warden, Mr. E. T. Thompson (re-elected.)

Rector's Warden, Mr. Geo. Leach (re-appointed.)

Vestry Clerk, Mr. R. H. Ketcheson.

Vestry, Messrs. Thos. Thompson, John Neate, J. D. Ford, Jesse Barlow, William Thompson, Geo. Robinson, Geo. Warham, A. S. Large, E. Dobbs.

Delegates to General Council, Messrs. Barlow and Robinson.

Delegates to Synod, Messrs. J. W. London and E. T. Thompson.

Parish Council, Mesdames Dunnet and Hubly.

Auditors, Messrs. Thos. Thompson and J. D. Ford.

Hearty votes of thanks were passed to the different societies of the church, especially to the Ladies' Aid and choir, and the meeting adjourned for two weeks, when the auditors' report and other highly interesting matters will be presented.

ST. JOHN'S.

The Easter vestry meeting was held last night in the parish hall, the Rector, Rev. Canon Begert, presiding. The financial statement presented was of a very satisfactory nature, showing a balance on hand. Mr. F. R. Clarke was appointed Rector's Warden, and Mr. F. D. Ford as the People's Warden.

Sidesmen—Messrs. Thos. Nightingale, G. R. Brown, S. Symons and W. Harden.

Auditors—Messrs. J. Harker and Thos. Nightingale.

Vestry Clerk—R. S. Bell.

Votes of thanks were passed to the J.A.A. for donations; to the Women's Guild, to the retiring Wardens for their services, and to Mr. F. D. Ford for faithful and efficient services as Vestry Clerk for 25 years.

The vestry then adjourned, and Mr. R. S. Bell was appointed lay delegate to the Synod for three years.

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES
.. AND ..
FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

S. B. Carman, Manager.

Wednesday, April 18th

Victor H. Schafer Presents

the original New York company in a special scenic production of the beautiful comedy-drama—

"Sweet Clover"

The greatest American Pastoral Play ever written. Fifth successful season, Last Canadian tour.

Prices, 25, 35, 50, 75c, $

Plan Opens Monday Morning.

SATURDAY, APRIL 21

The MARIE CORELLI world famous Fanciful Romance

Fabio Romani

THE VENDETTA

Magnificently presented by EDWARD R SALTER'S company of Dramatic celebrities, including

MR. JOHN ARTHUR

His First Canadian Tour

A complete scenic and electrical production—A performance you will remember—

PRICES 25c, 35c, 50c

Plan opens Friday Morning.

TENDERS

FOR CONSTRUCTION OF Church Building to Be Erected For

Victoria Avenue Baptist Church,

Belleville, Ont.,

Will be received up to 24th inst. inclusive, for masonry, brick work, carpentering, plastering, tinsmith work, painting, plumbing, heating and lighting.

Tenders for the work separately on en bloc will be received, the lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications may be seen at Stroud Bros.' Tea Store, Front St. a12-6t

Must Stop Shooting The Dickey Birds.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer;

Sir, — I am informed that boys are shooting birds contrary to law. I should be pleased to receive information as to this practice from any citizen.

I remain yours,
JOHN J. B. FLINT,
Police Magistrate.

The Fifteenth Band Elects Its Officers.

At a meeting held last night the Fifteenth's Regimental band elected its officers, as follows;

Hon. President—Lt.-Col. Halliwell.

Hon. Vice-President—Major Stewart.

President—Capt. Morden.

Manager and Treasurer — George Ashley.

Secretary—A. Rowland.

Bandmaster—John Allen.

Band Sergeant—W. Geary.

Band Corporal—W. Reed.

Band committee — W. Geary, W. Holley, J. Allen, Geo. Ashley.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

Daily Intelligencer.

Easter Candies

Don't forget your Easter Candies to-night.

Chas. S. Clapp

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. 78 Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allen

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

If It Wasn't For Carnegie Libraries Would Be Scarce.

Toronto, April 17.—Several matters of interest were discussed at the sixth annual meeting yesterday of the Ontario Library Association, held both afternoon and evening, in the Canadian Institute on College street, under the chairmanship of the president, W. J. Robertson, B. A., LL.B., of the public library, St. Catharines. There was a goodly gathering of members, including several ladies.

Secretary E. A. Hardy reported some considerable progress and activity in library circles.

The treasurer, Prof. A. B. Macallum, regretted to have to present a somewhat unsatisfactory report, inasmuch as the expenditure of $113.63 left a deficit of $40.62. Owing to a technicality the Government grant promised was not forthcoming, hence the deficit.

N. Guard, B. C. L., of Sarnia Public Library, stated that a list of children's books had been prepared and sent to the Government. A brief discussion ensued concerning suitable books for children.

A resolution was passed, urging on the Government the reduction of postal rates on books, periodicals and magazines.

Smoking Rooms.

Rev. W. A. Bradley of Berlin made some remarks on chess, checkers and smoking-room in connection with a public library. The smoking-room was not a success at Berlin, owing to the inadequacy of accommodation. W. H. Henwood, librarian of Brantford, reported that there was accommodation for smokers at Brantford—the home of artisans—and the scheme worked well. Opinions for and against the idea of smoking quarters in libraries balanced evenly.

T. W. H. Levitt, superintendent of public libraries, advocated a reform in classification. It was the intention to see that there was a library in every school to foster a love of good reading in the young.

In the evening Mr. Robertson gave the presidential address, in which he said that had it not been for the generosity of Andrew Carnegie they would have to note that comparatively few library buildings were erected. He advocated a revival of scientific and literary library institute meetings.

INSURANCE BILLS PASS.

Governor Makes Two More Laws—Senate Confirms Anti-Perjury Bill.

Albany, April 17.—Governor Higgins yesterday signed two more of the insurance investigating committee bills, as follows: Chapter 238, Senate bill No. 1,160, which will permit policyholders in stock life insurance companies to act as directors therein, regardless of whether or not they hold stock in the company. Chapter 239, Senate bill No. 1,155, which will prohibit any corporation (insurance or other) not organized for purely political purposes, from making any contribution for political purposes.

This makes a total of five laws added to the statute books out of the total of nine bills introduced by the committee. Two others are in the Governor's hands awaiting his approval and two are still pending in the Legislature.

The Senate last night passed the so-called anti-perjury bill, proposed by the insurance investigating committee, the vote being ayes 28, nays 16.

SUNK FROM COLLISION.

Two Steel Steamers With Valuable Cargoes Lost In Soo Passage.

Detroit, Mich., April 17.—The most disastrous collision in years in the Soo passage occurred yesterday morning when the steel steamers Saxona and Eugene Zimmerman came together at the foot of the dyke. The Zimmerman sank at once in twenty feet of water on the Canadian side of the river. The crew are safe. The Saxona continued on down the river as far as Little Mud Lake, where she filled and sank on the west side of the river. The channel is not blocked by the accident.

The Saxona was bound down from Duluth with a valuable cargo of flax seed and the Zimmerman was taking a load of coal to Lake Superior. Both steamers are among the highest class of lake craft.

BIG PRIZES FOR WHEAT.

Winnipeg Industrial Fair Offers For Wheat, $200 As First Award.

Winnipeg, April 17.—As due recognition of wheat-growing as the leading industry of Western Canada, the Winnipeg Industrial Fair board will hang up prizes for cereal this year aggregating $500.

The first prize will be $200, which is believed to be the largest award for exhibit of grain made at any fair on the continent. This will be for red fyfe only.

Prizes will range down to $35 for fifth place. Provision will also be made for Alberta red winter wheat, but all white varieties are excluded from honor.

Vesuvius Quiet.

Naples, April 17.—The condition of Mount Vesuvius was unchanged yesterday. The volcano is still surrounded by a thick cloud of smoke, but ashes have almost ceased to fall.

Sale of Black Sateen Underskirts and Ready-Made Print Wrappers.

We have just placed in stock the largest range of Black Sateen Underskirts and Wrappers ever shown in this store. The Underskirts are made of a more superior quality of sateen than we have ever been able to offer to our customers. They are made in the very latest styles and range in prices from *69c to $4.50 each.*

We are showing the most elegant stock of Ladies' Print Wrappers made from the latest New York patterns and during this week we will sell wrappers at lower prices than you could buy the material and make them up.

McINTOSH BROS.

THUG AT ST. CESAIRE, Q

Rodrigue Desaules Charged With Strangling a Woman.

Desaules Has Been Arrested—Prisoner, Who Is a Hunter and Trapper, Had Quarrelled With the Woman and Her Husband, Leopold Gendreau, a Bridge Keeper, Living About a Mile From the Village.

Montreal, April 17.—A despatch from St. Cesaire says:

About 6 o'clock Saturday morning passers-by on Notre Dame street, of this city, discovered the body of a woman near the convent. The body bore very evident traces of violence, and was recognized as that of Clara Ducharme, the wife of Leopold Goudreau, a bridgekeeper living about a mile from the village.

Sunday a man suspected of the crime was arrested. His name is Rodrigue Desaules, a hunter and trapper. The motive for the horrible crime is supposed to have been vengeance. He had lived with the Goudreau family till last Thursday, when, as a result of an altercation with the husband and wife, he was ordered to leave.

The woman was strangled to death.

WOMAN TEMPORARILY INSANE.

Shoots Top of Head Off Near Brampton, Ont.

Brampton, April 17.—Mrs. Frank Ruston, wife of a farmer who lives five miles from here, ended her life with a shot gun on Sunday afternoon.

She was suffering from temporary insanity, caused by illness. Careful watch had been kept over her, by her husband, but while he was at the barn getting a team ready to take her to Brampton to consult Dr. Sharpe, she secured an old shot gun, placed the muzzle to her head and fired.

The top of her head was entirely blown off.

The family are well-to-do people, and very great sympathy is felt for her relatives.

Shoots Just "To Spite" a Negro.

Montreal, April 17.—A white girl, Maggie Dean, met a colored man named Thompson last evening on St. James street and shot herself in the side, just to spit him, she said, because he had married another. She will not die.

Investigating a Death.

Ottawa, April 17.—Coroner Baptie is investigating the death of May Donnelly, the seven-year-old daughter of J. Donnelly, driver, of Rockliffe, who died Sunday at the family residence, as the result of falling into a pot of boiling water. The accident occurred one day about three weeks ago, and the child is said to have been terribly scalded. An inquest may be held.

TUG'S ERRAND OF MERCY.

Goes to Rescue of Man Who Was Terribly Scalded.

Owen Sound, April 17.—The steamer J. H. Jones made a special trip yesterday morning, bringing in a man named Joseph Collins, who was terribly scalded while loading a tug with wood five days ago at Rattlesnake Harbor. Collins had been in the hold piling slabs, when a flying slab broke a steam tap. Collins was horribly scalded, and for four or five days lay without medical aid, his comrades not daring to move him.

A message was sent to Gore Bay for a doctor, but he did not come. The officers of the Jones, hearing of the accident, made a rush visit to Rattlesnake and, finding the man's condition to be very serious, started for Owen Sound with him at once.

Collins is reported as resting more comfortably now, but is still in a serious condition.

KILLED BY A BULL.

Animal Had Been Dehorned, But It Used Its Feet.

Dauphin, Man., April 17.—William McFarlane, an employe on the farm of A. Bond, a few miles east of the town, was attacked by a bull on Saturday morning, and so badly injured that he died on Sunday night. McFarlnae was herding the bull with other cattle when it attacked him. The animal was known to be of a vicious disposition, and some time ago was dehorned. McFarlane was knocked down by it and when lying prostrate on the ground it used its forefeet on him. Deceased was 45 years of age, and his home is at Venlow, near Gilbert Plains.

JUMPED OVERBOARD.

Capt. Martin, U. S. A., Under Guard as Insane, Drowned at Sea.

Honolulu, April 17.—Capt. Martin of the Light Artillery, en route home on board the U. S. transport Sherman, under guard as insane, jumped overboard during a storm on April 5, three days after the steamer left Nagasaki. His body was not recovered. Capt. Martin went to the Philippines about three months ago.

INSURANCE COMMISSION.

Judge MacTavish Still Indisposed—Date of Meeting Uncertain.

Ottawa, April 17.—It is uncertain when the Insurance Commission will reassemble. Judge MacTavish is still indisposed, and it is not known when he will be able to be out.

CALL FOR STEEL RAILS.

Railway Commission Wants Fifty Thousand Tons For Transcontinental.

Ottawa, April 17.—The Railway Commission will next week call for fifty thousand tons of steel rails. At the same time the commission will advertise for ties.

Tax Comes Off.

Washington, April 17.—The House of Representatives yesterday passed the bill permitting the withdrawal from bond tax free of domestic alcohol when rendered unfit for beverage or liquid medicinal uses by mixture with suitable denaturing materials.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Closed—Chicago Wheat Futures Close Lower—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Monday Evening, April 16.

Liverpool grain and produce markets were closed to-day.

At Chicago, May wheat closed ½c lower than Saturday, May corn ⅝c higher, and May oats ⅛c lower.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY.

	Apl. 16,'06.	Apl. 17,'05.
Wheat	45,965,000	30,872,000
Corn	7,868,000	10,370,000
Oats	18,815,000	15,015,000

During the week wheat decreased 357,000 bushels, corn decreased 1,382,000 bushels, and oats decreased 858,000 bushels.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	86¾	85
Minneapolis	76¾	79¼
St. Louis	79¾	76⅞
Detroit	86¼	81
Toledo	85⅛	80⅝
Duluth	79½	80⅝

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush.	$0 74	to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush.	0 75		0 77
Wheat, red, bush.	0 75		....
Wheat, goose, bush.	0 71		....
Barley, bush.	0 51		0 52
Oats, bush.	0 40½		0 41
Rye, bush.	0 73		....
Peas, bush.	0 77		....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 53		....

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 16.—Butter—Firm; receipts, 4326. Street prices: Extra creamery, 21c to 21½c. Official prices: Creamery, common to extra, 14c to 21c; do., held, 14c to 19½c; renovated, common to extra, 11c to 18c; western factory, common to firsts, 13c to 15½c; western imitation creamery, firsts, 17c.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 677; state, full cream, large and small, colored and white, fancy, 14¼c; do., good to prime, 13¾c to 14c; do., common to fair, 11c to 13c; skims, full to light, 2½c to 10¼c.

Eggs—Unsettled; receipts, 16,434; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 20c; do., good to choice, 19c; do. mixed, extra, 18½c to 19c; western firsts, 17½c; do., seconds, 17c to 17¼c; southerns, 15½c to 17c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Calves and Hogs Are Lower at Buffalo.

London, April 16.—Cattle are quoted at 10c to 11¼c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8½c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO JUNCTION LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 16.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Stock Yards were 33 carloads, composed of 668 cattle, 42 sheep, 24 calves and 6 horses.

The quality of fat cattle was fair.

Exporters.

Prices for exporters ranged from $4.90 to $5.15, with about two or three loads at $5.20 to $5.25, the bulk selling at $5 to $5.12½ per cwt.; export bulls sold at $3.75 to $4.25 per cwt.

Butchers.

Good butchers' cattle were scarce, and more would have sold. Choice picked lots sold at $4.75 to $5 per cwt.; loads of the best sold at $4.65 to $4.90; butcher cows at $3.50 to $4.50 per cwt.

Veal Calves.

About 40 veal calves sold at $4 to $6 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.

Receipts were not large, but prices were firm at $5 to $5.25 for export ewes; yearling lambs at $7 to $7.25 per cwt.; spring lambs at $4 to $6 each.

Hogs.

H. P. Kennedy reports hog prices 10c per cwt. lower; selects, $7.15; lights and fats, $6.90 per cwt.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, April 16.—(Special.)—Cables from Liverpool on Canadian cattle were firmer at 11¼c to 11½c; exports from Portland and St. John, N.B., for week were 2015 cattle, 1525 sheep. Receipts were 250 cattle, 10 milch cows, 75 calves and 500 hogs. The market for hogs was weaker and prices declined 5c to 10c per cwt. Of above number 700 were bought in west by two packing companies, leaving only 200 on the market for sale, for which demand was very slow. Sales selected lots were made at $7.75 to $7.80 per cwt., weighed off cars. The trade in cattle was slow, as is always the case on Easter Monday, as butchers generally had ample supplies on hand. Prime steers were held at 5¼c to 5¾c; choice, at 4¾c to 5c; good, at 4¼c to 4½c; fair, at 3¾c to 4c; common, at 2¾c to 3½c, and inferior, at 2½c to 3c per lb. Milch cows sold at $25 to $50 each, and calves at $1.50 to $3.

Piles 14 Years

TERRIBLE CASE CURED PAINLESSLY WITH ONLY ONE TREATMENT OF PYRAMID PILE CURE.

FREE PACKAGE IN PLAIN WRAPPER MAILED TO EVERYONE WHO WRITES.

"I have been a terrible sufferer of piles for fourteen (14) years, and during all this time you can have an idea of how many kinds of medicine I tried. But I found no relief whatever. I felt there must be something that could cure me without having to undergo an operation, which might kill me.

"Now, after trying but one treatment of your 'Pyramids,' I am free, free to tell all sufferers of this dreadful disease to try this medicine—the Pyramid Pile Cure. It will cure when all others fail. Sincerely yours, G. Braneigh, Schellburg, Pa."

Anyone suffering from the terrible torture, burning and itching of piles, will get instant relief from the treatment we send out free, at our own expense, in plain sealed package, to everyone sending name and address.

Surgical operation for piles is unnecessary and rarely a permanent success. Here you can get a treatment that is quick, easy to apply and inexpensive, and free from the publicity and humiliation you suffer by doctors' examination.

Pyramid Pile Cure is made in the form of "easy to use" suppositories. The coming of a cure is felt the moment you begin to use it, and your suffering ends.

Send your name and address at once to Pyramid Drug Co., 3878 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., and get, by return mail, the treatment we will send you free, in plain, sealed wrapper.

After seeing for yourself what it can do, you can get a regular, full-size package of Pyramid Pile Cure from any druggist at 50 cents each or, on receipt of price, we will mail you same ourselves if he should not have it.

LYNCH INNOCENT MEN

Woman Declares They Were Not Her Assailants.

People of Springfield, Missouri, Thoroughly Ashamed of the Conduct and Acts of Mob—Colored Clergy Appeal to President Roosevelt—Four of the Springfield Lynch Mob Under Arrest—Special Grand Jury.

Springfield, Mo., April 17.—Four men are now under arrest here and charged with being leaders in the mob that broke into the County Jail Saturday night and lynched three negroes.

Charles Cannefax and Oney Calfrey were the first men arrested. Cannefax has been a poolroom proprietor, but is at present employed at the St. Louis and San Francisco yards. Calfrey is a switchman for the same road. Both have been released on bail. Daniel Crane, son of a saddlery merchant, and Otis Hall, a police court character, are in jail.

Quiet prevailed here yesterday and the indications are that the race trouble is over. The presence of troops has had the effect of bringing the people to a full realization of the situation. Before midnight Sunday a decided reaction had set in and people began to condemn the mob. Yesterday this feeling gained strength, especially when it became thoroughly appreciated that Mabel Edmondson has declared positively that the negroes lynched were not her assailants.

Judge Lincoln of the Criminal Court yesterday ordered a special grand jury to be convened to-day.

A negro named Burns was shot and instantly killed last night by a white man, who was escorting a woman to her home, when he was held up by two negroes.

The white man drew a pistol and fired at the negroes. The negroes fled, as he supposed, and he ran after them not knowing he had hit one, and stumbled over the dead body of the man he had shot. The other escaped.

Appeal to Roosevelt.

Chicago, April 17.—The colored clergy of Chicago will appeal to President Roosevelt for an official investigation of the lynching of three members of their race at Springfield, Mo., Saturday night. A resolution was prepared Sunday night asking the President to take action and it was laid before the Chicago A. M. E. Ministerial Association yesterday.

Negro Was In Peril.

New York, April 17.—Thomas Maher, a well-known contractor, 43 years of age, was murderously assaulted a short distance from his home early yesterday, receiving a dozen cuts from a razor.

The assault was witnessed by several persons, and Robert H. Scott, 35 years of age and colored, was arrested after police reserves had been called out to protect him from a crowd which had followed the negro to his home, several blocks from the scene of the assault.

NEWS IN A FEW LINES.

Christ Church congregation, Petrolea, cleared off a $1,500 debt on Sunday.

A burglar captured at Carberry, Man., pried a bar from the cell window and escaped.

Warden Selkirk of Essex County Council, has resigned. He is going to British Columbia.

The widow of the late Col. Hamlin dropped dead at Maxwell, Ont., on Sunday. She was 82 years old.

Toronto, April 17.—The postmasters of the Toronto, London nad Kingston inspectorates met yesterday and organized a provincial association.

London, April 17.—The newspapers announce that General Booth has expressed his intention to visit Japan, returning to England via Canada.

Canada's foreign trade returns for the nine months of the fiscal year ending with March, show a total trade of $396,859,305, an increase over 1905 of approximately $56,000,000.

At Waterbury, Conn, Rev. J. Edmund Sencsac, pastor of Stannes' Roman Catholic Church, is dead. He was born in Canada 46 years ago and graduated from the Montreal Seminary.

Toronto, April 17.—The Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada will meet in Toronto city hall this morning at 11 o'clock, and will commence the hearing of a long list of cases.

Detroit, April 17.—Edwin Moles of Quincy, near Kalamazoo, claims to be 107 years of age. He was born near Niagara Falls, Ont., in 1799, and says he recalls plainly the battles of Lundy's Lane and Chippewa in the War of 1812. Moles still follows his business of a wagon-maker.

A Mining Commissioner.

Toronto, April 17.—A provision of Hon. Mr. Cochrane's mining bill that was not brought out when the bill was introduced last week is announced as the appointment of a mining commissioner to deal with all disputes arising out of the decisions of district recorders.

His commission will allow him to travel from point to point as cases spring up, and the only recourse from his decisions will be through the divisional court at Osgoode Hall.

The new office will relieve Mr. Cochrane of a portion of his present duties. The commissioner will be free of Government control.

The qualification for appointment is that the candidate must be a solicitor who has practiced for at least ten years.

S. A. International Congress.

Binghamton, N. Y., April 17.—Miss Evangeline Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in the United States, announced yesterday that the International Salvation Army Congress will be held in the Hippodrome, New York, from May 1 to 16.

Use "Made In Canada" Stamp.

Winnipeg, April 17.—Manitoba millers have discovered a way by which San Francisco competitors are endeavoring to evade the Chinese boycott and capture Canadian trade. They are bagging their flour in bags stamped "Made in Canada." The matter will be brought to the attention of the Canadian Government.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED LYE

Ready for Use in Any Quantity.

For making SOAP, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets and drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St

Merchant Tailor.

Special Easter Gift : : :

From now until April 14th we will give half dozen best China Egg Cups worth 15 cents half dozen

FREE, with one lb. of our 30c Tea or Coffee.

Our 30c Coffee, fresh ground.

Our 30c Black Tea.

Our 30c Japan Tea.

Are all special values, and we ask you to give them a trial.

Wall Paper

Now is the time to make your selection while stock is largest and prices the lowest.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

LAWN GRASS SEED

Our Queen City mixture always give satisfaction.

25c per lb.

White Clover.... *25c per lb.*

For the Garden :

Dutch Sets

English Multipliers

Potato Onions

Flower Seeds

Garden Seeds

By the oz. or packet

J. C. Hanley & Co.

Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.

Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.

Western Fire Insurance Co.

Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Dominion Plate Glass Co.

Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Opposite Post Office. Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St. Belleville.

Call in and inspect those before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,

Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,

Act. Manager Belleville Branch

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.

No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.

No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.

No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.

No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.

No. 3.—4.02 a.m. Limited Express, daily.

No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.

No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.

No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.

No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,

Victoria Avenue,

(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —

Parquette and Hardwood Floors

Grills and Fireplace Mantels.

Building and House Repairs & Alterations.

Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete, Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 18, 1906. NO. 304

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split
O. C. LEAVENS

You ask for good tea
You pay for good tea
You get good tea at
STROUDS
Stroud's Teas are the Best

FIRST CARRIAGE IN MAINE.

How a Minister Came to Buy It and Why He Sold It.

The Rev. Francis Winter was a native of Boston and a graduate of Harvard college. He went to Bath early in 1707 and, after preaching on probation for the orthodox church, was invited to settle, which invitation he accepted. He was ordained in the autumn of the same year. He went to Bath on horseback in company with Lemuel Standish. Mr. Winter came from Boston, where he had associated with such eminent men as Adams, Otis and Warren, himself becoming an ardent patriot, taking the lead in the Revolutionary measures adopted in Bath during that memorable period.

Mr. Winter married Miss Abigail Alden in 1768, and it is through her that the Winters of today trace their ancestry back to the "Puritan Maiden of Plymouth."

Three years after the marriage of the Rev. Francis Winter and Abigail Allen they started to visit a sister of Mrs. Winter living in Connecticut and intended to ride all the way on horseback, but Mrs. Winter became so fatigued that Mr. Winter sold one of the horses for a carriage and harness. It was the first carriage that ever came into Maine and was called a chaise. Traveling was so difficult that two negroes were employed to accompany them with shovels and axes to clear the road. Several times the chaise had to be taken apart and lifted over fallen trees. The minister's parishioners thought that it was putting on too much style for their pastor to ride in a carriage, and in consequence Mr. Winter sold it. This was in 1771. It was a two wheeled chaise, the body resting on leather braces, which were attached to wooden springs.

A DAZZLING EFFECT.

Old Time Illumination With Lanterns and Candles.

In these days of electric lights, with all their capabilities for brilliant illumination, it is amusing to read what the subjects of George II. considered a dazzling effect. A Frenchman visiting in London at the time of the coronation of that monarch in 1727 writes enthusiastically in praise of the lighting of the city as well as of a banquet display.

"Most of the streets," writes M. Saussure, "are wonderfully well lighted. In front of each house hangs a lantern, or large globe of glass, inside of which is placed a lamp which burns all night. Large houses have two of these suspended outside the doors by iron supports. Some even have four."

How one arc light would have dazzled the good people of that day!

"When the coronation procession entered Westminster hall," the writer continues, "the light of day was beginning to fade. Forty chandeliers, in shape like a crown, hung from the ceiling, each having thirty-six wax candles.

"On the king's appearance all suddenly lighted, and every one in the room was filled with astonishment at the wonderful and unexpected illumination. Little cords of cotton wool, imperceptible to the eye, saturated with sulphur of saltpeter, spirits of wine and other ingredients, had been prepared and arranged so as to carry the flame rapidly from one candle to another. The arrangement had been so skillfully prepared that scarcely a candle failed to take fire."

For Dosing Oneself.

A physician recommends rochelle salts for amateur doctoring. He says that it is an excellent thing, several times a day, to take as much of the salts as may be put on a cent in a little water. That will sweeten the stomach and act as a very desirable spring medicine. He also speaks highly of soda, having no patience with those timid people who have an idea that it is a dangerous dose, doing some vague harm to the coating of the intestines.

"Why, everything we eat, almost, has soda in it," he cried in disdain. "It is an admirable thing to take half rochelle salts and half bicarbonate of soda, as directed, several times a day. I know of few gentler and still more beneficent general medicines."

A Poisonous Frog.

People in general look upon all species of the frog as being perfectly harmless. Should you be traveling in New Granada (United States of Colombia), however, you would do well to let a certain little tree croaker severely alone. He secretes a poison equally as deadly as that of the rattlesnake. It exudes from his skin in the shape of a milky liquid and is used by the natives as a poison for their arrows.

Write as You Feel.

If you would write to any purpose, you must be perfectly free from within. Give yourself the natural rein; think on no pattern, no patron, no paper, no press, no public; think on nothing, but follow your impulses. Give yourself as you are—what you are and how you see it. Every man sees with his own eyes or does not see at all.—Emerson.

Wouldn't Trust Him.

"Of course," said the sarcastic man, "you always do your wife's bidding."

"Gracious! No!" replied Mr. Henpeck. "She wouldn't let me. When she goes to an auction sale she never takes me with her."

SINCLAIR'S
Display of Shirt Waists
In Charming Spring Styles

No woman of good taste can help being attracted by these dainty waists. Some of silk, others of linen, lawn, all-over lace and every [illegible] material that the season demands.

Prices from 75c to $7.50

New Costumes
. . . New Jackets

Almost daily we receive something new in high grade costumes and jackets at medium prices. Our cloak and suit business is a marvel, and its been a pleasant surprise even to us. We've made up our mind to deserve your trade and giving you the best possible values, combined with the newest new styles, is telling in our favor every day.

You can always rely on each garment we show to be as nearly perfect as tailoring art and expert workmanship can make it.

Sinclair's

A SABBATARIAN.

Result of a Doctor's Compact With an Insane Patient.

Dr. A. did not believe in forcible restraint for the insane. Therefore, as head of an insane asylum where personal influence was made to take the place of bolts and bars and shackles, he was kept a busy man. One patient in particular was a young boy continually complained of at headquarters because he refused to wear his clothing, preferring to tear it into rags.

Dr. A. remonstrated in vain, then thought out a plan of diplomacy, with which he approached his patient.

"John," said he, "I find I am in need of a boy and thought you might like to take the position. I want to engage a boy not to tear clothes. Do you think you could do that work?"

"Yes, I could," said John.

"Very well. What wages will you ask?"

"Twopence a day."

The bargain was closed on the spot, John's destroyed clothing having cost the asylum pounds where his wages were pennies. From Monday to Saturday John was a model laborer, receiving at the end of each day his wage with the other workmen about the asylum. Sunday came, and with it John's mania. He had not a whole rag on his back when Dr. A. was called upon to speak to him.

"How did this happen, John?" he asked. "Weren't you engaged to work for me? You have broken your contract."

"I have not, sir," asserted John, with warmth. "Didn't I work for you all the week? Today's Sunday, and I'll be hanged if I work for any man on Sunday."

CAVE OF THE WINDS.

The Vision Carved In Stone Under the Hills of Dakota.

The great wind cave has the form of an eight story house, each story, or stratum, containing a distinct formation of its own and each containing chambers of a size and magnificence of decoration such as have never been found in any subterranean cavern of the world.

It is a dream, a nightmare, a vision, carved in solid stone under the green hills of Dakota, stone as white as the milk the hired man used to give us to drink in the dawn of a happy June morning, stone as red as the heart of the first bloodroot that you dug in the spring when the world was all spring to you, and stone that is blue with a blue that all the painters who have ever painted Venice have tried to get for generations and have failed.

Frozen fountains are there, white with the leaping foam of untold ages; sculptured cats and horses and great monsters to be dreamed about o' nights and feared in dark corners in the daytime, organs built by the hands of giant gnomes for a Titan to play wild hymns of praise upon, a kitchen for the cooking of weird dishes never thought of up here in the sunshine, all manner and all kinds of rooms, ninety miles of them, down there under the hoofs of the gallant little range horses who pound the grass into hay the year round, up there in South Dakota.—Exchange.

Napoleon's Ink Wiper.

Napoleon was a hero to his valet, Constant, though he sadly marred the servant's effort to dress him neatly. Said the valet:

His breeches were always of white cashmere. But two hours after leaving his chamber it often happened that they were all spotted with ink, thanks to his habit of wiping his pen on them and shaking ink all around him by striking his pen against the table. However, as he dressed in the morning for the whole day, he did not change his toilet on that account, but remained in this state until night. The whole inside of his boots was lined with white fustian. Whenever one of his legs itched, he rubbed it with the heel of the boot or shoe with which the other leg was shod, thus heightening the effect of the spilled ink.

An Aggravated Case.

Lord Justice Clerk Eskgrove, in sentencing certain housebreakers, began by explaining the various crimes of which they had been convicted—assault, robbery and hamesucken, of which last he gave them the etymology. He then reminded them that they had attacked the house and robbed it, and so worked gradually up to the climax. "All this you did, and, God preserve us, joost when they were settin' down to their dinner!"—Law Notes.

A Long Life.

To prolong life one should take plenty of sleep and remember to sleep lying on the right side, indulge in a morning bath in tepid water, take daily exercise in the open air, keep the window of the sleeping room open all night, take frequent and short holidays, not be overambitious and hold one's temper.

Considerate Discretion.

Stranger—How long since you made an arrest, constable? Constable Hi Medder—Quite a considdyrable spell. I'm goin' a leetle slow 'bout haulin' 'em in jest now. We hain't got no place to put 'em 'ceptin' Cy Tedder's chicken coop, an' Cy's got a settin' hen on.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Stylish Spring Suits

The young man who is desirous of having an up-to-date and natty suit for spring will be pleased with the wide range we are showing. Fashioned by experts after the most improved New York Models.

These goods are cut to fit, not pressed into shape and will retain their perfect fit until worn out

Examine into the linings, sewing and every detail, they will stand the closest examinations—we guarantee every suit and overcoat sold by the only guarantee, namely—money always cheerfully refunded if everything is not entirely satisfactory.

—Men's stylish Spring suits in all the newest materials and styles.. $7.50 to $15

The New Hats

Spring has truly arrived and the old hat will not do any longer. We cordially invite you in to inspect the new styles for spring. We have every new and up-to-date style in both the Hard and Soft Hat.

The following well known brands are represented:

John B. Stetson, Mallory, Christie, Wakefield, Wafer Light

And many others. The price range from $2.00 to $4.50.

The Ritchie Coy Limited

House Furnishings

House cleaning time has arrived and every lady will be looking for such things as Curtains, Draperies, Carpets, Rugs, etc., to brighten up the home.

We are desirous that every lady should see our beautiful display of Handsome Curtains and Draperies, Gorgeous Carpets and Rugs, all bought direct from the makers from over the sea and the manufacturers in Canada.

It will be to your advantage to pay this department a visit whether you wish to purchase or not.

Nottingham Curtains

We have a very large display of these well known and favorite Curtains in many new and dainty designs, our buyer having secured them at a special price which enables us to give you exceptional good values.

—Nottingham Lace Curtains in all the newest and daintiest designs. Prices per pair.......... 30c to $6.50

—A large range of Marie Antionette, Brussels Net, Arabian (hand-made), Irish Point, Art Guipure, Bobbinet, at prices ranging up to........ $12.50

Templeton's Rugs

We believe that in these goods we have the best floor covering procurable when you consider the serviceability and moderate price.

They are not cheap Rugs but are economical, as they last a life time and always retain that rich appearance not found in cheaper rugs.

Templeton's Rugs from 85c to $55.00.

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

HOSIERY

For the Boys

We are showing special values in Boys' Heavy Cotton and Cashmere Hosiery for early spring wear.

—Boys' Heavy Fine Ribbed Cotton Hose, all sizes, double legs and feet, absolutely fast colors........................ *25c pr*

—Boys' Fine Ribbed Cotton Stockings, all sizes, made from a fine imported yarn, double Heels, Knees and Toes....... *25c pr*

For the Girls

—Fine Light Weight Cashmere Hose for Spring Wear, prices .... *20 to 30c pr*

—Fine Ribbed Cashmere Hose, all sizes......... *20 and 25c pr*

Girls' Tan Cashmere Hosiery.
Girls' Black and Tan Cotton and Lisle Hose.
Infants' Cashmere and Silk Socks.

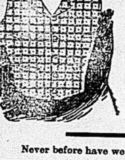
Ladies' White Waists

We have just received into stock a number of lines of Ladies' New White Lawn and Organdie Waists, beautifully trimmed and finished, ranging in price from—

$1.00 to $3.50

These goods are all well made and tailored.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson



Men's Light Vests

Never before have we done one-half the business in Light Vests as we are doing this spring. The reason of our big trade is not hard to understand. We have the finest assortment in the city.

We would be pleased to have the opportunity of showing them to you.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

Ladies' Street Skirts

At $1.95, $2.25, $3.00, $3 50, $4.00 and those pretty greys now so stylish at $4.50, and $5.00.

Linen Embroidered Blouses, very very stylish each at .... $3.00 and $4.50

Silk Blouses at........................ $2.75, $3.00, $4.00, $5 00

RAIN COAT OR DUST COAT

Made of Cravenette, man tailored, Silk stitched, colored Oxford, Bronze and Fawn only.. $5.00

LACE CURTAINS

A full range to choose from, prices per pair.......... 50c to $7.50
Roller Blinds each from.. 25c to 75c

Agreeable good natured service, no matter when you come.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

Ross' Fate Awaits Laurier.

Day by day the thinking people of this province are becoming more and more disgusted with the Dominion Government. To those who watch the signs of the times, the evidence is clear that the same fate, from the same causes, awaits it as befell the Ross Government in this Province.

Even its friends acknowledge this. The Boston Transcript pays close attention to Canadian affairs, and is distinctly favorable to Sir Wilfrid Laurier; yet it acknowledges that the outlook is stormy, and the public esteem is precarious. Outsiders see most of the game it is said, hence this statement is valuable.

The Transcript bases its opinion on the Saskatchewan land job, and claims that the Government's defence of this is comicably absurd. "If Mr. Whitney, the present resolute Premier of Ontario, could but be employed to deal with the matter he would surely compel any due restitution," says the paper. This is how the Hon. Mr. Whitney is regarded and his work appreciated.

Then, it is claimed that Mr. Fielding has neglected his duties. He is condemned for not intervening when reports of malpractices were brought to his notice in connection with the Insurance Department.

A reliable Liberal authority in Quebec is quoted as saying that "there can be no doubt that the Premier's compatriots are blase of invitations to support his ministry on the ground that he is one of themselves. French-Canadians have always been peculiarly quick to turn out any Government clearly guilty of pecuniary corruption. If the Saskatchewan deal cannot be defended in a way not yet discovered, the political life of the Government is not worth three years' purchase."

Now, turn to another criticism of a different class. The Farmers' Sun had last week a strong editorial under the caption of "Amazing Indifference to Public Interests." It bore out exactly the accusation made recently as to our "Farcical Ministers." The following extract from it should be read and remembered;

"The Hon. Mr. Paterson is our Minister of Customs. It should be part of his special duty to keep watch on the tariff changes of other countries. And still two years after Germany began working along the lines which have recently reached full development, and nearly a month after a new German tariff had come into force, under which important Canadian products are absolutely excluded from the German market, this Minister can say no more than that he "believes" such a tariff is in being; he "does not know" what effect it will have on our export trade to Germany in apples and other lines. The Minister of Agriculture, whose chief business so far as his official life is concerned, is the development of outside markets for Canadian farm products, has not even "looked into the matter," and has accepted a statement made by his colleague some two weeks ago, to the effect that our apple trade has not been hit at all! If men in charge of the business of an incorporated company showed equal ignorance of, and inattention to, the business of that corporation, they would be asked to walk the plank at the next meeting of the Board of directors. What a Board of directors would do in a private company, Parliament should do in this case of national concern."

Sleeps Out of Doors.

'I have slept out of doors in a corner of my piazza summer and winter for five years, and in that time I never had a cold, though on several occasions it was twenty degrees below zero," said Mrs. Blanche C. Martin, at the close of a recital which she gave in the New York Waldorf one day last week. "I believe," she added, "that it is a cure for nervousness, and many kinds of pulmonary troubles. From experience I know that a few hours spent in sleep out of doors is far more beneficial and refreshing than twice the time in a bedroom, even with the windows open. The buoyant feeling in the morning following a sleep out of doors is one that surpasses description." She might have added that those who coddle themselves, who live and sleep in close overheated rooms, are the persons most susceptible to catching cold, and who most easily fall a prey to pneumonia and kindred diseases. To keep the respiratory organs in good condition lots of fresh air is needed.

SUN AND SNOW,

Sometimes Help the Hair to Go.

In any changeable climate the hair is apt to become brittle and to break off, stubby here and there. This makes a hair-dressing almost a necessity, especially to ladies. In using a hair dressing why not get the best, one that combines with it the efficiency in killing the dandruff germ, the germ that eats the hair off at the roots, causing what is called falling hair, and in time baldness. Newbro's "Herpicide" is that kind of a hair dressing. You have no idea how delightful your scalp will feel, and how stylish your hair will appear, after an application or two of Herpicide. It is certainly a wonderful innovation as a scalp antiseptic and hair dressing.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Summer appears to wish to crowd spring off the scene.

• • •

Here we are with the climate of Naples, and no Vesuvius. Fortunate land!

• • •

Don't get too gay, however. There may be no volcano in sight, but the housecleaning season will prevent most of us from getting chesty.

• • •

Poor old Mr. Rosenzi! His was a good soul. The failure to find oil at Melrose broke his heart.

• • •

Just think, girls, only six weeks and we'll be in the month of roses and poseys and weddings. Get your trousseaux ready.

• • •

Too bad the drill shed will not be built this summer, but what's the matter with the gallant Fifteenth doing entrenching drill on the site?

• • •

The general impression is that the site for the new Public Library is an ideal one. It will be so quiet there, away from the hurly-burly of Front St. One will almost be able to think he is in Kingston.

• • •

No wonder the face came off that sidewalk on Henry St. The Council built it first and passed the by-law for it afterwards.

• • •

Considerable merriment is being caused these days by a story which some of the aldermen tell. It is alleged (mind, we don't vouch for it) that a certain alderman had for a long time been trying to get a certain measure through the Council, but without success. At last, so the story goes, a brother alderman jokingly asked him if, providing his pet scheme were carried, he would buy the oysters for the Council. It is alleged that in a moment of weakness, he consented to do so. Sure enough, the pet scheme was passed, but the City Fathers, some of whom are fond of oysters, are still waiting for the oyster supper to materialize. Now they think it looks as though a shell game was worked on them.

• • •

It may be all right, of course, but somehow or other it will make the average man sit up and think when he sees that a city baker is able to furnish bread to the County at 11 cents per 4-pound loaf while private individuals have to pay 10 cents per 3-pound loaf.

• • •

It will soon be time to make our annual splash about the public bath. Why don't some public-spirited citizen separate himself from a sufficient quantity of coin of the realm to give us one? There's a chance for some local Croesus to immortalize himself.

• • •

If you want to avoid a graveyard cough,
For goodness sake, don't take 'em off!

• • •

Toothpick shoes are coming in again. The druggists will now begin to dig up "something just as good" in the way of corn cures.

• • •

Montreal Herald; London's population is 6,581,402. Confidentially, Gilbert Parker is the 2

• • •

The Hamilton Times man hit the nail squarely on the head last Monday when, in his more or less humorous column, he gave vent to the following; "Mr. Chairman, in rising to move a vote of thanks to the city church choirs for their services yesterday, I beg to say that I don't think the congregations half appreciate the obligation they are under especially to the young people who give their time and labor free in connection with the praise service in the churches. Yesterday's programme itself meant a lot of hard work and some sacrifice for them. The house of God is not a place of entertainment, but music enters largely into the service and without the assistance of the choirs it would be shorn of much of its grandeur, and the best is none too good for the Almighty's praise. Not only our thanks but our encouragement should be given freely to them. The usual annual vote of thanks at vestry and congregational meetings is generally a tame and perfunctory affair. The choirs do much for the entertainment of the members of the churches, and it is not too much to expect that they should do a little now and then to entertain them. But how seldom do you hear of a congregation entertaining a choir? Did you ever hear of such a thing? (Applause.)"

• • •

It seems a peculiar coincidence that two stores were burglarized in Napanee on Sunday night or Monday morning. Both stores were entered by a rear door, the same as the Belleville stores, which were burglarized on Monday night or Tuesday morning. Are these "back door artists" making a tour of the province?

A hotel man in Merlin, a local option village near Chatham, has been sentenced to four months in jail for selling liquor without a license. A few more sentences like this, says the Brockville Times, will convince most hotelmen that the license law is going to be enforced.

• • •

"Wouldn't that jar you?" as the San Francisco people said this morning.

• • •

Awful calamity, that. God help the unfortunate people. Somehow it puts one in mind of Kipling;

"And all our pomp of yesterday
Is one with Nineveh and Tyre."

• • •

Come to think of it, some people called San Francisco, "the modern Nineveh."

• • •

The telegraph's brief but graphic tale shows that San Francisco has suffered a terrible disaster, this being the second in its history. Let us hope that later news may show a more hopeful state of affairs.

• • •

While sympathizing with the sufferers we can rejoice in the fact that here in Canada we are practically free from the calamities which have lately been afflicting other parts of the world. Oh! yes. Uncle Sam may sneer at us as being a little slow, but never mind. This fair Dominion will do nicely for us.

HOUSECLEANING DRUGS

We would like to furnish your housecleaning drugs. Scores of items here that cost little, which will facilitate the spring cleaning.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

HELD THEIR FIRST ANNUAL BANQUET.

BROTHERHOOD OF HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST CHURCH HAD PLEASANT AND PROFITABLE FUNCTION LAST NIGHT.

The Brotherhood in connection with Holloway Street Church last evening held their first annual banquet, which proved to be a most pleasant and profitable affair. Nearly every member was present and took part in the proceedings. Tables were spread in the basement of the church and an abundance of good things were provided.

The chair was occupied by Mr. W. J. Magrath, President, and associated with him were Rev. R. H. Leitch, Pastor and Hon. President, and Mr. A. E. Bailey, Vice-President.

After due justice had been done to the spread a comprehensive toast list was carried out, in a profitable and enjoyable way.

At intervals during the addresses Mr. C. McMeehan rendered solos, a quartette composed of Messrs. C. McMeehan, R. Leitch, B. McMurray and Dr. Duprau gave two selections, and instrumental music was furnished by Mr. R. Leitch on the piano and Mr. L. R. Walters on a mandolin.

A presentation also occurred during the evening. Mr. L. R. Walters, who is about leaving the city, and who had been chairman of the programme committee of the Brotherhood since its inception, was presented with an address, accompanying which was a beautiful music rack. The recipient replied appropriately.

At a seasonable hour the pleasant affair was brought to a close by the singing of the Doxology and the benediction being pronounced by the Pastor.

Births.

RUNCIMAN. — At Brookside, Ont., Aug. 6, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Runciman, a daughter.

THE EASY OIL.

Scott's Emulsion is "the easy oil"—easy to take, easy in action. Its use insures deliverance from the griping and nauseating sensation peculiar to the raw oil. Nobody who has any regard for their stomach thinks of taking cod liver oil in the old way when Scott's Emulsion is to be had. It is equally certain that no one having a regard for their health will accept a cheap emulsion or alcoholic substitute for Scott's Emulsion. It fulfills every mission of cod liver oil and more.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"SWEET CLOVER" TO-NIGHT.

There is no denying the fact that the beautiful scenic production of "Sweet Clover," which comes to the Carman to-night, was one of the artistic and substantial successes of last season, and that return dates were requested in every city visited, leads one to believe that this is one of those wholesome plays which will live for years and endear themselves to the public by repetition. Wherever possible return dates were arranged it is extremely gratifying to record that the attendance and receipts were increased in every instance. The public are not slow to appreciate a meritorious theatrical attraction and are always willing to bestow their patronage upon one which has proven worthy of it, nor are they clamoring for noisy or risque plays, as some managers appear to think, for the enthusiasm which greets the return of "Sweet Clover" in every city, proves beyond a doubt that pure, sweet and wholesome plays, when presented with a capable cast, are always appreciated.

"THE VENDETTA."

Marie Corelli's remarkable novel, "The Vendetta," which has been brilliantly dramatized into what is on record as the dramatic sensation of the past decade, will be the attraction at the Carman next Saturday night. In its present form, as "Fabio Romani," it is, if anything, more interesting than the famous book, which it is said, had the largest sale in the history of novelism. This fact alone should be a convincing point of merit. However, the management have stopped at nothing, nor considered expense in production or cast, which is composed of splendid players of importance, headed by John B. Arthur.

Work Commenced On Foxboro Tracks.

Peterboro Examiner: Five box cars of Italians and their properties left Renzetti's boarding houses, Bethune street, yesterday morning, bound for Foxboro, where the siding will be raised to the same elevation as the main track. It was thought the work would have commenced a little sooner than it did, but owing to the fact that the frost was in the ground the operations had to be postponed until the present time.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorised to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

AUCTION SALE

At Chas. Dickens', George St. 235, household effects, Friday, April 20; sale 9.30 sharp.—D. J. Fairfield, The City Auctioneer. 1t

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate winds, fine and moderately warm. Tuesday, southerly winds, fair.

OYSTERS

Fresh Oysters today
40c and 50c qt.

FRESH SWEET WHIPPING CREAM

JAS. WALLACE & CO.

LADIES!

...FOR EASTER...

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin Sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HIGH GRADE TEAS
New Season's Fragrant & Delicious
Wallbridge & Clarke's
NEW BLENDS IN SEALED PACKETS
25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c LB

"It Pays to Buy the Best."

HUYLER'S NEW YORK BON BONS

FRESH SUPPLIES BY EXPRESS JUST RECEIVED.

• • •

SARATOGA CHIPS

FRESH SUPPLIES BY EXPRESS JUST RECEIVED.

• • •

DELICIOUS COFFEE At Wallbridge & Clarke's

EASY MONEY AT HOME

[illegible] raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All [illegible] will get $[illegible] to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience [illegible] To get you interested quickly we send [illegible]TAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at [illegible]) and two cakes

BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS.

[illegible]ARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make [illegible] canaries, all for [illegible] stamps or coin. Address

[illegible]TAM BIRD SEED, 23 St., London, Ont.

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
. . AND THE . .
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher........................ *$3.00*
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.................... *$3.00*

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

RHEUMATISM

I will refund your money if it fails.

Price 25c. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve pains in legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints in a few hours. Positively cures in a few days. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it from the system. —MUNYON.

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. Some of our men who started in a small way now have large routes of customers, and keep two or three rigs busy delivering all the time. Why not you? Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

For a short time only, 12 useful household articles for 50 cents. Address P. C. Coo, 116 Wilson Ave., London, Ont. 18-6t

The residence of Mrs. J. W. Dunnet, corner of Bridge and Commercial Sts., Belleville. For particulars apply to owner or Northrup & Roberts, barristers, Bridge St. a14-4teod

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

TO LET,

House on Bridge St. All modern improvements. Apply to Dr. Caldwell. 18-6t

Possession May 1st, 1906, the residence on Dundas street, just opposite T. S. Carman's residence. This house has all the improvements. For particulars call at the Ontario Office. a18-3td-1tw

A commodious brick house with all modern improvements, fine lawn, brick stable. Corner Victoria Ave. and Albert street.—T. E. EWEN, 330 Albert St. a12-6t

LOST.

On Bridge or George Sts. a purse containing money. Reward on leaving it at this office. 18-2t

On Trent Road or Front St., lady's light brown pocket book. Please leave at Intelligencer Office. 1t

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

Literary Notes.

FASHIONS IN NEW YORK.

New York modistes are just now up to their ears in work, preparing trousseaux and gowns for Spring weddings, says Helen Berkeley Loyd in the May "Delineator." All the newest bridal gowns are cut on princess lines, but a distinctive feature is the abbreviation of the princess as we have known it, into the "baby princess." The skirt, with the addition of a Watteau plait in the back opens out into train, and is the newest effect in wedding gowns. The Watteau plait is not essential but as it adds dignity and grace, and helps hold the veil in position, its use is advisable. Silk and cotton rajahs, muslins and linens have a prominent place in the trousseau.

Linen has a particularly strong vogue, and is used for morning frocks in white and colors in sheerest quality and delicate tints for the afternoon gowns. The new parasols this season are simply beautiful, but not beautifully simple. They are made to match the afternoon gowns and show the same trimming. One finds them of hand-painted chiffon, bordered and inserted with duchess lace, and of the sheerest Persian lawn wrought in the daintiest lingerie effects. Many of the handles are expensively jeweled. The sticks are delicately enameled, and some are extra long and have a hinge near the catch that they may be folded when out of service.

Special Session of the County Council.

MR. WALTER ALFORD, OF THIS CITY, GETS CONTRACT FOR ERECTION OF HOUSE OF REFUGE—HIS TENDER WAS FOR $31,000.

A special session of the County Council was held yesterday afternoon, Warden Lancaster and all the members, excepting Mr. Morton, were in attendance. After the Council had been called to order the Clerk stated the object of the meeting, namely, to pass a by-law in regard to changing the county road at Corbyville, and for general business.

Mr. Macfarlane moved the suspension of the rules for the purpose of introducing a by-law relating to the changing of the county gravel road at Corbyville. — Carried.

The by-law was read a first time and referred to the Committee of the Whole on By-laws.

On motion the Council went into Committee of the Whole on By-laws, Mr. Dryden in the chair.

Messrs. Farley and Denyes were of the opinion that the Corby Company should keep this portion of the road in a proper state of repair for five years.

The Clerk was of the opinion that it would be unwise to add that to the by-law, as it had been advertised, and in the agreement with the Corby Company no such regulation was suggested. If any change was made now the by-law could not now be passed.

The by-law was read clause by clause and passed without any amendments being made.

On motion the committee rose and reported. The report was received and adopted.

On motion Mr. Ware, of Tweed village, addressed the Council. He stated that he was present to represent the Electric Light Company of Tweed. Some two years ago the water overflowed the dam of the company and flowed over the gravel road for a distance of some 500 or 600 feet. Some damage was sustained and the company, he said, was prepared to contribute to the county a certain sum to assist in placing that road in a proper state of repair.

Dr. Bowlby, Reeve of Tweed, addressed the Council in reference to the road in question. He said that the road near the river needed to be raised a little and then it would be safe from flooding, which sometimes occurred now in the spring. He felt convinced that the Electric Company of Tweed would do what was right in the matter of placing the road in repair. The stop logs in the Electric Company's dam were not, perhaps, taken out as quickly as possible. He thought it would be a great hardship if the company had to remove its dam or had to build a new road in another locality.

Mr. Macfarlane was of the opinion that at the present meeting this matter could not be settled, and as it was in the hands of the Finance Committee that committee could attend to it.

This explanation was satisfactory.

On motion the Council went into Committee of the Whole on Ways and Means, Mr. Nicolson in the chair. The following accounts were passed;

Greenleaf & Sons	$ 5.95
N. Allen	209.25
J. Cornelius	39.88
Central Prison, for clothing	31.75
W. McGie	22.45
S. Masson	129.22
Treasurer of Rawdon township	75.00

On motion the contract for supplying bread to the jail was given to Mr. E. S Sierichs at 11c for four-pound loaves.

On motion the Clerk was authorized to advertise a by-law for the issuing of debentures to the extent of $27,000, for the erection of a House of Refuge.

The committee rose and reported. Report received and adopted.

On motion the Council adjourned sine die.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

Upon the adjournment of the Council, the special committee of the Council, which have in hand the matter of erecting the House of Refuge, met to consider the tenders. Mr. Miller, of Toronto, the architect, was also present.

A large number of tenders, the majority of which were for only certain portions of the work, were opened, and as the hour of 6 o'clock had arrived the committee adjourned until 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

THE CONTRACT AWARDED.

The committee reassembled at 10 o'clock this morning, and, after comparing the tenders submitted and computing the various separate tenders for the work, awarded the contract to Mr. Walter Alford, of this city, for the complete building, at $31,000.

Work upon the structure will be commenced at an early date, but, according to the stipulations the structure need not be completed this year.

The building, as designed by the architect, Mr. G. W. Miller, of Toronto, will have a frontage of 120 feet and will be 110 feet deep. It will be three stories in height and in addition there will be an attic. The facing of the building will be of brick and stone.

In conversation with The Intelligencer, Mr. Alford stated that it was his intention to erect the superstructure and roofing this year and during next winter he would do the interior portion of the building. It is expected that by the 1st of September, 1907, the building will be ready for occupancy.

CLARK — FOOD PURITY.

The name of W. Clark on canned foods is a guarantee of absolute purity and high quality.

SPRING ADVICE.

DO NOT DOSE WITH PURGATIVES AND WEAKENING MEDICINES—WHAT PEOPLE NEED AT THIS SEASON IS A TONIC.

Not exactly sick — but not feeling quite well. That's the spring feeling. You are easily tired, appetite variable, sometimes headaches and a feeling of depression. Or perhaps pimples and eruptions appear on the face, or you have twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order, that the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develop into more serious trouble. Don't dose yourself with purgative medicines in the hope that you can put the blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system, and weaken instead of giving strength. What you do need is a tonic medicine that will make new, rich, red blood, build up the weakened nerves and thus give you new health and strength. And the one medicine to do this speedily and surely is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich blood which makes weak, easily tired and ailing men and women feel bright, active, and strong. If you need a medicine this spring try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and you will never regret it. This medicine has cured thousands and thousands in every part of the world and what it has done for others it can easily do for you.

Medicine dealers everywhere sell these pills or you can get them direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

FREAKS OF FORTUNE

WEALTH QUICKLY ACHIEVED WENT AWAY AS FAST.

Nothing in real life is more grim than the way in which fortune sought or unsought, will suddenly smile upon an individual, and then with equal suddenness withdraw her favors. Such cases, of course, are to be seen by scores at gambling resorts like Monte Carlo. Quite recently a young Austrian officer won £23,000 at the table in five days and lost every penny of it on the sixth.

The vicissitudes of fortune were never more vividly illustrated, says London Answers, than by the evidence given recently in a bankruptcy case in the Sydney Court.

The bankrupt, a mining engineer, had won and lost no fewer than six fortunes in his lifetime. Once he made £7,000 in a single week by buying a mine and selling it again. So soon as he was paid the money he went to Wyoming and invested it, and some three thousand besides, in purchasing an interest in another—a copper—mine. Before night came the news that the copper lode had suddenly "pinched out." The investors were beggared.

Maximillian Hershal, a wealthy miser, was found one day in his wretched room dying and carried to a hospital. At once he asked that his adopted daughter might be sent for. On her arrival he told her that he had left her all his wealth—over £300,000. Breath was failing him fast, but after a short pause he began to speak again, in low, broken whispers. Suddenly he fell back and expired. He had not revealed the secret of where his bonds or cash were hidden. Search proved useless, and the poor girl, wealthy for a minute, went back to work for 15 shillings a week.

The Dog With $20,000.

The dog that was distinguished by being left $20,000 some time ago by its dying owner is not doing well. It is reported to have turned sickly and dissatisfied with life.

The executors seem to think that since the dog can en[illegible] the money only while i[illegible] only proper thing for th[illegible] to spend as much of it as p[illegible]ble on the dog's immediate comfort.

They give him massage, chicken, mush and cream and other delicacies, until the poor dog, created for a different kind of life, is surfeited and sick.

Instead of enjoying its money, the lucky dog is losing its doghood, cannot look an honest dog in the face, and no doubt in its heart envies the mongrel curs of the streets that, though kicked about, have the blessing of independence, and, because they are half-starved, have the joy of appetite when gnawing a bone.

Of course, there is nothing in the Constitution or the statutes that prevents a rich man from willing his money away foolishly. Since he cannot take it with him, he must necessarily leave it to somebody, or something; and, though it is a sad sight to see a good, honest dog sickened and ruined by it, still it is better that it is a dog than that it should be a human being.

Unfortunately most rich men, with more money than sense, inflict upon their own children the same woeful condition that has been put upon this too much-moneyed dog.

To be sure, a dog is somewhat at a disadvantage. It cannot find as many ways of spending money on itself as a young man can. The dog's wants and pleasures and vices are only elemental. When its stomach is filled—and the cheaper and coarser the food the better it likes it—the dog has come to the limit of its pleasures and wants only sleep, which costs nothing.

The dog's primitive mind has not cultured to a fine art the expenditure of money to its own ruin, as has the superior mind of man.

Small wonder that this decent dog finds its $20,000 inheritance an injury and a burden that is debasing its mind, destroying its spirit and ruining its health.

But again, it is better that it is a dog than that it should be a human being thus cursed and crushed by having more money thrust upon him than his system can assimilate.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

FOOTBALL.

League Formed Last Night.

The regular semi-annual meeting of the Belleville Football League was held in the Y.M.C.A. last night. It was decided that the Executive Committee should meet on Monday, the 23rd, at 8 p.m., in the Y.M.C.A. and all teams wishing to join could do so by sending two representatives to the meeting and paying the admittance fee at that meeting.

The following officers were elected:

Hon. President—Mr. H. Corby.

Hon. Vice-Presidents—Prof. Doxsee and Dr. Goldsmith.

President—Mr. H. A. Fish.

Vice-President—Mr. C. Stroud.

Sec.-Treas.—Mr. Karl B. Conger.

Executive Committee — Messrs. Wheeler, Beech, Alford, Robb, Jack Hayes, W. Cook, Stewart, Kinahan.

All interested in forming a Junior League are requested to attend a meeting at the Y.M.C.A. on Thursday at 7.30 p.m.

Mount Vesuvius And Its History.

The recent activity of Mount Vesuvius coincided ominously with the phenomena which preceded and accompanied the two great and calamitous eruptions of the volcano which history records. Only twice before have such terrible eruptions of fire and lava and red-hot ashes and such terrifying earthquakes been experienced in this region, and each time the disaster was accompanied by awful loss of human life. The only difference between the circumstances lately described by press despatches and those accompanying the beginning of the great eruptions of the first and seventeenth centuries is that these came after long quiescence while this tremendous outburst follows a period of comparative activity extending over many years.

From the dawn of history to the beginning of the Christian era Vesuvius gave no hint of its deadly possibilities. Settlers by thousands dwelt on its fertile flanks and cities and villages grew in its shade without a suspicion of any volcanic danger. But about the year 63 A.D. a succession of earthquakes spread alarm through the country, continuing with more or less frequency and severity for sixteen years, when, one August day in 79, occurred the great explosion which overwhelmed Pompeii, Herculaneum and Stabiae and the surrounding country, with inestimable destruction of life and property. Then, satiated, the volcano slept again for nearly fifteen hundred years. In 1631, after six months of gradually increasing earthquakes, Vesuvius burst out in another devastating paroxysm, hurling floods of fire and lava and boiling mud for many miles, laying waste great stretches of country and killing eighteen thousand people.

Since this great convulsion the volcano has never been wholly quiet. At frequent intervals it has given terrifying evidence of its ability, especially in 1766, 1779, 1794 and 1822, but never to such an extent as today. However, it is improbable that this eruption will prove as violent as on the two historic occasions when the mountain cleared itself of the stored wrath and force of centuries. The smaller explosions must have prevented the accumulation of any such store of destruction as was then let loose. Even if this disturbance should excel in violence all others, modern methods of conveyance and of spreading information ensure against any such loss of life. Already one town has been destroyed, yet the cables mention no fatalities, and from other towns in danger special trains hurried the people away.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Married at Bayside.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Henderson, Bayside, a most happy event was celebrated on Wednesday evening, April 11th, when their oldest daughter, Ellen J. (Helen), was united in marriage to Mr. Albert Juby, of Sidney. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. W. Foley, of Bayside, in the presence of the families of the young people. The bride was attended by her sister, Beatrice, while Mr. James Juby, of Peterboro, supported the groom. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold necklet with brooch, to the bridesmaid a pearl crescent, and to the groomsman a gold pin. The happy couple will live in Peterboro, where Mr. Juby has been employed to take charge of a butter making factory. Mrs. Juby's many friends, who will greatly miss her in church, Sunday school and social circles, join heartily in wishing her a most happy and prosperous married life.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents To be had at R. Templeton's drug store

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. Farrow, Cedar St., is in Ottawa to-day.

Mr. A. E. Fish has gone west on a business trip.

Miss Eva Ross, of this city, returned last evening, after spending Easter at Toronto.

Mrs. A. Gates, of London, Eng., is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. Naylor, Foster avenue.

Mr. E. G. Porter, M. P., is at Picton attending the assizes which are being held there.

Mrs. J. F. Poste, Everett St., returned last evening, after spending Easter at Owen Sound.

Miss Olive Steward has returned home after a three weeks' visit to friends at New York city.

Mr. John Cramp, of Corbyville, has returned home after spending Easter with friends in Campbellford.

Mrs. J. Brown, of Madoc, has returned home after spending the holidays at J. W. Elliott's, Frank St.

Miss Bonneycastle, of Renfrew, who has been visiting Miss Keeler, Station St., has returned home.

Miss Ethel Burns and Miss Emily Watkin returned home yesterday after spending Easter with friends in Campbellford.

Mrs. F. Hamm and Miss Edna Fish went to Campbellford to-day, to attend a social function to be held in that village.

Miss Katie Wilson, trained nurse, of Syracuse, was in the city to-day to attend the funeral of her nephew, little Teddy Fitzgerald.

Miss Anderson, Miss Elsie Anderson and Miss Kathleen Merrill, all of Bracebridge, have returned home after spending the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Elliott, Frank St.

H. J. Clarke, B.A., Science Master in the High School, Belleville, who is attending the Ontario Teachers' Association in Toronto, has been elected a councilor in the Natural Science section.

At the Quinte: W. F. Cluklugist, H. M. Clendenning, G. Ramsden, C. Haystead, A. H. Bushfield, D. H. Leech, J. J. Matly, F. L. Smith, O. E. Stanton, A. G. Hewton, J. McClellan, J. F. Venables, Montreal; C. F. DeCue, G. Hamilton, Hamilton; J. S. Brown, London; W. S. Miller, Frankford; H. Hurlburt, Mitchell; P. B. Doyle, Bird's Creek; H. Kennedy, Orillia; W. H. Cavanagh, Peterboro; A. Carman, Stratford; R. C. Baker, New York; J. B. Oke, G. E. Williamson, N. R. Turner, R. Raphael, J. P. Richards, L. McCrea, W. R. Bird, G. L. Jennings, J. S. Whyte, J. E. Richardson, A. Doney, R. Hyslop, G. E. Bunting, G. Bilton, D. McK Bemis.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

Fine weather ahead. Perry can fit up your verandah with shades and furnish window awnings. 1t

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

Miss Henderson, of St. Agnes' School will sing at the hospital concert in the City Hall next Tuesday evening, April twenty-fourth. 17,18

A public meeting of all persons interested in Y.M.C.A. work will be held in the association rooms on Friday evening, the 20th inst., at 8 o'clock, to discuss the advisability of discontinuing the work in Belleville. All interested are urged to attend. 16,18,20

A girl named Bella Irwin has been sent to jail for three months, on a charge of vagrancy. Her home is in Deseronto.

Peterboro Review: P. C. Gunyou, of Deseronto, arrived in the city this morning. He is here after Claude De Laire, the young man who was up on Saturday, on a charge of cruelty to animals in Deseronto. Constable Gunyou will leave this afternoon on the two o'clock train for Deseronto via Belleville, and will be accompanied by his prisoner, De Laire.

Grass on Fire.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the firemen were called to South John street. Blazing grass in a vacant lot was the cause of alarm. No damage was done.

THE NORTHERN NAVIGATION CO.

FIRST REGULAR SAILING 1906.

Lake Superior Division — Sarnia to Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Fort William, Wednesday, April 18.

North Shore Division—Collingwood, Penetang and Midland to Parry Sound, Byng Inlet and French River, Monday, April 23rd.

Georgian Bay Division — Collingwood and Owen Sound to Manitoulin Island, Sault Ste. Marie and way ports, Tuesday, April 24th.

H. H. GILDERSLEEVE, Manager.
C. H. NICHOLSON, Traffic Manager.

AT THE FIRST SIGN OF "SPRING FEVER" you should take ABBEY'S SALT.

It is the only spring tonic used in thousands of homes to purify and enrich the blood—relieve that feeling of languor—and revitalize brain and body. Highly recommended by the medical profession. 25c and 60c.

A morning glass puts the whole system in trim for the day.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

ICE CREAM

Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh cream every day.
Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stale cream.

Delivered well packed—*50 cents per Quart.*

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

Prices . . .

Some strange people—and strange they are—for they seem to fancy strange things—fancy we cannot do their painting and paperhanging as cheaply as others.

Bless your soul, we can do it ***MORE*** cheaply, as far as cost is concerned—but that word ***CHEAP*** we cannot apply well to our work. It does not sound right for there is nothing cheap about our work excepting the price we ask for it.

The Reasons why we can do our Work at Reasonable Prices are These:

We have a perfected system.
We have capable workmen.
We watch our work closely.
We purchase our materials in large quantities in the best markets at hour of lowest prices.

In Addition to all This,

Our quantity buying for our Wholesale, Retail and Mail Order Business, gives us discounts away superior to our competitors and our customers benefit thereby every time.

AT PRESENT WE HAVE ON SALE 5000 Rolls of 1906 Wallpapers at the following reduced prices:

—5c Papers for.................... *3c*
—8c Papers for.................... *5c*
—12c Papers for.................... *10c*

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
Wallpapers, Paints and Oils Wholesale and Retail.

2 in 1 Shoe Polish

Black, Tan and White

None other for satisfaction. "2 in 1" is the "daddy" of all paste polishes, and the parent has never been equalled. No imitation gives the same glossy black nor feeds and preserves the leather like "2 in 1."

If you have never shined your own shoes try it once. Refuse imitations.

Black and tan in 10c. and 25c. tins. White, 15c. glass.

Happy at Last

Her Husband no longer gets Intoxicated—Samaria Tasteless Remedy Cured Him.

This lady says: "For the first time since I have been married I can be happy and content—my husband is cured of his bad habit of drinking. Several months ago you sent me a free sample of your remedy at my request, and without my husband's knowledge I gave it to him in his tea and food. I then got a full treatment and gave it regularly. It is wonderful, and I cannot sufficiently thank you for the blessed change it has brought to my home."

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Address: THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 45 Jordan Chambers, Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family,

Significant "Nots"

A Life Insurance Company may be judged by what it DOES NOT DO as well as by what it DOES DO. As illustrating the things which

The Mutual Life OF CANADA.

does NOT do, attention is invited to the following:

(1) It does NOT deposit its policyholders' funds in other than chartered Canadian Banks of good standing.
(2) It does NOT contribute to campaign funds; and it does NOT use policyholders' money for private or personal aggrandizement.
(3) Its Head Office staff are not overpaid; they are not participants in profits arising from the Company's investments, and they do NOT and NEVER did hold or use proxies.

Head Office, Waterloo, Canada

S. BURROWS,
General Agent, Belleville.

Headache

can be cured without the use of drugs. The Japanese cure does not contain a single drug. One ingredient is just plain, ordinary soda. The others are just as harmless. Yet no drug remedy can cure headache more quickly than it can be

Cured by Zutoo

The Bell Piano

WATCH THIS SPACE

It will contain A series of the highest testimonials ever given any piano by the most prominent musicians in Canada.

These testimonials are convincing proof that the BELL is the superior instrument, and therefore entitled to your first consideration.

Write us for Free Booklet "B" containing photos of leading musical celebrities.

The Bell Piano & Organ Co., Limited, Guelph, Ont.

Patent Shoes....

...For Men...

SEE OUR NEW

Patent Coltskin

Blucher or Button Styles
On the Stand Pat Toe,
One of America's Best.

Price $5.00

Other Styles at
$3.50 & $4.00

NOTHING LOOKS NICER
THAN A PATENT SHOE

The J. J. Haines

SHOE HOUSES -Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

CLEAN TRAVELING

You will not be annoyed with dust, dirt or smoke on the

LAKE SHORE RAILWAY

From Buffalo

No!—nor jarred and jolted by an uneven roadbed. On this line Speed, Comfort and Safety have reached their highest development.

A perfect roadbed, magnificent coaches, courteous and attentive employes and every safety device that is known to railroading make this the most popular route to

Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis

And all other east, west and southern points.

For full particulars regarding stop-over privileges, routes and service, address

J. W. DALY, Chief Ass't G. P. A.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

A. J. SMITH, Gen'l Pass'gr Agt.
CLEVELAND, O.

W. J. LYNCH, Passenger Traffic Manager, CHICAGO.

SAFE INVESTMENTS

LOW EXPENSE

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE

Head Office: Waterloo, Ont.
P. H. SIMS, S. B. BRICKER, HON. SENATOR McMULLEN
Vice-Presidents.
THOS. HILLIARD, President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD, Supt. of Agencies.

LOW MORTALITY

HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

THE FEAST OF FRIENDSHIP.

(London Punch.)

A writer in Macmillan's has noted that "by a curious inversion the less friendly our guests happen to be the more lavish is our display of hospitality. Our intimates and dearest friends get pot-luck."

When Brown invites me home to dine
In formidable state,
I note the choice, expensive wine,
The quantity of plate,
The costly courses that they bring,
The culinary feat
Exemplified in ev'rything
They offer me to eat.

I heave a surreptitious sigh,
Which indicates regret,
Because I know that Brown and I
Are merely strangers yet.

With worthy Robinson as host
I have a plainer meal;
The circling bottle cannot boast
Such splendor in the seal;
We have a monster piece of beef
On a gigantic dish,
And often, to my great relief,
We skip the soup and fish.

I gather, from these homely ways,
That I am getting on
(To use a plain, familiar phrase)
With worthy Robinson.

But when I dine with dear old Jones
We revel at our ease
On bottle beer and mutton bones
And half a pound of cheese.
There is no plate, the cloth is soiled,
With unconsidered stains;
The cabbages are badly boiled,
But nobody complains.

When Jones, God bless him! offers me
A meal of odds and ends
(Without the last apology)
I know that we are friends.

* * *

The chief of police of St. Petersburg after various tests is equipping the police and gendarmes with coats of mail to be worn under their uniforms.

* * *

Trade is improving all along the line. Bradstreet's review reports prospects in Canada much better than at this season last year.

* * *

Mr. J. J. M'Gee, of Ottawa, wants to revive the Gaelic. We regret that our knowledge of Gaelic is limited, but here goes: "Cead Mille Failthe."

* * *

Invention still acknowledges the motherhood of necessity. The ice crop of Illinois is said to have been short during the past winter, while the snow crop almost attained the dignity of overproduction. To meet the novel conditions, an Illinois ice man has rigged an impromptu press and has filled an ice house with baled snow, which he proposes to retail to his patrons during the summer

* * *

Henniker Heaton's scheme of a shilling house-to-house telephone is meeting with cordial encouragement. His object is to bring the telephone to the millions. "The householder of the future," he says, "will provide for it, and it will be installed in every new villa with the water and the electric light. By the payment of one shilling weekly the head of the house will be placed in direct communication with the baker, the butcher, the fishmonger, the doctor, the police and friends."

* * *

When the New Ontario mining bill becomes law a man in order to hold a mining location will have to mine on it. There will be no more "blanketing" of large areas by Toronto agents of speculative grabbers, which was a notorious scandal in former days. The iron hand is, indeed, scraping the barnacles off the Ontario ship.

* * *

One calculation has it that the street railway strike in Winnipeg cost $70,000. That sounds high for a not very protracted struggle; but things in the West are generally high. At any rate it cost more than the experience it secured was worth, and that is the case in most strikes.

* * *

Earthquakes in Formosa last month caused the death of over a thousand people, and the destruction of much property. Formosa is almost half way round the world from Vesuvius, which has been shaking things in Italy. If people could know whether the two disturbances were connected or only coincidences due to different but allied causes they would be on the way to learn something about the inside of a wonderful earth.

* * *

It doesn't always pay to be too brilliant. A young man at Norton, Kansas, pleased the parents of his best girl so much with his wit and jokes the first time he called that now they refuse to leave the room during his visits for fear they will miss something.

* * *

A CORRECTION.

(Church Times.)

"Which is the first and most important sacrament?" asked a Sunday school teacher of a girl preparing for confirmation.

"Marriage," was the prompt response.

"No, baptism is the first and most important sacrament," the teacher corrected.

"Not in our family," said the pupil, haughtily; "we are respectable."

* * *

A Lancashire vicar, says M. A. P., was asked by the choir to call upon old Betty, who was deaf, but who insisted in joining in the solo of the anthem, and to ask her only to sing in the hymns. He shouted into her ear: "Betty! I've been requested to speak to you about your singing." At last she caught the word "singing," and replied: "Not to me be the praise, sir; it's a 'gift.'"

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company
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Are you a success as a breadmaker? Is your cake and pastry complimented by your friends?

If not, whose fault is it—yours or the miller's. If you are successful in other lines, your reputation as a cook is vindicated, and it is plainly the fault of the flour.

Look up the good bread and pastry makers of your acquaintance and get their flour experience.

You will find that most of them are using

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gladly paying a little more per barrel for it and getting for that extra cost a purer, better flour. For bread or pastry, it has no equal.

Ogilvie's Royal Household—repeat the name to your grocer.

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"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.
153

Filling a Full Bottle.

At a race course the other day a sharper wagered £5 he could put more water into a black bottle than any person present. An individual present at once filled the bottle with water and passed it to the sharper, saying: "There: I think she's as full as she can get. If you can crowd any more water into her, mister, go ahead."

Without saying a word the sharper corked the bottle tightly. Then he turned it upside down, and in the large hollow which is found at the bottom of most bottles he poured about a gill of water. "I'll trouble you to hand over the money," he said to the stakeholder when he had done the trick.

He received the stakes and coolly walked off.—London Mail.

Jackals and Crocodile Eggs.

Jackals and hyenas are very fond of crocodile eggs. The former is the more successful poacher of the two. Natives of central Africa say that the jackal has sixteen eyes, with one of which he watches the eggs and with the fifteen others he looks out for the crocodile. The hyena, on the other hand, being very greedy, has all his eyes on the eggs and so often falls a victim to the watchful crocodile in motionless hiding. The natives say, too, that the crocodile sometimes knocks its prey off the bank or off the canoe with its tail and then seizes it with its wide open jaws.

According to the Book.

Miles—By the way, old man, do you believe in dreams? Giles—You bet I do! One night about a month ago I dreamed that an angel appeared at my bedside and said, "Prepare for the worst," then disappeared. Miles—Well? Giles—The very next day our cook left, and my wife has been doing the cooking ever since.

A Boy's View.

"Mamma," asked the little boy, "what does this story mean by talking about a great-grandmother? Ain't all grandmothers great?"

Time Is Money.

Those who are five minutes late do more to upset the order of the world than all the anarchists.

GOOD PROMOTERS.

They Must Possess the Power of Inspiring Confidence.

A story is told about a young fellow who applied at a big banking establishment for a position and who upon being told that all the clerkships were filled said quite confidentially, "I've never worked at the promoting business, but can't you send me to some friend of yours who needs a promoter?"

Strange indeed it is that almost every one of the successful promoters of the present day is a man who went into the exceedingly difficult work with scarcely more preparation than had gone the venturesome youth of this yarn.

Gifted with good address, control of the English language, fluency of speech and determination, a man who embarks in the field has in his possession the qualities that have made many promoters rich and powerful. Many of them were lawyers to begin with. Others were life insurance agents. One or two sold stock in a small way. Gradually each of these men came to see that carving out a new way for himself would give him a wider and more substantial future. And then at that moment the promoter was born.

But whether these promoters have won their spurs by organizing big concerns or corporations or by selling those already in the field there is not one of them but will tell you that most of his success was due to his power to inspire confidence. A promoter that can't make "the other fellow" believe in him and in his proposition might better be cleaning the streets. He never will succeed.

The successful promoter must be able not only to look men in the eye, but he must also be able to face the most discouraging circumstances and fight his way through them. "Fail" is a word the meaning of which he must never learn.

And the rewards? They range from millions to a fee of $7 that was once paid to a promoter who successfully promoted the amalgamation of two competing bootblacking establishments.

THE HINDOO FOOT.

It Is Quite Different From Ours In Its Formation.

In the native quarters of the towns of India the strange spectacle may be seen of a butcher seizing a piece of meat in his hands and cutting it in two with a stroke of his knife held between the first and second toes of his foot. The shoemaker uses no last, but turns the unfinished shoe with his feet, while his hands are busy in shaping it. So the carpenter holds with his great toe the board he is cutting, and the wood turner handles his tools as well with his toes as with his fingers.

This use of the feet to assist the hands in their labor is not, however, the mere result of practice, but is principally due to the fact that the Hindoo foot is quite different from ours in its anatomical conformation. The ankle of the Hindoo and the articulation of the back of the foot permit considerable lateral motion. Then the toes possess a surprising mobility. The great toe can be moved freely in all directions, and the first and second toes are separated by a wide space, sometimes as much as five-eighths of an inch across at the base of the toes and two inches at their extremities.

The articulation of the hip is also peculiar, and this renders it easier to use the toes in handling the objects by enabling the Hindoo to sit in a squatting posture much more comfortably than we can do. A similar formation of the feet and toes is found among the Annamese, but it is not, as might be supposed, a common thing among barbarous and savage tribes.

One naturally thinks of the resemblance to a monkey which a human being using both feet and hands in the manner described above must present, and yet the Hindoo foot is not at all like the foot of an ape or monkey. The great toe is not opposed to the other toes like a thumb, as occurs with the monkey, and accordingly the pedal dexterity of the Hindoos is not to be taken as an indication of simian descent.

Other Uses For Teeth.

The teeth, says the Medical Fortnightly, are said to have a higher office than that commonly assigned to them—namely, that of merely crushing or masticating the food. They are to be regarded as endowed with a tactile sense, a discriminating faculty corresponding to that possessed by the muscles and nerves of the eye and ear. They have an extreme delicacy of discernment both as to whether the objects comminuted be suitable as food or such as will irritate the delicate lining of the digestive passages. They speedily detect the smallest particle of cinder that has found its way into a freshly baked biscuit.

A Transmigrator.

Black Sarah was busily employed about our small northern kitchen when I had occasion to go out there and by way of being pleasant said, "You are from the south, are you not, Sarah?"

"Law, yes, miss!" was the answer.

"Born in the south?" I continued.

"Originally bawn in Richmond, miss," was the astonishing reply.

Our Way In Life.

It does not take much to determine the lives of most of us. We naturally follow the examples about us, and, as a rule, we rise or fall according to the strongest current in which we live.

Wipe out the past, trust the future and live in a glorious now.—Towne.

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Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9.12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p.m.
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THE CHAMPAGNE MAKER.

Why His Face Is Always Decorated With Scars.

The Frenchman's face was hacked and notched.

"Have you been a duelist?" one asked.

"No, no," the man replied. "I have been a champagne maker." He touched his face. "These honorable nicks," he said, "are champagne scars.

"Champagne scars," he went on, "decorate the visages of all the workers in the underground champagne mills of Rheims. They are caused by the bursting of the bottles. About one bottle of champagne in every ten bursts.

"There are miles and miles of champagne caves in Rheims, caves cut in the solid limestone rock, where, in a constant temperature of 45 degrees, millions of bottles of wine refine and ripen.

"The workers down there smell nothing but champagne all day long, champagne escaping from burst bottles, and as the turners move along the racks—each turns 35,000 bottles daily—they are continually saluted with explosions. Bang! And the glass splinters fly, and a little fountain of champagne perfumes the damp air.

"Day after day each bottle must be turned, turned fifty times altogether, till the sediment in it has all mounted up and concentrated itself around the cork. Then the corkers remove the corks, let the sediment thickened wine in the neck of the bottle blow off and skillfully replace the cork again.

"The corkers' and turners' work is dangerous. These men are nearly all scarred like me."

WAYS OF PENGUINS.

These Birds Lay Out Home Sites and Build Cities.

Penguins mostly spend their lives on the water, but when, during the breeding season, they are obliged to seek the shore they establish cities, many acres often being laid out in squares, composed of what might be called streets, running at right angles. The birds not only lay out their city after picking up all the loose stones till the whole place is as smooth as a board floor, but they take possession in couples, each pair selecting a home site, not to build a nest, but merely to secure a particular spot on the bare ground.

The hen lays one egg, and only one, and during the time of incubation the male bird brings her food from the sea or sits on the egg awhile himself if she wants to go out and take a swim. The lady penguins grow so fat and sleek under the good care of their faithful mates that they are eagerly hunted at the breeding season.

The old birds are tough and fishy, but the tender young matrons are in great demand, both for their oil and flesh. Even the eggs have an oily and fishy flavor and taste as hens' eggs might if cooked in paraffin. The penguin has wings, like other birds, but they are altogether too short to fly with, though they assist him somewhat in waddling over the ground.

Nature's Perch Clamp.

"Chickens and other birds roosting on a perch no bigger than a lead pencil never fall off. Do you know why?" said a farmer.

"The tendon of a roosting bird's leg is so constructed that when the leg is bent at the knee the claws have to contract—can't open till the leg is straightened out again.

"Thus a chicken gets on its perch, bends its knee to be comfortable and with that bending locks itself, as with a key, to the wood. It can't fall off. Put a chicken on your finger and then make it sit down. Its claws will clamp your finger tight and be unable to let go until the bird stands up again. Nature, very kindly, has so constructed roosting birds that the act of settling down clamps them to their perch."

Shelley's Heart.

A well known and very prominent English family are the possessors of a remarkable relic in the shape of a human heart preserved in a jar of alcohol. It appears that Shelley, the poet, feared that there was a chance of being buried alive. To guard against any such a contingency he left directions that his heart should be removed immediately after death. The queer relic may still be seen by any one who visits Bascombe manor, Bournemouth, England.

Force of Perseverance.

There are two ways of attaining an important end—force and perseverance. Force falls to the lot only of the privileged few, but austere and sustained perseverance can be practiced by the most insignificant. Its silent power grows irresistible with time.

THE PLANET URANUS.

Oddities a Voyage to This Gigantic World Would Disclose.

If Uranus, which is a star of about the sixth magnitude, were a planet like those little ones called asteroids, which are being discovered by the dozen every year, it could not have much claim upon popular attention, but Uranus is really a gigantic world, more than sixty times as large as ours. Its vast distance, about 1,700,000,000 miles from the earth, is what causes it to look so small. Uranus has four moons, which revolve backward in their orbits—that is to say, they revolve from east to west around Uranus, while Uranus goes, like all the other planets, from west to east around the sun. It is believed that Uranus rotates backward on its axis also. Moreover, the axis of that great, strange globe lies in such a direction that in the course of its year, which is equal to eighty-four of our years, the sun shines almost perpendicularly first upon one pole and then upon the other. Measured by our time standard, there are forty years of constant daylight, followed by forty years of unbroken night, around the poles of Uranus. And the sun rises in the west and sets in the east there. But the sun looks very small when viewed from Uranus—only one four-hundredth as large as it appears to us. Still it sheds upon that planet 1,500 times as much light as the full moon sends to the earth, so that daylight upon Uranus, while faint compared with the blaze of a terrestrial noonday, is nevertheless a very respectable kind of illumination.

CAKE AN OLD INSTITUTION.

The Ancients Made and Ate It, but It Was a Simple Affair.

The ancients made cake, but it was not the rich, highly seasoned and flavored confection which we indulge in nowadays. They had plain cakes made with flour and water, some of them without a suspicion of sweet or flavor. Some of them were not unlike our plainest crackers and were often eaten as we eat bread.

Wedding cake was an institution among them, as with us, but the cake was a plain one and was broken above the head of the bride as she went to her new home. This was a special feature of Roman marriages 2,000 years ago. The breaking of the cake was part of a solemn ceremony. All of the cakes of ancient history are plain and simple. It is only as we come down to more modern times that we hear of spices and fruits and all of the rich and luxurious ingredients in which present day cakemakers delight. In Queen Elizabeth's time spice cakes and buns were eaten at weddings. From these the fashion and fancy grew for all sorts of elaborate and deliciously unwholesome combinations until there seems to be a perpetual struggle for something new and more unusual to stir into the cake of the period.

Measuring Medicine.

Use a medicine glass with the amount of each spoonful and drop marked upon it. Teaspoonfuls and tablespoonfuls are always mentioned, but as these vary in size it is not safe to rely upon them. Drops, too, cannot be properly measured without a glass. Keep the medicine glass perfectly clean. It should be washed out after each dose, in readiness for the next time. It is desirable that if the patient is to have medicine with a strong smell, oils, etc., to keep a glass specially for them, letting it soak in hot water for half an hour after use to remove all disagreeable odor. It is impossible to cleanse such a glass in a few moments. When the medicine is being poured out hold the label uppermost in order that it may not become stained with any drops escaping down the side of the bottle.

Mozart and Bretzner.

When Mozart was at the height of his fame he composed the music for Bretzner's "Belmont und Konstanze" ("The Abduction From the Seraglio") at the request of the Emperor Joseph II. The author of the drama was so angry at this that he inserted the following notice in the Leipziger Zeitung: "A certain fellow of the name of Mozart has dared to misuse my drama, 'Belmont und Konstanze,' for an opera text. I hereby solemnly protest against this invasion of my rights, and I reserve to myself further procedures. (Signed), Christoph Friedrich Bretzner, author of 'Rauschchen.'"

A Ground Hog Case.

"A ground hog case" is a case of absolute necessity—one in which the reward of perseverance is certain and the necessity for perseverance is imperative. Its origin is told in this story: A boy was seen digging vigorously with a grub hoe at the mouth of a hole in which a ground hog had taken refuge. He was asked if he thought he would get the ground hog, to which he replied with scorn: "Catch him? Why, yes; I'm bound to catch him; we're out of meat."

Johnny's Faith.

"But why do you think Johnny believes so thoroughly in the efficacy of prayer?"

"Because when I suggested that he pray for a little brother he refused to do it and prayed for a goat and a red wagon instead."

Gospel of Clothes.

It is a fact nowadays that fine feathers do make fine birds and that people are judged more by their appearance than their character.—Lady Violet Greville in London Graphic.

Opponents think that they refute us when they repeat their own opinions and take no notice of ours.—Goethe.

ALPINE ROOT DIGGERS.

Their Work of Danger High Up In the Mountains.

Throughout the whole chain of the Alps there are men who make it their business to search for and root up the gentian, arnica, puffballs and other Alpine flowers.

High up in the mountains the root grubber, generally an old man, builds a little hut. He clambers precipices to the edges, where the blue flowers grow; or, if he cannot ascend, he lets himself down to their place of refuge by a rope fastened to a pine above.

He wanders to a long distance from his hut and does not always trouble to return to it at night, finding shelter under a rock. Next morning he spreads all the roots he has collected on a rock, where they may dry.

He collects herbs as well as roots, and the resin from the pine besides. When the summer is over and there are signs of snow, the root grubber collects all together in his little hut and finally transports the whole of his six months' collection to the valley.

The arnica and some other roots used in medicine are readily disposed of. From the gentian is made the favorite gentian brandy, which is considered the very elixir of life by the mountain folk. In other days, when gentians grew in great numbers, the root digger was able to realize a good income from his perilous occupation, but it is otherwise now.

THE TIMOROUS KUBUS.

They Live In Sumatra and Are the Shiest People Alive.

There is a very singular race of people in Sumatra, the Kubus, who are too timorous and shy to mix with the other races of the island and dwell in the recesses of the forests. They are looked on as inferiors by the Malays and thought to be little better than beasts. Such is their shyness that they will never willingly face a stranger.

Their trade with the Malayans is consequently carried on in a strange manner. The trader announces his arrival by beating a gong, and he then retires. The Kubus approach, put their forest treasures on the ground, beat a gong and retreat. The trader returns and lays his commodities down in quantities sufficient, as he thinks, for the purchase of the goods on sale. Then he retires, and the Kubus reappear and consider the bargain.

And so, after more withdrawals and approaches and gong beatings, the respective parties come to an understanding and carry off independently their bargains. The Kubus in their wild state do not bury their dead. They live on snakes, grubs, fruits and the flesh of any deer or pigs they can slay. They are skillful spearmen and throw stones with marvelous accuracy.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Meals In Schools.

In Paris the city government gives every school child one full meal a day. This does not tend to pauperize the children or to lessen the responsibility of the parents, for all those who can afford to pay for the meal are expected to do so. On the other hand, no jealousy or contempt can be felt by the richer children for their starved comrades, for all are supplied with the same metal token, which has to be given up in exchange for the meal. The "cantine scolaire," as this municipal soup kitchen is called, is not confined to Paris. In the provinces the "soupe scolaire," its equivalent, has sent up the school attendance by leaps and bounds. Here, however, instead of paying for their midday meal all those who can possibly do so are encouraged to bring to school their handful of vegetables and the like, and the contributions are all put into the common soup.

Madrid's Throne Room.

The throne room of the royal palace at Madrid is one of the most magnificent in the world. Decorated in red and gold, it contains rock crystal chandeliers, colossal looking glasses of the finest quality, marble tables and priceless porphyry. The ceiling is painted by Tiepolo with the "Majesty of Spain," in illustration of the virtue of the kings and the manliness of the people, who are represented in the different costumes of the provinces. Here the sovereigns of Spain receive on grand occasions when alive and when dead are laid out in state.

Women Sailors.

Women sailors are employed in Denmark, Norway and Finland and are often found to be excellent mariners. In Denmark several women are employed as state officials at sea, and particularly in the pilot service. They go out to meet the incoming ships; they climb nimbly out of their boats; they show their official diploma, and they steer the newcomer safely into the harbor. It is the same in Finland.

And He Got Her.

Mr. Millyuns—Is it my daughter you want or is it her money? Jack Gingleton (amateur champion for 100 yards)—Sir! You surprise me. You know very well that I'm an amateur athlete. Mr. Millyuns—What's that got to do with it? Jack Gingleton—A great deal, sir. It debars me from taking part in any event for money.

Strong.

Fair Customer—Have you any good butter? Dairyman—Certainly, madam. My reputation rests upon my butter. Fair Customer—If the last I got of you was a fair sample, your reputation certainly rests on a strong foundation.—Chicago News.

Disappointed love makes the misery of youth, disappointed ambition that of manhood and successful avarice that of age.—Goldsmith.

AN ECHO.

How to Measure the Distance From Which It Is Reflected.

There is scarcely anything in nature that exerts the fascination over every one alike than does an echo, and common as it may become there is always a feeling of mystery about it that holds us as with a charm. Of course we all know that it is merely the reflection of a sound from some object, as the side of a house or a rock or a hill, but often we cannot tell how far away the object is that causes it. Here is a way to tell every time:

Holding a watch in your hand, shout a single syllable, as "Ho!" or "Ha!" and count the number of seconds from the time you shout till the sound comes back to you. Now, sound travels at the rate of 1,125 feet a second, so the number of seconds that elapse multiplied by 1,125 will give the distance in feet traveled by the voice in going to the object and back to you again, and one-half of that number will be the number of feet away that object is. Of course the object may be only a few hundred feet away, in which case the sound will come back in less than a second, but you may determine the distance, nevertheless, by calling a single syllable—"Ha!"—and calling it again as you hear the echo, not before or after it, but just with it.

With a little practice you can do this. Repeat the call ten or twelve times, counting the seconds between the first call and the last echo. Suppose, for example, that the time is seven seconds and that you called the syllable ten times. Then each echo took seventenths of a second, and the distance, found in the same way as before, is about 394 feet.—Exchange.

WATCHING THE BUILDERS.

Fire Insurance Folks Keep an Eye on Construction Methods.

A builder speaking of the watchfulness of fire insurance companies in New York city in the erection of buildings in that city says:

"Insurance companies in placing policies upon so called fireproof buildings do not accept the word of the builders and contractors, nor rest content with the evidence submitted by the city building department. Their own experts make an examination. Such an examination is made not at the behest of politicians or in the interest of a group of men, but by technical experts whose reports must be exact, detailed and exhaustive in the interests of shrewd business men. The insurance underwriters have their own corps of expert engineers and fireproof agents in the field all of the time. When a large building is in course of construction in New York these experts of the underwriters watch every stage of the development. They have no power to stop work on the building as city building inspectors have when the building laws are not complied with, but they possess another sort of check which is fully as effectual. The builders, contractors or owners, or all three, are notified that further insurance policies will not be made on the building until certain remedies are made."

Earrings.

Earrings have always been among the most favorite ornaments of nearly all the nations of the world, certainly with those which are called civilized. Indeed among the Persians, Babylonians and Carthaginians they were worn by men as well as women. They were always worn by Greek women from Hera in the "Iliad" down to the Venus de Medici, whose ears were pierced for the reception of earrings. Pliny tells us that there was no part of dress upon which greater expense was lavished among the Romans. Many Egyptian earrings of very beautiful design have been preserved, and these antique designs have been imitated in modern times.

Match War Erected a Fountain.

Probably the price of no other article in common use has undergone such a revolution as the match. The first friction matches in 1830—the "Congreves"—were placed on the London market in tin boxes of fifties at half a crown a box, with a piece of glass paper for striking purposes thrown in. Messrs. Bryant and May took a leading part in defeating Mr. Lowe's proposed tax on lucifers, as they were then called, and in recognition of their services a public drinking fountain was erected at Bow.—London Mail.

Not Well Enough For Hospital.

House physicians, when they wish to empty a bed of a chronic case, will welcome the new and original excuse contained in the following letter: "Dear Sister—When next the doctor attends mother, will you please ask him to dismiss mother, as she does not feel well, and oblige, yours truly, ——."

Necessity.

"Perkins has separated from his wife and gone to live in bachelor apartments."

"What did he do that for?"

"He said he couldn't live without some of the comforts of home."

Politeness.

Politeness is a kind of anaesthetic which envelops the asperities of our character, so that other people be not wounded by them. We should never be without it, even when we contend with the rude.

Almost Malignant.

M. D.—This is queer. Have you taken anything that disagreed with you? The Patient—Nothing but your advice of yesterday.

Disgrace is immortal and living even when one thinks it dead.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TARTAR
BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurant.
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP
For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—
DON. G. BLEECKER.
Phone 11.
Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie
IMPORTER.
For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.
ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

Spring Wallpaper
The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.
We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.
Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.
AT THE BEE HIVE
CHAS. N. SULMAN.

LAWN GRASS SEED
Our Queen City mixture always give satisfaction.
25c per lb.
White Clover.... 25c per lb
For the Garden :
Dutch Sets
English Multipliers
Potato Onions
Flower Seeds
Garden Seeds
By the oz. or packet.
J. C. Hanley & Co.
Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.
CHANCEY ASHLEY
Insurance Agent
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office - Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages
McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.
They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.
Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.
J. A. ROSE,
Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000
3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.
4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.
Money to Loan upon favorable terms.
OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)
Savings Bank Department
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.
R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express. Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger. Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)
Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.
— SPECIALIST ON —
Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

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een Underskirts and Ready-
Print Wrappers.
in stock the largest range of Black
rappers ever shown in this store.
made of a more superior quality of
been able to offer to our customers.
very latest styles and range in prices
h.
most elegant stock of Ladies' Print
atest New York patterns and during
pers at lower prices than you could
n them up.
OSH BROS.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, APRIL 19, 1906. NO. 365

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Pine, Hardwood cut and
C. C. LEAVENS

A great many schemes for selling tea have exploded during the third of a century in which our business has been steadily growing.

STROUDS

TEAS ARE THE BEST

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady for Cattle, Lower for Sheep—U. S. Markets Easier.

London, April 18.—Cattle are quoted at 10c to 11½c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8½c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 13c to 13½c per lb.; lambs, 14c, dressed weight.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, April 18.—(Special.)—Receipts were 200 cattle, 50 milch cows, 3000 calves, 2000 hogs, 50 sheep and lambs. The market for hogs was weaker and prices declined 10c to 15c per cwt., selling to increased supplies and only fair demand. Sales of selected lots were made at $7.65 to $7.75 and mixed lots at $7.50 per cwt., weighed off cars. The butchers seemed to be out in full force, but the supply of catle was much too small for the demand and prices ruled higher. Prime beeves sold at 5½c per lb.; pretty good cattle at 4¼c to 5¼c per lb., and comon stock at 3c to 4c. Milch cows sold at $25 to $50 each, but there were no choice cows among them. Calves sold at $1 to $6 each, large lots selling at $1.50 to $2.50 each. A lot of 10 good sheep, mostly yearlings, sold at $7.50 each. Spring lambs sold at $2.25 to $5 each.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 18.—Cattle—Receipts, 600 head; fairly active and steady; prices unchanged.

Veals—Receipts, 500 head; slow and 25c lower at $5 to $6.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 1300 head; slow and 5c lower; heavy and mixed, $6.90 to $6.93; yorkers, $6.85 to $6.90; pigs, $6.80 to $6.85; roughs, $6 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and lambs,—Receipts, 9000 head; slow; lambs 10c to 15c and yearlings 25c higher; lambs, $6.25 to $7.20, a few at $7.25; yearlings, $6.25 to $6.50; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 18.—Beeves—Receipts, [illegible] steers very dull and 10c to 15c lower; bulls steady; cows uneven; some sizes lower; steers, $4.80 to $5.85; bulls, $3.40 to $4.40; extra, $4.65; cows, $1.75 to $3.50; fat oxen, $4.75; exports to-day, 527 cattle and 2850 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 3850; demand fair, but prices 25c to 50c lower; veals, $4 to $6.75; choice lots, $7; culls, $3.50 to $4.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 8808; sheep steady to strong; lambs firm; clipped sheep steady; clipped sheep, $3.50 to $4.65; choice wethers, $5.20; wooled sheep, $5.50 to $5.75; clipped lambs, $5.12½ to $5.65; wooled lambs, $7 to $7.35.

Hogs—Receipts, 1374; market weak; state hogs, $7 to $7.10.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 18.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000; market steady to a shade lower; common to choice steers, $4.50 to $6.25; cows, $3.25 to $4.00; heifers, $2.75 to $5.35; bulls, $2.60 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 20,000; market 5c lower; choice to prime heavy, $6.75 to $6.80; medium to good heavy, $6.70 to $6.75; butchers' weights, $6.70 to $6.80; good to choice heavy mixed, $6.70 to $6.75; packing, $5.80 to $6.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; market strong to 10c higher; sheep, $4.25 to $6.40; yearlings, $5 to $6.25; lambs, $4.75 to $7.

The Fact of It.

"It's love that makes the world go 'round," said the old fashioned sentimentalist.

"No," answered Miss Cayenne; "it merely makes some people so dizzy that they think the world is going 'round."

The dawn of the future is announced to such as can read its signs, and we owe ourselves wholly to it.—Mazzini.

SINCLAIR'S

Display of Shirt Waists

In Charming Spring Styles

No woman of good taste can help being attracted by these dainty waists. Some of silk, others of linen, lawn, all-over lace and every other material that the season demands.

Prices from 75c to $7.50

New Costumes

. . . New Jackets

Almost daily we receive something new in high grade costumes and jackets at medium prices. Our cloak and suit business is a marvel, and its been a pleasant surprise even to us. We've made up our mind to deserve your trade and giving you the best possible values, combined with the newest new styles, is telling in our favor every day.

You can always rely on each garment we show to be as nearly perfect as tailoring art and expert workmanship can make it.

Sinclair's

200 Killed In Frisco.

One Thousand Injured And Property Loss is $100,000,000

First Shock of Two Minutes' Duration Came at Dawn, and Panic-Stricken Inhabitants Rushed Out In Their Night Attire Only to Be Crushed to Death—Water Supply Was Cut Off, and Fires Broke Out In Various Sections of the City.

San Francisco, April 19.—Earthquake and fire yesterday put nearly half of San Francisco in ruins. At least 200 persons have been killed, a thousand injured, and the property loss will exceed $100,000,000. Thousands of persons are homeless and destitute, and all day long streams of persons have been fleeing to places of safety.

It was 5.15 yesterday morning when a terrible earthquake shock shook the whole city and surrounding country. One shock apparently lasted two minutes, and there was almost immediately collapse of flimsy structures all over the city.

The dreadful earthquake shock came without warning, its motion apparently being from east to west. At first the upheaval of the earth was gradual, but in a few seconds it increased in intensity. Chimneys began to fall and buildings to crack, tottering from their foundations.

The people became panic stricken, and rushed into the streets, most of them in their night attire. They were met by showers of falling buildings, cornices, and walls.

Many Crushed to Death.

Many were instantly crushed to death, while others were dreadfully mangled. Those who remained indoors generally escaped with their lives, though scores were hit by detached plaster, pictures, and articles thrown to the floor by the shock.

It is believed that more or less loss was sustained by nearly every family in the city.

The water supply was cut off and when fires broke out in various sections there was nothing to do but let the buildings burn. Telegraph and telephone communication was shut off for a time. The Western Union was put completely out of business and the Postal Company was the only one that managed to get a wire out of the city. About 10 o'clock even the Postal was forced to suspend. Electrical power was stopped and street cars did not run. Railroads and ferry boats also ceased operations.

Fires Rage All Day.

The various fires raged all day and the fire department was powerless to do anything except dynamite buildings threatened. All day long explosions shook the city and added to the terror of the inhabitants.

Banks and commercial houses, supposed to be fireproof, though not of modern build, burned quickly, and the roar of the flames could be heard even on the hills.

Here, many thousands of people congregated and viewed the awful scene. Great sheets of flame rose high in the heavens or rushed down some narrow street, joining midway between the sidewalks.

The dense smoke that arose from the fire districts spread out like an immense funnel and could have been seen miles out at sea. Occasionally, as some drug house or place stored with chemicals was reached, most fantastic effects were produced by the colored flames and smoke, which rolled out against the darker background.

Following the first shock, there was another within five minutes, but not nearly so severe. Three hours later there was another slight quake.

Great Damage.

Reports from districts outside of San Francisco indicate widespread damage.

San Jose, 50 miles south, lost many buildings, and from 15 to 20 persons were killed. The annex of the Vendome Hotel collapsed and the fires broke out.

Stanford University and Palo Alto suffered. At Stanford many of the handsome buildings were demolished and two persons were killed. One of them was Julius Hanna of Bradford, Pa., and the other was Otto Gurts, a fireman. Six other students are lying seriously hurt in the Palo Alto Hospital.

Reclaimed Land Aids Ruin.

The greatest destruction occurred in that section of the city which was reclaimed from San Francisco Bay. Much of the devastated district was at one time, low, marshy ground, covered by water at high tide. As the city grew it became necessary to fill in many acres of this low ground in order to reach deep water.

Residence Section Escapes.

The damage by the earthquake to the residence portion of the city, the finest part of which is on Nob Hill and Pacific Heights, seems to have been slight.

300 Dead at Santa Rosa.

A. 2? p. m. it looked as if the entire city would be burned. Thousands of people are fleeing to the hills. It is believed the damage has reached $200,000,000. At Santa Rosa nearly 300 persons are dead.

The burned district extends from the water-front south of Market street to Market street and west to Eleventh street, north of Market. The fire extends out Hayes and McAllister streets nearly to Fillmore and from the water front along Market to Montgomery, and north from the water front to Montgomery north.

Swept Clean by Fire.

The latest reports at police headquarters show that the entire district surrounded by Vallejo, Howard East and Sansome streets, embracing practically the wholesale portion of the city, has been swept clean by the fire. The district bounded by Market, Eighth, and Folsom streets has been devastated. In the latter district are most of the city's finest and most substantial buildings. The area covered by the flames up to the present time is about eight square miles, or several hundred city blocks. Very little, if any, water, is available, and the blowing up of buildings by dynamite is the only means of checking the flames.

A portion of the new city hall, which cost over $7,000,000, collapsed, the roof sliding into the court yard and smaller towers tumbling down. The great dome was moved, but did not fall.

The new postoffice, one of the finest in the United States, was badly shattered.

Drowned in Ruins.

The Valencia Hotel, a four-storey wooden building, sank into the basement, a pile of splintered timbers under which were pinned many dead and dying occupants of the house, of whom there were 70. The basement was full of water, and some of the helpless victims were drowned.

A house on 14th street, near Valencia, was wrecked, killing two persons. A lodging house on Seventh street, known as the Kingsley, entirely collapsed, and took fire, and 75 to 80 persons are believed to have been buried in the flaming ruins.

At 18th and Valencia streets there is a crevasse in the street six feet wide, and entire sidewalks torn up. The street car tracks are badly twisted all through the southern section of the city, and traffic is at a standstill.

Military in Possession.

At 9 a. m. a thousand men from Presido arrived to patrol the down town streets. The 13th infantry, 1,000 strong.

Continued on page 8.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Newest Fancies In Wash Goods

Never in many years has Dame Fashion brought forward such an array of beautiful dainty wash materials as for the present season.

Needless to say all the daintiest are represented in the showing that now fills our fixtures to overflowing.

Fine sheer ***Persian Lawns*** and ***India Linens***, serviceable ***Piques*** in plain and small figures. Stylish ***Linen*** Suitings in white and colors. Beautiful French and American ***Muslins, Lawns, Prints, Ginghams, etc.***, a showing so wide we could please every lady in our city were we given the opportunity.

All the personal selection of our buyers from the assortment that supply the most exclusive and high class trade in ***Paris, London*** and ***New York.*** Brought direct to our counters and marked at moderate prices.

We will be pleased to have the opportunity of showing you these dainty fabrics. We'll not urge you to buy. They will speak for themselves.

—Even checked Ginghams, suitable for dresses and waists, etc., in blue, pink and red, 27 in. wide, a leader at ***10c***

—Fine White Pique with small dots and figures in red, blue and black, 27 inches wide for waists and dresses, per yard ***15c***

—Fine White Matting, special light weight, in spots, stripes and figures, all new, 27 in. to 33 in. wide, per yard from........ ***20c to 35c***

—Fancy Silk Ginghams, Parisian Muslins and Muslin Ginghams, etc., in all the newest patterns, a wide range, per yard from........ ***15c to 75c***

Millinery

Visitors to our millinery parlors have been highly pleased with the exclusive stylishness of our millinery display.

Our Ladies' Hats have been selected with great care from the most approved styles of New York, Paris and London.

The Designs and color harmonies are in exquisite taste. We are sure you will be pleased with the new ones arriving every week—all at most moderate prices.

Men's Spring Underwear

Your comfort, a good fit and service are the main points we have studied out when buying our spring underwear. It is now time to secure your spring and summer underwear before the assortment is broken. We have every reliable and well known Brand represented in our spring assortment.

ELLIS' SPRING NEEDLE UNDERWEAR.

—A good reliable garment in 2-piece and combination, light and medium weight, all sizes, prices........ ***50c to $1.50***

BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR

—Fine English, French and Canadian Balbriggan Underwear in Natural, Brown, Pink and Blue, all sizes........ ***38c, 50c, 75c***

PENMAN'S NATURAL WOOL UNDERWEAR

—Medium weight, suitable for present wear, guaranteed unshrinkable, a most reliable garment, price........ ***$1.25***

BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR, 75c Per Suit

—Special line of Balbriggan Underwear in Tan, Ribbed, extra value, all sizes, price per suit........ ***75c***

Men's Spring and Summer Shirts

Our spring stock represents a most complete showing of the very latest novelties in spring shirts. Exquisite styles in checks, stripes and figures just received. We will expect you to come in and inspect them.

PRICES—75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

HOSIERY

For the Boys

We are showing special values in Boys' Heavy Cotton and Cashmere Hosiery for early spring wear.

—Boys' Heavy Fine Ribbed Cotton Hose, all sizes, double legs and toes, absolutely fast colors........................ *25c pr*

—Boys' Fine Ribbed Cotton Stockings, all sizes, made from a fine imported yarn, double Heels, Knees and Toes....... *25c pr*

For the Girls

—Fine Light Weight Cashmere Hose for Spring Wear, prices.................................. *20 to 30c pr*

—Fine Ribbed Cashmere Hose, all sizes........ *20 and 25c pr*

Girls' Tan Cashmere Hosiery.
Girls' Black and Tan Cotton and Lisle Hose.
Infants' Cashmere and Silk Socks.

Ladies' White Waists

We have just received into stock a number of lines of Ladies' New White Lawn and Organdie Waists, beautifully trimmed and finished, ranging in price from—

$1.00 to $3.50

These goods are a'l well made and tailored.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Men's Light Vests

Never before have we done one-half the business in Light Vests as we are doing this spring. The reason of our big trade is not hard to understand. We have the finest assortment in the city.

We would be pleased to have the opportunity of showing them to you.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

Ladies' Street Skirts

At $1.95, $2.25, $3.00, $3.60, $4 00 and those pretty greys now so stylish at $4.50, and $5 00.

Linen Embroidered Blouses, very very stylish each at .... $3.00 and $4.50

Silk Blouses at.............................. $2.75, $3.00, $4.00, $5 00

RAIN COAT OR DUST COAT

Made of Cravenette, man tailored, Silk stitched, colored Oxford, Bronze and Fawn only.. $5.00

LACE CURTAINS

A full range to choose from, prices per pair.......... 50c to $7.50
Roller Blinds each from...................................... 25c to 75c

Agreeable good natured service, no matter when you come.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

Rural Postmasters and Their Pay.

We have frequently called attention to the case of the postoffice clerk who is required to work ten hours a day, and extra hours on holidays, for 85 cents a day. But the pay of this official, says the London Free Press, is princely beside that of the country postmaster, whose total income from the department is $25 a year, with office open sixteen hours daily. It is stated on behalf of these disgracefully underpaid servants of the public that one of them handles three mails each way daily for $30 a year. In many cases the postmaster is a farmer. His house is not a home any longer. He is frequently called from bed near midnight and before daylight to give out mail matter. The rate of pay received, fifty cents a week, does not cover the cost of scrubbing. In the County of York, and elsewhere where train or electric car service permits of more frequent mail service than in the back country, postmasters still receive the minimum of salary.

Is it any wonder that country postoffices are being closed because no one can be found willing to accept the job at such figures? So far from considering a rural free delivery in accordance with an increased revenue, and with the country's progress, the people are being robbed of the privileges they have enjoyed through the policy of the Government. Where the money order system has been introduced in the smaller accounting offices, the work has been increased and the responsibility doubled, without a cent added to the postmaster's pay, and without a cent granted for assistance. It is confidently stated that an office with a postal revenue of $1,600 and more, requires an assistant, yet the salary and allowance are not nearly the remuneration of a second-class railway mail clerk, who is not more competent than the postmaster is required to be. Indeed, such postmaster is not better paid than the street laborer in a city.

In the United States it is shown that the salaries of postmasters are 75 per cent. above those in Canada, and yet it is not complained that they are overpaid. If there is any class of men in this country entitled to better consideration than they have been receiving, it is that of the rural postmasters. Yet when these matters were presented to him, the P. M. General, Hon. Mr. Aylesworth, said he would have seriously to consider which improvement the department could best afford, an increase of salaries for these underpaid and overworked officials or an extended mail service, which would give the people more frequent communications and pile more work on the postmasters. He plainly intimated that the two items could not be entertained together. But there can be no two opinions which of them is justly entitled to first consideration, viz., the claim of the underpaid postmaster to better pay for his services

TIMELY TOPICS.

The remarks of Ald. Cooper at the Council meeting on Tuesday night, re the road-building material on Zwick's Island, have been favorably commented on by many people. It is a fact that the chief argument used for the city's purchase of the island was that there they would find, in unlimited quantities, all the material they needed for road making, and the supply, it was said, would last for centuries. And what has been the result? Certainly not what people expected it would be.

• • •

The chief disappointment, in the minds of a great many people, lies in the fact that the gravel, which it was expected the island would yield in large quantities, has hardly materialized at all. To be sure a large amount of cracked stone is drawn from the island crusher every summer, but cracked or crushed stone is not gravel, as most people understand it. If the product of the island were screened into different sizes, as is done in other places, a vastly different result would be obtained, and better roads built.

• • •

Ald. Cooper appears to think that the city might build cheaper walks by using, altogether, the material taken from Zwick's island, which would last quite as long as any walks could reasonably be expected to. The idea appears to be a sound one. The supposition that the walks laid by the city recently will last for 50 years is purely imaginary. Most of us won't be here in 50 years to see whether the walks are in good condition or not, and for all intents and purposes, in the opinion of people who have studied the matter, walks built of the material found on Zwick's island would be quite as good, so far as this city is concerned, as walks built of much more expensive material. Why could the Council not give it a trial, providing, of course, it could gain the consent of some employees who are supposed to be under its orders.

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The City Fathers should hustle and get that oyster supper. Oysters will be out of season in less than two weeks.

• • •

The man on the next block says; "Well, I guess we'll have to pay the new dog tax, but look out for plumpers on the Dog Owners' ticket next January."

• • •

We don't hear much about the Zwick's island filtering scheme these days. But wait till the blossom comes on the bay again. Then there'll be a roar that will make the Point Ann whistle sound like a Salvation Army horn.

• • •

Are we going to have any kind of a celebration on Victoria day? A fine feature of the procession would be a bunch of dog haters, headed by Ald. Knox, carrying a banner bearing the legend "Victory; our life's work is done!"

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Carnegie should not be disheartened by the fact that Guthrie Center, Ia., has declined one of his libraries. Picton, Ont., wants one.

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An optimistic writer in a Chicago paper says that the joy habit can be cultivated. It doesn't need cultivation. There are institutions now for the cure of the joy habit.

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Because the provisions of the Dog by-law were not carried out, the Council doubled the tax on dogs. The provisions of the by-law which forbid spitting on the sidewalk are not carried out, either. Why don't the Council put a head tax of $2 on all people who use tobacco? That would be about as logical as the other.

• • •

A despatch from Evansville, Ind., tells of a girl who broke her collarbone. On the preceding day her sister had fallen and broken her collarbone and on the day before that their brother had broken his leg. By the time repairs are made it is likely that father will be broke somewhere, too.

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A woman rocked a boat in the Cedar Rapids river and three persons were drowned. Some women don't know any more than men.

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An education committee in London recommends the dismissal of women teachers who are married. But what will their husbands do then, poor things!

• • •

The Ottawa Journal has just had a libel suit, which it won, but was nevertheless mulcted in $1400 costs which could not be collected from the loser. This causes our contemporary to very truthfully remark that "This is a common trouble for newspapers, and a difficult thing to provide against. Ontario law is better in this regard than law in most other places. Still, it could possibly be improved." It might, indeed!

BENEFICENT BALDNESS.

(Hamilton Spectator.)

Only the other day the Spectator printed an extract from an exchange which stated that the bald are never crazy—that a man who has no hair on the outside of his head never has wheels inside. And now a cablegram brings information from two independent sources, that there are no bald criminals. Neither the assertion that the bald are not "bug" nor the statement that they are not criminal, is put forth as an absolutely infallible rule; but it is asserted that the exceptions are so very rare that they do not count.

It may be added that the bald man is not so subject to the sin of pride as the man—or the woman—who has beautiful hair plentifully growing on the scalp; nor is he subject to being "hung up" in a tree, as was a young gentleman mentioned in the Bible. And the bald man is exempt from a certain mode of warfare sometimes carried on by angry women.

On the whole the bald man has much to be thankful for.

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DANGER IN SKIPPING.

(Boston Traveller.)

This is the marble season for the boys and skipping rope for the little girls. There is nothing more dangerous to a child with a weak heart than the violent exercise of rope-skipping, and it brings its toll of death each year. Parents who suspect that their little girls have any heart trouble, due to scarlet fever or any children's disease would do well to prohibit rope-skipping altogether.

• • •

The lynching of three negroes in Springfield, Missouri, should make every American blush with shame. A country which attempts to impress the world with its laws of justice should leave no stone unturned to punish the murderers of this latest heinous crime. In the majority of lynching cases, which are of almost weekly occurrence in the South, the victims are generally guilty of the crimes for which they are arrested, but what civilized country gives a mob of citizens the power to enter a prison and murder the prisoners, whether guilty or not guilty. In this case, however, the reports say that there was no evidence to prove the guilt of the victims, so that the action of the lynching mob borders on cold blooded murder in the sight of the whole world—and is as we said before—a disgrace to the Republic to the south of us.

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It is now said in Toronto that Joseph Phillips and his "agents" will turn over about $200,000 to the liquidator of the York Loan, and thus possibly escape prosecution. If everybody who told questionable stories in getting people to part with their money would turn over their ill-gotten gains to the liquidator there might be a brighter outlook for the poor people whose savings are sunk in that monumental con. game.

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A despatch from China says that the forces of General Ma are being increased. Probably because the house-cleaning season is here.

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THE FROGS' CHOIR.

(Toronto Telegram.)

I've heerd the Coldstreams playin';
Vogt's Choir is out of sight,
But where are they 'longside the
bands that practice every night?
Our ponds are floods of glory and
music fills the land
When the great Spring Song is rendered by our own Canadian Band.

• • •

It is a peculiar fact that, last fall, Zadkiel's Almanac, published by an alleged astrologer, prophecied that an earthquake would occur at San Francisco about the end of February in this year. He was close enough to say "I told you so."

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Nothing new about the rolling mills. People who are "in the know" are saying nothing.

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It is gratifying to note the many signs of building operations which are going on in all directions just now. This should be a fine summer for the masons and bricklayers

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This kind of weather is making the spring bonnets blossom out.

HOUSECLEANING DRUGS

We would like to furnish your housecleaning drugs. Scores of items here that cost little, which will facilitate the spring cleaning.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

A GREAT WORK OF PHILANTHROPY

THE MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES—WHAT IS BEING DONE LOCALLY.

Perhaps the greatest philanthropic work being carried on in Canada today is the fight against that dread disease, consumption, by the National Sanitarium Association at its two hospitals at Gravenhurst. The Muskoka Free Hospital for consumptives is supported entirely by voluntary subscriptions, and no person has ever been refused admittance on account of his or her poverty. Patients have been taken ranging in age from under 15 years to nearly 70, and embracing every religion. The average age of the patients last year was 32 1-2 years, which but shows that this awful disease is attacking our young men and women in the very prime of their life, and that it should be the duty of all those who can help, by their contributions, in this great undertaking. In round figures 2,700 people die in Ontario each year from consumption. The Muskoka hospitals are for the treatment of the disease in its early stages, when it will be possible not only to arrest the trouble, but to effect in the majority of cases a permanent cure. Over 2000 patients have already been cared for in the two hospitals, and of these a large majority have been able to take up their work again as bread winners of a family.

Lung Rest

Your lungs have all they can do. They work night and day, and are faithful to the end. Then use them well. If they are rasping and tearing themselves by hard coughing, come to their relief. Give them Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It heals, soothes, quiets. Your doctor will explain its action to you. Ask him all about it.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

IN THE COUNTY OF HASTINGS.

According to the latest report of the Registrar-General, 1903, there were 88 deaths from tuberculosis in a population of 60,000 in this county. This is almost double the number of deaths from any other cause. Of these 42 were male, 46 female; 84 Canadian, 4 foreigners; 53 single, 35 married, and the average age at death was 29 years.

In the City of Belleville we find there were 19 deaths of the above 88, which was 2.1 per 1000 of population, and is a very high percentage from any one disease. Of these 19 deaths 13 were male, 6 female; 15 married and 4 unmarried, and the average age was 26 years.

Does not this show the need of most strenuously fighting and conquering this terrible disease, which, if not checked, will spread so rapidly.

The local branch is in good condition, and is confident of being able to raise $300 this year, in order to endow a bed for the deserving poor consumptives from this locality, in the Muskoka Free Hospital for consumptives

The officers of the Belleville branch are:

Hon. President — Sir Mackenzie Bowell.
President—Ex-Mayor Chown.
Secretary—W. C. Mikel.
Treasurer—Thos. Ritchie.

Mr. C. L. Jennings, Field Secretary, is in the city at present in the interest of the local branch, and hopes to bring the subscription list to the above sum. A special effort is being put forth by the association on account of a loss of $3,400, sustained in February last by the burning of the new laundry buildings at Gravenhurst.

Any subscriptions will be most gratefully received, and will be acknowledged daily in the press.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"SWEET CLOVER."

The melodrama, "Sweet Clover," was presented at the opera house last evening to a rather slim audience. Those who did attend were apparently well pleased with the production. It is a pretty, sweet and pure play, representing as it does, country life with its many pleasant associations. The various members of the company, and especially the leading lady, carried out their parts well.

"FABIO ROMANI."

"Fabio Romani," that romantic record maker, both in book form and as a four-act play, is to be the attraction at the Carman on Saturday night. To the intelligent theatre goer, to admirers of romance and fiction, in fact, for all sorts of people, "Fabio Romani" will appeal to and thoroughly please. Beyond its intensely deep plot, beautiful language and interesting narrative, there is an indescribable something that makes this play so wondrously and permanently successful. It has stood the test of trial for a score of years and becomes more popular with each year's tour. The present company is a special and carefully selected one, including the star of romantic players, John B. Arthur.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mrs Ann Aris, who resides on the Kingston road, to-day celebrated her 91st birthday. The aged lady is hale and hearty.

Ald. Gordon, wife and two daughters, have gone for a trip to Manitoba and the Northwest. They will be absent some weeks.

Mr. Robert Weir and wife, of Toronto, left this morning for the west, after spending a few days with his mother, South John St.

Port Hope Guide: Rev. W. P. Dyer, D. D., Principal of Albert College, Belleville, is in town, the guest of his brother, Mr. E. V. Dyer, Barrett's terrace.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate southerly and southwesterly winds; mostly fair and warm to-day and Friday; local showers during the night or early morning.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

LADIES!

FOR EASTER...

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $8.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin Sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

HIGH GRADE TEAS

New Season's Fragrant & Delicious

Wallbridge & Clarke's

NEW BLENDS IN SEALED PACKETS

25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c LB

"It Pays to Buy the Best."

HUYLER'S NEW YORK BON BONS

FRESH SUPPLIES BY EXPRESS JUST RECEIVED.

• • •

SARATOGA CHIPS

FRESH SUPPLIES BY EXPRESS JUST RECEIVED.

• • •

DELICIOUS COFFEE At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

Parsley, mustard, cowslip, horse-radish, dock, dandelion, and beet tops clear the blood, regulate the system, and remove that tired feeling so peculiar to spring.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

. . AND THE . .

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher............................ *$3.00*
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots...................... *$3.00*

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

BUSINESS COLLEGE

BESIDES giving thousands of bright boys abundant spending money (some earn $15.00 a week) we teach our boys salesmanship, that quality that commands such high salaries in the modern business world. A Brooklyn insurance man, whose son sells THE POST, writes us:

"You are probably conducting the best business college on earth, for you are not dealing with theories but with cold facts in practice, based upon your excellent methods for encouraging and helping boys in every way."

¶ Boys who want to make money, boys who want to be taught how to win, by one of the most successful business firms in the world—these are the boys we want to hear from. We can teach you how to "play the game" and you make good money while you are learning. It doesn't cost you a cent to start—for we furnish the first supply of magazines free and you can buy your next supply with the sales of the first.

¶ We have a booklet that tells about some of our boys—the money they have made, the extra prizes they have won and how they gained success. If you are a "success boy"—made of the right stuff—we want you to write us—right now.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY
1728 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

WANTED.

Work wanted by the day. Washing or housecleaning. Address Post Office box 706.

Lathe hands, used to accurate work. Box G, Intelligencer. 19-6t

Blacksmiths, on machine forgings. Canadian General Electric Co., Ltd., Peterboro, Ont. 19-21-23

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. Some of our men who started in a small way now have large routes of customers, and keep two or three rigs busy delivering all the time. Why not you? Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

TO RENT.

Furnished room, suitable for one or two ladies. Front entrance, ground floor. Apply to Miss Sheehan, Church St., south of Opera House. 1

FOR SALE.

For a short time only, 12 useful household articles for 50 cents. Address P. C. Coo, 116 Wilson Ave., London, Ont. 18-6t

For sale, cheap steam yacht, 30 x 7 1-2 beam; speed 8 miles hour—HERBERT SAGER, Napanee, Ont., Box 414. a3-2wd

TO LET.

House on Bridge St. All modern improvements. Apply to Dr. Cald- [illegible] 18-6t

Possession May 1st, 1906, the residence on Dundas street, just opposite T. S. Carman's residence. This house has all the improvements. For particulars call at the Ontario Office. a18-3td-1tw

A commodious brick house with all modern improvements, fine lawn, brick stable. Corner Victoria Ave. and Albert street.—T. E. EWEN, 330 Albert St. a12-6t

LOST.

On Bridge or George Sts. a purse containing money. Reward on leaving it at this office. 18-2t

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

Celebrated Their Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Creeper, of Shannonville, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary at Shannonville, on Monday, the 16th. Daughters, grandchildren, friends, from Ottawa, Toronto, Belleville, Deseronto, all in sweet confusion, crowded the Creeper residence all day, and the bridal couple were the recipients of many very nice presents. The congratulatory address was read by Mrs. T. F. Maiden, and Mr. Creeper, in a few remarks, thanked all present. Rev. Wm. Coombe was present and baptized Elizabeth Marie Emmons, a grandchild of Mr. and Mrs. Creeper, also baptized Charles Williams Earle, son of H. C. Earle, of Belleville, solemnizing the occasion of wedding anniversary and christening with prayer. The guests, about fifty in number, sat down to a wholesome supper and all thoroughly enjoyed themselves. The many friends and relations of Mr. and Mrs. Creeper who lived at a distance sent messages of congratulations. Mr. T. B. Gerow, sen., who is Manitoba manager of the Continental Life Association Co., was heard from, and Mr. Creeper's brother Silas, who lives in Clare, Mich., stated his regret at not being present. Miss Elizabeth Jose, of Holloway, Ont., also wished the bridal couple continued happiness. Mr. and Mrs. Creeper have been residents of Shannonville for forty-two years, Mr. Creeper being Postmaster for the last quarter of a century. Judging from the vigorous old age of Mr. and Mrs. Creeper they will inhabit the neighboring village for years to come.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASEBALL WEDNESDAY.

At Chicago— R.H.E.
Chicago .. ....0 0 2 6 1 0 0 2 x—11 12 1
St. Louis ......0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0— 1 4 2
Brown and Kling; Adams and Hoelskoetter and Holmes. Umpire—Johnstone. Attendance—6200.

At Pittsburg— R.H.E.
Pittsburg ....3 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0— 4 4 4
Cincinnatti .. .1 0 0 3 0 0 3 0 0— 7 9 3
Leever, Karger and Darlsch; Overall, Druhol and Schlei. Umpires—Carpenter and Klem. Ottendance—5350.

At Brooklyn— R.H.E.
New York .. ..0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0— 4 5 1
Brooklyn .. ..0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0— 1 6 4
Wiltse and Bresnahan; Stricklett, Eason and Bergen. Umpires—Emslie and Conway. Attendance—3300.

American League Games.

At Philadelphia — R.H.E.
Washington .. 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 2 5 1
Philadelphia .. 2 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 x— 4 6 0
Batteries—Wolfe and Kittredge; Bender and Schreck. Umpire—O'Loughlin. Attendance 10,611.

At St. Louis— R.H.E.
St. Louis ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0 4 0
Cleveland ..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0— 4 11 1
Batteries—Glade and Spencer; Joss and Bemis. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance—2500.

At Detroit— R.H.E.
Detroit .... 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 x— 3 8 2
Chicago .... 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— 2 8 2
Batteries—Siever and Warner; Walsh and Sullivan. Umpires—Hurst and Connor. Attendance—3500.

At Boston—Darkness to-day put an end to an exciting game, after 11 innings, with the score at 3 to 3:

R.H.E.
Boston .... 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0— 3 10 3
New York. 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0— 3 4 6
Batteries—Harris, Tannehill and Graham; Clarkson, Leroy, Newton and Kleinow. Umpires—Sheridan and Evans. Attendance—5674.

All smart up-to-date women of to-day,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.—D. M. Waters.

DON'T BE AFRAID OF THE MICROBES.

BEST OF ALL RESISTANCE IS A SOUND, STRONG BODY.

New York Herald: Sir Frederick Treves not long ago, in a notable address delivered before a learned scientific body in England, made the rather startling statement that disease was essentially a beneficent process—a blessing in disguise. Although at first sight it may be difficult to accede to such a proposition, we must realize that all infection is a fight between man and the microbe, in which the latter must necessarily be defeated in the long run. Otherwise the human race would eventually disappear.

The law of survival of the fittest is always on the side of the stronger influences. If the law is openly violated the punishment is inevitable. In the self-conscious estimate of our superior intelligence we are not prepared to believe that disease as such is the penalty of our ignorance, but such is the melancholy fact. This has been proved over and over again by the various discoveries in disease prevention, and more revelations on that line must come to light as we advance in sanitary investigations.

It is only during the last few years that the microbe has become an important factor in the problem of infection. The discovery has simplified our methods of inquiry very much. We now know the causes of tuberculosis, cholera, plague, malaria, yellow fever, cerebro-spinal meningitis, typhoid fever, the sleeping sickness, the hook worm disease, elephantiasis and various minor affections, and the end is not yet. All these findings are dependent upon direct and preventable microbic infection. Certainly so far we have done exceedingly well.

As in all other matters of similar interest, we are likely to have the pendulum swung to an extreme degree in the opposite direction. The microbe, important as it may be as a disease factor, may have its good points. We have, in such connection, but to think of the vast culture ground for the friendly micro-organisms in the various cavities of our bodies. These microbes help digestion by creating needful ferments. They combat pathogenic germs and cancel their detrimental influences in various ways, and thus help us to conserve our vital forces, maintain nutrition and maintain neutral immunity against infection of any kind.

It behooves us then to be careful not to disturb this equilibrium of healthful processes by applying foolish and scarce theories regarding the assumed harmfulness of all microbes. But we are liable to do this all the time in our anxiety to escape threatening diseases.

There are very many persons, for instance, who dare not drink water unless it is boiled. Its taste killed and its health giving properties virtually destroyed. The same with sterilized milk. We forget that the raw article, if only pure, is the safest of all food products. Even with the dreaded tuberculosis milk the dangers are mercifully reduced to a minimum. So with our water. Experts declare that our Croton, in spite of its accidental impurity at times, is the best and safest drinking water in the world.

Even when pathogenic germs are almost everywhere we have a fair chance of living on. The inhaled tubercle bacillus is harmless to most persons; with others the typhoid germ is inert. If all who breathed tuberculous germs or ingested typhoid microbes should die the human race ere this would have been long extinct. Nature protects us by a natural immunity against all widely spread maladies. It is only when we furnish the soil for the seed that disease takes its hold. The best of all resistance is that of a sound, strong body, germ or no germ.

Huge Oil Deposits.

Oil of the highest quality ever discovered is now flowing from the earth in huge gushers in the southwestern portion of Alberta. These new oilfields are situated in the extreme southwestern section of Alberta within five miles of the international boundary, and some forty-five miles southwest of Pincher Creek, a station on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The valley in which these oil discoveries lie is described by geologists as one enormous crevice caused by volcanic eruption crosscutting the formation of the Rocky Mountains and forming a huge basin, or vacuum, into which the oil has been seeping for centuries from the coal deposits in the North, forming a vast lake underlying the rock formation at a depth of a little over a thousand feet. The country in mountainous, and in most cases the valleys are narrow and heavily timbered; on the mountain sides the formation is exposed, showing a gently folded strata, or anti-clinals, which can be traced for miles. Where a break in the formation occurs a seepage can invariably be found. A large number of these seepages exist where the oil can be dipped up, and all along the creeks oil indications are plentiful.—Canadian Trade Review.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stop-over arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18--11t

DOES YOUR SCALP ITCH?

Are Your Hairs Dropping One by One?

If your scalp itches you are doubtless suffering from dandruff. The dandruff germ is digging up your scalp in little flakes, called dandruff and sapping the life of the hair bulb. No hair preparation that is a mere hair stimulant and tonic will cure dandruff, because it won't kill the germ that causes the trouble. Newbro's Herpicide is the latest scientific discovery; and it will kill the dandruff germ. Destroy the cause, and you remove the effect; kill the germ and you will have no more dandruff, falling hair or baldness. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

The York County Loan

PROSECUTION OF PHILLIPS MAY BE DROPPED — $200,000 WORTH OF PROPERTY MAY BE HANDED OVER.

Toronto, April 19. — From present indications it seems very probable that arrangements are being made whereby the prosecution of Joseph Phillips, former President of the York County Loan & Savings Company, on the charge of conspiracy, is to be dropped after the case leaves the Police Court. Negotiations which have been pending for the past few days have reached such a point that with the handing over by Mr. Phillips of valuable securities to the liquidator of the loan company active action against the accused may not be prosecuted further.

It was stated on good authority yesterday that the proceedings against Phillips will practically end with his committal for trial in the Police Court to-day.

The total value of the shares which he can transfer either by his own act, or by influencing his friends, amounts to over $60,000, but by his act he will give value to probably $200,000, which will inure to the benefit not merely of the liquidator of the York County Loan, but also to the independent shareholders and policyholders in the Toronto Life. The settlement has already been carried through as to the piano company, the assets of which have been handed over to the liquidator without the piano company forcing the liquidator to wait until the maturity of the bonded indebtedness. Thus the rumored settlement, if it goes through, will be far more wide-reaching than the public have any idea of, for it will conserve the interests of those who have shares or policies in the allied concerns. If Phillips had held out and refused to make this settlement, the matter might, with appeals, have dragged along in the civil courts for an indefinite period, and have incurred huge legal expenses in the score of pending actions.

In the meantime, the Toronto Life, it is claimed, would have become of little or no value, for the inevitable effect of the Police Court proceedings has been to affect the business of the insurance company, an otherwise flourishing concern, while expenses for salaries, rent, etc., necessarily continue.

It is said that the liquidator will have no difficulty in a speedy realization upon the assets, for they can either sell the policies or sell the company as a going concern. If they sell the policies they can distribute the assets among the shareholders without delay.

As has been said, Phillips will no doubt be formally committed for trial to-day by Magistrate Denison, but as the liquidators' audit cannot be completed for several months, the books of the company having ever since the winding-up order been for the most part out of their possession, and in the hands of the court, and as Phillips will no doubt be occupied, like many of the former officials, in explaining the workings of the company and its dealings with over 100,000 shareholders, there is no likelihood of the matter coming up at the May Court of Criminal Session. In the meantime he will probably get bail, and if he assists the liquidator, as he no doubt can, he will later on be released on his own recognizance. That is the statement made to The Globe by a gentleman who is in a position to be well acquainted with the facts.

Crown Attorney Curry, when interviewed by The Globe last night, said that he knew of no arrangement by which Phillips was to go free. "All I have done," he said, "is to promise to advise the Attorney-General to recommend the trial Judge to take into consideration the fact that Phillips has handed over this money."

"And you have made no arrangement for him to go free?"

"No, I have not," said Mr. Curry.

"But when his case is taken to the other court will he be allowed to go?"

"Oh, of course, what the other court will do I cannot say," Mr. Curry answered. "As I told you yesterday, my point has been to get as much money as I can for the York County Loan shareholders."

Mr. Curry finally intimated that the case will go for trial to-day.

The injunction secured by the National Trust Company, as liquidator of the York Loan & Savings Company, against Joseph Phillips, President of the company, and other shareholders, restraining them from disposing of their stock in the Toronto Life Insurance Company, was returnable yesterday, but on a motion on behalf of the liquidator the injunction was enlarged for four weeks by Mr. Justice Meredith.

Safe Crackers Get Stiff Sentences.

BELIEVED TO BE SAME GANG WHICH CREATED SO MUCH EXCITEMENT IN THIS CITY.

A despatch from Toronto announces that the burglars and safe crackers tried in that city have got theirs all right. The following sentences were this morning meted out:

Robert Bennett, 10 years.

John Crosby, 8 years.

James Hunter, 8 years.

Patrick Lawlor, another member of the gang, was acquitted of complicity with the Toronto burglaries, but the authorities believe they can convict him in connection with the Shannonville burglary.

This is undoubtedly the same gang which broke into John Sloan & Co.'s premises in this city. They were a dangerous crowd, and are well out of the road.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

A meeting of the Retail Merchants Association will be held in the Council Chamber this evening at 8 o'clock. John Eaddie will address the meeting.

Annual Shirt Sale of travellers' samples—white and colored goods; all sizes. Friday, Saturday and Saturday night. Very cheap. — The King Shirt Co., Campbell St. 19-3t

Mr. G. L. Jennings, travelling secretary of the National Sanitarium Association of Muskoka, will be in the city for about ten days, helping the local branch in the current year's subscriptions. Mr. Jennings is at the Hotel Quinte.

SAVING TIME.

In this day and age of the world when it seems as though every minute had a value and every hour its imperative demands to perform a necessary duty the traveller who has had experience is careful to see that his ticket reads "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Rilway." Here is a line whose schedule is so arranged that every available minute of the traveller's time is saved. No long waits for connections nor tedious delays en route. Trains are operated at highest speed and are equipped with coaches so luxurious that the comfort of The Lake Shore is famous the world over. You can obtain full information about rates, routes or service by addressing J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O., or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.
42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 19

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	91	89⅜
do pref	102½	102⅛
St Paul	175½	172
Mop	94½	94⅛
Union Pac	155⅛	150⅞
C.P.R	172½	172⅛
Sou Pac	66⅞	65
R I	27	26½
Ills C.	174¼	171⅞
Sou Ry	39⅞	39
Texas	32⅛	32⅛
B.& O	111½	110½
N Y C	142⅞	141
Penn	141	138
Soo	156½	156
T. W.	117⅞	117
Erie	43½	42⅞
do pref	77½	76
Reading	132⅞	125½
C. O	58	57½
O W	50⅛	49⅛
Manhattan	155½	155
W C	20½	20⅛
L. & N.	145½	147½
A. F.	43⅛	44
Nor	92	88⅛
Wab.	21⅛	21⅛
do pref	47⅛	46⅛
A. R.	157	155⅞
C. G. W	21⅛	20⅛
T.C.I.	157½	157½
U. S. Steel	44⅛	42⅛
do pref	107½	107½
Sugar	138½	136⅞
B.R.T.	85⅛	83⅛
P. O	94	93
A. C. P.	110½	108⅞
Met.	....	
Alo.	67½	66⅛
C.F.I.	65	59⅛

May wheat opened at 81 ;closed at 79⅞
July wheat opened at 79 ;closed at 78⅞
May corn opened at 46⅞; closed at 46⅛
July corn opened at 46 ; closed at 45⅞
May Oats opened at 32⅞; closed at 30⅞
May pork opened at 16.15 closed at 16.32

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets —D. M. Waters.

Commission Orders Executed on all Exchanges

BONDS AND STOCKS
Bought and Sold on Commission
Investment Securities
Both Listed and Unlisted. Information upon Request
Members Toronto Stock Exchange

Baillie, Wood & Croft.
Long Distance Telephone Main 5200-01-02
TORONTO

ICE CREAM

Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh creamery every day
Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stal cream.

Delivered well packed—*50 cents per Quart.*

Ed. F. Dicken.
CATERER

Prices...

Some strange people—and strange they are—for they seem to fancy strange things—fancy we cannot do their painting and paperhanging as cheaply as others.

Bless your soul, we can do it *MORE* cheaply, as far as cost is concerned—but that word *CHEAP* we cannot apply well to our work. It does not sound right for there is nothing cheap about our work excepting the price we ask for it.

The Reasons why we can do our Work at Reasonable Prices are These:

We have a perfected system.
We have capable workmen.
We watch our work closely.
We purchase our materials in large quantities in the best markets at hour of lowest prices.

In Addition to all This,

Our quantity buying for our Wholesale, Retail and Mail Order Business, gives us discounts away superior to our competitors and our customers benefit thereby every time.

AT PRESENT WE HAVE ON SALE 5000 Rolls of 1906 Wallpapers at the following reduced prices:

—5c Papers for.......................... *3c*
—8c Papers for.......................... *5c*
—12c Papers for.......................... *10c*

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
Wallpapers, Paints and Oils Wholesale and Retail.

Things to Wear Easter

NEW SPRING SHIRTS
NEW NECKWEAR
EASTER GLOVES
EASTER HOSIERY

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.
Tailors & Furnishers.

How nicely and easily a Cake can be iced with

Cowan's Cake Icing

Chocolate, Pink, White, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Maple and Coconut Cream.

ABSOLUTELY PURE ICINGS

THE COWAN CO., Ltd., TORONTO

The King Hat
REGISTERED

HATS
That are Winners
CAPS
That are Leaders

Geo. T. Woodley.
Opposite Footbridge.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

NO Adulteration or Coloring Matter Impurities of Any Kind In

"SALADA"

CEYLON NATURAL GREEN TEA.

Put up in sealed lead packets to preserve its many excellent qualities.

25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. AT ALL GROCERS

HIGHEST AWARD, ST. LOUIS, 1904.

Patent Shoes....

. . . For Men . . .

SEE OUR NEW

Patent Coltskin

Blucher or Button Styles On the Stand Pat Toe, One of America's Best.

Price $5.00

Other Styles at $3.50 & $4.00

NOTHING LOOKS NICER THAN A PATENT SHOE

The J. J. Haines

SHOE HOUSES—Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

TRISCUIT

is the name of the popular shredded whole wheat wafer, which takes the place of white flour bread as a Toast with butter, cheese or preserves. Tasty, nourishing and easily digested.

Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book," postpaid.
CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara, Ont.
Toronto Office, 32 Church St.

SAFE INVESTMENTS

LOW EXPENSE

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE
Head Office: Waterloo, Ont,
P. H. SIMS, S.B. BRICKER, HON. SENATOR McMULLEN
Vice-Presidents.
THOS. HILLIARD. President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD. Supt. of Agencies.

LOW MORTALITY

HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in *Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.*

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

DON'T MIND ME.

(Chicago Tribune.)

"Don't mind me," he told the iceman; "if you want to raise your price, man.
Go ahead and put it higher, and I will not say a word,
I am merely the consumer; I have heard a baleful rumor
That the cost of ice this summer will go soaring like a bird.
Raise it hourly, daily, weekly; you will find I'll stand it meekly.
For I'm learning to be patient with the irking things that be.
Show me no consideration; give your price the elevation—
Do your worst, O Mr. Iceman, and, I beg you, don't mind me!"
And the iceman said; "I won't."

"Higher prices? Bless your soul, man," he said sweetly to the coal man,
"Put them up, and keep a-putting just as swiftly as you like.
Tell me not in mournful numbers of the fear that haunts your slumbers,
Of the famine in the coal bins if the miners go on strike.
You who sell me all my fuel, mention not the coming duel
Between capital and labor that the summer days may see:
Go ahead and boost the prices to the figure that suffices
For your perfect satisfaction, and, I beg you, don't mind me!"
And the coal man said: "I won't."

"More for steaks?" he asked the meat man. "Well, we people have to eat, man.
So go on and raise the price for my bacon and my ham;
Why, you needn't care a button what I have to pay for mutton
Or for ribs or chuck or sausage, or for liver or for lamb.
Raise the prices, but be cheerful; 'tis no time for being tearful;
I'm an uncomplaining person, as I'm sure you will agree,
I must do my daily carving lest my family be starving,
So go on and use your judgment—and, I beg you, don't mind me."
And the meat man said: "I won't."

"Prices will go up this summer?" Thus he murmured to the plumber.
To the tinner and the tinker, to the man who puts on paint;
To the tailor and the grocer—"Put them up, for well you know, sir,
I will view the operation with the calmness of a saint.
I am merely the consumer; I have heard the warning rumor
That expenses will be greater—and you've got me up a tree.
Go ahead, and use your pleasure; fit your price to any measure;
I will have to grin and bear it: so I beg you, don't mind me!"
And the others said: "We won't."

• • •

It remained for a Western dominie to insist that more men must be converted or there will be a lack of bass voices in the heavenly choir.

• • •

John D Rockefeller says there is no happiness in merely possessing money. No; the real joy comes from the thought that you have taken it away from somebody else.

• • •

It is always well to look on the bright side of things. If Niagara Falls are ruined by commercialism, the robbers who drive hacks in that neighborhood will have to go to work.

• • •

A bill imposing a tax on all unmarried women over 30 years of age has been introduced in the Spanish Congress. It must be different in Spain. Here in this country no unmarried woman is over 30 years of age.

• • •

Ninety-seven maids in Brussels have joined a club whose object is to secure husbands for themselves. Since the postal strike in Europe males appear to be very scarce.

• • •

The fact of a Minnesota woman being choked to death by a gumdrop Saturday hardly justifies the Missouri people for lynching three chocolate drops.

• • •

The most threatening sign of war now is the new call by the Czar for another peace conference. These gatherings, so far as the great Powers are concerned, are mere efforts to change the rules of the fighting ring to their advantage, so that they can fight with less danger of being annihilated, or with more chance of annihilating their neighbors.

• • •

Recent developments bid fair to put Ontario at the head of all the provinces in the confederation as regards the value of the mineral production. The aggregate output of minerals and mineral products, which for several years has been about $11,000,000 or $12,000,000, rose in 1905 to about $19,000,000, or if the refined values of nickel and copper are used as a basis of computation, instead of the value in the matter, the total would amount to $22,000,000 or $23,000,000. This large advance is due to the increased output of nickel, silver, copper and pig iron.

• • •

Incidentally, says a Quebec paper, the steady disappearance of the maple sugar industry has had a depressing effect on forest conservation and propagation. Maple trees, which were preserved for their value and interest as a source of sugar supply, are annually cut down to be burnt as fuel or sold for lumber. Within the past few years strenuous, and not entirely unsuccessful, efforts have been made to promote a forestry revival for both climatic and economic reasons: the Dominion Parliament can greatly aid this beneficent movement by encouraging the manufacture of maple syrup, not through giving bonuses or bounties, but by affording legitimate and equitable protection to the makers of the genuine article against the vendors of wretched imitations.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Compan
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

THE PROBLEM IS SOLVED

Gamey Cheque and Cash Exhibits to Go to Sweet Charity.

Province to Borrow $3,000,000 on Ontario Revenue Funds—Col. Matheson Would Have It In Bonds or Inscribed Stock—Railway Bill Carried To An End—Other Government Bills In Committee—Manhood Suffrage Stays

Toronto, April 19.—The historic $1,500 cheque, and equally famed $500 cash that figured as exhibits in the Gamey investigation, and which have since been held in legal custody, will be devoted to purposes of sweet charity.

Some weeks ago Mr. Gamey made enquiry of the Ministry what it was proposed to do with the assets. He was then told that the Government hadn't decided.

Yesterday the Premier introduced a bill. It was called a "bill respecting a certain sum of money in custody of the Supreme Court of Judication." Nothing was said in the House, but Mr. Whitney afterwards explained that the Gamey exhibits were referred to, and that the Government had decided on an act of philanthropy. Just what institution or institutions will benefit he wouldn't say.

Wants to Borrow $3,000,000.

Several bills of importance were put through the committee stage of the Legislature on Wednesday, and, in addition two Government measures were introduced.

An act introduced by the Provincial Treasurer, to raise money on the consolidated revenue funds of Ontario, aims at the securing of a loan of $3,000,000 in the form of bonds or inscribed stock. It would be, he said, on the same lines as the loan made last year, of which amount $1,900,000 still remained. The province had authority for the raising of a larger sum if desired. Col. Matheson pointed out that the Dominion Government would have to offer inducements.

It was provided that the bonds or stock issued should be free from all provincial taxes, including succession duties, following the precedent of the Imperial act as to Government annuities.

"You will get 96," suggested Hon. Mr. Ross, to which Col. Matheson replied confidently, "We will get 100."

"I hope the Treasurer won't be satisfied with $25,000," remarked the Premier, casually.

"He didn't get that before," returned Mr. Ross.

"That's just what we can't find out," retorted Mr. Whitney, and the bout was off.

Mines Bill.

Hon. Frank Cochrane gave an explanation of his mines bill, a synopsis of which was given some days ago.

Mr. Ross asked the intention of the Minister regarding royalties, and Mr. Cochrane replied that they would be provided for in a subsequent bill.

The ex-Premier spoke of the importance of the mining industry, and hoped there was nothing in the bill to discourage the prospector. He cordially approved of the feature which would prevent a prospector squatting upon a claim. He promised fuller consideration later, as he had not had time to digest the bill.

Bills In Committee.

Mr. Downey's Pharmacy Act amendment was taken up in committee of the whole House. After some discussion the bill was reported.

On the House going into committee on Mr. Whitney's bill to amend the Election Act, the Premier said it would remove every vestige of a number from the ballot. Whether this was a wise thing to do, he was not prepared to say, but by next session something would be done that would give them proper protection.

The ex-Premier explained the working of the Dominion ballot, and Mr. Whitney observed that the Government would either adopt it or something else that would serve the same purpose.

"It will be the Dominion ballot, I hope," said Mr. Ross.

Telephone Bill.

On Hon. Mr. Beck's municipal telephone bill being reached in committee, Mr. Graham put in the objection that it did not stipulate the number who might petition to the council.

Both promoter and the Premier said it should not be necessary to require any number, as a very few subscribers might be willing to pay for a service extending over a large area.

Mr. Beck said, on the third reading, he would move that municipalities may take over existing lines, "with the consent of their owners."

The Government's railway bill was taken up again in committee and carried through to an end.

"We intend to stand by the law as it is as to Sunday observance," was the emphatic assertion of the Premier, in reply to a complaint from Mr. Bowyer, who pointed out that electric railways operating under Dominion charters were privileged to run on Sunday.

Manhood Suffrage Stays.

On the opening of the evening session of the Legislature Premier Whitney announced the withdrawal of his bill to repeal the Manhood Suffrage Registration Act. He said that the Government would revise the whole Election Act next year.

The House went into committee on Mr. Hendrie's bill for the appointment of a railway and municipal board. Several amendments to the bill were adopted, which were reported. Mr. Whitney said on the third reading, the blanks would be filled in and an opportunity given for further discussion.

The University Bill.

The University Act was introduced and follows very closely upon the lines of the commission's report, though a few amendments appear. The act, as has been pointed out by the Premier, is by no means in a finished state.

It is provided that the election of a chancellor and elective members of the Senate shall take place this year. The registrar must, between June 15 and Aug. 15, register the names and known addresses of all graduates entitled to vote, and no one not thus registered shall have the right to vote.

It is also provided that the lands to be set apart for the use of the university and University College as part of their endowment, shall be Provincial Crown lands.

Trinity College is empowered to raise money by loan, guaranteed by the province.

End Is In Sight.

At 9 o'clock the Premier announced that the end of the Government bill of fare was in sight and for want of business the House would adjourn.

In reply to Mr. Ross he said the supplementary estimates were not yet ready.

Pledged to Cheap Power.

Toronto, April 19.—"We are not pledged to any scheme, but we are pledged to any scheme, but we are people of Ontario. You may rely on it that all reasonable methods will be exhausted in order that cheap power may be brought to the people of Ontario."

Thus spoke Hon. Premier Whitney on Wednesday in reply to a large deputation from Niagara Falls and vicinity, who appeared to protest against Government development and transmission of Niagara Falls power.

WITH THE TEACHERS.

Had Busy Day of Papers and Valuable Discussions Wednesday.

Toronto, April 19.—The many sections of the Ontario Education Association were again very busy yesterday.

It was also resolved that the majority of the advisory board to be formed by the education bill consist of those interested in public schools, viz: Public and separate school teachers, inspectors and trustees.

At the night session the election of officers resulted as follows: President, Dr. Wm. Scott, principal Toronto Normal school; general secretary, Robert W. Doan, Toronto; treasurer, W. J. Hendry, Toronto.

Suicide at Allotted Age.

Hamilton, April 19.—Even though he had reached the three-score and ten years allotted to man, John Fleming, a city laborer, could not wait for death to overtake him, and he ended his own life by carbolic acid yesterday.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Higher—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Wednesday Evening, April 18.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ⅝d higher than yesterday and corn futures unchanged.

At Chicago May wheat closed ⅜c higher than yesterday, May corn ⅛c lower and May oats ⅛c higher.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	88⅜	85¼
Minneapolis	78⅝	80⅜
St. Louis	80⅞	77½
Detroit	88	82
Duluth	80⅞	81⅜
Toledo	87⅞	81⅜

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74 to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 75	0 77
Wheat, red, bush	0 75	....
Wheat, goose, bush	0 73½	....
Barley, bush	0 51	0 52
Oats, bush	0 40½	0 44
Rye, bush	0 76	....
Peas, bush	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 18.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures firm; May, 6s 9⅝d; July, 6s 8d; September, 6s 7⅝d. Corn—Spot American mixed, new, firm at 4s 4d; American mixed, old, steady, at 4s 7½d; futures firm; May, 4s 5⅝d; July, 4s 4⅝d.

Bacon—Short rib firm at 53s; short clear backs steady at 47s 6d. Lard—American refined in pails firm at 43s 9d.

NEW YORK DAILY MARKET.

New York, April 18.—Butter—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 8452.

Cheese—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 989.

Eggs—Strong; receipts, 22,283; state, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 21c; do. good to choice, 19c to 20c; do. mixed extra, 19c; western firsts, 17½c to 17¾c; do. 2nds, 17¼c to 17½c; southerns, 16c to 17¼c.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

TOURIST CARS

Clean and comfortable by day and night, well ventilated and lighted, with roomy berths — fully equipped in every respect and a smart porter in charge.

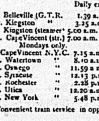
LEAVE TORONTO FOR THE WEST TUESDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS AND FROM NORTH BAY ON SUNDAYS, MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.

Moderate Berth Rates.

S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Agent, Belleville.
Or write C. B. Foster, D. P. A., Toronto.

Hotel Belleclaire

Broadway and 77th Street, New York.



Seventh Avenue, Amsterdam Ave. and West 72th St. Cars pass the door. Luxurious rooms for permanent and transient guests. Restaurant a Feature. Exquisite Palm Room. Art Nouveau Café. Royal Hungarian Orchestra.

"Most Artistically Beautiful Hotel in the World." Can offer few single rooms, with bath, beautifully furnished, suitable for two people, $60 per month.

TRANSIENT RATES:

One Room, with bath.......$2.50 per day
Parlor, Bedroom, with bath, $3 and $5 per day
Parlor, 2 Bedrooms, with bath, $5 and $7 per day

Every improvement known to modern ingenuity.

Write for our magazine, "The Hotel Belleclaire World."

MILTON ROBLEE, Proprietor.

HOTEL TOURAINE

Delaware Ave. & Johnson Park
BUFFALO, N. Y.

A modern, high-class and convenient stopping place, offering every accommodation for the comfort and pleasure of transient guests. Moderate prices.

Harry C. Griswold, Proprietor.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & Hudson River R.

THE SIX-TRACK TRUNK LINE

SHORTEST Route to the United States via Cape Vincent, N.Y.

GOING EAST AND WEST

Daily except Sunda

Lv. Belleville (G.T.R.	1.39 a.m.	noon
Arr. Kingston "	3.25 a.m.	1.25 p.m.
Lv. Kingston (steamer	5.00 a.m.	2.00 p.m.
Arr. CapeVincent (str.)	7.00 a.m. Mondays only.	4.00 p.m
Lv. CapeVincent N.Y.C.	7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
Arr. Watertown "	8.10 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9.12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p m
Arr. Rochester "	2.28 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.20 a.m.	9.00 p.m.
Arr. New York "	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

Convenient train service in opposite direction

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor Cars

2c a Mile.

Books for 500 miles of travel on New York Central and leased lines within State of New York, cost only $10, while books for 1000 miles over New York Central, Boston & Albany, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, Philadelphia & Reading and C.R.R. of New Jersey, cost $20. Secure further information and purchase tickets from H. S. Folger, N.Y.C. agent, Kingston, Ont.

C. F. DALY, Pass'r., Traffic Manager. New York.
A. H. SMITH, General Manager, New York.
G. C. GRIDLEY, Gen'l Agent. Watertown, N.Y.

YOUR NEW HOME

Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.

NO SUCH RISK

by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.

All Work Guaranteed.

John Cornelius,

The City Painter and Decorator.

Business Directory.

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The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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Mr. Greenstreet received me with ceremony.

a curious coincidence"—and here he rummaged among his papers—"if you are anxious to get rid of the castle, I dare say it can be managed. Oddly enough, only this morning I had a letter from a firm of solicitors in London, assuming it was for sale and inquiring the terms. Let me see. Ah, here it is!" He handed me the letter, which was directed from the offices of a firm in Pardoe street, Lincoln's Inn Fields.

"Quick work," I commented.

The little solicitor assented. "It is a beautiful neighborhood," he replied, rather proudly, "and the castle is a fine building. Very antique, remarkably antique."

The adjectives were hardly chosen to my taste, but I could find no fault with the sentiment. Yet it seemed strange that a purchaser should have been so instant; I had understood that the experience was uncommon in the property market. As I sat contemplating the letter Mr. Greenstreet interposed.

"Well, sir," said he, smiling, "am I to entertain the offer?"

"No," I answered, though I could hardly have said why.

"You will live on the property?" inquired the lawyer.

"Yes," I replied, adding, "for the present."

But, in truth, I was in no state of mind to determine upon any particular course with definition, so involved were my emotions in the face of the extraordinary news I had heard. It was an amazing stroke of good luck which by a signature of a dozen letters converted a comparatively impecunious and briefless barrister into the proprietor of an ancient estate. These thoughts and feelings moved me as I rode back to the castle, quite oblivious of my earlier resolution to be gone from Raymond and the scene of that disaster. It seemed now that I was definitely bound up with the fortunes of the place unless I accepted Greenstreet's offer to negotiate a sale of the property for me. I had fallen into a reverie—nor am I ashamed to confess that it was a very pleasant reverie—when I reached the top of the hill upon which the castle stood. That hurried drive which Mr. Kesteven and I had undertaken three days previously had obviously been for the purpose of executing the will. I now asked myself the motive which had induced him so to favor a casual acquaintance, but I could find no answer save in the general eccentricity of his conduct. He had died without a relative, even without a friend, as it appeared, and to that fact the mere addition of a passing whim, generated possibly under a stress of unknown emotion, must suffice to explain his behavior. At that phrase of my own, "unknown emotion," I was pulled up sharply once more. What was there at the back of all these incongruous and incomprehensible incidents? In the current of these reflections I almost rode over the innkeeper Hood by the entrance of the park. He saluted me deferentially, stepping aside to let me pass and gliding noiselessly to open the iron gates. At the sight of him the lawyer's statement as to the contents of the will recurred to me, and I reined in, giving him good day.

"This has been a sad business, sir," he ventured in his even tones.

I nodded, replying with some commonplace.

"Especially, sir, for poor Mr. Kesteven, who was, in a manner of speaking, quite alone in the world."

"Yes," said I, though the remark was perhaps irrelevant. "So Mr. Greenstreet, his lawyer, tells me."

Hood's glance met mine, as though he would inquire of me; but feeling, no doubt, that this would be too great a liberty, his eyes reverted to the gate, which he still held open respectfully.

"Mr. Greenstreet tells me," I went on, "and I suppose I am free to repeat it, that your old master has left you a small legacy."

The man started visibly, and for a second his dark eyes shone on mine. He seemed almost as surprised as I had been, but he recovered his astonishment next minute and dropped his gaze.

"Thank you, sir. It is very kind of him—Mr. Kesteven, I mean. I served him three years, and a better master no man need want."

"He paid you a similar compliment," said I, smiling.

"He was always very good to me, sir."

He stood silent, as though for me to enter, but as I did so he said respectfully:

"I suppose we shall be losing you, sir? It's a great thing for Mr. Kesteven to have had you with him in his trouble."

"Well," said I, with a little laugh, which I really could not restrain in my excited condition, "not just yet, Hood, I think. I'm afraid you'll have to put up with my company for a little longer. You see, Mr. Greenstreet informs me that I am quite unexpectedly, left heir to the castle."

If Hood were as much astonished at this statement as at his own good fortune, he certainly did not show it. I caught one glance of his extraordinary eyes, and then he had turned and was closing the gate.

"I'm sure I congratulate you, sir, if you'll pardon the liberty. The castle wants an owner, and I hope you'll be living here, sir."

I told him I did not yet know and rode up the park, leaving him to fix the locks.

I had said no less than the truth when I had answered Hood's questions, but circumstances soon made my resolution for me. The rumor of my inheritance was spread about the country, and I found myself suddenly elevated to new dignity in the eyes of the neighborhood. And the first fruits of this celebrity appeared in an unexpected visit from my young acquaintance, Montgomery. His farm, it seemed, was a mile or two from the castle, lying in the next valley, and he rode over to offer me his congratulations. It was plain that he had not been so deep in liquor as he had appeared upon that evening at the Swan, for he was hugely embarrassed during the interview and more than once offered to reflect upon himself in somewhat deprecating terms.

"I'm not a bad fellow," he was good enough to explain, "but I'm a devilish fool. All the Montgomerys are. We've had a lot to put up with. Our estate's no better than a barnyard. We're a pack of idiots, that's what we are, Mr. Greatorex. And when there's liquor about— Well, you know what it is."

I didn't quite follow out his meaning, but, on the whole, he struck me as a very amiable fellow, honest according to his lights, and bearing a certain distinction of person which, derived from a long and gentle race, could not wholly be concealed in the dull and uneducated individuality of its last representative. He certainly knew a great deal about horses, and as a result we grew very friendly ere he left. When he did so, it was with a frank hope, boyishly expressed, that I intended to live at the castle.

But it was not due to the arguments of Montgomery that I finally decided to stay at the castle, but to an incident very different, which fell out in the following way on the next evening: I had dined early, and as the light was still very full across the valley I sauntered out through the park and wandered down the road toward the Woodman. When I reached the inn I noticed in the twilight the figure of a stranger leaning against the stone coping before the doorway smoking a cigar. At this moment Hood emerged from the taproom, and I nodded to him, asking if he had heard yet from the solicitor.

"Yes, sir; thank you, sir," he replied. "It's a very welcome present, sir; many thanks to my poor master."

"Well, you seem to be getting on," said I, with a glance toward the stranger, who, seeing my eyes on him, lifted his hat and smiled.

"Yes, sir," responded Hood in a lower voice. "The gentleman's come to stay a bit, sir. Name Captain Sercombe, sir. You don't happen to know him? No, sir. I thought I'd mention it, in case you did. The gentleman likes the fresh air, sir. He's been living abroad. I always told poor Mr. Kesteven that I'd make it pay, sir." And a furtive smile crept into Hood's somber face and broadened it into a grin.

The stranger advanced in a leisurely fashion and said good day; then, cocking an eye at the clouds, asked me my opinion of the weather. I gathered that he was a fisherman and that the stream in the valley had excited his hopes. He was a very tall man of forty or more, somewhat stoutly built and with a military gait. His face, which was bare save for a long reddish mustache, was puffy and swollen, but he had a pleasant gray-green eye and a genial and engaging manner. His thin red hair was carefully brushed over a rather bald head.

"My landlord tells me there has been a death up yonder," said he, nodding toward the castle. "A regular romance, if I'm right in supposing you are Mr. Greatorex?"

I told him that I was.

"Ah, well, you're very lucky."

I replied somewhat coldly that he seemed to know more than I did myself.

"Come, come," said he, with a laugh. "My dear sir, we are all gossips, and, after all, I was bound to talk of something besides the weather," and his way was so good humored and withal so frank that I could not but join in his laugh. In the issue I accepted his invitation to drink a little whisky in his room, and being apparently a talkative fellow he was very soon in the full swing of soliloquy. I must confess that he was an entertaining talker. He had seen a vast deal of life and in many countries. He had apparently been a soldier of fortune since he left the English army, for he spoke of service with the Peruvians, of brushes and escapades in sundry parts of South America and of multifarious adventures in several continents. It might have seemed odd that the lord of Ivor castle should be seated there in the parlor of a shabby inn, hobnobbing over whisky and cigars with an utter stranger about whom he knew nothing and cared less, but I myself was little better than a fellow stranger, and at all events I required no excuses for myself. It has ever been my habit to give myself full license in my commune with my fellows, and in the result I have usually found the custom productive of amusement and interest. We parted on friendly terms, and I congratulated myself as I walked home upon a very agreeable neighbor.

When I reached the castle the night had fallen, unrelieved by stars. I rang for a lamp and retired to my bedroom for a pocketbook which I had left in one of the drawers in an old bureau. I remembered to have placed it in the left hand drawer in the secretary. I took the key from my pocket and twisted it in the lock, but as it would not turn I became impatient and shook the handles. The lid fell open of itself. Clearly it had not been locked. And yet I could have testified in a court of law that I had locked it in the afternoon. Furthermore, my pocketbook was not where I had left it, but in a lower drawer. The oddness roused my curiosity, and I went carefully through the drawers only to find that without a doubt they had been conscientiously and scrupulously rummaged by some one. The thought was not inviting. I sat down in a chair to consider. Later I went down to the dining hall and made out my notes for the day. A letter by the second post, which arrived late in the evening, lay to my hand on the table. The situation demanded a patient temper and some thought. It threatened to discover a grave climax. So far my reflections led me. Why had my bureau been rifled? What did this robber want? And yet again the problem fell upon me, something darkling, but urgent, importunate—had any one visited Mr. Kesteven through that open window in the article of his death? The confluence of these questions embarrassed me, and I opened my letter absently.

It was from Greenstreet and invited my consideration of the offer made by the London solicitors. They were pressing to know my price for the castle. I seized a sheet of paper and scribbled a line, sealing and stamping the envelope ere I went to bed. It was merely to tell Greenstreet that the property was not in the market.

CHAPTER V.

UPON the third day after the events of the preceding chapter Mrs. Main announced a visitor, handing me at the same time a card on which was printed with an abundance of flourishes and ornament "Mr. Morris Barnett." He made a ceremonious entry and politely discharged a few courtesies ere he got to business.

"I have come over, Mr. Greatorex," said he suavely, "to see if you are at all disposed to do a client of mine a great favor."

I did not see any very strong reason why I should favor a client of Mr. Morris Barnett, but I murmured that I was always glad to be of service to my fellow creatures.

"The fact is, sir," he resumed, laying his hat and stick upon a chair and drawing a packet of papers from his pocket, "my firm has a client who is related to the ancient Vyvian family, the original owners of this castle, as you are no doubt aware, and he has been informed that you have come into possession of this very beautiful estate in accordance with the will, if I mistake not, of the late Mr. Kesteven."

He looked at me inquiringly, and I told him that his information was quite correct.

"I gather, Mr. Greatorex," he continued affably, "that you have been until comparatively recently a stranger to these parts and that, in short, you have no particular ties in the county?"

"That is true," said I.

"My client, sir, has naturally—you will understand the motive—a desire to purchase the property, if you are disposed to meet him and we can arrange terms. And that, shortly, is the object of my visit."

Now, you will easily conceive that, falling in the present circumstances, this set my blood humming. Here was yet another, and within a few days of the demise of the old proprietor, who must needs come clamoring for a sale of the castle. The fact stirred my curiosity—nay, to speak truly, inflamed me with something very like excitement.

"And what, then, is your proposal, Mr. Barnett?" I asked calmly enough.

I was sharp enough to notice a gleam of satisfaction pass over his face, but he displayed none of his triumph in his very businesslike tone.

"Ah, well, Mr. Greatorex," said he, lolling back in his chair, "you see these old places are more matters of sentimental than profitable investment."

"True," said I shortly, "and men are usually willing to pay a high price for sentiment."

"Ah, no, Mr. Greatorex," said he promptly, shaking his head, and here there was a real touch of gutturals, "you mistake. My client is not a rich man, but he hankers after the place of his fathers. It would mean much to him."

"It means a good deal to me," said I. "How much?" said Barnett suddenly. "Supposing I said £20,000?"

He held up his hands. "My dear sir, my dear sir!" he repeated and stared at me as if my audacity had plucked away his wits.

"Why not?" I asked.

Mr. Barnett was thoroughly enjoying himself.

"Do you know what landed property is selling at, Mr. Greatorex?" he asked confidentially. "It is practically a drug in the market, sir, just now."

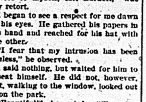
"Then," said I, "will you kindly explain, Mr. Barnett, how it comes that I have had two offers within a week of my inheritance?"

"Ah," he said meditatively, rubbing his chin.

"It looks as if this particular property was not a drug in the market, doesn't it?" I asked.

"To be sure," he remarked vaguely, and then, recovering himself, resumed his gentle smile. "But let us come back to business, Mr. Greatorex. Shall we say £5,000?"

He cooed at me enticingly. His assumption that we had wandered into the regions of fancy and romance tickled me, and I broke forth laughing.



Mr. Barnett held up his hands.

"Ah, well," said he, grinning sympathetically, "we might make it £7,500 with immediate possession."

"Mr. Barnett," said I gravely, "your client seems to have been born too late by a hundred years."

"I dare say, Mr. Greatorex, that my client would go to the length of £10,000 upon my advice."

"Then I should certainly keep my advice to myself, Mr. Barnett," was my retort.

I began to see a respect for me dawn in his eyes. He gathered his papers in his hand and reached for his hat with the other.

"I fear that my intrusion has been useless," he observed.

I said nothing, but waited for him to reseat himself. He did not, however, but, walking to the window, looked out upon the park.

"Beautiful!" he cried. "Charming prospect! Really, now that I have seen it, Mr. Greatorex, I feel justified in advising my client to go a little higher."

"I think the view is worth an extra £5,000," I suggested.

"I think he might rise possibly to £15,000, Mr. Greatorex, if you will allow me to communicate with my client," he said softly. "But my client is a poor man, and it is a ruinous price."

"Then why ruin your client, my dear sir?" said I.

Mr. Barnett laughed pleasantly, as if at my little joke, but, becoming serious again, shook his head.

"A stiff price, but I think I can manage it," he said.

"I have little doubt that you can manage anything," I said, bowing.

"You agree?" he asked.

"It is not necessary," said I, "since you seem to have agreed for me."

"It is monstrous!" he said gloomily. "But my client has set his heart on it. You shall have your £20,000, Mr. Greatorex."

He sighed resignedly and, having selected a document in his pocketbook, proceeded to unfold it and smooth it upon the table. All the spirit was out of him. He had been worsted and owed me a grudge, I could perceive.

"If you have a pen, Mr. Greatorex," he said sullenly, "I will fill in the figures. I have the agreement here."

"Pardon me," said I.

He looked up and, meeting my gaze, offered an explanation against my protest. "There's no time like the present."

"You misunderstand me, sir," I said cheerfully. "I have no intention of selling the castle."

He leaped to his feet. "What!" he yelled, and his sallow face spread with color. "You said £20,000!"

"Excuse me; no," I said. "Your client, Mr. Barnett, did me the honor to suppose I should be willing to sell, and I was polite enough to suppose so with him."

There was never a man in so atrocious a temper as my little attorney. His color went, and he grew a livid yellow with passion, and, being now no longer at the necessity of civility, he broke into covert invective, presenting to me a surly demeanor. I ignored his unmannerliness, but kept my placid smile all the time that he was arranging his departure. On the threshold of the door he paused and, turning, demanded:

"Is your decision final?"

I assured him that it was absolute. He gave me an extremely vicious look as he disappeared.

"You will regret this, Mr. Greatorex," he observed.

I understood that the phrase was not uncommonly used in similar circumstances, but in truth I need hardly say that I should not have turned a sarcasm at the expense of Mr. Barnett's inoffensive client, despite Mr. Barnett's offensive manner, if I had not been absolutely certain that Mr. Barnett's client did not exist. At least I would have gone bail that he was no relation to the departed Vyvians, and I would even have ventured to doubt if he knew much more of them than did Mr. Barnett himself, for it was plain enough to me by this time that some person or some persons had particular reasons for desiring to obtain possession of my inheritance. So much being clear it only remained to determine those particular reasons, reasons which I could now perceive were involved in the secret of my dead friend and probably also in the culminating tragedy of his death.

When I was rid of my visitor I set forth upon a stroll in the woods. It was 4 in the afternoon, and the sun shone very fiercely upon the white roads, throwing black shadows from the trees. I dropped from the roadway into a rude moss grown track that ran into the heart of the valley, and presently, leaving the more open parts of the forest, struck into the deeper brakes and tangles below. The little stream ran here in the bottom very pleasantly, sometimes brawling over shallows and at other parts more silently in eddies and drifts over darker and deeper pools. As I followed its course I came shortly upon a spot where the channel made an elbow almost at right angles with its former direction, and here I descried the form of Captain Sercombe. A sound of voices reached me, and, cheered by the prospect of a companion with whom to exchange sentences, I uttered a short "Hello!" and dived through the undergrowth toward him. When I emerged upon the open space upon which the captain stood my attention was caught by a rustling among the branches, and I had a glimpse of some one just disappearing into the wood. I stopped with my eyes fastened upon the point, for something familiar in the incident struck me all of a sudden. That lean, slim figure, that swift, precipitate rush—these were as impressions recovered from some past experience. Captain Sercombe was lazily whipping a deep pool, a pipe between his teeth, and, turning his head, he hailed me:

"You have frightened my fish, sir," said he.

I begged his pardon somewhat abstractedly, and, raising himself, he looked at me, following the direction of my glance.

"Oh, that's my worthy and very obsequious host," said he, with a smile, taking his pipe from his mouth. "I wish he would let me alone, but he's so awfully officious. Thought he knew the likeliest spots, and would insist on showing me. As if I hadn't fished before he was born!"

I joined him on the bank.

"Any luck?" I asked.

He opened his basket. "A couple of smallish ones," he returned. "But there's a big fellow here, if your noise hasn't frightened him."

He threw a cast very neatly and, bending over his line, was wholly absorbed by his occupation. But nothing would tempt the trout to rise, and the captain soon gave me his attention again.

"There's nothing equal to an obstinate fish," he remarked thoughtfully. "I envy you, Mr. Greatorex. If I lived in this spot I could ask no better than to spend my life on the banks of this brook."

"Ah, you have the proper spirit!" said I.

"All the same," he declared, "it's a mighty hot tramp through those brakes, and I've earned my dinner."

We left the stream in company and mounted to the highroad.

"Come in," said the captain as we reached the Woodman, and the invitation was so natural, issued as so much a matter of course, that I entered behind him almost unconsciously.

"You will excuse me if I have a little refreshment, Mr. Greatorex," he said. "I have been out since 10 o'clock and am only held together by a few sandwiches. Besides, I have always an appetite. Hood! Hood!" he called.

The inkeeper entered and received his orders.

"Now, sir, take a seat. I think you'll find that apology for a sofa at least comfortable," continued my host, and he flung himself, breathing hard, into an armchair and fanned his face with his handkerchief.

"How is the new inheritance?" he asked presently.

There was no shadow of offense in his voice, and I should have been surly indeed to have taken for a liberty what was clearly a friendly interest in my affairs. I said I hoped that he would pay me a visit and see for himself.

"Thank you very much," said he, with a delicate bow of acknowledgment. "I shall be delighted. I had a sight of the old place yesterday as I passed the gates."

Hood entered with a tray of refreshments, and Sercombe drew himself up to the table and began upon his untimely meal.

"I don't know what digestion is, Mr. Greatorex," he explained. "I believe it is a term in use among doctors to terrify nervous patients. I eat when I like, not when society wants me." And, filling his mouth, he asked me if I had resolved to live in the castle.

"You have frightened my fish, sir," said he.

"At present, yes," I answered, "though certainly it would appear to be in despite of fortune, for it is not the fault of some people that I am not sent packing off to London."

He stared at me in the act of drinking, and I felt Hood's eyes also upon me. The next second the innkeeper resumed his work, placing a fork softly by the captain's plate.

"How do you mean?" asked Sercombe.

As I had started the tale, I went on with it, rehearsing briefly the visit of Barnett.

Captain Sercombe smiled and went on with his food.

"Oh, I thought some one had been disputing your title," he said, "that is all. I hope you fooled him?"

I related my victory with some satisfaction, and Sercombe chuckled.

"Well, you're going to keep your castle?" he resumed. "Patriotic man! Though I should judge £20,000 to be a good market price for the property."

"It is not worth half as much," said I.

"Then why not, in the name of goodness, take your profit?" demanded the captain, opening his eyes in astonishment.

"I'm in no hurry," said I, smiling.

"Humph!" ejaculated the captain, picking his teeth thoughtfully. "Well, you may be right, though I don't see your reasons. A landed estate is merely a nuisance, so far as my experience goes. It's all payment and no returns. It takes a wealthy man to keep an estate. If I had your place, Mr. Greatorex, I should be disposed to let it, at any rate, and enjoy the proceeds while I might. You'd find no difficulty in doing that, I should think."

"I dare say not," was my reply.

"Why," continued the captain, as if smiling at his own thought, "I would take it off your hands for a month or so for the fishing alone—that is, if you were reasonable."

For some reason or other this semijocose offer irritated me, possibly because of previous experiences.

"Between you, you are bound to have me out," I said, rather dryly. "But I assure you I will not budge."

I was not looking at him as I spoke, but out of the tail of my eye it seemed to me that I caught a quick exchange of glances between the captain and the innkeeper, and to my imagination—for such it may have been—the face of the man Hood wore an unmistakable frown. But as I turned sharply he was merely refilling the captain's glass and using a deft napkin upon the soda water bottle.

Sercombe burst out laughing in his comfortable fashion.

"My dear sir," said he, "it is long since I was in a position to pose as a country gentleman, and for my own part I sincerely hope you will occupy the castle as long as I occupy the inn. After that I fear I shall have no further interest in the matter."

I felt distinctly snubbed by the rejoinder, for all that it was delivered in so hearty a manner. But I got out of the inn creditably enough and with a neat stroke in return, all very good humored. All the same, upon my homeward journey I was troubled by that mutual signal which I had seemed to discover between these two incongruous people. As for Sercombe's offer, it was plainly intended for a jest, and I thought no more of it. Yet I was still exercised in my mind, vaguely uneasy and distrustful. And in this mood I settled down to consider my situation that evening and to review the events which I have here narrated. The puzzle was to determine a cause for all the remarkable transactions. Some one wanted to acquire the castle, and went about it very persistently. Why? And some one had made raids upon the house to secure something of which I was in possession. What?

Suddenly, and as if revealed by a flash of illumination, the reason was lit up and stood bare and bright before me. It was hidden treasure!

CHAPTER VI.

NOW that I had put my tongue to the word I was confident of my discovery. All the facts pointed one way, and I was dumfounded at my previous obtuseness. For what but a hidden store of treasure would explain these incessant attempts upon the house itself or the insistent efforts to take it out of my hands? And what again but treasure could supply so natural a key to old Kesteven's death and his mysterious secret? It seemed to me, too, that upon this hypothesis several facts hitherto inexplicable might be referred to reason. The eccentricity of my host in choosing me for his heir became not so much an eccentricity as a studious piece of policy. He was, in the general verdict, devoid of living relatives, and had so long fallen out of the world as to be practically friendless. He had made up his mind to my honesty, possibly to my capability, and was resolved to trust me. If this were so, as I saw it now, the making of the will had been an inevitable act in the game he intended to play.

I could not imagine that he had foreseen his sudden death, yet with his knowledge that he had an organic disease it was wise to take punctual precautions. It was probable also that the news he had evidently received upon the morning of that fatal day had conduced to his visit to the lawyer. I was to be admitted to his confidence. Twice he had been interrupted in the very nick of his narrative—the second time by the interposition of Death himself. In these considerations my thoughts were naturally drawn to the events of that evening. Why had Kesteven retired to his room? Obviously there was a connection between his errand and the sheet of parchment which I had detached from his clutch.

I opened my dispatch box and spread out the paper on the table once more, poring over it with my pulse throbbing to my finger tips. The meaning was now plain, though the main secret was yet to find. The parchment was clearly the second sheet only of the document which Mr. Kesteven had desired to bring down for my perusal. I sat up at a new and more alarming discovery. Where was the first sheet?

That open window now offered up its secret. That desperate cry was no longer now the scream of mortal agony, but an appeal for help. From the dead fingers I had taken the second sheet of the mysterious document, so pregnant with interest, but from the hands of the living I could not doubt that the first had been violently torn in the course of a struggle in that silent chamber. Terror had surprised the rascal at his work—the terror of that sudden and fearful dissolution, of that humped and pitiful body fallen on the floor. And here now with two ends of the secret, whatever it might be, rent asunder and secluded in separate hands, the hoard of treasure still lay buried in its ancient hiding place as intact and private as it had lain maybe through hundreds of years of silence.

My riddle was read. That certainly was a great step, and in the heat of my discovery, as I sat palpitating with strange emotions of adventure, avarice, even of ferocity, I had no intention to leave the matter where it stood. I was resolved to confront fate and to enter the lists against those undetermined enemies. So far they had kept very silent, working only in the dark, but I swore then and there to meet them, drag them forth into the broad daylight and contest my rights in the hidden treasure, if it existed, against a dozen sorry knaves. I am a patient man and not overquick to take a resolution, but I do not easily lay down a task which I have once undertaken. I swore upon the spot to undertake this.

In the circuit of my fancy I came uddenly upon this consideration, which pulled me up quite sharply, even with a little breathlessness. These unknown antagonists were still banded in arms against me, and I was alone. I had had repeated evidence that I was pursued by their ingenuity and in two ways. On the one hand I was to be evicted from my own house, and simultaneously my bureau was rifled, as I could not now doubt, for the purpose of securing my remnant of the precious document. What would be the next step which these insolent tricksters would essay? I had no one in the castle beyond the estimable Mrs. Main and a neat housemaid, neither of whom was to be counted in a warfare such as the situation promised to my imagination.

The one man that was daily visible about the place slept at Llanellan, as Mr. Kesteven had informed me. What puzzled me at this point was the isolation in which my host had enwrapped himself. He had taken no pains to protect himself. Exposed, as he must have known he was, to the treachery of an unscrupulous foe, he was thrown absolutely upon his own resources unless indeed he relied upon the near proximity of Hood in times of emergency. But Hood perplexed me, recurring in my thoughts, a haunting figure, provoking only a vague uneasiness and a great uncertainty. And once again the odd conjunction of the captain and the innkeeper returned before my eyes. One thing was certain to my newly awakened wits—I must have some companion in my confidence. There were several friends among my old acquaintances who would serve me, but the year was drawing on and the holiday season was at his height. The odds were that I should discover Pengelly or Rogers or Sheppard was far enough from London by this. I wanted aid forthwith, and forthwith must have it. So it fell that my mind recurred to Montgomery. He was not very much to my taste, certainly not congenial company, but he was obviously honest, and I could swear that he would be faithful.

And so indeed he proved. I rode over next morning to the farm which constituted now all that was left of the old estate of the family. He was plaiting a whip in his dining room—a high wainscoted chamber, very dingy and untidy and heaped with all the unimaginable rubbish of a young man's fancy. On my entrance he rose, his silly face beaming red, and grasped my hand with an awkward sentence of welcome.

"It's good of you to come so soon," said he.

"I've come to take you back," said I.

He stared at me. "Oh, all right!" he said, as if this mission of mine had been a matter of course. "Come and have a drink."

It was but 11 in the morning, though the breakfast things still cumbered his table, and so I refused his hospitality, a refusal which did not prevent his pouring himself out a glass of beer.

"Montgomery," said I, "leave that alone and keep your head clear. I want you."

The boy bounded to his feet sheepishly enough to what he doubtless considered my rebuke, but with a show of eagerness which pleased me.

"Got your horse?" I asked.

He nodded, all attention now, and I continued:

"Then fling your legs up and be off, and ask your servant to send on your bags. I'm going to keep you for a week."

"Bully!" he said and clamored out of the room in a cheery fashion.

I had already made up my mind not to be too explicit with Montgomery. He was too recent an acquaintance, despite my conviction of his fidelity, to intrust with a precious secret. Indeed, the first occasion of our encounter would not have commended him to many particular people. What I told him, therefore, as we rode back embraced but the general atmosphere of intrigue in which I was involved. The word that stuck in his mind was "burglary," and it greatly excited him.

[To be continued.]

TRAINING DOGS.

Poodles the Easiest to Teach, Dachshunds the Most Difficult.

A poodle is the easiest of all to train, and the dachshund is the most difficult, the latter not because he is too stupid, but because he is too smart. A dachshund readily understands what you want him to do, and he can do it, but he thinks he knows a better way, and he invariably tries his way first. As a result, he is never trained in anything that is really difficult. A dachshund seems to be always poking fun at one and getting no little amusement out of it for himself. Collies are easily trained, but they are more or less unreliable, and they are such flatterers. They make you think things are all right and then they run away at the very first opportunity. In preference to other dogs, collies are trained almost exclusively in the militia of Vienna for carrying, in time of war, messages and medicine to and from the camp and the sick soldiers, but they are chosen more for their speed than their faithfulness. Fox terriers are natural acrobats. Within a few weeks one can be trained to turn a somersault. A few weeks more and he will do a double turn. To teach him to do this the trainer calls the animal to him, and as he comes jumping playfully against the trainer he is caught and turned quickly in the air, much to his surprise. He thinks it is play, and he comes jumping up again. After each turn he is given a small piece of meat. In a few weeks he will run up and try independently to do the turn over in the air for the meat, and if he is encouraged it will not be long before he is an accomplished acrobat.

ERRATIC ENGINES

Locomotives That Act as Though They Were Bewitched.

You never see a ship launched on a Friday, and similarly a new locomotive hardly ever makes a trial trip on that day or on the 13th of the month. Even though the superintendent may jeer at the superstition, yet he knows too well to set it at naught, for just as sailors consider that some ships are unlucky so do train hands credit certain locomotives with a sort of demoniacal possession.

It is certainly very strange the difference that may be observed between two locomotives built from the same plans, at the same time, of similar material. One goes on her way quietly and smoothly, never breaks down, costs little or nothing for repairs. The other causes trouble from the very first, runs off the line, kills the drivers, gets into accidents of all kinds and generally acts as though possessed by some evil spirit.

There was a famous instance some years ago on the South Florida railway. A locomotive killed so many people that she got the name of "the hearse," and no fewer than three engine drivers actually left the employ of the company rather than continue driving her. The odd thing was that she never seemed to injure herself. Eventually the owners were forced to break her up, although she was by no means worn out.

Of actual ghosts in trains or railway engines one very seldom hears.

The Art of Flattery.

There are those who have an instinct which prompts them to offer verbal caresses to all with whom they come in contact, and there is no doubt that, if such people are gifted at the same time with good hearts, they greatly sweeten life. They do not know how to say, much less write, a disagreeable sentence. They see with their mind's eye the exact spot where a flattering word would produce pleasure or salve a smart, and the temptation to say it is very great. The pleasure they produce delights them, and they study to produce it again. No doubt they practice an art, but not a very black art, and it is difficult not to like them, especially if they are women. Real flattery—the really false article—can hardly exist with a warm heart. Plenty of folly and too much desire to be popular may go with that, but nothing else.

Church Built of Bulrushes.

The first place of worship in Western Australia was unique in two respects—the materials of which it was built and also the several purposes to which it was devoted. This remarkable building was made at Perth by soldiers shortly after their first arrival in 1829 and was composed almost entirely of bulrushes. In addition to its use on Sundays for divine worship, it occasionally served as an amateur theater during the week and during the whole time as a barracks.

The Pawnbroker's Sign.

The pawnbroker's sign came from the sign used by the Lombard bankers, who took it from the sign used by the Medici family of Florence. The founder of the house had been a medicus, or physician. His descendants became bankers and brokers, and their sign was their ancestor's golden pills. When they became nobles they assumed as arms six golden pills or balls on a blue field.

Sunny People.

The world delights in sunny people. The old are hungering for love more than for bread. The air of joy is very cheap, and if you can help the poor on with a garment of praise it will be better for them than blankets.—Henry Drummond.

The Critical Period.

Duffer—One is born every minute, you know. Puffer—Yes, but they're not listed till they get old enough to think they are not.

A GENEROUS CRITIC.

Story of John Oxenford, a Once Famous London Character.

John Oxenford was for years the leading theatrical critic of London. Mr. Oxenford was troubled with a serious bronchial affection, which occasionally disturbed the audience, for he refused to give up his beloved theater, although desperately ill. A certain rising young actor was very anxious to obtain Oxenford's valuable opinion on his work, and the tender hearted old gentleman literally left his bed and came down to the theater on a bitter cold night to do a good action to a clever youngster. In the middle of one of the actor's finest scenes on came the cough from the Oxenford box. It continued so long that it unnerved the actor, and he came to a dead stop. To the surprise of everybody he advanced to the front and said, "Ladies and gentlemen, I am sorry to say that unless the old gentleman with the irritating cough retires temporarily from the theater I really cannot go on. I forget everything. It is painful so to address you, but I am powerless in the matter and place myself in your hands."

The disturbance at once ceased, and the box was empty. When the curtain fell a friend rushed around and, breathless, said to the distressed actor: "Do you know what you have done? Do you know who it was that you turned out of the box?" "I neither know nor care," was the reply. "Why, it was John Oxenford!" The actor was paralyzed, but he got his good notice all the same. The veteran critic went home coughing to praise the young actor who had turned him out.

JUDGING DOGS.

The Rules by Which the Different Points Are Valued.

The average man is greatly puzzled to find one dog awarded a first prize and another, which to him appears to be quite as fine a specimen, awarded no prize at all. A man who knows the relative values of the different points in all breeds of dogs is a veritable walking encyclopedia.

Generally speaking, the best dog is one which comes nearest the standard of requirements for its own particular breed, about 25 per cent of the points being usually awarded for fine head proportions, an equal number for legs and feet, a similar number for body and color and the rest for symmetry.

In the Dalmatian, for instance, thirty points are given for color and markings, while head, eyes and ears have only fifteen; the bulldog, on the other hand, has forty-five for head and ears, while coat and color amount to but five points; the collie has twenty-five for coat, color being immaterial, and twenty-five for head and ears.

The St. Bernard has forty for head and ears and five each for coat and color. The Pomeranian has but fifteen for head and ears, forty-five points going for coat, color and tail, with fifteen for appearance. It may be set down as governing in all breeds of dogs that whatever is the typical feature of that breed is the feature upon which stress is laid in the allotment of points.

The Ant's Cow.

The aphis, one of the most widely distributed species of insects known to the entomologists, is sometimes referred to as the "ant's cow." The aphis actually gives milk, although the creature itself is so small that it is estimated to weigh but the one one-thousandth of a grain. Out of the back of the aphis project two hollow tubes. These connect with ducts in the body, which secrete a sweet liquid. When the tubes are touched the liquid exudes in small drops. The ants know this, and they make a regular business of tickling the tubes of the little aphis to make her "give down her milk." The ant is very fond of this saccharine food and will "milk" a hundred aphides in the course of an hour.

Why He Resigned.

The French Baron Rothschild once had in his service a valet named Alphonse, first class, but an acknowledged "red." This valet obtained permission once a week to attend the meetings of his Socialist lodge. Suddenly the baron noticed that Alphonse no longer desired this off night and, inquiring into the cause, was informed that the valet's late Socialist colleagues had worked out a calculation that if all the wealth of France were divided equally per capita each individual would be the possessor of 2,000 francs. "Monsieur," said Alphonse, with dignity, "I resigned. I have 5,000 francs!" —Argonaut.

Henpecked Husbands.

Henpecked husbands are found even in India. A writer says: "To live as I have done in a Hindoo house, especially when the real house mistress is a masterful and deeply religious widow, who is grandmother to the babies and mother to their parents, is no longer to wonder at the absolute terror with which men speak of the 'stri achchar.' For the men of India are, poor souls, the most henpecked in the world."

Too Much Heart.

"And you rejected him?"

"I did."

"He has the reputation of being a large hearted man."

"That's the trouble with him. He is too large hearted. He can love half a dozen women at the same time."

Domestic Finance.

Mrs. Knicker—Can you get money from your husband? Mrs. Bocker—No. By the time I've paid the cook for a good dinner before I ask him I'm just even.

Music is the prophecy of what life is to be, the rainbow of promise translated out of seeing into hearing.—Mrs. L. M. Child.

ANCIENT WATER VILLAGES.

Relic of Old Customs Prevailing in the "Spreewald."

One of the most interesting regions in the "old fatherland" is the so called "Spreewald," the forest of the Spree, situated not far from the German capital, in the province of Brandenburg. Each village is a little Venice, every house a little island, and these islets are connected by bridges sufficiently raised to allow boats to pass under them. Most of the houses, with their barns and stables, rest on piles, and there is generally a strip of artificial terra firma either in front or at the rear of every building. By means of these land strips and of the bridges the slender land communication is kept throughout the district, but most of the business and amusement are carried on through the canals, which not only form the main highways, but penetrate and cross and recross the whole region. It is on these lagoons that all traffic is conducted in boats during the period from spring when the last vestiges of frost and ice are disappearing until the end of autumn. You see the letter carrier shoot up and down the canals, performing his duties in his frail craft; the police glide leisurely along the banks, watching everything going on; peasants bring the products of their toil to the nearest towns; children go to and from school; young mothers, dressed in their Sunday clothes, are rowed to church, carrying in their arms a small, queer looking bundle from which two large eyes in a tiny face stare at the stranger in wonderment—baby is going to be baptized, an important moment with this strongly religious people.

DREAM MYSTERY.

The Events That May Be Crowded Into a Few Seconds.

The duration of a dream is so seldom accurately measured that a story published in the St. Louis Medical Record is worth repeating.

The writer, a doctor, was seized with an uncontrollable drowsiness during a call and was struggling to keep awake when he was asked by his companion, "How long may you stay in B.?" His answer, which came promptly enough, was, "That depends on the Western Union," and, catching himself, he explained that he was expecting a telegram. In fact, however, his answer related to the facts of a dream which had been sandwiched between the two parts of the sentence.

After hearing the words "How long" the doctor had dozed off, dreamed that after long and tedious experiments he had invented a wonderful apparatus for holding telegraph poles in a vertical position, had negotiated with the postal company for its sale, but unsuccessfully, and had finally gone to the authorities of the other company. They, in the dream, told him they were considering a German invention for the same purpose, and the dreamer crossed the ocean to examine the rival device, returned, explained the differences to the intending purchaser and was writing a reply when he woke in time to hear the end of his companion's question.

The events of the dream had apparently consumed months, yet the actual time that elapsed was merely that required for uttering about four short words.

Precedent For "Governess."

Albert VII., archduke of Austria, married Isabella Clara Eugenie, infanta of Spain, who brought to him as dowry the sovereignty of the Low Countries, etc. When Philip IV. of Spain ascended the throne in 1621 he took from his aunt the sovereignty of the Low Countries, but left her the title of governess. Her husband died soon after, whereon she took the veil, though still retaining the reins of government. She died at Brussels in 1633, aged sixty-six. Here there is precedent for the use of the word governess when a lady holds the post.—London Notes and Queries.

Paid For the Opinion.

Shortly after Chief Justice Purley of the court of appeals of New Hampshire had retired from the bench and resumed the practice of his profession a man called on him to get his opinion in a certain matter. After stating his case clearly he said, "Well, judge, what do you think of my case?" The judge promptly replied, "I think you are a scoundrel." "How much do I owe you for that opinion?" inquired the client. "Ten dollars," demanded the judge. The fee was promptly paid.

Rhodesia's Largest Nugget.

Weighing 21.02 ounces, a gold nugget which measures five and a half inches in length and three inches in width was recently found near Bulawayo. It is believed to be the largest yet found in Rhodesia, and is now in the British South Africa company's museum at 2 London Wall buildings, E. C.—London Mail.

The Woman of It.

Mother (impatiently)—You have been very naughty today, Juanita. I shall have to tell your father when he comes home. Juanita (aged seven)—That's the woman of it! You never can keep anything to yourself!

The Determining Factor.

Helen—Sometimes I like waltzing and sometimes I do not. Ethel—It depends on your mood? Helen—It depends on my partner.

Of all persecutions, that of calumny is the most intolerable.—Hazlitt.

DESPERATE HEROISM.

An Incident of the Indian Fighting Days in Illinois.

The desperate intrepidity and warlike heroism of the early settlers of Illinois are illustrated by an incident narrated in "Historic Illinois." The early days were a time of hardship, danger and death. Every forest covert, every tuft of prairie grass, might hide some skulking red enemy. Among the early frontiersmen was a Captain Whiteside, whose name became a terror among the Kickapoos.

A party of fourteen white men led by Whiteside made an attack upon an encampment of Indians of greatly superior force. Only one Indian escaped. During the heat of the skirmish Captain Whiteside was severely wounded, he thought mortally, having received a shot in the side.

As he fell he called to his sons to keep on fighting and not to yield an inch of ground or permit the savages to touch his body. Uel Whiteside, who had also been shot in the arm, so that he could no longer use his rifle, hastily examined his father's wound, discovering that the bullet had glanced along the ribs and lodged against the spine.

With that daring and disregard for pain so often characteristic of border men he immediately whipped out his knife, gashed the skin, extracted the ball and held it up, crying:

"You're not dead yet, father!"

The old man leaped to his feet, renewed the fight and bore his full part to the end. Many such instances of heroism distinguished the men who in those days of peril were called upon to defend the frontiers of Illinois.

EASILY SCARED.

An Adventure With a Rhinoceros in East Africa.

Of a curious encounter with a rhinoceros an African traveler writes in the Globe Trotter, published in Nairobi, British East Africa: "He was peacefully grazing on a choice patch of green stuff and apparently meant to do the well bred thing and allow us to pass by; so, with my heart in my mouth, nothing in my pockets and an empty magazine rifle in my hand, I attempted a slide for a more secure position. But I was immediately foiled of this object by a suspicious movement on the part of the enemy. A swish of the tail, a suggestive uplifting of the snout and a sniff of the atmosphere, and the delicate and fairylike creature bore down ponderously upon my two native bearers and myself.

"My knees promptly refused to work. I could not move a muscle, and so with all the British pluck and courage of which we have read so much I calmly resigned myself. By this time the hideous beauty had advanced to within ten yards of its prey, when, to my surprise, the two boys accompanying me hastily dismantled themselves of all baggage, and, with all muscles stretched, ready for a sprint, they stood their ground and, without moving an inch, began to whistle for all they were worth.

"Quickly noting the satisfactory result of the maneuver, I blew my whistle hastily and with good will. The shrill notes struck strangely on the untutored ear of the rhino, for he promptly turned tail and fled."

A Short Cut.

"There goes a man," observed a steamship agent as he directed attention to a surly looking individual who had just engaged passage for Europe, "whose efforts are devoted to constructing short cuts in business methods and in eliminating all time consuming men and their propositions from his busy existence. He is a man of very few words. Some years ago this gentleman crossed the ocean and had a very unpleasant trip. One morning a sympathetic passenger offered him a lemon, expressing a sincere wish that it would give relief. The pale traveler seized the lemon, hurled it viciously into the ocean and growled:

"'This is a quicker way than the other.'"

An Odd Moorish Custom.

As a people the Moors are already well inclined to anything that gilds life. A correspondent says: "Nothing delights them more as a means of agreeably spending an hour or two than squatting on their heels in the streets or on some door stoop, gazing at the passersby, exchanging compliments with their acquaintances. Native 'swells' consequently promenade with a piece of felt under their arms, on which to sit when they wish."

His Statement.

Dr. Price-Price (diplomatically)—I don't know whether I sent you a statement of what—er—you owe me. Mr. Knok—Neither do I. Dr. Price-Price—Oh, you didn't get it then? I suppose I didn't send you a statement. Mr. Knok—Yes; you did. But it looked more like a statement of what you think I possess.

Knew Her Ways.

Mr. Gayboy—What did my wife say when you told her I wouldn't be able to come home tonight until a late hour? Messenger—She didn't say anything. Mr. Gayboy—Then you must have gone to the wrong house!

A Doubting Thomas.

She—Did you let father know you owned a lot of house property? He—I hinted at it. She—What did he say? He—He said, "Deeds speak louder than words."

A Common Delusion.

One of the commonest of delusions and one of the fatalest is where a man thinks he's in a hurry.—Puck.

No man can enjoy life or feel that he is really living who has no work to do. —Success Magazine.

The Punishment of the Bagne.

In former times the punishment of the bagne (bath), one of the most cleverly cruel inflictions ever devised by an official of the torture chamber, was administered in Italy, probably in Venice, where the water of the lagoons played so prominent a part in its penal system. The punishment was as follows: The prisoner was placed in a vat the sides of which were slightly in excess of the average height of a man. In order to hold in check the rising tide of a supply of water which ran into the vat in a constant stream the criminal was furnished with a scoop with which to bale out the water as fast as it came in. The respite from death by immersion thus obtained was more or less prolonged, according to the powers of endurance possessed by the victim, but imagine the mortal torture, the exhausting and even hideously grotesque efforts, the incessant and pitiless toil by night and day, to stave off the dread moment fast approaching, when, overcome by sleep and fatigue, he was unable to struggle any longer against his fate.

"Auld Robin Gray."

A ballad that won instant fame against the expectation and even the wish of its author was "Auld Robin Gray," written by Lady Anne Lindsay about the end of the eighteenth century merely for her own satisfaction to replace the coarse verses of an old melody that pleased her. She sang charmingly, and the new ballad soon came into favor. Great was the curiosity aroused as to the author of this pathetic song, in whose simple verses all the elements of a heartrending tragedy are contained, but Lady Anne, modest and retiring by nature, preserved silence for many years, smiling, no doubt, at the controversy that raged so hotly. In the course of it her ballad was attributed by some disputants to David Rizzio, declared by others to be a genuine sixteenth century production and finally made the subject of a twenty guinea prize to be bestowed on anybody acute enough to bring to light the veritable author.—Cornhill Magazine.

Cigars Few Can Afford.

"A long, low strip of land, a valley between high hills, lies five miles outside of Havana, and there," said a cigar salesman, "the best tobacco in the world is grown. The name of the place is Abajo, and the Vuelta Abajo crops are always bought up two or three years in advance of their planting. They yield only 35,000 cigars annually. These cigars sometimes sell as high as $150 a hundred—$1.50 apiece. Vuelta Abajo cigars are only smoked by kings and billionaires. There are many fake Vuelta Abajos on the market, but the real thing, once smoked, can never be mistaken, for there is no other tobacco in the world with an aroma at once so powerful and so delicate."

Eat Less and Eat It Slowly.

Economic methods of eating are so important and so axiomatic that it really occasions some surprise that more is not known about the matter. Horace Fletcher, in his famous A B Z books on nutrition, very wisely insists upon the necessity of slow mastication with abundant insalivation. It is really astonishing how badly people use the teeth nature gave them for this purpose. Children naturally bolt their food, so it is said, and adults retain the habit. Not having the digestive power of cats or dogs, which naturally bolt their food, it results that much of our food is undigested and wasted.

A Good Excuse.

After the Duke of Wellington's victorious campaigns the University of Oxford complimented the duke himself and his principal officers by conferring upon them the honorary and not very appropriate degree of doctor of civil laws. At that time the fees were heavy, and one of the distinguished soldiers, who had gathered more honor than profit in the wars, declined the proffered degree in the following verse:

Oxford, I know you wish me well,
But prithee let me be.
I can't, alas, be D. C. L.
For want of £ s. d.

Tradition.

What an enormous "camera obscura" magnifier is tradition. How a thing grows in the human memory, in the human imagination, when love, worship and all that lies in the human heart are there to encourage it, and in the darkness, in the entire ignorance, without date or document, no book, no Arundel marble, only here and there some dull monumental cairn.—Carlyle.

Violence.

Violence ever defeats its own ends. Where you cannot drive you can always persuade. A gentle word, a kind look, a good natured smile, can work wonders and accomplish miracles. There is a secret pride in every human heart that revolts at tyranny. You may order and drive an individual, but you cannot make him respect you.—Hazlitt.

Just a Dig.

Proud Mother—Professor Octave called at our house today, and my daughter played the piano for him. He just raved over her playing. Her Neighbor—How rude! Why couldn't he conceal his feelings just as the rest of us do?

Hopeless.

"Tom has proposed, and asks me to give him his answer in a letter."

"Shall you do it?"

"No. I will be more liberal and give him his answer in two letters."

Or Cook With Them On.

There never was an angel who wouldn't take off her wings and cook for the man she loved.—New Orleans Picayune.

STAGECOACHING DAYS.

An Old World Era With a Decided Flavor of Romance.

The old coaching days, as far as convenience for travel was concerned, were the dawn of the great days of our present rapid means of communication. The seventy years or so in which mail coaches waxed and flourished and finally died out before the incursion of railways and steam engines have a decided flavor of romance attached to them, and no doubt the coming and going of stagecoaches lent a certain amount of color and interest and life to the country places and towns through which ran the great main coaching roads. The Bath road, the Dover road, the York road were highways of communication along which rolled the heavy private coaches and chariots of the country magnates, and the stagecoaches with their steaming horses passed the various stopping places with the regularity of clockwork.

These stagecoaches, with their complement of coachmen and guards, afforded endless subjects of interest and illustration to the artist and the literary men of the day. Imagine Charles Dickens without stagecoaches and denuded of all his vivid descriptions of the scenes such as those in the yard of the White Hart inn, High street, Borough, in "Pickwick," or of the mail coach on the Dover road in "A Tale of Two Cities." It is difficult for the present generation to realize the fatigue and the wintry cold of such long journeys, when frozen feet were enveloped in a little straw, and a "shawl" folded round the neck was thought to be a fit protection against the keen night air.—London Standard.

THE PRIVATE WON.

Rebuked His Superior Officer and Escaped Court Martial.

Charles Bradlaugh when in the British army was orderly room clerk, and a newly arrived officer once entered the room where he was sitting at work and addressed to him some discourteous order. Private Bradlaugh took no notice. The order was repeated with an oath. Still no movement. Then it came again, with some foul words added. The young soldier rose, drew himself to his full height and, walking up to the officer, bade him leave the room or he would throw him out. He went accordingly, but in a few moments the grounding of muskets was heard outside, the door opened and the colonel walked in, accompanied by the officer.

It was clear that the private soldier had committed an act for which he might be court martialed, and as he said once, "I felt myself in a tight place." The officer made his accusation, and Private Bradlaugh was bidden to explain. He asked that the officer should state the exact words in which he had addressed him, and the other, who had, after all, a touch of honor in him, gave the offensive sentence word for word. Then Private Bradlaugh said, addressing the colonel, that the officer's memory must surely be at fault in the whole matter, as he could not have used language so unbecoming to an officer and a gentleman. The colonel turned to the officer with the dry remark: "I think Private Bradlaugh is right. There must be some mistake." And he left the room.

A Scotch Test.

Auchtermuchty is the happy town which every Scot, proud of his unpronounceable tongue, uses as a shibboleth to test the linguistic skill of the southron. If you cannot say "Auchtermuchty" you are still an uneducated barbarian. The meaning of the word happens to be as monstrous as its sound. "The high ground of the wild sow" is not a name one would choose for a garden city. People, however, are found to flock to it as a summer resort, and as it has a lover's pool, the town has probably attractions more real than its name. In the early part of last century Auchtermuchty went bankrupt and was deprived of all its property except the jail and one or two other assets of an equally necessary character. It is now rich, peaceful and radical.

Really a Human Being.

The story is told in China that years ago a missionary made his appearance upon a platform there and that the native orator who introduced him closed with these words: "When I have finished a gentleman from the west is going to address you. He is not a foreign demon. His appearance and his clothing may seem strange to you, but look carefully at him. He has two arms and two legs, two ears and two eyes, a nose (though a long one!) and a mouth; and I assure you his teeth are made of bone, just like yours. He is really a human being, and I hope you will regard him as such."

A Rank Fraud.

Mrs. Nuwed—Here's the bread I started to make today. Isn't it too annoying? Mr. Nuwed—Why, it isn't baked at all. Mrs. Nuwed—I know it isn't; that's just it. I put plenty of baking powder in it, but it doesn't seem to have worked.

A Question of Cuts.

"There is no short cut to fame," remarked the wise guy.

"How about the upper cut?" suggested the simple mug, looking up from the sporting page.

Ennui.

"Oh, dear, how the hours do drag! I wish I knew how to hurry them on."

"Why don't you apply the spur of the moment?"

LAKE ONTARIO & BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., LIMITED.

Str. "Aletha"

Between

Belleville--Picton--Kingston

Commencing April 17th, steamer will leave Belleville for Picton, Kingston and intermediate Bay of Quinte ports on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.00 a.m. Returning will arrive on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10.20 p.m.

Right reserved to change time with or without notice.

Freight handled promptly and with care.

For further information apply to E. E. HORSEY, General Manager. THE SCHUSTER CO., Agents, Belleville, Ont.

Ontario & Quebec Navigation Co.

STR. ALEXANDRIA

Thoroughly refitted,

Will commence the season with an excursion to Rochester, N. Y.

Saturday, April 28th

Leaving Belleville 11 a.m., returning, will leave Charlotte 8.30 Sunday evening. Fare for round trip, $2.25.

For further particulars apply to the Schuster Co., agents.

THIRD LINE BREEZES.

The farmers are cutting their summer's wood and preparing for seeding.

Fall grain and meadows are looking nice.

There is a large quantity of saw logs at the Canifton mills.

The roads have been very bad lately.

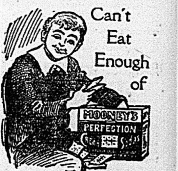
Our cheese factory opened up on Monday, the 9th.

Mr. Frank McEvoy returned home from the shanties with his team. He reports plenty of snow north.

Jonathan Elliott has arrived home from New Ontario, where he was engaged on the new railroad during the winter.

Mr. Edwin Hawley and Mr. Welch have purchased that famous stallion, Kitchener, from Mr. Dempsey, of Prince Edward Co.

We regret to hear that our pastor, Rev. Thos. Steele, has had to go to the Sanitarium at Gravenhurst to undergo treatment for his health. He has not been well for some time, although he conducted his services until compelled to give them up. We trust his health will be restored.



Appetite comes with eating and each square of crisp deliciousness seems but to make room for more.

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

are different from any other cracker. Nothing heavy or doughy about them but so light and crisp that they are transparent. Mooney's biscuits will be a regular dish on your table if you will try them.

Say "Mooney's" to your grocer.

Rex Chocolates

If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes. Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,

Home Bakery, Front St.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Rain Coats...

Spring weather is always uncertain—cool today, rainy tomorrow and sunshine the next day.

Your Winter Overcoat is a burden two-thirds of the time. To meet all conditions own a—

"Cravenette"

An Ideal and Stylish Rain or Shine Over Garment....

We've Genuine "Cravenette" Coats in different weights and fabrics.

The waterproofing does not injure the fabric or its usefulness for sunshine.

Our Raincoats are handsome over-garments in sunshine and a necessity in the rain.

All sizes with a price range from

$6.00 to $15.00

SPRING HATS

Every man wants a new Spring Hat, and whether or not he agrees to it in public, every man will acknowledge to himself that it is just as important for him to have a new Hat, as for the most smartly dressed woman to have a new Spring Bonnet.

The men who want the best Derby that's made want

OUR HAWE'S HAT.

We have a complete line of sizes in this excellent hat in different heights of crown.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Men's Hats

There are several elegant shapes in both soft and stiff hats anyone of which is perfectly correct and stylish.

The best way to judge is to come in and try on some of these hats.

No Trouble to Show Them.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialis

Blouse Sets !

—Very pretty designs in natural shades of clover and violet with pearl centres at 95c

—Other sets are finished in rose gold and grey silver.

—One very pretty set is in rose gold finish, set with amethysts or aquamarines at $1.25

T. BLACKBURN

China and Cut Glass

THE PRETTIEST GIRL IN TOWN despite her beauty—even her beautiful eyes—may have some slight visual defect. Why suffer pain—even inconvenience in reading, sewing or fancy work—when we have glasses of so many kinds as to come to the aid of all eye short-comings? You know we make no charge for eye examination and the cost of our glasses and spectacles is far from excessive.

—Alex. Ray

Fashions Change . . .

in almost everything, but it always has been and always will be fashionable to have a beautiful head of hair. Those who do not possess this luxury can procure it by using the SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER.

WATERS SPECIAL AGENT

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

.WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the *Second Door from Waters' drug store* on *Bridge St.* with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

Also the latest designs in shadow and eyelet embroidery for Blouses. STAMPING DONE.

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

It it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

BINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

Facts About Old San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO WAS THE LARGEST CITY WEST OF THE MISSISSIPPI, WITH A POPULATION OF 350,000.

San Francisco's population is over 350,000. It is the largest city west of the Mississippi, and the ninth in rank in the United States. It is the seventh seaport in commercial importance.

The site is a very hilly peninsula between the Bay of San Francisco and the Pacific Ocean on the south side of the strait known as the Golden Gate. It has about 47 square miles of territory, or 30,000 acres, within the city limits. Many of the streets are very steep. There is a street railway system of 280 miles. The aristocratic residential districts are known as "Nob Hil" and "Pacific Heights," both of which command superb views of the bay and the Golden Gate. Market street, a broad thoroughfare 120 feet wide, runs from the waterfront by a gradual ascent into the interior of the peninsula. The districts on either side of Market street are designated north and south respectively.

San Francisco has six large and twenty eight small parks. The most famous is the Golden Gate, occupying 1,014 acres. Beginning in the center of the city, it extends in beautiful broad sweep to the ocean on the west. Its beautiful broad walks and winding boulevards, together with the magnificent views of the ocean and the city, constitute one of its greatest charms. It contains a most complete museum. Japanese tea gardens, children's playgrounds, and a lovely chain of lakes. Here is situated the celebrated Cliff House, built at an enormous cost, and in full view of the rocks whereon the seals lie basking in the sun. Here are also the Sutro Baths, to which the water is admitted directly from the ocean, and warmed in immense tanks 500 feet long and containing 1,801,962 gallons. Other striking features on the peninsula are the "Presidio," the military reservation of the United States, containing 1,500 acres, on which are the barracks, officers' quarters and many other handsome buildings needed for the troops of the Department of California.

San Francisco is famed throughout the world by reason of its beautiful public buildings. The Union Ferry Depot was erected at a cost of more than $1,000,000. It is 659 feet long, 156 feet wide. The United States appraizers' building is of brick, four storeys high, cost $1,030,000, and contains the coast and geodetic surveys.

The City Hall is the most imposing building in the south, and was erected at a cost of more than $6,000,000. The dome is 134 feet high by 115 feet in diameter, and rises 355 feet above the sidewalk. From its top can be seen one of the finest panoramic views of river, ocean, and land anywhere visible. The Public Library building is a magnificent structure, and contains 150,000 volumes. The citizens recently voted $1,647,000 for the building of a new library, which Mr. Carnegie has offered to supplement by $750,000 more.

San Francisco has 59 hotels, among the most famous being the "Palace," occupying one whole block, on Market street.

Until the discovery of petroleum, San Francisco was handicapped in the manufacturing industries. The coal used was formerly brought from Puget Sound and British Columbia. The use of coal has now been supplemented by petroleum, which sells for 75c per barrel. The United States battleship Oregon and the armored cruiser Wisconsin were built in San Francisco. In 1900 there were 4,002 manufacturing establishments in the city, employing $80,103,367 of capital, 4,041 salaried officials at $4,619,033 per annum, and 41,978 wage earners, at a cost of $22,037,527 per annum. Among the largest establishments are the Union Iron Works, employing 4,000 men. The Oregon, the Charleston, the Olympic, San Francisco, Monterey, the Ohio, the Wisconsin and other battleships were built there. The great Alaskan fisheries are conducted and controlled from San Francisco, and send into the city upwards of 2,000,000 cases of salmon alone each year.

Most of the foreign commerce of the United States on the Pacific slope passes through the port of San Francisco. The wharfs and warehouses constitute one of the sights of the city. The total exports in 1902 were $62,500,000. In 1902 488 sailing vessels and 420 ocean steamships entered the Golden Gate.

The assessed value of the buildings of the city is $128,150,408. San Francisco has no debt, but the city in 1903 voted to issue $1,000,000 in bonds for a city and county hospital, $7,000 for a sewer system, $3,595,000 for school houses, $1,621,000 for streets, $697,000 for jails, $1,647,000 for a library, $741,000 for children's playgrounds, and $623,000 for parks.

Cameron Convicted Of Common Assault.

The young man George Cameron, who stabbed his father seriously at the family home in Carlow township, was recently tried before Justice Jarman, of Bancroft, and convicted of common assault.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment. you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. his salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents to be had at R. Templeton's drug store

The Situation Has Not Improved in San Francisco.

FIRE IS STILL RAGING AND WIND IS RISING — WATER SUPPLY STILL INADEQUATE — MILITARY HAS FORCED EVERYBODY TO LEAVE THE CITY.

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

San Francisco, April 19.—The fire is still raging this morning, and is working its way eastward. It has reached Nob Hill above the residence section of the city.

The Fairmont Hotel, the new structure erected by Mrs. Oelrichs, is in flames.

The fire is burning rapidly in a diagonal line up the hill commencing at McAllister street and ending at Battery street, and on the Mission as far as Sixteenth street.

There is still an inadequate supply of water.

The wind is rising.

The military authorities have just forced everyone outside the city. They have all they can handle without any more in.

Arrangements are being made to get additional electric power from Sacramento. The situation has not improved, and already the suffering for food and water is awful.

THE CITY IS DOOMED.

Oakland, Cal., April 19, 9 a.m.—The fire is still raging throughout San Francisco, and there is no possibility of stopping it until it exhausts itself for want of material.

The city is doomed.

The authorities are still dynamiting buildings, but a new misfortune has befallen the place. The explosives for blowing up buildings are becoming exhausted.

Washington, D. C., April 19.—Gen. Funston wires to War Department that it is impossible to estimate the full extent of the San Francisco disaster. The city is practically destroyed. Too many tents or rations cannot be sent. About 200,000 people are homeless.

Food is very scarce. Provision houses are all destroyed.

INTERIOR OF STATE SUFFERED SEVERELY.

San Francisco, Cal., April 19. — Reports from the interior are most alarming, Santa Rosa, one of the prettiest cities in the County of Sonama, is a total wreck. The loss of life is not to be estimated but it probably will run into the hundreds, if not thousands. The whole business portion tumbled into ruins, and what was not destroyed by the earthquake has been swept by fire. Messengers bring the saddest tidings from all over the state. The loss of life promises to be awful.

Peter Jarvis' Death Was Accidental.

CORONER'S JURY FOUND THAT HE CAME TO HIS DEATH THROUGH BREAKING ONE OF THE RULES OF THE MINE.

On Tuesday, at Bannockburn, an inquest was held to enquire into the death of one Peter Jarvis, who was killed recently in a mine at that place

It was alleged that carelessness was the cause of the unfortunate accident and the authorities decided to investigate.

Dr. Harper, of Madoc, coroner, presided. Mr. Falconer of Toronto, was present in the interests of the mining company, and Mr. P. J. M. Anderson, County Attorney, represented the Crown. Some 15 witnesses were examined, who detailed the circumstances of the accident.

The jury, after being out for a short time, returned a verdict of "accidental death," and exonerated the company from any blame.

It appears that Jarvis was a foreman of the mine and thoroughly understood the rules. In breaking one of the rules in reference to the using of the bucket he lost his life.

The accident has had the result of causing some improvements to be made about the mine, and the bucket service in so far as its being used by the men in ascending or descending, has been discontinued.

Mr. Corkhill, an inspector of mines, was an interested attendant at the proceedings.

THIS LOOKS LIKE CASE OF MURDER.

BODY OF CHILD FOUND IN RIVER AT TWEED.

County Attorney Anderson last evening received a message from the village of Tweed, stating that the body of a child, partially dressed and badly decomposed, had been found in the river near the village. From the fact that there had been no report of a missing child the circumstances appeared to be suspicious and an inquest has been ordered. Dr. Harper, of Madoc, coroner, will conduct the enquiry, which will be held in the early part of next week.

Liquor Licenses Have Been Granted.

WEST HASTINGS LICENSE COMMISSIONERS HELD A MEETING YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

A meeting of the License Commissioners for West Hastings was held yesterday afternoon at the residence of the Inspector, Mr. Hugh Walker, George street.

Mr. E. Powers, chairman of the Board, presided, and the other members present were Messrs. W. J. Diamond and A. Latta. The following licenses for the city for the year were granted;

TAVERNS.

J. A. Mackie, Dominion House.
Thos. Haslip, Albion Hotel.
Kyle & Gribble, Kyle House.
W. J. Watkins, Ferry House.
J E. Ketcheson, Windsor.
R Bateman, Crystal.
W. J. Smith, Ontario House.
A. B. McGoldrick, Victoria.
J. Burke, International.
H. Collins, Queen's.
Carroll & Johnson, New Balmoral.
S. N. Docter, Docter's Hotel.
J. V. Jenkins, Quinte.
G. O. Wardhaugh, Hastings House.
J. Holmes, City Hotel.

SHOPS.

W. Bullen, Front St.
J. A. O'Neil, Front St.
Geo. Wallbridge, Bridge St.

IN TRENTON.

In Trenton the tavern licenses so far granted are to W. A. Bleecker, S. Ventress and F. Fillon, and shop licenses to B. Hooey and S. S. Bonter.

The application for a license for the Anglo-American from J. B. Eagle & Son, of Belleville, and from four others in Trenton were laid over for consideration at adjourned meetings of the Commissioners, to be held at Frankford on the 25th inst., and at Trenton on the 27th inst.

The only application for a new license in the riding is that of Mr. Armstrong, for a tavern at Glen Ross. in Sidney Township. This will be considered at one of the adjourned meetings.

DEATH'S CALL VERY SUDDEN.

MR PETER FARGEY, OF THURLOW, A VICTIM OF HEART DISEASE.

Death came suddenly yesterday morning to Mr. Peter Fargey, a yeoman residing in the 2nd concession of Thurlow Township. It appears that Mrs. Fargey was awakened by the heavy breathing of her husband, and before she could summon help or do anything he passed away. Heart disease was the cause of death. Deceased, who was 54 years of age, was born in Tyendinaga and had lived the greater portion of his life in this county. Mr. Fargey was well known and respected by all who knew him. He was a member of the Presbyterian church. Deceased was twice married, and his second wife, and a family of one son and two daughters by the first wife, survives. Five brothers and two sisters also are left. Mr. Fargey was a member of the Canadian Order of Foresters. The remains will be taken to West Huntingdon tomorrow, for interment.

High Praise For Former Resident.

The Aberdeen, Wash., Bulletin had this to say of a young lady formerly a resident of this city; "Miss Susie Wiggins presented "The Old Settler's Story," a pathetic and beautiful composition. Miss Wiggins is petite and winsome and gives promise of success on the stage should she choose acting as a profession. During the recital of the long prose story she was ever entertaining and superb in the gentleness by which she portrayed the speaking character. Her varying moods were delightful."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Hard Hit at Many "Dakota Divorcees."

New York, April 17.—Men and women prominent in society in New York and Newport, and hundreds of others less prominent in a social way were staggered to-day when they learned of the decision of the United States Supreme Court, which declares that thousands of divorces are illegal and that children born of the marriages that followed are illegitimate. The principle established is that a state cannot grant a divorce when only one party to the marriage is resident within its jurisdiction. This is a blow to all Dakota divorces and all divorces secured in Newport, where society women have flocked in recent years to rid themselves of objectionable mates. The decision was by a vote of five to four. Justices Harlan, Brewer, Brown and Holmes dissenting. It is estimated that at least 20,000 children are affected by the opinion.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES

. . AND . .

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

C. B Carman, Manager.

SATURDAY, APRIL 21

The MARIE CORELLI world famous Fanciful Romance

Fabio Romani

THE VENDETTA

Magnificently presented by EDWARD R SALTER'S company of Dramatic celebrities, including

MR. JOHN ARTHUR

His First Canadian Tour

A complete scenic and electrical production—A performance you will remember.

PRICES 25c, 35c, 50c

Plan opens Friday Morning.

TENDERS

FOR CONSTRUCTION OF Church Building to Be Erected For

Victoria Avenue Baptist Church,

Belleville, Ont.,

Will be received up to 24th inst. inclusive, for masonry, brick work, carpentering, plastering, tinsmith work, painting, plumbing, heating and lighting.

Tenders for the work separately or en bloc will be received, the lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications may be seen at Stroud Bros.' Tea Store, Front St. a12-6t

Surprise Party to Some Recent Arrivals.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brigden recently moved from the country and took up their residence in this city, on Yeomans street. Last evening their home was invaded by a large number of friends, who took the newcomers completely by surprise. During the evening supper was provided and a most enjoyable time spent by all who participated in the proceedings.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Civic Improvement.

A meeting of ladies was held on Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. R. J. Graham, for the purpose of discussing the question of organizing a Civic Improvement Association. A paper was read, explaining the object of such a society. This was followed by an animated discussion, and afterward by the formation of an association, with temporary officers. A second meeting was arranged for at the same house next Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when any ladies interested in the subject of making Belleville more beautiful, healthful and attractive, are invited to be present.

KEEPS UP WITH TIMES.

NEW REMEDY FOR STOMACH TROUBLES THAT WILL CURE.

In keeping with their custom of always ordering a supply of new remedies as soon as their value has been established, our leading druggists have obtained a supply of Mi-o-na, a remedy for stomach troubles that absolutely cures and restores lost functions of the digestive organs.

On the other hand, Mi-o-na contains no pepsin, acts directly upon the gastric glands, restores the lost functions of the digestive organs, revives flagging nutrition, aids in assimilation of food and, in fact, so strengthens the whole digestive system that you can eat anything at any time without fear of indigestion.

Weakness, nervousness, sleeplessness, headache, pain and distress after eating, and debility are the result of a weak and faulty digestion. Use Mi-o-na, and all these symptoms will be overcome, and you will have perfect health.

Get a 50-cent box of Mi-o-na tablets to-day.

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

Daily Intelligencer.

Cream Eggs

A few Easter Cream Eggs left; were 5c each, balance 2 for 5c.
Ice Cream every day.

Chas. S. Clapp

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,
Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER
Job Department
Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS
J. D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.
Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allen
Sash, Door and Blind Factory.
Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Panneling Bar Fixtures, &c.
Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

BREAD SUPERSTITIONS.

Peculiar Ones Still Prevail in Rural France.

There are some curious superstitions about baking bread in the course of religious seasons which seem so easy to prove fallacious that one has difficulty in understanding why they are still believed. One would think that some day a mistake would occur and the discovery be made that there was no force in them. Probably, owing to the constitution of the believers, the failure of the expected result would be ascribed to some supernatural cause rather than the real one, and the belief would be continued. Most of these superstitions are found in France, the greatest bread eating country on the globe.

For instance, in upper Brittany bread baked on Good Friday, it is declared, becomes black. In Charante it is held that he who eats of bread baked on All Souls' day will become diseased. The flames will burst out of the oven in one's face if bread is baked on the feast of St. Nicholas, say the good people at Aube, so it is not done. In Burgundy the people believe that if bread is baked in the course of Rogation week all bread baked during the remainder of the year will turn moldy. The inhabitants of the Black mountains believe the same thing. The Sicilians refuse to bake on Good Friday, because they fear that in some manner they will burn the Saviour.

The beliefs which other Europeans used to have in early times demonstrate how illogical is all this superstition. These used to think that bread baked on Good Friday would not grow moldy, and the hot cross bun was included in this belief. Some one has shrewdly suggested that the spice preserved them. A piece of bread baked on this holy day, perhaps because of its holy character, was supposed to have miraculous powers if preserved. The house containing it would not catch fire. It was useful for preventing whooping cough and if fed to cattle ill of certain diseases would cure them. The natural deduction from all this is that in one country bread baked on a certain day will work ill and that baked in another on the same day will work good, which means that bread baked on that day is about the same as bread baked on any other.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Every mother is a trained nurse, with the two unimportant exceptions of the uniform and the wages.

There isn't any greater waste of time than that spent in worrying because others are not doing their duty.

A man may think he is boss of his own home, but after his wife has been sick once or twice he finds it is the doctor.

There are a great many ways of becoming unpopular, but one of the surest is to rush in where angels fear to tread.

When a man comes home and asks if "mother is home" what he really wants to know is if she is in the kitchen cooking.

If there is whipped cream on any old thing on the table a girl is apt to think that the requirements for a "dainty" luncheon have all been met.

The Nautilus.

The idea of airtight compartments in ships was suggested by the peculiar construction of the nautilus. The shell of this animal has forty or fifty compartments, into which air or water may be admitted, to allow the occupant to sink or float, as it pleases.

Absentminded.

One of the most brilliant of all Eaton's masters some years ago was a very absentminded man. He was reported to have been seen one day chasing a hen down Windsor hill in the fond belief that she was his hat!

Malicious.

Miss Longyears—You know I have been called good looking. Cynicus—I dare say. The standards of beauty change every ten years or so.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Other Objections.

"Gladly would I die for you!"

Her look of hauteur was maintained despite this plea.

"You are in error," she replied coldly. "If you think the color of your hair constitutes my chief objection to you."

The good night was brief and soon.

A Big Difference.

She—How much do you earn a year?

He—About $2,000.

"But we can't live on that!"

"You asked me how much I earned. I make about $20,000."

Sale of Black Sateen Underskirts and Ready-Made Print Wrappers.

We have just placed in stock the largest range of Black Sateen Underskirts and Wrappers ever shown in this store.

The Underskirts are made of a more superior quality of sateen than we have ever been able to offer to our customers.

They are made in the very latest styles and range in prices from **69c to $4.50 each.**

We are showing the most elegant stock of Ladies' Print Wrappers made from the latest New York patterns and during this week we will sell wrappers at lower prices than you could buy the material and make them up.

McINTOSH BROS.

QUAKES AND FIRE IN SAN FRANCISCO KILL 200 PEOPLE

arrived from Angel Island and went on patrol duty. The soldiers have been ordered to shoot down thieves caught in the act of robbing the dead and to guard with their lives the millions of dollars' worth of property placed in the streets to escape the flames.

The First California Artillery, 200 strong, two companies, has been detailed to patrol duty on Ellis street. Two more companies are patrolling Broadway in the Italian section.

A Generous Firm.

Mayor Schmitz has sent out orders that physical necessities of the sufferers be first attended to. Goldberg, Bowen & Co. have placed all of their provision stores at the disposal of the city.

The sheds over the Southern Pacific long wharf on San Francisco Bay have collapse. Many of the bunkers fell into the bay, carrying with them thousands of tons of coal.

Great Buildings Destroyed.

The following is an incomplete list of the buildings destroyed or injured:

Call building, entirely destroyed; Claus Spreckels building, gutted by flames; Hearst building, collapsed; new Chronicle building, hardly damaged at all; Winchester Hotel, Third street, totally destroyed by shock; Grand Opera House, entirely destroyed; Claus Spreckels house and stables, Vanness avenue, badly damaged and will have to be largely rebuilt; St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Vanness avenue, will have to be pulled down; Mechanics' Library, building, Post street, cornices fell to street, building slightly injured; Crocker building, Market and Post streets, slightly damaged, principally around light shaft; Lick House, walls and roof largely caved in; Upham building, Pine and Battery street, totally destroyed, loss $550,000; fire house, adjoining California Hotel on Bush street, Chief Sullivan and wife sleeping in engine house, severely bruised by bricks crashing through the roof from hotel; California Hotel, Bush street, upper walls collapsed and upper floors wrecked. St. Dominic's Church, Pierce street, total loss; the Parochial House is a partial wreck, loss to the parish $200,000.

Theatres All Gone.

All of San Francisco's best playhouses, including the Majestic, Columbia, Orpheum, and Grand Opera House, are a mass of ruins. The earthquake demolished them for all practical purposes and the fire completed the work of destruction.

Swept Into the Sea.

From the Cliff House comes word that the great pleasure resort and show place of the city which stood upon a foundation of solid rock has been swept into the sea. Not a thing stands to tell where the monster stone building once stood. It has been levelled to the foundation and only the rock lining the sea coast remains intact.

Fine University Gone.

Oakland, Cal., April 19.—Reports just received from Palo Alto say Stanford University is practically demolished. One student is reported killed.

700 in Wrecked Asylum.

San Francisco, April 19.—Santa Fe conductor reports that the Insane Asylum at Agnews is a total wreck, many of the inmates being killed. The building is a total wreck. The ruins took fire shortly after the collapse. There were about 700 persons in the building.

The above report has been officially confirmed and it is added scores of the inmates who escaped death are roaming about the country in a state of panic.

Santa Rosa in Flames.

San Francisco, April 19.—Reports from cities near San Francisco show the destruction was general. Santa Rosa, 60 miles north, is in flames, and the damage is over one million dollars.

At Napa, many buildings were shattered and the loss will amount to $300,000.

San Jose Loses Life.

Reports from San Jose indicate shock severe. Buildings demolished. Much loss of life is reported.

Losses in Millions.

Salinas, Cal., April 19.—At 5.15 a.m. yesterday three earthquake shocks shook Salinas, lasting respectively five, three and forty-two seconds. They came from the northeast and southwest. The damage $1,200,000. No lives were lost.

Funston's Dire Message.

Washington, April 19.—The first message received from Gen. Funston arrived here at 11.40 o'clock last night, as follows:

"Secretary of War, Washington,—We need thousands of tents, and all the rations that can be sent. The business portion of the city destroyed and about 100,000 people homeless. Fire still raging. Troops all on duty assisting the police. Loss of life probably 1,000. Best part of residence district not yet burned.

"Funston."

Orders will go forward from the War Department to-day.

The Quake in Canada.

Toronto, April 19.—From north to south and from east to west the continent of America felt the shock.

California alone suffered, but adjoining states as far east as Washington and as far north as Ottawa, felt the vibration by seismograph.

Yesterday from the meteorological office in Queen's Park the following bulletin was issued by Director Stupart:

"The San Francisco earthquake was well recorded by the seismograph at the Toronto Observatory. The first earth tremors reached Toronto four minutes and 36 seconds after the reported time of the quake at San Francisco, and the larger surface waves were recorded after an interval of 22 minutes and 16 seconds, indicating a velocity of 3.3 kilometres per second. The amplitude of the swing of the Toronto pendulum was about 20 millimetres, showing a tilting of the stone pillar on which the instrument rests of nearly 13 seconds of arc."

Felt at Ottawa, Too.

At 1 o'clock a bulletin from Ottawa read:

"The vibrations resulting from the quake at San Francisco were recorded by the seismograph at the Dominion Observatory at the Central Experimental Farm. The preliminary tremors began at eight hours nine minutes 30 seconds in the morning. The principal part of the disturbance occurred at 8 hours 30 minutes 30 seconds and the maximum disturbance at 8.35. When the sheet was taken off at 9.50 quakes were still being recorded, but not so violently."

Canadians in Stricken Zone.

There are many Canadians in California for the winter, and in thousands of homes there is the greatest anxiety. This will continue until detailed statements of the loss of life is obtainable. At present San Francisco is isolated telegraphically. The sending of private messages is impossible. Patience must be exercised until the wires are restored.

PRINCE ARTHUR IN PERIL.

Accident While "Shooting the Chutes" Gave Onlookers a Thrill.

Ottawa, April 19.—The event of yesterday morning for Prince Arthur was his trip down the slides in a lumberman's boat. The party, in three large 36-foot lumbermen's boats, each manned by four experienced men, one of whom was a pilot, made a run through the Remoux Rapids, the Little Chaudiere Rapids, and then down the Long Slide.

When the two batteaux containing the party were within from 75 to 100 feet of the head of the last slide, one of the chains holding the stop-log broke, and a shout of warning was given barely in time. The crews of the batteaux were alert, however, and stopped the boats with their pike poles. Had the break occurred when the boat was passing under, the party would have been swamped inevitably.

Gorky and His Hosts.

Paris, April 19.—Maxim Gorky has telegraphed the director of a French publication his impressions of the United States. Gorky says the Americans are the same spitting vulgar people that Charles Dickens found them, and that personal liberty is as much hampered in America as it is in Russia. The sooner he gets out of this wretched country the better he will be pleased.

Held Him Blameless.

Buffalo, April 19.—Rudolf Schilling, aged 19, who has been in custody since April 7, when he struck a fellow worker, Fred Cramus, of Brantford, with a file, causing death, was given his liberty yesterday by the coroner's jury. Schilling's claim was that Cramus struck him first, and that he acted in self-defence, which contention was sustained.

Not the Man Murdered.

Niagara Falls, April 19.—George McBean, who was supposed to be the man who was murdered and thrown over the cliff last August, has turned up safe at Glasgow.

"Black Pope" Dead.

Rome, April 19.—Father Louis Martin, general of the Jesuits, known as the "Black Pope," died yesterday. He had been suffering from a cancer in the breast.

Breach of Promise Case.

Brampton, April 19.—In Barton v. Davidson, a breach of promise case, the plaintiff, a dressmaker, 35 years of age, was awarded $1,200 damages.

In Toronto on Twenty-Fifth.

Ottawa, April 19.—Secretary Ross announces that the Insurance Commission will meet in Toronto on the 25th inst.

Men are so constituted that everybody undertakes what he sees another successful in, whether he has aptitude for it or not.—Goethe.

Piles 14 Years

TERRIBLE CASE CURED PAINLESSLY WITH ONLY ONE TREATMENT OF PYRAMID PILE CURE.

FREE PACKAGE IN PLAIN WRAPPER MAILED TO EVERYONE WHO WRITES.

"I have been a terrible sufferer of piles for fourteen (14) years, and during all this time you can have an idea of how many kinds of medicine I tried. But I found no relief whatever. I felt there must be something that could cure me without having to undergo an operation, which might kill me.

"Now, after trying but one treatment of your 'Pyramids,' I am free, free to tell all sufferers of this dreadful disease to try this medicine—the Pyramid Pile Cure. It will cure when all others fail. Sincerely yours, G. Braneigh, Schellburg, Pa."

Anyone suffering from the terrible torture, burning and itching of piles, will get instant relief from the treatment we send out free, at our own expense, in plain sealed package, to everyone sending name and address.

Surgical operation for piles is unnecessary and rarely a permanent success. Here you can get a treatment that is quick, easy to apply and inexpensive, and free from the publicity, and humiliation you suffer by doctors' examination.

Pyramid Pile Cure is made in the form of "easy to use" suppositories. The coming of a cure is felt the moment you begin to use it, and your suffering ends.

Send your name and address at once to Pyramid Drug Co., 2873 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich., and get, by return mail, the treatment we will send you free, in plain, sealed wrapper.

After seeing for yourself what it can do, you can get a regular, full-size package of Pyramid Pile Cure from any druggist at 50 cents each or, on receipt of price, we will mail you same ourselves if he should not have it.

KING EDWARD VII. QUEEN ALEXANDRA

Invited by Commons, by Address, to Come to Canada.

At Such Time as May Be Convenient—Col. Sam Hughes Draws Nice Tribute to His Majesty From Mr. Bourassa—Mr. Lennox Introduces a Bill to Hit Hon. Mr. Aylesworth re. Legal Practice.

Ottawa, April 19.—The House this afternoon passed by a unanimous vote the following address:

"To the King's Most Gracious Majesty:

"Most Gracious Sovereign,—We, the members of the House of Commons of Canada, in Parliament assembled, beg to humbly convey to your Majesty, with the assurance of loyalty and devotion to your royal person, the expression of the desire and hope, long and fervently cherished by all British subjects inhabiting British North America, that your Majesty would be graciously pleased to honor them with your Majesty's presence, and thereby enable them to offer the personal tribute of their unwavering attachment to the Crown and the Government of the Empire, of their deep affection for your Majesty's person, and their profound admiration for those kingly virtues and truly humanitarian deeds, which have earned for your Majesty first place among the great sovereigns of the world. We, therefore, most humbly pray that your Majesty and her most gracious Majesty the Queen will lend their august presence at such time as may be selected by your Majesty."

Mr. Belcourt (Ottawa) moved the address, seconded by Mr. Northrup (E. Hastings).

Sir Wilfrid Laurier and R. L. Borden both cordially supported it. Col. Sam Hughes commented upon the silence of Mr. Bourassa, but the latter responded heartily, supporting the address. He admitted that he did not especially favor the principles of hereditary power, but the remarkable talents, virtues and attainments of King Edward entitled him to the gratitude and devotion of all his subjects. He was especially beloved by the French-Canadians as a ruler who would never interfere with the rights of the minority in any portion of the empire.

Reorganized Harbor Board.

Hon. Mr. Brodeur, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, introduced his bill reorganizing the Montreal harbor commission.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson, Minister of Railways and Canals, admitted that he held stock to par value of $109,000 in the New Brunswick Petroleum Co. This will be remembered as the concern from which the I. C. R. has purchased supplies by the direction of Mr. Emmerson.

Mr. Lennox (South Simcoe), introduced a resolution declaring it 'inexpedient that any member of the Government or deputy head of a department, should act or appear as barrister, counsel or advocate in an action, suit or proceeding, except where the interests of the Crown are involved, in any court presided over by judges or a judge appointed by the Government of Canada.

He charged that there had been a bargain made between the Premier and Hon. Mr. Aylesworth whereby the latter was to continue his private practice while serving as Postmaster-General. He pointed out the impropriety of a Minister appearing as an advocate before judges dependent upon him for promotion and preferment. He deplored the use by the Government of judges as buffers between its misdeeds and public opinion.

Mr. Lennox had not finished when the House rose for supper. The debate will be continued on Monday next.

At the evening session Hon. Mr. Costigan (Victoria) resumed the debate on the location of the eastern section of the G. T. P. and was followed by Mr. Stockton (St. John), Mr. Loggie (Northumberland, N. B.), Mr. Fowler (Kings), Mr. Daniel (St. John City), Hon. Mr. Fielding and Mr. R. L. Borden.

WON'T PUBLISH THE VOTES.

Secrecy in Committee Inquiry Into the N. A. Trading Co.

Ottawa, April 19.—The Evening Journal stated last night that the Government has decided to cancel its contract with The North Atlantic Trading Co.

The committee on Agriculture and Colonization yesterday by a party vote, decided that the yeas and nays should not be published respecting any decisions affecting the Northern Atlantic Trading Co. Many Liberal members are already hearing from their constituents, who condemn the mystery surrounding the corporation.

J. A. Smart, the Canadian agent, was put under oath yesterday and again refused to furnish any information.

Took Abram Off.

St. Petersburg, April 19.—Abram Off, the Cossack officer, who treated Maria Spiridonovo, the revolutionist, in an outrageous manner while she was in prison, has been assassinated at Borissoglicbsk, Province of Tamboff. He wa shot three times with a revolver.

Bole's Seat Protested.

Regina, April 19.—The seat of J. F. Bole for the City of Regina was protested yesterday. In addition to the seats of the four Ministers, five Government seats and seven of the eight Opposition seats have now been protested.

Race War Fracas.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 19.—One Italian was fatally and another seriously shot by three negroes. After firing six shots the Italians took to their heels. The shooting is believed to be the result of a recent race war.

Infant's Body Found.

Tweed, April 19.—The body of an infant was found in the river here yesterday afternoon. An inquest will be held to-day.

GILLETT'S GOODS ARE STANDARD ARTICLES

IT IS TO THE ADVANTAGE OF EVERY HOUSEKEEPER IN CANADA TO USE THEM

Magic Baking Powder.
Gillett's Perfumed Lye.
Imperial Baking Powder.
Gillett's Cream Tartar.
Royal Yeast Cakes.
Gillett's Mammoth Blue.
Magic Baking Soda.
Gillett's Washing Crystal.

MADE FOR OVER 50 YEARS.
(ESTABLISHED 1852)

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.
Phone 11.
Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie
IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

Spring Wallpaper

The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

AT THE BEE HIVE
CHAS. N. SULMAN.

LAWN GRASS SEED

Our Queen City mixture, always give satisfaction.
25c per lb.
White Clover.... 25c per lb

For the Garden:
Dutch Sets
English Multipliers
Potato Onions
Flower Seeds
Garden Seeds
By the oz. or packet.

J. C. Hanley & Co.
Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY
INSURANCE AGENT
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office. Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St. Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,
Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.
4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.
Money to Loan upon favorable terms.
OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
J. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upward allowed at current rates.
R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)
Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —
Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

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—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split
C. C. LEAVENS

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL. 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1906. NO. 3[illegible]6

A great many schemes for selling tea have exploded during the third of a century in which our business has been steadily growing.

STROUDS

TEAS ARE THE BEST

REPLY OF STRATHCONA

Does Not Reveal "Man Behind" North Atlantic Trading Co.

His Lordship Sends the Names of the Persons Named as Subscribers to the Memorandum and Articles of Association, and Gives Some Other Information—H. R. H. Prince Arthur Visits House and Holds Reception.

Ottawa, April 20.—The House was only in session a short time yesterday afternoon. Prince Arthur entered the chamber at ten minutes after three and occupied a seat on the floor at the right of the speaker. He wore the uniform of his regiment, the Seventh Hussars. During his stay the House was occupied with receiving petitions for the better observance of the Lord's Day. At 4 o'clock the prince held an informal reception in the Senate chamber, and members of both Houses were presented.

Strathcona Replies.

At the meeting of the public accounts committee yesterday W. Cory, deputy minister of the interior, read the following cablegram from Lord Strathcona:

"In reply to your cablegram of the 7th inst., the persons named as subscribers to the memorandum and articles of association of the North Atlantic Trading Co. and holding one share each are: Edward Sainsbury, hotel proprietor, London; Alfred H. Alexander, engineer, and John A. Randall, articled clerk, both of Cheswick; Geo. T. H. Downey, Palmell Park, East Sheen, solicitor's clerk; Henry James Whitman, builder, Cheswick; John H. S. Thomson, Epsom, chartered secretary; Chas. Guy Underwood, Acton, solicitor's clerk. The solicitor of the company is E. A. Alexander, Essex street, Strand. The capital of the company is 3,000 pounds sterling in 1,000 shares, £10 each.

"I am endeavoring to get list of shareholders and the amount actually subscribed and paid up. The company was incorporated in the Island of Guernsey as the North Atlantic Trading Co., Limited, registered June 3, 1905, and certificate registration dated Greeffe, Guernsey, June 4, 1905. Memorandum of association states registered office company situate Island Guernsey. Director, J. Gluck; managing director, H. Ph ifel; Secretary Kohan, business office, 92 Damrack, Amsterdam. Memorandum of association will be mailed by Campania 14th."

International Waterways.

The report of the Canadian section of the International Waterways Commission was issued yesterday. It covers a good deal of ground — or rather water — but contains very few specific recommendations.

He is the happiest of whom the world says least, good or bad.—Jefferson.

An Ash Heap By Saturday.

Three Hundred Thousand Homeless on Thursday Night.

Possibility of Famine Is Already Presenting Itself—Men Shot in the Act of Looting—Reports of Death and Disaster Received With Allowance—Residents Are Fleeing the City—Chinatown a Furnace—Scarcity of Water Causes Incessant Cry.

New York, April 24.—William H. Baker, vice-president and general man. of the Postal Telegraph Co., at 10.30 o'clock last night received the following from the deputy chief of the San Francisco fire department:

"Seven-thirty to-night fire still under headway, gathering force and spreading. Two-thirds of business section of city devastated. Fire heading for residential district. Efforts to fight flames futile.

"Three hundred thousand will be homeless to-night. By Saturday San Francisco will be an ash heap.

"The following is the district north of Market street now devastated:

"Sansome to Market street, to Sacramento, thence to California to Hyde, to Eddy to Larkin, to Gough and to Market. On the south side of Market street the fire extends along Market street to Fourteenth and below the Southern Pacific Railway tracks to the boundary."

"Chief of Police Dinan to-night said 250 would fully cover the number of dead. About 50 bodies have thus far been found. There was considerable shooting of looters to-day, but the offenders escaped with wounds."

THREE FIRES BURN ON. SWEEPING AWAY HOMES.

Mile of Palatial Residences Blown Up In Vain Effort to Stay Flames—Thousands Flee—No Panic.

San Francisco, April 20.—Thousands upon thousands of persons fled from the fire yesterday, which, after burning steadily all day, is still unchecked. They flocked to the ferries, to the parks, to the military reservation, and to the suburbs.

But there was no panic. The people are calm, stunned. They do not seem to realize the extent of the calamity. They hear that the city is destroyed in so far as business plants are concerned. They tell each other in the most natural tone that their residences were destroyed by the flames, but there is no hysteria, no outcry, no criticism.

San Francisco is not discouraged. Its best and highest class already has begun to plan for restoration and to care for the stricken ones, and the relief will be immediate and effective. Total subscriptions of $180,000 were announced last night. Arrangements were made for the immediate relief of the needy.

Three Distinct Fires.

Last night, three distinct fires were burning. One was in the territory that extends from Nob Hill easterly towards the telegraph hill section and may die out from lack of material, or may sweep towards the extreme waterfront.

The second centre was in the Mission district. Here the fire had reached Eighteenth street, but was making little headway towards the hillsides to the west, where thousands of people are camped.

The third and most dangerous fire is that threatening the western part of the city. This really is a continuation of the Nob Hill fire. It is wedge-shaped, with the apex pulling forward. This is the point against which the firemen are bending their greatest efforts.

Devastation Complete.

All efforts to check the spread of the flames at Vanness avenue by blowing up a mile of buildings on the east side of Vanness avenue proved fruitless. The fire has spread across the broad thoroughfare, and from present indications the entire western addition, which contains the homes of San Francisco's wealthier class, is now doomed. The destruction of the western addition of the city completes the ravaging flames and marks the devastation of the entire city.

A Shortage of Food.

The possibility of famine already is presenting itself. At best the city nevtr carried more than three days' supplies of provisions and food, and now with the wholesale districts and warehouses wiped out, there is a shortage of food.

Prices yesterday were in most instances more than trebled.

Yesterday morning policemen were stationed at some of the retail shops and permitted only a small portion of goods to be delivered to each purchaser. Reports were received that numerous men caught in the act of looting had been shot.

Reports of Disaster.

Wednesday some sort of systematic communication could be had by means of automobiles, but yesterday every street was piled high with ruins, and, to add to this trouble, there is constant danger from falling walls.

On miles of streets the front walls of ruined buildings stand swaying with the concussions of distant dynamite explosions and rising winds. Frequently a crash of stone and brick, followed by a cloud of dust, gives warnings to pedestrians of the unsafety of travel. All manner of reports of death and disaster are coming to the temporary headquarters of the authorities, but these reports are received guardedly, allowances being made for the likelihood of exaggeration due to the confusion that prevails in the stricken city.

Residents Flee From City.

The flight of residents from the city continued yesterday in the nature of a panic. A slight earthquake at 5 a. m. accentuated their terrors. The ferryboats to adjacent counties were crowded to the utmost, and to the westward portion of the peninsula a constant throng of homeless persons, carrying portable belongings, are adding to the colonies in the secure sand hills and parks. In Golden Gate Park, and the unimproved blocks of the district north and south, many varieties of shelter have been improvised from bedding and blankets.

Course of the Flames.

The wind changed yesterday morning to the west, and the flames changed their devouring direction southward and began eating their wide swath from the waterfront on the north of Market street up to what is known as Nob Hill, an eminence that had been selected years ago by the multi-millionaires of the bonanza days upon which to erect their mansions. The hill is surmounted by the Hotel Fairmont, just finished at a cost of over a million dollars.

Steadily, but surely, the fire ate its way up the slope, consuming the homes of the late Mrs. Jane Stanford and the Hopkins' Art institute, built by Mark Hopkins of Central Pacific fame.

From the upward slope the fire also took a direction northwesterly, to the district that had been left untouched Wednesday night. This portion of the town embraces the Latin quarter, populated by persons of various nationalities, and the houses are all of flimsy construction.

Checked by Dynamite.

In the Mission district, to the south of Market street, the zone of ruin was extended farther westward toward the extreme southern portion, but was checked at Fourteenth and Mission streets by the wholesale use of dynamite. At this point are located the

Continued on page 8.

Six Specials
FOR SATURDAY NIGHT

Anyone of which should be attractive enough to fill
Our store from **7 to 9:30 p.m.**

Cashmere Hose 25c

—10 Dozen Fine All-wool Cashmere hose, embroidered Llama, a regular 40c Hose, sale price Saturday night **25c**

Wash Belts 19c

—3 Dozen White Embroidered wash Belts with new Gold buckles, regular price 25c, Saturday night...... **19c**

Buster Brown belts 19 cents

—10 Dozen Buster Brown Belts, in Brown, Green, Black, Blue and Red, made with two buckles, regulor price 25c, Saturday night.... **19c**

Embroideries 19c

—24 Pieces of new patterns in corset cover Embroidery, nice fine quality, all regular 25c goods, Saturday night.............................. **19c**

Corset Covers 19c and 63c

—6 Dozen assorted sizes Corset Covers, selling regularly for 25c and 90c, on sale Saturday night.. **19 & 63c**

Whitewear 1-3 off

—About 10 Dozen Pieces of assorted sample whitewear, including gowns, skirts, chemise and drawers on sale Saturday night at .... **1-3 off reg. prices**

Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Newest Fancies In Wash Goods

Never in many years has Dame Fashion brought forward such an array of beautiful dainty wash materials as for the present season.

Needless to say all the daintiest are represented in the showing that now fills our fixtures to overflowing.

Fine sheer **Persian Lawns** and **India Linens**, serviceable **Piques** in plain and small figures. Stylish **Linen** Suitings in white and colors, Beautiful French and American **Muslins, Lawns, Prints, Ginghams, etc.,** a showing so wide we could please every lady in our city were we given the opportunity.

All the personal selection of our buyers from the assortment that supply the most exclusive and high class trade in **Paris, London** and **New York.** Brought direct to our counters and marked at moderate prices.

We will be pleased to have the opportunity of showing you these dainty fabrics. We'll not urge you to buy. They will speak for themselves.

—Even checked Ginghams, suitable for dresses and waists, etc., in blue, pink and red, 27 in. wide, a leader at **10c**

—Fine White Pique with small dots and figures in red, blue and black, 27 inches wide for waists and dresses, per yard **15c**

—Fine White Matting, special light weight, in spots, stripes and figures, all new, 27 in. to 33 in. wide, per yard from.............................. **20c to 35c**

—Fancy Silk Ginghams, Parisian Muslins and Muslin Ginghams, etc., in all the newest patterns, a wide range, per yard from.............................. **15c to 75c**

Millinery

Visitors to our millinery parlors have been highly pleased with the exclusive stylishness of our millinery display.

Our Ladies' Hats have been selected with great care from the most approved styles of New York, Paris and London.

The Designs and color harmonies are in exquisite taste. We are sure you will be pleased with the new ones arriving every week—all at most moderate prices.

Men's Spring Underwear

Your comfort, a good fit and service are the main points we have studied out when buying our spring underwear. It is now time to secure your spring and summer underwear before the assortment is broken. We have every reliable and well known Brand represented in our spring assortment.

ELLIS' SPRING NEEDLE UNDERWEAR.

—A good reliable garment in 2-piece and combination, light and medium weight, all sizes, prices.............................. **50c to $1.50**

BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR

—Fine English, French and Canadian Balbriggan Underwear in Natural, Brown, Pink and Blue, all sizes.............................. **38c, 50c, 75c**

PENMAN'S NATURAL WOOL UNDERWEAR

—Medium weight, suitable for present wear, guaranteed unshrinkable, a most reliable garment, price.............................. **$1.25**

BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR, 75c Per Suit

—Special line of Balbriggan Underwear in Tan, Ribbed, extra value, all sizes, price per suit.............................. **75c**

Men's Spring and Summer Shirts

Our spring stock represents a most complete showing of the very latest novelties in spring shirts. Exquisite styles in checks, stripes and figures just received. We will expect you to come in and inspect them.

PRICES—75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

ANOTHER

BIG CROWD EXPECTED

Saturday Evening

To participate in another of our BIG MONEY SAVING SALES

5 Pieces ***72 Inch English Bleached Sheeting,*** extra heavy quality, regular price 35c yd, ***Saturday Evening***

23 cents per yd

4 Dozen ***Heavy White Marsailles Bed Quilts,*** both with and without fringe, good value at $1.25 each, ***Saturday Evening***

88 Cents each

Corsets

3½ Dozen celebrated D. & A Corsets, one of their latest styles side and front garters, drab and white, sold by all dealers at $1.00 pair, ***Saturday Evening***

69 Cents Pair

Carpet

1 Piece only Best 3-ply Wool Carpet, 1 yard wide, good pattern, regular price $1.00 yard ***Saturday Evening***

75 Cents Yard

SALE OPENS AT 7:30 o'Clock

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Men's Light Vests

Never before have we done one-half the business in Light Vests as we are doing this spring. The reason of our big trade is not hard to understand. We have the finest assortment in the city.

We would be pleased to have the opportunity of showing them to you.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

Saturday Night Specials

2 Dozen White Quilts, 11 x 4, regular price $1.50, on sale at $1.19

3 Pieces Japanese floor matting, regular price 20c, on sale at per yard.......... 16½c

500 Yards embroidery in short ends, same were 25c yard, on sale Saturday night your choice per yard for.......... 5c and 7c

10 Dozen Ladies' black cotton hose, regular price 20c pair, on sale Saturday night.......... 2 pairs for 25c

18 inch linen glass cloth, reg. 10c yd, on sale per yd.. 7c

Ladies' aprons, trimmed with embroidery, bib, etc., regular price 35c, on sale at.......... 25c

1 Dozen black sateen skirts with dust frill, regular price 90c, on sale at.......... 69c

18 inch embroidery, suitable for corset covers, regular price 35c, on sale at.......... 25c

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

Educational Reform in Ontario.

Those who have made even a superficial study of the question must admit that the bills recently introduced in the Ontario Legislature concerning the Department of Education and the Rural and Public schools mark a decided step towards placing the education question of the Province on a wiser and better basis.

The main provisions of the bill provide for the appointment of a superintendent of education, to supervise under the Minister in a technical and expert capacity, all classes of Provincial High, Public and Separate schools, the professional training schools, the work of school inspection, schools, etc., for the establishing of an elective advisory council, representing the universities, the teachers, and the school inspectors, to have executive powers with regard to the conduct of matriculation examinations, etc., and to act generally in a consultative and advisory capacity with the Minister: for the appointment of commissioners of enquiry, to make special investigations in regard to any subject for investigation being the matter of text-books; for the strengthening and extending of continuation classes in Public schools, for increasing the salaries of Public school inspectors and giving greater permanency to their positions; for a better system of training for teachers, and, finally, for a substantial increase in the salaries paid to rural school teachers by way of increased Legislative, county and township grants, and the fixing of minimum salaries.

The Advisory Board has been recommended for years by the Premier. Through this educationalists will be able to give the Government the benefit of their advice and experience as its seventeen members will all be elected, except two, by the profession or by educational institutions.

By abolishing the country and city Model schools, by requiring teachers to take henceforth a Normal school training of one year's duration, and by demanding at least a second-class non-professional certificate, a higher standard of professional equipment will undoubtedly be obtained.

The provision in the bill providing for increased salaries for Rural school teachers touches probably the basic defect of present Public school conditions. According to the report of the Minister of Education for 1905 the average salary of male teachers in Rural schools is $372; for female teachers $263. There are altogether over 6,000 rural school teachers, in the proportion of about one male to three females, as compared with about 3,500 teachers in the urban schools, including cities, towns and incorporated villages. The smallness of the salaries paid to rural school teachers has been a constant bar to good men entering the profession, has given an undue preponderance of female teachers, and has tended to make the business of teaching merely a temporary stepping-stone to some more remunerative calling. The new bill makes the minimum salary for rural teachers $300 in school sections where the assessment of the property of school supporters is less than $30,000; and by graduated steps to $500 where the assessment is at least $160,000. The average salary for rural school teachers under the new Act will probably be increased by at least $100. The burden of the increase will be shared by the Government and by the municipalities.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Very good imitation of summer this.

Several Bellevillians are (or were) living in San Francisco. Perhaps by this time they wish they had stayed here.

• • •

Count Boni Castellane cost his wife $2,000 a day, but he gamely tried to even up by staying up all night.

• • •

A thirteen-year-old Belgium girl has invented a turntable for street cars. But can she bake bread?

• • •

However, everything, nearly, has its compensations. There won't be much housecleaning in San Francisco this spring.

• • •

That patchwork on Front St. looks as if it would turn out all right if the loose stuff was hammered down with the steam roller.

• • •

The fish which go up the river are having their annual game of tag with the festive grapplers who stand on the banks. It must be an exciting game—for the fish.

• • •

The concert in the City Hall, next Tuesday evening, April 24th, in aid of the Hospital, promises to be exceedingly enjoyable. Mr. D. A. Cameron, the promoter, is sure to have something extra good for those who attend, and for such a cause the hall should be packed. Help the Hospital.

• • •

Pretty tough to think that Prince Arthur of Connaught is not coming here. Probably he hasn't heard of all those "plug" hats that turned out to welcome Minto.

However, we are not so badly hurt as Hamilton. It was arranged that the Prince should stay two hours in that city, and the Council was going to shoot an address at him. The Prince must have heard of the address, for the Mayor of Hamilton was informed that arrangements had been changed and the Prince could only stay 15 minutes. Then the Hamilton people got warm under the collar and told Col. Williams, who has charge of the Prince's itinerary, that the reception was off, so far as they were concerned. Hamilton people must be pretty touchy. Even a prince must not slight them.

• • •

An accident attended with appalling loss of life occurred in West Belleville yesterday. A party over the river is the owner of an incubator, which has lately been occupied by about 300 chicks, more or less. Yesterday the lamp, which furnishes heat to the incubator, exploded, and there was a holocaust which for a time threatened to make Vesuvius look like a 24th of May bonfire. The chicks perished from suffocation. Requiescat in the back yard. The loss is quite a serious one, and the neighbors feel a good deal of sympathy for the owner of the dead chicks.

• • •

A Chicago lecturer says that women should be compelled to vote. If he knows so much about them, he ought to know that his saying they should vote will make them all the more determined not to vote.

• • •

A Cleveland clergyman, who formerly lived in Toronto, urges that every church should have a community parlor where young people may court. Evidently he feels that the wedding-fee business needs some booming.

• • •

Andrew Carnegie engaged a special train with which to pursue a regular train, but failed to catch it. Perhaps the regular thought he wanted to give it a library or to simplify the spelling of the names of its sleeping cars.

• • •

A season pass to the baseball games of the American League has been made out for President Roosevelt and party. If this is to be a regular thing, there will be hotter fights for the Presidency hereafter than ever have occurred yet.

• • •

In ordering a statue of her husband to be made with a top hat, Mrs. Paul Kruger stipulated that the top of the hat should be left open to hold rain water for the birds. This is the only useful plug hat of which there is any record.

• • •

Fire insurance companies stand to lose 250 millions in San Francisco. That's likely to jar 'em a bit.

• • •

A leading geologist says the whole Pacific coast may soon sink. Somehow or other, those places with "glorious climates" always seem to have a few offsetting disadvantages.

• • •

People who have relatives in San Francisco or other parts of California should keep cool. There is no need for panic. The telegraphic reports show that the loss of life was principally in a district where Canadians would not likely be. Just at present the wires are crowded with Government and press messages, and private telegrams cannot be forwarded at any cost. So the fact of no messages being received from relatives counts for nothing. They could not get a message through at present for love or money.

• • •

The longer President Castro of the Venezuela Republic makes his holiday the better pleased the world at large will be. He is too strenuous to be a comfortable neighbor.

• • •

Already a beer trust has been formed in Japan, and it is confidently believed that so great is the adaptability of the people they will be having insurance scandals before long.

• • •

It is stated that 6,000 saloons in Ohio will close as the result of the new $1,000 license. This may not be prohibition but it is as good a substitute as Ohio can furnish under its present laws and it also shows that the sentiment of the people against the saloon is steadily growing.

• • •

The Scottish Wholesale Co-operative Society grinds its own flour at the rate of 72,000 bushels of wheat a week. Owing to the disturbance of the wheat trade by "corners" the society contemplates acquiring Northwest land for the purpose of keeping up a steady supply of its own growing.

• • •

The despatches state that the fall of volcanic dust within the city of Naples is estimated to amount to nearly half a million tons and is excessively fine. During violent and protracted eruptions the ejected rock fragments diminish in size, fall back into the crater and are re-ejected so frequently that by means of friction they are reduced to an impalpable powder.

• • •

Senator Loughead, of Calgary, has been chosen by his fellow-Conservatives to succeed Sir Mackenzie Bowell as leader of the Opposition in the Senate. Commenting on this the Mail and Empire says: "In the new leader of the Conservatives in the Senate Toronto has a worthy son. Mr. Lougheed was born in this city. He went West and practised law in Calgary. He was one of the first batch of Senators from the Territories, and is now the leader of his party in the Lords."

• • •

The $2,000 bribery money handed over by Mr. Gamey, M. P. P., will go to the Sick Children's Hospital. It could hardly go to a more deserving charity.

• • •

RIGHT YOU ARE, SIR!

(Toronto Globe.)

There must be no playing fast and loose with justice in connection with these York Loan villainies. Nothing more barefaced in its heartless recklessness has been reported in Toronto, and the Crown must not compromise with the man who played the game.

• • •

A Philadelphia man has committed suicide by choking himself to death on bread. Could he have done it if it had been the kind that mother used to make?

• • •

It is likely that, during all its history, San Francisco never felt like taking water so much as at the present time.

• • •

Referring to the fact that Prince Arthur of Connaught had positively declined to stay more than 15 minutes in Hamilton, the Spectator says: "Now if the Prince had made it twenty minutes I suppose we would have let it go at that. Now you will hear all the jay towns, including Belleville, give us the merry ha, ha! I still sing God Save the King."

• • •

It must have been the bad rep. Hamilton has got through the bad language used by her newspaper men that caused the Prince to cut his visit so short.

• • •

A BOORISH INSULT.

(Ottawa Citizen.)

The excuse of the members of the American opera company playing at the Russell theatre that they could not sing God Save the King when H.R.H. Prince Arthur attended because they did not know the lines, confirms the impression that the slight was intentional. The music is the same as America and a child could memorize a verse of it in two minutes. We presume the Prince will survive, but while the people of Canada are inclined to be tolerant to the cheap bombast which finds vent in the safe heroics of pulling down the flag where there is nobody to protect it, and to such petty insolence as the theatre incident, a slight to a Royal guest even when coming from such a source might easily result in very disagreeable consequences, were it not for the good sense of our people. And the concensus of opinion would be that whatever happened to those who took people's money and then insulted them, they jolly well deserved whatever they got.

HOUSECLEANING DRUGS

We would like to furnish your housecleaning drugs. Scores of items here that cost little, which will facilitate the spring cleaning.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

SCOTT'S EMULSION is more than a fat food. There is no animal fat that compares with it in nourishing and building up the wasted, emaciated body. That is why children and anæmic girls thrive and grow fat upon it. That is why persons with consumptive tendencies gain flesh and strength enough to check the progress of the disease.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. J. Bruce Gordon, Toronto, is in the city, visiting friends on Albert street

Miss Maggie Keith was in Campbellford last evening, attending a social function.

Messrs. R. Bell and B. Bottum went to Bobcaygeon to-day to take part in a concert in that place.

Mrs. H. F. Cole, of Ottawa, and Mrs. A. W. Hayes, of Brockville, have returned to their homes, after spending Easter in this city with friends.

Quinte arrivals; — H. M. Upton, R. Gemmell, F. Brady, F. S. Arnfield, J. Alexander, W. Bamo, G. W. Woodburn, J. Findlay, C. Christie, D. Edwards, G. Sullivan, F. Kahn, Toronto; T. Kelly, Brockville, J. K. Findlay, Carleton Place; H. Schbanan, G. Hodges, S. Bouchette, S. E. Waffle, T. Albert, D. O. Meara, J. Rawin, Montreal; G. W. Church, J. Randall, London; R. Robertson, Lanark. J. Calvert, Wemoh, N. J.; A. H. Burrows, Guelph; J. E. Halliwell, Stirling; R. Hale, Quebec.

A Guelph Wedding.

A quiet but pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Elvin, Guelph, when their second eldest son, William, was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Trueblood, of Toronto. The bride was charmingly dressed in crepe de chene trimmed with white chiffon; she wore a spray of lilies of the valley in her hair. Miss Mary Trueblood, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid, wearing a dress of ceram lustre and over lace trimmings. The bride was given away by her brother, Mr. Alfred T. Trueblood, of Campbellford. The groom was assisted by his brother, Mr. George H. Elvin, of Guelph. After the ceremony the guests gathered around a well-filled table, which had been very handsomely prepared for the occasion, after which the happy couple left on the eight o'clock train for Toronto, where they will reside. The bride received many useful, handsome and costly presents.

Four Years in Penitentiary.

Picton, April 20.—At the spring Assizes yesterday, Judge Britton sentenced Frank Nelson to four years at Kingston penitentiary. The jury brought in a verdict of manslaughter. Nelson, who is only seventeen years of age, was arrested a few weeks ago for shooting Mrs. Sarah Brown, an old lady through the lungs from the effects of which she died a few days later. He was wilfully reckless in the handling of a small rifle on a public road.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorised to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate westerly winds: fine. Saturday, fresh westerly winds, fine and moderately warm.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

LADIES!

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin sets, 25c to $3
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault

Angus McFee

It Pays to Buy the Best.
Wallbridge & Clarke's
FINE TEAS
IN SEALED PACKETS
NEW SEASON'S FINEST BLENDS.
Indo-Ceylon Teas
FRAGRANT AND DELICIOUS
40, 50 and 60c lb
Good Teas at 25c lb.
EXTRA VALUE EXTRA VALUE
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S
SPECIAL BLEND
Indo-Ceylon Tea
30c lb
4 LBS. FOR $1.00
8 half-pound sealed packets for $1.
Wallbridge & Clarke
ESTABLISHED 1871.
DELICIOUS COFFEE, 30 & 40c lb

LAKE SHORE SPIRIT.

Throughout the entire length and breadth of the great Lake Shore Railway System there is a spirit of co-operation and personal responsibility on the part of employees from the highest to the lowest that is reflected in every detail of the road's operation. The traveller feels that the great army of trained workers have his welfare and comfort at heart as much as though he were the only patron of the road. This spirit—the Lake Shore spirit—is one of the features that have made this line so popular among experienced travellers. Comfort, speed, safety and punctuality here have reached their highest development. Write for full information to J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O.; or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, and tell the agent to have your ticket read "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway."

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
. . AND THE . .
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.......... $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.......... $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

COLD CURE

Price 25c Relieves the head, throat, and lungs almost immediately.

I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS

MUNYON, Philadelphia

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 3 marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Lathe hands, used to accurate work. Box G, Intelligencer. 19-6t

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. Some of our men who started in a small way now have large routes of customers, and keep two or three rigs busy delivering all the time. Why not you? Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

The residence of Mrs. J. W. Dunnet, corner of Bridge and Commercial Sts., Belleville. For particulars apply to owner or Northrup & Roberts, barristers, Bridge St. a14-4teod

For a short time only, 12 useful household articles for 50 cents. Address P. C. Coo, 116 Wilson Ave., London, Ont. 18-6t

TO LET.

House on Bridge St. All modern improvements. Apply to Dr. Caldwell. 18-6t

Possession May 1st, 1906, the residence on Dundas street, just opposite T. S. Carman's residence. This house has all the improvements. For particulars call at the Ontario Office. a18-3td-1tw

A commodious brick house with all modern improvements, fine lawn, brick stable. Corner Victoria Ave. and Albert street.—T. E. EWEN, 330 Albert St. a12-6t

LOST.

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

2 in 1 Shoe Polish

Black, Tan and White

"2 in 1" has no substitute. It was the first polish of its kind produced. Millions use it and refuse all imitations. It is the cheapest and best—the only one. Insist on it from your dealer.

Black and Tan in 10c. and 25c. tins White 15c. Glass.
2 in 1
2 in 1

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stop-over arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18--11t

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASEBALL THURSDAY.

National League Games.

At Pittsburg—

		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0	2	5	3
Cincinnati	0 1 0 2 0 0 1 0 4	8	14	3

Batteries—Willis, Smith and Carisch; Haford and Phelps. Umpires—Klem and Carpenter. Attendance—4105.

At Chicago—

		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	9	2
St. Louis	0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 0	4	5	1

Batteries—Reulbach, Beebe and Moran; Taylor and Grady. Umpire—Johnstone.

At Philadelphia—

		R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	7	2
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 3 0 1 x	4	7	1

Batteries — Lindeman and Nedham; Sparks and Doolin. Umpire—O'Day.

At Brooklyn—

		R.	H.	E.
New York	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 3	5	8	4
Brooklyn	0 0 0 1 0 5 2 0 x	8	12	3

Batteries—Taylor, Ferguson and Bresnahan; Scanlan and Bergen. Umpires—Conway and Emslie. Attendance—5300.

American League Scores.

At Philadelphia—

		R.	H.	E.
Washington	0 1 1 0 5 3 0 0 1	11	15	2
Philadelphia	3 0 1 5 1 0 0 0 0	10	14	3

Batteries—Sudhoff, Starkell, Patten, Heydon and Kittredge; Plank, Dygert, Waddell, Powers and Schreck. Umpire—O'Loughlin. Attendance—4000.

At Detroit—

		R.	H.	E.
Detroit	0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 x	3	8	0
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	1	5	0

Batteries—Donovan and Warner; Smith and Sullivan. Umpires—Hurst and Connor. Attendance—3500.

At Boston (morning game)

		R.	H.	E.
Boston	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x	2	8	1
New York	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	6	2

Batteries—Tannehill and Peterson; Chesbro, Kleinow and McGuire. Umpires—Sheridan and Evans. Attendance—12,123.

At Boston (afternoon game)—

		R.	H.	E.
Boston	1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 x	3	7	1
New York	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	8	3

Batteries—Young and Graham; Newton, Leroy and Kleinow. Umpires—Sheridan and Evans. Attendance—27,257.

At St. Louis—

		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	5	4
Cleveland	2 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0	5	6	6

Batteries—Pelty and Spencer; Bernhard and Buelow. Umpire—Connolly.

The Queen and the Birds

Branches of the Fish and Game Protective Association are springing up all over the Dominion. Their work is of the most beneficial description. But it must not be forgotten that ladies can help in the crusade on behalf of the birds. A royal example has been set by our gracious Queen.

With the varied humanity and tenderness of heart, which have so endeared her name to the British people, the Queen has replied to an appeal of the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds with a letter granting that society her full support in its crusade against the cruel and thoughtless practice of destroying rare and beautiful wild birds for the sake of their plumage. Her Majesty's intervention is so powerful that it is certain to bring about the desired result, and to render unfashionable as well as reprehensible the custom of wearing such birds' feathers and plumage in millinery.

In the past that mysterious thing known as "fashion" has demanded the slaughter of birds, and all efforts on the part of individuals to change its dictates have been fruitless. But, fortunately, fashion can be changed by a royal decree, and where the First Lady in England leads the way the whole race of women may be trusted to follow. The offence has been largely committed in ignorance, for women are not by nature or instinct cruel. Many suppose that the plumes which they buy as "artificial" are really the creation of the manufacturer's dexterity, and do not involve the death of some mute and weak living thing. Yet, the alleged "artificial" plumes are really torn from the bird. For example, it is the custom to cut osprey plumes into two halves, when the lower half is sold as "artificial" and the upper half as "natural."

How widespread is the slaughter of beautiful birds for the sake of their plumage can be understood from the grim catalogues of the spring and autumn sales at Mincing-lane, when daily for a week the traffic goes on. Thus, to give an example, in the autumn sales of 1903, besides osprey plumes, there were sales of thousands of humming-birds, of eight different kinds of birds of paradise, of cuckoos, kingfishers, parrots, owls and hawks. In the spring sale of 1904 11,440 humming birds and 2,800 birds of paradise were sold, to say nothing of 400 tiny Indian owls disposed of at a farthing apiece. Ornithologists who have made the round of millinery establishments to ascertain what birds are being massacred in the sacred cause of personal adornment have noted in addition to the species which we have already named the bodies or feathers of egrets, herons, pigeons, swallows, and tits exposed for sale. It is known that the feathers described by the trade name of "ospreys" are "the nestling plumes of white herons and egrets, and are assumed at the nesting season only." The slaughter of the bird which bears this fatal attraction thus involves the slow death of all its young from hunger and starvation.

Many years ago the late Queen Victoria gave orders that osprey plumes should be no longer worn in the British Army. Queen Alexandra has henceforth made it impossible for the fashionable lady to wear them. All lovers of animals, all whose hearts beat warmly for the feeblest and weakest of created things, will thank her for her resolve to "discourage the cruelty practised on these beautiful birds" and to save them from extinction.

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

HOW TO LIVE ON FOUR CENTS A DAY

DIETARY EXPERIMENTS THAT HAVE PROVED SUCCESSFUL AND CHEAP.

Some years ago a medical man subjected himself to a diet experiment for six weeks in order to test his theory that he could live and keep strong and well on 12 cents a day. For the first seven days he confined himself to bread, milk, fruit and vegetables—an average daily amount of half a pound. At the end of the week he found that his health remained excellent, and his food bill amounted to 75 cents. During the second week of his experiment he lived on prepared farinaceous foods and fruit, eating 9 1-2 ounces and spending exactly 6 cents daily. In the fourth week he reduced his allowance to half a pound of food a day and an expenditure of 4 cents; and for the last two weeks he increased his daily allowance to nine ounces. At the end of his six weeks' trial he found himself better and stronger than when he began the experiment, while his total food bill for the period was exactly $2.40, an average cost of 5 cents a day.

A lady who was for a few weeks reduced to very low financial straits brought the cost of living still lower. All that she was able to allow herself for this purpose was 24 cents a week, and on this pitiful allowance she maintained health and strength for several weeks. This is how she apportioned her weekly 24 cents:—Oatmeal, 6 cents; potatoes, 4 cents; split peas, 4 cents; onions, 2 cents; apples, 4 cents, ship's biscuit, 4 cents. And this is a simple menu for one day: Breakfast, oatmeal porridge, baked apple; dinner, pea soup, roast potato, biscuit; supper, boiled onion, biscuit.

"On this Spartan dietary," she says, "I not only kept well and strong, for two months, but actually gained weight. I had neither headache nor indigestion, from both of which I suffered for years, and, as may be imagined perhaps, I always had a splendid appetite."

Quite recently a contributor to a London daily paper, showed how it was possible for a family of six persons to enjoy a varied and not untempting dietary at a cost of 21 cents a day, or less than 4 cents for each person. The weekly bill-of-fare was made up thus: Four quarts of skimmed milk, four pounds whole wheat or oatmeal, five pounds fine wholemeal flour, three pounds golden maize meal, four pounds broken rice, or pearl barley, four pounds small haricots, peas or lentils, three pounds raisins, dates or figs, two pounds currants, three pounds soft cane sugar, one pound shelled peanuts, half a pint of nut oil, two pounds darlene, watercress, onions and cabbage. The total cost of these articles of food is $1.61.

A sample day's menu for the family of six, at a cost of 21 cents, reads thus:

Breakfast — Wheatmeal, porridge, sugar, soaked raisins, griddle cakes and darlene. Dinner—Haricot bean stew, boiled rice, roast peanuts. Supper—Frumenty and milk and sugar.

For economical and nourishing food a diet of nuts is strongly recommended by experts, one of whom recently declared. "If the unemployed only knew, they could live luxuriously on two or three pence a day on the finest food in the world; and it would be varied so much that there would be no monotony of dishes." The nuts specified for this purpose are chestnuts, walnuts, Brazil nuts, cocoanuts, filberts, almonds, and pine-kernels. The least nutritious of these, it is said, contain twice as much nutriment as lean beef; while some such as pine-kernels and Brazil nuts contain considerably more than three times as much

CONSOLIDATE THE SCHOOLS.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION SAYS COUNTRY SCHOOLS ARE OUT OF DATE.

Toronto, April 19.—The Inspectors' and Trustees' Departments of the Ontario Teachers' Association this forenoon passed a resolution recommending that "inasmuch as 90 per cent. of the children of Ontario received their entire scholastic training in the Public schools, adequate representation should be given the Public school teachers and inspectors and the trustees' department of the Ontario Teachers' Association on the Advisory Committee proposed in the new education bill.

"That there should be at the very least two representatives from the trustees' department.

Mr. M. Parkinson, of the Toronto Board of Education, addressed the Ontario Teachers' Association this forenoon, on "The Consolidated Rural School" question.

Mr. Parkinson drew a woeful picture of the little, dingy, dilapidated country school house, "where a young girl presides over from 16 to 20 pupils of all ages and in every grade.

"The consolidated plan proposes to do away with all these little schools and establish one large, well-equipped graded school in each township. The pupils will be conveyed to and from the schools at the public expense.

Principal Scott, of the Toronto Normal School, had something to say on the way in which the teaching done in High Schools affected Normal School work. "Students often came up for their Normal training, who are very poor spellers, and know little about punctuation," said Mr. Scott.

A WOMAN'S GRATITUDE.

A Mountain Woman Writes in Praise of Newbro's Herpicide.

"For several years I have been troubled with dandruff, causing me much annoyance, and my hair became very thin. I have used Newbro's Herpicide for a month and the dandruff has entirely disappeared and my hair is becoming much heavier than formerly. New hair is growing where there was none and I am very thankful to you for the benefit I have received from Newbro's Herpicide Very truly yours.

MRS. C. B. FOSTER,
No. 985 Utah Ave., Butte, Mont.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Double Wedding On Easter Monday.

UNUSUAL EVENT TOOK PLACE IN WHICH THE BRIDES WERE SISTERS.

Monday, April the 16th, was a gala day at "Stone Villa," Rathburn, the residence of J. T. May, Esq., when his eldest daughter, Miss Eliza A., was married to Mr. J. A. Knox, and his youngest daughter, Miss Alice Helen, to Mr. P. A. White, both gentlemen from near Trenton, says the Courier. While the wedding march was played by Mrs. E. J. May, the brides, with their father, carrying bouquets of white carnations, passed through a ribboned aisle formed by four beautifully dressed flower girls, taking their places under an evergreen canopy, where the grooms awaited them. The rings were carried in Easter lilies by Master Cecil and Miss Hazel McMullen of Trenton. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. S. McMullen, of Trenton, brother-in-law of the brides, at three o'clock p.m., in the presence of some fifty invited guests. The presents were beautiful and useful. That of Mr. Knox to his bride, a pretty pearl amethyst brooch, that of Mr. White to his bride a beautiful silk dress, the flower girls received pearl brooches, the father's presents to his daughters were in cash. After a dainty and sumptuous repast the happy wedded couples drove to Orillia, taking the morning train to Toronto, when Mr. and Mrs. Knox will go West to spend their honeymoon amongst relatives at Berlin and London, Mr. and Mrs. White going east, taking in Cobourg and other points. Miss Eliza A., was beautifully gowned in cream crepe de chene, with lace and satin trimming, her going-away dress was of black taffeta silk, with Tuscan hat. Miss Alice Helen was charmingly attired in cream voile-de-soie, with lace and satin trimming, and going away dress of blue chiffon broadcloth and hat of white chiffon. Both couples will take up their residence in Sidney township, near Trenton, where receptions await them.

NAVIGATION ON THE GREAT LAKES

COMMANDER SPAIN THINKS THERE IS A DEPLORABLE WANT OF ATTENTION IN REGARD TO IT.

Ottawa, April 19. — Commander Spain, in his annual report to the Department of Marine and Fisheries, with respect to shipping casualties, says:

"I found, on enquiring into matters in different localities of the lakes, that it was necessary that strict investigation should be held as far as possible, as in some instances the lack of even moderate attention to the safe navigation of vessels was deplorable. The masters, officers and seamen who man Canadian vessels on the Great Lakes, are, as a rule, skillful and intelligent, and compare most favorably with their confreres on salt water, but there is no doubt that enquiries into casualties should be held in the same manner as on the sea coast."

In regard to casualties on the St. Lawrence route, Commander Spain says: "There has not been a single loss of life, and only in one case possible loss of an ocean liner." This, he states, compares most favorably with the casualties that have occurred in other parts of the world. There were three cases of vessels grounding when leaving their wharves, and three cases of collision. The ship canal cannot be held in the remotest degree responsible for any of these. In the case of the Victorian, the court of enquiry which was held, found that the casualty was an unavoidable accident, which might have occurred in any narrow channel and to avoid a repetition of a disaster of this nature, it proposed to establish telegraphic communication along the route, so that vessels may be held in the event of fog shutting down without warning.

OPPORTUNITIES TO VISIT CALIFORNIA.

Do not let this go by. Very low rates will be in effect via Grand Trunk Railway, good going April 24th to May 5th; returning until July 31st, and good going June 24th to July 7th; returning until Sept. 15th. Choice of any direct route going and returning, and certain stop-over privileges allowed. Call on agents for full particulars or address J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Room 308, Union Station, Toronto.

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

A public meeting of all persons interested in Y.M.C.A. work will be held in the association rooms on Friday evening, the 20th inst., at 8 o'clock, to discuss the advisability of discontinuing the work in Belleville. All interested are urged to attend. 16,18,20

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

Annual Shirt Sale of travellers' samples—white and colored goods; all sizes. Friday, Saturday and Saturday night. Very cheap. — The King Shirt Co., Campbell St. 19-3t

Geo. Perry will be pleased to give you a price for Verandah Shades or Awnings and show samples.

Don't forget the Y.M.C.A. meeting to be held in the association rooms at 8 o'clock this evening.

A stray horse attached to a buggy was found on Pinnacle street last evening. It was subsequently claimed by a Sidney yeoman.

A very interesting programme is promised for the Hospital Concert next Tuesday evening, and a liberal patronage is solicited for a worthy cause. 20-2t

Miss Bessie Violet, of Toronto, a former resident here, has developed into a popular entertainer, her gifts being highly spoken of by the Toronto press.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 259.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 20

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	89⅞	91
do pref	100¼	101
St Paul	171⅞	173⅞
Mop	94⅞	94¾
Union Pac	150⅞	153½
C.P.R	160⅞	16 ⅝
Sou Pac	64⅞	65¾
R I	26⅛	27⅛
Ills C.	170⅞	171⅞
Sou Ry	38⅞	39½
Texas	32¾	32½
B.& O	110⅞	111
N Y C	141⅞	142
Penn	139⅞	140⅛
Soo	156	156
T. W.	117⅛	117⅛
Erie	42⅛	43½
do pref	79¾	79⅜
Reading	120⅞	123⅞
C. O	57½	57½
O W	49½	48½
Manhattan	155	155
W C		
L. & N.	145⅛	148⅛
A. F.	41⅞	42⅞
Nor	88½	89½
Wab.	20⅞	21¼
do pref	46½	47⅝
A. R.	155⅛	156⅛
C. G. W	20⅞	21½
T.C.I.	...	....
U. S. Steel	43½	43¼
do pref	107⅛	108⅝
Sugar	137⅞	138⅛
B.R.T.	81⅞	84⅜
P. O	92½	92⅞
A. C. P.	105⅞	110⅛
Mex.	....	
Alc.	66⅞	67¾
C.F.I.	59½	60¼

May wheat opened at 79⅞ closed at 79⅞
July wheat opened at 78¼ closed at 78¼
May corn opened at 46⅞: closed at 47⅞
July corn opened at 45⅞: closed at 46
May Oats opened at 32⅞: closed at 32⅞
May pork opened at 15 12 closed at 15.27

The Largest Jack Manufacturer in the World Writes about

Zutoo

Regarding your Zutoo Tablets I beg to say: I have been a sufferer from headache since childhood and have used all, or nearly all, of the so-called "cures" on the market, till warned by my physician to discontinue their use on account of their bad effects on the heart. Some months since my attention was called to your Zutoo Tablets and I have been using them ever since with the most gratifying results. I find they cure a "sick" or "nervous" headache in a few minutes and leave no bad effect. My family use them whenever needed with equally good results. I have frequently given them to friends who were suffering from headache and they never fail to give quick relief. I find them a good remedy for "sour" stomach as well as headache. I always carry them in my grip on the road and would not be without them at any cost.

A. O. NORTON,
286 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

10c. and 25c. at dealers or by mail. B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Q. Samples free.

Prices . . .

Some strange people—and strange they are—for they seem to fancy strange things—fancy we cannot do their painting and paperhanging as cheaply as others.

Bless your soul, we can do it ***MORE*** cheaply, as far as cost is concerned—but that word ***CHEAP*** we cannot apply well to our work. It does not sound right for there is nothing cheap about our work excepting the price we ask for it.

The Reasons why we can do our Work at Reasonable Prices are These:

We have a perfected system.
We have capable workmen.
We watch our work closely.
We purchase our materials in large quantities in the best markets at hour of lowest prices.

In Addition to all This,

Our quantity buying for our Wholesale, Retail and Mail Order Business, gives us discounts away superior to our competitors and our customers benefit thereby every time.

AT PRESENT WE HAVE ON SALE 5000 Rolls of 1906 Wallpapers at the following reduced prices:

—5c Papers for.................... 3c
—8c Papers for.................... 5c
—12c Papers for.................... 10c

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
Wallpapers, Paints and Oils Wholesale and Retail.

HATS That are Winners
CAPS That are Leaders

The King Hat REGISTERED

Geo. T. Woodley.
Opposite Footbridge.

Things to Wear Easter

NEW SPRING SHIRTS
NEW NECKWEAR
EASTER GLOVES
EASTER HOSIERY

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.
Tailors & Furnishers.

CLUB OLD TOM GIN

A Pure and Wholesome Matured Spirit.

Mixed with Soda it makes a very refreshing and invigorating beverage

KEEP THE CAPSULES, THEY ARE VALUABLE.

BOIVIN, WILSON & CO., Montreal.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown See the special values we are offering in ***Lace Curtains and Wallpaper***.

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,
Carpets Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

YOUR NEW HOME

Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.

NO SUCH RISK

by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.

All Work Guaranteed.

John Cornelius,
The City Painter and Decorator.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

$78.65

TO CALIFORNIA AND RETURN.

Good going April 24th, May 5th; return limit July 31st.

and

$80.65

Good going June 24th to July 7th; return limit, Sept. 15th. Account National Educational Convention, San Francisco.

Choice of any direct route going and returning, and certain stop-over privileges allowed.

For tickets and information call on agents or address J. D. McDonald, D.P.A., Room 308 Union Station, Toronto.

H. C. THOMPSON, Town Agent.
T. H. COPPIN, Depot Agent.

Patent Shoes....

...For Men...

SEE OUR NEW

Patent Coltskin

Blucher or Button Styles
On the Stand Pat Toe,
One of America's Best.

Price $5.00

Other Styles at $3.50 & $4.00

NOTHING LOOKS NICER THAN A PATENT SHOE

The J. J. Haines

SHOE HOUSES—Belleville, Napanee & Trenton.

THE ROAD TO PITTSBURG
LIES OVER THE

Lake Shore Railway

FROM BUFFALO

Here you will find the greatest possible degree of comfort—every convenience you may wish, perfect safety and highest speed.

The luxurious trains over this popular route are unequaled by any other on the continent.

Direct connection for all east, west and southern points.

For full information regarding stop-over privileges, routes and service, address

J. W. DALY, Chief Ass't G. P. A.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

A. J. SMITH, Gen'l Pass'gr Agt.
CLEVELAND, O.

W. J. LYNCH, Passenger Traffic Manager, CHICAGO.

ICE CREAM

Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh cream every day
Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stal cream.

Delivered well packed—*50 cents per Quart.*

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

SAFE INVESTMENTS

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE

Head Office: Waterloo, Ont,
P. H. SIMS, S B. BRICKER, HON. SENATOR McMULLEN
Vice-Presidents.
THOS. HILLIARD, President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD. Supt. of Agencies

LOW EXPENSE

LOW MORTALITY

HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

JERRY McGLONE.

Here, fur yer pity or scorn, I'm presintin' ye
Jerry McGlone,
Trustin' the life of him will be preventin' ye
Sp'ilin' yer own.
Think of a face wid a permanent fixture of
Looks that are always suggistin' a mixture of
Limmons an' vinegar. There! ye've a picture of
Jerry McGlone,

Faix, there is nothin' but sourest gloom in this'
Jerry McGlone,
Chris'mas joy, anny joy, niver finds room in this
Crayture of stone.
Cynical gloom is the boast an' the pride of him;
An' if a laugh iver did pierce the hide of him
Faix, I belave 'twould immejiate, inside of him
Change to a groan.

Whist now, an' listen, I'll tell ye th' throuble wid
Jerry McGlone,
He preferred single life rather than double wid
Molly Malone.
Think of it! Think of an Irishman tarryin'
While there's a purty girl wishful fur marryin'!
Arrah! no wonder the divils are barryin'
Jerry McGlone.

Ah! but there's few o' the race but would scorn to be
Jerry McGlone,
Shure, we all know that a Celt is not born to be
Livin' alone.
Oh! but we're grateful (I spake for the laity)
Grateful for women the bountiful Deity
Dowers wid beauty an' virtue an' gayety,
All for our own!

• • •

If some of the reports are true, John Alexander Dowie is much like another party once expelled from Zion City.

• • •

French thieves are using automobiles at their work now. The odoriferous machine auto be easily tracked by the police.

• • •

A Yankee man and woman were killed yesterday by electricity which supplied an incubator. A strong argument in the hen's favor.

• • •

Prof. N. S. Shaler, the famous Harvard geologist and zoologist who died a few days ago, climbed Mount Vesuvius twenty-five years ago, during an eruption, and observed at the risk of his life the activity of the volcano. In his subsequent writings he did much to disprove the theory, once commonly held, that eruptions like those of Vesuvius are due to leaks in the bed of the ocean through which sea water enters a subterranean fire pit.

• • •

John Alexander Dowie, whatever his attitude to high thinking, is evidently not a devotee of the plain living cult. One of the overseers of Zion publicly stated on Sunday that the old chap spent $20,000 on his jaunt through Mexico, $50,000 on his tour of the world, $15,000 for a private yacht; $90,000 for his Shiloh house and stock and $12,000 for his library. "And he overdrew his account to the tune of $114,000," added the overseer. This is "living like a king." But Dowie plainly regarded himself as a monarch in his dominion, and he had some reason to do so.

• • •

The flow of emigrants through Hamburg is at present so enormous that the emigration shelters of the Hamburg-American Line are unable to hold all the passengers, and four steamers have been specially fitted up and stationed at the lower Elbe to serve as floating hotels. There the emigrants are quartered and remain till they can depart. The following figures, showing the number of passengers who passed through Hamburg during the months of February and January, illustrates the present extraordinary emigration tide: 1904, 17,925; 1905, 19,620; 1906, 22,461.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

Dr. J. F. Schamburg, lecturing in Philadelphia the other evening, stated that of more than three thousand smallpox patients treated at the Philadelphia Municipal Hospital during the last three years not one had been recently successfully vaccinated. None of the medical attendants were attacked Of one hundred women workmen employed near the patients, four refused to be vaccinated. These were stricken with smallpox, while those who submitted to the operation were unscathed. Of seven hundred medical students who have worked in smallpox wards only one caught the infection and he had never been successfully vaccinated. If any evidence is good for anything, this is proof that failure to be vaccinated is an opportunity for smallpox. No such combination of circumstances as are here recorded could be without a reason, and the reason is clear enough. If a person persists in not being vaccinated, he multiplies his chances of having smallpox, and is a source of danger and ultimately, if he contracts the loathsome and unnecessary disease, of enormous expense to the community.

SECRET IS OUT.

FORMULA OF MI-O-NA MADE PUBLIC.—A CURE FOR STOMACH TROUBLES.

Our leading druggists are very anxious to have Mi-o-na, a remedy which they sell as a cure for stomach troubles, tested rigidly in every case of heart-burn, acute dyspepsia, wind on the stomach, loss of appetite, annoying dreams, sleeplessness, general weakness and debility, or where the digestive organs do not act as they should.

Mi-o-na is composed of bismuth subgallate, by all odds the very best medicine known for intestinal diseases.

With this is combined cerium oxalate, a standard remedy in the treatment of all irritations of the stomach and digestive organs.

Sodium bicarbonate is then added to overcome the excessive acidity usually present in stomach troubles, and nux vomica for its general tonic and nerve-strengthening powers.

A large box of Mi-o-na tablets is sold for 50 cents.

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

DACHSHUNDS.

As Fighters of Badgers They Have No Canine Equals.

The good natured, philosophic German dachshund has always been regarded as more or less of a joke in this country. Even in the fatherland he is a staple for jesting. His elongated body, his crooked legs, his animated tail, his resemblance to a sausage—who could fail to make some sort of joke about a dachshund?

But the dachshund has a very serious side and a work in life.

"Dachshund" means "badger dog."

Now, the badger is an animal that, generally speaking, needs neither game laws nor sympathy, because he is able to take care of himself and fight his own battles. Naturalists place him as a link between the bear family and the weasels. He has about all the strenuous characteristics of both, with some of his own in addition.

Badger baiting was formerly a barbarous rustic sport that drew trade to country inns and taverns. A badger was placed in a barrel, and the man whose dog could bring him out got a prize. A single dog seldom did it. A full pack might—sometimes. The badger is a tremendous burrower, and the jolly dachshund of the jokes has been trained for centuries in Germany to go into his burrows like a ferret after rats and drive the badger out or fight him. In some German and Austrian cities there were formerly badger baiting tourneys in which crack dachshunds entered a pit with an ablebodied badger and fought for points. It is said that such contests are still held in Vienna. For spirit, endurance and agility the dachshund has no peer in this work, and a bulldog pitted against a badger would probably find himself cutting a poor figure.

So, make the jokes about the dachshund if you will, but give him credit for his prowess and for that gentleness, characteristic also of the best bulldogs, that makes both an affectionate companion to man and a loyal playmate to children. Give the dachshund credit, too, for intelligence. He has it in large degree. Few dogs are keener.

Beef and Brawn.

It is said of Kean, the actor, that he ate mutton before playing the part of lover, beef before playing that of murderer and pork before assuming the character of a tyrant. That may be merely a story or a fact, but it is a well known truth that beef will enable more exhausting muscular work to be done than will mutton, so there may be something in the "roast beef of old England." In the eighteenth century this was one of the English "gods."

In Dresden 300 years ago "epicures" used to eat Venetian oysters that had been on the way three weeks.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Lower—Live Stock Markets —The Latest Quotations.

Thursday Evening, April 19.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ¼d to ⅛d lower than yesterday and corn futures ⅛d to ⅜d lower.

At Chicago May wheat closed 1¼c lower than yesterday, May corn ⅛c lower and May oats ⅛c lower.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	87⅞	84½
Minneapolis	77⅞	84⅞
St. Louis	79¼	76¼
Detroit	87½	81½
Duluth	79⅝	80¼
Toledo	86⅜	80½

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—			
Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74	to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 77		0 79
Wheat, red, bush	0 77		0 79
Wheat, goose, bush	0 73		0 73½
Barley, bush	0 51		0 52
Oats, bush	0 40		0 41
Rye, bush	0 76		....
Peas, bush	0 77		....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53		....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 19.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures quiet; May, 6s 9¼d; July, 6s 7¾d; September, 6s 7⅜d.

Corn—Spot firm: American mixed, new, 4s 4d; Amerian mixed, old, 4s 7½d; futures closed quiet; May, 4s 5½d; July, 4s 4½d.

Bacon—Short ribs firm, 53s 6d; long clear middles, light steady, 48s 6d.

Lard—American refined in pails steady, 35s 6d.

Tallow—Prime city firm, 25s 9d.

Turpentine—Spirits steady, 47s 9d.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 19.—Butter—Steady to firm, unchanged; receipts, 5832.

Cheese—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 2097.

Eggs—Steady; receipts, 27,321; state, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy, good to choice, 19½c to 20c; do, mixed extra, 19c to 20c; western firsts, 18c; do, seconds, 17½c to 17¾c; southerns, 16c to 18c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Steady—Cattle Slow, Hogs Lower at Chicago.

London, April 19.—Cattle are quoted at 10c to 11½c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8½c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 13c to 13¾c per lb.; lambs 14c, dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 19.—Reports of live stock at the city market as reported by the railways were since Tuesday 96 cars, 1001 cattle, 1043 hogs, 281 sheep, 1009 calves. Besides the hogs mentioned above there were 1055 hogs to Park, Blackwell, 668 to King for Montreal packing Co. and 70 to Puddy Bros. that were shipped in from country points f. o. b. cars, a total of 1793 hogs, of abount 18 car loads, not counted in the above report, as they were not for sale and many of them never near the market.

Exporters.

Trade in exporters is dull on this market in comparison with what the farmers are reported as getting in the country. One commission firm sold 60 exporters to-day at $5.10 per cwt. that cost $5.25 per cwt. in the country, the drover losing 15c per cwt. and all expenses. There were about 5 loads of exporters sold on the market today at $4.75 to $5.10 per cwt. Export bulls sold at $3.60 to $4.15.

Butchers.

Picked lots sold at $4.75 to $5 per cwt., loads of good at $4.40 to $4.70, medium at $4 to $4.30, common at $3 to $4 per cwt. cows at $3 to $4.25 per cwt.

Feeders and Stockers.

H. Murby reports a dull trade on stockers and feeders, except for a few odd lots of the assorted kind, which sold at about steady prices. The other kinds have been slow and hard to sell all week. Good breedy short-keep steers have been scarce all week, and more of this class would have sold. The run of stockers and light feeders wasn't very heavy, but more than the demand called for.

Mr. Murby bought about 250 head this week at the following quotations: Best feeders, 1100 to 1200 lbs., at $4.50 to $4.75; best feeders, 1000 to 1100 lbs., at $4.25 to $4.60; best feeders, 900 to 1000 lbs. at $4 to $4.25; best feeders, 800 to 900 lbs. at $3.85 to $4.10; best stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., at $3.50 to $3.65; common stockers, 400 to 600 lbs., at $3.

Milch Cows.

About 15 milch cows and springers sold at $30 to $52 each. More good quality cows would have sold, as the trade is good for such.

Veal Calves.

About 1300 veal calves were reported by the railways as having arrived in the city, but many of these went direct to the packing house or abattoirs. This heavy run had the effect of easing off prices, which ranged from $3 to $6 per cwt. for the bulk.

Sheep and Lambs.

The run was not large, but prices again went lower all round as follows: Export ewes sold at $4.50 to $5 per cwt.; bucks, $3.50 to $3.75; yearling lambs, $6.25 to $6.75 per cwt.; spring lambs sold at $3 to $6 each.

Hogs.

Mr. Harris got 1043 hogs and reports prices unchanged at $7.15 for selects and $6.90 for lights and fats; sows at $4 to $5 and stags at $2.50 to $3.50 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 200 head; steady; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.75; shipping, $4.75 to $5.15; butchers', $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.60.

Veals—Receipts, 500 head; slow and 25c lower at $5 to $6.25, a few at $6.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 2000 head; slow; heavy and mixed, $6.90 to $7; yorkers, $6.85 to $6.90; pigs, $6.80; roughs, $6 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6400 head; sheep steady; lambs slow, 5c to 10c higher; lambs, $6.25 to $7.30; yearlings, $6.25 to $6.50; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 19.—Beeves—Receipts, 290; nothing doing; feeling steady; dressed beef in fair demand at 6½s to 8½c per lb. for native sides.

Calves—Receipts, 400; trade slow and prices 25c to 50c lower. Veals, $4 to $6; dressed calves weak at 7c to 10½c for city dressed veals and 5c to 8½c for country dressed.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 208; spring lamsb, $3.50 to $6 per head; sheep and yearlings entirely nominal.

Hogs—Receipts, 1043; market steady; state hogs, $7 to $7.10.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,400; strong; common to choice steers, $4 to $6.25; cows, $3.25 to $4.30; heifers, $2.75 to $5.35; bulls, $2.60 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $3.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; slow; choice to prime heavy, $6.65 to $6.72½; medium to good heavy, $6.60 to $6.65; butchers' weights, $6.65 to $6.70; good to choice heavy mixed, $6.60 to $6.65; packing, $5.75 to $6.65.

Sheep—Receipts, 12,500; steady; sheep, $4.25 to $5.50; yearlings, $5 to $6.25; lambs, $4.75 to $7.05.

Edson Fitch Dead.

Quebec, April 20.—The death occurred yesterday morning of Edson Fitch, one of Quebec's best known citizens and proprietor of the largest match splint facory in Canada, if not in the world. He was a native of Glens Falls, N. Y., where he was born in 1835.

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Arr. Rochester	"	2.28 p.m.	....
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The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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"Shall we have the police over?" he asked anxiously.

But, strangely enough, although the thought had occurred to me more than once, it was almost in old Kesteven's words that I replied:

"There are none nearer than Raymond." To that I added, "Besides, I think we two are in no need of assistance against a ruffian or two."

The next two days passed very peaceably. As I am fond of laying my plans ahead, I wrote to Sheppard at his chambers asking him if he were still in town and if he felt disposed to pay me a visit, referring briefly to the strange turn which my fortunes had taken. I saw nothing of the captain, at least at the castle, and for some reason or other I felt no desire to revisit him just now. He had evidently forgotten my invitation, nor did I remind him of it when we met casually upon the road the day after Montgomery's arrival. He gave me a civil greeting, cocking his eye at my companion in his good humored, cynical way, and when we had passed, on looking back, I saw him standing at the crossroads, rod in hand, gazing intently after us. Seeing me do so, he waved his hand and moved off upon his journey. Montgomery was as docile as a spaniel, submitting readily, I suppose, to the superior will, and I had no complaint to make of him save that he wearied me a good deal. He himself, however, had a complaint, for he was grievously disappointed that there had been no bloodshed. We saw not a show of a burglar, and I fancy he thought me in his private mind something of an impostor, which possibly was the very reason which made him strike up an acquaintance with Sercombe. I certainly had no right to protest, for the captain was a pleasant fellow and so far as I knew harmless, and, moreover, life at the castle was not enlivening. But all the same I was a little annoyed to find them upon such close terms with one another.

The third day after Montgomery's arrival I resolved to ride into Raymond to see the little lawyer, and, mounting the black horse which had come to me as part of my inheritance, I left the castle shortly before lunch. The nag was a steady creature, though not very handsome to the eyes, and shortly I was upon the other side of Llanellan and cantering down into the long stretch of forest which lies toward the little town. Here, as it chanced very oddly, whom should I meet but Greenstreet himself, driving out to the castle upon the very point of business on which I was bound for Raymond. Encountering thus we agreed to make a convenience of the locality, since I could not persuade him to turn back with me, and we completed our conversation over a pint of ale at the little hostelry in Llanellan. The transaction was comprised in a brief time, and that finished I turned my horse's head forthright for home.

As I drew near the park gates it wanted a little of 4 by my watch. The sun beamed sharply overhead, and the great ilex by the stone pillars of the gateway threw a black blot of shadow across the drive. I headed the horse across the sward, making for the stables which lay among the farm buildings to the north of the castle. Leaving the animal in charge of the handy man, Williams, I walked back by way of the park, skirting the western wing of the building. Upon this side, as I have said, lay a dense shrubbery, through which the little brook streamed over its pebbly bottom to the waterfall upon the southern declivity of the hill. A pathway ran circuitously through this growth of laurel and box, evidently of comparatively recent origin, and winding by several pretty spots, bordered with the rivulet, finally emerged upon the boundary of the park and joined a cross track from the gateway by a leafy avenue of limes.

As it was early and I was in no mood to face Montgomery all at once, I struck into the shrubbery and sauntered quietly along the pathway. Suddenly at a bend before me and slipping softly round the elbow I beheld the figure of a man, but it was gone ere my senses were fully awake in that sultry afternoon. I stood still a moment, stirred somewhat strangely, and then ran quickly to the corner. Peering round, I caught sight of a figure stealing among the shrubs. It paused a moment and then, as it seemed to me, slipped stealthily through the bushes and disappeared.

The next instant I had recognized Hood. There was nothing very remarkable in this, but what moved my blood was a more curious recognition. Swift as the flight of a swallow there darted into my mind the recollection of another vision. I identified the memory. It came back upon me with an odd sense of perplexity and a still stranger feeling of fear where and when I had first encountered that lean and stealthy body. I had seen the man disappear in the same furtive fashion upon the banks of the stream in the valley below, and what had then arrested my vague memory now also again attacked it, but this time with certain knowledge. This was the man who had been with Mr. Kesteven upon the day on which I had first encountered him in the wood.

The fact astounded me, thrilled through my warm limbs to the very marrow of my bones. And yet it seemed too absurd to be accepted on the spur of a moment's fancy. I stood pondering in a state of excitement and then, hastily turning about, ran in the direction of the castle.

What was Hedd's business there? I asked myself the question without the assurance of an answer. There was really but little to arouse my suspicions, and yet I was agog with curiosity. I entered the castle courtyard and opened the door of the dining hall. The first object that met my eyes was Montgomery sprawling upon the table and stertorous with drunken sleep. Plates were laid for two, and empty bottles upon the table testified to a generous lunch. Leaving him for a moment, I ran upstairs and pushed open my door silently. As I did so there was an exclamation, and I entered and came face to face with Captain Sercombe.

Montgomery sprawled upon the table in a drunken sleep.

He held one hand in his tightly buttoned coat and looked at me with a watchful eye.

"This is very regrettable, Mr. Greatorex," he said.

The apology sounded so ludicrous in my ears that I broke into a tiny laugh and thereby relieved myself. The time for action was come.

"I must apologize," said I, "for my unexpected return, the more particularly as I have no doubt interrupted you on important business."

"Not at all," he said pleasantly; "not at all. I had quite finished."

"Then if you have been successful, Captain Sercombe," said I as pleasantly as himself, "I think we had better understand each other at once."

A slight smile ruffled his puffy face, but he kept his hand in its hiding place. "That will be unnecessary, sir, I assure you," he rejoined. "I fear I am a bad hand at crib cracking."

The effrontery of the man amazed me, but I showed nothing in the face that I wore.

"Why not give it up?" I asked smoothly.

He shrugged his shoulders. "Almost you persuade me," he returned jauntily.

"Fishing," I resumed, "is a more equanimous pastime, Captain Sercombe, I have heard."

"No doubt," he responded equably and glancing at the window. A twitching of his mouth belied his calm appearance, and I was disposed to believe that he contemplated a desperate move. I sat down upon a chair by the door and surveyed him coolly.

"May I ask," said I, "if you have found this sort of thing usually profitable?" I nodded at my bureau.

"I was in hopes this would prove so," he answered smoothly. "I am not an old hand at it."

"But you have able assistants?" I asked.

"Come, come, Mr. Greatorex," he replied, with a touch of impatience in his voice, "let us get to business!"

"By all means," said I. "You will find me a most reasonable man. In my profession I have had occasion several times to deal with your profession."

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If I had expected him to wince at this undisguised thrust I was doomed to disappointment. A smile flitted over his face, and that was all. He withdrew his hand from the breast of his coat. "May I sit down?" he inquired in his most courteous manner.

"Come," said I, "it is rather I who should apply to you for permission."

"We will not stand upon ceremony," he observed, whipping a chair deftly beneath him.

"A very natural sentiment upon your part," I retorted ironically.

"Mr. Greatorex," said he, with his smile and now thoroughly in charge of himself, "there is one thing I pride myself upon, and that is command of my temper."

"A very useful trait—in your profession," I remarked.

The captain took a cigarette from his case. "You will not mind," said he. "The window will air your bedroom." And he puffed the smoke from his nostrils, and it hung about his ragged red mustache. I waited, my eyes fastened on him.

"What are you going to do?" he asked presently.

His own expression carried not a trace of anxiety.

"In these cases," I made answer, "there is a natural course with which her majesty's dutiful subjects do not usually tamper. For my own part I confess that I was at first tempted to take matters into my own hands, but on reflection I do not think I shall interrupt the ordinary course of justice."

"Ah," he said, taking the cigarette from his mouth, "you will call in the law."

I nodded, and a slow smile illumined his red face.

"I think I can persuade you to forego that satisfaction," he said, "though I may possibly find it more difficult to prevent your earlier resolution."

"I am entirely in your hands," said I, smiling to him, for indeed I was now chuckling to myself not only at the man's equanimity, which was quite to my taste, but at my own mastery of the situation.

He looked at me inquiringly, and I was amazed to see the difference in his eyes now. They were tense, sharp, and every trace of idle indifference had left them.

"You are aware, Mr. Greatorex, what we are quarreling over?"

"I assure you, my dear sir," said I, "that I am quarreling over nothing. I am sitting at your feet. Pray continue."

"I think," he said dryly, "that we are beating about the bush. This game of tierce and carte is very well for novices, but we are got beyond that and come to actual quarters. Come, I think this air of yours is a mere affectation which has played its part."

I said nothing save, "I am waiting to hear you, Captain Sercombe."

"You are aware," said he, "what you have in this house." He was watching me very carefully, ready, I did not doubt, to cry off in another direction if I showed my ignorance of his meaning.

"I know what you and your friends are after," said I.

He heaved a sigh of relief.

"Then I table my cards," said he. "You have a piece of paper which I want."

"Exactly," I answered, casting a look at my open bureau. He laughed.

"Oh, I will admit you have the better of me so far," he exclaimed. "But we are not yet at the end of the campaign."

"No," said I; "not until the police from Raymond arrive." He leaned forward and tapped me on the arm very earnestly.

"You mistake me," he said. "I think, Mr. Greatorex, that you do not quite understand the position."

"Upon my soul," said I, "I believe you are right. When a common burglar shall preach to his victim one must indeed revise one's notions of the world."

"You are determined to be flippant, Mr. Greatorex," he replied severely, "and so I will disillusionize you. You have inherited this property from Mr. Kesteven?"

I bowed.

"A gentleman with whom I had not the pleasure of personal acquaintance," he resumed, "but whom I have reasons for considering a very discreet and tenacious man. Now, why, Mr. Greatorex," he said—and he stared at me dispassionately—"now, why do you suppose that Mr. Kesteven did not employ these police of yours?"

The question certainly took me aback. I had never considered it. If the old gentleman had feared an attack, why had he not taken precautions against it? But I was not inclined to make a poor appearance in the argument, and so "He had excellent reasons," I said cheerfully.

"You say well," said he, nodding, but scrutinizing me keenly. "Excellent, indeed, with which, since you are obviously acquainted, you will no doubt understand a good many things which would otherwise puzzle you."

Here I confess he had me again in his hands. "Quite so," I stammered as bravely as possible.

He laughed softly. "I think, Mr. Greatorex, that we had really better understand each other and not be so civil. What you don't know, despite your brave profession of knowledge, is that the treasure disposed in this house is treasure trove—that is, that it was not the property of the late Mr. Kesteven and was not in his power to bequeath, and consequently is not now your property, but the property of her gracious majesty our sovereign queen, less a somewhat infinitesimal percentage which we may term salvage. That, I take it, is a statement which is new to you."

It was, indeed, and now that the facts were revealed to me suddenly and as by magic the many mysteries of the past few weeks were illumined and grew plain. I kept my countenance as well as I might, for all my astonishment, and then—

"This is very interesting," said I, "and I am in your debt for the news."

"Bah, Mr. Greatorex!" he interrupted. "Haven't I said that we must dispense with civilities? Time passes, I have much before me, and we have not concluded our bargain."

"Bargain!" I echoed.

"Why, certainly," said the captain, grinning pleasantly. "I take it that we are enemies, but that we make war upon terms."

"State your terms," said I coldly, having now an inkling as to the new situation.

"That is better," said he approvingly. "In the first place, this contest is a private one, carried on by both sides without public assistance."

"That is very well indeed," said I, "for a party, numbers unknown, against one man."

"If I have gathered any impression of your character, Mr. Greatorex," observed the captain dryly, "during a few days' acquaintance, you will be prompt to destroy that inequality. I put no embargo upon your numbers."

"I give you three minutes to be free of the castle."

"That is good of you," said I sarcastically.

"Secondly," continued he, unmoved and counting on his fingers, "there is no reason why this campaign should breed ill will. I like you, and off duty there is room for exchange of friendly courtesies."

"You forget," I said sharply, "in what relation I find you. There can be no peace between your profession and mine."

He smiled.

"The incident was an unpleasant necessity," said he airily. "But come, Mr. Greatorex, this attitude of high morals would be very well in you were you the proper heir. But what are we but both upon the same level? Robbers, bandits, what you will, certainly with no great reason for pride, and at least I face the position and would ask you to do the same."

The words of the man completely abashed me. And when I considered, he spoke no more than the truth. He said truly when he described us as upon the same level. We were conspiring each in his way against the laws of the country and risking our liberties in an illegal attempt to steal what the custom of the kingdom had claimed as the spoils of the crown. I will admit that the captain's reasoning confounded me, and I was left staring hopelessly at the situation in a kind of humiliation against which I kicked in vain. Yet I was not for his seeing so much as a wink or a blink in me.

"You must not misunderstand me," said I after a pause in which I digested these reflections. "I put my value on my own situation, and I am willing to agree to these terms, so far, at least, as they consort with my own inclinations. You will not look for a greater consideration than I would bestow upon you apart from this struggle in which we are involved?"

"Why, certainly not!" said he gayly and as one who had gained his point.

"Very well," said I, rising. "And that commits us to very little."

"Then, Mr. Greatorex," said he, "we have concluded, and we know where we stand."

At this I pulled myself up short, and, fetching my watch out of my pocket, I said:

"I know this, Captain Sercombe, that I give you three minutes to be free of the castle and outside the gate. After that time I will take what steps I choose against burglars."

The smile vanished from his face and was succeeded by a nasty frown. "You forget," he said, "that I am here as an invited guest."

"What, in my chamber?" said I hotly. "The devil take your invitation That I reserve for myself!"

He came into the passage. "I believe," said he as amiably as ever, "that I am now within the precincts of my right and within the rights of hospitality."

"As you choose," said I sullenly. "And that being so, I will trouble you to awaken your host from a drunken slumber, concocted I know not how."

"My dear sir," said the captain, laughing now quite cheerfully, "there is no concoction necessary, I assure you. A bottle of whisky or Burgundy to his elbow and my young friend Montgomery asks nothing better. And I trust that you will give me credit for this, that I do not trespass upon another gentleman's cellars."

"No," said I. "You keep sober, I grant you," and stalked somewhat angrily down the stairs.

Montgomery lay where I had left him, but lifted his head upon our entrance, glaring with a stupid and miserable eye upon us.

"Ah," said the captain pleasantly, "my young friend is himself again, or at least wants but a bucket of cold water!" And he clapped him on the back in a friendly fashion.

"You had better take him away," said I curtly, but at that remark and after glancing from one to the other the boy's eyes rested upon my face with a look of consternation, and suddenly he buried his face in his arms with a sort of sob.

"Faith, I am in the way here," said the captain merrily, and without more ado he shuffled out of the house, leaving me alone with the wretched youth.

I stood for a time regarding him with indifference, but presently another mood overtook me. He was honest and leal, I could swear, but he was an arrant fool and had a very sorry vice.

"Montgomery," said I, "you have been guilty of a grave breach of faith. But so far we are not the losers by it, and I think if you will take the advice of your friend, the captain, we shall be in a better condition to discuss this presently."

He took the hint, turned from me a blotchy face of shame and hurried with little dignity from the room. It was half an hour ere he returned and presented me an air of determination which I could guess had been assumed with difficulty. It was then that, without referring to his own conduct, I explained in a general way the harm he had done me.

"You have said hard words to me, Mr. Greatorex," he said, "none the less hard because they are true."

I appreciated the struggle which had been contested in the silly head.

"As it turned out, you have done me less mischief than you think," I replied.

"That is no excuse," he retorted hotly. "I have acted like a cad, but I will ask you to believe that I have the best will in the world to be your friend."

"You could be a very good friend to me," I answered, "if you would obey orders. A good soldier, Montgomery, has a scrupulous conscience while on duty. Outside that he may be what he will."

"I have done what I would all my life," he said moodily. "And I am all the worse for it."

"That is very likely," said I dryly. "But now you have the chance to amend."

He looked up eagerly. "Do you give me another chance?" he asked earnestly. "Mr. Greatorex, I will ask no questions. I don't pretend to understand the position. But you are free to use me."

"I am going to trust you," I answered him, "and in proof of my resolve I will leave you in charge here tomorrow."

An expression of satisfaction lit up his features.

"You will not regret it," he said. "And as for that scoundrel Sercombe"—he paused, with a savage look of dislike—"I will catch him and break his bottles over his head."

CHAPTER VII.

I HAD already resolved that it would be folly to depend upon Montgomery alone. Now that he was aroused and upon his guard I had no doubt of his constancy for a few days. But there was no saying how soon he might relapse. And in any case I needed a wiser head than his to oppose the cunning of the enemy, not to say that we should welcome two more strong arms should it come to the fact of war. That the captain and his friends, whoever they were, were in deep earnest and would stick at little I was by this time fully convinced. It was very plain that we were none of us in a position to demand assistance from the law. We were adventurers all, and now that I had had time to face the thought I confessed it without a blush, resolved, if anything, that it was a virtuous action to baffle such a pack of hardened scoundrels. But several duties importuned me greatly—of which one was to determine how far this plot had run and the particulars and persons of our enemies. Sercombe himself was one, and I had no doubt that he was co-operating cordially with Hood, that sleek and impassive scamp. Questions upon Barnett also flickered in my mind, and for the rest I must keep my senses brisk and my wits awake.

But the most instant task lay before me that morning and had been decided ere I went to bed the previous evening. I must have Sheppard or Rogers to help me against these odds, and that forthright. Here again I was confronted with a third necessity and luckily saw a means to conjoin both. These rascals were after my piece of parchment, without which their own fragment was useless. I must dispose of this at once and get rid of so much peril at the least. It was true that I might possibly drag Sheppard down by the telegraph, but then again this was most uncertain in a man of his temperament. He would want the persuasion of a sudden impulse and above all a stirring narrative to thrill his pulses such as might be presented to him in a personal interview.

Moreover, if I went to London my paper should go with me. And what was easier than to persuade Sheppard and secure my document at one throw? These considerations pointed to a journey to town, and that I must take at once and before either Montgomery's ardor had failed or the enemy had prepared a blow. I reckoned upon an interval of time after the recent exchanges between myself and the captain. What quickened my intentions was an incident which occurred shortly after breakfast and while I was still debating the dangers of the situation. I went to my room at 11 and began to pack a valise methodically in the manner of a man who has all his life been used to his own labors. The last and the most important particular in this work was to put up my writing case securely. To make sure of my precious paper I unlocked the case and took out the sheet. I was upon the point of replacing it when I suddenly decided to put it in my pocket, which accomplished I buttoned my coat tightly.

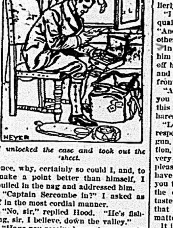
At this moment I heard the noise of a snapping bough and hastily looked forth by the window. The lowermost branch of a sycamore that stood upon the edge of the moat hung swinging in the air and showing a great gap of naked white wood. I sprang up, put my head out of the window and could just catch a sight of some one vanishing round the corner of the building. This news of the enemy came very sharply upon me, and without stopping to complete my packing I ran out of the door and took the stairs three steps at a time. But no stranger was visible when I emerged upon the park, and I was driven back upon Mrs. Main. Here I had a clew, for certainly a stranger had come up to the castle by the gates half an hour before; but, according to the housekeeper, no mystery enveloped him. He had rung manfully at the bell and demanded Mr. Williams, and had been sent on to the farm buildings by Mrs. Main herself, who had overseen his interview with the housemaid.

"What was this man like?" I asked.

"He was a short, dark young fellow, sir," said she, "and something odd about him." But what that oddness was she could not tell, and completed the picture by ascribing to him "a squint and somethink funny-like in his walk," adding again and with a sudden elation, "Like what a sailor might be."

I strode off to find Williams at the stables. The stranger had been there. Of that there was no question. Williams, a sharp, undersized and black avised Welshman, with a passion of sentiment in his meager body, confirmed the description given by Mrs. Main. The man had inquired if there was any chance of a job, but seemed (so thought Williams) inconsiderably concerned as to whether there was or was not. He added that the intruder was a foreigner, but to this statement I paid no attention, as to the Welsh and indeed to all country people the word implies little more than stranger. It was plain, however, that the fellow was my arboreal spy, and that was all I wanted, as, in fact, it was more than enough. I admit that I was disconcerted, but the more resolute to go forward with my London expedition. I have said that I reckoned upon an interval of truce. My ideas were destined to a rude subversal.

It was upon 3 when I started to ride into Raymond, for upon second thought I decided to leave my valise behind and put up with the provision of my own chambers in the Temple. As I reached the Woodman the thin figure of Hood was discernible smoking in front of his door. From the distance I saw that he was talking with a companion, but when I drew level with the inn the second man had disappeared. Hood straightened himself on the sight of me, took his pipe from his mouth and touched his hat with his habitual respectfulness. I had been wondering how the man would demean himself, aware as I was of his connection in some way with the plot against me. But not a trace of discomfort or confusion showed in his face, which was as grave as ever. He was clothed in a suit of very dark tweed, his brown face, cut very clean and without an ounce of waste flesh, cool as a statue's, the thin smoke rising from the pipe which he held behind his back. If a valet could wear this face of indifference, why, certainly so could I, and, to make a point better than himself, I pulled in the nag and addressed him.



I unlocked the case and took out the sheet.

"Captain Sercombe in?" I asked as if in the most cordial manner.

"No, sir," replied Hood. "He's fishing, sir, I believe, down the valley."

"Have you received your legacy yet?" I asked.

"Yes, sir; thank you, sir," said Hood. "Very acceptable, sir, from my poor master."

"I wonder what made him leave you that?" I asked.

"I have wondered myself, sir," he said. "But he was a kind master, and he seems to have been pretty eccentric, as you might say, in his manner of leaving."

"Look here, my man," said I, "what were you doing that Tuesday afternoon by the stream yonder when your master met with his accident?"

Hood's luminous eyes rested on mine for an instant, but he never moved a muscle. "I was with my poor master," he said.

I laughed. "Assisting him no doubt." I said dryly.

"No, sir; struggling with him," came the answer, pat as you please. I stared at him in amazement at the effrontery of the admission.

"Upon my soul," said I, "I am not sure but I ought to give you in charge! You admit you were robbing your master."

"No, sir," said Hood quietly. "You came too soon, sir."

I shook my reins with an oath. I could make nothing of the fellow. Hood stepped back as the horse shied.

"Thank you, sir; good afternoon, sir," said he civilly, and I struck my whip into the flanks of the animal and rode off without so much as a nod.

I was utterly confounded by this genteel, civil spoken scoundrel, with his impassive audacity. It began to dawn upon me now in what relations these men had stood. The legacy I attributed, as no doubt did the recipient, to a piece of eccentricity on Kesteven's part. But I had more than an inkling now of the plan of treatment which he had adopted. Hood knew too much, and he was bound to keep up appearances with him. Kesteven had a good idea of the danger with which he was threatened, had probably discharged the man with that knowledge, and yet up to the close he must needs keep his secret by a feint of his former kindly relations. I remarked several occasions upon which Hood had made an appearance in our conversation, and I now recognized the way in which his name was treated.

I rode into the reach of forest beyond Llanellan and presently came out upon a more open spot, where the trees hemmed in a piece of ground tufted with bush and bracken. At a turn of the road beyond me I saw a figure, seemingly that of a clergyman, walking to meet me. As I made this mental observation and without a note of warning there came the crack of a gun, and a bullet plowed a ridge in the grass before the horse's belly. The beast reared and came down upon his haunches, nearly throwing me, and I was aware that the man in front was running toward me, shouting. As I steadied the horse my eyes went in another direction and lit upon Sercombe stalking easily toward me, with a gun upon his arm. The two men came up to me about the same time.

"I hope there is no accident," gasped the clergyman. Sercombe put out his hand.

"Good afternoon, Mr. Morgan," said he. "How do you do, Greatorex?" he continued coolly. "No, I am glad to say there's no harm done, is there, Greatorex? But it's all my fault. This infernal undergrowth diverted the shot. I hope it did not scare you too much?" he asked, smiling at me.

I was too much astounded and far too indignant for words. "I thought I'd got the hare all right," he resumed amiably to the clergyman. "Lucky for you, Greatorex, as well as for me." And then turning to me, "Do you know Mr. Morgan, the vicar of Llanellan? My friend, Mr. Greatorex, you know—lately succeeded to the castle yonder. A fine property. I envy him."

His impudence was startling. Here was a man who had just made a barefaced attempt upon my life (for that was how I conceived it), and he was engrossing the conversation upon friendly terms and in the most cheerful spirit between his intended victim and the stranger who had all but actually witnessed his atrocious act of treachery. The bare audacity had left me gaping at the outset of the encounter, but the very process of his easy talk served to give me my wits again, and I was able to meet him upon his own terms, which I did, delivering a long, keen glance at him.

"I am afraid you are an indifferent sportsman, Captain Sercombe," said I after I had acknowledged the introduction ceremoniously. "You do better with the rod than with the gun. I see I must take you in hand for a lesson. When you see me shoot I shall shoot straight, even if the enemy be a hare."

Sercombe laughed and patted my horse's flank. The vicar looked from one to the other in some bewilderment, as well he might, for we had disposed of a curious incident somewhat cavalierly.

"I am pleased to have made your acquaintance, Mr. Greatorex," said he. "And I trust we shall see more of each other."

In my heart I hoped not, but I gave him the proper rejoinder, and, taking off his hat, he moved away. Sercombe and I were left upon the roadway confronting each other.

"And now, sir," said I quietly, "will you be good enough to tell me what this means, and why you shoot at hares with bullets?"

"Let me walk with you a little way," responded the captain, shouldering his gun. Suiting his action to the invitation, he marched beside me. "It is very plain, Mr. Greatorex," said he pleasantly. "It means that you must have a lesson, but I need not assure you that I bear no ill will to you. On the contrary, I have taken a great taste for you. But it is obvious to you that sentiment has no place in a mere matter of business."

It is not an uncommon practice with me to carry a pistol, and certainly, if it had never entered my head before, I think that the strange fortunes of the last week would have persuaded me to the precaution. As it was, the revolver lay to my hand in my coat pocket, and I took my course forthwith. Whipping round the horse, I drew and presented the weapon at his heart.

"You will do me the favor, Captain Sercombe," said I sharply, "to hand over your cartridges."

An indefinite expression of surprise passed over his face. He was evidently taken aback, and his high color strengthened. "Oh, come, my dear sir," said he. "I ask you to consider if it be worth while. For my own part, I have no desire to fire in your back, nor dare I if I had. You see, I am plain with you."

He certainly was, and I saw at once

(To be continued.)

MRS. E. B. DAVIDSON.

The Only Woman Bank President In New England.

York, Me., is the proud claimant of the only woman bank president in New England, Mrs. Elizabeth Burleigh Davidson. She is the head of the York County National bank. It is a flourishing institution, and in summer many deposits are made by the famous visitors to the harbor.

The bank was organized in February, 1893, with James T. Davidson president and W. M. Walker vice president. Mrs. Davidson at that time was very much interested in her home duties, and these home duties were as arduous as the duties of the head of a bank, for in the Davidson family there were six lively children. In 1901 Mr. Davidson died. Vice President Walker was elected as his successor, and Mrs. Davidson, to the general surprise of Maine people, was made vice president of the institution.

MRS. ELIZABETH BURLEIGH DAVIDSON.

Mrs. Davidson was very well informed on the business of the bank. Besides, she is possessed of a bright and alert mind. She stepped into the active life of the institution as though she had worked in the world of finance for many years. From the beginning of her financial career she showed much enthusiasm and acumen. Every day she spent several hours in her office, consulted the directors on investments and even ventured to suggest many avenues for profitable use of the funds.

The other officers ceased to regard her as a woman; they accepted her on a basis of masculine ability; they regarded her as one of themselves. Consequently, when the president of the bank died, in 1903, the directors unanimously elected Mrs. Davidson to the office. In her higher position she showed even greater activity and sagacity. She assumed undisputed control of the institution. Other banking men in the state, when they heard of her, smiled; later they said she was a very bright woman. They came to have much respect for her financial shrewdness and cleverness. The York County National bank received a higher rating and has become more successful than ever under Mrs. Davidson's management.—Boston Herald.

Clothes and the Working Girl.

"We try to impress our pupils with the fact that they must look the part when they are applying for situations," said a teacher of stenography in speaking of his business. "It's a lesson we find hard to teach, especially to the pretty ones, who insist on looking their best, but we had a case the other day which we will be able to use as an argument and illustration in the future. A girl who when she left us was a first class stenographer came back to complain that she couldn't get a place. She wore a picture hat and jewels and looked more like a duchess than a working girl and said she had been chasing a job three days without success. We told her we would guarantee her a place at the end of a day's search if she would dress as we told her. She agreed to this, and we removed the jewels, replaced the picture hat with a modest and unpretentious one and told her to put on neat white cuffs. She did this and got work upon the second application."—Philadelphia Record.

Chocolate Mousse.

A mousse is a dish that is made with whipped cream and frozen without being stirred. When the frozen mass is cut into, it has a texture like the fine moss found in the dense forests. The dish will take a long time to harden, but the labor of preparing it is slight. Whip a quart of cream for a chocolate mousse, being careful to drain off all liquid cream. Scrape an ounce of chocolate, melt it, and put it into a small pan with three tablespoonfuls of sugar and one tablespoonful of boiling water. Stir it over a hot fire until smooth and glossy—that is, for about a minute—then add six tablespoonfuls of whipped cream and stir into the dish of whipped cream. Add a scant cupful of sugar and stir gently until the ingredients are thoroughly mixed. Turn the mixture into the mold you are to use, which should have been previously packed in ice and salt until thoroughly chilled. Cover it and set it away in a cool place for four hours.

A Kitchen Clothesline.

Articles required: One small single pulley, one small double pulley, three screw hooks, a bunch of clothesline and a pole, light and strong. Place two of the screw hooks in the ceiling at a distance apart equal to the length of the pole. Pass one end of the rope through one side of the double pulley, through the single pulley and tie to one end of the pole, then pass the other end of the rope through the other side of the double pulley and fasten to the other end of the pole, says Success. Put into the wall at a convenient height the third screw hook so that it will be under one of the screw hooks in the ceiling. Then hang the pulleys—the double one over the screw hook in the wall—to the screw hooks in the ceiling. This will leave a loop of rope in which knots are tied so that the pole may be either at the ceiling for drying clothes or fairly low to put clothes on it.

Almond Meal.

The best formula for almond meal is as follows: Shell and blanch enough sweet almonds to measure two ounces and pound or grind to powder. One of the small pepper mills is fine for this. Then add one ounce of ground cuttle fish bone, the kind you keep in the canary bird's cage, and it is so light that an ounce makes a quantity. Grind an ounce of white soap, the kind that has a great deal of palm oil in it; half an ounce of orris root powdered and quarter of a dram of oil of lavender. Mix the orris with the almond powder, add the oil of lavender, then four drops of the oil of cloves. Mix well, then add the cuttle fish and the soap last. Keep this in a glass jar and use instead of soap.

A Figure Maker.

"Just imagine," said a fashionable modiste to one of her customers who was deploring her ungraceful figure, "that you have a diamond pin attached to your waist just at the edge of that yoke and that you are anxious that others should see it. Unconsciously you raise the chest up and out, and in so doing you have put every part of the body into its proper relationship with every other part. You are standing or sitting, as the case may be, correctly, you are enabled to breathe properly, the poise of the head is right, and so on. It's wonderful what that little suggestion will do for me."

Washing White Clothes.

White clothes can be washed very easily by following these directions: At night dip the white clothes, one piece at a time, in cold water, soap each article, roll it up tight and place in a tub; when all the things have been manipulated, fill the tub with cold water. In the morning wring the pieces out into clean hot water (not boiling), wash in a machine or on a board and rinse. Do not use bluing, as the soap supplies all you need in that line. Do not boil them, as that makes the articles yellow. Much time and labor are saved, and the clothes will be beautifully white.

Dust.

A very simple experiment made by an eminent bacteriologist determines in a startling manner the potential dangers associated with accumulations of dust in living rooms. A pin point was used to convey as much dust as so small a vehicle will carry. This yielded no less than 3,000 colonies of living germs, when cultivated on gelatin, and although, fortunately, every species was not representative of disease, yet the majority were potent sources of decomposition and danger to health.

The Bathtub.

The bath is a little tiresome to keep in good condition unless great care is taken. When the enamel is dirty and discolored take some paraffin, dip a piece of flannel into it and keep rubbing the bath gently until all dirt is removed; then wash with warm soap and water. Zinc goods can be made to look like new in this way. Paraffin is used in many ways and is of wonderful assistance to the housewife while waging her war against dirt.

A Cozy Tea Table.

One of the prettiest, coziest tea tables seen lately was that on which Bulgarian embroidery mats, all in scarlet on canvas, were used. There were a centerpiece and square mats in wonderful openwork. A glass vase of scarlet nasturtiums and blue and white china made the table attractive and homelike.

Little Economies.

Do not throw away your lemon peel. Fill a bottle with rectified spirit, and, when using lemons, cut off the yellow part of the rind and place in the spirit. You will find this quite as good as the essence of lemon which is sold in the shops. Essence of orange can be made in the same way.

Look Pleasant.

Don't, if you are a woman with a sad face, try to look still sadder. Chirk up; smile; make your mouth into a Cupid's bow; force yourself to look animated; try to be expressive with your eyes. A sad, wan face never won out in a beauty contest.

Soap bark jelly is the best all around cleansing agent that a woman can keep on hand. It may be prepared by putting a handful of soap bark in a quart of boiling water and letting it cool.

Old sheets and other pieces of linen should never be thrown away, but kept in a convenient place for use in case of cuts or burns or other accidents.

In a sickroom do not sit on the edge of the bed or rattle leaves of a book or newspaper or swing back and forth in a rocking chair.

For red cheeks some good iron or sulphur preparation taken internally is the best thing.

MANAGING A HOME.

The Woman With a Small Family and No Servant.

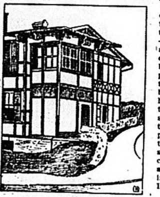
If you do not keep a servant and your family is small, don't "do" the supper dishes at night. Leave them until morning. Pack them up, scraping them a bit more thoroughly than you would to do them at once. If you have had eggs, wash the silver. Arrange the dining room and then go into the sitting room and sit down with "him." He will probably pick up his paper pretty soon, but by the time the babies are put to bed he will usually have finished it, and if the finishing of the paper coincides with your re-entry he will probably lose his impulse to go downtown if he had it.

Let an atmosphere of quiet and leisure prevail after supper. It will lead to pleasant things in the way of closer friendship and rosier sentiment. You can wear a daintier frock simply to get supper than you can if the work is to be done. And the gown counts, my dear girls, at thirty odd and over. It may not take you long to do the dishes, but even that half hour of alien occupation is enough to break the spell of the tea table talk, to loosen again just a little the hold you should at once take upon the heart side of "him" when his day's work is over. The spell is not abated while you are engaged in putting the babies to bed, especially if you sometimes invite him to assist at that function. Anyway it means a half hour longer with him. That is a good deal of time in a year for extra sweethearting. Next morning the dishes will take longer, and they may be sticky, but you are not paying for your pleasure until after you have had it, and the price is not high. Sometimes it will seem to be fruitless for a time, sometimes it simply cannot be done for awhile. I speak with all this in mind, but try it, try it, do it when you can. This is out of my own heart and experience.—M. C. P. in Healthy Home.

CANVAS COVERED HOUSE.

The Tough Cloth Takes the Place of Plaster or Cement.

In a suburb of New York city stands a house of the style of the Swiss chalet. Its owner learned that there are disadvantages connected with the use of rough cast plaster or cement, such as is commonly used in the exterior finish of a house of this type. It is almost impossible to prevent ugly cracks appearing in the plaster from time to time. The successful use of canvas on yachts and other craft constantly exposed to the weather suggested an idea. When his house was ready for its final exterior finish the owner purchased a quantity of stout sail cloth and nailed it securely to the sides of his house, over a lining of building paper, before adding the cleats that form the paneling. The canvas was painted gray, in imitation of plaster, and the deception to the eyes of the casual observer is complete. In a dozen years no crack or injury of any kind has appeared, and each successive coat of paint simply adds to the durability of the canvas, which has been proved to possess remarkable qualities of resistance to cold and dampness.—Good Housekeeping.


HOUSE FINISHED IN CANVAS.

Celery Jelly.

A writer in a household magazine recommends the following celery jelly: Cover two cups of celery stalks cut in small pieces with one pint of hot water. Add a few slices of onion, two sprigs of parsley, salt and paprika to suit the taste. Let it simmer for about three-quarters of an hour, then strain through a cheesecloth bag, allowing the liquid to be perfectly clear. Add to the celery water two tablespoonfuls of gelatine softened in a quarter of a cup of cold water and squeeze in the juice of one large lemon. Strain again on to a large platter wet in cold water. It should form a layer an inch thick. When cold and thoroughly hardened cut it into small squares and fancy shapes. Use five or six to garnish each plate of salad. This garnish would probably be nice with a chicken salad served with mayonnaise.

Coddled Eggs.

Until you have eaten a coddled egg you don't know just how delicious a soft boiled egg can be. Have your water boiling and have ready an earthen bowl or jar of some thickness, which you have previously made hot. Place your eggs in the bowl and pour on the boiling water. Then cover the bowl with a tight cover and put over it also a cozy or a folded napkin. In five or six minutes the eggs will be done, soft boiled to a consistency that it is impossible to gain in the ordinary way. One beauty of this plan is that the eggs are placed on the table together with the fruit, cereal and coffee, and by the time one course is finished the eggs are ready, without the necessity of watching over a stove or of getting up from the table to go after them in the absence of a maid.

USE OF PERFUMES.

Open Scent Bottle In Wardrobe Gives a Delicate Odor.

Two thousand dollars is the modest sum spent every year for perfumery by one American woman, well known both in London and New York society.

"I happen to know this," says the representative of an English perfumery house, "because she gets her goods direct from us. Scores of other women, both English and American, think it necessary to spend two or three hundred dollars every twelvemonth for scents. Ten or twenty dollars a bottle is nothing to the woman who can afford it, or the man either for that matter, and in my opinion people are quite justified in spending money that way if they have it, but those who haven't should try to get the same thing in a commoner bottle for a dollar. You see I am perfectly frank.

"A good deal has been said about the vulgarity of perfume. Of course there are vulgar perfumes, just as there is low music or art. The real reason, I think, for the prejudice some have against perfumes is that the scent bottle is made too evident. A woman of taste will not smother herself in perfume. It is not a rapid evaporation of strong scent that she delights in, but a very faint, clinging fragrance. A good way to secure that result is to leave a bottle open, so that the perfumery may evaporate in your wardrobe. It takes a long time for the subtlest part of the scent to get into every fiber of the clothes, but when you wear those clothes there is no vulgarity about them. You carry a kind of fragrant presence about with you."—New York Tribune.

THE BABY.

A Few Points by a Doctor About Its Training.

A baby can be taught to go to sleep at a certain hour in its own bed without breast or bottle and without a light just as well as it can be taught the opposite.

I have no patience with parents who want to drag a baby from one place to another, let every one handle it, trot it and excite it. Another point along the same line: We do not do our duty when we neglect to instruct parents in reference to punishment of children, telling the children the policeman will get them, cut off their ears, etc. Many an idiot and nervous wreck is the result of such training.

Raising babies on artificial food in our cities is a fearfully discouraging task. Above all else, here is where attention to detail and little things counts—attention not for a day, but weeks and months. The majority of sick, emaciated, rachitic, deformed children brought to my clinic are the result of poor artificial feeding. As to the little things in diagnosing babies' troubles, what a mine of information we have in the sleep, the cry, the gestures and the expression! The single sharp, shrill cry in the dead of night, tuberculosis of brain or bone; the suppressed cry, pleurisy; the "quack of the duck" cry, post pharyngeal abscess; the sudden and long continued cry, with every evidence of pain, earache or colic. And so we might go on indefinitely.—Dr. Phillips in Healthy Home.

KITCHEN HELPS.

Dishcloths should be boiled with soda once or twice a week.

Salt sprinkled on any substance that is burning on a stove will stop the smoke and smell.

Add borax to the water in which the dish towels are washed and it will aid in making them white and soft.

If housewives would remember to put a towel, folded several times, in the bottom of the dishpan there would be less broken thin glasses.

A cupful of vinegar placed in an open basin on the stove while cabbage, cauliflower, onions or fish are cooking will permeate the kitchen with its aroma and do away with unpleasant odors.

Empty pasteboard cracker boxes and the clean white wooden boxes that chocolate comes in, which are lined with paraffin paper, are excellent to bake sponge cake in. They will not burn, and the paper prevents them sticking.

Woman's Narrow Horizon.

A government employer of many women clerks has declared that not one in twenty reads the papers or knows anything of geography or contemporary events, says Success Magazine. "Ask them if the Panama canal is to be at sea level or not, and they will stare as if you were talking Chinese," he complained. "They may read the horrors in the papers, but they skip everything of value." He had his finger flatly on one of woman's chief defects—the lack of broad, impersonal interests. The average girl's horizon is bounded on the north by her clothes, on the south by her social relations, on the east by her private hopes and on the west by her income—four solid walls that shut out very thoroughly the world's light and movement. She can never go far in any but mechanical work until she has climbed out into wider horizons, and she will be at the world's mercy until she opens her mind by an interest in what happens outside her circle of acquaintance.

Old Papers.

Save washing and dusters by using old newspapers for cleaning. They are excellent for window polishers, first rate for scouring tinware and are as good as a brush for polishing a stove. The prudent woman will always keep a good pad of newspaper at hand and use it for wiping up grease or water spilled on the gas or coal cooking stove, for it will enable her to keep the stove clean with half the usual trouble.

COCOANUT WARE.

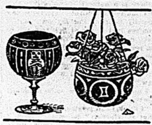
Pretty Ornaments That Can Be Made Out of the Shells.

The next time you buy a cocoanut instead of throwing away the hard shell let it be the nucleus of a set of cocoanut ware, for the ugly, hairy shell may be converted into a beautifully carved vase, drinking cup or flower holder if you follow the directions given below.

The first operation consists of scraping off all the growing fiber from the outside with a piece of broken glass. Be sure to work in the same direction in which the strands run.

After this outer coating is cleared away go carefully over the same surface with your knife until it is symmetrical. Then rub the surface to a perfect smoothness with a piece of sandpaper, wiping away all superfluous dust. Rub beeswax or a candle end over the surface and into the nut with the hands and a piece of old silk (do not use woolly cloth). Continued application results in a fine mahogany colored polish, leaving the nut hard and very smooth.

Saw off the top of the thick end. You must use your own judgment as to how much is to be removed, as that will depend upon what you intend to make—vase, drinking cup or flower holder. Each shape must govern the amount to be taken off.


SAMPLES OF COCOANUT WARE.

The sharp edge of the bowl must be cut off outside and in and then sandpapered and polished with the beeswax. Cut out the contents of the nut and sandpaper the interior; and at last you are ready to display your skill as a wood, or, rather, nut carver.

Take the end of a needle or the end of a compass leg and sketch out your design on the polished outside surface, or, if you are not expert with a pencil, cut from some old magazine an outline picture which pleases you and paste it on the nut in the position you wish your decoration to be. Now take a sharp knife and cut through this picture into the nut, following the outlines of the picture.

As your lines are bound to be more or less wobbly on account of the round surface you have to work on select some design suggestive of Indian work, as the Aztec style of decoration, as shown in the drawing. This does not require any very great art and is very effective.

When you have cut your design out, you may beautify it still more by painting the parts in low relief with white, or, what is better, gold, paint, and the cup is finished except for the holder, which you may obtain for a few cents from any carpenter who owns a wood turning lathe.

A set of half a dozen such pieces of cocoanut ware will more than repay for the work required in making it by the attention it will attract as a beautiful and unique curiosity.

"Program" and "Programme."

Our boys and girls have noticed, of course, that the dropping of the "me" from the word "programme" is becoming more and more general. This is not so much in obedience to the demands of the so called "phonetic reform" as it is a move toward uniformity in spelling words that have the termination "gram." The word comes regularly from the Greek "programma," and really should be "programme," but the advocates of the shorter form say that if we write "diagram," "telegram," "epigram," etc., we might as well write "program," especially as the final "me" is not sounded. But you should not fall into the incorrect pronunciation that many people are guilty of and say "pro-grum." The accent is on the first syllable of course, but the "gram" is distinctly sounded like "am."—Exchange.

Be Polite.

School children are most apt to be guilty of a certain breach of street etiquette. This is the forming of a group on the pavement so that the knot of people interfere with passersby or the walking together three or four abreast, so that the same hindrance is presented. Please try to remember that, while the street is meant for you as much as for any one else, it is meant for any one else as much as for you.

Conundrums.

In what color should our friendship be kept? In violet (inviolate).

Why is India ink like a cunning Hottentot? Because it is a deep black.

There is a well known word in the English language, the two first letters of which signify a male, the three first a female, the four first a great man and the whole a great woman. He, her, hero, heroine.

Marie's Accident.

"Now tell me why you cry, Marie."
"I've had an accident," sobbed she.

"Where are your bruises? Dearie me!
What was your accident, Marie?"

"I almost tumbled down," she said,
"And very nearly bumped my head!"
—Della Hart Stone in St. Nicholas.

WOMEN AND CAREERS.

The Change That Has Come In the Last Half Century.

"Once it was difficult, almost impossible, for a girl of breeding to have a career," said Juliet Wilbor Tompkins in Success Magazine. "Think of poor Jane Austen dropping her white sewing hastily over her writing when a guest came in that she might not be called ungenteel! And it is only fifty-seven years since Elizabeth Blackwell, applying for permission to win a medical diploma, was refused by a dozen colleges, one of which added to its refusal the interesting statement that 'it would be unbecoming and immoral to see a woman instructed in the nature and laws of her organism.' Now, in the United States alone, there are seven medical colleges for women besides the men's colleges to which they are admitted, over 7,000 are practicing physicians and surgeons, and the theories for and against such things are being forgotten in the light of their actual work. The same opposition met every new venture. About fifty years ago an Englishman tried to introduce watchmaking among his countrywomen, a delicate and profitable trade in which hundreds of Swiss women were employed, but his initial lecture on the subject was mobbed and broken up by British prejudice, and, though three venturesome souls did try to follow his suggestion and learn the trade, persecution finally obliged them to give it up. Now there are over 4,000 watch and clock makers in the United States, and a woman may learn any trade she pleases without opposition, almost without comment."

THE SIMPLE HOUSE.

How It May Be Achieved In an Easy, Natural Way.

The simple house must not only be simple, but it must be good. Its simplicity is not that of mere bareness. That is something quite different. Simplicity in house design does not mean a mere denuding of ornament or its deliberate omission. It means that the house must be designed in a simple way that is also beautiful. Simplicity of design is based on structural development. In the hands of the skilled designer these structural lines become also lines of beauty. The construction, therefore, becomes beautiful construction, and the simple house is achieved in a natural, beautiful way.

Plainness, severity, commonplaceness, barrenness, must not be confused with simplicity. There must be artistic effort or the house will be completely wanting in external merit. A fussy house will not necessarily be made beautiful by stripping it of its ornament. It may be bettered—at least it will be rid of unnecessary parts. The evil is more deeply rooted than that. It lies in the very bone and sinew of the house, and the remedy, if there can be a remedy, must be applied to the whole structure.

Mere plainness in house building has no positive qualities of excellence. A house that is merely plain and with no other quality has nothing else to recommend it. The simple house, on the other hand, has beauty in its simplicity, a beauty due to its fine lines and to the harmony of all the parts.—American Homes and Gardens.

TOILET TIPS.

Be careful to use only the mildest, blandest, purest, unscented soaps when bathing.

Rose water, eight ounces, and tincture of benzoin, two drams, make one of the best skin tonics and whiteners.

The orange stick is the only nail cleaner necessary. The stick properly pointed will not injure the enamel or the cuticle around the nail.

To have the best possible effect from face creams the surface of the skin must be thoroughly dry. Any moisture will prevent the pores from absorbing the cream.

A 3 per cent solution of boracic acid is invaluable as a bath for tired eyes. It is also exceedingly effective to use as a bath for the face if the skin has become muddy.

Improper bathing—that is, bathing that is only a half portion of a cleansing—will cause the complexion to become muddy and yellow, just as improper and partial laundering will ruin a fine piece of linen.

Dinner Serving.

In serving dinner the maid holds plates and large dishes in her hand, but passes sugar, cream, olives and small dishes from a small tray covered with a doily. Service plates which remain on the table generally during the soup and shellfish courses are removed by the maid with her left hand when she slips the plate of the meat course into place with her right hand. When the hostess has unusually handsome plates she wishes to display they remain through the meal up to the dessert, says the Brooklyn Times. All dishes are removed by the maid before serving the dessert and the table gone over with a silver crumb knife. Fancy plates holding finger bowls and tiny doilies are placed before the guest when the dessert is of fruit or cold dishes.

An Old Beauty Recipe.

An old beauty recipe reads: Take half a teacupful of fine oatmeal and gradually stir it into a pint of boiling water, using a double saucepan for the purpose to prevent any possibility of burning. Let boil till clear looking; then strain through a cloth, boil again and once more strain. To this add enough rose water to make it pour easily and about an ounce of glycerin. This may be perfumed in any way you like and is recommended to rub into the skin to prevent roughness. Bottle and shake well before using.

LAKE ONTARIO & BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., LIMITED.

Str. "Aletha"
Between
Belleville--Picton--Kingston

Commencing April 17th, steamer will leave Belleville for Picton, Kingston and intermediate Bay of Quinte ports on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.00 a.m. Returning will arrive on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10.20 p.m.

Right reserved to change time with or without notice.

Freight handled promptly and with care.

For further information apply to E. E. HORSEY, General Manager. THE SCHUSTER CO., Agents, Belleville, Ont.

Ontario & Quebec Navigation Co.

STR. ALEXANDRIA
Thoroughly refitted,

Will commence the season with an excursion to Rochester, N. Y.

Saturday, April 28th

Leaving Belleville 11 a.m., returning, will leave Charlotte 8.30 Sunday evening. Fare for round trip, $2.25.

For further particulars apply to the Schuster Co., agents.

Many Women have Kidney Trouble

and don't know it. They attribute their ill-health to weakness." Dragging pains in the hips, backache, nervousness, tiredness, headaches—are more often caused by sick kidneys. If your kidneys are not well, the other delicate organs are disturbed and inflamed, bringing on the horrors of female weakness and the serious troubles often attending pregnancy.

Bu-Ju
THE GENTLE KIDNEY PILL

cures these cases of "Female Weakness" because they cure the Kidneys. They promptly restore the Kidneys to health, allay inflammation, take away the pains, and make the delicate organs well and strong.

At druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c.
THE CLAFLIN CHEMICAL CO. LIMITED
WINDSOR, ONT.

THE DUPLIGRAPH.

The best duplicator on the market. For a reasonable number of perfect copies from a type-written original we defy any machine in the world, we care not what its cost may be.

If you ever have any duplicating work to do, al we ask is an opportunity to demonstrate to you the merits of our machine.

—Cabinet with three tablets foolscap size, complete with ink—price....$10.00
—Single Dupligraph Tray, foolscap size $4.00

For sale in Belleville by
C. B. Scantlebury,
Stationer

PENMAN & SPRANG,
Sole Mfrs.
Head office 2? Yonge St. Arcade,
Toronto, Can

Write for circulars and samples of work

His Motive.

Critic—I have seen many a red cow on green grass, but this is the first time I ever saw a green cow on red grass. Is it an impressionistic departure? Irish Painter—Not at all; it's a patriotic impulse—I wanted to keep the green above the red.—Exchange.

Quite the Contrary.

"I understand that drinking is one of your husband's failings."

"You have been misinformed," said the wife severely; "it is his most pronounced success."

The Cost of It.

Dolly—Nell says that her engagement ring cost $100. Polly—Perhaps she meant that she spent as much as that entertaining the young man before she got it.

CLARK'S MEATS SAVE COAL

And trouble. For something extra dainty try Clark's Sliced Smoked Beef. Fine Beef thinly sliced and ready to serve.

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Rain Coats...

Spring weather is always uncertain—cool today, rainy tomorrow and sunshine the next day.

Your Winter Overcoat is a burden two-thirds of the time. To meet all conditions own a—

"Cravenette"

An Ideal and Stylish Rain or Shine Over Garment....

We've Genuine "Cravenette" Coats in different weights and fabrics

The waterproofing does not injure the fabric or its usefulness for sunshine.

Our Raincoats are handsome over-garments in sunshine and a necessity in the rain.

All sizes with a price range from

$6.00 to $15.00

SPRING HATS

Every man wants a new Spring Hat, and whether or not he agrees to it in public, every man will acknowledge to himself that it is just as important for him to have a new Hat, as for the most smartly dressed woman to have a new Spring Bonnet.

The men who want the best Derby that's made want

OUR HAWE'S HAT

We have a complete line of sizes in this excellent hat in different heights of crown.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

HAT SPECIALS.

"THE KING HAT" best quality), regular price $2.50, for ... $1.75

The "BORSALINO" (The finest high-grade hat, made in Alexandria, Italy), regular price $3.50, for .. $2.50

Have a Look at Them

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialis

Blouse Sets !

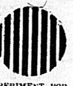
—Very pretty designs in natural shades of clover and violet with pearl centres at 95c

—Other sets are finished in rose gold and grey silver.

—One very pretty set is in rose gold finish, set with amethysts or aquamarines at $1.25

T. BLACKBURN

China and Cut Glass



AN EXPERIMENT FOR YOU TO TRY.

First count the bars as shown above, then cut out this and pin it on the wall in a good light, on a level with your eyes. Now, step back and see how far you can stand away and still count the bars. Try each eye separately. You ought to do it at a distance of 20 feet. If you cannot do so something is wrong; come to us and we will tell you what, free of cost, though you may be able to do this and still be suffering from eye strain, as some of the worst cases we have to deal with is where normal vision is not impaired.

—Alex. Ray

Fashions Change . . .

in almost everything, but it always has been and always will be fashionable to have a beautiful head of hair. Those who do not possess this luxury can procure it by using the SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER.

WATERS SPECIAL AGENT

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St. with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

Also the latest designs in shadow and eyelet embroidery for Blouses. STAMPING DONE.

Blouses and Light Dresses MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

BINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has get into jail just that way.

It is better to be bald and rich than it is to be bald without being rich.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

Retail Merchants Had Good Meeting.

ABLE AND INTERESTING ADDRESS BY MR. JAMES EADIE, EASTERN ORGANIZER.

The retail merchants met last night in the Council Chamber, when Mr. James Eadiw, Eastern organizer of The Retail Merchants' Association of Canada, was present and addressed the meeting.

Mr. A. L. Geen, president, occupied the chair. The chairman, in introducing the organizer, said that the association had been making great strides, its growth was marvellous, and there seemed to be great enthusiasm. They were now a great power and a great force, and were united from ocean to ocean.

Mr. Eadie said the Retail Merchants were a live association. During the past year, in this Province, they had exactly doubled their membership, and also doubled the number of their branches. In Ontario they had nearly 130 branches, with a membership of about 9,000, and during this last year they had united with them the Northwest provinces, also Quebec province, with offices in Toronto, Montreal and Winnipeg. The storekeepers in the Dominion carried on their shelves no less than $150,000,000 worth of stock. They were the largest taxpayers, their property being in the most valuable part of the towns. Every class of people were organized. This was an age of organization, and it was necessary for the merchants to be in the van of progress. The merchants of to-day had to be up-to-date. They all had many troubles in business. He said there was a strong feeling amongst manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers, to get closer and work together. The object of the merchants was not to increase the prices of goods, but that all merchants might be in a better position to protect themselves, and secure proper legislation He referred to the benefits the merchants were likely to receive from the new business tax, as being more equitable, and also to the work of the association as regards trading stamps, coupons and premiums, which were now illegal, through the passing last year of a Bill through the Dominion House. The organizer said that the merchants owed Mr. Porter, M. P. for West Hastings, their thanks for the able assistance given to them on that occasion They were meantime busy with a Pedlars', Hawkers and Transient Traders' bill. It was grossly unfair that merchants should stock their stores, pay large rents, taxes, light and gas, and others be permitted to go from house to house selling goods. He give illustrations of the big prices the people paid pedlars, and the inferior articles they supplied. However, they demanded legislation as regard these. Mr. Eadie also referred to the large quantity of goods coming into every town, from the large departmental stores, and said they did not give employment to any people in, neither did they pay any municipal taxes to these towns, and he maintained people could buy just as cheap from the stores in their own towns and the towns would be all the richer, because the money would be kept in circulation in their midst. They had also a small Bill in before Parliament dealing with small debts. They desired that merchants should be able to proceed against debtors in a much easier and less expensive form, than at present. He also touched on the weights and measures inspection fee, and thought it ought to be abolished. Cheaper railway travelling for the merchants was also advocated, and he complained that the merchants were paying cartage at both ends, and also that, owing to the large amount of Fire insurance, arrangements were being made with the insurance companies to get cheaper rates. They had also been having one of the largest and best Pure Food shows in Toronto for the last three weeks with demonstrations and Government lectures on pure food, which was educative and protective to the public. In closing he referred to the price contract plan, which he stated was to be the plan of the future, between the manufacturer, wholesaler and retailer, and the merchants were very favorable to it.

Mr. Eadie, was, on motion of Mr. Clark, druggist, unanimously thanked for his able address, after which the meeting adjourned.

Patrick Lawlor to Be Brought Here.

High County Constable Duffin left to-day for Toronto, with the necessary papers to bring Patrick Lawlor to this city. Lawlor was yesterday, at Toronto, acquitted of complicity with burglaries which occurred recently in that city, but he is believed to be one of the gang which burglarized the post office and a store at Shannonville. There are some parties in the city who claim to be able to identify Lawlor as having been in the city and vicinity at about the time the places were burglarized.

The Lucas Trial.

The trial of John and Walter Lucas, who are accused of stealing grain from G. T. R. bonded cars, will not be continued until Friday next, the 27th inst.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Latest News of the Horror At San Francisco.

FIRE WILL MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP AS FAR AS GOLDEN GATE PARK.

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

San Francisco, April 20. — The main fire has reached Octavia street and is going at a fast rate.

At midnight it had started fresh on the south end of the line of fire and was burning fast.

The fire will make a clean sweep as far as Golden Gate Park.

A FEARFUL SCENE.

The ferry buildings present a fearful scene of men, women and children, and the few articles they have tried to save.

They are all here to leave the city by the first boat they can get away on. The roads leading from the ferry north and around the shore of the bay as far as Port Eason are strewn with all sorts of vehicles that have broken down. Baby carriages, wheelbarrows, etc., that would not stand the loads over the roadway have been abandoned, and in some cases with their loads.

FAMOUS CLIFF HOUSE IS PROBABLY SAFE.

San Francisco, April 20.—The report that the famous Cliff House has toppled into the sea cannot be verified and is probably untrue. In the confusion it is impossible to get to the place.

EARTHQUAKE AT HONOLULU.

Cleveland, O., April 20.—Brown & Co., brokers, have received a despatch saying there has been an earthquake at Honolulu.

The shock lasted six minutes, the report says, and but little damage was done.

DAMAGE AT STANFORD UNIVERSITY.

San Francisco, April 20.—A signed statement has been issued by President Jordan, of Leland Stanford University, says that only two lives were lost in the quake there, but great damage was caused to the buildings. The damage will approximate four million dollars. The books, collections and apparatus are not greatly damaged.

SITUATION IS BRIGHTER.

New York, April 20.— A Western Union bulletin, timed 9.45, San Francisco time, states that the flames are yielding to the persistent efforts of the firemen.

It is now thought that the section of the city north of Market St. and west of a point at Octavia and Market Sts., on an irregular line to Nannesse roadway, may be saved.

AID FROM OREGON.

Portland, Oregon, April 20. —The Southern Pacific last night started a special train of 25 cars for San Francisco, carrying 10 physicians, 20 trained nurses and 9,000 pounds of provisions. Twenty-six cars more will start to-day.

Funeral of the Late William H. Wright

Port Hope Guide: The funeral of the late William H. Wright, of Belleville, took place on Wednesday afternoon from the G.T.R. station on the arrival of the 12.55 train and was attended by a large number of the old friends of the deceased. The Rev. G. W. Henderson, pastor of the Methodist church, conducted the services. The following gentlemen were chosen pall-bearers: Matthew Wright, James Leach, W. D. Stephens, Wm. Jewell, James Janes and B. H. Rosevear.

Unmarried Tramps At Police Station.

Three unmarried men, ranging in ages from 21 to 31 years, last night occupied compartments at the police station. They gave their names as Albert Benor, painter; William Lynch, iron worker, and J. W. Montgomery, electrician. They claimed that St. John, N.B., was their home. They were bound for the west.

Died Near Napanee.

Mr. Fretz, an old gentleman residing near the Town of Napanee, died this morning from an attack of pneumonia. Deceased was over 80 years of age. Mrs. Morley Anderson, of this city, is a daughter of the deceased.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Belleville People In San Francisco.

NO WORD HAS BEEN RECEIVED FROM THEM YET, BUT STRONG HOPES ARE ENTERTAINED OF THEIR SAFETY.

A number in this city who have relatives and friends in San Francisco are naturally anxious as to their safety. Owing to the fact that what telegraph lines are in operation there have so far refused private messages, it is impossible at present to communicate with those in San Francisco

One young lady, well known in the city, who was in San Francisco when the disaster occurred is Miss Ethel Mackie, who was cashier in the St. Francis Hotel. This building was not destroyed by the earthquake, but subsequently fell a prey to the flames.

Mr. D. T. Rutledge and wife, with their son and family, were also residents of Frisco, and a report that word had been received from them was erroneous.

Mrs. W. J. Watkin, of this city, has a daughter who resided near San Francisco, if not inside its limits.

Mr. J. B. Wright, a former resident of Prince Edward County, and an uncle of Mr. S. Bongard, of this city, was a merchant in San Francisco, conducting business on Main street.

Mr. James G. Chown, elder brother of Mr W. W. Chown, of this city, is (or was) a resident of San Francisco, being proprietor of the Hotel Greystone, 66 Geary St. Mr. James G. Chown went to San Francisco in 1876, but came home on a visit about five years ago. Mr. W. W. Chown has, so far, received no word from his brother, but is naturally very anxious to do so. Mr. James G. Chown's hotel is in all probability destroyed by the fire which swept over the stricken city.

In reply to a question this afternoon, the managers of both the telegraph offices here stated that no private messages of any kind from San Francisco or any points around it, had been received here since the earthquake. This should settle the question of messages having been received from people in the stricken city It is to be regretted that people will allow their imagination to run riot in such grave matters as this.

FRISCO FIRE MAY WIPE THEM OUT.

INSURANCE COMPANIES CANNOT STAND THIS GREAT BLOW.

Montreal, April 19.—Grave concern is expressed by the managers of the various fire insurance companies businesses in Canada as to the result of the San Francisco disaster. They are nearly all here at the annual meeting of the Underwriters' association. The opinion is generally expressed by them that most all the larger companies will be seriously affected, while some of the smaller ones will be entirely wiped out.

"It looks as though this would be a harder blow to the insurance world than even the Baltimore fire," said Secretary Hadrill, of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association, this morning. "We have not any great details yet, but from such advices as we have received it is evident that the loss will run into hundreds of millions. Practically all the large companies doing business in Canada are also doing business in the States, and by the either direct or re-insurance will certainly in many instances be heavily affected by the disaster. While last year was an unusually good one for insurance companies generally, there is not the slightest doubt that the heavy losses in this San Francisco affair will put a stop to any idea of reducing rates. I don't think it will stiffen them, but there will be no reduction now."

This view was concurred in by a group of insurance men who were present.

Says the Disaster Was Long Expected.

Madison, Wis., April 19. — President Charles R. Van Hise, of the University of Wisconsin, one of the best known geologists in the country, formerly of the United States Geological Survey, says a disaster at San Francisco has long been expected by scientists. In a signed statement he saus;

"Scientists have known for many years that San Francisco is dangerously located and would probably sooner or later be subject to severe shocks.

"The fear has been repeatedly expressed that San Francisco would be the first to show the effect of an earthquake upon steel structures, for it has been well understood that San Francisco has the most dangerous location with reference to earthquakes of any large city in the United States."

Mr. Fargey's Funeral.

The remains of the late Mr. Peter Fargey, of Thurlow, were to-day taken to West Huntingdon for interment. Services at the family residence, 2nd concession of Thurlow, were conducted by the Rev. A. H. Drumm, pastor of John St. Presbyterian church. The bearers were Messrs. J. Carson, Wm. Stokes, Wm. Donaldson, Chas. Weese, Henry Morden and Wm. Jordan.

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES

.. AND ..

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

S. S. Carman, Manager.

SATURDAY, APRIL 21

The MARIE CORELLI world famous Fanciful Romance

Fabio Romani

THE VENDETTA

Magnificently presented by EDWARD R SALTER'S company of Dramatic celebrities, including

MR. JOHN ARTHUR

His First Canadian Tour

A complete scenic and electrical production—A performance you will remember.

PRICES 25c, 35c, 50c

Plan opens Friday Morning.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25th

The Most Powerful Melodrama of the Day.

The CONVICT'S DAUGHTER

A WEALTH OF BEAUTIFUL SCENERY & EFFECTS

Containing Many New and Novel Sensational and Mechanical Effects and Situations.

Plan opens Tuesday Morning.

Prices - 25c, 35c, 50c

Notes From the Docks.

There is considerable activity about the docks just now, despite the fact that the prospects at present are not bright for a good season for a certain class of vessels. This is owing to the fact that the coal strike is on and there will not be much doing for a while in this branch of shipping.

The schooner Plunkett, laden with ice, left yesterday for Charlotte.

The schooners Clara and New Dominion are also laden with ice, which will be taken to U. S. ports. They will sail within a few days.

The steamer Aletha was the first steamer to arrive here this season.

The work of fitting out the Government dredge Sir Richard and the scows is still going on. Considerable repairs have been made.

The steamer Annie Lake has been repainted, fitted up and is ready for the season's work.

The schooner Peruvian left to-day to load lumber at Deseronto.

The schooner Two Brothers left to-day for Fair Haven, with a load of ice.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"FABIO ROMANI."

"Fabio Romani" that forever romantic success, and the apex in the remarkably brilliant literary career of that gifted authoress, Marie Corelli, will be the attraction at the Carman to-morrow night. Seldom, if ever, has a dramatized novel reached anything approaching the wonderful and lasting success accorded this romantic masterpiece. A complete and magnificent scenic outfit is carried, the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius being described as a most remarkable effect in modern stage craft. A splendid company of players are employed in the cast, including that admirable romantic actor, Mr. John B. Arthur.

"THE CONVICT'S DAUGHTER."

One of the most novel, interesting and mirth-producing plays which it has been Belleville theatre-goers' good fortune to witness will be the popular and successful melodrama, "The Convict's Daughter," the great mechanical, electrical and scenic masterpiece, endowed this year with many new and surprising features, which will be the attraction at the Carman on Wednesday next, April 25th. The plot is too well know to call for detailed description, and at this time it is sufficient to say that the startling realistic scenes, the introduction of side-splitting comedy, and the beautiful stage settings are all that the modern theatre-goer could reasonably wish for. The cast is large and composed entirely of competent people, which, taken all in all, makes this production one of the strongest ever seen here.

Moved to Toronto,

A despatch from Brantford in giving an account of the closing meeting of a month's campaign in that city by the Revs. Crossley and Hunter, states that Mr. Hunter announced that on the first of May they would move from St. Thomas to Toronto, as they found it would be more central for their work. They have resided in St .Thomas for eighteen years.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents to be had at R. Templeton's drug store

Daily Intelligencer.

CLAPP'S CRIMPED CRUST VIENNA ROLLS

5c Each. Fresh Every Morning.

Chas. S. Clapp

Young lady wanted for ice cream parlor. Apply evenings next week after 7 o'clock.

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alford

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

THE SCILLY ISLANDS.

They Have but Three Seasons—Spring, Summer and Autumn.

The climate of the Scilly islands is the most equable in Great Britain. It ranges on an average from 40 degrees to 60 degrees. On the coldest day it is warm and on the hottest it is cool. There are only three seasons in Scilly of four months each—spring, summer and autumn. When the autumn ends spring commences. There is no great height in the islands. The highest land in Bryher is only 133 feet above sea level, although the telegraph tower built on St. Mary's reaches a height of 158 feet, but the rock scenery of the entire group of these islands is remarkable. There are rocks fantastic, jagged, peaked, toothed, serrated; rocks resembling living creatures and others suggestive of primeval vastness and uncouthness; some grandly castleated, others

Like a great lion's cheek teeth.

Those on the peninsula of Penninis, especially if they are seen in mist, Menawar (pronounced man-of-war), the Maiden Bower, Mincario, Shipman's Head, the Haycocks at Annet and many others are strikingly grand. The curious resemblance to primeval animal forms has given rise to many of the names of these rocks and certainly many are

Like a great sea beast, crawled forth to sun itself,

while there are "elephants' tusks," "monks' cowls," "pipers' holes," "giants' castles," "pulpit rocks," etc.—London Spectator.

HAIR AND COLOR.

Red Is Much Nearer Allied to Black Than to Blond.

The color of the hair, says the Grand Magazine, is usually transmitted from parents to child. This is especially true when both parents have the same complexion. Instances, however, are not uncommon where children have hair black as ebony, while the hair of both parents is a burning red. Instead of disproving the theory that a child takes after its parents, so far as the color of the hair is concerned, this fact, it has now been ascertained, is all in favor of the doctrine. Red hair, in fact, is by its structure and composition much nearer to black hair than to blond.

Very often if the hair of a very dark complexioned person be examined attentively a few quite red hairs will be detected in the mass. On the other hand, it would be time wasted to seek for black hairs in the locks of a fair person. Similarly it is not infrequent to notice children whose hair, red at birth, becomes as they grow older quite dark. When, too, after some serious illness, the production of the coloring pigment of the hair falls off, black hair becomes not blond, but red. Fair hair, which to a casual eye appears to have much more affinity to red hair than to black, is, on the contrary, quite distinct.

Valued Religious Relics.

The collection of religious relics to be seen in the church of the Corsican village of Sisco is undoubtedly unique. The inhabitants of this pretty little place are exceedingly devout and very simple, which probably accounts for the possession of such a remarkable collection. A writer in L'Independence Belge gives the following list of the principal items: The horn used by Moses to call together the children of Israel while in the desert, a tuft of that red hair which was the pride of Esau and the despair of Jacob, a piece of the nail of the little toe of the left foot—the statement is very precise—of Enoch, the patriarch; the bib worn by the infant Jesus, the curb and crupper of the ass that took the holy family into Egypt and several relics of various saints.

Two Laymen Have Been Popes.

The canon law does not prescribe that the pope must be a cardinal or even a cleric. Nevertheless since the election of Urban VI. in 1378 the successful candidates have belonged to the members of the sacred college, although as late as 1758 a noncardinal was voted for several times. At least two laymen—John XIX. (1024) and Adrian V. (1276)—have occupied the papal throne, and there is today nothing to prevent laymen from being created cardinals, although they are not entitled to vote in the conclave unless they can produce a special permit from the late pope.

The Freaks of Fate.

Here is a unique memorial notice from a Georgia exchange:

"Once he was nearly swallowed by an earthquake and shortly afterward was blown nearly a quarter of a mile by a hurricane, but he triumphed over all these afflictions, only to be kicked out of life by a mule that had a mortgage on it and was blind in one eye."

Sale of Black Sateen Underskirts and Ready-Made Print Wrappers.

We have just placed in stock the largest range of Black Sateen Underskirts and Wrappers ever shown in this store.

The Underskirts are made of a more superior quality of sateen than we have ever been able to offer to our customers.

They are made in the very latest styles and range in prices from *69c to $4.50 each.*

We are showing the most elegant stock of Ladies' Print Wrappers made from the latest New York patterns and during this week we will sell wrappers at lower prices than you could buy the material and make them up.

McINTOSH BROS.

BY SATURDAY SAN FRANCISCO WILL BE ASH HEAP

Southern Pacific Hospital, the San Francisco Hospital, and the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Buildings were blown up all around them.

Chinatown, at noon yesterday, was a furnace, and the denizens of that quarter earlier in the day had their simple possessions bundled for departure. On the farther western side, the flames cut a wide path to Vanness avenue, but there, owing to the width of that thoroughfare, and to the additional fact that there was a weak water supply in the mains, it was hoped to check the ruin at this line.

Suffering From Thirst.

Yesterday was bright and warm. The sun beat down on the tired workers and rescuers. There is scarcely any water to relieve the thirst of the suffering. The dead, in many instances, are lying in the streets among the ruins.

The authorities are doing all in their power to remove the bodies in order that an epidemic may be prevented. It has been necessary repeatedly to move the injured from places where they sought refuge, where the fire kept increasing with alarming rapidity.

"Water!" is the incessant cry of the firemen and the people—one wants it to fight, the others to drink, but there is only a scant drinking supply.

A NATIONAL CALAMITY.

President Roosevelt Appeals to the Nation For Assistance.

Washington, April 20.—President Roosevelt yesterday issued a proclamation in which he said:

"In the face of so terrible and appalling a national calamity as that which has befallen San Francisco, the outpouring of the nation's aid should, as far as possible, be entrusted to the American Red Cross, the national organization best fitted to undertake such relief work.

"I appeal to the people of the United States, to all cities, all chambers of commerce, boards of trade, relief committees, and individuals, to express their sympathy and tender their aid by contributions to the American National Red Cross. They can be sent to Washington to be forwarded by telegraph from Washington to the Red Cross agents and officers in California.

(Signed) "Theodore Roosevelt."

$1,000,000 From Nation.

The Senate resolution appropriating $50,000 for the relief of the San Francisco earthquake sufferers was amended by the House committee on appropriations, the amount being increased to $1,000,000.

New York Responds.

New York, April 20.—Mayor McClellan last night issued a proclamation appointing a representative committee of relief, which will organize to-day.

The Pennsylvania and Erie Railways and Wells, Fargo & Co. have offered to ship supplies free of charge. The Western Union Telegraph Co. will handle all relief messages free.

Rockefeller's Gift.

Yesterday's big subscription list was headed by John D. Rockefeller with a contribution of $100,000. The United Railways Investment Co. subscribed $75,000; M. Guggenheim Sons contributed $50,000; the Carnegie Hero Fund and J P. Morgan Co. $25,000. The New York Exchange Brokers contributed $85,000, in addition to large individual subscriptions.

Generous Assistance.

San Francisco, April 20.—Hundreds of cities in the United States have appraised Mayor Schmitz that they are securing subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers from the earthquake and fire. Many cities are now rushing tons of supplies by train and boat to this city. Railroads generally have announced that they will carry relief supplies free. The committee of safety contributed $65,000 at once.

Mayor Schmitz has announced that the water company has promised a supply of water in the Mission section to-day.

A Toronto Contribution.

Toronto, April 20.—Commissioner Coombes for the Salvation Army in Toronto yesterday sent $150 to the general relief fund in San Francisco.

An Ottawa Grant

Ottawa, April 20.—The municipality, on motion of Ald. Grant, has wired $100 to the City of San Francisco.

EARTHQUAKE IN INDIANA.

Miners Suffer From Earth's Tremors—There Was One Fatality.

Calumet, Mich., April 20.—An earthquake shock, which was felt distinctly throughout Hancock, Ind., was most pronounced in the Quincy mine, killing Timothy Leary and injured four others while working one mile below the earth's surface in that property yesterday. In numerous instances buildings rocked, chimneys fell and dishes rattled, terrifying the citizens. Many miners on the day shift refused to go below again.

OTHER PLACES AFFECTED.

Santa Rosa in Ruins—10,000 Homeless Men, Women and Children Watch Destruction of Their Homes.

San Francisco, April 20, via Oakland.—Reports from the interior are most alarming. Santa Rosa, one of the prettiest cities of the State, in the prosperous County of Sonoma, is a total wreck. There are 10,000 homeless men, women and children huddled together. The loss of life is not to be estimated. It will probably reach the thousands. The citizens deserted their homes. Not even their household goods were taken. They made for the fields and hills to watch the destruction of one of the most beautiful cities of the west.

Many Other Places Destroyed.

Messengers bring the saddest tidings of the destruction of Healdsburg, Geiserville, Cloverdale, Nopland and Ukiah. This report takes in the country as far north as Mendocino and Lake Counties and as far west as the Pacific Ocean. In every case the loss of life and property is as shocking as here.

Town of Gilroy in Ruins.

Gilroy, Cal., April 20.—The little town of Gilroy is in ruins as a result of the earthquake. Practically every building of importance in the city was seriously damaged or utterly ruined by the shock. As far as known no lives were lost.

Brawley Wiped Out.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 20.—Reports from Brawley, a small town on the Southern Pacific, 120 miles south of Los Angeles, state that the town was practically wiped out by the earthquake of Wednesday. This is the only town in Southern California known to have suffered from the shock. So far as known there were no fatalities. Brawley is about two years old, and had a population of about 500.

ONTARIO'S SYMPATHY.

Legislature Sends Resolution of Sympathy to San Francisco.

Toronto, April 20.—Moved by Hon. Premier Whitney, seconded by Hon. G. W. Ross, that the warm and earnest sympathy of this House be tendered to the people of San Francisco, and other localities in California in the terrible visitation which they have suffered and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Clerk of the House to the Mayor of San Francisco.—Resolution adopted by Ontario Legislature on Thursday.

CAN'T HANDLE MESSAGES.

Telegraph Companies Will Take Them Only at Sender's Risk.

The C. P. R. and G. N. W. Telegraph Companies, together with American telegraphic concerns, have decided to only accept messages for San Francisco at the sender's risk. The uncertainties of the messages going through and the scarcity of wires demand this. Word comes that there are over 3,000 telegrams awaiting despatch from San Francisco to points east.

A Canadian Among Dead.

Toronto, April 20.—Dr. J. S. Stinson, who is one of the dead, was a native of Brantford, Ont., where his parents, R. C. and Mrs. Stinson, at present live, as well as a brother, H. C. Stinson, the well-known horseman. Dr. Stinson was 35 years of age. He graduated as silver medalist from Trinity about 14 years ago. He practiced in Hamilton for a time and went to San Francisco in 1895.

Mrs. Kenny, wife of James Kenny, managing director of the Western Fire Insurance Co., and their daughter, were staying in San Francisco with Dr. Stinson Mr. Kenny as received no word.

MURDER WITH AN AXE.

Aged Maniac Farm Hand Kills His Working Comrade.

Lindsay, April 20.—An insane man's sudden frenzy of anger has resulted in a murder near Kirkfield.

Two men named Miller and Dillon were in the employ of a farmer named John McNulty, who lives about four miles north of the village. At an early hour Wednesday morning McNulty gave the men directions to cut wood near the house. He then went to the barn to feed his cattle, and when he returned to the house later he found Dillon, who showed him the dead body of Miller, who had a terrible wound in his chest, caused by an axe, lying on the ground.

"Why did you do it?" asked the horrified farmer of Dillon, but the latter, who appeared dazed and stupid, made no reply and walked into the house and laid down.

He was shortly afterwards arrested by a county constable on the information of McNulty.

The only motive that can be assigned for this terrible crime is anger on the part of Dillon, who thought that Miller intended to get him out of his job

It was but a short time ago that Dillon was brought before a magistrate on a charge of insanity, but, owing to the lack of evidence necessary to commit him to an asylum, he was liberated. Dillon is a man of about 50 years of age.

FATALITIES AT COBOURG.

Collapse of Framework Kills One Man, Badly Injures Second.

Cobourg, April 20.—The body of Jas. Kearns was found in the creek running about a mile back of the town yesterday. He was a man about seventy years of age. It is supposed Kearns slipped off the culvert.

While removing the frame of the Cobourg rink last evening, a serious accident occurred, which resulted in the death of one man and perhaps fatal injury to another. Edward Terry and Norman Purser were engaged in pulling a rope fastened to one of the girders, when the whole structure collapsed instantly killing Terry and breaking Purser's shoulder besides injuring him internally. Coroner Elliott has ordered an inquest.

Terry, who was twenty-four years old, leaves a wife and two children.

Senator Lougheed to Lead.

Ottawa, April 20.—Senator Lougheed of Calgary has been chosen by his fellow Conservatives to succeed Sir Mackenzie Bowell as leader of the Opposition in the Senate.

Young Woman Found Dead.

Toronto, April 20.—Madge McNicholl, who came from near Galt, was found dead in her apartments, 118 Shuter street, yesterday at noon. She had been employed as a bookkeeper for the Singer Manufacturing Co., and had left there on Wednesday afternoon complaining of being ill. Coroner Orr is investigating.

Fire at Omemee.

Omemee, April 20.—The Bradburn House was discovered to be on fire yesterday morning at 4 o'clock. Inmates had to flee in their night clothes. Houses across the street were in danger, but the fire was confined to the hotel building. Loss $6,000; insured.

Too Loyal For That.

Buffalo, April 20.—Malcolm Allen, a Canadian, who applied for American naturalization here yesterday, declined to foreswear allegiance to King Edward and was rejected.

Drowned in Sewer Hole.

Petrolea, April 20.—The two-year-old son of John Hollingshead, Jr., was drowned by falling into an open sewer-hole yesterday.

THE UNGALLANT HOUSE

Denies Votes to Women in Parliamentary Elections.

Only Eight M. P. P.'s Voted For the Bill—Nurses' Bill Was Discussed and Took Up Considerable of the Time of the House—Will Be Considered Again and Likely to Be Amended.

Toronto, April 20.—Once again was the familiar bill of Mr. Smith (Peel) to give widows and spinsters qualified to vote in municipal elections the right to vote in Parliamentary contests, given its quietus in the Legislature yesterday, being snowed under on division. After some debate, the vote was taken. It was defeated by 66 to 8. The ayes were Auld, Hislop, Smith (Peel), Thompson (Wentworth), Currie, McMullen, Racine, McDougall.

The competition of prison labor with free labor was discussed on Mr. Hanna's motion to ratify contracts with E. C. Taylor for the manufacture of woodenware at the Central Prison.

Hon. Mr. Willoughby, in moving, as chairman of the special committee that dealt with the nurses' bill, that the graduate bill be held over as some important bodies had asked to be heard drew some words of criticism from Mr. Crawford and Mr. Gamey. In reply to these dissentient members, the Premier said there should be no delay, but that Dr. Willoughby was to be commended for wishing to allow other bodies to be heard. The bill was held over to hear the deputations.

At six o'clock Premier Whitney moved, seconded by Mr. Ross, the sympathy of the Legislature for the people of San Francisco.

Mr. Graham asked the Attorney-General if a promise had been given to President Phillips of the York Loan that he would not be prosecuted if certain assets were handed over.

Mr. Foy said negotiations had been in progress and the department had promised that if restitution were made due consideration would be given, but no promise of immunity had been given.

Third Readings.

The following bills were read a third time:

Respecting the Town of Galt (Pattinson); respecting the Sao Paulo Tramway Co. (Crawford).

Hon. Dr. Reaume withdrew his bill respecting colonization roads. It would be remembered next year, he said.

Principle Accepted.

At the evening session the nurses' bill was again taken up. Mr. Harcourt desired to know the intention of the House.

After some further discussion, the Premier said it was the intention of the Government to allow the bill to go through if it was the wish of the House. He did not see why the committee could not rise and report progress, and then it could be decided later to send it back to the special committee. Since he had come into the House he had been handed a list of objections to the bill.

Finally, on the suggestions of Mr. Harcourt, the committee accepted clause one of the bill and then rose. This ensures further consideration at a later period.

RESTITUTION.

Phillips Turns Over $106,000 to York Loan Co. Liquidators—Committed For Trial—Out on Bail.

Toronto, April 20.—Within two minutes after Joseph Phillips signed an order turning over $50,000 in stock in the Toronto Life to the liquidators of the York Loan, he was committed to trial by Magistrate Denison.

Later in the evening he was allowed bail under two sureties of $2,500 each furnished by Andrew M. Hobberlin and John Hudson and himself in $5,000.

Among the shares turned over to the liquidators were those held in the names of Burt, the Hudsons, Joan McCann and Mrs. Sauter. It leaves the Hudson girls with only sixty shares of Toronto Life stock in their possession. These were actually purchased with cash. Burt also turned in the amount of the overwriting commission given him by Phillips and invested in Toronto Life stock.

Another of the turnovers made by Phillips were The National Monthly, and The Canadian Monthly. The Liszt Piano Co. has been in the hands of the liquidators for the past week.

The value of the Toronto Life stock is placed at $50,000, The National Monthly, $6,500, and the Liszt Piano Co. $50,000, making a total of $106,000 turned over by Phillips for the benefit of the shareholders in the York Loan.

Phillips was photographed and the Bertillion measurements taken.

Magistrate R. E. Kingsford was present at the jail last night when Phillips was allowed out under bonds to appear on May 8, when the sessions begin, or whenever called upon.

Went on a Drunk With $1,700.

Detroit, April 20.—Robert J. Tilley, a young farmer from Essex, Ont., reported at police headquarters yesterday that he was robbed Wednesday night of seventeen hundred dollars cash, the proceeds of the sale of his farm Wednesday. Tilley says he went on a "drunk" with a man he knew and a man he didn't know.

Long Terms For Safe Blowers.

Toronto, April 20.—The safe-blowers which, for upwards of two years have menaced Toronto and Canada were sentenced yesterday. The magistrate considered that Bennett was the leader of the gang and sent him down for ten years. James Hunter and John Crosby were sent down for eight years each.

Another Circus Man Dead.

New York, April 20.—William H. Gardner, a show man and associate for many years of the late James A. Bailey, died of pneumonia yesterday. Mr. Gardner was the son of the famous old circus clown, Dan Gardner.

Fatal Fall.

Welland, April 20.—Michael Bauer, an aged carpenter, fell from a building at the Cordage Works yesterday, dying shortly afterwards.

THERE ARE MANY BAKING POWDERS

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

"THE LIGHT OF THE KITCHEN"

BUT THERE IS ONLY ONE

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

It is Pure, Wholesome and Economical SOLD IN ALL SIZES.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St

Merchant Tailor.

Spring Wallpaper

The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

LAWN GRASS SEED

Our Queen City mixture always give satisfaction.

25c per lb.

White Clover.... *25c per lb*

For the Garden:

Dutch Sets
English Multipliers
Potato Onions
Flower Seeds
Garden Seeds

By the oz. or packet.

J. C. Hanley & Co.

Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Opposite Post Office Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,

Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,

Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 10.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,

Victoria Avenue,

(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —

Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY APRIL 21, 1906. NO. 307

A great many schemes for selling tea have exploded during the third of a century in which our business has been steadily growing.

STROUDS

TEAS ARE THE BEST

Forgers Get It Hard.

New York, April 21.—Sentences yesterday were passed on three men convicted of forgery for the Norfolk & Western stock certificates swindle. T. C. P. Colmey was sentenced to seven years and six months' imprisonment, and Samuel J. Humphries to six years, and Douglas E. Smith to one year.

Man Killed on Track.

Port Arthur, April 21.—A man named Leveaus, who had been employed in the Lake Superior Lumber Co. lumber camps on Simpson Island, arrived at Rossport, and evidently filled up with liquor, for when the express came along he was lying on the track and was run over. An inquest will be held.

Discoverer of Radium Killed.

Paris, April 21.—Professor Pierre Curie, who, in collaboration with his wife, discovered radium, was run over and killed by a wagon in the Place Dauphine Thursday afternoon. He slipped on the roadway and fell, the wheels of the cart passing over his body.

Turkish Sultan Is Dying.

London, April 21.—The Pall Mall Gazette yesterday states that it learns that the Sultan of Turkey is in such a serious condition now that his death may be expected at any moment.

Killed on a French Battleship.

Toulon, France, April 21.—Three men were killed and five were mortally, and sixteen seriously injured in a gunnery accident yesterday on board the cadet ship Couronne.

Caught Bomb In His Hand.

Kalisz, Russian Poland, April 21.—While Count Keller, commander of the garrison here, and a cousin of Lieut.-General Count Keller, who was killed July 29, 1904, while repelling a Japanese attack on Yangtse Pass, Manchuria, was driving with his wife in the main street of this city yesterday, a bomb was thrown at his carriage. Count Keller caught the missile in his hand, and it failed to explode. The man who threw the bomb escaped.

The "Big Bill" Passes.

Albany, N. Y., April 21.—Substantially complete success crowned the work of the Legislative Insurance Investigating Committee yesterday afternoon when the Senate, by a vote of forty-one to two passed the "big bill" generally amending the insurance law practically in the form recommended by the committee.

Has Resigned.

Toronto, April 21.—Sir William R. Meredith has resigned as vice-president and director of the North American Life. E. Gurney was elected first vice-president, J. Kerr Osborne second vice-president, and Lieut.-Col. D. McCrae succeeded Mr Osborne as chairman of the executive committee.

A Hog Disease.

Galt, April 21.—A peculiar disease is affecting the hogs on the farm of Robert Cranston, Jr., in South Dumfries Township, many of the animals dying.

Six Specials

FOR SATURDAY NIGHT

Anyone of which should be attractive enough to fill
Our store from *7 to 9:30 p.m.*

Cashmere Hose 25c

—10 Dozen Fine All-wool Cashmere hose, embroidered Llama, a regular 40c Hose, sale price Saturday night *25c*

Wash Belts 19c

—3 Dozen White Embroidered wash Belts with new gold buckles, regular price 25c, Saturday night...... *19c*

Buster Brown belts
19 cents

—10 Dozen Buster Brown Belts, in Brown, Green, Black, Blue and Red, made with two buckles, regulor price 25c, Saturday night *19c*

Embroideries 19c

—24 Pieces of new patterns in corset cover Embroidery, nice fine quality, all regular 25c goods, Saturday night.......... .... *19c*

Corset Covers
19c and 63c

—6 Dozen assorted sizes Corset Covers, selling regularly for 25c and 90c, on sale Saturday night.. *19 & 63c*

Whitewear 1-3 off

—About 10 Dozen Pieces of assorted sample whitewear, including gowns, skirts, chemise and drawers on sale Saturday night at .... *1-3 off reg. prices*

Sinclair's

Checked at Last Fire Under Control

One Quarter of San Francisco May Have Been Saved.

Mayor Schmitz and His Assistants Are Bending Every Effort to Avert Famine and Suffering From the 200,000 People Camped in Golden Gate Park—To This End They Smash in Stores and Seize Supplies—Law-Breakers Shot.

San Francisco, April 21.—Mayor Schmitz issued the following proclamation yesterday:

"To the citizens of San Francisco: The fire is now under control and all danger is passed. The only fear is that other fires may start should the people build fires in their stoves, and I therefore warn all citizens not to build fires in their homes until the chimneys have been inspected and repaired properly. All citizens are urged to discontinuance the building of fires. I congratulate the citizens of San Francisco upon the fortitude they have displayed and I urge upon you the necessity of aiding the authorities in the work of relieving the destitute and suffering. For the relief of those persons who are encamped in the various sections of the city, everything possible is being done. In Golden Gate Park, where there are approximately 200,000 homeless persons, relief stations have been established. The Spring Valley Water Co. has informed me that the mission district will be supplied with water this afternoon, between 10 and 12 million gallons daily being available. Lake Merceed will be taken by the federal troops."

City Will Be Restored.

Mayor Schmitz sent a telegram to President Roosevelt, saying:

"General contributions of $1,000,000 from the Federal Government for relief of the destitute persons received and deeply appreciated. The people overwhelmed by your generosity. All of this money will be used for relief purposes. Property owners determined to rebuild as soon as fire ceases. City will immediately proceed to provide capital for the purpose of reconstructing public buildings, schools, jails, the hospitals, sewers and salt and fresh water systems. The people hope that the Federal Government will at once provide ample appropriations to rebuild all Federal buildings on a scale befitting the new San Francisco. We are determined to restore to the nation its chief port on the Pacific."

To Avert Famine.

The grave question is: "How soon will an adequately supply of food arrive from outside points to avert famine and destitution? There is little food in San Francisco outside of what little each person possesses, and this cannot last more than a few days. San Francisco geographically is an isolated city. Its nearest neighbor on the south is Los Angeles, 500 miles away. To the north is Portland, nearly 800 miles distant, and its nearest sister in the great east is Salt Lake City, 1,000 miles away. These cities and all of the less populated nearer towns are making sacrifices for the destitute here, but it is to the big cities of the nation that San Francisco looks with anxiety for relief."

Mayor Schmitz looked weary yesterday, but was energetically at work at his desk, though he had had little or no sleep. A policeman reported that two grocery stores in the neighborhood were closed, although the clerks were present. "Smash the stores open," ordered the mayor, "and guard them."

Seizing Supplies.

The seizure of supplies coming in on the trains by the relief committee has been authorized by the mayor. The relief committee yesterday seized a carload of flour containing 810 sacks. A carload of ice also was seized for the hospitals. A carload of potatoes also was taken.

Livermore sent in a wagon load of butter yesterday. Winters also has notified the committee that there is a carload of hams, butter and eggs on its way here from that locality. Other cities are sending supplies. At present the supply stations is emptied as fast as goods are received.

Sixty carloads of provisions, clothing and other supplies for the San Francisco sufferers left Los Angeles yesterday and last night. Supplies are piled high at Fort Depots, people bringing offerings in endless procession. The Santa Fe Railroad sent a trainload of provisions with instructions to take on additional carloads of supplies along the way to San Francisco.

Quarter of City Saved.

At 2 p. m. it was positively stated that the fire was under control with the probability that one-quarter of the city lying west of Franklin street and known as the western addition, northward to the Presidio, will be saved. The stand made at Vanness avenue generally was successful, the flames crossing that avenue to the west in only a few places. Two men were shot and killed yesterday morning. Policeman Flood, on entering his home, encountered a stranger, who attacked him. Flood shot him dead.

Killing Law-Breakers.

Special Policeman Snyder killed a man, but the details are not known.

Fourteen men were killed Thursday night by soldiers guarding the mint, and Policeman Jos. M. Myers was bayonetted by a national guardsman over a dispute as to authority. The men at the mint were killed for attempting robbery.

Recovering the Dead.

From a three-storey lodging house at 50th and Minna street, which collapsed Wednesday morning, more than 75 bodies were taken out yesterday. There are 50 other dead bodies in sight in the ruins. This building was one of the first to take fire on 50th street. At least 100 persons were killed in the Cosmopolitan on 49th street.

Many persons dropped dead yesterday of heat and suffocation.

More than 150 persons are reported dead in the Brunswick Hotel, 7th and Mission streets.

Citizens Forced to Dig Graves.

Portsmouth square yesterday became for a time a public morgue. Twenty or thirty corpses were laid upon the trodden grass in the absence of more suitable accommodations. Out at the Presidio soldiers pressed into service all men who came near and forced them to aid in burying the dead. So thick were the corpses piled up that they were becoming a menace, and early in the day the order was issued to bury them at any cost. The soldiers were needed for other work, so, at the point of rifles, the citizens were compelled to take to the work of burying. Some objected at first, but the troops stood no trifling, and every man who came in reach was forced to work at least one hour. Rich men, unused to physical exertion, labored by the side of working men, digging trenches in which to bury the dead.

A Miraculous Escape.

Eleven postal clerks, all alive, were taken from the debris of the postoffice yesterday. All at first were thought to be dead, but it was found that although they were buried among the stones every one was alive. They had been for three days without food or water. All the mail was saved.

All Letters Free.

It is announced that, until further

Continued on page 8.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

SALE OF SKIRTS

For Ladies' and Misses'

We have just put on sale in our Skirt Department about 150 Ladies' and Misses' Black and Colored Cloth Skirts at much below regular values. These are all made from Fashionable Materials and are beautifully tailored. If you are in need of a new skirt it will pay you to investigate.

—*LOT 1*—Misses' Tweed Skirts, all sizes, worth $1.50 to $1.95, for............ *98c*

—*LOT 2*—Misses Plain Navy and Grey Skirts, worth $2.50, for............ *$1.75*

—*LOT 3*—Misses' Tweed and Plain Cloth Skirts, all sizes, worth $2.95 to $3.75, for *$1.98*

—*LOT 4*—Misses' Plain Cloths and Fancy Tweeds, regular prices $4.75 to $5.00, for *$3.45*

—*LOT 5*—A lot of Ladies' plain Cloth and Fancy Tweed Skirts, regular $4.75 and $5.00, for.. *$3.50*

—*LOT 6*—About 50 Ladies' very fine quality Plain Cloth Skirts in black and colors at .... *Fully one-third less than regular value*

Saturday Night Items

Hosiery 15c per pair

—Heavy fine ribbed cotton Hose tripple knee, heel and toe, fast black, very fine quality, at our Saturday night sale.............................. *15c*

45c Cotton Voile for 23c yard

—Dainty cotton voile in 5 different designs in brown, navy, black and champagne beautiful soft materials for summer dresses, etc., 29 in. wide, worth regularly 45c, Saturday night.. *23c*

15c Skirt Binding 10c

—An odd lot of skirt binding, assorted shades of Brown, green, grey, fawn, homespun, etc., 5 yd. ends, regular price 15c, to clear Saturday night............. *10c*

Ladies' Silk Collars 25c

—An assorted lot of Ladies' Silk Collars, all the leading colors and latest styles, regular price 50c and 75c, to clear Saturday night.................. ..... *25c*

Crepe-de-Chine Scarfs 38c

—Fancy Crepe-de-chine scarfs in ivory, sky and pink, 54 in. long, very fashionable for spring, at our Saturday night sale.............................. *38c*

20c Handkerchiefs 3 for 25c

—10 Dozen Ladies' Fancy Embroidered Handkerchiefs in plain, Fancy and beading edge, regular price 15c and 20c, Saturday night .... *3 for 25c*

Fine White Cotton .11c

—500 yards fine English Bleached cotton, fine round thread, absolutely pure, suitable for pillow cases, sheets, etc., special price Saturday night................ *11c*

20c Checked Linen 15c

—Fine checked pure glass linen, best quality, 36 in. wide, suitable for children's dresses, aprons, etc., regular price 20c, for... .... *15c*

$1.00 White Lawn Blouses 69c

—Assorted lot of Ladies' Fine Lawn Blouses with hemstitched tucks, latest style of sleeve with wide cuff, regular price up to $1.00, Saturday night...... *69c*

50c Corset Covers 39c

—An assorted lot of Ladies' Corset Covers, made of fine Nainsook, trimmed with lace and beading, 3 rows of insertion in the front, all sizes from 32 to 40, regular price 50c, Saturday night.. *39c*

$1.15 White Skirts 89c

—Ladies' fine White Cotton skirts, trimmed with good serviceable embroidery, wide flounce of lawn tucks, regular price $1.15, Saturday night............. *89c*

50c Boy's Caps for 25c

—260 Boys' Caps in English Tweeds and Worsteds, a special cash purchase enables us to offer this special value, regular price 50c, Saturday night *25c*

50c Children's Tams for 25c

—An assorted lot of Children's Summer Tams in brown, navy, etc, on sale in our Men's Furnishings Department, reg. 50c, Saturday night *25c*

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

ANOTHER
BIG CROWD EXPECTED
Saturday Evening
To participate in another of our BIG
MONEY SAVING SALES

5 Pieces **72 Inch English Bleached Sheeting,** extra heavy quality, regular price 35c yd, ***Saturday Evening***

23 cents per yd

4 Dozen ***Heavy White Marsailles Bed Quilts,*** both with and without fringe, good value at $1.25 each, ***Saturday Evening***

88 Cents each

Corsets

3½ Dozen celebrated D. & A. Corsets, one of their latest styles side and front garters, drab and white, sold by all dealers at $1.00 pair, ***Saturday Evening***

69 Cents Pair

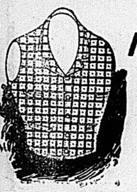
Carpet

1 Piece only Best 3-ply Wool Carpet, 1 yard wide, good pattern, regular price $1.00 yard ***Saturday Evening***

75 Cents Yard

SALE OPENS AT 7:30 o'Clock

Laidlaw & Ketcheson



Men's Light Vests

Never before have we done one-half the business in Light Vests as we are doing this spring. The reason of our big trade is not hard to understand. We have the finest assortment in the city.

We would be pleased to have the opportunity of showing them to you.

OAK HALL,
The Old Reliable Clothiers.

MEN DONT SUFFER WITH SECRET DISEASE

For twenty-five years we have devoted our lives to the treatment of diseases peculiar to men. Our records show that during that time we have actually cured thousands. We believe this should be sufficient proof to most any man that as physicians we must be successful. Not a dollar need be paid for medicines or treatment if you fail to get cured. We cure on bank guaranty. Get honest treatment. When you write or come to us you will be dealt with in a strictly professional manner.

NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNLESS CURED. If you are suffering from lost vitality or weakness from any cause, come to us and we will cure you. Men who are nervous, mental, physical and sexual bankrupts, the result of errors or excesses; producing weakness, despondency, failing memory, etc., should come to us at once, and we will stop that drain upon your system and restore strength, vitality and nerve power. Our experience and thorough knowledge of every electrical and therapeutic agent known to the medical world enables us to effect cures after others fail.

We cure **VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE** and **STRICTURE** without cutting. No pain or detention from business. Before you submit to the cutting operation, investigate our painless and positive curing method.

Our **New Method Treatment** for Blood and Skin Diseases will cure all ulcers, sores, falling out of the hair, bone pains, eruptions and other symptoms of all these complaints. Come and be cured by our scientific treatment. Patients that we treated twenty years ago have never suffered a relapse. If you have **KIDNEY, BLADDER** or **URETHRAL TROUBLE** or **PROSTATIC AILMENT,** or any **URINARY WEAKNESS** or disease, come to us for scientific and reliable treatment.

Our offices are complete with the latest and best electrical and medical appliances and all remedies that are known to the medical world for the cure of these diseases.

If unable to call, write for **QUESTION BLANK for HOME TREATMENT. ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS. Consultation Free. Books Free on Diseases of Men or Women.**

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN
148 Shelby Street, Detroit, Mich.
Office Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 12 m. and 2 to 4 p. m.

Daily Intelligencer.

Why So Much Mystery About This "Trading Company?"

It came out a year or two ago that the Laurier Government were paying five dollars per head on immigrants coming from European slums, while one dollar and seventy-five cents was the limit given in assistance for the better class of immigrants from the Mother Country. Why this was done was a matter of serious inquiry. The bonus system as thus applied seemed to be on a wrong basis. If there was any class more worthy than another to be encouraged by this form of help to settle in Canada, it was thought the men and women of England, Ireland and Scotland belonged to it. Yet they were discriminated against to the extent described, the people picked up anywhere among the dregs of continental Europe, were given the preference. It was impossible, says a contemporary, that such a system should go on without the reason being explained to the taxpayers of Canada who paid the bonus.

The question being asked in Parliament last session it was explained in general and distant terms that the North Atlantic Trading Co. had the contract on that basis, and the Government had to bow to their terms. But who are in this company, that are not known apart from the immigration contract? This is the question to which the Committee of Agriculture in Parliament has been trying in vain. Mr. J. A. Smart, the former Deputy Minister of Interior, who left the department to engage with a land company in the Northwest, which had had some extensive dealings with the department, was called to throw light on the subject. It was in his regime that the contract was made. But Mr. Smart has steadily and persistently declined to answer any question bearing on the identity of the North Atlantic Trading Company. That is a governmental mystery to which Parliament and the country are denied a clue.

The company in question in three years prior to June 30, 1904, was paid $194,340 by the Dominion Government for directing immigrants to Canada, at $5 per head. The account of the corporation, as paid last year, is in the following terms:

"North Atlantic Trading Company—Bonuses, three years to June 30, 1904, 32,055 settlers, at £1; advertising—six months to Dec. 31, 1901, $1,216.66; 2 1-2 years to June 30, 1904, at $3,650; exchange of remittances, $63.66; advances on account of bonuses and literature, $25,014 00. Total, $194,340.98."

The contract, it seems, is for ten years. The payments for the year 1905 were on a much larger scale than prior to June 30, 1904. It is a most pertinent inquiry, who compose the company. They have no vessels, and apparently no other business than is implied in this contract with the Government.

Mr. Smart, who must know all about the matter, refuses to reveal the name of any one connected with the North Atlantic Trading Company. In this position he is sustained by the Liberals on the committee. The Conservatives wished his answer, or rather his refusal to give an answer, reported to the House of Commons. But the proposal was voted down by 33 to 22. Subsequently, Mr. Smart stated that he did not know who the directors were, or who composed the company that has been drawing such large sums from the Government.

Under the contract the company is bound to spend $15,000 yearly on advertising, but the accounts shows that in three years prior to June 30, 1904, the company got $25,014 of advances "on account of bonuses and literature," outside of the $5 per head bonus, so it looks as though its advertising bill came as an extra allowance.

Is the inquiry to stop here? Is there no process known to Parliament whereby the public can get to the heart of the mystery?

Mr. Vandewater is Ill In Peterborough.

The Peterboro Examiner has this piece of news in connection with Mr. Maurice Vanderwater, who sang in two of our city churches last Sunday: "Mr. Maurice Vanderwater, of the staff of the Conservatory of Music, was taken to the Nicholls Hospital this morning, ill. It is feared that he may have to face an attack of typhoid fever, the symptoms seeming to point to that disease."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Going up to see the Royal train this evening? It arrives at 5.40 and leaves at 5.45. We'll have a prince in our midst for five minutes.

• • •

To be strictly "en regle," every graphophone in the city must play God Save the King at 5.40 this evening.

• • •

Judging by their warblings these evenings, the mild winter has not injured the frog crop. There are millions of them.

• • •

The rolling mills puzzle still keeps people guessing.

• • •

The Hospital concert next Tuesday evening will be a good thing. Don't miss it.

• • •

This weather is almost enough to make one think we were back in last January again.

• • •

A German scientist now says the whole continent of Europe is likely to be engulfed by an earthquake. Emperor Bill will never be satisfied unless Germany makes a little bigger splash than any other country.

• • •

When Mayor Sulman of Belleville realizes how Mayor Schmitz, of San Francisco, is being worked just now, he will say, "Well, isn't he the boy to hustle; but he never was chairman of water in Belleville when the water main busted!"

• • •

Doctors declare that their prescriptions are just as efficacious whether the prescribee knows what he is taking or not. Why not the same with patent medicines?

• • •

A Government employee out west clung to the edge of a hole into which he had fallen in the dark and screamed for help. When rescued it was found that his feet had been within four inches of the bottom all the time, but it is doubtful if he would have dropped even if he had known this. Government employees everywhere, especially in Canada, do hate to let go.

• • •

A Chicago masher who had been a champion wrestler was knocked down by a girl whom he spoke to on the street. A has-been athlete should be judge enough of athleticism to be able to pick an unathletic person to insult.

• • •

Two highwaymen in Dallas, Texas, told a visiting preacher from Washington to hold up his hands, but he said "not on your life," and knocked one of them down and chased the other for five blocks. It is to be assumed that this preacher chose his texts mostly from the Old Testament.

• • •

Colborne Express. The young people of St. Paul's church, Brighton, are preparing a highly entertaining and humorous play entitled, "A Clergyman's Courtship."

But why should a clergyman's courtship be any more humorous and entertaining than a layman's?

• • •

Begin cleaning up your yards and lawns at once. Don't put it off from day to day. A citizen who waits until the sanitary inspector comes around and peremptorily orders the removal of all rubbish, garbage, ashes, and other refuse is not a public-spirited or progressive resident. Set a good example by getting to work at once.

• • •

San Francisco was the only city of any consequence in the United States where open prize-fighting was permitted. And it rather looks as though the game was knocked out in Frisco now.

• • •

"All wives," says a woman physician, "should become hypnotists and put their husbands under the influence." Perhaps if they did they might prevent the men from getting under other kinds of influence.

• • •

Paper gloves and stockings are now being made in France. They ought to have a great sale, because they could be darned with a fragment from the colored Sunday supplement.

• • •

A Western Ontario editor, who has probably tried it, says: "It is not denied that teaching is hard work—hard and wearing. The teacher, man or woman, who has served a long period in the schools is not worth much for any other vocation at the end of that service. And the job, or profession, calls for not only years of preparation, but tact, patience, the highest order of intelligence, and that something that has not been named, but is the ability to get along in the face of countless worries and obstacles. Those who do this should be well paid."

• • •

The case of that young lad Nelson, who, at the Picton Assizes, was found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to four years in Kingston penitentiary, the penalty being inflicted for recklessness in the use of a rifle, shows plainly that something cannot be done too soon to prohibit the use of firearms by minors. In this case one person is dead and another goes to penitentiary. It was not even charged that there was intent to kill or even do bodily injury. It was the result of pure recklessness. The sentence should be a warning to all lads who have access to firearms.

• • •

Pity the Prince can't stay a little longer this evening. By all accounts he's a very nice young fellow, though he stands mighty little chance of ever getting into the king row.

• • •

Kingston hotels, according to the Whig, are threatening to raise rates. It will be done, they say, in order to get even with the Whitney Government for raising the licenses. But is that fair? Why not raise the price of the stuff on which the license fee was raised? It is altogether likely, however, that a scheme such as that proposed in Kingston will in the long run defeat its own ends.

• • •

THE PROFESSION OF FAITH.
(Catholic Register.)

Some few weeks ago we challenged an abjuration which, it was claimed by the Star and the News, had been made by the Princess Ena on the occasion of her reception into the church. We were right. A friend wrote to the bishop who had received the royal convert. In his answer His Lordship says: "The Princess made no such abjuration; she simply made the profession of faith contained in the Creed of Pius IV." It remains for these journals to correct their misleading, calumniating and bigotry-rousing statements. The bishop prudently remarks that papers printing such things do not want truth "their only aim is to throw mud at the Catholic church."

• • •

Here are some bookkeeping rhymes that may interest commercial students.

By Double Entry Law, the amount
of Debit,
Must have a corresponding sum of
Credit.

By Journal rules, what I receive,
Must Debtor be to what I give.

Stock for my debts must Debtor be
And Credit by property.

The cost of goods on Debtor side is
told
And Credit by amounts transferred
or sold.

Interest must Debtor be for what I
give
And Credit by amounts which I receive.

I Debit Cash received each day,
And Credit Cash by what I pay.

Profit and Loss account is plain;
I Debit "Loss" and Credit "Gain."

• • •

The friends of the forest may be gratified by the cessation of a great drain upon timber through the cessation of its use as crossties for railways. With an average of 2,800 to the mile, American roads consume 60,000,000 ties per annum. As the yield is two ties to the tree, 30,000,000 trees are consumed annually for this purpose. The average life of a wood tie is eight years. The steel tie is now coming into use. They weigh thirteen to the ton, and cost $2 apiece. But their life is twenty-five years, so that in the end they cost no more than a wood tie that has to be relaid three times in that period. To replace wood with steel on American railways would require 60,000,000 tons of steel, without counting in the electric cable, and elevated horse street roads of the country.

• • •

Monday next will be St. George's day. You may safely wear a rose tomorrow—if you have one.

• • •

It does not look as though many people in this city are anxious for Y. M. C. A. work to go on. More's the pity!

• • •

Looks as though the weather man was plotting to give the new bonnets another bad day to-morrow. He's a mean old thing!

• • •

As was expected, the Legislature has put its foot down on the attempt made by the authorities of this city to obtain a sewerage by-law without submitting the matter to the ratepayers. The Private Bills committee has decided that the matter must be submitted to the property-holders before it can be proceeded with. This is the course the law provides, and what most people said should be done in the first place. Let us have no more of these new-fangled methods. Carry out the law. That's good enough for most people.

HOUSECLEANING DRUGS

We would like to furnish your housecleaning drugs. Scores of items here that cost little, which will facilitate the spring cleaning.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

Good Blood

Good blood, good health; bad blood, bad health; there you have it. Why not help nature just a little and change the bad to the good? Bad blood to good blood; poor blood to rich blood! Ask your doctor how this applies to Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and how it applies to you! Could anything be more fair?

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Miss Hockridge, of Cobourg, is in the city for a brief visit.

Alderman Paterson, who has received the sad news of his mother's death in Toronto, leaves on the early morning train to-morrow to attend the funeral, which takes place in Toronto on Monday morning.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASEBALL FRIDAY.

American League Games.

At Chicago— R.H.E.
Chicago ....2 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 *—6 8 0
Detroit ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 8 3

Batteries—Altrock and Sullivan; Mullin and Warner. Umpires—Hurst and Connors. Attendance—14,100.

At Philadelphia— R.H.E.
New York .....0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—3 5 1
Philadelphia ...1 0 0 1 0 2 3 4 *—11 13 5

Batteries—Orth and Kleinow; Coakley and Powers. Umpires—Evans and O'Loughlin. Attendance—3081.

At Washington— R.H.E.
Washington ...0 1 3 2 1 0 1 2 *—10 14 1
Boston ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 5 5

Batteries—Falkenburg and Heyden; Winter, Gibson and Graham. Attendance—4337. Umpire—Sheridan.

National League Games.

At Pittsburg— R.H.E.
Pittsburg ......0 1 0 0 0 5 0 0 *—6 7 3
Cincinnati ......0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0—4 3 1

Batteries—Lynch and Peitz; Harper, Overall and Schlei. Umpires—Carpenter and Clem. Attendance—2300.

At Boston— R.H.E.
Boston ....0 0 0 4 0 0 3 0 *—7 10 0
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—3 7 2

Batteries—Young and Needham; Kane and Dooin. Umpires—Emslie and Conway.

At New York— R.H.E.
New York ......2 4 0 1 0 0 1 0 *—8 14 0
Brooklyn ......0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—2 4 3

Batteries—Ames and Bresnahan; McIntyre, Doescher, Bergen and Butler. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance—18,000.

Organization Meeting.

"One Interested" writes: A meeting of all baseball lovers of the city is called for Tuesday night next at 8 o'clock, in the parlors of the Y.M.C.A. It is to be hoped a large number of enthusiasts will attend, so as to determine whether we will have a Belleville team or not this season. We have plenty of material in the city, and no doubt during the Wednesday afternoon holidays we could have plenty of exciting baseball games, not only with local teams, but with outside teams as well. Let everybody who can attend this meeting.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Can Get No Word

The following telegram, which explains itself, has been received in this city:

Copy Telegram.
Portland, Ore., April 20, 1906.
To Mrs. J. J. Terrill, School for the Deaf, Belleville, Ont.
Can get no word from father or mother in San Francisco.
CECIL R. WATSON.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate to fresh northwest winds; fair. Sunday, northwest winds; fair, with a little lower temperature.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

LADIES!

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault

Angus McFee

It Pays to Buy the Best.
Wallbridge & Clarke's
FINE TEAS
IN SEALED PACKETS
NEW SEASON'S FINEST BLENDS.
Indo-Ceylon Teas
FRAGRANT AND DELICIOUS
40, 50 and 60c lb
Good Teas at 25c lb.
EXTRA VALUE EXTRA VALUE
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S
SPECIAL BLEND
Indo-Ceylon Tea
30c lb
4 LBS. FOR $1.00
8 half-pound sealed packets for $1.
Wallbridge & Clarke
ESTABLISHED 1871.
DELICIOUS COFFEE, 30 & 40c lb

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—at all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Sprnig Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the
QUEEN QUALITY
. . AND THE . .
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.............. $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.............. $3.00
Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Long Distance Telephone Main 5200-01-02

Commission Orders Executed on All Exchanges

Bonds and Stocks

Bought and Sold on Commission

Investment Securities

Both Listed and Unlisted. Information upon Request

Members Toronto Stock Exchange

Baillie, Wood & Croft.

TORONTO

301

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 3 marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Lathe hands, used to accurate work. Box G, Intelligencer. 19-6t

Blacksmiths, on machine forgings. Canadian General Electric Co., Ltd., Peterboro, Ont. 19-21-23

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Agents Wanted. Some of our men who started in a small way now have large routes of customers, and keep two or three rigs busy delivering all the time. Why not you? Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

FOR SALE.

The residence of Mrs. J. W. Dunnet, corner of Bridge and Commercial Sts., Belleville. For particulars apply to owner or Northrup & Roberts, barristers, Bridge St. a14-4teod

For a short time only, 12 useful household articles for 50 cents. Address P. C. Coo, 116 Wilson Ave., London, Ont. 18-6t

TO LET.

House on Bridge St. All modern improvements. Apply to Dr. Caldwell. 18-6t

LOST.

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

Hart's Filters

None Superior

Every Family Needs One

Removes all Impurities

Full discription furnished on receipt of Postal card.

Belleville Pottery Co.

YOUR NEW HOME

Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.

NO SUCH RISK

by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.

All Work Guaranteed.

John Cornelius,

The City Painter and Decorator.

Significant "Nots"

A Life Insurance Company may be judged by what it DOES NOT DO as well as by what it DOES DO. As illustrating the things which the management of

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. OF CANADA.

does NOT do, attention is invited to the following:

(1) This Company does NOT write foreign business: it does NOT seek business outside British North America and Newfoundland.

(2) It does NOT invest in stocks or in foreign securities of any kind; all its securities are legitimate, first class and productive.

(3) It does NOT deal in Real Estate and does NOT own palatial branch office buildings.

(4) It does NOT deposit in Trust Companies and its officers do NOT hold stock in any subsidiary Trust or Deposit Company.

Head Office, Waterloo, Canada

S. BURROWS,
General Agent, Belleville.

Unsolicited Testimony.

Here is the unsolicited testimony of Mrs. C. A. Martin, of Granville, N.Y., concerning Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for Women. We have her consent to publish her letter. It reads as follows:

I feel that I should tell you what wonders Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets have done for me. I had been running down, getting thin in flesh, and losing appetite for the past year, and though doctor's advice was sought and different remedies were used, there seemed to be no improvement. At length a friend who had received great benefit from Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets, advised me to try this remedy. I did so. In less than a week I began to see good effects. My appetite returned, my nerves began to get steady, my aches and pains began to leave me. I commenced to take on flesh, and I felt that I was being rapidly restored to health. At this moment I feel I am a new woman.

We want you to notice that the above letter proves our claims for Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets in two particulars.

First, that they will restore health after other remedies and even physicians have failed. Mrs. Martin had tried both.

Second, that improvement begins at once. Mrs. Martin saw good effects within a week.

If you are suffering from a run-down condition, or any weakness peculiar to your sex, you, too, can be made well and strong by these tablets.

Take them one week and note the improvement in your feelings and general health.

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets Make Healthy Women.

Estimates

Cheerfully Furnished on Prospective

Electric Light
Electric Motor
Local Telephone
Electric Bell Installations
Etc., Etc.

GREENLEAF & SON.

The General Repair Shop.

In the County Jail.

Wm. Flood, who was sentenced to serve a two months term, in the Cobourg jail, was brought here yesterday and locked up in our County jail Owing to the fact that a new jail is being built at Cobourg arrangements have been made whereby prisoners sentenced to that jail will for the time being be sent to other places for incarceration.

To-day's Market.

There was a fair market to-day and prices generally remain about the same. Dressed poultry still commands a high price and potatoes are also high, being sold at $1.10 and $1.15 per bag. Lettuce, onions and radishes, grown in hothouses, were offered for sale and found a ready market.

Our quotations are as follows:—
Eggs—14 to 15c doz.
Hay—$8 to $8.50 per ton.
Fall wheat—75c.
Spring wheat—75c.
Barley—38 to 42c.
Oats—34c.
Rye—62c.
Buckwheat—55c.
Timothy—$1.50.
Clover—$7 to $8.
Alsike—$4 to $6.
Butter—22c to 24c lb.
Dressed Hogs—$7.50 to $8.00.
Dressed hogs—$8.50 to $9.00.
Dressed beef, fore—$4.00.
Dressed beef, hind—$5 to $5.50.
Chickens—80c to $1.50. pair.
Butchers' trimmed hides—8 1-2c to 9
Rough hides—8c to 8 1-2c.
Mutton—6c to 7c lb.
Horse Hides—$2 to $2.50.
Veal hides—8c per lb.
Deakins—75c.
Pelts—80c to $1.00.
Tallow, rough—1 1-2c to 2c.
Tallow, rendered—3 1-2c.
Wool—22c.
Potatoes—$1.10 to $1.15.
Sheep Skins—60c to 65c.
Geese—$1 to $1.75.
Ducks—$1 to $1.50

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

The amount of insurance now in force in The Mutual Life Company of Canada is nearly $45,000,000, it has assets of about $10,000,000, and its surplus on the Government Standard, over and above all liabilities, is more than $1,200,000.—S. Burrows, General Agent.

Annual Shirt Sale of travellers' samples—white and colored goods; all sizes. Friday, Saturday and Saturday night. Very cheap. — The King Shirt Co., Campbell St. 19-3t

A very interesting programme is promised for the Hospital Concert next Tuesday evening, and a liberal patronage is solicited for a worthy cause. 20-2t

In buying tickets o'er land and sea be sure and call on S. Burrows, Ticket Agent, Front St., Belleville. 21-24

An illustrated lecture will be given in the Viavi office, Pinnacle St., on Tuesday, April 24th, at 3 p.m. Subject—"What is Worth Living For?" 21-23

Some stores mislead the public with old stock. We are sole agents for the city for the celebrated King Hat.—George T. Woodley.

The Lord Bishop of Ontario arrived in the city at 1.37 to-day, and is a guest at the Rectory, Bridge St. He will hold confirmation in St. Thomas' Church to-morrow at 11 a.m.

Alleged "Hold Up" Story Viewed With Suspicion

Between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock last night a police officer heard cries for help coming from a gangway on Front street. He investigated and found a man named W. Tofts, who alleged he had been set upon by four men who attempted to rob him. A companion named Jos. Ryan was with Tofts. As both were under the influence of liquor they were locked up. This morning they were both allowed to go. There was, it is alleged, nothing in Tofts' story that he had been "held up," as whatever valuables he owned were found upon him.

Prince Will be Here For Five Minutes.

Prince Arthur will pass through Belleville this afternoon at 5.40, in his magnificent train which is said to be the finest ever on the G.T.R. tracks. The train will stay five minutes at the station.

Run-Off Near Trenton Occurred Last Evening

A run-off occurred on the line of the G.T.R. near Trenton last evening. Five cars of a freight train were derailed. The auxiliary from this city was called to the scene. The damage sustained was slight. The accident caused some of the trains to be delayed.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stopover arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18-11t

IT IS FOR LADIES, TOO.

They Can Stop Their Hair Falling Out With Herpicide.

Ladies who have thin hair and whose hair is falling out, can prevent the hair falling out, and thicken the growth, with Newbro's Herpicide. Besides, Herpicide is one of the most agreeable hair dressings there is. Herpicide kills the dandruff germ that eats the hair off at the root. After the germ is destroyed, the root will shoot up, and the hair grow long as ever. Even a sample will convince any lady that Newbro's Herpicide is an indispensable toilet requisite. It contains no oil or grease. it will not stain or dye. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Meeting of Officers of the 49th Regiment.

The annual meeting of the officers of the 49th Regiment, Hastings Rifles, was held in Marmora on Good Friday, and was in point of attendance and interest one of the best meetings ever held. Lt.-Col. J. R. Orr, of Madoc, presided.

There were present;

Major J. W. Arnott, of Trenton; Surgeon-Major Dr. H. H. Alger, of Stirling, and Major-Paymaster Thos. McKee, of Stirling; Capt. A. Bywater, and Lt. W. B. Ostrom, of No. 6 Co., Trenton; Capt. W. G. Ketcheson, of Wallbridge; and Lt. J. A. Nugent, Frankford, of No. 3 Co.; Lts. G. Hawley and Fred G. Ketcheson, Belleville, of No. 1 Co.; Capt. C. M. Wallbridge, Madoc, of No. 4 Co.; Capt. D. Green and Lt. W. L. Howson, Stirling, of No. 2 Co.; Capt. W. H. Ketcheson, Belleville, of No. 4 Co.; Lts. Dr. J. MacLean, Bancroft, and Jas. Spurr, L'Amable, of No. 7 Co.; Lts. A. M. Louttit and H. Wiggins, Marmora, of No. 8 Co.

The usual committees were appointed, preparations made for camp and other routine business transacted.

At ten o'clock in the evening business was brought to a close and a banquet was held at Hotel Royal. Besides the officers there were the following guests; Dr. Mackechnie, J. W. Pearce, M.P.P., and Rendol Snell, of Marmora, and J. A. Lomb, of Cordova.

After a very enjoyable feast, Col. Orr proposed the toasts and a couple of hours passed pleasantly by in speech-making and songs.

The officers expressed a good deal of pleasure with their meeting in Marmora and the Marmora guests were fully as enthusiastic in their expressions of pleasure on having the officers meet here.

Next meeting will be held at Trenton.

H. R. Beattie,

BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

Stock	New York, April 21	
	Op'g	Close
Atchison	90½	90⅝
do pref	101½	101½
St Paul	174	172¼
Mop	95	95
Union Pac	153½	152⅝
C.P.R	161⅞	162½
Sou Pac	65⅛	65⅜
R I	27⅞	27½
Ills C.	172⅞	172⅞
Sou Ry	39½	39⅝
Texas	31⅝	31⅝
B.& O	111⅞	110⅞
N Y C	142¼	142
Penn	140⅞	140⅞
Soo	170	171½
T. W.	118	118
Erie	43½	43⅝
do pref	77	77
Reading	129	128⅞
C. O	58⅝	58⅝
O W	49	49
Manhattan	....	....
W C	....	....
L. & N.	148	147½
A. F.	41⅝	42⅜
Nor	89⅝	89½
Wab.	21½	21½
do pref	47½	47½
A. R.	157⅞	157½
C. G W	21½	21
T.C.I.	...	...
U. S. Steel	43⅜	43⅜
do pref	108⅞	108¼
Sugar	139	138¼
B.R.T.	85	84⅝
P. O	93⅝	93⅝
A. C. P.	110⅞	110¼
Met.	....	....
Alc.	67⅞	68⅝
C.F.I.	61½	61½

Recruits Are Quite Plentiful This Year.

The prospects are that the Fifteenth Regiment will, during the coming season, have its full complement of men. Six of the eight companies are already filled up and recruits are being added daily.

Capt. Barragar is engaged nearly every evening in drilling recruits and is kept busy at his task.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents to be had at R. Templeton's drug store

The York County Loan

HOW MATTERS STAND AT PRESENT IN CONNECTION WITH MR. JOSEPH PHILLIPS, EX-PRESIDENT OF THE DEFUNCT COMPANY.

Toronto, April 20.—Attaining his liberty for the first time in three weeks, the menace of civil and criminal prosecution gone, and himself retained at unnamed compensation by the liquidators to assist them—such in brief is the position of Joseph Phillips this morning. This change in his state was made at the expense of his relinquishing shares valued at about $65,000 in the Toronto Life, and inducing his former employes and associates in business to take a similar step.

A close friend of Phillips to-day cast some light on the process of the negotiations which were at one point almost finally dropped by both parties

Just before Phillips was briefly committed for trial yesterday afternoon, he signed over his shares in the Toronto Life to the liquidators. The rest of the holders of Toronto Life stock against whom the interim injunctions had been secured had agreed formerly to take this step.

The action tends to rehabilitate the assets of the Toronto Life Company, in which it is said policies at the rate of $500 a week were lapsing. It gives a better value, not only to the shares turned over, but to $28,000 worth of the stock owned outright by the York Loan Company.

The liquidators gave out the following statement yesterday:

All the shares of Toronto Life Insurance Company stock in dispute have been handed over, and the pending actions will, therefore, be discontinued immediately. The parties interested, Messrs. Phillips and Burt, the Misses Hudson, Joan McCann and Mrs. Souter, have, in all, handed over about 1,500 shares of stock, upon which the sum of, approximately, $50,000 has been paid. The principal parties have also released all their claims against the York County Loan & Savings Company and allied companies, and a transfer to the liquidator has been agreed upon of the assets of the National Monthly and Canadian Home, and securities for the sum of $6,500 have also been made over to the liquidator. As a part of the arrangement the Liszt Piano Company has for some days been in the hands of the liquidators. The assets of this company are estimated as being worth in the neighborhood of $50,000.

About three minutes' time was consumed by Magistrate Denison in committing Phillips for trial. When this was done J. E. Jones, his counsel, hurried off to ask Judge Winchester for bail. Meantime Phillips had been taken back to jail, so that when the judge concluded to allow bail Sergeant Duncan sent special officers to the jail, who conveyed Phillips to his home at 190 Wright avenue. There Magistrate Kingsford finished the formalities, taking two sureties of $2,500 each, the bondsmen being John W. Hudson and A. M. Hebberlin.

It is understood that the Crown Attorney, in agreeing to a settlement of the case, has the sanction of the Attorney-General in the matter. Mr. Curry has written to the Attorney-General stating that the settlement is satisfactory to himself and requesting the Attorney-General to consider whether the ends of justice have not been sufficiently served by the restitution. He points out that the money turned over represents the bulk of that alleged to be wrongfully taken from shareholders.

The assets thus secured include all the stock traceable to Phillips, valued at $65,000. The Misses Hudson retained between them 60 shares purchased with their own money. E. J. Burt turned over a lump sum in cash in settlement of the claim the liquidators have against the property on Yonge street, alleged to have been purchased from proceeds of over-riding commissions on York Loan and Liszt Piano business.

In answer to a question by Mr. Graham, member for Brockville, Hon Mr Foy stated yesterday in the House that due consideration would be given as to the future course to be pursued with regard to Phillips.

The project of restitution originated with the counsel for Phillips, J. E. Jones. When the latter first broached the subject to Phillips the latter was very indignant and practically accused Mr. Jones of attempting to betray his interests. When asked about the case this morning, Mr. Jones said;

"If I have acted wisely in permitting the accused to take the course he did, subsequent events will no doubt show, and nothing that I can say for newspaper publication can be of any service to my client, and would only be derogatory to the dignity of my profession. Whatever course others may pursue, I am unalterably opposed to display by newspapers items prompted by counsel in pending cases.'

"The Attorney-General can be relied upon by us all to live up to the high ideals of the chief executive of the criminal department of this province without any interference by counsel for accused, and whatever his ultimate decision may be, we may all rest assured that he will do what he thinks not only just to the accused, but in the best interests of the community. The public has entirely lost sight of the fact that the accused has never yet had an opportunity of vindicating his position upon the full evidence being adduced and proper explanations made, and the matter is one entirely for the civil and not for the criminal courts."

A close friend of Phillips, who has followed the course of the proceedings from day to day, made the following statement this morning:

"I am told that the hitch in the negotiations was caused not by Phillips and his counsel, but by the Crown Attorney. The latter entered into the spirit of the settlement, and then when he was practically sure that the negotiations would not fall through, he stated that in addition to giving up his possessions Phillips would get seven years in jail

"When this was told Phillips the latter was indignant, and said, 'He is mistaken if he thinks I am fool enough to turn over all my money and be branded as a criminal also, I will fight.'

"When the Crown Attorney made known his attitude to Mr. Jones, the latter told him in effect 'to go to blazes' and continue the prosecution.'

Phillips has been given the use of his home, rent free, by the liquidators until October.

In the Legislature yesterday, in answer to Mr. Graham, of Brockville, who called the attention of the Attorney-General to the fact that newspaper comment seemed to be in the direction of allowing Joseph Phillips, the defaulting manager of the York County Loan, to go free if certain moneys were turned over to the liquidators, Hon. J. J. Foy said his department had been communicated with. Negotiations had been entered into by the legal representatives in the case whereby they sought to have Phillips turn over certain moneys held by him to the liquidators of the York Loan Company. All that he, as Attorney-General, was able to say was that if Phillips made complete restitution the fact would doubtless be considered. He had made no promise and had held out no encouragement. that the department would in any way interfere on Phillips' behalf.

BELL

TO BUY A PIANO

Bearing the name "Bell" is to secure an instrument of real merit, the one "Built to last a Lifetime." The Bell is the only piano with the Illimitable Quick Repeating Action.

ART PIANOS

Send for Beautiful (free) Booklet B to The BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO.

OPINION OF THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT ANALYST.

I hereby certify that I have analyzed Wilson's Invalids' Port and find it contains the best of Natural Port Wine and Extract of Cinchona Bark as its chief principles. These active principles are blended in the proper proportion to act as an excellent appetizer and a most agreeable tonic and fortifier.

Provincial Government Analyst.

36a

LAKE ONTARIO & BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., LIMITED.

Str. "Aletha"

Between

Belleville--Picton--Kingston

Commencing April 17th, steamer will leave Belleville for Picton, Kingston and intermediate Bay of Quinte ports on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.00 a.m. Returning will arrive on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10.20 p.m.

Right reserved to change time with or without notice.

Freight handled promptly and with care.

For further information apply to E. E. HORSEY, General Manager. THE SCHUSTER CO., Agents, Belleville, Ont.

Ontario & Quebec Navigation Co.

STR. ALEXANDRIA

Thoroughly refitted,

Will commence the season with an excursion to Rochester, N. Y.

Saturday, April 28th

Leaving Belleville 11 a.m., returning, will leave Charlotte 8.30 Sunday evening. Fare for round trip, $2.25.

For further particulars apply to the Schuster Co., agents.

MOONEY'S
PERFECTION
CREAM Sodas
THE MOONEY BISCUIT & CANDY CO. STRATFORD CANADA

From the Ovens to You

We bridge distance with our moisture-proof, dust-proof packages. Halifax and Vancouver are brought to the ovens' doors. Farms and small towns are put on the same plane with the big cities.

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

are packed in 1 & 3 lb. air-tight packages, fresh, crisp, delicious—and reach you in the same condition, no matter where you live.

AT ALL GROCERS

Rex Chocolates

If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes. Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,
Home Bakery, Front St.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

It is better to be bald and rich than it is to be bald without being rich.

THERE are many kinds of flour sold. Some are made from spring wheat and some from winter wheat.

What you ought to know is which wheat makes the best flour, and why.

Winter wheat is put into the ground in the fall, grows a few inches, then gives up to the snow. When the snow melts it grows again, ripening in July. It matures slowly, is soft and very starchy.

Spring wheat is sown in late April or early May, and ripens in August. It matures rapidly and is therefore strong. It's a flinty, translucent wheat, rich in gluten and containing nearly twice as much real nutriment as the winter wheat.

Royal Household Flour

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TIMELY TOPICS.

THE BAD LITTLE BOY.

(Detroit Free Press.)

The bad little boy has fallen asleep:
Oh, a bad little boy was he!
His toys he has carelessly thrown in a heap—
He was naughty as naughty could be,
He disobeyed mother and ran out to play
On the street with the other bad boys,
Worn out and weary at close of the day
He has fallen asleep with his toys

The bad little boy wouldn't do as she told,
For he has a will of his own;
And the room where he plays is a sight to behold,
The room she shut him alone.
"If you don't be good, I'll tell papa," said she,
As she left him and shut fast the door,
"Tell him!" the bad little boy said, and he
Kicked his toys all over the floor.

So I went in to punish the bad little boy,
For a bad little boy was he;
But somehow I thought how I used to annoy
When I was as bad as could be.
And I thought of the many times mother had said
She would tell of my obstinate way
And how she'd forgive me and take me to bed
When I fell asleep at my play.

And I knew that that bad little boy was like me,
With his temper and obstinate tricks;
As he slept there I thought that's how I used to be
When I was a youngster of six.
So I took up the bad little boy in my arms
And carried him up to his rest;
And I thought that of all life's wonderful charms
A bad little boy is the best.

• • •

And now a wayside humorist says that "the eruption of Vesuvius might have been expected for everything breaks out in the spring."

• • •

A Paris dentist recently extracted eight teeth from a patient against the latter's will. The dentist is thought to be crazy. As he charged only sixty cents, the theory looks all right.

• • •

An eminent German scientists says that there will soon come a time when the supply of water on the earth will not be sufficient to support life. Some people can get along on very little.

• • •

The Toronto Board of Trade has now 809 members, and expects to increase the number to 1,000 before the end of the month.

• • •

The Bayonne (N .J.) barbers have agreed not to gossip with their customers. Didn't some one say that the end of the world was to be preceded by signs and portents?

• • •

Lord Strathcona, High Commissioner for Canada, has presented the officers of the Irish Guards with a handsome silver punch bowl in memory of the visit of the regimental band to Canada last autumn.

• • •

The Salvation Army has brought another company of hardy young Britishers, eleven hundred strong, to our shores. This immigration movement appears to have been excellently managed from the outset, and, we hope, will be continued on the original lines.

• • •

In some respects London is very much behind many English villages, Practically every rural police station has its telephone. But Scotland Yard, the head and centre of London criminal detective system still holds out against this means of communication.

• • •

From Bordeaux it is reported the supply of what is known as French brier root is about exhausted. The product, which formerly came from the department of the Landes and from near the frontier in the Pyrenees, is now obtained in Scotland exclusively. The pipes are manufactured at St. Claude.

• • •

Professor Mattucci, of the Vesuvius Observatory, must be an inveterate optimist with an unfailing sense of humor. For the comfort of those who are troubled by ashes from the volcano he says they are the best possible fertilizer; "it is merely a question just now of having too much of a good thing."

• • •

The Weekly Sun points out that the total amount paid in teachers' salaries in Ontario last year was a trifle less than was paid out by the Dominion Government in railway subsidies and bounties for iron, steel, lead, and petroleum.

• • •

The Gaynor-Greene case is referred to as "the case with the most tremendous record ever submitted to a United States court from the beginning of the Government down to the present time." The case has cost the United States at least $200,000, and Gaynor and Greene themselves $250,000, while their forfeited bail amounts to $80,000.

• • •

A considerable portion of the postmen of France are on strike for the eight-hour day and a recognition of their union. The Government is standing out stiffly against the demand and was sustained by a vote of 166 to 86 in the Chamber of Deputies. This followed a declaration by the Minister of Public Works that the Government would neither recognize the Postmen's Union, nor permit strikes. The army is being used to prevent the crippling of the postal service, and there is not much chance for the effort of the striking postmen to succeed under such circumstances.

Adirondack.

The word "Adirondack" comes to us from the language of the Mohawks. With them it was Ha-de-ron-dack and meant wood eaters. This term was applied in derision to a few members of a once powerful branch of the Algonquins, who were defeated by the Iroquois and forced to seek refuge in a fastness of the mountains. They were in great distress, and it is said they sent messengers to their victors asking them to make no further war upon them, as they were reduced to the necessity of eating roots and the bark of trees. A few of them finally escaped to the north, and others were captured and held in slavery by the Mohawks.

Dress Economy.

I never realized how well a woman can dress with a small income till I made the acquaintance of one with a streak of practical economy in her makeup. Being a careful person, she wears her clothing slowly, but each season, with the aid of a seamstress and a first class fashion magazine, she makes slight changes in all her clothing, only enough to give them up to date touches. Whatever new garments she needs are purchased with an eye to future usefulness as well as present fashions. And she is always beautifully attired. I happen to know that she spends very little money.—Woman Correspondent in Minneapolis Tribune.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

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A SWINDLE AND A FRAUD

Hon. G. E. Foster So Denounces North Atlantic Trading Co.

Declares It to Be a Siftonian "Houseless, Homeless, Headless Monstrosity"—Got $5 a Head For Every Person "Who Arrived In Canada" From An Aggregate Population of 240,000,000—Hon. Mr. Oliver Announces Notice of Cancellation of Contract.

Ottawa, April 21.—In the House yesterday Mr. McIntyre (South Perth) addressed the House on the general issue involved in the salary grab, and he was followed by Mr. Miller (South Grey).

Mr. Borden thought the discussion was premature. He was anxious to have the bills introduced by Mr. Maclean (South York), and Mr. Wilson (Lennox and Addington) put to their second reading. He urged that the matter be taken up next week.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he regretted that private members had not deferred to the Government's undoubted right to deal with this question. Public opinion would justify the fullest possible discussion at an early date.

At the evening session Mr. Galliher (Kootenay) resumed the debate upon the second reading of Mr. Fitzpatrick's bill concerning the payment of his indemnity to a member prevented from attending sessions of the House through illness. He urged that a per diem of $15 be paid to members in traveling to and from the capital. Mr. Fitzpatrick thought that a per diem of $8 should be sufficient.

That Trading Company.

Upon motion to go into supply, Hon. Geo. E. Foster brought up the subject of the North Atlantic Trading Co.

"This transaction," he said, "bears every birth mark of a Siftonian child. The defiance of Parliament; the contempt of the Cabinet; the lavish extravagance which accompanied it, were truly Siftonian. In 1899 Mr. Smart (the deputy minister), a true Siftonian, visited in London W. T. R. Preston, another Siftonian. They hatched and formed this conspiracy."

Mr. Foster then read the correspondence between the company and Mr. Preston. It provided for bonusing immigrants, and was to run for five years. Mr. Preston stated that he was acting by the direction and under the authority of Mr. Sifton, the then Minister of the Interior.

This contract was kept a secret from Parliament, and from the Cabinet until May 31, 1902. At that time Mr. Sifton applied to the Governor-in-Council and obtained authority to make a second contract, binding the Government of Canada. This contract was dated back to January of that year. It provided for a bonus of $5 per head upon all immigrants of the agricultural or domestic servant class from various countries named, comprising about all of Europe, excepting France and Italy. This contract was to run until Jan. 1, 1912, but terminable upon two years notice. On Nov. 24, 1904, the contract was extended so as to run until Jan. 1, 1915."

Easy Money.

None of these negotiations or agreements were brought to the attention of Parliament, although, said Mr. Foster, they filched from the public treasury more than a million dollars. The bonus is paid upon each and every person "who arrived in Canada" from any one of the countries named. It was immaterial what the company did or did not do towards suggesting or inducing this immigration. For every immigrant from these countries with an aggregate population of 240,000,000 people, the trading company levied a toll of five dollars per head. Last year this company drew $88,000.

"This contract was made for this Government by Mr. Smart, deputy minister of the interior. Is it any wonder that the contract favored the company when we find this same deputy minister to-day the manager of the company?"

He declared the company to be a swindle and a fraud from A to Z. "It is a houseless, homeless, headless monstrosity."

Mr. Oliver In Defence.

Hon. Mr. Oliver, Minister of the Interior, deprecated Mr. Foster's attack upon Mr. Sifton. "He is not in his seat," said Mr. Oliver.

"He never is," shouted several members, amid general applause and laughter.

The Minister defended the general policy of immigration, pursued by the Liberal Government. He claimed that since 1882, there had been bonuses paid for immigrants at so much a head. The contract with the North Atlantic Trading Co. only followed an established policy.

In reply to an enquiry from Mr. Borden, the Minister stated that he had not the faintest idea who composed the North Atlantic Co. He neither knew nor cared who composed it. He charged that many members of the Opposition held stock in the C. P. R., and many others were dabbling daily in C. P. R. at the ticker, although their votes in the House were quite important to that corporation, and affected the value of stock

Amid cheers from the Opposition, Mr. Oliver, at last admitted that the Government had given notice to the North Atlantic Trading Co. that the contract must be cancelled. A cable was sent to that effect on the 14th inst.

Canada Evidence Act.

In committee the House discussed amendments to the Canada Evidence Act. The bill as drafted by the Minister of Justice disqualifies either husband or wife from testifying for their own in criminal cases. Mr. Borden thought such witnesses should be competent, but not compellable. Mr. MacDonald (Picton) supported Mr. Borden. The bill was reported.

The House restored the annual traveling allowances of $500 to the district judges of Ontario.

Not What Was Ordered.

Ottawa, April 21.—At the commission appointed to investigate the fallen tower yesterday morning, Mr. Ewart, chief architect, testified that the work was not carried out in accordance with specifications. The inside and outside walls were not properly bonded.

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Arr. Watertown "	8.10 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9.12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p m
Arr. Rochester "	2.28 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.20 a.m.	0.00 p.m.
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The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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that I need fear no more for the present—at least from the captain.

"Very well," said I.

"I am glad you agree with me," he remarked. "It is a saving of dignity."

I said no more, but whipped up the horse and left him, with a mocking bow, which he returned gravely, and the last I saw of him was his bulky form leaning upon the gun and assiduously following me with his dull and fishy eyes.

I put up the horse at the Swan and hurried to the station, barely in time to catch the London train. I took my ticket hastily and, rushing down the platform, cast about me precipitately for a first class carriage. The guard had retired to the back part of the train and stood impatiently, flag in hand. I came upon two compartments of the class I wished and gave a hurried glance into each. The one appeared empty, but the other already contained two or three travelers. This latter, however, was labeled "Smoking," and for a second or two I wavered in the balance until a sharp "Now, then, sir!" from the guard finally whipped up my decision. I opened the door of the smoking carriage, but as I did so a man rudely stumbled against me, and I fell against the next compartment, the door of which had just been opened by a third person. In the flurry of the moment I merely remember getting back my clutch upon the handle, and the next instant I was in the smoking carriage, somewhat hot and angry. Out of the window by which I sat I saw in the tail of my eye the two men stepping swiftly into the next compartment, and something vaguely troubled my senses.

I settled into the cushions as the train drew out of the station and looked about at my companions. Then my mind returned to the landscape, which was now passing pretty swiftly. It struck me in a flash what was exercising my mind. A squint—that was it! Mrs. Main had described the intruder of the morning as a man with a "squint—funny-like." And the man who had got into the next carriage was a man with a squint. The coincidence was only remarkable because I was in a veritable net of suspicion. And when I examined the particulars it was his companion who had jostled me—I might, to be thoroughly suspicious, say shoved me. Why had I been shoved? Perhaps it was an accident, and the two men had no relation to each other, nor the second man with the squint to Mrs. Main's friend. But, on the other hand, that shove came near sending me through the open doorway of the next carriage, and but for my own obstinacy I might now be seated in the seclusion of that carriage with my two neighbors in an express that did not stop for forty miles.

At Paddington I took a cab. I could see the man with the squint nowhere, and I looked for him pretty sharply. His companion's face I had not seen, and should not, of course, recognize again. It was quite possible that they had been passengers to an intermediate station only, in which case, as I conceived, I had been using my imagination in vain. It was by this time a little after 6, and, as the dead season had fully set in, the streets in the west end were bare of carriages, but a concourse of people still streamed along the pavements—the tide of life ran, to all appearance, as populous as ever. When I reached my chambers in the Temple I made a more suitable toilet for the town, and, that completed, found my watch stood at 7:30. The night was rapidly descending, and already the elms in the gardens of the court were enveloped in the somber shadows of evening. As I stood peering out of the window I was struck roughly into another mood by the apparition of a face on the pavement below. It came suddenly into the lamplight and vanished in the next instant, but I had recognized that horrid squint in the flash. I drew away sharply and considered. I will confess the discovery chagrined me and set the pulses throbbing in my body. There could be no doubt that the fellow had tracked me here and was watching for me to come out. Here again was the hand of my unscrupulous enemy, striking at me 300 miles away and in the heart of London. But I must needs come to a determination promptly. I saw at once that my plans must be relaid. These men were after the piece of parchment I had in my pocket. I began to feel desperate. I felt the pocketbook under my hand. I certainly could not think of leaving it, as I had intended, in my rooms, for if I knew anything of these gentry I should return to find the place rifled. There was little they would stick at, as I had had proof. I made up my mind to try for Sheppard. It was possible that he was in town, and in any case I would not leave the document off my person. In the meantime I was feeling extremely hungry and was resolved to make a meal. It was certain the scoundrels would not assail me in the open.

I recognized that horrid squint.

I scrutinized the court as I came out, but naturally the spies were not likely to show themselves. Then I drove to the Cafe Royal and enjoyed an excellent dinner. From where I sat in the dining room I had a view through an open door of the great hall beyond, in which the representatives of a dozen nationalities drank and chattered and played their dominos. Halfway through my meal I looked up, and there was my friend unobtrusively sipping a glass of vermuth right opposite the doorway. It was plain that I was followed still, as I had suspected would be the case. To lose sight of me on the chance that I had bestowed what they wanted in my rooms was not a piece of their policy. I suppose the room would keep. I had a good view of the fellow, and as I leisurely drank my wine I watched him. Clearly I was to have an adventure for my pains, and the first thing was to run Sheppard to earth.

When I got out into the street I was conscious that the man was behind me, and, turning quickly, I confronted him. My action was so abrupt that it took him by surprise, but he took off his hat politely and with a "Pardon, sir!" in a slightly foreign accent, avoided the collision that had been imminent. I jumped into a cab and drove straight to Sheppard's rooms in Down street. As luck would have it, he was out, but it was a relief to find that he was in town. According to the maid, he was to be back in the morning. In considerable disappointment I ran down the stairs and banged the front door, and there was my man across the roadway.

I confess that I began for the first time to have the feeling of being hunted. I strode over to him.

"What the devil do you want?" I asked angrily.

"Sir!" said he and looked up at me as if in surprise.

"What the devil do you want?" I repeated.

There was a slight pause, and with my hand in my pocket I ostentatiously cocked the revolver. The faint click caught his ear.

"I am desirous to walk about the street, sir," he said softly. "I have made up my mind to see London by night. It is var' beautiful."

"Very well," thought I, for it was plainly of no use to deal with the rascal. "You may walk as much as you like. I am for a cab."

And into a cab again I jumped. "Drive—west—anywhere," said I at last to the questioning cabman. "I'll direct you."

I had this dilemma now before me—that I dared not go back to my rooms. The risk was too extravagant. And the question as to where I was to pass the night became important, as it was now past 11. Of course I could go to a hotel, where I should be comparatively safe, but I had no fancy to spend the long hours of darkness awake and on my guard on the chance that this scoundrel would make an attempt on my room. No. I must be rid of him first. As the cab drove off I peeped through the little window at the back and saw my squinting friend in conversation with another man, no doubt the second of the gang.

The cab passed through Knightsbridge and toward Kensington, and then I turned the driver through the park for Bayswater. Presently I was aware of a rattling behind and looking out through my spy hole again perceived a second cab close upon us.

"Very well," said I to myself. "You shall have your wish. A stern chase is a long chase."

I fancy my cabman must have thought me near upon a lunatic. I chopped and changed his directions a dozen times, and during the next two hours we visited quite half of the metropolis.

You will doubtless dub me a fool in that I didn't forthwith take the shelter of the law and put myself under safe custody. But I had two reasons against that—the one, that I had a sort of informal bargain with Sercombe not to bring the authorities into this feud, but to fight out a private war; the other, that I would see these scoundrels in the infernal regions before I surrendered to them. And when you come to think of it, to call in the police for help in the distinctly illegal job which occupied me would hardly be in taste. So there was nothing for it but the road, and the road it was for the next two hours and more. By that time my cab horse, a fine upstanding chestnut, had fairly run himself down, and so I hoped had my pursuers' cab. But of this I could not be certain, and, in any case, it was not their object to provoke an open fracas. As I imagined, they merely sought to run me to earth somewhere. And it was obvious by now that I could not drive about in cabs all night.

Somewhere between 1 and 2 I found myself again in Kensington, or, rather, in that region of respectable, desolate and gloomy houses lying about Gloucester road. The chase had to end somehow. We drove up a road dimly lighted and narrow. I suppose my cabman must have been almost as weary as I, and probably more sleepy. At any rate, I had ceased to guide him for some time. He had taken the initiative himself, constituting himself, I conceive, the guardian of this harmless lunatic. At all events, it was soon plain that we had entered a cul-de-sac. The situation pricked my resolution to the proper point of action. As it fell out, a flare of gas streamed from the fan lights in a large and commodious house near the bottom of the road, seeming to show that the inmates had not yet retired, and, acting on my resolution in a second, I stopped the man and jumped out before the door. As I did so the second cab also came to a pause. My cab turned slowly round and stopped abreast of his fellow. I would swear I saw the two figures alight. God knows what the cabmen made of it all. I pulled at the bell, but for a time could get no answer. But at last, and in response to a louder peal than usual, the door was opened, and there confronted me a tall, slight man something near my own age in evening dress.

"Who the devil may you be?" says he, surveying me from top to toe with a puzzled look.

"Sir," said I, "this is no place upon your doorstep to explain to you. But I am in immediate need of a kindly hand, and if you will have the goodness to bear with me and allow me two minutes in your private room I make no doubt that I can satisfy you."

"Faith," said he, smiling rather foolishly, "if it is a hand you want, you must needs look for one steadier than mine."

And, true enough, there he was swaying somewhat unsteadily upon his legs and presenting me a face flushed with the use of liquor. But this was no moment for parleying, and I pressed my point promptly.

"Then, pray, let me shut the door for you," said I, stepping in forthwith. And without more ado I closed the great door with a bang.

He led the way docilely enough into a neighboring room and, turning up the gas, faced me. "This is all very well," says he more soberly. "But I have still to learn who the devil you may be."

"My name, sir, is immaterial," I replied. "But it is your services I want in a certain crisis, and if you be a gentleman, as I see you are, I shall have no doubt of the issue."

He stared at me for some moments in silence. "Pray state your case," he said politely and sticking the stump of a cigar in his mouth, but supporting himself upon the table.

"You ask me my name?" I answered. "Well, there is no concealment I would practice on you, and so it is Greatorex, for what use you may care to make of it."

"Mine's Winthorp," he explained—"Lord Winthorp. You may have heard of me recently—corespondent in divorce case, you know."

"The situation is easily settled," said I. "I have something of value upon me, and I have been chased by two rascals in a cab. The light was burning in your house, and so I took the liberty of ask'ng your assistance to evade them."

"Gentlemen," said he, "here is another guest."

"Quite right," says the young fool, taking the cigar from his mouth, "quite right. Stolen goods?" he asked comically.

"My lord," said I, with a smile, "if it were, do you think a thief like myself would confess it?"

He broke out laughing and without any more ado beckoned me to follow and walked in his uncertain gait across the hall and toward a farther room, from which issued a great noise of talk and laughter. Flinging the door open, he strode in.

"Gentlemen," said he, "here is another guest to join us. Pray charge your glasses."

(To be continued.)

CHILDHOOD'S PERILS

The so-called soothing medicines contain poisonous opiates that deaden and stupify, but never cure the little ailments of childhood. Baby's Own Tablets are guaranteed to contain no opiate, they act on the stomach and bowels and thus remove the cause of nearly all the ills that afflict little ones. In this way they bring natural, healthy sleep, and the child wakes up bright and well. Mrs. A. Weeks, Vernon, B.C., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and can cheerfully say that I have found them all you claim for them." These Tablets are good for children of all ages from birth onward. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 25c a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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Bless your soul, we can do it *MORE* cheaply, as far as cost is concerned—but that word *CHEAP* we cannot apply well to our work. It does not sound right for there is nothing cheap about our work excepting the price we ask for it.

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2 Dozen White Quilts, 11 x 4, regular price $1.50, on sale at $1.19
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500 Yards embroidery in short ends, same were 25c yard, on sale Saturday night your choice per yard for.......... 5c and 7c
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will do its work in thirty to sixty minute. Your clothes will be cleaner and whiter than if washed in the old-fashioned way with boiler and hard rubbing.

5c. Buy it and follow directions. 5c. Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

To-morrow's International Sunday School Lesson.

JESUS THE SINNERS' FRIEND—GOLDEN TEXT IS; "THY FAITH HATH SAVED THEE; GO IN PEACE."

HISTORICAL SETTING.

Time—Summer of A.D. 28.

Place—In some town of Galilee, perhaps Capernaum.

John the Baptist in prison at Macherus.

Jesus in the midst of the Second Year of His ministry.

The message of John the Baptist (Luke 7: 18-35). The report of the resurrection miracle at Nain, and of Christ's other miracles in Galilee, spreading to Judea and Perea, reached John the Baptist in his prison at Castle Macherus, beyond the Jordan. John's reproof of Herod's crimes had brought his imprisonment upon him, and now the great prophet was evidently discouraged. His life seemed a failure. Still in his prime, he faced death, and the quiet teacher to whom he had pointed as the Messiah, with his handful of humble followers, seemed so different from the mighty conqueror who was to subdue all things to himself! But the news of the great miracles aroused new hope, and John sent to Jesus two of his faithful disciples, asking, "Art thou he that cometh, or look we for another?" Christ's answer was to continue before them preaching the gospel and working many miracles of healing.

Christ did not upbraid John, but when the messengers had departed he praised him as the greatest of men; adding, however, that the least man who enjoyed the full light and privileges of the kingdom of God, which was then being preached was greater than he.

Continuing, Christ contrasted John's ministry, severe and ascetic, with his own, "eating and drinking, a friend of publicans and sinners." And yet with neither of them were the scribes and Pharisees pleased. This saying leads Luke to relate a conspicuous instance of the Lord's friendship for sinners—our present lesson.

TWO TYPES OF SINNERS.

First type—Simon the Pharisee.

36. And one of the Pharisees, Simon by name. He was probably one of the better class of Pharisees, partially open to conviction, and yet showing the taint of Phariseeism by refusing to honor Jesus publicly with the rites accorded illustrious guests, and by despising utterly the poor woman who was a sinner.

Illustration. Simon's attitude is well illustrated by a story told in the Bustan of the famous Persian poet, Saadi. "Jesus, while on earth, was once entertained in the cell of a dervish, or monk, of eminent reputation for sanctity. In the same city dwelt a youth sunk in every sin, 'whose heart was so black that Satan himself shrank from it in horror.' This last presently appeared before the cell of the monk, and, as if smitten by the very presence of the divine prophet, began to lament deeply the sin and misery of his past life, and, shedding abundant tears, to implore pardon and grace. The monk indignantly interrupted him, demanded how he dared to appear in his presence and in that of God's holy prophet; assured him that for him it was in vain to seek forgiveness, and to prove how inexorably he considered his lot was fixed for hell, exclaimed, 'My God, grant me but one thing—that I may stand far from this man on the judgment day.' On this Jesus spoke: 'It shall be even so; the prayer of both is granted. This sinner has sought mercy and grace, and has not sought them in vain. His sins are forgiven; his place shall be in paradise at the last day. But this monk has prayed that he may never stand near this sinner. His prayer, too, is granted; hell shall be his place; for there this sinner shall never come.'"

Desired him. Was asking. The tense implies that the request was repeated. And he went. Jesus was like the sunlight, glad to go wherever he might carry light and purification, and no more receiving defilement from such a course than the sun's rays do. Even so Christ's disciples may go safely wherever they go in his spirit of helpfulness. And sat down to meat. Rather, reclined at table.

Second Type.—The Woman That Was a Sinner.

37. Behold. Her presence created surprise. A woman in the city. Probably Capernaum; perhaps Nain or Magdala. Which was a sinner. A notorious character, as the Greek implies. When she knew that Jesus sat at meat. Her presence there is explained by the Oriental custom of strangers passing in and out of a house during a meal to see and converse with the guests. In the Pharisee's house. A formidable place for one like her to go to; but what will love not dare?

TWO WAYS OF TREATING JESUS

First—The Woman's Way. 37. Brought an alabaster box. Flask. Of ointment. The ointment with which Mary of Bethlehem anointed Jesus' feet was worth 300 pence, Roman silver denarii, worth 15 to 17 cents each, or $50. Equivalent to $300 in our day.

38. And stood at his feet weeping. In gratitude and penitence. Began to wash his feet with tears. Before she can open the cruse her heart opens, and tears rain down so abundantly as to wet his feet, inflicting an indignity when she had meant an honor.

And did wipe them with the hairs of her head. With a touch, she looses the hair, which it was shameful to let down in public, and, with the ingenuity and abasement of love, makes it a towel. And kissed his feet. She rained kisses upon them. The tense of this and the following verbs shows that the actions were continued and repeated, as though she could not desist.

And anointed them with the ointment. This was the one act she had come of set purpose to do; all the rest was done impulsively under the rush of feeling.

Second—The Pharisee's Way. Contrast it with the woman's way of treating Jesus. 44. I entered into thine house. As an invited guest, to whom the host should have shown at least the common courtesies. Thou gavest me no water for my feet. In Palestine "every one on coming in takes off his sandals or slippers and leaves them at the door, socks or stockings being unknown. Servants stand behind the couches, and placing a wide, shallow basin on the ground, pour water over it on the feet of the guests. To omit this courtesy would be to imply that the visitor was one of very inferior rank.

45. Thou gavest me no kiss. To receive a guest at the present day without kissing him on either cheek as he enters, is a marked sign of contempt, or at least a claim to a much higher social position.

46. My head with oil thou didst anoint. This also was an ordinary token of respect.

A MIRROR FOR TWO SOULS.

39. The Pharisee . . . spake within himself. Not daring to utter his thought aloud, but very likely proclaiming it in his sneering countenance. This man, if he were a prophet. The Pharisee could not understand how Jesus could perceive the woman's character and yet allow her to defile him with a touch.

40. Jesus answering the unspoken thought, and so proving his prophetic insight. I have somewhat to say unto thee. The Greek emphasizes "to thee." Master. Greek, "teacher"; so we say schoolmaster.

The parable that follows sprung from the common life of the people, who were rever lending and borrowing.

41. There was a certain creditor. Rather, money-lender. Which had two debtors. The creditor is Christ, the two debtors are Simon and the woman. The one owed five hundred pence. A denarius then was the day's wages of a laborer, so that this sum equalled in our money at least $500. The other fifty. One-tenth as much. "The former sum represents the enormous amount of sins to which this sinful woman pleaded guilty, and which Jesus had pardoned; the latter, the few infractions of the law for which the Pharisee reproached himself."

42. And when they had nothing to pay. And told the creditor so, is implied. He frankly forgave them both. As readily the large debt as the small; thus the ocean of God's love covers a mountain as easily as a molehill. Which of them will love him most? Not of necessity, but probably.

43. I suppose the air of languid indifference with which Simon gave his judgment, as if the case supposed were too insignificant to awaken any interest in his mind, shows that he had no thought of its having a reference to himself. He, to whom he forgave most. Not because he had sinned most—in that case sin would be an advantage, which it never is—but because he was most conscious of his debt and most relieved at pardon from it.

TWIN GRACES AND BLESSINGS.

Jesus courteously refrains from making direct application of the parable to Simon, leaving that to the Pharisee's conscience; but he applies it boldly to the woman.

47. Wherefore. Because her actions prove her true repentance. Her sins, which are many, are forgiven, as you may see from the evident fact that she loved much, and has been proving this love by the deeds you have witnessed, while you, Simon, to whom little is forgiven, show this by loving and honoring me little.

48 Thy sins are forgiven. Christ has been talking with Simon, and in large, philosophic terms which the woman might not understand. He would send her away with the comfort of this plain, direct assurance.

49. Who is this that forgiveth sins? Notice that Christ, so quick to answer Simon's evil thought of the woman, pays no attention to this evil thought of himself, as if he were a blasphemer.

50 The woman had exhibited two beautiful graces, humility and love. She possessed two great blessings, faith and peace. Thy faith hath saved thee. This saying is an indirect answer to the cavil of v. 49. Go in peace. She was saved not only from the past, from her sin and its penalty, but for the future, for a life of peace.

THE HEART OF THE LESSON.

1. Christ wants and deserves our very best. Not only the first fruits of our earthly goods, but the best of our thoughts, the freshest strength of our days, the choicest of our words, a generous share of our time.

2 The condemnation of sinners carries with it the condemnation of ourselves. Nothing is more unchristianlike than scorn of one who has fallen

Illustration. There is a legend of a hard-hearted, selfish woman who, after death, went to the place of lost souls. A dear friend of hers died soon after, and, not finding her in heaven, after long petitioning gained permission to try to bring her up from hell. A radiant angel led her down, down, down into the blackness, until they came to the place of lost souls and found her friend. The woman gladly laid hold of the angel, who lifted her up easily, but many others, as many as twelve, laid hold of her and were lifted also, without difficulty. But the selfish woman feared that they would hold her back, so one by one she shook them off and got rid of the last one just as they reached the pearly gate. Then the angel let the selfish woman go, and with a terrible cry she sank back into hell. If she had brought only one with her, she might have entered heaven.

3. Christ has forgiveness ready for all kinds of sinners. He was as willing to forgive the Pharisee his pride as the woman her impurity.

Illustration. A little child asked his mother if he could say what he liked to God. "Yes," said she. Then he prayed; "Dear God, love me when I'm naughty." That is precisely the prayer that God likes best to hear, and to answer.

4. Christ wants us to show our love to him. There is no better way of showing it than to tell others about Christ and his love for them.

PROMPT CONNECTIONS.

There is one feature of the wonderful service over The Lake Shore Railway that particularly appeals to those who travel much. The schedule is so arranged that connections, where any are necessary, are made promptly and long waits and delays are avoided. This, taken in connection with the luxurious trains, perfect personal service, highest speed, safety and punctuality has made the Lake Shore the most popular line in America. Careful travellers see that their tickets read "Via Buffalo and the Lake Shore Railway." For full information concerning rates, routes and service address J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

When you are all done but finishing, you are just half done.

If you have time to boast about being worked to death, you have not much to do.

Some people are so unfortunate that their troubles make people laugh instead of cry.

A man who underestimates himself may be tiresome, but he is not a circumstance to the man who brags.

People may disdain a compliment, but they feel a tender little spot in them where it hit and refused to be dislodged.

It is a theory growing in conviction that the man who says a mean thing about another isn't as mean as the man who carries it.

The man who travels over the path behind you wisely looks at your footprints and sees where you could have avoided many a pitfall.

CRADLE--ALTAR--TOMB.

BIRTHS.

In Springbrook, on April 3rd, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Wilson, a daughter.

In Harold, on April 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bailey, a daughter.

In Springbrook, on April 8th, to Mr. and Mrs. S. Mumby, a daughter.

MARRIED.

In Trenton, on April 5th, Mr. ff. R. Twigg to Miss Mary B. Mikel.

In Ameliasburg, on April 17th, Mr. Wm. A. Haskell, of Picton, to Miss Elizabeth Cave, of Ameliasburg.

In Marmora, on April 18th, Mr. W. Jones to Miss Maggie Moffatt.

In Thomasburg, on April 11th, Mr. Henry A. Martin to Miss Mary J. Moynes.

In Bogart, on April 18th, Mr. B. F. Fisher to Miss Lizzie Varty.

DIED.

In Roslin, on April 12th, Mrs. Edward Leslie, aged 61 years.

In Thurlow township, on April 13th, Mr. Wm. Bunnett, aged 70 years.

In Sidney township, on April 13th, Mr. Dennis Carr, aged 73 years.

Some Records of Other Earthquakes

In 1893 Montreal experienced an earthquake in which much property was destroyed, but no lives were lost. Following are the earthquakes which have been attended with the most appalling loss of life;

1888—At Yuman, China, 4,000 people killed.

1887—Shocks with Nice as centre, 2,000 killed in Italy.

1886 — Shocks in South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, 100 people killed

1885—At Srinagin, Cashmere, 4,000 deaths, 70,000 dwellings destroyed.

1883—Several villages in island of Ischia, 1,990 lives lost.

1875—San Jose de Cucata and other towns on boundary of Columbia destroyed, 14,000 lives lost.

1868—Many small towns in Peru and Ecuador destroyed, 25,000 lives lost Loss to property, $300,000,000.

1860—At Mendoza, South America, 7,000 lives lost.

1859—At Quito, 5,000 deaths.

1857—In Calabun, Italy, 10,000 lives lost

1856—At Great Sanger, one of Moluccas Islands, 3,000 deaths.

1851—South Italy, 14,000 lives lost.

1842—Cape Haytien, St. Domingo, 5,000 deaths.

1830—Canton and neighborhood, 6,000 perished.

1829 — Muicia and other Spanish villages destroyed, 6,000 deaths.

1822 — Aleppo destroyed 20,000 deaths.

1819—Genoa, Palermo and Rome, thousands perished.

1805—At Frosolone, Naples, 6,000 lives lost.

1797—Whole country between Sante Fe and Panama destroyed, 10,600 people buried in one second.

1759—In Syria, 20,000 deaths.

1753—In Lisbon, in about 8 minutes 50,000 people swallowed up.

1755—Kashan, North Persia, 40,000 perished.

1754—Grand Cairo, 40,000 deaths.

1731—In China, 100,000 people swallowed up in Pekin.

1703—Jeddo, Japan, 200,000 deaths.

1693—In Sicily, over 100,000 lives lost.

1456—At Naples, 40,000 deaths.

1768—In Cilicia, 60,000 dead.

724 — Syria, Palestine and Asia, 500 towns destroyed, loss of live surpassed calculation.

About 255 earthquakes, all slight, have occurred in the British Isles.

From 1783 to 1857 Naples lost at least 110,000 people by earthquakes, an average of 15,000 a year.

All smart up-to-date women of today,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.—D M. Waters.

Wedding Bells.

HORTON—LATTA.

A pretty and fashionable home wedding took place in Plainfield at 7.30 o'clock Wednesday evening, at the residence of Mrs. Elizabeth Latta, when her eldest daughter, Miss Minnie Blanche, became the wife of Mr. German G. Horton, a prosperous young farmer of Thurlow. The guests being assembled in the drawing-room, the bride and groom entered to the strains of the wedding march, played by Mrs. (Rev.) Buckler, the bride leaning on the arm of her uncle, Mr. J. W. Lloyd, and stood under an evergreen arch beautifully festooned with pink roses and white chrysanthemums. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Gilbert Horton, of Actinolite, uncle of the groom, assisted by the Rev. W. H Buckler, of Plainfield. The bride, who was one of Plainfield's most charming and popular young ladies, was attired in a dove-colored bengaline dress, beautifully trimmed with white chiffon pleating, and looked lovely with white chiffon and orange blossoms in her hair. After the solemn and impressive ceremony and the bridal party had received the hearty congratulations of their friends, the company sat down to a sumptuous tea, which was partaken of amid general rejoicing. The gifts to the bride were both numerous and beautiful, and testified to the high esteem in which she was held. The happy couple have the best wishes of all who know them.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BRIDGE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

11 a.m.—Sermon by Rev. J. R. Real.

7 p.m.—Sermon, Rev. R. H. Leitch. Singing led by large choir, assisted by a choir of boys, under the direction of Prof. V. P. Hunt.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School for people of all ages.

Strangers in the city, students at colleges and all other visitors welcome at this church. Open every day.

HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST.
Rev. R. H. Leitch, Pastor.

10 a.m.—Young people's praise service, Junior Epworth League, classes and fellowship for all.

11 a.m.—"People Jesus Commands."

7 p.m.—Rev. J. R. Real welcomed. Congregational singing; large choir, led by Mr. M. C. Gordon.

2.30 p.m.—S. S. session of special interest to old and young; good music; orchestra director, Prof. Denmark.

Week evening services at 8.

Monday evening—Epworth League of C. E.

Tuesday evening—The Brotherhood.

Wednesday evening — Evangelistic service, 8 p.m.

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Victoria Avenue, between Church and Pinnacle Streets.
Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector.

Morning sermon—"Atonement and Redemption."

Evening sermon—"The Choice of Life."

Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m.

Y.P.S.C.E. meeting Monday evening at 8.

Prayer and praise service, Wednesday evening at 8.

BETHEL HALL.

Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.

—Sunday—

Mr. Richard Irving, evangelist, will preach.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH.
Church Street.
Rev. George Brown, Pastor.

Morning service at 11. Subject—"Walking by the Same Rule."

Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m.

Music led by orchestra.

Evening service at 7. Subject—"Sin—the Rule, the Ruin, the Remedy."

Epworth League, Monday evening, at 8

Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p.m.

Students and strangers cordially invited to all services.

JOHN ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. A. H. Drumm, Pastor.

Residence—15 Alexander Street.

Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Morning subject—"The Leader of Salvation."

Evening subject — "Our Father, who art in Heaven," commencing a series of sermons on the Lord's Prayer.

3.00 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

Young People's Guild, Monday at 8 p.m.

Mid-week service Wednesday at 8 p.m.

All are welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Rev. R. S. Laidlaw.

Residence "The Manse," George St.

Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Pastor will preach at both services to-morrow.

11 a.m.—"Truth."

7 p.m.—"The Wise and the Foolish."

Sabbath School and Men's Bible Class at 3 p.m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

VICTORIA AVE. BAPTIST CHURCH,
Cor. Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. H. Emerson, M.A., Pastor,
Residence, 231 John St.

Morning — "The Discovery of Christ."

Evening—"The San Francisco Calamity."

Sunday School at 3 p.m.

The pastor's Bible class for adults meets at 3 p.m.

Men's prayer meeting, Sunday, 6.30 p.m.

Strangers will be cordially welcomed. Seats free.

CHRIST CHURCH.
(Anglican.)
Coleman St.—Across Footbridge.
Rector—Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.A.

Holy Communion at 8 a.m.

Morning prayer at 11.

S. S. and Bible class for adults at 3 p.m.

Evensong and sermon at 7.

Subject—The Resurrection, continued.

Adjourned vestry meeting Monday evening.

Seats free; visitors welcome.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

RICH MEN HAD TO DIG GRAVES.

CORPSES PILED UP SO FAST IN 'FRISCO THAT EVERYBODY HAD TO ASSIST IN BURYING THEM.

San Francisco, April 20.—The Presidio soldiers pressed into service all men who came near and forced them to aid in burying the dead. So thick were the corpses piled up that they were becoming a menace, and early in the day the order was issued to bury them at any cost. The soldiers were needed for other work, so, at the point of rifles, the citizens were compelled to do the work of burying. Some objected at first, but the troops stood no trifling and every man who came in reach was forced to work at least one hour. Rich men, unused to physical exertion, labored by the side of working men, digging trenches in which to bury the dead. At the present writing many still remain unburied, and the soldiers are still pressing men into service.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Lower—Live Stock Markets —The Latest Quotations.

Friday Evening, April 20.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ¼d to ½d lower than yesterday, and corn futures ⅜d lower.

At Chicago, May wheat closed ½c lower than yesterday, May corn 1c higher, and May oats ¼c higher.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	86¾	84¾
St. Louis	78⅝	75⅝
Detroit	87⅛	81⅛
Duluth	79¾	79⅜
Toledo	86⅝	80⅝

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—			
Wheat, spring, bush.	$0 74	to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush.	0 77		0 79
Wheat, red, bush.	0 77		0 79
Wheat, goose, bush.	0 73		0 73½
Barley, bush.	0 51		0 52
Oats, bush	0 40		0 41
Rye, bush.	0 76		....
Peas, bush.	0 77		....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 53		....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 20.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures steady; May 6s 8¼d, July 6s 7⅝d, Sept. 6s 7½d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 4s 5d; American mixed, old, 4s 8d. Futures steady; May 4s 5¼d, July 4s 4⅜d.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 48s. Hops—In London (Pacific coast), steady, £2 5s to £3 10s. Rosin—Common firm, 9s 10½d. Peas—Canadian, 6s 9d.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 438,000 centals, including 275,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 90,800 centals.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 20.—Butter—Irregular; receipts, 4475. Renovated, common to extra, 10c to 18c.

Cheese—Old firm, unchanged; new weak; large, new, 11½c; small, new, 11½c to 11¾c; receipts, 1550.

Eggs—Easy; receipts, 17,354; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 20c; do., choice, 19c to 19½c; do., mixed, extra, 19c to 19½c; western firsts, 18c; do., seconds, 17½c to 17¾c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged for Cattle, But Higher for Sheep and Lambs.

London, April 20.—Cattle are quoted at 10½c to 11½c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8¼c to 8¾c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 14c to 15c per lb.; lambs, 16c, dressed weight.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 200 head; quiet; prices unchanged.

Hogs—Receipts, 7000 head; fairly active; 5c to 10c lower; heavy and mixed, $6.85 to $6.90; yorkers, $6.80 to $6.85; pigs, $6.70 to $6.75; roughs, $6 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75; dairies, $6.70 to $6.80.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 11,400 head; slow; prices unchanged.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 20.—Beeves—Receipts, 3262; steers slow but steady to strong; heavy bulls easier; others steady; common cows 5c to 10c higher; others steady; steers, $5 to $5.60; oxen and stags, $4.50 to $4.90; bulls, $3.65 to $4.35; cows, $2.15 to $3.75. Exports to-morrow, 1012 cattle and 683 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 450; market quiet at yesterday's decline; 60 unsold; veals, $4 to $6.50; choice, $6.75; dressed calves lower; city dressed veals, 6½c to 10c per lb.; country dressed, 5c to 7½c.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3161; sheep almost nominal; wooled lambs 10c to 15c higher; clipped sheep, $4.50; clipped lambs, $5.25 to $5.50; wooled do., $7.25 to $7.60.

Hogs—Receipts, 2068; market easy; state hogs, $6.95.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 1000; market steady; common to prime steers $4 to $6.25; cows, $3.25 to $4.00; heifers, $2.75 to $5.50; bulls, $2.60 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; market steady to strong; choice to prime, heavy, $6.65 to $6.72½; medium to good, heavy, $6.60 to $6.65; butcher weights, $6.65 to $6.70; good to choice, heavy, mixed, $6.60 to $6.65; packing, $5.75 to $6.62½.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5000; steady; sheep, $4.25 to $6.40; yearlings, $5 to $6.25; lambs, $4.75 to $7.05.

Byles on Bills.

Among the humorous memories connected with English judges is one of Justice Byles and his horse. This eminent jurist was well known in his profession for his work on "Bills," and as this gave a fine opportunity for alliteration his associates were accustomed to bestow the name on the horse, which was but a sorry steed. "There goes Byles on Bills," they took pleasure in saying, and as the judge rode out every afternoon they indulged daily in their little joke. But the truth was that the horse had another name, known only to the master and his man, and when a too curious client inquired as to the judge's whereabouts he was told by the servant, with a clear conscience, that "master was out on Business."

Tangled Hair.

Hair that is badly tangled may be combed free without breaking or tearing it by first anointing with a liberal supply of olive oil. Comb slowly from the ends up to the scalp. Continue this treatment once a day for three days, and it will do dry, harsh hair a world of good.

The Retort Humanry.

Mrs. Wozzle—You don't seem to understand me, but there was one man who did.

Wozzle—He must have been an expert in insanity.

Educational Contest Lists Destroyed By Fire

CONTEST EXTENDED TO July 31st, 1906

Messrs. Armour Limited, Toronto, regret to advise all who have so kindly forwarded lists of names as per the conditions of their Educational Contest, that their building, with its entire contents, was destroyed by fire on the evening of March 19th, and all records of lists they have received, as well as all lists, were destroyed, and we ask that all who had sent in lists previous to this time, mail us duplicates. No metal caps required with duplicate lists. To make up for time lost by the fire, and to give all competitors a fair and equal chance, we have consented to extend the Educational Contest until July 31st, 1906.

We offer $200.00 in gold to those sending in the largest lists of correct words made from the twelve different letters used in spelling the four words

Armour's Extract of Beef

$100.00 in gold will be given as the first prize.

$25.00 in gold will be given as the second prize.

$10.00 in gold will be given as the third prize.

$5.00 in gold will be given to each of the next five.

$2.00 will be given to each of the next twenty.

CONDITIONS

Use only the following 12 letters:—A-R-M-O-U-S E-X-T-C-F-B. No letter to appear in the same word twice.

Only such words may be used as are found in Webster's International Dictionary.

No proper names, foreign words or names of persons, towns or places are to be used.

Words spelled the same, but having different meanings, may be used but once.

All contestants must attach to their lists a metal cap taken from a jar of "Armour's Extract of Beef." Failure to do this puts the list out of competition.

The names of the winners of these prizes will be determined by judges whom we shall appoint.

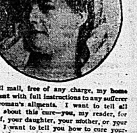
Write only on one side of the paper. After making out your list, state the number of words it contains, with your full name and address at the top of each piece of paper and mark on the outside of the envelope "Educational Contest Department," and mail to our address as below.

Armour's Extract of Beef is sold by all druggists and grocers. If yours cannot or will not supply you, a small jar will be mailed you, post paid, on receipt of 25 cents in cash or stamps.

Armour Limited
77 FRONT ST. EAST, TORONTO

Free to You, My Sister

Free to You and Every Sister Woman Suffering from Woman's Ailments



I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand woman's sufferings. What we women know from experience we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for Leucorrhœa or Whitish Discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, hot flashes, weariness, kidney and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten days treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial, and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week, or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book "WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER," with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to think for herself. Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures all, old or young.

To mothers or daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhœa, Green Sickness and painful or irregular menstruation in young ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality, who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. Just send me your address, and the free ten days treatment is yours, also the book. Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS
Box No. 1 Windsor, Ont.

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Rain Coats...

Spring weather is always uncertain—cool today, rainy tomorrow and sunshine the next day.

Your Winter Overcoat is a burden two-thirds of the time. To meet all conditions own a—

"Cravenette."

An Ideal and Stylish Rain or Shine Over Garment....

We've Genuine "Cravenette" Coats in different weights and fabrics

The waterproofing does not injure the fabric or its usefulness for sunshine.

Our Raincoats are handsome overgarments in sunshine and a necessity in the rain.

All sizes with a price range from

$6.00 to $15.00

SPRING HATS

Every man wants a new Spring Hat, and whether or not he agrees to it in public, every man will acknowledge to himself that it is just as important for him to have a new Hat, as for the most smartly dressed woman to have a new Spring Bonnet.

The men who want the best Derby that's made want

OUR HAWE'S HAT

We have a complete line of sizes in this excellent hat in different heights of crown.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

HAT SPECIALS.

"THE KING HAT" best quality), regular price $2.50, for .. $1.75

The "BORSALINO" (The finest high grade hat, made in Alexandria, Italy), regular price $3.50, for .. $2.50

☞ Have a Look at Them ☜

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialis

Blouse Sets !

—Very pretty designs in natural shades of clover and violet with pearl centres at 95c

—Other sets are finished in rose gold and grey silver.

—One very pretty set is in rose gold finish, set with amethysts or aquamarines at $1.25

T. BLACKBURN

China and Cut Glass

Fashions Change . . .

in almost everything, but it always has been and always will be fashionable to have a beautiful head of hair. Those who do not possess this luxury can procure it by using the SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER.

WATERS SPECIAL AGENT

It it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way. ! ! ! !

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

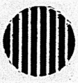
An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.



AN EXPERIMENT FOR YOU TO TRY.

First count the bars as shown above, then cut out this and pin it on the wall in a good light, on a level with your eyes. Now step back and see how far you can stand away and still count the bars. Try each eye separately. You ought to do it at a distance of 20 feet. If you cannot do so something is wrong; come to us and we will tell you what, free of cost, though you may be able to do this and still be suffering from eye strain, as some of the worst cases we have to deal with is where normal vision is not impaired.

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St. with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

Also the latest designs in shadow and eyelet embroidery for Blouses. STAMPING DONE.

Blouses and Light Dresses MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

Some Houses

. . MISLEAD THE PUBLIC . .

WITH OLD STOCK

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS in the city for

The King Hat

GEORGE T. WOODLEY, OPPOSITE FOOTBRIDGE

CELEBRATED HIS SILVER JUBILEE.

W. H. HOLDEN, FORMERLY OF THIS CITY, DINED HIS FELLOW-EMPLOYES OF PARKE, DAVIS & CO.

(Detroit Free Press.)

W. H. Holden, superintendent of Parke, Davis & Co., gave a dinner on Wednesday evening at the Fellowcraft Club to fifty or sixty of his fellow-employees in celebration of the close of his twenty-fifth year of service in the house. It was distinctly a Parke, Davis evening and it was a great success. Mr. Holden was toasted liberally and reminiscences of bygone days kept the company together until a late hour.

Three handsome gifts were presented to Mr. Holden during the evening. On behalf of the host's many friends in the house, Frank G. Ryan, in a felicitous speech, gave him a gold watch as a token of regard. Mr. Whelan made the additional presentation of a pair of handsome umbrellas, one for Mr. Holden and the other for Mrs. Holden.

The speakers at the dinner were Frank G. Ryan, vice-president and secretary of Parke, Davis & Co.; George Hargreaves, treasurer; Leon C. Finck, assistant superintendent; James Wilkie, superintendent of the auxiliary departmentts: C. N. Anderson, head of the animal industry department; Charles M. Woodruff, of the legal department; A. J. Oostdyk, chief of the stock department; W. M. Grant, Canadian manager; W. F. Whelan, formerly of Belleville, until recently the manager of the British travellers; Thomas Donnelly, an old friend of Mr. Holden's, formerly of Belleville, and Joseph Helfman, secretary to the general manager.

Naturally enough, the tremendous growth which the plant of Parke, Davis & Co. has experienced in the twenty-five years of Mr. Holden's connection with the house was the theme of many of the speeches. A few of the statements were very interesting. For instance, the travelling force has grown from a dozen men to over 280. The total number of employees, while about 150 twenty-five years ago, is now a little over 2,500.

Six good-sized city blocks are occupied by the various laboratories and offices in Detroit, and, in addition there is a Canadian laboratory across the river in Walkerville, and a European laboratory in London. Ten branches are to be found in the United States and two in Canada, not to mention one each in England, Australia, India, Russia and Japan.

Ed. Note.—Mr. Holden spent his boyhood and youth in this city, residing with his grandfather, the late Merrick Sawyer, Esq., J.P. He married Miss Nellie Jones, youngest daughter of the late Nathan Jones, Esq. Mr. Holden has more than fulfilled the expectancy of many relatives and friends in Belleville, who will rejoice in the well deserved honors conferred on him.

Belleville Business College.

Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, B.A., has been appointed Managing Director of the Belleville Business College. For ten years he has been a member of the faculty as instructor in Commercial Law, and is largely interested in the College. Mr. O'Flynn's co-operation in furthering the interests of Belleville Business College will result no doubt in greater success for that institution than has hitherto been obtained. bt

Aged and Respected Resident Passes Away.

S. M. HERRINGTON.

Mr Stillman M. Herrington, of this city, passed away during the night at the family residence, West Bridge street. For years the deceased had been in ill-health and for some months had been afflicted with blindness. Mr. Herrington was 75 years of age, having been born in Prince Edward County in the year 1831. He followed the occupation of a farmer until 1882, when he moved into the city and has since resided here. He was a man who was well known and liked in the community. Since his advent in the city deceased had been a member of Holloway St. Methodist church. In politics he was a Liberal. Mrs. Herrington died some ten years ago. The surviving members of the family are two sons, Walter S., who is a K.C., of Napanee, and Dr. Charles, of San Francisco, and one daughter, Miss Norah, at home. The remains will be taken to Albury, P. E. Co., for interment.

THE ALPINE CLUB.

Rod and Gun in Canada Made the Official Organ.

The Free Press of Winnipeg says that at the meeting of the Alpine Club of Canada held in that city a few days ago, and at which there were delegates from all parts of Canada, as far east as Halifax and as far west as Vancouver, Rod and Gun in Canada, the pioneer sportsman and tourist magazine, published at Woodstock, Ont., by W. J. Taylor, was made the official organ of the club.

FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Stillman Herrington will take place from his late residence, Bridge St west, on Monday, the 23rd inst., at 2 p.m., to Albury cemetery. Services at 1.30 p.m. Please omit flowers.

THAT BURGLARY IN SHANNONVILLE

OTHER PRISONERS BESIDES LAWLOR MAY BE TRIED FOR CONNECTION WITH IT.

Toronto, April 20.—Patrick Lawlor was again remanded in the Police Court until Monday morning, to await the arrival of the high constable of Hastings county.

The charge against him for breaking into Barclay's mills will be dropped, and he will be handed over to be tried for safe-breaking in Shannonville.

Although the police believe him to be connected with the Barclay burglary and the one at Borthwick's bakery, they think the Shannonville case will be stronger and more likely to be proved.

Sergeant Detective Duncan received a 'phone message from the high constable of Hastings county, at Belleville, stating he would come down to Toronto for Patrick Lawlor, who is wanted at Shannonville for a safe-breaking in that place.

The high constable for Addington county will also likely ask for him when the Hastings county people are through with him, as he is wanted there in connection with the breaking into a store at Newburgh and stealing several pairs of Blucher boots.

Crosby and Bennett are also likely to be taken from Kingston penitentiary to answer the same charges as Lawlor, as the police claim the three of them were connected with the burglaries and safe-breakings in these places.

Sheriff Mowat said this morning he did not know when Bennett, Hunter and Crosby would be taken down to the penitentiary.

Special precautions are to be taken on the way to Kingston, and the men will be well guarded. Sheriff Mowat said that, although he had not heard officially that Bennett would attempt suicide, yet he had heard it unofficially.

It has been the rule to give the prisoners a dinner at an hotel before taking them into the penitentiary, but if it is done this time, all three men will be carefully watched to see that nothing happens.

PATSY LAWLOR ALMOST ESCAPED.

SLIPPED HIS HANDCUFFS BUT POLICEMAN NOTICED IT.—LAWLOR PUT UP A STIFF FIGHT.

Toronto, April 21.—(Special.)—Patsy Lawlor, the desperado who is to be taken to Belleville to stand his trial on the charge of burglary at Shannonville, almost succeeded in making his escape yesterday.

He was put in the prison van, handcuffed to another prisoner, but on the way to the jail managed to slip his handcuffs.

When he got out of the van in the jail yard a policeman standing near noticed the handcuff dangling and seized Lawlor.

The latter put up a stiff fight but to no purpose.

This morning he appeared in the police court and was handed over to County Constable Duffin, of Belleville, who was advised to manacle and shackle his prisoner.

Y.M.C.A. MEETING NOT A SUCCESS.

WORK MAY CEASE IN BELLEVILLE UNLESS MORE INTEREST IS SHOWN BY CITIZENS.

A meeting to consider matters in connection with Y.M.C.A. work in this city, and more especially the advisability of discontinuing the work, was called for last evening. The attendance was limited, showing, as the President expressed it, that there was but little interest apparently taken in this important branch of Christian work in Belleville. Nothing definite was done last night, but something of a decided nature will be done at the next meeting of the Board, which will be held early next month.

It is not improbable that the rooms will be closed up for some months at least, unless a more active interest is taken in the work by the citizens generally.

Subscriptions to the Muskoka Hospital.

Mr. G. L. Jennings, Field Secretary, is at present working in the interests of the local branch, in their endeavor to raise $300, to endow a bed for poor patients from Belleville. He reports the work progressing nicely and much interest being taken, as the work is such as appeals to all those who sympathize with poor sufferers. The subscription list to date for this year is:

Robt. Tannahill	$25.00
Thos. Ritchie	15.00
J. J. Farley	10.00
G. A. McClatchie	10.00
C. M. Reid	5.00
K. S. Bonsell	5.00
Rev. Robt. Wallace	5.00
Jas. A. Roy	5.00
C. S. Clapp and wife	5.00
W. W. Chown	5.00
E. J. Dunnet	3.00
W. Alford	2.00
Laura M. Phelps	1.00
J. W. Johnson	1.00
H. Taylor	1.00
P. J. M. Anderson	1.00

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

The Latest From San Francisco.

DEAD ARE BEING BURIED IN TRENCHES — WATER FAMINE WILL BE PREVENTED.

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

Washington, April 21. — General Funston wires the War department, from San Francisco that all the city east of Vanness Ave. will be destroyed. It will be impossible at once to establish proper sanitary conditions

Much sickness must necessarily be expected. If the west now standing remains intact, there are many good buildings that can be used as hospitals.

The Spring Valley water people believe they can deliver from ten million to twelve million gallons daily.

This with other sources will prevent a water famine.

BURYING DEAD BODIES IN TRENCHES.

New York, April 21.—The Western Union Telegraph Co. received the following from its office, foot of Market St., San Francisco, early to-day;

"The fire is still burning around the wharves. The ferry building is safe. It is still difficult to estimate the number of dead, as bodies are scattered all over the city. They are burying them in trenches and putting fifteen bodies in a ditch.

MORE QUAKES IN ITALY.

Rome, April 21. — Thirteen earth shocks were felt in succession this morning in the province of Siena, Tuscany.

Several buildings were damaged, including the City Hall at Poggobonai, 19 miles south of Florence.

LICENSES FOR NORTH HASTINGS.

OLD LICENSES ALL RENEWED, BUT SOME HAVE TO MAKE REPAIRS.

The License Board of North Hastings held their annual meeting at Marmora on Tuesday. All members were present.

There were two items of considerable interest, viz. the application for a new license at Coe Hill and for a third hotel for Marmora. Mr. Geo. Hamilton, after a hard fight over local option in Wollaston, succeeded in getting a large petition asking that he be granted a license, which the board granted.

Mr. P. J. Anderson, who runs a shop in Marmora, asked for a transfer to a hotel to be built on Wm. Flynn's property, known as the old Pringle Hotel site. Mr. P. J. Anderson had a largely signed petition, but there was considerable feeling against the move, as the two hotels had spent large sums in improving their properties in 1905 with the understanding that there would be but two hotels. As the population by the last revised assessment roll was only 585 the board hadn't power to grant a third license and the matter dropped.

Messrs. Dan Smith and Jas. Moore, of Maynooth, and John Quinn, of Marmora, were given permits for three months until repairs are completed.

TAVERN LICENSES GRANTED.

Wm. Kennedy, Bancroft; S. L. Golding, Bancroft; S. Stanlick, Ormsby; D. Hogan, Millbridge Station; Mrs. Potter, Millbridge; Geo. Hamilton, Coe Hill; J. Cockram, Madoc; S. Curry, Madoc; T. P. Hogan, Actinolite; Jno. Wiggins, Queensboro; Wm. Golding, Marmora; Ed. O'Connor, Marmora Station; B. Gaffney, L'Amable; Geo. Flynn, Bird's Creek; Geo. Whitty, Stirling; Mrs. D. A. Moon, Stirling; C. McGee, Stirling.

SHOP LICENSES.

P. J. Anderson, Marmora; T. E. Blue, Madoc; P. Rody, Bancroft.

Ald. Paterson Suffers A Double Affliction.

Within a week Ald. Paterson and other relatives of this city have been doubly afflicted, owing to the death of his brother, on the 13th inst., and last evening the aged mother passed away at Toronto. Mrs. Paterson, who was over 80 years of age, was in her usual health until a few days ago, when she suffered a stroke, which caused death. The deceased was born in the County of Meath, Ireland, but came to this country in early life. For over half a century she had resided in the Queen City. Mrs. Paterson was an estimable lady, respected by all who knew her. She was a devout member of the Roman Catholic Church. The surviving members of the family are Ald. Paterson, of this city, and three daughters, Mrs. F. Robson, of Oshawa; Mrs. Mary Fox and Miss Bella, of Toronto.

Congratulations to Mr. Harry Coon

Mr. Harry Coon, of this city, has won the gold medal in mathematics at Queen's University, and has also obtained his degree of M.A.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets —D. M. Waters.

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES

. . AND . .

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front. near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

S. B. Carman, Manager.

SATURDAY, APRIL 21

The MARIE CORELLI world famous Fanciful Romance

Fabio Romani

THE VENDETTA

Magnificently presented by EDWARD R SALTER'S company of Dramatic celebrities, including

MR. JOHN ARTHUR

His First Canadian Tour

A complete scenic and electrical production—A performance you will remember.

PRICES 25c, 35c, 50c

Plan opens Friday Morning.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25th

The Most Powerful Melodrama of the Day.

The CONVICT'S DAUGHTER

A WEALTH OF BEAUTIFUL SCENERY & EFFECTS

Containing Many New and Novel Sensational and Mechanical Effects and Situations.

Plan opens Tuesday Morning.

Prices - 25c 35c, 50c

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"FABIO ROMANI" TO-NIGHT.

A notable event in this season's theatrics will be the forthcoming presentation here of "Fabio Romani," that remarkable and permanent success, which is a dramatization of Marie Corelli's world-read novel, "The Vendetta." The piece, which is in four acts, receives an adequate and careful production, while the cast, headed by John B. Arthur, is composed exclusively of players of national repute. It has been said of Fabio Romani" that in its record-making run of the past twelve years it has been witnessed by more people than any similar attraction. "Fabio Romani" will be at the Carman opera house to-night.

"THE CONVICT'S DAUGHTER."

One of the stellar attractions of the season will be "The Convict's Daughter," a new, original, sensational melodrama by J. A. Fraser, jr. It is described as a play of intense heart interest and containing uncommon scenic realism, as well as life-like characters. The escape of an innocent convict on a freight train is a thrilling scene. The company is a large and capable one. The play is booked at the Carman on Wednesday evening, April 25th, and lovers of melodrama cannot afford to miss it.

Fined $2.50 and Costs For Stabbing Father.

George Cameron, charged with wounding his father with a knife, was before Police Magistrate Jarman on Thursday morning last, says the Bancroft Times. Mr. F. Mullett, J. P., also occupied a seat on the bench. The prisoner was defended by Mr. Wm. Farnham. Three witnesses were examined, but the evidence was rather conflicting.

Mr. Cameron, sr., suffered from a lapse of memory and could not remember anything about what took place on the morning in question when he received three wounds in his arms. He lost a great deal of blood at the time, and this probably accounts for his loss of memory.

Under the circumstances the Magistrate did not feel inclined to deal harshly with the accused and he was fined $2.50 and costs.

Popular sympathy appeared to be with the boy.

Second Stroke.

Tweed News: While walking home from church on Sunday evening, 8th inst., Mr. John Maynes, of Fuller, was suddenly afflicted with a stroke of paralysis. He fell heavily to the ground and as soon as he regained consciousness was assisted home. He has considerably improved since and is now able to be around. This is the second time that Mr. Maynes has been similarly afflicted.

Daily Intelligencer.

CLAPP'S CRIMPED CRUST VIENNA ROLLS

5c Each. Fresh Every Morning.

Chas. S. Clapp

Young lady wanted for ice cream parlor. Apply evenings next week after 7 o'clock.

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Fol [illegible] Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allan

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

High Constable of Quebec

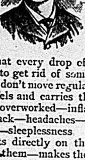
After Suffering For 10 Years With Pain In The Back He Was Completely Cured By "Fruit-a-tives."

"Fruit-a-tives" cures diseased and irritated kidneys when all other treatment fails.

The proof that "Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest kidney cure known to science is demonstrated by these tablets removing all pain in the back—making the kidneys healthy—and curing chronic constipation.

ST. HYACINTHE, P.Q., June 10th, 1905.

I have much pleasure in testifying to the great good which "Fruit-a-tives" have done me. I was a constant sufferer from severe constipation and severe pain in the back for the last ten years. I tried many kinds of pills and tablets and physician's medicines but the relief was only temporary. Not long ago I tried "Fruit-a-tives" and now I am entirely well, no pain, no constipation and my stomach and bowels act naturally. I cannot say enough in praise of "Fruit-a-tives"—they are a grand medicine, mild as fruit in their action and easy to take.



(Signed)

H. MARCHESSAULT,

High Constable

Do you know that every drop of blood in your body goes to the kidneys to get rid of some of the impurities?

When the bowels don't move regularly, the blood takes up poisons in the bowels and carries them to the kidneys. Then the kidneys get overworked—inflamed. Then comes the pain in the back—headaches—constant desire to urinate—nervousness—sleeplessness.

"Fruit-a-tives acts directly on the Kidneys—cleans, heals and strengthens them—makes the liver give up more bile to move the bowels regularly—and stimulates the glands of the skin to increased action. These rid the system of all poisons and every trace of Kidney Disease disappears.

Fruit-a-tives have cured hundreds of cases of Kidney Disease by stimulating and healing the Kidneys.
At all druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price—50c. a box or 6 boxes for $2.50

Fruit-a-tives

or Fruit Liver Tablets.

Manufactured by

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, Ottawa.

Sold on 3 Months' Trial

Your money returned if not satisfied in every way.

ALWAYS READY FOR INSTANT USE

because the "Carbo-Magnetic" is *electrically tempered* and hollow ground in its own peculiar way. With ordinary careful use, it will hold its edge for years with

NO HONING - NO GRINDING

PRICES

Carbo-Magnetic $2.00

Pair in leather case $4.50

Double Concave for heavy beards $2.50

"Carbo-Magnetic" Elastic Cushion Strops, $1.00.

Free booklet "Hints to Shavers."

For sale by W. W. CHOWN Co., Ltd., Belleville, Ont.

Samaria Stopped His Drinking

A London Lady cures her husband permanently of the drink habit and without his knowledge.

"How glad I am that I overcame my hesitation about writing you for a Free Sample of Samaria. At that time my husband was drinking very hard, and I was in despair. The effect of your treatment was immediate, and now our home is entirely free from the Drink Curse. I gave my husband the tablets in his tea, and he never knew. As the taste for liquor left him, his general health improved and is now splendid—many, many thanks. I will be glad if you will tell others of my experience.

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Address: THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 45 Jordan Chambers, Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

EASY MONEY AT HOME

raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All indoors. You'll get large to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes

BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,

and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for 15c. stamps or coin. Address

COTTAM BIRD SEED, 23 St. London, Ont.

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhœa and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

MIDY

CHECKED AT LAST FIRE UNDER CONTROL

notice letters from San Francisco will be sent through the mails free of postage. This has been made necessary on account of the unprecedented demand for stamps, which the local postoffice cannot supply.

Messages are stacked yards high in all the telegraph offices waiting to be sent throughout the world.

Back to Work.

Construction companies have opened employment offices, and last night hundreds of survivors have been employed to be sent immediately to the quarries that there may be no lack of building and repair material. Already many of the buildings damaged by the earthquake of Wednesday are being repaired, and activity of a healthy and reassuring sort is noted.

50,000 Camp at Presidio.

At the Presidio military reservation, where probably 50,000 persons are camped, affairs are conducted with military precision. Water was plentiful and rations were dealt out all day long. The refugees stand patiently in line, and there is not a murmur. This characteristic is observable all over the city. The people are brave and patient, and the wonderful order preserved by them has been of great assistance.

$100,000 FROM CANADA.

Hon. Mr. Fielding Makes Announcement in the Commons.

Ottawa, April 21.—In the House of Commons, yesterday, Hon. Mr. Fielding, referring to the disaster at San Francisco, announced that he would present a message from the Governor-General, recommending an appropriation of $100,000.

Mr. Borden said, that in the presence of this awful calamity, there must be no division and no delay. The Opposition would cordially join hands with the Government in carrying out the recommendation. The Premier and others spoke sympathetically and His Excellency's message was received by the House standing, and agreed to.

At London, England, the U. S. Ambassador last evening presided over a gathering of 500 Americans in the Hotel Cecil and $125,000 was subscribed. A British subscription will be opened.

At New York yesterday over $1,000,000 was subscribed, $3,000,000 will be raised.

The Salvation Army will take up a three-days' street collection in all the cities.

The Barnum and Bailey Circus will send out 100 wagons to collect supplies.

E. H. Harriman, on behalf of his railway interests, authorizes the expenditure of $200,000 on relief work.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce has contributed $25,000.

Massachusetts' Share.

Boston, April 21.—The State House of Representatives yesterday voted an appropriation of $100,000 for the relief of the stricken people of San Francisco. A resolution to contribute half a million dollars to the earthquake sufferers of California was adopted at a meeting of representative citizens.

Army Feeds Refugees.

Washington, April 21.—Orders have been issued to army officers to purchase at Los Angeles immediately 200,000 rations, and at Seattle 300,000 rations, and hurry them to San Francisco.

DAMAGE OVER STATE.

Nineteen Were Killed At San Jose and Nine At Santa Clara.

San Jose, April 21.—Nineteen persons were killed here by the earthquake of Wednesday, and the entire business quarter was wrecked. The damage is estimated at $5,000,000.

One hundred and ten persons were killed and seventy were injured, mostly patients at Agnew's Insane Asylum. The asylum was ruined. A company of militia is in charge of the city.

The total loss in Santa Clara is $500,000, with nine dead.

At Gilroy, $500,000 damage; none dead.

At Hollister, one man killed, $100,000 damage.

The Southern Pacific tunnel at Wright's, nearly a mile long, caved in.

Hundred Dead At Santa Rosa.

"Sacramento, Cal., April 21.—Following last evening from operator in Santa Rosa: From South street to Depot, from California northwest to postoffice, utter ruin; also Main street, from Medicine to Fifth. Fifty dead and expect to take fifty more out of ruins."

Treasury Officials Lost.

Washington, April 21.—The treasury department has so far failed to locate the assistant treasurer or deputy at San Francisco, and grave fears are entertained that they have lost their lives.

$4,000,000 Loss At Stanford.

Sacramento, Cal., April 21.—President Jordan, in an address to the students after the shock, asked them to remain at Stanford and help clear the debris. He said that the university did not depend entirely upon its buildings. The damage at the university approximates $4,000,000."

Eleven Dead In Landslides.

Oakland, Cal., April 21.—A landslide on Loma Prieta mountain, buried nine men alive in their camps at the Hinckley Creek Mill, of the Loma Prieta Lumber Co. Another fatal landslide occurred at Deer Creek mill, where two men were caught in their cabins and killed.

Suffer From Similar Cause.

Berlin, April 21.—Prof. Matteucci, director of the royal observatory on Mount Vesuvius, answering an enquiry of the Lokal Anzieger telegraphs that the eruption of Mount Vesuvius and the California earthquake supply confirmation of the general belief that volcanoes and earthquakes are diverse effects of one cause.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Car Conductor Fatally Injured While Entering Barns.

Preston, April 21.—B. Jenkins, the oldest conductor on the Galt, Preston & Hespeler Street Railway, and a popular official with his associates and the traveling public, met with an accident at the company's car barns here Thursday night from the effects of which he died at the Galt Hospital yesterday afternoon.

Jenkins was running his car into the barns after the last trip and jumped too near the door, which was open. The moving car pushed him forward and rolled him along the floor through a space of 7 inches, crushing his body in a terrible manner and breaking many bones.

DEBATE LOCAL OPTION

Legislature Continues the Term to Three Years.

Three-Fifths Majority Clause Educes a Lively Debate In Assembly — Other Slight Amendments to the Liquor Act Were Passed, and the House Passes to the Consideration of Hoyle's Companies' Prospectus Bill.

Toronto, April 21.—The debate of yesterday afternoon in the Legislature centred around the proviso for local option voting clauses of the liquor license bill.

Hon. Mr. Hanna, in first taking up the act, explained that the definition of a tavern was enlarged, and every regulation must be published in The Ontario Gazette.

Mr. MacKay thought in the case of a bartender removing to another city his license should go with him.

There was pointed out an amendment allowing employment of extra bartenders for cases of emergency, but limiting the time to two days in a month.

It was stated that the bill would not come into effect in respect to determining population by the last enumeration of assessors till Jan. 1, 1907.

Fees to Be Charged.

On the section referring to license duties being reached a new division was inserted. Towns having a population of less than 5,000, and more than 2,000, will pay a license fee of $350. Towns having population of 2,000 or less will pay $250, while the same fee applies to incorporated villages.

It was pointed out in the large cities the shop license was less than the tavern license, while in villages the reverse was the case.

Mr. Graham said he had been informed that some of the municipalities would receive less money under the new scale of duties, but Mr. Hanna pointed out that the next section would cure that, the power being given municipalities to increase the duties.

There will be no change with regard to the sale of liquor to guests at hotels. The clauses in the new act were struck out, and the old act stands.

Penalty Clauses Struck Out.

The first four penalty clauses were stricken out. Mr. Hanna explained that when the section was drawn it was intended to bring in the Consolidated Liquor Act this session. Although the bill had been drafted it would be held over.

The Government takes the power to issue wholesale licenses, but not in local option municipalities.

Regarding the cancellation of licenses after three convictions in two years, this is made to read three years. The section providing that a conviction since May 1, 1905, shall be counted as one of the convictions was stricken out.

Hamilton's Grievance.

Mr. Carscallen objected on behalf of Hamilton's liquor shopkeepers to their being asked to pay the same license fee of $700 as hotel proprietors. Their chances for a revenue weren't half as great he contended, and suggested a $525 fee. Mr. Hanna said the proposition was an entirely new one but was willing to have it considered later.

Mr. MacKay argued that in small places liquor shop licenses were too high by comparison, and Dr. Lackner agreed that they were in the case of incorporated villages. He thought liquor dealers shouldn't in fairness to competitors be allowed to carry other lines, such as groceries.

Mr. Gamey took a critical view of the taking away from municipalities of control over the traffic. He didn't know whether the step was a right one, but agreed that it was proper for unorganized districts.

Dr. Lackner claimed that the treatment of Berlin in classing it as a city and calling for a $500 license for hotels and shops was "quite unfair." He claimed Berlin should be classed as a town. "It will be considered," promised Mr. Hanna.

Local Option Debated.

The local option section brought out a lively tilt. Mr. MacKay protested against the three-fifths requirement. It was minority rule—a mechanical balancing of the law at the expense of logic. He went on to say that forty-one men could prevent the law going into force against fifty-nine men, and after it was brought into effect forty-one men against fifty-nine could prevent it being repealed.

The Premier interrupted to say that there was just as good reason why the settled expression of public opinion should not be disturbed after the passing of the act as before it.

Mr. Hanna quoted British authority for the 60 per cent. provision. It was not the minority ruling the majority. The securing of 60 per cent. of the polled vote for a bylaw usually meant 35 per cent. of the possible vote. On the first Ontario plebiscite 62 1-2 per cent. of the polled vote was given in its favor. On the Dominion plebiscite 57 per cent. was in favor, and on the referendum there was a favorable vote of 66 per cent. He argued that before such a change is brought about there should be an unmistakeable sentiment in favor of the measure.

Mr. MacKay asked if the three-fifths majority would be required where a bare majority had carried the bylaw.

Mr. Hanna said a bare majority was required in such cases.

Mr. Preston of Brant argued that local option was not on all fours with provincial or Dominion prohibition. In the Dominion the proposal was to force prohibition on a large section of the people who are stoutly opposed to it. If local option has been found to be inoperative a bare majority should be sufficient to repeal it. There was not a state in the Union where more than a majority was required.

As It Is In Nova Scotia.

Mr. Hanna replied that the temperance people of Nova Scotia required more than a bare majority to repeal prohibition. There the situation was reversed, the whole province being under prohibition, the municipalities having the option of going back to licenses. In Halifax a three-fifths vote was necessary to carry local option, and in the rest of the province two-thirds.

Mr. Hislop of Huron said in Nova Scotia temperance sentiment was not so far advanced as in Ontario.

"Why Nova Scotia is under prohibition," suggested Mr. Downey and others.

"That don't affect my argument," observed Mr. Hislop amid laughter.

Mr. Hislop claimed that if a simple majority vote was wrong, a three-fifths majority was equally wrong. He suggested that it be optional with municipal councils to pass the bylaws prescribed by the Government.

Mr. Ross' Comparison.

Mr. Ross asserted that the present system worked satisfactorily, and that there was no real complaint about it. He referred to the referendum taken, and to the Government, which was willing to act upon it, having been followed by a Government which had secured the support of many temperance people by pledging itself to restrict the operation of the traffic. Last year 106 municipalities had passed local option and 289 places had been closed, whereas under the three-fifths vote only fifty-six would have been carried, closing down 118.

"Why alter that which has been proven to be a success?" he asked.

Where was there any demand for it? Not a petition had been presented for it, and he thought that if the bill became law the three-fifths clause would be repealed.

Mr. Ross said that Mr. Stratton had informed him that it was easier to enforce the law in local option than in licensed communities.

"Then why didn't he do it?" asked Mr. Hanna.

To Protect Shareholders.

On the third reading of Mr. Hoyles' bill respecting prospectuses, Mr. MacKay renewed his objection to the clause declaring that all subscriptions for stock should be deemed to be induced by the prospectus.

The Provincial Secretary said this change had been made to protect shareholders.

Mr. MacKay also suggested that no subscription induced by verbal representations should be binding on the subscriber unless he shall have received a copy of the prospectus.

It was agreed that Mr. MacKay and the Provincial Secretary should get together and frame a clause to cover the point.

The following private bills were read a second time:

To incorporate the Bell Telephone Memorial Association (Preston, Brant); to confirm bylaw 640 of the Town of Sarnia (Montgomery); to incorporate the Port Elgin Spur Line (Bowman).

On Mr. McCowan's bill respecting cemetery companies being up for a second reading Mr. Graham asked for information. Hon. Dr Pyne suggested that the bill be sent to the legal committee, and this was done.

BIG FIRES IN PHILIPPINES.

Two Thousand Dwellings In Ruins and Thousands Are Homeless.

Manila, April 21.—Fire has swept the Town of Mariquina, in Risol Province. Many thousands are homeless and starving.

Two thousand dwellings are in ruins. The Government is rushing aid to the sufferers. Fire also destroyed Pasil, near the Town of Cebu. Two hundred dwellings were burned and many persons are homeless.

Sale of Black Sateen Underskirts and Ready-Made Print Wrappers.

We have just placed in stock the largest range of Black Sateen Underskirts and Wrappers ever shown in this store.

The Underskirts are made of a more superior quality of sateen than we have ever been able to offer to our customers.

They are made in the very latest styles and range in prices from *69c to $4.50 each.*

We are showing the most elegant stock of Ladies' Print Wrappers made from the latest New York patterns and during this week we will sell wrappers at lower prices than you could buy the material and make them up.

McINTOSH BROS.

PURE FOOD INSURES GOOD HEALTH

MAGIC BAKING POWDER INSURES PURE FOOD.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St

Merchant Tailor.

Spring Wallpaper

The Wall Paper season is now in full swing: we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

LAWN GRASS SEED

Our Queen City mixture always give satisfaction.

25c per lb.

White Clover.... *25c per lb*

For the Garden:

Dutch Sets
English Multipliers
Potato Onions
Flower Seeds
Garden Seeds

By the oz. or packet

J. C. Hanley & Co.

Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Opposite Post Office - Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

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McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,

Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,

Act. Manager Belleville Branch

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 6.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,

Victoria Avenue,

(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

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Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

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Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split
C. C. LEAVENS

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY. APRIL 23, 1906. NO. 3?8

A great many schemes for selling tea have exploded during the third of a century in which our business has been steadily growing.

STROUDS

TEAS ARE THE BEST

Government is Firm.

Several officials of the Grand Trunk Railway were in consultation with the Government recently in regard to the railway's request to be allowed to erect and conduct licensed hotels in Algonquin Park, says The Toronto Globe. It will be remembered that such a request was emphatically refused by the Government some time ago, on the ground that it would be unwise to alter in any way the law forbidding the sale of liquor in the park. The Globe understands that this attitude was firmly maintained by the Government at the conference. The G. T. R. officials were again informed that the company could rent sites, under certain conditions, for the erection of two hotels if they decided on building two, but that they would not be licensed to sell liquors, and must be run on strictly temperance lines.

The impression was gathered that the company will accept this decision of the Government, and commence to build almost immediately one hotel in the park, under the conditions laid down. The company expects to carry many tourists to the park this summer.

Gigantic Block of Coal.

A feat unparalleled in mining in Nova Scotia, if not in Canada, was accomplished on a recent Saturday in the Emery seam of reserve colliery by mining a block of coal 120 feet long, 5 1-3 feet wide and 4 2-3 feet high, was taken out intact without the use of powder. It weighed over 134 tons.

Power Promoter Killed.

Syracuse, April 23.—Robert E. Drake of this city, a member of the directors of the Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Co., was struck and instantly killed Saturday night by an eastbound New York Central train at the Lyons depot. Mr. Drake, who was 45 years of age, is survived by his wife.

Queue Costs Him His Life.

Glace Bay, N. S., April 23.—Charlie Wah, a Chinese laundryman, was found Saturday morning in his laundry, hanging by the neck from a rope. Having cut off his queue some time ago, local Chinamen would have nothing to do with him or his affairs, and this led to his suicide.

Victim of Wreck.

Southampton, April 23.—The body of a woman was found on the beach Saturday near Stokes Bay, about 30 miles north of here. It is supposed to be that of Mrs. Harry Laflamme, cook on the steamer Kalyuga, which was lost with all hands off this shore last fall.

Shetland Ponies For Canada.

London, April 23.—A score of fine Shetland ponies were shipped to Canada from Dundee on Saturday, the first exportation for many years. It is expected to re-open a trade which was formerly considerable.

Judge Born in Canada Dead.

New York, April 23.—Judge Martin McMahon of the Court of Special Sessions, died here Saturday night of pneumonia, aged 68. He was born in Canada on March 21, 1838.

The Wash Fabrics

. . Prettier Than Ever . .

If the bright flowers of spring and the sweet flowers of June could shower their blossoms on newly fallen snow, you would see no more beautiful picture than our washing Fabric Counters present today. The choicest, richest, most exquisite designs from abroad are here, together with much that's exclusive. We want you to know what we can do, and even if you don't wish to buy, its no trouble to show you everything you wish to see.

Ask to see the new designs in *FRENCH MUSLINS and PRINTED ORGANDIES.* We never saw such delicate tints, such dainty effects, such aristocratic effects as these new ones just arrived.

Prices Start at 15c You'll Like Them

New Grey Tweeds

Long ago we learned from most reliable sources that grey, and grey mixture tweeds were going to be very popular this spring.

We laid our plans accordingly. The result is that we are able to satisfy every demand from the high class novelties which cannot be duplicated in Canada today down to the hard-wearing Tweeds at prices anywhere from

40c to $1.25 per yard

Tuesday and Wednesday will be good days to look around.

Covert Coats

JUST RECEIVED

Embodied in these smartly tailored Covert Coats, is the best style effort, coupled with most reasonable prices, without fear of valid contradiction, we assert that our range of Spring Coats is one of the most comprehensive in Belleville, and in the matter of style and value the evidence of your own eyes is the best you can have. We invite you to see these new coats and judge for yourself the correctness of our statements.

Prices, $7.50 to $12.50

Sinclair's

The Estimates Vary Greatly.

Hundreds Are Said to Have Died In Hotel Collapse.

One Estimate of San Francisco's Loss of Life From Wednesday's Earthquake Is That 300 Persons Died In One Rooming House, and That But Few Inmates Were Rescued From Ruins Of 800 Room Hotel - Two Hundred Bodies Cremated.

San Francisco, April 22.—The announcement is made that the fire is out and that only smoking embers remain. The condition of the homeless and shelterless persons encamped throughout the city is remarkably good and offers of substantial assistance are being received from cities in all sections of the United States. The grand total of all moneys subscribed to date is $4,154,000.

The engineering department of the United States army, having in charge the construction of temporary buildings in Golden Gate Park for the housing of the homeless, reported yesterday that eight buildings 150 feet long 18 feet wide and 13 feet high will be finished to-day. These buildings will be cut into compartments large enough to furnish sleeping room for a family, and each compartment will have an entrance from the outside. Lumber is being delivered at the park in large quantities and 125 carpenters are at work on temporary buildings.

The vaults of the treasurer, the auditor and the tax collector are intact. There is something like $6,500,000 in the vaults of the city treasury.

The relief committee announced yesterday that the citizens no longer will be hindered going through the streets and no passes will be necessary.

Celebration of Mass.

On the steps of the shattered churches and on the green slopes of the parks and the cemeteries, the people of San Francisco assembled yesterday at the usual hours of religious service. Grateful for the opportunity of expressing thanks for their preservation and anxious for words of cheer and comfort to carry them through future trials, the people assembled yesterday in even larger numbers than is customary.

There was no distinction as to sect or denomination, the gatherings including as a rule a large percentage of the families camping or residing in the vicinity. Catholic clergymen celebrated masses in the Jewish cemetery and every creed knelt with bowed head while the services were in progress. On the steps of St. Mary's Cathedral and on the upheaved pavement of Golden Gate avenue, overlooking the blackened waste that commenced just across the street, Archbishop Montgomery celebrated mass at 8 o'clock.

The service was attended by thousands covering the church steps and extending up and down the street in either direction.

No Suffering.

The committee having in charge the relief of the hungry reports that every homeless person here is being cared for and that there is no suffering on the score of either food or drink within the city. Within a few hours an ample supply of milk will be assured.

Health Measures.

Only 30 patients are quartered in the territory that comprises park emergency hospital. Considering that over 500 injured persons received attention at the park since Wednesday morning, this is regarded by the physicians as very promising. Over 1,000 physicians and attendants are serving in the park at present.

Water In Plenty.

Experts of the Spring Valley Water Co., who have been engaged in making a thorough examination of the mains and reservoirs of the system, have reported that the company has in its reservoirs enough water to supply the city at the regular rate of 50,000,000 gallons a day for a period of 600 days.

Street cars were running on Fillmore street yesterday, and appeared to have plenty of power. The service was free. The cars on Sutter and Pacific avenue probably will be run by horses.

Five children were born last night in the hospitals that have been established at Golden Gate Park, making eighteen births in this park. Eight babes have been born in Buena Vista Park.

Will Occupy Houses.

Hundreds of houses in the unburned districts have been deserted by their occupants, who either have fled from the city or are camped in the parks. These, with 1,000 vacant homes and flats, and all public buildings, will be used for housing the homeless.

Gen. Funston, Mayor Schmitz and Gov. Pardee met in conference at Gen. Funston's headquarters at Fort Mason yesterday, and had a thorough understanding as to the relief measures and the policing of the city. It was decided to divide the city into three districts, one under the federal troops, one under the state troops, and the other under the police.

The Dead Are Hundreds.

That the number of dead will run into several hundred is becoming apparent now. However, eastern people need to have little solicitude for their friends who were here as tourists at the time of the earthquake. It may be safely asserted that few, if any, such persons have been killed or injured. The casualties, with few exceptions, were confined to the occupants of cheap lodging houses.

The caving in of the Royal lodging house, at 40th and Minna streets, cost about 125 lives.

The collapsing of the Portland House, 60th street, between Mission and Market, entombed 60 persons. Many of these were saved before the fire reached the spot.

The large five-storey Brunswick rooming house with its 300 rooms filled with guests at 60th and Howard streets, collapsed and fire started amid the ruins five minutes later. It is estimated that over 300 persons lost their lives there.

Part of the large Cosmopolitan House, 5th and Mission streets, collapsed at the first tremble. Many of the sleepers were buried in the ruins and others escaped in their night clothes.

At 777 Mission street the Wilson House, with its four storeys and 800 rooms, fell to the ground a mass of ruins. Few of the inmates were rescued.

The Denver House on lower Third street fared the same, and none may ever know how many were killed.

Two hundred bodies found in the Potrero district, south of Shannon street, near the Union Iron Works, were cremated at the Six Mile House yesterday by order of Coroner Walsh.

At noon yesterday reports were made by the deputies sent out by the health officers of the finding of 200 bodies in various parts of the city. Few have been identified. The bodies were buried in various places, and the graves numbered.

'Frisco Will Be Rebuilt.

Many of the most substantial business men and property owners here already are in consultations with the architects. While the work of clearing away the debris goes forward, a corps of draughtsmen will be busily occupied preparing plans for new buildings.

Continued on page 8.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

SALE OF SKIRTS

For Ladies' and Misses'

We have just put on sale in our Skirt Department about 150 Ladies' and Misses Black and Colored Cloth Skirts at much below regular values. These are all made from Fashionable Materials and are beautifully tailored. If you are in need of a new skirt it will pay you to investigate.

—LOT 1—Misses' Tweed Skirts, all sizes, worth $1.50 to $1.95, for............ *98c*
—LOT 2—Misses Plain Navy and Grey Skirts, worth $2.50, for............ *$1.75*
—LOT 3—Misses' Tweed and Plain Cloth Skirts, all sizes, worth $2.95 to $3.75, for............ *$1.98*
—LOT 4—Misses' Plain Cloths and Fancy Tweeds, regular prices $4.75 to $5.00, for............ *$3.45*
—LOT 5—A lot of Ladies' plain Cloth and Fancy Tweed Skirts, regular $4.75 and $5.00, for............ *$3.50*
—LOT 6—About 50 Ladies' very fine quality Plain Cloth Skirts in black and colors at............ *Fully one-third less than regular value*

Long Kid Gloves

Dame Fashion has demanded long Kid Gloves to be worn this coming season.

We have just received a fresh supply in all the leading shades as Tan, Black and white—full range of sizes.

We desire that every lady who wishes a pair of these gloves to come at once as the supply is limited.

The Ritchie Coy. Limited

SPRING CLOTHING

Not a mere showing of styles of the Spring Fashions, but a magnificent gathering of all the nattiest Suits and Overcoats that affords you choice as wide as you wish.

Fashioned by expert tailors after the most approved New York Models, made in Canada, saving all duties—and all marked at most moderate prices.

But even if you are not to purchase now, come in and see the display. It is interesting to the extreme.

—Men's Spring Suits in all the newest materials and styles, every garment fully guaranteed to retain its perfect fit till worn out—

$7.50 to $15.00

Men's Spring and Summer Shirts

Our spring stock represents a most complete showing of the very latest novelties in spring shirts. Exquisite styles in checks, stripes and figures just received. We will expect you to come in and inspect them.

PRICES—75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

House Furnishing

This Is the Time

When Carpets and Rugs come up for the usual spring cleaning, on looking them over, don't you think some of them a bit too worn to put back again on the same room? Probably you will.

Then is when we want to see you and show you through our new season's Carpets and Rugs and to quote you our close prices for

Axminster, Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets
- - AND - -
Axminster, Velvet and Tapestry Rugs

We carry in stock the *Celebrated Crossley Carpets and Rugs.*

ENGLISH LINOLEUMS and OILCLOTHS
2, 3, 4 yards wide. In a big range of patterns.

JAPANESE MATTINGS
The season's new importations, ranging from *20 to 50c a yd.*

CURTAINS
SWISS, NOTTINGHAM and NET CURTAINS.

BLINDS, POLES.

Fancy and Plain Denims, Silkalines, Madras Muslins.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

Men's Light Vests

Never before have we done one-half the business in Light Vests as we are doing this spring. The reason of our big trade is not hard to understand. We have the finest assortment in the city.

We would be pleased to have the opportunity of showing them to you.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

FRILLED BOBBINETTE CURTAINS, at per yard —*15c, 20c, 25c, 30c.*

300 Pairs *LACE CURTAINS,* prices per pair, *50c to $6.*

ROLLER BLINDS—25, 35, 50 and 75c.

The best *WHITEWEAR* and best *DRESS SKIRTS* made in Canada are branded with the registered trade mark—

"*MINERVA*"

We shall make a special feature of these goods this season. They represent more style and better quality than the average, with no more to pay than for inferior goods.

The assortment is now at its best and all we ask is a chance to show you what we call value.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

Why Do They Leave Ontario?

One of the mysteries of the day is, why so many of its well-to-do citizens are leaving Ontario. A contemporary notices that farewell parties, addresses and presentations to young men and women leaving for the west are very numerous. These tokens bespeak a worthy class of people, not drones, incapables or ne'er-do-wells. They are among the best the country produces.

Why do they leave a portion of the Dominion so well favored as Ontario! They cannot expect to make haste more quickly in the Northwest except at the sacrifice of good prospects and many personal comforts enjoyed in this province. If they advance in wealth in the new land, it may be at the price of privation to which their class in the older settled provinces are strangers. All the same they yield to the "going fever," and the spirit of unrest, which is not an affair of class, but adheres to the young in every sphere of life. Some achieve their desires, others after a season of turmoil and unsatisfied ambition, are well pleased to return to where they started from.

The experience, however, is good for them, though they fail to reach the goal that appeared so luminous and full of promise. Their mental horizon is enlarged, and their conceptions of life broadened in beneficial ways. Moreover these outgoers from Ontario are not lost to Canada. Their allegiance is not transferred to another flag. If the Northwest had not been found out and opened up they might have drifted southward in search of the grand elixir, and to swell a population which, man for man, is no better off, if as well.

But it is curious to reflect that a land so rich in every element of potential wealth, as Ontario is, where the soil is fertile and its products are near to the most profitable markets, where mines are opening up the promise of enormous wealth, should be forsaken by the flower of its population for what may prove only the pot of gold at the foot of the rainbow. The mystery is that the hardy industrious and enterprising do not appreciate to a greater extent than is seen, the opportunities which lie inviting right here in older Ontario, where, as Prof. Barr lately remarked at an agricultural meeting, dairy farming is better than gold mining, but where dairy farming is only a part of the business yielding good profit to the habit of thrift.

TIMELY TOPICS.

St. George for Merry England.

• • •

Here's health, wealth and happiness to all who wear the rose to-day.

• • •

Perhaps we didn't do the thing up in style when the Prince came Saturday evening! The welkin rang with cheers, and the Salvation Army band turned loose a world of harmony. The Prince was probably sorry he didn't give us six minutes instead of five.

• • •

Some of the ladies were out "in their figures" yesterday, but it must have been rather cool. The wind was coming direct from the north pole, via Bancroft.

• • •

Here comes another injustice to this long-suffering city. Paddy Lawlor, alleged safe-cracker and burglar, is to be tried here for an offence committed in Shannonville. The festive Patrick himself hails from Toronto. But the trial will take place here, and pious moralists, like the funny man of the Hamilton Spec., will hold up their hands in horror and say "My! My! What a tough place Belleville is!" It is very discouraging, when one considers that, for her size and weight, Belleville is about the most moral and well-behaved little city in Canada.

• • •

Hang it up now, if you want to, but for goodness sake, don't take 'em for at least three weeks yet.

• • •

A former Yale professor says that the San Francisco disaster is the beginning of the end of the world. What would he have said if he had been on hand for the flood?

• • •

A miner near Dawson found a mastodon's skull and washed $1,600 worth of gold dust out of its eyeball. That mastodon evidently tried hard to carry his wealth with him beyond the grave.

• • •

The United States Government is going to weigh the world. It is explained that the world has not been weighed in half a century. It may have taken on considerable weight in that time. Food is better and more plentiful now than it was then.

• • •

A bull knocked a farmer down in a field near Middleton, New York, and was about to finish him when it was attacked by a ram and butted so severely that it fled in panic. The ram was probably provoked at the bull for knocking the man down when it had intended to knock him down itself.

• • •

There can be no doubt that King's Edward's acceptance of the invitation to visit Canada would cause an immense amount of gratification in this extremely loyal Dominion. One can just imagine the "doings" there would be in honor of Good King Ned the Peacemaker. But it hardly seems likely that His Majesty will see his way clear to accept, more's the pity. The experience which he would have to pass through in Canada would tax all the energies and physique of a young man, and the King has passed out of the ranks of the young men and into the class with whom it is a duty to nurse their strength. No one need be greatly disappointed, therefore, if the loyal and sincere invitation brings back a gracious message telling Canadians that what they desire is not practicable. Should circumstances permit of a visit of King Edward and Queen Alexandra to the Dominion, they can count on a welcome such as this continent has not seen, and more than British subjects would share in it. King Edward, as the Montreal Gazette well points out, has filled a great station with even more of the tact and capacity than his career of Prince of Wales had given reason to expect. When he goes abroad, whether to France, or Spain, or Italy or Germany, he is received as a friend among friends, and because he is what he is the work of the men who have charge of the Empire's affairs abroad is made easier and the way of peace smoother. There is no part of the British dominions where he would not be sure of the most loyal of welcomes, and in no part could the welcome be warmer or more heartfelt than in Canada.

• • •

The Conservatives in the Senate, says the Montreal Gazette, have done well in selecting Mr. Lougheed as their leader, in succession to the retired veteran, Sir Mackenzie Bowell. He is in the prime of middle age, capable, energetic and respected. Political divisions are not always as much thought of in the Senate as in the House of Commons, and measures are judged more on their merits than on their probable vote-getting efforts. There is much, however, that an Opposition leader can do, both for legislation and his party: and this it can be expected Mr. Lougheed will do, and do effectively.

• • •

It is intimated in Toronto despatches that because Joseph Phillips has yielded up some of his property to the York Loan Company liquidators the criminal proceedings against him will be dropped. The hope is rightly expressed in many thoughtful papers that there is no justification for such report. Such action would be about the worst thing that could happen for the respect the public is expected to have for the administration of justice. It would be rightly regarded as the compounding of a felony in connection with a case every feature of which constitutes a demand that justice shall be done, and that quickly.

• • •

The man on the next block "rose" to the occasion to-day. He proudly boasts of being born in "the Tight Little Island."

• • •

Wasn't it providential that the fire on Mill St. was extinguished so easily this morning. And that's such a windy locality, too!

• • •

Rev. C. H. Emerson, of the Baptist church, last night preached on "The San Francisco Calamity." His remarks, which are reported in another column, will repay an attentive perusal. Rev. Mr. Emerson does not believe that the Almighty punished San Francisco for her sins, and with his conclusions, we venture to think, most people will be in accord. It seems a fair question to ask, "If San Francisco was destroyed because of the sins of her people, how many cities in this old world can count on passing this night in safety?

• • •

In towns across the bay from San Francisco, the master bakers have met and fixed the price of bread at five cents a loaf, with the understanding that they will refuse to sell to retailers who attempt to charge famine prices. These are the things, aptly remarks the Toronto Star, that preserve one's faith in human nature.

• • •

President Roosevelt has intimated "in courteous words, but quite firmly, that the United States can take care of the problem in San Francisco, and will not need aid from abroad." That's the talk. Uncle Sam can build up San Francisco and put her people on their feet again without hurting himself a bit. It will be gratifying to all friends of the great Republic to see that he proposes to do so without outside aid.

• • •

Our esteemed correspondent, "Civic Improvement," surely touches on a timely topic in recommending swift action in connection with the unsightly gore at the junction of Mill St. and the Canifton road. The Intelligencer has often talked to the public with tears in its eyes about that same old eyesore. Let us hope that the efforts of "Civic Improvement" may be successful, and that, ere long, that unsightly wilderness may be turned into a veritable thing of beauty.

HOUSECLEANING DRUGS

We would like to furnish your housecleaning drugs. Scores of items here that cost little, which will facilitate the spring cleaning.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

A New Parish Hall For St. Thomas' Church

On Saturday night the Sunday School Teachers of St. Thomas' church gave a reception to the congregation, which was well attended, and most enjoyable.

Rev. Mr. Beamish presided, and made an excellent speech. He explained the object of the gathering, namely, to lay before the people the great need of a suitable parish building, with a properly equipped Sunday school guild rooms, chapel, library, kitchen, and all things necessary for parish work.

His Lordship Bishop Mills then addressed the meeting, giving his hearty approbation to the scheme.

Encouraging addresses were also given by Mr. Williams, Mr. Hungerford and Mr. Nyland.

A short programme of piano and vocal music, excellently rendered by Mr. Spooner, Mr. Holloway, the Misses Ackerill, Milburn and Sills, contributed to the pleasure of the evening, after which refreshments were served to all present.

At Sign of the Scales.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.

John Connors, an old offender, was charged with the above offences. He had no excuse to offer, only he desired to go to work in the country, where he had a job awaiting him. A fine of $3 or 15 days in jail was imposed.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

They Cheered and Sang The National Anthem

Prince Arthur of Connaught, as per schedule, arrived at the Belleville station on Saturday evening. The Royal train came in from the east and stayed five minutes. A goodly crowd was present, and ringing cheers were very much in evidence. The youthful Prince bowed his acknowledgments from the rear platform of his car, and seemed gratified with the reception accorded him. The Salvation Army band, which was at the station en route to Napanee, to fill an engagement, played some pleasing selections, and handed out God Save the King in really first-class style as the Royal train was pulling out. Led by Mr. S. Burrows, the crowd cheered with great warmth as the train moved away, the Royal visitor, hat in hand, bowing and smiling in response. It was a pleasing little function, all the more gratifying on account of its being entirely spontaneous.

Painful Accident to Mrs. Thomas Ritchie

On Saturday evening Mrs. Thomas Ritchie met with an accident which might easily have resulted more seriously than it did. She fell down a number of steps of a stairway in the house and was rendered unconscious for some time. The lady fortunately was not seriously hurt, no bones being broken.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mrs. John Boyd and Dr. Boyd spent Sunday in Tweed.

Ald. Paterson is in Toronto, attending the obsequies of his mother.

Mr. E. Sprague, of Toronto, spent Sunday in the city with his parents.

Miss Mary St. Louis, of Deseronto, was visiting in the city yesterday.

Mr. Walter Herrington, K.C., of Napanee, was in the city to-day, attending his father's funeral.

Miss May Smith, Miss Vera Martin, Miss Margaret Foley and Miss Mabel Thompson spent Sunday in Stirling.

The Misses Stickle and Dr. Hamilton, of this city, spent Sunday in Stirling, the guests of Mrs. Charles Stickle.

Mr. John Campbell left to-day to begin another summer's work at Rosseau, Muskoka. He is driving the entire trip.

At the Quinte; M. Gould, London; G. B. Zantzinger, J. O'Donnell, E. J. Verner, F. R. Barlow, W. Stewart, Sangster, Montreal; W. C. Hunter, Miss Bristol, Miss Yellowlees, A. McMichael, F. M. Cole and wife, J. M. Loney, R. Caldwell, R. Gemmell, G. F. York, H. Upton, W. Stagg, B. H. Corrigal, J. MacDougall, W. H. L. McMahon, T. A. Porter, J. W. Quinn, W. J. Dean, W. Fletcher, W. Nash, Toronto; J. Pollick, New York; E. C. Richardson, L. Mickels, Buffalo; C. Darroll, J. Alexander, Hamilton; A. Hayward, Ipswich, Eng.; M. Reazon, Lindsay; D. Allen, Kingston; L. E. Allen, Belleville; J. H. Fleming, Denver, Col.

That Unsightly Gore.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer:

Sir,—None of us have forgotten what a splendid success was made of the "Belleville Old Boys' Reunion" last year by the organized effort and public spirit of the men of the city. Would it not be a grand idea if some of those same energetic citizens were to take in hand, in the same spirit, one or two public improvements in the city? Say the well-known and disreputable "gore" at the junction of the Station and Canifton Roads, and the swimming baths. Is there any doubt that these undertakings would then be successfully and quickly carried out?

The Council is doing what it can as to the "gore" by trying to get it filled up, but it is slow work done in this way. For the credit of our town let us as quickly as possible get this public dump and eyesore transformed into a thing of beauty, a green and restful park of which we might all be proud, and which would be the admiration of the travelling public, whose comments in the past have been free and uncomplimentary.

I have been told that it would be "the work of years" to fill up the gore. Is it necessary for park purposes that it should be filled up? May there not be other ways of meeting the difficulty? If the place is swampy, would it be feasible to excavate in the middle and drain into a central pond, which would add immensely to the beauty and attractiveness of a park.

Suppose the matter were taken up, a public meeting called, an association formed, and a fund raised for this purpose. Capital lantern slides are to be rented, showing very graphically the "before and after" of improvement work. These cover a variety of subjects, and are said to be most effective. They are accompanied by typewritten lectures or descriptions to be used in connection.

A club of ladies, which has recently been formed, with the object of doing what they can to beautify the home surroundings and the city generally, would be a willing and useful auxiliary at a later stage of the work. The neighborhood about the gore would surely take an active interest in the scheme.

Is there not enough public spirit and municipal pride to take up this project and carry it through with the energy and enthusiasm shown in the carrying out of the "Old Boys' Reunion."

"CIVIC IMPROVEMENT."

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Fresh northerly and north westerly winds, fine and cool. Tuesday, westerly winds, fine and a little warmer.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

LADIES!

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1,50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault

Angus McFee

It Pays to Buy the Best.
Wallbridge & Clarke's
FINE TEAS
IN SEALED PACKETS
NEW SEASON'S FINEST BLENDS
Indo-Ceylon Teas
FRAGRANT AND DELICIOUS
40, 50 and 60c lb
Good Teas at 25c lb.

EXTRA VALUE EXTRA VALUE
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S
SPECIAL BLEND
Indo-Ceylon Tea
30c lb
4 LBS. FOR $1.00
8 half-pound sealed packets for $1.
Wallbridge & Clark
ESTABLISHED 1871.
DELICIOUS COFFEE, 30 & 40c lb

UNEQUALLED SERVICE.

In all the world over, among all the railways of all nations, there is one line whose service stands pre-eminent—The Lake Shore Railway. Luxurious comfort, speed, safety, punctuality, personal attention and service, have here reached their highest development. Lake Shore trains run on time and when connections are to be made the schedule is so arranged that long waits and delays are avoided. In a word, here is a railway whose service in every respect leaves nothing to be desired. Travellers of experience know this to be so and all are careful to see that their tickets read "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway." You can obtain full information by addressing J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O., or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
. . AND THE . .
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher **$3.00**
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots **$3.00**

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles
Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags
Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

RHEUMATISM

I will refund your money if it fails.

Price 25c. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve pains in legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints in a few hours. Positively cures in a few days. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it from the system. —MUNYON.

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 29 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER
WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Lathe hands, used to accurate work. Box G, Intelligencer. 19-6t

Blacksmiths, on machine forgings. Canadian General Electric Co., Ltd., Peterboro, Ont. 19-21-23

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

"Destruction of San Francisco." — Best Book. Large profits. Act quick. Sample Free. Globe Company, 723 Chestnut St., Phila. 23-3t

Tea Canvassers Wanted. It will pay you to investigate my goods, prices, and complete outfit of samples and instructions. A trial order solicited. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Tea Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario

FOR SALE.

For a short time only, 12 useful household articles for 50 cents. Address P. C. Coo, 116 Wilson Ave., London, Ont. 18-6t

TO LET.

House on Bridge St. All modern improvements. Apply to Dr. Caldwell. 18-6t

LOST.

On Front St., watch Fob, with charm. Anybody finding same will be amply rewarded by leaving same here. 23-2

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

The Dupligraph

Complete Cabinet with three tablets foolscap size, $10.00.

Single Dupligraph Trays, foolscap size, $4.00.

The Dupligraph is the simplest, cleanest, quickest and cheapest duplicating machine on the market. It will reproduce exact fac-simile copies of an ordinary type-written or pen-written original at the rate of 50 in five minutes, and requires no expensive supplies. No stencil, roller, silk or wax paper; no trouble, dirt or washing. You simply write whatever you desire in the ordinary way on ordinary paper, and the Dupligraph does the rest.

Write for circulars and samples of work.

For sale in Belleville by

C. B. Scantlebury,
Stationer

PENMAN & SPRANG,
Sole Manufacturers,
Head Office, 22 Yonge St. Arcade,
Toronto, Canada.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order

Mrs. Sarah Spence Died In Hospital Of Cancer.

Mrs. Sarah Spence died on Saturday afternoon at the hospital here, from cancer of the stomach. Deceased, who was 32 years of age, was a resident of Marmora village. Some four weeks ago she was brought to the city, but nothing could be done to save her life. Mrs. Spence was a member of the Methodist church. The remains, after being taken to the undertaking establishment of Sills & Consaul, and prepared for burial, were this morning sent to Marmora.

Small Conflagration in "Yankee" Curtis' Barn

At a few minutes after 9 o'clock this morning the fire brigade were called to Mill street. A fire by some means broke out in a barn on Mr. Wm. Curtis' premises, but the blaze was extinguished before much damage had been done. How the fire originated is not known.

Reciprocity.

Washington Post: We hear a heap about South American trade. John Quincy Adams pestered himself about it before James G. Blain was born, and Mr. Blaine dreamed about it, spoke about it, wrote about it, and twice accepted office of Secretary of State on account of it. But it is a comparatively unimportant thing — this South American trade. A judicious and equitable reciprocity convention with Canada would be worth more to our people than all the trade of Brazil with all the world. Our trade with Great Britain and her dependencies is stupendous, more than 50 per cent. of our local trade with foreigners. It would be better for us to nurse and enlarge this trade, so easy of expansion, than to go off yonder to Brazil to create a trade that does not now exist, and will not until the babe of to-day shall become an old man. • • • With becoming humility, we venture to observe that Secretary Root should change his course and make for Ottawa, where there is an immense trade awaiting a square deal between neighbors, which our standpat brethren must some time be sent to.

MASSASSAGA.

Mr. Ollie Dafoe and bride, of Holloway, were guests of Mr. Harry Dafoe last week.

Rev. Mr. Barnes gave a splendid sermon on Easter Sunday, his discourse was on missionary work. There was a splendid choir and the church was nicely decorated with flowers.

Several farmers in this vicinity have sold horses to the buyers, who are paying high prices.

Miss G. Wallbridge of the Cobourg Collegiate Institute, spent Easter at her home here.

Mr. Wm. Frets, of Napanee, who was well known here, died after a short illness at his home in Napanee last week.

The Human Barometer

is the urine. Where there is a constant desire to urinate—when the urine is hot and scalding—it means Bladder Irritation. If the urine is cloudy, highly colored, or offensive—it indicates Kidney Trouble.

Heed the danger signals. Take

Bu-Ju

THE GENTLE KIDNEY PILL

"Bu-Ju" stimulates and strengthens the weakened, clogged, overworked Kidneys to healthy action—and heals and soothes the irritated bladder "Bu-Ju" cures. We guarantee it and you can get your money back if "Bu-Ju" disappoints. All druggists have "Bu-Ju" or will get them for you.

THE CLAFLIN CHEMICAL CO. LIMITED
WINDSOR, ONT.

2 in 1
Shoe Polish

Black, Tan and White

"2 in 1" instantly cleans and polishes. Preserves, alike the daintiest kid and the roughest leather. Particular people give nothing but praise.

"2 in 1" has no substitute. Millions use it. Refuse all imitations.

Black and tan in 10c. and 25c. tins. White 15c. glass

Parsley, mustard, cowslip, horseradish, dock, dandelion, and beet tops clear the blood, regulate the system, and remove that tired feeling so peculiar to spring.

COLD KILLS THE GERM.

Lieut. Perry Says There Are No Bald Heads in the Arctic Region.

The people who come back from Klondike testify to the fact that no native bald heads are there. The evidence is that the cold climate kills the germs that eat the hair off at the root. Lieut. Perry, who went to the Arctic Regions, gives the same evidence. Newbro's Herpicide has the same effect as the cold climate. It kills the germ that eats the hair off at the roots, and the hair grows again. Herpicide is the first hair remedy built upon the principle of destroying the germ that eats the hair off. Its phenomenal sale demonstrates the correctness of the scalp germ theory. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Mr. Harry Coon Was an Apt and Clever Pupil.

One of the staff of the High School, speaking of Mr. Harry Coon, of this city, whose success at Queen's was noted in this paper on Saturday, said

"We of the High School are justly proud of him for many reasons. First, he was a model student when attending the High School, and set an example that might well be imitated by students generally. Next, it was from the High School that he graduated, winning the Chancellor's prize, a scholarship of $200. His career at Queen's University has been remarkable. First-class honors in all his subjects in every year of his course and finally, though competing with Seniors, carrying off the highest honors in the gift of the University, the gold medal, together with the degree of M. A. Few young men of 20 years of age can point to such a brilliant record, and I venture to predict that his future will not be less brilliant than his past."

ULCER OF THE STOMACH.

INSIDIOUS NATURE OF THE DISEASE — HOW TO RECOGNIZE AND CURE IT.

Ulcer of the stomach may exist for years without very marked symptoms excepting those caused by indigestion.

In good health, the stomach resists the action of the gastric juices, but when weakened, the membrane is badly nourished and the digestive fluids act upon it as well as upon the food, keeping up until perforation of the stomach occurs. In advanced cases of ulcer of the stomach there is much discomfort after eating, with a constant gnawing sensation between meals, pain from the pit of the stomach back to the shoulder blade.

At the first symptoms of indigestion, treatment should at once be started with Mi-o-na. This is a scientific remedy adapted specifically to one purpose, the cure of stomach troubles

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $4.00 per annum, or 35 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

A very pretty back comb with rose gold finished mountings, and the new Alice blue settings, costs $1.50. —T. Blackburn.

An illustrated lecture will be given in the Viavi office, Pinnacle St., on Tuesday, April 24th, at 3 p.m. Subject—"What is Worth Living For?" 21-23

Beautiful designs in back combs set with amethyists, brilliants, etc., at Blackburn's.

Ladies' P.P.C. card envelopes, 5c per package. At Intelligencer office.

An old man named Patrick Clarke was arrested at noon to-day for being intoxicated.

• • •

The Hospital concert Tuesday evening in the City Hall promises to be a great success. The material is good and the cause a worthy one.

ELMWOOD.

Farmers are doing their spring work.

House-cleaning is the order of the day.

Our factory is again in full running order, with our able cheesemaker, Mr. M. Spencer.

Mrs. Charles Whalen is spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. A. McDonald.

Mrs A. W. Reid and little son have gone to join her husband at Craigmont.

Mr. Wm. Hamilton is putting some improvements on his residence.

Miss Eva Stocker spent the Easter holidays at home.

Miss W. Gillespie, of Geneva, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. P. Fargey.

Mr. O. McAvoy has accepted a position as book-keeper in Haliburton.

KITCHEN WALLS.

If You Can't Have Tiles, Use Enamel Over Oil Paint.

If tiles are out of the question it remains to get the next best thing. Oil paint is the only available wall covering for a kitchen and should be finished with a coat of enamel. The kitchen walls will require washing quite as much and almost as frequently as the floor. White tiles make the finest possible covering, not only because they show dirt, but because they can be easily cleaned. This requirement must be met with any other substitute, and this, to a considerable extent, is given in a very good way by oil paint finished with enamel. Some kitchen designers have recommended several successive coats of oil mixed with varnish, a method that is said to give excellent results and doubtless does so. It gives the walls a somewhat dark tone, while with paint a lighter shade may be used. Whatever color is selected it should not be chosen because it conceals dirt. No room accumulates dust and dirt as rapidly as the kitchen, partly because in the summer the windows are generally open all day, admitting clouds of outside dust; partly because of the unavoidable dust from the range, and partly because more or less dirt is produced in the cooking operations. The housekeeper who imagines her kitchen clean because she sees no dirt on her walls is a most sadly deluded person. If the walls are so dark as to show no dirt, one may be assured the dirt is there, and it is likely to remain there until it becomes so offensive that a complete renovation of the room is necessary. — American Homes and Gardens.

WOMEN WHO TOIL.

The Choice Between Factory Work and Domestic Service.

We had the other day the report of two ladies whom a benevolent curiosity had led to explore factory life in disguise. The life seemed neither refined nor attractive. The labor must be intensely monotonous and dull. The only bright features appear to be dress and flirtation. Nothing can possibly be learned in the factory which could be of the slightest service to a wife or mother. To the consequent discomfort of a home may probably be set down many of the cases of wife desertion, an offense which appears to be on the increase. The same probably would be found to be sometimes the source of wife beating.

But, then, it must be owned the factory girl has independence after factory hours; limited, though dull and monotonous work, her Sunday to herself. She has companionship, which where only one servant is kept is lacking and which no doubt is often a cause of restlessness. She has the sentimental satisfaction of calling nobody master or mistress, though a master she really has, and a stern one. We cannot wonder that the factory in competition with domestic service has its attractions, inconvenient as the effect may be.—Goldwin Smith in Independent.

THE HOME DOCTOR.

A cold in the head can often be speedily cured by inhaling burnt camphor.

Alum water for burns or cuts is a quick and pleasant remedy. Keep a bottle on the medicine shelf.

Onion juice is good for the croup. Stew onions with sugar and a very little water until it forms a sirup. Strain and give a tablespoonful at a dose.

To inhale steam from a bowl of boiling water is very good for a sore throat. The sufferer should lean over the steam, drawing it in both throat and nostrils.

A New York woman recommends a novel remedy for cinder in the eye—namely, a loop of horsehair run up under the lid. Of course the hair should be thoroughly sterilized before being used.

To make a poultice antiseptic will keep a part free from gangrene and similar complications. Dissolve in the boiling water with which the poultice is made as much boric acid as it will take up.

Blending Perfumes.

The blending of perfumes will be found delightful for sachet bags. The two odors that mix most perfectly are violet and heliotrope, and the addition of a little sandalwood to these will produce an exquisite odor that will baffle those who smell it as to the identity. White rose and heliotrope blend very sweetly, and lilac and violet make a dainty combination. A little sandalwood or orris root added to almost any combination of odors will increase the pungency and make the result more lasting. Carnation is a delightful and spicy odor in itself, but the addition of white rose makes it sweeter and a little daintier. A number of odors combined in various ways and scattered through one's effects in tiny sachet bags or envelopes will produce an odor that is altogether fascinating, delicate and difficult of detection.

Dressing Sisters Alike.

A well known writer, when giving her views upon the question of sisters dressing alike, very practically said: "I consider that, as a rule, sisters should be dressed alike. For one thing, it saves a great deal of trouble to the mother if one choice of cloth will make all the girls' dresses and one way of making will do. Besides, there is much economy in this. The material will cut better, and there will be far less waste than if each child had different goods, with a pattern which would probably have to be all made up one way."

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"THE CONVICT'S DAUGHTER."

The poet says: "A rose under any other name would smell as sweet"—and possibly that powerful melodramatic play, "The Convict's Daughter," under any other title would please as well and pack the theatre nightly. But there is a doubt.. And in that doubt lies the safety of the rose, for it will continue to rank first among the many flowers of the world. This is equally true of "The Convict's Daughter." The amusement loving public will have a chance to pass on the merits of "The Convict's Daughter" at the Carman on Wednesday evening next. Come and see the pretty southern home of Col. Gould, the old hut at the quarries, and the daring sensational escape of "Weary Willie" on the top of a fast moving freight train.

"THE HOLY CITY."

This will undoubtedly be the strongest drama that will visit Belleville this season, and the play lovers in general will appreciate the efforts of Manager Carman, that enable him to give them such a theatrical treat. This production is branded a success by both the press and clergy. It is a difficult matter to tell which character is most appreciated. One moment the audience is held spell bound by the deep feeling of the character of "John the Baptist," in the next by the clever work in the difficult role of the loving but vengeful "Salome." The bold and noble declaration of "Marius," the realistic portrayal of a mother's love by "Elizabeth," or the childlike innocence and penitence of the outcast, "Mary Magdalene." The costumes and scenery are spectacular and attractive, and the transformation scene, the resurrection, and the gates of the New Jerusalem are beautiful in the extreme. This wonderful drama will be produced at the Carman on Friday evening, April 27

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stop-over arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18-11t

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

Stock	New York, April 23 Op'g	Close
Atchison	90½	89
do pref	....	
St. Paul	....	
Mop	172½	169
Union Pac	95	93
C.P.R.	152½	149⅞
Sou Pac	102	100
R I	65⅛	64⅛
Ills. C.	26⅛	26⅛
Sou Ry	172⅞	170⅛
Texas	39⅛	38
B.& O	32⅝	31⅝
N Y C	111	109⅞
Penn	141	138⅛
Soo	139⅞	138⅞
T. W.	159⅝	158
Erie	117⅛	110⅛
do pref	43	[illegible]
Reading	77	76½
C. O	178	[illegible]
O W	58⅛	57⅝
Manhattan	48⅝	48
W C	....	..
L. & N.	26	25⅝
A. F.	147⅞	[illegible]
Nor	42⅝	41⅝
Wab.	89⅝	[illegible]
do pref	21⅛	20⅝
W.U.	47⅝	44⅝
C. G. W	91⅝	92½
T.C.I.	21	20⅝
U. S. Steel	...	..
do pref	42⅜	41⅞
Sugar	108⅞	107⅞
B.R.T.	138	135⅞
P. O	81½	80⅛
A. C. P.	93⅝	92
Met.	110⅛	107⅞
Alo.	....	
C.F.I.	68	64⅝
	63⅝	....

May wheat opened at 79⅛ closed at 79⅞
July wheat opened at 78⅛ closed at 78⅞
May corn opened at 47⅛ closed at 47⅛
July corn opened at 46⅛ closed at 46⅛
May Oats opened at 32½ closed at 32
May pork opened at 15.95 closed at 15.65

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Prices . . .

Some strange people—and strange they are—for they seem to fancy strange things—fancy we cannot do their painting and paperhanging as cheaply as others.

Bless your soul, we can do it ***MORE*** cheaply, as far as cost is concerned—but that word ***CHEAP*** we cannot apply well to our work. It does not sound right for there is nothing cheap about our work excepting the price we ask for it.

The Reasons why we can do our Work at Reasonable Prices are These:

We have a perfected system.
We have capable workmen.
We watch our work closely.
We purchase our materials in large quantities in the best markets at hour of lowest prices.

In Addition to all This,

Our quantity buying for our Wholesale, Retail and Mail Order Business, gives us discounts away superior to our competitors and our customers benefit thereby every time.

AT PRESENT WE HAVE ON SALE 5000 Rolls of 1906 Wallpapers at the following reduced prices:

—5c Papers for	3c
—8c Papers for	5c
—12c Papers for	10c

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
Wallpapers, Paints and Oils Wholesale and Retail.

Ice Cream.

Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh cream every day

Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stal cream.

Delivered well packed—***50 cents per Quart.***

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

HARD TO BEAT

The amount of care and trouble we go to, to make our suits the best there are anywhere, but that's what we're in business for to do the best we can for you.

Our Made-to-Measure Suit business is growing because our tactics deserve trade.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.
Tailors & Furnishers.

Some Houses
. . MISLEAD THE PUBLIC . .
WITH OLD STOCK

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS in the city for

The King Hat

GEORGE T. WOODLEY, OPPOSITE FOOTBRIDGE

CONNOISSEURS PREFER
Dawson's
WHISKY

FULLER.

The farmers are very busy in the spring's work while the favorable weather lasts, and some potato planting is done.

Mr. David Caldwell, of Thurlow, passed through this neighborhood on Tuesday en route for Crookston.

Our missionary collectors are on their annual trip.

Mr. Forbes Sherry unloaded a disc in our neighborhood this week.

Miss Keitha Caldwell, of Thurlow, was the guest of Miss Martha Hollinger one day this week.

Mr. Daniel Collins has erected a new wind-mill.

Among those who attended the sugar party on Wednesday evening given by Mrs. J. Brough, were Rev. and Mrs. Howard, of West Huntingdon.

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS.

A good ever ready hot or cold dish. Tasty and nourishing. Plain or flavored with Chili or Tomato Sauce. 5c and 10c tins.

THE
Chatham Incubator

Special Offer for Apri

Anyone buying an Incubator, Weigh Scale or Chatham Fanning Mill during the m nth of April will be presented with a $500.00 Ontario Accident Insurance Policy free of charge. One, two or three pay time given if desired. Send post card or call on

D. P. CORY,
General Agent
202 Church St., Belleville, Ont.

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

Patent Shoes....

...For Men...

SEE OUR NEW

Patent Coltskin

Blucher or Button Styles
On the Stand Pat Toe,
One of America's Best.

Price $5.00

Other Styles at
$3.50 & $4.00

NOTHING LOOKS NICER
THAN A PATENT SHOE

The **J. J. Haines**

SHOE HOUSES—Belleville, Napanee & Trenton.

SAFE INVESTMENTS

LOW EXPENSE

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE
Head Office: Waterloo, Ont.

P. H. SIMS, S. F. BRICKER, HON. SENATOR McMULLEN
Vice-Presidents.

THOS. HILLIARD, President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD, Supt. of Agencies.

LOW MORTALITY

HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

OVER

The Lake Shore Railway

From Buffalo

There are three great points of service that have here reached their highest development. These are

SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY

Nothing that skill or money can provide that tends to greater comfort, convenience or safety is lacking. The famous Lake Shore roadbed eliminates all jolts and jars and there is a notable absence of all dust, dirt and unnecessary noise.

Shortest route to and from

PITTSBURG, CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS

Direct connection for all east, west and southern points. For full particulars regarding stop-over privileges, routes and service, address

J. W. DALY, Chief Ass't G. P. A. BUFFALO, N. Y.
A. J. SMITH, Gen'l Pass'gr Agt. CLEVELAND, O.
W. J. LYNCH, Passenger Traffic Manager, CHICAGO.

House Furnishings Only

And by far the best stock and best values we have ever shown. See the special values we are offering in *Lace Curtains and Wallpaper.*

We are often asked if we know where there is a house to rent. If you have a house to rent or sell, leave particulars regarding it with us and we may be able to assist you. There will be no charge for such service.

T. P. BROWN,

Carpets Curtains, Wallpaper, Picture Framing.

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a specialty of Ledgors, Journals, Cash Books and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

THE LADIES OF ST. JAMES'.

(Austin Dobson.)

The ladies of St. James'
  Go swinging to the play;
Their footmen run before them
  With a 'Stand by! Clear the way!'
But Phyllida, my Phyllida!
  She takes her buckled shoon,
When we go out a-courtin'
  Beneath the harvest moon.

The ladies of St. James'
  Wear satin on their heels;
They sit all night at omb[illegible]
  With candle-[illegible]
But Phyllida, my Phyllida,
  She dons her russet gown,
And runs to gather May dew
  Before the world is down.

The ladies of St. James'
  They are so fine and fair,
You'd think a box of essences
  Was broken in the air;
But Phyllida, my Phyllida,
  The breath of health and furze,
When breezes blow at morning,
  Is not so fresh as hers.

The ladies of St. James'
  They're painted to the eyes;
Their white it stays forever,
  Their red it never dies;
But Phyllida, my Phyllida,
  Her color comes and goes!
It trembles to a lily,
  It wavers to a rose.

The ladies of St. James'
  You scarce can understand
The half of all their speeches,
  Their phrases are so grand;
But Phyllida, my Phyllida,
  Her shy and simple words
Are clear as after raindrops
  The music of the birds.

The ladies of St. James'
  They have their fits and freaks;
They smile on you for seconds,
  They frown on you for weeks;
But Phyllida, my Phyllida,
  Come either storm or shine,
From Shrovetide unto Shrovetide
  Is always true—and mine.

But Phyllida, my Phyllida!
  I care not how they heap
The hearts of all St. James'
  And give to me to keep;
I care not whose the beauties
  Of all the world may be,
For Phyllida, my Phyllida,
  Is all the world to me!

• • •

If the Czar persists in sending all his foes to Siberia, Russia in Europe will be a thinly-populated part of the Empire.

• • •

A British Columbia man claims to have caught a fish which upon being cleaned was found to contain a wren which it had swallowed feathers and all. That's a bird!

• • •

Tight corsets killed a woman in London, but the fashion writers will still continue to refer to "our sensible English cousins."

• • •

King Edward is again said to be so unwell that he requires the constant attendance of a physician. The King might be better off if he would leave the doctor at home.

• •

The Czar has decided to open the new Russian Parliament with a speech, thus cleverely forstalling the Nihilists, who had planned to have it opened with a dynamite bomb.

• • •

An American society for the elimination of the mosquito has decided after long debate that the pest is useless and unnecessary. The world will be forced to admit that this is one institution that is on the right track

• • •

London waiters have appealed to Parliament for aid. At a recent meeting it was resolved that the tipping system is "a curse, a scandal, and a disgrace to the nation, and that it should be sternly repressed by law."

• • •

That Cleveland preacher who tells the youth of his city whose fancies lightly turn to thoughts of instalment furniture not to marry girls who have the talking habit, should reflect that the young men are confined in their choice to members of the irresistible sex who are now on earth.

• • •

BREACH OF PROMISE.

(Hamilton Times.)

We are all poor, miserable sinners, but some are more contemptible than others. When a fellow "goes" with a girl for a considerable length of time, leading her to believe that she is "it," and then casts her aside because some one with perhaps a prettier face or longer purse crosses his path, I put him down as a fit mate for the chap who "boots" his wife after he does marry her. The thing who thus cheats a young woman after he has monopolized some years of the time when she might have been looking out for herself in some other direction, certainly deserves all that he gets. There was a pathetic touch of human nature in the case tried at Brampton this week—and I am not passing upon the merits of that particular case—when the girl, unable longer to put up with the taunts of the opposing counsel, walked over to the man she was prosecuting for breach of faith, and appealingly exclaimed, "Oh, Will, can you allow that man to talk like that to me, when you know it is not true, and when you should be protecting me?" Whatever "Will" felt, that brief speech must have touched a soft spot in the hearts of all who heard it. So woman-like and so natural. I am not surprised that the young lady was awarded damages. May she have better luck next time.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

A DIFFERENCE IN LUNGS.

In the Edinburgh University three human lungs lie side by side. One is of an Eskimo and is snow white. In life, this would be ruddy with rich blood. Another is that of a coal-miner and is black. The other is of a town dweller and is a dirty slate gray, as are the lungs of most city residents. That's why consumption thrives in cities.

One reason why Scott's Emulsion does so much to keep down consumption is because it helps to keep the lungs clean and supplies them with rich, red blood. It makes the lungs germ-resisting. If the body is run down and health is at a low ebb Scott's Emulsion will build it up quickly and permanently.

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PINEAPPLES.

The Way They Grow and How the Plants Reproduce.

Pineapples do not grow on trees. Imagine a plant four feet in extreme height from the ground to the tip of leaves. A single stalk at the surface, but dividing at once into swordlike blades or leaves, fifteen in number, from the center of which appears a stiff, upright stem, at the top of which is the fruit. This stem is short, and the crown of the fruit when fully grown is a foot or more below the points of the leaves. At the end of a year and a half from planting each plant produces a single fruit, even as a cabbage plant produces a single head. But the pineapple does not die after fruiting once. Down on the stem below the fruit and among the long, narrow leaves a sucker appears. If allowed to remain this will soon become the head of the plant, and within another year it will yield another fruit. This process may go on for a term of years. In the meantime, however, other suckers will make their appearance.

These are broken off, and when stuck into the ground they put out roots and become other plants. Thus a single pineapple plant may produce a dozen or more others while it is yielding fruit from year to year.

Our First Coins.

The first coins really deserving the name of United States coinage were struck off as "pattern pieces" by Benjamin Dudley at the instigation of Robert Morris and were laid before congress in 1783 as specimens of what the coinage should be. They were a "mark" and a "quint" and thus described: The "mark"—obverse: an eye, the center of a glory, 13 points cross equidistant a circle of as many stars. The "quint" is similar in design, the value on reverse being noted.

Cure For Hypochondria.

A young lady of Cardiff who fancied she was ailing went to the surgery of the family doctor and commenced the interview with, "Doctor, I'm dying." "Oh, indeed, I can recommend a very respectable undertaker," blandly responded the doctor. She felt quite well after that.

Our Surroundings.

Even the strongest of us are not beyond the reach of our environment. No matter how independent, strong willed and determined our nature, we are constantly being modified by our surroundings.

Everything Returned.

"Are you beginning to get any returns from your literary work?"

"Yes, indeed. I'm not getting anything else."

Oh, what men dare do, what men may do, what men daily do, not knowing what they do!—Shakespeare.

THROAT EXERCISES.

Evils That Come From Misuse of the Vocal Organs.

The chronic sore throat is not infrequently produced by the misuse of the vocal organs. Very often that unruly little member, the tongue, is accountable for the difficulty, as it is for a great many other troubles in this transitory life. Many people have a habit when talking of pushing the tongue so far back against the delicate membranes that line the throat that irritation more or less painful is caused, and if it continues any length of time ulcers will form, and so will a doctor's bill.

Control of the tongue is excellent in all senses of the word. Physically this organ may be managed by depressing it into a hollow at a point three-quarters of an inch back of where the tip of it comes when in a natural position in the mouth and at the same time singing very light head tones. This exercise requires some patience at first, but the habit of keeping the tongue down is soon acquired. In speaking or singing it should not be allowed to hoop up and fill the mouth, thus interfering with the free passage of the tones of the voice from the throat to the front of the mouth, where they should strike and then escape clear as a bell. This hooping up of the tongue in the mouth is the cause of much of the indistinct and slovenly utterances to which we are too often obliged to listen.

In many people we notice the line from the point of the chin to the neck is in the form of a right angle. In a shapely throat this line forms a curve, just as a canary's does when the small yellow artist is warbling his carols.

To develop the throat and make this angle a curve stand before a mirror so that you may watch the throat swell out. Now thrust your tongue out as far as it will go, then draw it back quickly and forcibly, at the same time bringing it downward in the mouth as far as you can. Place your thumb and forefinger against the larynx (commonly called the Adam's apple), and if you are making the right movement you will feel the larynx pass downward. For a week or two make the movements lightly. After that time put as much force into it as you can. The exercise should be practiced for a few minutes several times a day to insure rapid and good results.

To fill up the hollows of the neck stand correctly and then slowly fill the lungs with air without elevating your shoulders. As the air is forced upward into the throat hold it there a few seconds and then expel slowly. This exercise is best performed soon after rising in the morning and before retiring at night.

His Advantage.

First Man—How do you do? Second Man—Beg pardon, but you have the advantage of me. First Man—Yes; I guess I have. We were engaged to the same girl, but you married her.

The taste of beauty and the relish of what is decent, just and amiable perfect the character of the gentleman and the philosopher.—Shaftesbury.

Time and Eternity.

The stream of time never runs dry, and the ocean of eternity will forever send its mighty surges mountain high against the bank of time's little stream, sweeping with each receding billow over its expansive bosom the frail human craft from the shore of time, with earth's happiness, human affection, toil, trials, tears and sin, to the eternal shore of celestial beauty and bliss. Oh, mighty ocean of eternity, your wonderful anthem of life and death brings eternal woe and condemnation to him who is untrue to himself and his divine pilot, but to the trusting, faithful man it sings of endless felicity in the presence of time who has redeemed his people from the bondage of sin and has swept them through the pearly gates.

The Wonderful Diatom.

One of the most wonderful things in vegetable life is a beautiful and minute class of seaweeds called diatoms. They belong to the seaweed family, yet they may be found by the thousands in any roadside ditch, fresh or salt water lake or even in cisterns, wells, springs, etc. Most species of plants are made up of an infinite number of little cells, but with the diatom it is otherwise. Each representative of this wonderful family of plants is formed of but a single cell and this so minute that it would require 2,500 of the most common form, laid end to end, to make a string an inch in length. Some species of diatoms have the power of independent motion, and on that account were for some time believed to be animals.

Candy and the Flag.

The following is accredited to the late Senator Hoar: At a Fourth of July celebration in a Canadian town where both English and American guests were assembled the flags of the two countries were used in decorations. A frivolous young English girl, loyal to the queen, but with no love for the stars and stripes, exclaimed: "Oh, what a silly looking thing the American flag is! It suggests nothing but checkerberry candy." "Yes," replied Senator Hoar, "the kind of candy that has made everybody sick who ever tried to lick it."

Charity.

Charity is a universal duty which it is in every man's power sometimes to practice, since every degree of assistance given to another upon proper motives is an act of charity, and there is scarcely any man in such a state of imbecility as that he may not, on some occasions, benefit his neighbor.—Johnson.

THE BLUEFISH BRIGADE.

What Happens When the Blues Make a Charge Upon Menhaden.

"When menhaden or herring are driven upon the beach by bluefish, as they often are, so that they can be carried off by the cart load," said a fisherman, "there is very seldom found among them one of their pursuers, and if one is found it is likely to be a fish that is diseased or that has been hurt in some way. The bluefish follows to the very verge of the water, but there it stops, and it is so powerful and alert a swimmer that, close as it is, it still easily keeps clear of the land. The menhaden or herring are no mean swimmers. They could come as close and keep off the shore as easily as the bluefish do, but not when the bluefish are after them. Then they are like men pursued to the edge of a precipice. It is almost certain death to jump, but they must do that or turn and take the chances of breaking through the pursuing line.

"When the bluefish—there may be 3,000 or 4,000 of them together—sight a school of menhaden, they go for it like a brigade of heavy cavalry, cutting and slashing, snapping and biting right and left. The menhaden are simply overborne by superior weight, and there is nothing for them to do but flee. If they are driven toward the shore, the land is to them what the precipice would be to the man. They must take it or they must turn and try to fight their way through. Many do turn and try to swim under or over or around the savage bluefish, and some escape in this way, and some are snapped up, and some are maimed and then cast ashore, and many of them, crowding together, are so closely pressed that they are practically forced ashore.

"Sometimes fish that are not cast up very far flop down into the water again. A high wave may set some free. A fish thus liberated may find its fins so damaged that it can't swim, and it is cast up again. Weakened by its rough experience, it may fall a prey to some of the bluefish yet lingering offshore. It may escape."

SERIES OF SHIPWRECKS.

The Most Singular Chain of Marine Accidents on Record.

The most singular series of shipwrecks on record began with the loss of the English merchantman Mermaid, which was driven on the rocks of Torres strait in October, 1829. The officers and crew clung to the shattered vessel, which was held fast upon a sunken ledge, until, a few minutes before the doomed ship went to pieces, a passing frigate picked them up.

The Swiftsure, as the latter craft was called, resumed her northward course, to be foundered in a terrific gale three days later.

Her combined crews were saved by the warship Governor Ready, en voyage to India, May 18, 1830. The last named, overtaken by a storm, was stranded on a barren coast, her three crews to a man succeeding in reaching the shore.

After staying a week on the inhospitable island they were taken off by the revenue cutter Comet, which a few days later sprang a leak and sank in spite of all efforts to save her.

Fortunately a rescue ship was again on hand, the four crews being saved by the Jupiter.

Even then, however, the chain of disasters was not broken, for the Jupiter just as she was entering the harbor of Port Raffia turned turtle and went down with scarcely a moment's warning. Her crews barely escaped with their lives, to be picked up by boat sent to their aid.

Thus the crew of the Mermaid was wrecked five times in one voyage, that of the Swiftsure four times, of the Governor Ready three times and the Comet twice.

The rescues had been purely accidental in every case, none of the ships having been sailing as a consort or even to the same port.

Though the weather had been tempestuous and the escapes barely made, not a life had been lost.

Safe.

In a mediaeval German tale it says that the parish council of a small village met one evening to discuss certain improvements in the water supply. In this debate the town's one watchman entered the room quietly, placed in a corner his lantern and spear and sat down to listen to the argument. Suddenly a councilman turned to him fiercely.

"Fritz," he cried, "what are you doing here? Who is to watch that nothing is stolen in the village?"

Fritz, with an easy smile, answered: "Who is there to steal anything? We are all here?"

An Odd House.

One of the best known houses in Northamptonshire, England, was designed to represent the days, weeks and quarters of the year. It has four wings, facing the four quarters of the heavens, to represent the four quarters of the year; 365 windows, one for each day; fifty-two chimneys, one for each week, and seven entrances, to represent the seven days of the week.

Pretension.

The world is his who can see through its pretension. What deafness, what stone blind custom, what overgrown error you behold, is there only by your sufferance. See it to be a lie, and you have already dealt it its mortal blow.—Emerson.

In England, under the Tudors, the man who gave to a beggar was fined and the recipient of the gift was punished.

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The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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Half a dozen young gentlemen were spread about the huge room, some at a card table, and a generous row of bottles testified to the dominant occupation of the evening. A vacuous but hearty laugh greeted this.

"I must explain to you, gentlemen," continued my host, lighting another cigar, "that Mr.—Mr. What's-his—this gentleman is engaged in the perilous task of escaping from a hostile armament outside. And it is our duty, I need not say, as English gentlemen to rescue him."

A wild hooray from the party was the salutation with which this sentiment was met.

"The officers of the law, gentlemen," continued my host, pouring out a glass of spirit with an unsteady hand, "are even now at our gates, preparing to batter down the portcullis. Gentlemen, if I ask you to stand by us, shall I ask in vain?"

A unanimous negative, shouted at the ceiling, greeted his question. As a slight silence ensued I thought it my time to venture for myself.

"In the circumstances, gentlemen"—said I suavely.

"Circumstances be hanged!" interrupted Lord Winthorp. "While I have a humble roof over my head the needy and the criminal shall never want shelter."

An interval of silence ensued, which one of his companions chose to break on his own account by starting up and shouting:

"Let us go and break up the foe, Johnny."

"Gentlemen," said I, raising my voice above the din, for we should never reach the end at this rate, "the so called foe is unworthy of your steel. I only ask permission to go forth by a back way and leave you to the pleasant recreation I have so rudely interrupted."

"Let him stay and take a hand," said some one, and a chorus of assent went up.

"Gentlemen," said I, with great politeness, "I should be charmed to join you in your game but that it must be apparent to you that I am playing a bigger game tonight. The cards are all against me, and I must use all my wits. Lord Winthorp, is there a back way from your house?"

The young nobleman roused himself. "My servants tell me," said he, "that there is a garden at the back of the house, but I wouldn't swear to it. However, if you like to try, we'll light the way."

But this was not to my taste, for I was in no humor to attract my pursuers by this drunken concourse with lights.

"I think," I said, "that your silent prayers would serve me better. And if you will show me the garden I will make shift for myself. And be assured," said I, with great ceremony, "that it will remain one of the red letter days in my life to have met so courteous a host as Lord Winthorp and so genial a company as the present."

The garden was black and silent when the door closed upon me. I listened for a few minutes, but could hear no sound save that of laughter from the house. Then I scrambled among the bushes at the back of the house and presently came upon a high wall. Climbing to the top of this with difficulty, I looked down upon a road, and, lowering myself softly, I dropped upon the footpath. Right and left no one was visible, with which fact, much enheartened, I walked briskly away. I suppose I had gone about a mile among the maze of roads when I at last happened upon a hansom and drove to a hotel. No sign of my enemy was visible, and for all I knew or cared they were still watching outside Lord Winthorp's windows.

CHAPTER VIII.

NOW that I had given my pursuers the slip I was confident that I should not be at further trouble with them for the present, for once I and my parcel were out of their sight for any space of time there could be little doubt in their minds that I would accept the chance to dispose of it. But, as a matter of fact, I did nothing of the kind. The document would be of little use deposited in some London safe. It might be of considerable value down at the castle. I still hugged my secret in my pocket and, hugging it, set out next morning to find Sheppard. I caught him upon his return about midday and opened the situation to him over lunch. It did me good to see his eyes sparkle at the recitation.

"Why, this is the seventeenth century at least, Ned," said he in his excitement. "A treasure, buccaneers and a high handed, murderous gang! Do I stand on my head or my heels?" And he smacked his thigh in sheer joyousness.

"This is well enough," I replied, "but you forget that it is no child's play. This is mighty serious, if I have a notion of the men, and we must face the case pretty brazenly and boldly if we decide to go forward."

He sprang from his chair. "My dear fellow, you amaze me," said he. "You talk in this dubious way about going forward, with an adventure like this ahead! If you cock a white feather, my good Ned, I will take the place off your hands and carry on the game on my own account. That's my feeling."

"So far, good," said I. "I wanted to be quite open with you, and, as for that, between you and me I have every intention of sticking to it. But this is the least part of the matter. We can make up our minds to go on, but what is going on?"

Sheppard picked up a time table. "Imprimis," said he, "to catch the 3:45 train to Raymond. If you'll drive straight to your rooms I'll meet you at Paddington."

When I got to the station he was as good as his word, and, stimulated by his high spirits, I entered busily into possible plans, in which occupation we passed most of the journey.

The twenty-four hours had passed uneventfully at the castle, but I found Montgomery on the watch and very eager. He had armed himself with a shotgun, which he dragged about with him very ostentatiously, and indeed I had some ado to prevent him sitting down to dinner with it. Sheppard had been informed of his presence, and the two promised to be capital friends. Sheppard always had a way direct to the heart of new acquaintances and, with his indomitable gayety and his impulsive energy, was exceedingly attractive to Montgomery. I myself was used with sincere respect, tempered by a little awe; but the boy showed immediate signs of a positive affection for Sheppard.

That evening we held a council of war. And, first, Montgomery must be initiated into the mystery. The bare facts took away his breath and inspired him apparently more with a desire for bloodshed than for the treasure itself.

Montgomery on the watch.

"I can tell you this, Mr. Sheppard, that if I sight either of the scoundrels within shooting range I'll empty both barrels into them on the off chance. And of that I'll give 'em warning."

"Bravo!" said Sheppard, slapping him on the back and smiling his pleasant smile. "You're the man for my money, old cock!"

"And now," I resumed, "we are brought front to front with affairs. We have half the paper. How are we to get possession of the other?"

"It is plain enough," said Sheppard, "that one of those fellows, Sercombe or Hood, has it—Hood for choice, and a pretty scoundrel he must be, from all you say of him. You must introduce me to your friend Hood. I have a fancy for Hood."

As it fell out he had an earlier chance of the acquaintance than either of us anticipated. Shortly after breakfast on the following morning the maid brought me word that Captain Sercombe was in the library and begged to see me.

"Here is a pretty piece of impudence," said Sheppard, smiling. "Confound the man, but I like him! By all means let us have him up."

He looked at me. "Not at all," said I, "but since there is nothing to steal in the library save some hundreds of musty volumes, let him wait upon our pleasure."

"And my toe," growled Montgomery, assuming a ferocious expression.

"No, no, my dear lad," said Sheppard, with his gentle and insinuating smile. "You are too forward, too precocious in your arguments. Let us bag the captain, whom, I confess, I am dying to see well basted, but let it be by more diplomatic processes."

"Very well, come on," said I, rising, for, to say the truth, I was curious to know the man's business with me. We descended in file into the library. Sercombe, who was staring out of the window and curling his mustache with an air of abstraction, turned rapidly and, putting his heels together, gave me a military bow.

"Ah, here is my young friend of the claret!" he exclaimed lightly, nodding briefly to Montgomery, who fixed a stolid and somewhat glowering glance upon him. Then his eye fell on Sheppard, whom he observed with dispassionate curiosity.

"I was in hopes to have met you alone, Mr. Greatorex," with a little hesitation showing in his voice.

"These are my friends," said I, "from whom I have no secrets."

"Allow me to introduce myself," said Sheppard politely, stepping forward, "since Mr. Greatorex has overlooked the formality. Reginald Sheppard, Captain Sercombe—a gentleman, as I hope, but of no occupation and a vast deal of ambition, who is proud to make the acquaintance of so notorious a free companion as yourself."

Sercombe stared, somewhat discomposed by this deliverance, but, recovering himself, smiled genially. "The pride, sir, is on my side to encounter so pleasant a gentleman." Then he looked at me. "I take it, Mr. Greatorex, that I may state my business here."

"By all means," I answered curtly, "and the sooner the better."

"To be brief, Mr. Greatorex," he said, "I have come to strike a bargain with you. I will confess that so far you have outmaneuvered us. I will go so far as to say that I thought I had you cornered yesterday. Yesterday morning I would not have put 2 crowns upon your appearance in the race. But you have sharp eyes, sir, and you are a sharper man than I had reckoned. But, upon the other hand, where do you stand? I ask you to consider that. And what price do you put on your chances? You have, I should guess, about as much chance to lay your hands on what you want as I have. Is that so?"

"I am not here to discuss my chances with you, but to listen to you, sir," said I. "What have you to say?"

He made a slight grimace, delivering it instinctively to Sheppard, and went on: "Well, I suppose what you have to say will keep. What I have won't, if we are either of us to get any further. We stand upon equal terms now, Mr. Greatorex, as you will see, but those terms are impracticable. You have only one half of a secret, and we have the other, and it will take a cleverer man than you to find our half, as I make no doubt you also have yours in pretty safe hiding. I don't reckon to hunt London for a piece of paper. But this brings me to my point. Let us show our hands. Let me see what you have in yours, and I give you the word of a gentleman you shall see all mine."

He paused and interrogated me a moment silently.

"Since the captain gives his word as a gentleman," put in Sheppard's suave voice, "I think we stand on safe ground. For my part I am quite willing to give mine as a burglar."

Sercombe flashed a glance of annoyance at him.

"Will you be more explicit?" said I.

"I thought you took me," said he. "It's plain enough. Let us piece the document together, read it and start fair on the knowledge. That places us again on equal terms, only with this difference, that the best man wins. Whereas now a man may be Satan himself, and fail till the crack of doom."

Sheppard threw an eager glance at me, and I read assent in it. Nor was I indisposed to agree to the proposal, odd and unexpected as it came and involving us, as I foresaw, in all the outrages of actual warfare. Yet upon so pregnant a proposition I dared not make up my mind on the instant, and I suppose the man saw this, for, turning, he moved to the windows again and looked out upon the lawns, humming to himself. Ere he had turned again and faced me with his question in his eyes I had made up my mind.

"I agree," I said.

Sheppard whistled softly and, as if imitating the captain, leaned forth upon the window. A light of satisfaction played in Sercombe's gray-green eyes for an instant. As for Montgomery, I do not suppose that he had any clear notion of what it was all about.

"Then," said Sercombe, "the sooner the better, and what time better than today?"

"I agree to today," I replied.

"Good! And now there remain only the place and time," said he.

"I have no wish to have my head broken," said I bluffly, "or to be mistaken for a hare, and so I say the castle. If you grant that, you may fix your own time."

"I was in hopes," he said, smiling, for he took no offense at my plainness of speech, "that we might have settled the matter over a little dinner. Hood, an excellent host, I find, is anxious to show you what the Woodman can do when he spreads himself. And a full stomach, warmed with wine, is better for business, as my young friend here knows. But you shall have it your own way."

"By all means let it be a dinner," said Sheppard, suddenly springing up from his seat. "Mr. Greatorex, I am sure, would be loath to rob you of your pleasure, Captain Sercombe, and in his name I make bold to offer you the hospitality of the castle."

I started in amazement and opened my mouth to refuse, but was saved the trouble by the captain's answer. He was a good deal disconcerted.

"I fear," said he, "that the hospitality would be reluctant on Mr. Greatorex's part."

"Not at all," said I graciously. "A distinguished soldier like Captain Sercombe is always welcome to my house."

He hesitated, and then, coloring slightly, "I am not alone," said he.

Sheppard shot me a glance of triumph, as who would say, "I thought we should corner him."

"No doubt Mr. Greatorex would gladly entertain the other gentleman," he suggested.

The captain looked at him, and a grin spread slowly over his features. "No," he said; "but, with Mr. Greatorex's permission, the other gentleman shall entertain us."

"I fancy," he continued, smiling, "that Hood is not a stranger to the castle ways, and he makes a good waiter."

The idea tickled me. "Let us have Hood by all means," I said. "I had an excellent character for him from Mr. Kesteven."

"I will bring Hood," said the captain gravely and, taking up his hat, made to go.

The dinner was set for 7 o'clock, and I fancy that all three looked forward to it with considerable expectation. Sercombe arrived punctual to the hour, and a little later I entered the morning room to meet him. He sat in a chair, lounging very cozily, a light overcoat covering his evening dress, and by his side stood Hood, also in the orthodox costume and looking, as I could not help noticing, uncommonly spruce and servant-like.

"I am here, Mr. Greatorex, to the moment," said Sercombe in his leisurely voice, "and I go bail that I have brought you an invaluable ally. With your permission, Hood will now retire to the kitchen."

The innkeeper insensibly straightened himself, standing to attention like a graven image, and I signed my assent.

"This is entirely your affair, Captain Sercombe," said I, "and you may do what you like with your own property." I turned to Hood. "You will find Mrs. Main in the servants' hall," I said.

With his gliding, serpentine tread, Hood made a motion of respect and vanished. Sercombe stared after him, meditating, and gnawed his mustache with a frown, which seemed to me to indicate a certain touch of perplexity. But he brightened at once and talked very freely and in his old manner till dinner was served. The interior significance of our dinner party would not have been visible to a stranger. For the main part, that preliminary skirmish was occupied by conversation the most distant from the subject we all had at heart. It was Sercombe himself who set the example of reserve, and we followed meekly enough. When I say reserve I am thinking only of one particular point, for heaven knows that his talk was sufficiently frank upon other topics. As I had occasion to take note now and subsequently, the man was by nature framed for a good talker, and, although he had every prejudice against him, and started, so to speak, with a great handicap, he soon wore down the feelings with which we embarked upon the entertainment. And it was not until we had broached a sort of good fellowship and the evening was far spent that anything happened to mar our growing harmony.

It fell out thus: Sercombe himself had just concluded an amusing narrative of his experiences among the brigands of Calabria, and Sheppard resumed the conversation with an adventure of his own. The evening had fallen dark and cloudy, and amid the starlike candles that illumined the room the dark figure of Hood moved noiselessly and constantly. I had heard this story of Sheppard's, which, indeed, was not very exciting, and my mind, swaying from its polite duty, rested unconsciously upon the new innkeeper. As I watched him I saw the two men exchange glances—an interrogating look upon Sercombe's part, a baffling and inscrutable look from Hood. There followed an instant's pause, and then the man approached the master with the pretext of a dish. Sercombe spoke low and across his shoulder, nervously exploring the contents of the dish with a spoon. Hood said nothing and, raising his eyes, softly fixed them upon me at the other end of the table. For a moment we regarded each other luminously, and then his glance fell politely away. Sercombe still whispered and, I thought, with a growing anxiety. It was time for me to interfere.

By his side stood Hood.

"Captain Sercombe," I cried sharply, breaking upon the tail of Sheppard's yarn, "these communications are not included in the compact."

The captain started, and his face reddened deeper, but he was always a cool hand.

"I must ask you to remember, Mr. Greatorex," said he suavely, "that I am your guest."

"That is true," said Sheppard, nodding his head.

Sercombe looked at me with some asperity.

"I think, sir," said he, "that in the circumstances you will see that you have overstepped the privileges of gentlemen."

"The word is hardly in the case. I think we are agreed that it is as thieves we meet," interjected Sheppard smoothly.

"You are right, Captain Sercombe," I answered, being in my turn in command of myself, "and I offer you my apology for the rudeness, but I am at least the master of my own servants, and Hood shall keep his distance and not hang about annoying my guests." With which I ordered him forthwith to the window, a command which he hastened to obey almost by anticipation.

I must say that this unpleasant episode at once changed the atmosphere of the room. On the whole, I did not regret this, as I conceived that we had perhaps reached the proper term of our familiarity with Sercombe. It was strange to see the instant revolution in our mutual attitudes. Whether Sercombe himself had been as easy as he had previously seemed, or whether he had acted a part for our benefit, I cannot say, but it is certain that now he was charged with anxiety. Now and again his eyes, puffed and bloodshot, flickered uneasily on Hood, where the man stood in his corner, a memorial of black sobriety, and his demeanor was carefully under restraint. The situation became a little disagreeable, and I thought the time had arrived to end it.

"Captain Sercombe," I said, quite formally, "I fancy our dinner, such as it is, is over, and if you will take no more wine perhaps we had better get to business."

"Certainly, sir," said the captain cheerfully and draining his glass. "I am at your service."

I looked at Hood. "It is time now," said I, "that we were alone." And I waited to see the man move.

A quick exchange of glances took place between them, and then the innkeeper turned his back on us and busied himself with the plates upon the sideboard.

Sercombe colored angrily and was visibly disconcerted. "I beg your pardon, sir," said he, with a slight stammer, "but I have already had the honor of informing you that I am not alone in this matter."

"Really," said Sheppard gently, "I do not think we can invite our servants to discuss this matter with us."

Sercombe bit his lip, and after a glance at Hood, who still kept his attitude, "I understand your feeling, gentlemen," he replied, "and, in fact, I sympathize with it. But"—

He hesitated, and I began to perceive for the first time how far he was involved with the other and to what extent he was under his control. It was evident that he was chagrined by his position.

"Leave the room, Hood," said I, not that I had any certain intention that he should quit us, but rather out of curiosity as to what would ensue. The issue surprised me. Hood turned obediently on his heel and made for the door. As it closed upon him Sercombe turned to us and broke out with embarrassment:

"You are right, gentlemen. I agree with you. These things are better managed between gentlemen. But"—His perplexities struggled in evidence upon his face, yet he had an uncommon gift of recovering himself, which I had had occasion already to admire, and I was to admire him still more at this moment. "You will perceive, Mr. Greatorex," he said abruptly, but with a sudden suavity of voice, "that, as you have just pronounced, we have concluded our friendly dinner, and it is to business that we turn. I take it, therefore, that we are no longer here in the capacity of hosts and guests."

"True," said I.

"Then," he exclaimed triumphantly, "Hood, I take it, is no longer a servant?"

"Captain Sercombe is right," said Sheppard promptly, turning to me, "and, by your leave, Ned, I will ring and have him up."

"I accept your theory," I answered. "Let us have him up, certainly."

Sheppard rose and when the man returned ushered him with some ceremony to the table. "A chair for Mr. Hood," he said. "Where will you sit, Mr. Hood—by the captain? That's right. Please make yourself comfortable. We have just enjoyed an excellent dinner very well served, Mr. Hood, but I fear you are too late. Montgomery, a glass of wine for Mr. Hood. Business is business, and I never conduct a piece without the usual sherry."

If this elaborate irony disturbed Sercombe, as it seemed to do, it had no effect upon Hood.

"Thank you, sir. I will stand, sir. No wine, thank you, sir." Such was his brief reception of the courtesies.

He assumed a place at the back of the captain, commanding a view of the table. Sercombe spread his hands upon the table.

"Gentlemen, let us show our cards," he said.

There was a momentary silence, and then I was conscious of a slight bustle of excitement that stirred the room into sound. Sheppard looked at me, and Montgomery's gaze was riveted upon the captain. Sheppard coughed gently and sipped his wine.

"That is a very proper demand, Captain Sercombe," I said, "seeing that it is what we are here for, but I hardly yet see my way clear to table all my tricks. Let us understand one another better."

The captain did not color, as he might well have colored under this implicit distrust. As I have said, he was singular in the partial hold he kept upon his gentility. Instead he laughed, but somewhat awkwardly.

"I see," he answered and looked down at his hands, appearing to consider. He lifted a big and somewhat clumsy hand and scratched his swollen cheek, smoothing a long wisp of red hair across his naked crown. "I cannot pretend to misunderstand you," he declared at last and shot a glance aside at Hood, who had fallen slightly away from the table and stood intently watching the scene. "But I think it is somewhat unnecessary, Mr. Greatorex," he said, again very awkwardly, and he laughed shortly, and again his eyes flew to Hood, directing at him, as it seemed to me in that light, a glance of warning, of appeal, even of fear.

"No doubt," said I in return, "but you must remember that I have already had experience of your possibilities. But come; we shall get no further unless we can strike a compromise. If you will produce your fragment of the document"—

"You assume that I have it," he broke in, with his discordant laugh. "You are taking a good deal for granted."

"I assume nothing," said I. "Do not let us bandy words."

Sercombe lifted the decanter which stood at his elbow and filled his glass

[To be continued.]

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MINE DUST EXPLOSION

Costs at Least 22 Lives at Trinidad, Colorado.

Fortunately Only a Small Proportion of Miners Were in the Shaft—Seventeen Miners, Working 700 Feet From Entrance of the Mine, Escaped Through Another Opening—Among the Dead Is the Fire Boss.

Trinidad, Col., April 23.—As the result of a dust explosion in a mine of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Co., 40 miles west of Trinidad, yesterday, 22 miners are known to be dead and one is missing.

There were 40 men in the mine at the time of the explosion. Seventeen miners who were working 700 feet from the entrance escaped through another opening. The explosion occurred in rooms 3 and 4 near the main entrance, and was the result of a windy shot which ignited the dust. An order for 25 coffins has been received by a local undertaker here. Many bodies were taken out during the afternoon. The mine was not badly damaged and work can be resumed in a couple of days.

The mine employed 180 men. Miners from adjacent camps are assisting the rescuers. General Superintendent Robert O'Neil left here at noon and is directing the rescue. Among the dead is James E. Reed, fire boss. Most of the others are Italians and Japanese.

Will Fix Boundary.

Washington, April 23.—Secretary of State Root and Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the British Ambassador, Saturday signed a treaty providing for the actual physical location of the northern boundary of Alaska, as agreed on in former treaties. The forty-first meridian was agreed upon as the boundary, but a portion of this meridian had not actually been located, and the treaty signed Saturday provides for the fixing of these unlocated parts.

Four Die In Fire.

New York, April 23.—Four lives were lost yesterday in a fire which swept away a stable and a row of three-storey frame flat houses, Coney Island, and nearly thirty families were rendered homeless.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Lower—Live Stock Markets —The Latest Quotations.

Saturday Evening, April 21.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ½d lower and corn futures ½d higher than Saturday.

At Chicago May wheat closed ⅝c lower than Friday; May corn ⅝c lower, and May oats ⅛c lower.

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—			
Wheat, spring, bush	...$0 74	to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	...... 0 77		0 79
Wheat, red, bush	...... 0 77		0 79
Wheat, goose, bush	...... 0 73		....
Barley, bush	...... 0 51		....
Oats, bush	...... 0 40		....
Rye, bush	...... 0 76		....
Peas, bush	...... 0 77		....
Buckwheat, bush	...... 0 53		....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 21.—Wheat—Spot, nominal; futures, quiet; May, 6s 8⅜d; July, 6s 7¼d; Sept., nominal. Corn, spot, firm; American mixed, new, 4s 5d. American mixed, old, 4s 8d; futures, firm; May, 4s 5½d; July, 4s 4⅞d. Peas, Canadian, steady, 6s 9d. Flour, St. Louis, fancy winter, steady, 8s 6d. Hops in London, Pacific Coast, steady, £2 5s to £3 10s. Beef, firm; extra India mess, 77s 6d. Pork, strong; prime mess western, 51s 3d. Hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., firm, 53s. Bacon, steady; Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 49s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., steady, 53s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 48s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 48s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 pounds, 47s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 48s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., firm, 42s 6d. Lard, firm; prime, western, in tierces, 44s 3d; American, refined, in pails, 45s 3d. Butter, steady, finest United States, 90s; good United States, 80s. Cheese, American finest white, steady, 63s; American finest colored, firm, 67s. Tallow, prime city, firm, 25s 9d; Australian, in London, firm, 29s 3d. Turpentine spirits, steady, 47s 9d. Resin, common, steady, 9s 10½d. Petroleum, refined, quiet, 6s ⅝d. Linseed oil, firm, 23s 9d.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 21.—Butter, irregular; receipts, 2180; western factory, common to firsts, 12c to 15½c; western imitation creamery, firsts, 16c to 17c.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 1481.

Eggs—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 14,302.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Cattle Steady, Hogs Strong at Buffalo.

London, April 21.—Cattle are quoted at 10½c to 11½c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8½c to 8⅝c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 14c to 15c per lb.; lambs, 16c, dressed weight.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 200 head; steady; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.75; shipping, $4.75 to $5.15; butchers', $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.00.

Veals—Receipts, 600 head; slow and lower, $4.50 to $5.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 2000 head; active and strong; heavy and mixed, $6.90; yorkers, $6.85 to $6.90; pigs, $6.75; roughs, $6 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75; dairies, $6.70 to $6.80.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 4000 head; slow and steady; lambs, $6.25 to $7.30; yearlings, $6.25 to $6.50; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 21.—Beeves—Receipts, 612. Feeling nominally steady; dressed beef, slow, at 6½c to 8½c for native sides. Exports, 1012 beeves and 6500 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 32; feeling, weak; No sales reported. City dressed veals, slow, at 6½c to 10c; country dressed, dull, at 5c to 7½c.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2731; market firm for both sheep and lambs. A deck of clipped beef were held over. Fair, unshorn lambs sold at $7.25 per cwt.; clipped do., at $5.70; dressed mutton, in fair demand, at 8½c to 10c per lb.; dressed lambs, firm, at 9½c to 11½c; country dressed spring lambs, steady, at $2 to $5.50 per carcase.

Hogs—Receipts, 2475; no sales reported; feeling steady.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady; beeves, $4 to $6.15; cows and heifers, $1.50 to $5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.80 to $4.80.

Hogs—Receipts, 7000; strong to 5c higher; mixed and butchers', $6.45 to $6.75; good heavy, $6.60 to $6.77½; rough heavy, $6.30 to $6.45; light, $6.45 to $6.75; pigs, $5.95 to $6.50; bulk of sales, $6.65 to $6.72½.

Sheep—Receipts, 2000, steady; sheep, $4.25 to $6.80; lambs, $4.70 to $7.

MOST PEOPLE COWARDS

FEW LIKE HORATIO NELSON, WHO KNEW NOT FEAR'S MEANING.

"SKELETON IN THE CLOSET"

Rev. Dr. Talmage Tells How to Get Rid of Hidden Trouble—Men Ought Always to Remember That Their Secret Sins Are Not Hidden in the Light of God's Countenance — The Unrepented Fault.

Entered according to Act of Parliament of Canada, in the year 1906, by Frederick Diver, Toronto, at the Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 22.—How to get rid of the "skeleton in the closet," to overcome the hidden trouble, the unrepented fault, is the subject of the sermon to-day, the text chosen being Psalm xc, 8, "Our secret sins in the light of thy countenance."

Most men are born cowards. They were as babies rocked in the cradle of fear. As boys they always by night disliked to travel the road which leads to the bridge over which Tam o' Shanter was chased by the hobgoblins. "Of course we do not believe in ghosts," once said a great English evangelist, "but most of us feel squeamish when, alone, we have to walk past a silent country graveyard in the dark hours about midnight." And most of us are afraid of the valley of the shadow of death when, like the Psalmist of old, we look at it in the dim vista of the future, although, like him, we know it is nothing but a black shadow." Of course there may be men born, like Horatio Nelson, who never know what the name of fear means. But if such men exist they are very few and far between. They are almost as scarce as clover tops growing in a January snow bank or as diamonds imbedded in a vein of copper ore.

The members of the human race do not dwell all the time in the City of Courage. They nearly all live for a little while, at least once a year, in the City of Timidity. They more often cry and tremble before the imaginary dangers which threaten them than they suffer from the wounds inflicted by mortal foe. The legend is told that one day a traveler met the Black Plague journeying to the famous eastern capital of Bagdad. "Where are you going?" asked the eastern pilgrim. "To Bagdad," was the answer, "to kill 5,000 people." A few weeks later, so goes the legend, the same traveler met the Black Plague on the same road, but now returning from Bagdad and going home. "Why," said this traveler, "did you not do as you said you intended to do? You said you were going to Bagdad to kill 5,000 people. From the awful reports I hear coming from that doomed region you have killed 50,000 people instead of 5,000. "Ah," answered the Black Plague, with a gleeful, fiendish grin, 'I have kept my word. I killed only 5,000 people on account of my fatal touch, but the other 45,000 people who also died perished of fear. They killed themselves. I had nothing to do with it." Yes, the old legend is right. A great many plagues stalk through this land, destroying their victims everywhere, but the dead that lie in their tracks are not all slain by those swinging scythes. Most people are born natural cowards. More people die from fear than ever die from the ravages of disease.

This assumption is almost a self evident fact or an axiom. Now, as most of us are cowards in more ways than one, the greatest check on wrongdoing in this world is the fear of future punishment. The would-be murderer is afraid to shoot his victim for fear he will be executed; the young clerk who is getting into the habit of betting upon the races is afraid to risk any of his employer's money for fear he will be found out and sent to jail; the women or the men who would like to violate the seventh commandment often are afraid to do it for fear the newspaper reporters will get upon their track and the whole scandal will be published in the daily newspapers, and then they will be ostracized from all decent associations, but if a man could sin without being found out or the sinner not be brought to judgment then where there are now two sins there would be twenty and where men err once now they might do wrong ten times over. That means, of course, if our sins would never be brought to trial.

Now, as I was thinking along this line the other day my eyes were scanning the Nineteenth Psalm of David. Suddenly my attention was attracted to these words: "Our secret sins in the light of thy countenance." "What," I said to myself—"can it be that there are sins so secret, so completely hidden, that our most intimate friends do not know of them, sins that God knows and sees and that our consciences convict us of?" I do not now refer to the open sins, the faults that the world takes note of, but are there not others hidden away in the inmost recesses of the heart that will one day be set in the penetrating light of God's countenance? Let us examine ourselves this morning as in God's presence.

Let me, in the first place, speak about the sin of robbing God of those hours of sacred devotion in which we should hold secret communion with him, those hours of secret prayer and Bible reading which are so essential for our own spiritual life. You know that in that discourse on prayer in which our Lord describes that exercise he commands us to pray in secret as well as to pray openly. In Matthew we read, "When thou prayest enter into thy closet, and when thou hast shut thy door pray to thy Father who is in secret, and thy Father who is in secret shall reward thee openly. But, though God commands us to have our secret hours of holy communion with him and though the Christian world thinks that we, as professing Christians, have those sacred hours, yet how often do we steal away from God these hours which should be devoted to him. In other words, we want to try to do spiritual work and win spiritual conquests without first making the necessary spiritual preparation for our own souls.

We are in exactly the same position in a spiritual sense as is the young man in a temporal sense who wishes to leave the well beaten paths of work and take a short cut up the mountain of fame. Here, for instance, is the young man. He wishes to be a lawyer. He goes to an old lawyer and says: "Judge, I would like to be a lawyer. What shall I do?" "What do you know, my boy?" is the natural question. "Oh," says the young man, "I have only been to school a few years and studied the common branches." "Then," says the old lawyer, "what I would do is to go back to school. Study, study, study! Fit yourself for college. Then go through the law school. Sharpen your weapons first before you go into battle." "Unnecessary," answers the young man. "What is the good of spending the next ten years of my life in rummaging through musty tomes? I do not care what the Roman law was. What I wish to know is what is the law of to-day." So the young man refuses to sit at the feet of the wise Gamaliels of the great law schools. He goes at once into a law office. He is coached along and stumbles along, and in a couple of years, an undeveloped boy, or, rather, an immature man, he is admitted to the bar. He is like a cripple with two wooden crutches and one good leg trying to win a race in the Olympian games against the finest athletes of all Greece. He is like an old Chinese junk, with its long banks of oars and antiquated javelins, going forth to naval conflict with the armor plated cruisers of the modern navy. Thus with us. We want to do God's work. We desire to win God's victories. But we are not willing to make our necessary spiritual preparations for the same. We are not willing to do what God commands us to do. We are not willing to regularly and systematically hold certain hours of each day sacred for prayer and for secret communion with God.

Sometimes it is religious work itself that monopolizes the time. I remember a dear classmate of mine who as a theological student was asked to preach in a little church near to where I used to preach as a student. This church was not able to support a regular pastor. It was way back in the country. So when it got a man to preach for a Sunday it worked him as hard as some people drive a horse which they hire from the livery stable for a day. They wanted to get the full worth of their money. Thus they got this young man up early to lead the Sunday school and teach a Bible class. Then he conducted a morning service; then after a hurried dinner they drove him back into the mountains, where he had another Sunday school to lead and another sermon to preach and a Christian Endeavor society to address; then they ran him back to the main church again, where he had a Young People's society meeting at which to speak and then another sermon to preach. In other words, from early morning until 10 o'clock at night he was speaking or working all the time. I met him next day and said, "Well, Howard, how did you get on?" "Get on," he answered. "Why, I had so much to do that when I crawled into bed that night I was completely fagged out. I was so tired that I could not even say my prayers. I just said, 'O Lord, I have been praying so much for other people that I am just too tired to pray for myself!'" I laughed. But for years and years that picture of that tired boy has always been before me. Ah, I say to myself, how often we get so tired with meeting the many engagements of life that we do not take the needed hours for prayer, for Bible reading and for communion with God for our own souls!

Next to our neglect of secret prayer and quiet Bible reading I believe our greatest secret sin is our unwillingness to bravely and firmly go forth to advocate the causes of right which are on the unpopular side. We see blatant sins stalking around everywhere, but because those sins are well dressed or the perpetrators of those sins are influential men and women in the community in which we live we close our mouth and say nothing. We are afraid to antagonize them and those men and women who are their powerful supporters.

The man who dares to attack sin that is strongly intrenched is liable to be assailed in character and person. His friends come to him and say: "Let it alone. You will make enemies who can ruin you." Have you never had such advice given to you? If you have not you have been all your life a "trimmer," a hedger, a politic man. You have not come forth boldly and decisively and attacked wrong wherever you have seen it lift its hideous head.

The world looks upon you as an honest man. Are you honest? I mean, in the higher sense of the word, are you honest with yourself? The city in which you live is in a death grapple with the saloon or, as is Los Angeles, with an infamous gambling corporation. Dare you lift up your voice in protest? "Oh, no," you answer; "if I did those men would boycott me, and they are my customers. They buy lots of goods at my store." In your silence are you not before God committing a secret sin? For years and years in our northern states there were hundreds upon hundreds of ministers who were afraid to speak upon the slavery question, because if they did they knew they would split their congregations in twain. When my father as a young man was called to the city of Philadelphia just before the war the padlock of silence was upon many ministers' lips. After my father had been there a few weeks he preached an abolition sermon. That afternoon thirty of his most prominent families took their hymn books out of their racks and walked out of the church and never came back. Tell me, are you ready to defy the sin of your friends as well as the sin of your enemies, or are you going to be numbered among the "trimmers," the hedgers, the politic men, who dare not be "in the right with two or three?" If you do thus, the world may say you are honest, but in the sight of God you are guilty of a black, heinous secret sin. You are guilty of the sin of cowardice, the sin of not being an out and out disciple of Jesus Christ.

But we must not stop here. In this catalogue of secret sins we must name the malformed offspring of our minds call "evil thought." By this name I do not means those "evil thoughts" which some of us are willing to voice in public, but I do mean those carnal thoughts, those licentious thoughts, those revengeful and brutal thoughts, those debasing thoughts, which some of us at times, to a greater or less degree, are ready to foster and let live in our hearts.

When there are born into the nursery of the brain licentious thoughts, revengeful thoughts, brutal and accursed thoughts, thoughts which come to us from reading bad books or going with improper companions, or evil thoughts which came to us we know not from whence, then we shield these thoughts. We are foolish enough to suppose that because the world does not know about them we are safe. Ah, no, my friends! Though the world may not see a man's evil thoughts, yet God sees them. "And as a man thinketh in his heart so is he in the sight of God." "For God shall bring every work into judgment with every secret thing, whether it be good or whether it be evil." Beware how you trifle with those bad thoughts—those evil thoughts. By the grace of God crush them out of your life as you would mash the poisonous fang of a deadly adder under your heel. God will condemn you not for what you do, but also for what you think in the inmost recesses of your mind. O God, make us pure in mind as well as pure in deed!

But there are still two other clauses of secret sins to which I would call your attention. One of them is the sin of covetousness. The other is the sin of selfish indifference to the misery and wants of others. Now, this sin of covetousness is such a repellent sin in God's sight that he wrote a whole commandment against it. This commandment was not put in the words of a general statement, but went into specific detail. Let me read to you the command as it was given to Moses on a table of stone: "Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's wife, nor his man-servant, nor his maid-servant, nor his ox, nor his ass nor anything that is thy neighbor's." But, though God in these vehement words has hurled his denunciations against covetousness, yet there are many people who almost every hour of every day of their lives are guilty of this secret sin. They never walk along the streets or see a fine home but they keep saying to themselves, "I wish I lived in a house like that; I wish I could ride in a carriage like that; I wish I might be able to dress like that; I wish I might have a servant to wait upon me like that." And all their lives, instead of thanking God for his mercies some men and women are in secret rebellion against God because he has not done as much for them as he has done for some one else. Now, my friends, I firmly believe that this sin of covetousness is one of the most infamous and repellent of all sins in God's sight. And yet it is a sin which to-day thousands of us are practicing in secret. Our neighbors do not know we are casting lustful eyes upon their possessions, but God knows, and God will condemn us unless we cease to practice this infamy.

But the second secret sin is like the first. The same evil characteristic which makes a person wander around the streets saying, "I wish I could have my neighbor's house, my neighbor's wife, my neighbor's man-servant and his maid-servant," is the same evil characteristic which makes a person ignore the calls for help which are being spoken to him on every hand. Therefore, though the hands for succor are being stretched forth toward these people, they act as did the priest and the Levite when they saw the poor bleeding traveler of the good Samaritan parable. They pass by on the other side and do nothing. Now, some people do not believe this assertion is true, but it is, nevertheless.

And, my friends, if we refuse to help those who are in financial trouble, how much more sinful are we in refusing to help those who are in spiritual trouble. The world looks at us as good, respectable church members. Are we? Down in the deep recesses of your own hearts, are we? Have we done anything during the past year to win at least one soul to Christ? O God, forgive our spiritual indifference and selfishness! When we appear before thy judgment throne, may we be able to show an honest desire and an honest zeal to save thy wandering prodigals even as thou hast forgiven our sins and brought us back into the gospel fold.

Thus to-day I would have the searchlight of the Holy Spirit turned on to our lives so that in God's sight we should examine ourselves as we truly are. Are you ready to be cleansed of your secret sins? Are you ready to say: "O God, purify my life! O God, cleanse thou me from secret faults! O God, make me clean every whit! O God, thou great reader of thoughts, may I live and think and plan and work only for thee!" If thou art not ready to say this, then thou canst never be saved by grace, for the Bible says, "God shall bring every work into judgment with every secret thing whether it be evil." To-day I lift up for inspection the records of your secret sins. May God, by the power of Christ's blood, blot out that debasing and condemnatory past and give us a glorious and radiant future, with no secret sin to mar the white pages of the book of life

Why Swimming Beginners Fail.

You try hard to keep your mouth closed, but the water somehow will find a way into your mouth and nostrils. A beginner always draws in his breath just at the moment he strikes out. This insures the getting his mouth and nostrils full of water at once, and a collapse is inevitable. If you will remember to take breath between the strokes all will be well. Quite naturally, when you draw your knees outward for the kick, you will inhale, and just as surely as your feet are thrust from you will you expel the air from your lungs. Knowledge on the management of the breath will come with practice and can only be acquired in that one way.

Tact.

Tact is born with some men and women, like the supple, delicate fingers of the artist's hand, and those who have it use their gift instinctively. It is not measured alike to those who have it. Men possess it in different degrees, while others again are wanting in it altogether. It is the outcome of intellectual and temperamental qualifications and implies the possession of clear perceptions, quick imagination and delicate sensibilities. It is these that give the tactful person his subtle intuition of another's mental processes and modes of feeling and in the same moment exactly the right method of dealing with these.

MRS. V. E. BLAND.

She Has Become a Highly Successful Agriculturist.

Mrs. Virginia E. Bland, widow of Richard Parks Bland, "Silver Dick," for a quarter of a century a Missouri representative in the lower house of congress and a beloved national figure, has become one of the most successful agriculturists and horticulturists in the country.

Her farm near Lebanon, Mo., to which she gives her personal attention, is a model and for its acreage produces more than any similar tract in the country. She has solved the question of the "small farm," and the results obtained have been wonderful.

Mrs. Bland has succeeded the old methods of a quarter of a century ago with up to date ideas, many of them her own, and has introduced innovations which have brought astounding crops.

The farm is but eighty acres, but every inch of these is utilized to the highest possible advantage. More than half of the acreage is devoted to an apple orchard, and the fame of its product is almost national. Her entire income is from her farm, and it is so handsome that she spends three months of the year in St. Louis, where she is a prominent national figure. The other nine months of the year she spends on her farm, supervising every detail of production. How well she does this may be judged from the fact that its products were awarded a silver and a bronze medal by the international jury at the Louisiana Purchase exposition.

MRS. VIRGINIA E. BLAND.

Mrs. Bland took up agriculture over twenty-eight years ago, when Mr. Bland purchased the farm at Lebanon, but during the life of Mr. Bland very little profit was made on the land. According to Mrs. Bland, her husband often said, "Congressman Bland's money is paying for Farmer Bland's farm."

Mrs. Bland took charge personally in 1899, after the death of Mr. Bland, and has since made it a commercial proposition, while at the same time securing much pleasure out of it.—St. Louis Republic.

Are You Tired?

There is too much tiredness in the world, especially among business women.

Half the day's work has to be done by force of the will, since there is not force of body enough to carry the work through.

Most women accept this as unavoidable. To be tired is normal, whether one has charge of a baby or a typewriter. To tell them nature intended back and burden to be in due proportions does not help matters. They are too tired to theorize.

To get up fresh and cheery in the morning, do our duties vigorously, with energy to spare for a song and a smile and lie down in the happy, wholesome weariness of a well spent day, that surely was the original plan for our days.

Are we never to get back to it?

Some say the way lies through gymnasiums; others hunt for don't worry clubs and good resolutions. Still others seek it by simplifying the daily duties and throwing off the world's comparative standards.

And the last are nearer to reaching the goal than any of the others.—Philadelphia Press.

Don't Bother the Maid.

One thing the young mistress managing one or more servants for the first time needs to understand is that the maid does not like to be interfered with. The woman who does the cooking and kitchen work likes to be told exactly what she is to do and then permitted to go ahead and do it. It handicaps her work and ruffles her temper to have the mistress change her mind a dozen times, revoke her orders and constantly run out into the kitchen to make new suggestions, nor does she like to have her duties doled out to her in small portions, like a child's tasks. Unless she knows her work in its entirety she cannot plan it with system, as a competent maid wishes to do, so if you are a young housewife, just beginning, have your own plans well defined, give them clearly in the morning, then do not change them nor "fluster" your maid by interfering, but simply see that she understands your directions and follows them out to the best of her ability.

Bathing House Strategy.

In one household where no race suicide theories find support the problem of inducing the younger children to take to the tub without creating the impression in the minds of the neighbors that the children's society should interfere has been solved.

The youngest child, a boy of four, yelled vigorously whenever he was put into the tub. The nurse was about to give notice when the head of the house brought home a package one evening.

At the hours of the bath he produced a number of celluloid toys, a couple of torpedo boats, a swan, an Indian canoe and two other objects, and the youngster was permitted to play with them in the tub. Now he submits to the usual soaping and scrubbing without a whimper, and as a reward is permitted to sit in the tub and sail the boats for ten minutes after the business part of the bath has been concluded.

The toys are given to him at no other time. Now the bathing hour is the quietest of the day.—Exchange.

Wearing of Earrings.

The idea that piercing the ears has beneficial effect on weak eyes may be dismissed at once as a popular superstition, and the woman who submits to the process should first be sure that earrings will suit her style. If she decides that they will, then the form of her earrings has still to be considered. A tall woman can wear longer earrings than a short one, and at the present time there are so many tall women in society that long earrings may appear to be more generally liked. Americans have a great fancy for them, but Parisians are fond of change. Just now pearls and diamonds are most worn, but some women have a fancy for odd earrings—a black or pink pearl in one ear and a white one in the other. Small, studlike earrings of precious stones are in favor at the moment.

Gas Range Saucepans.

The tricornered saucepans, three of which just fit over the gas burner, are much sought after. Each one holds six pints, and the three use no more gas than does a single saucepan. One of the most popular sets is the combination cereal, custard and poached egg cooker. The big bottom pan is fitted with an inside rim that will support either the pan for the cereal or the rack to hold the custard or the poached egg receptacles. There are half a dozen egg cups and the same number of custard cups. The resourceful housewife finds many uses for the small cups in this day of ramekins and molds.—New York Globe.

Old Furniture.

Pieces of furniture that are undesirable in design, finish or covering and yet cannot be discarded from motives of economy may be entirely hidden and rendered quite attractive by slip covers of pretty material. Cretonne of good color and design is good, printed linen in a tapestry pattern and coloring makes a very pleasing cover and linen taffeta, while higher priced than either of the other two, in flowered designs or self toned stripes or figures is so attractive for either summer or winter that it well repays the additional cost.

Mustard.

Delicious mustard is made by first slicing an onion in a bowl and covering it with vinegar. Let this stand forty-eight hours, when pour off the vinegar into another bowl, add a little red pepper, salt, sugar and enough dry mustard to thicken to a cream. The proportions should be a teaspoonful of the pepper and salt and twice that of sugar, but tastes differ somewhat as to the quantity of sweet used.—New York Post.

Dried Fruits.

Soak all evaporated fruits over night, but only in water to cover. Too much makes them watery. All such fruits are the better for being first placed in cold water to cover for a couple of hours, then well scrubbed with one of the small brushes that come for that purpose and cost 2 cents before placing them in the water in which they are to remain all night.

Old Felt Hats.

Old felt hats may be utilized very successfully in polishing furniture or varnished floors. To make a polisher get a soft, worn, long handled brush, make a good thick pad of odd pieces of woolen material and cover with an old felt hat. Nail this, or, better still, tie on with stout cord to the handle of the brush. With this one can polish stained boards with little trouble.

The Eyebrows.

Make a strong brew of sage tea, straining through muslin, and to a pint of liquid add a tablespoonful of alcohol. Apply this to the eyebrows to darken them. It is entirely harmless and gives the eyebrows a more natural color than pencils or dyes.

Soap Sachets.

It is an excellent plan to use delicately scented soaps as sachet bags. One can purchase soaps of almost any perfume, and two or three of these in a drawer of lingeries will be much more lasting than sachet powder.

Rubber gloves should not be worn at night. They can do no good and can injure the skin. Kid gloves, with the tips of the fingers cut off to give air, are excellent. They must be large size.

Garters hinder the circulation of the blood. They retard due development of the leg and frequently are responsible for too prominent kneecaps.

Cologne dropped on a handkerchief and held under the eyes will remove the dark lines that come from fatigue.

Books will keep better if exposed to the air than when shut in a bookcase.

BATHING AT HOME.

A Medical Recipe For Obtaining the Best Results.

The finest method of bathing at home by which one can attain the best results in keeping the body in a clean, healthful condition can be taken in the following manner: First, it is necessary to facilitate the thorough cleansing of the thousands of small pores in the body to open those pores by means of heat (sweating). If one has the advantage of one of the small cabinet baths that are on the market it will supply the best means of producing perspiration; otherwise lying in a tub of warm water and gradually getting it as hot as can be borne and lying in that for a period of from five to ten minutes will produce the same result. Have a five pound bag of ordinary table salt, and, after placing the salt in a pitcher of suitable size, moisten the salt with hot water, enough to wet it through. Stand in tub and give the body a thorough rubbing with the salt.

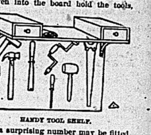
This operation should take not less than twenty minutes to rub the entire body. The salt removes the dead cuticle that is being constantly pushed off from the body by the new cuticle forming and which cannot be removed by soap. It also produces an active circulation of blood throughout the entire body. The salt is also a fine thing for the scalp and should be rubbed into the hair and scalp at least once a week. After giving the body a thorough rubbing it is necessary to cool off properly, thereby closing the pores and eliminating all possibility of taking cold after the bath. Lie in the tub and turn the cold water on gradually, and let the water in the tub get as cold as possible, then dry off with a rough towel.

If this method of bathing is practiced once or twice a week it will keep the body in a thoroughly clean and healthful condition.—Medical Talk For the Home.

THE HOUSE TOOLS.

A Way to Have Them Always Handy In the Kitchen.

"My husband," says a correspondent of Good Housekeeping, "has found a convenient disposal of tools in common use to be a board about 1½ by 2 feet, with a shelf above and a small drawer at each end of the shelf. Nails driven into the board hold the tools,



HANDY TOOL SHELF.

and a surprising number may be fitted into place upon it. I made a canton flannel case for his bits, much like a knife and spoon case. This is placed upon the shelf, while nails and screws fill the drawers. The whole is screwed into a convenient space upon the kitchen wall. When needed each tool is at hand and is easily replaced."

To the "Stage Struck" Girl.

A young girl who thinks of adopting the stage as a means of livelihood must consider many things. The most important of these is—herself. Strangely enough, this will prove more difficult than it appears to be at first glance. Introspection is not easy; it is sometimes very unpleasant. There is, moreover, no definite method by which an aspirant may learn whether or not she has dramatic ability. She must not simply think that she has; she must know it. A "stage struck" girl should never allow herself to enter the profession until she has conquered what may be simply impulse. To discover afterward that her inspiration was based merely on desire and not on self knowledge is a serious thing, and the realization often comes when it is too late to turn back. To such a one the future will loom up ominously; years filled with dissatisfaction and hard work will come, and no great success will be achieved. At last hope will die. —Sarah Bernhardt in Success Magazine.

Decorated Laundry Benches.

Since laundry benches (dignified to the name of settees) have been demonstrated to be decorative and at the same time eminently practical they have become almost a regulation part of the furnishing of a den or studio. Some of them are made with backs which, as the true laundry bench does, pull over to turn the settee into a table. But the most artistic ones are made with immovable backs, some of them great, high affairs—so high, apparently, that they turn over into a little shelf, ready to hold a vase or two or any of the other artistic bits with which den or studio is pretty sure to be loaded down. Long cushions, made with square edges, like morris chair cushions, and thickly padded, are the most luxurious of the many ways of making that hard seat comfortable. Even then there should be pillows piled up on it in an inviting heap.

How to Look Well.

No woman really need be plain. Exquisite neatness and chic attire will make any one charming. "There are many women in France," says an observer, "who in England or America would be called plain, but who are commonly spoken of as la belle Mme. A. or B. They have no beauty whatever beyond that of their own making. In France the idea of a plain girl would be laughed at. Yet Frenchwomen are not, as a rule, what is called beautiful. They only know the value of a sweet expression and a little taste in dress."

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Rain Coats...

Spring weather is always uncertain—cool today, rainy tomorrow and sunshine the next day.

Your Winter Overcoat is a burden two-thirds of the time. To meet all conditions own a—

"Cravenette"

An Ideal and Stylish Rain or Shine Over Garment....

We've Genuine "Cravenette" Coats in different weights and fabrics.

The waterproofing does not injure the fabric or its usefulness for sunshine.

Our Raincoats are handsome over-garments in sunshine and a necessity in the rain.

All sizes with a price range from

$6.00 to $15.00

SPRING HATS

Every man wants a new Spring Hat, and whether or not he agrees ...o it in public, every man will acknowledge to himself that it is just as ...mportant for him to have a new Hat, as for the most smartly dressed ...woman to have a new Spring Bonnet.

The men who want the best Derby that's made want

OUR HAWE'S HAT

We have a complete line of sizes in this excellent hat in different ...eights of crown.

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HAT SPECIALS.

"THE KING HAT" (best quality), regular price $2.50, for .. $1.75

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298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Exquisite ...aster Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

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Ladies' Collar Supporters

One of the many useful articles of jewelry for ladies' wear.

With these supports scarfs or collars cannot sag or droop down and no collar looks well without them.

They are made in gold filled and ocean pearl, set with pearls, turquoise, etc. and cost—

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...orks wonders when your head ...bald or nearly so. It works ...t the germs that cause bald...ss and cures it.

The Greatest Tonic

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A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

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Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

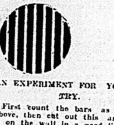
—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.



AN EXPERIMENT FOR YOU TO TRY.

First count the bars as shown above, then cut out this and pin it on the wall in a good light, on a level with your eyes. Now step back and see how far you can stand away and still count the bars. Try each eye separately. You ought to do it at a distance of 20 feet. If you cannot do so something is wrong; come to us and we will tell you what, free of cost, though you may be able to do this and still be suffering from eye strain, as some of the worst cases we have to deal with is where normal vision is not impaired.

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the ***Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St.*** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

Also the latest designs in shadow and eyelet embroidery for Blouses. STAMPING DONE.

Blouses and Light Dresses MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

...it ever started to rain money ...ple would wear umbrellas, but ...would be turned the other

...e should be careful about taking ...gs as they come. Many a man has ...into jail just that way.

...0 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intel...ncer Job Office.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

CHURCH CHIMES OF YESTERDAY.

NOTES OF SERVICES IN BELLEVILLE'S DIFFERENT PLACES OF WORSHIP.

Confirmation at St. Thomas.

The Lord Bishop of Ontario held confirmation in St. Thomas' Church yesterday morning at eleven o'clock. The attendance was very large, the sacred edifice being crowded with worshippers. The service was a choral celebration of the Holy Communion with sermon and the confirmation office. The Bishop was in splendid form and preached with great vigor, earnestness and power. He preached a very eloquent discourse, concluding with a direct application to the confirmees. The Rector presented a good class of forty, including many adults, which has been the yearly average since his coming to the parish. The Lord Bishop was very much pleased with the services and their ordering and rendition, which he declared to be unsurpassed in his experience in the diocese. The choir rendered the Easter anthem, "Now is Christ Risen," by Allen, during the offertory, in a very effective manner. The confirmation class consisted of 12 males and 28 females. A number from the Deaf and Dumb Institute were confirmed and the service was interpreted to them by Mrs. A. G. Terrill. His Lordship, previous to the laying on of hands, preached an appropriate sermon, taking for his text two passages of scripture, namely, Isaiah, 44th chapter and 22nd verse, and Isaiah, 43rd chapter and 25th verse:

"I have blotted out as a thick cloud thy transgressions, and as a cloud thy sins; return unto me; for I have redeemed thee.

"I, even I, am he that blotteth out thy transgressions for mine own sake and will not remember thy sins."

In his opening remarks His Lordship referred to the passages he had selected as being gospel truths enunciated by the prophet. Each of the verses had a particular meaning. Mankind was rebellious against God, who was our Father and our King, and also the best friend we had. Through sin man had degraded himself and fallen away from the path of virtue, but God, as the prophet stated, would blot out our transgressions and sins. By sin we are separated from God, a great gulf is between us and the Heavenly Father. But God proposed to do and did do what we could not do for ourselves. He gave His only Son to die that we, through His death, might have our sins removed and have eternal life. The sacrifice on Calvary was for our sins. By the incarnation of the Son of God, a teacher was provided who will make known to us our needs and will guide us step by step until we are brought into that rest that remaineth for all that are true. It is our privilege to be the possessor of this inestimable blessing of having our sins forgiven. Not only have we inherited sin, but all have sinned. If we say we have no sin we deceive ourselves and the truth is not in us. God sets a value upon us on account of the relationship which exists between Him and us. This fact is recognized, for God says that we are precious in His sight, are precious because we are His handiwork. He calls His own children by name. He knows where they are and what they need, and like a good shepherd, He is prepared to minister to our needs. God would have us understand that we belong to Him. In the text have we not a beautiful picture of God's intentions towards us? A record is being kept of our acts and words; they are in the memory of the all-seeing and all-judging God. Every influence, word and act of ours will go on until they meet us in God's eternity. Only the hand of God can blot out our sins. Our sins are not heaven-born, but earth-born, something of our own making, but as the dark clouds, which are earth-born, can be scattered and dispelled, and the beautiful sunshine appear, so can our sins be scattered by God, so that nothing will intervene between God and us. God requests us to return to Him; to take Jesus as our guide, who is the author and finisher of our faith. We must return to Him by the ordinance of grace.

His Lordship, just before concluding his discourse, addressed himself more particularly to those who were about to be confirmed, impressing upon them the importance of the step they were taking. The rite of confirmation was apostolic. Whilst it was a simple ordinance it was a God-given ordinance. Whilst His ordinances were all simple, of what significance they were! They must wait upon God and He would renew their strength. If they confessed their sins God had promised that He would forgive their sins and cleanse them from all unrighteousness. The devil would no doubt tempt them, but they must have faith in Christ; He would assist them and bring them off more than conquerors.

At the conclusion of the sermon the candidates were presented to the Bishop, who confirmed them by the laying on of hands.

Holloway Street.

At the morning service the pastor, Rev. R. H. Leitch, officiated. In the evening Rev. J. R. Real, of Napanee, a former pastor of the church, preached to a large congregation. His discourse was intently listened to and much appreciated. The subject was in reference to the closing hours of the life of the apostle, St. Paul. The text was from 2nd Timothy, 4th chapter, 6th, 7th and 8th verses. During the service Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Gordon rendered, feelingly, a duet entitled, "I Heard the Voice of Jesus Say."

Emmanuel R. E. Church.

Good congregations were the rule at the above church yesterday. At the morning service the Rector, Rev. A. M. Hubly, preached on "Atonement and Redemption," showing that Jesus Christ had made an atonement for the sins of the human race, and was the only one able to intercede between man and the Almighty. At the evening service the sermon was on "The Choice of Life." During the offertory Miss Pearl Thompson sang, very sweetly, a solo, with chorus by the choir, entitled "Cross and Crown."

Baptist.

Pastor Emerson preached at both services. Evening subject, "The San Francisco Calamity." Text, Deut. 33-27:

"The eternal God is thy refuge and underneath thee are the everlasting arms."

To what cause, said the preacher, are we to ascribe this terrible disaster? Some people contended it was a judgment from God, because of the exceeding sinfulness of the city. This position is an untenable one, according to scripture. There are two great laws in operation in nature, a moral and a natural law, and this calamity was from natural causes. What those causes were no man has ever yet been able to determine. The preacher believed that the day would shortly come when science would be able to fathom the cause of such calamities. How insignificant man's achievement seemed when crumbled into dust by the mighty earthquake. Science regarded God as an impersonal force. If God were not a personal being, who, then, controlled these natural forces? The forces of nature were powerful, but the force of love is ten thousand times greater. These calamities teach us that "a man's life constitute not in the abundance of the things which he possesseth." We measure our lives by false standards, for worldly possessions are as bubbles. God blows his breath upon them and they are gone. These dispensations also teach us the uncertainty of things. God has come to some people in this calamity and set at naught all their plans for the future. He has come to some who were so busy with worldly affairs that they took no thought of eternal things. Were God to call us thus suddenly, are we ready for the call? The question is asked, why does an all-wise and all-powerful God allow these calamities to fall? The question is unanswerable. These things, however, serve a two-fold purpose. To some they serve as punishment for wrongdoing, to others they are chastisement, making us more like our Master. The great message these calamities bring is the word "Repent." We may not be called upon to pass through such an ordeal as this, but we should heed these solemn warnings and prepare to meet God. If we have Christ in our hearts we are prepared for any circumstance in life. We are in health to-day and gone to-morrow. The one thought he wished to leave with the congregation was simply this; "Prepare to meet thy God." The choir sang an anthem entitled "I will come unto you," in a pleasing way.

John Street.

"Our Father, which Art in Heaven," was the subject discussed last evening by the pastor, Rev. A. H. Drumm, being the beginning of a series of sermons on the Lord's Prayer.

During the service Mr. Cameron rendered a solo entitled "My Light and My Salvation," and also took the solo part in the anthem entitled, "Our God is Love."

Christ Church.

The Rector, Rev. R. C. Blagrave, officiated at both the services. In the evening the subject of "The Resurrection" was discussed. The text was from 1st Corinthians, 6th chapter and 14th verse:

"And God hath both raised up the Lord and will also raise up us by His own power."

During the service the choir rendered an anthem entitled, "The Conquering King," solos being taken by Miss Hilda Bell and Mr. "Ned" Henthorn. Miss Upton, of Montreal, sang a solo, "Nearer My God to Thee," with fine effect. At the morning service Miss L. Holton sang a solo entitled "Hallelujah," in excellent voice.

Bridge Street.

Rev. J. R. Real, of Napanee, preached in the morning to a large congregation and his discourse was very acceptable. In the evening Rev. R. H. Leitch occupied the pulpit. His text was from Amos, 7th chapter, 7th and 8th verses.

During the evening service a quartette composed of Misses Wilson and Vermilyea and Messrs. J. T. Burns and C. H. Vermilyea, rendered a fine selection.

Tabernacle.

"Walking by the Rule" was the pastor's subject at the morning service and the text was from Philippians, 3rd chapter, 16th verse:

"Nevertheless, whereto we have already attained let us walk by the same rule, let us mind the same thing."

In the anthem, "Awake, O Sleeping Heart," Miss Stork sang the solo part, and, with Mr. G. Clute, rendered a duet entitled, "My Father Knows."

Other Church Notes.

Miss Katie Bawden, in magnificent voice, sang "O Salutaris" at Vespers in St. Michael's last night. Those who heard her were profuse in their expressions of delight.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Fire Again Rages In San Francisco.

REPORT FROM OAKLAND SAYS ANOTHER CONFLAGRATION HAS BROKEN OUT.—EARTHQUAKE SHOCK IN OREGON.

(Special to The Intelligencer.)

Oakland, Cal., April 23.—A report reached here from San Francisco at midnight that a brisk fire is burning in South San Francisco. The fire can easily be seen from here a distance of eight miles. It is believed that the fire broke out afresh from smouldering embers that could not be subdued on account of the lack of water.

SEVEN SQUARE MILES BURNED.

San Francisco, April 23.—The area of the burned district is seven square miles. Property owners had an opportunity yesterday to inspect some of their holdings and in a measure to ascertain what damage had been done. The new modern steel buildings were found almost intact. The steel frames were in perfect plumb and apparently as strong as ever.

ANOTHER SHOCK IN OREGON.

Portland, Oregon, April 23.—A special from Glendale, Oregon, says that an earthquake shock was felt there at 1.11 o'clock this morning. The shock was sufficiently severe to rock buildings and rattle china in the closets.

P. LAWLOR HAD "DARBIES" ON.

CASE OF ALLEGED SHANNONVILLE BURGLAR HAS BEEN ENLARGED FOR A WEEK.

On Saturday evening High County Constable Duffin arrived in the city from Toronto, having in charge Patrick Lawlor, whom he brought from the Queen City. The officer of the law had taken every precaution to prevent this alleged desperate burglar from making his escape whilst in transit to the city. Shackles were about his legs and a pair of handcuffs encircled his wrists. Lawlor was driven from the station direct to the county jail and lodged behind the bars.

This morning a large number were at the police court in anticipation of seeing Lawlor and hearing his trial. They were doubly disappointed, as he was not brought into court and his trial was not proceeded with. County Attorney Anderson asked for a remand of the case for one week, and this was granted by the Magistrate.

TWO MONTHS IN THE COUNTY JAIL

SENTENCE METED OUT TO ALEX. ROBERTSON FOR STEALING FROM ALBION HOTEL.

Thomas Aunger, hostler at the Albion Hotel, reported to the police yesterday that a black coat and vest, and a silver watch had been taken from his room in the hotel. Suspicion of theft pointed to two parties who were about the hotel on Saturday evening and Sunday morning, and Officer Hayes, in company with Aunger, visited Point Ann in the afternoon. The result was that the missing articles were recovered, being in a large valise which contained clothing belonging to two young men named Alexander Robertson and Frank Robinson. They were both placed under arrest and brought to the city and locked up.

At the police court this morning they pleaded not guilty. From the evidence of Frank Robinson it was evident that he was not implicated, and he was discharged. Robertson contended that on Friday evening he bought the coat and vest from a stranger giving him $1.25 for them. He also stated that he found the watch in the pocket of the vest after he bought the goods. He was unable to tell who the party was from whom he made the purchase.

Aunger, in his evidence, stated the articles were in his room on Friday night and he did not miss them until yesterday, when he desired to put them on.

The Magistrate said that the circumstances of the transaction were against Robertson and he would have to find him guilty. A sentence of two months in jail was imposed.

Bellevillians Who Took Degrees At Queen's.

At the recent exams at Queen's University the following ladies and gentlemen from this city and district took honors:

Mathematics—H. J. Coon, Belleville.

M.A. degree—H. J. Coon, Belleville.

B.A. degree—Nellie Arthur, Leonia M Arthur, Consecon; Edna M. Bongard, Picton; Helen Donald, Belleville; W. J. Hamilton, Harriet M. Solmes, Picton.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

Just Received
A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES

..AND..

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.
C. B. Carman, Manager.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25th

The Most Powerful Melodrama of the Day.

The CONVICT'S DAUGHTER

A WEALTH OF BEAUTIFUL SCENERY & EFFECTS

Containing Many New and Novel Sensational and Mechanical Effects and Situations.

Plan opens Tuesday Morning.

Prices - 25c, 35c, 50c

FRIDAY, APRIL 27th

The Holy City

The Great Allegorical Reproduction of Michel Angelo's

"CRUCIFIXION"

The Most Impressive Historic Portrayal Ever Conceived and offered to the Public

Prices - 25, 35, 50, 75c

PHILLIPS WILL BE UP FOR TRIAL.

CROWN ATTORNEY CURRY DENIES ALL RUMORS TO THE CONTRARY — YORK LOAN LIQUIDATOR SATISFIED.

Toronto, April 23.—"The rumors that there will be no further prosecution of Phillips are without foundation," said Crown Attorney Curry to the press. "I am confident that Phillips will come up for trial at the September Sessions."

Here is the text of the letter which was signed by Mr. Curry and sent to the Attorney-General. It is understood that the form of the letter was settled by Mr. Home Smith, of the National Trust Co., Mr. J. E. Jones, and Crown Attorney Curry, at a conference held last Monday;

"April 16, 1906.

"Dear Sir, re Phillips—

"I beg to inform you that the Police Court proceedings have enabled the liquidator to make a most satisfactory settlement with the accused whereby he and his associates transfer the assets in dispute to the liquidator. He should be able and has promised, to render every assistance in his power to the liquidator in settling the complicated affairs of the York Loan and allied companies.

"I, therefore, take the liberty of asking you to consider whether the ends of justice and the interests of the shareholders have not already been sufficiently served by what has been accomplished, and would recommend that the prisoner's conduct in handing over the assets be taken into account when the matter comes up again.

"In handing over the assets the prisoner claims that he always regarded himself as a trustee, and had always hoped and believed that by means of the allied companies he would eventually enable all the shareholders of the York Loan to withdraw without loss, and he claims further that the unavoidable real estate, which is said by the liquidator to be worth over one million dollars, defeated his plans.

"I am of opinion that the great bulk of the money alleged to have been wrongfully taken by the above settlement found its way back to the liquidator of the York County Loan Company, and this has been accomplished without litigation in the civil courts and without the delay and expense incident thereto. Indeed, the delay might have destroyed the value of the assets secured by this timely settlement which the prisoner himself has facilitated and rendered possible."

Jewish Rite Performed In City Yesterday.

An interesting Jewish ceremony took place in this city yesterday morning, at the home of Mr. J. Samuels, Wharf St., when the rite of circumcision was performed on his infant son, the ceremony being conducted, with all the usages of the Jewish church, by Rev. Rabbi Abderkowitz, of the Elm Street Synagogue, Toronto. In addition to the relatives, a number of invited guests were present, who observed with interest the solemn ceremony which dates back to the time of Moses. A rich feast was partaken of at the conclusion of the ceremony.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents. For sale by R. Templeton's drug store

Daily Intelligencer.

CLAPP'S
CRIMPED
CRUST
VIENNA ROLLS
5c Each. Fresh
Every Morning.

Chas. S. Clapp

Young lady wanted for ice cream parlor. Apply evenings next week after 7 o'clock.

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL

NEATLY PRINTED

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The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS
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PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alford

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings, Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Panelling, Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

ESTIMATES OF DEAD THEY VARY GREATLY

Practically every bank in San Francisco will be rebuilt. H. P. Lillienthal, president of the Anglo-California Bank, said: "Now is the time for every man to put his shoulder to the wheel to build up the new city. There is going to be a new city, and I am going to do all I can to make is the greatest city in the world."

Chinese in a Bad Way.

One of the problems facing the relief committees on both sides of the bay is the sheltering of the Chinese. They are without homes and without prospects of securing any. They can get no land. Unless the Government undertakes their relief they are in grave danger. Those who have money cannot purchase property, as no one will sell to them.

Cliff House Hardly Touched.

The Cliff House not only stands, but the damage sustained by it from the earthquake will not exceed $500.

Terrible Strain Tells.

The terrible strain of the last few days is beginning to tell on the people. The reaction has come, and suspense over missing relatives and friends is causing illness and in some cases insanity.

At Central avenue and Oak street a man became insane and attempted to kill his wife with a cleaver. He had to be arrested to prevent him from injuring himself or family.

Dead Less Than 300.

Washington, April 23.—The loss of life at San Francisco is estimated at less than 300 in a telegram addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury by Superintendent of the Mint Leach.

Mayor's Proclamation.

Mayor Schmitz has issued the following proclamation, which citizens are instructed to observe:

"Do not be afraid of famine. There will be abundance of food supplied. Do not use any water except for drinking and cooking purposes. Do not light any fires in houses, stoves or fire-places. Do not use any house closets under any circumstances, but dig earth closets in yards or vacant lots, using if possible, chloride of lime, or some other disinfectant. This is of the greatest importance, and the water supply is only sufficient for drinking and cooking. Do not allow any garbage to remain on the premises, bury it immediately. Pestilence can only be avoided by complying with these regulations.

"You are particularly requested not to enter any business house or dwelling except your own, as you may be mistaken for one of the looters and shot on sight, as the orders are not to arrest but shoot down anyone caught stealing."

POLICE STOP VESSELS.

Many Tons of Food Thus Received For the Stricken City.

San Francisco, April 23.—For two days and nights a squad of police has been performing patrol duty in Golden Gate Strait. Two lieutenants and eight men, aboard the tug Sea Rover, Friday night, prevented the departure of several vessels from the harbor, for the reason that they carried food. All vessels were stopped and compelled to drop anchor in the stream or return to the dock, where the food was unloaded and turned over to the authorities. On Thursday a similar detail of police succeeded in saving for San Francisco many tons of food that would otherwise have been carries to cities up and down the coast.

Nelson Raises Funds.

Nelson, B. C., April 23.—Mayor Gillette and a committee of citizens today raised about $1,800 for the relief of San Francisco by public subscription.

Peterboro is Prompt.

Peterboro, April 23.—In response to a telegram from Vancouver to Mayor Best asking the city to send aid to the sufferers in San Francisco, a special meeting of the city council decided to forward sixty cases of Quaker Oats, and the American Cereal Co.'s agent in Vancouver has been wired to ship the goods at once. Their value is about $200.

How New York Helps.

New York, April 23.—One hundred wagons glittering with gilt and enamel, the property of Barnum & Bailey's circus, started Saturday from Washington Park, Brooklyn, on the most remarkable invasion of New York ever recorded in its municipal history. All of the wagons bore signs announcing that immediate contributions would be received along the route traversed of all non-perishable articles which might be sent to San Francisco at once. Everybody on the route gave everything they could spare for suffering strangers.

Sympathy Acknowledged.

Ottawa, April 23.—The following telegram has been received at Rideau Hall:

Washington, D. C., April 21.—Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada, Ottawa:

I thank you for the kind message of sympathy, which I assure you I deeply appreciate. Signed, Theo. Roosevelt.

Relief Reaches $11,500,000.

New York, April 23.—It was estimated last night that the fund rapidly is nearing the enormous total of $10,000,000, and will have passed that figure by Monday, when Congress, it is announced, will add $1,500,000 to the $1,000,000 already appropriated.

'QUAKE, THE LEVELLER.

Santa Rosa in Ruins and Laborer and Millionaire on an Equality—100 Dead in the Town.

Santa Rosa, Cal., April 23.—The list of known dead now totals fifty-eight, and it is believed that 100 is a conservative estimate of the fatalities here. Five bodies were recovered yesterday from the wreckage. The entire business section is in ruins, and practically every residence is damaged, fifteen or twenty being badly wrecked. The damage to residences was caused principally by the sinking of foundations.

The brick and stone business blocks, together with the public buildings, were all thrown flat. The court house, hall of records, the Occidental and the Santa Rosa Hotels, the Athaeneum Theatre, the new Masonic temple, Oddfellows' block, all the banks—everything—went, and in all the city not one brick or stone building is standing, except the California & North Western Depot. It is almost impossible for an outsider to realize the situation as it actually exists here. The completeness of the devastation is really the redeeming feature, for it puts all upon exactly the same basis, commercially speaking.

All on a Level.

Bankers and millionaires are going about with only the few dollars they happened to have in their pockets when the crash came, and are little better off than the laborers who are digging through the debris. Money practically has no value here now, for there is no place to spend it. Almost everyone here is sleeping out of doors, being afraid to enter their homes, except for a short while at a time, until repairs have been made. There are plenty of provisions. Some have been supplied by other towns, and much has been brought in from the surrounding country. Before the fire gained headway, several grocery stores were emptied of their contents in anticipation of what might follow.

Another Town Demolished.

Berkeley, Cal., April 23.—A private letter received Saturday by Postmaster Schmidt brings the information that Fort Bragg, one of the principal lumbering towns of Mendocino County, was almost totally destroyed as a result of a fire following Wednesday's earthquake.

The bank and other brick buildings were levelled by the tremors. But one person of the 5,000 inhabitants was killed, but scores were injured.

Relief expeditions at once were sent to Fort Bragg from surrounding towns and villages, and the people of the ruined area are being cared for.

Felt 'Quake in Vessel.

Astoria, Ore., April 23.—The steamer Alliance, which arrived yesterday from Eureka, reports that the Point Arena lighthouse was destroyed by the earthquake. The vessel, while off Eureka Wednesday morning, was severely shaken. The captain thought the vessel had struck bottom, but after makings soundings, found that she was in 12 fathoms of water. The captain changed his course to westward.

"Moses Oates" is Dead.

Toronto, April 23.—Death removed Saturday morning in the General Hospital J. Gorden Mowat, who, under the pen-name of "Moses Oates," was at one time a well-known figure in literary and journalistic circles in Toronto. Many years ago Mr. Mowat owned the Galt Reformer. In the early nineties he founded a publication called The Lake Magazine, which only ran for about ten issues. Failure in that venture, however, did not discourage him, for he made arrangements for the publication of The Canadian Magazine, the first issue of which was brought out in March 1893. Mr. Mowat was its editor for two and a half years.

Two Tragic Deaths.

Sarnia, April 23.—Carpenter Wesley Stauffer, who was in jail here, had an attack of heart failure Saturday, and died in the hospital during the night.

Renford Johnston, 24 years old, formerly bartender at the Northern Hotel here, was found dead in the stable hayrack there yesterday. He probably fell from the hay-loft. Dr. Bradley will hold an inquest.

BRITISH BRIEFS.

England's first representative parliament assembled in 1265.

Caesar conquered Britain in the year 55 B. C. The Roman occupation continued nearly 500 years, or until 410 A. D.

In 1679 was passed the habeas corpus act, which, along with the right of trial by jury, is the great bulwark of Anglo-Saxon liberty.

The great plague was introduced into London in 1664 by bales of cotton imported from Holland; 100,000 persons succumbed to the disease in one year.

Cromwell's long parliament assembled in 1640; Charles I. was beheaded Jan. 30, 1646, and Cromwell became lord protector in 1653. In 1660 the Stuarts were restored to the throne.

Westminster abbey, where the kings and queens of Great Britain are crowned, was originally a Benedictine monastery. It was founded by Sebert, king of the East Saxons, about 616.

Ballooning As a Sport.

A French lawyer whose sport is ballooning thinks it a mild, safe and comparatively inexpensive diversion. He has made sixty ascents without injury to himself. A well made balloon will last ten years—longer than an automobile—and will cost only from $400 to $1,000. Its upkeep is confined to the cost of the gas and the return journeys by train after a trip. "In keeping with the amount of pleasure to be had out of the sport," says this enthusiastic aeronaut, "I know of no other which may be compared with it at the price."

Many a tongue shakes out its master's undoing.—Shakespeare.

BUILDINGS STRETCH WRITHE LIKE SNAKE

Vivid Description by Participant in San Francisco Horror.

Timbers Groaned, the Grinding, Creaking Sound, Then Came the Roaring Street, and Always, Says a Refugee, In Front of the Panic-Stricken Men and Women Was a Wall of Flame—In Front of the Fire Always Walked the Soldiers—Streets Rocked.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 23.—Most thrilling of all stories yet related of adventures in stricken San Francisco during the days of horror and nights of terror is that of a party of four, two women and two men, who arrived here after having spent a night and the greater portion of two days on the hills about Golden Gate park.

This party was composed of Mrs. Francis Winter, Miss Bessie Marley, Dr. Ernest W. Fleming, and Oliver Posey, all of this city.

All were guests at the Palace Tuesday night, but the party was formed in the streets of San Francisco Wednesday morning after the second shock had made the Palace untenable. They were strangers until then.

To a reporter Dr. Fleming told of his adventures.

"I was sleeping in a room on the third floor of the hotel," said Dr. Fleming, "when the first shock occurred. An earthquake in San Francisco was no new sensation to me. I was there in 1868, when a boy of 10 years old, when the first great earthquake came. But that was a gentle rocking of a cradle to the one of Wednesday.

Buildings Creak and Groan.

"I awoke to the groaning of timbers, the grinding, creaking sound, then came the roaring street. Plastering and wall decorations fell. The sensation was as if the buildings were stretching and writhing like a snake. The darkness was intense. Shrieks of women, higher, shriller than that of the creaking timbers cut the air. I tumbled from the bed and crawled, scrambling toward the door. The twisting and writhing appeared to increase. The air was oppressive. I seemed to be saying to myself, will it never, never stop? I wrenched the lock, the door of the room swung back against my shoulder. Just then the building seemed to breathe, stagger, and right itself.

"But I fled from that building as from a falling wall. I could not believe that it could endure such a shock and still stand.

"The next I remember I was standing in the street laughing at the unholy appearance of half a hundred men clad in pajamas and less.

"The women were in their night robes; they made a better appearance than the men.

"The street was a rainbow of colors in the early morning light. There was every stripe and hue of raiment never intended to be seen outside the boudoir.

"I looked at a man at my side; he was laughing at me. Then for the first time I became aware that I was in pajamas myself. I turned and fled back to my room.

Fires Began to Appear.

"There I dressed, packed my grip, and hastened back to the street. All the big buildings on Market street, toward the ferry were standing, but I marked four separate fires. The fronts of the small buildings had fallen out into the streets and at some places the debris had broken through the sidewalk into cellars.

"I noticed two women near me. They were apparently without escort. One said to the other, 'What wouldn't I give to be back in Los Angeles again.'

"That awakened a kindred feeling and I proffered my assistance. I put my overcoat on the stone steps of a building and told them to sit there.

"In less than two minutes those steps appeared to pitch everything forward, to be flying at me. The groaning and writhing started afresh.

"But I was just stunned. I stood there in the street with debris falling about me. It seemed the natural thing for the tops of buildings to careen over and for fronts to fall out. I do not even recall that the women screamed.

"The street gave a convulsive shudder and the buildings somehow righted themselves again. I thought they had crashed together above my head.

All Clad in Street Clothes.

"The two women arose and started to walk. I followed in a kind of aimless sort of way. The street was filled with moving things again. The rainbow raiment had disappeared, and all were clad in street clothes. Everyone was walking, but there was no confusion. We did not even seem in a hurry. Down Market street the flames were growing brighter.

"We walked with our luggage to the St. Francis. Fires were burning down toward the ferry, but the fire department had turned it. We had faith in the fire department.

"Soon I became aware that squads of soldiers were patrolling the streets. It appeared perfectly natural. I do not think I wondered why they were there.

"Men and women were all about us. We looked at each other and talked, even tried lamely to joke, but every few minutes a convulsive quiver swept through the city. The others seemed to be shivering.

"I noticed that the eyes of the men and women were rolling restlessly. Their tones were pitched high. It seemed to grate on my nerves. Then I fell to wondering whether I was talking shrilly too.

"I went to a grocery without a front and bought a few supplies that would make a cold lunch. The grocer did not even overcharge me. He was particular to give me the right change.

Fire Peril Grows.

"The soldiers came and told us to move on. It seemed the natural thing to do. By this time the fire was creeping dangerously close. We would have walked to the ferry. We tried it on a score of street, but that wall of fire was always there. It seemed to creep across in front of us.

"And in front of the fire always walked the soldiers. A number of times I hired express wagons. We would ride for a few blocks and get out on the sidewalk. In not a single instance were we charged more than a reasonable price for the ride.

"Once we loitered until the soldiers came up. A rough fellow, who had been standing by my side, tried to dart through the line. He looked like a beach comber.

"A young lieutenant caught him by the coat. 'Here!' he called to his men. 'Shoot this man.'

"I hurried on, without looking back. I don't remember that I heard a shot fired. But at the time it seemed so trivial a matter that I did not pay much attention."

Worse Than Inferno.

One of the women said: "San Francisco after the earthquake and during the fire? Did you ever see the picture of hell which hangs in the Santa Barbara mission? It was something like that, only a thousand times worse."

Fire Chief Dead.

San Francisco, April 23.—Chief D. J. Sullivan of San Francisco's fire department, died yesterday from the effects of injuries received on the morning of the earthquake.

Shot to Save Suffering.

Los Angeles, April 23.—"The most terrible thing I saw during the San Francisco fire," said E. Call Brown, mining engineer and geologist, "was the futile struggle of a policeman and others to rescue a man who was pinned down in burning wreckage. The helpless man watched the flames approach in silence till the fire began burning his feet. Then he begged to be killed. The officer took his name and address and shot him through the head."

Shot by Sentry.

A son of T. P. Riordan, a real estate dealer, was shot and killed yesterday a few feet from his residence. Young Riordan was on his way home and had a bottle of whiskey in his coat pocket. A soldier on duty ordered him to stop and throw the whisky away, and when Riordan refused the soldier immediately shot him dead.

A workman employed at the Gerson tannery was on his way home yesterday morning when halted by a sentry. The workman explained that his wife was dying and tried to pass. The sentry shot at him, but missed, and the workman ran back into the tannery.

Chinese Were Excited.

Chas. C. Lanferweiler of Fort Dodge, Ia., who was at the Grand Hotel, says: "I passed through Chinatown just as a shock came, and all Chinatown was in the streets gesticulating, crying, running around and acting like a lot of monkeys. If left to themselves, I know they must all have perished. The authorities drove them up the hill and out of range of the fire. Superstition mastered them, and all sorts of gods were produced from all sorts of pockets and joss paper was scattered along the way."

Scots Guards Punished.

Aldershot, Eng., April 23.—The decision of the War Office in the case of the officers of the first battalion of Scots Guards, charged with the ragging of Second Lieut. Kennedy of the regiment, because he was unable to meet certain regimental expenses, promulgated Saturday, relieved Lieut.-Col. Cuthbert of his command. Adjutant-Capt. R. J. Stracey received a light sentence, and four lieutenants charged with connection with the affair lose a year's seniority. Lieut. Clark-Kennedy has left the regiment.

Bondsman Hudson Dead.

Toronto, April 23.—John W. Hudson, 179 Ossington avenue, died suddenly at his residence yesterday morning. Deceased was in the employ of the Dominion Government at the custom house for a great many years. He was the father of Georgina and Lillian Hudson, who figure largely in the York Loan investigation, now going on. At the time of his death he was one of the bondsmen for Jos. Phillips.

Paymaster Shot Dead.

Port Henry, N. Y., April 23.—D. C. Rosenberry, paymaster of the Witherbee, Sherman & Co. mine, was shot and killed Saturday at Minaville, while carrying the pay to the employes at the Fisher Hill mine. The alleged assassin, a man named Brown, escaped to the hills and now is pursued by a posse of 500 men.

Strikers and Troops Clash.

Valcennies, France, April 23.—A sanguinary encounter occurred Saturday between 5,000 striking miners from Denain and a detachment of troops detailed to prevent the miners from interfering with non-strikers. Many officers, soldiers and strikers were severely wounded.

Riots at Lens.

Lens, France, April 23.—There was further rioting here Saturday. The strikers erected barricades, destroyed the railroad and pulled down the telegraph and telephone wires. Four army officers were wounded during the charges, which the troops made against the rioters.

Grain Elevator Burned.

Beeton, April 23.—G. T. Somers & Co., elevator, with 3,000 to 5,000 bushels of grain, was burned yesterday morning about 1 o'clock.

BASEBALL SATURDAY.

Philadelphia 3, New York 1; Washington 4, Boston 3; Detroit 4, Chicago 3; St. Louis 5, Cleveland 1. Standing of the clubs:

New York 2, Brooklyn 1; Philadelphia 18, Boston 8; Chicago 5, St. Louis 2; Pittsburg 5, Cincinnati 3. The standing of the clubs:

Baseball on Sunday.

At Chicago (National)— R.H.E.
Chicago ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—3 8 2
Pittsburg ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 6 2

Batteries—Wicker and Kling; Phillippi and Gibson. Umpire—Johnstone. Attendance—14,000.

At St. Louis (American)— R.H.E.
St. Louis ....0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0—3 8 3
Detroit ....0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 0—4 3 2

Batteries—Jacobsen and Spencer; Donahue and Warner. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance—14,350.

At Chicago (Amer., 12 inn.)— R.H.E.
Chicago ...2 3 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—7 8 3
Cleveland .2 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0—6 13 3

Batteries—Walsh, Altrock and Sullivan; Townsend, Eels and Bemis. Umpires—Hurst and Connors. Attendance—17,900.

At Cincinnati (National)— R.H.E.
Cincinnati .....0 0 0 0 5 0 1 0 0—6 11 2
St. Louis ....2 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0—7 7 3

Batteries—Druhot, Chech and Phelps; Puttman, Hoelsketter and Holmes. Umpires—Carpenter and Klem. Attendance—12,000.

At Utica (exhibition)—Rochester (Eastern) 5, Utica (State) 1.

At Albany (exhibition)—Montreal (Eastern) 6, Albany (State) 7.

At Syracuse—Toronto (Eastern) 5, Syracuse (State) 4.

USE ONLY THE BEST
GILLETT'S PERFUMED LYE
is the STANDARD article
READY FOR USE IN ANY QUANTITY.

For making soap, softening water, removing old paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains and for many other purposes. A can equals 20 pounds SAL SODA.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.
Phone 11.
Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie
IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

Spring Wallpaper

The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20, and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

AT THE BEE HIVE
CHAS. N. SULMAN.

LAWN GRASS SEED

Our Queen City mixture always give satisfaction.
25c per lb.
White Clover.... 25c per lb

For the Garden:
Dutch Sets
English Multipliers
Potato Onions
Flower Seeds
Garden Seeds
By the oz. or packet

J. C. Hanley & Co.
Telephone 214. Grocers

British American Assurance Co.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Co.
Western Fire Insurance Co.
Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY
INSURANCE AGENT.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,
Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.
4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.
Money to Loan upon favorable terms.
OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
G. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch

BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upward allowed at current rates.
R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.06 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —
Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

Getting Ready a Fine Lot Of Goods

Watch for our ad in tomorrow's paper or pay us a visit Tuesday and we will show you interesting bargains.

McINTOSH BROS.

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, TUESDAY. APRIL 24, 1906. NO. 3?9

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

China Sale

The Balance of our Fancy China will be sold at

33 1-3 p.c. Discount

to make room for our new goods which are commencing to arrive.

ONE WEEK

From Wednesday, Morning, 25th inst., To Tuesday Evening, May 1st.

STROUDS

Sales Mean Real Bargains.

Caught at His Own Game.

They were drummers, and had landed in a rural hotel far from any place of entertainment.

It was agreed to spend a pleasant hour asking each other questions, but should anyone ask a question he could not answer himself he had to stand a supper to the company.

A bullying fellow proposed that the new man, the novice on the road, should begin.

"Very well," said the novice. "You've all seen the hole that a squirrel makes in the ground?"

"Yes," replied the drummers, in chorus.

"You have possibly observed there is never any earth at the mouth of it?"

"Yes."

"Do you know why?" proceeded the novice. "No."

"Well, it is this. The squirrel, in digging his hole, commences at the bottom and scrapes all the earth inside."

"Ah, my man," said the bullying one, "but how does he get at the bottom to begin?"

"That's a question of your own asking,' said the novice. "Better answer it or—pay for the supper."

He paid. The novice is called "novice" no longer.

A sound discretion is not so much indicated by never making a mistake as by never repeating it.—Bovee.

Many a tongue shakes out its master's undoing.—Shakespeare.

Universal Postal Congress.

Rome, April 24.—It is understood that the universal postal congress has given votes to Australia, New Zealand, the Transvaal Colony and the Orange River Colony; a deliberative vote to Ethiopia, and a consultative vote to China. The next meeting of the Congress will be held in 1911 in Australia. A reduction of the international letter rate is not likely, but it is probable that the proposition that the maximum of weight be increased to 20 grams (5-7 of an ounce), will be accepted.

Oldest Britisher Dead.

London, April 24.—The death was announced in County Tyrone, Ireland, yesterday, of George Fletcher, the oldest British subject, so far as known. He was 113 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuffbox.

Danish Trawlers Founder.

Copenhagen, April 24.—News reached here yesterday that two Danish trawlers, with forty men on board, foundered recently in a gale off the coast of Iceland. A third boat, with a crew of thirty, is also believed to have been lost.

The House Electrified.

Halifax, N. S., April 24.—The house of Daniel Mooney, at Milton, Queen's County, was torn to pieces by an electrical storm on Saturday night and several other houses in the vicinity damaged.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

The Wash Fabrics

. . Prettier Than Ever . .

If the bright flowers of spring and the sweet flowers of June could shower their blossoms on newly fallen snow, you would see no more beautiful picture than our washing Fabric Counters present today. The choicest, richest, most exquisite designs from abroad are here, together with much that's exclusive. We want you to know what we can do, and even if you don't wish to buy, its no trouble to show you everything you wish to see.

Ask to see the new designs in *FRENCH MUSLINS and PRINTED ORGANDIES.* We never saw such delicate tints, such dainty effects, such aristocratic effects as these new ones just arrived.

Prices Start at 15c You'll Like Them

New Grey Tweeds

Long ago we learned from most reliable sources that grey, and grey mixture tweeds were going to be very popular this spring.

We laid our plans accordingly. The result is that we are able to satisfy every demand from the high class novelties which cannot be duplicated in Canada today down to the hard-wearing Tweeds at prices anywhere from

40c to $1.25 per yard

Tuesday and Wednesday will be good days to look around.

Covert Coats

JUST RECEIVED

Embodied in these smartly tailored Covert Coats, is the best style effort, coupled with most reasonable prices, without fear of valid contradiction, we assert that our range of Spring Coats is one of the most comprehensive in Belleville, and in the matter of style and value the evidence of your own eyes is the best you can have. We invite you to see these new coats and judge for yourself the correctness of our statements.

Prices, $7.50 to $12.50

Sinclair's

Reconstruction-- Rain Adds Misery

Victims of Fire and 'Quake Cared For by Efficient System.

While Riding In Auto Devoted to Red Cross Was Deliberately Murdered By Patrol—President Roosevelt Makes It Plain That Relief Is For the Chinese, Too—Preparations Being Made to Resume the Occupation of Damaged Buildings.

San Francisco, April 24.—The new San Francisco that will rise from the ashes of the old city was in its first stages yesterday of rebuilding. After five days of confusion and almost superhuman effort on the part of the citizens of California's metropolis in the great task of sheltering, feeding and otherwise caring for the homeless thousands, complete order has been established and attention turned to the future.

Throughout the great business quarter, where the devastation by fire was most complete, dangerous walls were razed, buildings that had not been disintegrated by fire were inspected with a view of re-occupancy, and ground was cleared for the immediate construction of buildings in which to resume business at the earliest possible time.

Fed by System.

Homeless persons were fed yesterday in a systematic manner. At the stations food and drink, comprising bread, prepared meats and canned goods, milk and a limited amount of hot coffee and even fruit were served to all those who applied. About 1,500 tons of food are moved daily from the waterfront.

General health conditions are satisfactory. While the number of cases at the various hospitals has increased each day, sickness is mostly due to exposure and worry. The most encouraging feature is the absence of anything like contagion or an epidemic of disease of any nature whatever.

Gen. A. W. Greely yesterday took command of the federal troops at this post, superseding Gen. Frederick Funston, who will act under Greely's orders.

Law Courts Grind Again.

Legal business will be resumed today. All the superior judges will open their twelve departments in the Jewish synagogue, California and Webster streets. Criminal cases will have precedence.

Brutally Shot by Patrol.

Major H. C. Tilden, a prominent commission merchant of this city, a member of Gov. Pardee's staff and one of the foremost workers of the general relief committee, was shot and, almost instantly killed in his automobile early yesterday at 22nd and Guerrero streets, while returning from Menlo Park. He was shot by men supposed to be members of the citizens' patrol. A friend of the challenger was cut in the face by a bullet and R. G. Seaman, acting lieutenant of the Second Company of the Signal Corps, was struck by a spent bullet. He suffered no injury. Tilden was one of the foremost workers in the general relief work. The Red Cross flag was displayed on his car. Seaman claims the guard began shooting without warning or challenge and continued firing after the car had passed them. Several policemen came running up and arrested three of the men who did the shooting. The men were in khaki uniform."

Scant Mercy For Fiends.

The soldiers on guard in Golden Gate Park, where most of the refugees are encamped, shot and killed a number of men who had been attacking women. No mercy is shown these brutes. In every case they were shot down without parley. A terrible example was made of one of these fiends. Two guards, attracted by the piercing screams of a young girl, caught the man and between them led him to a shrubbery. There, with bayonets ready to run him through they compelled him to dig a grave. That grave he knew was his own. As he finished each of the soldiers brought his rifle to his shoulder and fired. The man stumbled forward into the grave, shot twice through the heart. He was buried on the spot and a wooden tablet placed there to warn others of a like fate. All night long marauders skulked about the business portion of the city.

Sightseers Not Wanted.

The following telegram from J. C. Stubbs, traffic director of the Southern Pacific Railway, who is in San Francisco, was sent yesterday to Assistant Traffic Director N. C. McCormick in Chicago:

"Please ask the press generally to advise all people generally not to try to reach San Francisco. Outsiders not allowed to land here. They would only add to the congestion."

Drenching Rain Adds to Misery.

A drenching rain fell upon San Francisco Sunday night. From midnight until 3 o'clock it poured and drizzled at intervals, while a high wind added a melancholy accompaniment whistling and sighing about the ruins of the buildings in the burned districts. Five days ago when the fire catastrophe was in its infancy this downpour would have been regarded as a mercy and a godsend. Yesterday morning it could be regarded in no other light than as an additional calamity. It meant indescribable suffering to the tens of thousands of persons camped upon the naked hills, and in the parks and open places. The downpour has aggravated the already unsanitary condition of the camps, and will doubtless add great numbers to those already crowding the regular and temporary hospitals of the city.

After several hours of clear weather there was another precipitation at 6 a. m., and again at 9 o'clock the fall was resumed and continued at intervals throughout the day.

Of individual instances of suffering, the number is legion.

Relief is For the Chinese.

Washington, April 24.—President Roosevelt sent the following letter to Secretary of State Taft yesterday:

"Sir,—According to the newspaper reports the suffering and destitution are peculiarly great among the Chinese I need hardly say that the Red Cross work must be done wholly without regard to persons and just as much for Chinese as for any others. Please wire Dr. Devine at once to see that this is done. Will it not be well also to wire to Gen. Funston to the same effect. I know nothing of the matter beyond what appears in the daily press.

(Signed) "Theodore Roosevelt."

NOTES FROM MANY SOURCES.

Seismographs in the Imperial University show that the San Francisco earthquake reached Japan in 11 minutes.

A carload of flour, ground in the Regina Roller Mills and grown on Regina Plains, was sent forward from Regina as a gift of the city.

The area of the burnt district is fifteen square miles.

Funds have been started at the various Australian capitals in aid of the sufferers by the San Francisco earthquake. Premier Seddon, on behalf of New Zealand, has offered $25,000.

Both Ottawa and Toronto observatories recorded Sunday's earthquake shocks in Oregon.

Winnipeg Council on Saturday appropriated $10,000 to the fund, of which $5,000 was wired at once. About $500 in private subscription have been made.

Continued on page 8.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

SALE OF SKIRTS

For Ladies' and Misses'

We have just put on sale in our Skirt Department about 150 Ladies' and Misses' Black and Colored Cloth Skirts at much below regular values. These are all made from Fashionable Materials and are beautifully tailored. If you are in need of a new skirt it will pay you to investigate.

—***LOT 1***—Misses' Tweed Skirts, all sizes, worth $1.50 to $1.95, for............ ***98c***

—***LOT 2***—Misses Plain Navy and Grey Skirts, worth $2.50, for............ ***$1.75***

—***LOT 3***—Misses' Tweed and Plain Cloth Skirts, all sizes, worth $2.95 to $3.75, for ***$1.98***

—***LOT 4***—Misses' Plain Cloths and Fancy Tweeds, regular prices $4.75 to $5.00, for ***$3.45***

—***LOT 5***—A lot of Ladies' plain Cloth and Fancy Tweed Skirts, regular $4.75 and $5.00, for............ ***$3.50***

—***LOT 6***—About 50 Ladies' very fine quality Plain Cloth Skirts in black and colors at .... ***Fully one-third less than regular value***

Long Kid Gloves

Dame Fashion has demanded long Kid Gloves to be worn this coming season.

We have just received a fresh supply in all the leading shades as Tan, Black and white—full range of sizes.

We desire that every lady who wishes a pair of these gloves to come at once as the supply is limited.

The Ritchie Co'y Limited

SPRING CLOTHING

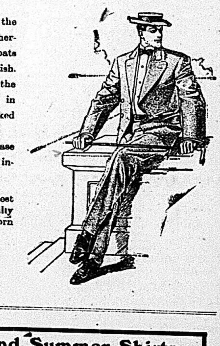
Not a mere showing of styles of the Spring Fashions, but a magnificent gathering of all the nattiest Suits and Overcoats that affords you choice as wide as you wish.

Fashioned by expert tailors after the most approved New York Models, made in Canada, saving all duties—and all marked at most moderate prices.

But even if you are not to purchase now, come in and see the display. It is interesting to the extreme.

—Men's Spring Suits in all the newest materials and styles, every garment fully guaranteed to retain its perfect fit till worn out—

$7.50 to $15.00



Men's Spring and Summer Shirts

Our spring stock represents a most complete showing of the very latest novelties in spring shirts. Exquisite styles in checks, stripes and figures just received. We will expect you to come in and inspect them.

PRICES—75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

House Furnishing

This Is the Time

When Carpets and Rugs come up for the usual spring cleaning, on looking them over, don't you think some of them a bit too worn to put back again on the same room? Probably you will.

Then is when we want to see you and show you through our new season's Carpets and Rugs and to quote you our close prices for

Axminster, Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets

- - AND - -

Axminster, Velvet and Tapestry Rugs

We carry in stock the ***Celebrated Crossley Carpets and Rugs.***

ENGLISH LINOLEUMS and OILCLOTHS

2, 3, 4 yards wide. In a big range of patterns.

JAPANESE MATTINGS

The season's new importations, ranging from ***20 to 50c a yd.***

CURTAINS

SWISS, NOTTINGHAM and NET CURTAINS.

BLINDS, POLES.

Fancy and Plain Denims, Silkalines, Madras Muslins.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

He's Awful Hard On His Clothes . . .

So said the mother of a rosy-cheeked, handsome young fellow, as she brought him in for a new suit.

We sold her one of our new ***Hewson Tweed Suits***—we know this suit will please her, and we know that to wear it out will

Keep the Boy Busy

Our Boys' Suits are made from strong, yet attractive fabrics—well sewn, with all points where the strain comes made doubly strong.

We know exactly what kind of clothes growing boys need and we see that they get them.

Our Boys' Suits will appeal to the taste, while our prices make a strong appeal to the purse.

COME ON IN.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

FRILLED BOBBINETTE CURTAINS, at per yard—***15c, 20c, 25c, 30c.***

300 Pairs ***LACE CURTAINS,*** prices per pair, ***50c to $6.***

ROLLER BLINDS—25, 35, 50 and 75c.

The best ***WHITEWEAR*** and best ***DRESS SKIRTS*** made in Canada are branded with the registered trade mark—

" MINERVA "

We shall make a special feature of these goods this season. They represent more style and better quality than the average, with no more to pay than for inferior goods.

The assortment is now at its best and all we ask is a chance to show you what we call value.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

Deceiving the People.

Great were the controversies regarding the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme during the last Dominion election. The course advised by the Opposition of a railway to be owned by the people was rejected. It is more than likely that before many years have passed that the remaining provinces will regret that they did not follow Ontario's example, refuse to give the Laurier Government a majority, and thus prevent a deceit being practiced upon the people.

The main contention as to the railway was as to its cost. Now the time has come to judge about some of this. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, with all the information which a Government can—or ought to—secure, stated in the House that the road between Winnipeg and Moncton would be built for $28,000 a mile; the Opposition, without such sources of information, said that it would at least be $40,000 a mile; now the first contract has been let by the Government for $54,000 a mile!

What would any plain business man think of another, with every facility open for obtaining prices of material, etc., who calmly sent in a bill for nearly double? It is time that people aroused themselves to what is going on at Ottawa. Is it reasonable to suppose that a country, young, rich and prosperous even as Canada is, can stand year by year such gross stupidity and mismanagement as this? The total cost, flauntingly and wantonly given by the Government was $69,160,000; the total cost under the contract will be $133,380,000, or nearly double. Even supposing that some portions of the road cost a little less than $54,000 a mile, there are other expenses to be incurred, bridges, steel rails, sidings, stations and all betterments.

That "Tainted" Money and Its Future Uses.

The final disposition of the money impounded at the Gamey inquiry is probably the last echo of that famous case, which had so important an influence in the general elections of 1905. The amount, $2,000, is given for charitable purposes. The newspaper organ of Hon. G. W. Ross remarks that the familiar question, "Where did the money come from?" has never been satisfactorily answered. Well, as the London Free Press points out, that is a matter of opinion. Most people, however, have come to believe that it came from the source so definitely and minutely described by the member for Manitoulin in his various statements both before the court and on public platforms. He said it came to him as the result of a corrupt overture made to him in the first place by "Cap." Sullivan on behalf of the Ross Government, and, secondly, through interviews which he had with Mr. Aylesworth, solicitor of the Ross Government, and other accredited agents. It was given to purchase his vote as a legislator to keep the Ross faction in power. Where the agents of Ross found the money is the only mystery attaching to it in the public mind. But that does not matter. Whether they took it out of the treasury which they controlled and fought so desperately to hold on to, or obtained it as the result of toll levied on the officials and grafters who were bled for the political fund, is neither here nor there. What was of importance to know at the time was the use to which, the money was being put. And long ere this most people have been convinced that it was used precisely in the way Mr. Gamey described, namely, as an attempted bribe for a vote, which did not come off. That question has therefore been answered quite satisfactorily to the people of Ontario. The Ross organ in Toronto discusses the morality of accepting this "tainted money" which has been allotted for charity. It says "the money is certainly tainted. • • in the use its owner sought to make of it." Quite so. That was the view taken by the member for Manitoulin when he received it from the owner or purveyor, and forthwith told about the political filth with which the Ross agents had besmirched it.

All smart up-to-date women of to-day,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes "Rocky Mountain Tea."—D. M. Waters.

TIMELY TOPICS.

The weather would be lovely if the wind did not feel as though it were coming out of a cold storage plant.

• • •

A certain alderman is going to make a splash with a new automobile in the near future. They say he is getting it to try to run over dogs with. He has positively no use for the gentle bow-wows.

• • •

Push out your chests, good people. Prince Arthur stayed five minutes here and only four minutes in Hamilton. He didn't even get off his car to look at the mountain or borrow an exchange from the Spec. office.

• • •

Some people are wondering why certain of the schools did not hoist their flags in honor of St. George's day yesterday. As a prominent member of the great firm of John, Sandy and Pat, the Englishman's day should be honored. So should all the other national saints' days. What are the flags for, if not to fling to the breeze on nighdays and holidays?

• • •

And that reminds us: In the swift land across the line, flags are flying on most of the public buildings every day in the year. Why should that not be done here? A flagstaff without a flag looks like a vacant house. It has a forlorn air. The Union Jack should float from all public flagstaffs every day during the good old summer time. It brightens things up and let's visitors see that we are alive.

• • •

Mr F. R. Lingham, who arrived in this city yesterday, reports meeting Mr. H. Corby in Rome. The genial Harry, Mr. Lingham says, is looking extremely well, and has grown so stout that he now weighs part of a ton. May his shadow never grow less.

• • •

Don't forget the concert this evening in aid of the Hospital. Good programme; good cause.

• • •

One thing about the Sons of St. George," remarks the man on the next block, "when they go home from a celebration they don't see twa moons in the sky."

• • •

The house-cleaning festivities will most likely keep at a safe distance so long as the wind stays in the north.

• • •

The Globe's Ottawa correspondent says there is general sincere regret at the retirement from the position of Conservative leader, in the Senate of Sir Mackenzie Bowell who for nearly forty years has been the fearless and honest servant of the people. His rugged eloquence, his unswerving integrity, his blunt advocacy of what he deemed to be right, the correspondents adds, are qualities which have caused Sir Mackenzie to be held in high esteem.

• • •

Does evangelism pay. It sometimes appears to pay the evangelizer, at all events. The net results of Crossley and Hunter's revival campaign of five weeks in Brantford were one thousand converts, receipts over $1,000, and expenditure $400. The two revivalists received something over $300 each for the five weeks' work.

Discussing this, the Hamilton Times says: "How were these two men able to do in five weeks what all the Christian forces and all the ministers in Brantford were unable to do in five years? Possibly the solution of the question is to be found in the explanation that others sowed the seed and the revivalists reaped the harvest."

• • •

A Brantford paper tells us that "the evangelists were brief and to the point." Certainly they set a fine example to their brother ministers in that respect. But is it not just possible that evangelists who obtain such "results" use methods which ministers who stay in one place for years either could not or would not use?

• • •

Dr. Wild again sees the end of the world coming. The good old doctor has been seeing such things all his life, but he's here yet.

• • •

Residents in the neighborhood of the Corby park are considerably incensed at the action of Ald. Knox in erecting a large and by no means sightly building there, which the aforesaid residents complain is not only entirely unnecessary but liable, in the end, to become a public nuisance, particularly offensive to those who reside in close proximity to the park.

Surely Ald. Knox did not get his plan for that building from the landscape architect who was in this city lately! What does the Civic Improvement Society think of this latest stroke of genius?

• • •

But hold. Perhaps the worthy alderman means the building for a dog pound. Anyhow, he is being pretty well pounded (figuratively, of course) by people who live near the Corby park.

• • •

Crown Attorney Curry, of Toronto, has resigned. He was an excellent official, and the Queen City will have some difficulty in finding a man to adequately fill his shoes.

HOUSECLEANING DRUGS

We would like to furnish your housecleaning drugs. Scores of items here that cost little, which will facilitate the spring cleaning.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"THE CONVICT'S DAUGHTER." TO-MORROW NIGHT.

An original melodrama of absorbing interest, "The Convict's Daughter," will be offered at the Carman to-morrow night. It portrays phases of human nature that are encountered every day. Stupendous scenic features, sensational realism and heart interest are its dominant elements. Five acts are required to develop the story. The first is a Southern homestead; the second, Col. Gould's drawing room; the third, a shabby home in the quarries; the fourth, a jail, and the fifth is a repetition of the first scene. The principal characters are true to southern life. J. A. Fraser, jun., the author, has placed these characters naturally and arranged life-like scenes from beginning to end. The play is strongly cast and magnificently produced.

"THE HOLY CITY."

The advertised engagement of Clarence Bennett's great play is well worthy of the attention it excites. Men will ever differ in opinions, but truth is acknowledged even when convictions regret its brilliant uses. It is difficult to conceive of anything but good coming from performances of "The Holy City;" hardened sinners cannot dispute its facts, humble sinners will accept its teachings and sanctined saints may gain instead of losing, if they absorb the play from the rising of the curtain until it closes to view the artist-author's dramatic and picturesque story of Jerusalem, its people, its sorrows and its joys. The second season of this remarkable drama is great in its achievements. Manager Carman should be thanked for securing the splendid tragedy and company for his theatre next Friday evening.

At Sign of the Scales.

DRUNK.

Patrick Clark, an old offender, was charged with being intoxicated. A fine of $5 or one month in jail was imposed. Paddy, not having the change, will for 30 days be provided with free lodging.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Dr. Wild Thinks the World's End is Coming

Toronto, April 23—The San Francisco horror is read by Dr. Wild as a heaven-sent warning of the approaching end of all things, even as he has interpreted the Mount Pelee eruption and the outcome of the Russo-Japanese struggle.

"It simply shows that Providence is getting ready in Nature, and giving us proper warning of the great earthquake to come during the battle of Armageddon," he said.

Dr. Wild remarked that while in charge of the Plymouth Congregational church in Los Angeles, a few years ago, he felt the unpleasant sensations of earthquakes on two occasions.

"The natural impulse of everybody is to flee from the houses into the streets," he said, in recounting his first experience. The rocking and shaking of a chandelier over his head was the first noticeable sign, then the floor appeared to quiver and tremble. The shocks came with sharp distinctness, and the wall of the room was rent across diagonally. The second time he felt a visitation of the sensation was different, there being a steady, continuous tremor, causing a feeling of vertigo, such as might be experienced on a sea voyage

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stopover arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18—Mt

Half-Sick

When your nerves are weak, when you are easily tired, when you feel all run down, then is the time you need a good strong tonic—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Your doctor will tell you why it has such power over weak nerves, why it makes the blood rich, and why it gives courage and strength. Ask him if it is not just the medicine you need.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

Everything in Rubber Stamps—Perry.

The amount of Insurance now in force in The Mutual Life Company of Canada is nearly $45,000,000, it has assets of about $10,000,000, and its surplus on the Government Standard, over and above all liabilities, is more than $1,200,000—S. Burrows, General Agent.

In buying tickets o'er land and sea be sure and call on S. Burrows, Ticket Agent, Front St., Belleville. 21-24

— Brass Letters for boats —
Enamel and Gold letters on windows
—Perry, Front St.—

Ladies' P.P.C. card envelopes, 5c per package. At Intelligencer office.

—Verandah Curtains—
Verandah Shades, Verandah Shades
— Verandah Shades and Curtains —
—Window Awnings—
—Awnings Shades and Curtains —
—Also Tents —
— Geo. Perry, Front St. —
d&w

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASEBALL MONDAY.

American League Games.

At St. Louis— R.H.E.
St. Louis .... 4 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 •—7 9 0
Detroit .... 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 8 2
Batteries—Howell and Rickey; Killian and Warner. Umpires—Connolly and Lowes. Attendance—1900.

At Chicago— R.H.E.
Chicago .... 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 •—3 6 1
Cleveland .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 4 2
Batteries—Smith and Sullivan; Rhoades and Buelow. Umpire—Connors. Attendance—3478.

At Philadelphia—New York-Philadelphia game postponed on account of rain.

At Washington—Washington-Boston game postponed on account of cold weather.

National League Games.

At Boston— R.H.E.
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 6 2
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 2
Batteries—Lush and Donovan; Lindeman and Needham. Umpires—Emslie and Conway. Attendance—540.

At Cincinnati— R.H.E.
Cincinnati .....0 0 1 0 0 4 0 0 0—5 7 1
St. Louis ....3 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 2—7 9 2
Batteries—Overall and Phelps; McFarland and Holmes. Umpires—Klem and Carpenter. Attendance—1000.

At New York—New York-Brooklyn game postponed; rain.

Going to Europe.

The "Empress of Britain," the magnificent new steamer of the C. P. R. line, is now having her initial trips around the British coast and is making twenty knots an hour. Her first trip from Quebec will be on the 23rd of June. Bellevillians will be much interested in this as some of our leading citizens will be passengers on her, including the Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., Ex-Mayor J. W. Johnson and Mrs. Johnson, Col. W. N. Fontor, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Reid and Master Gordon Reid.

Deaths.

WALLBRIDGE.—At Brockville, on April 21st, 1906, Agnes Ann Wallbridge, relict of the late Robert Wallbridge, of Belleville.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a resolution of the City Council, I hereby call a meeting of the citizens to discuss the matter of the Rolling Mills proposed settlement Friday evening, April 27th, 1906, at 8 o'clock p.m., at the Council Chamber.

C. N. SULMAN,
Mayor.

Dated April 24th, 1906. 24-26

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate winds, fine and a little warmer. Wednesday, southerly winds, fair and warmer.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

LADIES!

It is natural for a lady to want her jewelry stylish and up-to-date as her gowns and unless such is the case the beauty of the latter is detracted from. Following is a list of what are the very newest, according to fashions at present prevailing in New York:

Mounted Back Combs, 60c to $4.50.
Collarettes, $3 to $10.
Neck Chains, $1 to $6.
Crosses & Lockets, 75c to $10
Waist Pin Sets, 25c to $6
Collar and Cuff Pins, 15c to $1.50.
Hat Pins, 25c to $1.50
Hand Bags, $1 to $13.

A line with which the most discriminating lady can find no fault

Angus McFee

It Pays to Buy the Best.

Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE TEAS

IN SEALED PACKETS
NEW SEASON'S FINEST BLENDS.
Indo-Ceylon Teas
FRAGRANT AND DELICIOUS
40, 50 and 60c lb
Good Teas at 25c lb.

EXTRA VALUE EXTRA VALUE
WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S
SPECIAL BLEND
Indo-Ceylon Tea
30c lb

4 LBS. FOR $1.00

8 half-pound sealed packets for $1.

Wallbridge & Clark
ESTABLISHED 1871.
DELICIOUS COFFEE, 30 & 40c lb

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned till May 1st for the Brick Building behind Convent. It is 26 x 36 and contains about 30,000 brick. The roof is reserved. All material to be removed by June 1st.

JAMES HANLEY,
24-4t Sec. R.C.S.S. Board.

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

. . AND THE . .

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.............................. **$3.00**
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.................... **$3.00**

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year; Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER
WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Lathe hands, used to accurate work. Box G, Intelligencer. 19-6t

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

"Destruction of San Francisco." — Best Book. Large profits. Act quick. Sample Free. Globe Company, 723 Chestnut St., Phila. 23-3t

Tea Canvassers Wanted. It will pay you to investigate my goods, prices, and complete outfit of samples and instructions. A trial order solicited. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Tea Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario

FOR SALE.

For a short time only, 12 useful household articles for 50 cents. Address P. C. Coo, 116 Wilson Ave., London, Out. 18-6t

TO LET.

House on Bridge St. All modern improvements. Apply to Dr. Caldwell. 16-6t

LOST.

Umbrella, Saturday morning, on Front St., Belleville. Reward at Intelligencer Office. a14-tf

FOUND.

On Sunday evening, a chain and locket, the latter bearing a monogram. Apply for same at police station.

CALIFORNIA
VIA
CANADIAN PACIFIC
RETURN FARE FROM
BELLEVILLE
TO

'FRISCO and LOS ANGELES
$78.65
Via Detroit and direct lines each way

SAN FRANCISCO
$91.15
Going via American lines and returning via Canada or vice versa.

CHOICE OF ROUTES
Stop-overs west of Missouri River
Going April 24 to May 5
Returning until July 31
For Further Information See
S. BURROWS,
C. P. R. Agent, Belleville.
Or write C. B. Foster, D. P. A., Toronto.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 408, Front St.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.
42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 24

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	89⅜	89⅞
do pref	....	
St. Paul	169⅞	169
Mop	93	93¼
Union Pac	149⅞	149⅞
C.P.R	160⅞	160¼
Sou Ra:	64⅞	64⅞
R I	26⅛	26⅛
Ills. C.	170⅞	170
Sou. Ry	38	38
Texas	31¾	31¾
B.& O	109⅞	109⅞
N Y C	138⅞	137⅞
Penn	135⅞	139
Soo	155⅞	156⅞
T. W.	116	115⅞
Erie	41¾	41⅞
do pref	75¼	75½
Reading	124	125⅞
C. O	56¼	56¼
O W	48¼	49
Manhattan	154⅞	154⅞
W C	24½	25¼
L. & N.	145⅞	145⅞
A. F.	40⅞	41⅛
Nor	88	86¼
Wab.	21¼	20¼
do pref	45¼	44
A. R.	154⅞	154⅞
C. G. W	20	20½
T.C.I.	141⅞	141
U. S Steel	41½	41¼
do pref	107⅞	107⅞
Sugar	135⅞	136⅞
B.RT.	80¼	81½
P. O	92¼	92
A. C P.	107⅞	107⅞
Met.		
Alo.	61⅛	61½
C.F.I.	59¾	58¾

May wheat opened at 79⅞ closed at 79⅞
July wheat opened at 79⅞ closed at 79⅞
May corn opened at 46⅞; closed at 47⅞
July corn opened at 46⅞; closed at 46⅞
May Oats opened at 32 ; closed at 32⅞
May pork opened at 15.35 closed at 15.62

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents to be had at R. Templeton's drug store

The Tinsel Maker of Delhi.

Here is an artist's pretty description of a tinsel maker in Delhi, India: "The silken thread from a ball under the worker's feet as he squats on the ground runs over the hook and is attached to the spindle. One rapid sweep of the latter along the worker's thigh sets it going and both the slender, supple hands are free, one for the thread, one for the reel of tinsel, which in a flash shoots upward to arm's length coiled like a snake about the spinning thread. The sunlight and the gold tinsel together flash up the yellow silken thread, seeming to set it on fire."

Coughing.

"There is nothing so irritable to a cough as a cough." Constant coughing is precisely like scratching a wound on the outside of the body. So long as it is continued the wound will not heal. Let a person when tempted to cough draw a long breath and hold it until it warms and soothes every air cell, and benefit will soon be received from this process. The explanation simply is that the nitrogen which is thus refined acts as an anodyne to the mucous membrane, allaying the desire to cough and giving the throat and lungs a chance to heal.

Niagara Outdone.

A Scotchman was taken by an American friend to visit Niagara falls. Already his feelings as a patriot had been a little frosted by the persistent blowing of his conductor on the greatness of things American. "Did you ever behold anything so wonderful as that?" asked the guide. "Aye, man, at Peebles I saw a peacock wi' a wudden leg," was the unexpected reply.

An Improbable Story.

Diogenes, lantern in hand, entered the village drug store.

"Say, have you anything that will cure a cold?" he asked.

"No, sir, I have not," answered the pill compiler.

"Give me your hand," exclaimed Diogenes, dropping his lantern. "I have at last found an honest man."

Comforting.

"George, did you know that I was going to marry your sister?"

"Well, I heard her say so, but she's had that idea about so many other fellows that I didn't feel sure about it till you told me."

Pleasant All Around.

Mr. Facetious (having his portrait painted)—I suppose you want me to look pleasant? Artist—Yes, and pay in advance. Mr. Facetious—What's that for? Artist—Oh, so that I can look pleasant too.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Letters In England Not Private.

You cannot regard any letter you may send through the post as being private. The government has a legal right to open any letter or parcel passing through the post and is also entitled, of course, to use any information thus obtained in furtherance of the interests of the law. At one time the official and secret opening of "private" letters was of such common occurrence that postoffice employees were sent to France to take lessons from an expert in the art of opening and resealing letters. In 1812 the postmasters of Manchester, Nottingham and Glasgow were instructed to "open all such letters as should appear to be of a suspicious nature and likely to convey seditious information," and so recently as fifty years ago there was an agitation to deprive the government of the right to open letters passing through the post. The agitation failed, however, so that your letters are still liable to be opened, and the law would be on the side of the official opener.—London Answers.

Snake Hunting With Noses.

When the Australian aborigine is pushed and can find no other game, he catches snakes for food. With his wonderful brown eyes he can see the faintest trail where a snake has zigzagged through the dry moss and leaves. At nighttime his broad nostrils take up the chase, and, stooping down among the bushes, with a tough forked stick in his hand to support him, he follows the track as unerringly as a bloodhound. When he runs a snake to earth, if he cannot surprise it in the open and kill it by a sudden blow of his stick, he squats over its hole, making a low hissing or whistling sound with his lips. Soon the snake puts its head out of the hole and peers round. In an instant the forked stick descends and fixes it to the ground by the neck, and the black fellow, seizing it behind the head, so that it cannot bite him, drags it out of the hole and either twists its head off or pounds it on the ground till its back is broken.

Humanity and Machinery.

Machinery is the cornerstone of modern society, the very foundation on which law, science, ethics, the arts, even the state itself, rests. It is so new that we do not yet know its poetry. We do not yet understand. Only two generations have lived beside the highway of steam; only one has seen the Bessemer converter transform the blacksmith into the master builder of ships and towers. The sewing machine, the far speaker, the typewriter, are common things of today, accepted as a matter of daily convenience, and yet are they teachers of the people. Machines that come close to our lives and homes insensibly teach truth, precision, the adjustment of universal laws to human needs, respect for that wise American idea that labor saved is labor released for higher and nobler toil. The machine is the head master of the high school of the race.—Reader Magazine.

At a French Wedding.

A wedding feast is an important ceremony in France among all classes of society. Even among the very poorest of the Parisians a wedding banquet is the occasion for a reckless expenditure of money in the purchase of wine and viands. In Brittany a wedding is even a more gorgeous affair than in Paris. At a recent wedding ceremony in Brittany the guests numbered 1,200, and three bullocks were slaughtered to provide them with meat. Wine was consumed in large quantities, and in addition forty barrels of cider was consumed.

The Currant.

The currant of commerce is said to be one of the most nutritious forms of food, a pound of the little berries from Greece containing more than three times as much actual nourishment as the same weight of lean beef. "Currants," says one authority, "should really be eaten every day. They contain all the beneficial properties of the apple, but in greater proportion." The most important fact connected with them is that they supply the body with muscle building and nerve sustaining material in a form ready for speedy digestion and assimilation.

Lion of Babylon.

One of the oldest and at the same time most interesting bits of pictorial work which have been preserved from antiquity is that of the lion of Babylon, and so careful was the workmanship that even after the lapse of several thousand years not only the outline, but the color, is very distinct. The figure was used very generally for decorative purposes in ancient Babylon.

Childhood.

Man begins life helpless. The babe is in paroxysms of fear the moment its nurse leaves it alone, and it comes so slowly to any power of self protection that mothers say the salvation of life and health of a young child is a perpetual miracle.—Emerson.

How It Was.

The Magnate—Do you mean to say, sir, that you will charge me $1,000 for this operation if I live and $2,000 if I die? How is that? Great Surgeon—If you die it will be so much easier to collect from the estate.

Caustic.

"And you are ready to forgive your daughter for eloping with me, sir?"

"Yes, I'll treat her kindly. The poor girl will be sufficiently punished in having you for a husband."

Paradoxical.

Brown—Walking down this steep hill is pretty trying, isn't it? Green—It is, indeed; it i regular uphill work.

MANAGING SERVANTS.

The Lesson That One Woman's Experience Taught Her.

My experience has taught just this: Our servants are not our equals in point of education. Then let the educated mind be high in authority. No system can be strong where there is not a good leader. Let our servants feel and see that we know just as much about their work as they themselves do. To do this we must look into things carefully, for no woman ignorant of the ins and outs of a house can control her maid. Any mind will always respond to the superiority of knowledge. It is not necessary to parade this knowledge. But if Mary knows that by coming to her mistress she will be helped out of any difficulty she respects that mistress.

Yet, while we are above our servants in the management of our homes, the mistress and maid are equals under the laws of our land. The mistress who is wise will not pry into the private affairs of her maid. We cannot and do not demand all her time. A ten hour day seems to me impracticable, for housework in its nature does not admit of a ten hour day unless we can resolve it into specialties. That may work well where there is more than one maid, but to the average American housekeeper it would mean great deprivation.

The real, true, earnest spirit of leadership always counts. There is no humiliation in prompt obedience. By strength I do not mean a show of bossism, but a quiet, just, earnest spirit that will impress others with a desire to do good work.—Good Housekeeping.

HOUSE OR HOME?

There Is a Great Deal of Difference Between the Two.

My dear mother, how do you do? I beg leave respectfully to ask whether you are a homekeeper or a housekeeper.

The two do not always go together. Many a good housekeeper is a poor, very poor, homekeeper, as is proved by the haste her children manifest about getting out of the house. Many a poor housekeeper is a good homekeeper, as is proved by the willingness of the fledgelings to linger in the nest. The home is more than the house by all the difference between the value of flesh and blood and souls and that of wood and stone and bric-a-brac. Bright faces are better than shining stoves or glass or furniture; pure souls than exquisite raiment. Putting first things first goes a long way toward making home "a little heaven on earth."

When mother's face shines with interest and enthusiasm, when it is calm with love's deep purposes, the simplest home is more beautiful than a palace where love is not. The home that has books and games and music, even if they sometimes adorn (?) the floor instead of a closet shelf, a home in which father and mother join with the children in home work and study and play and entertaining mates and chums—this is the home in which children may longest be kept and influenced and guided.—Mother's Magazine.

CULINARY CONCEITS.

Apple pie is delicious with whipped cream or vanilla ice cream.

When cooking rabbit always remove the kidney fat and the flavor of the meat will be greatly improved.

Bananas fried in the fat remaining in the pan in which sausages have been fried make a very appetizing dish to serve with the sausages.

Slices of fried bread or ordinary toast spread with anchovy paste are delicious if covered with scrambled eggs. This is a very nice supper dish.

If in whipping cream the amount of cream is limited add the white of an egg, which will increase the quantity without hurting the flavor and will make it whip much quicker.

Stewed prunes, pitted, spiced to taste with vinegar, cinnamon and cloves, sweetened and cooked to the right consistency, make a delicious spiced sauce to serve with chicken, turkey or veal.

How to Drift Apart.

It is his wife—almost always his wife—to whom a man owes his reputation, and considering that a man's success depends upon his reputation it does look as if his wife might be a little more careful of it. Of course women say that they never talk about their husbands to anybody but their mothers and their dearest friends, whom they can trust, says Dorothy Dix in the Philadelphia Bulletin. As for thrashing over John's faults with mother, that way lies permanent alienation of the affection, for seen through mother's spectacles a husband's tiniest weakness looms up as big as an elephant. Moreover, after having taken a stand on a pedestal before mother as a persecuted wife it is almost impossible to climb down and off and forgive hubby as you would like to.

A Torn Belt.

The danger from a belt torn out by books and eyes is that the cloth of the skirt may yield to the strain and make an ugly tear. It should be mended as soon as possible after the necessity for it is discovered. Slip a bit of heavy canvas in between the double thickness of the belt at the point where it is torn; mend and sew the hooks on through it. It is hardly likely to tear out again. But a better way, if you have time, is to replace the belt entirely. For this there is nothing better than the flat, strong silk belting which is coming into favor so definitely for all sorts of tailor made belts. It makes a strong, flat belt, with none of the bulkiness about it anywhere which so often characterizes belts made of a double fold of lining, strengthened at the ends.

FOR YOUNG FOLKS

THE TWISTING SNAKE.

A Cardboard Toy That Is Easily Made and Operated.

Here is a paper toy for nimble fingers to make. It is called the twisted snake—at least that's what our grandfathers used to call it years ago.

To make it, cut a circular piece of cardboard about four inches across, mark off the dotted lines, as in Fig. 1, with a pencil, and cut along them with a sharp scissors. Fasten a knitting needle or a stiff wire that looks like one to some kind of a standard that will hold it steady. Perhaps mother will give you some very thin wire hairpins for this stand. Carefully press a little dent or socket in the cardboard near the end of the tail (o in Fig. 2), and rest the spiral on the knitting needle. Place the snake on the radiator, the register or the stove, and see the hot air make him wiggle and twist.—New York Herald.

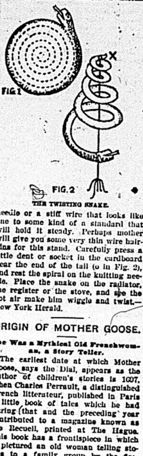


FIG. 1

FIG. 2

THE TWISTING SNAKE.

ORIGIN OF MOTHER GOOSE.

She Was a Mythical Old Frenchwoman, a Story Teller.

The earliest date at which Mother Goose, says the Dial, appears as the author of children's stories is 1697, when Charles Perrault, a distinguished French litterateur, published in Paris a little book of tales which he had during that and the preceding year contributed to a magazine known as the Recueil, printed at The Hague. This book has a frontispiece in which is pictured an old woman telling stories to a family group by the fireside, while in the background are the words in large characters, "Contes de ma Mere l'Oye" ("Tales of My Mother Goose"). These tales were eight in number, consisting of the following: "Little Red Riding Hood," "The Sisters Who Dropped From Their Mouths Diamonds and Toads," "Bluebeard," "The Sleeping Beauty," "Puss In Boots," "Cinderella," "Riquet With the Tuft" and "Tom Thumb," or "Little Thumb" (Petit Poucet), as he is here called. "Riquet With the Tuft" is the only one of the collection which seems not to have maintained its popularity in English and American collections.

It is thus clear that Mother Goose was of French extraction and of at least respectable antiquity. But thus far nothing has been heard of her "Melodies." She began her existence as the raconteur of fairy tales, not as the nursery poetess.

Volcanic Eruptions.

The ancient Romans worshiped volcanoes as the god of fire. From this god's name our word volcano comes. There are three classes of volcanoes—active, intermittently active and extinct. There is a volcano called Stromboli in the Mediterranean which is one of the active class. Its fiery glow makes a beacon light for the sailors. Examples of the second class are Etna and Vesuvius. These volcanoes are like chimneys through which the powerful gases that are in the earth escape. If these gases could not find some outlet it might mean total destruction to the layer of the earth on which we live.

It is not definitely known how many volcanoes there are, but the number of them is supposed to be more than 300. Two-thirds of that number are on islands. About 114 of these are in America.

Sleepers That Slip and Sleep.

Here is a string of sentences which may be used as stimulating mental gymnastics when we leave the "Land of Nod." A sleeper runs on sleepers, and in this sleeper on sleepers sleepers sleep. As this sleeper carries its sleepers over the sleepers that are under the sleeper, a slack sleeper slips. This jars the sleeper and its sleepers, so that they slip and no longer sleep.

The Lion's Mouth.

The use of the lion's mouth as the vent of a fountain is quite common, so much so that it cannot possibly be considered accidental. As a matter of fact the custom came to us from the Egyptians, who adopted it because the annual inundation of the Nile takes place when the sun is in the constellation Leo, the lion. The allusion is too obvious to need pointing out.

The Persian Zoo.

Did you ever see a two headed cat,
With five legs that are black and blue,
And horns like a cow and elephants ears
And neck like a mutton stew?

Did you ever see a mouse with wings,
Its tail like a kangaroo,
Its nose like a couple of scrambled eggs?
I often have—haven't you?

Just lie on the floor near a Persian rug,
And the figures that stare at you
Are the strangest animals ever seen
Either in or out of the zoo.
—Washington Star.

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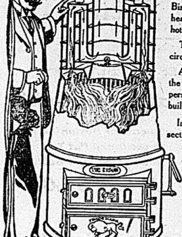

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TIMELY TOPICS.

HE'S AN ORATOR.

When Jim gits up to make a speech,
I tell you what, you're sure to hear him,
He'll whoop an' holler, yell an' screech,
No other talker can come near him.
It ain't no milk-an'-water stuff
Jest whispered to you, like some fellers;
It's allus hot an' strong enough,
An', as I said, he fairly belters.

He don't pretend to be perlite
When speakin' of the other party,
It's no kid-glove, silkstockin' fight
He makes; he lams 'em good an' hearty—
Jest talks right out an' takes the cask;
He ain't none of your careful hinters,
But shakes his fist an' pounds the desk
An' stamps the platform into splinters.

I like to hear ol' Jim orate,
You bet he sets the eagle screamin'
He'll wake you up an' set you straight
If you've been layin' back an' dreamin'.
He may not talk a lick o' sense,
His logic you can't always foller,
But, all the same, ol' Jim's immense,
It's worth your while to hear him holler.

* * *

Burglars in Winnipeg robbed a lawyer's office of $1,100. It is very unusual for the predatory classes to prey upon one another in this fashion.

* * *

The celebration of Easter in Russia appears to have been unusually spiritless, not a single Jew being murdered.

* * *

Louisville children were given a holiday the other day, and 300,000 packages of flower seeds to plant. That is an idea for a city beautiful.

* * *

The London, England, Medical Times complains that there are too many doctors. The Medical Register for 1906 contains 39,060 names, which is 56? more than in 1905, and 12,500 more than 20 years ago.

* * *

If not absolutely sweltering in heat, London was very near it during last week, and several cases of heat apoplexy, two having resulted in death, are reported at the hospitals. Thirty men out of 170 of the First Battalion of the Buffs regiment were bowled over by the heat during a seventeen mile march on Thursday—and had to be conveyed to hospital in ambulance wagons.

* * *

Mark Twain, at a dinner in New York, was attacking Christian Science in his whimsical way. "I only know of one convert to Christian Science," he said, "with whom I can feel any sympathy at all. I despise this man, but at the same time I can understand him. He came to me one day and told me he had become a Christian Scientist. 'What? No more doctors?' said I. 'No more doctors. No more medicine,' he said firmly. I was pained and grieved. I thought his mind must be going. He told me casually, as he was putting on his coat, that his mother-in-law had been taken seriously ill at his home a few days before."

* * *

The city publicity idea is taking hold in earnest all over Canada. The latest example is given by Regina, the population of which is about 5,000. The Board of Trade of that city has decided to employ a publicity commissioner, to raise $5,000 from the citizens for the current year's expenditure, and to ask the City Council, which is understood to be quite willing, to raise another $5,000. Regina, therefore, commits itself to spending $10,000 in the next year for the establishment of a publicity department, in order to attract capital to the city.

* * *

The most celebrated historic earthquake is certainly that appalling event which occurred at Lisbon on November 1, 1755. Within eight minutes the whole city was reduced to ruins and 50,000 inhabitants were swallowed up. Perhaps the most awe-inspiring event was the disappearance without leaving a trace behind it of the great Lisbon pier, with its crowd of terror-stricken fugitives, who had flown to it for safety. The earthquake also did incalculable damage at Coembra, Oporto, Malaga, Fez, in Morocco, where thousands of people perished, and at the Madeira Islands. According to Humboldt, a noted student of seismic disturbances, it extended over an area equal to about one-eleventh of the earth's suface.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

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PIANO EXPERIMENTS.

Playing by Sweeping the Strings With a Feather.

Open wide your piano so that the wires are exposed. Over the wires place sheets of music, and when you strike a tone you will find that it has a rattling sound. If now you play a tune in the same manner, with the sheets of music still lying on the strings, it will sound as if the instrument were a banjo. Anyhow, it is a good imitation.

Now remove the music sheets and press down gently, but firmly, the keys belonging to any cord. Take the simple cord C. E. G. for example. The keys must be pressed down without sounding them and held down while some one gently brushes the strings with a feather or a straw. The effect will be as if the cord were played far away and is heard by you as very soft tones.

Change the cord, always pressing down the keys without sounding them, while the feather still sweeps the strings lightly. In this way you may modulate or play a slow piece, and the effect will be very beautiful, indeed, as if heard from a great distance.

The reason of this is that ordinarily a damper rests against each string, but when the corresponding key is struck or pressed down the damper is raised. In sweeping the strings with the feather, lightly, only the strings that are undampered sound, the others being held mute by the dampers, but if the touch of the feather is too heavy even the other strings may sound, so your care must be in making a light and delicate touch.

Now press down a key gently and hold it. Strike very hard the octave above this key, but do not hold it after striking the tone. When the wire of the tone struck has been sufficiently dampered, so that it does not sound so loud, the pressed down key will be heard to "sing" clearly, even though it was not struck. This is because every note struck is composed of several notes, being in reality a cord in itself, and each note contained in that cord causes the corresponding note in the keyboard to vibrate, or "sing," in sympathy if held down in like manner.

The other notes that will sound under these conditions will always be the fifth above the octave, the second octave and the third and fifth above that, and these tones that sound are called "overtones."

For illustration, if C in the lower part of the piano be struck, any or all of the notes that follow will sound if their keys are first pressed and held down.

Not For Strangers.

"What in the world does that mean?" asked the traveler through a sparsely settled region on the cape. "There's no such place on my road map."

The man whom he addressed first took a leisurely survey of the traveler and his horse and then turned his eyes toward the weather beaten sign which bore the single word "Tolpim."

"That ain't a name," he said, with dignity; "it's jest an indication. It means, 'To Long Pond one mile.'

"It's plain enough to folks from near by that's hunting for the pond, and we don't reckon on strangers taking much interest."—Youth's Companion.

Such a Waste!

"I wonder," said the man of a statistical turn, "I wonder how much powder is destroyed daily in useless salutes?"

"There must be a lot," said the frivolous girl, "but I suppose women will go on kissing each other just the same."

Slow.

Bill Collector—They say they'll send a check when they get around to it.
Employer—When they get around to it? They must be traveling in the wrong direction.

Keep clean, keep well and dress well. Cleanliness and health are attractive. The world is a great respecter of good clothes.

Historic Toronto Relics.

The old drinking fountain presented to Toronto by the late Angus Morrison, once mayor of Toronto, which has been a familiar object on West Market street for many years, will be removed to a location on Front street, between the two market buildings. The Toronto chapter of the Ontario Society of Architects protested against the proposal to demolish the slowly-decaying belfry on St. Lawrence Market. The members of the chapter expressed the opinion that the historic interest and architectural beauty of the belfry should protect it from the hand of the destroyer. The property committee has recommended that $1,600 be expended in repairing the tower.

A Morning Dip.

A dip and a scrub every morning in a shallow bath—that is, in a foot or more of tepid water—is very refreshing and can be readily borne by almost any one but a confirmed invalid. If at the finish one can do so without absolute suffering, it is well to dash a few handfuls of cold water over the face, neck and shoulders, then to rub dry vigorously with soft towels.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Wheat Futures Close Higher, Chicago Higher—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Monday Evening, April 23.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ¼d higher than Saturday, and corn futures ⅝d to 1d higher.

At Chicago May wheat closed ⅛c lower than Saturday; May corn, ⅛c lower, and May oats ⅛c lower.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY.

	April 23.	April 24,'05.
Wheat	43,943,000	30,417,000
Corn	7,074,000	11,093,000
Oats	18,190,000	14,671,000

During the week wheat decreased 2,022,000 bushels, corn decreased 754,000 bushels, and oats decreased 625,000 bushels.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
Minneapolis	76	78¾
Detroit	87½	81½
St. Louis	78⅝	76½
Duluth	78¾	79⅜
Toledo	87	80½

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush ...	$0 74	to $....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 77	0 79
Wheat, red, bush	0 77	0 79
Wheat, goose, bush	0 73	....
Barley, bush	0 51	....
Oats, bush	0 40	....
Rye, bush	0 70	....
Peas, bush	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 23.—Wheat, spot nominal; futures, steady; May, 6s 5¼d; July, 6s 7½d; Sept., 6s 7d. Corn, spot, firm; American mixed, new, 4s 5½d; American mixed, old, 4s 8½d; futures, strong; May, 4s 6¼d; July, 4s 5¼d. Pork, prime mess, western, strong, 82s 6d; bacon, short ribs, steady, 52s 6d; long clear middles, light, steady, 48s; long clear middles, heavy, steady, 48s; clear bellies, steady, 48s. Shoulders, square, steady, 42s. Lard, prime western, in tierces, steady, 44s; American, refined, in pails, steady, 45s; cheese, American finest white, steady, 62s 6d. Turpentine spirits, steady, 47s 3d. Hops in London, Pacific coast, firm, £2 5s to £3 15s.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 23.—Butter, firmer; receipts, 4120; street price extra creamery, 21c to 21½c. Official prices creamery, common to extra, 14c to 21c; do., held, 14c to 19½c; renovated, common to extra, 10c to 18c; western factory, common to firsts, 13c to 15½c.

Cheese—Firm; receipts, 1910; state full cream, large and small, colored and white, fancy, 14¼c; do., good to prime, 13½c to 14c; common to fair, 11c to 13c; skims, full to light, 2½c to 10¼c.

Eggs—Firm; receipts, 25,853; state, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 20c; do., choice, 19c to 19½c; do., mixed, extra, 19c; western, firsts, 19c; do., seconds, 17¼c to 17½c; southerns, 16c to 18c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Are Firmer—Cattle and Hogs Are Easier at Chicago.

London, April 23.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8c to 8¼c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 20c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO JUNCTION LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 23.—Receipts of live Stock at the Union Stock Yards were 64 car loads, composed of 1294 cattle, 3 sheep, 1 hog, 23 calves and 1 horse.

Exporters.

Prices ranged from $4.60 to $5.20 per cwt., with fewest at the latter price, as will be seen by quotations given below. The bulk of exporters sold at $4.90 to $5.15 per cwt. Bulls sold at $3.50 to $4, with a few of prime quality at $4.25.

Butchers.

There was a better supply of butchers', but not enough of the best kind. Prices for the best butchers' held strong, selling as high as many exporters, several loads of which were bought to go back to the country as short-keep feeders. Picked lots of butchers' sold at $4.90 to $5 per cwt.; loads of good at $4.60 to $4.80; medium, $4.25 to $4.65; cows, at $3.25 to $4.25.

Feeders and Stockers.

Two or three loads of light exporters were bought to go back to the country as short-keeps, weighing 1150 to 1250, at $4.65 to $4.70 per cwt.

Veal Calves.

Veal calves sold at $4.75 per cwt.

Hogs.

H. P. Kennedy reports prices unchanged at $7.15 for selects and $6.90 for lights and fats.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, April 23.—(Special.)—Cables came strong from Liverpool and London on Canadian cattle and prices advanced ¾c per pound to 12c, and one cable from Liverpool quoted at 12¼c. Exports from Portland and St. John last week were 1798 cattle, 1125 sheep. Receipts were 1200 cattle, 50 milch cows, 500 calves, 100 sheep and lambs, 1000 hogs. The market for hogs was stronger and prices advanced 10 per 100 lbs. Receipts were 1000, for which the demand was good and sales of select lots were made at $7.75 to $7.85 per cwt., weighed off cars. Our cables on Saturday on Canadian bacon were strong. Liverpool prices advanced 1s to 64s, London, 1s to 2s, to 58s to 67s, and Bristol, 1s, to 59s to 66s. The trade in cattle was active and prices were steady under a good demand. Extra choice beeves sold at 5¼c to 5½c; choice, 4¾c to 5c; good at 4¼c to 4½c; fair, at 3¾c to 4c; common, at 3c to 3½c; inferior, at 2½c to 3c per lb. Milch cows were slow of sale, at from $25 to $55 each. Common calves sold at $2 to $3 each, and good $5 to $6 each. The sheep were nearly all shorn and sold at 4½c to 6c per lb. Good spring lambs sold at $4 to $5 each, but some of the smaller ones at $3 each.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 4300 head; fairly active, 10c lower; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.65; shipping, $4.65 to $5.15; butchers', $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.50; bulls, $3.25 to $4.25; stockers and feeders, $3.50 to $4.50; stock heifers, $2.75 to $3.50; fresh cows and springers, strong to $2 higher; $20 to $55.

Veals—Receipts, 2200 head; active and steady, $4.50 to $5.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 15,300 head; active and steady; heavy and mixed, $6.90; yorkers, $6.80 to $6.90; pigs, $6.75; roughs, $6 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2400 head; active; sheep, steady; lambs, 5c higher; lambs, $6.25 to $7.25; yearlings, $6.25 to $6.50; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75; clipped lambs, $5 to $5.80

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 23.—Beeves—Receipts, 4206; steers, slow but strong; heavy bulls, dull and easier; bologna bulls steady; cows, steady to firm; steers, $4.00 to $5.75; bulls, $3.00 to $4.00; cows, $2 to $3.85. Exports to-morrow, 850 cattle, 1110 sheep and 4200 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 8453. Market active, but prices 75c to $1 lower. Veals, $4 to $5.50; choice and extra, $5.00 to $5.75; culls, $3 to $3.50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 8635; sheep, steady; lambs, opened full steady, closed easier; sheep, clipped, $3 to $5; woolled, do. $4 to $5.50; clipped lambs, $5.25 to $5.70; woolled, do., $7 to $7.75; few spring lambs, at $4 each.

Hogs—Receipts, 8937; market barely steady. State hogs, $6.90 to $7.10.

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The Adventurers

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with a hand that shook. He drained it at a draft and turned to Hood. The innkeeper glided to his chair, and something passed from hand to hand. Sercombe put the torn fragment upon the table before him. He looked at me, as if inviting me to a similar demonstration. We were to proceed by moves, then.

"I have [illegible] evidence that this is the document," I objected.

"Nor I, in your case," he retorted.

"Very well," I assented. "We will take it point by point, but I fear we shall find it a tedious job."

I drew the paper from my pocket and laid it before me. At the other end of the table I could see Sercombe's green eyes bulging in his head as they fastened upon the white thing under my hand. His mouth dropped, and a portion of the glow receded from his face. Montgomery stared. A tense feeling stiffened the attention of all. I felt my heart throb in the silence, and then suddenly there was a sharp exclamation from Sheppard, and the next moment I was conscious of a clatter and two figures struggling beside me. The affair lasted but a few seconds, and then Hood was hurled deftly back against the window, and Sheppard flung upon the floor with a crash a long Spanish dagger.

A hush fell on the room. Sercombe turned pale, and his eyes shifted uneasily. Had it been murder that was intended? If so, I could have sworn that Sercombe was no party to it.

"It appears that we can't do quite without the law," said Sheppard, placing his heel upon the weapon. Hood, breathing deeply, remained in the shadows of the window.

"What does this mean?" I asked.

Hood, black and lean, but immovable as to feature, stepped from his corner. "I beg your pardon, sir," he explained, "but I suppose the gentleman objects to my wearing it. It isn't a pretty weapon, sir, exactly, but I have found it useful, sir. I thought there would be no objection. Mr. Greatorex, sir, more especially as the gentleman here carries a revolver." He indicated Montgomery, who grew red and stammered:

"I beg your pardon. Awfully sorry. I—I—here it is," and extracting a Colt from under his waistcoat he threw it on the table in front of me.

Sheppard and I exchanged glances.

"Come, sir," said Sercombe's voice, rising in an imperative key, "but this remarkable scene requires an explanation. Why may not Mr. Hood wear what weapon he likes?"

"Was there anything?" I asked of Sheppard in a whisper.

He frowned in embarrassment. "To have waited for anything would have been too late," he answered in the same tone. "I had to forestall. I guessed, but I'll swear I guessed right. I can't prove it. I caught the gleam." Then he turned quickly from me and picking up the dagger offered it to Hood. "I am sorry for this misunderstanding, Mr. Hood," he said sweetly. "If I had stopped to think I should have known that a man like yourself would only carry a weapon for some good purpose. But I am a creature of impulse, full of mistakes, but of a warm heart below all, and I offer you the dagger back in token of my trust in you," with which he sat himself down in his seat and ostentatiously played with Montgomery's revolver for the rest of the interview.

"Come, come. That is well said and well ended," said the captain genially, and he was evidently very much relieved at the conclusion of this scene. "And now, Mr. Greatorex, and to show that it is not both sides that are so unnecessarily suspicious, if you will be so good as to take this paper from me I will trust you to read out the whole document."

This proposal, coming on the top of what had happened between us, astounded us all, as you may suppose. But Sercombe was rarely at a loss for some amazing movement, and he knew well enough that he was perfectly safe with me, whereas he was also aware that I knew I was absolutely unsafe with him. Therefore he assumed a golden air of courtesy and lofty faith, as between gentlemen. But these reflections are not to the point, for there was I, with the two parts of the precious document in my hands and four pairs of bright eyes burning upon my face with their eager interrogation. You may conjecture my emotions and the way my pulse ran. I spread the paper I had received from Sercombe upon the other, smoothed it with the back of a knife and, forthwith deciphering the following composition, read it slowly aloud to the company:

"I, Sir Ralph Vyvian, being now in my thirtieth year and upon the eve of exile through the malicious treachery of friends, this 15th day of April, in the year of our Lord 1646, do hereby, as follows hereunder, give and proclaim to all or any of my descendants, lawfully begotten, or their heirs, the ensuing information. It being in the twentieth year of the reign of our beloved sovereign his gracious majesty and in the fifth of the lamentable and abominable strife with the disloyal houses, I was besieged in Ivor castle by one Colonel Morgan, attached to the army of the houses and more particularly to the notorious traitor Sir Thomas Fairfax. I held this castle for the king for three days and three nights, but upon the fourth day, this said 15th day of April, through the accursed act of traitors, the enemy hath gained entrance by the towers and even now is pressing upon the garrison. And thus I set down these several facts here upon the instant of the final essay—to wit, that I, being the custodian of divers cases of treasure, gold pieces, jewels and the like, destined for his majesty's uses, having taken counsel with my steward and my friend Sir John Clunes, have concealed this great treasure in a privy place within the castle precincts and do hereby deposit this said writing also in a secret hiding place. And to whomsoever of my descendants or their lawful heirs this shall fall, in the event of my death or exile, I charge them to deliver the same unto his gracious majesty King Charles or unto his heirs, the sovereign kings of this realm, as a dutiful subject, being held in trust for that purpose.

"And here is how ye shall find the treasure: If ye will descend by the stairway in the guard room within the northern tower ye will find a gallery among the donjons of the basement. Keep upon this, feeling upon the walls, until ye shall touch the corner where the castle turneth to the south"—

Now I paused for a moment, for here the document which Sercombe had given me was ended. I cast a glance at the others as I laid it aside and took up the other portion. Sercombe's face was appalling in its marks of greed. The vulture shone from Hood's eyes. I resumed:

"Turning this corner, it is necessary to proceed upon the western side of the castle for the space of thirty footsteps, and at the close thereof to pause and survey the walls. If ye will then determine a height of five feet from the footway, there will be hereupon disclosed a small knobbe, the which revolving will give access to a large cupboard within the wall. Observe diligently upon the back of the cupboard and where the oaken lining adjoins the stone. Here will be a spring, the which pushing, a doorway shall open behind the cupboard, and ye shall find entrance to an interior vault. A flight of stairway leadeth"—

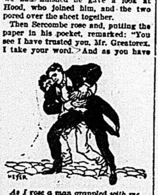
At this point, as you will remember, the document grew illegible and nothing but the blur of faint characters was discernible. But we had all that was necessary in that explicit narrative of the dead Cavalier, and in proof of this up jumped the captain, his green eyes shining with emotion, and—

"You will give me a copy of that, sir?" he asked sharply.

I nodded.

"You are welcome," I said. "If you will write I will dictate." And forthwith, pen and paper being fetched, we proceeded upon the odd task. When we had finished he gave a look at Hood, who joined him, and the two pored over the sheet together.

Then Sercombe rose and, putting the paper in his pocket, remarked: "You see I have trusted you, Mr. Greatorex. I take your word. And as you have now the whole document of the late Mr. Kesteven in your possession I wish you joy of it."



As I rose a man grappled with me.

"There is one word more," said I sternly. "The man who stole this piece of paper from its owner is morally guilty of his death."

"Pish!" he exclaimed lightly. "We can't make an omelet without breaking eggs, Mr. Greatorex. And now I must reluctantly wish you goodby. I owe you an excellent dinner, and if fortune favors me I shall look forward to returning it. There is no need to part on bad terms."

He held out his hand, but ere I could accept or refuse it Sheppard sprang forward. "Allow me, captain," he said.

"Ah," smiled Sercombe, in no way abashed by my hesitation, "it is a pity you and I are not cast for companions, Mr. Sheppard."

"At least," said Sheppard, "as scoundrels we can respect each other."

Sercombe broke out laughing, and with one glance at Hood, in which, as I thought, he appeared to offer a question, he marched out of the room. The innkeeper followed, and Sheppard went after them, full of geniality to the last and calling for Captain Sercombe's cloak. Out of the window I saw them pass under the dim light of the oil lamp before the doorway, and Sheppard was still ushering them across the courtyard to the gateway of the castle.

Suddenly I heard my name called in a loud voice, and Montgomery started to his feet and threw open the window. This gave upon the courtyard from the northerly side of the castle. In an instant I recognized the cry of Sheppard, piercing shrilly through the noise and clatter of a struggle. Shouting to Montgomery to follow me, I dashed out of the room and down the staircase, almost falling upon the slippery cobble of the courtyard in my haste. As I rose a man grappled with me; but, being now strung to fighting pitch by my excited anticipations, I flung him heavily to the stones, where he lay inert, and I leaped over his body to the assistance of Sheppard.

CHAPTER IX.

YOU will remember, if I have been explicit enough, that the entrance to the castle lay across the drawbridge and by way of a great stone archway running through the width of the easterly wing. This passage, which was not more than ten feet across, was in effect a vault twenty feet high and thirty feet long. It was here that the noise attracted me, and into this narrow channel I ran, breaking tumultuously upon the aggregated knot of men that seemed to struggle in the uncertain light. Stars illumined the sky very faintly, but in that passage the gloom was heavy, and I could perceive very little. As I was casting about, tossing among the swaying bodies, I saw immediately to my right the fair head of Sheppard rise, struck with the evening glow from without. Forthwith I dashed the body nearest me to the ground and with my fist dislodged another man in front of me. Then I heard Sercombe's voice raised in angry remonstrance. I gathered nothing, neither words nor sense, from it, but, occupied merely with the physical lust of battle, drove right through the press of the melee to Sheppard. It seemed to me then that there were dozens of people crowded within these narrow walls, but I believe, as a matter of fact, that there were only some eight of us. Sheppard rose and fell and rose again.

"Ned! Ned!" he called, and at the sound, plunging upon human bodies, I lurched and went under. A stampede of feet seemed to rush over me. I felt battered and bruised; the wind was all out of my lungs; but, slowly edging on my stomach toward the wall, I drew out of the press. As I did so I heard a great dull noise, thud, thud, intervening upon the sounds of the struggle, and presently, my eyes being now accustomed to the darkness, I caught sight of Montgomery's tall form, his arms uplifted and wielding a heavy bar of iron.

"Bravo!" I cried and, struggling to my feet, pushed toward him.

"Turn, you fools! Curse you, turn!" said Sercombe's voice.

I was conscious then of white teeth and a grotesque screw neck that rose up before me, and even while I put up my hands to choke it I felt the warm sting of a knife in my shoulder blade. By some magical thought, dawning at the moment, I recalled Montgomery's revolver, which I carried in my breast pocket, and, producing it, fired at the bestial form before me. There was a sharp cry, the enemy appeared to recoil, and then Montgomery's flail descended in a pitiless shower of blows. Of Sheppard there was no sign.

Seeing that the affray was turning in our favor, I sprang to the side, and, opening a small doorway in the southerly drum tower, rushed up the stairs. It was fortunate that I had made so complete a study of the castle. I found the crank I wanted and turned the wheel, putting forward all the strength I had in my muscles. Slowly the mighty portcullis descended, shrieking as it fell, but this, as I had hoped, following upon the report of my revolver, and accompanied as it was with Montgomery's continuous and powerful blows, proved the turning point for our enemies. As the groaning gate descended there were cries uttered in a foreign tongue, and a rush ensued for the gateway. Leaving the machine to revolve by its own impetus, I flew down into the archway. Sercombe stood in the light expostulating. Montgomery's weapon stretched some one flat upon the stones as I entered, and the man crawled off. I fired another chamber of the revolver aimlessly, and the flash lit up the passage while the sound reverberated dully from the groined vault. The portcullis fell lower and Sercombe was driven across the drawbridge by his retreating allies.

"Dead or living, they shall have him," said some one in my ear, and I beheld Sheppard, his face smeared with blood, dragging a body in his arms. Together we thrust it forth, and it lay halfway across the threshold. The portcullis dropped inexorably and was now within a foot of the ground. The man lay under the range of its iron spikes. The wheels creaked above, and the distance shortened. Montgomery ran forward and shoved the body outward. But it still hung halfway. And then Sercombe came rapidly back and, stooping, by a swift movement drew the inanimate form from beneath the iron spikes of the drawbridge. He said no word, but merely glanced at us as we stood behind the grille.

As Sercombe's figure faded blackly into the night I turned and peered into the gloom of the archway where my companion stood.

Sheppard struck a match, and the tiny flame cast a precarious light upon the three of us. Two streaks of blood crossed Sheppard's forehead.

"First blood and first honors," he said.

Montgomery breathed like a blacksmith.

"It was a mean trick," he observed.

An acute pain struck suddenly through my shoulder. "The foreigners use their knives aptly," I remarked.

"They do that," said Montgomery fiercely. "One devil has pierced my stomach through."

"Let us go back to the house," I said and, setting the example, turned. Sheppard's light went out, and as the flame vanished the blue-black darkness fell like a pall again. We walked back into the castle.

"What about this wound, Montgomery?" I asked anxiously.

The boy stood up straight, his well cut face severe and immobile.

"It's no wound," he rejoined. "A pin prick."

"Oh, well, let us see," I said carelessly.

He stripped off his shirt and coat, and a great red bulging spot met my eye below the breast. Sheppard put his fingers on it.

"That wants a bandage," he said, and, meeting my eye—"no, there's nothing much in it. A nasty place, but merely superficial."

"We'll have old Toms over tomorrow," I said.

"The doctor?" queried Sheppard. "But what about"—

"Oh, I dare say we can compose some sort of lie. Besides, as a medical man, our confidences are sacred."

"That's true," said Sheppard, and a little silence fell between us. "Well," he resumed presently, "can we sleep, do you think?"

"I think we are likely to have a lively night," I answered. "And for me, I am in no mood for bed."

"Nor I," declared Montgomery.

"Very good," says Sheppard. "Then what about this treasure?"

"Precisely what I was thinking," I said.

"Let us see the papers," said he.

"Oh, I have them burning in my mind," I answered. "And if all are agreeable, we may take a lantern. They won't trouble us just yet."

Montgomery wrenched at the knob.

But just at that moment came a knock at the door, and Mrs. Main showed in the open doorway, wearing a face of alarm.

"Mr. Montgomery's pistol went off by accident," said Sheppard promptly. Mrs. Main apologized and retired.

"I think we shall have to square the old lady or get rid of her," I observed.

"Leave that to me," says Sheppard cheerfully.

"Well, come along," said I, and, seizing the lantern, I stepped out into the courtyard and made for the entrance to the northerly drum tower.

Sheppard broke a jest or two at the entrance as we stumbled up the stairs, but once we were in the passage and had descended into the basement a deep silence enveloped us. The corridor rang with our feet, and the great slabs of stones were damp, to be felt even through our boots. As we proceeded on the way I noticed that now and then a narrow passage branched off to the right, and on each occasion, at the farther end, I caught the soft glow of the external lights of the night. From this I gathered that the chambers we were passing (whatever was the use to which they had been put) were cut off by exiguous channels to the outer wall of the castle and breasted by gratings upon the moat. One of these passages we explored, and by peering through the grating, set with heavy iron bars, we were able to perceive that the floor of the sepulchral corridor was buried some feet below the level of the moat itself, for the gratings stood high above our heads and were only reached by climbing. I assumed that they stood just above the proper level of the water.

We were now, we judged, upon the western face of the castle—that is to say, upon the back parts which looked upon the park of trees and the brook behind, where the hill (or pitch, as it was called) rose in a thicket to its uttermost summit. We had twice turned at right angles and, pausing, consulted the document once again for the sake of certainty. We had now to proceed some thirty paces. Suddenly I stopped.

"The wall," said Sheppard, who had the paper by heart as well as myself, and forthwith set to fingering upon the right hand.

"There is no doorway here," he observed in a low voice, "and yet this should be a chamber such as we have passed already."

"Five feet from the ground," I said in equally low tones; "that is what it says."

"Is it here?" he whispered.

Sheppard gave vent to an exclamation. "Got it," he said sharply. "Throw the light this way."

I moved the lantern forward, and sure enough there under Sheppard's hand stood out a round iron knob or handle in the huge masonry.

"Press," said I.

"No; turn," said he.

Nothing ensued upon his action. "Let Montgomery try," I suggested.

The boy stepped forward and wrenched at the knob.

"It's stiff with rust of centuries, but it's set in iron," said Sheppard. "We shall want oil."

"Oil be hanged!" said Montgomery. "I'll do this or die."

He swung, doubling on himself, and the veins jumped in his forehead.

"You will move your wound," I protested. Montgomery said nothing, but renewed his exertions, and with a creak the knob turned and a gap grew in the wall.

"Hurrah!" said Sheppard, his voice ricochetting down the musty corridor.

"Hush!" I enjoined. "Pull it open." The two tore back the cupboard door, and my lantern flashed on an appalling space of blackness.

"There is nothing here," said Montgomery.

"We're not finished, you duffer," said Sheppard eagerly. "Feel along the back wall. Here, let me. Oh, the devil! I'm too short!"

Thrusting the lantern into Sheppard's hands, I sprang at the wall, and with a leap seated myself on the floor of the cupboard.

"The back is wooden," I said. My fingers ran swiftly across the oaken surface and presently stopped. "The lantern," I called to him.

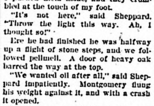
Sheppard let the lantern fall in his excitement, and in a moment we were plunged in darkness. At the same time there arose a sound on the grim silence of the corridor. I drew in my breath, and I think every one did the same. I felt rather than heard Montgomery fumbling with his revolver. Ten, twenty, thirty seconds passed, and then Sheppard struck a match.

"It's the infernal wind," he exclaimed.

The light flared in his face as he relit the lantern, and I noticed that it was wild and burning. With tremulous fingers he handed me the lantern, and the light shone on a bit of steel I held under my thumb. I pressed, and with a jerk the oaken screen fell back. I put out a hand and encountered nothing.

"I'm going through," I said in a whisper. "Follow me. I'll leave the lantern here. Heaven knows what we shall find."

I let myself softly down below, and my feet struck the stone of the floor once more. Sheppard and Montgomery followed. We cast the light about us. We were in a dungeon closed within absolutely blank walls. In the corner some rags and paper lay heaped. I pushed them aside, and they crumbled at the touch of my foot.



The treasure was there before our greedy faces.

"It's not here," said Sheppard. "Throw the light this way. Ah, I thought so!"

Ere he had finished he was halfway up a flight of stone steps, and we followed pellmell. A door of heavy oak barred the way at the top.

"We wanted oil after all," said Sheppard impatiently. Montgomery flung his weight against it, and with a crash it opened.

Montgomery, overbalanced with his effort, staggered and fell upon the threshold, but Sheppard, who was next to him, paid no attention and, turning, looked at me. The light made no way upon the great darkness.

"Do you know where we are?" whispered Sheppard. "This is below the keep. Shall we go in?"

"Certainly," I said, "get Montgomery up." He pulled the lad to his feet, and slowly we shoved back the huge creaking door.

The chamber into which we were now come was small and square and, like that below, barred by solid masonry and unrelieved by window or grating. I found later by calculation that this must be in the very heart of the keep itself and so wholly disparted from the rest of the castle that the noise of ordnance would scarce have penetrated its deep and dismal recesses. My eyes were drawn as by a magnet to the farther corner of the barren cell, in which I could perceive some formidable shadows wavering beneath the dull, uncertain light of my lantern.

Sheppard also had descried them and, plunging forward with a cry, flung himself upon his knees.

"They are here right enough," he called. And at his words Montgomery and I approached him. I held the light above his head, throwing the faint beams across his shoulder. There were three large oaken cases standing upon legs and simply carved upon the face. The dust lay deep on them, as upon the floor of that interior dungeon. Sheppard brushed the dust away and seized the lock. The hinge fell back to his touch, and slowly he lifted the massive lid.

The light shone still upon dark shadows, but, stooping a little lower, I thrust it into the mouth of the aperture, and our noses hung over the sides of the box together.

The treasure was there for certain. There it lay spread before our greedy faces, the gold and the silver and the precious stones that had been destined to save one king from death and another from exile. I let the pieces slip through my fingers—guineas, moidores, circlets of gold and silver, amulets and all the material gems of the market.

"How much is there?" asked Montgomery.

Sheppard seemed to ponder, measuring rudely with his finger and computing the superficial area of the boxes.

"No one can say offhand," said he, "for there are the jewels, for one thing, among which are rubies. Now, rubies of that size"—and he pounced upon one—"are worth little short of a thousand pounds."

[To be continued.]

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"Fruit-a-tives" cure Rheumatism and Rheumatic pains by removing the poisons which cause the disease. Rheumatism means poisoned blood. Too much urea or tissue waste is retained in the blood, owing to defective action of the bowels, kidneys or skin. The retained urea becomes uric acid, which inflames nerves and joints and thus rheumatism is produced.

MRS. F. H. DENNIS, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., writes as follows: "I think 'Fruit-a-tives' are fine. I am using them for rheumatism, and have not felt it since I started to take them."

Fruit-a-tives or Fruit Liver Tablets.

"Fruit-a-tives" cure Rheumatism by greatly stimulating the action of the liver, kidneys and skin. "Fruit-a-tives" make each of these vital organs do its share of nature's work properly. "Fruit-a-tives" rid the system of excessive urea and uric acid—and so purify and enrich the blood and build up the general health, that there can be no rheumatism.

"Fruit-a-tives" are fruit juices, concentrated and combined by our discovered process, which makes them much more powerful medicinally. Then tonics and internal antiseptics are added and the whole compressed into tablets.

If your druggist does not have them, don't take substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price—50c. a box or 6 boxes for $2.50.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED, OTTAWA.

LAKE ONTARIO & BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., LIMITED.

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Between

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Commencing April 17th, steamer will leave Belleville for Picton, Kingston and intermediate Bay of Quinte ports on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.00 a.m. Returning will arrive on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10.20 p.m.

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Thoroughly refitted,

Will commence the season with an excursion to Rochester, N. Y.

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If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes. Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,

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GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

$78.65

TO CALIFORNIA AND RETURN.

Good going April 24th, May 5th; return limit July 31st.

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Good going June 24th to July 7th; return limit, Sept. 15th. Account National Educational Convention, San Francisco.

Choice of any direct route going and returning, and certain stop-over privileges allowed.

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Broadway and 77th Street, New York.

Seventh Avenue, Amsterdam Ave. and West 130th St. Cars pass the door.
Luxurious rooms for permanent and transient guests.
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Exquisite Palm Room.
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"Most Artistically Beautiful Hotel in the World." Can offer few single rooms, with bath, beautifully furnished, suitable for two people, $60 per month.

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One Room, with bath..........$2.50 per day
Parlor, Bedroom, with bath, $3 and $5 per day
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Every improvement known to modern ingenuity.

Write for our magazine, "The Hotel Belleclaire World."

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Delaware Ave. & Johnson Park
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A modern, high-class and convenient stopping place, offering every accommodation for the comfort and pleasure of transient guests. Moderate prices.

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SHORTEST Route to the United States via Cape Vincent, N.Y.

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Arr. Kingston "	3.25 a.m.	1 25 p.m.
Lv. Kingston (steamer)	5.00 a.m.	[illegible] 30 p.m.
Arr. Cape Vincent (str.)	7.00 a.m.	[illegible] 00 p.m.
Mondays only.		
Lv. Cape Vincent N.Y.C.	7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
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Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9 12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p.m.
Arr. Rochester "	2.28 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.20 a.m.	9.00 p.m.
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Convenient train service in opposite direction

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor Cars

2c a Mile.

Books for 500 miles of travel on New York Central and leased lines within State of New York, cost only $10, while books for 1000 miles over New York Central, Boston & Albany, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, Philadelphia & Reading and C.R.R. of New Jersey, cost $20. Secure further information and purchase tickets from H. S. Folger, N.Y.C. agent, Kingston, Ont.

C. F. DALY,
Pass'r., Traffic Manager. New York.
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It is better to be bald and rich than it is to be bald without being rich.

SPOTLESS SERVICE.

Service over the Lake Shore Railway may well be called spotless service. Throughout this entire system there is a noteworthy lack of dust and dirt. Sparkling linen and white-clad waiters greet the traveller in the dining cars, and this "spick and span" appearance extends throughout the train. One steps down at a journey's end over the Lake Shore as clean as when he boarded the train. Cleanliness is but one feature that has made The Lake Shore the most popular road in America. Others are its luxurious coaches, absolute safety, highest speed and punctuality. Tell the agent to have your ticket read "Via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway," and write for information concerning rates and routes to J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

Some Houses
.. MISLEAD THE PUBLIC ..
WITH OLD STOCK
WE ARE SOLE AGENTS in the city for
The King Hat
GEORGE T. WOODLEY, OPPOSITE FOOTBRIDGE

SO MANY CUSTOMERS THIS SEASON
Have told us our WALLPAPERS were the BEST and CHEAPEST in the city, that we are now accepting the statement without argument. If you will give us an opportunity, we will be pleased to show you these papers, then you will know why we claim they are the BEST VALUES in Belleville.
Our CARPET, RUG and CURTAIN Stock is the LARGEST one we have ever shown, and prices the SMALLEST we have ever quoted. We can certainly save you some money on Carpets, Rugs, etc.
T. P. BROWN,
See our special values in Linoleums and Oilcloths.

FARM AND FIRESIDE

Useful Hints Which Will be Appreciated by the Progressive Farmer and His Housekeeper.

THE INCUBATOR.

Mr. Chas. Grasley reports as follows: I placed my incubator in a well ventilated room up-stairs. My machine is a No. 3, and I placed 220 eggs in it. At the sixth day I tested and removed all infertile eggs. I commenced airing them and turning them on the second day. After I tested them, I aired the eggs twice a day. About seven o'clock in the morning, I carefully removed the eggs from the machine, laying them on a stand I had prepared, being extremely careful not to jar them. If the room was chilly and cold I spread a thin woolen blanket over the eggs to prevent a sudden change of temperature, for I believe that the eggs may become chilled before they are properly aired. After they had been aired sufficiently, I took a soft woollen cloth, dipped it in lukewarm water and drew it over the eggs. Having removed a couple of rows from one end of the frame, I rolled the balance to that end from which they were taken and replaced the eggs removed at the other end, while I repeated drawing the wet cloth over them again, thus thoroughly wetting erican fruit in size, shape and color, this once a day after the sixth day.

If the room is quite cold as it sometimes is at the first of the season, you can use the water quite warm. Now to be sure that you are not using too much moisture this way, dip your fingers in the water and touch them on the eggs, and if your fingers stick to the eggs in the manner similar to which your lips will stick to a new clay pipe, then continue to use the cloth, and if this sticky feeling is not so prominent just sprinkle them with quite warm water.

I made it a habit to cool the eggs, for a long time. During the last batch I left my eggs out three hours at a time, but of course the room was very warm. One thing everybody should avoid is using the incubator in a room where a draft strikes the eggs while airing them.

AGRICULTURAL ITEMS.

New Chinese Fruits.

The persimmon, which is highly esteemed in China, is thought to be less astringent than the American persimmon. It grows large and is a good keeper. It is asserted that probably the best all-round fruit in China is the pomelo. This resembles the American fruit in size, shape and color, but is sweeter and has less of the bitter quality, while the flesh is more perfectly separated into sections, as in the case of oranges. It has better keeping qualities than the orange and is strongly recommended to American horticulturists.

Gin Pills Will Cure Your Sick Kidneys
OR MONEY REFUNDED.
Don't you want to be rid of that nagging, biting, torturing pain across the back and through the kidneys? Don't you want to sleep through the night without being disturbed by the sick kidneys? Don't you want to feel well and be well? Here's the way:
"I suffered from pain and stiffness in the back. Sharp pains would catch me unexpectedly, which were sometimes so severe as to produce fainting spells. Rheumatism followed, and the sharp pains were so severe that I had to take to the bed for several months. I started to take Gin Pills, and in five days I was up and around the house. My pains are gone now, and I have not had a return of the old trouble since. And Gin Pills gave me the first painless passage of urine I have had in two years.
"ROBT. DERRAUGH, Winnipeg, Man."
You can't honestly doubt Gin Pills after such testimony as this. Gin Pills hold out certain relief from pain. They are sold with an ironclad guarantee to cure or refund your money. 50c a box—6 boxes for $2.50. At all druggists. We will send you a trial box free if you will send us your name and address and say the paper in which you read this. Put down the paper—get a post card—and write us now before you forget it. The Bole Drug Co., Winnipeg, Man.

Special Cold Storage Results.

At Milan, Italy, lily of the valley bulbs are placed in cold storage in May. They are drawn out and forced, according to the needs of trade. After withdrawal they produce flowers in about fifteen days. The usual period of forcing is from October to January. Lilacs are also kept in cold storage and withdrawn for forcing toward the end of October. They may be withdrawn, however, at any other time of year. Other plants retarded in cold storage to be withdrawn when needed are asparagus, strawberries, azaleas, rhododendrons, spiraea, etc. In this establishment ripe cherries put in cold storage in June will keep till August; temperature not stated. At Cologne, grapes on the stem maintained at a temperature of zero kept in prime condition for four months. At Hamburg lily of the valley was kept at a temperature of 6 degrees below zero.

Raising Wool From Rabbits.

One of the strangest of modern industries is that carried on in the Jura district of France. It consists in taking the fur from live rabbits and weaving it into a textile fabric, which makes the warmest kind of clothing material known. The species of rabbits which furnish the raw material for the manufacturing process is the Angora rabbit. Every three months the rabbit sheds his fur, and several days before this takes place the operator rubs it with his hands, which removes the long silken hairs by gentle friction. The skin being in a condition technically known as "ripe," the fur comes off easily and without the slightest pain to the subject. In fact, "bunny" appears to enjoy it, lying quietly in the lap of the operator.

Yes, said an elderly farmer in reply to some laughing remark, "I am setting out apple trees and am doing it for my grandchildren. I figure that every good tree rightly started is worth one dollar and that every year it increases seventy-five cents to one dollar in value according to rate of growth. Some of us would be better off if we had been favored with that kind of a grandfather.

The Farm Flock.

I have 450 "biddies" at the present time, but they are not all profitable; 150 are laying, the rest are pullets of later hatch which will soon come to laying. At present the layers are paying the food bill of the whole, and I am hoping to make a dollar when I get under way.

I think there is money in the business if you go at it right. You can't throw dough at them, however. You must treat them well, not scare them, but use them carefully. Last year I had 125 and they paid pretty big, considerably more than their bills, and I went in this season for quite a flock. I throw a forkful of hay in and it is gone in no time. At noon I give cracked corn and shorts, with a mash of meal and shorts at night. They are doing first class. They have coal ashes for dusting, shells always before them, and water twice a day.

Those Old Hens.

"Why is it," said Mrs. Stubbs to her husband, "that you persist in keeping hens after they are 2 years old? Certainly it does not pay!"

"Well," rejoined Stubbs, "perhaps not; but you see, my dear, I hate to kill what I have taken so much pains to raise."

"Well," continued Mrs. Stubbs, "we have 87 fowls, not half of them pullets, yet of the 16 to 23 eggs you daily receive, nine-tenths should be credited to the pullets; and as business is done for profit, please do get rid of those older fowls."

"No. I'll sweep up some of the grass seeds in the horse barn, increase the meat ration, pound up some fresh bones and see if they will not respond with eggs," persisted Stubbs.

"Well, be a dunce if you like," laughed madam, "but my own old fowls will be promptly sold or eaten," And, as usual, madam had the last word.

THE HORSE.

Treatment of Shying

Young horses which are being, or have just been, broken in are very generally apt to shy more or less at various objects and sights until they have become thoroughly familiar with and used to the road or street.

Nor is it in any way surprising that they should shy more or less frequently in these circumstances, seeing that they are unfamiliar with many things they meet. Such natural nervousness gradually but quickly wears off, as a rule, and the shying ceases. No importance need, therefore, be attached to this form of shying in a young horse, as it is but natural and quite temporary in character only.

There is, however, a right and a wrong way of treating this kind of shying. The right way is to be gentle to the young animal when it shies, to allay its nervousness by speaking to it quietly. If it will not pass an object or shows much fear of it, the young horse should be coaxed to it with patience, so that the animal may have the opportunity of familiarizing itself with it and of smelling at it. Once having done this, and being convinced that its fears are groundless, the young horse will no longer evince any fear of it, and the next time will probably take very little notice of it.

Patience and kindness are all that is needed under these conditions. Unfortunately, but too frequently, the horses are punished with the whip, jabbed in the mouth with the bit, and roughly spoken to, being forced past the object by sheer rough treatment, the result being that its temper is upset, and that increased trouble is experienced next time it shies at something of which it is afraid or which is unfamiliar to it. Such treatment is eminently calculated to spoil the young animal, being apt either to cow it or to rouse its temper and obstinacy. In some cases, young horses actually become confirmed and bad shyers in consequence of such wrong and senseless treatment.

BREEDERS' NOTES.

Small breeders who have from one to a half dozen good brood mares are now studying the various stallion cards for the purpose of making up their minds with that horses to mate their mares next year.

It is more difficult to produce quality than size but it pays better to do so.

Keep a lump of rock salt within reach of every animal of the horse kind.

Clean all the oats, chaff and dust from the mangers at least once a day. A horse does not enjoy eating from a dirty manger any more than does a fastidious man from a filthy plate, a dirty knife and fork and a soiled tablecloth.

Horses should be watered at least three times every day. The man who goes to the stable, waters his horses and gives them a light feed the last thing every night before he retires, always has round, sleek, good-looking animals.

The man who is not a good judge of horses and has no love for them, but is a judge of cows and likes dairying, will be much more likely to make money in dairying than in raising horses. But the man who has a natural fondness for horses and is a good judge of horse stock will derive both pleasure and profit in breeding good horse stock, provided he starts right, keeps his sails properly trimmed and sells when he gets a fair offer, so as to prevent his stock from accumulating and becoming a burden.

DOMESTIC HINTS.

Sunshine Pudding.

Dissolve five scant spoonfuls of gelatine in 2 1-2 cups of boiling water and strain. Beat the whites of four eggs with two full cups of granulated sugar, then beat with the gelatine for fifteen or twenty minutes; add a teaspoonful of cold water, a little vanilla, and set away to harden slightly. Very delicious.

Sweet Potato Croquettes.

Mash some boiled sweet potatoes, season them highly with salt and pepper, and add to every pint of the vegetable one egg yolk and a very small piece of butter. Form into croquettes, roll each in egg and breadcrumbs and fry in deep fat.

The world is full of people who are in constant misery from the racking pains of rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago and kindred diseases. They would give any money to get relief, but having tried various remedies and been disappointed they have become discouraged and sceptical of all remedies. Does this describe your case? If it does, let us tell you that there is a cure for your trouble, a remedy that will not disappoint you. It is Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil. It never disappoints. As its name implies, it goes straight to the bone, or joint, the seat of the disease, scatters the poisonous acid, relaxes the stiffened joints, allays the inflammation and effects a sure and speedy cure. It gives comfort where there was misery, a fact for which we have hundreds of letters from those who have been sufferers. This oil is for internal and external use and while it is a great and never-failing remedy for rheumatism, lame back, etc., it is also good for other kinds of inflammation, such as croup, bronchitis and quinsy. It is the most remarkable remedy of the age and should be in every home! Sold by all medicine dealers at 50c a bottle or sent by mail prepaid by The Tuck Bone Oil Co., Limited, Smith's Falls. Money returned if not satisfied.
FROM MISERY TO COMFORT.

CHANGING SENTIMENT.
Oliver Goldsmith's "Deserted Village.
Goldsmith in his "Deserted Village," spoke of a certain chapel where those who "went to scoff, remained to pray." So in life one often laughs at what he does not understand and later, when he does understand, his laugh turns to praise. There were some who doubted the merits of Newbro's "Herpicide," the scalp germicide and hair-dressing, but since they tried it, they are now among its best friends and strongest endorsers. Herpicide kills the germ that eats the hair off at the roots, and the hair then grows again. As a hair dressing it is incomparable. Try it. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Danbury Eggs.

To every well beaten egg add three tablespoonfuls of milk and a teaspoonful of sifted flour. Mix carefully and saute them in a hot pan, stirring them occasionally as you would scrambled eggs.

Parsnip Balls.

Boil the parsnips in salted water until tender; mash and season well, with butter, pepper and salt; add a little flour and three well beaten eggs; form into small balls and fry in hot lard.

Spaghetti with Tomato.

Put a handful of spaghetti in boiling, salted water, cover, and allow it to cook until tender; then drain and return to the kettle; add one and one-half cupfuls of tomato sauce, one-half cupful of grated cheese, a little paprika and two tablespoonfuls of butter. When the sauce is nearly absorbed by the spaghetti it is ready to serve.

Fried Chicken.

Cut two chickens and season with salt and cayenne, then roll in flour and fry in hot lard. Remove from the lard, drain and pour over them a sauce made by boiling together one cupful of cream, one-half cupful of butter. Garnish with parsley and sprinkle finely minced parsley over the chickens.

Dainty Currant Rolls.

Beat two eggs, add a small cupful of milk, a tablespoonful of melted butter, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and flour to make sufficiently stiff. Lastly, stir in a cupful of currants.

HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

One of the women who knows recommends glycerine for removing tea stains that are such enemies to fine table linen. But it must be rubbed in before boiling has set its seal on the stain, or it may not be efficacious. After the glycerine has been applied wash it all out in tepid water, and the discoloration will come out with it, so this authority says.

Don't forget that a spoonful of sugar in mashed turnips or succotash adds much.

Wet tea leaves, hot or cold, are recommended as a cheap and convenient remedy for burns. They should be covered with a strip of cotton or linen, and kept on for one or two hours.

People who believe that the times are out of joint and that the breaking down of the ancient lines of demarcation between the masculine and feminine spheres is largely responsible for this melancholy circumstance may derive some consolation from the fact that the guilty sex is again taking to the innocuous and time honored feminine occupation of needlework. Home made millinery was all the rage during the summer, home made corset covers were among the most popular and acceptable of Christmas presents, and every other woman economizes her dress allowance by making her own blouses.

If you make baking powder fried cakes without cream, you may keep them soft and moist if you place them in a jar at once and cover.

In preparing raw onions, pour boiling water over them after they are sliced, and let them stand an instant. Then pour on cold water, drain and add sugar, salt and weak vinegar. These are very palatable and not nearly so strong as when untreated.

In a severe case of earache, before medical aid arrives, the following will often give relief: Put a soft bread and milk poultice into the ear and lay over it a bag of camomile flowers (dried), wrung out in hot water. The warmth and moisture gives a great relief and the patient is thereby often soothed to sleep which is of much importance.

It has been demonstrated that when apples are dipped in a solution made by dissolving an ounce of salt in one gallon of water, after they are pared and sliced for evaporation, they retain their natural color, and are better in quality than fruit which has been subjected to sulphur fumes, though not as white and clear as when sulphur is used.

When soot gets scattered on carpets, sprinkle liberally with salt before sweeping, and not a trace of black will remain.

Rub spots on furniture that have turned white from heat or damp with camphor to restore the original color.

Common baking soda will polish silver beautifully. Rub with flannel as a finishing touch.

A clever housekeeper has discovered that potatoes may be baked inside the furnace door in half the time required to bake them in the oven. But if the fire is very hot they need careful watching.

THE VETERINARIAN.

Answers to Correspondents.

Worms.—What can I do with mare? She has worms. I have given her all kinds of worm powder, ashes and tobacco, and I cannot get her fat. I curry her every time she is driven; she has but little to do.—W.D.R. (Give the mare a ball as follows and repeat ten days later: Powdered Barbadoes aloes, 6 dr.; powdered gentian, 2 dr.; sufficient quantity syrup; mix and make into a ball. Feed bran mashes for three weeks and walk mare 20 minutes the day after the ball is given, but do not drive her for two days. Have her teeth put in order. Give her the following drench about four days after the ball and repeat next day: Spirits of turpentine, 4 oz.; linseed oil, 6 oz.; mix. After this feed worm and tonic powder.

Lump on Udder.—I bought a large black Holstein cow, drove her about 10 miles; she slipped on the ice several times, and when I came to milk her I found a lump the size of half a hen's egg on the lower part of the udder. It is hard; when one holds it between the fingers it seems to beat as regularly as the heart. The man I got her of says it was not there before. I wish to know if there is any help for her. She has four quarts of feed; is giving six quarts of milk per day; due to freshen soon. (It may or may not be a new thing. If it developed recently, the prospects for its removal are better. Rub a little of the following liniment on the enlargement once a day: Tincture of iodine, 3 oz.; tincture of aconite root, 1 oz.; powdered iodide of potass, 2 dr.; alcohol, 2 oz.; mix. Give a pound of epsom salts. Do not feed any corn meal for a month.)

NOT A PATENT MEDICINE.
HYOMEI A SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT FOR CATARRH BY BREATHING MEDICATED AIR.
Breathed through the pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit, Hyomei destroys all catarrhal germs in the air passages of the throat and nose, soothes and heals the irritated mucous membrane and effectually drives from the system all traces of catarrhal poison.
No one should confound Hyomei with the patent medicines that are advertised as catarrhal cures. It is as superior to them all as the diamond is more valuable than cheap glass.
The complete Hyomei outfit, consisting of a neat pocket inhaler, a medicine dropper and a bottle of Hyomei, costs but $1.00, and extra bottles can be obtained for 50 cents, making it the most economical method of curing catarrh, as well as the most reliable.
If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write to-day for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge The R. T. Booth Company.

The Largest Newspaper.

The largest newspaper ever published in this or any other country was the Illuminated Quadruple Constellation, which was issued in New York city on July 4, 1859. It was a 28,000 edition and was sold at 50 cents per copy. The size of the page of this sheet was 70 by 100 inches, or almost forty-nine square feet. It was an eight page paper, thirteen columns to the page, or a total of 104 columns, each forty-eight inches in length. It was illustrated with good portraits of President Buchanan, Edward Everett, Henry Ward Beecher, N. P. Banks, E. H. Chapin, Horace Greeley, Elizabeth Barrett Browning, Alexander von Humboldt, James G. Bennett and several others. The paper contained thirty-six different poems entire, one of them having as many as sixty-four eight line verses. Among other articles of special note was the celebrated "Moon Hoax," published in 1835. It required the work of forty persons ten hours per day for eight weeks to "get out" this mammoth paper.

Origin of "Stationer."

According to Pierre de Blois, the title "stationer" was applied to one class of bookseller long before the seventeenth century, though that may have been the period when it came to refer to any seller of books. He distinguishes between the librarii and the stationarii, who had both become so numerous in Paris in 1259 that certain regulations had to be made for their control. The former were agents for the sale and loan of manuscripts, a large sum of money being deposited when a manuscript was lent, while the latter, allowed to have stations or stalls in the markets, were sellers and copiers of manuscripts. At the time he wrote there were twenty-nine brokers and stationers in Paris, not a very dangerous number, one would think, considering that Paris from the twelfth to the fifteenth century was considered the chief seat of learning.—London Standard.

Wished It Was Saturday Night.

One of our best known manufacturers, whose business for years has been done by traveling salesmen, made up his mind to call personally upon his New York city trade as an excuse to get to New York, a place he had not visited in twenty years. The gorgeousness of the hotels made a great impression upon him. The best was none too good, as he has plenty of money, and he is not afraid to spend it when away from home, so he put up at one of the palatial hostelries and had a suit of rooms. When he returned he told his friends of the magnificence of the place, the fine furniture, the beautiful decorations and the finely appointed bathroom. "Why," he said, "the floor was tiled, the walls were tiled away up to the ceiling, the tub was porcelain, there were plenty of towels, hot and cold running water, and—and—by gosh, I only wished it was Saturday night!"

Singing For Nothing a Year.

Writing of the trials and tribulations of American singers who go to Europe to gain recognition, Mildred Aldrich in the Theater Magazine says:

"To most singers who have sought recognition abroad there is but one drawback to the European career. It is not love of home that lures them back to the United States. It is money. It looks fine to put 'de l'opera' or 'de l'Opera Comique' on one's visiting card, as is the habit in Europe, but there is another side to it. Many a debutante has sung at the Opera Comique for nothing, some have paid, and some have had the magnificent salary of 200 francs a month (just shy of $40). One of the most prominent debutantes at the opera saw 5,000 francs paid over for her debut, and one woman who was there two years as a regular member of the troupe earned 6,000 francs a year ($25 a week), and she was considered favored. Cities like Bordeaux often get debutantes at 300 francs ($60) a month, and in theaters of that sort singers provide their own costumes, so it is small wonder that, having got one's education, one wants to earn money in the United States."

He Was In Such a Hurry.

A man who has resided in Cairo told this tale as an illustration of the dilatory ways of Arabian trades people:

"A certain gentleman ordered a swing to be erected in his garden for the use of his little boy, aged six. He waited and waited, but the swing never arrived. In due course of time that boy grew up to man's estate and became himself the father of a little boy. When his son was six years old he remembered how his own father had ordered a swing to be made for him. So he called on the tradesman, who lived at his gate, and asked him to send up the swing that had been ordered twenty years before. The man agreed to do so. The little boy becoming impatient after three weeks, his father called again and remonstrated with the Arabian as to his dilatoriness. The indignant tradesman replied that he could not really undertake to serve any one who was in such a fearful hurry."

How to Use Brains.

A head man in a manufactory was watching a drayman tugging at a heavy case one day. The drayman's face was red, and the muscles of his neck were bulging. The overseer, says a writer in the Baltimore Sun, thought it was the right moment to offer practical assistance.

"Wait a minute there," he said. "Let me show you how easy it is when you use a little brain with your muscle." And he grabbed a hook, stuck it into the case, gave a yank and went sprawling into the gutter under the dray. He got up, looked at the hook and said, "Confound it, the handle comes off!"

"Yes, sir," said the drayman respectfully. "My brain told me that, and I didn't use it."

A Lucky Circumstance.

In the house of commons no incident is greeted with more hearty laughter than that of a member who, after an eloquent oration, plumps down on his silk hat on the bench behind him. A young member who had just made his maiden speech sat upon his new silk hat. There were roars of laughter. An Irish member immediately arose and gravely said, "Mr. Speaker, permit me to congratulate the honorable gentleman upon the happy circumstance that when he sat on his hat his head was not in it!" This remark upset the dignity of the house, and the speaker called "Order, order," amid roars of laughter.

Safe For a Short Distance.

A young man who is blessed with a Scotch kinsman need never fear that he will be allowed to hold too high an opinion of himself.

"What do you think of my project to study law?" asked young Witherby of his great-uncle, Hobert Donaldson, a person whom he was desirous to propitiate.

"I should call it a vera harmless amusement," said Mr. Donaldson dryly after a comprehensive survey of the young man's fatuous face and gay attire, "if not carried too far."

Honesty.

Let honesty be as the breath of thy soul and never forget to have a penny when all thy expenses are enumerated and paid; then shall thou reach the point of happiness, and independence shall be thy shield and buckler, thy helmet and crown; then shall thy soul walk upright, nor stoop to the silken wretch because he hath riches, nor pocket an abuse because the hand which offers it wears a ring set with diamonds.—Franklin.

Queer Justice.

Prison Visitor—My friend, you ought not to complain. You are here to satisfy the demands of justice. Prisoner—Not much I am. For months my creditors kept urging me to raise money and then when I raised a check they put me in jail. I'm blamed if I can see how you call that justice.

Public Speakers.

There are only two kinds of speakers. The first is the man who is making a good speech and won't finish. The second is the man who is making a bad speech and can't finish. The latter is the longer.

The Original Lobbyist.

The lobbyist was a conspicuous part of the first government established by Adam and Eve in the garden of Eden. He was a serpent.

Experience keeps a dear school, but fools will learn at no other and scarcely at that.—Franklin.

The First Man.

About the middle of the seventeenth century Isaac de la Peyrere, in an odd little volume entitled "The Pre-Adamites," attempted to prove that there were two creations of men—the first on the sixth day of the week of creation, when "God created man male and female." The rabbis interpret the above passage of holy writ as meaning that the first race of human beings were creatures in which both sexes were united in the same individual. According to De la Peyrere, Adam was the result of the second creation, the "male and female" being having been the progenitor of the gentiles, Adam the father of the Jews. A great many people fell in with the views of De la Peyrere, and he was the lion of the hour. His followers were called "Pre-Adamites," and they increased in numbers rapidly until finally the movement became so strong that the founder of the sect was compelled to go to Rome and abjure his doctrine at the feet of Pope Alexander VII.

Savages and Snuff.

The habit of snuff taking has been confirmed among savage tribes for ages past. In South Africa it is used among Swazis, Basutos and Matabeles. Every Zulu today, even in towns, carries a little square box suspended around his neck by a piece of string or gut, and the snuff spoon (for they do not indulge in the homely "pinch"), carved out of sheep's bone, often ornamented with intricate geometrical designs and for convenience carried hanging downward through a slit in the lobe of the ear. The Zulu regards the lobe of his ear as a useful receptable for various small articles he meets with. The umfaan, or house boy, universally met with in Natal, has a penchant for safety pins, which have to be carefully hidden from his sharp eyes. Even then he is usually to be seen, after going through the rooms, with a string of these pins suspended from each ear until they reach his shoulders.

Neckties as Railway Signals.

"Red neckties are always worn by foreign brakemen and conductors. Ever notice it?" said a railroader.

"No. Why is it?"

"As a safety device," was the reply. "These red neckties that flash upon your gaze on the railroads of Italy, France, Germany and England are not a sign that the people have a gay taste, but that they are cautious and prudent.

"The neckties are supplied free by the railroad companies for use as danger signals in emergency. Thus, no matter when or where an accident may happen, there is no need to search or scramble for a red flag, but the brakeman whips off his red necktie and waves it frantically aloft."

Kentucky's Names.

Kentucky is known as the Corn Cracker State from a game bird enjoying the same name which was formerly found in great abundance in most parts of the state. It is also called the Blue Grass State, from the belt of land running through the center, in which this variety of grass grows to great perfection. In the early days of our history it was known as the Dark and Bloody Ground, being so termed by the Indians. It was then a debatable land between the Indians living north of the Ohio and those living in the mountains of Tennessee and Georgia, a sort of battleground for these tribes, which fact gave it the name long before it was settled by the whites.

Planets With Three Suns.

The people inhabiting the planets in the solar system of Gamma have no need of electricity, gas, oil or other kind of artificial light. In those favored worlds they have continuous daylight and probably have no idea of a land like ours which is alternately bathed in sunlight and plunged into darkness. The Gammaneau planets are so situated that as soon as one of their three suns begins to decline another appears in sight. Each of these three suns is of a different color—red, yellow and blue.

Price and Imagination.

Housewives are apt to judge the quality of groceries by the price paid for them. As an illustration of this a grocer tells the following story: "I had two qualities of flour—one fine and the other poor. One day I accidentally sold one for the other. My customers, who paid a high price for the poor quality, said that it had given entire satisfaction, while those who had received the fine flour for a low price complained of it, and a few returned it as unfit for use."

Affection.

Talk not of wasted affection! Affection never was wasted. If it enrich not the heart of another, its waters, returning back to their springs like the rain, shall fill them full of refreshing; that which the fountain sends forth returns again to the fountain.—Longfellow.

His Ancestors.

Jones—So you have succeeded in tracing back my ancestors? What is your fee? Genealogist—One thousand pounds, for keeping quiet about them.—London Tit-Bits.

It Hurt.

"Pa whaled me with a board. Then he said it hurt him worse'n it hurt me."

"And do you think it did?"

"I expect so. He got a big splinter in his thumb."

Heroes in history seem to us poetic because they are there. But if we should tell the simple truth of some of our neighbors it would sound like poetry.—G. W. Curtis.

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Rain Coats...

Spring weather is always uncertain—cool today, rainy tomorrow and sunshine the next day.

Your Winter Overcoat is a burden two-thirds of the time. To meet all conditions own a—

"Cravenette"

An Ideal and Stylish Rain or Shine Over Garment....

We've Genuine "Cravenette" Coats in different weights and fabrics.

The waterproofing does not injure the fabric or its usefulness for sunshine.

Our Raincoats are handsome overgarments in sunshine and a necessity in the rain.

All sizes with a price range from

$6.00 to $15.00

SPRING HATS

Every man wants a new Spring Hat, and whether or not he agrees to it in public, every man will acknowledge to himself that it is just as important for him to have a new Hat, as for the most smartly dressed woman to have a new Spring Bonnet.

The men who want the best Derby that's made want

OUR HAWE'S HAT

We have a complete line of sizes in this excellent hat in different heights of crown.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

HAT SPECIALS

"THE KING HAT" (best quality), regular price $2.50, for... $1.75

The "BORSALINO" (The finest high-grade hat, made in Alexandria, Italy), regular price $3.50, for.. $2.50

Have a Look at Them

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialists

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS : : : :

HAIR GROWER

Works wonders when your head is bald or nearly so. It works out the germs that cause baldness and cures it.

The Greatest Tonic

WATERS SPECIAL AGENT

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

Ladies' Collar Supporters

One of the many useful articles of jewelry for ladies' wear.

With these supports scarfs or collars cannot sag or droop down and no collar looks well without them.

They are made in gold filled and ocean pearl, set with pearls, turquoise, etc., and cost—

50, 60, 75c $1 Set

T. BLACKBURN

Marriage Licenses Issued

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert, or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

Chas. J. Symons

[illegible] Front St. Shirts to Order.

YOU CAN LOOK at things in a different light if your eyes are properly fitted with glasses—just the right lenses. Needless to say you'll have greater eye comfort and that annoying headache will disappear. At any rate we'll charge you nothing for telling you what the trouble is. Eye glasses and spectacle prices are reasonable here.

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St. with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

Also the latest designs in shadow and eyelet embroidery for Blouses. STAMPING DONE.

Blouses and Light Dresses MADE TO ORDER.

CORHAM & NEATE.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

The Rolling Mills.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE PROPOSED SETTLEMENT AND THE PROCLAMATION BY MAYOR SULMAN.

In another column will be found a proclamation by His Worship Mayor Sulman, calling a public meeting of citizens for Friday evening next, in connection with the proposed rolling mills settlement.

Delighted to find an opportunity available to find out something about the "proposed rolling mills settlement," The Intelligencer called on Mayor Sulman this morning and asked him how matters stood. His Worship explained it in this way. The parties who recently bought the rolling mills did so with the understanding that they be given a clear title, something which the Canadian Iron and Steel Company could not give them, inasmuch as there is owing on the mills taxes to the amount of $3,500. The recent purchase was made on condition that the property, free from debt, be turned over to the new purchasers. In the language of the street, "there is a string" on the purchase money, though it has been paid over.

Now the City Council is "up against" this state of affairs; They are offered half the amount of taxes due, which, they have excellent reason to believe, would be a good settlement. If they accept, the new purchasers will get their title, at once place the mills in first-class shape, and, as soon as possible, begin to operate them. But there is a fly in the ointment, and here it is: The City Council has no legal right to make a settlement or accept any sum less than the full amount of taxes, unless they submit a by-law to the people. If they take upon themselves to accept any such settlement, they may, on the initiative of one citizen, become personally liable for the amount lost by the city through their action.

It will thus be seen that the City Fathers are between Scylia and Charybdis. On the one hand is their desire to see the rolling mills operated, believing it would benefit the city—as it undoubtedly would; on the other hand is their reluctance to place themselves personally liable for any taxes which they may remit, which remission, or non-remission, it would appear, is the rock on which the rolling mills settlement may split.

The Mayor tells us that his idea in calling the public meeting is to have the matter fully explained and discussed; then it is hoped that there may be such a unanimous expression of opinion on the part of those present as will strengthen the hands (and stiffen the backs) of the City Fathers.

Now, to look at this matter dispassionately; it may, in the first place, be asked, would it be fair to ask men who, like the city councillors, give a large amount of their time, gratis, to the transaction of the city's business, to place themselves in a position wherein they are personally liable for money, which may be recovered by process of law? In the second place, would it be fair to assume that the majority of our ratepayers, who have the legal right to be heard by their votes on this question, would consider themselves fairly treated if the matter were supposed to be settled at a so-called public meeting, such meetings, as a rule, as our readers know, being notoriously farcical on account of slim attendance and lack of interest?

The whole thing, to our mind, resolves itself to this; There is only one legal way out of the difficulty, is it not the part of wisdom to follow that way?

We have had lawsuits enough and to spare in the past. Is it wise to court any more?

We think that if a by-law is submitted to the people, it would pass with a big majority—as it should.

Submit the Remission by-law to the people, and settle the matter legally.

Mr. Grass' Rabbits-- Seven Were Stolen.

Mr. D. Grass reported to the police yesterday that seven small white rabbits had been stolen from his premises. The case was placed in the hands of Officer Hayes and later in the day he secured six of the missing "bunnies" and took them to the police station for the time being.

It appears that the rabbits were taken by a boy, who appeared this morning before the magistrate. As the boy is working and Mr. Grass was not disposed to prosecute, a suspended sentence of one month in jail was imposed.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

S. O. E. AT HOME.

OXFORD LODGE COMMEMORATED ST. GEORGE'S DAY LAST EVENING.

Oxford Lodge, Sons of England, last night celebrated St. George's Day, which is dear to all Englishmen, by holding an at home in the Oddfellows' Hall. There were a large number present and all apparently enjoyed themselves. In the early part of the evening a programme consisting of vocal and instrumental music was carried out, and this proved to be entertaining.

Mr. J. Vickers, past president of Oxford Lodge, occupied the chair and filled that position most acceptably. The programme was as follows; Tableau, "The Maple Leaf," which was very pretty. Vocal solos by Messrs. J. Vickers, J. Hutchinson, Halliwell and Master Harry Fenn. Miss Spratt and Mr. Fred Palos gave recitations, which were enjoyed very much. A quartette composed of Messrs. Sandy Burrows, E. T. Austin, H. Wrightmyer and B. F. Hudson rendered two selections, which delighted the audience. Little Miss Florence Vickers, although but four years of age, rendered selections upon the mouth organ which would have been creditable to one much older in years. Piano solos were given by Prof. Spooner and Miss Edith Fenn. Mr. Roy Walters gave a mandolin solo, with piano accompaniment, the latter being executed by Miss Mills. During the programme some phonograph selections were given by Mr. Geo. Edwards.

At the conclusion of the programme refreshments were served, after which dancing was indulged in for some time. Music was furnished by Miss Chalaupka and Mr. O'Rourke, and Mr. R. H. Ketcheson was right at home as master of ceremonies.

Pleasant Evening At John St. Church.

A pleasing social event took place last evening in the Sunday School rooms of John St. Presbyterian church, in the nature of a banquet, under the auspices of the Young People's Guild. After the very substantial refreshments had been partaken of, toasts were in order. Pleasing songs were rendered by Miss H. Bowsell and Mr. Harry McKay; and Miss Jessie Tuite gave a reading in a pleasing manner.

Following is the list of toasts and the names of those who responded;

"The King"—God Save the King.

"Our Pastor"—Rev. A. H. Drumm.

"Our President"—Mr. J. Cook.

"Our Officers" — Misses Cook, Fleming and Crooks.

"The W.F.M. Society"—Miss Davis and Mrs. Russell.

"The Sunday School"—Mr. S. Russell.

"The Choir" — Misses Crooks and Anderson, and Mr. Carlow.

"Our Visitors" — Miss Davis and Mr. H. McKay.

"Our Married Members" — Mrs. Morris and Mr. Cook.

"The Bachelors"—Miss McCaughey.

"The Ladies" — Messrs. J. L. Moore and W. E. Reid.

A Letter From Mr. George H. Pope.

In the course of a chatty letter received by The Intelligencer to-day from Mr. George H. Pope, Winnipeg, the writer states that his son, Dr. E. L. Pope, has opened an office at 85 Kennedy St., in that city, and has already secured a good practise.

Mr. Pope adds that he was in Battleford a few days ago, and as an instance of the rapid settling of that section of our great Northwest, mentions that 3500 homestead entries were made there on Saturday, April 14. Mr. Pope says that the arrival of The Daily Intelligencer "seems like an old friend coming to the house."

Miss Ula Millard Presented With a Pin

Last evening a large number of the members of the Junior Woman's Auxiliary in connection with Christ Church invaded the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Millard, corner of Victoria avenue and Ann street. The object of their visit was soon apparent when Miss Ula Millard was called upon and presented with a handsome pin. The recipient has for some time been Secretary of the Auxiliary, and is about to leave the city. Miss Millard, in accepting the gift, made a suitable response. A most pleasant time was spent in social intercourse by those, who attended.

Passed His Exams.

Nelson, B. C., Daily News; J. F. Templeton, of this city, and a nephew of Judge Forin, has successfully passed his final examination for the commission of a provincial land surveyor. Mr. Templeton, who is an honor graduate of the Royal Military College, served his articles with John McLatchie, P. L. S., and has been engaged by the latter for the past year and a half in making a traverse of the Crow's Nest Pass, the Columbia and Kootenay and the Columbia and Western branches of the C. P. R.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mr. F. R. Lingham arrived in the city from South Africa yesterday afternoon.

Miss Lena Monoghan, Cedar St., has returned to her school at Solmesville, P. E. Co.

Mr. W. E. Burke has been appointed purser on a steamer of the Richelieu Navigation Company.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wheeler have returned from New York and are occupying their residence on the Trent road.

Mrs. James Stinson and son, Edward, of Kingston, have returned home after a week's visit with friends here.

Mrs. John Merrin, of Kingston Junction, who has been so ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. T. H. Marshall, Lingham St., is now convalescent.

At the Quinte; R. Williamson, H. Greenlees, J. Guest, W. Haskett, W. Leslie, Montreal; R. E. Pack, J. B. Hutchins, W. Greenfields, G. W. Torrance, R. Gallagher, E. Davies, G. A. Stone, B. Rivett, C. Meyers, J. C. Heaton, C. F. Youck, Toronto; E. H. Root, Berlin; Dr. Kidd, Trenton; Dr. Stevenson, Trenton; F. H. Bender, Quebec; F. S. Fisk, Buffalo; Rev. E. Wilson, Northport.

XV. REGT., A.L.I.

The first parade of the season will be held on Friday evening, the 27th inst. Stores will be open on Wednesday evening, the 25th inst. Deduction from pay will be made for absence from any parade without leave.

By Order,
W. S. MORDEN, Captain.
Acting Adjutant.

24-2t

The Old Eye Sore.

Belleville, April 24.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer;

Dear Sir,—It is certainly very pleasing to read "Civic Improvement's" letter in your issue of yesterday. If the public would only take up seriously this matter of changing the unsightly gore at Cannifton road and Station street from a general dumping ground into a pretty park it would not be a great while until the park would be an established fact. "Civic Improvement" makes a splendid suggestion when stating that a pond might be left in the centre of the park and save considerable filling in, and I have no doubt that it would be very practicable. I have another suggestion, viz., that the people living in Bleecker and Baldwin Wards use this ground for the disposal of ashes and all yard scrapings all the time from now on, and if this is done the time required for filling in this hole will be materially shortened. The Health Inspector, Mr. R. Arnott, could assist in this matter and direct the people to have teamsters leave this material here. Let everybody unite in having the filling-in completed, and, as "Civic Improvement" states, the ladies of the city, who are always ready to lead in all good works, will assist our Chairman of Parks in making this spot a thing of beauty and joy forever, instead of the unsightly spot it now is.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your courtesy in printing this letter, I remain,

Yours faithfully,
L. W. MARSH.

Literary Guild Had a Balance on Hand.

The Literary Guild in connection with St. Andrew's Church held their annual meeting last evening, and a large number of the members were present. The financial report presented by the Secretary-Treasurer showed a balance on hand, which was unanimously voted to the Sunday School library fund. Dr. Farley, who was present, entertained the members with a number of phonograph selections.

Officers for the ensuing year;

President—Rev. Mr. Laidlaw.

Vice-President—Dr. Mather.

Secretary-Treasurer—Miss C. L. Rollins.

Pianist—Mr. Casement.

Assistant Pianist—Miss Mallory.

Convenor Programme Committee—Mr. Alf. Gillen.

Convenor Social Committee—Miss Annie Allen.

Convenor Pastor's Help Committee—Mr. H. C. Hunt.

Congratulations to Rev. J. A. Petrie.

Additional prizes and degrees were posted at Queen's College, yesterday afternoon. Amongst them is Rev. J. A. Petrie, B. D., of this city. Congratulations to our fellow-townsman, whose career at college has been a credit to him and to the city.

VIEWS OF THE RUINS OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Showing the awful results of the earthquake and fire, will appear in this week's issue of the Illustrated Buffalo Express.

Do not fail to see the pictures of the greatest calamity of modern times. Only 5 cents.

Just Received A Fresh Stock of

HOT WATER BOTTLES ..AND.. FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. B. Carman, Manager.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25th

The Most Powerful Melodrama of the Day.

The CONVICT'S DAUGHTER

A WEALTH OF BEAUTIFUL SCENERY & EFFECTS

Containing Many New and Novel Sensational and Mechanical Effects and Situations.

Plan opens Tuesday Morning.

Prices - 25c, 35c, 50c

FRIDAY, APRIL 27th

The Holy City

The Great Allegorical Reproduction of Michel Angelo's

"CRUCIFIXION"

The Most Impressive Historic Portrayal Ever Conceived and offered to the Public

Prices - 25, 35, 50, 75c

CONCERT

In Aid of the Hospital

—IN THE—

CITY HALL

Tuesday Night, April 24

Under Management of DAN A. CAMERON.

A Splendid Programme will be given by Some of Belleville's Best Talent Including

Miss Henderson of St. Agnes.
Miss Vermilyea and
Mr. Cameron.

TOOK THE VEIL.

MISS JENNIE ENRIGHT, WHO HAS MANY RELATIVES AND FRIENDS IN THIS CITY, ENTERS A CONVENT IN ROCHESTER.

The Geneva, N.Y., Times says;

A large number from here went to Rochester this morning to be present at the reception of thirty novices into the Order of the Sisters of St. Joseph. The event which marked the final admission of the novices into the sisterhood was held at Nazareth convent at eight o'clock. The service was conducted by Rt. Rev. Bishop Bernard J. McQuaid. Among those who received the veil was Miss Jennie Enright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Enright, of east North street, and the Genevans attending the service included the friends and relatives of Miss Enright.

The Miss Jennie Enright mentioned above is a granddaughter of Mr. Robert Wilson, of this city, and had often visited Belleville, where she made many friends owing to her liveliness and amiability. Miss Enright takes the name of Sister Clara Marie. Nazareth convent, which she entered, is situated on the corner of Jay and Frank Sts., Rochester.

Publicity Campaign.

Brandon, the second city of the Province of Manitoba, has inaugurated an active publicity campaign, and will attempt to bring to the notice of the people of the entire country the distinct advantages of the City of Brandon as a distributing and manufacturing point. Brandon is located in the heart of the richest agricultural section of the province, and in addition has a tributary country west, north and south, which makes it a logical point to establish and maintain institutions which supply the vast agricultural sections with finished product. The city has secured the services of Mr. J. F. Farrow, a well-known advertising and publicity expert, and the prospect for a good steady growth is predicted for this enterprising city.

Safe in Frisco.

Mr. Daniel Vanderwater, of Sidney, received a message on Monday, from his daughter, Miss Katie Vanderwater, in San Francisco, stating that her brother James and herself were safe and well. Miss Vanderwater is a professional nurse and her brother is a printer, whose place of business was on Market St. He has lived in San Francisco for many years. Both have numerous friends in Hastings County, who will be glad to learn of their safety.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

Daily Intelligencer.

CLAPP'S
CRIMPED
CRUST
VIENNA ROLLS

5c Each. Fresh
Every Morning.

Chas. S. Clapp

Young lady wanted for ice cream parlor. Apply evenings next week after 7 o'clock.

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL.

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER
Job Department
Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allor

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Harwood Pannelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

RECONSTRUCTION RAIN BRINGS MISERY

At London, England, the San Francisco earthquake relief fund being raised by Americans, is approaching $17,500. Sir Thomas Lipton has cabled to Mayor Schmitz offering to contribute $5,000 to the relief fund.

Massachusetts has raised $400,000 for the fund.

Chicago's second relief train, carrying provisions for the earthquake victims, was ready to leave Monday. The city's cash contributions now amount to over $450,000.

Portland, Ore., April 24.—Western and Southern Oregon were shaken by an earthquake yesterday. The utmost alarm is felt all along the coast. A despatch from Glendale says the shock was so severe that houses rocked, furniture toppled and fell, and china in closets was broken. At Grant's Pass in Southern Oregon, the earth begun to quiver and shake violently shortly after 1 o'clock.

Los Banos, Cal., April 24.—The earthquake destroyed the principal business portion of this town.

Oakland, April 24.—The bodies of eighty-six patients and eleven attendants have been recovered from the ruins of the Agnews' Asylum for the Insane, near Santa Rosa.

Philadelphia, April 24.—Probably the highest price ever paid for California cherries were realized yesterday at a local commission merchant's establishment, when a box of fruit was sold at auction for $2,440. The money was added to the relief fund for the earthquake sufferers. The cherries were the first received here this season from California, and a box of them sold at auction, each cherry being offered for sale singly. The first cherry sold for $105, and the others sold for amounts ranging from $100 down to 50 cents.

New York, April 24.—That the contributions for New York State for the relief of the victims of the great catastrophe on the Pacific Coast will exceed $3,500,000 is now assured. The City of Buffalo appropriated the sum of $50,000 and not a city or town in the state has failed to add its quota for relief.

TRAINING SHIP FOUNDERS.

35 Belgian Cadets and Officers Die in Bay of Biscay.

London, April 24.—The Count de Smet de Naeyer, a full-rigged sailing ship used by the Belgian Government for the training of officers for the Government service, foundered in the Bay of Biscay April 18, with a loss of thirty-five lives, including the captain and the officers commanding the cadets. The cadets included the sons of many prominent Belgians. Twenty-six survivors of the wreck were rescued by the bark Dunkerque.

It is difficult to get precise details of the disaster, owing to the Dunkerque, which was proceeding to Hamburg, refusing any information or the names of the survivors, and also declining an invitation to land the survivors at Dover.

Crown Attorney Curry Resigns.

Toronto, April 24.—Mr. J. W. Curry K. C., Crown Attorney for Toronto, yesterday sent his resignation to Attorney-General Foy, asking that it take effect May 1, and to be allowed salary till Nov. 1. He purposes devoting his time from now on to a land and fruit concern. Mr. Curry was called to the bar in 1881, and he was made Crown Attorney in 1893. He was the prosecutor in the recent York Loan investigation.

Capt. Clark Blown Up.

Parry Sound, April 24.—By an explosion of an acetylene gas buoy in the ship channel, ten miles from here, Capt. Arthur Clark was killed and blown to pieces Sunday night. The tug Pilot, from which the work of charging the buoy was being done, was so badly damaged that she sunk before reaching shore. All the rest of the crew escaped uninjured.

Two Men Badly Hurt.

Ottawa, April 24.—Some steel trusses laid on concrete piers, but not yet fastened in position at the Fat Stock Show building, being erected by the city at the exhibition grounds, fell yesterday afternoon. Samuel Stephen of Montreal and Joseph Cyr, Ottawa, are badly injured. Three others sustained injuries.

Child Falls Into Cistern.

Preston, April 24.—An accident occurred here last night, by which the 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Buehler lost her life. The child's mother was carrying a couple of pailsful of water from the cistern, and while in the house the child wandered to the cistern, fell in and was drowned.

Veteran Reporter Drowned.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 24.—Thomas R. Harvey, a veteran mariner, reporter and proprieter of Harvey's Marine Bureau, of this place, accidentally fell overboard from the steamer Goodyear, near Thunder Bay light, Lake Huron, and was drowned.

Wednesday Bargains

—12½c Plated Salts and Peppers	5c
—Post Card Albums	$1 00, 75c, 50c and 25c
—A good Hair Brush	25c
—8c Embroidery	5c
—Men's Cotton Sox	3 pair for 25c
—Men's Black and White Stripe Shirts	50c
—Window Poles, complete	2 for 25c
—4 String Broom	20c
—2¼ yd, Lace Curtains	25c
—Curtain goods by yard	5c

Prints, Sateen and Ladies' Wrappers cheap at

McINTOSH BROS.

CANADA AND GERMANY

British Preference Blamed For Their Trade Differences.

Mover For Correspondance Says Nothing Is Gained by British Preference —Minister of Finance Claims It Is Purely a Family Affair, and Minister Paterson Says German Market Is Not of Any Importance.

Ottawa, April 24.—In the House yesterday, Donald McIntyre, the newly-elected member from Strathcona, Alberta, was presented by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Frank Oliver and took his seat.

Mr. Monk introduced his bill respecting industrial and co-operative societies, a measure which he designed to promote and facilitate the co-operative movement among the farmers and industrial classes of Canada.

In answer to Mr. Borden, Hon. Mr. Oliver denied the report that the Itay and Bronson concession had been cancelled, but intimated that all of the hydraulic concessions in the Yukon might be dealt with very soon.

Condemned the Government.

Mr. Armstrong (East Lambton) moved for copies of all correspondence since 1896 between the Government of Canada and the German or British Governments respecting the tariffs of Germany and Canada. He condemned the Government as careless and indifferent to the interests of the farmer in not cultivating trade with Germany. It has been growing gradually less. In 1893 Germany placed a high tariff against Canada, amounting to 100 per cent. Our Government retaliated by placing a surtax of 33 1-3 per cent. upon German imports. The Minister of Agriculture had recently said to a deputation that he had hoped that better trade relations would soon exist, but that if they did not "it would not make any very great difference."

Mr. Armstrong regarded this statement as foolish and irresponsible. On March 1 Germany had put a surtax upon goods from Canada that amounted to prohibition. The apple trade was especially affected.

Nothing was gained by the British preference. Canadian goods sell in England on their merits and not on sentiment, yet it is the British preference that closes to our farmers the ports of Germany.

Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, thought the speeches were unwise, if not unpatriotic. Informal negotiations were now in progress between the two countries. He defended the policy of the present Government towards Germany as having been very popular among the people. They appreciated that Germany had penalized goods from Canada because of the British preference. No foreign country had a right to take offence at this; it was purely a family affair.

Curious "Family Affair."

Mr. Borden thought it peculiar if this was purely a "family affair," that England and every colony but Canada escaped the surtax.

Mr. Sproule (East Grey) said that the Liberals had come into power pledged to reduce taxation. They were to give a preference to Great Britain and thereby decrease taxation. What benefit is the British preference to the farmers of Canada? We get in return no benefit beyond that freely given by the mother country to our competitors from the United States.

Mr. Chisholm (East Huron) said that the farmers of Ontario were now driven to depend for their living upon dairy products and fruit. Ultimately they would have to rely upon fruit alone, for in that they need not fear competition from the west. The speaker claimed that the Ontario farmers needed the German market to sell their fruit and, on the other hand required cheap sugar. He favored reciprocity with Germany. Admit their sugar free and they will permit our apples to enter free of duty.

Mr. Paterson, Minister of Customs, claimed that the British preference had been approved by the people in 1900, and the German surtax in 1904. He was in hopes that some arrangement could be made with Germany. In drafting the new tariff this could probably be done. The British preference must be retained, even though we lost the entire German market. It was not a market of any importance at the best.

Mr. Henderson (Halton) said he was Canadian first and British afterwards. The preference simply meant that we took bread out of the mouths of our workingmen to feed the workingmen of England.

Mr. Patterson: Do you favor repealing it?

Mr. Henderson: Yes, if I had the power I would take this one-sided preference off the statute book. It is a jug-handled policy. I favor a mutual preference.

Mr. Schell (Oxford) and Mr. Derbyshire (Brockville) defended the Government, and Mr. Fowler (Kings and Albert) suggested that Mr. Fielding's British loyalty was of recent origin. It had not been long since he tried to carry Nova Scotia into the United States.

Mr. Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, said he felt that withdrawing colonial preference meant the disintegration of the British Empire.

Mr. Bennett (East Simcoe) ridiculed the idea that either the British preference or German surtax cut any figure in the elections of 1900 or 1904.

FRUIT FARM AT JORDAN.

Government Will Accept Land Offered by M. F. Rittenhouse.

Toronto, April 24.—Referring to a despatch from Guelph, Hon. Nelson Monteith said yesterday that an agreement would be entered into with M. F. Rittenhouse, a Chicago millionaire, who is a native of Jordan, Lincoln County, for the taking over of fifty acres of land at Jordan for a provincial experimental fruit farm. Mr. Rittenhouse laid down no conditions, but in addition to the free gift of the land offered to macadamize the road leading to the farm and to supply water from the reservoir constructed for the school garden at a nominal cost.

PRINCE ARTHUR IN TORONTO

H. R. H. Presented With An Engrossed Address by the City—Luncheon at the Hunt Club.

Toronto, April 24.—H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught arrived here yesterday and was met at the Union station by His Honor Lieut.-Governor Mortimer Clark, Hon. J. P. Whitney, Hon. J. J. Foy, Hon. A. J. Matheson, Brig.-Gen. Otter, C. B., Col. Lessard, C. B., Lieut.-Col. Davidson, Lieut.-Col. Denison, Capt. George, Capt. Macdonald, A. D. C., Lieut. Young.

After a short meeting with Lieut.-Governor Clark, Mr. Whitney and Gen. Otter, the prince left the car and smilingly acknowledged the welcome from the crowd by raising his hat. Entering his carriage he was escorted to the City Hall by detachments of Mounted Dragoons and Q. O. R. There was a splendid welcome at the City Hall from the great throng of people which crowded the square and streets.

Mayor Coatsworth read the address of the city, which was engrossed on vellum and bound in book form in red morocco.

H. R. H. the Prince suitably replied. The conclusion of the speech was greeted with hearty cheers, and then followed a reception which lasted a little more than a quarter of an hour.

From the City Hall to Government House, short rest, then luncheon at the Toronto Hunt Club. The day in Toronto was closed with a dinner at Government House.

DEMOCRATS AHEAD.

Odessa's Election Returns Repeat Tale Told Elsewhere.

St. Petersburg, April 24.—Returns of the vote cast in the election held on Sunday swells the tune of Democratic victory. The elections at Odessa were a repetition of those at St. Petersburg and Moscow.

The Constitutional Democrats elected 79 out of 80 electors and again carried Orenburg and Rostov-on-Don, where the Government quashed the first elections.

They also have invaded the Council of the Empire, the university professors choosing a solid block of six Constitutional Democrats. Besides M. Shipoff at Moscow, two other Otobrists councillors were chosen.

Father Gapon Hanged.

London, April 24.—An extraordinary story was published by The Manchester Guardian yesterday from a correspondent in Russia, asserting that Father Gapon was hanged secretly on April 10 by four revolutionists who overheard him admit that he was spying on his former revolutionary colleagues in behalf of the Russian police.

St. Petersburg, April 24.—Friends of Father Gapon claim to have information that the priest has fallen into the hands of the Holy Synod, which condemned him for forsaking the priestly orders to indefinite imprisonment in a monastery.

More Identification.

Montreal, April 24.—Strong evidence was brought out in enquete into the murder of five-year-old Edith May Ahearn yesterday morning. James Maddick, a new witness, positively identified the prisoner, James Hackett, as the man he saw with the little girl about the time of the murder, and several other witnesses identified him as the man they saw going to the woods with the little girl and coming back without her.

Hackett was formally committed to stand his trial for the murder of little Edith Ahearn.

Fight For the Capital.

Edmonton, April 24.—The fight for the capital of Alberta has begun in the Legislature, motions having been introduced to locate it at Calgary, Red Deer and Edmonton.

Piles Cured.

Suffering For Years, and Bed-Ridden From Piles, a Contractor of Marion, Indiana, is Cured by Pyramid Pile Cure.

Trial Package Mailed Free to All Who Send Name and Address.

"I was troubled with piles for several years before I would let it be known. But at last they became so severe that I could not walk and I had to take to my bed. I tried everything and anything the doctors prescribed, and took their treatments for a long time. But nothing ever did me any good. I had seen your ad. in different newspapers, so I got a 50-cent box and began using them. From the very first I got quick relief and by the time I was starting on my third box I saw I was cured. I have not been troubled with them since. Now you can use this as you please, because it is genuine. Yours, T. A. Sutton, Stone and Cement Contractor, Marion, Ind."

Instant relief can be gotten by using the marvelous Pyramid Pile Cure. It immediately reduces all congestion and swelling, heals all sores, ulcers and irritated parts.

The moment you start to use it your suffering ends and the cure of your dread disease is in sight.

The Pyramid Pile Cure renders a surgical operation unnecessary. Don't hack to pieces those tender muscles, which must be intact if a satisfactory cure is to be obtained.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is put up in the form of "easy-to-use," specially made, suppositories. They are soothing, painless, instant and certain.

A trial treatment will be sent you at once by mail, in plain, sealed wrapper, without a cent of expense to you, if you send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 3879 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

After you receive the sample, you can get a regular-size package of Pyramid Pile Cure at your druggist's for 50 cents, or if he hasn't it, send us the money and we will send it to you.

MINING BILL TAKEN UP

More Than Half of Its 220 Clauses Have Been Passed.

Hon. Frank Cochrane Showed Familiarity With Every Feature of the New Measure—Messrs. Smyth of Algoma, Smith of the Soo and Gamey of Manitoulin Were the Chief Critics—Nurses' Graduate Bill Sent Back to Special Committee.

Toronto, April 24.—The nurses' bill was sent back to the special committee again, and Premier Whitney said it would reappear in satisfactory shape. The committee will meet on Wednesday morning, when the hospital association will be given a chance to state their objections.

Mr. MacKay's bill dealing with libel actions against newspapers, was read a second time, as were these bills: Respecting the Port Arthur Blast Furnace Co. (Kennedy); to authorize Wm. J. Church to practice as a veterinary surgeon (Tucker); respecting certain sums of money in the hands of the accountant of the Supreme Court of Judicature (Mr. Whitney).

Third Readings.

Four bills were read a third time: To amend the Act for the Improvement of Public Highways (Roaume); respecting agricultural associations (Monteith); to amend the Election Act (Whitney; and respecting county houses of refuge (Eilber).

Mr. Downey's Pharmacy Act was further amended by a proviso that the act shall not come into effect till Aug. 1, 1906.

A supply bill covering the estimates already concurred in was passed by the House.

Bills Introduced.

Hon. Mr. Foy introduced a bill to amend the Devolution of Estates Act.

Hon. Mr. Hanna introduced a bill to amend the Local Drainage Act.

In moving the second reading of his bill for raising money on the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Ontario, Col. Matheson said in this loan, more than in the former, the province would have the assistance of the banks, because though the money will be raised in Canada, it will be spent in Canada. He hoped to get par for the bonds, and in time have the bonds taken up by funds in the courts. The loan would be floated in July. The province had already advanced $1,900,000 out of the consolidated revenue of the province, and it was likely that the money would not be needed till fall.

The New Mining Bill.

The new mining bill, which has over 220 clauses, was the principal topic of discussion in the Legislature in Committee of the Whole yesterday. More than half the clauses were passed, and there was very little criticism. Smith of the Soo, Smyth of Algoma, and Gamey of Manitoulin led the discussion, and the Minister showed a familiarity with every feature of the bill.

Mr. MacKay said the allowing of an inspector to go on a property and order a prospector off would be an injustice. The prospector could say: "This is my money and this is my time, and I object to an inspector coming in after I have spent my money."

"The trouble is," suggested the Premier, "that this is not his property." He argued that the intention was to prevent anyone squatting on property.

Mr. Gamey defended the provision. This was something the Government ought to hold in its hands.

Did Not Encourage the Poor Man.

Mr. Smith (Soo) believed that if a man went on a property and spent $400 or $500 in prospecting, and if another man came along and found valuable mineral, the first man should be compensated for his work. The law was not an encouragement to the poor man.

He also objected to the manner of disposing of the railway right of way, by charging $50,000 as a bonus, thus shutting everybody but the capitalist out.

The Premier said the position of the Sauk member was that the Government should insure every man who ventured into the country in quest of valuable minerals. It did not occur to him that the prospector was enjoying a privilege in being allowed to explore for silver.

Ex-Premier Ross questioned the need of a mining commissioner. Smith of the Soo, however, said this need cause no worry, there would be plenty of work for him.

A Provincial Assayer.

It was not the intention to appoint a second provincial geologist unless the work becomes clogged. A provincial assayer might be needed for the Gillies' limit.

Exception was taken by Mr. Smith to the clause giving the Government power to withdraw mining lands from the market. Mr. Gamey sympathized with this objection, as under the old Government there was a constant abuse of this power, but the present Government and the present Minister were in touch with the people and could be depended upon to do the right thing.

Mr. Smith contended that the settler should get everything on or in the land, and Smyth of Algoma agreed.

Mr. Gamey gave the Government credit for the revision permitting prospecting on timber lands. Under the old Government this clause was applied only when it suited the whim of the Government.

Coal in Ontario.

During the discussion Hon. Frank Cochrane stated that coal had been discovered in Ontario. Later, he said that it was an antharcite deposit, but that further information could not be divulged.

Woman Gets Four Years.

Toronto, April 24.—Jessie Thompson, who for the past 11 years has been an almost constant prisoner in the Kingston Penitentiary, was again sent down yesterday for four years. She pleaded guilty of stealing a purse containing $7 from Mrs. W. C. Barker in Simpson's store on Saturday.

Children Burned to Death.

Quebec, April 24.—Two little children of St. Valerien, County of Rimouski, were burned to death on Saturday afternoon in their parents' home, where they had been locked in while the former were out in the stable at work.

GILLETT'S
HIGH GRADE
CREAM TARTAR
ABSOLUTELY PURE.
SOLD IN PACKAGES AND CANS.
Same Price as the cheap adulterated kinds.
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.
Phone 11.
Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie
IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

Spring Wallpaper

The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

AT THE BEE HIVE
CHAS. N. SULMAN.

HOUSECLEANING AIDS—

WOODEN TUBS.
FIBRE TUBS.
WASH BOARDS.
CLOTHES LINES.
WHITEWASH BRUSHES.
SCRUB BRUSHES.
STOVE BRUSHES.
CEILING BROOMS.
WHISKS.
LIQUID AMMONIA.
POWDERED AMMONIA.
CONCENTRATED LYE.
NAPTHA POWDER.
GOLD DUST.
PEARLINE.
WASHING SODA.
WHITING.
BORAX.
SAPOLIO.
BEN AMI, ETC.

J. C. Hanley & Co.
Telephone 214. Grocers

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Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY
Insurance Agent.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.
Opposite Post Office Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,
Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.
4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.
Money to Loan upon favorable terms.
OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.
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BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up)
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 6.46 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	6.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've. Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —
Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs.

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Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
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The Daily Intelligencer.

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. O. LEAVENS

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1906. NO. 310

China Sale

The Balance of our Fancy China will be sold at
33 1-3 p.c. Discount
to make room for our new goods which are commencing to arrive.

ONE WEEK
From Wednesday, Morning, 25th inst., To Tuesday Evening, May 1st.

STROUDS
Sales Mean Real Bargains.

Coroner Says 1,000 Dead.

His Deputies Have Already Cared For Over 350 Bodies.

Scores of Half-Starved Dogs Found Gnawing and Tearing at Human Bodies Half Buried In the Earthquake and Fire Ruins at San Francisco—Housing 40,000 Refugees—150,000 Already Taken Away From Stricken City.

San Francisco, April 25.—Coroner William Walsh yesterday estimated that the total number of dead will not be less than 1,000. His reports are complete and his estimate is made up from all the data he has been able to collect.

Up to the present time bodies have been buried by the soldiers and the naval militia in open squares near where found. For this reason it is feared that the exact number of dead will never be accurately known. Coroner Walsh reported Monday that his deputies had cared for 350 bodies taken from the ruins, but this number does not include those buried by the police and by the naval militia in the potrero. Thirty-three bodies were taken out at Bay and Polk street yesterday.

Dogs Eat Bodies.

One of the gruesome scenes that has followed the fire was that witnessed on Telegraph and Russian Hills and along the entire north beach front of this city yesterday morning, when scores of half-starved dogs were found eating human bodies. The animals were discovered gnawing and tearing at the corpses half burned in the ruins. Where only a leg or arm protruded the dogs were digging for the rest of the body.

Bluejackets were detailed to cover the sections designated and kill all dogs found in this vicinity. All morning rifle reports could be heard on the hillside and along the beach as the dogs were killed. Men were pressed into service either to bury the carcases of the dogs or throw them into the bay. In a few places smouldering fires were found and there it was possible to cremate the animals.

It was not believed that there were so many dead in the ruins of Telegraph and Russian Hills, until the dogs were found there digging for the bodies. When the dogs have all been run down and slain a further search will be made of these sections to obtain the bodies and bury them as soon as possible.

Housing 10,000 Refugees.

Temporary structures have been erected in Golden Gate Park for the housing of 40,000 persons. This work was begun yesterday morning by the shelter committee and the homeless who have been sleeping out of doors for nearly a week were moved into comfortable quarters. About the same time a supply of blankets and bedding was received and these also have been taken to the park. At present there is little suffering and before a week it is expected that all refugees here will be comfortable.

The committee is sending as many of the refugees as possible to interior points. The seizure begun Monday of all vacant houses in the unburned district, still is underway. Many vacant flats have been taken where the homeless, especially the sick, are housed. Architects have been sent out to examine churches and other buildings, including schoolhouses, with a view of turning them into living rooms for the homeless. Supplies of food are coming in rapidly from outside points and are being centralized in the freight sheds and warehouses still standing.

Major-Gen. Greely, commanding the Pacific division of the army, arrived yesterday. He recommends the bringing of 25,000 additional troops.

150,000 Taken Away.

General Passenger Agent James Horsburg, of the Southern Pacific at Oakland pier, Cal., advises that that road has taken out of San Francisco 150,000, that 50,000 more are still encamped in Golden Gate Park, 25,000 at the Presidio, and 50,000 elsewhere.

Maimed Living In Robbing Dead.

Colorado Springs, Col., April 25.—Passing through here yesterday in a Denver & Rio Grande train, bound for Chicago, where her parents reside, was a San Francisco fugitive who said her name was Miss Logan. She wore a bandage on her left hand and said that while she lay unconscious upon the floor of the lobby of the St. Francis Hotel in San Francisco after the earthquake last Wednesday morning, the third finger of her left hand was cut off and she was robbed of rings that she had worn there.

FACTS IN SMALL SPACE.

The Alberta Government has voted $5,000.

The situation is constantly growing more cheerful.

Victoria, B. C., has sent supplies valued at $10,000.

Saskatoon, Sask., has sent a carload of Saskatchewan flour.

The losses to the steel sky scrapers are confined to the contents.

The total amount of the relief fund collected to date is $8,470,370.

All the dangerous walls on Market street, San Francisco, have been dynamited.

The Toronto branch of the Chinese Reform Association will probably send about $500 to aid homeless Chinese.

No trace of Count De La Rocca, the French consul in San Francisco, has yet been found. It is feared that he lost his life in the fire.

Governor Pardoe announces that he will continue to proclaim legal holidays from day to day as long as the financial condition of the state remained unsettled.

About fifty Torontonians left yesterday for San Francisco. The majority were going to find their relatives, while a score were carpenters going to find work in the ruined city.

Mrs. Lottie Matthews and her three children, survivors of the California earthquake, arrived in Toronto Tuesday. Mrs. Matthews gives a vivid description of the horror.

Major-Gen. A. W. Greely, commanding the department of the Pacific, praises Gen. Funston and says that it was due very largely to him that there has been a minimum of violence.

Facilities for feeding the destitute have greatly improved since the arrival Monday of twenty-eight cars from Los Angeles provided with cooking arrangements capable of caring for 150,000 people.

The Spring Valley Water Co. has about 1,000 men at work repairing and replacing broken water mains, and many portions of the residence section are now abundantly supplied with water.

The executive of the I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge of Ontario met yesterday and decided to send $1,000 at once to the Oddfellows in San Francisco, 4,000 of whom are homeless, and to send more money later.

Five thousand blankets were despatched Monday to Oakland by the Massachusetts Association. The committee decided to send eighteen architectural draughtsmen, an engineer, and an architect.

Continued on page 8.

"DON'T KICK THE CORPSE."

Opposition Magnanimous In Face of Government's Backdown on North Atlantic Trading Co. Contract.

Ottawa, April 25.—After the ignominous backdown of the Government Friday night, several members called out "Don't kick the corpse," as F. D. Monk (Jacques Cartier) rose yesterday to reply to the Minister of the Interior. At the time, Mr. Monk appeared to realize that humanity required him to withhold his hand and he contented himself with saying that the announcement which the Minister of the Interior had made reminds me a little of the story told in one of his novels by Charles Dickens. When a witness was asked, "Were you ever kicked down stairs?" he replied: "Never. I was once pushed rudely at the head of the stairs and came down a little faster than usual; that is all." Hence the debate was adjourned without further comment.

Yesterday it was decided to hold a postmortem partly to accommodate Mr. Ross, Liberal (Yale-Cariboo), who insisted that life was not extinct, and protested against the North Atlantic Trading Co. being buried alive. The Opposition seized the opportunity thus afforded them, but when the debate was finished, Mr. Ross protested against premature burial. It is the Government now who want the matter hushed up, but the committee on public accounts has subpoenaed Mr. Preston and the end is not yet.

"Bring In the Government."

When the House convened after recess last night not a single Minister was in his seat.

"Bring in the Government," cried Mr. Taylor (Leeds), the Conservative whip. Some one suggested that the "Government was lost." At 8.15 Hon. Mr. Oliver entered the House amid ironic cheers from the Opposition.

Mr. Northrup resumed his address on the trading company's graft, and was followed by Mr. Bole of Winnipeg, Mr. Perley (Argenteuil) and Mr. Bureau, Liberal (Three Rivers and St. Maurice).

The Lord's Day Act.

The transportation interests appeared yesterday morning before the Lord's Day Act committee in opposition to the strictures which the measure would impose. David McNicholl, vice-president of the C. P. R.; F. H. McGuigan, fourth vice-president of the Grand Trunk; C. W. Spencer, of the Canadian Northern; Mr. Stout, manager of the Dominion Express Co.; Francis King, Kingston, representing the Dominion Marine Association; Mr. Meredith, Montreal, for the shipping federation of Canada, and C. J. Smith of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Co., were the speakers. Dr. Black, M. P., urged that a day of rest be established for sanitary reasons. The committee adjourned until to-day.

Supplementary Estimates.

Just before the House adjourned last night Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, presented supplementary estimates amounting to $2,845,362.

This brings the total estimates for the year ending June 30, 1906, to about ninety million dollars.

The Wash Fabrics
. . Prettier Than Ever . .

If the bright flowers of spring and the sweet flowers of June could shower their blossoms on newly fallen snow, you would see no more beautiful picture than our washing Fabric Counters present today. The choicest, richest, most exquisite designs from abroad are here, together with much that's exclusive. We want you to know what we can do, and even if you don't wish to buy, its no trouble to show you everything you wish to see.

Ask to see the new designs in ***FRENCH MUSLINS and PRINTED ORGANDIES.*** We never saw such delicate tints, such dainty effects, such aristocratic effects as these new ones just arrived.

Prices Start at 15c You'll Like Them

New Grey Tweeds

Long ago we learned from most reliable sources that grey, and grey mixture tweeds were going to be very popular this spring.

We laid our plans accordingly. The result is that we are able to satisfy every demand from the high class novelties which cannot be duplicated in Canada today down to the hard-wearing Tweeds at prices anywhere from

40c to $1.25 per yard

Tuesday and Wednesday will be good days to look around.

Covert Coats
JUST RECEIVED

Embodied in these smartly tailored Covert Coats, is the best style effort, coupled with most reasonable prices, without fear of valid contradiction, we assert that our range of Spring Coats is one of the most comprehensive in Belleville, and in the matter of style and value the evidence of your own eyes is the best you can have. We invite you to see these new coats and judge for yourself the correctness of our statements.

Prices, $7.50 to $12.50

Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

SALE OF SKIRTS
For Ladies' and Misses'

We have just put on sale in our Skirt Department about 150 Ladies' and Misses' Black and Colored Cloth Skirts at much below regular values. These are all made from Fashionable Materials and are beautifully tailored. If you are in need of a new skirt it will pay you to investigate.

—*LOT 1*—Misses' Tweed Skirts, all sizes, worth $1.50 to $1.95, for............ *98c*

—*LOT 2*—Misses Plain Navy and Grey Skirts, worth $2.50, for............ *$1.75*

—*LOT 3*—Misses' Tweed and Plain Cloth Skirts, all sizes, worth $2.95 to $3.75, for............ *$1.98*

—*LOT 4*—Misses' Plain Cloths and Fancy Tweeds, regular prices $4.75 to $5.00, for............ *$3.45*

—*LOT 5*—A lot of Ladies' plain Cloth and Fancy Tweed Skirts, regular $4.75 and $5.00, for............ *$3.50*

—*LOT 6*—About 50 Ladies' very fine quality Plain Cloth Skirts in black and colors at............ ***Fully one-third less than regular value***

Long Kid Gloves

Dame Fashion has demanded long Kid Gloves to be worn this coming season.

We have just received a fresh supply in all the leading shades as Tan, Black and white—full range of sizes.

We desire that every lady who wishes a pair of these gloves to come at once as the supply is limited.

The Ritchie Coy Limited

SPRING CLOTHING

Not a mere showing of styles of the Spring Fashions, but a magnificent gathering of all the nattiest Suits and Overcoats that affords you choice as wide as you wish.

Fashioned by expert tailors after the most approved New York Models, made in Canada, saving all duties—and all marked at most moderate prices.

But even if you are not to purchase now, come in and see the display. It is interesting to the extreme.

—Men's Spring Suits in all the newest materials and styles, every garment fully guaranteed to retain its perfect fit till worn out—

$7.50 to $15.00

Men's Spring and Summer Shirts

Our spring stock represents a most complete showing of the very latest novelties in spring shirts. Exquisite styles in checks, stripes and figures just received. We will expect you to come in and inspect them.

PRICES—75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

House Furnishing

This Is the Time

When Carpets and Rugs come up for the usual spring cleaning, on looking them over, don't you think some of them a bit too worn to put back again on the same room? Probably you will.

Then is when we want to see you and show you through our new season's Carpets and Rugs and to quote you our close prices for

Axminster, Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets

- - AND - -

Axminster, Velvet and Tapestry Rugs

We carry in stock the *Celebrated Crossley Carpets and Rugs.*

ENGLISH LINOLEUMS and OILCLOTHS

2, 3, 4 yards wide. In a big range of patterns.

JAPANESE MATTINGS

The season's new importations, ranging from *20 to 50c a yd.*

CURTAINS

SWISS, NOTTINGHAM and NET CURTAINS.

BLINDS, POLES.

Fancy and Plain Denims, Silkalines, Madras Muslins.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

He's Awful Hard On His Clothes . . .

So said the mother of a rosy-cheeked, handsome young fellow, as she brought him in for a new suit.

We sold her one of our new *Hewson Tweed Suits*—we know this suit will please her, and we know that to wear it out will

Keep the Boy Busy

Our Boys' Suits are made from strong, yet attractive fabrics—well sewn, with all points where the strain comes made doubly strong.

We know exactly what kind of clothes growing boys need and we see that they get them.

Our Boys' Suits will appeal to the taste, while our prices make a strong appeal to the purse.

COME ON IN.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

FRILLED BOBBINETTE CURTAINS, at per yard—*15c, 20c, 25c, 30c.*

300 Pairs *LACE CURTAINS,* prices per pair, *50c to $6.*

ROLLER BLINDS—25, 35, 50 and 75c.

The best *WHITEWEAR* and best *DRESS SKIRTS* made in Canada are branded with the registered trade mark—

"MINERVA"

We shall make a special feature of these goods this season. They represent more style and better quality than the average, with no more to pay than for inferior goods.

The assortment is now at its best and all we ask is a chance to show you what we call value.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

Hon. Mr. Hanna's License Measure.

The License Bill brought in by Hon. Mr. Hanna has withstood the criticism of the Opposition, and will become the law of the Province. Its effect is to make the regulations regarding liquor selling more stringent, and to raise the price of the franchise. In general terms the law will remain as it was.

The local option section requiring 60 per cent. of the polled vote to carry non-license, raised a strong debate on Friday of last week. It is a question, however, if the section goes far enough in order to make local option effective in practice even where this majority is secured. Mr. Hanna observed that "it usually meant 35 per cent. of the possible vote." That is not a large enough majority to secure the aid of those who think to make a "temperance town" by taking away the hotel licenses. There should be a clear majority of the possible vote if the will of the citizens is to be properly felt upon a question of this kind.

Most people, we think, who are fair-minded enough to be able to give an unbiased opinion, will agree with the London Free Press "That a license law strictly carried out in letter and spirit is better for the habits and morals of a community than non-licenses where more than half the people are indifferent. The Hanna bill makes a generous concession to opponents of the traffic in requiring only a vote of 37 per cent. of the whole electorate. It puts a sufficiently sharp weapon in the hands of a people that is noted as the most temperate on the face of the globe. The statistics of 1901 proved that as the consumption of alcoholic liquors was greatest in Belgium, it was the least in Canada of all civilized countries. In Belgium it was 2.81 English gallons per head; in France, 2.72 gallons per head; in Western Australia, 2.27 per head; in Germany, 2.09 per head; the United Kingdom, 2.05, and in the various colonies a gradually lessening rate. Canada stood lowest in the consumption of ardent spirits, namely at .34 of a gallon. Since then there has been no material increase.

"We submit that such statistics give no warrant on moral grounds for the crusade that had been again set on foot against the moneyed interests that are involved in the trade. Why are the most temperate people of the civilized world to be constantly agitated and driven as though they were a nation of drunkards? Is it morality or politics that is at the root of this agitation?

"It is recollected that while the Ross Government remained in power the leaders of the so-called temperance reform movement were easily put off with promises. They were quite satisfied with the notoriously lax administration of the license law as it stood. They knew full well that it was run as a party machine; that men were granted or refused licenses because of their political stripe; that licenses and licensed property were trafficked in on political considerations. Yet Mr. Ross was never very rudely disturbed by the leaders of the prohibition party, who seemed quite satisfied with shift and evasion, when something had to be said.

"Many earnest temperance workers of Conservative leanings were often struck with this phase of the movement, and filled with righteous suspicion that their zeal was being made use of for political ends. How can they be sure that the renewal of the crusade since Ross went out of power is not more with the intent of embarrassing the Whitney Government than to promote the public good? Are they quite satisfied that they are not being led into this "war" upon vested interests less from regard for the public welfare than a set plan to help G. W. Ross back to power?

"It was little less than farcical to see Mr. A. G. Mackay, of all men in the House, rising at Mr. Ross' nod to criticise Mr. Hanna's measure. No man in public life in this country has played fast and loose with the temperance people, and the liquor question, with more brazen hypocrisy, than this man, who got his first start in politics as a superheated prohibitionist.

"Mr. Hanna and the Government, however, are on safe ground in a measure designed to regulate the traffic with strict regard to the public interest rather than in catering to an agitation that is based so largely on injustice to property and vested wealth. The declaration of "war" that has been made upon a legalized business, which has so many millions directly and indirectly invested in it, and which pays so heavily to the general and local rates ought to be met with reason, common sense, and the spirit of justice.

"The 'war' which the alliance has proclaimed means the confiscation of property and the ruin of many men who have honestly put their means in a business which the public service requires. But for ruin wrought by "war" there must be compensation."

WANT AND NEED.

There's a big difference between what a baby wants and what he needs. Deny him the one, give him the other. Most babies need Scott's Emulsion—it's the right thing for a baby. It contains a lot of strength-building qualities that their food may not contain. After a while they get to want it. Why? Because it makes them comfortable. Those dimples and round cheeks mean health and ease. Scott's Emulsion makes children easy; keeps them so, too.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

TIMELY TOPICS.

The City Fathers went to Zwick's yesterday afternoon and tested the water. Only one bacillus was found, and the Mayor tried to kill that with a club.

• • •

Ald. Knox thought the owner of the bacillus should pay a tax of $2 at least.

• • •

The rate, of course, would be $4 for a female bacillus.

• • •

Plenty of people are busy, these days, guessing which of the aldermen is going to get the automobile. Have patience, and you'll see him. And woe betide the dog that gets in his path.

• • •

For our part, we're going to climb a tree when we see him a-coming.

• • •

Anxious Enquirer — Yes, we think that anyone who has ever ran a horse rake should be able to run an automobile. At all events, he'll be able to make it run as fast as he'll run himself next January.

• • •

What's in a name? The president of Ottawa's St. George's Society is named McCarthy.

• • •

Isn't it providential there are no earthquakes in Belleville? What untold pain it would give people if a quake shook down that Gothic building Ald. Knox has erected on the Corby park!

• • •

"Landscape Improvement as a Fine Art," is a book which may soon be on the market. They say it is written by one of the City Council. Now, don't ask us to tell you which one.

• • •

Is there going to be a track for automobiles on the Corby park, too.

• • •

What a pity Prince Arthur of Connaught did not drive around to see the beauties of this city! He would surely have knighted the chairman of Parks for his efforts to beautify the landscape up on George street.

• • •

A Washington man in whom a rabbit's eye was grafted to take the place of his own, which had been burned by lye, is beginning to see with the substitute. Brain grafting will come next.

• • •

A Chicago paper asks in an editorial article, "What do girls read?" In this neck of the woods the girls read The Intelligencer and the notes the boys send 'em.

• • •

Some of the papers are printing a series of articles on The Girl You Would Like To Be. As if any girl would like to be any different from what she is!

• • •

A ballplayer at Lodi, O., fell dead of heart disease while standing at the plate ready to bat. This was unusual. It is much more common for players to die on one of the bases.

• • •

A man living in a Pennsylvania town distrusted banks and carried his savings in his wooden leg. He fell asleep in a train and when he awoke his leg and savings were gone. It has long been known that riches could take wings and fly away, and now it appears that they can even go off on a wooden leg.

• • •

It must be nice to live in Germany. A German soldier has been sentenced to seven years in prison for saying that the Kaiser might have had his train slowed in order to see the salute of the men along the line. We suppose that if Emperor Bill had built a place like that on the Corby park we'd have got a life sentence for the few remarks we've made about it!

• • •

The Sons of England held a smoker last night in honor of St. George. If some of the traditions about him are true, the saint has possibly smoked a good bit himself since he "shuffled off this mortal coil."

• • •

Canadians who went out to San Francisco some time ago are again heading for Canada. The "Golden West" is just a little too strenuous for them. A lady from San Francisco, who went there from Ontario, has arrived back in Toronto, with her four children. Toronto may be pretty fierce, but there are no earthquakes, anyhow.

• • •

Easter must be the time for presentations in France. At all events, somebody tried to present President Loubet with a bomb.

• • •

The telegraph says that King Edward will ascend Vesuvius on the 27th inst God save the King!

• • •

Ottawa Citizen; The season for issuing dog licenses is close at hand, and the time is opportune to inaugurate a crusade against vagrant curs; while any person who can identify a dog by its license number and prove that it destroyed flower beds or other property can have the owner summoned and forced to make good the damage. A few such examples would have the effect of impressing dog owners with the knowledge that people have some rights that dogs, or their owners, are bound to respect.

Sensible talk, that. But you don't see a word about doubling the dog tax and punishing innocent people for the guilty.

• • •

The Peterboro Review man thus moralizes; "About the saddest thing in life is to see great actors, show men and vocalists making farewell tours—sort of farewelling until they get a good chance to come around again."

• • •

R. G. Leckie, of Montreal, a mine owner and mining expert, utters a word of warning, says the Brockville Times. He says that the Cobalt boom will be brief and that the stories of the fabulous mineral wealth there are bubbles and dreams. He claims to speak from personal inspection and experience and he warns people not to risk their all there. He predicts disappointment and despondency for many who go there.

Always Remember the Full Name

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

FRESH

Sweet Pea Seed, 5c an oz.; Nasturtium, Tall, 10c an oz.; Nasturtium, Dwarf, 10c an oz.

LAWN GRASS SEED

the best lawn grass mixture you can use. Will produce a vigorous, permanent sod. 25c a lb.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

CORLEY MAY BE CROWN ATTORNEY

SAID TO HAVE BEEN SELECTED FOR THAT POSITION IN TORONTO.

Toronto, April 25. — It is reported that announcement will shortly be made of the appointment as Crown Attorney for the city of Toronto of Mr. J. W. Seymour Corley, senior member of the legal firm of Corley, English & Price, this city. The selection, it is said, has been definitely decided upon. Mr. Corley, who resides on Isabella street, this city, is very well known in legal and political circles. He enjoys an extensive law practice, and those who believe he will obtain the position mentioned, claim for him that he has all the attributes essential to success as a Crown Attorney. Mr. Corley is a past President of Ward Three Conservative Association, and Chairman of the South Toronto Conservative Patronage Committee. He has been prominent in the political campaigns in Toronto for years past as a platform speaker and energetic worker.

It is understood that in the future the Crown Attorney for Toronto will be required to drop his private practice and devote his whole time to the work devolving upon the position. With that end in view the salary will be fixed at a higher figure than now. The question of appointing an assistant will probably remain in abeyance for a while.

AT THE FIRST SIGN OF "SPRING FEVER" you should take ABBEY'S SALT.

It is the only spring tonic used in thousands of homes to purify and enrich the blood—relieve that feeling of languor—and revitalize brain and body. Highly recommended by the medical profession. 25c and 60c.

A morning glass puts the whole system in trim for the day.

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

CANADIANS FOR SAN FRANCISCO,

WILL HELP IN REBUILDING CITY OF THE GOLDEN GATE.

Toronto, April 25.—"We expect that in a few days quite a number of artisans and laborers will be leaving Toronto for San Francisco, to work there during the rebuilding of the city," remarked Mr. A. J. Taylor, Canadian freight and passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, when asked yesterday if many persons were leaving here for the Golden Gate City.

"Inquiries have been made by carpenters, masons and others as to trains and rates through to San Francisco, and there is no doubt a large number will go from here with the hope of getting work where there will be so much to be done."

Otherwise, Mr. Taylor remarked, few persons were leaving here just now for California. Some were going out, he said, but they were mostly people interested in insurance matters.

Representatives of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, and of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroads, all of which have direct passenger business with Los Angeles and San Francisco, also said that the number of persons leaving for the ruined city was not very large since the catastrophe, although some, of course, were going.

It is thought, however, that conditions will become almost normal this week, so far as passenger business to California points is concerned.

The telegraph companies are likewise in a good position again to handle business.

Word was received by the Grand Lodge of Oddfellows for Ontario that 4,000 Oddfellows are without homes in San Francisco. The Executive of the Toronto branch yesterday morning voted $1,000 towards their relief.

The Insurance Company of North America have subscribed $5,000 to the relief fund, and have wired: "Our San Francisco losses will be paid as promptly as they can be adjusted. If the entire city is destroyed our surplus and contingent fund will not be exhausted."

It Pays to Buy the Best.

Wallbridge & Clarke's

FINE TEAS

IN SEALED PACKETS

NEW SEASON'S FINEST BLENDS.

Indo-Ceylon Teas

FRAGRANT AND DELICIOUS

40, 50 and 60c lb

Good Teas at 25c lb.

EXTRA VALUE EXTRA VALUE

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE'S SPECIAL BLEND

Indo-Ceylon Tea

30c lb

4 LBS. FOR $1.00

8 half-pound sealed packets for $1.

Wallbridge & Clark

ESTABLISHED 1871.

DELICIOUS COFFEE, 30 & 40c lb

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate variable winds, clear. Thursday, easterly winds; local showers, but mostly fair.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

Dog Collars!

DAME FASHION has decreed that collarless gowns shall be worn this year, with the consequence that Dog-Collars will be more in evidence than ever before. And really the manufacturers have "spread themselves," for many of the designs are exquisite. The tints most approved at present are; Amethyst, Topaz, Ruby, Sapphire and Garnet. The stones representing these colors are—to be fashionable—mostly imitation jewels. The imitations, however, are of the finest and the stones all cut by expert diamond cutters.

We show some of these in our window and shall be pleased to have you call and examine them, even if you don't purchase.

PRICES—$3 to $10.

Angus McFee

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned till May 1st for the Brick Building behind Convent. It is 26 x 36 and contains about 30,000 brick. The roof is reserved. All material to be removed by June 1st.

JAMES HANLEY,

24-4t Sec. R.C.S.S. Board.

Inquest on May 1st.

We are informed by the County Attorney that the inquest upon the remains of the child which was found in the river at Tweed will not be held until Tuesday next, the 1st of May.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

. . AND THE . .

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher $3.00

—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

The Bell Piano

In the Toronto College of Music

"The Bell Pianos in the College give very much satisfaction, and I am very much pleased with them. In tone, touch, and in fact, generally, they do you great credit indeed."

F. H. Torrington

Musical Director

Write us for Free Booklet "B" containing photos of leading musical celebrities.

The Bell Piano & Organ Co., Limited, Guelph, Ont.

N.S. Orangemen and The Lord's Day Bill.

(Lord's Day Advocate.)

The following telegram was received on March 22nd by the General Secretary from the Grand Orange Lodge of Nova Scotia, signed by J. W. Cumming, Grand Master:

"Grand Orange Lodge of Nova Scotia, in annual session, concur unanimously in endorsing proposed legislation re preservation of Lord's Day. Petitions will be forwarded."

We are glad to receive this expression of the warm support of Eastern Orangemen. We have already forwarded it to Dr. Sproule, M. P., that it may be brought to the notice of Parliament. We may have others to report from other Orange sources ere long. Orangemen have always shown a deep interest in the preservation and due observance of the Lord's Day.

It is gratifying to find Roman Catholics and Protestants co-operating in the interests of the Christian Sabbath. It is one of the few things in which they hold common ground. This co-operation is more marked in the Maritime Provinces than elsewhere in the Dominion. Roman Catholic and Protestant clergymen frequently meet on the Lord's Day Alliance platforms.

Rev. T. Albert Moore, Associate Secretary, addressed a large meeting in historic Louisburg, C.B., which was held in the Orange Hall, kindly given by the Orangemen, and presided over by the local Roman Catholic priest. Before the meeting adjourned a cordial vote of thanks was tendered the speaker for his eloquent address, the Orangemen for the use of their hall, and the priest for kindly and ably presiding over the meeting. In tendering the vote of thanks to Mr. Moore, the priest facetiously remarked that so far as he could recall that was the first time in which his name and that of the Orangemen were coupled in such kindly and complimentary terms.—S.

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year; Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER

WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Lathe hands, used to accurate work. Box G, Intelligencer. 19-6t

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

"Destruction of San Francisco." — Best Book. Large profits. Act quick. Sample Free. Globe Company, 723 Chestnut St., Phila. 23-3t

Tea Canvassers Wanted. It will pay you to investigate my goods, prices, and complete outfit of samples and instructions. A trial order solicited. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Tea Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

MANY SCIENTIFIC THEORIES OF QUAKE

SCIENTISTS SEEK ORIGIN OF SAN FRANCISCO DISASTER DENYING CONNECTION WITH VESUVIUS.

London, April 23. — Naturally the chief topic of discussion here, as elsewhere, this week has been the appalling disaster at San Francisco.

Seismographists are propounding various theories as to the cause, opinion being divided as to its connection with Vesuvius. One question asked is, Will the disturbance come Britain-wards? It is suggested that Edinburgh is in the danger zone just as San Francisco is. Certainly the Scottish capital is built upon an extinct volcano. Here are a few of the theories put forward by eminent British seismographists to account for the disaster.

Contraction of the earth's surface, the release of overheated steam in the interior of the earth, the failure of the earth to swing true on its axis owing to the action of sun-spots, a landslip of geological strata.

Most interesting of all is the statement by Prof. Milne, who is considered the most eminent of English seismic experts, and who, at his home in the Isle of Wight, has an instrument which not only tells him whenever an earthquake occurs, but the exact spot on the earth. The instrument consists of an object like a common street lamp-post set upon a pedestal of concrete which is sunk down through the earth to a chalk substrata. This lamp-post is sensitive to every vibration of the earth, and is connected with a needle which passes across a cylinder of paper blackened by being held over an ordinary lamp.

When a disturbance of the earth's surface takes place the lamp-post is shaken, and the connecting wire at once transfers the vibration to the smoked paper. The length of the scratches enables an observer to calculate the extent of the earthquake and its distance away from the recording instrument. Prof. Milne was out golfing at the time of the San Francisco earthquake, but on returning home a glance at the instrument told him that a tremendous upheaval of the earth's crust had taken place. It was the work of a few moments to calculate where it had taken place.

Having developed his photograph records, Prof. Milne was able to discuss the origin of the earthquake, which, he said, was evidently upon land. If it had been sub-oceanic it is probable that there would have been great sea waves. Its origin, therefore, is presumably parallel to the coast at the foot of which lies San Francisco.

This range of hills may be regarded as an addition to the western coast of North America when the Sierra Nevada had been raised up, which occurred after the formation of chalk in England. The site of San Francisco was beneath the ocean. Sediments accumulated until they attained enormous thickness. By horizontal pressure these were buckled up to form the coast range, and the great disturbance which has just taken place indicates this kind of activity is still in operation.

The probability is that these strata have been overbent and have suddenly yielded with a crash, and a great fault or fracture in the earth's crust has been formed. On one side the ground has suddenly fallen, and it was the impact of this on what was beneath which gave rise to the great shakings which have been propagated all over the world and ended so disastrously for San Francisco.

Sir Robert Ball's opinion was asked as to the possible connection of the eruption of Vesuvius and other recent seismic disturbances and the disaster at San Francisco.

"To the popular mind," he said, "the connection would seem obvious, but I do not think they had any direct relation to one another. In this view I am backed up by the opinion of Prof. Milne, who is the greatest living authority on the subject. Had there been any connection I should have looked for some special manifestations in the Sandwich Islands."

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents to be had at R. Templeton's drug store

A tin horn sport is one that possesses more horn than tin.

Tomatoes stimulate the healthy action of the liver.

HILL SUES GOW.

OUTCOME OF THE DUMMER MANSLAUGHTER CASE.

Peterboro, April 24.—At the Spring Assizes to-day, Mr. Justice Anglin presiding, the case first called was Hill v. Gow, an aftermath of the Dummer tragedy. Robert Hill sues Charles Gow for unstated damages for the death of plaintiff's son, who was killed by a shot fired, it is alleged, by Gow, on August 24 of last year. The case for the plaintiff was presented this afternoon. A feature was new evidence that did not come out at Gow's trial, in which he was found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to three months in jail. County Constable Cochrane and Moore swore Gow had admitted to them that on the night of the boy's death he had fired the shots in the direction of the house.

Pale, Listless Girls.

CAN ONLY OBTAIN HEALTH THROUGH NEW, RICH, PURE BLOOD MADE BY DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Growing girls—girls in their teens—must have rich, pure blood. Healthy womanhood depends upon the vital change from girlhood to maturity. Every woman should most carefully watch her daughter's health at this critical period. If a girl at this period has headache, if she is pale, thin and languid, it shows that her slender blood supply is being overtaxed. She will always be ailing and may slip into a hopeless decline or consumption if her blood is not built up at once with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The rich, red blood which these pills make bring health and strength to every organ, and make dull, listless languid girls, bright, rosy-cheeked, active and strong. Miss Maggie Donohue, Erinsville, Ont., says: "Before I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was badly run down, and it seemed as though my blood had turned to water. I was very pale, suffered from headaches and palpitation of the heart, and often I would pass sleepless nights. I found nothing to help me until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and these have fully restored me and I can truthfully say I never enjoyed better health than I am now doing."

When Dr. Williams' Pink Pills replace bad blood with good blood they strike straight at the root of all common ailments like anaemia, decline, indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, skin eruptions, erysipelas, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance, paralysis, rheumatism, and the special ailments of growing girls and women. Be sure you get the genuine pills with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," printed on the wrapper around each box. Sold by medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Good Investment.

In another portion of this paper will be found the advertisement of the Farmers' Bank of Canada, the head office of which is in Toronto. This bank is advertising for subscription $5000 shares of $100 par value stock at par. All information as to the stock subscriptions and terms of payment will be found in the advertisement. The investment looks to be safe and profitable, and should commend itself to the public. This new bank, incorporated by Special Act of Parliament, has a capital of $1,000,000, and is extremely well officered, many well-known men being directors. The general manager is W. R. Travers, late of the Merchants' Bank, Hamilton, a gentleman well and favorably known in financial circles as a shrewd, conservative banker.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

Ladies' P.P.C. card envelopes, 5c per package. At Intelligencer office.

Cozy nooks on your verandah. See Perry about Shades and Curtains.

The Ladies' Aid, St. Andrew's Church, will hold a Sock Social, Monday evening, April 30th, at 8. First-class programme. Refreshments served. Socks provided at the door.

The water department of this city, during the past year, earned $21665.75 and spent $18335.38 in actual running expenses, the balance being expended in other ways. The gas department earned $20595 and spent $17189; net profit $1726.72.

The annual meeting of the local baseball enthusiasts which was to have been held in the Y.M.C.A. parlors last night was postponed on account of the concert held in the City Hall in aid of the hospital. It will be held later on.

You can make your verandah the nicest part of the house in summer by putting up Vudor Shades. It

A Frisco Visitor.

Dr. C. Battin, of San Francisco, was in the city to-day and registered at Hotel Quinte. Although the Doctor, was not in San Francisco last week, his wife and family were. He had learned from them that, whilst they are safe, all their belongings have been destroyed.

The Invitation to King Edward VII.

WAS SECONDED BY MR. W. B. NORTHRUP, M.P., OF THIS CITY, IN AN ELOQUENT SPEECH—WHAT HE SAID.

It will be remembered that the House of Commons recently extended an invitation to King Edward to visit Canada, the motion being introduced by Mr. Belcourt, M.P., and seconded by Mr. W. B. Northrup, M.P. for East Hastings. The Ottawa Citizen thus reported Mr. Northrup's speech;

Mr. W. B. Northrup, in seconding the address, expressed his sense of pleasure in doing so, because he believed it voiced the feeling of the people of Canada, because he was proud of his King and country and because he believed it was in the best interests of the Empire that an acquaintance happily formed when the Prince of Wales visited Canada nearly half a century ago should be renewed and strengthened by another visit from His Majesty.

When the last dread messenger had summoned our late beloved Queen a feeling of fear had arisen lest there should be a limitation to that widespread influence which she had exerted for the benefit of the whole civilized world. But such had not been the case. The diplomatic ability and humanitarian nature which she had shown had also been evidenced by King Edward the Peacemaker. However green his memory might be of the Canada which he saw fifty years ago he could not form any conception of the great possibilities of this Dominion to-day. (Cheers.)

Mr. Northrup touched upon the great resources of Canada and the wide extent of its area, and also its splendid northern climate. Referring to history he stated that the northern nations had always been the victors in the ultimate struggle of nations. He believed firmly that the same would be the result of events on the American continent. Canada was worthy of its great heritage and Canadian people were justified in asking His Majesty to visit the brightest gem in his Empire. The Canadian people were not one people, but were sprung from many stocks. They were descended from the greatest nations of the world; the honest Englishman; the shrewd Scotchman; the eloquent and witty Irishman; the good and chivalrous Frenchman and the solid German. A short time ago the statesmen of England had despised the colonies. But to-day no statesman in the mother land could more surely or quickly commit political suicide than by advocating the breaking of the colonial tie."

In conclusion Mr. Northrup said: "While I think it is fitting that we should extend this invitation to His Majesty, it does seem to me that in all Canada no more better or fitting place could be found to welcome the Sovereign to this portion of His realms than the classic City of Quebec. We all remember how one September morning, when the British troops having scaled the heights the battle began and raged the livelong day between the French and English. We remember the result. We remember that the Union Jack went up on the battlements of Quebec. We remember well the two illustrious men who shed their lifeblood, and to whose memory there exists to-day a monument in the City of Quebec which stands unique —a monument erected to the memory of these two gallent leaders, sacred on the one side to the memory of Wolfe, the victor, and sacred on the other side to the memory of Montcalm, the vanquished—a symbol of that magnanimity and mutual respect which represent the fabric on which the success of Canada has been built. I think it is most proper that our Sovereign should be met in the shadow of that monument erected to the memory of Wolfe and Montcalm in the City of Quebec, and I have therefore much pleasure in seconding the resolution which I am sure will meet with the unanimous approval of the House." (Cheers.)

Mr. Arthur Watch is Among the Missing.

Many in this city will be sorry to hear that Mr. Arthur Watch, a former resident of this city, is reported among the missing at San Francisco. He was the son of Rev. C. W. Watch, a former pastor of Holloway Street Methodist church, and a fine young man in every sense of the word. He was a bank clerk in San Francisco, where he went from Shelburne, Ont., in which place his father is now located. The sympathy of a host of people will go out to the afflicted family. It is sincerely to be hoped that the missing young man may yet turn up safe and sound.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stopover arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18--18t

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

The FARMERS' BANK OF CANADA

Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament of the Dominion of Canada

HEAD OFFICE - - TORONTO

CAPITAL - - $1,000,000. In 10,000 Shares of $100 each

The following gentlemen have consented to act as Directors

HIS HONOR A. E. FORGET, Lieut.-Governor of Saskatchewan.
MAJOR THOMAS BEATTIE, President London City Gas Company, Director Agricultural Savings & Loan Co., London.
LIEUT.-COL. R. R. McLENNAN, Contractor, Cornwall, Ont.; Director Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company, Director Trust and Guarantee Co., Director Cornwall Paper Company.
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H. W. ANTHES, President and Managing Director, Toronto Foundry Company, Limited.
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JOHN FERGUSON, M.D., M.A., Director Excelsior Life Insurance Company.
D. P. McKINNON, Finch, Ont., ex-President Board of Agriculture and Arts; Director International Portland Cement Co., Ltd.

GENERAL MANAGER:
W. R. TRAVERS,
(Formerly Manager of the Merchants' Bank of Canada, Berlin and Hamilton, Ont.)

SOLICITORS:
Urquhart, Urquhart & McGregor.

BANKERS:
The Traders' Bank of Canada.

3,000 shares of $100 00 par value now offered for subscription at par, as follows: $10.00 per share upon the signing of application, a further $20 00 per share on allotment, and the balance in 7 equal monthly payments of $10 00 each per share. The first of such payments to be made 30 days after allotment, and the succeeding payments at intervals of 30 days.

For further information or Forms of Application for Stock address

THE FARMERS' BANK OF CANADA,
Room 114 B, North American Life Building, 118 King St. West, Toronto.
J. PARKER THOMAS,
Solicitor for Subscriptions for the Stock at Belleville, Ont.

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.
42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

Stock	New York, April 25 Op'g	Close
Atchison	89⅝	89
do pref		
St Paul	169¼	167⅞
Mop	93¾	93
Union Pac	150	149⅞
C.P.R.	160⅞	160⅜
Sou Pac	65¾	64⅞
R I	26	26
Ills. C.	170¼	170¼
Sou. Ry	38	37⅞
Texas	32	31⅞
B.& O	109⅞	109⅛
N Y C	137⅞	137
Penn	139	138¼
Soo	158	155⅞
T. W.	110	110¼
Erie	41⅝	41⅞
do pref	76½	77
Reading	125⅞	124⅞
C. O	57½	56½
O W	49	49
Manhattan	154¼	154¼
W C	24¾	25
L. & N.	145⅞	145
A. F.	41¾	40⅞
N.x	89	87½
Wab.	20¾	20
do pref	43½	42¾
A.R	15¼	154
C. G. W	23¼	20
T.C.I.	145⅞	143
U. S. Steel	42¼	41
do pref	108	107⅞
Sugar	136¼	135⅞
B.R.T.	81¼	80⅞
P. O	92¼	90⅞
A. C. P.	108⅞	108⅞
Met.		
Alo.	64⅞	64
C.F.I.	58½	50½

May wheat opened at 79¾ closed at 80¼
July wheat opened at 79⅞ closed at 79⅜
May corn opened at 47¼; closed at 47
July corn opened at 46¾; closed at 46⅞
May Oats opened at 32¼; closed at 32⅛
May pork opened at 15 70 closed at 15.72

RECORD PRICE FOR CHERRIES.

BOX OF CALIFORNIA CHERRIES SOLD FOR $2440 — PUT UP AT AUCTION.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 23. — Probably the highest price ever paid for California cherries was realized today at a local commission merchant's establishment, when a box of fruit was sold at auction for $2,440. The money was added to the relief fund for the earthquake sufferers. The cherries were the first received here this season from California, and a box of them was sold at auction each cherry being offered for sale singly. About five hundred commission merchants and others attended the sale. The first cherry sold for $105, and the others sold for amounts ranging from $100 down to 50 cents.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

Ingrain Wall Paper Bargains

For the balance of this month we will offer our entire stock of Ingrain Papers, red excepted, at ***10c per roll*** when buying in combination.

We have a stock of 3000 rolls of new Ingrains, and if any person tells you Ingrain Papers are old fashioned, you can put such parties down as such.

Ingrain papers are used today as liberally as they ever have been, although not the same novelty as they were when first coming on the market.

We have on sale this week also 4500 rolls of new papers at especial prices.

350 Rolls of 50c Papers for.................. 35c
500 Rolls of 35c Paper for.................. 25c
650 Rolls of 25c Paper for.................. 15c
1000 Rolls of 15c Paper for.................. 10c
1000 Rolls 10c Paper for.................. 5c
1000 Rolls 5c Paper for.................. 3c
—Total 4,500 Rolls.

AT SCANTLEBURY'S.

Where you always get the best at the closest prices and a guaranteed stock of 100,000 rolls to select from

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
A competant staff of skilled artizans at our command.

2 in 1 Shoe Polish

Black, Tan and White

The bootblacks all use "2 in 1" Shoe Polish— Pleased customers and many of them.

"2 in 1" is a leather food, softens, preserves and does not eat or burn shoes. Don't take substitutes.

Black and Tan in 10c. and 25c. tins White 15c. Glass.

Parsley, mustard, cowslip, horseradish, dock, dandelion, and beet tops clear the blood, regulate the system, and remove that tired feeling so peculiar to spring.

Celery for rheumatism and neuralgia.

THE DUPLIGRAPH.

The best duplicator on the market. For a reasonable number of perfect copies from a type-written original we defy any machine in the world, we care not what its cost may be.

If you ever have any duplicating work to do, al we ask is an opportunity to demonstrate to you the merits of our machine.

—Cabinet with three tablets foolscap size, complete with ink—price....$10.00
—Single Dupligraph Trays foolscap size.............................. $4.00

For sale in Belleville by

C. B. Scantlebury,
Stationer

PENMAN & SPRANG,
Sole Mfrs.
Head office 22 Yonge St. Arcade,
Toronto, Can

Write for circulars and samples of work

A rush of dollars to the pocket frequently causes an ooze of sense from the head.

IMPROVED machinery will not, of itself, produce good flour.

You may be an excellent cook, but you cannot produce light, wholesome baking unless the flour you use be the kind that permits such results.

So in the milling; machinery alone cannot produce

Royal Household Flour

out of the wrong kind of wheat any more than you can make the right kind of bread or pastry out of the wrong kind of flour.

Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour is made from hard spring wheat—a wheat that is rich in nutriment, that grinds fine and white, and produces bread and pastry that are wholesome and nourishing as well as light and crisp—it's a flour that begins to be good in the wheat fields, not in the mills.

OGILVIE'S ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

Your grocer prefers to sell you Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour because he knows the value of a pleased customer.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.
Montreal.

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.

104

Boys & Girls

If you Have Them

Let us Shoe Them

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

Boys' and Girls . . Shoes . .

We have them in CORDOVAN Leather, BOX CALF and CROME CALF—These are leathers that will stand the wear and tear.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY

The **J. J. Haines**

SHOE HOUSES—Belleville, Napanee & Trenton.

SAFE INVESTMENTS

LOW EXPENSE

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
THE DOMINION LIFE
Head Office: Waterloo, Ont.
P. H. SIMS, S.B. BRICKER, HON. SENATOR McMULLEN
Vice-Presidents.
THOS. HILLIARD, President and Managing Director.
FRED HALSTEAD, Supt. of Agencies.

LOW MORTALITY

HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

Ice Cream.

Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh cream every day

Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stal cream.

Delivered well packed—*50 cents per Quart.*

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

CHEERFUL CHAP.

Through the world I wander and never shed a tear;
You'll find me always jolly and gay,
Millionaires may worry, financiers may flurry—
I have found the better way.
I am always happy, no matter what I do,
Whether it be right or wrong;
You'll always find me smiling, and the moments whiling
By whistling as I go along.

Never do I worry, though I am in rags,
Never would I change with you,
You may have the money, still the fact is funny
I can be as happy, too.
It isn't any secret; I'm the cuss who makes
A nightmare out of every song,
That's what keeps me cheerful, though it worries you;
I whistle as I go along.

Just whistle as you go along, sonny,
That's the way I always do,
Whistle, whistle, whistle, whistle—
So I keep from feeling blue.
When you're down at heel and your luck is bad,
And life's no more a grand, sweet song,
If you want to make the other folks feel just the same as you,
Just whistle as you go along.

• • •

Russia will not insist on July as the time for The Hague conference. In fact, Russia has about got around to the point where it doesn't insist very much on anything.

• • •

Rich veins of silver have been found in Manitoba. Probably, however, most of the inhabitants will be content to keep on making money out of their surface deposits of golden grain.

• • •

King Alfonso of Spain has requested newspaper men not to molest him during his visit to his bride-elect. This sounds like an appeal that has caused many a sister's small brother to make a reluctant exit.

• • •

A Cossack officer who tortured Mlle. Spiridonovo, who was arrested for shooting Luzhenoffsky at Tamboff, has been fatally shot at Borosolglyosak. Served him right.

• • •

Winnipeg will spend a million and a half in local improvements. One hundred and fifteen thousand will be expended in extending the granolothic walks; $372,610 on sewers; $432,873 on waterworks extensions, and $300,000 on asphalting.

• • •

The Rector of St. Barnabas' (Anglican) Church, St. Catharines, who dismissed the lady members of his choir for flirting during divine service is in turn threatened with dismissal. Even the wearers of the cloth cannot wound feminine susceptibilities and go unpunished.

• • •

There is nothing in the attitude of Canada towards Great Britain, says the Quebec Telegraph, that entitles us to demand the free entry of our cattle there if, for any reason, England does not want to admit them freely. In short, we conduct our own affairs so exclusively in our own interests that we are in no position to make appeals to the parental affection of John Bull.

• • •

SUGGESTIVE, VERY!

(New York Sun.)

From an esteemed and respectable contemporary in the city of Elizabeth we derive the subjoined news of more than local interest:

"The men's meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association will have two speackrs to-morrow afternoon, and the subject will be: 'Hell, Its certainty, What Sort of a Place It is, and How to Escape It.'

"The musical part of the programme will be very attractive and will consist of a barytone solo by Walter T. Griffith, who will sing 'Tell Mother I'll Be There.'"

We earnestly hope that the information afforded by the first part of the programme led the worthy barytone to reconsider.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

During the month of February bounties to the amount of $108 were paid by the Nova Scotia Government on fifty-four wild cats. In the first week of March about twenty more bounties were paid, one man alone bringing in fourteen snouts. One cat shot recently weighed ninety pounds, and the skin was a very fine one.

• • •

With the object of showing in a practical manner how the interests and comfort of travellers are touched when liquor licenses are taken away, the Western Ontario Travellers' Association has offered to pay the expenses of a trip of any temperance man through the districts affected by recent local option enforcements, accompanied by a commercial man.

• • •

While all those other countries are squabbling and bickering with their neighbors, Canada keeps on minding her own business, finding silver mines every Tuesday and Friday, growing more wheat to the acre than any six other countries combined, and altogether giving an exhibition of peaceful progressiveness that should be an example to the rest of the world. We are so modest, too.

• • •

Mr. G. W. Ross, leader of the Liberal Opposition in the Ontario Legislature, says he knows nothing of a plan to reorganize it. This may be, and the plan also be well advanced, says the Montreal Gazette. Mr. Alexander Mackenzie was leader of a Liberal Opposition once, and did not know his followers were tired of him till they asked him to attend a meeting to elect his successor. And Mr. Mackenzie was a bigger man than Mr. Ross is.

• • •

PERSONALLY VENTILATED

(Youth's Companion.)

There was nothing else in the world which Norah Leahy, competent scrub woman, feared as much as a thunder storm. Her accounts of experiences during the summer were always sure to contain a few thrilling incidents connected with heavy showers.

"The wurrst time iver I had was in the Herald buildin' wan Satherday in the summer o' ninety-four," Mrs. Leahy is certain to tell a new listener. "In the middle o' the afthernoon, whin they'd all gone from the upper floor, an' I was there wid me mop, there came up the fearfullest storm that iver I saw.

"Whin it burrst, I ran to a coat-closet an' shut mesilf in, an' I says to mesilf, 'When the thunder dies down, I'll step out, and not befoor.' An', if you'll belave me, I was two full hours shut in that closet, wid no vintilation but me own breath."

Ask For Increased Duty.

Ottawa, April 25.—A deputation composed of John Dick, chairman of the woollen section of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association; Mr. Stroud of Paris, and Mr. Marlow yesterday waited upon Messrs. Fielding and Paterson and asked that the minimum duty on imported flannels and blankets be raised to 30 per cent., the same as other classes of woollens.

PRELUDE TO REVOLUTION.

Fears Expressed Over Coming May Day at Paris, France.

Paris, April 25.—The gravity of the strike movement throughout the country momentarily has improved, but the people have been wrought up to a state of apprehension concerning the imminence of a crisis May 1, when all the ranks of labor will make a gigantic eight-hour demonstration.

The garrison at Paris is being rapidly strengthened, and it is expected that 60,000 troops will be available here May 1.

In the mining regions there is another camp in which an army corps is ready for eventualities.

The labor organizations do not conceal the fact that it is their intention to make a supreme effort.

Some of the newspapers freely assert that the movement is the prelude of a revolution in which the proletariat intends to overthrow the existing regime.

Bomb For Ex-President Loubet.

Paris, April 25.—A despatch to The Journal from Montdimar, department of the Brome, yesterday, says that the authorities there found a bomb, to which a burning fuse was attached, on the window sill of the library of former President Loubet's villa, where he and his family are spending their Easter vacation. The fuse was extinguished, and an examination of the bomb, it is stated, showed it to be of an extremely deadly nature.

Gas at 60 Cents.

Montreal, April 25.—At the City Hall yesterday it was stated that the Montreal Light, Heat and Power Co. will not accept the offer of the fire committee for 80 cents gas in 1910, after working a sliding scale until that period, but will make an alternate offer of 60 cent gas in exchange for a 15-year extension of franchise.

A New Cruiser.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 25.—The Dominion Government has purchased the steamer Princess from the Steam Navigation Co. of Charlottetown, P. E. I., to replace the La Canadienne in protecting fisheries in the Gulf of St. Lawrence and Labrador waters. The latter boat will do survey work.

A Human Salamander.

Some years ago a Spaniard named Martinez gave one of the most extraordinary exhibitions on record. It was at the New Tivoli, in Paris, in the presence of an audience of scientific men, who placed its genuineness beyond doubt. A large oven had been heated by a furnace for several hours. This the Spaniard entered, clothed in flannel trousers and shirt, a large cloak of the same material and a felt sombrero. He sang a song while a fowl was roasted by his side and at the end of fifteen minutes came out again, the temperature registered being between 202 degrees and 312 degrees F., or about 100 degrees above the temperature of boiling water. He entered the oven a second time and ate the fowl which had been roasted beside him. After a short pause he was shut in, lying on a board surrounded by candles. After awhile the audience raised a cry of "Enough!" The door was opened. The oven was found to be full of noxious, suffocating odor of boiling tallow, the sole survival of the candles. The Spaniard came out and after a cold bath was well and strong. His pulse when the door was first opened beat 176 to the minute.

St. Peter's Chair.

Rome itself is spoken of as the chair or throne of St. Peter by some early writers, but the actual episcopal chair which he is believed to have occupied may still be seen in St. Peter's, a worm eaten wooden structure, preserved in a bronze covering, says the London Chronicle. It is from such chairs of episcopal and other authority, of course, that we get the phrase "ex cathedra" and the word "cathedral," an abbreviation of "cathedral church," the church that contains the bishop's cathedra or chair. Some of the uses in old fashioned English of the adjective "cathedral" seem quaint now. "Cathedral dogmatism" meant not the dogmatism of a dean and chapter, but that of any one who spoke with an assumption of authority. A "cathedral beard" was a broad beard of a fashion anciently worn by bishops, and in Johnson's time "cathedral" seems to have been slang for "antique."

How Little Savings Roll Up.

If a parent deposits $1 at the birth of the child and adds at each succeeding anniversary of the birthday a number of dollars equal to the number of years, the amount by the time the son or daughter is twenty-one years old, computed at 4 per cent interest, compounded semiannually, will equal $300. This would be a substantial nest egg to begin life with. The man who deposits only 25 cents a week, drawing 4 per cent, compounded semiannually, will have to his credit at the end of five years $73, at the end of ten years $162, at the end of twenty years $403 and at the end of forty years $1,294. The man who saves $5 a week at this rate would be worth at the end of forty years the snug fortune of $25,888.

Eased His Conscience.

In an ordinary restaurant, according to the London Chronicle, a waiter was surprised at being asked one Friday with Ireland's inimitable smile for "divilled whale." "Is it filleted shark that ye have, thin?" pursued the Irishman on being refused this delicacy. Again receiving a reply in the negative, he tried once more. "Thin ye can bring me some roasted porpoise," he said. The waiter showed signs of becoming restive, and Paddy sank back in his seat and heaved a sigh of contentment. "I'll take some roast beef and vegetables," he said cheerfully, "and sure ye'll not be for saying that I didn't ask ye for fish."

Creeping Salt.

Here is something in the course of natural phenomena that will interest and instruct the little folk if they look into it curiously: Into a tumbler half full of water dissolve just as much common table salt as can be held in solution. Let it stand for a few days and see how the salt creeps out of the water, up the inside of the glass and down the outside—just like a thing of life trying to escape from its environment. And when all the salt is apparently out of prison the water remains as salty as before! It is a pretty demonstration.

Lasting.

"This butter seems strong," said the young husband at their first breakfast at home.

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The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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Montgomery gaped and whistled. "Let us make a rough shot and put the box at £50,000. Come; I'll take a bet that it's under the mark."

"Then there are the other two," said I.

"True," said Sheppard. We all looked at one another.

"Come, boys," I said, rising; "let us get out of this. We know our way, and the treasure cannot take itself wings."

Reluctantly they obeyed, and we retraced our steps through the cupboard into the corridor and thence upward through the courtyard and into the living rooms. The dawn was brightening the eastern skies. I pulled out my watch.

"After 3," I said. "You'd better go to bed. There will be nothing happen now."

"Three o'clock!" echoed Sheppard indignantly. "Why, it is the very time for attacks and surprises. No; I'll see it out now."

"Very well," I assented. "We've got to arrange our defense, and as you are all determined not to go to bed we may as well hold a council of war."

"Agreed," said they, and we sat down to the job without further ado. We were agreed to consider 5 in the morning as the break of day for our purposes, and we were hardly exposed to an assault before 8 in the evening. The sky was still luminous at that hour. It was therefore plain that we must set guard upon those intermediate and nocturnal hours. From 8 till 5 was a space of nine hours. That was to determine for us a watch of three. So far we settled the preliminaries of our defenses. But we had now to consider further. The drum towers commanded the slopes of the valley like two tall sentinels, and from the embrasure of the windows a watch might be kept upon the nether parts of the Gwent. But from one so stationed the back of the park and the crown of the hill behind were quite concealed. In this connection it appeared that the keep would best serve us, more particularly as the upper chambers were readily gained from the inhabited wing of the castle, whereas the towers reared their formidable heads in isolation and led only to the corridors of the basement and to the battlements above. It was in the keep, then, that our sentinel must hold his silent watch. The highest chamber in the keep rose immediately above the level of the battlements and was pierced by narrow slits in the masonry. This was a convenient station, or, better still, the roof of the tower, with which a flight of stairs connected the chamber.

We explored the keep thoroughly ere we had settled this point, and by that time it was 4 o'clock.

"Now, you had better go and lie down," said I to the others; "otherwise you will be nodding on your watches tonight. For my part, there is an hour yet to the time of safety, and I take first watch."

Sheppard expostulated with me for what he termed unnecessary precaution, but I held to my point, and presently they left me.

CHAPTER X.

When I descended into the house I had hit upon one line of defense at least, and I at once proceeded to realize it. As I walked from the drawbridge along the moat to the back of the castle I wondered if it was practicable; but, remembering what old Kesteven had said of his predecessor's experiment some forty years before, I had great hopes that the sluices would still work. The brook ran, as you will remember, behind the castle, at a little distance from it, and I found without difficulty the mouth of the conduit which had been formerly used to feed the fosse. I inserted my arm as far as possible, and the space seemed fairly clear, though the earth had crept in and lay along the bottom, grown with grass to the depth of some inches. Still I had no fear that the flow of water would not wash this sediment away, provided always I could get the sluices up. To find these sluices was my next thought. I moved along the turf in the direction in which it seemed that the culvert must run, scrutinizing very carefully every inch of the ground. About three feet from the stream was a noticeable elevation, a grass plot rising in a mound two feet high. Here was obviously what I wanted, and so, taking a spade, I dug with a will and soon had the turf removed and the floor of a stone erection laid bare. It was a good hour's work ere I had cleared the rubbish away sufficiently to free the sluices; then I laid hands on them and pulled vigorously, but fruitlessly. I must plainly have assistance, and accordingly, well enough content with my labors so far, I went back to the house. At breakfast I revealed my scheme, much to the delight of Sheppard, who roundly declared that he would give five years of his life for this adventure. Supported by two enthusiastic assistants, I returned to work, fetching with me a heavy iron bar for use as a lever.

"A little more beef, Montgomery," shouted Sheppard, and himself grew as red as a turkey cock with his efforts. Montgomery flung his heavy body upon the extremity of the bar, and with a crack something came up with a jerk. At the same time I heard below a faint rumbling and rushing as of water.

"We've done it!" I shouted, and ere the words were out of my mouth Sheppard and the other were racing for the moat, whither they presently waved me with wild hands.

The water was pouring from the conduit in a strong stream fully one foot in thickness. That was enough. It would take some hours to fill the moat, but it might take all day so long as we were secured by the fall of night. We left the sluices up and went back.

"The next thing," said I, "is to attack the drawbridge. The portcullis wants oil, but that will do later."

"We'll have the castle a mediaeval fortress in a twinkling," said Sheppard.

The heavy chains of the drawbridge were intact, but the machinery was in a very bad way, and without more ado we set to work upon it. I called my man Williams into requisition, and I think it took the four of us till 6 or 7 o'clock in the evening ere we pronounced ourselves satisfied. After that we had a rehearsal with both portcullis and drawbridge. By this time the moat was swimming with water, which lapped under the shoulders of the bridge. There must have been fully twelve feet of water in the fosse.

"This won't do. We'll have an inundation," said Montgomery, and he let the sluices down. When all was done we surveyed our handiwork and were content. It was now close upon 8 o'clock.

Dinner had been ready for more than half an hour, so we were informed by Mrs. Main, who must have regarded us as lunatics. The clock in the hall struck 8 as we entered.

"Watch time," said I. "Who goes?"

We looked at each other, laughing. "It's my turn," said Sheppard, with a grimace, but I stopped him.

"No; let Montgomery," I said meaningly.

"Right you are," responded Montgomery cheerfully, and, taking his brace of pistols, he vanished along the corridor.

"How's this?" asked Sheppard. "I think the poor boy has earned his dinner."

"Bless you, he shall have his dinner," I answered. "Only the danger is going to be later, and I'd rather Montgomery were asleep in bed than asleep on the tower."

We had arranged that Williams should stay the night in the castle and, imbuing him with the fear of burglars, had armed him with a shotgun in case we should come to the worst. As Sheppard remarked, we could readily tangle the Welshman's brains if he became suspicious, and if his garrulity should bring us the sympathetic assistance of the law I think we could be stupid enough and vague enough to confound his kindly efforts. Mrs. Main was by this time bound to us by iron ties through Sheppard's contrivance, nor do I know to this day exactly how he managed it or in what directions he used his amiable and soothing fictions. The housemaid was Mrs. Main's hireling, and we need scarcely include her in our calculations.

We were now, as I conceived, adequately fortified against a surprise. From 8 o'clock until dawn upon the next morning we should be stretched upon the rack of suspense, but each of us was sturdily resolved to accomplish his duty at all hazards. That an attack would be delivered I had few doubts, but my anxiety lay rather as to the watch in which it would be delivered. I had sent Montgomery to his post early, as it seemed wiser for more responsible heads than his to take the deeper and darker hours of the night. From 8 till 11 his time ran, and yet they might be upon us ere that. He was fed with some sandwiches and cheered with a little wine, while below Sheppard and I waited in a condition of tension.

"Oh, hang it!" exclaimed Sheppard presently, after dinner, "I can't stand this. Let us go and join him."

"You would be much wiser," said I, "to get an hour's sleep."

Sheppard shrugged his shoulders. "It's my turn next, you say, and I'm not used to be awakened in my beauty sleep. It's bad for me. No; I'll go to bed when you relieve me. But I recommend your own advice to yourself."

"And I will take it," I answered. "See that Montgomery gets his supper and goes to bed like a sensible person. I'll be with you at 2 punctually."

I cannot say that I enjoyed a peaceful sleep. Although I was dog tired, partly from the exertion of the day's work and partly because I had had no rest the previous night, I still slumbered very fitfully. Finally I awoke in a fever and, throwing the hot blankets from me, stepped to the open window. My bedroom faced the north, and the cool airs that heralded the dawn wandered over me, reducing the fume and fire of my nerves. Far away some roistering bird was calling, not in his spring notes, but raucous now with the somber beat of autumn. The curtain of the dawn was lifting. It was time for me to relieve Sheppard. My watch marked a quarter to 2. Having dressed, I went down to the great hall and, thrusting the western windows open, looked out. Trees, like great ghosts, invisible, whispered in the night together. The stars glimmered down below, and I recollected suddenly that I was peering into the water of the fosse. The stillness hung so deep that I was possessed of a sudden with a hundred fears. Was Sheppard murdered? And were the castle and its treasure now in the hands of those abominable assassins? I listened for a cry, but there was none, only the gentle wash of the waters against those ancient foundations and the swishing of the leafage on the neighboring trees. The park lay, as one might have fancied, under the imminent hand of death.

I stole upstairs, clambering with a lantern to the keep. Upon the tower a silent figure turned and a low voice spoke.

"Is that you, Ned?"

The sound almost startled me, occurring upon the stillness.

"Any news?" I asked.

"Well, I have two things to communicate. Do you see that tree?"

I peered into the darkness in the direction he had indicated.

"I hear it," I observed doubtfully.

"Well, I've seen it," he retorted.

"Your eyes are better than mine, then," I answered.

"Maybe," said Sheppard cheerfully, "maybe not. But I don't profess to see through a wall. That tree is fifty paces away, and it is an oak, very large and umbrageous."

"I believe you are right," I answered. "I think I recollect it."

"I didn't," he went on. "But I reckon to see by match light as well as any."

I was puzzled. "Match light?" I queried. "You haven't been"—

"Oh, dear, no!" he exclaimed. "My tower has been the central patch of blackness in this black night. Besides, who ever struck a match at night to see by? No; the match was in that same tree I speak of." I was silent. "I presume it didn't strike itself," he continued.

I stole upstairs to the keep.

"Lower your voice," I enjoined.

Sheppard smiled, as I could perceive even in the darkness.

"Oh, I don't see why," he declared. "There's no one there to strike a match now, to the best of my belief."

"How is that?"

"Did you hear no sound?" he asked.

I shook my head, and he patted his shotgun.

"I congratulate you on your soundness of health. I fired about an hour ago, and I fancy the shot did not altogether miss. There followed a still, small noise and after that again pattering feet receding. I think some one has indigestion today in Sercombe's army."

Sheppard shouldered his gun and walked to the northern verge of the parapet. Stooping, he fumbled in the darkness, and the next moment his voice sounded from below my feet. "Follow me, Ned," he called. Groping about with feet and hands, I came upon an open hole in the floor and, inserting my legs cautiously, happened upon the first step in a stone stairway. Diligently stepping down this through sheer blackness, I came out upon Sheppard's heels into what by comparison seemed daylight. The stars glistened in the canopy of heaven. I was out upon the battlements.

"We might have known there was some communication between the keep and the battlement," said Sheppard. "You see the advantage. I've been pacing this walk like a sentinel for the last two hours."

"Can you get right round?"

"I'll show you," he returned and led the way along that lofty roadway. The battlements naturally stretched across the width of the castle, running from wall to wall. The parapet stood some five feet high and was broken with the machicolations of the design. There was ample space, therefore, for twenty men at arms to march abreast along the heights. Sheppard moved lightly, his head just swinging clear of the parapet and the black darkness contained between the shadows of the ramparts. The leaden roof was incumbered with rubbish. Presently Sheppard paused, and there rose quickly before me out of the superincumbent gloom the blacker mass of the drum towers. Feeling his way, Sheppard hit upon an iron ladder connecting with the heights above, and presently we stood upon the topmost pinnacle of the castle and peered from it into the night. The nocturnal mists and blackness of the valley below were slowly shifting. The trees gradually grew black, showing against a vast and gray gloom. Yet there was no light visible in those seething changes of the elements. The night still hung about us.

The southern drum tower looked down upon deeper shadows, and I could not descry the wall below. I turned to my companion for an explanation and smiled at the confusion of my own brain when he answered:

"That's the south, Ned. You know the battlements are in ruins there."

Of course they were, but I was not to be deterred from a complete circuit of the walls by that small fact, and I groped for the ladder.

[To be continued.]

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Arr. Utica	"	12.20 a.m.	6.00 p.m.
Arr. New York	"	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

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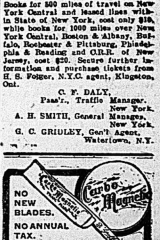

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Cutcliffe Hyne	Gertrude Atherton

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Place your order with your newsdealer NOW.

TUFTSVILLE.

Mrs. Caverly and Master Willie, of Madoc, made a visit at Mrs. Bennett's last week.

Rev. W. H Clarke and family, of Norwood, visited in our midst.

Mr. Harry Juby has gone to St. Ola to take charge of a cheese factory.

Mr. George Keflar has gone to Watertown, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Bennett attended the anniversary of the birth of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Gardiner, of Belleville, on the 19th of April. The Rev. Dr. was 88, and Mrs. Gardiner 71 years old. They both were hale and hearty.

Mr. Wm. Clarke is building an addition to his house.

Mr. Wm. Fitchett, of Tweed, spent a day with his mother, Mrs. James Juby lately.

Mr. Mason Clarke is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Neil Davis, of Foxboro, spent a day with his mother, Mrs. C. Davis.

Mrs. Higgs, and Miss Robinson, of Stirling, visited at Mr. Geo. Bird's recently.

Mrs. Willett Mosier, of Rawdon, has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary Reid.

ALLISONVILLE.

Spring work has started in this locality.

Fall grain is looking fine and clover is growing fast.

The roads were never in such a bad shape as they are at present; bridges all along the roads will have to be repaired.

The majority of the farmers are going into pea raising this spring.

Miss Gertie Mastin, of Picton, is the guest of Miss Ethel Hermon.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitney Hogle, of Trenton, are visiting at Mr. Lon. Hogle's.

Mr. Everett Vanorman is again working at Mr. Hogle's.

Mrs. W. H. Hubbs is improving.

Mr. W. Kirk and Mr. James Palmer were in Belleville on business last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Hubbs are visiting at Mr. Smith Clark's.

Mr. Orville Clark has secured a situation as bookkeeper at Indian Head, Manitoba, and left for there a few days' ago.

Mr. W. P. Niles has cut off the greater part of his timber on his farm here.

Master Austin Palmer, of Hillier, visited at his uncle's Mr. Frank Flindall's.

Mr. Fred and Harry White left for Manitoba a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. John Huffman spent Sunday at Mr. David Maybee's.

HAROLD.

Farmers are very busy with their spring work.

Mr. Milton Scott has taken the Barton cheese factory for this season

Mr. Richard Bailey has erected a windmill on his barn.

Congratulations to Mr. F. A. Ashley who has gained the position of teacher in a business college in Belleville. We also congratulate the officials of the college for their good taste in choosing Mr. Ashley teacher. He has successfully taught this school. This being his third year he has taught here he will be much missed, as he has made many friends who will wish him good success in his new field of labor.

Mr. Austin Potts is on the sick list.

Mr. Will Harris has moved back to this village.

Mr Anson Tucker, of Sine, was the guest of his cousin, Miss Mollie Bailey. Sunday last.

Mrs. Edward Runnells, who has been very ill, is much improved.

Miss Mabel Radford, of Sidney, was the guest of the Misses Baileys last week.

GOOD APPETITE

Awaits you in every tin of Clark's Ready Lunch Veal Loaf. More tasty, wholesome and digestible than plain veal. Get a tin from your dealer.

BLESSINGTON.

The following is the report of the Easter Exams., held at S. S. No. 17. Tyendinaga, the names being arranged in order of merit;

V. Class—Leo. Lally.

IV. Class — Leonard Culkeen, Evelyn Casey, Bruce Casey.

Sr. III. — Angela Lally.

Jr. III. — Hobart Ross, Mary Kelleher, Mary Treacy.

II. Class. — Leo McWilliams, Willie Treacy, Lena Ross.

Part II.—Guy Skulley.

Part I.—Edward Lally, Jno. Ross.

E. L. Phillips, teacher.

Civil Government Restored.

Madrid, April 25.—The Gaceta yesterday publishes a decree restoring constitutional guarantees in Catalonia which were suspended in consequence of the recent anarchistic outrages.

Stabbed Fellow Passenger.

Port Arthur, April 25.—Coming down on the Duluth extension train a Finlander stabbed a fellow passenger. He was captured, when the train arrived and will be tried.

WHEN YOU TRAVEL

you owe it to yourself to obtain the best service your travel money will buy. Personal comfort, speed, safety, punctuality, freedom from delays and absence of dust, dirt and annoyance, these are the points that count and these points have reached their highest development on The Lake Shore Railway. Not only are these cardinal considerations as nearly perfect as experience and whole-hearted effort can make them, but the little points of courteous personal attention to the wants of passengers are fully covered. See that your ticket reads "Via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway." For full information concerning rates, routes and service address J. W. Daly, Chief A. G. P. A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, Ohio; W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

WHISKY CASE STIRS SCOT.

Magistrate Rules That Patent Still is Not Real Thing.

A long trial was held at a North London Police Court to decide what whisky is. A long array of Scottish and Irish experts were examined and the decision of Magistrate Fordham has stirred especially the Scotch whisky trade to its depths. Fordham decided that while pot still whisky is really whisky, the patent still spirit, of which some blends are largely composed, is not whisky. Fordham, in giving the results of his personal experiences as a judicial whisky taster, said:

"I find that the medicinal properties of patent still whisky are not so great as pot still, and they differ in contents, flavor, and scents.

"Misrepresentation in the Irish and Scotch whiskey trade has greatly increased during the last few years, so much so that as shown in this case the public gets the patent still spirit with a dash of whisky thrown in to give it the name.

"It is time this fraud upon the public in the matter of whisky was stopped, and no doubt, though this has been a costly prosecution was in every way justifiable. Blenders have taken upon themselves to issue to the public a new raw patent still spirit with a dash of the old pot still, and called it whisky pot still. Distillers of the Highlands are jubilant, but the Edinburgh blenders are most indignant, arguing that it is impossible that a stroke of a magistrate's pen should deprive of its name an article which for sixty years has been known as whisky."

One leading expert says it is the most momentous legal decision ever pronounced in connection with the whisky trade and would strike at the most powerful branch of the industry and at practically every one of the great distributing firms. The present output of whisky in Scotland is about 26,000,000 gallons annually, and of that fully two-thirds is represented by the product of the patent still. There is, moreover, 120,000,000 gallons of whiskey in bond in Scotland and nearly half that quantity, or 60,000,000 gallons, was made in patent stills, and under the magisterial decision had no right to be sold as whisky.

The opinion generally is expressed in the trade that a new name will have been found for whisky made in patent stills, but there also is a feeling of indignation at the condemnation of the patent itself. Archibald Williamson, M. P., has given notice of a bill to amend the law relating to the sale of whisky and to provide for the marking of casks and other vessels containing whisky.

Jubilee of the V. C.

Fifty years ago the Victoria Cross was instituted by Queen Victoria. A little bronze cross, made out of cannon taken at Sebastopol, intrinsically worth 4 1-2d, it is, nevertheless, the most coveted of all decorations that a British subject can wear. The reason for the high value set upon it is to be found in the simple legend on its face: "For Valor." The cross, which is awarded to soldiers and sailors for valor in the face of an enemy, has been won 522 times; and as it is awarded impartially to officers and men, being thoroughly democratic in its regulations, the men have won slightly more than the officers.

It is interesting to pick out the regiments that have won the most V. C.'s. At the head of the list—if we except the Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers as being too large corps to be counted as regiments—are the South Wales Borderers, with sixteen to their credit. They won the greater number of them in Zululand, at Isandhlwana and Rorke's Drift. The Rifle Brigade is second on the list, with fifteen, and the 9th Lancers, the King's Royal Rifles, and the Gordon Highlanders come next with thirteen each, and they are followed by the Cameronians and the Black Watch with ten each. The campaign which provided most V. C.'s was the Indian Mutiny, in the course of which 182 heroes won the decoration; the Russian War accounted for 111, and the late war in South Africa for seventy-eight, the Zulu War for twenty-three, the Afghan War (1878-89) for sixteen; the New Zealand Campaign for twelve, and the operations on the Northwest Frontier of India (1897-8) for ten. These wars accounted for 432 crosses, and the remaining ninety were distributed among the many other campaigns in Africa, India, and elsewhere, that have been fought during the past half century.

In a few rare instances the V. C. has been won by more than one member of a family. The most conspicuous case is that of the Gough family, which can boast of three V. C.'s—Gen. Sir C. J. S. Gough, Gen. Sir H. H. Gough, and Lt.-Col. J. E. Gough, all of whom are, happily, still alive. The first two were brothers, and the last named is a son of the second. Major-Gen. E. H. Sartorius and Col. R. W. Sartorius are another case of brothers wearing the decoration. Another instance of a father and son winning the cross is seen in Lord Roberts and his gallant son, Lieut. the Hon. F. H. S. Roberts, who lost his life in gaining the V. C. at the battle of Colenso.

There are some 200 odd recipients of the Victoria Cross still alive. Among them are three Field Marshals—Lord Roberts, Sir George White, and Sir Evelyn Wood, and the Admiral of the Fleet, Sir Newell Salmon. Among other well-known names on the list of survivors are Gen. Sir Redvers Buller, Vice-Admiral Sir A. K. Wilson, Gen. Sir Dighton Probyn, and three rear-admirals (Lucas, Bythesea, and Raby), who were among the first four to receive the decoration, Rear-Admiral Lucas being actually the first.

The decoration has stood the test of fifty years, and still preserves its unique character, and it is to be hoped that our soldiers and sailors will always regard as the most coveted distinction that cheap-looking little bronze medal—the Victoria Cross.

Whale Leather.

Dr. Rismuller, the Norwegian inventor and practical chemist, has branched out into a new undertaking in Newfoundland, the manufacture of leather from the casing of a whale's stomach. Leather of a fine quality will be produced, such as may be used in boot uppers, gloves, covering for tables, inlaid work, etc.

COLD CURE

Price 25c Relieves the head, throat, and lungs almost immediately.

I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS

MUNYON, Philadelphia

ACROSTICS AND ANAGRAMS.

They Have Been Known Since the Days of the Psalmist.

We find that the acrostic is the most ancient form of puzzling mankind. Acrostic is Greek for a number of verses the first letters of which form a word, sometimes a name and sometimes a sentence. The final letter may form a word, or, as Addison tells us, the letters will even run down the center of the verses as a seam. The Hebrew poets often made their verses run over the entire alphabet. Twelve of the psalms are written on this plan, the most notable being the One Hundred and Nineteenth. This has twenty-two divisions, or stanzas, corresponding to the twenty-two letters of the Hebrew alphabet. Each stanza is formed of eight couplets, and the first line of each couplet in the first stanza in the original Hebrew begins with the letter aleph, the second commences with beth, the third with gimel, and so on through the alphabet. The English divisions of the psalms are called after the Hebrew letter that began the couplets. It was also customary to compose verses on sacred subjects after the fashion of Hebrew acrostics. This was done with a view to aid memory, and such pieces were called abecedarian hymns.

The riddle is also of ancient origin. The Proverbs of the Bible, or sayings attributed to Solomon, are often in the form of riddles. Was it not the queen of Sheba who proposed riddles to Solomon? The Koran, the scriptural book of the Mohammedans, also contains riddles, as do some books now in existence, written in Arabic and Persian. The ancient Egyptians also propounded riddles, and one of the seven wise men of Greece, who lived in the sixth century B. C., was celebrated for his riddles in verse. Homer, the Greek poet, according to a statement in Plutarch, died of vexation at not being able to solve a riddle. In the middle ages riddles were encouraged for amusement on winter nights in the baronial hall and also in the monastery. In later days some of the most brilliant men of letters contributed to the list of riddles.

The anagram, or transposition of the letters in words or sentences, was much in vogue in Greece in the olden times. The Cabalists, or Jewish doctors, thought that the anagram always pointed out a man's destiny, and if his name written backward or transposed in any way spelled a word with meaning they firmly believed it a revelation. The flatterers of James I. of England proved his right to the British monarchy as the descendant of the mythical King Arthur from his name, Charles James Stuart, which becomes "claims Arthur's seat." The best anagrams are those which have in the new order of letters some signification appropriate to that from which they are formed. When Pilate asked, "Quid est veritas?" (What is truth?) he probably had no idea that his question answered itself, but it did. The transposition made it, "Est vir qui adest" (It is the man who is here). Anagrams were written as early as 250 B. C., and their name comes from the Greek words ana (backward) and gramma (writing).

Where the Lady Was Going.

An official of a New England road told the following:

The ticket agents in the Boston office of our road are greatly troubled by patrons who, when wishing to purchase tickets, lay down a coin and neither tell where they are going nor how many tickets they want. This necessitates one or more questions on the part of the patient agent. One day a little elderly lady approached the window of the office, placing a large family umbrella on the slab, and, after fumbling nervously in her pocketbook, pulled out a quarter and laid it down without a word to the ticket seller.

"Where are you going, madam?" asked the ticket agent.

"Oh, I'm going to the doctor," was the tremulous reply.

An Apt Pupil.

A professor who, when asked a question, was in the habit of saying: "That is a very good point indeed. Look it up for yourself," was once much disgusted with a student who had failed to answer a very simple question. "Mr. Jones," said he, "I'm surprised that you, who are going to teach, cannot answer such an elementary question. Why, what would you do if one of your pupils were to ask it?" "Well, professor," replied the other, "if such a thing had happened before I came here I'm afraid I would have said plainly that I didn't know, but now I think I'd do just as you do and say, 'Look it up, my boy; look it up!'"

No Procrastination.

"Ethel," he whispered, "will you marry me?"

"I don't know, Charles," she replied coyly.

"Well, when you find out," he said, rising, "send me word, will you? I shall be at Mabel Hicks' until 10 o'clock. If I don't hear from you by 10, I'm going to ask her."—London Tit-Bits.

VICEROY OF INDIA.

His Work No Easy Task — Frontier Troubles and Independent Rulers a Burden—Heavy Correspondence.

The appointment of Viceroy of India is in many ways one of the greatest positions that a British subject can be called upon to occupy, but it is very far from being a sinecure.

The work of the day ordinarily starts at a very early hour. When the late Lord Dufferin held this office he would often be at work with his secretaries at seven in the morning. The correspondence that has to be read and attended to each day is enormous, and is probably only equalled by that received by the President of the United States. From Bombay, Bengal, Madras, the United Provinces, Burmah, and other parts of our Indian Empire reports and documents of the first importance are received every day, and these have to be very carefully considered and dealt with by the Viceroy.

In addition to this, never a day passes but what important communications are received by cable from the India Office in London. Needless to say, the Viceroy's clerical staff is very carefully organized, so as to be able to deal with the vast amount of what may be termed routine work that has to be performed every day; but there still remain many matters that can be dealt with by the Viceroy alone.

To assist in the administration of India, the Viceroy has a Council of five members, with the Commander-in-Chief of the Indian army as an extra member. Each of the five members takes charge of a certain department, such as Finance, Public Works, Revenue and Agriculture, etc. Foreign affairs, however, are dealt with by the Viceroy personally, and it is this department that is responsible for fully four-fifths of the worries to which the Governor-General of India is subjected.

When Lord Lansdowne held this office he once declared in the course of a private conversation that the northwestern frontier had shortened his life by ten years. The Indian frontier, not even excepting the line between Canada and the United States, is the most important land boundary possessed by the British Empire, and with the contest that is ever waging between Great Britain and Russia for supremacy in this part of Asia the strain on the Viceroy is at times very severe.

The vice-regal year naturally divides itself into three unequal portions. During the cool season the Viceroy has his headquarters at Government House, Calcutta. When the summer comes, and Calcutta is a city of abomination for Europeans, the Government is transferred to the Vice-regal Lodge, Simla, among the hills whose caps of spotless snow make one feel cool even on the hottest day.

The third portion of the Viceroy's year, though the shortest, is in many ways the most important. It is the annual autumn tour through India, which is practically the only opportunity the Viceroy gets to see anything of the great country he governs. With the growing demands on his time each year it is becoming more difficult for him to see anything like the whole of India during his period of office.

Another source of anxiety and hard work for the Viceroy are the native rulers of the independent and semi-independent States. These, to use the words of an ex-Viceroy, are "the most cussed people on the face of the earth." They are extremely proud and haughty, and very tenacious of their "rights" — real or imaginary. If the Viceroy omits one compliment to which they deem themselves entitled, or they are received by one soldier fewer than their neighbors, or are not honored with the same number of guns, they proceed to hatch disaffection and trouble without further ado. The wild, semi-civilized tribes on the frontiers are not nearly so much trouble as these native princes, since a display of superior force will usually bring them to their senses.

Dinner in the House.

The dining rooms of the House of Commons are usually quite equal to any call made upon them by members, but on the opening days of the session these resources may break down, writes T. P. O'Connor in M. A. P. Not only will many new members want to dine in the House during the first triumphant days after they have been returned, but will be even more anxious to entertain their friends and relations. Plenty of the younger members especially will want to let their wives and sweethearts see the green-room of the House of Commons; the nooks and corners where members are able to disport themselves. When I entered the House first, the foot of woman was kept as rigorously from the inner tabernacle of the House as from the portals of a monastery of Trappists. There was nothing but a dingy underground cellar, where it was reported that a lady had once or twice dined; where usually she was treated to nothing better than a dry sandwich and a cup of tea. Now she roams all over the House. Behind the Ladies' Gallery there is a little room where she can have, even by herself, a cup of tea and even a mutton chop; and where also she can dress for dinner. Mrs. Gladstone used constantly to use this dressing-room, for her hurried and not always very elaborate toilet on the nights when she had come down to hear a great speech by her husband. Ladies have also some half-dozen rooms which run along the terrace, and no member is allowed to have a party there unless there be some ladies among the guests. The pressure on this part of the House is often overwhelming.

Not So Silly.

Weary from the chase, the ostrich of the desert had stuck his head in the sand.

"You silly bird," said the hunter, coming up. "Do you imagine I can't see you?"

"You mistake my purpose," replied the ostrich, with dignity. "Of course you can see me, but you miserable, feather stealing, egg hunting land pirate, I thus relieve myself of the necessity of seeing you."

Conscious that he had the better of the argument, the ostrich yielded $40 worth of plumes without a murmur.

The First Envelope.

The first letter envelope dates back to May, 1696. It is now in the British museum, London.

NO MORE DANDRUFF.

Newbro's Herpicide Destroys the Pestiferous Cause of Annoying Dandruff.

Does your head itch? Is your coat or dress full of white flakes after dressing your hair? That's the effect of dandruff. Is your hair thinning? Are you beginning to get bald in spots? Are you already, in fact, rapidly becoming bald? If so, that is the effect of a measly little parasite that burrows in at the root of the hair, and throws up the scalp in dandruff and eats off the hair at the root. Science's latest discovery is a destroyer of that pestiferous germ. That destroyer is contained in no other hair preparation on earth but Newbro's Herpicide. Try it, and be convinced. A delightful dressing.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

ONE OF NATURE'S TOOLS.

How Teasels Are Used in Finishing Different Cloths.

Growing by the wayside you will often see that stately, spiny looking plant, the teazel, but I wonder how many know that it has helped to finish many a piece of cloth they wear.

We are apt to think of a tool as something of man's make, yet here is one of nature's own, and nothing has ever been manufactured to successfully take its place. For ages the teazel has been used for fulling cloth—that is, raising the "nap"—and the manufacturers refer to "nap goods" thus treated as "gigged."

When ripe, the dried spike heads are gathered, packed carefully in bundles and shipped in all directions to factories. The variety mostly used have the extreme end of the spikes hooked or curved backward. This is called "fullers' teazel." These heads form a sort of brush and are attached to a wheel or cylinder which revolves against the surface of the cloth, and these curved spikes catch part of the threads and pull them up, making a fuzzy nap. This is trimmed down and leaves that soft, velvety finish to the cloth. The spikes have strength enough and elasticity, but when they come in contact with a rough place in the cloth they break and so avoid tearing the material. Try as they may, no one has ever been able to invent a tool possessing all of these qualities, so the teazel stands unrivaled for that use. The plant as we see it growing wild looks perhaps at first glance somewhat like a thistle, but it really has a dignity and character all its own. The heads in flower are covered with a fluffy down, lavender or white, and as the blossoms drop spikes appear until later it fairly bristles. The leaves, pointed and spiked, shooting out each side of the stem, meet at the base and form a little basin in which is usually water. So we have the name of the plant from the Greek "dipsacus," meaning thirsty, and many other fanciful ones, such as Venus' cup, Venus' bath, wood or church brooms, gypsy combs, clothier's brush, etc.—St. Nicholas.

ODDITIES.

Bees never store up honey where it is light.

The moth has a fur jacket and the butterfly none.

A squirrel comes down a tree head first and a cat tail first.

Leaves will attract dew when boards, sticks and stones will not.

Corn on the ear is never found with an uneven number of rows.

The dragon fly can devour its own body and the head still live.

A horsefly will live for hours after the head has been pinched off.

Fish, flies and caterpillars may be frozen solid and still retain life.

A horse always gets up fore parts first and a cow directly the opposite.

Some flies thrust their eggs into the bodies of caterpillars, but always in such parts of the body that when the larvae are feeding on the flesh of the foster parent they will not eat into any vital part.

Puns on People's Names.

A little while ago a popular form of social amusement was found in punning on people's names—"Why did So-and-so?" "Because Such-and-such." The game ran riot for a time, and echoes of it are still heard in the outer suburbs. Before those echoes die away a correspondent suggests that we should put it on record that the originator of the fashion was no less notable a person than the Quaker poet, John Greenleaf Whittier. On an anti-slavery lecturer named Mary Grew, visiting Boston in 1871, Whittier wrote a poem, "How Mary Grew," each stanza ending on a variation of the pun—

The world were safe if but a few
Could grow in grace as Mary Grew.

—London Chronicle.

Not In Any County.

The city of St. Louis is not in any county. It is an independent municipality equipped with all the machinery of county and city government. It has its own circuit and criminal courts, its own grand jury, jail, etc. The circuit attorney is the prosecuting officer of St. Louis. Until 1876 St. Louis was the county seat of St. Louis county, but in that year the city was completely separated from the county, so that it is now as independent subdivision of the state. Clayton, a few miles west of the city, is now the courthouse town of St. Louis county.

A lazy man is as useless as a dead man and takes up more room.—Hubbard.

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Rain Coats...

Spring weather is always uncertain—cool today, rainy tomorrow and sunshine the next day.

Your Winter Overcoat is a burden two-thirds of the time. To meet all conditions own a—

"Cravenette"

An Ideal and Stylish Rain or Shine Over Garment....

We've Genuine "Cravenette" Coats in different weights and fabrics.

The waterproofing does not injure the fabric or its usefulness for sunshine.

Our Raincoats are handsome overgarments in sunshine and a necessity in the rain.

All sizes with a price range from

$6.00 to $15.00

SPRING HATS

Every man wants a new Spring Hat, and whether or not he agrees to it in public, every man will acknowledge to himself that it is just as important for him to have a new Hat, as for the most smartly dressed woman to have a new Spring Bonnet.

The men who want the best Derby that's made want

OUR HAWE'S HAT

We have a complete line of sizes in this excellent hat in different heights of crown.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

HAT SPECIALS

"THE KING HAT" (best quality), regular price $2.50, for.... $1.75

The "BORSALINO" (The finest high-grade hat, made in Alexandria, Italy), regular price $3.50, for.. $2.50

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An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

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298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialist

Ladies' Collar Supporters

One of the many useful articles of jewelry for ladies' wear.

With these supports scarfs or collars cannot sag or droop down and no collar looks well without them.

They are made in gold filled and ocean pearl, set with pearls, turquoise, etc. and cost—

50, 60, 75c $1 Set

T. BLACKBURN

Marriage Licenses Issued

YOU CAN LOOK

at things in a different light if your eyes are properly fitted with glasses—just the right lenses. Needless to say you'll have greater eye comfort and that annoying headache will disappear. At any rate we'll charge you nothing for telling you what the trouble is. Eye glasses and spectacle prices are reasonable here.

—Alex. Ray

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS : : : :

HAIR GROWER

Works wonders when your head is bald or nearly so. It works out the germs that cause baldness and cures it.

The Greatest Tonic

WATERS SPECIAL AGENT

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St. with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

See our window display of Handkerchiefs for Kimonos, Sofa Cushions, etc

Stamping done.

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

MR. CAMERON'S CONCERT.

The concert in the City Hall last night, given by Mr. Cameron and his pupils, assisted by Miss Henderson, of St. Agnes' School, Miss Vera Riggs and Mr. Reginald Geen, was a success in every way. There was a large attendance, and the programme, from first to last, was highly enjoyable. Mr. Cameron is to be heartily congratulated on the success of his laudable undertaking. Everything on the programme was good, though some things were better than others. The opening number was a duet, "The Fishermen," by Mr. M. C. Gordon and Mr. Cameron, which was pleasingly sung in a finished way. Miss Annie Mair, a young lady in short dresses, sang "For All Eternity," by Mascheroni, and showed really remarkable sympathy and volume for one so young. This young lady should be heard of in the years to come. Mr. Harry Gordon gave Stewart's "Dolores" in a smooth and pleasing way, and Miss Hattie Gowsell's splendid contralto voice was heard to great advantage in "The Lord is My Light," by Allitsen. "The Sweetest Flower," a tuneful love song, was melodiously rendered by Mr. Gerald Clute, and Mr. Jas. S. Dyer more than earned all the warm applause he received for his singing of "The Strolling Player," a magnificent song by Trotere, of "Old Madrid" and "Deathless Army" fame. A duet, "The Passage Birds' Farewell," was given a fine rendition by Miss Mabel Vermilyea and Mr. Cameron, both vocalists being at their best and Miss Vermilyea being in particularly fine voice. Next came Miss Vera Riggs in a piano selection, Chopin's "Ballade in A flat," which was given in a highly creditable way and showed that this young lady can justly lay claim to a high place among Belleville's pianists. Miss Elsie Price, in splendid voice, sang Denza's perennial gem, "A May Morning," and Lane-Wilson's "Carmena Waltz Song," in a dulcet and finished way. Mr. Jack Hayes' rich bass voice was hardly ever heard to better advantage. He gave Morin's "Good Night, Beloved," from the German, and fully earned all the hearty applause he received. Miss Mabel Vermilyea came next in "Love the Pedlar," a lyric by German, the aria-like features of the song being splendidly suited to her flexible voice and fine range. Mr. Cameron sang "The Hills o' Skye" in a manner which earned him a hearty encore, and Mr. Reginald Geen followed with two Chopin selections, the "Etude" and "Valse in C sharp minor. Mr. Geen displayed remarkable technique and an artistic touch, this latter quality being particularly noticeable in the "Valse." Miss Mabel Henderson, of St. Agnes' School, sang a French song, with violin obligato by Mrs. MacColl. Miss Henderson's round and pure contralto, under perfect control, was listened to with delight by the audience. In answer to a persistent encore she gave a verse of "Annie Laurie." Mr. Merton Gordon sang Balfe's "Good Night, Beloved," and could hardly have found a song better suited to his smooth and musical voice. The programme closed with a sextette from "Lucia di Lammermoor," the vocalists being Miss Vermilyea, Miss Vera Riggs, Mrs. Gordon, Messrs. M. C. Gordon, Hunter and Cameron. It was a very enjoyable and finished bit of part singing. One would travel a long way before he heard anything much nicer. Taken altogether, the concert was an unqualified success The accompanists were; Mrs. (Col.) Campbell, Mrs. M. C. Gordon, Miss Flossie Moon, Mr. D. A. Cameron and Prof. Hunt.

"THE CONVICT'S DAUGHTER." TO-NIGHT.

There is something so sensational and yet realistic about "The Convict's Daughter," which comes to the Carman to-night, that one is held spellbound from the rise until the fall of the curtain. It pleases both sexes and all classes of people, for it is an American play, by an American author, and written for the melodramatic loving public. Peaceful and stirring scenes follow each other in rapid succession. The first scene in act one is indeed charming—an ideal southern home where sunshine and happiness dwell hand in hand. But it suddenly changes to clouds and despair, for the unseen enemy has commenced his persecution. It would require too much space to tell of all the good things in "The Convict's Daughter."

"THE HOLY CITY."

Large and appreciative audiences all over the country are again welcoming Gordon and Bennett's magnificent Biblical drama, "The Holy City," which comes to the Carman next Friday night, the second season being apparently of greater importance than even the remarkable first. That theatre patrons are entertained and bettered by the ever-beautiful and touching story, old as Christendom, founded upon gospel truths and the teachings of the Nazarene, will not be disputed by any who have witnessed the performances. Every man, woman and child in the land should listen to and see this pure, instructive, illustrative story of the days of our Saviour among men.

XV. REGT., A.L.I.

The first parade of the season will be held on Friday evening, the 27th inst. Stores will be open on Wednesday evening, the 25th inst. Deduction from pay will be made for absence from any parade without leave.

By Order,
W. S. MORDEN, Captain.
Acting Adjutant.

24-2t

Graphic Letter From San Francisco.

ONE WHO WAS THERE WRITES OF THE AWFUL HAPPENINGS ON EARTHQUAKE DAY.

The Intelligencer has been privileged to publish the following letter from a lady who was through the earthquake in San Francisco.

"In the midst of this fearful horror it is nearly impossible to quiet oneself to write. It is all perfectly appalling. When we went down to wire you there were hundreds waiting at the office to give assurance to friends in the east, and we had to wait our turn, and so it may be twenty-four hours before you get it. The horror of the earthquake will be upon me as long as I live. It was at 5.13 in the morning, and I was lying awake, when suddenly the earth began a great shaking, and the house to rock backwards and forwards as though it were being swayed about on great rockers and no foundation at all. My one thought was that our last moment had come, for every instant I felt the house would be about our heads, and through it all was the constant crash, crash, crash, as things about the house fell down, yet, strange to say, comparatively few things were broken—several of my lovely pieces of bric-a-brac and painted cups and saucers—and that was practically all. As soon as the rocking ceased we flew out of doors, and everyone, up and down, was out in night clothes, and the bricks were lying in all directions, for the brick chimneys on almost every house were down. Instantly one saw the wisdom of wooden buildings that would give in such a calamity. On the street, just above us, the water was rushing down in torrents, for the water main had burst under the street, and broken through and, of course, that is what happened in the city where the shock was far more severe than here. It ripped up the street car tracks, twisting them like wire, left great gaping cracks yards wide in the roads. Burst the sewers below, so that the streets were running rivers and no water could be got, twisted and broke up the gas pipes, so that fire broke out instantly in many places, and in a few moments a great volume of smoke was ascending and has continued ever since, for the city that was, is now a great roaring furnace. Hundreds are killed, thousands ruined and hundreds of millions lost, and as I look out at the back verandah the bay is crimson from the reflection and the whole sky a pillow of smoke over a great furnace, and the air is so hot from it that one can scarcely breathe. We have been waiting all day for friends in the burned parts of the city, but have not heard anything from them, and if we do not by night, we will take in some of the homeless strangers, for, of course, there are hundreds who were wealthy two short days ago, who now have nothing but the clothes upon their backs. The Bank of British North America went yesterday, but we cannot hear of any of the men connected with it, and there is no way of finding out—no telephone, telegraph, newspapers, nor anything, and we hear from some of the refugees that have just come into Berkeley for shelter, that the building is burned, and there is no way of getting to the ferry but by walking miles all around the edge of the city to the water's edge. No passengers are allowed to land in the city after eight. This morning the militia are on guard, keeping the people back, and it is just as well, for the awful sights make even the strongest men sick. There is not a drop of drinking water to be got at any price in the city, except what is carried over, and with this fearful heat that is terrible."

Lydford Lodge, S. O. E. Had Smoking Concert.

Lydford Lodge, Sons of England, last evening held a smoker to commemorate St. Geroge's Day. A large number were present and an enjoyable time was spent. The early part of the evening was spent in card playing and social intercourse, after which refreshments were served. After partaking of the spread a toast list was carried out, being as follows;

"The King."--The National Anthem by the company.

"The Land we Left and the Land we Live In."—Responded to by Bros. J. B. Harker and H. F. Ketcheson.

"Officers of the Lodge."—Responded to by Bros. N. Cousins, W. R. Vallance and G. R. Brown.

"Sister Societies."—Responded to by R. H. Ketcheson and W. Rodbourne.

"Our Visitors."—Responded to by Prof. Spooner.

At intervals songs appropriate to the occasion were given by Messrs. N. Cousins, S. Burton and W. R. Vallance and graphophone selections by Mr. T. Soat.

Chief Newton occupied the chair and responded to the toast of "The Chairman."

Died In New York.

On Sunday, Howard R. McMaster, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James McMaster, died at New York and the remains arrived here yesterday afternoon for interment. The deceased was nearly three years of age. An attack of pneumonia was the cause of death.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

The Rolling Mills.

SOME STATEMENTS WHICH PUT RATHER A NEW FACE ON THE PRESENT CONDITION OF AFFAIRS.

The Intelligencer has been complimented on the article of yesterday dealing with present conditions in connection with the rolling mills, but it is stated by people who claim to be well-informed, that the information given to us yesterday was not quite so correct as it might have been.

In the first place, we are informed that lawyers scout the idea that the Council, by taking half the amount of taxes alleged to be owed the city, would render themselves personally liable. They would, we are told, do absolutely nothing of the kind.

In the second place, we are told that a committee of the Council, with power to act, has already agreed to accept the settlement which they now wish to have discussed at a public meeting. This settlement, we are told, was agreed on and subscribed to on the 14th inst., and legally ratified before the Master in Chancery on the 16th inst.

Taking the above statements into consideration, it is hard to see what is to be gained by a discussion of the matter before a public meeting, unless the Council thinks it necessary to try to justify its course in making the settlement in question.

So far as The Intelligencer is concerned, we have no hesitation in commending the settlement if that alone will bring about the operation of the mills, something we would all like to see.

Apropos of this matter, we have heard it whispered that certain material for use in the mills, when they again begin operation, is now under way.

That looks promising.

CITY FATHERS WENT TO ZWICK'S

LOOKED OVER THINGS AND WATCHED A FIRE ENGINE PLAY.

Members of the City Council, namely, Mayor Sulman, Ald. Marsh, Vermilyea, Green, Knox and Panter, yesterday afternoon visited Zwick's Island for the purpose of seeing what is being done there, and principally to consult in reference to the advisability of moving the crusher. It was ascertained that it would cost upwards of $200 to move the crusher from its present position to the old quarry on the flats in West Belleville, and return it again to the Island. In view of the expense the majority of the members were in favor of procuring a new crusher. This matter will be considered at the meeting of the committees to be held to-morrow evening.

In the centre of Zwick's Island an excavation has been made where it is contemplated to have a filtering basin, if such should be built. In the excavation made a considerable quantity of water has accumulated and one of the city fire engines was taken to the scene, and although two streams of considerable dimensions were thrown out for some time the water in the excavation was by no means lowered.

The members of the deputation express themselves as much edified by what they saw at the island yesterday.

NOTICE.

The steamer Annie Lake will on Saturday, April 28th, run to Massassaga Park (weather permitting) as follows; Leave the Institution dock at 1.45, calling at Belleville at 2 p.m. She will also make trip from Belleville at 3 p.m. Object, May flowers.

CAPTAIN HART.

Cheer Up. The Ex-Cow Inspector is Safe

Most people in this city will remember Mr. D. J. Rutledge, who for many years held down the honorable and responsible position of Cow Inspector in this city. Some two years ago, Mr. Rutledge, with his good wife, went west with his son, they taking up their residence in San Francisco. When the news of the quake came many people thought of old Mr. and Mrs. Rutledge, and wondered how they had weathered the terrrible disaster. Cheering news now comes in the shape of a postal card received at noon to-day by Mr. F. M. Clarke. It is dated San Francisco, April 18, 8 a.m., and bears the brief but pointed message;

"All alive. Home gone."
D. J. RUTLEDGE.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Usually the man who worries over the country's difficulties lets his wife do the worrying for the family,

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES

..AND..

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE

F. E. Carman, Manager.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25th

The Most Powerful Melodrama of the Day.

The CONVICT'S DAUGHTER

A WEALTH OF BEAUTIFUL SCENERY & EFFECTS

Containing Many New and Novel Sensational and Mechanical Effects and Situations.

Plan opens Tuesday Morning.

Prices - 25c 35c, 50c

FRIDAY, APRIL 27th

The Holy City

The Great Allegorical Reproduction of Michel Angelo's

"CRUCIFIXION"

The Most Impressive Historic Portrayal Ever Conceived and offered to the Public

Prices - 25, 35, 50, 75c

POPULAR YOUNG PEOPLE WEDDED.

NUPTIALS OF MR. DAVID A. STRACHAN AND MISS HANNAH COOKE THIS MORNING.

A quiet but pretty wedding took place at 10.30 this morning at the residence of the bride's mother, Mill St., when Mr. David A. Strachan, of this city, was married to Miss Hannah Cooke, also of Belleville. Rev. C. R. Emerson, pastor of the Baptist church, performed the ceremony in the presence of the relatives and intimate friends of the contracting parties. The bridesmaid was Miss Mary Robinson, and the best man Mr Will Kelly. The bride and bridesmaid were both handsomely and tastefully gowned in white silk. At the conclusion of the ceremony the wedding breakfast was partaken of and general congratulations indulged in. Mr. and Mrs. Strachan were valued members of the Baptist congregation, and will be much missed. For some time past the bride had been an employee of McIntosh Bros. of this city, and was handsomely remembered by both her former employers and former associates in the store. The wedding presents were exceedingly numerous, useful and beautiful, amply attesting the popularity of the happy couple. Mr. and Mrs. Strachan left on the flyer at 1.40 for Winnipeg, where they expect to reside. The best wishes of many friends will follow them to their new Western home.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Dr. Boyd left to-day for Blind River, to resume his practice.

Miss Grace Waters has returned home from a visit to Utica, N.Y.

Miss K. Robertson, of Crookston, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. J. Boyd, Pinnacle St.

Mr. Frank Robinson, of the Kiltie Band, has returned to the city to reside for the summer. ✓

Mrs J. W. Vandervoort and daughter, Miss Emma, left to-day for Toronto, where they intend to reside.

E. J. Farley, of Frankford, has taken the degree of bachelor of science at McGill University, Montreal. ✓

Congratulations to Mr. Morley A. Day, of this city, who has passed the senior examination at the College of Dentistry, Toronto. ✓

Many Bellevillians will be interested in knowing that Mr. Herbert Wesley Baker, a former resident of this city, son of the Rev. E. N. Baker, a former pastor of Bridge St. Church, graduated at the recent exams of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, held in Toronto. ✓

At the Quinte; V. Graham, W. W. Mather, R. Holland, N. Williamson, J. M. Alexander, W. Wilson, A. L. Woodridge, G. Prescott, Dr. Meyers, A. Gilbert, G. Soper, D. Levy, G. H. Gordon, S. White, F. Ewen, C. R. Hamilton, J. W. Shouldice, J. Hood, W. G. A. McCutcheon, Toronto; C. Stock, London; J. E. Halliwell, N. Paney, Stirling; A. Living, Ottawa; L. E. Cawthorpe, Tamworth; Mrs. H. Brough, Mrs. A. Groff, Trenton; A. S. Foster, Hamilton; R. Snider, M. Grass, C. Weese, R. J. Sharpe, F. M. Picard, Montreal; A. W. Cliffe, London, Eng.; M. Ross, St. Catharines; J. A. Fleming, Denver; Dr. C. Battin, San Francisco,

Daily Intelligencer.

CHOICEST BAKERY GOODS

Made fresh every day from the best materials.

Have you ever tried our Baxter's teas, 10c a doz.

Chas. S. Clapp

—Young lady wanted, apply evenings this week after 7 o'clock.

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS OF ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allor

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Panelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

CORONER WALSH SAYS DEAD ARE OVER 1,000

The Alaska Packers' Association has resumed business on Stuart street wharf, where the loading of eighteen ships will begin at once. Three thousand persons can get work in the canneries in Alaska.

Pekin, April 25.—The Empress Dowager has sent to the American legation a cheque for $50,000 for the relief of the sufferers from the disaster at San Francisco, and is sending $20,000 to the Chinese of that city.

At 10.40 Monday night an earthquake shock was felt throughout. No damage was caused, but in some few instances persons living in houses ran out badly frightened and called upon the sentries and guards to help carry out clothing and other effects.

The total of the New York Chamber of Commerce relief fund Tuesday night was $724,564. The combined red cross and the mayor's fund had reached nearly $600,000. The Merchants' Association fund stands at $145,000. The Jockey Club, the controlling body of the eastern turf, contributed $25,000.

Following the unfortunate killing of Major H. C. Tilden of the general relief committee on Sunday by some self-constituted vigilants, the city patrols and all guards will be disarmed, and the troops, both regular and militia, will be instructed not to shoot, except in cases of extreme necessity.

M'AULIFFE FOUND GUILTY.

Peterboro Hotelman Will Be Sentenced To-Day—Suit Against Gow.

Peterboro, April 25.—In the case of King v. McAuliffe, yesterday, the grand jury returned a true bill, charging manslaughter. The witnesses heard were Stanley Coo, Cleveland Conley, Chas. Wolfe and Arthur McDonald, who gave strong evidence against the accused, stating that he had struck the unfortunate man, in the barroom, the blow causing ultimate death. Judge Anglin's charge was rather against McAuliffe, and the jury, after two hours, returned a verdict of guilty, with a strong recommendation to mercy. Sentence will be given to-day.

In Hill v. Gow, for $1,000 damages, arising out of shooting of Hill's son, for which Gow served a three months' sentence, Constable Archie Morse stated under oath that Gow said to him after the inquest that he was sorry the boy had been shot, but that it would not have been so bad had he shot the old man. The case continues to-day.

Sped to Lady Love's Rescue.

Guelph, April 25.—Wesley Welsh of Moorefield, was yesterday brought to Guelph jail by Constable Kyle, charged with stabbing Robert Montgomery of that village on Sunday evening. He is not right in his mind. Welsh is a former teacher, and had been acting very queerly. Miss Maggie Patterson, a milliner of Moorefield, had attraction for Welsh, and he got it into his head that he was going to marry her. He proposed and was refused. Then he got it into his head the idea that some person was hurting Miss Patterson. He got up and ran over to the young lady's residence, to find her in company with Montgomery. He sprang at the latter and stabbed him with a knife, inflicting a painful wound on the left shoulder.

King to Ascend Vesuvius.

Naples, April 25.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra will reach Naples April 27. They expect to ascend Mount Vesuvius and visit the observatory. Frank Perret, the American assistant of Prof. Matteucci, will act as interpreter during their Majestys' call upon Prof. Matteucci, who has reached the crater and who finds it increased from 100 to 5,000 feet.

Athens, April 25.—At the Olympic games yesterday a fencing bout between England and Germany, arranged especially for the benefit of King Edward, occurred at the Zappeion, and was won by the Englishmen by 9 to 2. King Edward, Queen Alexandra and the Greek royal family were present.

Wreck at Merritton.

St. Catharines, April 25.—Merritton, about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon was again the scene of an accident upon the Grand Trunk Railway. While no lives were lost the wreck was disastrous so far as the rolling stock is concerned.

Going to Cobalt.

Toronto, April 25.—Provincial Geologist Miller will shortly leave for Cobalt to begin preparation of a contour map of the Gillies' timber limit, about 100 square miles in extent. He will take many assistants.

Body Found in the Don.

Toronto, April 25.—The body of David C. Cornell, 334 Sackville street, was found floating in the Don yesterday morning. Cornell was about 60 years of age, and was formerly a railway conductor on the G. T. R. He left his home on Saturday.

MACKAY CHIEF CRITIC

Most Contentious Clauses of Mines Bill Held Over.

New Mining Bill, However, Is Practically Passed In the Committee of the Whole House—Hon. Frank Cochrane Reaffirms Government's Position That There Will Be No Royalties—Money-Raising Bill.

Toronto, April 25.—The Government's mining bill was taken up in committee of the Legislature yesterday afternoon.

Mr. MacKay objected vigorously to the passing of clauses dealing with the conditions under which patent rights would be granted, urging that the question of the right of the province to receive certain profits could not be clearly defined until the other mining bill was brought down.

Hon. Mr. Cochrane replied that no one with experience in mining would invest capital in a mine unless some title was held.

No Royalties.

"I may say there will be no royalties" was his answer to Mr. Mackay's objection that while this exemption would be all right for struggling prospectors it wouldn't be fair that the province should receive nothing in the case of a man who stumbled upon a million dollar deposit. The Government should get a substantial share.

Mr. Whitney intimated that the provisions of the supplementary bill relating to patents would be along the lines of the one before the House.

At the request of Mr. Gamey, who had doubts of its merits, the clause allowing free public inspection of alleged discoveries of deposits before an official certificates had been granted, was allowed to stand.

The formal reading of the bill in committee was concluded, a number of the more contentious clauses remaining over.

Third Readings.

The following bills were read a third time: Respecting the Town of Port Hope (Preston); to amend the Ontario Medical Act (Beck); respecting local municipal telephone systems (Beck).

Second readings were given Hon. Dr. Pyne's bills respecting the education department, and to amend the Public Schools Act.

On the House going into committee on Col. Matheson's bill for raising money on the consolidated revenue fund of Ontario, Mr. Harcourt advised making the bonds payable, both in England and in Canada. The Treasurer replied that the intention was to make them payable in Canada only. He also said that the bonds would not be liable for death dues in England, but they would be liable to income taxes.

Kakabeka Dispute Ends.

Toronto, April 25.—The Wegg-Jenison combination has finally won out in its battle with the Clergue interests over Kakabeka Falls water-power, the private bills committee of the Legislature yesterday throwing out by a large majority the Kakabeka Falls Land & Electric Co.'s bill.

CZAR TO OPEN PARLIAMENT

Will Leave Shelter of Tsarskoe-Selo On Witte's Advice—General Amnesty For Political Prisoners.

St. Petersburg, April 25.—After much hesitation, Emperor Nicholas has finally decided to come to St. Petersburg and personally open the first Russian Parliament, May 10. His Majesty's decision comes as a surprise, as it was supposed that after his long absence from the capital, he would not dare to leave the shelter of the Palace of Tsarskoe-Selo. But Premier Witte and other advisers urged that it would be a great blunder to miss such an opportunity.

It is rumored that the Emperor, in greeting Parliament, will announce general amnesty for political prisoners.

RUSE FREES PRISONERS.

Men In Uniform Present False Order For Their Delivery.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, April 25.—At 9 o'clock yesterday morning seven men in carriages and attired in uniforms of the Gendarmerie and police, drove up to the prison here and presented a false order for the delivery of ten political prisoners, who were to be tried yesterday, saying that they intended to convey them to the citadel. The prisoners were delivered to the men, who drove them away. At daylight the carriages were discovered empty on the outskirts of the city, the drivers bound and gagged and the discarded uniforms inside the vehicles.

Cossacks on Rampage.

Voronezh, Russia, April 25.—The Governor-General of Voronezh has hastily left this city for the Village of Dievitza, where it is reported Cossacks have killed 19 and wounded 50 persons in suppressing peasant disorders.

Prince Arthur Inspects Soldiers.

Toronto, April 25.—Our soldiers of to-day, our soldiers of yesterday and our soldiers of to-morrow were inspected yesterday by His Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught, who attended Stanley Barracks at noon and inspected the regulars of the cavalry and infantry, also a company of army and navy veterans. In the afternoon over 15,000 people witnessed his review of the school cadets, numbering nearly 2,500, on the university campus. He wore a British general's uniform with red cap of the German peak pattern.

Insurance Inquiry At Toronto.

Toronto, April 25.—The insurance commission meets at the city hall today at 10.30. Judge McTavish of Ottawa and B. L. Kent of Montreal, who, with J. W. Langmuir, compose the commission, arrived in the city last night.

Prevent Fire Insurance.

Albany, April 25.—The Assembly yesterday passed a bill designed to prevent fire insurance companies entering into or maintaining combinations to control rates of fire insurance.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Wheat Futures Close Lower, Chicago Higher—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Tuesday Evening, April 24.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ½d to ⅝d lower and corn futures ⅛d lower.

At Chicago May wheat closed 1⅛c higher than yesterday; May corn ⅛c higher and May oats ¼c higher.

Chicago car lots to-day: wheat 14, contract 1; corn, 226, 32; oats, 245, 48.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	87¼	85⅝
Minneapolis	76¾	79½
Detroit	88½	81½
St. Louis	79½	77⅞
Toledo	87⅞	81⅝
Duluth	79⅝	80⅜

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—			
Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74	to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 77		0 79
Wheat, red, bush	0 77		0 79
Wheat, goose, bush	0 73		....
Barley, bush	0 51		....
Oats, bush	0 40		....
Rye, bush	0 78		....
Peas, bush	0 77		....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53		....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 24.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures quiet; May, 6s 8¼d; July, 6s 7¼d; Sept., 6s 6¾d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 4s 6d; American mixed, old, 4s 9d; futures quiet; May, 4s 5¾d; July, 4s 4⅜d.

Bacon—Short rib steady, 52s; shoulders, square steady, 41s 6d.

Lard—Prime western steady, 42s 9d; American refined dull, 44s 9d.

Cheese—American finest white steady, 62s.

Tallow—Prime city firm, 26s.

Turpentine—Spirits steady, 47s 6d.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days 270,000 centals, including 94,000 American.

Receipts of American corn during the past three days 108,200 centals.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 24.—Butter—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 7027.

Cheese—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 2801.

Eggs—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 32,418.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Cattle and Hogs Easier at Buffalo.

London, April 24.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8c to 8½c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 24.—Receipts of live stock at the city market, as reported by the railways, since last Friday were 65 carloads, composed of 1108 cattle, 500 hogs, 76 sheep, 576 calves and 36 horses.

Exporters.

Only a few loads of export cattle were offered. Prices ranged from $4.70 to $5.10 per cwt. Bulls sold at $3.75 to $4 per cwt.

Butchers.

Prices were easy at following quotations: Picked lots at $4.75 to $5, but few brought the latter price and those that did were good enough for export; loads of good sold at $4.50 to $4.70; medium at $4.25 to $4.40; common mixed with cows, at $3.25 to $4, canners at $2.25 to $2.75.

Feeders and Stockers.

Several loads of medium cattle brought in for export were bought as short-keeps and a few lots of stockers were offered. Harry Murby, who bought 150 all told of both stockers and feeders, reports prices the same as those given last week as follows: best feeders, 1100 to 1200 lbs., at $4.50 to $4.75; best feeders, 1000 to 1100 lbs., at $4.25 to $4.60; best feeders, 900 to 1000 lbs., at $4 to $4.25; best feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., at $3.85 to $4.10; best stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., at $3.50 to $3.65; common stockers, 400 to 600 lbs., at $3.

Milch Cows.

About 12 milch cows and springers sold from $30 to $50 each.

Veal Calves.

The railways reported 576 calves as coming on the market. Prices were unchanged at $3 to $6 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.

The receipts were not large, the bulk of which were bought as usual by Wesley Dunn at following prices: export ewes at $4.50 to $5; bucks at $3.50 to $3.75; yearling lambs at $3 to $6 each. Spring lambs sold at $3 to $6 each.

Hogs.

Prices were reported as unchanged by Mr. Harris. Selects, $7.15; lights and fats at $6.90.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 250 head; slow, barely steady; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.65; shipping, $4.65 to $5.15; butchers', $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.50.

Veals—Receipts, 75 head; steady, $4.50 to $5.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 1700 head; slow, 5c to 10c lower; heavy and mixed, $6.85 to $6.90; Yorkers, $6.70 to $6.85; pigs, $6.65 to $6.70; roughs, $6 to $6.20; stags, $4.25 to $4.75; dairies, $6.70 to $6.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1800 head; sheep steady; lambs active on light, slow on heavy; lambs, $6.25 to $7.35; yearlings, $6.25 to $6.50; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75; clipped lambs, $5 to $5.90.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 24.—Beeves—Receipts, 602; nothing doing; feeling steady; exports to-day, 850 cattle, 1120 sheep and 4200 quarters of beef; to-morrow, 4400 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, none; nothing doing; feeling barely steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1567; 1½ cars of spring lambs sold at steady prices, or at $5 to $5.50 per head; sheep and winter lambs nominally steady.

Hogs—Receipts 4703; feeling full steady; state hogs quoted at $6.90 to $7.10.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 3000; steady; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.35; cows, $3.25 to $4; heifers, $2.75 to $5.35; bulls, $2.60 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; steady; choice to prime, heavy, $6.55 to $6.62½; medium to good, heavy, $6.50 to $6.55; butchers' weights, $6.55 to $6.60; good to choice, heavy, mixed, $6.55 to $6.60; packing, $5.75 to $6.57½.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 16,000; sheep steady; lambs 10c higher; sheep, $4.25 to $6.40; yearlings, $5 to $6.25; lambs, $4.75 to $7.25.

Killed by Bicyclist.

Ottawa, April 25.—Agnes Lacasse, aged 4 years, daughter of Edward Lacasse, 84 Le Breton street, was run over by a bicyclist on Sunday and died yesterday. She was badly smashed about the head. A boy named Paul Charbonneau rode the wheel and did not stop when the accident occurred.

Crushed by Stone.

Leamington, April 25.—While burying a large stone on the farm of Z. Wigle, near Ruthven, yesterday morning, Stanley Otton, aged 19, was instantly killed. He was digging a hole beside the stone when it rolled on him crushing out his life. He was a son of S. A. Otton, one of the township's best known farmers.

Excursionists Drown.

Antwerp, April 25.—Twelve excursionists were drowned Monday in the River Scheldt by the capsizing of a ferryboat.

WATER POWER IN THE TRENT VALLEY

Five Points For Long Distance Transmission.

Report of the Hydro-Electric Commission For the Eastern Section of Ontario—25,000 Horse-Power Can Be Supplied, With Available Present Market For 10,000 Horse-Power—Annual Saving at Typical Points.

Toronto, April 25.—The second report of the hydro-electric power commission of Ontario covering the Trent district has been made public. It shows that there are five water powers on the Lower Trent River that are worth developing for transmitting power to the towns along Lake Ontario, but on the Upper Trent and on the Moira River and its tributaries, there are numerous water-powers which are now developed and which are capable of supplying the immediate local demand.

To develop the five large water powers on the Lower Trent would call for an expenditure, according to the estimate of Chief Engineer Cecil B. Smith, of $2,295,000, and the amount of power available to these five points would be 25,000 horse-power. As to the market for this power, the engineer says 10,000 horse-power could be disposed of at once, with an increase to 15,000 horse-power in five years.

Typical Points Illustration.

Two typical points, Kingston and Oshawa, are given to show the cost of municipal transformer stations and the cost of power to the customer. The cost of a plant at Oshawa is put down at $48,900, and the total savings, not counting cheap power for street lighting and pumping, would be $11,919 a year. The Kingston plant would cost $60,190, and the savings would amount to $29,100. The cost of power at the generating plant at, say, Healey's Falls, would be $12 a horse-power, and, adding transmission the cost at the municipal transformer station would be, at Kingston $21.43, and at Oshawa, $21.52.

The report deals with the Trent district, including that portion of Ontario lying north of Lake Ontario, but not including Toronto. The district is divided into three divisions.

The Upper Trent Valley affords opportunities for local development and these have been taken advantage of so that Peterboro, Lakefield, Lindsay and Fenelon Falls are well supplied with hydraulic and electric power. The total amount of power is not very large and in the near future will all be utilized for local consumption, at which time a combination of private interests would tend to raise rates.

Three Divisions.

In the Lower Trent Valley far more valuable water powers exist, which have only been developed to a very slight extent.

In the Moira River Valley a large number of comparatively small water powers exist and few are developed.

The commissioners believe that an immediate market for 10,000 horse-power can be obtained within a reasonable distance of Healey's, Middle or Ranney's Falls of the Trent River, which would be increased to 15,000 horse-power in five years.

The total power in sight is estimated at 65,675 horse-power of which 17,000 horse-power is now under development. The various water powers named and the totals for the various divisions are as follows:

	Horse-power.
Moira River and tributaries	4,900
Upper Trent River	17,265
Lower Trent River	43,510.

Five For Long Distance.

Of the various water powers investigated the chief engineer shows that only five are worthy of being fully developed for long distance transmission, viz., Healey's Falls, Middle Falls, Ranney's Falls; rapids one and a half miles above Glen Miller, and rapids three-quarters of a mile above Trenton. The dry weather capacity of these developments would be 25,000 horse-power, more than sufficient to supply, for the present at least, all industrial demands of the Lake Ontario towns. At present it would not be necessary to develop all these water powers, but as the demand increases they could be developed one by one, all being worked in unison and under one management; which would be far more economical than if several companies were to take them up and transmit independently.

Wanders Into the River.

Gananoque, April 25.—Fred Crozier, Sr., aged 70 years, disappeared at daybreak yesterday morning from his residence and late yesterday afternoon his body was recovered in the Gananoque River by a searching party organized by Mayor Wilson. He had been in poor health, and his mind was affected. He was very highly respected.

BASEBALL TUESDAY.

National League Results.

At Chicago— R.H.E.
Chicago .... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0—3 8 3
Pittsburg .... 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 3—6 13 6

Batteries—Brown and Kling; Leifield and Peitz. Umpire—Johnstone. Attendance—3000.

At Boston— R.H.E.
Philadelphia .... 5 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—6 8 3
Boston .... 0 0 0 0 3 0 1 0 0—4 7 1

Batteries—Duggleby and Donovan; Maroney and Needham. Umpires—Emslie and Conway. Attendance—600.

At Cincinnati— R.H.E.
Cincinnati ...... 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0—3 9 4
St. Louis ...... 2 0 4 0 0 0 0 2 1—9 12 2

Batteries—Drubot, Sanford and Phelps; Brown and Holmes. Umpires—Carpenter and Klem. Attendance—800.

At New York— R.H.E.
Brooklyn .... 0 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 0—7 15 3
New York .... 0 4 0 0 1 2 0 1 0—8 12 1

Batteries—Eason, Scanlon, Pastorius and Bergen; Wiltz, McGinnity and Bresnahan. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance—1200.

American League Scores.

At Washington— R.H.E.
Washington ..... 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2 8 7
Boston .... 0 5 4 2 3 5 0 0 0—19 20 6

Batteries—Falkenburg, Hardy, Kitson, Heydon and Wakefield; Tannehill and Graham. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance—2319.

At Philadelphia— R.H.E.
New York .... 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 4—7 14 1
Philadelphia .... 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 2—4 9 4

Batteries—Clarkson and Kleinow; Bender and Schreck. Umpires—O'Loughlin and Evans. Attendance—2007.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE.

SOLD AND USED EVERYWHERE.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED

TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all. You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St

Merchant Tailor.

Spring Wallpaper

The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

HOUSECLEANING AIDS—

WOODEN TUBS.
FIBRE TUBS.
WASH BOARDS.
CLOTHES LINES.
WHITEWASH BRUSHES.
SCRUB BRUSHES.
STOVE BRUSHES.
CEILING BROOMS.
WHISKS.
LIQUID AMMONIA.
POWDERED AMMONIA.
CONCENTRATED LYE.
NAPTHA POWDER.
GOLD DUST.
PEARLINE.
WASHING SODA.
WHITING.
BORAX.
SAPOLIO.
BEN AMI, ETC.

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Perth Mutual Fire Insurance Co.
Dominion Plate Glass Co.
Travellers' Accident Insurance Co.

CHANCEY ASHLEY

INSURANCE AGENT.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Opposite Post Office Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

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McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

$5,000,000

3 1-3 per cent. allowed on Deposits payable on call.

4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

OFFICE—Bridge St., Belleville.

J. P. C. PHILLIPS,

Manager Belleville Branch.

BANK OF MONTREAL

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CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up

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(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,

Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.48 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express. Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

G. A. Bennett,

Carpenter. Joiner. Builder.

WORKSHOP AND OFFICE.

Victoria Avenue,

(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —

Parquette and Hardwood Floors

Grills and Fireplace Mantels.

Building and House Repairs & Alterations.

Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs

Wednesday Bargains

—12½c Plated Salts and Peppers	5c
—Post Card Albums	$1 00, 75c, 50c and 25c
—A good Hair Brush	25c
—8c Embroidery	5c
—Men's Cotton Sox	3 pair for 25c
—Men's Black and White Stripe Shirts	50c
—Window Poles, complete	2 for 25c
—4 String Broom	20c
—2¼ yd, Lace Curtains	25c
—Curtain goods by yard	5c

Prints, Sateen and Ladies' Wrappers cheap at

McINTOSH BROS.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

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Shingles
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The Schuster Co.
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The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, APRIL 26, 1906. NO. 311

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

China Sale

The Balance of our Fancy China will be sold at

33 1-3 p.c. Discount

to make room for our new goods which are commencing to arrive.

ONE WEEK

From Wednesday, Morning, 25th Inst., To Tuesday Evening, May 1st.

STROUDS

Sales Mean Real Bargains.

HOW THE TIGER KILLS.

Never Faces His Prey, but Attacks It on the Flank.

I have taken considerable trouble to find out how tigers kill large game. Some time ago I was asked to come and see a full grown bullock that had been killed by a tiger. On examining it I found the animal had its neck broken, and there were claw marks on the nose and shoulder, but nowhere else. There was no doubt that the tiger had jumped at the bull and landed on the shoulder, and when the bull turned his head to gore the tiger he must have put his claw out and with a sudden jerk broken the neck.

On another occasion I went to see a young buffalo which had been killed by a tiger and found the same thing had happened. There were similar marks on the nose and also on the near shoulder, which clearly indicated that this animal had been killed in the same way. Malays who have actually seen a tiger killing a buffalo told me they saw the same thing happen; also that in dragging off a heavy carcass, such as buffalo or bull, he gets most of the weight across his shoulder.

This must be fairly correct, as I have often followed a kill, and the marks left indicate that only a portion of the animal was trailing along the ground. I have known a full grown bull, which ten men could not move, dragged for two miles by a tiger in a heavy jungle, where roots of trees and swamp had to be gone through. In no case have I seen the pug marks facing the wrong way except when stopping to feed, which proves he must carry a portion of the animal over his shoulder.

The old idea of a tiger killing large game by a blow from his paw is nonsense; besides, in India a tiger never faces his prey, but attacks him on the flank unless charged. Another curious fact that may seem very like a fairy tale is that a tiger does not seem to mind a small lamp being tied over a kill about ten feet high, but will come and feed. I have known three occasions when this has been tried, and each time a tiger has come to feed upon the carcass.—London Field.

The Jersey Cow.

The Jersey cow is a small animal, and therefore her maintenance ration is small, while a relatively large part of her food goes to profit. She is a persistent milker, often a perpetual milker, and ordinarily not dry more than six or eight weeks in a year. She has an extremely long period of usefulness in the dairy. Five years cover the profitable work of the average cow. The Jersey produces until fifteen years old. Many are profitable when eighteen to twenty-one years of age.—Farmer.

The Wash Fabrics

. . Prettier Than Ever . .

If the bright flowers of spring and the sweet flowers of June could shower their blossoms on newly fallen snow, you would see no more beautiful picture than our washing Fabric Counters present today. The choicest, richest, most exquisite designs from abroad are here, together with much that's exclusive. We want you to know what we can do, and even if you don't wish to buy, its no trouble to show you everything you wish to see.

Ask to see the new designs in *FRENCH MUSLINS and PRINTED ORGANDIES.* We never saw such delicate tints, such dainty effects, such aristocratic effects as these new ones just arrived.

Prices Start at 15c You'll Like Them

New Grey Tweeds

Long ago we learned from most reliable sources that grey, and grey mixture tweeds were going to be very popular this spring.

We laid our plans accordingly. The result is that we are able to satisfy every demand from the high class novelties which cannot be duplicated in Canada today down to the hard-wearing Tweeds at prices anywhere from

40c to $1.25 per yard

Tuesday and Wednesday will be good days to look around.

Covert Coats

JUST RECEIVED

Embodied in these smartly tailored Covert Coats, is the best style effort, coupled with most reasonable prices, without fear of valid contradiction, we assert that our range of Spring Coats is one of the most comprehensive in Belleville, and in the matter of style and value the evidence of your own eyes is the best you can have. We invite you to see these new coats and judge for yourself the correctness of our statements.

Prices, $7.50 to $12.50

Sinclair's

Another Quake At San Francisco

Falling Chimney Kills Woman at Work In Mission District.

Shock Lasted Nearly a Minute and Was Felt In Oakland and Berkeley—Number of Walls of Ruined Buildings Collapse—Immense Population Receiving Free Rations—Greatest Problem Is to Prevent the Unequal Distribution Of Food.

San Francisco, April 26.—At 3.15 o'clock yesterday afternoon a shock of earthquake was felt. It lasted nearly a minute and caused considerable alarm and one death. A number of walls of burned buildings which were standing were thrown down and frail buildings were considerably shaken up, but the damage done was slight.

The shock was felt in Oakland and Berkeley, but in those places it was very slight and of brief duration.

Mrs. Annie Whitaker, aged 25 years, was at work in the kitchen of her home on Shotwell street, in the Mission district, when the shock came. The chimney, which had been left in a tottering condition by the heavy quake last Wednesday, crashed through the roof and fractured her skull. Her body was taken to the morgue at Portsmouth Square and buried an hour later at Laurel Hill Cemetery.

Distribution of Food.

An idea of the task which confronts the food committee may be gained from the fact that throughout the city rations for 349,440 persons were distributed Tuesday. At one point provisions were given out to 672 persons an hour for ten hours.

All flour that was received in sacks is exchanged at bakeries, pound for pound, for bread. Almost all the bakeries in the unburned regions have opened and are selling bread at five cents a loaf. There is no danger of a meat famine.

"From the re[illegible] of officers filed this morning," said Chief of Police Dinan, "there is every indication that San Francisco has settled down to almost a normal condition. The one perplexing problem that we now have to contend with is the prevention of an unequal distribution of food."

Instances have come to light where different members of families have each secured and stored away provisions intended for a whole family's sustenance.

Many tons of fresh fruit were distributed free Tuesday and yesterday.

Rebuilding.

Members of the Jesuit order announced yesterday that they intend to at once rebuild both St. Ignatius College and the cathedral.

Several of the foundries and factories near the waterfront and south of Market street were yesterday preparing to resume operations.

The losses of San Francisco's fire department during the earthquake and fire were inconsiderable. So far as known, three firemen were killed and one injured.

Paragraphed News.

Gen. Greely reports that 221 injured are being cared for at the general hospital, Presidio; 784 at Park emergency hospital, making 1,005 injured so far as reported.

Chicago reports that there are 7,000 telegrams from San Francisco and California tied up and that there are 1,000 messages for California dated the 23rd and 4,000 dated the 24th on the files.

The business centres and half of the resident section of Santa Rosa were damaged or destroyed. The loss will aggregate $8,000,000. Nineteen persons were killed, and 200 injured, and 5,000 are homeless.

Several bullets fired from the water front off the ferry depot struck a red cross launch, in which were Dr. Higgins of the emergency hospital service and several others. None of the occupants were hit.

An official list of the condition of the school buildings throughout the city shows that 29 buildings were utterly destroyed and that 44 were partially damaged. Many of these will have to be pulled down.

The bodies of Mrs. Manning, daughter of W. A. Lawsing, Shelburne, and her five-year-old girl, who were killed in the San Francisco disaster, passed through Toronto Wednesday for interment at Shelburne.

Robert Bacon, acting secretary of state, has wired Mayor Southam of Ottawa, that "contributions of American citizens makes outside help unnecessary, and we feel obliged to decline all such. We are none the less grateful to you for your generous sympathy."

State Insurance Commissioner Wolfe announces that nearly all the large insurance companies will be able to make satisfactory adjustments of the losses caused by the San Francisco fire. He estimates that the amounts for which the companies are liable will probably reach $230,000,000. There are 107 companies to share the insurance loss.

Steamer Sinks at Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 26.—Lake Superior traffic is blockaded by the Canadian steamer Iroquois, which sank Tuesday night crosswise of the channel, after striking the head of the dyke in Hay Lake. Nothing can get through until the Iroquois is raised or swung out of the channel. She was downbound with a cargo of grain.

J. Seymour Corley Appointed.

Toronto, April 26.—At a meeting of the Cabinet yesterday J. Seymour Corley was appointed crown attorney for the City of Toronto in succession to J. W. Curry, who has resigned. The appointment dates from May 1. The salary is fixed by statute. Mr. Curry has been receiving $3,500.

Sentenced to Five Years.

Kingston, April 26.—Feldman, of Montreal, charged with being a confederate in robbing the fur store of McKay & Co., last October, was found guilty and Justice Britton sentenced him to five years in the penitentiary for burglary and five for felony, sentences to run concurrently.

Well Gas Kills.

Harrietsville, April 26.—W. W. Kerr, a well-digger of St. Thomas, was overcome by gas yesterday morning in a 100-foot well, being sunk for W. W. Norris, near the station here, and fell 70 feet. The body was recovered. He is survived by a wife in St. Thomas.

Degree For Mr. Willison.

Kingston, April 26.—The convocation of arts and science and theology in Queen's University took place yesterday afternoon in Grant Hall. The exercises included the conferring of the honorary degree of LL.D. on J. S. Willison, Toronto, and Andrew Carnegie.

Mine Damaged by Fire.

Saineville, Ohio, April 26.—Three hundred miners were thrown out of work by the destruction of the shafts and tipples of the slope mines of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Coal Co. here yesterday by fire.

Phillips Will Be Tried.

Toronto, April 26.—Crown Attorney Drayton said yesterday that if the papers can be prepared in time Joseph Phillips will be tried at the May sessions.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

25 Cent Sale

FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

The success of our last season's sale has prompted us to again make these special offerings at this popular price.

Some of the items represent goods that for one reason or other we desire to clear at once and are marked at but a fraction of their original prices Others are the outcome of fortunate purchases. All represent *EXTRA VALUE* and as such are worthy of your inspection. Read over the list and be on hand Friday morning. Your quarters will have many times their usual purchasing value :—

50c Dress Goods 25c

350 yards fancy spot and figured Lustres, light weight, suitable for waists, summer suits and children's dresses, 9 different colors, reg. price 50c, sale price 25c

$1.25 Trimmings 25c

Assorted lot of Dress trimmings in laces, appliques, insertions and edgings, mostly in short lengths, in black, cream and colors, regular price from 50c to $1 yd, sale price 25c

Lace Collars 25c

Assorted lot of cream and white lace collars, including the new Duchess lace, very latest for summer wear, these are direct importation from the continent, special value at our sale........ 25c

Kid Gloves 25c

A lot of ladies fine black kid gloves in 5½ and 6 only some of them slightly soiled, regular price 75c to $1.25, sale price...... 25c

Hosiery 25c

An assorted lot of ladies' cotton hosiery in tans, black, black with white feet, black with white spot, black with lace ankle, tan with spot, all sizes including the outside sizes, Hermsdoff Dye, reg. worth up to 35c, sale price.. 25c

Heavy Cotton Hose 2 pair for 25c

Heavy cotton stockings in fine ribb, tripple knee, knee, heel and toe, seamless feet, fast black, perfect fitting, special value 15c pr. on sale...... 2 pair for 25c

Dress shields 2 pr. 25c

4 doz. special Nainsook covered dress shields, sizes 2 and 3, a good serviceable shield, special sale price .... 2 pr. for 25c

Mending Yarn 25 Cards for 25c

An assorted lot of mending yarn in cotton and wool, odd shades, reg. 3c, sale price 1c or 25 cards for 25c

Cushion Cords 2 yds for 25c

An assorted lot of fine silk cushion cords, wide range in popular shades, in mixed and plain colors, reg. 20c yard, sale price .... 3 yards for 25c

Wash Goods 25c

A large table filled with dainty wash goods, including cotton voiles, ginghams, muslins, linens, chambrays, etc., in all colors and wide range of handsome designs including some of the very latest patterns, reg. price up to 50c yd. on sale.. 25c

Fine Lawn, 3 yds. 25c

100 yds. fine soft pure bleached lawn, free from dressing, 39 in. wide (note the width), reg. price 15c, on sale........ 3 yds for 25c

Heavy Sheeting 25c

100 yds. plain and twilled pure bleached heavy cotton sheeting, 2 yds wide, sold at 30c, sale price........ 25c

Fine Towels 25c

50 pairs of fine linen towels in pure and half bleached qualities, fringed and hemmed special for our sale per pair 25c

Fine Table Linen 25c

65 yards half bleached table linen, special imported quality, 54 in. wide, new lily design, excellent value at our sale........ 25c

Pearl Buttons 3 Cards for 25c

An assorted lot of fine pearl buttons, ranging from the large coat size to the small trimming button, from 3 to 16 on a card, regular price 15c card, sale price .... 3 cards for 25c

Ladies' and Children's Underwear 25c

One table containing odd lines of ladies' and children's summer underwear include some from the best makers, prices range from 35c to $1, price per garment, if your size is here........ 25c

Tape Girdles 25c

Crompton's tape girdle summer corsets, all sizes, regularly sold at 35c, special for our sale 25c

Whitewear 25c

Odd lines of corset covers, drawers, etc., trimmed with lace and insertion, regular price up to 75c, to clear up our stock of all odds and ends at per garment........ .25

Lawn Blouses 25c

An assorted lot of ladies' white and colored blouses in muslin, lawns, etc., prices range from 50c to $1.00, sale price........ 25c

Handkerchiefs 3 for 25c

10 dozen Ladies' Handkerchiefs, fancy assorted designs, regular 15c and 20c qualities, sale price........ 3 for 25c

Taffeta Ribbons 25c

Heavy quality taffeta silk ribbon in all the newest shades, including black and white 4 1-4 in. wide, coming direct from the largest ribbon house in the world to our counters, the best value procurable at our sale price 25c

Boys' Caps 25c

Boys' Caps in English Tweeds and Worsteds, a special cash purchase enables us to offer this exceptional value regular price 50c, on sale 25c

Silk Ribbons 10 yds. 25c

An assorted lot of silk ribbons, different widths, all colors, the regular price of these ribbons 5c to 10c, to clear at our sale 10 yds., 25c

Men's Suspenders 25c

50 pairs odd lines suspenders, good elastic webbing, to clear at our sale, regular price 35c, 40c, 50c, for...... 25c

Men's Cashmere Hose 2 pr. for 25c

Men's fine imported cashmere hose, we bought large variety to get a close price, on sale for.... 2 pair for 25c

Art Sateen 25c

An assorted lot of fine art sateen, suitable for drapes, coverings, etc., big range of colorings and designs, regular price 30c, 35c and 40c, sale price........ 25c

Art Ticking 25c

One line of art ticking in several designs and harmonious colorings, good materials for covering, etc., reg. price 38c, sale price 25c

Muslin 25c

Fancy stripe muslin, with and without frill, dainty goods for bedroom curtains and small windows in fancy pale blue and pink stripe, 52 in. wide, reg. price 38c for.. 25c

$1.25 Marseilles Quilts For 89c

A mill purchase of 100 fine white Marseilles Quilts, slightly soiled in making, large, 11-4 size, manufactured to sell at $1.25, special purchase price while they last.... *89c*

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

House Furnishing

This Is the Time

When Carpets and Rugs come up for the usual spring cleaning, on looking them over, don't you think some of them a bit too worn to put back again on the same room? Probably you will.

Then is when we want to see you and show you through our new season's Carpets and Rugs and to quote you our close prices for

Axminster, Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets

- - AND - -

Axminster, Velvet and Tapestry Rugs

We carry in stock the *Celebrated Crossley Carpets and Rugs.*

ENGLISH LINOLEUMS and OILCLOTHS

2, 3, 4 yards wide. In a big range of patterns.

JAPANESE MATTINGS

The season's new importations, ranging from *20 to 50c a yd.*

CURTAINS

SWISS, NOTTINGHAM and NET CURTAINS.

BLINDS, POLES.

Fancy and Plain Denims, Silkalines, Madras Muslins.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

He's Awful Hard On His Clothes . . .

So said the mother of a rosy-cheeked, handsome young fellow, as she brought him in for a new suit.

We sold her one of our new *Hewson Tweed Suits*—we know this suit will please her, and we know that to wear it out will

Keep the Boy Busy

Our Boys' Suits are made from strong, yet attractive fabrics—well sewn, with all points where the strain comes made doubly strong.

We know exactly what kind of clothes growing boys need and we see that they get them.

Our Boys' Suits will appeal to the taste, while our prices make a strong appeal to the purse.

COME ON IN.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

FRILLED BOBBINETTE CURTAINS, at per yard —*15c, 20c, 25c, 30c.*

300 Pairs *LACE CURTAINS,* prices per pair, *50c to $6.*

ROLLER BLINDS—25, 35, 50 and 75c.

The best *WHITEWEAR* and best *DRESS SKIRTS* made in Canada are branded with the registered trade mark—

"MINERVA"

We shall make a special feature of these goods this season. They represent more style and better quality than the average, with no more to pay than for inferior goods.

The assortment is now at its best and all we ask is a chance o show you what we call value.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

The Latest Fraud at Ottawa.

After seven years of extremely secluded life, the North Atlantic Trading Company's contract with the Government has perished from too much exposure. For weeks Opposition members in the House and in two committees have resolutely and persistently hunted down this scheme and the schemers behind it, and have brought to light what bears the earmarks of being one of the greatest "grafts" in the history of Canada—or any other country. Little by little the Opposition have dragged certain facts to light in spite of the efforts of ministers and officers of the Government. They have found among other things that the company has received about $300,000 in bonuses on continental immigrants, without evidence that any of these were influenced by the contractors to come to this country They have learned from Lord Strathcona that when the contract for 1904 was made, setting forth in the preamble that the company was incorporated in Amsterdam the company had no corporate existence in Holland or anywhere else.

From the same source it has this week been ascertained that the company since the Opposition criticism began went to the island of Guernsey for a charter and that a group of clerks holding one ten pound share each are the incorporators. It came out also this week that while Mr. Smart was the deputy minister carrying on negotiations with the mysterious beneficiaries of this deal he was in private correspondence with them, with the view of leaving the Government and taking an interest in the contract.

Last year the Government voted down the motion to cancel the contract whose existence had only that year been discovered. This year ministers and deputy ministers defended and protected the scheme so long as they could. By concealment, by contradiction, by obstruction, they stood between the contractors and the independent enquirers.

At the evening sitting on Friday the Opposition moved for the cancellation of the contract as injurious, absurd and improvident. They gave the history of this deal under which an alleged company which had no corporate existence and no place of business, whose members and officers could not be found, was receiving $75,000 to $100,000 a year, and giving no return which could be computed It was showed that three contracts had been made, the second better for contractors than the first, and the third better than the second. All were made without authority of Parliament, and it was believed that the transactions had gone on a long time before they were known to the colleagues of the Minister of the Interior.

The contempt for the authority of Parliament and of the interests of the country; the generosity to the other contracting party, and the secrecy of the whole affair were marks of Siftonian origin. Conservative members spoke of the falsehoods contained in the language of the contracts, declaring plainly that the whole affair was a fraud from beginning to end. It was their hope that after the exposures so far made, the contract would be brought to an end, and that there would be no more bonuses paid to companies or individuals for bringing or professing to bring immigrants to Canada from the Continent of Europe.

Mr. Oliver, Minister of the Interior, replied at much length. His long defence of the General Immigration Policy, of the Laurier Government was not heard with deep interest, as members were waiting for the announcement of the Government's policy It came in at the last five minutes of the speech. Mr. Oliver had been praising the contract, when he suddenly observed, that in view of certain circumstances the Government had concluded that there should be a change. Here the Minister was interrupted by loud and long continued Conservative applause. When he was able to proceed, he said that a message and a letter had been sent to Lord Strathcona announcing that the contract would be closed and bonuses cease in November.

Here are the facts; it is for the people to judge of the honesty, the capability and the cost of the Ottawa Government and whether it deserves their support and esteem.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

HAIR TELLS CHARACTER.

Color of Hair Said to Indicate a Person's Temperament.

Many people believe that blonde, or light hair denotes affection and dark hair constancy. A person without hair is not devoid of character; far from it. The disposition of the average bald-headed man is to show such solicitude for the welfare of others, that he neglects himself. A germ causes baldness. Prof. Sabouraud, of Paris, France, innoculated a rabbit with Dandruff germs, causing it to become totally bald in five weeks' time. To rid the scalp of these dangerous germs it is necessary to apply Newbro's Herpicide.

"Destroy the cause — you remove the effect."

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

TIMELY TOPICS.

Nobody has yet guessed which alderman is going to get the new automobile. It's so easy; anybody auto guess it.

• • •

We suppose it will get so after a while that the Council will have to appropriate a few hundred dollars to build a garage for the aldermen's automobiles.

• • •

That will be easy, though. They'll just double the tax on dogs again.

• • •

Thousands of dollars for an auto and not a cent for a public bath!

• • •

Going to the Horse Show in Toronto? Gee! They say it's a swell affair.

• • •

A Chicago newspaper man has sailed for the north pole. When he finds it we hope he will shift the wind and make it blow from some other direction.

• • •

During a pie-eating contest at Dunkirk, N. Y., one of the heroes nearly choked to death on a crust. Some deaths are well worth dying.

• • •

An automobile enthusiast ran his machine from London to Monte Carlo in 37 1-2 hours. Then he lost all his ready money at Monte Carlo in 37 1-2 minutes.

• • •

A Philadelphia preacher says that the marriage laws are far too lax. That may be, but after marriage one may find one's self subject to laws which are not lax in the least.

• • •

Doctors in a Paris hospital have sewed a woman's heart and the patient has left the institution apparently well as ever. A Frenchwoman wouldn't let anybody know she was not heartwhole, anyway.

• • •

The returns of the British income tax show that out of the 41,000,000 people in the United Kingdom there are only 451,323 whose incomes are over $800 a year. It would appear that, in England, as in this county, the wealth is in the hands of the few.

• • •

A thirteen-year-old boy near Butler, Pa., made a steam engine of a tin can and it was such a success that it exploded, just as a real engine might, and the lad was seriously injured. Where he made his mistake was in not hiring someone else to run it for him.

• • •

Absolutely no truth in the rumor that a statue in honor of "Mr. Knocks" is being erected on the Corby Park.

• • •

Yes! The Parks' Committee will continue to meet in the City Hall Chambers as no building has as yet been erected suitable for that august body.

• • •

A witty gentleman truly says: "The maritime disaster which has reached the North Atlantic Trading Company, by way of the Dominion Parliament, may render it the North Atlantic WRECKING Company for the Laurier Government."

• • •

A scientist believes that life's span should be extended to 140 years. He would probably think a three-minute earthquakes existed that long, if he had to go through the ordeal.

• • •

The fat stock show building has collapsed in Ottawa for the third time. If there ever was a hoodoo structure the fat stock edifice evidently belongs to that class. And there are no earthquakes at the Capital either. It is time Ottawa gave the fat stock exhibition the shake.

• • •

In 1904 United States insurance companies carried California's risks to the amount of $475,627,198, and foreign companies' risks totalled $365,703,175. It is estimated that the total insurance risks to become claims because of the San Francisco fire will not exceed $150,000,000, and may be less than $100,000,000.

• • •

Vancouver is going in for compensation. It has been selling, for $250, hotel licenses that the lucky ones have been bartering for very large sums. It proposes, says the Hamilton Times, to compensate the people who grant the privilege, so it has increased the fee to $600. Saloons must pay $1,000.

• • •

HERE'S SOUND SENSE.

(Toronto Saturday Night.)

So the rumor goes that Mr. Joseph Phillips of the York Loan, if he will give up everything of value that he controls and will induce his friends to do the same, will have the law's kindest face turned towards him. It is rumored that there has been bargaining and that Phillips will shell out and be let go—let go to pursue his remarkable career. It is difficult to understand the ways of justice, sometimes. But if Phillips owns anything that is his own, this property should not be scared out of him by shaking him over the mouth of the pit, while if his practices have been such as would have earned imprisonment for him, he should not be able to purchase release by handing over his property. Surely that is a fair statement of the vital principles of justice. Why settle anything in this ferocious business? Give Joseph Phillips a square deal—take from him what is not his, leave with him what is his, and, if he deserve a testimonial, have it engrossed for him, while if the evidence shows that he is entitled to punishment let him have it good and plenty.

• • •

The city of Vancouver, B. C., last week celebrated its 20th birthday. At a big banquet held, much praise was given Mr. B. F. Dickens, formerly of this city, for organizing the Hundred Thousand Club, a flourishing organization, the object of which is to increase Vancouver's population to the number named.

• • •

Schoolboys in San Francisco are shedding salt tears these days. Most of the school buildings were destroyed by the earthquake or fire.

• • •

The Laurier Government will try to run Canada on a measly 89 millions this year. Not bad for people who "viewed with alarm" a Conservative Government which spent 38 millions in a year. It is wonderful what a difference just a few years makes.

• • •

There have been 17 different and distinct earthquake shocks in San Francisco since the big one on the 18th inst. With all due deference to the enterprising people who are going to rebuild that once beautiful city, it strikes us that the city of the Golden Gate is a pretty good place to stay away from.

FRESH

Sweet Pea Seed, 5c an oz.; Nasturtium, Tall, 10c an oz.; Nasturtium, Dwarf, 10c an oz.

LAWN GRASS SEED

the best lawn grass mixture you can use. Will produce a vigorous, permanent sod. 25c a lb.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

A Comparison of Mechanics' Methods

The Toronto Telegram publishes the following letter:

Sir,—I arrived in Montreal about twelve months ago. Previous to landing I was told by the engineer aboard that if I wanted to get on in Canada I was to say that I could do anything. Now, I am an electrician by trade, but seeing a painter glazier wanted I changed my arm at it, although not having done much at it before. I lasted till the third week in July. In starting a glazing job down the canal side in Montreal, I started to bed my glass in the frames, which I have seen done in England, when the foreman told me not to be particular but to get a hustle on. The little time that I have been in this country has taught me that the British mechanic is far superior to the Canadian. Now, I am not a home-born Britisher myself, having seen the light in Wellington, New Zealand, in 1879. Longing to see the home of my parents, I journeyed to Bognor, Sussex, where I was taught my trade and taught it thoroughly, too. If Canuck thinks himself capable, let him journey across to the other side, and obtain a job under the London County Council. That body will give him the greatest test of his life. Remember no hustling. They give time to eat your dinner there. An electrician, in order to hold his casting to the wall will have to drive 4 in. pitch pine plugs in, and cemented, too. He will then be visited by the consulting engineer, who will take hold of his switches with both hands and throw his whole weight from the wall. They may be slow there, but they do things right.

NEW ZEALANDER.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

That BOY in GEORGIA

WILLIAM MALLORY is eight years old and lives in a Georgia town, of less than 15,000 people. Within eight months this eight year old boy made enough money IN SELLING

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

to buy himself a house and lot which bring him in nearly $100.00 a year rent.

Think about this you boys of 12 and 15 who complain that you don't have enough spending money! You boys who can "do things," who want to make money, who want to learn how to do business!

We Want You We will pay you handsomely and at the same time help you to become good salesmen—good business men. Some of our boys make $15.00 a week. Think of what you could do with $15.00 a week! It wouldn't take you long to get that camera, or bicycle, or horse, or even a house and lot.

We give the first supply of POSTS free—so that it costs you nothing to start. ¶ There are many prizes besides the regular commissions—camping parties, tours, college courses—and cash prizes. If you are one of the boys who mean to succeed in life we want you to write us.

The Curtis Publishing Company, 1728 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Fresh Supplies Arriving Daily.

Guava Jelly,
Saratoga Chips,
Macedoines,
Cherries in Maraschino,
Puffed Rice,
Huyler's Chocolates.
Macaroni. Vermicelli, Spaghetti,
Soup Pastes, etc.

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

Wallbridge & Clarke's Fine Indo-Ceylon Teas — Special Blend, 40, 50 and 60c lb.

Wallbridge & Clarke's Special Blend Indo-Ceylon Black Tea, or Japan Green Tea

IN SEALED PACKETS
30c LB.
4 LBS. FOR $1.

☞ These teas are extra value and are better than some teas sold at higher prices. ☜

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

ESTABLISHED 1870.

SAFETY.

Never in all the history of transportation has travel been safer than it is to-day. Seated in perfect comfort in any of the mile-a-minute trains of the Lake Shore Railway you are in less danger by far than was your grandfather in the lumbering six-mile-an-hour stage of a half or three-quarters of a century ago. Trains over this line are protected and guarded in a way that is but little short of marvellous. Every device that skill or money can provide is used without regard to the expense and in spite of the high speed—the fastest in the world—you are as safe here as in your own home. Combined with safety and high speed are luxurious comfort and punctuality, all combined to make a service unequaled the world over. See that your ticket reads "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway," and write for full information to J. W. Daly, Chief Ass't G. P. A., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. J. Smith, G. P. A., Cleveland, Ohio, or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

Even though a man may fling away ambition, his wife usually hunts around in the bushes until she finds it and then brings it back to him.

Man is such a natural born egotist that he thinks his wife takes his good resolutions seriously.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate winds, fine, except few local showers in southwestern Ontario. Friday, easterly winds and fair.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

Dog Collars!

DAME FASHION has decreed that collarless gowns shall be worn this year, with the consequence that Dog-Collars will be more in evidence than ever before. And really the manufacturers have "spread themselves," for many of the designs are exquisite. The tints most approved at present are; Amethyst, Topaz, Ruby, Sapphire and Garnet. The stones representing these colors are—to be fashionable—mostly imitation jewels. The imitations, however, are of the finest and the stones all cut by expert diamond cutters.

We show some of these in our window and shall be pleased to have you call and examine them, even if you don't purchase.

PRICES—$3 to $10.

Angus McFee

There are men who spend more energy financiering to make $10 than it would take to earn a hundred

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

. . AND THE . .

BOSTON FAVORITE

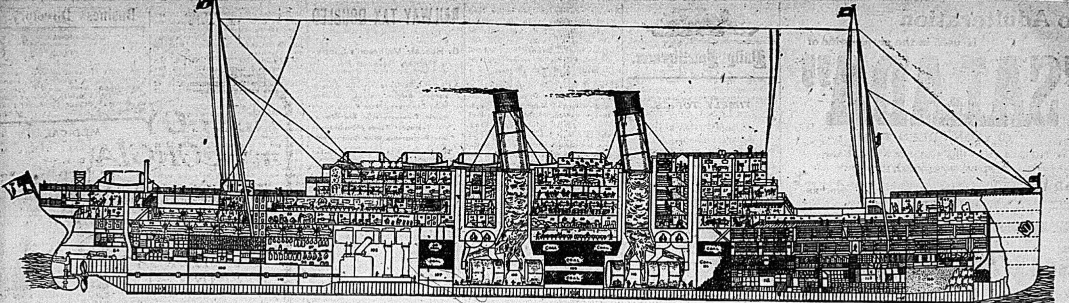
—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.......................... $3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.......................... $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON



Canadian Pacific Railway Co's Twin-Screw Steamers "EMPRESS OF BRITAIN," and "EMPRESS OF IRELAND." Length 550 ft., Breadth 65 ft., Gross Tonnage 14,500.

1	Captain and Officers' Quarters
2	Chart Room
3	Wheel House
4	Steering Screen
5	Special Cabins
6	do. W.C.
7	do. Bath Room
8	do. do.
9	do. Entrance
10	Linen Room
11	1st Class Music Room
12	do. Entrance
13	do. W.C.
14	do. Bath Room
15	do. W.C.
16	do. Bath Room
17	Wireless Telegraphy
18	1st Class Smoking Room
19	do Bath Room
20	do. do.
21	do. do.
22	do. Passage
23	Drying Room
24	1st Class Cafe
25	do. Entrance
26	do. Bathroom
27	do. W.C.
28	do. Stateroom
29	do. Library
30	Hospital
31	2nd Class Smoking Room
32	2nd Class Entrance
33	2nd Class Social Hall
34	do. Entrance
35	do. Dining Saloon
36	do. Pantry
37	2nd Class Galley
38	1st Class Galley
39	do. Dining Saloon
40	do. Entrance
41	do W C
42	do. Bath Room
43	do. do.
44	Children's Saloon
45	3rd Class Entrance
46	Crew's Quarters
47	Crew's Galley
48	do. Quarters
49	Crew's Wash Place
50	2nd Class State Room
51	do. Children's Nursery
52	do. Entrance
53	do. Baggage
54	Dynamo Room
55	Engineers' Bath Room and W.C.
56	2nd Class Bath Room
57	do. Lavatory
58	do. Bath Room
59	Mail and Specie Rooms
60	1st Class Baggage
61	Store Room
62	Dispensary
63	Purser's Office
64	3rd Class Smoking Room
65	3rd Class Ladies' Room
66	do. Promenade Deck
67	do. Bath Room
68	do. do.
69	do. do.
70	do. do.
71	2nd Class Lavatories
72	Stewardesses Rooms
73	2nd Class State Room
74	do. do.
75	do. do.
76	do. do.
77	do. do.
78	3rd Class Dining Saloon
79	do. State Room
80	do. do.
81	3rd Class W.C.
82	do. State Room
83	3rd Class
84	Steering Gear
85	Cargo
86	do.
87	Cold Chamber
88	Coal
89	do.
90	do.
91	3rd Class State Room
92	do. do.
93	do. do.
94	3rd Class
95	do.
96	Cargo
97	Cargo
98	Cold Chamber
99	Coal
100	do.
101	Cargo
102	do.
103	do.
104	Chain Locker
105	Tunnel
106	Engine Room
107	Passage
108	Boiler Room
109	Tunnel
110	Boiler Room
111	Coal
112	Cargo
113	Cargo
114	do.
115	Double Bottom
116	Fresh Water

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 6c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.60 a year; Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 39 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER
WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Tea Canvassers Wanted. It will pay you to investigate my goods, prices, and complete outfit of samples and instructions. A trial order solicited. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Tea Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario

Ontario Liquor License ACT.

LICENSE DISTRICT OF WEST HASTINGS.

Notice is hereby given that J. B. Eagle & Son, of the City of Belleville, have made application for permission to transfer their tavern license for the premises known as the Anglo-American Hotel, Belleville, to William Moffatt, of Picton, and Irwin A. Jenkins, of Brockville, and that the said application will be considered at a meeting of the Board of License Commissioners to be held at the Inspector's office in the City of Belleville, on the 11th day of May, 1906, at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m. All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

HUGH WALKER,
License Inspector.

Belleville, 26th April, 1906. 26-tf

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a resolution of the City Council, I hereby call a meeting of the citizens to discuss the matter of the Rolling Mills proposed settlement Friday evening, April 27th, 1906, at 8 o'clock p.m., at the Council Chamber.

C. N. SULMAN,
Mayor.

Dated April 24th, 1906. 24-26

AN EARTHQUAKE MARK TWAIN SAW.

SAN FRANCISCO'S WARNING OVER FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Mark Twain was a reporter on a San Francisco paper once. He tells of an earthquake he witnessed in San Francisco. He describes the affair in "Roughing It":

"It was just after noon on a bright October day. I was coming down 3rd street. The only objects in motion anywhere in sight in that thickly built and populous quarter were a man in a buggy behind me and a street car wending slowly up a cross street. Otherwise all was solitude and a Sabbath stillness. As I turned a corner around a frame house there was a rattle and jar, and it occurred to me that here was an 'item'—no doubt a fight in that house. Before I could turn and seek the door there came a really terrible shock; the ground seemed to roll under me in waves, interrupted by a violent joggling up and down, and there was a heavy grinding noise, as of brick houses rubbing together. I fell up against the frame house and hurt my elbow. I knew what it was now and, from mere reportorial instinct, nothing else, took out my watch and noted the time of day; at that moment a third and still severer shock came, and as I reeled about on the pavement trying to keep my footing I saw a sight.

"The entire front of a tall, four-story brick building in 3rd street sprung outward like a door and fell sprawling across the street, raising a dust like a great volume of smoke. And here came the buggy —Overboard went the man and, in less time than I can tell it, the vehicle was distributed in small fragments along 300 yards of the street. One could have fancied that somebody had fired a charge of chair-rounds and rags down the thoroughfare. The street car had stopped, the horses were rearing and plunging, the passengers were pouring out at both ends and one fat man had crashed half-way through a glass window on one side of the car, got wedged fast and was squirming and screaming like an impaled mad man. Every door of every house as far as the eye could reach was vomiting a stream of human beings, and almost before one could execute a wink and begin another there was a massed multitude of people stretching in endless procession down every street my position commanded. Never was solemn solitude turned into teeming life quicker.

"The curiosities of the earthquake were simply endless. Gentlemen and ladies who were sick, or were taking a siesta, or had dissipated till a late hour and were making up lost sleep, thronged into the streets in all sorts of queer apparel and some without any at all. One woman, who had been washing a naked child, ran down the street holding it by the ankles, as if it had been a dressed turkey. Prominent citizens, who were supposed to keep the Sabbath strictly, rushed out of saloons in their shirt sleeves, with billiard cues in their hands. Dozens of men with necks swathed in napkins rushed from barber shops, lathered to the eyes, or with one cheek clean shaved and the other still bearing a hairy stubble.

"A crack 100 feet long gaped open six inches wide in the middle of one street and then shut together again with such force as to ridge up the meeting earth like a slender grave. A lady sitting in her rocking and quaking parlor saw the wall part at the ceiling, open and shut twice, like a mouth, and then drop the end of a brick on the floor like a tooth. She was a woman easily disgusted with foolishness and she arose and went out of there. Suspended pictures were thrown down, but oftener still they were whirled completely around with their faces to the wall. Thousands of people were made so seasick by the rolling and pitching of floors and streets that they were weak and bed-ridden for hours and some few even for days afterward."

DONT DOSE THE STOMACH.

CURE CATARRH BY BREATHING HYOMEI.

Hyomei is not a cure-all; it is a specific for the cure of catarrhal troubles. Breathed through the neat pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit the aromatic healing of Hyomei penetrates to the most remote parts of the nose, throat, and lungs, healing all inflammation and killing the catarrhal germ wherever present. The complete Hyomei outfit sells for $1, and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the vest-pocket, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei. The inhaler lasts a life-time, and if more Hyomei is needed, extra bottles can be obtained for 50 cents.

It is the most economical of all remedies advertised for the cure of catarrh, and is the only one that treats this disease without stomach dosing, applying the medication and healing where the disease germs are present.

If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write to-day for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomei Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

What May Befall in 1906.

Here are Spangler's prophecies for 1906:—

The dissolution of Russia.

The overthrow of Turkey.

The assassination of the Czar of Russia

The assassination of the Sultan of Turkey.

The prevention of three wars by President Roosevelt.

A protracted race war in the South.

Destructive spring floods in the United States.

A destructive eruption of Mount Vesuvius.

The activity of Mount Pelee and Popocatepetl.

Volcanic eruptions in all parts of the world.

The eruption of many volcanoes now supposed to be extinct.

Great loss of life at sea by storms.

Destruction of two western cities by cyclones.

Earthquakes in all parts of the world.

Destructive earthquakes in California and the Philippines.

Rebellion in Spain.

Great disturbances all over Europe.

Spangler says further, that the summer of 1906 will be hot and sultry throughout the temperate zone, with extensive death rate.

That Christ will make his spirit felt among the people of the United States and England, in which countries there are to be fervent religious and potent political movement which are to overcome in a great degree the present spirit of graft and commercialism.

that Pennsylvania is to have administration of the people and that discoveries of corruption will be discovered which will drive some of the guilty to suicide.

That God will wreak terrible vengeance upon the Russians for the massacre of the Jews.

A ROCK IN THE BALTIC.

A Remarkable Series of Adventures Resulting on a Naval Mistake.

The careless firing of a new piece of ordnance by Lieut. Alan Drummond, of H.M.S. Consternation, while cruising through the Baltic, has led to a series of unaccountable and surprising international complications.

Drummond sighted a new gun on an apparently deserted bit of rock that jutted up out of the sea. To his amazement his cruiser was at once fired on from the rock, and the Russian Government demanded an explanation from Great Britain.

The mystery of the whole affair—the presence of cannon on such a site, the anger of Russia and the importance given to so insignificant a matter—worked on Drummond's imagination, and in a moment of headstrong folly he went to Russia to investigate.

A series of surprising adventures followed, culminating in a scene that defies description.

The whole story is splendidly recounted in Robert Barr's great novel, "A Rock in the Baltic," which has just been purchased by The Mail and Empire, and it is to be the first novel of the much-talked-of "$150,000 series" which this enterprising paper is to issue during the forthcoming twelve months.

The series consists of twelve great novels by the most famous living Anglo-Saxon authors.

The Mail and Empire, with its customary alertness, has secured the sole right in this district to publish these novels in serial form before they appear in book form, which will afford its readers a literary treat never before offered by any newspaper in America.

No other paper in the city or vicinity can publish these great stories. Order in advance to avoid disappointment, as the edition will be exhausted before all are able to buy. Commences on Saturday, May 5th, and each succeeding Saturday. These stories will also be published in The Weekly Mail and Empire, commencing May 10th.

Wales' Largest Family.

A Cardiff workman, employed at the Ely Paper mills, near that city, holds probably the record for the largest living family in Wales, his wife having borne him no fewer than 21 children, nineteen of whom are living. Although the father has only just turned 63 years of age, he has already 169 grandchildren. His family, including himself and his wife, his sons and their wives and children, number 209.

Before the Looking Glass

How much time does a woman spend before the looking-glass? A German estimates that a girl of six to ten years spends an average of seven minutes a day before a mirror; from ten to fifteen, a quarter of an hour is consumed daily, and from fifteen to twenty, twenty-two minutes. A woman of seventy, it is estimated, has spent 5,862 hours before the glass, in other words, eight months, counting day and night.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stopover arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18-Mt

MARK TWAIN TELLS A STORY

HUMORIST AMUSES SPECTATORS AT TOURNAMENT FOR BENEFIT OF SAN FRANCISCO VICTIMS.

New York, April 25.—Mark Twain told the spectators at the billiard tournament last evening, for the benefit of the San Francisco sufferers, what he knew of the game, and kept them laughing while he talked, says the World. He said: "The game of billiards has destroyed my naturally sweet disposition. Once when I was an underpaid reporter in a Virginia city, whenever I wished to play billiards, I went out to look for easy marks. One day a stranger came to town and opened a billiard parlor. I looked him over casually. When he proposed a game I answered: "All right."

"Just knock the balls around a little so I can get your gait," he said, and when I had done so, he remarked: "I will be perfectly fair with you. I'll play you left handed."

I felt hurt, for he was cross-eyed, freckled and had red hair, and I determined to teach him a lesson. He won first shot, ran out, took my half dollar and all I got was the opportunity to chalk my cue.

"If you can play like that with your left hand," I said, "I'd like to see you play with your right."

"I can't," he said, "I'm left-handed."

Philosophy of a Dyspeptic.

A dyspeptic is a man whose meals don't fit him.

The average man is stronger in adversity than in prosperity.

A man makes allowances for his faults, even though his wife may be one of them.

The fellow who gets it in the neck ought to be glad he isn't a giraffe.

It may be possible to love two women at the same time, but not if they know it.

The doctrine of the survival of the fittest doesn't appeal to those who get left.

Even the milk of human kindness may contain a few germs.

Some people regard a collection plate as a slot machine in which they drop a dime in the hope of getting a dollar's worth of religion.

The more children a woman has the fewer theories she has concerning them

There is no anguish quite so keen as that felt by a woman who gets a new dress to wear to a party, and then isn't invited.

Some people are merely the table decorations at the fast of reason.

In this age of commercialism even the poet is generally sure of his breakfast.

Bad men are apt to make themselves scarce. Good men are already scarce.

Put up a good front and you won't be talked about behind your back.

The open door offers no inducements to the knocker.

Good advice is the kind that is never given until it is asked for.

Charity begins at home, but it is apt to be out when anybody calls.

We are all apt to strain at a gnat and swallow a camel, but it is always the other fellow's gnat and our camel.

A quick lunch maketh a slow liver.

A new leaf is really the same old one with another turn.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets —D. M. Waters.

Ingrain
Wall Paper
Bargains

For the balance of this month we will offer our entire stock of Ingrain Papers, red excepted, at *10c per roll* when buying in combination.

We have a stock of 3000 rolls of new Ingrains, and if any person tells you Ingrain Papers are old fashioned, you can put such parties down as such.

Ingrain papers are used today as liberally as they ever have been, although not the same novelty as they were when first coming on the market.

We have on sale this week also 4500 rolls of new papers at especial prices.

350 Rolls of 50c Papers for	35c
500 Rolls of 35c Paper for	25c
650 Rolls of 25c Paper for	15c
1000 Rolls of 15c Paper for	10c
1000 Rolls 10c Paper for	5c
1000 Rolls 5c Paper for	3c

—Total 4,500 Rolls.

AT SCANTLEBURY'S.

Where you always get the best at the closest prices and a guaranteed stock of 100,000 rolls to select from

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.

A competant staff of skilled artizans at our command.

ROYAL EPICURES.

Monarchs Who Were Famous For Their Culinary Learning.

Royalty in times past has had many an accomplished epicure as learned in culinary lore as in the practice of the cuisine. It was Henry de Valos who brought into fashion aromatic sauces and various spice dainties, inheriting his taste for cooking from Catherine de' Medici, who introduced into France not only ices, but much of the culinary art from Italy.

Louis XIV. was devoted to gastronomy, and for his use liquors were invented in his old age, when, it is said, he could scarcely endure existence without a succession of artificial stimulants. But the pertinacity with which Charles V. of Spain gratified his appetite under all circumstances rivaled even that of Frederick the Great. Before rising in the morning potted capons were usually served to him, prepared with sugar, milk and spices, iced beer being one of his favorite drinks. Fish, too, of every kind was to his taste, eels, frogs and oysters occupying a prominent place in the royal bill of fare. Frederick the Great was fond of highly seasoned meats and had a strong predilection for Italian or French made dishes. It was his habit during dinner to make pencil marks against the different items of the bill of fare, to which he referred when conversing afterward with the maitre d'hotel.

When the Duc d'Escars and his royal master, Louis XVIII., were closeted together to talk over a dish the ministers were kept waiting in the antechamber, and the next day this notice regularly appeared in the official journals: "M. le Duc d'Escars a travaille dans le cabinet." It may be added that Louis XVIII. had invented the "truffles a la puree d'ortelans," and, reluctant to disclose the secret, he invariably prepared the dish with his own hands, assisted by the duke. Another epicurean of the first order was the Polish King Stanislaus Leszinski, who invented many a new dish and vastly improved the style of cooking, astonishing the Lorrainers, among other things, by having served up at his table dishes of meat with fruits, both of which had been cooked together. Geese which had been plucked when alive, then whipped to death, and marinees were set down in his bill of fare as foreign birds, and after a somewhat similar fashion turkeys were transformed into "coqs de bruyeres" and were served at the table buried under the strong smelling herbs of Lorraine. One year was remarkable for the entire failure of the fruit crop, but Stanislaus would not be deprived of his dessert, for, turning his attention to confectionery, he substituted compositions of sugared vegetables, especially of turnips.—London Standard.

Too Smooth.

The Fiancee—There's just one thing that worries me a little. The Fiance—What is that? The Fiancee—There seems to be no opposition on the part of any of our relatives.

Confession.

Often confession is owning up when you are sure to be caught.—Saturday Evening Post.

No Adulteration
Is used in the preparation of
"SALADA"
CEYLON GREEN TEA.
THE TEA THAT OUT-CLASSES ALL JAPANS
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.
LEAD PACKETS ONLY 25c, 30c 40c, 50c & 60c per lb
AT ALL GROCERS

Boys & Girls

If you Have Them
Let us Shoe Them
WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF
Boys' and Girls
. . Shoes . .
We have them in CORDOVAN Leather, BOX CALF and CROME CALF—These are leathers that will stand the wear and tear.
NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY
The J. J. Haines
SHOE HOUSES - Belleville, Napanee & Trenton.

TRISCUIT
A filamented whole-wheat wafer--tasty, wholesome, body-building, more nourishing than white crackers.
Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book," postpaid.
CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara, Ont.
Toronto Office, 32 Church St.

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HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

Ice Cream.
Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh cream every day
Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stal cream.
Delivered well packed—50 cents per Quart.
Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

FATHER'S LONG SUIT.

(St. Louis Post-Dispatch.)

Everybody winks when father,
Self-sung,
Begins to blow about when he
Was young.

He likes to reminisce way back
And tell us what a crackerjack
He used to be when he played ball,
And how he drove into the tall
Uncut, with his unfailing bat,
Every pitcher; how he spat
Upon his hands, and how he had
A way of driving pitchers' mad;
And how he used to hammer dents
In the old, ball-beaten fence
With anything they used to serve;
And how he used to have a curve
That made the boys so timid that
They trembled when they stood to
bat;
And how he used to shoot them in
Underneath the batter's chin
And make the enemy absurd
And helpless as a dodo bird.
To-day there isn't any man
Can run as fast as father ran,
Nor anyone can steal a base
As father could, nor with the grace
Pick up a hot one off the bat
And fire her in, and all of that
As father did when he was all
The mustard in this game of ball.

Everybody yawns when father
Begins to reminisce
And point the difference between
The olden day and this.

• • •

John Alexander Dowie has another lawsuit. For a quiet Christian gentleman he does have the liveliest time!

• • •

Those scientists who assert that they foresaw the San Francisco disaster and said nothing should be doubly silent now.

• • •

Japan is to open the "door" to Manchuria on May 1, but other powers need not be surprised if they find that Japan is occupying most of the threshold space.

• • •

Possibly the story of a mutiny on board of a Portuguese battleship was started for the purpose of letting the world know that Portugal has a battleship.

• • •

The most recent revelations show how serious is the financial position of Russia. The recent large loan will not make ends meet this year by a hundred million dollars.

• • •

Women must be deteriorating. The mother-in-law joke has passed and the athletic girl is on the wane. Now it is the old man who figures in the searchlight. Everybody works but him, and it was the blow that killed him, etc., etc.

• • •

"Now cometh the mosquito," says the Baltimore Herald. The gentleman who comes into the newspaper office and mysteriously unwraps a package containing the first butterfly has also passed into history of the year.

• • •

California has the highest mountain in the United States, Mt. Whitney, in Inyo County, 15,046 feet in height. It has also ten mountain peaks over 10,000 feet high and some of the finest waterfalls in the world.

• • •

Conspicuous among the heroic deeds which such a situation as the one in San Francisco calls forth stands the tenacity with which the telegraph operators stuck to their posts until compelled by the approach of the dynamite corps to retire.

• • •

Volcanic activity is so often associated with the palms of the tropics that it is somewhat difficult to think of subterranean fires burning fiercely through the hard crust of the cold northland. Yet one of the most extensive volcanic belts of the globe lies on the southern coast of the Alaskan province. This necklace of mammoth peaks comprises fifty-seven active or recently extinct volcanoes, with altitudes ranging from the 14,000 feet of Wrangel, above the head of Cook's Inlet, down to the few hundred feet of the Bogoslofs beyond the western extremity of the Alaskan peninsula. This belt of volcanic activity is 1,600 miles long and not more than forty miles wide. More than twenty-five of the Alaskan peaks are live volcanos to-day, forming a varied and imposing array of cones that rise in many cases from the sea.

FINAL NOTICE.
All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.
The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE D. RITCHIE COMPANY.

• • •

It would seem that it is possible to see across Lake Ontario. The Oswego Times of Monday said: "Yesterday was one of the clearest days on the lake in a long time. From the trestle or lake bank one could see the South shore as far down as Stony Point. Looking across the lake there were several islands in view which the wise ones said were the Ducks, False Ducks, Galloups, Timber Island and Pigeon Island. With the aid of a glass (telescope) the light house on the east end of Pigeon Island was plainly visible. Some who had several glasses in spite of Wesley Hook's visit, said that they could make out the light house keeper lighting his pipe."

• • •

Earthquakes, volcanic eruptions, floods and cyclones are all witnesses to the aptness of a Persian saying, that "Earth is a host that murders his own guests."

• • •

One of the labor party's members of the new British House of Commons lately received from a constituent, who thought he had a grievance to which the government should give attention, a letter of no less than 1,700 closely written pages.

• • •

Winston Churchill, the English convert to Liberalism, is making a reputation for sharp wit. His curt retort to a woman heckler, "Madam, I will not be henpecked," was the best thing of the recent campaign. He is now raising a moustache. A fair lady was being taken in to dinner by the budding politician. "Mr. Churchill," she said, "I like your politics as little as I like your moustache." It should have been a crushing shot, but not so to Churchill. His reply was on the instant: "Madam, you are not likely to come in contact with either."

• • •

Success is now reported for the experiment of changing modern language teachers between England, France and Germany, which has been in progress for about a year. Fifty-eight English teachers, of whom seventeen were women, have been placed in French or German schools, and fourteen French teachers have received appointments in England. The idea originated with the French Minister of Education, who agreed to give board and free tuition at certain schools and colleges in France to teachers from England who would agree to conduct conversation classes in English.

ARNISH ROCK.

A Lighthouse Which is Without a Light of Its Own.

The most extraordinary of all lighthouses is to be found on Arnish rock, Stornoway bay, a rock which is separated from the island of Lewis by a channel over 500 feet wide. It is in the Hebrides, Scotland. On this rock a conical beacon is erected, and on its summit a lantern is fixed, from which, night after night, shines a light which is seen by the fishermen far and wide. Yet there is no burning lamp in the lantern, and no attendant ever goes to it, for the simple reason that there is no lamp to attend to, no wick to train and no oil well to replenish.

The way in which this peculiar lighthouse is illuminated is this: "On the island of Lewis, 500 feet or so away, is a lighthouse, and from a window in the tower a stream of light is projected on a mirror in the lantern on the summit of Arnish rock. These rays are reflected to an arrangement of prisms and by their action are converged to a focus outside the lantern, from which they diverge in the necessary direction."

The consequence is that to all intents and purposes a lighthouse exists which has neither lamp nor lighthouse keeper and yet which gives as serviceable a light, taking into account the requirements of the locality, as if an elaborate and costly lighthouse, with lamps, service room, bedroom, living room, store room, oil room, water tanks and all other accessories, were erected on the summit of the rock.

The Other Way.

"Aren't you afraid that horse will run away with somebody?"

"Friend," said Broncho Bob, "it ain't nothin' in Crimson gulch for a hoss to run away with a man. It's when a man tries to run away with a hoss that there's danger."

Work and Play.

She who works, then stops to play,
Will live to work full many a day.
But she who never plays at all
Her days for work will prove but small.

A man's deportment is a mirror in which each one displays his image.—Goethe.

One may dominate moral sufferings only by labor. Study saves from discouragement.—Abrantes.

RAILWAY TAX DOUBLED

By Hon. Mr. Matheson's Supplementary Revenue Bill.

All Ontario Railways Over 150 Miles in Length, Electric Lines Included, Must Contribute More Funds to the Public Treasury—How the Provincial Treasurer Takes Municipalities Into Partnership With Government.

Toronto, April 26.—Hon. Mr. Matheson brought down his supplementary revenue bill in the Legislature yesterday. He explained that it provided for a slight addition to the revenue from banks, each branch being required to pay a tax of $25. The main feature was an increase in the taxes of the railways. He referred to the appointment of the Railway Taxation Commission a couple of years ago. Its report was valuable, but he was afraid that some of its conclusions were not borne out by facts. The commission went on the supposition that the provinces had the same powers in regard to taxation as some of the States of the Union. This Mr. Matheson controverted. In the United States the Federal Government's powers were defined, and all the remaining powers were left to the States, while under the B. N. A. Act the powers of the provinces were defined, and everything else went to the Dominion. The provinces had power to impose direct taxation within the province. The Pettypiece commission recommended a percentage tax on the gross earnings of the railways and stated that the province had the power.

Direct and Indirect Taxation.

When the late Mr. Hardy brought in the supplementary revenue bill of 1899 he defined the difference between direct and indirect taxation. If the province acted on the recommendation of the Pettypiece commission and levied a tax of three per cent. on the gross earnings, all the railways would have to increase their charges and thus take the money out of the people. They could contest the law by showing this to be an indirect tax on the people. The Treasurer proposed to increase the tax on the railways on the basis of mileage. If the province went beyond that the result would be either to take the additional revenue at the expense of the people or impair the service of the railways. He thought the railways would submit to a fair increase.

Tax Will Be Doubled.

Under the old act railways under 150 miles in length escaped taxation and it was proposed to leave the law as it stands. For railways over 150 miles the tax will be doubled. That is, instead of $30 a mile for each additional track, the tax will be $60 a mile for a single track and $20 a mile for each additional track. This will apply to organized districts. In unorganized districts the tax is now $20 and $5 and it will be increased to $40 and $10.

These figures will apply to electric railways of over 150 miles in length running on their own right of way. Under the old act there was a tax of $10 a mile on rural railways running on the highway, but it was not collected. The Government propose to impose a tax of $10 a mile for each track. There will be no addition to the tax on railways in cities.

The increase, the Treasurer said, would amount to between $180,000 and $190,000 a year.

Disposition of Tax.

Then, as to the disposition of the receipts. It was proposed to make the municipalities partners with the province in supplying the unfortunate in the asylums.

Out of the whole tax $30,000 would be taken to pay off cost of collection and distribution and to meet the expenses of the Railway Commission to be appointed.

One half of the balance of the receipts would go to the cities, towns and villages and townships of the province in proportion to population. That would, on the present census give each municipality 8 cents a head of its population. That would mean that a town having a population of 5,000 would receive $400.

Pay For Unfortunates.

The municipalities would be asked to contribute out of the funds 10 cents a day for the support of their patients in the asylums. The expense to the province was about $150 and the municipalities would pay less than one half.

The Dominion census would be adopted as there might be an inducement to the municipal assessor to pad the list. Where there were additions to the territory the Government would have the power to say what the population was, taking the Dominion census for it.

Graham Delighted.

Mr. Graham was delighted that the Government had come to his way of thinking. The old Government had decided that the only fair way of taxing railways was by the mile and the Treasurer's conversion seemed to be complete. He recalled that Col. Matheson had voted for the "whole Pettypiece bill."

The Premier promptly declared that the Pettypiece bill had never been voted on in its entirety.

Hon. Mr. Hanna said that for whatever would go to the municipalities they would have the Government side of the House to thank for it. The proposal would establish a partnership between the Government and the municipalities which would work out very satisfactorily.

Ross' Idea of It.

Mr. Ross said he did not think we had arrived at the point where it would be desirable to transfer the burden of maintaining the asylums to the municipalities. If that was to be done let it be done directly, not by the circuitous way proposed by the Government. The motive of the bill apparently was that the Government might square itself with the municipalities. The Government, he declared, was putting itself into an absurd position, since the Conservatives when in Opposition had voted for the whole Pettypiece bill.

Squaring With the People.

The Premier declared that it must be a remarkably good bill as not a word had been said against the proposal to take more money from the railways. It had been said that the Government was trying to square itself with the people. This was true and it was with satisfaction that he was able to say that the Government was succeeding. The Government would continue to square itself with the people by squaring its actions in accordance with its past promises.

Regarding the Pettypiece bill, Mr. Whitney said when the bill was before the House communications were dispatched to the Opposition side of the House asking assistance to defeat the Pettypiece bill. It was never hinted that the Opposition approved of the Pettypiece bill. They were prepared to vote for the second reading because there was enough that was good in it to warrant the endorsation of the principle of the bill, this being that there should be an increase in the tax on railways, a portion of which should go to the municipalities. Mr. Pettypiece was told that if he could summon courage enough to move the second reading of the bill the Opposition would vote for it.

Harcourt Notes Record.

Mr. Harcourt said there was a record that Mr. Whitney voted for a resolution to refer the Pettypiece bill back to the committee of the whole with instructions to report the whole bill.

"Will the hon. gentleman say that I made that statement," asked the Premier.

Mr. Harcourt would not, but held to the record.

Mr. Preston of Brant gave the House the benefit of his recollection of the affair and then Col. Clark of Centre Bruce admitted that he was just as anxious to have Mr. Pettypiece vote for his own bill as Mr. Preston was to have Mr. Pettypiece vote against it. He thought on that occasion Mr. Preston felt somewhat aggrieved when his leader was handing out portfolios "that had the germs of galloping consumption."

May Lease Spur Lines.

Hon. Dr. Reaume brought down a bill to amend the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway Act. It empowers the commission to lease branch or spur lines not exceeding ten miles long and to sell, lease or otherwise deal with mining rights along the right of way and on town sites.

The following bills were passed: Respecting prospectuses issued by companies (Hoyle). This was amended, to meet the objection of A. G. Mackay, by providing that no subscription for stock shall be binding on the subscriber unless he shall have received a copy of the prospectus respecting it.

After some discussion Mr. Carscallen (Hamilton) withdrew his bill to prohibit unlicensed conveyances from practicing for hire. Mr. Lucas' Devolution of Estates Act amendment was also withdrawn after discussion.

PURSUIT OF ZULU CHIEF.

British Detachment Poorly Equipped and Grave Situation Feared.

Pietermaritzburg, South Africa, April 26.—The rebellious Zulu chieftain, Bambaata, with about two thousand of his followers, is in full retreat toward the fastness of Zululand, closely pursued by the detachment of South African police and a battalion of infantry that was sent out to capture or kill the rebels.

Grave apprehension exists over the fact that the pursuing force is short of rations and ammunition. The rebels have plenty of both, and are ready to fight desperately if cornered.

It is admitted that should Bambaata gain the slightest advantage over his pursuers he will receive strong reinforcements at once, as many of the tribesmen are dissatisfied and would rise against the Government at once were they assured that they had any chance of success. Orders have been sent to the several garrisons to send such reinforcements to the punitive expedition at once as can be spared.

The white settlers of Zululand are leaving their homes and crowding into the larger towns for protection.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, April 26.—In answer to a question by W. F. Maclean (South York) the Minister of Finance in the House yesterday stated the beneficiaries of the annuities under indemnity act of last year and the amounts to each to be as follows:

Sir H. Langevin, $2,446.18; Sir Charles Tupper, $2,795.91; Sir C. H. Tupper, $2,154.52; Sir Mackenzie Bowell, $2,795.67; Sir Adolph P. Caron, $2,446.18; Sir John Carling, $2,446.18; Hon. George E. Foster, $2,446.18; Hon. Clifford Sifton, $2,446.18; Hon. J. I. Tarte, $2,154.52; Hon. John Costigan, $2,446.18; Hon. John Haggart, $2,446.18; Hon. A. G. Blair, $2,446.18.

In further answer to the member for South York, Sir Wilfrid Laurier fixed next Wednesday evening for the discussion of Mr. Maclean's bill to abolish these pensions and the increased indemnities of members.

Mr. Bennett (East Simcoe) urged that the report of the transportation commission be dealt with by the House.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the Government was not yet ready to announce its position as to the proposition to place express company tolls under the jurisdiction of the railway commission.

AS HE'D SHOOT A SQUIRREL.

Would Gow Shoot a Hill, One Witness Says At Trial.

Peterboro, April 26.—In the suit for $1,000 damages brought by Robert Hill against Charles Gow, the jury last night handed in a sealed verdict to the sheriff.

Gow gave practically the same evidence as at the trial, when he was convicted of manslaughter.

John Newham swore that, while driving sheep with Gow in May last, Gow said: "I would not think much more of shooting one of the Hills than I would of shooting a squirrel."

The Horse Show.

Toronto, April 26.—Yesterday H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught declared the horse show here formally opened. The scene was a brilliant society one. The standard of the horses shown was above the average, and the entries were well filled.

Sorrow of It.

Husband (during the spat)—Anyway, I'm not afraid to say what I think.

Wife—No, I suppose not, but you ought to be ashamed to.

Business Directory.

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W. H. SPOONER,
Associate of Trinity College, London, Eng. Organist of St. Thomas' Church, receives pupils for Pianoforte, Organ, Vocal and all branches of Theoretical Music. Apply at studio, Coleman St., or by letter, P. O. 882.
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jy13-d&w1y

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WILLIAM N. PONTON,
Barrister-at-law, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office Bridge St., Belleville.
Money to Loan.—Private Funds at lowest rates. Solicitor Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario, and for the Merchants Bank of Canada.

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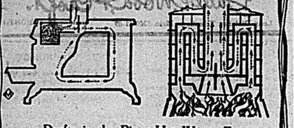

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TELESCOPES.

The Difference Between Reflecting and Refracting Kinds.

A very pretty little experiment which illustrates the two methods of forming an optical image and by way of corollary illustrates the essential difference between refracting and reflecting telescopes may be performed by any one who possesses a reading glass and a magnifying hand mirror. In a room that is not too brightly illuminated pin a sheet of white paper on the wall opposite to a window that by preference should face the north or away from the position of the sun. Taking first the reading glass, hold it between the window and the wall parallel to the sheet of paper and a foot or more distant from the latter. By moving it to and fro a little you will be able to find a distance corresponding to the focal length of the lens, at which a picture of the window is formed on the paper. This picture, or image, will be upside down because the rays of light cross at the focus. By moving the glass a little closer to the wall you will cause the picture of the window to become indistinct, while a beautiful image of the houses, trees or other objects of the outdoor world beyond will be formed upon the paper. We thus learn that the distance of the image from the lens varies with the distance of the object whose image is formed. In precisely a similar manner an image is formed at the focus of the object glass of a refracting telescope.

Take next your magnifying or concave mirror, and, detaching the sheet of paper from the wall, hold it nearly in front of the mirror between the latter and the window. When you have adjusted the distance to the focal length of the mirror, you will see an image of the window projected on the paper. By varying the distance as before you will be able to produce at will pictures of nearer or more remote objects. It is in this way that images are formed at the focus of the mirror of a reflecting telescope.

Simplicity.

I am convinced, both by faith and experience, that to maintain oneself on this earth is not a hardship, but a pastime, if we will live simply and wisely, as the pursuits of the simpler nations are still the sports of the more artificial.

Seems Reasonable.

"What is the correct garb for a surgeon about to perform an operation?"

"A cutaway, I suppose."

I will not be concerned at men's not knowing me; I will be concerned at my own want of ability.—Confucius.

The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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"Be careful, Ned," said Sheppard. "Better not. Wait till it's light."

Now, I knew very well at the time that he spoke wisely and that I was merely taking a rash hazard for no better purpose than to display to myself my own determination—or obstinacy, if you will. But the feeling was strong upon me, and so, picking my steps down the ladder, I paid him no attention. Presently my foot, descending, shot through empty air, and coincidently with that the iron bar to which I was clinging with my left hand ceased abruptly. For a moment I had a sickly sensation in my stomach, and I went quite cold. But, bracing myself together, I kneeled upon the lowermost step and launched my body into space.

I have no intention, as I say, of defending my foolhardiness, nor do I take any credit for my ultimate escape from what was undoubtedly a deadly peril. My legs kicked aimlessly in the air and found no rest. I tightened my hold upon the iron of the ladder and strove to pull myself up. But my wrists had already weakened in that tedious and unavailing oscillation in space, and, to my horror, I realized that I could not get back.

"Sheppard!" I called faintly.

"Ned! Ned!" came Sheppard's whisper from above, and I was vaguely aware of a tiny spark of light shining as it were in heaven. The glow lit up the remnants of the iron ladder, and below this I could see as I hung the imminent brows of the ruined wall and the gleaming light of water far away. Yet this illumination proved my salvation. The ruins were overrun with masses of Irish ivy, as I have said, and in the course of centuries this strongly growing creeper had clambered over and beyond the proper limits of decay and clothed with great twisted branches the wall of the drum tower at one side of me. Gasping from my exertions, I reached a hand toward these leaves and, catching at a thick stem like a cable, clung to it desperately while dividing my weight between the two supports. My only anxiety was as to whether the ivy would hold. Its attachment to the stones of the wall must be precarious, and yet I had to trust it, and, poising an instant between the two, I dropped slowly upon the creeper. The friendly branches held, and I slipped carefully down until I stood upon the broken stones of the ruined wall. High above I saw Sheppard light another match and heard his voice calling to me, but I had no strength to reply. He flung the light from him, and, descending in an arc, it passed before my eyes and went out with a fizzle below. I leaned over, and the grayness of the coming dawn lay in the water thirty feet beneath me. A fragment of stone, detached by my movement, rumbled over the margin and fell with a great blob into the moat. There were twelve feet of water in the fosse. I shuddered and called back to Sheppard.

"I was afraid something had happened to you," said he. "Are you all right?"

I explained the position. "Wait there, and I'll join you from the other side. You old fool, Ned!"

I accepted the criticism meekly and retained my place upon the ivy covered ruins until I heard the sound of feet upon my right and presently perceived Sheppard crawling over the stones toward me. He sat down near me, panting.

"You can get down from the other side pretty easily," he declared. "It's well to remember that."

"I don't quite see why you have done so," I answered, rather ungratefully. "You would be better asleep."

"Oh, nonsense!" he exclaimed; then, after a pause, "The dawn will be up directly, Ned."

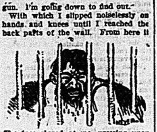
Presently his head nodded upon his shoulder. I let him sleep. He must have been worn with his long vigil and the longer toil. I knew that he would not go to bed and he had better take what rest was possible in this illegitimate way. The stars flared and went out, yet the dawn seemed long in coming. I pulled out my watch and, striking a match, consulted it. It was half past 3. Sheppard's head lurched forward, and his breath grew stertorous. A thin fine line of light cut across the eastern horizon, and then suddenly a stick cracked below me. I started, alert, intent, the drums roaring in my ears. A soft sibilation as of voices exchanged below the breath caught my eager senses. Surely I could discern the noise of footsteps falling quietly upon the grass. I strained my sight to pierce that gray-black cloud of gloom, but there was nothing visible, and, leaning softly forward, I touched Sheppard upon the shoulder. He was awake in an instant and ere I knew it whispering at me under his breath: "What is it? Are they come?"

"Listen!" I murmured. Sheppard turned to me, motioning with his hand. Reaching close, he put his lips to my ears.

"They're down by the moat, exploring," he said—"several, I think. Shall I fire?"

I grasped his hand in return. "No, no," I murmured back. "You stay here and keep quiet with your shotgun. I'm going down to find out."

With which I slipped noiselessly on hands and knees until I reached the back parts of the wall. From here it



The face glared at me, pressing upon the bars.

was a descent of twenty feet or more into the courtyard, but the face of the ruin was irregular, and I found, by groping, projecting stones which offered me a foothold, so that presently I dropped to the flags of the yard without sound and stole into the house. My first duty was to awaken Montgomery and the man Williams. Both of them I dispatched by means of a ladder to join Sheppard on the heights, and, that done, I took a lantern and descended into the corridor of dungeons. My light was but feeble, and my progress was necessarily slow along that path of inky blackness. At each of the turnings I paused and, proceeding to the bottom, peered out through the grating on the waters of the fosse. I had in this manner and exercising this precaution made the circuit of half the castle and was now upon the southern face and, as I concluded, in the proximity of Sheppard and the others. Here it was that I met my first alarm. As I gazed out of the grating on my tour of inspection and was almost now convinced that our fears had been unnecessary and that we had been deceived by the early movements of the dawn, suddenly there grew before my eyes and out of the grayness a vast head, set with horrible rolling eyes and with a profusion of shaggy hair. The apparition loomed before the bars of the window and with a quick movement seemed to push forward as though to enter. Involuntarily I started back into the darkness. The face glared at me, pressing upon the bars, the lip twisted over the red gums and yellow fangs, and the water dripping from its black hair. Its eyes measured me with a glance, and for half a minute of time we stood confronting each other, my tiny thread of light streaking the ghastly apparition with yellow. The next moment it had vanished, and, my wits returning in a tide, I flung myself forward to the grating and looked out. The lantern shone upon the dark waters, and that was all. But this was more than enough for me, and I was aware that it was likely to be quite enough for our assailants.

Hurriedly I quitted the corridor and regained the upper air. By means of the ladder I reached the rest of the party and at once communicated my information.

CHAPTER XI.

THE dawn was now abreast of the hilltops, and the trees of the park stood out like shadows in a great mist.

"They will begin here," observed Sheppard, "when they find there is no entrance below."

"I don't envy them the twelve feet of water to start with," said I.

"I don't envy them if they get here," remarked Montgomery quietly.

Williams said nothing. He looked from one to another curiously and then craned his neck over the castle wall and scrutinized the foreground. Now and then he grasped his shotgun almost mechanically, as if to feel certain that it was there. I agreed with Sheppard that if any attack was to be delivered it would be upon the breach made by time in the defenses. There was no way into the castle by the gratings above the moat, and it would take artillery at least to shake the huge portcullis. Yet it seemed incredible that any sane man should attempt to swim the fosse and scale the battlements. If I had been seen by that appalling face, as I conceived, the enemy would be aware that we were on the watch and ready for them. If so, I considered it more than likely that they would retire and make the best of the reconnoissance they had achieved.

"I don't like this," Sheppard said. "What the mischief are they up to? Let me go and see."

I considered. To say the truth, I did not like it myself, but would it be wise to divide our forces?

After a momentary reflection I decided to do so, and, enjoining upon Montgomery a strict vigilance, I crawled after Sheppard toward the upper battlements.

Once we had reached the ramparts we proceeded more quickly, but still with great caution, stopping at intervals to reconnoiter the ground below. But there was nothing to be seen or heard, and until we had passed the keep and had got upon the western wall we encountered no sign of the enemy. Here, however, Sheppard stopped short and pressed his hand on my shoulder.

"Down!" he said.

Simultaneously with his words a whiz of cold air passed my nose, and a small crack of some firearm ensued upon it.

"That's by way of introduction," said Sheppard, "and now the fight begins."

Keeping our heads below the parapet, we stumbled as fast as possible along the roof, and presently after rounded the corner to the northern wall. Here a sight met our eyes, even in that obscurity, which struck amazement and even terror to my heart. I have already spoken of the sycamore which stood outside my bedroom window and beyond the moat. It was a lofty tree, spreading very amply, and mounted to within a dozen feet of the parapet. This the ingenious wits of some one—and I had no hesitation in naming the author of the plan—had utilized to scale the walls. As I found afterward, a tough and serviceable rope had been employed to connect the peaks of the battlement with the tree, and over this, as we came into sight, the black figures of men were scrambling. I had little doubt on thinking over it subsequently that my presence in the basement revealed to the man in the moat had given the signal for the adventure, seeing that I was not likely to be in my chamber and able to detect them ere the enterprise had gone forward sufficiently.

Both of us sprang forward on the instant, but ere we could reach the spot the foremost of the men, landing, stood up and made at us with a cutlass. Taken aback by the shock, Sheppard, who was in front, gave way, and the weapon, swinging heavily, cut the air with a formidable whistle and struck the leads near my foot. I leaped at the fellow's throat, drawing my revolver, and, borne back by the impetus of my charge, he stumbled against the second man. But by this time some half dozen of the storming party had gained the ramparts and without a pause bore down upon us. No shots were fired, and the struggle that ensued was decided in a silence almost complete, save for the noise of our hurrying feet, the sound of blows and the hard breathing of the combatants. I cannot but admit that if the dawn had been a little further advanced and it had been possible to distinguish between the various bodies raging in the medley things would have gone very badly with us. But as it was the darkness fought for us once more, as it had fought the previous evening. I brought the butt of my revolver full upon the head of one man, and he fell like a log. Sheppard's arms were twisted round another, and the two, swaying together, stood out for an instant against the sky and were then snapped up into the confusion of the melee. Blows rained upon us, and the warm gush of blood started from my arm. With a rush we were carried backward, and the struggle seemed all over. At that instant I bethought me of Montgomery and Williams, and, getting my finger on the trigger of my weapon, I fired. The shot flew aimlessly, but the noise rang loud upon the heights and passed from the courtyard in dwindling echoes. Then, throwing off the man who was struggling with me, I seized Sheppard's arm, and, dragging him from the kneeling posture into which he had been thrust, I ran across the leads toward the round tower of the keep. Sheppard raced with me, panting as he went, and after us pressed a thin stream of black creatures just visible against the heavens. Scrambling up the stairway, we jammed down the lid which gave access to the top of the tower and, turning, looked down upon the nether battlements.

After an ineffectual rally upon the stairs the assailants drew off and, huddling in a group some twenty paces away, whispered together. I heard the sounds of their voices stirring in argument, and now and then a syllable came to me, faintly familiar. Where had I heard it? Above the rest and lighted by the kindling sky towered a form which I took to be Sercombe's. For the space of three minutes or more this interval of rest continued, and then a louder voice cried something from the terrace. I recognized it now. The language was Greek, and those strange and horrible creatures, that seemed somehow to my excited brain compact of all deformities, were Greeks—sailors also, as I conjectured from the smartness of the trick which had led to our discomfiture. At this moment a low whistle came from the farther corner of the tower, and immediately two heads stole over the coping.

"It is I," said Montgomery. "What has happened?"

We welcomed them with warmth and hastily unfolded the situation, but the words were scarce out of my

I leaped at the fellow's throat.

[To be continued.]

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Saturday, April 28th

Leaving Belleville 11 a.m., returning, will leave Charlotte 8.30 Sunday evening. Fare for round trip, $2.25.

For further particulars apply to the Schuster Co., agents.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 18.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m. arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

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	Arr.	L've Madoc
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Sometimes a young man is turned down when he really should be turned up and spanked.

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Lv. Belleville (G.T.R.	1.39 a.m.	noon
Arr. Kingston "	3.25 a.m.	1 15 p.m.
Lv. Kingston (steamer)	5.00 a.m.	[illegible] 50 p.m.
Arr. CapeVincent (str.)	7.00 a.m.	[illegible] 00 p.m.
Mondays only.		
Lv.CapeVincent N.Y.C.	7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
Arr. Watertown "	8.10 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9 12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p.m.
Arr. Rochester "	2.28 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.30 a.m.	9.00 p.m.
Arr. New York "	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

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CHEAP ELECTRICAL ENERGY AS AGAINST STEAM IN ONTARIO.

It Costs Eight Dollars to Develop Energy at Niagara Falls, and Five More to Transmit It to Toronto—Striking Figures Given by Hon. Adam Beck to the Toronto Board of Trade—$23 Unreasonable Price.

That electric energy can be developed at Niagara Falls for $8 per horse-power, which figure would cover money invested and operating expenses; that it should only cost $5 for transmission to Toronto; that under such conditions the saving to consumers of Toronto as against steam would be from $500,000 to $750,000 a year, and that it would mean a saving of $10,000,000 a year to the province as against steam, were the striking statements made by Hon. Adam Beck in an address delivered before a general meeting of the Toronto Board of Trade recently on "Electric Power."

"I would like to impress on you the fact," said Mr. Beck in opening his address, "that I am not appearing as a representative of the Government in regard to any policy it may bring forward in respect to waterpowers of the province. I come here as one of you to deal not with a political issue, but with a question that is of direct interest to every person in the province, irrespective of his political stripe."

Leading into the question of power, the speaker pointed out how the waterpowers of Canada were essential to the development of natural resources such as mineral wealth and forests.

In inducing foreign capital to come here for investment Canadians were always met with the argument that there were no cheap coal supplies. Capital must be brought in, and the largest prize Canada could hold out was cheap waterpower, which would in turn mean cheap transportation.

Power From Niagara Falls.

"I will confine myself to the waterpower of Niagara Falls," continued Mr. Beck. "That is of especial interest to us because it will supply with cheap power a large part of the population of this province. I estimate, in fact, that 1,500,000 people may easily be supplied with electric power from the Falls if the available power there is developed. There is an agitation going on both in Canada and the United States over the likelihood of destroying the scenic beauty of the Falls by a diversion of water. Our friends in the United States need not be so concerned as they profess to be. Canada has not been prodigal in letting franchises, although too great concessions may have been made to companies, but I am sure the Government of Ontario—and from what I read in the press the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa is of a similar view—will never consent to any steps which will mean the depletion of the waters of the Falls. President Roosevelt has been very fair and pronounced on all these matters, and I feel certain he will not consent to allow the scenic beauty of the Falls to be destroyed. He may repose, I believe, the same confidence in our Governments, both of Ontario and of the Dominion. It is true the State of New York has been granting power franchises without demanding a limit to the water that shall be used. We want the amount to be limited.

Would Not Prohibit Export.

"The export of power should not be prohibited, I think. It would be an injustice if it were to those who have invested between $30,000,000 and $40,000,000 in the development of power at the Falls. It would be unfair to prohibit a realization of profits on money so invested, but what I do hold is that power must always be first available for local consumption.

"Regarding the price of this power to the consumer, I believe the matter might well be left in the hands of our Provincial Legislature. The power companies are our tenants, and as such we should be able to regulate them.

"From figures which I have been able to secure I estimate that power can be developed at the Falls for $8 per horse-power. This figure would cover money expended in installation, in maintenance, expenses, depreciation, and interest on money invested at, say, 4 per cent. to 5 per cent. Against this steam power costs on an average $28 per horse-power. The difference is a saving of $20 per horse-power, or $10,000,000 to the province."

Dealing with the benefits of power obtained at his figures, the speaker took the ground that it would build up manufactures, prove a moral blessing by giving more work to laboring men in all the cities of Ontario, and would even allow the Toronto Railway Co. to offer penny fares to the workingmen. If Ontario did not develop this power Winnipeg might take away the industrial supremacy of the large cities of this province, since that city was obtaining cheap power from Winnipeg River.

Not Antagonistic to Capitalists.

"I am not antagonistic to any capitalists," observed the speaker, "for we are all anxious to make all we can, but I hold the power at Niagara is for all the people of this province and should not be controlled by a few promoters and wealthy men. It cannot be contradicted that at present power is being sold at Niagara for $12 per horse-power. It is to be brought to Toronto by the Electric Development Co. and sold here in large units at $35 to consumers. How is it that the cost of transmission is $23 per horse-power? It is an unreasonable figure and can only be accounted for by the belief that the [illegible] of the three companies, the Electric Development, the Toronto [illegible] tric Light and the Toronto & Niagara have identical interests behind them. I cannot accept the statement that these companies are justified in charging $35. I may say to them that it costs only $5 for transmission instead of $23. But the price you are asked to pay is not what this power costs, but what those companies can get from you."

Cheap Power Will Reduce Fares.

It was then explained by Hon. Mr. Beck that $5 for transmission would allow for all expenses of right of way, superstructures, etc., and an interest of four per cent. or four and a half per cent. on all money invested. He then estimated that if power were sold to the Toronto Street Railway at $17 instead of $35, as under the contract made some time ago, it would mean a saving of $250,000 to the company, and would allow the workingman to get two or three more tickets for 25 cents.

Figuring on the basis of $20 per horse-power for pumping stations and railways, and on a slightly higher rate for small consumers, he estimated that, after allowing for all expenses and for interest on all moneys invested, the consumers of Toronto could be saved from $500,000 to $750,000 per year. He further quoted figures to show how capitalists had raised almost double, in some cases, the price of light, heat, and power in Montreal, Buffalo and Ottawa.

ANNEX THE WEST INDIES.

Toronto Business Man Enthusiastic Over Results to Be Attained.

The acquisition of the British West Indies by Canada is a step most strongly advocated by R. L. Patterson of Miller & Richards, type founders, of Toronto. Mr. Patterson has returned from a five-weeks' cruise amongst the various islands, such as Jamaica, Trinidad, Barbados, Bermuda, and St. Lucia. He found them fairly prosperous and contented, with the exception of Jamaica, business in which, on account of the low price of sugar, is in rather a depressed condition.

I certainly think it would be a good thing for Canada if it were possible to acquire these islands," he said on his return.

"In the first place, we should get the climate we require for the growth and production of such things as tropical fruits, sugar, cocoa and coffee.

"In the course of time Canada would be self-sustaining and meet all the requirements of a great nation.

"It is for Canada to take the initiative, and, I think there would be very little objection on the part of the principal people of these islands to amalgamate with Canada.

"From enquiries I have made, it seems that they would have decided objection to being annexed by the United States, because they are satisfied that the negroes, who comprise nine-tenths of the population, would not have fair treatment; they draw their conclusions from the unfair treatment meted out to the colored men in the southern States of America.

"Canada should sacrifice something for the sake of securing these valuable islands. I feel satisfied, too, that the English Government would not be likely to object. True, the West Indies are handicapped, as each island has its own Governor and its own Legislature. But all enactments, before being assented to, must be submitted to London for the sanction of the Crown, before being made law.

"If they threw in their lot with us they would have the same self-government as we have. Another advantage of amalgamation with Canada would be that our capitalists, our business and professional men, of all sorts and conditions, would visit the islands and purchase large estates, which are now more or less dormant and non-productive.

"It would lead to a revival of business that might mean much, both for the good of these islands and for this country.

"The main advantage, as I have said, would be that we could produce those articles of consumption that we are unable to produce at the present time. We would be a self-sustaining nation like the United States."

The Sunken Gunboats.

The statement of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the Commons recently, that the Government is in communication with the British authorities on the subject of raising the gunboats sunk in the River Thames, near Chatham, in 1813, again directs attention to these interesting relics of early Canadian history, says The Chatham Plant.

During the war of 1812-13 the British sank three of their gunboats in the river, just two miles below the present city of Chatham. These boats have rested in their watery graves for nearly a century. About five years ago, however, a Historical Association was formed in Chatham, of which Mr. J. S. Black was chosen president, and, with the consent of the Government, one of the boats was raised. Its contents included a couple of large guns and several tons of cannon balls. The trophies are being installed at the new Armories, to be opened this summer, Lieut.-Col. J. B. Rankin, commanding officer of the 24th Regiment, being their custodian.

Last year the American Historical Society put in claims to the other two gunboats and a party came over from Detroit to locate their position, sound the river and install apparatus for raising them, with the purpose of conveying them to Belle Isle Park, Detroit. This project caused a considerable storm among the loyal Canadians of the district. Through Mr. H. S. Clements, M. P., the Government was appealed to and their engineer visited the ground and went over the proposal with representatives of the district. As a result Mr. G. W. Cowan, the then mayor of Chatham, was authorized to police the banks of the river in the vicinity of the sunken trophies against the enterprising Americans, and their work was stayed by force of the law.

Curious Habit of Foxes.

The animals on which the fox usually preys are often left untouched round his own home; and it is even asserted that nothing is killed on the side of the hill in which that home is made. Some curious instances with regard to his habits in these respects are given in "Nature Notes." In a small patch of nettles within a few feet of the mouth of the foxes' earth a partridge placed her nest, and brought off her brood. Round this nettle-bed the cubs were constantly to be seen, and in it they played hide-and-seek. In another case the entrance of an earth was surrounded by five or six rabbit-holes, the tenants of which were unmolested by their next door neighbors. In a third a litter of cubs was placed in a large pit surrounded by fencing, from which there was no escape, and in which there were a number of rabbits. None of these was attacked by the cubs, though they would seize a dead rabbit in full sight of the person who had shot and thrown it to them.

THE GIANTS OF OLD

ANCIENT RACES MARVELS OF PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT.

The Semibarbarians of One Thousand Years Ago Were All Remarkably Proportioned Men—The Giants of Ancient Greece and Rome.

That the human race has degenerated in size as well as longevity is a fact well attested by various authorities. A prominent Washington physician who has made a life study of brain and cerebral developments, says that, on visiting the catacombs of Paris, what struck him most in these vast repositories of the contents of the city's ancient graveyards was the great size of the skulls in comparison with those of more modern mankind. This superiority of development in the men who lived 1,000 years or more ago the scientist attributes to the open air life then in vogue and the physical sports and exercises indulged in.

There are several races of giants mentioned in the Bible, and the Greek and Roman historians have recorded many examples which serve to show that these specimens of elongated humanity were by no means rare at one period of the world's history.

Thus it is mentioned that the Emperor Maximian was eight feet some inches high. The body of Orestes, according to the Greeks, was eleven and a half feet in height, the giant Galbora, brought from Arabia to Rome under Claudius Caesar, measured near ten feet, and the bones of Secondilla and Pusio, keepers of the gardens of Sallust, were but six inches shorter.

The probability is that outside of cultivated Greece and Rome among the semibarbarous of the greater part of present day European nations physical development reached often to more wondrous proportions.

The Chevalier Scory in his voyage to the peak of Teneriffe says that they found in one of the sepulchral caverns of that mountain the head of a Guancho which had eighty teeth and that the body was not less than fifteen feet long. The giant Ferragus, slain by Orlando, nephew of Charlemagne, was eighteen feet high.

Revland, a celebrated anatomist who wrote in 1614, says that some years before that time there was to be seen in the suburbs of St. Germane the tomb of the giant Isoret, who was twenty feet high.

At Rouen in 1509, in digging in the ditches near the Dominicano, there was found a stone tomb containing a skeleton whose shin bone reached up to the girdle of the tallest man there, being about four feet long, and consequently the body must have been seventeen or eighteen feet high. Upon the tomb was a plate of copper upon which was engraved, "In this tomb lies the noble and puissant lord, the Chevalier Ruon de Vallemont, and his bones." There is, indeed, evidence in the ponderous armor and two handed swords which remain to us in museums to prove that the knight of the ages of chivlary was a heroic specimen of human architecture.

Platerins, a famous physician, declared that he saw at Lucarne the true human bones of a subject who must have been at least nineteen feet high.

Valance, in Dauphine, boasts of possessing the bones of the giant Bucart, tyrant of the Vivarais, who was slain by an arrow by the Count de Cabillon, his vassal. The Dominicans had a part of his shin bone, with the articulation of the knee, and his figure painted in fresco, with an inscription showing that this giant was twenty-two and one-half feet high and that his bones were found in 1705 near the banks of the Moderi, a little river at the foot of the mountain of Crusol, upon which (tradition says) the giant dwelt.

On Jan. 11, 1633, some masons digging near the ruins of a castle in Dauphine, in a locality which had long been known as the Giant's field, at the depth of eighteen feet discovered a brick tomb thirty feet long, twelve feet wide and eight feet high, on which was a gray stone, with the words "Theotobochus Rex" cut thereon. When the tomb was opened they found a human skeleton, entire, twenty-five and one-half feet long, ten feet wide across the shoulders and five feet deep from the breastbone to the back. The teeth were each about the size of an ox's foot, and his shin bone measured four feet.

Near Margarino, in Sicily, in 1516, was found a giant thirty feet high. His head was the size of a hogshead, and each of his teeth weighed five ounces.

Near Palermo, in the valley of Magara, in Sicily, a skeleton of a giant thirty feet long was found in the year 1548 and another thirty-three feet high in 1550. Several of the gigantic bones of the latter subject are still preserved by private persons in Italy.

The Athenians found thirty-two famous skeletons, one thirty-four and another thirty-six feet in height.

At Totic, in Bohemia, in 758, was found a skeleton the head of which could scarcely be encompassed by the arms of two men together and whose legs, which are still preserved in the castle of the city, were twenty-six feet long.

The celebrated English scientist, Sir Hans Sloane, who treated the matter very learnedly, does not doubt the facts above narrated, but thinks the bones were those of elephants, whales or other animals. But it has been well remarked that, while elephants' bones may be shown for those of giants to superficial observers, this can never impose upon such distinguished anatomists as have testified in many cases to the mammoth bones being unmistakably human.

Be patient with every one, but above all with yourself.—Francis.

LIZARD MOST FAMOUS

PROBABLY MOST NOTED OCEAN LANDMARK IN THE WORLD.

Its Name a Household Word—Roman Galleys Hailed It and Vessels of the Armada Were Shattered on Its Rocks—The Two White Octagonal Towers of the Lizard Lights and Their Message to Sailors.

Before men knew that the earth was round, the Lizard was a famous landfall of the world.

The Roman galleys sped by it with gaudy sails and slave-piled tiers of mighty oars. The Norman conquerors, driven far west by channel gales, hailed it with joy as they won back again after days and weeks of beating in their uncouth ships. More than one of the "great sea castles" of the Spanish Armada shattered itself against the cavernous rocks at its base.

When ships of 200 tons burden were considered monstrous, the brave sea hearts of England, with neither sextant nor Mercator's charts to help them, took their landfall or their departure observations from the old Sphinx-like head of rock that is as well known as England is herself.

Like Sandy Hook, this famous place whose name is almost a household word from Anchangel to Cape Horne, is practically unknown in everything except name. The drowned and half-drowned rocks that lie scattered in the unpeaceful seat at its feet forbid a close approach to it by ships, and all that captains, crews or passengers see of it is the glimpse of the lizard-like formations that may be obtained from a distance of two miles or so, as the ships speed by, speaking their colored flag language to the Cornish signal station.

"Lizard" expresses its general appearance fairly well, although, like most of the fanciful names that are given to prominent landmarks on account of their supposed resemblance to something else, it is not always easy to see that the Lizard really does look like a great lizard squatting in reptilian clumsiness on the southern end of old England.

But, seen from the proper angle and under the proper conditions, the resemblance to a huge, fat, wrinkled lizard is not so hard to find, and then it is easy, too, to see why its eastern end should have been called The Beast, for, like a huge, uncouth beast it looks over the head and shoulders of the Lizard.

Two hundred feet and more high, and descending sheer into a fretted sea, is this most southern piece of England. In clear weather it is visible twenty-four miles by day, and on a nearer approach its two white lighthouses (twin towers like those that look over Sandy Hook at the other end of the ocean road) make it easily the most characteristic landfall that a sailor can wish, so that even a perfect stranger, who has never steered a ship into English waters, can recognize the Lizard on sight.

The two white towers of the Lizard lights are octagonal, sixty-one feet high, and burn fixed white electric lights that shine out 230 feet above the high water mark, and are visible twenty-one sea miles or twenty-four land miles.

They have a purpose beyond merely telling the mariner that England has been reached, or warning him away from the ripraps of rocky teeth that sow the Channel there. So long as the sailor keeps those two white lights in line by night or the two white towers by day, so long is he safe from going on the most wicked and deadly rocks in the narrow seas — the far-known Manacles that lie between Lizard Point and Nare Point, and have added some of the most terrible stories of the sea to its literature.

Not from all aspects does the Lizard look like the reptile that has given its name to the noble headlands. Seen a little to eastward from the sea, Lizard Head looks strikingly like the mutilated head and face of a Sphinx. In the old days, when the face of the great Lord Brougham was familiar to men, they used to say that the Lizard, seen from the land behind it, was strikingly like a massive bust of the peer.

But not many saw it from landward in those days. Indeed, not very many see it now; for the peninsula of the Lizard is a lonely, wild country, where there is little to attract men to live, although there is wild and terrifying scenery to attract tourists. But the way to the grand scenery is tiresome and uninspiring—so much so that the wonders of the desolate coast remained practically an unknown thing until the nineteenth century, because travelers who had penetrated into Cornwall as far as the beginning of the peninsula generally became discouraged by the monotony of the inland scenery and retired without going as far as the ultimate southern coast.

So it was that the Lizard remained and is still to a large extent a primitive, unknown place. Mixed with its ancient Cornish stock is a breed of handsome, black-eyed, dark-faced people, and these are descendants of the Spanish sailors of the Armada, whose ships were cast on the terrible teeth of the Stags and other wave-lathered rocks that ring the iron coast.

Coarse and naked roads lead to the Lizard—treeless, flat, monotonous. A few tararick hedges stick up here and there. Here and there are a few gray apple trees, silvered with lichens. The soil is decomposed hornblende rock. So scarce are trees that long ago a hedge near Lizard Town was christened Lizard Wood because it showed a few stunted thorn trees.

Fierce winds beat the land; yet the climate is so mild that a few days of frost are considered as making quite a hard winter there, and snow rarely lies long on the ground.

Below the lighthouses the ground slopes away suddenly and makes an abrupt promontory. At one extremity of this promontory, but not the most southern, rises an impressive, strange column of rock. It is the Bumble, sometimes accessible from the land at low water, but always hammered by ever-vexed water on the seaward side.

The most southerly rock of England rises from the sea a little distance from this. It is the Batha, and is a mass of mica that shines splendidly in the sun.

Near it is another massive, insulated rock, perforated by a natural archway. It is known as the Island of Crenval. Between this point and old Polpeor is a steep cliff worn into many caves by the sea. Some of these are forever crumbling away, for throughout this coast the fall of rock is almost incessant, owing to the tremendous battery by the surf.

A few years ago there was a cave here that could be approached with fair safety at low water, that was tapestried by wonderful sea ferns and floored with bright golden sand, in which flashed pools of water full of gorgeous seaweeds, making them look like great rubies set in dim aisles of rock.

From the great headlands beyond this spot is a most noble view. The promontory terminates in three masses of lofty, piled-up rocks, the most easterly being the Little Lizard, and the most westerly and largest the Old Lizard Head. A short way from shore, standing deep in the green water, is a black rock called the Quadrant, and beyond it the lofty pillar of Lion Rock stands in lonely defiance, as if it had waded from the mainland in Titanic rebellion.

This is the rock that was described in such glowing language by Charles Littleton, Dean of Exeter, and subsequently Bishop of Carlisle. "This rock," said he, "as well as the others, is enameled with the most beautiful colors, and decorated with samphire and other sea plants."

"Enameled," indeed, are the rocks to this day. The formation of many of the cliffs is serpentine, and so many varied and gorgeous characteristics does this kind of rock assume that the changing aspects of the cliffs and reefs fill the lover of nature with ecstasy. Black, green, yellow, red, polished like glass by the never-weary waves, rise the cliffs. Everywhere are water-worn caves. Some are tiny, but glow in purple and crimson, owing to the lavish growth of seaweed, which gathers so fast on this coast that a fish net is green and red with plants after a few weeks of service. Others are lofty, with roofs vaulted like cathedrals, and through their mysterious aisles the sea thunders in organ tones.

On calm days the mutterings of the surf is broken again and again by boomings like signal guns. Those are the caves, spouting forth foam, air and water as the tide fills them.

Several of these spouting caves are famous and are known by such names as Bellows and Postoffice. The latter is so called because beside the outrush of water there is an inrush of air so violent that a piece of paper held near the crevices of the rock is sucked into the "bowels of the earth" with a vast rumbling that dies away deep below.

When a storm beats the Lizard and its rocks, the surf is greater and more terrible than any in the world except in a few noted and dreaded places. So fiercely does it batter the stone walls of England's southern end that men standing on the cliffs imagine that they can feel the solid land itself trembling under the shock.

In winter the waves often beat clear over the highest point of the rocks till the twin lights stand in a pouring cloud of spray as if embattled. The onrush from the open ocean and the backwash from the shattered waves clash together and smoke high in the air, till even the most lofty of the sentinel rocks emerge only momentarily from the broken water that flies across and over them like gray banners of the sea. As far as the eye can see, wind-driven spray drifts fast, streaming from headland to headland high over the gulfs, where unceasing beat of thunder tells that the sea is whirling itself into white confusion below.

Through that driving mist that moves steadily like troops of phantom horse, the vast rocks of the promontory are visible only at times. In those occasional appearances they seem white from bases to summits, so high do the froth and foam of the assailing ocean rise.

The very froth itself is beaten so fiercely by the turmoil of the sea that it attains a consistency of its own and scuds in great spherical masses across and up the faces of cliff.

It is small wonder that in the days of sail many ships drove in on this fearful trapwork of rocks. Even now, in the days of high-powered steamers, the Lizard is dreaded. But nowadays the ships that go ashore strike usually because they blunder into the trap in fog and night. Once, when the Channel procession was white with sail instead of black with smoke as now, ships were forced in by the weather, and again and again the population of the Lizard watched vessels for days as they struggled against the doom that was shutting in on them steadily.

The records of the Vicar of Mullion (the parish close on the headland) tell many tales of this kind.

Faked Antiquities.

There are numerous old curiosity-shops where it would be difficult to find an article which is what it pretends to be. Furniture, prints, china, pictures, plate, armour, ivory, bronze and tapestry — all are successfully imitated "Antique" armour and metal work of all kinds are made in this country, and spurious "antique" china comes to Britain and her Colonies from France, Holland and Germany.

The spurious print is perhaps the commonest trap of all, and the market is flooded with re-prints and reproductions. Several firms are engaged in their production, and they cost the dealers of "objects or art" from seven-and-sixpence to a pound apiece. Usually the paper is manipulated to give it the appearance of age, or the print is put into an old frame. It is certain that countless numbers of them are sold as originals.

Guarding His Dignity.

As a large, ocean-going liner was making its way down the Clyde the officer in charge found his passage blocked by a dirty-looking, empty ballast barge, the only occupant of which was a man sitting smoking a short pipe. Finding that he did not make any effort to get out of the way, the officer shouted to him in true nautical fashion. Taking the pipe from his mouth, the fellow rose and said:

"An' is it yerself that's the captain of that ship?"

"No," was the reply, "but I am the chief officer."

"Then talk to your equals," said the Irishman; "I am the captain of this."—London Tit-Bits.

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What one goes into debt for nine times out of ten is a luxury.

A man always making excuses leaves himself no time to make anything else.

Business based upon friendship threatens both; friendship based upon business strengthens both.

That man can best ignore the enmity of those who don't understand him who goes home to a wife who does.

It is a good deal easier to pray for men's souls than to pour balm into their wounds, not to mention that it costs less.

The supreme court has not yet decided which is the weaker man—he who is not able to see his own weakness or he who has no faith in himself.

From an intellectual point of view that time of one's life is most wasted when he tries, in a spirit of dumb loyalty, to admire all those things that are popularly considered admirable.

The Word "Slave."

The word "slave," which is happily used seldom unless metaphorically in this country, is a word of brilliant historical antecedents. Its original, the Russian "slava," means glorious and is the title of that race which subsumes the Russian people. But when the Germans reduced hosts of the Slavs to servitude their name, from malice or accident, as Gibbon says, became synonymous with "servile." It retains no more suggestion of its racial origin now than does "ogre," which is really "Hungarian," from a confusion of the Magyars with the Huns, and of both with the terrible Tartars.

. . . .

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do pref	101	101
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Union Pac	148⅞	147½
C.P.R.	160⅞	160
Sou Pac	64⅞	63½
R I	26⅞	26
Ills. C.	170⅞	167½
Sou. Ry	37⅞	37½
Texas	31¼	30¾
B.& O	109¼	105¼
N Y C	137⅞	136⅛
Penn	137⅞	137⅛
Soo	155⅞	156⅞
T. W.		115
Erie	41¼	41⅞
do pref	76½	76¼
Reading	125⅞	126
[illegible]	56½	55¼
O W	48⅜	48⅜
Manhattan	....	
W C	24½	21½
L. & N.	141⅞	143⅞
A. F.	41½	42¾
Nor	87	87
Wab.	21	21
do pref	41	43¾
A.R	154⅞	154
C. G. W	20	19¾
T.C.I.	143	144
U. S. Steel	42	42½
do pref	107⅛	107⅛
Sugar	135⅞	135
B.RT.	80¾	80
P. O	90¾	90⅞
A. C. P.	106⅞	105⅞
Met.	....	
Ala.	63⅞	63¾
.F.I.	55½	53¾

May wheat opened at 80⅞ closed at 79⅞
July wheat opened at 79⅞ closed at 79½
May corn opened at 46⅞; closed at 46⅞
July corn opened at 46; closed at 45⅞
May Oats opened at 32⅞; closed at 32⅞
May pork opened at 15.72 closed at 15.60

RICHARD BURBAGE.

He Was a Great Actor and Shakespeare's Leading Star.

March 16, 1618 or 1619, Richard Burbage, player, died at Shoreditch, London.

The first of the great English tragic actors, Burbage was in every way worthy to head the long roll of England's famous players. The son of an actor, the friend and companion of Shakespeare, it was through him that many of the heroes of the dramatist first spoke to the eager playgoers who thronged the Globe theater. He was the original of Romeo, Hamlet, Lear, Othello, Macbeth, Shylock, Richard III, and many other of Shakespeare's leading characters, and his name stands next to that of the great poet in the licenses for acting granted by James I. in 1603 to the company of the Globe theater.

His powers as an actor were not his only claim to distinction, for he was also a successful painter. The fame of his abilities held a prominent place in theatrical tradition for many years, a poem in his honor, dedicated to one of the great players of the day, being written as late as the time of Charles II.

His death, which was probably the result of paralysis, caused the poets to turn their thoughts to his successful career, and it is from the numerous elegies then written that most of the information concerning him must be gathered. Few players have ever had the good fortune to be so well liked by the dramatists of their time, and all praised him, one even lamenting that his death "hath made a visible eclipse of playing."

A shrewd, careful man in his business affairs, Burbage left an estate producing a yearly income of £300, a large sum for a player in those days to bequeath to his heirs. Beloved and respected by all, he survived his great master by only a few years, his grave bearing the simple, expressive epitaph, "Exit Burbage."—London Saturday Review.

CHLOROPHYLL.

To This Substance Is Due the Coloring of Plants.

Chlorophyll is perhaps the most important coloring substance in the world, for upon this substance depend the characteristic activity of plants, the synthesis of complex compounds from carbon dioxide and water process, upon which the existence of all living things is ultimately conditioned. Only in a very few unimportant forms devoid of chlorophyll can the synthesis of complex from simple compounds or from the elements be accomplished. The function of chlorophyll may only be comprehended when its chief physical properties are understood. These may be best illustrated by placing a gram of chopped leaves of grass or geranium in a few cubic centimeters of strong alcohol for an hour.

Such a solution will be of a bright, clear green color, and when the vessel containing it is held in such a manner that the sunlight is reflected from the surface of the liquid it will appear blood red, due to its property of fluorescence, that of changing the wave length of the rays of light of the violet and of the spectrum in such a manner as to make them coincide with those of the red end. It is by examination of light which has passed through a solution of chlorophyll, however, that the greatest insight into its physical properties may be gained. If such a ray of light is passed through a prism and spread out on a screen, it may be seen that there are several large intervals of dark bands in the spectrum. The rays of light which would have occupied these spaces have been absorbed by the chlorophyll and converted into heat and other forms of energy. This energy is directly available to the protoplasm containing the chlorophyll, and by means of it the synthesis of complex substance may be accomplished.

According to Horsepower.

A young motorist, endeavoring to convince a country innkeeper that the decay of coaching was more than compensated for by the spread of motoring as a pastime, exclaimed, as a final argument, that his car was of forty horsepower, "the equal, sir, of ten relays of coach horses."

The next morning he read in his bill, "To feeding and stabling, 80 shillings."

He asked the landlord for an explanation.

"The charge for 'osses is 2 shillin' a 'ead, sir," was the reply. "That machine of yours is equal to forty 'osses, which is 80 shillin'."—London Express.

The Paradox.

Hamand—Since Walker Tighs inherited $1,000,000 he is a paradox. Eggbert—What's the answer? Hamand—He is both the richest and poorest actor on the stage.

An excess of levity is as impertinent as an excess of gravity.—Hazlitt.

Hair Gone?

If your hair is falling out, strengthen it. Give it food, hair-food—Ayer's Hair Vigor. It checks falling hair, cures dandruff, and makes the hair soft and smooth. Sold for over half a century.

Suppose your hair should all leave you! Then what? Weak hair is the kind that falls out; not strong hair! Just learn a lesson from this.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Rain Coats...

Spring weather is always uncertain—cool today, rainy tomorrow and sunshine the next day.

Your Winter Overcoat is a burden two-thirds of the time. To meet all conditions own a—

"Cravenette"

An Ideal and Stylish Rain or Shine Over Garment....

We've Genuine "Cravenette" Coats in different weights and fabrics.

The waterproofing does not injure the fabric or its usefulness for sunshine.

Our Raincoats are handsome overgarments in sunshine and a necessity in the rain.

All sizes with a price range from

$6.00 to $15.00

SPRING HATS

Every man wants a new Spring Hat, and whether or not he agrees to it in public, every man will acknowledge to himself that it is just as important for him to have a new Hat, as for the most smartly dressed woman to have a new Spring Bonnet.

The men who want the best Derby that's made want

OUR HAWE'S HAT

We have a complete line of sizes in this excellent hat in different heights of crown.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

HAT SPECIALS

"THE KING HAT" (best quality), regular price $2.50, for... $1.75

The "BORSALINO" (The finest high-grade hat, made in Alexandria, Italy), regular price $3.50, for.. $2.50

☞ Have a Look at Them ☜

S. A. HYMAN & CO.,

Exquisite Easter Millinery

Our showing of exquisite Millinery this season discounts everything in the past—New styles direct from NEW YORK coming almost daily.

The more you make comparisons, the surer we are of your patronage.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialis

LAST WEEK OF THE

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Demonstration

Be sure and Come in and have a talk with Miss Sutherland regarding your hair. No charge.

—AT—

WATERS' Drug Store

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

Ladies' Collar Supporters

One of the many useful articles of jewelry for ladies' wear.

With these supports scarfs or collars cannot sag or droop down and no collar looks well without them.

They are made in gold filled and ocean pearl, set with pearls, turquoise, etc. and cost—

50, 60, 75c $1 Set

T. BLACKBURN

Marriage Licenses Issued

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at the Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

PRICELESS IS EYESIGHT.

and yet sometimes you barter it for carelessness, delay or for the saving of a few dollars! What wouldn't you give to retain it after you have lost it? Why lose it when we, as experts in the saving of eyes, will examine yours free, tell you whether we can help you and make only a fair charge for glasses or spectacles if you really need them?

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St. with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

See our window display of Handkerchiefs for Kimonos, Sofa Cushions, etc

Stamping done.

Blouses and Light Dresses MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

S. S. Lazier, Master-in-Chancery, is in Toronto.

Mr. W. J. Greenfield, of Brighton, spent yesterday in the city.

Miss Dolly Good, of Toronto, is visiting her parents in this city.

Miss Agnes Bishop, of Casselton, N. Dakota, is the guest of her uncle, J. K. McCargar, Bridge St.

Miss M. Upton, of Montreal, has returned home, accompanied by her friend, Miss K. Donnelley, who is studying at McGill Conservatorium.

Rev. H. D. Leitch and family, of St. Elmo, Glengarry, are stopping a few days with Mrs. Leitch's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Berkley, Victoria Ave., before leaving for their new home farther west.

Port Hope Guide: Mr. W. W. Chown, of Belleville; Mr. R. W. Clarke, of Millbrook, and Mr. T. W. Wickett, of Port Hope, held a meeting in town to-day to form a programme and make arrangements for the meetings of the Laymen's Association at the annual conference to be held in Port Perry next June.

At the Quinte: L. Gould, D. Bennett, H. Angus, A. Clarke, W. Ainsworth, W. Greenfield, W. Home, G. Reilly, S. MacGowan, T. Beaulin, C. Levetus, G. McGuire, J. Everett, J. Loveless, Toronto; W. Hamilton, J. Harris, New York; F. Worch, Boston; W. Butler, Buffalo; H. Grisdale, H. Orr, Ottawa; R. Kerr, J. H. Hamilton, Walkerville; R. J. Read, E. Reynolds, Mrs. H. K. Martin, Master K. Martin, Montreal.

PRETTY WEDDING ON MOIRA ST.

NUPTIALS OF MR. JACOB FERGUSON AND MISS NINA ACKERMAN LAST EVENING.

A pretty home wedding took place at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Ackerman, Moira St. The bride was Miss Nina Ackerman and the groom Mr. Jacob Ferguson, of Roblin's Mills, Prince Edward County. Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., pastor of Bridge St. church, officiated. The bride was becomingly attired in a gown of brown silk, trimmed with white lace. The bridesmaid was Miss Annie Yourex, who wore a dress of green silk with lace trimming. Mr. Ernest Ackerman, brother of the bride, was groomsman. The parlor, where the ceremony took place, was appropriately decorated with flowers. After the ceremony a wedding repast was partaken of. The bride was the recipient of a large number of beautiful gifts. In the evening Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson left for their home in Ameliasburg.

Frankford Licenses.

The License Commissioners for West Hastings met at Frankford yesterday to consider the granting of hotel licenses for that village. A large deputation of ladies waited upon the Commissioners and urged upon them the necessity of having the law strictly enforced. Whilst the ladies did not definitely ask that the number of hotels in the village be reduced, they intimated that such might be done.

The result of the Commissioners' deliberations was that licenses for a year were granted to M. A. Clark, for the Clark House, and to Mr. W. U. Timblin. Three months' extension of licenses were granted to Messrs. J. Smith and W. Y. Lyon.

Quietly Wedded.

A quiet wedding took place at the Holloway St. parsonage last evening, when Mr. Frederic Slater and Miss Maria Drewery, both of this city, were married by Rev. R. H. Leitch, pastor of Holloway St. Mr. Slater is major and quartermaster of the Forty-ninth Regiment, and his comrades-in-arms and other friends will wish much joy to his bride and himself.

At Sign of the Scales.

DRUNK.

Charles McDonald, of Point Ann, was charged with this offence. He pleaded guilty to the charge, but was allowed to go.

The Empresses Are Magnificent Vessels

In another column will be found a cut of the new Empress steamers of the C.P.R., on one of which Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A., ex-Mayor Johnson, Col. Ponton and others will soon sail for Europe. S. Burrows, of this city, can book you for these beautiful vessels.

All smart up-to-date women of to-day,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.—D. M. Waters.

IN SPITE OF ROOSEVELT.

CANADA WILL SEND $100,000 TO SAN FRANCISCO SUFFERERS.

Ottawa, April 25.—Definite information came to-day from President Roosevelt stating that, while appreciating Canada's sympathy and generosity, the United States could look after the San Francisco sufferers themselves. Accordingly the United States Government will not accept Canada's proffered $100,000; it will be voted, however, and may be sent direct to San Francisco.

DIED AT THOMASBURG.

MRS. SECCOMBE, WIFE OF REV. W. B. SECCOMBE, PASSED TO HER REWARD LAST FRIDAY.

After an illness of some fourteen months from nervous prostration, followed by anaemia, Mrs. Seccombe, wife of Rev. W. B. Seccombe, pastor of Thomasburg and Bethel churches, passed to her eternal reward on Friday afternoon about five o'clock.

She was born in the village of Hastings nearly forty-seven years ago, being a daughter of the late Alexander Wilson, merchant of that village. She was united in marriage to Mr. Seccombe in 1873, when they removed to British Columbia, where they resided for five years. They then returned to the east and Mr. Seccombe has ever since been attached to the Bay of Quinte Conference, being stationed at Havelock, Carrying Place, Milford, Odessa, Greenbank, Keene and Thomasburg. Deceased was a faithful helper to her husband, being a very active church worker. She was a splendid singer and took a very deep interest in the young people of the various congregations under their charge with whom she was extremely popular.

Endowing a Belleville Bed At Gravenhurst.

Mr. G. L. Jennings, Travelling Secretary of the National Sanitarium Association, reports progress towards endowing a bed for free consumptive patients from Belleville. This requires $300 a year. The bed is marked "Belleville," and is always at the disposal of patients from this place. Any intending subscribers would confer a favor by remitting to Mr. Thos. Ritchie, who is Treasurer of the local branch association. Since last reporting, the following subscriptions have been received:

Dr. Perry Goldsmith	$ 10.00
Mrs. Perry Goldsmith	10.00
Master George Goldsmith	5.00
Mr. J. W. Murray	5.00
Mr. J. W. Walker	5.00
Mr. D. V. Sinclair	5.00
Mr. S. Burrows	5.00
Dr. O. A. Marshall	5.00
Mr. J. J. Haines	5.00
Mr. J. Cornelius	5.00
Mr. G. Walton	2.00
Mr. R. E. Lazier	2.00
Mr. A. McGie	2.00
Mr. W. P. Hudson	2.00
Rev. Geo. Brown	2.00
Miss Ida M. Jack	1.00
Mr. M. J. Hendrick	1.00
Mr. J. D. O'Flynn	1.00
Mr. F. E. O'Flynn	1.00
Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn	1.00
Miss Susie O'Flynn	1.00
Mr. E. D. O'Flynn	1.00

Miss Ethel Mackie's Safety Is Assured.

The many friends in this city of Miss Ethel Mackie, and they are numerous, will be pleased to learn that she is safe. She was an inmate of the St. Francis Hotel, at San Francisco, last week, and although she came through safely, all her worldly belongings are gone. This morning Mr. Mackie, sr., and other members of the family were relieved in mind upon the receipt of a communication from Miss Ethel to the effect that she was all right. Since the catastrophe Miss Mackie had left San Francisco, and is now with friends adjacent to the devastated city.

Fifteenth Band Had a March Out Last Night.

The Fifteenth band had a practise march out last night, and paraded several streets on the east hill. Coming up Front St. to their rooms, the band, twenty-seven strong, was handing out a really creditable article of marching music, and their showing surprised many people. There was a marked improvement over the form shown when the band turned out for St. Michael's bazaar. Stopping in front of their rooms, on Front St., a couple of selections were played, the same evoking many appreciative comments and liberal applause from the listening crowd.

Barn Burned at Trenton.

Yesterday afternoon at Trenton a barn situated on Dominion street was burned. A cow and calf were cremated. The premises belonged to a family named Rush.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. J. Templeton's drug store and try them.

RESIGNS TO GET MARRIED.

MISS SINCLAIR PRESBYTERIAN MISSIONARY, TO WED REV. J. S. MacKAY.

The Globe in its issue of to-day says:

Miss Jean V. Sinclair, of Indore, Central India, has resigned her position as missionary under the Foreign Mission Committee of the Presbyterian Church, in order to marry Rev. J. S. Mackay, another member of the Canadian mission staff in Central India. Miss Sinclair belongs to Madoc, Ont., and has been in mission work in India since 1889. She has been home several times on furlough and had the distinction of being the first woman in Canada to deliver an address to the Presbyterian General Assembly. Rev. J. S. Mackay belongs to Oxford and is a graduate of Manitoba College. He was appointed to the Central India mission staff in 1904.

Miss Sinclair is a sister of Ald. Sinclair of this city.

SAN JOSE CITY ABOUT DESTROYED

ABOUT $8,000,000 DAMAGE OCCASIONED—5,000 PERSONS DESTITUTE — MANY RICH AND PROSPEROUS MERCANTILE FIRMS REDUCED TO BEGGARY BY RECENT EARTHQUAKE.

San Jose, April 22.—(Delayed).—At 5.12 o'clock last Wednesday morning the City of San Jose was practically destroyed in the business centre, and more than one-half of the homes in the residence section were so damaged or destroyed that repairing will be beyond question. The property loss is more than $8,000,000. Five thousand people were rendered destitute and many rich and prosperous mercantile firms were reduced to beggary.

The handsome and massive brick building of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Patrick, costing more than $150,000, situated at Santa Clara and Ninth streets, was a ruin. Two blocks away the San Jose High School, a five-storey building of brick and stone, erected at a cost of $90,000, was a pile of debris, from the top of which flaunted in the air a great American flag, which had formerly hung on the front wall of the assembly room at the top of the building. Further north, the Grant School, a wooden structure, capable of accommodating 1,500 pupils, was sent to the ground, a twisted and broken ruin.

It was along First, Second, Third, Market, Santa Clara, and Fernandino streets that the greatest ruin was wrought. Here building after building had come toppling to the ground, and three, four, and five-storey structures of brick, stone, and iron, that had been the pride of San Jose, lay jumbled piles of debris.

In the Phelan Building, at First and Post streets, Dr. De Crow, a pioneer dentist of San Jose, lost his life. His wife and another woman, Mrs. Ellen Stone, were taken from the wreck of the building barely alive.

At Santa Clara and Lightstone streets the three-storey building of the Elks was demolished, and the adjoining building on Lightstone, occupied by the San Jose Mercury, was badly wrecked.

In the wreck of the Hotel Costa, five dead bodies were found, and seven guests were taken out seriously injured. The Martin, Liberty, and Louise Buildings, occupied by offices and stores, were wrecked by the shock and then the wreckage was burned by fire.

The St. James Hotel, one of the most costly structures in the city, was saved as to the main building, but the annex, a four-storey building of brick, terra cotta, and stone, was so badly damaged that it had to be torn down. The Vendome Hotel annex collapsed, and Thomas O'Toole, one of the wealthiest and best known cattlemen in the West, was crushed to death in his bed. The Hotel Menlo was destroyed but the 40 guests escaped. The Hotel Monterey, in Vince street, was thrown off its foundation, and an instant later caught fire and seven guests were roasted to death in the ruins. The other fatalities in the city proper make the total of deaths 19.

The destitute and homeless, not only of San Jose, but several thousand from the more heavily stricken City of San Francisco, are being fed and cared for, and many more from surrounding towns. The work of removing the giant piles of debris from the streets is going on in a systematic manner.

Ashes of Fire Floated Seven Miles and Half

Mr. B. F. Quincey, of this city, has received a letter from his daughter, Mrs. A. W. Brown, who lives at Ocean View, seven miles and a half from San Francisco. Mrs. Brown, who was Miss Clara Quincey, reports that they were all uninjured, but their household property was greatly damaged by the earthquake, a leg of the bed on which she and her husband were sleeping being twisted out of shape. She sent her father, in the letter, some ashes which had been found on their doorstep, having been borne there by the wind from the great fire at San Francisco.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES .. AND .. FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

A. E. Carman, Manager.

FRIDAY, APRIL 27th

The Holy City.

The Great Allegorical Reproduction of Michel Angelo's

"CRUCIFIXION"

The Most Impressive Historic Portrayal Ever Conceived and offered to the Public.

Prices - 25, 35, 50, 75c

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned till May 1st for the Brick Building behind Convent. It is 26 x 36 and contains about 30,000 brick. The roof is reserved. All material to be removed by June 1st.

JAMES HANLEY,
Sec. R.C.S.S. Board.

24-4t

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"THE CONVICT'S DAUGHTER."

The above drama, in five acts, was last evening presented at the opera house to a rather small audience. There were many pleasing features in the play, which, upon the whole, appeared to give general satisfaction. The leading character, was A. S. Byron, as Wm. Woodford, or rather as "Weary Willie," the convict, who had an excellent conception of his part. The stage settings were in keeping with the play.

"THE HOLY CITY" TO-MORROW NIGHT.

In selecting for "The Holy City" the thrilling narrative of St. John the Baptist, Mr. Bennett chose the most dramatic story ever told. The epoch covering the birth of Christianity provides scenes of vivid comparison; the arrogant and sensual splendor of the Romans, shown with the greater spiritual beauty of the humble followers of the Master, presents enthralling contrasts. No more absorbing tragedy was even conceived, no greater stage pictures ever presented. Spectacle and powerful acting combine, scenes of enchantment inspire ennobling thought. The interpreting company formed for this, the second season engaged, the performances are again the most important theatrical offering of the year. "The Holy City" will be seen at the Carman to-morrow night.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

The various Civic Committees will meet this evening.

In answer to a call during the night the police made an arrest for drunkenness.

Ladies' P.P.C. card envelopes, 5c per package. At Intelligencer office.

Writing Paper "Disappears."

The newest thing in paper is the disappearing kind. Soused in diluted sulphuric acid and then carefully glazed, it looks like the paper that abideth; but slowly the acid nibbles at the fibres under the glazing, till in a week or so the substance has gone out of it, and the place thereof knows it no more. A most convenient sort of paper—when you're the one to use it. You can now write promissory notes without a shudder. You can flirt by mail with perfect composure. You can even sign the pledge if you like, and after several days' abstinence rejoin your "former associates." The grim sentence, "What I have written I have written," loses nine-tenths of its terror, and Omar's remarks about the "moving finger" are reduced to agreeable nonsense, for who wants to "wash out one word" when a judicious choice of stationery will insure the evanishment of the entire document? Moreover, we're enabled henceforth to scorn the fear that some day our adversary will confront us with a "deadly parallel."
—Boston Transcript.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

Daily Intelligencer.

CHOICEST
BAKERY GOODS

Made fresh every day from the best materials.
Have you ever tried our Baxter's teas, 10c a doz.

Chas. S. Clapp

Young lady wanted, apply evenings this week after 7 o'clock.

"The Jewel'

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,
Tel. [illegible] Front St.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL

NEATLY PRINTED.
:—AT—:
The INTELLIGENCER
Job Department
Front St., Belleville.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

——GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS
J. D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.
Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Alford
Sash, Door and Blind Factory.
Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling Bar Fixtures, &c.
Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS

THE INSURANCE PROBE

Royal Commission Began on Manufacturers' Life Co.

Protest Against Ending Department Inquiry Made by Mr. Hellmuth, K. C. —Mr. Shepley, However, Wins and Goes His Own Way About Conduct of Inquiry—Evidence re. An Insurance Amalgamation.

Toronto, April 26.—Judge MacTavish, chairman, J. W. Langmuir and B. L. Kent, the Dominion Insurance Commission of Inquiry, resumed work here yesterday morning at 10.35.

Mr. Shepley, K. C., and W. N. Tilley are the counsel representing the Dominion; I. F. Hellmuth and G. R. Geary appear on behalf of the policyholders of Ontario; C. L. Le Boeuf, K. C., represents the policyholders of Quebec; R. J. McLaughlin, K. C. (Lindsay) and R. L. Johnston represented the Manufacturers' Life; and Robert Smith, K. C., the Sun Life; L. J. McCarthy, K. C., (Montreal) the Canada Life. W. S. Andrews was present as the actuary of the Ontario Government.

The commission will sit daily from 10.30 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 2 to 4.30, except Saturday.

Protest From Hellmuth.

Mr. Hellmuth said: "I conceive it to be my duty now to enter a protest against leaving the enquiry into the department of insurance at the present stage. I was advised that the proceedings would not continue as intended at Ottawa last week, owing to the illness of the chairman, but that during this week the proceedings would go on here into the affairs of the Manufacturers' Life.

"At the time when I received that letter I wrote to them at once, and I requested that my learned friend, Mr. Shepley, might bring before you, as chairman, my protest against this alteration in the proceedings for reasons which have partially appeared, and I subsequently received an intimation that the commission would sit here today.

Cross-Examine Fitzgerald.

"It appears to me no reason has been given for this change. On the 30th of March last, the date of our last meeting in Ottawa, it was distinctly understood the proceedings of the commission would be resumed in Ottawa, and that after the examination of Mr. Fitzgerald he would be placed in the position to answer such questions as I might see fit to put to him. It was distinctly understood that I would have this opportunity.

Department First.

"The enquiry should begin in the department and then proceed to the various companies. Whether it is right, is immaterial. If begun it should be concluded as far as possible."

Mr. Hellmuth hinted that though startling facts had been brought out by Mr. Fitzgerald's examination, there was more behind.

"Why should they not come out? Why should not the commission have the advantage of them before going into the individual companies? Isn't it most material for the policyholders to know just what safeguards were placed round their interests by the department? I think that is sufficient reason for continuing."

Who Was Responsible?

Mr. Hellmuth referred to the legislation of 1899 changing regulations as to reserve.

"No more hostile legislation to the interests of the policyholders was ever passed. Are we not entitled to know where that legislation originated—who approved of it?"

Mr. Hellmuth did not wish to be thought to be protesting for the sake of making a disturbance.

"I would be recreant to my trust, were I to sit merely as an onlooker," he declared.

He insisted that the program should be adhered to, unless the departure had the consent of those interested.

Wanted to Cross-Examine.

"It was understood," he continued, "that Mr. Fitzgerald would be handed over to me and to others as a witness. My learned friend (Mr. Shepley) has had the benefit of Mr. Fitzgerald's evidence as far as he has carried it. If it had been pursued further, I should be in a better position to examine witnesses when they come before us.

"There were many points where my learned friend said 'I will take that up again.' I see no reason why that should not be carried out.

"It was necessary to maintain the confidence of the public. There was no reason why we should not exhaust the departmental enquiry before proceeding to the individual companies."

Quebec Counsel Satisfied.

Mr. Le Boeuf doubted if the interests of the policyholders would suffer by the revised mode of procedure. It really mattered little, he thought, whether Mr. Fitzgerald was examined now or later.

Mr. Shepley replied that he was fully sensible of the necessity of inspiring public confidence in the commission. He conceived, however, that the best means of inspiring public confidence was to consider the conduct of the enquiry as a whole. Mr. Hellmuth did not suggest that there would not be a thorough departmental enquiry. He did not know what Mr. Hellmuth's instructions were, whether he proposed to promote the thoroughness of the enquiry or to criticise at every turn those who were endeavoring to conduct it in the interests of the public. "I will not take the trouble," said Mr. Shepley, "to vindicate my own desire for a thorough and honest inquiry, for I know that when this investigation is brought to a close what we have done will be a subject of legitimate and proper criticism. So long as I am entrusted with the conduct of the enquiry I propose to act as seem in my own judgment best in the public interests."

Objects to Muzzle.

Mr. Hellmuth answered:

"If my learned friend's remarks mean I am not to say anything I should like to know it. Surely I'm not bound to accept by learned friend's judgment as final. I don't think he should say I do nothing but criticise."

Chairman Rules.

This reply brought forth an answer from the chairman, Judge MacTavish.

Mr. Shepley, he said, was appointed by the Government to aid the investigation. If he, the chairman, attempted to interfere, he would be interfering with the Government. He would not say arbitrary, "you must finish the examination of this witness before you proceed with another." This would be limiting the scope of the commission.

"I might simply refer to what has been referred to in the House, when it was said it would be on the lines of the state investigation in New York. On the grounds that Mr. Shepley has the conduct of the inquiry we will not interfere with his conduct."

The Manufacturers' Life Co.

The entire morning was taken up with the evidence of Mr. J. F. Junkin, managing director of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Co., who described the transfer of the control of shares of the old company from Mr. George Gooderham to Hon. George A. Cox. The control of the company remained in Mr. Cox's hands only a short time.

The withdrawal of the right of policyholders to vote by proxy which existed in one of the former companies was shown to be withdrawn in the new company.

Mr. Junkin could give little information as to the agreement between Mr. Cox and Mr. Gooderham regarding the transfer of the control of the Manufacturers' life.

An agreement was also produced showing that $10,000 was promised to be paid to Henry Sutherland, managing director of the Temperance & General Co., who retired when the company amalgamated with the Manufacturers' Life. The amount was to be paid in five annual instalments of $2,000 each, and Mr. Sutherland was bound not to disturb the business of any of the parties.

On the commencement of the afternoon session Mr. Junkin, for half an hour, corrected incorrect testimony given in the morning.

A Moral Dividend.

The attention of the commission was drawn to the fact that immediately on the formation of the new company in July, 1901, a dividend of 4 per cent. had been declared for the first half of the year 1901. The declaration was made on the list of shareholders as it stood in 1901.

"Was there any obligation on the part of either company to pay a dividend on June 10?"

"There was a moral one."

Big Stock Transfers.

"After the agreement was carried into effect and a new company was formed, there seemed to have been some considerable changes in the holdings of stock," observed Mr. Tilley. "Can you say whether during 1901, 1902 and 1903 there was any agreement made between certain persons as to acquiring stock in the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Co."

"Yes: Mr. Cox sold out his interest."

"That appeared to be in the year 1902," continued counsel. "I see the transfer from Mr. Cox to you of a large block of 4,000 shares is dated Sept. 1, 1902. Is that the transfer you mean?"

"That was part of it."

"Well, now, was that transfer made pursuant to an agreement that had been arrived at or to an agreement of some standing?"

"That particular transfer was due to an agreement made at the time as far as that purchase was concerned. Two thousand of the 4,000 went to D. D. Mann and the balance went to William Mackenzie of Mackenzie & Mann."

"The transaction, as far as they went concerned, took place at about that time."

Montrealers Had Option.

Had there been any previous arrangement as to the stock in the Manufacturers' Life?

"Yes, some Montreal gentlemen had an option on Mr. Cox. They were C. J. McCuaig and William Strong."

Continuing, witness said that he became responsible for the whole of the stocks as between himself and McCuaig and Strong, and it was about the time of amalgamation. That was while the bill was before the House.

Got $100,000 Loan.

"When you transferred the stock to MacKenzie and Mann, were you paid for it?"

"Yes, they paid cash."

"Did they obtain any accommodation?"

"They received a loan of $100,000 on Inverness Railway bonds and these shares."

"Then the real state of the transaction?"

"No."

"Then the real state of the transaction is this," said Mr. Tilley, "MacKenzie and Mann placed with the Manufacturers' Life certain Inverness Railway bonds at the time of the transfer to you of the 4,000 shares of Manufacturers' Life by Cox and a loan was made with a view to carrying out the purchase. That the same transaction referred to at the departmental inquiry at Ottawa?"

"Yes."

Witness said further that the par value of the bonds was $100,000 and the market value, $90,000.

The commission then adjourned to enable the Manufacturers' Life to get documents and books needed in further examination of the witness.

Crew Strikes and Leaves Train.

Ingersoll, April 26.—The train crew employed by the C. P. R. to run on the T.L.E. & P. between here and Port Burwell went on strike yesterday morning for higher wages and left their train standing in the yards.

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY

—Gents' White Dress Shirts, $1.00, for	79c
—Boys Overalls, size 4, 5, 6 years	35c
" " " 7 and 8 years	40c
—1 [illegible] Lace Curtains, worth $1.00 for	75c
—8c Tack hammers, each	5c
—Nickle plated towel racks (3 arms) for	10c
—Coat Hooks each	1c
—Carpet Tacks 2 packages for	5c
—Children's Brooms worth 10c, for	5c
—Ceiling Brooms, regular 25c for	20c
—Wooden towel rollers (stained), 10c for	5c
—Can openers, 10c each for	5c
—Gent's pipes, large assortment, 25c for	15c
—Dish mops, 5c, for 2 for	5c
—Red Cross Cough Syrup, 25c. for	11c
—Sample box Medical pills for Dyspepsia, 50c, for	10c

McINTOSH BROS.

SUBMERGED GUNS.

The Experiment of Firing a Cannon Buried Under Water.

The most curious experiment ever made with a piece of ordnance was at Portsmouth, England. A stage was erected in the harbor within the tide mark. On this an Armstrong gun of the 110 pound pattern was mounted. The gun was then loaded and carefully aimed at a target—all this, of course, during the time of low tide. A few hours later, when the gun and the target were both covered with water to a depth of six feet, the gun was fired by means of electricity. We said "aimed at a target," but the facts are that there were two targets, but only one was erected for this special experiment, the other being the hull of an old vessel, the Griper, which lay directly behind the target and in range of the ball. The target itself was placed only twenty-five feet from the muzzle of the gun. It was composed of oak beams and planks and was twenty-one inches thick.

In order to make the old Griper invulnerable a sheet of boiler plate three inches thick was riveted to the waterlogged hull in direct range with the course the ball was expected to take if not deflected by the water. On all of these—the oaken target, the boiler plates and the old vessel hull—the effect of the shot from the submerged gun was really startling. The wooden target was pierced through and through, and the boiler-iron target was broken into pieces and driven into its "backing," the ball passing right on through both sides of the vessel, making a huge hole, through which the water poured in torrents. Taken altogether, the experiment was an entire success, demonstrating, as it did, the feasibility of placing submerged guns in harbors in time of war and doing great damage to the vessels which an enemy might dispatch to such points for the purpose of shelling cities.—London Spectator.

The Sacred Bo Tree.

On the night of Oct. 7, 1887, the tree worshipers of Ceylon met with an irreparable calamity. During one of the worst storms that ever raged on the island their sacred bo tree was thrown to the ground. The oldest written description of this wonderful tree known to exist is that by Fa Hiam, a Chinese historian and traveler, who visited the tree in the year 414 A. D. According to the learned Chinaman, it was then 702 years old, having been planted by King Devinipiatissa in the year 288 before our era began. If the above data be correct, and there is no reason for doubting it, the bo tree was more than 2,175 years old when the storm ended its career on the date mentioned above.

Shifting the Blame.

It is the custom of the Khonds in the Madras presidency to offer a buffalo in sacrifice in substitution for the human victim, but in doing so they make long apologies to the deity, explaining that they themselves would willingly make the customary sacrifice, but are prevented by the British government, on whose head they pray that any anger at their neglect of duty may be visited.

Why He Quit.

"Did you read my novel, Criticus?"

"Well, I read as far as the chapter where the hero was shot, and then I quit."

"Oh, but the hero recovers in the next chapter."

"I was afraid he would. That's why I quit."

Piles Cured.

Suffering For Years, and Bed-Ridden From Piles, a Contractor of Marion, Indiana, is Cured by Pyramid Pile Cure.

Trial Package Mailed Free to All Who Send Name and Address.

"I was troubled with piles for several years before I would let it be known. But at last they became so severe that I could not walk and I had to take to my bed. I tried everything and anything the doctors prescribed, and took their treatments for a long time. But nothing ever did me any good. I had seen your ad. in different newspapers, so I got a 50-cent box and began using them. From the very first I got quick relief and by the time I was starting on my third box I saw I was cured. I have not been troubled with them since. Now you can use this as you please, because it is genuine. Yours, T. A. Sutton, Stone and Cement Contractor, Marion, Ind."

Instant relief can be gotten by using the marvelous Pyramid Pile Cure. It immediately reduces all congestion and swelling, heals all sores, ulcers and irritated parts.

The moment you start to use it your suffering ends and the cure of your dread disease is in sight.

The Pyramid Pile Cure renders a surgical operation unnecessary. Don't hack to pieces those tender muscles, which must be intact if a satisfactory cure is to be obtained.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is put up in the form of "easy-to-use," specially made, suppositories. They are soothing, painless, instant and certain.

A trial treatment will be sent you at once by mail, in plain, sealed wrapper, without a cent of expense to you, if you send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 3879 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

After you receive the sample, you can get a regular-size package of Pyramid Pile Cure at your druggist's for 50 cents, or if he hasn't it, send us the money and we will send it to you.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Higher—Live Stock Markets —The Latest Quotations.

Wednesday Evening, April 25.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ½d higher than yesterday, and corn futures ½d higher.

At Chicago May wheat closed ¼d higher than yesterday; May corn ¼c lower, and May oats ¼c lower.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	87⅝	85⅝
Minneapolis	76½	79½
Duluth	79⅛	80⅜
St. Louis	80½	81½
Toledo	85	81½

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush	$0 74 to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 77	0 79
Wheat, red, bush	0 77	0 79
Wheat, goose, bush	0 73	....
Barley, bush	0 51	....
Oats, bush	0 40	....
Rye, bush	0 76	....
Peas, bush	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 25.—Wheat, spot nominal; futures, quiet; May, 6s 8⅛d; July, 6s 7½d; Sept., 6s 7d. Corn, spot, firm; American mixed, new, 4s 6½d; American mixed, old, 4s 9¼d; futures, quiet; May, 4s 6d; July, 4s 4⅝d.

Bacon, Cumberland cut, quiet, 48s 6d; long clear middles, light, quiet, 47s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, quiet, 47s 6d. Shoulders, square, quiet, 40s 6d. Cheese, American finest colored, steady, 60s 6d.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 25.—Butter, quiet and steady; receipts, 6034; renovated, common to extra, 10c to 18c; western factory, common to extra, 11c to 15½c.

Cheese, firm; receipts, 3585; skims, full to light, 1½c to 7c.

Eggs, easy; receipts, 22,000. State Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected, choice, 19c; western, firsts, 18½c; do., seconds, 17c; southerns, 15½c to 17c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Cattle Steady, Hogs Lower at Chicago.

London, April 25.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8c to 8¼c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, April 25.—(Special.)—Receipts were 000 cattle, 100 milch cows, 2000 calves, 2000 hogs and 100 sheep and lambs. Out of the above number of hogs over 1000 were bought in the west by a leading packing concern, consequently the offerings on the market were not excessive, for which the demand was good and prices ruled firm at the recent advance. Sales of selected lots were made at $7.75 to $7.85 per 100 lbs., weighed off cars. There was an easier feeling in the market for cattle, and prices declined ¼c per lb., which was due entirely to the limited demand, as the supply was small. There was some demand from exporters, and they paid 5¼c for a few extra choice, and the butchers paid 5c to 5¼c; pretty good sold at 4c to 4½c, and common 2¾c to 3¾c per lb. There were a number of good milchers on the market, and prices were nearly $5 per head lower than such cows would sell for three weeks ago, ranging from $40 to $55 each. Calves sold at $1.25 to $7 each. Sheep sold at 4c to 5¼c per lb. Spring lambs sold at $3 to $6 each.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 25.—Cattle—Receipts, light; slow; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.65; shipping, $4.65 to $5.15; butchers', $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.50.

Veals—Receipts, 500 head; active, $4.50 to $5.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 2200 head; slow and lower; heavy, mixed and yorkers, $6.80 to $6.85; pigs, $6.50 to $6.60; roughs, $6 to $6.15; stags, $4.25 to $4.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 6800 head; active; wool lambs, 25c higher; clipped, 10c higher; wool lambs, $6.25 to $7.60; yearlings, $6.25 to $6.50; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75; clipped lambs, $5 to $6; one lot fancy, $6.10.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 25.—Beeves—Receipts, 1802. Steers opened slow to a shade lower; closed steady. Bulls, steady; cows, slow and medium cows easier; steers, $4.50 to $5.75; oxen, $3.80; stockers, $3; bulls, $3.25 to $4.35; cows, $1.90 to $4. Exports, 4100 quarters of beef to-morrow, 694 cattle and 139 sheep.

Calves—Receipts, 4943; veals, 15c to 25c higher; veals, $4 to $5.75; choice, $5.87½; few tops, $6.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 7023; sheep, firm; lambs, 15c to 25c higher. Wooled sheep, $4 to $6; clipped, do., $3.50 to $5; clipped lambs, $5.50 to $6; one car, $6.25; wooled lambs, $7 to $8; prime spring lambs, $5 to $5.50 each.

Hogs—Receipts, 6358; feeling weak; state and Pennsylvania hogs, $6.90.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000; market steady and slow; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.35; cows, $3.25 to $4.00; heifers, $2.75 to $5.35; bulls, $2.60 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.85.

Hogs—Receipts, 24,000; market 10c lower; choice to prime, heavy, $6.45 to $6.52½; medium to heavy, good, $6.40 to $6.45; butchers' weights, $6.46 to $6.50; good to choice, heavy, mixed, $6.40 to $6.45; packing, $5.65 to $6.45.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 20,000; market firm; sheep, $4.50 to $6.30; yearlings, $5.25 to $6.25; lambs, $5 to $7.25.

BASEBALL WEDNESDAY.

American League Results.

At Detroit—Detroit and Cleveland started to play in a drizzle, lost half an hour thru a heavy rainfall, and were forced to stop playing because of darkness with the score tied at the end of the eighth. Attendance, 2000. Score:

		R.H.E.
Detroit	0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	—2 9 1
Cleveland	0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0	—2 6 0

Batteries—Mullen and Warner; Joss and Buelow. Umpire—O'Loughlin. (Called at end of the eighth inning on account of darkness.)

At Philadelphia—

		R.H.E.
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	—0 6 1
Philadelphia	0 2 3 0 0 0 0 0 *	—5 11 0

Batteries—Gibson, Young, Peterson and Graham; Waddell and Schreck. Umpires—Evans and Hurst.

At St. Louis—

		R.H.E.
St. Louis	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 2 *	—4 10 2
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	—2 6 5

Batteries—Howell and Rickey; Owen and Sullivan. Umpires—Conner and Connolly.

At Washington—

		R.H.E.
Washington	3 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 *	—7 10 2
New York	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0	—2 12 2

Batteries—Patten and Kittredge; Elberfield, Chesbro, Kleinow and McGuire. Attendance—3418. Umpire—Sheridan.

National League Scores.

At Cincinnati—

		R.H.E.
Cincinnati	2 2 0 0 2 1 1 0 0	—8 5 2
St. Louis	0 3 0 0 1 0 0 1 0	—5 13 4

Batteries—Weimer, Ewing and Phelps; Hoelsketter, Thielman and Holmes. Umpires—Klem and Carpenter.

At Boston—

		R.H.E.
Boston	0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1	—3 6 1
Brooklyn	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	—2 7 7

Batteries—Young and Needham; McIntyre and Bergen. Umpire—O'Day.

At New York—

		R.H.E.
Philadelphia	2 0 0 0 2 0 2 1 0	—7 12 0
New York	2 0 0 0 1 2 4 0 *	—9 10 1

Batteries—Nichols, Lush, Kane, Sparks and Doolin; Ames, Bowerman and Bresnahan. Attendance—4000. Umpires—Emslie and Conway.

At Chicago—

		R.H.E.
Chicago	0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	—3 7 5
Pittsburg	0 0 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 1	—4 8 1

Batteries—Pfeister and Moran; Willis and Gibson. Umpire—Johnstone.

MAGIC SODA
TRADE MARK
OR
SALERATUS
IS THE BEST.
E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Rex Chocolates

If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes. Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,
Home Bakery, Front St.

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For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

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Prescriptions carefully compounded.

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Maybe you think of Mooney's Sodas only as a toothsome tidbit. Don't overlook their food value

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

are made of finest Canadian wheat flour, pure butter and rich cream. There's nothing else of equal size and cost that contains so much wholesome nourishment.
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All grocers have them—fresh and crisp in 1 & 3 lb. packages.

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McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date arriages in style, finish an material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St. Bdlleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money

J. A. ROSE,
Manager Belleville Branch.

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For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1817.
CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up
$24,000,000
(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.
Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.
R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

Spring Wallpaper

The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

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WOODEN TUBS.
FIBRE TUBS.
WASH BOARDS.
CLOTHES LINES.
WHITEWASH BRUSHES.
SCRUB BRUSHES.
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CHANCEY ASHLEY
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Opposite Post Office Belleville

Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

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LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 | BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1906. | NO. 311

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

China Sale

The Balance of our Fancy China will be sold at

33 1-3 p.c. Discount

to make room for our new goods which are commencing to arrive.

ONE WEEK

From Wednesday, Morning, 25th inst., To Tuesday Evening, May 1st.

STROUDS

Sales Mean Real Bargains.

TEXAS TOWN WRECKED.

Tornado Cut Swath of a Mile Wide For Eight Miles and Swept Bellevue Into Ruins.

Bellevue, Texas, April 27.—A tornado, which swept through this place last night, destroyed everything in its path, and as a result practically the entire town is a mass of ruins.

Only three buildings are now standing, and at least eleven persons are dead and a number are injured.

The tornado was followed by fire, which consumed the wreckage.

The town consisted of over 200 houses.

The whole business section of the town, and all stocks of merchandise were destroyed.

The tornado was a mile wide and traveled eight miles, levelling everything in its path, ruining crops and destroying all farm-houses and buildings on the way.

This section is thickly settled and it will be late to-day before there are complete reports of the dead.

PREPARE FOR THE WORST.

Extra Troops by Thousands to Protect Paris May Day.

Paris, April 27.—The prefect of police, M. Lepine, yesterday made a reassuring reply to hundreds of letters which anxious persons had addressed to the police. He said that all precautions had been taken to maintain order in the streets May 1, and prevent attempts against life or property.

Besides the full police force, which will be on duty, reinforcements, consisting of 28,000 infantry, cavalry and artillery, which will arrive here by Saturday.

In addition to the troops mentioned, eight squadrons of cavalry relieved from duty in the mining regions, have been brought to Paris, and dragoons and hussars are coming from many other points.

The Government has received the most positive assurance that the labor leaders do not intend to permit any disorder May 1.

EDMONTON IS CAPITAL.

Alberta Legislature Decides Question By Two-Thirds Vote.

Edmonton, Alta., April 27.—The location of the permanent capital was settled in the House Wednesday, 16 voting for Edmonton against 4 for Calgary.

The legislative buildings will be placed on the site of the old Hudson Bay fort, which was the capital of western Canada in 1776.

ALLAN BOWSFIELD DEAD.

Was Father of Hon. Frank Oliver and Local Preacher.

Brampton, April 27.—Allan Bowsfield, one of the oldest residents of the County of Peel, died here yesterday at the age of 81. He was a prominent and influential Methodist and local preacher. Hon. Frank Oliver, Minister of the Interior, is a son of his.

Gratefully Declined.

Canada's Donation to 'Frisco Sufferers Turned Down.

President Roosevelt Declares Outside Aid For San Francisco Is Not Required—Detailed Damage From Northern Towns In California—Five Hundred Teams Haul Supplies—Japanese Contribute $200,000.

Ottawa, April 27.—Before the orders of the day were called in the House yesterday, Hon. Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, read the following telegram, received by the Governor-General:

"Washington, April 25.—Earl Grey, Ottawa: I am requested by the President of the United States to convey to the Government of the Dominion of Canada, from the people of the United States, their deepest gratitude and most profound appreciation of the magnificent contribution which your Government has proffered towards the relief of the distressed citizens of San Francisco. They feel sure that the Government of Canada will understand that they no less appreciate this generous proffer because of their conclusion that outside assistance will be unnecessary. —(Signed) Durand."

Mr. Fielding suggested that the estimate be carried, so that it should, if necessary, be available hereafter.

Damage in Northern Counties.

News has just been received at San Francisco of the damage done by the earthquake of April 18 in the northern counties of California. In Lakeport, Lake County, a large portion of the fire wall of the Lakeview Hotel crashed through the porches and brick annex. Several other brick blocks were cracked, chimneys toppled over throughout the town and show windows of business houses for the full length of Main street were scattered. No one was injured. At Albion, Mendocino County, the Occidental Hotel is a wreck. All the big saw mills in the region will have to shut down for some time. There were no lives lost. At Anderson, in Shasta County, chimneys tumbled down and windows, dishes and furniture of houses were demolished. There are many wide fissures in the earth. Slides along the southern Humboldt Lumber Co.'s railroad line did thousands of dollars damage to their dam across Indian Creek.

"Emergency Orders."

Orders have been issued by the officials of the Carnegie Steel Co., at Pittsburg, making all contracts for structural and other steel material to be used in the reconstruction of San Francisco "emergency orders," and giving them precedence over all other contracts.

The C. P. R. steamship Amur, which was placed at the disposal of merchants of Vancouver and Victoria by the company, left Vancouver Wednesday laden with supplies donated to San Francisco sufferers. There was only 25 tons of vacant space, which would be more than filled at Victoria.

500 Teams Haul Relief Supplies.

Five hundred teams were hauling supplies to the sixty odd relief depots Thursday. There is still a scarcity of sugar and coffee, and an urgent and pressing need for more blankets, cots and tents.

The Dairymen's Association will furnish milk free to the relief organizations until May 1.

Jap Emperor Gives $100,000.

The Emperor of Japan has donated $100,000 for the relief of the people of San Francisco, and the business men at Tokio and Osaka have contributed a like sum.

In response to an appeal from Sir Chentung Liang Cheng, the Chinese Minister at Washington, the Chinese of Hong Kong yesterday remitted a first installment of $10,000 in gold for the relief of the sufferers by the San Francisco disaster.

41 Dead at Santa Rosa.

At Santa Rosa latest figures show 41 dead, 63 injured and 7 missing. Twenty fires started, but the water supply was unimpaired, and within three hours the flames were under control. Santa Rosa knew nothing of the destruction of San Francisco until the arrival from there of a trainload of 1,000 refugees begging for help that could not be given them.

Consuls Missing.

The Danish consul at San Francisco, H. H. Birkholm, has not been heard from since the earthquake. The French embassy at Washington also is still trying to get trace of the French consul-general at San Francisco, who has failed to respond to all enquiries directed to him.

The United States Government has declined the $75,000 subscription to the relief fund tendered by the Empress of China, but it is probable that this money will be sent direct to Chinese representatives in San Francisco for the use of the homeless Chinese.

Nine charitable organizations in Hong Kong have subscribed $40,000, and smaller amounts have been contributed in other cities.

SINCLAIR'S

Saturday Night Specials

7 TO 9:30 P.M.

Ladies' Coats

—12 Only Ladies' Fawn Covert Cloth Pony Coats, sizes 34, 36 and 38, newest spring styles, regular price $7.50, $8.50 and $9.50, sale price Saturday night...... $6.50

Wash Goods 11c

—15 Pieces, about 450 yards new wash goods, from 15c to 20c per yd including linen suitings, ginghams and cotton voiles, sale price Saturday night...... 11c

Buster Belts 19c

—5 Doz. navy, cardinal, black, myrtle and brown Buster Belts, made with two large metal buckles, sale price Saturday night...... 19c

Embroidery 19c

—10 Pieces of Corset Cover Embroidery, all new patterns, 15 in. wide, regular price 25c, Saturday night 19c

Corsets 59c

—3 Dozen assorted Girdles and habit hip corsets, with hose supporters, sizes 19 to 26, regular price 75c, Saturday night...... 59c

Allover Laces 25c

—6 Pieces 18 inch Allover lace in cream and white, regular price 40 and 50c, sale price Saturday night per yard...... 25c

Cashmere Hose 25c

—5 Dozen summer weight cashmere hose, pure Llama wool, embroidered, regular price 40c, sale price Saturday night...... 25c

Sicilians 69c

—12 Pieces 50 and 54 inch Dress Sicilians from $1.00 to $1.35, in brown, navy and myrtle colorings, on sale Saturday night at...... 69c

Collars 25c

—1 Gross 144 Ladies' silk, chiffon and lace Stock Collars from 35c to 50c, on sale Saturday night...... 25c

Skirts and Gowns 69c

—6 Dozen Ladies' Lace and embroidery trimmed white skirts and gowns from 85c to $1.25, on sale Saturday night...... 69c

Sinclair's

Gow to Pay $300.

Peterboro, April 27.—Peter McAuliffe, found guilty of manslaughter, was yesterday morning sentenced to three years and six months in the Kingston penitentiary.

In [illegible] civil action of Robert D. Hill, of Dummer, against Charles Gow, seeking $1,000 damages for the shooting of his son Thomas, who was killed by a bullet from Gow's rifle on Aug. 24 last year, the jury returned a verdict in favor of plaintiff for $300 and costs.

Hill Orders Rails at Soo.

Sault Ste. Marie, April 27.—James J. Hill has placed an order for 20,000 tons of steel rails with the Algoma Steel Co. for roads in the Canadian Northwest. The company is now working on a 61,000-ton contract for the Canadian Pacific.

Toronto Horse Show.

Toronto, April 27.—The second day of the Canadian Horse Show saw very few scratches in any of the classes, and a very large attendance in the evening.

Preston Coming Back.

London, April 27.—(C. A. P.)—Mr. Preston in a few days will sail for Canada.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, April 27.—Although there were protests in the Liberal caucus yesterday morning against the Government's position in regard to the Atlantic Trading Co., Government supporters put up a united front in the House. The debate was finally adjourned till Tuesday.

The Senate concurred in the Commons' invitation to His Majesty King Edward to visit Canada.

An Ayrshire Miner Killed.

Glace Bay, April 27.—Joseph Pringle, an Ayrshire miner, who came out with sixty others on the Corinthian a week ago, died last evening from injur re-
ceived in No. 2 pit yesterday afte n.
Pringle was occupied with shooti
loading when several tons of coa
down upon him inflicting fatal i
He leaves a wife and five child
Scotland.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

25 Cent Sale

FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

The success of our last season's sale has prompted us to again make these special offerings at this popular price.

Some of the items represent goods that for one reason or other we desire to clear at once and are marked at but a fraction of their original prices. Others are the outcome of fortunate purchases. All represent ***EXTRA VALUE*** and as such are worthy of your inspection. Read over the list and be on hand Friday morning. Your quarters will have many times their usual purchasing value :—

50c Dress Goods 25c

350 yards fancy spot and figured Lustres, light weight, suitable for waists, summer suits and children's dresses, 9 different colors, reg. price 50c, sale price 25c

$1.25 Trimmings 25c

Assorted lot of Dress trimmings in laces, appliques, insertions and edgings, mostly in short lengths, in black, cream and colors, regular price from 50c to $1 yd, sale price 25c

Lace Collars 25c

Assorted lot of cream and white lace collars, including the new Duchess lace, very latest for summer wear, these are direct importation from the continent, special value at our sale...... 25c

Kid Gloves 25c

A lot of ladies fine black kid gloves in 5¾ and 6 only some of them slightly soiled, regular price 75c to $1.25, sale price...... 25c

Hosiery 25c

An assorted lot of ladies' cotton hosiery in tans, black, black with white feet, black with white spot, black with lace ankle, tan with spot, all sizes including the outside sizes, Hermsdoff Dye, reg. worth up to 35c, sale price.. 25c

Heavy Cotton Hose 2 pair for 25c

Heavy cotton stockings in fine ribb, tripple knee, knee, heel and toe, seamless feet, fast black, perfect fitting, special value 15c pr. on sale...... 2 pair for 25c

Dress shields 2 pr. 25c

4 doz. special Nainsook covered dress shields, sizes 2 and 3, a good serviceable shield, special sale price ...... 2 pr. for 25c

Mending Yarn 25 Cards for 25c

An assorted lot of mending yarn in cotton and wool, odd shades, reg. 3c, sale price 1c or 25 cards for 25c

Cushion Cords 2 yds for 25c

An assorted lot of fine silk cushion cords, wide range in popular shades, in mixed and plain colors, reg. 20c yard, sale price ...... 2 yards for 25c

Wash Goods 25c

A large table filled with dainty wash goods, including cotton voiles, ginghams, muslins, linens, chambrays, etc., in all colors and wide range of handsome designs including some of the very latest patterns, reg. price up to 50c yd. on sale.. 25c

Fine Lawn, 3 yds. 25c

100 yds. fine soft pure bleached lawn, free from dressing, 39 in. wide (note the width reg. price 15c, on sale...... 3 yds for 25c

Heavy Sheeting 25c

100 yds. plain and twilled pure bleached heavy cotton sheeting, 2 yds wide, sold at 30c, sale price...... 25c

Fine Towels 25c

50 pairs of fine linen towels in pure and half bleached qualities, fringed and hemmed special for our sale per pair 25c

Fine Table Linen 25c

65 yards half bleached table linen, special imported quality, 54 in. wide, new lily design, excellent value at our sale...... 25c

Pearl Buttons 3 Cards for 25c

An assorted lot of fine pearl buttons, ranging from the large coat size to the small trimming button, from 3 to 16 on a card, regular price 15c card, sale price ...... 3 cards for 25c

Ladies' and Children's Underwear 25c

One table containing odd lines of ladies' and children's summer underwear include some from the best makers, prices range from 35c to $1, price per garment, if your size is here...... 25c

Tape Girdles 25c

Crompton's tape girdle summer corsets, all sizes, regularly sold at 35c, special for our sale 25c

Whitewear 25c

Odd lines of corset covers, drawers, etc., trimmed with lace and insertion, regular price up to 75c, to clear up our stock of all odds and ends at per garment...... 25

Lawn Blouses 25c

An assorted lot of ladies' white and colored blouses in muslin, lawns, etc., prices range from 50c to $1.00, sale price...... 25c

Handkerchiefs 3 for 25c

10 dozen Ladies' Handkerchiefs, fancy assorted designs, regular 15c and 20c qualities, sale price...... 3 for 25c

Taffeta Ribbons 25c

Heavy quality taffeta silk ribbon in all the newest shades, including black and white 4 1-4 in. wide, coming direct from the largest ribbon house in the world to our counters, the best value procurable at our sale price 25c

Boys' Caps 25c

Boys' Caps in English Tweeds and Worsteds, a special cash purchase enables us to offer this exceptional value regular price 50c, on sale 25c

Silk Ribbons 10 yds. 25c

An assorted lot of silk ribbons, different widths, all colors, the regular price of these ribbons 5c to 10c, to clear at our sale 10 yds, 25c

Men's Suspenders 25c

50 pairs odd lines suspenders, good elastic webbing, to clear at our sale, regular price 35c, 40c, 50c, for...... 25c

Men's Cashmere Hose 2 pr. for 25c

Men's fine imported cashmere hose, we bought large variety to get a close price, on sale for...... 2 pair for 25c

Art Sateen 25c

An assorted lot of fine art sateen, suitable for drapes, coverings, etc., big range of colorings and designs, regular price 30c, 35c and 40c, sale price...... 25c

Art Ticking 25c

One line of art ticking in several designs and harmonious colorings, good materials for covering, etc, reg. price 38c, sale price 25c

Muslin 25c

Fancy stripe muslin, with and without frill, dainty goods for bedroom curtains and small windows in fancy pale blue and pink stripe, 32 in. wide, reg. price 38c for.. 25c

$1.25 Marseilles Quilts For 89c

A mill purchase of 100 fine white Marseilles Quilts, slightly soiled in making, large, 11-4 size, manufactured to sell at $1.25, special purchase price while they last...... ***89c***

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

ON SALE

Saturday Evening

: : AT 7.30 O'CLOCK : :

Read this list carefully. Every one of them money savers. All seasonable goods.

17 PIECES PLAIN AND FANCY

Mohair Dress Goods

All this season's importations, in shades of greys, navy, brown, fawn and black, our present regular selling prices for these goods are $1 00 and $1.25 yard, special sale price on SATURDAY EVENING

67c per yard

This very special price is for *Sat. Evening Only.*

Fancy Lawns

10 Pieces navy and white, and black and white, fancy printed Lawns, beautiful fine quality, suitable for summer dresses, waists and children's dresses, regular price 15c yard SATURDAY EVENING

10c per yard

Children's Hosiery

About 20 Dozen Children's Fine Ribbed Imported Stockings in black with white feet, sizes 5, 5½, 6 1-2 and 7 only, regular price 20c pair, SATURDAY EVENING

9c per pair

Figured Denims & Cretonnes

10 Pieces Assorted Heavy English and American Denims and Cretonnes, all good patterns and colorings, sold at 20c and 25c yd., SATURDAY EVENING

12 1-2c per yard

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

He's Awful Hard On His Clothes . . .

So said the mother of a rosy-cheeked, handsome young fellow, as she brought him in for a new suit.

We sold her one of our new *Hewson Tweed Suits*—we know this suit will please her, and we know that to wear it out will

Keep the Boy Busy

Our Boys' Suits are made from strong, yet attractive fabrics—well sewn, with all points where the strain comes made doubly strong.

We know exactly what kind of clothes growing boys need and we see that they get them.

Our Boys' Suits will appeal to the taste, while our prices make a strong appeal to the purse.

COME ON IN.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

Saturday Night Sale!

10 Pieces Fancy Ginghams and Chambrays for suiting, regular price 15c, on sale per yard.... 12½c

5 Pieces White Mercerized Blousing, regular price 15c, on sale at per yd.... 12½c

3 Pieces white duck Suiting reg. 15c, on sale at per yd 12½c

10 Pieces Taffeta Ribbon, 4 inches wide, colors white, pink, sky, red, regular price 20c, on sale at per yard.... 12½c

20 Dozen Embroidered Doylies, regular price 10c each, on sale at 5c each or per dozen.... 50c

3 Dozen Corset Covers, regular price 35c, on sale at 19c

2 Dozen white underskirts, reg. 75c, on sale each at.. 57c

2 Pieces 70 inch Bleached Table Linen, regular price 60c, on sale at per yd *(This is a Great Snap.)*.... 39c

2 Pieces Unbleached Table Linen 64 inches wide, regular price 60c, on sale at per yard.... 39c

12 Only Bleached Table Cloths, 2 yds. square, slightly imperfect, reg. price $1.75, on sale each at.... 95c

10 Dozen Men's Cotten Sox, ribbed tops, regular price 12 1-2c, pair, Saturday night 3 pairs for.... 25c

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

A Laurier Government Failure.

The Laurier Government has created a most extraordinary situation in Canada's trade relations, which should be better understood as a result of Monday's discussion in the House of Commons. Led by Mr. Fielding the ministers splurged into a tariff war with the continental country of the greatest market for such products as Canada exports. The trouble, says the Montreal Gazette, goes back to the time of the short lived "reciprocal tariff" introduced by Mr. Fielding in 1897. That tariff was announced as a revolutionary measure. It was to make the nations sit up and look around. It made Great Britain look around, in order that she might retain for her merchants the most favored nation treatment they had long enjoyed in the German Empire. Then she got on sufferance what had before been hers by treaty right. None of the nations sent ambassadors to Mr Fielding to secure the reciprocity he had announced himself ready to grant, nor did there seem any promise of such sending. The "reciprocal tariff" was abandoned and the British preferential tariff took its place, which, besides being a new thing, was advertised as an evidence of the loyalty of the politicians who had lately been advocating unrestricted reciprocity with the United States. It maintained the principle of a double tariff, and put Germany and all other foreign countries except France on the least favored list. France was excepted, there being in existance a special treaty in her favor, not secured by the Laurier Government. Germany, which stood fourth or fifth among the nations as a purchaser of Canadian merchandise, did what Canada had done, and imposed the maximum tariff on imports from this country. This created a bad enough situation, which was not improved when what was in effect a third schedule was added to the Canadian tariff and a surtax was imposed on all German merchandise imported. The result of what may be called a little tariff war has not been satisfactory. The fruit growers at their recent convention pointed out that it was especially injurious to their interests. It is calculated to injuriously affect other departments of agricultural production. Germany imports some $140,000,000 worth of agricultural products annually. It includes, flour, wheat, barley, corn, rye, beef and pork, mutton and fruit All of these are produced in Canada for export, some of them in increasing quantity. It is to the advantage of all that the widest range of markets should be secured for them. The one effect of the Laurier Government's tariff policy has been to practically close to them the largest and most rapidly developing market in continental Europe. When attention is drawn to the fact in Parliament, the reply of the Minister of Finance is that every patriotic Canadian approved of the action of the Government in instituting the surtax, which is not the truth, and in saying that the German market is not much of a market anyway, which is not good sense. The Government has had nine years in which to show what it can do in the following out of its policy. It has done nothing good. It has secured no new markets for Canadian produce. It has been instrumental in closing, partly at least, one large market. It thinks this should be satisfactory, and its members are insolent to men who draw attention to its failure. It is likely to find that it is making an error. The splurge that does no harm may be borne with. The splurge that causes mischief to the country's commerce can only be resented.

Good Nature May Be Costly.

"Don't look so glum, Pilkerton. Use cheery words. They cost nothing."

"Cost nothing! If I speak ten cheery words to my wife, she asks me for some money."

A Little Misunderstanding.

"Sir, your son's performance on the French horn is execrable. It will drive everybody from my house. You told me he was a teacher."

"I did not. I said he was a tooter."

Men are often capable of greater things than they perform. They are sent into the world with bills of credit and seldom draw to their full extent.—Walpole.

A quick lunch maketh a slow liver.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Qui
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

TIMELY TOPICS.

With forty-three majority in the Legislature, Hon. Mr. Whitney is doing nicely, thank you.

• • •

Now they have had a tornado in the U. S. Dear, dear! What a country that must be to live in! Canada will do for us.

• • •

Regina has decided to pay $10,000 a year for a publicity department to attract attention to the city. Toronto has voted $5,000 for a similar purpose, and Ottawa has recently selected a newspaper man at $1,500 to attract manufacturers and others to the Capital. The community which doesn't sound its own horn these days is apt to become very much of a has-been.

• • •

A man who isn't satisfied with the weather we are having these days should be compelled to go and live in a country where earthquakes and cyclones are matters of daily occurrence.

• • •

Talking of cyclones, though, it wouldn't be so bad if one of them carried away that building on the Corby park.

• • •

EYES OPENED.

(Ottawa Citizen.)

We now understand how this country got loaded up with all this consignments of Doukhobors, Galicians, and other low-grade immigrants. And the Laurier Government connived with the grafters who drew $5 a head for them.

• • •

Hereafter in the public schools of Lynchburg, Va., the increase of teachers salaries is to depend upon efficiency. This is to be ascertained by having the superintendent and supervising principals report on the work of the teachers as to six points; discipline, knowledge of subject, method and manner, moral influence, professional interest and health.

• • •

According to the latest report of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, 15,676 messages, containing 203,276 words, were sent and received during the past year. That is just about double the business done the year before. Still, we agree with the Boston Herald, it is evident that wireless telegraphy has got to grow considerably before it becomes really imposing in its proportions.

• • •

An American exchange says: Who wants a strike? Evidently the coal operators. They are ready for it. They have large stocks of anthracite on hand and they are better prepared for a battle with the miners than ever before. A few of their number, indeed, may desire to effect a compromise with the miners, but a majority feel that the time has come when they can fight a pitched battle and by winning it destroy the effectiveness of the miners' organization and make themselves complete masters of the anthracite industry. It remains to be seen whether such a victory would would be worth all that it will cost. As for the consumers—oh, well, what's the use of talking about them?

• • •

The fruit growers in the vicinity of Grimsby do not propose to be held up by the manufacturers of crates and baskets any longer than they absolutely have to. They are organizing a joint stock company among themselves, and by the time that the fruit is ripe they expect to be turning out enough baskets to supply the whole district. That is the way. Knock the combine on the head every time it shows itself.

• • •

At the Teachers' Association meeting the other day, Dr. Pyne expressed the hope that the public indifference, especially as to the public schools was at an end. It had been glibly said Ontario had the best school system in the world, allowing the child to enter at the kindergarten and pass directly through the public and high schools to the university, but he opined that few pupils got a through ticket. Ninety-five per cent. never got beyond the public school station.

• • •

The enormous number of students in Germany is made known by recent reports from official sources. There are at the present time in the various universities in the German Empire 42,390 students, an increase of more than 2,500 from last year. A large number of these are women. In the year of 1875-76 there were in these institutions but 16,094 students, so that in a generation the enormous increase in the number is plainly seen. The greatest trend among the students is toward the law, and there are fewer medical students than ever before. The number of women students is constantly increasing.

• • •

The great west has a certain assurance and conceit which are refreshing, but there are many who will object to the tone which is adopted in dealing with the east. The Manitoba Free Press, for instance, has the following: From the western point of view there is something amusing about Montreal's rebukes to Toronto's aspirations. Says the Montreal Gazette, for instance: "One of the Toronto newspapers now demands that the Canadian Pacific Railway establish headquarters in Toronto, with full power to accommodate all the business without reference to Montreal. The tail should be allowed to wag the dog, so to speak, when necessary." It is only a matter of time, of course, until Winnipeg becomes the headquarters city of Canada.

• • •

A London insurance company has refused to pay a large accident policy on the life of a New Orleans man who was recently killed in an automobile accident. The ground taken for this refusal is a singular one and will hardly be sustained by the courts. The company contends that most automobilists are monomaniacs on the subject of speeding their machines, and that the company should not be held responsible for deaths resulting from the actions of a person while insane.

FRESH

Sweet Pea Seed, 5c an oz.; Nasturtium, Tall, 10c an oz.; Nasturtium, Dwarf, 10c an oz.

LAWN GRASS SEED

the best lawn grass mixture you can use. Will produce a vigorous, permanent sod. 25c a lb.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

"OUR BEST ADVERTISEMENT."

You have noticed more than once to the effect that "A satisfied customer is our best advertisement." As in the local shop windows a legend a general rule the patrons of a great transportation company like the Canadian Pacific Railway do not express their satisfaction in so many words, but just occasionally a more appreciative traveller than usual voices the opinions of the majority, and behold—"our best advertisement."

The following letter from the well-known Toronto divine, Rev. Dr. Sutherland, speaks for itself:

"Vancouver, B. C., Mar. 30, 1906.

"E J Coyle, Esq., Passenger Dept., C. P. R., Vancouver.

"My Dear Sir, — Permit me, before embarking for the Orient, to express my high appreciation of the courteous attention extended to me by yourself and other officers of the Company. My room on the "Empress of Japan" is all that could be desired, and will contribute much to the comfort and satisfaction of my trip across the Pacific. It will always afford me pleasure not only to speak in high terms of the completeness of the Company's travelling equipment, but to make any practical acknowledgment in my power of the kindness that has been shown me. With best wishes, believe me,

Yours faithfully,
A. SUTHERLAND."

Reading Fortunes In The Tea Leaves.

Reading fortunes from the tea leaves left in a cup can, with the exercise of a little imagination and humour, produce much merriment. It comes in opportunely at the doubtful half hour just after a "company" when the machinery of pleasure-giving is not always running quite smoothly.

After the tea has been drunk — leaving but a few drops to "carry the grounds," the enquirer must make a wish, repeating it in mind three times, after which the tea cup must be whirled around vigorously to grow the grounds as much as possible into the upper part of the cup This must be done three times from right to left, when the cup is turned over into the saucer to "settle the affairs of the future," given three turns again from left to right, and then handed to the fortune teller, without looking into the cup one's self, or else, so the oracle says, the spell will be broken.

The prophet or prophetess then picks up and begins reading from the bottom of the cup (the past) and then around, spiral fashion, until the top (present or near future) is reached; or three cups may be used — one for the past, the second for the present, the third for the future.

A man is indicated by a long, hard leaf, with something that suggests a hat or cane, or legs that fork.

A woman by a light colored leaf that spreads, to indicate a gown, or with something atop that may be imagined to represent a woman's headgear.

A figure in a kneeling position denotes an offer of marriage, either made or received. Groups of dots near mean acceptance. If these are absent the suit will be rejected.

One figure alone surrounded by a group of grounds premises a lover or a sweetheart.

A figure alone with no grounds near means single blessedness at the time indicated by its position in the cup.

A heart promises a love affair and much pleasure.

Two hearts a marriage.

Two figures near together, with no grounds very near means an engagement.

Three figures together is the sign of a speedy marriage.

A love letter is indicated by four dots forming a square. If near the top it will be received in a short time An extra dot within the square, or just outside, means good news; many small specks about it bad news.

Three dots in a group promises the granting of your wish, as does a triangle.

A number of tea leaves, short and tall, means a company of great and small

Crosses mean adversity.

A ring, a happy marriage.

Dots in the form of a parallelogram, sickness or bad news.

Fine dots reaching in a long line, a journey. Many dots clustered about the end of the line means many new friends and pleasures.

An anchor if at the bottom of the cup, means success, at the top, love; in the middle constancy; if surrounded by clouds the course of true love will not run smooth.

A star, if not surrounded by clouds means happiness; if circled by dots, long life.

Mountain, favor of person of high position, social success. If clouded on its summit, ill-success in society.

Serpent, an enemy. If near the top of the cup you will be successful, and finally turn him or her into a friend. If near the bottom and clouded around, the enmity will cause you sorrow.

Seven dots in a row, great prosperity.

A straight line, if surrounded by many grounds, foretells an illness.

Wavy lines, if circled by dots, money: if cloudy, reverses of fortune, either past or to come—according to their position in the cup, near the bottom or top.

Tears are indicated by drops at the bottom of the cup, or by many thick dots there.

A succession of large dots in a line foretells difficulties to be overcome. Many fine dots among them unfriendliness will be superadded.

A leaf folded over the rim promises something unpleasant.

If the rim of the cup is clear a happy future is assurred.

COD LIVER OIL.

It almost makes you sick to think of it, but it isn't nearly as bad as it used to be. The improved method of refining it makes it much easier to take, and when made into Scott's Emulsion almost every one can take it. Most children like it and all children that are not robust are benefited by it. When the doctor says "Take cod liver oil," he generally means Scott's Emulsion; ask him if he doesn't. They know it is more easily digested and better than the plain oil.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto. Ont.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorised to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

We are all apt to strain at a gnat and swallow a camel, but it is always the other fellow's gnat and our camel.

THE WEATHER

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Northerly winds, fine, not much change in temperature. Saturday, fine.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

Dog Collars!

DAME FASHION has decreed that collarless gowns shall be worn this year, with the consequence that Dog-Collars will be more in evidence than ever before. And really the manufacturers have "spread themselves," for many of the designs are exquisite. The tints most approved at present are: Amethyst, Topaz, Ruby, Sapphire and Garnet. The stones representing these colors are —to be fashionable — mostly imitation jewels. The imitations, however, are of the finest and the stones all cut by expert diamond cutters.

We show some of these in our window and shall be pleased to have you call and examine them, even if you don't purchase.

PRICES—$3 to $10.

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Fresh Supplies Arriving Daily.

Guava Jelly,
Saratoga Chips,
Macedoines,
Cherries in Maraschino,
Puffed Rice,
Huyler's Chocolates,
Macaroni, Vermicelli, Spaghetti,
Soup Pastes, etc.

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

Wallbridge & Clarke's Fine Indo-Ceylon Teas — Special Blend, 40, 50 and 60c lb.

Wallbridge & Clarke's Special Blend Indo-Ceylon Black Tea, or Japan Green Tea

IN SEALED PACKETS
30c LB.
4 LBS. FOR $1.

☞ These teas are extra value and are better than some teas sold at higher prices. ☜

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
ESTABLISHED 1870.

Job Printing

ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

AND THE

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher.... $3.00

—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots.... $3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year; Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Tea Canvassers Wanted. It will pay you to investigate my goods, prices, and complete outfit of samples and instructions. A trial order solicited. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Tea Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions
Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.
42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 27

Stock	Op'g	Cl'se
Atchison	89⅞	88½
do pref		
St. Paul	168	164
Mop	92½	90¾
Union Pac	149⅞	146⅞
C.P.R.	160	157⅞
Sou Par	65⅛	64
R I	26⅛	25⅛
Ills C.	168	165⅛
Sou. Ry	37¾	36⅜
Texas	30	30
B.& O	108⅛	106⅞
N Y C	137⅞	133¼
Penn	138	136⅞
Soo	157⅜	154
T. W.	115	115
Erie	41¾	40⅝
do pref	76¾	75⅜
Reading	126⅛	123½
C. O	56	54¾
O W	49	47¾
Manhattan	....	....
W C	24½	24¾
L. & N.	145	142
A. F.	41	39¾
Nor	87⅞	86⅜
Wab.	20⅜	19⅝
do pref	41	43¾
A.R.	151⅛	150
C. G. W	20	19¾
T.C.I.	142	141
U. S. Steel	42⅜	40⅝
do pref	107⅛	105⅜
Sugar	135⅞	131⅞
B.R.T.	80⅛	75⅜
P. O	90	90⅛
A. C. P.	106	103⅛
Met.	112⅛	112⅛
Alo.	63⅞	60¾
C.F.I.	51½	46⅝

May wheat opened at 79⅞ closed at 79⅛
July wheat opened at 79⅛ closed at 79⅛
May corn opened at 46⅞; closed at 46⅞
July corn opened at 45⅞; closed at 46⅛
May Oats opened at 32⅞; closed at 32⅞
May pork opened at 15.50 closed at 15.55

A dyspeptic is a man whose meals don't fit him.

The average man is stronger in adversity than in prosperity.

A man makes allowances for his faults, even though his wife may be one of them.

The fellow who gets it in the neck ought to be glad he isn't a giraffe.

It may be possible to love two women at the same time, but not if they know it.

The doctrine of the survival of the fittest doesn't appeal to those who get left.

Even the milk of human kindness may contain a few germs.

Some people regard a collection plate as a slot machine in which they drop a dime in the hope of getting a dollar's worth of religion.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASEBALL THURSDAY.

Eastern League Scores.

Newark .... 000010000—1
Toronto ...... 100000100—2

Two base hit—Thoney. Sacrifice hits—Gatins 2, Tamsett. Stolen bases—Malay, Armbruster, Yale. Bases on balls—Off Carrick 2, off McCafferty 3. Struck out—By Carrick 3, by McCafferty 2. Hit by pitcher—By McCafferty 1. First base on errors—Newark 1. Left on bases—Newark 6, Toronto 3. Double play—Frick, Long and Yale. Time of game—1.35. Umpires—Messrs. Conahan and Kerins. Attendance—5000.

At Jersey City— R.H.E.
Montreal ...... 002010002—5 9 2
Jersey City ...... 100000000—1 8 1
Batteries—Pappalau and Connors; Moskiman and Vandergrift. Umpire—Campau.

At Providence— R.H.E.
Rochester ...... 000000000—0 1 2
Providence ...... 100200000—3 8 0
Batteries—Cleary and Steelman; Cronin and Barlow. Umpire—Kelly.

At Baltimore— R.H.E.
Buffalo ...... 204000000—6 10 2
Baltimore ...... 000000100—1 4 4
Batteries—Kissenger and McManus; Burchell and Byers. Umpire—Moran.

National League Scores.

At Chicago— R.H.E.
Chicago ...... 00300001x—4 8 1
Cincinnati ...... 002000000—2 6 1
Batteries—Lundgren and Kling; Chech and Phelps.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg-St. Louis, National game postponed on account of rain.

At New York— R.H.E.
Philadelphia ...... 100000002—3 3 3
New York ...... 200000011—4 6 1
Batteries—Pittinger and Dooin; Taylor and Bowerman. Umpires—Conway and Emslie.

At Boston— R.H.E.
Brooklyn ...... 200000100—3 8 1
Boston ...... 010000000—1 3 1
Batteries—Strickiett and Bergen; Pfeffer and O'Neil. Umpire—O'Day.

American League Scores.

At Detroit— R.H.E.
Detroit ...... 00200001x—3 7 3
Cleveland ...... 000101000—2 8 1
Batteries—Siever and Payne; Hesse and Buelow. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

At Washington— R.H.E.
Washington ...... 10101002x—5 12 0
New York ...... 110100000—3 10 1
Batteries—Kittson and Kittredge; Chesbrough, Griffin and Kiljeow. Umpire—Sheridan.

At Philadelphia— R.H.E.
Boston ...... 210012600—12 11 2
Philadelphia ...... 000000000—0 4 7
Batteries—Winter and Graham; Coakley, Bartley and Powell. Umpires—Hurst and Evans.

At St. Louis— R.H.E.
St. Louis ...... 100000000—1 7 0
Chicago ...... 100000110—3 11 1
Batteries—Jacobson and Rickey; Altrock and McFarland. Umpires—Connor and Connolly.

IRONY OF RICHES.

BEAUTIFUL CLOTHES COME TOO LATE IN THE LIFE OF ONE WOMAN.

In the spring the young man's fancy may lightly turn to thoughts of love, but for woman, young or old, there is a serious question to be settled, Can I have a new hat, a new dress, and will they be becoming?

The clothes problem is never so vital as in spring-time. Worn garments and, above all, worn bodies, faded faces, never seem such an affront to nature, such a reproach to ones' humanity, as they do exhibited in contrast with bright days, budding trees, singing birds—with all the gayety and gladness of spring. The dowdy woman, the tired woman, as she is fittingly defined in self-accusing unloveliness amid the splendor of Easter lilies, is matched by just one other sad spectacle which clothes in their portentous relations make of woman—that is, the woman to whom fine clothes have come too late in life. Behold the pity of such irony manifest in one instance.

Her father was a self-made man, and in the process of his own creation he was as stern with others as with himself. Having given his only daughter a thorough musical education, he exacted that she earn her own living. She worked hard. She gave music lessons. She married a musician younger than herself. They had two children, and the woman bore the brunt of the strain of supporting the family. She was not beautiful. Her face was good and exceedingly plain. Earning one's living may be a noble task, but it seldom improves a woman's looks or bearing. The lines of her face and figure take on more or less of the hardness of the lines along which she battles her way.

Finally, when the woman was fifty-five years old, she inherited her father's millions. Then she bought horses, houses, furniture, befitting her fortune, and she bought clothes. All her life long she had craved pretty things to wear. Now she is having her heart's desire. She has gowns made by the most famous artists in the world; she has laces, furs, jewels, and she wears them — with what pathos in her glory! Exquisite fabrics are hung in perfect lines upon her large frame, but when she moves it is always her own ungraceful self that is in evidence, and the art of the dressmaker is lost. The artists who clothes her are too clever to array her in fashions or fabrics unbecoming her age, but her ugliness dominates her appearance always. Loving beauty, possessing all the exterior elements at her command, years of struggle and of labor triumph; she is the more unsightly because of the loveliness brought so near her lack of charm.

The moral of this sad, sad story is that when any mere beauty-loving woman in the spring-time of her life considers going without an Easter bonnet and a new gown in order to buy a new parlor carpet or a set of Browning, let her beware how she puts off being pretty until it is too late!

Six Months in "2 in 1."

A Consulting Chemist Makes a Novel Experiment. An Unsolicited Letter that Explains Itself.

"I write to state that on account of your "2 in 1" Shoe Polish being criticised, and the charge made that it injured leather, I made this test as follows:

I mixed the contents of a box of "2 in 1" Shoe Polish, bought at a retail store from regular stock, with four ounces of water and into this mixture put a kid glove, and left the said glove in the mixture in a bottle from June 15th to December 15th, 1905—a full six months. I then took the glove out, washed it and examined it. The fine leather of the glove was not affected in the least. It was as pliable and soft as when new, and was not altered in condition, nor were the stitches affected in any way. This test, I consider, proves that "2 in 1" does not injure the finest leather.

I hereby state that these facts are correct and true.

J. M. WILLIAMS, Consulting Chemist, Hamilton, Dec. 15th, 1905.

GOT HIS HAIR BACK.

Was Perfectly Bald When He Started to Use Newbro's Herpicide.

Frederick Manuell, Maryland block, Butte, Montana, bought a bottle of Newbro's Herpicide, April 6, '99, and began to use it for entire baldness. The hair follicles in his scalp were not dead and in 20 days he had hair all over his head. On July 2nd he writes, "and to-day my hair is as thick and luxuriant as any one could wish." Newbro's Herpicide works on an old principle and with a new discovery—destroy the cause and you remove the effect. Herpicide destroys the germ that causes dandruff, falling hair, and finally baldness, so that with the cause gone the effect cannot remain. Stops falling hair at once and a new growth starts.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Old Age Pensions.

In Germany there obtains a general system of compulsory insurance against old age and invalidity. An old age pension is payable on the recipient attaining seventy years of age. It is composed of two parts; a contribution from the state of two pounds ten shillings per annum; the balance is made up of contributions from the employers and employed in equal shares. The amount of the pension depends in the wage class, of which there are five, which also determines the amount of the weekly contribution. The minimum invalidity pension for first wage class is three pounds, plus Government contribution of two pounds ten shillings—total, five pounds ten shillings per annum; ranging up to a minimum of seven pounds ten shillings for class 5. These amounts are increased according to the number of weeks' contribution to the fund. The old age pension amounts to five pounds ten shillings per annum, including Government contribution of two pounds ten shillings for class 1, ranging up to eleven pounds ten shillings per annum for class 5. The rate of weekly contribution is twelve pfennigs (three half-pence) for class 1, increasing in proportion to thirty-six pfennigs—(four pence half-penny) for class 5.

Not only do Belgium and Italy also give a lead to Great Britain; our own colonies are far in advance of the mother country. In New Zealand persons reaching the age of 65, whose income does not exceed one pound per week receive a pension of eighteen pounds per annum, roughly, seven shillings per week. The Act of Parliament, which gives this power has a clause which is worth repetition: "Whereas, it is equitable that deserving colonists, who during the prime of life have helped to bear the public burdens of the colony by the payment of taxes, and to open up its resources by their labor and skill, should look to the colony for a pension in their old age." This strikes one as sound doctrine, the justice of which is as applicable to the old country as to the new.

A not uninteresting sign of the times comes from France. A leading plank in M. Rouvier's platform is old age pensions. The Government of France at present subsidizes the pension funds of trade and friendly societies, but no general scheme of old age pensions has yet been adopted.—George McCrea, M.P., in Chambers' Journal.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

The more children a woman has the fewer theories she has concerning them.

There is no anguish quite so keen as that felt by a woman who gets a new dress to wear to a party, and then isn't invited.

Some people are merely the table decorations at the fast of reason.

In this age of commercialism even the poet is generally sure of his breakfast.

Bad men are apt to make themselves scarce. Good men are already scarce.

Put up a good front and you won't be talked about behind your back.

The open door offers no inducements to the knocker.

Charity begins at home, but it is apt to be out when anybody calls.

Mohammedan Sects.

Mohammedans divide themselves into two principal sects—Shiah and Sunni, the Persians representing the bulk of the former, the Turks of the latter. The chief points on which they differ are the condition of the soul after death and the succession of caliphs. "The Sunni belief is that there is one immortal God, whose works are without beginning or end, and that he will be visible to the souls of the blessed, while the Shiahs deny the immortality of the soul and maintain that the coexistent principles of Zoroaster will forever contend for the mastery." With regard to the prophet's successors, the Sunnis claim that the lawful successor of Mohammed was Abu Bekr and after him Omar, Osman and Ali, nephew and son-in-law of Mohammed. The Shiahs, however, reject the first three and hold that Ali was the only legitimate successor. Shiahs pray but three times a day and enjoin pilgrimages to Nejef, Kerbela, Kazimain, Meshed (Persia), Samara and Kum as well as to Mecca and Medina. Sunnis make pilgrimages only to the two latter cities and pray five times a day. From this it can be readily understood that the circumstances of the Turks being in possession of the shrines of Nejef (Meshed Ali), Kazimain and Kerbela is most displeasing to devout Shiahs.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Stay With It.

The first day mother sent me to school I went home at recess, thinking school was out. As I have grown older I find that a whole lot of people did the same thing, and the sad part of the affair is that too many of us never went back. In life be careful that you don't go home at recess. If you start to learn a trade or profession, stay by it and master it. Don't chase away at recess. If you have a business, attend to it. Don't go home at recess. This going home at recess has sent many a business man into bankruptcy. It has caused mothers' tears to flow and mother hearts to ache. It has made crusty old bachelors and sour old maids. It has filled worlds with ignorance and made barren deserts of fertile plains. Going home at recess means that you have fallen asleep at the switch and your train has plunged into the ditch. Always stay until school is out.

The Air of London.

There is no fresh air in the heart of London, according to the conclusions of a recent investigator. He says: "No evidence of ozone was anywhere apparent except at Brownswood park, in the northeast. It was from the northeast quarter the wind was blowing, and the air had lost all trace of ozone before it had reached Hyde park. At Bushey park, although practically a country district, no ozone was present in the air. London had not only abstracted the goodness out of the air that swept over it, but had added to it the exhalations from the breath and bodies of millions of human beings and of tens of thousands of animals. Persons living within a one or two mile radius of Charing Cross cannot have fresh air entering their dwellings at any time."

Parsee Burial Customs.

A Bombay correspondent, writing of the burial customs of the Parsees, says: "The approach of that transition we call death is a signal for the relatives to leave the presence of the dying one, the priest alone remaining to whisper Zend-Avesta precepts into his ear. He in turn passes out of the room and admits a dog, who is trained to gaze steadily into the face of the dying one. A dog is accounted the only living creature that can terrorize the evil spirits, so the 'sas-did,' or 'dog stare,' is the last sight the Parsee has on earth. No human shadow must intervene; otherwise the guardian virtue of the dog's gaze is annulled."

To Scrape an Acquaintance.

"To scrape an acquaintance" was originated by the Emperor Hadrian. Once when visiting the public bath he found an old veteran scraping himself with a piece of broken crockery in lieu of an iron or copper scraper. Hadrian gave him a sum of money to provide the necessary materials for a bath and on his next visit to the institution found it full of veterans scraping themselves with potsherds. "Scrape away, gentlemen, but you shall not scrape an acquaintance with me," was Hadrian's comment as he went out.

The Poet's Inconsistency.

"You speak of the brooks," said the critic as he looked over his friend's poem, "as the most joyous things in nature."

"So they are," said the poet.

"But you are inconsistent."

"Why?"

"Because later on you say they are ever murmuring."

Dodging Him.

Mr. Borem — I didn't see you last Sunday— Miss Cutting — Oh, you must have if you saw me at all! Mr. Borem—I—er—beg pardon. I don't understand. Miss Cutting—I say if you saw me Sunday you must have seen me last, for I was careful to see you first.

Severe Case.

"How did your sea voyage work, Bigley?"

"I was in such a state of collapse when I reached Liverpool that I cabled back to learn whether I had thrown up my job."

Rivals.

Lulu—You should get him to sign the pledge before you marry him. Babs—Why, he doesn't drink. Lulu—No, but he may be tempted to later.

If thou wouldst have a brother frank to thee be frank to him.—Child.

Why Life Preservers Are Useless.

"On my ship," said the captain, "the stewards, the first day out, go to every passenger and show just how the life preservers are put on.

"The steward first says:

"'Excuse me, sir, but do you know how to manipulate a life preserver?'

"'Why, yes; I suppose so,' the passenger replies.

"'Then, sir, if you please,' says the steward, getting a preserver down. And he hands it to the passenger to put on.

"The passenger, nine times out of ten, either puts the life preserver on wrong or can't put it on at all. So the steward shows him how to do it. He is impressed and grateful.

"The life preservers, in a shipwreck, would be of little use, for nearly all the passengers would be unable to get into them. There should be a maritime law requiring a passengers' drill with the preservers every voyage, so that each passenger in a catastrophe would know how to save himself with the means placed at his disposal. As things are now, there might as well be no life preservers on ships."

The Costliest Canes.

"A single joint malacca cane will always fetch from $400 to $500," said the dealer.

"Why?"

"Because malacca hardly ever grows with enough space between the joints to make a single joint stick. Usually the joints are not more than a foot apart. When you find in Singapore—that is where malacca comes from—a piece of malacca with the joints five feet apart, so that it will make a single joint stick, come to me, and I will give you $500 for it. Malacca sticks with the joints three feet apart are worth $30 or $40. Snakewood sticks, if they are marked well—snakewood comes from British Guiana—are worth $40 or $50. A yellow ebony stick—ebony comes to us in logs from Ceylon and Mauritius—is worth $20 or $25. Wanghee, from China, makes an excellent and costly stick. A perfect wanghee is worth $20."

Persian Peasants.

There is probably no peasantry in the world so ground down as the Persian. The agricultural laborer there, as in China, never tries to ameliorate his condition for the simple reason that if he earns more more is taken away from him by the rulers of the land. The general condition of the laboring classes, however, does not seem to be so bad as might be supposed. (In a country so vast (550,000 square miles) and so thinly populated (5,500,000 in all) a small and sufficient supply of food is easily raised, especially with such prolific soil at the command of the poorest. At Shiraz there are two harvests in the year. The seifi, sowed in summer and reaped in autumn, consists of rice, cotton, Indian corn and garden produce, and the tchatoi is sowed in October and November and reaped from May till July. This is exclusively wheat and barley. Here also grow grapes, oranges and pomegranates, for which latter Shiraz is famed.

The Color of Flames.

You have often noticed the many tinted bars and bands that rise in the shape of "forked tongues of flames" from wood burning in the grate. It is ten to one, however, that you never have thought to figure on the cause of the variegated hues presented by flames. To bring the matter quickly to the point, we will say that the many colors are the result of combustion among the different elements of the wood. The light blue is from the hydrogen and the white from the carbon; the violet is from the manganese, the red from the magnesia and the yellow from the soda, which are constituent parts of the wood.

The First Man Dressmaker.

As far back as 1730 there was in Paris a man dressmaker, probably the first of his kind. His name was Rhomberg, and he was the son of a Bavarian peasant from the neighborhood of Munich. He owed his success to his genius for concealing and remedying defects of figure. He drove a beautiful carriage on the boulevard and had an escutcheon in the shape of a pair of corsets and an open pair of scissors painted on the panel of each door. He left a large fortune to his heirs.

Doctors and Solemnity.

The days are past when every self respecting doctor was expected to dress in a style tastefully blending the divine with the undertaker. But a "sustained and impenetrable solemnity" is still a priceless possession for those who would achieve success in medicine. If this is a natural gift, so much the better; if not, it should be acquired at any cost.

For Its Vocabulary's Sake.

"Indirectly, more forcibly sometimes than directly," said a senator, "a man may be accused."

"Thus a good woman of Cincinnati called her cook one morning and said:

"'Mary, come and take the parrot out of the bedroom at once. The master has lost his collar button.'"

The Difference.

Mr. Wholesale — Want a job, eh? What can you do? Applicant—Nothing. Mr. Wholesale — Say, you don't want a "job." What you want is a "position."

The Way of the Law.

A man who goes to law may not be in the poor suitor class when he starts, but is liable to be before he finishes.

Who rises every time he falls will sometimes rise to stay.—Morris.

Ingrain Wall Paper Bargains

For the balance of this month we will offer our entire stock of Ingrain Papers, red excepted, at *10c per roll* when buying in combination.

We have a stock of 3000 rolls of new Ingrains, and if any person tells you Ingrain Papers are old fashioned, you can put such parties down as such.

Ingrain papers are used today as liberally as they ever have been, although not the same novelty as they were when first coming on the market.

We have on sale this week also 4500 rolls of new papers at especial prices.

350 Rolls of 50c Papers for	35c
500 Rolls of 35c Paper for	25c
650 Rolls of 25c Paper for	15c
1000 Rolls of 15c Paper for	10c
1000 Rolls 10c Paper for	5c
1000 Rolls 5c Paper for	3c

—Total 4,500 Rolls.

AT SCANTLEBURY'S.

Where you always get the best at the closest prices and a guaranteed stock of 100,000 rolls to select from

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
A competant staff of skilled artizans at our command.

HARD TO BEAT

The amount of care and trouble we go to, to make our suits the best there are anywhere, but that's what we're in business for to do the best we can for you.

Our Made-to-Measure Suit business is growing because our tactics deserve trade.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.
Tailors & Furnishers.

Some Houses

. . MISLEAD THE PUBLIC . .
WITH OLD STOCK
WE ARE SOLE AGENTS in the city for
The King Hat

The King Hat
Lyons London

GEORGE T. WOODLEY, OPPOSITE FOOTBRIDGE

Colonial
London Dry Gin
A Strictly Pure and Wholesome Spirit.

KEEP THE CAPSULES AND GET A VALUABLE PREMIUM.

BOIVIN, WILSON & CO., Montreal.

SO MANY CUSTOMERS THIS SEASON

Have told us our *WALLPAPERS* were the *BEST and CHEAPEST* in the city, that we are now accepting the statement without argument. If you will give us an opportunity, we will be pleased to show you these papers, then you will know why we claim they are the BEST VALUES in Belleville.

Our CARPET, RUG and CURTAIN Stock is the LARGEST one we have ever shown, and prices the SMALLEST we have ever quoted. We can certainly save you some money on Carpets, Rugs, etc.

T. P. BROWN,
See our special values in Linoleums and Oilcloths

Miners to Hold a Convention.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., April 27.—After hearing the report of the sub-scale committee, the scale committee of the anthracite miners yesterday decided to call a convention of miners to meet in Scranton, Thursday, May 3. The scale committee, it is said, was not willing to take the responsibility of accepting the operators' plan.

President Mitchell last night made two propositions. The first proposition asks for an increase in wages ranging from 5 to 15 per cent., according to the wages now received. The second proposition asks for an advance equal to 10 cents per ton upon the total production of coal, to be added to the wages of employes and apparently in such percentage as may be agreed upon.

King Peter Injured.

Belgrade, Servia, April 27.—King Peter, while out riding yesterday, fell off his horse and injured his ankle.

Delaware's Names.

Delaware has been called the Diamond State, for, though small in size, it formerly was of great political importance. It also enjoys the nickname of the Blue Hen State, this having been bestowed on account of a gentleman named Caldwell, who made the state famous in sporting annals by the quality of his gamecocks, which he always bred from the eggs of a blue hen, believing that this was the best color for the mother of a gamecock.

Joy.

Joy is the mainspring in the whole round of everlasting nature; joy moves the wheels of the great timepiece of the world; she it is that loosens flowers from their buds, suns from their firmaments, rolling spheres in distant space seen not by the glass of the astronomer.—Schiller.

Boys & Girls

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

Boys' and Girls . . Shoes . .

We have them in CORDOVAN Leather, BOX CALF and CROME CALF—These are leathers that will stand the wear and tear.

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SHOE HOUSES - Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

Ice Cream.

Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh cream every day
Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stal cream.
Delivered well packed—*50 cents per Quart.*

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

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LAKE SHORE RAILWAY

From Buffalo

No!—nor jarred and jolted by an uneven roadbed. On this line Speed, Comfort and Safety have reached their highest development.

A perfect roadbed, magnificent coaches, courteous and attentive employes and every safety device that is known to railroading make this the most popular route to

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And all other east, west and southern points.

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LOW EXPENSE

THE CARDINAL POINTS
—OF—
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INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

THE BOOK AGENT.

(N. Y. Times.)

She sold me a book, and I do not know why:
She sold me a book I had sworn not to buy;
I declared up and down I would not even look,
But I broke my resolve and she sold me her book.

She was such a sweet lass — so unwitting and shy,
With a wealth of dark hair and a fetching blue eye,
And I frowned upon her with a threatening look,
But she paid me no heed—only took out her book.

I had sworn not to look, but she told me a tale
Of a mother bedridden, so worn and so frail,
And of sisters and brothers so young, to be fed,
And herself all alone, for dear father was dead.

Quite unfitted she was for the winning of bread—
Father had been so good, but dear father was dead,
And the fortune they'd cause to believe had been his,
Well—a rascally partner; you know how it is.

So the bread must be won, and the rest were so young,
With the mother bedridden—some lesion of lung—
But, of course, if I chose, she would never insist—
And her eyes shone with tears like two stars through a mist.

So she sold me the book, and the reason is plain;
She would sell me another if she came again:
But they tell me dear father is hearty and hale,
Content to be dead for the sake of a sale.

And the bedridden mother, so feeble and slight
As she said, is bedridden—but only at night;
And there are younger children, all crying for bread,
But all she knows of them is what she has read.

So she sold me and sold me her book—it is well,
But here, all alone, for my life I can't tell
If it was her sad story I could not resist,
Or her eyes that shone wet like two stars through a mist.

* * *

Is there very much difference between the looters who were shot dead in San Francisco and the people who charged a dollar a loaf for bread?

* * *

Andrew Carnegie's defence that he did not kiss the girls but that the girls kissed him must destroy the last vestige of respect for Andrew's chivalry. A truly gallant man would suffer in silence.

* * *

Some people may imagine that camping near San Francisco at this time of the year is no great hardship. In reality the climate, except during the hours when the sun is at its highest, is very trying.

* * *

Commenting on a news story that a party of young people started out to take a trolley ride, and the affair ended in a wedding, the New York Herald asks, "Is it any wonder that some men are afraid of the cars?"

* * *

Do you throw away your old calendars? A Paris statistician has discovered that it is a mistake to do so, and, being of an economical turn of mind, has discovered further that calendars for 1900 will serve equally well for 1906.

* * *

The greatest misfortune that can come to any man, says the Wall Street Journal, is to amass or inherit a fortune of $500,000,000. True perhaps; but an astonishing number of men and women would willingly assume the burden.

* * *

The price of diamonds has again gone up. And this notwithstanding the fact that a numerous gang of burglars have a lot of the precious stones on hand that they are ready to put on the market at almost any old price.

* * *

The latest decision of the United States Supreme Court that a divorce is void where one of the parties concerned does not reside in the State in which the decree is granted, has fluttered the dove cotes of "society," and has created a sensation even in the legal world. Dakota will lose its popularity as the fashionable divorce resort.

* * *

The Laurier Government stood for years by the big graft going on in connection with the North Atlantic Trading Company. It's time the cry was raised all over the country, "Turn the rascals out."

* * *

Though the three-fifths clause in the Hanna bill was fiercely denounced by the prohibitionists of the Province, when it came up for final action in the Legislature there was not a single vote recorded against the enactment of the clause.

* * *

A 12-year old boy of Toledo, Ohio, who has been sentenced to a reformatory for incorrigibility, is said to have shown a complete transformation of character following a surgical operation which removed pressure upon the brain caused by a swelling of the bone after a fall when he was 5 years old. The incident is suggestive in many ways.

* * *

About 12,000 union labor postal cards mailed at Washington were returned by the postmaster because they were not of the regulation size. They were prepared by the strike committee of the Columbia union, and contained a list of the eight-hour printing offices in the city. The cards will be reduced to the regulation size and mailed.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

Gin Pills Cure Kidney Troubles.

OR YOUR MONEY BACK.

Read this letter from Mrs. Gargill. Has it not the ring of truth? Does it not describe your own sufferings? And does it not point the way to quick relief?

"For three years I suffered more than I can tell with terrible pains in the small of my back. When I stooped over, it seemed as though I would never be able to straighten up. I tried Kidney Pills for a year and a half, but was getting worse all the time, until advised by my neighbor to try "Gin Pills," as she had been almost similarly affected, and had been completely cured by them. I took three boxes of Gin Pills, and almost from the first dose I began to feel better. Now I am pleased to say I can do as good a day's work as ever in my life without feeling tired out. Before getting Gin Pills I had to have a girl to do my housework, but now I can do it all myself, including the washing. I will always recommend Gin Pills for kidney trouble.

"MRS. GARGILL, Winnipeg, Man."

Don't suffer the agonizing tortures of Kidney Trouble. Don't let it run into dreaded Bright's Disease. Cure yourself now with Gin Pills—the pills that cure. Sold at all druggists on a positive guarantee that they cure or you get your money back. 50c box—6 for $2.50.

If you will write asking for it and tell us the paper in which you saw this we will send you a trial box of Gin Pills absolutely free. The Bole Drug Co., Winnipeg.

Omens of Bricklayers.

Bricklayers believe it is unlucky to lay the top brick at the north corner of a building. Some of them would lose a day's pay rather than imperil their future by doing such a piece of work. A bricklayer often bricks up in the hollow of a wall a horseshoe with a cent tied to it. This he does for good luck. To lay the first and last brick of any building but a church brings good luck to the bricklayer. Churches are the luckiest buildings to work on; theaters are the unluckiest. It is bad luck to break a trowel.

Corroborative.

"This," exclaimed the orator, "is a decadent nation! As before the fall of Rome everything was rotten, so today in our erstwhile fair land everything"—

Just here an egg struck him fairly.

His nostrils dilated.

"I desire," he continued, "before retiring to add that this egg is corroborative evidence."

A Case For Sympathy.

"I have three children, who are the very image of myself," said Jones enthusiastically.

"I pity the youngest," returned Brown quietly.

"Why?" asked Jones.

"Because he is the one who will have to resemble you the longest," said Brown.

Desperate.

Aunt Ruth—'Tis sad to grow old Her Niece—How much would you give to be as young as I? Aunt Ruth—I would almost submit to being as foolish.

Unexpected.

"Can your wife make as good pies as your mother did?"

"Yes, indeed. Mother uses my wife's recipe."

Assistant Fool Makers.

It doesn't take much of a girl to make a fool of any man. Nature did so much.

A STORY OF WEBSTER

ONE OCCASION WHEN DANIEL WAS DEEPLY HUMILIATED.

An Incident Which Shocked and Surprised Him Into Tears—The Admiration, the Loyalty and the Generosity of His Circle of Friends.

The following incident in the life of Daniel Webster was related to the writer by the late Joshua Seward:

Mr. Seward came to Woburn from Boston in the early seventies and bought a farm, where he lived until his death in 1885. He was a native of the New Hampshire "Peace City," from which place he came to Boston in early manhood and later engaged in the livery business off School street. He was a genial, social, active young man, and in a short time many of the business and professional men of the city were his friends and patrons. Daniel Webster, then in the fullness of his masterly manhood, was his particular friend and most favored patron. One year Webster early engaged to deliver the Fourth of July oration in the city.

A public procession was then an important feature of the celebration, and the orator of the day was the chief person of distinction in the parade. In those days there were no four wheeled vehicles for convenience or for pleasure. A chaise was the proper carriage for gentlemen to use. Webster was popular and proud as popular. He saw no chaise in the city as good as he desired to appear in on that important occasion, and therefore he ordered one to be built by the principal carriage maker of the city (Sargent, I think it was), to be ready for use on that day. In the morning of the Fourth he appeared at Seward's stable office and requested Seward to go to the carriage shop and get the chaise he had ordered. Seward harnessed a horse and went to the carriage shop as directed and told the proprietor he had come for Mr. Webster's chaise. The proprietor in firm and measured tones that could not be misunderstood asked, "Did Mr. Webster send the money to pay for the chaise?"

In relating this to me Seward said: "I was never so astonished in my life! I should have been less surprised if he had raised his fist and knocked me down. I had no thought that there was a man living who had ever heard of the great Webster, the godlike Daniel, who would or who could have denied him any request it was possible to grant. I could only say, 'He sent no money by me.' 'Then,' said the proprietor, 'tell him he can have the chaise when he sends the money to pay for it and not till then.' " Seward said he was never in such a dilemma in all his life. He could not go back and tell that great man, whom he adored, that he could not have the chaise till he paid for it. And yet he must go back and tell him something. But what could he tell him? Finally, after much thought and study it occurred to him that he had a new chaise which he would offer to Webster and tell him that the varnish on the one he had ordered was not yet hard and that it would be liable to injure if taken out in the heat and dust of that public day. Webster met Seward at the door when he returned, and before Webster could ask a question Seward was telling him the story he had invented on the way home. Webster made no reply, but accepted Seward's statement as true and rode in his chaise that day.

About a week later Webster came again and said to Seward, "I think the varnish on that chaise is hard now, and you may go down and get it." Seward said: "With a heavy heart I harnessed a horse and went again to the shop. I knew I should not get the chaise, and I was not disappointed. In the same manner I was asked the same question as before. I could not invent another story that would be credible and was therefore compelled to go back and tell him the truth." Webster was impatiently awaiting Seward's return, and when in hailing distance he called to Seward: "Where is the chaise? What is the trouble?" Seward approached him more closely and in tones so low that no one could overhear him replied, "He told me to tell you that you could have the chaise when you sent the money to pay for it and not before." Webster stood silent an instant and then with voice trembling with emotion exclaimed, "My God, Joshua, did he say that?" and sank into a nearby chair and cried as would a deeply aggrieved child of six summers.

It is well known that Webster would incur debt, apparently with no thought that there were two parties to a contract, a creditor and a debtor, and that their moral obligations were coequal. Consequently his creditors so multiplied and his indebtedness so increased as to interfere with his political plans, if not, indeed, threaten his political future. At this time his friends came to his aid and, it is said, raised the sum of $10,000 to cancel his indebtedness and relieve him from the further annoyance and pressure of his creditors. When we realise that $40,000 was a larger sum to raise then for any purpose than would be $200,000 today we have some measure of the admiration and the loyalty of his friends.—H. C. Hall in Boston Transcript.

Just So.

"I thought you said you couldn't live without me," sneered the girl.

"So I did," answered the man.

"Yet you're living."

"No; I'm not. Just boarding; that's all."

John Hunter, the famous anatomist, once said that the feminine love of conversation was a consequence of a peculiarity in brain tissue.

LAKE ONTARIO & BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., LIMITED.

Str. "Aletha"
Between
Belleville--Picton--Kingston

Commencing April 17th, steamer will leave Belleville for Picton, Kingston and intermediate Bay of Quinte ports on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.00 a.m. Returning will arrive on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10.20 p.m.

Right reserved to change time with or without notice.

Freight handled promptly and with care.

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STR. ALEXANDRIA

Thoroughly refitted,

Will commence the season with an excursion to Rochester, N. Y.

Saturday, April 28th

Leaving Belleville 11 a.m., returning, will leave Charlotte 8.30 Sunday evening. Fare for round trip, $2.25.

For further particulars apply to the Schuster Co., agents.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.48 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express. Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger. Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	6.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m.
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m.

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

The Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
$5,000,000

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4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

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Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs

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$78.65

TO CALIFORNIA AND RETURN.

Good going April 24th, May 5th; return limit July 31st.

and

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Good going June 24th to July 7th; return limit, Sept. 15th. Account National Educational Convention, San Francisco.

Choice of any direct route going and returning, and certain stop-over privileges allowed.

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One Room, with bath............$2.50 per day
Parlor, Bedroom, with bath, $3 and $5 per day
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Delaware Ave. & Johnson Park
BUFFALO, N. Y.

A modern, high-class and convenient stopping place, offering every accommodation for the comfort and pleasure of transient guests. Moderate prices.

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NEW YORK CENTRAL
& Hudson River R.

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GOING EAST AND WEST

		Daily except Sunda
Lv. Belleville (G.T.R.	1.39 a.m.	noon
Arr. Kingston "	3.25 a.m.	1 15 p.m.
Lv. Kingston (steamer)	5.00 a.m.	2 30 p.m.
Arr. Cape Vincent (str.)	7.00 a.m.	4 00 p.m
Mondays only.		
Lv. Cape Vincent N.Y.C.	7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
Arr. Watertown "	8.10 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9 12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p.m
Arr. Rochester "	2.28 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.20 a.m.	9.00 p.m.
Arr. New York "	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

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Watertown, N.Y.

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Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.

NO SUCH RISK

by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.

All Work Guaranteed.

John Cornelius,
The City Painter and Decorator.

A new leaf is really the same old one with another turn.

The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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mouth when a noise of feet and a clanging of iron proclaimed a renewed attack upon the tower. Upon those heights, as I have explained, lay the wreckage and debris of centuries. Groping in this, Montgomery found a large stone and, leaning over the parapet, hurled it down upon the crowd. Almost as quick as thought we followed his example and had the satisfaction of seeing the parties withdraw to a safer distance. It was now plain to me that Sercombe had issued an order against the use of firearms. If the business could be managed without undue disturbance, he had decided that it was wiser. Indeed, the strange part of this remarkable encounter was that, saving the first shot and my own signal of distress, the conflict had been carried on in comparative silence.

I had also come to the conclusion that the fight was one to obtain possession of ourselves. It was to secure our bodies that the attack was directed, Sercombe knew well enough and Hood knew even better that to gain access to the precincts of the castle meant very little provided we were still at liberty and able to resist a forcible removal of the treasure. Bound and gagged or stunned or dead we should offer them no further trouble, and the treasure of the Vyrians would be theirs to deport at their convenience.

Sheppard clicked the trigger of his revolver. "The first man that essays this position shall find the time has come for real warfare," he observed quietly.

"Do not be in a hurry," I answered. "We have still the upper hand." He waited expectant. "You know the drum tower down which I climbed? I think it would not be a bad plan to venture that and take them in the rear."

"The devils are plotting mischief," said Sheppard uneasily.

"I wonder if we could manage that ascent," I said.

Montgomery moved forward. "I will," he said.

"No, no," said Sheppard.

"I think I had better go," I hazarded.

"You're wanted here," said Montgomery. "I know the way." And ere I could speak or interfere he sprang away and was on the ladder leading to the southern battlements.

"Come back! Come back!" I called under my breath.

"Ned, Ned! Don't spoil his chances," whispered Sheppard, and we watched his big body vanishing in silence.

"That boy is going to his death," he murmured. "I hope you'll trust him now."

"Oh, hang your sentiment!" I answered uneasily.

"I think we'd better go back," he said after a pause, and we returned to Williams. The man stood like a rock, his eyes riveted eagerly upon the dark figures of our antagonists. "Shall I fire?" said he in his high Welsh voice.

"No," said I. "Hold yourself together and fire if I tell you. We shall have blood on our hands soon enough."

There followed another space of silence, broken only by the interjected voices below murmuring in conference. For my own part I was taken up with Montgomery and his hazardous venture. I blamed myself for not stopping him at any cost, and in my mind's eye I followed him in his perilous ascent. It was still too dark to watch his progress, for the drum tower was as yet shrouded in vagueness, and no sound greeted us from the stillness of the breaking dawn. I think some five minutes passed in this dreadful stage of anxiety, and then I observed a movement among the men below. Evidently they had concerted some plan, and we were to resist a fresh attack. Just at this point, and when our thoughts had been necessarily called off Montgomery and were directed to the new development, there arose a loud whooping on the battlements, and a tall black body ran in the rear of the stormers and fell upon them. I saw in the gray light something as a flail rise and fall, and I heard the astonished cries of the enemy.

"Down! Down! Follow me," I said sharply and, scrambling by the stairway, flew out upon the battlements, with Sheppard and Williams at my heels. I had only my revolver for the attack, but I used the heavy butt freely, and cries and curses arose from the pack of Greeks. They scattered like a flight of sparrows, and Montgomery almost fell into my arms in the ardor of his onset. Then we pursued, and as they ran I fired some barrels of my revolver in the air. The alarm increased their panic, and, turning the corner, they flung themselves in confusion on the ropes that connected with the sycamore. I heard Sercombe's voice cursing, but where in the melee he was I had no notion, for at that moment there arose before us, I cannot say whence, a tall figure, very lithe and active, that grappled with me, gurgling strange oaths. Two strong arms were braced about my back, and it was with the utmost difficulty that I kept my feet. Together we swayed and rocked, drawing nearer to the edge of the parapet.

With all the strength at my command I flung my body forward, and, twisting my legs about my opponent's, I bore him sideways toward the roof. As I did so he wriggled a hand free and snatched it to him, fumbling in his coat. I bent him backward, and suddenly his hand stood out before my eyes, with all the light of the gray dawn gleaming upon steel. Death certainly affronted me in that second, but I hardly knew it, for quickly an arm was thrust over mine, where it gripped the ruffian round the loins, and the next instant his hand fell and his head went back, and, slipping through my grasp, the body rolled over the parapet and dropped, with a splashing plunge, into the waters of the moat.

It was some seconds ere I could look round, and when I did Sheppard was standing by my side, a long Persian dagger in his hand, gazing vacantly over the stone coping, and the ramparts were clear of the enemy.

"You saved my life, old man," I gasped.

"I believe I did," he returned slowly, but seemed to be pondering something, so remote and abstracted was his air. He stepped forward and severed with his knife the ropes which bound the sycamore.

"You must chop that down," he said.

Suddenly a great glow lit up the eastern heavens, and the trees and the time worn ramparts rose green and gray in the morning. The dawn broke over us. No living soul was visible in this early light, and only the water rocked faintly against the masonry of the castle, carrying on its surface that inert body.

Sheppard's hand opened in a spasm, and the knife fell, cutting an arc of light. He looked up at me and smiled wearily. "I think I'll go to bed, old chap."

"You have had no rest for forty-eight hours," said I. "Don't be a fool; sleep before you think."

"Yes; I believe I'll take your advice," he replied mechanically and, turning slowly, marched with a dull and sober step toward the drum tower. I watched him go, and then I turned to the others.

"Any damage?" I asked.

Montgomery showed his teeth. "Pooh!" he said. "They didn't show fight!"

Williams shook his head. "I have a bad knuckle," he said.

I positively yelled with laughter. Somehow the hilarity would not be denied. "I owe you both thanks," I said presently. "Montgomery, you're a brick, and I won't forget it." He hung his head in a sheepish fashion, but I doubt not was very well pleased. "Now get you gone," I resumed. "There will be nothing further tonight, and if there is I will let you know."

For my own part sleep was impracticable, worn and jaded though I was. The events of the night and of that sharp struggle clamored in my brain, arresting every sense to attention. I leaned over the parapet and watched the dawn come up for the second time, but today it rose in different circumstances, flushed and lurid, menacing storm. The sky was red as with blood, and a black cloud fringed the margin of the horizon. My thoughts flew about like a whirling wheel, leaving upon me dim impressions. The light grew apace and struck the castle walls with fire. I was aware of something in the moat below, but my mind made no inquiries. It rested palpitant and turning upon itself in idle revolutions. The sounds of the dawn crept out across the quietude, and the trees waved and shook in a gust of air. Disturbed by this flux of the wind, or overbalanced by its own weight, a jagged stone toppled on the parapet and fell. It struck the water with a crash, and my eyes followed it. Then it was that for the first time I knew what had been beating at the door of my brain.

Suddenly, and at the instant sight of it, the confusion of my wits precipitated, and they settled clear and sharp. The cloud passed from me, and I stared with open eyes and a dreadful appreciation at the body.

The water was tossed into undulations started by the fallen stone, and the body, supported across a fallen branch, rose and fell with the water. Drawing back, I moved to another part of the battlement. But the thought pursued me in my flight. Had Sheppard struck too soon? Was it, indeed, inevitable? For the first time there grew into solid fact the horror of the supposition I had several times entertained. We were embarked upon a war, committed of our own act and will to a deadly strife, of which no one of us could see the end. And beneath me, stored in the vaults of the venerable fortalice, lay the accursed treasure for which this blood must be spilled. Hastily I withdrew and mounted to the top of the keep. I could bear the fellowship no longer, and yet there arose now upon my mind, premeditating flight, a new perplexity. I dared not leave the body there, exposed to the sight of the world. Doubting in my thoughts and torn by shapeless fears, I stood irresolute, but at that moment my attention was caught by a movement in the bushes across the park. A head peeped out and scrutinized the scene with diligence. Then Sercombe's face emerged, red and bloated. He pushed through the covert and strode boldly toward the castle, followed presently by his companion, a rough, black fellow, with a gallows look. I watched them approach and halt under the walls, facing the dead body underneath me. I suppose my outline appeared against the sky, for Sercombe looked up and fixed his eyes on me. But he said nothing, only addressed the Greek in an undertone. I leaned forward and regarded them intently. The rough fellow stepped to the brink of the moat and, stooping forward, pulled the floating bough toward him. It moved, carrying its hideous passenger. When next I looked the Greek had the body on his shoulders, and the two were retreating into the underwood. At the end of the reach of turf Sercombe came to a stand, and once more looked up at me. But he still made no sign, and I could imagine that the color of his face had faded. It seemed somehow to me to be ominous of the new position in which we were involved. I descended into the castle. Outside Sheppard's door I paused. It stood open, and I looked in. The light streamed through the window and fell across his face. He lay dressed upon the bed, a red stain of blood upon his cheeks, and as I gazed his hands moved convulsively—a contortion twisted his sleeping face. I left him and, returning to my own room, threw myself upon the bed.

The body rolled over the parapet.

CHAPTER XII.

IT was not long before we were visited by the first retribution for what might be accounted a crime and what was at least provoked by our own illegal acts. Indeed, the surprise fell sooner than I had anticipated, although it happened by the means I had always considered probable. That Williams, garrulous and sharp eyed Welshman as he was, could be secured in silence was well nigh impossible, for even if concealment had been for his personal benefit he would still have plied his tongue, and, though he were sworn to secrecy, the private transactions of this singular feud would have slowly dribbled through his communications and become current in the gossip of the country. This knowledge was mainly instrumental in deterring us from confiding in him. Burglars were the bugaboo we had brandished before him, and burglary, sure enough, was the word that ran over the district. The news came to us late that morning. As I gathered, Williams, who was keeping company with some girl of Llanellan, woke early from his belated sleep and ran down to the village, full of the battle. His own appearance in it, as I afterward discovered, had been gorgeously conceived and magniloquently rendered. I believe, according to his version, it was he, and he alone, who gave the signal for the final rout, and certainly he was the author of that fall from the battlements. But this was just as well, for the man knew nothing of its fatal issue, and poor Sheppard did not grudge him the credit.

But I am trespassing upon my narrative too rashly. Williams returned later in the morning and, apparently to celebrate his own cleverness, made his communications to me. He had given warning to the schoolmaster at Llanellan, who had offered to hand on the notice to the authorities at Raymond. I could have cursed the man for his folly and his babbling tongue, but I was just enough to recall that his conduct was merely natural. In truth, if he thought at all, he must have considered us a pack of egregious asses for not taking better precautions and acquiring the aid of the Raymond police. I could do nothing, therefore, but acquiesce with as good a grace as I might and wish heartily that we had left him sleeping as soundly as Mrs. Main and the maid, who, it appeared, had never opened an eye throughout the night, although the former asserted that she had dreamed "there was a thunderstorm-like," adding the enclitic familiar to her conversation.

But the situation remained to be faced, and I guessed that we should be confronted with it very shortly. Consequently we must compose a plan of action, and, whatever we agreed upon, must run no risk of denial at other hands. In this connection it seemed that I must pay a necessary visit to Sercombe, a task which for some reason was not to my taste. Sheppard, who had quite recovered himself and had not yet referred in any way to the event of the early morning, cordially approved my suggestion.

"It will be a wise course," he declared. "And, besides, I am anxious to inspect these foreigners nearer."

Where the Greeks were lodged we knew not, but it was evidently not at the Woodman, for on our arrival there the place was deserted except by the woman who had charge of Hood's kitchen. She could give us little information. She had not seen her master since she went to bed on the previous evening. But Captain Sercombe had been called at 9 o'clock and had gone out after eating a hasty breakfast. There was no one else staying in the house. Such was the information she imparted to us, influenced to her frankness, I had no doubt, by my position as the big landed proprietor of the place. Which way had Captain Sercombe gone? He had gone down the roadway in the direction of Raymond.

With this we had to content ourselves; but, determined at all hazards to catch Sercombe, Sheppard and I took the narrow lane that led down the valley in the hope of hitting upon him. At the bottom of the valley the stream makes an open pool of some considerable size upon a piece of flat land. Here it receives a few exiguous branches from the lower hills and rests, as it were, in those spreading shallows ere it narrows and spins for the Ray. The wood was sparse about the pool, but it was very private and retired from the roads, and it was quite by accident that we penetrated the wood so far. But here we perceived through the leafage the smoke of fires and heard the noises of human creatures, an uncommon feature in the silent Gwent. Pushing through the brushwood, we came next upon a veritable encampment in that friendly spot. And now we solved the riddle which had perplexed us earlier in the morning, for the first man my eyes fell upon was my old acquaintance of the squint. Here was not a camp of gypsies, but of cutthroat Greeks!

The discovery was no sooner made than it was confirmed by a voice sounding from my right and calling my name in familiar tones.

"Ah, how d'ye do, Mr. Greatorex? Glad to see you. What pleasant chance has brought you into our little village?"

The man stood before me as debonair and well groomed as ever, his puffy red face smiling cheerfully into mine and his bloodshot eyes twinkling with gayety. It seemed almost inconceivable that this fellow was but a few hours earlier upon the footing of a deadly foe and earnest to rob us even of our lives. And yet I confess that even at this juncture and after the grave events of the siege I experienced for him what always underlay my superficial feelings, a genuine liking. The impudence of the adventurer, his very gayety, the assumption he wore that whatever he did and however ruthlessly he pursued us he was still a welcome acquaintance—all these facts gave a charm to his person. His benignity was superb; it was that of an urbane philanthropist. He was ready to crack a joke with you, to recount his entertaining adventures in your ears or to offer you his choicest cigar. He was a man pre-eminently cast for social popularity, and circumstances or his own wickedness had made him a scoundrel, and a very bad scoundrel at that.

It was he, and he alone, who gave the signal.

And so it was that I responded quite affably to his greeting, oblivious of the past and almost forgetting the future. He stood by me, surveying the encampment, his bulky form overtopping mine by three inches at the least.

"It's a pity, Mr. Greatorex," says he, reflecting, "that these animals have no spunk. Spunk goes a long way with me, I will admit, and that warms my heart to you. I doff my hat to Mr. Sheppard and, by the way, to my young friend Montgomery also."

"What you lack in quality, I suppose, you calculate to make up in quantity," I said grimly.

"Precisely, Mr. Greatorex. You've hit it. That's the rub. If I had three of my mongrel Indians here I'd reckon to finish the job in a couple of days, but one has to use the material at hand."

"No doubt," said Sheppard, "but your plans must have been laid a long time."

The captain cast a curious glance at him. "Well, you seem to know," he said slowly. "But I tell you frankly that greed can carry too far and that a jaw too widely open will sometimes lose a bite; it takes too long to shut it. If I had managed this business"— But here, apparently recollecting himself, he broke off and turned away with a little frown. But presently he resumed, wearing his accustomed good humored expression. "There was never any good came of a Greek. I've known them upward of twenty years, and I never knew one that was fit for anything save to jab you in the back when you were not looking."

"I should say," remarked Sheppard mildly, "that you had a very suitable gang for your purpose."

Sercombe laughed. "Oh, I don't fancy the knife myself, though some people do."

Sheppard turned deathly pale, but he smiled politely and answered, "There is no knowing what scruples a man will develop."

This turn of the conversation suddenly woke me to a sense of my errand, and I quickly communicated my news to Sercombe.

"I thought we should come to this," he said cheerfully, "and I would have laid odds I should have had you here on this mission. I knew you would drop that mealy mouthed righteousness of yours. What I disliked in you, Mr. Greatorex, from the outset, if I may say so without offense, was your blamed British pharisaism. You couldn't look at a job squarely. It's not your fault, but that of your training. I had the same defect once myself, but a campaign in the Ionian isles knocked the pretenses out of me. That's how I came to know these scoundrels so well. Well, I'm glad we meet evenly at last. You can see for yourself there's not a penn'orth to choose between us, save that you've had first blood," and with that he looked at Sheppard.

This time Sheppard held his color under control, but he looked away, and I perceived, in spite of his severe restraint, a twitching of the nostrils.

"Come, come," said I, "we must take what steps we may in self defense against cutthroats, captain."

"I'm with you there," said Sercombe cheerily, "and the steps I usually take consist of a barker. I shoot out of my coat tails as often as not. My plan is to fire when I see a squint."

"I fear you rebuke me," I replied, with a bow, "but I swear that I would have fired if it had been any other place but London. I am so well known there."

Sercombe burst out laughing. "I once thought," he said, "that Mr. Sheppard was more my sort, but now I believe I pin my note on you!"

"You honor me," I returned, "but come to business."

The captain plucked his long red mustache meditatively. "I'm sorry I can't discuss this with you now, gentlemen," he said. "After all, it's your affair, though I admit I have a certain interest in it, but if I may come up and see you about 3 o'clock we can go into details. I fancy it's a concerted plan we want."

"That's so," I returned, feeling terribly mean and small to be conspiring so against the laws of my country with an admitted scoundrel.

"Very well; let us say 3," said the captain and stuck out his hand as though to dismiss us.

For myself, being in the frame of mind I have described, I contrived to overlook his arm, but Sheppard, all smiles, sprang forward and shook him heartily. "By the way," he said brightly, "and where is my friend Hood?"

"Hood!" echoed Sercombe and looked at us queerly. "Oh, Mr. Hood is inventing a new maneuver. He is a better soldier than I am, is Mr. Hood, naturally." I suppose he saw that we exchanged glances. "My dear sirs," he said, "I only tell you what you might suppose for yourselves. Mr. Hood is trying his hand at generalship, but I don't reveal his plan of campaign. Perhaps you guess it." And he burst out laughing rather unpleasantly.

It was obvious to both of us that there was a bitterness in Sercombe's words. Fallen though he was from a respectable estate and sunk as he had become in a career of dissipation and unscrupulous adventure, he still retained a certain feeling of his own dignity. How far the difference between Hood and himself had gone I could not know, but if it went much further it seemed us though we might take some advantage out of it. But of the two it was Hood—Hood, with his lean black face—that I feared.

Sercombe kept his appointment with commendable punctuality, entering our council chamber, if I may so describe the smaller of the halls in which we usually sat, with the jauntiness of his morning's encounter. Lunch was but newly over, and I felt myself descend in Montgomery's eyes when I offered the captain a glass of wine. He took it airily, even with a kind of rude grace, which sometimes characterized him, and nodded us a good health, plunging at once into the matter of his visit.

"You will excuse me, gentlemen. I can spare little time today. You will understand that I am very busy," this with a twinkling eye. "But we must needs oblige a friend, and I am here over a dusty road to meet you."

"We are gravely indebted to you," said I ceremoniously. "But I must point out that this point touches you as much as, if not more than, it affects us."

"We have shed no blood," said the captain emphatically, settling back for argument.

"'Tis not your fault, then," I retorted, "and, in any case, what blood was shed was spilled in self defense in repelling an illegal assault upon our persons and our property."

"You would find it difficult to prove that in a court of law," says he, casting his eye at me.

"I thought we were agreed to leave the law alone," said I.

"Unhappily," observed Sercombe, with a laugh, "the law won't leave us alone."

"Oh, come," said I impatiently, "we are confined to this, Captain Sercombe. Are you prepared to help us? You yourself say time presses. If not, it may well be that we shall throw the onus upon the proper offenders and leave you to shift for yourselves."

"And what about the treasure, my friend?" asked the captain, with an ogle.

"I know nothing of any treasure," I remarked calmly, "nor does either of my friends here. Presumably an attack was made upon the castle for the purpose of burglary, and I can conceive that my silver only was aimed at. I think that will suffice to explain the cowardly attack of some ruffianly foreigners. I think the Raymond police will easily understand that."

Sercombe looked somewhat blank, but in a moment resumed his cheerfulness. "Quite so, and, as such a course would benefit no one, we are to combine forces against a common enemy. Well, fire ahead."

At this moment an interruption came through the entrance of the maid with the announcement of some visitors at the door. We all stared at one another.

"Who are they?" I demanded.

But the girl, being raw and unsophisticated, had not inquired their names. They were, however, gentlemen, and there was a policeman with them. This was enough for us, and an uncomfortable silence fell on us. Sercombe raised his eyebrows and sucked in his lips soberly.

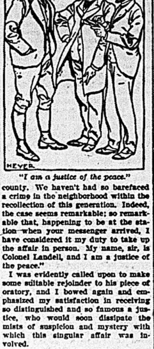
"Have 'em in," said Sheppard. I looked dubious. We had arranged nothing and had no plan of action between us. "It is far wiser," urged Sheppard. "Don't give it too elaborate an appearance." And, turning, he gave the order to the maid.

I was still doubting and Sercombe was regarding Sheppard with a certain grave interest when the maid returned, ushering in an important looking old gentleman with a very ceremonious manner and a man whom I took to be a sergeant in plain clothes.

"Mr. Greatorex?" asked the old gentleman, with heavy courtesy.

I bowed. "That's my name," I replied. "I suppose you have come upon this business of last night?"

"Yes, sir," said he, signaling to the sergeant, who forthwith pulled out a notebook. "It looks a bad thing for the county. We haven't had so barefaced a crime in the neighborhood within the recollection of this generation. Indeed, the case seems remarkable; so remarkable that, happening to be at the station when your messenger arrived, I have considered it my duty to take up the affair in person. My name, sir, is Colonel Landell, and I am a justice of the peace."



"I am a justice of the peace."

I was evidently called upon to make some suitable rejoinder to his piece of oratory, and I bowed again and emphasized my satisfaction in receiving so distinguished and so famous a justice, who would soon dissipate the mists of suspicion and mystery with which this singular affair was involved.

This address set the old gentleman upon his legs, metaphorically speaking, and forthwith he plunged into the depths.

"This party, I understand, Mr. Greatorex," said he, "attacked you early this morning?"

"About 3 o'clock," I answered. He commended the reply to the sergeant, who scribbled in his book.

"Had you any reason to fear this assault was intended?"

I hesitated. "Well, to say the truth," I replied, "we were not wholly without some suspicions."

"I may take it upon myself to say, sir," suddenly broke in the captain, "that it was I that first put the suspicion into Mr. Greatorex's head."

He looked at me as if inviting my corroboration, and a twinkle glistened in the rascal's eye.

"That is true," said I gravely. "Captain Sercombe is entirely responsible for my suspicions."

The ambiguity of the phrase tickled us both, and a smile was very privately exchanged between us.

"May I ask, Captain Sercombe," said the old gentleman politely, recognizing this importation with a bow, "what reasons you had for supposing Iver castle would be attacked in this extraordinary way, and whether you have any clew to the offenders?"

The captain lolled back in his chair and stroked his red mustache. "I used my eyes, colonel. I have lived a sharp life, sir. And when I see a fact I record it. That's a hint which is of use in your profession, as I make no doubt you know well enough," he said courteously. "This affair of the attack is a bad business; there's no denying that. But it might have been worse. No lives were lost, you see." And he glanced out of his ensanguined eyes at Sheppard.

"No; we must be thankful for that," observed the justice heartily. "But do I understand you that you had indeed actual evidence that the burglary was planned?"

"I can add two to two, colonel, and make them four," says Sercombe, seeming to be very complacent. "And, staying by accident in the same neighborhood with my friend Greatorex, I put a point on his wits. That was all. I make no claim to extra smartness, but when I see a number of lazy looking gypsies about, there's no good promised, according to my notions."

"You are right; you are right," agreed the justice. But here the sergeant struck in for the first time, casting a glance from sharp, beady eyes on the captain.

"Where were these gypsies, sir?"

We all looked at Sercombe, who showed not the least discomfiture, but bit the tip off a cigar.

"I trust I have your permission, Greatorex?" said he. "The gypsies, sir, are encamped at the bottom of the valley; have been so, indeed, for a week."

I was astonished at the man's audacity. He had actually revealed the secret of his nest of cutthroats. The sergeant turned the pages of his notebook.

"The man Williams, examined this morning, states that one of the men, seen closely, looked like a foreigner—

[To be continued.]

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ODE ON SOLITUDE.

Happy the man whose wish and care
A few paternal acres bound,
Content to breathe his native air
In his own ground.

Whose herds with milk, whose fields with bread,
Whose flocks supply him with attire,
Whose trees in summer yield him shade,
In winter fire.

Blest, who can unconcernedly find
Hours, days and years slide soft away;
In health of body, peace of mind,
Quiet by day.

Sound sleep by night, study and ease,
Together mixed, sweet recreation
And innocence, which most doth please,
With meditation.

Thus let me live, unseen, unknown;
Thus, unlamented, let me die,
Steal from the world, and not a stone
Tell where I lie.

—Alexander Pope.

FIRST AID BY DOGS.

How the Intelligent Animals Find the Wounded in Battle.

Two specially trained dogs and the ambulance section of the London Volunteer Electrical Engineers had a field night on Wimbledon Common on Saturday.

Long shafts of brilliant light swept the entire range of the common, and under these the Electrical Volunteers and the dogs groped their way through the bracken and conducted a search for men who were supposed to have been wounded in a battle fought along nearly the entire width of the common.

The dogs have been specially trained for ambulance service by Major E. Hautonville Richardson of Carnoustie, Forfarshire, and their duty is to find the wounded who have crawled under cover in places that human searchers might overlook, says The London Express.

One of the dogs is a collie, and the other a cross-bred retriever. Their outfit is complete. Bandages and dressings, and also a flask of stimulant, are carried on their backs, and round their necks are bells, which tingle loudly as they move.

When the word was given for the bearer sections to advance. Major Richardson and his dogs, accompanied by an Express representative, made for a thicket in the centre of the line of fight. Here the collie was loosed from its leash, and at the word, "Seek, laddie!" it sprang into the undergrowth and nosed among the dark bushes and long grass, moving a a rapid pace.

The jangling bell enable the dog to be followed easily. After several minutes, during which a considerable portion of the wood had been traversed, the bell suddenly ceased ringing, and a low whine from the collie proclaimed a "find." Hurrying to the spot, the major and his companion saw one of the "wounded" lying under a tree and the dog licking his face.

At a word from his master Laddie resumed his search, and soon led the way to another casualty, and the cry of "bearer company" brought the stretcher men up quickly. Then for some time the dog ran along without a halt. He plunged into a dense growth of bracken on the extreme left flank, but Major Richardson judged that this was too far away for any wounded to be found, and called him back.

The dog ignored the call, and, as no bell could be heard, the only course was to follow him. A few yards away he was discovered standing over two men, who were well hidden in the bushes.

The retriever as also tried with similar success.

Major Richardson said he had six dogs now in training. He did not take up any particular breed, but trained any kind of dog. Some of his dogs were put through a severe test with the Black Watch in Scotland by Gen. Tucker, and a board of officers, and they were quite satisfied with the result.

"I sold six dogs to the Russian Government for the war in Manchuria, and they did good service," he said, "I was also approached by Norway when there was the danger of war between that country and Sweden, and the Sultan of Turkey wishes me to supply dogs for his army.

"I want, however, the British War Office to take them up, and I believe they will do so."

The dogs cost about 60 guineas each.

Stenographer's English.

In some stenographic systems an arbitrary sign may stand for one, two, or even three words. Sometimes the mistranslation of one of these signs leads to funny results.

"The deed shocked the nation to the heart core" was what was said, and the typewriter evolved, "The dead shocked the notion to the hard car." "The rumor was but transient, though," was hardly recognizable as "The rammer was trains end through." A rear-end collision was evidently in that girl's mind.

"As manna fed the Jews," was ingeniously tortured by another young woman into "As mamma fed the jays." Yet she was a Sunday school teacher.

"Plays, creep and laughs, the innocent," crooned the man one day, mouthing the opening lines of some projected baby verses. When the typewriter tapped out "Plays craps and leaves the innocent," he scanned her visage closely.

He said, "The voice of Dr. Jocelyn was heard calling for assistance," and it came out, "The vice of Dr. Josh Lane was hard killing four assistants."

When "But she held Jake too dearly for that, and so—passed on" was dictated, and it came out, "But she held jacks, two, drawing for that, and so passed one," would it have been unjust to credit the girl at the machine with an elementary knowledge of gambling?—Success.

Clock Not Crazy.

This story is told of Dan Leno, the late idol of the London music hall stage. His mind failed, and he was confined in a private asylum. Soon after this he got up an argument with one of the attendants about the correctness of the clock. "That clock's wrong," he said. "No, sir, the clock is quite right." "I tell you it's wrong." "No, sir, it's quite right." "Then, if it's right, what's it doing here?"

SYBILLA LONG, KNIGHT ERRANT

By INA WRIGHT HANSON

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"I did have such an experience this morning! I started out to find a girl I used to know and who I heard was living here. I got tangled up in a minstrel show going over and coming back I got mixed into a funeral. I didn't know exactly where she lived, and I had all Boston Ravine out looking for her. I'm sure the folks down there haven't been so stirred up for years."

The voice beyond the bowlder broke most pleasantly into Fenton's moody thoughts. He sat up promptly, but cautiously.

"That's the first decent voice I've heard in this accursed place," he observed silently.

It didn't seem to be an accursed place. Fragrant with pine needles, vocal with the humming of bees in late manzanita blooms and the laughter of a watercress laden stream; beautiful with brick red soil, varied greens in foliage and glimpses of heaven's own blue—it seemed like a charming spot—the only discord the pale faced, hollow eyed man himself.

"I didn't find the girl after all," the musical tones went on, "but I found the house she used to live in."

Fenton listened impatiently while the other voice said things, querulous things burdened with the aches and pains of the speaker. "A typical sanitarium voice," thought Fenton peevishly. Then he brightened as the first speaker remarked:

"You think you will go back, do you? Oh, no, the walk hasn't hurt you. Exercise and fresh air do wonders for a body often. No, I am going to stay and read till luncheon."

In silence Fenton wondered if she would read aloud, but instead she began to sing. He fairly held his breath—notes soft as a wood dove's; a voice exquisite by nature and unspoiled by training. She was singing a lilting lyric of love, and Fenton thought of a swinging gate, scurrying clouds and his first sweetheart's first kiss, years and years forgotten. Then, without any perceptible hesitancy, the melody changed to a lullaby, tender as a mother's prayer, and the weary look left the man's eyes, the hard lines around his mouth relaxed, and he drew a long, almost sobbing, breath. The melody ceased, and Fenton felt as if he had never had a desire in his life but to hear her sing. He arose and went to the other side of the bowlder.

"Pardon a sick man," he began, but his tongue seemed paralyzed. His only conscious thought was that he was glad the girl in her nurse's uniform was so fair. Her eyes gazing curiously up at him had never a hint of fear in their amber depths. He gathered his senses together.

"I haven't slept naturally for a week," he said bluntly. "Will you sing for me?"

When Fenton awoke the sun was shining no longer. He sat up quickly and found that a great shawl was keeping the evening's chilliness from him; then his eyes discovered the nurse leaning against a tree, regarding him gravely.

"You have stayed here all day—you have had no lunch!" he exclaimed.

She smiled. "Oh, no; when I was sure you would stay asleep I went back to the sanitarium, and then I came again."

They arose. Fenton folded the shawl and laid it over his arm.

"How am I ever going to thank you?" he began.

"Don't try," she answered simply, preceding him down the narrow path.

"I worked too hard and collapsed," he explained. "Shan't be so foolish when I get well again. I am going to get well now that I can sleep. Maybe you have heard of John Fenton, carpet manufacturer. I am the idiot."

"Oh!" exclaimed the girl, then added hastily: "A pebble rolled under my foot. I am Sybilla Long, nurse."

He wondered at the deep flush which overspread her face—they were at the foot of the hill and walking side by side.

"Can't I syndicate your services?" he inquired gravely. "Do you suppose the doctors are averse to a graft?"

He thought her low laughter was pleasanter even than her song or her speech. That night he slept as he had not for a year.

A new life was beginning for John Fenton. The sanitarium's grim walls no longer spelled to him hopelessness. The doctors were complacent over so satisfactory a convalescent, but Fenton laughed in his sleeve at them. It was not pills and potions which had made a man of him again, but the tonic of a sweet voice and a gracious presence.

She seemed, this fair Sybilla, to be overyoung for a nurse. Perhaps for that reason the grave doctors indulged her beyond the others. At any rate, she always had time for Fenton, and daily she fascinated him more. He had not been a man of many loves. The first little sweetheart, dead years before, and the woman his mother wanted him to marry, but whom he had perversely refused even to meet—the first had set his heartstrings a-quiver; the last, his mother affirmed, stood ready to do so. So all the loves which Fenton might have nurtured and had not came flying around this amber eyed, flute voiced Sybilla.

So she sang to him, and he quoted to himself, "And thou beside me singing in the wilderness." She read to him, and he fitted other words to the melody of her voice, words he hoped some time to hear from her lips. She talked blithely or thoughtfully, as her mood might be, and he answered in like spirit, watching with a lover's eyes each changing expression.

The doctors had pronounced him well, but he was loath to go into the world again. He had a feeling that in its clang and clamor Sybilla Long would prove to be what she had been before he knew her—a dream too beauteous to come true.

There came a day when the breath of summer was hot over the red soil and withering manzanita blooms. The water cress laden stream was too languid for laughter, but Fenton's heart beat high with hope. He was wondering how he should say it, the world old tale, for say it he must within the hour. Looking at her pensive face, the words of a favorite song came into his mind, and his clear tenor broke softly into the stillness of the pine forest. Sybilla looked up surprised, for she had never heard him sing.

"I think of you all the day long.
You run through the hours like a song.
Sometimes I think if the world could see
My golden dreams it would envy me.
Dearie, my dearie, nothing's worth while
but dreams of you,
And you can make every dream come
true.
Dearie, my dearie—

"Will you, my dearie, make every dream come true?" He leaned toward her eagerly, but she shrank away from him, covering her face with trembling hands. A tear splashed out between her fingers.

His face clouded. "Why, little girl"—he began, with troubled concern.

She uncovered her face and looked at him wanly. He started at her expression.

"Did you ever hear of Martha Gillen?" she asked.

His look was uncomprehending. Martha Gillen was the woman his mother had for five years been importuning him to marry.

"Yes," he said dully. "Why?"

"For many reasons I love her as I would a sister. One day she told me that your mother wanted you to marry her, but that you wouldn't even meet her for fear you might be inveigled into it. She laughed about it, but I thought it an affront to her beauty and goodness and wisdom, and I prayed for the chance to avenge her. It came sooner than I expected. I learned about your illness and where you were. Dr. Jenson is my cousin, so it was easy enough to pose as a nurse, and that's what I've been doing. Now you despise me."

Fenton noted the quivering of her lips and said gently: "I don't understand. You have been goodness itself to me. You have"—

"Oh, don't you see the baseness of me? I did it to make you love me." Sybilla's white face was crimson now. "I wanted you to love me and tell me so, and ask me to marry you, and then I was going to spurn you to the ground, and so should Martha Gillen be avenged!"

Fenton smiled. "How old are you, little knight errant, avenger of another woman's wrongs? Not quite twenty? I thought so. Years ago I was not quite twenty, and often did I busy myself turning a gopher hill into a Vesuvius spitting forth fire, smoke and lava. Sybilla, dear, why don't you spurn me?"

He held out his arms, and into them crept a tearful, very rosy, very winsome knight errant, happily worsted in her first combat.

The Reserve Seat.

"As an instance of the way traveling Americans get foolish over making a show of opulence and liberality," said a New Yorker who is much abroad, "let me tell you about an old woman who made a visit to Ireland. This woman, getting off the boat at Queenstown, hired an outside car for a drive. The rate by the hour was 1 and 6 (35 cents) for the car and a shilling (a quarter) for the jarvey, or driver. Well, the woman got up on one side of the car, and the jarvey got up on the other, driving sideways, and they started off. After a bit the woman pointed to the empty driver's seat in front and said:

"'What is that seat in front for, young man?'

"'Sure, ma'am,' said the wily jarvey, 'that's what we call the reserve seat, nicely cushioned and all that kind of thing, and is only engaged by the real gentry, they payin' for the same 10 shillin's and 2 shillin's for the driver.'

"The woman hastily shifted to the driver's seat.

"'You should have told me that before,' she said. 'How was I, a stranger, to know what was the proper thing to do over here?'

"And she paid 12 shillings for the privilege of riding in the driver's seat, to the amusement of all Queenstown."

Dear Old Mother!

In the hurry and bustle of this busy life those dear old mothers, our best friends and champions, who gave us the very best years of their lives, who stood between us and all harm, who would willingly have laid down their lives for us, who in times of sickness were always our ministering angels—constantly at our bedside, responding willingly to every beck and call, attending with more than loving kindness to our every want and need—are too often forgotten and seldom accorded the loving attention which is their due, and when the grim reaper takes them from us we, for the first time, realize in anguish, sorrow and regret what the loss of a mother really means. It means more than all the other things of earth. All the riches of the universe could not compensate, and in all the whole wide world there is no other who can fill her place. Of all the beauty with which the world is embellished the most beautiful is the mother, and to her every human being truly owes a world of homage.—Papillion Times.

UNCOVERS DUST OF AGES.

Egyptian Temple 3,900 Years Old Brought to Light—Built to the Memory of Thothmes III.

The world possesses another archaeological treasure. When, some months ago, in the valley of the Kings' tombs at Thebes, there was discovered a tomb, hitherto unviolated, containing a profusion of marvelous furniture, jewelry, vases, and carvings, as fresh as if they had been made yesterday, it was supposed that the land of the Pharaohs had yielded up ancient objects which could not be surpassed in beauty and in interest. But this discovery, wonderful as it was, has been far surpassed by the latest find in Egypt, the news of which has just been made known by C. T. Currelly, an Englishman, and Prof. E. Naville, a French savant, who are both working under the auspices of the Egypt exploration fund.

For the last two years the explorers employed by the fund, Prof. Naville, Mr. Currelly, Mr. Hall, and Mr. Ayrton, have been engaged in excavating the oldest temple that has so far been discovered at Thebes.

It was built in the eleventh dynasty, in the reign of King Menthuhetep Nebhelpet-Ra, who lived somewhere about 2,000 B. C. It was in the ninth and tenth dynasties that Thebes began to be transformed from an obscure little town on the upper Nile to the home of the Pharaohs, with magnificent palaces and temples of stupendous size and grandeur.

The temple which Prof. Naville and his associates have been laying bare is built on a platform, to which access is given by a ramp, and it is remarkable because it has in the middle a great block of masonry, the purpose of which is not known, but which, it is thought, was perhaps the base of a pyramid.

This year the efforts of the explorers have been directed toward the back part of the temple. They wished to see how it ended and how it was connected with the mountain at the end of the amphitheatre of Deir el bahari.

Early in the work Mr. Hall discovered the inclosure wall of the temple and found that the inclosure was interrupted by a court or wide avenue, lined on both sides by a single row of columns and directed toward the mountain. The rock had been cut open to make way for the avenue.

On the north side of the court, over the inclosure of the old temple, remains of a shrine of the eighteenth dynasty were found. The shrine was built in the reign of the great King Thothmes III. He lived 1,500 years before Christ, about 150 years before the exodus of the Jews to the promised land.

This was the King who in seventeen campaigns subdued Palestine and Syria, planted a tablet of victory alongside that of his father on the banks of the Euphrates, penetrated northern Mesopotamia, stormed Karkemish, on the Euphrates, planted garrisons and appointed governors everywhere, and when he died, after a reign of fifty-four years, was regularly receiving tribute from an empire extending from the upper waters of the Euphrates to the fourth cataract of the Nile. He was the greatest conqueror among the Pharaohs and the greatest military genius in his history of Egypt.

It was with the rich booty that Thothmes III. obtained that he embellished the temples of Egypt in a manner unequaled by any of his predecessors, though they had all been great builders. The gigantic temple of Ammon at Karnak was mostly built by him, and under his rule Egyptian art attained its greatest development.

LONDON'S LATEST FAD.

Chameleons Which Change Color to Suit Dress of Mistress.

The chameleon promises to be a favorite pet in London this year.

One great point in favor of the chameleon is its accommodating habit of taking on the hue of the color against which it is placed. Thus one chameleon will match up with gowns of half a dozen different shades. So, though fashionable, it is really quite an economical adornment.

Much, however, will depend upon the weather, for, like the summer girl, the chameleon only thrives when the sun is bright. To import them now would be almost madness, as a cold snap would rob them of their brightly colored little lives.

The chameleon is really the ideal pocket pet. It has a habit of sitting on its hind legs, and it has weird, staring eyes perched on the top of its head. To pursue natural history further, it may be pointed out that, the chameleon never goes far from home.

It has two little arms, with almost human-fingered hands, and with these it clings for an indefinite time to anything on which it is placed. For instance, if you put a chameleon on a plant it will cling to that plant until removed. Or if a lady attaches it to her gown it will cling passionately to the dress. It will never fall off, and it will never run away. In fact, it may be said that chameleons always become very much attached to their owner.

The species most recommended is the one hailing from Morocco, which is about five inches long, and has a fascinating habit of curling its tail between its legs and up its chest. One of these placed on its hind legs and provided with penholder as a walking-stick will sit for hours on end without moving.

The diet of the chameleon consists of meal-worms—with which your baker will surreptitiously supply you — and flies. The latter the chameleon catches for himself in the summer months by shooting out his comparatively immense tongue.

There is one sad aspect to the chameleon fashion. When the summer has flown and cold weather comes, the chameleon must die unless sheltered in a very hot plant house or sent south for the winter. One well-known marchioness, who became very fond of her chameleon, last summer sent it to Biskra during the winter months. At the present moment it is in excellent health, and will be restored to its devoted mistress when spring develops.

Modified Romance.

"Would you marry a man for money?"

"No," answered Miss Cayenne, "and yet I don't think I should regard a man as being especially desirable because of his poverty."

DOWN BY THE RIO GRANDE

By CURRAN RICHARD GREENLEY

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The long gray adobe walls of the hacienda lay bathed in the quiver of yellow light. Alleyne watched Margaret's face for a sign of truce, but the shadows came and went between the vines that draped the patio as the interminable Sabbath afternoon dragged away and Margaret remained buried in her book. "And all about a beggarly horse thief," he murmured to himself as he sat up straight and sent the pile of magazines crashing to the floor.

There was a look of consciousness about the back of that shapely brown head that held itself so persistently averted, but Alleyne deemed it wiser not to reopen the subject of Miguel.

Over in the corral things wore a deserted air. Two or three men lounged in the shade of the high wall. Alleyne yawned and looked at his watch and at a faint movement of the figure in the rocker. "Margaret, I"— Crack-ack-ack! Somewhere away to the west three shots rang out in rapid succession, a pause and then three more.

Over in the corral the lounging figures sprang to life, and an instant later three ponies were galloping in the direction of the shots. Alleyne dashed into the house, reappearing with the field glasses. "They've got him!" He was peering at a collection of black dots on the edge of the horizon.

"Got who?" Margaret laid her hand upon his arm.

"The mischief!" Alleyne jerked the glasses down. "I forgot you were here." Under her steady gaze his color changed. "Yes, if you will have the whole ghastly truth and cannot be persuaded to stay out of it, it's that scoundrel Miguel!"

Margaret shrank away from him with a low cry of distress. The look in her eyes went straight to Alleyne's heart, and his voice softened to a tender pleading as he tried to draw her to him. "Little woman, you cannot be the judge of these matters, and you cannot shield a horse thief. I could have told you this morning, but I preferred to let you think me a bit hard on Miguel than to shock you with the truth. There have been some queer happenings lately both here at the Alaho and at Jose's. Last night a bunch of Jose's best ponies came up missing, and the boys have been trailing him since sunrise."

"John Alleyne, do you mean to let those savages of yours murder a man here on the Alaho just for the sake of a few bronchos?" Margaret faced him sternly, and Alleyne lost his hard kept patience.

"You forget that there are men's laws to be considered as well as God's, and out here on the fringe of the world the code knows no greater crime than lifting a broncho, and the lifting of many bronchos aggravates the case. It is not a question in which my wife may meddle." And Alleyne strode toward the corral, while Margaret picked up the glasses.

The wind blown stretch of bare brown mesa told her nothing of the tragedy brewing behind its crest. She watched Alleyne until her eyes ached.

A clatter of hoofs and a voice calling her name brought her to the door, where a half broken cayuse snorted and pawed. Astride of him sat Bright Eyes, Miguel's Indian wife, the brown baby swung to her back. There was a queer ashen pallor on the woman's stolid face as she slid from the pony's back, one hand clutching at the deerskin thong that held the papoose. "White man got Miguel. Miguel he die." Here she pointed to her throat and made a gasping sound. "White squaw much hurree. Miguel he no die. Sabe?"

Margaret cowered before the awful pleading in those savage eyes. "Not a question in which my wife may meddle," John had said, but there was no time to weigh scruples, and five minutes later a strangely assorted pair rode into the face of the setting sun, and the rough little cayuse strove to keep pace with the swinging stride of the Hindoo mare. Far ahead a black dot moved against the sky that Margaret knew to be Alleyne. A glimmer of consequences flashed across her mind, but the sweet young mouth only grew a little firmer as she struck the trail of many horses and knew the goal to be in sight.

On and on, sagebrush and prickly pear, the yellow sand beneath and overhead the blue melting into the evening's violet crown—nature's own smile upon the scene that swept into view, where men and horses were grouped around the impassive figure wrapped in the ragged poncho that lounged in careless grace against the white scarred trunk of a large mesquite. Margaret's eyes went instinctively to the lariat knotted about the bronze throat. It was not the first time that Miguel had felt it there, but Rusty Pete himself held the end of this one.

The voices hushed instantly, and to a man the wide sombreros were lifted as Margaret slipped from the saddle and stood looking from one dark face to another. An awful sense of self engulfed her, and in another moment Miguel's cause would have been lost. But the grim set of Alleyne's mouth as he started toward her gave her the courage that is born of cowardice. Before he could reach her she had broken through the circle to Miguel's side, and the sun struck along the barrel of a revolver leveled straight at Rusty Pete. "Drop that rope!" she cried.

Pete let go as if the lariat were red-hot iron; then she wheeled to face the ring of Miguel's accusers. "Men of the Alaho, you are many. This man is but one, bound and helpless, but the first man that moves toward him does so at his peril. If you persist in taking him it will be over my body!"

Alleyne's eyes were blazing, but not a man stirred for a long moment, an interminable time, it seemed to the woman, who stood between that ring of fierce faces and their prey.

"God in heaven, will it last forever?" Her brain was reeling and the black figures danced in a blood red mist as earth rose in waves beneath her. The silent battle was almost done when a wild yell from the darkening mesa scattered the circle to right and left as the man from Jose's galloped in. "Cut that rope!" yelled the leader as he bore down upon the group under the mesquite.

Margaret staggered blindly into Alleyne's arms, seeing nothing but the flash of Pete's knife as he cut the thongs, then utter blackness until she awoke to the white walls of her own room.

Alleyne was bending over her. There was something distinctly apologetic in his attitude. Margaret grasped her advantage. "Well?" Her tone was tentative. Alleyne settled himself on the side of the bed, laughing a bit uneasily.

"I suppose you have the best of me, little woman. Your dramatic entrance upon the scene saved the day or we would have sent Miguel on the long ride on another man's count. Jose's men would have come too late."

"Who did it?"

"One of the greasers. Miguel had been over to the post loading up on fire water, as usual, and the greaser ran across him just about the time he discovered that the boys were close on his trail. Things were getting pretty warm for him when he persuaded Miguel to take charge of the ponies while he skipped out. Naturally the boys did not stop to question Miguel when they found him heading away from the ranch and the proof trotting alongside. It would have been all over for Miguel but for the fact that the greaser met a man who had good reasons for wanting to find him—and found him. Explanations came later, and when the greaser realized that a few bronchos more or less couldn't count against a man who had only about twenty minutes to live he set things in motion to reach Miguel. That is all the story."

The south wind rustled the vines in the patio. Margaret looked down to the grove of mesquite just beyond the big corral, where a brown baby rolled in the dust at the door of Miguel's tepee. Alleyne's eyes followed hers. He understood.

A Good Lacquer.

It is often the case that one finds it convenient to have at hand a first class lacquer with which to coat instruments, ornaments or other articles, to add either to their durability or finish. The following recipe will be found reliable and not specially expensive: One pint of best rectified alcohol, two drams each of saffron and Spanish annotto, an ounce of ground tumeric. Put these ingredients together and place them where there is a moderate heat. Leave them for several days, shaking them occasionally. When nearly dissolved add three ounces of the best seed lac in rough powder. Let this stand until the lac is all dissolved, shaking it frequently. If the color is to be a bright yellow, use less annotto; if a deep orange, use more. Put the mixture on while warm. Apply with a brush as one would use paint. The number of coats depends entirely upon the article and the purpose for which it is used. For blue lacquer add prussian or aniline blue to white shellac varnish made very thin. In making lacquer take great care not to use too much seed lac, as the mixture is likely to dry unevenly or in streaks.

A Veil With a History.

The bridal veil is evidently of eastern origin, being a relic of the bridal canopy held over the heads of the bride and bridegroom. Among the Anglo-Saxons a similar custom existed, but if the bride was a widow it was dispensed with. According to Sarum usage, a fine linen cloth was laid upon the heads of the bride and bridegroom and was not removed until the benediction had been said.

The old British custom was to use nature's veil unadorned—that is, the long hair of the bride, which was so worn by all brides, royal, noble and simple. Only then did every one behold the tresses of maidenhood in their entirety and for the last time, as after marriage they were neatly dressed on the head. Among some the tresses were cut and carefully stowed away on a woman becoming a wife. It was customary in Russia for village brides to shear their locks on returning from church.

The Precept of Idealists.

Listen to the old men seated upon the benches in the towns or during their walks in the parks. Listen to those who are in the midst of life, in the thick of bitter conflicts and heart sickening struggles. Listen to the women who have been married these several years. What discouraging remarks! Vanity of vanities! All these people have filed their reports, and, worn out, without the courage to put the ideal into life, it ends in inevitable and horrible bankruptcy. But in all this it is not life which is at fault. It is man. You must supply what is missing. Let us, then, to the professors of the ideal. Their precept is very simple. It resolves itself into this: "Be prepared for difficulties, but be faithful in the little things, and you will attain the great ones." It is by the very little steps that one rises slowly to the summits.—Charles Wagner in Harper's Bazar.

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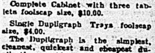

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Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

Chas. J. Symons

296 Front St. Shirts to Order.

PRICELESS IS EYESIGHT.

and yet sometimes you barter it for carelessness, delay or for the saving of a few dollars! What wouldn't you give to retain it after you have lost it? Why lose it when we, as experts in the saving of eyes, will examine yours free, tell you whether we can help you and make only a fair charge for glasses or spectacles if you really need them?

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the *Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St.* with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

See our window display of Handkerchiefs for Kimonos, Sofa Cushions, etc

Stamping done.

Blouses and Light Dresses MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

TRENTON ROUTE IS FAVORED

ROYAL COMMISSION REPORT IN REFERENCE TO TRENT VALLEY CANAL.

The report of the Royal Commission on Transportation, was brought down in the House at Ottawa on Tuesday.

It is of special interest to the section contiguous to the Trent Canal, because it recommends the completion of the work, the clause dealing with it being as follows; "The port of Midland should also serve as the port for the Trent Valley Waterway on which the Government of Canada has already expended between five and six million dollars, thus having made its construction a settled policy and your Commission would recommend that this waterway be pressed to an early completion, and that it be by way of the Severn at the Georgian Bay end, and the Trent on the Bay of Quinte, so that its terminals will be in protected waters whereby greater safety will be given to the somewhat smaller boats and barges which will have to be used on this route."

Notes From the Dock.

The steamer Ella Ross came up from Picton this morning and went up the bay as far as Trenton.

The schooner Echo laden with grain left to-day for Kingston.

The schooner Peruvian arrived in port this morning with a load of bunch wood from Deseronto.

The schooner Madcap is being ladened with fruit trees which will be distributed at various bay ports.

The schooner McBride has been sold to a party who resides at Oshawa. She is being fitted out preparatory to going away.

The steamers in connection with the Richelieu Navigation Company will commence to run next week.

The steamer Alexandria will be here to-morrow and will proceed across the lake.

The steamer Varuna is still upon the ways at Trenton.

Mr. Arthur Watch Is Safe.

Amongst those reported missing in San Francisco appeared the name of Mr. Arthur Watch, son of the Rev. C. W. Watch, a former pastor of Holloway street church in this city. It now transpires that the young man is safe, as the parents, who reside at Shelburne, Ont., have received a communication from him. The banking institution in which he was employed, was destroyed.

Hastings County Boy Watched.

Dr. Clare, son of Mr. James Clare, of Hungerford Township, who had been for some time connected with the Eastern Hospital at Brockville, has resigned to enter upon new duties in connection with the Woodstock Hospital. On Wednesday evening Dr. Clare was presented at Brockville with a gold watch fob and seal, an opal stick pin and a Masonic ring by the hospital staff. Dr. Clare is at present spending a few days in Tweed prior to leaving for his new field of labor.

Former Resident Dead.

The remains of Mrs. Mary Ann Maiden who died in Montreal on Wednesday, arrived here this afternoon for burial. Deceased, who was an elderly lady, was for some time a resident of this city but subsequently removed to Montreal, where she lived with her grandson. Mr Joseph Maiden, of this city, is a son of the deceased.

A Suggestion.

The following has been received;

To the Editor of The Intelligencer;

Belleville, April 26th, 1906.

Mr. Editor,—Do you not think it a good idea of asking the Sunday schools of our city to give one Sunday collection to the San Francisco children for a Sunday school to those little boys and girls who are deprived of everything in that which is a blessing to us who have been spared from that awful calamity. Will you please insert it in your paper and ask the boys and girls of our city to give something to gladden the hearts of San Francisco Sunday school children.

A S. S. WORKER.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents to be had at R. Templeton's drug store

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stopover arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18--11t

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"THE HOLY CITY" TO-NIGHT.

The advertised engagement of Clarence Bennett's great play, "The Holy City," which comes to the Carman to-night, is well worthy of the attention it excites. Men will ever differ in opinions, but truth is acknowledged even when convictions regret its brilliant uses. It is difficult to conceive of anything but good coming from performances of "The Holy City," hardened sinners cannot dispute its facts, humble sinners will accept its teachings, and sanctified saints may gain instead of losing if they absorb the play from the rising of the curtain until it closes to view the artist-author's dramatic and picturesque story of Jerusalem, its people, its sorrows and its joys. The second season of this remarkable drama is great in its achievements.

Conditions Are Not So Bad in San Francisco.

San Francisco, April 26. — Conditions in the city are not so bad as at first supposed. The homes of more than 150,000 are standing, practically uninjured. There still remain the great shipyards at the Potrero, the Pacific Mail docks, and the busy district immediately surrounding them, the stock yards at South San Francisco, the wharves along the water front, the factories along the water front from Mission Creek to Hunter's point, the Mint, the post-office, and the large retail district on Fillmore and Devisadero streets. After all, a big city remains in San Francisco.

The Chinese Consul-General registers a kick. He says that the soldiers have been collecting graft from his countrymen. When the first crowd of refugees was taken from the ruined district the soldiers made the Chinamen pay toll, usually $5 a head, to be guided to the ferry. He makes a further charge that the military guard was withdrawn from Chinatown yesterday, allowing crowds of white toughs to poke through the ruins and help themselves to the stocks of Chinese stores. He said that a large amount of property was stolen in this way, while the Chinese stood by and took it all in. Being Chinese and in California, they had to.

Bay of Quinte Clerical Union.

The semi-annual meeting of the Bay of Quinte Clerical Union was held in Trenton on Tuesday and Wednesday. A large number of clergymen were in attendance.

A report of the conference held in Belleville, between the Methodists and Anglicans, was presented.

The Rector of Trenton, Rev. Mr. Armstrong, read an interesting paper on the Canons of 1604. The Rev. Mr. Armatage, of Picton, gave a paper on The Titles or Names Given to our Lord in the Epistle to the Ephesians, showing reasons for the different names. His paper was much enjoyed. On Tuesday evening service was held in St. George's Church, conducted by Rev. Mr. Armstrong, assisted by Rev. Mr. Archbold and Rev. Mr. Dickinson. The Rev. Mr. Costigan preached on the incarnation.

On Wednesday, 7.30 a.m., there was a celebration of the Holy Communion, and at 9.30 the Litany was sung by the Rector.

The next meeting will be held at Deseronto.

The Rev. Canon Bogert was chairman of the meeting.

Safe and Thankful.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer;

Dear Sir,—Mrs. Levi Anderson has just received word from San Francisco concerning the safety of her sister and family, after the disaster there. For the benefit of many anxious friends, would you be kind enough to publish a portion of the letter, which is as follows;

San Francisco, April 20, '06.

Mr. Dear Sister, — You have, no doubt, heard of the terrible disaster which occurred here recently. The reports are all true and more. However, we are all safe with our lives and are in a tent with soldiers to protect us, and government supplies, so we are happy and thankful.

Lovingly, your sister,

M. E. MINAKER.

AS SMOOTH AS A BILLIARD TABLE.

Your comfort on a railway journey very largely depends upon the roadbed of the route you select. No matter how luxurious the coaches, or how much personal attention you receive from the employees, you cannot be comfortable if jolted and jarred by a poor and irregular roadbed. On the Lake Shore Railway no expense has been spared to make a roadbed as nearly perfect as the most skilful engineering could build, and as a result, throughout the entire length and breadth of the system the right of way is as smooth as a billiard table. No jolts or jars, nor dust nor dirt. This perfection of service extends throughout the entire system. Lake Shore trains are the most luxurious, they are equipped with every comfort and convenience and are run at highest speed and in safety. They run on time. For your own sake you should see that your ticket reads "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway." Write for full information about rates and routes to J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O., or W. J. Lynch, Passenger Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

BEARS IN CANADA.

ENGLISH M. P.'s FEARED TO SEND CHILDREN TO NEW BRUNSWICK.

St. John, N. B., April 26.—"It is a shame to send out helpless little children to New Brunswick, that wilderness, where they won't be able to go out without being eaten by bears."

This is a statement made by four members in the British House, and published in different London newspapers, in opposition to plans advocated by Mrs. Elinor C. Close to bring to Canada several thousand homeless children. Mrs. Close is here. The first party of 12 girls, all under 11 years of age, will sail for Canada this week.

Trial Of Alleged Grain Thieves.

John and Walter Lucas, who are charged with theft of grain from bonded G. T. R. cars, will be tried to-morrow before Magistrate Flint. Mr Anderson, County Attorney, will prosecute and Mr. Porter will appear on behalf of the accused.

Doctor of Divinity For Rev. S. J. Shorey.

At the divinity convocation on Tuesday evening next Victoria College will honor with the degree of doctor of divinity, Rev. Sidney J. Shorey, of Oshawa; Rev. Robert N. Burns, of Brampton; Rev. W. J. Sipprell, principal of Columbia College, New Westminster, and Rev. Principal Riddell, of Alberta College, Edmonton."

Mr. Shorey is a former pastor of Holloway St. Methodist church, and is well known in this city. His many friends will be glad to hear of the honor being bestowed upon him.

Ruri-Diaconal Chapter.

The spring meeting of the Ruri-diaconal Chapter of Hastings was held in St. Thomas' Church parish on Monday, a good number of the clergy of the deanery being present.

The Rev. Rural Dean Beamish was chairman, and the Rev. A. L. Geen, secretary.

After the routine business was transacted reports from the several parishes were presented.

The Rev. Mr. Archbold read a very excellent and charming paper on the Epistle to Philemon, couched in beautiful English, in which he brought our truths not apparent on the ordinary reading.

At 8 p.m., evening service was held in St. Thomas' church, conducted by Rev. Mr. Beamish. The Lessons were read by Rev. Messrs. Ffrench and Young.

Rev. A. L. Geen preached on the Unity and Order of the church, viewing it as God's Household. His text was St. Luke, 12; 42.

On Tuesday morning, at 8 o'clock there was Holy Communion, the Rev. Mr. Archbold being celebrant. Morning prayer was said at 10 a.m., after which the chapter reassembled and completed their business part of the meeting.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Mrs. T. A. Lazier, son and daughter, left yesterday for Washington, D. C.

Mr. C. W. Craig will leave to-morrow to join her husband, who is located at Vancouver, B. C.

At the Quinte; M. W. Hogle, C. J. Regan, D. C. McNaughton, G. Kent, W. E. Heake, E. J. Campbell, G. A. Pattison, J. Levison, T. Pearson, H. McMillan, Montreal; J. H. Martin, H. C. Bourbie, J. England, F. Christie, P. F. Reddington, T. E. Grey, C. H. Bell, C. Bastedo, W. Bentley, W. J. Pyne, J. A. Martin, G. Nicholson, Toronto; T. E. Breckenridge, R. C. Tait, W. A. Wood, E. Kingsland, Ottawa; P. H. Fox, Northport; A. H. Ross, Guelph; B. E. Johnson, Stratford; E. H. Wall, Syracuse; A. T. Dodge, N. M. Craig, Hamilton; C. W. Johnson, Brockville; G. E. Hall, D. Davies, New York.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance,

The License Commissioners for West Hastings met in Trenton today to consider the licenses for that town.

Owing to the absence of a number of the members of the Council from the city yesterday, the civic committees did not meet last evening.

Ladies' T.P.O. card envelopes, 5c per package. At Intelligencer office.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Massey St.

Just Received
A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES

..AND..

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

CARMAN OPERA HOUSE.

S. B. Carman, Manager.

FRIDAY, APRIL 27th

The Holy City

The Great Allegorical Reproduction of Michel Angelo's

"CRUCIFIXION"

The Most Impressive Historic Portrayal Ever Conceived and offered to the Public

Prices - 25, 35, 50, 75c

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned till May 1st for the Brick Building behind Convent. It is 26 x 36 and contains about 30,000 brick. The roof is reserved. All material to be removed by June 1st.

JAMES HANLEY,
Sec. R.C.S.S. Board.
24-4t

Tricked the Thief.

Some idea of the credulous nature of the Galicians, and the extent to which their actions are controlled by superstition, may be formed from a recent occurrence at a police station in Winnipeg. A Galician had been robbed of $150 at a party of his countrymen, given in his honor, after he returned from work on railway construction. He informed the police, and Detective Seel, himself a Galician, who was educated for the priesthood, and one of the cleverest men in the city's secret service, was given charge of the case. He arrested all, who had been at the party, nearly fifty in number, and ranged them along the wall of the station. He then secured an old iron pot, well covered with soot, which he placed on the table bottom up. On the top of it he placed a crucifix with a lighted candle on each side of it, the usual manner in which they are placed when Greek Churchmen take the oath. He then told them to march past the crucifix, and each man to draw his finger downwards through the soot, explaining to them that when the guilty man drew his finger through the soot the candles would immediately be extinguished. The men then slowly filed past the crucifix, and when they had all resumed their places against the wall he ordered them to hold up their hands. On examining them Seel found that one man had no soot on his finger. His superstition had betrayed his guilt. The culprit was ordered to hand over the money, and on protesting his innocence he was seized and searched. The wad was found in one of his socks and returned to its rightful owner, who was so glad to recover it that he refused to prosecute.

THE STRENUOUS LIFE

RESULTS IN STOMACH TROUBLES AND PHYSICAL BREAKDOWN.

The strenuous life of modern times forces people to rush through their meals hastily, hurrying from the table in the mad rush after the almighty dollar.

The result is incomplete digestion, inflammation of the walls of the stomach, and lack of secretion of the gastric juices, ending in chronic stomach trouble and nervous breakdown.

How much better would it be to eat more slowly, cure the stomach trouble with Mi-o-na and soon regain perfect health. The headaches, sleeplessness, nervous troubles, pain after eating, specks before the eyes, backaches, melancholy and gloomy foreboding would be soon overcome and perfect health and strength would be restored.

Each box of Mi-o-na sells for 50 cents, and is invaluable to anyone who suffers with indigestion, nervousness or weak stomach.

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

Frank Eaton Married.

Mr. Frank Eaton, the well-known vocalist, was married on Wednesday, the 25th inst., at Morristown, New Jersey, to Miss May Graves Westerfield, at the residence of the bride's aunt, Miss Graves. The happy couple are to be at home after the 15th of May at 12 Franklin Place, Morristown. Hosts of friends in this city and vicinity will unite in congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. Eaton.

CLARKE'S CORNED BEEF.

One of the most tasty of cold meats—and always ready to serve. Clark's is the kind to get. Don't get any other kind.

Daily Intelligencer.

CHOICEST BAKERY GOODS

Made fresh every day from the best materials.
Have you ever tried our Baxter's teas, 10c a doz.

Chas. S. Clapp

Young lady wanted, apply evenings this week after 7 o'clock.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL

NEATLY PRINTED.

—AT—

The INTELLIGENCER

Job Department

Front St., Belleville.

"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. Front St.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP

205

PECK & WILLS.

Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allor

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Parnelling Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY

—Gents' White Dress Shirts, $1.00, for	79c
—Boys Overalls, size 4, 5, 6 years	35c
— " " 7 and 8 years	40c
—Lace Curtains, worth $1.00 for	75c
—8c Tack hammers, each	5c
—Nickle plated towel racks (3 arms) for	10c
—Coat Hooks each	1c
—Carpet Tacks 2 packages for	5c
—Children's Brooms worth 10c, for	5c
—Ceiling Brooms, regular 25c for	20c
—Wooden towel rollers (stained), 10c for	5c
—Can openers, 10c each for	5c
—Gent's pipes, large assortment, 25c for	15c
—Dish mops, 5c, for 2 for	5c
—Red Cross Cough Syrup, 25c. for	11c
—Sample box Medical pills for Dyspepsia, 50c, for	10c

McINTOSH BROS.

FORTY-THREE MAJORITY

License Bill Gets Through With the Greatest Ever.

Rathbun Paired as Government Supporter and Labrosse and Racine Stay Away—Hon. G. W. Ross Dislikes Two Points in the Education Bill, But He Did Not Challenge a Vote—Bill Through Committee.

Toronto, April 27.—Hon. G. W. Ross, in the House yesterday, moved in amendment to the license bill:

"That the said bill be not now read a third time, but be referred back to the committee of the whole House, with instructions to amend sub-sections 4, 5 and 6 of section 25, by substituting the words "a majority" for the words "three-fifths" wherever the latter occur in the said section."

He supported his motion in a brief speech, and was replied to by Mr. Hanna, after which the vote was taken on the amendment, which was defeated by 64 to 21—a Government majority of 43.

Mr. Rathbun paired with a Liberal, so his vote must be reckoned with the Conservatives. Messrs. Racine and Labrosse, Liberals, would not pair on the license bill.

The third reading of the bill was then carried unanimously, the Opposition declining to ask that the same division be recorded.

Third Readings.

The following bills were read a third time in the Legislature yesterday: To amend the Pharmacy Act (Downey); to amend the County Courts Act (Foy); respecting the Township of Eastnor (Bowman).

The Education Bill.

A discussion took place in committee on Dr. Pyne's education bill. Mr. Ross considered the appointment of a superintendent of education as another instance of a Minister shifting responsibility on some one else, and confusion would be created and no good purpose served.

Dr. Pyne, in replying, said there had been great unrest in educational matters, and quoted President Loudon and Principal Grant to the effect that the system was disjointed and disorganized.

Mr. Harcourt combatted the idea that disqietitude and unrest was a bad sign. Rather, he took it, as a healthy indication of interest and desire for advancement. As to the remarks of President Loudon, Mr. Harcourt asserted that there was 100 men in the province who knew more about educational institutions than he did.

The Premier said that, assuming the system was good, the time must come for a change. The duties of a deputy minister and a superintendent were as wide apart as the poles. The latter would be an expert saturated with all possible knowledge of the educational system. He would be able to suggest where defects were and the means by which remedies could be applied.

Mr. Graham argued that if a superintendent was appointed he should not be a high school inspector, but a man familiar with public schools.

The whole bill went through with very little criticism, Mr. Ross' principle objections being to the constitution of the consultative council, and to the appointment of a superintendent of education. He did not, however, carry these objections to the point of moving against the clauses. Mr. Whitney said the Public Schools Act would be taken up to-day.

The Soo Guarantee.

Mr. Matheson announced that the guarantee of $2,000,000 of the bonds of the Soo industries would expire on Tuesday next. He had every reason to hope that the province would be relieved, but provision would have to be made to renew all or a portion. He introduced a bill which was put through all the stages, providing for the renewal. In case the whole loan was not repaid the Government would hold the securities of the Algoma Central Railway, but would release the other securities, consisting of first mortgage bonds of the Lake Superior Co., or stock in proportion to the amount taken up.

Mr. Matheson will go to New York Sunday night to arrange with the Canadian Improvement Co. and the Morton Trust Co. for the payment of the loan.

License Bill Law To-day.

The Lieutenant-Governor will attend at the Legislature at 2.30 this afternoon, to give his assent to the supply bill.

Mr. Whitney made the announcement in the House last night.

"I suppose the license bill will be assented to?" enquired ex-Premier Ross.

"Yes, and any others ready," was Mr. Whitney's remark.

The license bill goes into effect the moment the official stamp is put on it.

There is very little chance of winding up the session before May 12.

Sunk in Halifax Harbor.

Halifax, April 27.—The steamer Havana, which recently returned from a sealing trip, was sunk in collision in this harbor last eventing at 10.30 by the coasting steamer Strathcona. The crew were taken on board the Strathcona.

Scottish Emigrants Double.

London, April 27.—(C. A. P.)—Scottish emigration returns show an increase of 100 per cent. for March, 1906, compared with March, 1904.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Wheat Futures Close Higher, Chicago Lower—Live Stock Markets—The Latest Quotations.

Thursday Evening, April 26.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ⅜d higher than yesterday and corn futures unchanged.

At Chicago May wheat closed ⅝c lower than yesterday; May corn ⅝c lower and May oats ½c lower.

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	May.	July.
New York	87⅝	85¾
Minneapolis	79⅝	79
Detroit	85	81½
Toledo	87⅝	81¼
Duluth	79⅝	80¼

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush	$0 71 to	$....
Wheat, fall, bush	0 77	0 79
Wheat, red, bush	0 77	0 79
Wheat, goose, bush	0 73	....
Barley, bush	0 51	....
Oats, bush	0 40	....
Rye, bush	0 66	....
Peas, bush	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Liverpool, April 26.—Wheat—Spot nominal; futures firm; May, 6s 9d; July, 6s 7½d; Sept., 6s 7⅝d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 6½d; American mixed, old, 4s 9½d; futures steady; May, 4s 6d; July, 4s 4⅝d.

Bacon Cumberland cut quiet, 48s; shoulders, square quiet, 40s.

Lard—Prime western steady, 44s; American refined steady, 45s.

Cheese—American finest colored steady, 60s.

NEW YORK DAIRY MARKET.

New York, April 26.—Butter—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 5065.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged; receipts, 2880.

Eggs—Easy; receipts, 42,000; state, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected, white, 19½c to 20c; do. choice, 18½c to 19c; do. mixed fancy, 18½c; western, average best, 17½c; do. firsts, 17c; southerns, 15c to 17c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Lambs Higher, Other Stocks Steady at Buffalo.

London, April 26.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 8c to 8¼c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, April 26.—Receipts of live stock as reported by the railways since Tuesday were 77 carloads, composed of 1174 cattle, 1210 hogs, 220 sheep and 998 calves.

Exporters.

Only a limited number of shipping cattle were offered as such to-day, not more than two or three loads, all told. Prices ranged from $4.75 to $5 and one lot of 6 sold at $5.15 and one load at $5.20, but they were picked cattle. Bulls sold at $3.00 to $4 per cwt.

Butchers.

Butchers' cattle sold more readily than on Tuesday, owing to the fact of there being a few outside buyers on the market. Picked lots sold as high as $4.90; loads of good at $4.60 to $4.85; medium butchers' at $4.30 to $4.50; good cows at $3.50 to $4.25; common cows at $2.50 to $3; butcher bulls at $3 to $3.50 per cwt.

Feeders and Stockers.

H. Murby reports a fairly good enquiry this week for short-keep feeders of the right kind. This class, if anything, sold higher. There is also a good enquiry for good breedy thin steers, weighing from 750 to 900 lbs., which kind are none too plentiful; all other kinds are slow of sale.

Mr. Murby bought about 300 head this week at the following quotations: best short-keeps, 1100 to 1200 lbs., at $4.75 to $4.90; best feeders, 1000 to 1100 lbs., at $4.40 to $4.70; best feeders, 900 to 1000 lbs., at $4.10 to $4.40; best feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., at $3.90 to $4.10; best stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., at $3.50 to $3.65; common stockers, 3c per lb.

Milch Cows.

About 20 milch cows and springers sold from $30 to $55 each. There is a good demand for choice quality cows, of which there is not enough coming forward.

Veal Calves.

The market is being flooded with a lot of miserable trash called "bobs," many of which it is a shame to kill. They are being shipped in from dairy districts. Prices are quoted at $3 to $6 per cwt., but choice new milk-fed calves are worth $6.50 to $7 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.

The run was light, but prices were not any better than on Tuesday. Export ewes, $4.50 to $5 per cwt.; bucks, $3.50 to $3.75 per cwt.; yearling lambs, unclipped, at $6 to $6.50; clipped at $5.50 per cwt.; spring lambs at $3 to $6 each.

Hogs.

Mr. Harris reported the market unchanged at $7.15 for selects and $6.90 for lights and fats; sows, $4 to $5 per cwt.; stags, $2.50 to $3.50 per cwt.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 300 head; steady; prime steers, $5.25 to $5.65; shipping, $4.65 to $5.15; butchers', $4.25 to $5; heifers, $3.75 to $5; cows, $3 to $4.50.

Veals—Receipts, 150 head; active; $4.50 to $6.

Hogs—Receipts, 1700 head; slow and steady; heavy, mixed and Yorkers, $6.80 to $6.85; light do., $6.70 to $6.75; pigs, $6.50 to $6.60; roughs, $6 to $6.15; stags, $4.25 to $4.75; dairies, $6.75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 8400 head; active, sheep steady; lambs, 5c to 15c higher; lambs, $6.25 to $7.65; yearlings, $6.25 to $6.50; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $3 to $5.75; clipped lambs, $5 to $6.18.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 26.—Beeves—Receipts, 398. A few cars changed hands at steady prices. Exports, 801 cattle and 139 sheep; none to-morrow.

Calves—Receipts, 228 head; trade limited but prices firm; prime to choice veals sold at $5.75 to $5.95.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 1975; steady on sheep; good lambs firm; others steady; spring lambs weak; medium clipped sheep, $4 to $5; spring lambs, $5 to $5.25 per head.

Hogs—Receipts, 1819; nominally weak; no sales reported.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 5300; 10c to 15c higher; common to prime steers, $4 to $6.35; cows, $3.25 to $4.60; heifers, $2.75 to $5.25; bulls, $2.60 to $4.25; calves, $2.75 to $5.75; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $4.80.

Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; steady; choice to prime heavy, $6.45 to $6.55; medium to good heavy, $6.40 to $6.45; butchers' weights, $6.40 to $6.50; good to choice heavy mixed, $6.40 to $6.45; packing, $5.75 to $6.45.

Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; market for sheep steady; lambs strong to 10c higher; sheep, $4.50 to $6.40; yearlings, $5.25 to $6.25; lambs, $5 to $7.35.

Sentenced For Life.

Quebec, April 27.—The jury in the case of Gunner John Berry, charged with the murder of Gunner Hall, on the Citadel, in November last, brought in a verdict last evening of manslaughter. Judge Bosse sentenced Berry to imprisonment for life.

Russian Crop Prospects.

St. Petersburg, April 27.—Reports from correspondents throughout Southern Russia and the Caucasus show in general a thoroughly favorable outlook for crop conditions and the prospects of a good yield of grain for the coming year.

HOPED TO MAKE MONEY

But Secrecy of Transactions Was to Avoid Odium.

Manufacturers' Life Insurance Co's Directors' Stock Transactions Subject of Probe in Insurance Commission Inquiry—Manager Junkin Explains Many Items and the Expedients Resorted to For Concealment of Certain Performances.

Toronto, April 27.—The connection of Mackenzie & Mann with the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Co., the loan of one hundred thousand dollars to the railway firm, and the various stock transfers firm, and the various cmfw transfers which marked the history of the company during the period of the amalgamation of the Manufacturers' Life and the Temperance & General Life Insurance Co., was the subject of special inquiry before the Insurance Commission yesterday morning.

The control of the two companies, the Manufacturers' Life and the Temperance & General, passed from the hands of Mr. Geo. Gooderham to those of Hon. Geo. W. Cox, thence to those of C. J. McCuaig and William Strachan, and finally came back to Mr. Junkin, who divided it among some ten persons.

Stock's Many Owners.

Mr. Tilley followed the course of the large block of stock which meant the control, first, of both companies and latterly of the reorganized concern, to the following final distribution of shares: Lloyd Harris 1,350, H. M. Pellatt 1,000, Wm. Strachan 1,078, S. G. Beatty 1,000, William Mackenzie 2,000, D. D. Mann 2,000, McLaughlin and Johnston 400, J. F. Junkin 323. These made a total of 9,146 shares.

Railway Men's Big Loan.

In the transfer securities ledger, under the heading Mackenzie, Mann & Co., date Dec. 1, 1902, appeared an item, "To loan, $125,000." The Mackenzie firm at that time held $185,000 in stock. There was another item dated Dec. 26—"By cash, $127,580.05."

"That was the repayment of the loan," explained Mr. Junkin.

"What about interest?"

"Five hundred dollars interest is included in that."

"Was that cheque deposited?"

"I presume so."

Mr. McLaughlin promised to produce the bank-book to prove the deposit. "Anything to assist the commission," he added.

Referring to another entry of Jan. 8, 1903, indicating a loan of $125,195.55, to Mackenzie & Mann, Mr. Junkin explained that this was on the same security as the old loan and for about the same amount. The securities were 200 bonds of Inverness Railway stock, at $500 each par value, aggregating $100,000; also 4,000 shares of Manufacturers' Life stock, par value about $80,000. The loan was paid off in December, 1902, possibly on the understanding that a new loan would be made to Mackenzie & Mann in 1904. To the best of his recollection that was the case. He did not recollect what bank Mackenzie & Mann's cheque paying the loan was on.

The minute book showed that the loan was approved by the directors, and it was paid up before the year was up.

Without Interest.

Another loan was made on Jan. 25, 1904, of $128,959, one of the amounts referred to in the Blackader's report at the department.

Mr. Junkin did not think they charged up interest against Mackenzie & Mann for the intervals between Dec. 26, 1902, and Jan. 8, 1903, and between Dec. 27, 1903, and Jan. 25, 1904.

The books also tended to show that on March 3, 1904, the Manufacturers' Life advanced a private loan of $11,000 to William Mackenzie, on the security of Inverness bonds. Later, this loan was transferred to the account of Mackenzie, Mann & Co., Limited, on the rearrangement of securities. The entire loan was paid off in three payments during the year 1904.

Mr. Junkin admitted that he knew these securities were not satisfactory to the Government, but it was a perfectly safe transaction.

The Transfer For Transfer.

At the afternoon session, Mr. Tilley asked the witness if he had the documents showing the transactions of the Mackenzie and Mann loan.

"They are bringing these up."

Mr. Tilley then read the agreement for transfer of Manufacturers' Life stock from Gooderham to Cox. This agreement had been made on Dec. 1, 1898. Charles Cox purchased from Gooderham 3,106 shares of capital stock of Manufacturers' Life and 250 shares of guarantee fund of the Temperance and General Life Co. For the first lot he paid $140,000, and for the second $132,000. Cox at that time had held 2,732 shares of capital stock, and 550 shares of Temperance and General. The agreement stipulated further that the sum of $36,000 would be paid on execution, and the balance in semi-annual payments extending over a period of four years with interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

Letters under date of May 30, 1904, written by Junkin to Mackenzie and Mann, were read by Mr. Tilley.

Correspondence relating to the loan to Mackenzie and Mann for 1905 was again produced, and Junkin gave evidence as to the dates of certain memos.

A Cheque From Pellatt.

In the bank book of 1902 a cheque for $128,000 appeared. It was marked Pellatt.

"Was that sent to you from Pellatt?" asked counsel.

"Yes."

"Do you remember that?"

"I remember it."

"You did not remember it this morning?"

"No."

"Can you tell me now any more about this than you did this morning?"

"Not any more than we received the cheque from Pellatt."

When Mr. Junkin was asked by counsel if he understood all the facts of different transactions, loans, and cheques put through in connection with the loan, he admitted that he knew very little about them.

A Deal Repeated.

"In reference to the paying back of the loan in 1903 and issuing it again in 1904, it came to the attention of the insurance department, did it not?" asked Mr. Tilley.

"Yes."

"Was not the same deal put through a year before and no notice was taken of it?"

"Yes."

Unauthorized Security.

Mr. Tilley then took up a loan of $11,000, dated April, 1903, given to Wm. Mackenzie, through Pellatt and Pellatt, for which Manufacturers' Life were given 30 bonds of Inverness Railway and Coal Co. with par value of $15,000 and market value of $11,000 or 73 1-2.

"This was unauthorized security, of course?" asked Mr. Tilley.

"Yes."

"Did you know this was not exactly right under the act?"

"It was probably technically wrong under the act."

"You would not put through a loan on unauthorized securities with anyone but a director, would you?"

"Yes, anything as good as Mr. Mackenzie and the margin of the security as large as it is there, it might be put through."

One Other Instance.

"Did you loan money to anyone else in this way?"

"Yes. A small loan to F. Sanderson, the actuary of the Canada Life."

"Any more?"

"No one else."

"If the three men who negotiated this loan of $11,000, Mackenzie, Mann and Pellatt, had not been on the board would the company have gave them money on such security?"

"I don't think so, but I think, at that time, anyone of good substantial financial standing might put through a deal like this, but they wouldn't do it now." (Laughter.)

The accounts of the Crow's Nest Co. and Dominion Coal Co. were next explained by the witness.

The evidence given when the Manufacturers' Life was the subject of enquiry in Ottawa was practically duplicated when the matter of the Prudential Securities Co., the holding company formed by the fourteen directors of the Manufacturers' Life for the purpose of holding the unauthorized investments of the company came up.

A Colored Resolution.

"The minute which approves of the sale of 1,800 shares Dominion Coal at 126 1-2 and 202, Crow's Nest at 300 1-4 to Mackenzie and Mann, the witness admitted was a colored resolution. He considered that it was simply a nominal sale, and not done intentionally to make a good appearance."

"There was a loss on the stock at the end of 1902, was there not?"

"Yes."

"Did the directors consider themselves responsible?"

"It was not discussed then."

"When did the department call your attention to this sort of business?"

"In 1903."

"It had been subject of discussion at a meeting of the board of directors re investing in securities like C. P. R. Crow's Nest, etc., was it not?"

"Yes! One of the members suggested that if stock went down the directors would be personally responsible and if it went up, the company would take the profits."

The operation of December, 1903, was described by the witness.

Secrecy to Avoid Odium.

"At the time of the buying of stocks," said Mr. Junkin, "we went into the game with the sole idea of making money. So when stocks went down, at the end of the year the directors realized their position, and to save the odium which would result if it were generally known that the directors' stock dabbling had proven a failure, the deals did not appear in the annual financial statement. As far as he was aware no one had been asked to relieve the company of the stocks.

"If any single one of the directors had made the slightest objection the deal would not have gone through," said Mr. Junkin.

"Was this manipulation brought before the directors?" asked Mr. Tilley.

"No."

"Then the directors did not get a chance to object?"

"No."

"The duties of the various committees of the Manufacturers' Life were being explained by the witness when the commission adjourned.

SEND TROOPS TO EGYPT.

British Troops at Crete Are Ordered Forward to Check Turkey Should She Prove Offensive.

Cairo, Egypt, April 27.—A battery of the Royal Horse Artillery and three companies of the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers now forming part of the British contingent of the international forces in the Island of Crete, have been ordered here to reinforce the British garrison in Egypt. The first battalion of the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers is expected here shortly from Belfast, Ireland.

Deemed Advisable.

London, April 27.—Foreign Secretary Grey replying to a question in the House of Commons yesterday, said that the British garrison in Egypt was being strengthened at the suggestion of Lord Cromer, the British agent there, who considered the step to be desirable in view of the unrest created by the action of the Turkish Government in connection with the Tabah boundary incident.

The report that orders had been received at Aldershot for the mobilization of the first division of Gen. French's army corps in view of serious development in South Africa or elsewhere, is unfounded. No troops have been ordered to prepare for foreign service in the near future.

King, Czar and Kaiser.

London, April 27.—King Edward, Emperor Nicholas and Emperor William will meet at Darmstadt, capital of the Grand Duchy of Hesse, during the first week in September, according to The Pall Mall Gazette, which adds that the Russian Emperor and Empress will leave Russian at the end of August for a long visit to the Grand Duke of Hesse.

A Modern Pirate.

Melilla, Morocco, April 27.—The Morocan gunboat Sidi el Turki on Wednesday seized the barque Bani Bujafan carrying a commercial cargo, and put to sea with her captives.

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Whose Key Unlocked the Drawer?

Here is a true story told by a doctor. This doctor had a patient, a brother physician, who was ill of a disease no one has ever cured yet. The sick man realized that his case was hopeless, and he knew, too, that before he died he would go through horrible convulsions. He begged his friend to kill him in order to spare his wife the sight of anything so unforgettably hideous, and the physician, bound by his code of ethics, refused. The sick man begged his wife to let him have his revolver, but she refused. The physician locked the drawer of the bureau in which it lay and gave the wife the key. Two days later the sick man shot himself, and the revolver he used was his own. He had unlocked the drawer.

"We found the key in it," said the doctor. "It was not the one I had given to the wife. I took it, and when I had a chance I went quietly into the room occupied by the man's mother. The key exactly fitted the lock of her bureau. That's all I know, except that the mother came out of the house with her bonnet and cloak on two minutes before her son shot himself."

Half Deaf People.

"If you are deaf in one ear," said the boilermaker, "I don't care about giving you a job."

"Why?" asked the applicant.

"Because you can't tell what direction sounds come from; hence in a place like this you would be in great danger."

"How do you know I can't tell what direction sounds come from?" the applicant demanded.

"No person deaf in one ear," replied the boilermaker, "can do so. A man deaf in one ear will look behind him if a gun goes off on his right. He will look up in the air if a child shrieks at his feet. He will look wildly in front of him if a locomotive whistles in his rear. A boiler shop is no place for such a man."

"I knew I was like this," said the applicant, "but I didn't know all half deaf people were."

"They all are," said the boilermaker, "and my shop is no place for them."

All a Matter of Doubt Anyway.

A young man from the south who a few years ago was so fortunate as to be enabled to enter the law offices of a well known New York firm was first intrusted with a very simple case. He was asked by the late James C. Carter, then a member of the firm, to give an opinion in writing. When this was submitted it was observed by Mr. Carter that, with the touching confidence of a neophyte, the young southerner had begun with the expression, "I am clearly of opinion."

When this caught his eye he smiled and said:

"My dear young friend, never state that you are clearly of opinion on a law point. The most you can hope to discover is the preponderance of the doubt."—Success.

Out of the Public.

When I was a very little boy, writes Sir William Gregory in his autobiography, my grandfather, who was then undersecretary for Ireland, took me to the chief secretary's room in Dublin castle and formally introduced me to Lord Melbourne.

After I had been with him for some little time he said, "Now, my boy, is there anything here you would like?"

"Yes," I answered, pointing to a very large stick of sealing wax.

"That's right," said Lord Melbourne, pressing on me a bundle of pens; "begin life early. All these things belong to the public, and your business must always be to get out of the public as much as you can."

Talent.

The world is always ready to receive talent with open arms. Very often it does not know what to do with genius. Talent is a docile creature. It bows its head meekly while the world slips the collar over it. It backs into the shafts like a lamb.—Holmes.

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VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, SATURDAY. APRIL 28, 1906. NO. 312

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From Wednesday, Morning, 25th inst., To Tuesday Evening, May 1st.

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Sales Mean Real Bargains.

BASEBALL FRIDAY.

The Eastern League.

Newark .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1— 1
Toronto .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0— 0

Two base hit—White. Sacrifice hits—Malay, McGinley. Stolen bases—Cockman, Gattins, Engle, Riggs, Yale, Long. Bases on balls—Off Fertsch 2, off McGinley 5. Struck out—By Fertsch 8, by McGinley 4; Hit by pitcher—By Fertsch 1. Left on bases—Newark 8, Toronto 6. Time 2.30. Umpires—Connahan and Kerin.

At Providence—(Ten innings)— R.H.E.
Rochester .. 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2 6 3
Providence.. 0 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0—5 8 1

Batteries—McLane and Steelman; Pose and Barton. Umpire—Kelly.

At Jersey City—
Montreal 1 0 0 0
Jersey City 0 0 0 1

Game forfeited to Jersey City in the fifth innings. Score 9—0. Montreal to abide by umpire's decision.

Batteries—Good and Connors; Moran and Vantergrift. Umpire—Campau.

At Baltimore— R.H.E.
Buffalo .... 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0—3 8 1
Baltimore .... 1 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0—5 13 7

Batteries—Milligan and McManus; Mason and Hearn. Umpire—Moran.

National League Scores.

At Pittsburg— R.H.E.
Pittsburg ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2 8 5
St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 2 1 4 0 0—8 9 0

Batteries—Karger, Lynch and Peitz; Taylor and Grady. Umpire—Johnstone.

At Boston— R.H.E.
Brooklyn ....0 1 0 0 3 0 0 2 3—10 18 3
Boston ....0 0 1 7 1 0 0 0 0—9 8 0

Batteries—Scanlon, McIntyre and Bergen; Lindeman, Young and O'Neil. Umpire—O'Day.

At New York— R.H.E.
New York ......1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 *—3 6 2
Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1 7 5

Batteries—Wiltz and Bowerman; Lush and Doolu. Umpires—Conway and Emslie.

At Chicago— R.H.E.
Chicago ...0 0 0 2 0 1 0 2 0 0 1 1—7 15 1
Cincinnati .1 0 0 0 0 1 0 3 0 0 1 0—6 16 2

Batteries—Wicker, Reulbach, Beebe and Kling; Harper and Livingstone. Umpires—Klem and Carpenter.

American League Results.

At St. Louis— R.H.E.
St. Louis ......0 0 3 0 1 5 0 1 *—10 9 1
Chicago ....0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—5 7 3

Batteries—Glade, E. Smith and Rickey; Patterson, F. Smith and Sullivan. Umpires—Conner and Connolly.

At Philadelphia— R.H.E.
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 3 0
Philadelphia .....0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 *—3 11 1

Batteries—Young and Graham; Plank and Powers. Umpires—Evans and Hurst.

At Detroit— R.H.E.
Detroit ....2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—4 10 0
Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 [illegible] 0 1 2—7 13 2

Batteries—Donohue and Payne; Bernhard and Bemis. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

At Washington— R.H.E.
Washington ....0 1 0 0 0 0 3 1 *—5 9 0
New York ......1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—2 6 2

Batteries—Hughes and Heydon; Orth and Kleinow. Umpire—Sheridan.

Work and Play.

She who works, then stops to play,
Will live to work full many a day,
But she who never plays at all
Her days for work will prove but small.

FOR PROOF OF SEDITION.

Paris Police Make Sensational Search of Royalists' Houses.

Paris, April 28.—The widespread labor agitation took a dramatic turn today when the police executed a series of wholesale searches, designed to unearth an extensive plot against public security. The searches included the offices of branches of the labor federation and the homes of labor leaders, prominent royal interests, Bonapartists and Anarchists.

The suspects among the Royalists and Bonapartists include the heads of several aristocratic families, while the laborists who were subjected to search include the conspicuous heads of the movement planned for May 1.

The searches were operated simultaneously early in the morning.

There is official authority for the statement that documents were received which proved that royalists and Bonapartists had intrigued with the labor leaders, and liberally financed the revolutionary and strike movements. The searches caused a sensation in labor and royalist circles.

Andrew Carnegie in Toronto.

Toronto, April 28.—Mr. Andrew Carnegie arrived here yesterday, and was warmly welcomed by a representative party. In the evening he addressed the Canadian Club, and said his hope was in Canada to unite Anglo-Saxons and ensure the peace of the world.

Flogging.

Flogging, in public and otherwise, is not of mediaeval origin. In the middle ages ridicule and not physical suffering was the means employed for the correction of wrongdoing; hence the pillory, the stocks and the thewe—a chair suspended high over the heads of the crowd, in which women, generally scolds, were brought to a sweet reasonableness—but the whipping post belongs to the Tudor age. The Elizabethan servant question was met by flogging girls for idleness on Sunday morning. But it was in the Hanoverian period that flogging was carried to excess. As late as 1804 six women were publicly flogged in Gloucester, England, because they had been found begging.

In Dresden 300 years ago "epicures" used to eat Venetian oysters that had been on the way three weeks.

Important To Canada.

Dominion Takes Jurisdiction Of Export Of Electric Power, Etc.

Fruit Marks Act and Leprosy Bills Discussed—Hon. Mr. Brodeur Introduces His Montreal Harbor Bill and Declares in Favor of Eight National Ports With Thorough Equipment—Whole Transportation Question to be Discussed Monday.

Ottawa, April 28.—A bill of the highest importance to Canada, and especially to Ontario, was introduced by Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick, Minister of Justice, yesterday afternoon in the House of Commons. It takes complete jurisdiction for the Dominion Government over the export of electric power, petroleum and natural gas.

In introducing the bill Mr. Fitzpatrick explained that the bill sought to give the Government effective control over the exportation of electric power, especially from Canada to the United States. It also applies to all fluids and gases transmitted by pipe lines, such as petroleum and natural gas. A license is required for such exportation and companies already engaged in exporting electric power must obtain a license within a specified time.

W. F. Maclean (South York) said this measure was a step in the right direction, but wanted the Minister to include nickel, pulpwood and even lumber in its raw condition. It was time for us to build up our country instead of having our raw products exported to build up other lands.

Fruit Marks Act and Leprosy.

Hon. Sydney Fisher brought up his amendments to the Fruit Marks Act, and two or three members debated the various clauses.

When this subject was exhausted, he brought up his bill respecting leprosy.

Dr. Sproule (East Grey) carefully followed its progress through committee, but otherwise it received but slight attention.

National Ports.

Mr. Brodeur's bill to reorganize the Montreal harbor board reduces the board from eleven to three, but the system remained. In his opinion all rivers and harbors should be under one responsible head. He deprecated the slow progress made in improving the St. Lawrence route between Montreal and Quebec. This bill was intended to produce relief. He favored making not only Montreal, but also Quebec, St. John, Halifax, Victoria, Vancouver, Midland and Port Colborne national ports, and equipping them thoroughly.

After some debate it was agreed that the whole subject of transportation should be discussed by the House on Monday.

Leave was granted to the promoters to withdraw the bill respecting the Vancouver and Northwestern Railway Co.

To Get Control in Canada.

The bill before the Railway Committee yesterday which asked, among other things, power to build through the Yellow Head Pass to Edmonton, produced vigorous objection from Senators McMullin and Kirchoffer against American lines being allowed to take up all the available passes through the Rockies. There seemed to be an organized attempt by outside interests, they said, to corner all these passes. The bill stands for further consideration.

G. T. P. Subsidiary Co.'s

The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway commission bill, authorizing the issue of debenture stock to the amount of $25,000,000 for the equipment of the road was reported yesterday by the Railway Committee of the House of Commons. The Minister of Justice stated that as he understood this legislation, it would not interfere with the Government mortgage, as the issue provided for ranks after the Government lien.

The next bill taken up was that for the incorporation of the Grand Trunk Pacific Branch Lines Co., with power to build some twenty-two named connecting with the new transcontinental line and such other branches as the Governor-in-Council may approve. The bill will be further considered next week.

Civic Control of Streets.

Ottawa, April 28.—The delegation from Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec, and also from the Union of Municipalities, and other cities of the Dominion waited on Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. A. B. Aylesworth and Hon. Chas. Fitzpatrick in the Premier's office yesterday forenoon. The Ontario Government could not be represented at the interview, owing to the Legislature being in session, but the following telegram from Hon. J. P. Whitney was received during the day by the Union of Canadian Municipalities:

"You are authorised to say that the Ontario Government is in hearty sympathy with the principle of the control of streets and highways by the municipalities."

W. D. Lighthall, the honorary secretary of the Union of Municipalities, introduced the delegation, several members of which spoke for control of their streets, and to give the power to expropriate and also control of franchises.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier promised to lay the matter before his colleagues.

King and Queen Ascend Vesuvius.

Naples, April 28.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra arrived here yesterday from Messina after a stormy voyage. In spite of the inclement weather, Their Majesties started for Vesuvius in an automobile with the Duke and Duchess of Aosta. The roads were difficult, for the ashes had turned into mud. King Edward was cheerful and turned every discomfort into fun. Their Majesties gave $1,000 to the fund for the relief of the sufferers by the recent eruption.

Union Treasurer Arrested.

Hamilton, April 28.—Thos O'Dowe, 137 East Simcoe street, a well-known cigarmaker, was arrested last evening on the charge of misappropriating funds of the Cigarmakers' Union. The warrant charges him with misappropriating $70. He was treasurer of the local union.

GOING WELL AT 'FRISCO.

Army Has Assumed Control of Feeding the 250,000 People.

San Francisco, April 28.—All is going on well here, and thorough system has been inaugurated in the feeding of the 250,000 homeless sufferers, the army having assumed control.

The homeless people camped in the parks, squares and vacant lots were awakened early yesterday because the water dripped through the improvized tents which afforded poor protection against the heavy rain that began to fall about one o'clock and continued for several hours. Many persons were driven into nearby houses for shelter. Thousands who are without proper shelter sands who in their wet clothes, vainly trying to get warm after the rain ceased, by walking or were huddled around little camp fires.

The French and Italian and Danish consuls at San Francisco, who were reported as among the missing, have all been heard from. They had temporarily become separated from their friends.

BRITISH DEMANDS.

Cabinet Sends Cruiser Minerva to Keep Turkey Within Bounds.

London, April 28.—The Cabinet yesterday lengthily considered the dispute with Turkey regarding the Tabah boundary, and resolved to despatch the second-class cruiser Minerva to El Arish, with instructions to investigate the report that the Turks have removed the frontier pillars at Rafanear and El Arish.

Coal Operators As They Were.

New York, April 28.—The anthracite mine operators, through their sub-committee of seven, yesterday replied to the latest propositions of the mine workers for an adjournment of the existing differences in the anthracite fields, refusing to modify their position heretofore announced. "Your propositions are wholly inconsistent with out position in the premises, from which we have not varied," the operators say. And then in conclusion: "We trust that on Thursday next the deliberate judgment of the anthracite workers will result in an acceptance of that proposition (to renew existing relations for three years)."

Overloaded Floor Collapses.

Montreal, April 28.—The collapse yesterday morning of three floors in the Granger Freres wholesale stationery building at the corner of Place d'Armes and Notre Dame street, did $200,000 damage. The accident happened at 5 o'clock, and the employes had not yet come to work or there would have been an appalling loss of life. Overloading of the third floor with ten tons of books caused it to break down, and it carried the second and first floors with it clear to the basement. The stock is a complete loss.

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

25 Cent Sale

FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

The success of our last season's sale has prompted us to again make these specials offerings at this popular price.

Some of the items represent goods that for one reason or other we desire to clear at once and are marked at but a fraction of their original prices. Others are the outcome of fortunate purchases. All represent *EXTRA VALUE* and as such are worthy of your inspection. Read over the list and be on hand Friday morning. Your quarters will have many times their usual purchasing value :—

50c Dress Goods 25c
350 yards fancy spot and figured Lustres, light weight, suitable for waists, summer suits and children's dresses, 9 different colors, reg. price 50c, sale price 25c

$1.25 Trimmings 25c
Assorted lot of Dress trimmings in laces, appliques, insertions and edgings, mostly in short lengths, in black, cream and colors, regular price from 50c to $1 yd, sale price 25c

Lace Collars 25c
Assorted lot of cream and white lace collars, including the new Duchess lace, very latest for summer wear, these are direct importation from the continent, special value at our sale 25c

Kid Gloves 25c
A lot of ladies fine black kid gloves in 5½ and 6 only some of them slightly soiled. regular price 75c to $1.25, sale price.. .... 25c

Hosiery 25c
An assorted lot of ladies' cotton hosiery in tans, black, black with white feet, black with white spot, black with lace ankle, tan with spot, all sizes including the outside sizes, Hermsdorf Dye, reg. worth up to 35c, sale price.. 25c

Heavy Cotton Hose 2 pair for 25c
Heavy cotton stockings in fine ribb, tripple knee, knee, heel and toe, seamless feet, fast black, perfect fitting, special value 15c pr. on sale...... 2 pair for 25c

Dress shields 2 pr. 25c
4 doz. special Nainsook covered dress shields, sizes 2 and 3, a good serviceable shield, special sale price .. .. 2 pr. for 25c

Mending Yarn 25 Cards for 25c
An assorted lot of mending yarn in cotton and wool, odd shades, reg. 3c, sale price 1c or 25 cards for 25c

Cushion Cords 2 yds for 25c
An assorted lot of fine silk cushion cords, wide range in popular shades, in mixed and plain colors, reg. 20c yard, sale price .... 2 yards for 25c

Wash Goods 25c
A large table filled with dainty wash goods, including cotton voiles, ginghams, muslins, linens, chambrays, etc., in all colors and wide range of handsome designs including some of the very latest patterns, reg. price up to 50c yd. on sale.. 25c

Fine Lawn, 3 yds. 25c
100 yds. fine soft pure bleached lawn, free from dressing, 39 in. wide (note the width reg. price 15c, on sale.. .... 3 yds for 25c

Heavy Sheeting 25c
100 yds. plain and twilled pure bleached heavy cotton sheeting, 2 yds wide. sold at 30c, sale price....... 25c

Fine Towels 25c
50 pairs of fine linen towels in pure and half bleached qualities, fringed and hemmed special for our sale per pair 25c

Fine Table Linen 25c
65 yards half bleached table linen, special imported quality, 54 in. wide, new lily design, excellent value at our sale................ 25c

Pearl Buttons 3 Cards for 25c
An assorted lot of fine pearl buttons, ranging from the large coat size to the small trimming button. from 3 to 16 on a card, regular price 15c card, sale price .... 3 cards for 25c

Ladies' and Children's Underwear 25c
One table containing odd lines of ladies' and children's summer underwear include some from the best makers, prices range from 35c to $1. price per garment, if your size is here.......... .... 23c

Tape Girdles 25c
Crompton's tape girdle summer corsets, all sizes, regularly sold at 35c, special for our sale 25c

Whitewear 25c
Odd lines of corset covers, drawers, etc., trimmed with lace and insertion, regular price up to 75c, to clear up our stock of all odds and ends at per garment........ 25

Lawn Blouses 25c
An assorted lot of ladies' white and colored blouses in muslin, lawns, etc., prices range from 50c to $1.00, sale price.............. .... 25c

Handkerchiefs 3 for 25c
10 dozen Ladies' Handkerchiefs, fancy assorted designs, regular 15c and 20c qualities, sale price.......... 3 for 25c

Taffeta Ribbons 25c
Heavy quality taffeta silk ribbon in all the newest shades. including black and white 4 1-4 in. wide, coming direct from the largest ribbon house in the world to our counters, the best value procurable at our sale price 25c

Boys' Caps 25c
Boys' Caps in English Tweeds and Worsteds, a special cash purchase enables us to offer this exceptional value regular price 50c, on sale 25c

Silk Ribbons 10 yds. 25c
An assorted lot of silk ribbons, different widths, all colors, the regular price of these ribbons 5c to 10c, to clear at our sale 10 yds. 25c

Men's Suspenders 25c
50 pairs odd lines suspenders, good elastic webbing, to clear at our sale, regular price 35c, 40c, 50c, for...... 25c

Men's Cashmere Hose 2 pr. for 25c
Men's fine imported cashmere hose, we bought large variety to get a close price, on sale for.... 2 pair for 25c

Art Sateen 25c
An assorted lot of fine art sateen, suitable for drapes, coverings, etc., big range of colorings and designs, regular price 30c, 35c and 40c, sale price... .... 25c

Art Ticking 25c
One line of art ticking in several designs and harmonious colorings, good materials for covering, etc., reg. price 38c, sale price 25c

Muslin 25c
Fancy stripe muslin, with and without frill, dainty goods for bedroom curtains and small windows in fancy pale blue and pink stripe, 32 in wide, reg. price 38c for.. 25c

1.25 Marseilles Quilts For 89c

A mill purchase of 100 fine white Marseilles Quilts, slightly soiled in making, large, 11-4 size, manufactured to sell at $1.25, special purchase price while they last.... 89c

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

SINCLAIR'S

Saturday Night Specials

7 TO 9:30 P.M.

Ladies' Coats
—12 Only Ladies' Fawn Covert Cloth Pony Coats, sizes 34, 36 and 38, newest spring styles, regular price $7.50, $8.50 and $9.50, sale price Saturday night............ $6 50

Wash Goods 11c
—15 Pieces, about 450 yards new wash goods, from 15c to 20c per yd including linen suitings, ginghams and cotton voiles, sale price Saturday night........................ 11c

Buster Belts 19c
—5 Doz. navy, cardinal, black, myrtle and brown Buster Belts, made with two large metal buckles, sale price Saturday night.... .... 19c

Embroidery 19c
—10 Pieces of Corset Cover Embroidery, all new patterns, 15 in. wide, regular price 25c, Saturday night 19c

Corsets 59c
—3 Dozen assorted Girdles and habit hip corsets, with hose supporters sizes 19 to 26, regular price 75c, Saturday night..... .... 59c

Allover Laces 25c
—6 Pieces 18 inch Allover lace in cream and white, regular price 40 and 50c, sale price Saturday night per yard 25c

Cashmere Hose 25c
—5 Dozen summer weight cashmere hose, pure Llama wool, embroidered, regular price 40c, sale price Saturday night.. .... 25c

Sicilians 69c
—12 Pieces 50 and 54 inch Dress Sicilians from $1.00 to $1.35, in brown, navy and myrtle colorings, on sale Saturday night at 69c

Collars 25c
—1 Gross 144 Ladies' silk, chiffon and lace Stock Collars from 35c to 50c, on sale Saturday night.... ...... 25c

Skirts and Gowns 69c
—6 Dozen Ladies' Lace and embroidery trimmed white skirts and gowns from 85c to $1.25, on sale Saturday night 69c

Sinclair's

The Intelligencer Bindery

Makes a Specialty of Ledgers, Journals and all Descriptions of Blank Account Books.

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

ON SALE

Saturday Evening

: : AT 7.30 O'CLOCK : :

Read this list carefully. Every one of them money savers. All seasonable goods.

17 PIECES PLAIN AND FANCY

Mohair Dress Goods

All this season's importations, in shades of greys, navy, brown, fawn and black, our present regular selling prices for these goods are $1 00 and $1.25 yard, special sale price on SATURDAY EVENING

67c per yard

This very special price is for *Sat. Evening Only.*

Fancy Lawns

10 Pieces navy and white, and black and white, fancy printed Lawns, beautiful fine quality, suitable for summer dresses, waists and children's dresses, regular price 15c yard SATURDAY EVENING

10c per yard

Children's Hosiery

About 20 Dozen Children's Fine Ribbed Imported Stockings in black with white feet, sizes 5, 5½, 6 1-2 and 7 only, regular price 20c pair, SATURDAY EVENING

9c per pair

Figured Denims & Cretonnes

10 Pieces Assorted Heavy English and American Denims and Cretonnes, all good patterns and colorings, sold at 20c and 25c yd., SATURDAY EVENING

12 1-2c per yard

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

He's Awful Hard On His Clothes . . .

So said the mother of a rosy-cheeked, handsome young fellow, as she brought him in for a new suit.

We sold her one of our new *Hewson Tweed Suits*—we know this suit will please her, and we know that to wear it out will

Keep the Boy Busy

Our Boys' Suits are made from strong, yet attractive fabrics—well sewn, with all points where the strain comes made doubly strong.

We know exactly what kind of clothes growing boys need and we see that they get them.

Our Boys' Suits will appeal to the taste, while our prices make a strong appeal to the purse.

COME ON IN.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

Saturday Night Sale!

10 Pieces Fancy Ginghams and Chambrays for suiting, regular price 15c, on sale per yard	12½c
5 Pieces White Mercerized Blousing, regular price 15c, on sale at per yd	12½c
3 Pieces white duck Suiting reg. 15c, on sale at per yd	12½c
10 Pieces Taffeta Ribbon, 4 inches wide, colors white, pink, sky, red, regular price 20c, on sale at per yard	12½c
20 Dozen Embroidered Doylies, regular price 10c each, on sale at 5c each or per dozen	50c
3 Dozen Corset Covers, regular price 35c, on sale at	19c
2 Dozen white underskirts, reg. 75c, on sale each at	57c
2 Pieces 70 inch Bleached Table Linen, regular price 69c, on sale at per yd (*This is a Great Snap.*)	39c
2 Pieces Unbleached Table Linen 64 inches wide, regular price 60c, on sale at per yard	39c
12 Only Bleached Table Cloths, 2 yds. square, slightly imperfect, reg. price $1.75, on sale each at	95c
10 Dozen Men's Cotton Sox, ribbed tops, regular price 12 1-2c, pair, Saturday night 3 pairs for	25c

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

A quick lunch maketh a slow liver.

We are all apt to strain at a gnat and swallow a camel, but it is always the other fellow's gnat and our camel.

The more children a woman has the fewer theories she has concerning them.

There is no anguish quite so keen as that felt by a woman who gets a new dress to wear to a party, and then isn't invited.

Some people are merely the table decorations at the fast of reason.

In this age of commercialism even the poet is generally sure of his breakfast.

Charity begins at home, but it is apt to be out when anybody calls.

A dyspeptic is a man whose meals don't fit him.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take "Laxative Bromo" Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

An Island City.

Greater New York consists of forty-five islands. It might be called the Island City. Read the names of some of the larger: Manhattan Island, Long Island, Staten Island, Hart's Island, City Island, Riker's Island, North Brother Island, South Island, Blackwell's Island, Randall's Island, Ward's Island, Berrian's Island, Governors Island, Barren Island and Coney Island. Many small ones in Jamaica bay have large names. One inland island, Marble Hill, near Kingsbridge, has been made by the government channel cut through on the Harlem river improvements.

What makes old age so sad is not that our joys but our hopes cease.—Richter.

One may dominate moral sufferings only by labor. Study saves from discouragement.—Abrantes.

Art is the work of man under the guidance and inspiration of a mightier power.—Hare.

Daily Intelligencer.

The Immigration Scandal

The immigration scandal lately unearthed at Ottawa is just now very much in the public eye. Last year the shady contract with the mysterious North Atlantic Trading Company was defended in Parliament by the Minister of the Interior and Government as a useful and patriotic enterprise. It seems that its true character had not then dawned upon those responsible to Parliament. Now that they have been shown the kind of "graft" it is, the ministers hasten to cancel the contract and by so doing put the N. A. T. finally out of commission.

A more rascally conspiracy, it appears, was never entered upon under the sanction of a Canadian Government. It was done in Sifton's time, but in all likelihood he was ignorant of, or inattentive to, its real bearings. The pleasures of the new-rich politician and their attendant worriments doubtless sufficiently occupied his time, as they at present keep him from his place in Parliament. Why is Mr Sifton not there now to answer the damaging charges made against his regime as Minister of the Interior. To this question there is no answer. But it can be easily surmised that if private affairs do not detain him from his parliamentary duties, the revelations concerning the bogus immigration company, projected and engineered by the officials of his department, would account for his continued absence, so much remarked by members of the House.

Preston and Smart, the Deputy Minister, seem to have been at the root of the shady game. Preston, as is generally known, was the hero of the West Elgin bye-election scandal. It was he who sent the telegrams to MacNish to "hug the machine" for him, the machine being, as revealed in court, a nest of criminals under the election law, who secured MacNish's return by every kind of fraud. For his work there Preston was rewarded by Sifton with the Chief Commissionership of Immigration in Europe — salary $3,000 a year and expenses. He has the credit, or the shame rather, of this North Atlantic Trading Company scheme. It had been doing business, with the Lord only knows where as headquarters, for four years, and drawing money in large sums from Ottawa, when it was first "blown upon." Then, to give some color of formal organization, the company was incorporated in the Island of Guernsey, not being eligible in England. It had a number of persons in humble positions for shareholders and directors, doubtless "dummies." Thus organized its agents began work, it is said, in those European States where the laws forbade such agencies.

Smart, Deputy Minister under Sifton, left off duty in the department to become general agent of the company in the Northwest. It was his work to look after the immigrants sent out under the secret service system of the N. A. T., to count heads, and certify to Preston, who, it is now said, drew large amounts of money from the Government for the use of secret agents.

When brought before committee and asked to explain these matters Smart professed almost entire ignorance of what was going on. Though chief agent of the North Atlantic Trading Company, he did not know who composed it, or how it was organized. It was a deep secret which had been kept from him, though Preston knew all about it, no doubt. It came out, however, that the directors wished to remain incog They would rather forfeit their positions than be known in connection with the company. It is said that a million dollars or more has been due by the government to the company's account for immigrants at $5 per head.

With the information thus far, the Government had no recourse but to cancel the contracts, endeavor to repudiate the whole business, and talk about something, anything else. But it is impossible to draw the veil back now that so much has been disclosed. Preston has been summoned, with orders to bring papers. Smart, it appears, had papers and documents, which might have thrown light on the screen, but they have somehow disappeared. If Preston's papers are extant, they may shed a "lurid glare" upon the dealings of this game of official hide and seek, this business which Mr. Monk described as most "damnable."

The appearance of the West Elgin hero will be awaited with interest. The world may then know the real ins and outs of the late friction between Preston and the officials of the High Commissioner's Department in London. That the trouble was connected with immigration matters was lately asserted. Lord Strathcona's officials must have "viewed with alarm" the tendency of Preston's operations unchecked, yet while Preston enjoyed the protection of the Interior Department at Ottawa, it was scarcely their place to prefer charges or do more than chafe in disapproval.

It is a pretty scandal as it stands, but it may be found that the half has not been told.

You feel the life giving current the minute you take it. A gentle soothing warmth fills the nerves and blood with life. It's a real pleasure to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.—D. M. Waters.

TIMELY TOPICS.

The public meeting last night endorsed the action of the Council in accepting half of the unpaid rolling mills taxes in settlement. Taking into consideration the fact that the Council was already committed to the action indicated, it was undoubtedly the best thing to do.

* * *

Now let the mills roll. Whether they roll bars or spikes, or even marlinspikes, makes no difference to us, so long as they employ men, pay wages and incidentally earn their bonus.

* * *

The meeting, our reporter tells us, closed with three cheers for the Mayor. All together, now, "Hip! Hip! Hurrah." For he's a jolly good fellow, with Belleville's interests at heart all right, all right.

* * *

The police—or, failing them, the military authorities—would certainly be justified in using horsewhips on the young ruffians who make a practice of running ahead of the regiment or band and kicking up a dust. Last night, on Victoria avenue, it was something terrible. Soldiers and civilians alike suffered

* * *

There was only one hitch at the wedding to-day. Rev. Dean Beamish made it.

* * *

You don't see any Belleville horses which can step as high as those at the Toronto Horse Show, but some men in this city can step higher.

* * *

Toronto didn't lack for distinguished guests this week. The Prince on Tuesday, the Mystic Shriners from Belleville on Wednesday, Mayor Sulman on Thursday, and Andrew Carnegie on Friday. That, as the reverend editor of The Globe would say, is going some.

* * *

All that was needed, to fill Toronto's cup of excitement to overflowing, was for the Belleville alderman to pull into the city in his new automobile.

* * *

The Hamilton Herald tells us that "columns of limping wit and sloppy humor have been printed by esteemed Ontario contemporaries about Prince Arthur's visit to Hamilton." If any wit in Ontario limps worse than the Herald's it should surely go on crutches.

* * *

A masher seized a girl's hand in Chicago and her father knocked him through a store window. Why didn't he knock him through a window of the penitentiary?

* * *

The earthquake in Frisco was the cause of many marriages, as the ladies needed protectors. Thank goodness, the girls in this city can get married without earthquakes shaking their beaux up.

* * *

After robbing a New York man of all his money, two thieves handed back five cents with which to pay his carfare home. They must have been amateurs, thus to mix sympathy with business.

* * *

The fire last night, caused, we are told, by the combustion of that evil-smelling waste from the gas works, shows that something must be done to correct that nuisance, for nuisance it surely is.

* * *

The Toronto papers are all publishing pictures of the burned district in San Francisco, which reminds one that there is still considerable of a burned district in the Queen City, which has not yet been rebuilt. And there is no danger of earthquakes there, either.

* * *

Andrew Carnegie, the Toronto Star says, is "bubbling over with cheer." As a general thing Scotch does not bubble very much. Mr. Carnegie must have a touch of soda in his make-up.

* * *

IF A GIRL.

(Atchison Globe.)

If a girl will not assist her mother with the house-cleaning she should at least have the decency not to appear on the street in her best clothes while her mother is at home beating carpets and washing windows.

* * *

A GENTLE HINT FOR ANDY.

(Toronto Telegram.)

These few lines will meet the eye of Andrew Carnegie, LL.D., as he rises to address the Canadian Club.

"The liberty to think, to speak, to utter, to argue freely is prized by Canadians above all other liberties.

In short Dr. Carnegie is in a
"Land where girt by friend or
foe,
A man may speak the thing he
will."

That is, Dr. Carnegie may speak the thing he will so long as that thing does not chance to be THE DESTINY OF CANADA.

Canada used to have "A DESTINY."

The fact is the country seemed to have nothing else but its DESTINY, or at least Canadians talked about nothing else.

Canada's DESTINY really caused so much talk that it was extracted. Thus Dr. Carnegie is an honored visitor in a country that has no DESTINY and does not want to have one.

* * *

The Rock Island railroad will discard its soft coal burning locomotives and substitute oil burners. It is said that the change can be made for $150 apiece, and that the oil will be cheaper. The change was decided upon when the soft coal strike was declared.

* * *

To be an antiquarian in these times you must have money or you will not succeed. A despatch from Berlin says that a Frankfort antiquarian firm offers for sale the last copy that is likely to come into the market of the Mainz Psalter of 1457, the first printed book which bears a date and the names of the printers. It is a splendid copy and the price asked for it is $19,200. It is said that an American has made an offer for the book and that the bargain is nearly completed.

* * *

There is no encouragement for a man being good if he gets no credit for it. A railroad conductor has confessed to having robbed a freight train in Illinois eight years ago. His story is believed to be due to a disordered mind and he gets no credit for his confession. He must feel awfully humiliated.

* * *

A correspondent in the New York Times urges the nations to buy an island and give it to the anarchists without any reservation as to mode of government, and let them have a trial of their peculiar views. That the correspondent is not very sanguine regarding the success of such a movement may be inferred from the fact that he suggests "Helloneearth" as an appropriate name for the island.

* * *

LOCAL SPRING POETRY.

(T. P. B. Moralizes.)

At last the ice has left the bay,
At last the robins' here to stay;
Which fact remind us by the way
We're heading for the month of May,
And soon the cheerless cleaning day
In scores of homes will hold full
sway;
And nothing we can do or say
Will head it off, this cleansing fray.

There is no time in all the year
When man is so subdued with fear,
As when housecleaning time draws
near
And everything is out of gear;
The wife he promised to hold dear,
The children given him to rear,
Have launched out on a mad career
"To do or die" that's made quite
clear.

There's music in the balmy air
Microbes and dust are also there,
But little do the women care,
They're beating carpets now for
fair,
While men just stand around and
glare,
And feel its up to them to swear
Or go on a protracted tear;
To find one home just now is rare.

Oh, for a lodge somewhere to dwell
Where things are not piled up pell-
mell,
Where one can breathe without the
smell
Of cheap brown soap the grocers
sell;
I have in mind a quiet dell
Of which it might be just as well
All of my suffering friends to tell
That they may migrate for a spell.

Moth . . . Protection

The busy little moth will probably begin operations a little earlier than usual this season, and you do well to prepare for him at once. We have every reliable "Mothacide," and they are all reliable quality. Meth Balls, 20c a lb.; Tar Camphor, 20c a lb.; Genuine Camphor, 10c an oz.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

A Lively Runaway This Morning.

This morning a team of horses belonging to Mr. P. Denyes, Front of Sidney, ran away, but fortunately no person was hurt. Mr. Denyes was driving at the time and the animals became frightened through one of them putting its leg over the tongue of the vehicle. They had only ran a short distance when the traces became unfastened, and this probably saved the occupant from injury. The animals fell on Front street and were caught. One of them cut itself about the legs.

CRADLE--ALTAR--TOMB.

BIRTHS.

In Deloro on April 21st, to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Aunger, a son.

MARRIED.

In Rawdon, on April 18th, Mr. J. Seymour, to Miss Edith Barkitt.

In Tweed, on April 21st, Mr. Peter Rashotte, to Miss Tillie Kilmurray.

In Tweed, on April 24th, Mr. Peter Casey, to Miss Mary Murphy.

In Plainfield, on April 18th, Mr. G. H. Horton, to Miss Minnie B. Latta.

In Tweed, on April 24th, Mr. Harry Chapman, to Miss Addie Cournoyier

In Trenton, on April 5th, Mr. H. R. Twigg, to Miss B. Mikel.

DIED.

In Thurlow, on April 18th, Mr. P. Fargey, aged 73 years.

In Trenton, on April 21st, Mr. T. O'Connor, aged 75 years.

In Albert, on April 16th, Miss Bessie Jones, aged 17 years.

In Sidney, on April 16th, Mrs. J. McCutcheon, aged 82 years.

In Ivanhoe, on April 17th, Mrs. E. Tanner, aged 26 years.

In Flinton, on April 16th, Mr. H. Hasler, aged 76 years.

Y. W. C. T. U. At Home.

The "At Home" given by the members of the "Y." W.C.T.U. to their friends was held at the residence of Mrs. Marshall, Charles St., on Thursday evening. Arrangements had been made to hold this "At Home" at Mrs. T. Ritchie's, but, owing to the accident to Mrs. Ritchie, a change was made. Mrs. Marshall generously offered her home to the society, who heartily thank her and her daughters for their kindness and assistance. A programme of music and recitations was rendered. A very pleasant evening was spent, and a number joined the "Y." some as active and some as honorary members. Refreshments were served toward the close of the evening.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Nervous? There are many causes of nervousness, but poor blood heads the list. The doctors call it anemia. The blood lacks red corpuscles. At your first opportunity, consult your doctor about taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Ask him if he has anything better for weakness, debility, nervousness. If he has, take it. If not, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Get well, that's what you are after. We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines! J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

ATHLETICS.

B. B. C. Students Organize.

On Friday evening, April 27th, the students of the Belleville Business College met in the lecture room for the purpose of organizing an athletic association. Mr. F. E. O'Flynn was appointed chairman.

It was moved by Mr. Chas. Stevens and seconded by Mr. W. Moult, that a club, to be known as the B. B.C. Athletic Association, be organized. Carried unanimously.

The following officers were elected:—

Hon. Pres.—Robt. Bogle.
President—F. E. O'Flynn, B.A.
Sec.-Treas.—F. A. Ashley.
Ex. Com.—Chas. Stevens, George Peake, Irison Tucker.

OF INTEREST TO ALL SPORTSMEN.

THE SPREAD OF THE ONTARIO FISH AND GAME PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.

Sportsmen will be glad to learn that the Ontario Fish and Game Protective Association is meeting with great success, and the approval of the people, throughout the province generally, and that branches have now been established at the following points: Lakefield, Berlin, Bobcaygeon, Sudbury, Sturgeon Falls, Sturgeon Point, Peterboro, Parry Sound, Gravenhurst, Orillia, Huntsville, Hamilton, Hastings County, Wiarton, Chatham, Windsor, London, Guelph, Scarboro, Lindsay.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

Christ Church Social to be held in Oddfellows' Hall, Thursday eve., May 3rd, 1906. Refreshments and orchestra. Admission 15c. 28-30-2

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Leavens have returned from New York.

On sale this evening a fine assortment of Statuary. Pieces that usually sell at $1.00 and $1.25, your choice for 50c; we will also give one of these pieces to everyone who purchases $10 worth of goods, either in Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, or Linoleums. Come early and get first choice.—Sills & Consaul, House Furnishers. 1t

The amount of insurance now in force in The Mutual Life Company of Canada is nearly $45,000,000. It has assets of about $10,000,000, and its surplus on the Government Standard, over and above all liabilities, is more than $1,200,000.—S. Burrows, General Agent.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Bord. Also at residence, Mururay St.

Ladies' P.P.C. card envelopes, 5c per package. At Intelligencer office.

In buying tickets o'er land and sea be sure and call on S. Burrows, Ticket Agent, Front St., Belleville. 21-24

Oddfellows Go To Church To-morrow

In honor of the 87th anniversary of the founding of Independent Oddfellowship in America, the members of the order in this city will to-morrow morning march to Holloway St. Methodist church, where a special sermon will be preached by Rev. R. H. Leitch.

SAVING TIME.

In this day and age of the world when it seems as though every minute had a value and every hour its imperative demands to perform a necessary duty the traveller who has had experience is careful to see that his ticket reads "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Rilway." Here is a line whose schedule is so arranged that every available minute of the traveller's time is saved. No long waits for connections nor tedious delays en route. Trains are operated at highest speed and are equipped with coaches so luxurious that the comfort of The Lake Shore is famous the world over. You can obtain full information about rates, routes or service by addressing J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O., or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, Ill.

It may be possible to love two women at the same time, but not if they know it.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Easterly winds, fine. Sunday, easterly winds, fine, not much change in temperature.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

Dog Collars!

DAME FASHION has decreed that collarless gowns shall be worn this year, with the consequence that Dog-Collars will be more in evidence than ever before. And really the manufacturers have "spread themselves," for many of the designs are exquisite. The tints most approved at present are: Amethyst, Topaz, Ruby, Sapphire and Garnet. The stones representing these colors are —to be fashionable — mostly imitation jewels. The imitations, however, are of the finest and the stones all cut by expert diamond cutters.

We show some of these in our window and shall be pleased to have you call and examine them, even if you don't purchase.

PRICES—$3 to $10.

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Fresh Supplies Arriving Daily.

Guava Jelly,
Saratoga Chips,
Macedoines,
Cherries in Maraschino,
Puffed Rice,
Huyler's Chocolates,
Macaroni, Vermicelli, Spaghetti,
Soup Pastes, etc.

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

Wallbridge & Clarke's Fine Indo-Ceylon Teas — Special Blend, 40, 50 and 60c lb.

Wallbridge & Clarke's Special Blend Indo-Ceylon Black Tea, or Japan Green Tea

IN SEALED PACKETS
30c LB.
4 LBS. FOR $1.

☞ These teas are extra value and are better than some teas sold at higher prices.

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE

ESTABLISHED 1870.

YOUR NEW HOME

Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.

NO SUCH RISK

by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.

All Work Guaranteed.

John Cornelius,

The City Painter and Decorator.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stopover arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 21-11t

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY
. . AND THE . .
BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher	$3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots	$3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON.

Long Distance
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Bonds and Stocks
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Both Listed and Unlisted. Information upon Request
Members
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TORONTO

301

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

All advertisements are subject to the approval of the Publisher of The Intelligencer.

Weekly Intelligencer $1.00 a year; Daily Intelligencer $3.00 a year; strictly cash in advance.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count 8 marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

Ten Thousand Agents Wanted. — Only authentic book on San Francisco calamity; highest commission; outfit free. The John C. Winston Co., Limited, Toronto. a28&m2

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. ——Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

Tea Canvassers Wanted. It will pay you to investigate my goods, prices, and complete outfit of samples and instructions. A trial order solicited. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Tea Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario

LOST.

Lost on Thursday, Leather Purse, with 2 pounds in English money. Finder bringing it to 225 Catharine St. will be suitably rewarded. 1t

Educational Contest Lists
Destroyed By Fire
CONTEST EXTENDED TO
July 31st, 1906

Messrs Armour Limited, Toronto, regret to advise all who have so kindly forwarded lists of names as per the conditions of their Educational Contest, that their building, with its entire contents, was destroyed by fire on the evening of March 19th, and all records of lists they have received, as well as all lists, were destroyed, and we ask that all who had sent in lists previous to this time, mail us duplicates. No metal caps required with duplicate lists. To make up for time lost by the fire, and to give all competitors a fair and equal chance, we have consented to extend the Educational Contest until July 31st, 1906.

We offer $200.00 in gold to those sending in the largest lists of correct words made from the twelve different letters used in spelling the four words

Armour's Extract of Beef

$100.00 in gold will be given as the first prize.

$25.00 in gold will be given as the second prize.

$10.00 in gold will be given as the third prize.

$3.00 in gold will be given to each of the next five.

$2.00 will be given to each of the next twenty.

CONDITIONS

Use only the following 12 letters:—A-R-M-O-U-S E-X-T-C-F-B. No letter to appear in the same word twice.

Only such words may be used as are found in Webster's International Dictionary.

No proper names, foreign words or names of persons, towns or places are to be used.

Words spelled the same, but having different meanings, may be used but once.

All contestants must attach to their lists a metal cap taken from a jar of "Armour's Extract of Beef." Failure to do this puts the list out of competition.

The names of the winners of these prizes will be determined by judges whom we shall appoint.

Write only on one side of the paper. After making out your list, state the number of words it contains, with your full name and address at the top of each piece of paper and mark on the outside of the envelope "Educational Contest Department," and mail to our address as below.

Armour's Extract of Beef is sold by all druggists and grocers. If yours cannot or will not supply you, a small jar will be mailed you, post paid, on receipt of 25 cents in cash or stamps.

Armour Limited
77 FRONT ST. EAST, TORONTO

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

To-morrow's International Sunday School Lesson.

THE PARABLE OF THE SOWER—GOLDEN TEXT IS "THE SEED IS THE WORD OF GOD."

HISTORICAL SETTING.

Time—Soon after our last lesson, during or at the close of Christ's second tour of Galilee, autumn of A.D. 28.

Place—On the shore of the Sea of Galilee, near a town, probably Capernaum.

Place in the Life of Christ — The last quarter of the second year of His ministry, marked by the introduction of a new method of teaching, begun on account of the growing opposition.

A SPECIMEN DAY IN CHRIST'S LIFE.

V.1. After the anointing in the house of Simon the Pharisee, Jesus set out (Luke 8: 1-3) on a second preaching tour of Galilee. The twelve went with him, and also certain women whom He had healed, including Mary Magdalene, and the wife of Herod's steward. In the course of this journey, or possibly on its conclusion, he came to a city by the sea, probably Capernaum; and there he entered upon a day of which we have a conspicuously full record, though we are to think of it as only a specimen day in Christ's busy life. He healed the blind and dumb demoniac (Matt. 12: 22-45), and had a discussion with some scribes from Jerusalem. When his mother and brethren sought him (Matt. 12: 46-50) he proclaimed his disciples as his kindred. Then, leaving the house (doubtless to speak to his mother and brothers) he went on to the seashore, and there spoke a wonderful series of parables, the first of which we are now to study.

1. And he began again. As on former occasions (Mark 2: 13: 3: 7). To teach by the seaside. He was sitting there at first (Matt. 13: 1), perhaps quietly talking with his mother and brothers, when a tremendous crowd came upon them, a great multitude.

So that he entered into a ship (R.V. "boat"). Sitting down at its prow, the highest part of it. The people stood on the shores, which are curved and sloping, thus forming a natural amphitheatre, with Jesus in the centre. Macgregor tested the acoustic properties of the spot, and found that from the sea, without raising his voice, he could easily be heard on shore at a distance of three hundred yards. Christ's audience had only to look around them, and they would see in actual operation every detail of the parables the Master was uttering.

2. And he taught them many things. Matthew records seven parables, and Mark adds another. By parables. Using this new method because of the rapidly growing hostility to him and his teaching, and because of his hearers' dullness and slowness of apprehension.

10. And when he was alone. "St. Mark here anticipates what took place after the Saviour had 'sent the multitudes away' and 'gone into the house' (Matt. 13: 36)." They that were about him. An outer circle of disciples from which the Twelve were chosen. Asked of him the parable. All the series; they were linked together by a common purpose, evidently, and the disciples did not understand what that purpose was.

11. Unto you it is given to know the mystery of the kingdom of God. The Greek "mysteries" were secret religious rites whose nature has never been discovered.

What is a parable? "A parable is an analogy. It assumes a likewise between higher and lower things, such that what is true of one department holds good in another. The analogy may be drawn out into a story, or description, as in most of Jesus' parable, but this is not essential."

Hearken! Hear! Listen a summons to attention natural for one addressing a great crowd from a boat. Behold; there went out a (R.V., "the") sower to sow. Christ is the great Sower, who has "come forth" from the Father. This has been generally called the Parable of the Sower, but he is not the prominent figure. The subject is much rather the soils.

14. The sower soweth the word. The Bible, and whatever, in speech or in writing, interprets the Bible, and brings it close to men's hearts; but especially the sacred writings themselves. The Bible is by far the most popular book in the world. In 1904 the American Bible Society issued 1,770,891 Bibles and portions of Bibles. During the 88 years of its history its issues have been 74,441,674 copies. The British and Foreign Bible Society issued in the year 1902-03 the enormous number of 5,943,775 copies, and from 1804 had issued 180,982,740 copies.

The soil is the human heart, which responds to the seed in many different ways, as the parable goes on to show.

As he sowed. The good seed of Bible truth is sowed by the preacher, in sermons; by the Sunday school teachers.

Some (seed) fell by the wayside. Canon Tristram thus describes a sowing that he witnessed on the plain of Gennesaret; His basket of seed slung under his left arm, with steady measured pace, he marched up and down his portion of the open field, jerking his handful of corn before him at each step. Two narrow paths intersected his corn patch. These necessarily received their share of seed, where it did not long remain; for a few jackdaws and some little flocks of larks and buntings followed the sower, and speedily swept the pathways clean. Grain fields in Palestine are seldom fenced, and both pedestrians and beasts of burden use freely the narrow paths intersecting them. And the fowls of the air (R.V. "birds") came and devoured it. Birds in Syria, and especially about the Lake of Tiberias, are extraordinary numerous. Syria is the winter feeding ground of many migratory birds from northern Europe and Asia.

When they have heard. They are not opposers, they receive seed; but they receive the truth as they are, without the soil of their natures being changed. They do not understand (Matt. 13; 19), because they are not prepared to understand. Their hearts "need the gospel plow to rip them up, tears of repentance to make them soft, and the Sun of Righteousness to make them warm. But, on the contrary, "they have exposed their hearts as common roads to every evil influence of the world, till they have become hard as pavements. Cares, worries, pleasures, passions, worldly interests, have complete possession of their minds. Moreover, Satan cometh immediately, like the birds in the field, and taketh away the word. He has many bills to peck at it! He will destroy the effect of a good sermon by a criticism of the preacher's manner, or the mispronunciation of a word. Into the midst of an impressive prayer he will insinuate a business worry. He will offset a revival by a frivolous amusement. And when we are about to obey the truth he will say, "Some other time. Put it off!"

Illustration. The chimes of Trinity Church in lower New York, which are quite swallowed up and lost in the roar of traffic on Broadway.

A dying man once said in despair to a minister whose church he had attended regularly for twenty years "I have never heard a sermon!" And he explained that always during the sermon he had been planning his business affairs.

There are delicate ears that can hear sounds, like the shrill noise of certain insects, that are entirely inaudible to most men. The trained eye of an astronomer can distinguish a star as double where the novice can see only one star, or none at all. So it is possible for any one to train his soul for the perception of the highest truths.

Some fell on stony (R.V., "rocky") ground. Not on ground strewn with boulders, for the soil among them is "the richest the earth produces, consisting of decomposed basalt from the stones. But the seed fell on flat rock, thinly covered with only an inch or so of soil. The dry, underlying rock held the sun's heat like a hot-bed, and forced the seed, so that immediately it sprang up.

6. But when the sun was up, it was scorched. The roots were shallow, and burned up by the overheated soil. The rock prevented their reaching down where it was cool and moist.

16. The interpretation. These are the hearers that receive the word immediately, and with gladness. Christ is not objecting to promptness in receiving Him. But there is a promptness of decision, and there is a promptness of frivolity, always, like the Athenians, ready for a new thing. The first is like the compass needle, which, when released from the clamp, turns promptly and faithfully to the north; the second is like the weather-vane.

17. The trouble is that these hearers have no root in themselves. They are moved by temporary enthusiasm and not by an inward conviction. They have followed the crowd rather than Christ. And the test comes when affliction or persecution ariseth for the word's sake. There is sure to come a time when allegiance to Christ will mean a loss of popularity or property or position. The student must refuse to join in some foolish prank, the merchant must lose trade rather than stoop to dishonesty, the politician must oppose an unreasonable demand of his constituents, the friend must be rebuked and warned at the risk of friendship. Then, unless their religion is rooted far deeper than desire for ease or wealth or applause, they are offended, they choose the devil's way rather than Christ's, and their religion shrivels up.

And some fell among thorns. Among the seeds of thorns or briers, which afterwards came up. And choked it, and it yielded no fruit. The first did not spring up, being picked up by the birds; the second sprang up but did not grow, withered by the heat; the third sprouted and grew up, but yielded no (ripe) fruit, choked by thorns.

18. Interpretation. This class of persons also hear the word, like the others.

19. And the cares of this world. First kind of brier; worries; not business, but over-anxiety about business. And the deceitfulness of riches. Second kind of brier; greed for gold, which deceives by promising pleasure and ease when it only brings care. Not riches, but deceitful riches, riches in which men trust (see Mark 10:24). And the lusts of other things. Third kind of brier, pleasure; not joy, of which the Christian life is full, but pleasure become a lust, a passion, the end of life having become amusement. These things—business, money, recreation—are right and necessary in moderation, strictly subordinated to the higher life of the soul, used merely as our tools; but when they take possession of us, rule our thoughts and almost monopolize our time they, throttle all our nobler faculties.

8. And other fell on good ground. This, of course, was the greater part of the seed, as it is in all sowings of the word. And brought forth, some thirty, and some sixty, and some an hundred times the original seed. At Geneva, in 1855, I got from a field a single ear of barley containing 276 grains. Trench remarks that "Herodotus mentions that two hundredfold was a common return in the plain of Babylon, and sometimes three; and Niebuhr mentions a species of maize that returns four hundredfold." In 1868, a year remarkable for its heat in Great Britain, it is mentioned in the newspapers that, in a field of wheat in Kent, there were many single seeds which produced, each, thirty straws, topped with closely set and fully developed ears, which yielded between nine hundred and one thousand grains from a single parent seed.

The good-ground hearers are not merely hear the word, but receive it, "in a good and honest heart" (Luke), and "hold it fast." Their minds are eager for the truth, they listen or read attentively, they meditate and pray over it, and then they act upon it, and bring forth fruit in their lives, the results varying according to talents and opportunities, as in the parable of the pounds, but the reward being equal if the fidelity is equal.

Illustrations. A medical missionary cured a Hindoo of a severe disease, and sent him home from the hospital with a Bible. Three years later, on visiting the man's village, that missionary found all the inhabitants worshipping only the true God, their sole instructor having been the Bible. Thousands of such instances have occurred on mission fields.

THE OPINION OF A WESTERN EDITOR.

ON THE PRESENTATION OF ADDRESS TO ROYALTY.

(Calgary Eye-Opener.)

There is great fame awaiting the mayor of a town—any old town—who has the nerve to break away from tradition and give a visiting Prince, or some otherwise distinguished man, a really good time, with no address, no Maple-Leaf-Forever-school-children, no bunting, no band and no fuss. Think of the absurdity of asking a live young man of the world like Prince Arthur to stand and listen to an address from the mayor and city clerk, with a group of trembling aldermen fidgeting in the background, clad in rented Prince Albert coats and ridiculously shaped plug hats.

Think of what an ad. it would be for Calgary if Prince Arthur, over the walnuts and the wine at his uncle's place, Sandringham, could lean back in his chair and toast Calgary as the only place where he was treated as a human being, and not as a royal dummy.

"Yes, uncle," he might say to the King, "I had a most delightful visit at Calgary, a beautiful little city by the Rocky Mountains. At all the other towns I had to listen to tedious addresses, all couched in the same terms, breathing loyalty to the throne and to your august person and other guff, and bunches of school children sang the Maple Leaf Forever; till it got on my nerves, and I was introduced to all sorts of impossible local magnates at every village, shown their local showplaces and wearied to death—but at Calgary—dear little Calgary—I was met at the station by two or three polished gentlemen, club men, who asked me if I would care to take a quiet drive, it being a pleasant day. Then I was informally invited to dinner in the evening at a lovely private residence, where I met several professional men and English ranchers, brimming over with unaffected cordiality, and bent on giving me all the latest amusing stories.

The King—"But I thought from the letters sent me by Lord Redesdale, that you were to be met at the station by a lot of aldermen and driven out to some ditch."

"That was the arrangement, but the sensible men of the town put their heads together and decided to treat me as a real live human being like themselves. They certainly gave me a most charming time."

"What other towns did you stop at?"

"Oh, I've forgotten 'em all. They are all mixed up in my head as a lot of stupid places, with stupid officials, stupid addresses, stupid surroundings and really pathetic decorations."

"Yes, yes, I've been through it all, Arthur."

"Yes, I suppose so. But give me Calgary every time. They knew just what I would like and omitted what they knew would bore me."

(Alas! The above is only what might have been!)

A Confiscatory Tax.

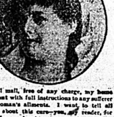
One of the problems which is facing the people of the United States is that of the large power which the owners of vast fortunes wield. The people are crying out against it, and a speech concerning, and a method of dealing with it have just been made and proposed by the President. Whether the proposal will become law remains to be seen.

"It is important to this people," said the President, "to grapple with the problems connected with the amassing of enormous fortunes, and the use of those fortunes, both corporate and individual, in business. We should discriminate in the sharpest way between fortunes well-won and fortunes ill-won; between those gained as an incident to performing great services to the community as a whole, and those gained in evil fashions by keeping just within the limits of mere law-honesty. Of course, no amount of charity in spending such fortunes in any way compensates for misconduct in making them. As a matter of personal conviction, and without pretending to discuss the details or formulate the system, I feel that we shall ultimately have to consider the adoption of some such scheme as that of a progressive tax on all fortunes, beyond a certain amount, either given in life or devised and bequeathed upon death to any individual—a tax so framed as to put it out of the power of the owner of one of these enormous fortunes to hand on more than a certain amount to any one individual; the tax, of course, to be imposed by the national and not the State Government. Such taxation should, of course, be aimed merely at the inheritance or transmission in their entirety of those fortunes swollen beyond all healthy limits.

"Again, the National Government must, in some form, exercise supervision over corporations engaged in interstate business—and all large corporations are engaged in interstate business—whether by license or otherwise, so as to permit us to deal with the far-reaching evils of overcapitalization. This year we are making a beginning in the direction of serious effort to settle some of these economic problems by the railway rate legislation. Such legislation, if so framed, as I am sure it will be, as to secure definite and tangible results, will amount to something of itself; and it will amount to a great deal more in so far as it is taken as a first step in the direction of a policy of superintendence and control not to be exercised in a spirit of malevolence toward the men who have created the wealth, but with the firm purpose to do justice to them and to see that they in turn do justice to the public at large. The first requisite in the public servants who are to deal in this shape with corporations, whether as legislators or executives, is honesty. This honesty can be no respecter of persons. There can be no such thing as unilateral honesty. The danger is not really from corrupt corporations; it springs from the corruption itself, whether exercised for or against corporations."

Free to You, My Sister

Free to You and Every Sister Woman Suffering from Woman's Ailments



I will mail, free of any charge, my home treatment with full instructions to any sufferer from woman's ailments. I want to tell all women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourselves at home without the help of a doctor. Men cannot understand woman's sufferings. What we women know from experience we know better than any doctor. I know that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for Leucorrhoea or Whitish Discharges, Ulceration, Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Uterine or Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, hot flashes, weariness, kidney and bladder troubles where caused by weaknesses peculiar to our sex.

I want to send you a complete ten days treatment entirely free to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember that it will cost you nothing to give the treatment a complete trial, and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week, or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. Just send me your name and address, tell me how you suffer if you wish, and I will send you the treatment, for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you free of cost, my book "WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER," with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should have it, and learn to **think for herself.** Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures **all, old or young.**

To mothers or daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhoea, Green Sickness and painful or irregular menstruation in young ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality, who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this **Home Treatment** really **cures** all women's diseases, and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. **Just send me your address,** and the free ten days treatment is yours, also the **book.** Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS
Box No. 1 Windsor, Ont.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

BRIDGE ST. METHODIST CHURCH.

11 a.m.—Sermon by Rev. H. D. Leitch, pastor of Presbyterian Church, Glengarry.

7 p.m.—Sermon by the pastor, Rev. J. P. Wilson, B.A. Subject, "Negative Religion."

Singing led by large choir, assisted by a choir of boys, under the direction of Prof. V. P. Hunt.

2.30 p.m.—Sunday School for people of all ages.

Strangers in the city, students at colleges and all other visitors welcome at this church. Open every day

HOLLOWAY ST. METHODIST.

Rev. R. H. Leitch, Pastor.
I.O.O.F. Anniversary.

10 a.m.—Young people's praise service, Junior Epworth League, classes and fellowship for all.

11 a.m.—Oddfellows' service.

7 p.m.—The Creed, I Believe.

Congregational singing; large choir, led by Mr. M. C. Gordon.

2.30 p.m.—S. S. session of special interest to old and young; good music; orchestra director, Prof. Denmark.

Week evening services at 8.

Monday evening—Epworth League of C. E.

Tuesday evening—The Brotherhood.

Wednesday evening — Evangelistic service, 8 p.m.

EMMANUEL REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Victoria Avenue, between Church and Pinnacle Streets.
Rev. A. M. Hubly, Rector.

Morning sermon—"The Ministry of Earthquakes."

Evening sermon—"A Great Calamity and an Effectual Prayer."

Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m.

Y.P.S.C.E. meeting Monday evening at 8.

Prayer and praise service, Wednesday evening at 8.

THE TABERNACLE METHODIST CHURCH.

Church Street.
Rev. George Brown, Pastor.

Morning service at 11. Subject—"Fear Not, Little Flock."

Sabbath School, 2.30 p.m.

Music led by orchestra.

Evening service at 7. Subject—"Precious Promises."

Epworth League, Monday evening, at 8

Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 8 p.m.

Students and strangers cordially invited to all services.

JOHN ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. A. H. Drumm, Pastor.

Residence—15 Alexander Street.

Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

3.00 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

Young People's Guild, Monday at 8 p.m.

Mid-week service Wednesday at 8 p.m.

All are welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. R. S. Laidlaw,
Residence "The Manse," George St.

Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

The Pastor will preach at both services to-morrow.

11 a.m.—"Christ the Life."

7 p.m.—"Isaac, the Meditative."

Sabbath School and Men's Bible Class at 3 p.m.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

VICTORIA AVE. BAPTIST CHURCH,

Cor. Victoria Ave. and Pinnacle St.
Rev. Chas. H. Emerson, M.A., Pastor,
Residence, 231 John St.

Morning—"A Revelation of Christ."

Evening—"Why do ye not Believe?"

Sunday School at 3 p.m.

The pastor's Bible class for adults meets at 3 p.m.

Men's prayer meeting, Sunday, 6.30 p.m.

Strangers will be cordially welcomed. Seats free.

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CANADA'S POPULAR INSTRUMENTS
Popular because they are good in every particular—in Touch, Tone, Design and Workmanship. The Bell is the only piano with the Illimitable Quick Repeating Action.
ART
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Send for Beautiful (free) Booklet B to
The BELL PIANO & Organ Co., Limited GUELPH, ONTARIO.

Ingrain Wall Paper Bargains

For the balance of this month we will offer our entire stock of Ingrain Papers, red excepted, at *10c per roll* when buying in combination.

We have a stock of 3000 rolls of new Ingrains, and if any person tells you Ingrain Papers are old fashioned, you can put such parties down as such.

Ingrain papers are used today as liberally as they ever have been, although not the same novelty as they were when first coming on the market.

We have on sale this week also 4500 rolls of new papers at especial prices.

350 Rolls of 50c Papers for	35c
500 Rolls of 35c Paper for	25c
650 Rolls of 25c Paper for	15c
1000 Rolls of 15c Paper for	10c
1000 Rolls 10c Paper for	5c
1000 Rolls 5c Paper for	3c

—Total 4,500 Rolls.

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Where you always get the best at the closest prices and a guaranteed stock of 100,000 rolls to select from

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A competant staff of skilled artizans at our command.

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The amount of care and trouble we go to, to make our suits the best there are anywhere, but that's what we're in business for to do the best we can for you.

Our Made-to-Measure Suit business is growing because our tactics deserve trade.

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Tailors & Furnishers.

CHRIST CHURCH.

(Anglican.)
Coleman St.—Across Footbridge.
Rector—Rev. R. C. Blagrave, B.A.

Holy Communion at 8 a.m.

Morning prayer and sermon at 11.

S. S. and Bible class for adults at 3 p.m.

Evensong and confirmation by the Lord Bishop of Ontario at 7. Preacher, His Lordship the Bishop.

Seats free; visitors welcome.

BETHEL HALL.

Christians gather to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.

—Sunday—

Mr. Richard Irving, evangelist, will preach.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

Why the Devil Has Cloven Hoofs.

Legends of the devil are quite common in Ireland, but the one which is most interesting and least known perhaps is that which tells why the prince of the infernal regions has split hoofs, like those of a cow beast. Moore alludes to the legend in his story of St. Kevin and Kathleen at Glendalough. In that story Moore makes St. Kevin throw his former ladylove over the cliff in order to be rid of her importunities, but the peasants of the Glendalough district give the story a more poetical touch. They insist that it was not Kathleen that was thrown over the cliff, but that it was Satan, who had assumed the form of the lady in order to tempt the saint. The moment the prince of evil toppled over the edge of the yawning abyss he spread his bat-like wings and sailed away in safety, much to the surprise of the holy saint. Later on the devil again attempted to lay a snare for St. Kevin, but the saint managed to get the arch fiend on holy ground, where, of course, he was helpless. While the devil was in this helpless condition Kevin sawed off his legs and attached cows' hoofs to the stumps. Since that day Satan has been cloven footed and will be until the end of time.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventative. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets —D. M. Waters.

If it ever started to rain money people would wear umbrellas, but they would be turned the other way.

All smart up-to-date women of to-day,
Know how to bake, wash, sing and to play;
Without these talents a wife is N.G.
Unless she takes Rocky Mountain Tea.—D. M. Waters.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office. tf

Good advice is the kind that is never given until it is asked for.

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42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 28

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	88⅝	88
do pref	100⅛	100⅜
St Paul	161	162⅛
Mop	90	89¾
Union Pac	146	144⅜
C.P.R	158½	157
Sou Pa.	63½	63⅜
R I	25⅜	25⅜
Ills C.	166½	165⅜
Sou Ry	36⅝	36⅝
Texas	30¾	29
F.& O	106¼	106⅜
N Y C	133⅜	133⅜
Penn	136⅜	135⅜
Soo	151	153
T. W.	112	113
Erie	40¾	40
do pref	76½	75¾
Reading	123	120⅛
C. O	54⅝	53⅞
O W	47¾	46
Manhattan	151½	150⅜
W C	24	23¾
L. & N.	142½	141½
A. F.	39½	37
Nor	86⅛	85¾
Wab.	20	19½
do pref	41¾	42¾
A.R	119½	114⅜
C. G W	19¾	18¾
T.C.L	141	139
U. S. Steel	40	39¾
do pref	105⅛	105
Sugar	132	131½
B.R.T.	75⅝	73¾
P. O	90½	89⅜
A. C. P.	102¼	101½
Met.	110½	110½
Alo.	61¾	59½
C.F.I.	47	46

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Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations,
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs

The doctrine of the survival of the fittest doesn't appeal to those who get left.

Even the milk of human kindness may contain a few germs.

Some people regard a collection plate as a slot machine in which they drop a dime in the hope of getting a dollar's worth of religion.

A new leaf is really the same old one with another turn.

Twenty-five years ago it was difficult to sell spring wheat flour for pastry at any price.

People didn't want it—they were using soft, winter wheat flour, and saw no reason for changing.

But hard wheat flour was persistently pushed and prejudice has been overcome. The women tried it, succeeded with it and appreciated it.—To-day hard wheat flour is the favorite for pastry as well as for bread.

The flour that is doing the most for the reputation of hard wheat flour is the brand known as

Ogilvie's Royal Household

It is hard wheat flour at its best—milled by modern methods, retaining all of the good of the wheat and none of the bad—it is without an equal for every kind of baking in which flour is used.

Talk to your grocer about it—if he isn't enthusiastic it's only because he isn't informed.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Limited,
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"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never before published. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.

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Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

THE MOTHERS.

(N. Y. Sun.)

When from the Mount the Virgin went—
The awful Mount of Calvary—
Her slender form was weak and bent—
"Thy sorrow is too great for thee,
Ah, thou hast tasted bitter wine,
Gethsemane is His and thine,"
Said Magdalen, all wan and spent.

Then came a woman through the gloom
Her eyes like shadows in the light
Of torches on the Mount of doom—
She seemed a lost ghost in the night,
Her white hair hung unkempt and dank,
From her the Magdalen, scornful, shrank,
As one who sees a loathely sight.

Then Mary, Mother, sped as fast
As mothers go when young babes cry
(O gentle heart! O love so cast!)
And kissed the woman's eyelids dry;
"O thou to my eyes raise thy face!"
"Not I most cursed of all the race—
I in whose soul all hope is past."

"To thine my sorrow is as naught,"
The Mother said. The woman wept,
"I Judas bore!" The soldier caught
The words, and spat. "Yea, him I kept
Safe in my arms, Heart to my heart,
His shame and death are my part
In life." Her shrieks o'er all sounds swept.

The gracious John looked stern and cold,
He tried to part the close-linked pair,
But still the Mother would enfold
The woman of the wild despair—
"My Son is Mercy—thou shalt see
The boy that laughed upon thy knee,"
Said Magdalen, "The traitor sold—"

"Hush, hush, O friend—my Life, my Sun!
I see the spear," the Mother said,
"And I will ask the spear pierced One
For this for thee—when thou liest dead,
Thou from thy woe shalt find release
The torture of thy heart shalt cease,
Him thou shalt meet," "Ah, is't well done,
Said Magdalen, 'to give him peace?'

* * *

Easter bonnets are now marked down, but what is the good of an Easter bonnet after Easter?

* * *

With $450,000,000 in real (borrowed) money, Russia once more faces the future with a smiling face. It's a long time until the note falls due.

* * *

The Pullman Company has adopted the sanitary rules of the Indiana Board of Health, and the porter will continue to clean out the passengers as heretofore.

* * *

Newspaper men in Minnesota have been indicted for giving an exaggerated account of an execution. It appears they had the bare facts set with a hanging indention.

* * *

The Sultan of Turkey, it is announced, is a very sick man. Thinking over our list of acquaintances hurriedly, we don't seem to think of anybody who deserves to be any more than he does.

* * *

The death is announced in County Tyrone, Ireland, of George Fletcher, the oldest British subject, so far as known. He was 118 years old. King Edward recently presented Fletcher with a gold snuff box.

* * *

While jurists in the United States are complaining of the interminable facilities for appealing from criminal convictions, a movement in the opposite direction is contemplated in England There is virtually no appeal from a conviction for crime there A middle point between the two extremes is the goal to be aimed at.

* * *

The average monthly income in Japan, after recent advances in wages, is officially stated at less than $8.

* * *

A great colonial exposition will be opened in Marseilles this spring and continued throughout the summer. It will mark the first attempt to organize a comprehensive manifestion of French colonial work and is arousing much interest

* * *

Vesuvius has apparently got down to its normal condition again. Ashes are knee deep in Naples and the country around the mountain is ruined for agricultural purposes for some years to come. The old fire pot is getting ready for a new eruption when the people fully recover from the recent one.

* * *

PERENNIAL.

'Twas back in 1863
(It doesn't seem that long),
That I first interviewed Marie,
The peerless Queen of Song,
When then I spoke about her past
And swore she was the rage
She smiled and said it was her last
Appearance on the stage,

Marie sang here the other night—
I'm quite rheumatic now—
But still I donned a choker white
And practiced up a bow.
She knew me, and the tears came fast;
She talked a half a page,
And finally said it was her last
Appearance on the stage.

* * *

A year and a half ago the British authorities at Portsmouth sunk two tons of coal in iron crates in a basin of water at the dock yards. At the same time a similar quantity of coal was stored in the open air and covered with tarpaulins. At intervals of six months samples of each storage have been burned under scientific tests, and the results show conclusively that the submarine storage adds to its value steadily, while storage in the open air decreased its heat-giving power Experiments are now to be made to test the practicability of marine storage on a large scale. The main difficulty is that the coal must be pried before it is used to avoid spontaneous combustion from superficial moisture.

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company.
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

Drudgery.

The everyday cares and duties which men call drudgery are the weights and counterpoises of the clock of time, giving its pendulum a true vibration and its hands a regular motion, and when they cease to hang upon its wheels the pendulum no longer swings, the hands no longer move, the clock stands still. —Longfellow.

A Protest.

The Lion—The leopard, you know, cannot change his spots. The Zebra—Well, I can't change my stripes either, but no one ever thought it of sufficient interest to make a proverb of.

Too Much to Ask.

A traveler in the highlands observed while at a tavern in a small village a very beautiful collie. At his request the owner was pointed out to him, and he asked the man what he would take for the dog.

"Ye'll be taking him to America?" the Scot asked cautiously.

"Certainly, if you sell him to me."

"I no coul' part wie Rob," the dog's owner then said emphatically. "I'm muckle fond-like o' him." And liberal offers were no inducement.

To his astonishment, the traveler later saw the dog sold to a drover for half what he had offered and after the drover had disappeared requested an explanation. "You said that you could not sell him," he remarked.

A twinkle came into the highlander's eyes.

"No; I didna say I'd no sell him. I said I couldna part wie him," he said. "Rob'll be hame in two or three days fra noo, but I couldna ask him to swim across the ocean. Na; that woul' be too muckle to ask."

Pews That Carry a Vote.

The parish church of Chertsey possesses a curious anomaly. It has several pews in its gallery which are bought and sold by auction, just like a table or a chair, and these pews give their owners for the time being a legal right to vote at parliamentary elections in the division. Moreover, the owners of the pews have to pay the poor rate of £2 a year into the bargain, a privilege they are not so eager to use as the former one. Many years ago the churchwardens of Chertsey were at their wits' end in order to raise money for the restoration and repair of the sacred edifice, and they could find no solution to the question until some parishioners suggested that they should sell the gallery pews to the highest bidder. They accepted the idea and obtained a special act of parliament allowing them to do this and also giving the privilege of a parliamentary vote.—London Spectator.

A Gallery of Forgeries.

Paris possesses a very fine gallery of modern masters, largely of the Barbizon school, not one of which is genuine. It is to the painter Harpignies that France is indebted for this queer collection of the spurious. Passing through the Rue de Vaugirard one day, his eye caught some canvases in a window. They were all signed by prominent names, including his own, and every signature was forged. Passing inside, the list became more extensive, and the painter found himself in the presence of false Corots, Diazes, Daubignys, Lancrets, Isabeys, Neuvilles and even English Turners. The revelation of his own identity enabled Harpignies to become possessed of this collection for something less than the proverbial old song, and it may now be inspected by those interested in such matters at the state furniture depot, where it is preserved as a kind of high water mark in sophistication.

An Arabian Legend.

The Arabians had a tradition that when the devil started forth from his own place to the garden of Eden he was too lazy to walk and begged all the animals, one after another, to carry him. All refused except the serpent, which was then a quadruped and the most beautiful of all beasts. Yielding to the entreaties of Satan, the serpent took up the devil on its back and carried him the rest of the way, no one knows how far, and after the consequences of the devil's entry into the garden became apparent the angels were commanded to look up the serpent and punish it, so Michael cut off its legs, and it was doomed henceforth to travel about as best it could flat on the ground.

Lynch Law.

In an article in Law Notes on "The Origin of the Term 'Lynch Law'" mention was made of the fact that formerly the term "Lydford law" was used in the same sense in England. A North Carolina judge in a recent case quoted the following lines:

I oft have heard of Lydford law—
How in the morn they hang and draw
And sit in judgment after.

They seem to show the existence of a similar summary punishment in England.

Unconscious Sarcasm.

A Scotch visitor to the Carlyles, in Cheyne row, was much struck with the sound proof room which the sage had contrived for himself in the attic, lighted from the top, and where no sight or sound from outside could penetrate. "My certes, this is fine!" cried the old friend, with unconscious sarcasm. "Here ye may write and study all the rest of your life and no human being be one bit the wiser."

Trouble For Government Clerks.

"Congress makes lots of unnecessary trouble for the government clerks," said a veteran employee, "but the worst case I know of occurred some years ago. A certain senator asked the comptroller of the currency to tell him how much stock a certain man had in a national bank. He was informed that such information was regarded as confidential and could not be given out."

"We'll see about that," said the senator, who was plainly disappointed and displeased.

"Several days later he secured the passage of a resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury to furnish the senate with the names and holdings of the stockholders in all the national banks in the country. He really wanted to know only the interest of one man in a bank, but he knew that he couldn't get a resolution of that kind through the senate, so he included the stockholders in all national banks. It took the entire force of the comptroller's office several weeks to prepare the information, and when it reached the senate nobody paid any attention to it except the author of the resolution, and he merely looked at the mass of papers only long enough to see about the man he was after and then tossed the papers aside. It was an immense lot of work for nothing."

The Abbe's Criticism.

An American lady residing in Rome presented to a friend, who is an abbe, an intellectual man and familiar with English, although no traveler, a copy of one of Mary Wilkins' New England stories.

"The author of this, my dear friend," she said, "is the best portrayer of New England character we have. No other writer has caught so well the charm of the place and the people. I hope you will like it."

The abbe took the book and thanked her. In a few days he came again and returned it gingerly, saying a word or two of thanks.

"Were you not pleased with the quaint portrayal of the life?" asked the lady.

"You say this is a faithful portrayal of life in New England?"

"Very faithful indeed."

The abbe sighed and said, with deep sympathy, "How sad!"

The Curse of Shiftlessness.

Whether shiftlessness is a vice that is incurable or a habit that can be overcome, it is anyhow a condition that perplexes and irritates relieving officials. Shiftlessness is paying one's last 50 cents for a circus ticket without learning where tomorrow's breakfast is coming from. It is a refusal to repair the leak in the roof when the sun shines. It is killing the goose that lays the golden eggs. It takes no thought of the morrow. It never lays up anything for a rainy day. It always ignores opportunities. It prefers to rely on neighborhood bounty to hustling for itself. It won't work, except under the pressure of necessity. It never gets ahead.

Man Who Beheaded Charles I.

The mysterious masked man who beheaded Charles I. remains British analogue for the Man With the Iron Mask. Lilly, the lying astrologer, denounced Cornet Joyce at the restoration, but Joyce on the fatal 30th of January was not in favor with Cromwell. The parish register of Whitechapel records the burial in 1649 of Richard Brandon, the common hangman, and opposite the entry a contemporary hand wrote that "he cut off the head of Charles the First." Brandon himself asserted that "they made him do it for £30," with which he drank himself to death.—Dundee Advertiser.

Drinking Hot Water.

Persons who have irritability of the heart should not drink hot water. Hot water will cause palpitation in such cases. Persons with dilated stomachs should avoid the drinking of hot water; persons afflicted with "sour stomachs;" persons who have soreness of the stomach or pain induced by light pressure should also refrain from drinking it. Hot water will relieve thirst better than cold water, and for that purpose it should not be condemned, but hot water is an excitant, and in cases in which irritation of the stomach exists it should be avoided.

A sound discretion is not so much indicated by never making a mistake as by never repeating it.—Hovee.

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Leaving Belleville 11 a.m., returning, will leave Charlotte 8.30 Sunday evening. Fare for round trip, $2.25.

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Lv. Kingston (steamer)	5.00 a.m.	2 30 p.m.
Arr. Cape Vincent (str.)	7.00 a.m.	4 00 p.m.
Mondays only.		
Lv. Cape Vincent N.Y.C.	7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
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Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9 12 p.m.
Arr Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p.m
Arr. Rochester "	2.18 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.20 a.m.	9.00 p.m.
Arr New York "	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

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RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m. arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express daily.
No. 9.—5.58 a.m., Local Passenger Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.98 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.08 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	3.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

500 Admission Tickets $1.00.—Intelligencer Job Office.

Good advice is the kind that is never given until it is asked for.

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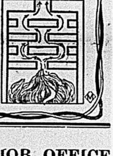

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"That's just why I feel kindly toward the old crab."

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"She didn't speak to her husband for six months."

"My, it must have been very uncomfortable!"

"Yes—for her."

He who can suppress a moment's anger may by so doing prevent a day of sorrow for himself and another.—Success Magazine.

A Trifle Better.

Professor—Pray excuse me for keeping you waiting for a few minutes, gentlemen. Unfortunately I have come without the manuscript of my lecture, but I have sent my little boy for it. Little Boy (entering the hall)—Mother says she can't find the manuscript of your lecture, but I've brought the book you copied it from.

Awful Thought!

Molly—Papa, I wish you'd close the door of your room when gentlemen are calling on me. Your snores are something fearful. Dad—Well, it won't hurt 'em. Molly—Perhaps not, but they might think it's hereditary.

The Benefit.

She—So you really imagine that smoking benefits you. He—I know it does. My mother-in-law leaves the room the minute I light my pipe.

The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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dark, stoutish; shouted in gibberish." He repeated the evidence monotonously.

Sercombe, puffing at his cigar, nodded. "That bears out my belief," he said. "Precisely—I thought so."

Colonel Landell turned to the sergeant. "This is important, Jones," he said. "You'd better attend to it at once. But one question more, Mr. Greatorex. Would you be able to identify any one of your assailants?"

"I fear not," I said. "You must remember that it was quite dark."

"Nor you, sir, I suppose?" he added, looking at Sheppard.

Sheppard shook his head doubtfully. "We were engaged in a pellmell struggle. The utmost I saw was the outlines of the men, but I can recall that one looked very like my friend Captain Sercombe—that is to say, in the dark."

Sercombe laughed. "My dear fellow, I wish I had been there. I'm sorry I missed it. But I shall have better luck another time, if I stick to Sergeant Jones."

The officer smiled without emotion, and the colonel put his question formally to Montgomery, who promptly returned a negative. Landell moved toward the door, but suddenly the police officer touched him on the shoulder and whispered in his ear, then faced us again.

"It was lucky you had that moat filled and the drawbridge up, sir. What made you take those precautions?" he demanded.

"We were forewarned, as you have heard," I answered.

He referred to his notes. "Was the warning sufficiently urgent to induce you to go to that trouble?" he asked slowly.

"You can judge for yourself, if we went to the trouble," I returned sharply.

Imperturbably he repeated his question again. "What were the terms of the warning?"

The man took me aback, and, moreover, I was a little angry at this impertinent inquisition, but before I could arrest my thoughts for a reply Sercombe intervened.

"I can recollect what I said very well," he said, taking the cigar from his mouth, "if it interests you, sergeant. I said: 'Greatorex, there's a number of very indifferent looking scoundrels down the valley. You have some valuable plate, and this is a lonely spot. Moreover, I saw a couple of them hanging furtively about the plantations as I came up. Now, I've never seen a moat full nor a drawbridge work, and if I were you and you were me, I fancy this ditch would be filled and the bridge hung up for my satisfaction and your edification and for the confusion of any nefarious scoundrel with a big maw.' These were the exact words, as I happen to remember, in which I introduced the subject, as Mr. Greatorex will no doubt recall, though he is not likely to have the terms on his tongue, like myself. But that, I reckon, is what started it." And with this Sercombe replaced his cigar between his teeth and went on smoking tranquilly.

The sergeant thanked him, frowning in some embarrassment; then he turned on his heel and, saluting to the company, vanished after his superior through the doorway.

Sercombe got up. "Well, we can break up now, gentlemen," he said. "Sorry to interrupt harmony, but I've got business to do."

"I am greatly obliged to you," I said, somewhat sheepily.

"You're very welcome," says the captain, with a wide smile.

"But what about the gypsies?" I continued.

"Oh, I suppose the police will catch them," he remarked, his grin growing broader. "But, you see, none of you would be able to recognize them."

Sheppard burst into laughter, and I was fain to follow him, but Montgomery stared in amazement and with a certain latent dislike at the adventurer, pursuing him out into the courtyard with his steadfast eyes.

CHAPTER XIII.

SERCOMBE'S frankness proved of a piece with his conduct hitherto. I could not imagine the old soldier making a bad blunder, and the news that came to us later demonstrated the method in his candor. Sheppard encountered the sergeant near Llanellan and found that his expedition into the Gwent had had no luck. There was no camp in the bottom. Evidences of the recent presence of strangers there were in plenty, but not a sign remained to indicate into what hiding place they had withdrawn. To move a number of persons, with their effects, and the men foreigners, too, and thereby certain to attract the attention of the villagers, would seem impracticable without some public notice. But apparently no one had seen a trace of the fugitives. They had vanished as completely as though the encampment had been a mirage of our disordered brains.

It was clear, however, that there would be no assault upon the castle that night. Jones and his troopers hung about the village, and the former was too zealous to allow any disorder under his nose. Sercombe would not dare to risk a second attack. That much was for our comfort. He had put it to me ingeniously that the interference of the police would embarrass him, and I was heartily glad to hear it, for we needed some further resources for our defense. That was plain enough. We had been able to resist the enemy on his first two attempts, but we had a most cunning and deadly foe, and I began to doubt if we could hold out against a renewal of hostilities unless, indeed, we broke our silent compact and called in the assistance of the law. We had decided to discard Williams from our society. He was too hazardous an ally, and we could not hope to circumvent the police a second time. As it was, I saw that some suspicions were breeding in the sergeant's mind. I suppose we took too lightly what was bruited about the country for a great "sensation." The storming of the castle even in the distorted narrative which Williams had delivered to his friends sounded remarkable in so dull and uneventful a place as that countryside. Pieces of rumor concerning it crept into the London papers subsequently, and we were most unwillingly become the figures in a tragic and heroic adventure.

We resolved despite the promised respite to pretermit no one of the precautions, and Montgomery mounted guard at 8 o'clock on the keep tower. As Sheppard and I sat over our wine we were interrupted by Mrs. Main, who had been greatly stirred by the visit of a justice. She came ostensibly with a question, but in reality to breathe the air of our central excitement.

"I am to give Williams his supper tonight, as last night, sir?" she asked.

I told her "No," and her wits wandered to the events of the day without more ado.

But presently she came back. "Then I'm not to prepare supper for Williams, sir?"

"Williams will not be sleeping here tonight," I replied. "He left at the usual hour—6 o'clock."

Her face wore a blank look, as of one struggling with perplexity, and, assuming that she had fears on her own account to combat, I went on, "You see, we shall be perfectly safe with the police looking after us."

"Oh, Lord, sir, 'tisn't that," she made answer, as though deprecating my reflection on her courage, "but Williams isn't gone, sir."

"But he is," said Sheppard. "I saw him myself two hours ago halfway to Llanellan."

Mrs. Main looked her incredulity. "If it wasn't his back I saw no more than two blessed minutes ago, I put it to you, whose was it, sir?"

I sat up, and we stared at each other. "Where was this?" I asked.

"I was leaving the kitchen for the pantry, sir, just preparatory with some dishes like, and, the blinds being down against the window that faces the courtyard, I see Williams' shadow—leastways what I took to be Williams'—pass across the blind, sir."

"It couldn't be Williams," said I after a pause. "Williams has never been in the castle since 2 o'clock, and, besides, the drawbridge is up."

"Did you see his face?" asked Sheppard.

"No, sir; it was on the blind like, but happening to have a question to put to him I just drops the dishes on the sideboard, and I run to the door, but when I'd got it open Williams was gone."

"It was not Williams," I repeated testily.

"What I took to be Williams, sir," corrected Mrs. Main, with gentle obstinacy.

"Did you hear any sound of footsteps?"

"No, sir, but then I was making a noise with the dishes like, and Williams walks very gentle."

"Oh, well," I murmured at length, "you must have been deceived, and if Williams was here he has gone since, and at any rate he won't want his supper."

When the housekeeper had retired I found Sheppard watching me. "What do you make of it, Ned?"

"I make nothing" I answered. "It's practically impossible for any one to get into the castle. We have had the bridge up nearly all day, but—you know my old adage, that it's better to be sure than sorry—we may as well have a look around."

Taking a candle we made a tour of the castle rooms and investigated all the corridors, peering into the dark corners. It was an arduous business, for I hardly realized the number of passages and crannies to be explored. Presently we both came to a stop on a simultaneous thought.

"This is really no use," I said. "It's quite impossible to exhaust all the possibilities of this house. And I still adhere to my previous notion that Mrs. Main was hardly in a sufficiently pacific state to judge between shadows."

"I'm with you there," said Sheppard cheerfully.

"Very well, then; bed," said I, and to bed we went, admirably tired with our excitement and our labors.

I must have been asleep for some hours when I awoke from dead unconsciousness with the presence of some one in the room oppressing me. Almost as I sat up I heard Montgomery's voice.

"Are you awake, Greatorex? There's some one about the house."

I sat still, striving to dissipate the confusion of my brain. Somewhere, far off, I remembered that I had heard this before. But with a strenuous effort of the will I threw off the dwindling bands of sleep and got out of bed. "We'll go and see," said I. "What time is it?"

"I don't know," said Montgomery as I lit a candle with fumbling fingers. "But my watch is over. I think it's about 12 or 1."

"Now, young man," I said, having pulled on some clothes, "what about this alarm of yours?"

(To be continued.)

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LONG USED TO EARTHQUAKES

Golden Gate Metropolis Has Been Shaken Often In the Past.

PRESENT WORST EVER KNOWN

Some of the Skyscrapers and Other Buildings Destroyed — Magnificent City Hall In Ruins—Fires Arrested by Dynamite—Earthquake of 1868 Described by Mark Twain.

THE recent disastrous earthquake extending over so large a part of the Pacific coast region and wrecking such an extensive section of the city of San Francisco was not the first of these catastrophes known in the western metropolis, though by all odds the most damaging.

For many years the municipal authorities refused to permit tall buildings in the city because of the fear of earthquakes, several of which had already been experienced. Finally the interdiction was removed, however, and a number of skyscrapers resulted.

Prior to 1890 there was hardly a building in excess of five stories and only a few of that height. Today there is one eighteen stories high and quite a number from twelve to fourteen stories.

In the spring of 1898, about 10 o'clock one night, the city had a seismic shock that put to test its high structures. It was the worst earthquake since 1868, when for eight or nine blocks on the main street (Market) the ground was cracked open several inches.

In the upheaval of 1898 the tall buildings were given a fearful shaking, and some of their occupants were made dizzy and sick. The structures were uninjured, and ever since that time there has not been so much question of the safety of high buildings of modern construction—that is, buildings of structural iron frame and facings of pressed brick, terra cotta or stone.

It was M. H. De Young, the proprietor and editor of the Chronicle, who was the pioneer in this respect. He met with opposition from the municipal authorities fourteen years ago when he decided to erect a ten story house for his newspaper. It was believed to be a dangerous undertaking because of the earthquake fear, but Mr. De Young won out and thereby set an example of enterprise to other wealthy men who have since built more tall buildings. For instance, D. O. Mills, the New York banker, who owns a great deal of San Francisco property, has one of the tallest and finest structures in the city.

CITY HALL, WHICH WAS WRECKED.

Claus Spreckels, known throughout the country as the sugar king and the richest San Franciscan, owns a building seventeen stories high, commonly known as the Call building. On three of the corner sites, where Third street intersects Market, is located the great Spreckels building, the home of the Call; the De Young building, the home of the Chronicle, and the Hearst building, occupied by the Examiner, the three great Pacific coast newspapers having contributed handsomely to the building development of San Francisco in recent years. The city now has its share of tall buildings, one being eighteen stories in height. The major part of them are eight, ten and twelve stories, the eight storied being most numerous.

The Call and Examiner buildings were almost totally destroyed in the earthquake and many other skyscrapers were severely shaken, cracked and damaged.

One of the chief buildings which collapsed was the new postoffice. This was a substantial structure of granite, costing to exceed $5,000,000. While not striking from an architectural standpoint, the postoffice was impressive from its massiveness.

The Postal building was badly damaged, and the operating room was a wreck. Power of every kind was destroyed, and there were no lights, either gas or electric. Neither the Palace hotel nor the St. Francis was destroyed as far as the framework goes, but the inside plastering and decorations were greatly damaged.

The business section of the city from Market street to Mission street and from the bay back was almost completely wrecked.

The most conspicuous building in San Francisco, the city hall, is almost totally ruined. It cost from $6,000,000 to $7,000,000, took twenty-five years in construction and was surmounted by a dome 332 feet high. It was thought to be very solidly constructed, being built substantially of brick, with the walls covered by cement. The interior of the dome was decorated with expensive marbles taken from the Pacific coast mountains.

Another very fine building, which cost over $5,000,000, is the splendid hotel erected by Mrs. Herman Oelrichs on fashionable Nob hill. Mrs. Oelrichs, who is a daughter of the late Senator Fair, has shown fine taste in the architectural plans of Fairmont, the appropriate name of the new hotel. Seen from the bay this structure, with its classic outlines, makes the beholder think of a Greek temple. White and graceful, it looms above the busy market places, the great wholesale district, the crowded business section and picturesque Chinatown, which, by the way, is fast disappearing owing to the encroachments of commerce and the dwindling of the Chinese population.

Other imposing edifices, many of which have been more or less severely injured, are the Hotel St. Francis, the Palace hotel, the Hall of Justice, the Mutual Bank building, the Pacific Mutual Life building and the Callaghan building. The greatest property damage resulted in the manufacturing district and the greatest loss of life in the tenement house district.

The chief street of the city is Market, running diagonally for many miles. The destruction of many of the department stores and other business blocks on Market and Mission streets was almost complete. Fire added to the horrors of the situation, and, as the water mains had been burst by the shock, the fire department was helpless. The flames bit their way along Market street, and other fires started in different parts of the city.

As the earthquake occurred but a little after 5 o'clock in the morning, practically the entire population was in bed. Men and women rushed wildly forth in their night robes and fled in panic through the streets. Many were caught by the falling roofs and walls, and in the poorer districts the tenements collapsed like eggshells, crushing and suffocating their inmates before they had time to escape. In many cases fire finished the work of death, catching the victims as they were pinned still alive under the debris.

To arrest the spread of the fire along Market street many buildings were dynamited.

The track of one railroad was depressed four feet or more for a distance of three miles. At one point in the city the earth cracked open for a distance of six feet, leaving a yawning chasm of fathomless depth.

The destruction of all telegraph wires, except one belonging to the Postal union, made it almost impossible for the stricken city to communicate with the outside world. The severe injury to the Western Union and Postal offices, also the Associated Press, greatly added to the difficulty.

The practical destruction of six or eight blocks, coupled with the immense loss of life and damage to property throughout San Francisco and the entire coast region, makes this the worst earthquake disaster in American history, exceeding even the historic Charleston earthquake of a few years ago.

San Francisco has suffered from many slight seismic shocks, one of them occurring about a year ago. At that time a long article appeared in one of the papers, signed by a professor in one of the observatories near by, stating that there was no particular danger from these tremors of the earth's surface. The coast region, according to this writer, was newer than parts of the country farther east and was therefore settling. He said people should feel no alarm, as nothing serious was liable to happen.

Evidently the earth's crust in the Golden Gate region has been doing some more "settling."

The most severe earthquake San Francisco has known prior to the present one was in 1868. Quite a little damage resulted, though nothing remotely comparable to this. It was the 1868 shakeup that was made famous by Mark Twain. The most surprising thing the genial Mark saw at that time was the opening up of the ceiling of his room, the lips of the orifice working to and fro like a mouth and a brick slipping through and held in suspension, like one lone tooth on the jaw of an old man.

The last earthquake that occurred in San Francisco was in January, 1900. Several distinct shocks were felt early in the morning, causing the vibration of buildings all over the city. The chief building affected was the St. Nicholas hotel, which was severely shaken. The walls collapsed in certain parts of the structure, guests were thrown out of their beds and furniture was destroyed.

In 1904 there was a severe seismic disturbance in Los Angeles, which was felt throughout the city and for a radius of several miles around.

THE CALL BUILDING, ALSO DESTROYED.

SAN FRANCISCO IN HISTORY

Stricken City Long Permeated With an Air of Romance.

IN THE DAYS OF VIGILANTES

How the Metropolis of California Was Purged of Disorder—Lynching of Casey—The Days of the Forty-niners—Town Depopulated by the Rush of Gold Seekers.

SAN FRANCISCO, the earthquake stricken city, has long been permeated with an air of romance and adventure. Nowhere may one turn without being reminded of the legends that have been woven around the forty-niners and their immediate followers. The names of the streets and of the business blocks, such as Kearney, Sutter, Montgomery, Dupont, Flood, Crocker and Sharon, bring to the mind of the visitor long forgotten stories of riot or adventure and of fortunes whose vastness once excited his wonder or made him incredulous.

The site of the city was first visited by Europeans in 1769, and in 1775 Bucareli ordered a fort, presidio and mission founded on the bay. One year later, the year of the Declaration of Independence, the Spanish settlers began the work, and when Vancouver, the explorer, visited the place in 1792 the presidio represented the military authority, while the pueblo and mission stood for the civil and religious factors respectively. The mission was secularized in 1831 and a town laid out the year following.

In 1846 an American man-of-war, under command of Commodore John B. Montgomery, entered the harbor and hoisted the stars and stripes over the town. Mexico, which succeeded Spain as the owner of California, was then at war with the United States, and the act of Commodore Montgomery ended her dominion over San Francisco. Montgomery appointed Lieutenant Washington A. Bartlett to be Frisco's first alcalde, or mayor, under the new regime. Under Spanish and Mexican rule the town was a sleepy, unprogressive place, but with the coming of Americans and the discovery of gold in 1848 there came an era of growth and hustle. This did not eventuate at once, for the first news of the discovery of gold practically depopulated San Francisco.

The town was smitten as by a plague, and one historian thus describes what happened: "Its houses were left unoccupied and unprotected, its former trade ceased, its lots fell to a small part of their value, the two weekly newspapers were suspended, and the town, deserted by the bulk of its inhabitants, was at one time without a single officer clothed with civil authority."

After the first rush to the gold diggings the town began to regain its lost ground, and ere long the influx of gold seekers gave quite an impetus to its growth. The town was incorporated in April, 1850, and the first common council elected proceeded with diligence to plunder the city treasury. The same year the state was admitted to the Union, and when the steamer Oregon brought the news—there was no telegraphic communication in those days—business was entirely suspended and the entire population rushed to the wharfs to welcome the harbinger. The town had about 10,000 inhabitants at that time, and when the people were informed that the signal flags of the Oregon indicated that California was a sovereign state of the United States of America "a universal shout arose from 10,000 voices on the wharfs, in the streets, upon the hills, housetops and the world of shipping in the bay."

In its early history the city suffered from several disastrous fires. Between December, 1849, and June, 1851, six conflagrations played havoc with the growing young town. Better buildings were planned and several fire companies were organized. These were steps in the right direction. It was also discovered that the fires were started by criminals who profited by the confusion.

This fact and the inefficiency and corruption of the city government led a large number of citizens to organize the famous vigilance committee which ruled the place in 1851. Quite a number of crooks were lynched by the committee, others were driven out, like John Oakhurst, the leading figure in Bret Harte's "Outcasts of Poker Flat," and the city went through a purification process that was of great benefit to it.

The aspect of San Francisco at this time was not inspiring to inflowing gold seekers. It was a straggling medley of low, dingy adobes, frail wooden shanties, born in an afternoon, with a sprinkling of more respectable frame houses and a mass of canvas and rubber habitations. It was mainly a city of tents, rising in a crescent upon the shores of the cove. From Clark point it skirted the land to Telegraph hill, along the Clay street slopes, tapering away to the California street ridge. The larger number passed to the southwest shores of the cove, beyond the Market street ridge, a region sheltered from blustering winds and provided with good spring water and named the Happy Valley.

Stockton street, stretching from Sacramento to Green streets, presented the neatest cluster of dwellings, and Powell street was the abode of churches, for of the six churches in existence in the middle of 1850 three graced its sites and two stood upon cross streets, within half a block. Mason street, above it, was really the western limit of the city, as Green street was the northern. Beyond Mason street ran the trail to the Presidio, past scattered cottages, cabins and sheds amid dairies and gardens, with a branch path to the Marine hospital, on [illegible] street, and another to the North Beach anchorage, where speculators were planning a wharf to attract settlement.

After the vigilance committee disbanded the criminal element became bolder, and in 1856 the crime and corruption in the city had become intolerable to those who wished to live a decent and orderly life. When [illegible] King of the Bulletin, who had denounced the thugs, was murdered by James P. Casey, a new vigilance organization was created, and in a few days Casey and another murderer named Cora were executed in front of the committee's headquarters. Many lawbreakers were later put to death, and the regime of the California "bad man" came to an end.

It has been asserted that San Francisco is the most cosmopolitan city in the world, and by cosmopolitan is meant a population from all parts of the world. Not long ago the records indicated that 43 per cent of the people of the city were born in foreign lands, not in two or three different countries, but in practically every land under the sun. According to the national census reports for 1890, San Francisco had a total population of 298,997. Of these 172,186 were native born and 126,811 were born outside of the United States. Fully half the grown persons in the community removed to California from alien lands, while a large percentage of the other half and of the general body of children were of foreign parentage. In 1900 San Francisco had a population of 342,782, of which 34.1 per cent was foreign born.

San Francisco has long been famed as one of the "wide open" cities of the United States. As in the days of 1849, the gambler devotes himself to his vocation with little interference from the authorities. Prior to the earthquake two of the most prominent corners in the city were occupied by gambling dens. One of them, known as the Cafe Royal, has been a veritable gold mine for its proprietors.

The California supreme court has rendered a decision to the effect that the game of draw poker is not a game of chance, but involves judgment and other elements as well as chance or luck, and because of this decision these places are permitted to be maintained.

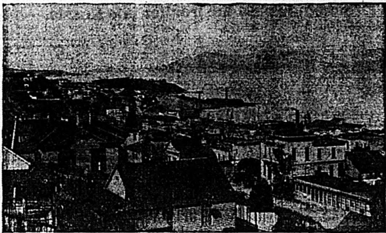
They are frequented by a hard looking crowd of men, and many scandals are told associated with these places. A visitor's life is probably safe in these resorts, but his money is not. It is said that the son of the premier of British Columbia was fleeced of $8,500 in the Cafe Royal a few years ago. He lost $1,500 in cash, but stopped payment on $7,000 in checks.

San Francisco has forty-seven square miles of territory, or about 30,000 acres, within the municipal limits. The finest residences are on Nob hill and Pacific heights, both of which districts command magnificent views of the bay and the Golden Gate. The city has six large parks and twenty-two small ones, and Golden Gate park occupies over 1,000 acres.

Echoes and Architects.

"It is possible to make echoes," said an architect. "It is, indeed, easier to make than to destroy them. In the past men built their great temples and cathedrals with no thought of acoustics; hence when the preacher preached echoes rolled freely amid the groinings of the roof, down the rows of sculptured columns and round and round the nave. With wires strung here and with tapestries spread there, many of the echoes of the old world buildings have been obliterated. There are echo experts—builders acquainted with the science of acoustics whose specialty is echoes' destruction. Sometimes their tasks are hard. Today an architect takes thought of the echo. His building is constructed so as to exclude this intruder. And, knowing how to exclude it, he knows how to welcome it also. I have frequently in landscape work put up summer houses and arranged rocks so as to create an echo there."—Exchange.

Many a tongue shakes out its master's undoing.—Shakespeare.



SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR.

The Perfect Exercise.

The game of golf fulfills the axioms laid down for a perfect exercise—a walk with an object. When it is considered that the limbs and the trunk are exercised golf may be classified as one of the few games, if not the only game, which affords a complete exercise in itself.—Professor Cantlie's "Physical Efficiency."

MARKET STREET FROM SECOND STREET WEST.

ANNIE OAKLEY
THE WORLD'S GREATEST LADY RIFLE SHOT USES AND RECOMMENDS
Newbro's Herpicide
The original remedy that "kills the dandruff germ"

"Travelling as I do continuously, I have been troubled a great deal with dandruff and falling hair, and until I tried Herpicide I never found a remedy that was satisfactory.

"Herpicide is a delightful preparation that fulfils the claims made for it, and no lady's toilet is complete without it. I highly recommend it to my friends.
(Signed) ANNIE OAKLEY"

It is certainly significant that Miss Oakley, the celebrated rifle shot and theatrical star who has traveled so extensively abroad, should choose Newbro's Herpicide as the most efficacious toilet remedy for the scalp. No one will doubt her opportunity to choose the best and those who have seen the natty and winsome Miss Oakley, will not doubt her power of discrimination in matters of this sort.

Newbro's Herpicide is a scientific germicide and prophylactic for the hair and scalp, it destroys the germ or microbe that causes dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair after which the hair will grow as nature intended. Extraordinary results follow the use of Newbro's Herpicide.

If your hair is dull, brittle or lustreless, don't wait until it begins to fall, but save it with Newbro's Herpicide. In addition to its wonderful medicinal qualities—Newbro's Herpicide is the daintiest and most delightfully refreshing hair dressing available. The first application proves its goodness. Try It.

Herpicide contains no grease, it will no stain nor dye.
STOPS ITCHING OF THE SCALP INSTANTLY.

AT DRUG STORES—Send 10 cts in stamps for sample to THE HERPICIDE COMPANY, Dept. L., Windsor, Ont.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY AT
J. S. McKEOWN'S,
Special Agent.

Significant "Nots"

A Life Insurance Company may be judged by what it DOES NOT DO as well as by what it DOES DO. As illustrating the things which the management of

The Mutual Life Assurance Co. OF CANADA.

does NOT do, attention is invited to the following:

(1) This Company does NOT write foreign business; it does NOT seek business outside British North America and Newfoundland.
(2) It does NOT invest in stocks or in foreign securities of any kind; all its securities are legitimate, first class and productive.
(3) It does NOT deal in Real Estate and does NOT own palatial branch office buildings.
(4) It does NOT deposit in Trust Companies and its officers do NOT hold stock in any subsidiary Trust or Deposit Company.

Head Office, Waterloo, Canada

S. BURROWS,
General Agent, Belleville.

An Inviting Prospect
Nothing better for you—nothing more inviting than a meal of
Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas
Mooney's Biscuits are an evenly balanced, wholesome, nourishing food, equally good for young old. Made from Canada's wheat flour, rich cream and butter. Baked by the M baker in the Mooney way
Say "Mooney's" to your

EASY MONEY AT HOME
Raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All [illegible]. You'll get $2.50 to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes
BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,
and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for 15c. stamps or coin. Address
COTTAM BIRD SEED, 23 [illegible]

Bad men are apt to make selves scarce. Good men are scarce.

Put up a good front and y be talked about behind you

The open door offers n ments to the knocker.

The Season's Best . . .

We have long and complete lines of Men's Suits that fairly bloom with Spring Freshness.

They are right from the shops of the best makers where the hand of the craftsman is guided by a force of brains made clear by experience.

The path of the good dresser is easy, if he takes our short cut to suit perfection.

For $5.00 to $20.00

Here's all you want in your spring suit—Correctness, Wearability, and Price Saving.

Copyright 1906 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Whatever you pay us—our guaranty of your entire satisfaction is always included. A good measure of satisfaction for you is capital for us.

School Suits

Getting the Boys ready for school—isn't it a great and perplexing problem? Its apt to make the pocket book worth overtime.

To be sure the average healthy boy, while he dotes on a neat suit, also unconsciously takes pleasure in knocking the spots out of that suit as soon as possible.

However, it is common home talk that our Boys' Clothes wear longer and withstand all sorts of Boyish frolics better than any other Boy's Clothes sold anywhere hereabouts.

$3.00, $4.00 or $5.00

Will do wonders here in procuring School Suit satisfaction for both parents and boys.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Fur Storage and Insurance

We store your furs during summer, give them a thorough cleaning and insure them against all damage or loss by moths or fire, at moderate charges.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

New Veilings New Neckwear

DISTINCTIVE STYLES IN MILLINERY

JUST RECEIVED

Several cases of Ladies', Misses, and Children's hats.

The hats of the hour, from the World's fashion centres.

Our whole energy is bent on having the best, and latest of everything in millinery.

PRICES MODERATE.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialists

House-Cleaning Helps

Sanatine Cleanser—For washing woodwork, etc—10c can.

Lemon Oil—Cleans and polishes Varnished Surfaces—25 cts. bottle.

Floor-Lac—The best floor stain and varish combined—all shades.

Full line Moth Bags now on hand, 25c to 80c.

WATERS' DRUG STORE

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

Ladies' Collar Supporters

[illegible] of the many [illegible] of jewelry for wear.

[illegible] these supports [illegible] or collars cannot droop down and [illegible] looks well with[illegible]

[illegible] are made in gold [illegible] ocean pearl, set [illegible] pearls, turquoise, [illegible] cost—

75c $1 Set

[illegible]ACKBURN

Licenses Issued

PRICELESS IS EYESIGHT.

and yet sometimes you barter it for carelessness, delay or for the saving of a few dollars! What wouldn't you give to retain it after you have lost it? Why lose it when we, as experts in the saving of eyes, will examine yours free, tell you whether we can help you and make only a fair charge for glasses or spectacles if you really need them?

—Alex. Ray

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the Second Door from Waters' drug store on Bridge St. with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

See our window display of Handkerchiefs for Kimonos, Sofa Cushions, etc

Stamping done.

Blouses and Light Dresses

MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

The average man is stronger in adversity than in prosperity.

A man makes allowances for his faults, even though his wife may be one of them.

The fellow who gets it in the neck ought to be glad he isn't a giraffe.

An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

Rex Chocolates

If you want the best quality of chocolate made in Canada, ask for—

Rex High Class Chocolates

Name on every chocolate—made in fifty different flavors and kinds. Sold at 40c, 50c and 60c pound—also in fancy boxes. Compare REX with others you buy and be convinced they are the best. SOLD BY—

—H. H. JONES,

Home Bakery, Front St.

To-day's Market.

Owing no doubt to the fact that the farmers are at present engaged in spring work, the attendance upon the market this morning was not large. Prices were, as usual, high for all produce offered for sale.

Within the past few days there has been an advance in the hide market, as our quotations show.

Our quotations are as follows:—

Eggs—13 to 14c doz.
Hay—$11 per ton.
Fall wheat—75c.
Spring wheat—75c.
Barley—38 to 42c.
Oats—34c.
Rye—62c.
Buckwheat—55c.
Timothy—$1.50.
Clover—$7 to $8.
Alsike—$4 to $6
Butter—24c to 25c lb.
Dressed hogs—$8.50 to $9.00.
Dressed beef, fore—$4.00.
Dressed beef, hind—$5 to $5.50.
Chickens—90c to $1.50 pair.
Butchers' trimmed hides—8 to 9 1-2c
Rough hides—8c to 8 1-2c.
Mutton—6c to 7c lb.
Spring lamb—25c lb.
Shearling—25c lb.
Horse Hides—$2 to $2.50.
Veal hides—10c lb.
Deakins—90c.
Pelts—80c to $1.30.
Tallow, rough—1 1-2c to 2c.
Tallow, rendered—3 1-2c.
Wool—22c.
Potatoes—$1.00 to $1.10 bag.
Sheep Skins—80c to 85c.
Geese—$1 to $1.75.
Ducks—$1 to $1.50.

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents to be had at R. Templeton's drug store.

Military Notes.

The Fifteenth had its first parade of the season last night, and, headed by the Drum and Bugle Band, marched to the Hospital lot, where the men were drilled for some time by Major Stewart in the absence of Col. Halliwell. For the first of the season the parade was a very good one.

City Will Accept The Settlement

Representative Meeting Last Night Endorses the Proposed Action of the City Council in Accepting Half the Taxes Due--Clear Statement Made of How Matters Stand--A Comprehensive Resolution Adopted.

The public meeting called by the Mayor to discuss the rolling mills sale and more particularly in regard to the settlement by the city relinquishing a portion of the taxes standing against the concern, was held last evening in the Council chamber. It was, though not largely attended, a representative meeting, as many of the heaviest taxpayers in the city were present. Amongst those who attended were the following:

Mayor Sulman, ex-Mayor Johnson, J. Cummins, R. Tannahill, Walter Alford, R. Rabbitts, Ald. Marsh, H. F. Ketcheson, A. E. Lewis, P. Hayes, Ald. Panter, J. S. Peck, W. H. Robinson, J. Caldwell, W. B. Northrup, M. P., F. R. Lingham, J. Milligan, J. H. Starling, R. Frederick, B. S. Sills, Col Ponton, P. Wims, H. Taylor, J. H. Anderson, Dr. MacColl, S. S. Lazier, E. L. Palen, J. K. McCargar, C. M. Stork, Police Magistrate Flint, A. McGie, W. B. Deacon.

THE MAYOR OPENS THE BALL.

Mayor Sulman occupied the chair and briefly stated the object of the meeting. The rolling mills had been sold, but a clear title could not be given to the property until the matter of taxes against it had been settled. The suit pending would have to be got out of the way. There was on deposit in the bank $3,500 for back taxes, and this was in litigation. The proposition which the Council desired to make and which would be accepted by the purchaser of the mills, was that this money be divided, namely, $1750 to the city and $1750 to the purchaser, and that all encumbrances of taxes upon the premises be removed up to January 1st, 1906. His Worship said if this were done the prospects were that the mills would soon be running. The Council desired an expression of opinion from the citizens in regard to the matter. The agreement with the purchaser was that the mills must be in full operation within a year in order to earn any of the bonus.

HOW MATTERS STAND.

Mr. J. W. Johnson desired to know the whole history in regard to the mills and in what position matters stood.

Mr. W. B. Northrup replied at some length, detailing the Kirkwood & McKinnon deal, which proved a failure, and also the sale (as thought at the time) to a French syndicate. The property was put up for sale a year ago, but no purchaser was found. A few days ago Mr. Wardrope, of Ottawa, appeared upon the scene and paid $30,000 for the works. There was paid into the bank $3,500 for taxes. This the city claims, whilst the purchasers do not think they should pay the taxes, and there the matter stood. Whether the city should allow a portion of this amount to be deducted from the purchase amount was the question. The proposition was that the city should get $1750 and the other $1750 go to the purchasers, which would mean that taxes would be paid up to January 1st, 1906. Mr. Wardrope will forfeit all rights to a bonus if the mills are not running within a year.

THE MASTER CONFIRMS.

Col Lazier said the matter as outlined by Mr. Northrup was perfectly correct. When he sold the mills the other day, he thought the sale was a good one, and considered everything would be satisfactory. He thought the city would have a perfect right to settle the suit pending re taxes. In the interests of the city he thought that there would be no trouble to settle the suit, and even if they did lose some of the tax money, it would mean much to have the mills running. He was prepared to hold up both hands for a settlement as proposed.

In answer to a question from Mr. Johnson, Col. Lazier said a settlement could legally be made, and he hoped it would be.

MR. FLINT IS IN FAVOR.

Mr. Flint thought the citizens would uphold the Council in the proposal made, and he wished to see the mills running. If a clear title can be given by the proposition made he would endorse it. The settlement was, in his opinion an excellent one. The citizens should uphold the Council in this matter. He moved the following resolution:

"That this meeting of ratepayers and citizens assembled in the Council Chamber, pursuant to an invitation of His Worship Mayor Sulman, by advertisement in both daily newspapers of April 24th and 26th inst., heartily approve of the proposed settlement of the action of the Iron and Steel Company of Canada, Limited, vs. Belleville, whereby the $3500 now on deposit in this action under order of the High Court be equally divided between the above named company and the city in settlement of all claims in said action and all taxes up to January 1st, 1906, against the rolling mills property, and also approve of the terms of the proposed purchase of the rolling mills by J. W. Wardrope, whereby benefits of the Kirkwood by-law are to be extended to the purchaser and his assigns, provided he commence operations in the way of repairs within four months from date of purchase and have the mills in running order and run same according to the terms of the Kirkwood by-law within a year, and if these terms as to commencing operations and running are not complied with within the times aforesaid, then he and his assigns are to forfeit the benefits obtainable from the city under the Kirkwood by-law."

MR. JOHNSON SECONDS.

Mr. J. W. Johnson said he had much pleasure in seconding the motion. It was in the interest of all to have the matter settled, and the citizens should back up the Council. It was apparent that when the mills were in operation the city would be benefited. We should do just as a business man would do in this matter and effect a settlement. We want to see the mills an active industry, not a monument of inactivity. He heartily endorsed the motion.

COL. PONTON IS IN ACCORD.

Col Ponton, as a ratepayer, was in hearty accord with the compromise proposed. It would be a settlement, and litigation would be over. The Council, he considered, had the power to meet the exigencies in this case and settle it. The meeting was representative and represented a large amount of property. The action proposed should be endorsed, as it would prove of benefit to the city generally.

ALD. PANTER WANTS TO SEE 'EM RUN.

Ald Panter said he would like to get half of the taxes for 1905, but he would forego this if the mills are put in operation. If the mills are not in full operation in one year the bonus came back to the city, but he did not wish to see this. He hoped the mills would soon be running.

OTHERS CONCUR.

Mr. James Cummins said he was proud of the action taken and would endorse all that had been said.

Messrs. A. E. Lewis, Walter Alford, C. M. Stork, R. Rabbitts, R. Tannahill, W. B. Deacon and F. R. Lingham were called upon and all expressed themselves as being in hearty accord with the resolution.

Mr. Starling stated that when the mills were running the pay sheet every two weeks was about $5,000. Some of the time as many as 250 hands were employed.

THE RESOLUTION ADOPTED.

The motion was finally adopted unanimously, by a standing vote.

The meeting was closed after three cheers had been given for the Mayor.

SOCIETY WEDDING THIS AFTERNOON.

MISS ETHEL J. ROBERTSON, DAUGHTER OF THE LATE ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. P., BECOMES THE BRIDE OF A MONTREAL MEDICAL GENTLEMAN.

A wedding occurred in this city at 2.30 this afternoon in which society was deeply interested. An unique feature was the fact that the bride was married in the same house and same room as were her parents. Many popular associations cluster around the name of Robertson in this city, thus it will be seen that the wedding, this afternoon, of Miss Ethel J. Robertson, daughter of the late Alex. Robertson, M.P., was an event in which Belleville society was, as remarked before, quite properly, deeply interested. The groom was Dr. Overton W. Bradley, of Montreal.

The wedding took place in the drawing-room of "The Cottage," George St., the historic residence of Mrs. George Stewart, which was charmingly and tastefully decorated. The color scheme of the drawing-room was pink and green—tulips and pussy willows being used.

Rev. George Ross Beamish, Rural Dean and Rector of St. Thomas', performed the ceremony.

The bride was married in a gown of white point d'esprit. She wore the traditional veil, which was fastened with a diamond star, and carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley.

The bridesmaids were gowned in white, with pink wreaths in their hair. They carried bouquets of pink carnations. The bridesmaids were Misses Bee Stewart, Georgie Stewart and Hulme, of this city, and Miss Dora Bradley, of Ottawa, sister of the groom.

The groomsman was Rev. Mr. Wheitley, of Montreal, a Church of England minister.

Little Miss Paddie Grace was a charming flower girl.

The ushers were Mr. Burnham, of Peterboro; Mr. Marks, of Toronto; and Mr. Wainwright, of Ottawa.

The bride was given away by her cousin, Mr. D. E. K. Stewart, of Madoc.

The groom's present to the bride was a handsome ring of rubies and diamonds.

The wedding presents were magnificent, being rich and elegant to a superlative degree.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the wedding dejeuner and a reception took place, and at five o'clock Dr. and Mrs. Bradley left for the west. They will, on their return, reside in Montreal.

Following is a list of the invited guests:

Montreal—Mr., Mrs. and Miss Jaques, Mr. and Mrs. Tye, Miss Egan, Mrs. Burch, Miss Bacon, Mr. and Mrs. Shaw, Mr. Frank H. Jaques, Mr., Mrs. and the Misses Duclos, Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Hill, Dr. Adams, Dr. and Mrs. Griffith, Mr. Guy Bell, Mr. Arthur Northrup.

Ottawa—Mrs. Bacon, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Shannon, Col. and Mrs. J. Lyons Biggar, Mr. and Mrs. O'Hara, Mr. Neil Stewart, Mrs. Harriet Stuart, Mr. J. and Mr. Hector McRae, Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Bryson, Mr. and Mrs. King, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Macara.

Toronto—Mr. and Mrs. Grace, Mr. Marks, Mr. and Mrs. Snow, Mr. Jack Hungerford, Mr. Harry Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Parke, Miss Dickson, Miss B. Roberts.

Kingston—Miss Carter, Judge Britton, Mr. and Mrs. Brock, Capt. and Mrs. Arthur H. Powell.

Cobourg—Mrs. Wickstead.

Edmonton—Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald.

Trenton—Mrs. Burns.

Halifax—Mr. Sheffield Bacon.

Boston—Mr. Salsbury.

Belleville—Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Beamish, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Mr. and Mrs. Hulme, Mr. and Mrs. Denmark, Mr. Tannahill, Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm, Mrs. (Dr.) Ross, Miss Hawley, Mrs. and Miss Lister, Miss Norah Lazier, Col. and Mrs. Ponton, Miss Carman, Mr. Stanley Carman, Mr. Clifford Walker, Mrs. and Miss Yarwood, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. C. Phillips, Mrs. Stephen Gillum, the Misses Hope, Dr. and Mrs. Farley, Mr. Frank Wallbridge and Miss Wallbridge, Miss Bogart.

The Toronto Horse Show

NOTES OF A BRIEF VISIT TO THE QUEEN CITY'S GREAT ANNUAL EQUINE EVENT—"BEAUTY AND THE BEAST."

Lovers of that noble animal, the horse, missed a treat if they failed to attend the Horse Show which has been going on at the Toronto Armories during the present week. Incidentally it may be remarked that many Belleville people did attend the Horse Show, and thoroughly enjoyed everything they saw.

As everybody knows, the now celebrated annual event in Toronto is a case of "beauty and the beast." Beauty is up in the reserved seats (which, by the way, cost $1.50 per) and the beast is down on the tanbark. To a "mere man," who grows dizzy over a Belleville millinery opening, the sight of those gorgeously dressed daughters of Eve in the Toronto Armory last Thursday evening was something to be remembered with awe and admiration. Don't expect us to tell you about the costumes, but about the horses, well, that's a trifle easier.

This week's Horse Show is the twelfth Toronto has seen, and those who should know say it was the best of the lot. The boxes sold for high figures, and incidentally it may be remarked that a former resident of this city purchased one at a cost of $85. Among those from this city who took in the Toronto show on Thursday were Ald. Sinclair, Mr. J. S. McKeown, Ald. Marsh, Mr. C. J. Bowell, Col. Lazier, Mr. H. F. Ketcheson, Mr. J. V. Jenkins, Mr. A. Walker and others. Mr. and Mrs. "Tom" Power, of this city, accompanied by Mr. Griffith, of the Kilties' Band, were present on Thursday evening. Ald. Marsh, Messrs. Jenkins, McKeown, Ketcheson and Walker went up to the annual meeting of the Mystic Shriners. Other Belleville people in Toronto on Thursday last were Mayor Sulman, City Clerk Mikel, County Attorney Anderson, Mr. W. J. McCamon and Mr. W. J. McNab. It will readily be seen that, with the above gentlemen in the city, Toronto was en fete on Thursday. But to return to the Horse Show.

It was about 8 o'clock when the writer took a seat in the reserved chairs (they were uncomfortable enough to make anyone feel reserved) and settled down to listen to the splendid music being played by the band of the Tenth Royals. Suddenly the music changed to a stirring march, and here came the Queen's Own, Toronto's crack regiment. They entered the big drill hall at one end and marched through to the other, where they made their exit. The regiment was nearly 900 strong, and looked remarkably "fit" and ready for business. The large crowd applauded the boys vigorously. They were on their way to the station to entrain for New York, where they were to take part in a big military tournament.

The soldiers gone, people settled down to watch the horses. And surely it was a sight worth watching. Handsome, sleek-coated beauties, prancing proudly, their coats shining like the proverbial "nigger's heel." Some were led in by grooms and made to show their paces, whilst others came in attached to dogcarts, the harness shining and sparkling. The judges, in evening dress and stovepipe hats, looked as solemn as owls. The crowd picked its favorites, but did not always arrive at the same conclusion as the judges. One of the most attractive features was the tandem class. There were many entries. The winner was Hon. Adam Beck, a member of the Whitney Cabinet, and second place was captured by Mrs. Adam Beck, wife of the winner. The lady, gowned from head to foot in spotless white, guided her dancing beauties like a veteran, and made an instantaneous hit with the crowd, which evidently badly wanted to see her secure the red ribbon. However, this was one instance in which Adam got ahead of Eve. The last classes on the programme were jumping contests, which roused the crowd to quite a pitch of excitement, and there were many little feminine ejaculations, as the scarlet-coated riders swept furiously round the ring on their finely-drawn mounts. With few exceptions, the horses proved to be fine timber-toppers. Thirteen members of the Toronto Hunt Club tried for supremacy. Two of them came to grief as their horses refused the jumps, the riders losing their seats, but luckily sustaining no injury. The incident, however, gave the contest quite a little spice of excitement. The last event was a high-jumping contest, and the crowd waxed enthusiastic when first prize was taken by a Toronto horse, which beat a crack from New York.

At first, the numerous entries went over the jump, set at 5 feet, with ease and grace, but, as the white bars were slowly piled up, the ease and part of the grace vanished and the interest was enhanced. The six foot bar began the thinning out process, and, at the final jump but three horses remained, and but one, Miss Pepper's Myopia, made the height of 6 feet 10 inches. The animal rose to the jump on the first trial, but carried away the top bar. On his second attempt he took unto himself wings and soared cleanly over the obstacle amid a storm of cheers.

So ended one session of the Horse Show, which was well worth a visit by anybody. It is safe to say that prettier or better-cared-for horses would be seen in very few places in the world.

BY SEA AND LAND.

PLEASING ENTERTAINMENT AT UNIVERSITY CHURCH LAST NIGHT.

Residents of College Hill and vicinity spent a pleasant and educative evening in the University Methodist Church last night, at the re-opening of the church after having had its capacity considerably increased by the addition of a gallery. The Sunday School there, under the superintendency of the Rev. Prof. E. R. Doxsee, and a like enthusiastic staff of officers and teachers, has so grown as to need more space, and the erection of the gallery gives room and isolation for Miss Gardiner's class of young ladies, numbering about fifty. The total membership of the school is nearly two hundred. The thought of the entertainment was "A trip by sea and land." Each person on entering was checked through for the trip by receiving a tag, with his or her name on it, and wearing it during the trip.

The songs and readings all were illustrative of the sea or places of note. The conductors of the trip were Miss Gardiner, preceptress of Albert College, and Mr. Wm. Johnson. Songs were rendered by Messrs. Harry Gordon and James D. Dyer; readings by Miss Trotter and Miss Brown; a duet by Mrs. Nicholson and Miss Cumming, and a chorus of juvenile "Jack Tars," the four boys of which so well took the part of sailors as to merit the heartiest applause. The religious opening and closing exercises were conducted by the Rev. John Ferguson, and Rev. Dr. Dyer.

AUCTION SALE

at Mrs. McWhirter's, corner Victoria Ave. and William St. Household effects. Tuesday, May 1st. Sale ten o'clock.—D. J. Fairfield, the City Auctioneer.

At Sign of the Scales.

Ex-Mayor Johnson this morning occupied a seat on the bench with the magistrate.

DRUNK.

John Connors, who was up a few days ago on this charge, again appeared upon the scene, and was very anxious for his liberty in order to take the pledge. A fine of $3 or 15 days was imposed. He went up.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.

Albert Greaves was charged with the above offence. He was acting in a disorderly manner last evening outside the opera house. A fine of $3 or 15 days was given him.

Mr. James Chown Safe.

Ex-Mayor Chown has received word from Kingston, that his brother, James G., and family, of San Francisco, are safe in Oakland. They lost all their property.

Just Received A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES

..AND..

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

WALTER LUCAS' CASE DISMISSED.

TRIAL OF JNO. LUCAS, ALLEGED GRAIN THIEF, GOING ON THIS AFTERNOON.

The case of Walter and John Lucas, who were charged with theft of grain from G. T. R. bonded cars, was again up to-day before Magistrate Flint.

A large number of spectators were present.

Mr. Anderson represented the Crown; Mr. Porter appeared on behalf of Walter Lucas, and Mr. Carnew for John Lucas.

The forenoon was taken up in argument between the counsel in reference to Walter's case, the Crown contending that the circumstances were such as to connect him with the transaction.

Mr. Porter argued that there was nothing to connect Walter with the offence and asked for his acquittal.

The Magistrate reviewed the evidence at considerable length and dismissed the case against Walter Lucas. The case against John Lucas was continued at 2.30 this afternoon.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

"THE HOLY CITY."

The above religious drama drew a small house to the Carman last night. The play deserved all the flattering press notices it has received, the performance last night being first-class in every respect. Religious themes for plays, however, do not appeal to all theatre-goers.

The New Skating Rink Has Been Started.

Mr. Richard Arnott informs us that he has started operations in earnest on the new skating rink, which will be erected on the corner of Pinnacle and Dundas streets. It will be up-to-date in every respect, with fine seating capacity and dressing rooms. The building will be 212 feet long and 178 feet wide, with an ice surface of 190 x 78 feet. The rink will, Mr. Arnott says, be completed in two months.

Firemen Had Run.

Shortly before 7 o'clock last evening the fire brigade was called, the cause of alarm being a bonfire in the yard of Mr. J. Caton's on Pinnacle street. The grass became ignited, also, we are told, the refuse from the gas works, and the premises near by were threatened. The blaze was soon extinguished.

Yesterday afternoon some long grass near Mr. McCamon's residence, on Moira street, was set on fire and, but for the exertions of some neighbors, serious damage may have resulted, as the blaze reached the barn and fence. No alarm was given.

Daily Intelligencer.

CHOICEST BAKERY GOODS

Made fresh every day from the best materials.

Have you ever tried our Baxter's teas, 10c a doz.

Chas. S. Clapp

Young lady wanted, apply evenings this week after 7 o'clock.

Wedding Stationery,

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

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NEATLY PRINTED.

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Job Department

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"The Jewel"

All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,

Tel. Front St.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS

OF

ALL KINDS

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Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allen

Sash, Door and Blind Factory.

Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings, Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work, Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Pannelling, Bar Fixtures, &c.

Prompt attention given to custom work.

A call solicited.

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How a Montreal lady cured her husband of drunkenness with a secret home remedy.

"I want to tell you that tasteless Samaria Prescription has entirely cured my husband of drunkenness so quickly and simply that I am astonished. How glad I am that I confided in you and wrote for your free sample package. The sample tablets I got from you checked his drinking, and before I had used the full treatment he was permanently cured. I gave him the remedy in his tea, and as it had no taste or smell, he never knew he was taking it. I want others to know; so you can use this letter, but please not my name yet. I may say that my husband's health is better in every way than for years."

Free Package and pamphlet giving full particulars, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Address: THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO., 45 Jordan Chambers, Jordan St., Toronto, Canada.

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INDIGESTION
TORPID LIVER
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HEADACHES
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KIDNEY TROUBLE
NEURALGIA
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BAD COMPLEXION

Begin treatment by taking one "Fruit-a-tives" tablet three time a day and two at bedtime—for 3 or 4 days.

Take the tablets twenty minutes before meals, and always drink half a tumblerful of cold water (not iced) with each tablet.

Then take two tablets every night for a week—and then one every night for a month.

Be careful about the diet—eat regularly—avoid veal, pork, dark meat fowls, and never drink milk with meals.

Bathe frequently—dress warmly—exercise sensibly—take "Fruit-a-tives" faithfully—and see how much better you are at the end of the month.

50c. a box.
At all druggists.

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets Are just for women

and Contain just what every Sick and Run-down Woman Needs.

Do you know that distinguished physicians say that ninety per cent. of the ills of women result from your peculiar organism.

This should make clear to you the need and advantage of taking a remedy that contains uterine and female tonics.

You know, of course, that remedies made to sell to men as well as women do not contain these. They cannot.

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for Women (not for men) contain them all, and you don't have to take our word for this. Chemists and physicians, whose standing makes their statements reliable, say that not one single medical ingredient of any value to women has been omitted from them.

What is the result? Simply this. When you buy a box of these tablets you get a remedy compounded just for your special needs, and one containing all that medical science can supply in this twentieth century to make you a healthy woman. What more could you ask?

And unless your experience should be different than that of other women, you need nothing more. If you don't feel as well as you would like to, try these tablets.

They Make Healthy Women.

HOUSECLEANING AIDS—

WOODEN TUBS.
FIBRE TUBS.
WASH BOARDS.
CLOTHES LINES.
WHITEWASH BRUSHES.
SCRUB BRUSHES.
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4 per cent. on Deposits for one year or over.

Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

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Some children can acquire more meanness in five years than they can work off in twenty.

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY

—Gents' White Dress Shirts, $1.00, for	79c
—Boys Overalls, size 4, 5, 6 years	35c
" " " 7 and 8 years	40c
—1 Line Lace Curtains, worth $1.00 for	75c
—5c Tack hammers, each	5c
—Nickle plated towel racks (3 arms) for	10c
—Coat Hooks each	1c
—Carpet Tacks 2 packages for	5c
—Children's Brooms worth 10c, for	5c
—Ceiling Brooms, regular 25c for	20c
—Wooden towel rollers (stained), 10c for	5c
—Can openers, 10c each for	5c
—Gent's pipes, large assortment, 25c for	15c
—Dish mops, 5c, for 2 for	5c
—Red Cross Cough Syrup, 25c. for	11c
—Sample box Medical pills for Dyspepsia, 50c, for	10c

McINTOSH BROS.

ETHICS OF MR. JUNKIN

Hypothecation Excuse to Conceal Improper Investments.

Sir Henry M. Pellatt Is Exonerated From Knowledge of the Resolution, and Made Reparation by Paying $79,000 Loss on Securities in Full—C. P. R. Shares Were Handed Over to Him to Carry Losses on D. C. & S.

Toronto, April 28.—Mr. J. F. Junkin, managing director of the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Co., began his third day on the witness stand before the Royal Insurance Commission yesterday morning.

To Mr. Tilley, Mr. Junkin finished recounting the names of committees that had to do with the Manufacturers' Life here and elsewhere.

He was asked if any policyholder had ever asked for information or any list of policyholders had been issued. Witness said "No." If a policyholder were to ask for a list of policyholders entitled to vote, he would turn to his card system. He would not be compelled to furnish such information by law. If he thought it was some rival agent he would decline.

Policyholders in Company's Hands.

"He would get the information if he was prepared to vote in a certain way; if not he probably would not get it; he would be practically in your hands?"

"Yes."

This matter had never been tested. He was asked if he knew why policyholders were put on a different basis from shareholders regarding voting by proxy. He said his company simply followed the old charter under which policyholders must come personally and vote.

"There is no way by which policyholders are supplied with information as to who are entitled to vote that you know of?"

"No."

The Call Loans.

Mr. Shepley, the senior counsel for the Government, took his first turn at examination during the morning. He sought from Mr. Junkin more complete information regarding the call loans which Mackenzie and Mann obtained from the Manufacturers' Life. The first loan was for $125,000, a part of which was devoted to the purchase of the 4,000 shares which the two directors held. The stock was hypothecated for the loan, and Mackenzie and Mann also gave as security the Inverness Railway bonds. To this security the Inspector of Insurance objected, and the Manufacturers' Life substituted other bonds. The first loan of $125,000 to the railway firm was supplemented by a later and smaller loan when they were amalgamated, the total amount being $152,000, which was loaned in this instance to Mackenzie and Mann, Limited. For this Mackenzie and Mann gave as collateral 1,600 shares of Canada Lake & Ocean Navigation, 1,650 shares of Imperial Rolling stock, and 2,566 shares of Vancouver Gas Co. The 4,000 shares of stock in the Manufacturers' Life purchased by Mackenzie and Mann were also pledged.

Loan Money on Own Stock.

"Did you think it was right to advance money on your own stock?" asked Mr. Shepley.

"I don't think it is."

Turning to the charter of the Navigation Co., Mr. Shepley showed that it was a special charter, not under the general act. Mr. Shepley called attention to the names mentioned in the incorporation.

Witness said he knew that Mackenzie and Mann were connected with the navigation company, but considered this no reason why its shares should not be accepted as security by his company. There were few large companies in and around Toronto with which Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann and Pellatt were not connected.

Methods of High Finance.

Mr. Shepley, however, went into the ethics of the transaction and asked Mr. Junkin if he considered it objectionable that the members of his board of the Manufacturers' Life should be members of the board of a company borrowing money from the Manufacturers'. Mr. Junkin would not admit that it was wrong. He thought that the principle was not bad. As managing director of the Manufacturers' Life he would not refuse to accept Toronto Railway stock, for instance, although Messrs. Mann, Mackenzie and Pellatt were members of both boards. He was prepared to say that he would accept the stock of any company. In short, he would buy a good investment for the Manufacturers' Life no matter where he found it. He wanted to find the cheapest market always.

"And the directors of other companies would naturally look for the highest market to sell securities," remarked Mr. Shepley; "don't you see any conflict of duty, when the same directors are on each board?"

"A conflict of duty would not necessarily arise," was Mr. Junkin's answer.

Crow's Nest and Dominion Coal.

Under examination Mr Junkin then proceeded to explain the investment of the company in Crow's Nest and Dominion Coal. The company secured 202 shares of Crow's Nest Pass and 1,825 shares of Dominion Coal. The price of the stock dropped and Mr. Junkin saw ten of the directors who were mainly responsible for accepting the security, and they agreed that they should personally stand the loss.

These ten directors formed the Prudential Securities Co., with the object of taking the stock off the company's hands and holding it until the market improved. The insurance company advanced $28,500 to certain of the directors on $30,500 of securities ("a narrow margin," commented counsel), but the remainder of the $240,000 was put up in cash. The sale of the stock to Mackenzie and Mann and its repurchase was a nominal sale, the witness admitted, and Mr. Shepley tried to make the witness say that the repayment of Mackenzie and Mann's loan and their borrowing it back again was a similar temporary device. "They didn't give you their cheque until they were sure they would get it back again?" said Mr. Shepley.

On Sir H. M. Pellatt's Advice.

On the beginning of the afternoon session, Mr. Shepley asked the witness if Col. Pellatt, the vice-president, was the broker for the company and who advised the sale of the different stocks.

Col. Pellatt was on the finance committee, said witness. He advised the sale of stock in conjunction with other members of the board of directors.

"I see on May 16, 1902, cheque from Manufacturers' Life for $30,000, and on May 19, you are credited with 500 shares Canadian Pacific and 50 shares of Commercial Cable, leaving a debit balance of $74,000. Then again there are interest cheques. Am I right?" asked counsel.

"Yes."

"Then I see no more items until August, when Pellatt appears the debtor to the amount of $41,000, which was balanced by a sale of stock. When did you begin to give Pellatt security when you gave him orders to buy?"

"If we did not pay outright, Pellatt held stock until he received our cheque."

"Was this purchase of C. P. R. on Sept. 30, 1902, 100 shares, to be paid for in installments. Did Pellatt owe the company on this date $103,200?"

"No, that is not accurate."

"What is the correct transaction?"

"Col. Pellatt referred to the matter of Dominion Steel as a profitable investment. It was then selling above 80, and in his opinion, would go to par."

"Was it a dividend-paying stock?"

"No."

"Was it authorized under the act?"

"No."

"Did Pellatt deal in the stock himself?"

"No."

Promised "No Loss."

Witness had hesitated, but Col. Pellatt seemed so confident that the directors finally decided to buy. Col. Pellatt had promised that he would see that the company would make no loss.

"When the stock started to go down was the matter reported to the finance committee."

"I saw him myself, but we did not see the committee."

"Was the desirability of keeping such a transaction out of the minutes gone into with Pellatt?"

"Not at that time. I told Col. Pellatt that he would have to assume the loss himself. This he agreed to do."

"But the stock was still dropping?"

"Yes."

"Now at the departmental enquiry it seems the C. P. R. was hypothecated to Pellatt. How did he come to have it?"

"We could not pay for Steel stock, so we sold 400 shares of Commercial Cable to get a loan from the bank to carry the Steel."

"Who do you mean by 'we'?"

"Mr. Junkin."

"Was the board consulted?"

"No."

"How did Pellatt come to have the C. P. R. stock?"

"Later on we bought 400 shares of Dominion Coal to improve the Steel transaction. Col. Pellatt had sold the Commercial Cable and we gave him 600 shares of C. P. R. to take the place of Cable."

Knew It Was Improper.

"You knew that this was an improper transaction?"

"Yes."

"None of these transactions appear in the securities account?"

"The Steel and Coal do not. The others do."

"On March 31, 1903, there is a deal of 400 Dominion Coal delivered and 400 C. P. R. received. Why was that?"

"To help out the Steel."

"Then that is how Pellatt got the 1,000 shares?"

"Yes."

"When this advanced stage was reached, was the board then told of the stock gambling?"

"No."

"When was it brought to the attention of the board?"

"The next October."

"Was there anything done in 1903 about the matter?"

"Yes."

"What was done?"

Squaring Things.

"Col. Pellatt took over the Coal and Steel and paid for the stocks himself. We made him a loan of $46,000 on his property at the Beach. Then on other securities we loaned him in all $101,300."

"Did you then tell the finance committee that all this occurred by Col. Pellatt hypothecating an unauthorized investment?"

"No."

"You are responsible for the resolution passed at a meeting of the board re the transaction which was improperly conducted?"

"Yes."

"Did Col. Pellatt tell you that his own transactions had been disastrous?"

"Yes."

Junkin Takes Blame.

Mr. Shepley then referred to the minutes of the finance committee meeting held in October, 1903, when it had been decided to give a loan to Col. Pellatt on the ground that he could not deliver 1,000 shares of C. P. R., which he had bought for the company and hypothecated.

"Who gave this explanation to the finance committee?" asked Mr. Shepley.

"I did," said Mr. Junkin.

"That is the explanation given to the insurance department by Mr. Junkin was an incorrect version, fixed up to induce the company to make a loan to Col. Pellatt to pay for investments in Dominion Coal and Steel, about which the board knew nothing?"

"Yes."

"What is the history of the transaction since that?"

"Everything is paid off."

Had Solicitor's Advice.

Witness took the responsibility of this. He said he had consulted the solicitor before preparing the resolution placed before the finance committee on the subject. It was left to the committee whether or not the mortgage given by Pellatt should be registered.

"When the department found this mortgage, you did not tell them the real terms of the transaction?"

"No. I just showed the resolution."

"Then this is the first time you have told anyone the real facts?"

"Well, I said something about it when the affair was being discussed at Ottawa."

Pellatt Had Made Reparation.

S. H. Blake, K. C., said, addressing the commissioners:

"I wanted Your Honor to give me an opportunity of asking these questions. I am representing Mr. Pellatt. He has done wrong in the way in which these transactions have been presented, but he made every restitution in his power by paying up the whole loss to the extent of $79,000."

When questioned further on "business ethics," the witness held to the same moral ideals that he had propounded at the morning session.

The Prudential Co.

Mr. Tilley—"Who were the ten directors that formed the Prudential Securities Co.?"

"Messrs. D. B. Mann, Wm. Mackenzie, S. G. Beatty, Lloyd Harris, Col. Pellatt, J. Mason, E. R Wood, E J. Lennox, J. F. Junkin and A. E. Patterson."

"This company was not formed as a paramount one to carry on the business of buying and selling stocks?"

"No."

Counsel then read the agreement between the Prudential and the Manufacturers' Life.

"This company was formed to take care of the unauthorized investments—18, 25 Dominion Coal and 202 Crow's Nest Coal. But there were also transferred to the Prudential some Mexican Power and Ontario Electric Development stocks?"

Mr. Junkin said that the Prudential had borrowed from other sources as well as Manufacturers' Life. The Manufacturers' Life had been reimbursed by directors for the loss on Crow's Nest Coal and Dominion Coal. They then formed the Prudential to reimburse themselves.

The court adjourned till Tuesday at 10.30 a. m.

Usually Effective.

"Sometimes," said the merchant, "I feel like the poet who wanted a lodge in some vast wilderness. I yearn for solitude and silence."

"Well," replied his friend sympathetically, "it's an expensive taste to gratify, but you might start in by taking your advertisement out of the newspapers."

It Looks That Way.

Apropos of the distinction between an amateur and a professional, is a man a professional if he marries for money?—Life.

TWO DRAINAGE AREAS

Ontario Is to Be So Divided, But the Bill Stands For Debate.

Hon. Mr. Monteith Introduces Bills to Prevent Fraud in Cheese-Making, For Suppression of Foul Brood Among Bees, and to Appoint Advisory Council For O. A. C.—Fifty-Seven Bills Receive Royal Assent.

Toronto, April 28.—The second reading of Mr. Hanna's Drainage Act amendment, to divide the province into two districts for the administration of the drainage law, raised a storm in the Legislature yesterday. It was eventually held over till Tuesday to give the House full opportunity to discuss it.

Frauds in Cheese-Making.

Hon. Mr. Monteith introduced a bill to amend the act to prevent frauds in the manufacture of cheese and butter. Mr. Monteith said this was to meet the views of the dairymen.

Another bill introduced by the Minister of Agriculture was entitled "An Act for the Suppression of Foul Brood Among Bees." It repeals the old act. The only important change is that the appointment and direction of apiary inspectors is taken out of the hands of the Ontario Beekeepers' Association and will in future be under the control of the Minister. More than one inspector may be provided for carrying on the work and appointments are to be made by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council instead of by the association.

Council For O. A. C.

A third bill amends the Act Respecting the O. A. C. It provides for the appointment of an advisory board in accordance with the recommendation of the university commission. Its members are to consist of the deputy minister of agriculture, who shall be chairman, the president of the college, three graduates or associates of the college and two practical farmers who are graduates. Under the old act this board was composed of not more than seven practical farmers and no provision was made for the representation of the graduates and associates of the college.

A number of bills were read a third time, among them being that respecting the Gamey money in the Court of Judicature.

Several bills were taken up in committee and Mr. Foy moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Devolution of Estates Act.

The House spent some time in committee on Mr. Cochrane's mining bill. Mr. Mackay objected strongly to the powers given inspectors, but the provision was defended as in the interests of the people.

Bills Assented To.

The Lieutenant-Governor attended the House at 2.30 and assented to 57 bills, among them the following of general scope:

To Incorporate the Synod of the Diocese of Algoma of the Church of England.

Respecting the Department of Lands, Forests and Mines.

To Amend the Act to Preserve the Forest from Destruction by Fire.

To Incorporate the Executive of the Provincial Y. M. C. A. of Ontario and Quebec.

Authorizing Certain Payments under the Public Libraries' Act.

Respecting County Houses of Refuge.

To Amend the Act for the Improvement of Public Highways.

Respecting Agricultural Associations.

To Amend the Ontario Elections Act.

Respecting the Town of Port Hope.

To Amend the Ontario Medical Act.

Respecting Local Municipal Telephone Systems.

Respecting Prospectuses Issued by Companies.

To Further Amend the Pharmacy Act.

To Amend the County Courts Act.

To Amend the Liquor License Law.

To Amend the Act Respecting Aid to the Algoma Central Railway and Associated Industries.

The Supply Bill, embodying the main estimates.

The Attorney-General introduced his amendment to the statute law in the Legislature yesterday. There are twenty sections.

TOO QUICK TO PROSECUTE.

Gets Young Man's Name Involved in a Serious Charge.

London, April 29.—Raymond Pincher & Co., stock brokers, New York, summoned their London representative, Reginald Brown, for alleged embezzlement.

When the case was called at Guild Hall Court counsel for the stock brokers expressed a wish to withdraw the prosecution, in that the summons had been issued before they had an opportunity of examining the books. The Crown's counsel said he was prepared to answer to a serious charge. Mr. Brown held a most influential position here and in Canada. His father was a minister of public works in Canada.

The magistrate said: "I cannot sanction the withdrawal of a criminal charge of this nature, but as counsel states he cannot substantiate the charge, I dismiss the summons. It is a pity they did not make enquiries before taking out the summons."

Shoots at Superior Officer.

Winnipeg, April 28.—Sergt. Foy of the Royal Canadian Mounted Rifles, quartered in Fort Osborne Barracks here, shot at Sergt.-Major Doherty with his rifle yesterday, as the result of a quarrel while on parade. Foy was arrested and will be tried by the civil authorities.

Boy Drowns.

Grenville, Que., April 28.—A drowning accident occurred yesterday morning. Adolphus Tassie, aged 12, son of Cyrille Tassie, fell into the locks and was drowned.

Loss of Life Is 14.

Fort Worth, Texas, April 28.—A despatch yesterday morning from Bellevue, Texas, places the loss of life there by Thursday night's tornado at fourteen.

Ellen Terry's Jubilee.

London, April 28.—At the close of the performance at His Majesty's Theatre last night, at which Ellen Terry had a remarkable reception, in a pretty scene the presentation of the Play-goers' Club silver casket and an address in commemoration of the actress' jubilee was made. The scene was one of indescribable enthusiasm and Miss Terry could not voice her feelings in words.

Call It "An Outrage."

Toronto, April 28.—Local Socialists have passed a resolution denouncing the action of the Postmaster-General in excluding the Appeal to Reason from the Canadian mails "as an outrage upon the principles of free discussion," and they declare such policy on his part as establishing a press censorship as bad as that existing in Russia.

He is the happiest of whom the world says least, good or bad.—Jefferson.

GILLETT'S ABSOLUTELY PURE CREAM TARTAR.

Nearly all goods in this line at the present time are adulterated and in fact unfit to use.

GILLETT'S is used by the best bakers and caterers everywhere.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

GILLETT'S costs no more than the inferior adulterated goods.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

CHI-JAP

For finishing old and new floors and all kinds of wood and iron—produces a hard lustrous surface, wears like iron. For sale by—

DON. G. BLEECKER.

Phone 11.

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

Estimates

Cheerfully Furnished on Prospective

Electric Light
Electric Motor
Local Telephone
Electric Bell Installations
Etc., Etc.

GREENLEAF & SON.

The General Repair Shop.

Buggies And Carriages

McLAUGHLIN CARRIAGES Are the Best.

They are the most up-to-date carriages in style, finish and material. A large assortment on hand at the warerooms opposite the market, Front St., Belleville.

Call in and inspect these before you buy. No trouble to show goods and you will save money.

J. A. ROSE,

Manager Belleville Branch.

Arthur McGie

IMPORTER.

For Spring season 1906, we are showing a large and complete stock of all that is new in Suiting, Overcoatings, Trouserings and Fancy Vests. We show goods at prices to suit all You are invited to inspect our stock.

ARTHUR McGIE, 300 Front St
Merchant Tailor.

Spring Wallpaper

The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White. Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

AT THE BEE HIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

CAPITAL AND REST (All Paid Up

$24,000,000

(Twenty-four Millions)

Savings Bank Department.

Interest on sums of $4.00 and upwards allowed at current rates.

R. TANNAHILL,
Act. Manager Belleville Branch.

THE INTELLIGENCER is printed and published for The Intelligencer Printing and Publishing House (Limited) by CHARLES JAMES BOWELL, of the City of Belleville, in the County of Hastings, Province of Ontario, at their office, No. 403, Front St.

Business Directory.

MUSICAL.

W. H. SPOONER,

Associate of Trinity College, London, Eng. Organist of St. Thomas' Church, receives pupils for Pianoforte, Organ, Vocal and all branches of Theoretical Music. Apply at studio, Coleman St., or by letter, P. O. 932. 30-6mo

MEDICAL.

McLEAN CAVERLY, M. D. C. M., M. C. P. S. O.

Office, at residence, No. 90 West Bridge street. Office hours 9 to 10 a.m.; 1 to 3, and 7 to 8 p.m. No regular office hours on Sundays. Telephone 339.

JOHN J. FARLEY, M.D., C.M., M.C C. S., England.

Office and Residence — Corner of Bridge and George streets — three streets East of Post Office.

DR. WILSON,

J. M. Wilson. D. D. Wilson.

Located in Dr. Lockridge's old office, opposite Wallbridge & Clarke's, Bridge street, Belleville.

jy13-d&wly

LEGAL.

WILLS & WRIGHT.

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c., Belleville.

Office—9 Campbell street.

Malcolm Wright. J. Franklin Wills.

Money to Loan at Lowest Rates.

W. C. MIKEL, D.C.L.,

Barrister, &c.

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Office—City Hall.

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Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.

Offices — Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. Guss Porter. Wm. Carnew.

WILLIAM N. PONTON,

Barrister-at-law, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer. Office Bridge St., Belleville.

Money to Loan.—Private Funds at lowest rates. Solicitor Sun and Hastings Savings and Loan Company of Ontario, and for the Merchants Bank of Canada.

NORTHRUP & ROBERTS,

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public

Offices—North Bridge St., opposite Post Office, Belleville, Ont.

Solicitors for Bank of Montreal.

Money to loan at 5 per cent.

W. B. Northrup, K. C., M. P.
jy27-d&wtf A. A. ROBERTS.

FRANCIS S. WALLBRIDGE,

(Successor to Hon. Lewis Wallbridge, Q. C.)

Barrister, Solicitor Conveyancer, etc Office, McAnnany Building, corner Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville, Ont. Private and Company money to loan at 6 per cent. on easy terms upon good land security. Charges moderate.

INSURANCE.

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass

INSURANCE AGENCIES.

The Guardian

Ins. Co. of North America,

Quebec and Metropolitan Fire Co's insures farm and city property at lowest rates.

Canadian Railway Accident Ins. Co.

Office Campbell St., Belleville, Ont.

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INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE.

Agent Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Scottish Union & National Insurance Co., North British & Mercantile Insurance Co., London & Lancaster Insurance Co., Dominion of Canada Guarantee & Accident Co., Equitable Life of New York, New York Plate Glass Insurance Co.

Bridge St., Belleville.

Fire, Life and Plate Glass Insurance.

Liverpool & London & Globe of England.
Lloyd's Plate Glass.
Home Life Association, Toronto.
North British Mercantile.

Farm and City property insured in first-class reliable companies and at lowest current rates. Losses promptly settled. Land valuator and transacts general Real Estate business, and sale or purchase and renting of property. Appraiser, for the Hastings Loan.

W. P. HUDSON, Office above Rathbun's office, cor. Bridge and Pinnacle St., opposite Post Office and Hotel Quinte, Belleville.

'Phone 163.

Money Saved is Money Earned.

I can earn you money by saving it for you in your Fire Insurance.

The Anglo-American Fire Ins. Co.
The Merchants' Fire Ins. Co.
The Equity Fire Ins. Co.

are all strong Canadian Stock Companies and insure Farm and City Property at a lower rate than other stock companies. Call and see me before placing your fire insurance.

H. FREEMAN KETCHESON.
Office—Bridge Street.

NO NEW BLADES.
NO ANNUAL TAX.
ONE RAZOR LASTS A LIFETIME.
ALWAYS READY FOR USE.
NEVER GETS DULL.

For sale by W. W. C
Co., Ltd., Belleville,

—Our Assortment of—
Shingles
is complete. Prices are Right
The Schuster Co.
Office, Bridge St.

The Daily Intelligencer.

LET THERE BE HARMONY IN THINGS ESSENTIAL — LIBERALITY IN THINGS NOT ESSENTIAL — CHARITY IN ALL.

VOL 39 BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, MONDAY. APRIL 30, 1906. NO. 313

THE VERY BEST COAL
All Sizes
Wood for the millions
Dry Pine, Hardwood cut and split.
C. C. LEAVENS

China Sale

The Balance of our Fancy China will be sold at

33 1-3 p.c. Discount

to make room for our new goods which are commencing to arrive.

ONE WEEK

From Wednesday, Morning, 25th inst., To Tuesday Evening, May 1st.

STROUDS

Sales Mean Real Bargains.

IS SULTAN A CATSPAW

Kaiser May Be at Bottom of "Sick Man's" Aggression.

One Explanation of Strained Relations Now Existing Between Britain and Turkey—Whole Egyptian Question Opened — Britain Determined to Maintain Firm Activity.—King Edward Hurries Home.

London, April 30.—The patience of Great Britain with Turkey over the Tabah affair is about exhausted, and it was understood at the Foreign Office yesterday if the Sultan does not soon accede to the British demands there will be another demonstration before a Turkish port.

The British Foreign Office holds that the Turkish commissioner at Cairo is largely responsible for the present situation, and that probably he is led by German scientists and merchants at Cairo to believe that Germany will support Turkey's aggression.

The British cruiser Minerva left Port Said for El Arsh yesterday in order to ascertain whether it is true that the Turks have removed the boundary posts at certain points.

King Edward Hurries Home.

Naples, April 30.—King Edward and Sir Charles Hardinge, permanent under secretary of the British Foreign Office, who is in attendance upon His Majesty, have received many despatches from Premier Campbell-Bannerman and Foreign Secretary Grey in regard to the trouble with Turkey over the Tabah boundary dispute, and, according to report, the King has issued instructions that the firmest attitude be assumed by the British officials. His Majesty is also said to have consulted with Lord Rosebery on the subject. He will cut his tour short, leaving for England on Monday.

FARM LABORERS UNION.

James Kier Hardy Urges It as Protection From Landlordism.

London, April 30.—Addressing a meeting of workmen at Ramsay, Huntingdon, Saturday, called to protest against the action of Lord De Ramsey in notifying the tenants of nearly 1,010 allotments to quit the land, James Kier Hardie urged the agricultural laborers to form a strong union in order to protect themselves and enable them to obtain land which would render them independent in times when they were without employment.

Men, he said, had been driven off the soil and into the town slums through the land being turned into deer forests for American millionaires and other idlers. Landlords, he declared, played the same part to society as did the parasite to the tree, sapping away its strength and giving no return.

They Need The Money.

San Francisco Not to Handle That Voted by Congress.

Stricken City Hears With Surprise That Only $300,000 of the $2,500,000 Is Available—Remainder Expended In Purchase of Supplies In East—Country Should Not Be Led to Believe That Millions Are On Hand.

San Francisco, April 30.—Surprise was caused yesterday when James D. Phelan, chairman of the finance committee, announced to the citizens' committee that he had been given to understand by Secretary of Commerce Metcalfe, representative of President Roosevelt, that only $300,000 of the $2,500,000 appropriated by Congress for the relief of the San Francisco sufferers, was available, and that sum represented the extent of financial assistance that might be expected from that source.

The citizens' committee of fifty, headed by Mayor Schmitz, now administers the affairs of San Francisco, though the military have immediate control of patrolling the city and distributing supplies.

Mr. Phelan announced Saturday that Secretary of War Taft had transmitted to his order $300,000, which he said was the first recognition the secretary had made of the relief work, and added that he had been informed by Mr. Metcalfe that the Secretary of War had expended the remainder of the relief fund for the purchase of supplies in the east.

Secretary Metcalfe corroborated Mr. Phelan's statement. Mr. Phelan said that there was only $518,000 available cash to his order at the mint, and the strictest economy would be necessary.

"We need money," said Mr. Phelan, "and the country should not be led into the belief that millions are on hand to relieve the destitute people."

Both Mr. Metcalfe and Dr. Devine endorsed Mr. Phelan's remarks and volunteered to apprise Washington of the situation.

The generous appropriation of Congress had been counted on by the finance committee as an available fund for necessary relief expenses, and the knowledge that only a small amount of this would be placed in their hands caused a shock.

Burns Up Valuables.

Business men who attempted Saturday to secure assets from safes dug out of the earthquake and fire debris met with disaster. Several of the safes containing books, records, stocks, bonds and negotiable securities were forced open. The instant the latent heat in the interior of the thick strong boxes came in contact with the first rush of air there was a blaze, and in an instant the contents were consumed.

'Frisco's Need Is Urgent.

Dr. Devine of the national Red Cross has issued a statement in which he says:

"It is important for the entire country to understand that the loss of homes and property in San Francisco has not been exaggerated. Sick and delicate persons will need care for months. Inmates of institutions which have been burned and destroyed must be established elsewhere on some plan yet to be devised. Families which cannot get started otherwise may be given a helping hand.

"SHINE!" "SHINE!"

Society Ladies Polish Shoes of Men to Raise Money For Sufferers.

Washington, April 30.—The ladies of All Saints' Unitarian Church have hit upon the novel expedient of shining the shoes of the male members of the congregation of that church as a means of raising money to aid the sufferers from the California earthquake.

About twenty-five of them were thus occupied at the parlors of the church three days during last week, and their receipts averaged over $100 a day. Many of the ladies thus engaged were prominent in society.

Victim of the 'Quake.

The Navy Department was informed Saturday by Rear-Admiral Goodrich, commanding the Pacific fleet, of the death in San Francisco of Boatswain Daniel C. Hansen, who was a victim of the earthquake. Boatswain Daniel C. Hansen, was serving on the training ship Pensacola, but was on leave of absence. His body and the bodies of his wife and child have been identified by his brother, and will be buried in the cemetery at San Francisco Naval Training Station.

Santa Rosa's Toll 54.

Santa Rosa, Cal., April 30.—Two more bodies have been taken from the ruins of the building destroyed by the earthquake. Neither can be positively identified. This makes a total of 54 bodies recovered.

Benefit Realizes $1,300.

London, April 30.—At a benefit performance for the sufferers by the San Francisco disaster at Charles Frohman's Duke of York theatre Saturday, with Marie Tempest in "All of a sudden Peggy," $1,300 was realized.

Burials Total 333.

San Francisco, April 30.—Three hundred and thirty-three bodies of victims of the recent earthquake and fire have now been found by Coroner Walsh and his assistants. Many of the dead have been identified. All that were buried in the public squares during the days of the fire have been removed to the several cemeteries of the city. The coroner's data is fairly accurate though his work and his reports are not yet complete.

Earthquake in Germany.

Berlin, April 30.—Several villages in Saxony experienced four earthquake shocks Saturday. No damage was done.

Bandits Kill Chinese Troops.

Chefoo, April 30.—Two weeks ago at Yiencbing, in the southwest part of the Province of Shantung, 500 foreign-drilled Chinese troops were attacked by 2,000 bandits, armed with modern rifles. One hundred of the soldiers were killed.

Exploring Party Back.

Quebec, April 30.—The Dillon-Wallace expedition, who have spent the winter in the wilds of Labrador, are in Quebec, having arrived by the steamer King Edward. They all look the picture of health.

Hackett Goes For Trial.

Montreal, April 30.—James Thomas Hackett was committed Saturday before Judge Desnoyers to stand his trial before the Court of King's Bench at the June term on the charge of the murder of little Edith May Ahern.

Wm. Hendrie, Sr., Very Ill.

Hamilton, April 30.—William Hendrie, Sr., is growing steadily worse, and his condition Saturday night was considered very critical. He is very weak, and it is feared that the end may come at any time.

Sunk In Cornwall Canal.

Kingston, April 30.—Friday night the barge Cobourg of the Montreal Transportation Co., struck and sank in the Cornwall Canal.

AN IMPRESSIVE DISPLAY

. . . . OF . . . .

WASH GOODS

If we could only impress you through the newspapers as effectively as the new Wash Goods would do it themselves, this store wouldn't be big enough to hold the crowd. It takes only about five miuntes to fill any visitor with enthusiasm. Why we have had women go into raptures over our new Wash Goods! And no wonder, for there never has been in Belleville before anything prettier or more popularly priced.

In all the New and Prettiest Shades
We are Showing

French Silk Organdies
Figured Muslins with Mercerized Stripes
Embroidered & Figured Voiles
Embroidered Fancy Brocades
Embroidered Lawns Spots and Figures
Embroidered Swiss Spots

PIQUES, BEDFORD CORDS and PLAINS in all the new and prettiest shades

Sinclair's

The Ritchie Co., Limited. | The Ritchie Co., Limited.

Ladies' Costumes
GREATLY REDUCED

On looking through our assortment we find we have a few ladies' garments which for one reason or another we are desirous of clearing out at once.

Some are fashionable garments in up-to-date materials—others, while not the latest, could be made up-to-date in a few minutes spent in alteration. All are worth much more than the prices quoted below. If you are in need of a good costnme at a greatly reduced price, it will pay you to investigate

1 Light Brown Amazon Cloth suit with embroidered vest front, silk lined, trimmed with buttons and braid, size 36, regular price $35, to clear for.... $20 00

1 Black Amazon Cloth Suit, fancy vest front, plaited skirt, braid trimmings, size 36, regular price $16.50, to clear for $10.00

1 Fawn Covert Cloth Suit, neatly made vest, fancy trimming, newest sleeves, plaited skirt, size 36, regular price $20.00, for $13 50

2 Ladies' Suits, in light brown covert and Amazon size 34 and 38, trimmed with braid and buttons, fancy vest front, plaited skirt, regular price $15.00, for.............. $ 8.95

2 Ladies' Costumes in black and navy blue Sicillian, trimmed with plaits, large sleeve, good value, size 36 and 38, regular price $7.50, for.... $ 5.50

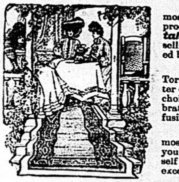
2 Brown and 1 Navy Sicillian suit with fine white stripe, trimmed with plaits and buttons, size 34, 36 and 40, reg. price $11.50 for.... .... $ 8.75

1 Only Ladies' Silk Suit, navy taffeta, new sleeves, trimmed with plaits and buttons, reg. $15 for $10 00

1 Only Ladies' Navy Sicillian Suit, new sleeves, trimmed with leather and plaited, reg. $9 for.. $6 50

Ladies' Suits, 1 navy and 3 black, of cheviot, Panama cloth and Sicillian, silk lined, good trimmings, regular price $12.00 to $29.00 .... $ 5.75

4 Only Ladies' Suits in navy, black and grey homespuns, trimmed with black satin ribbons, regular price $10.00, to clear for................ $3 38



House Furnishings

The yearly increase in business is the most convincing proof that our efforts to procure the most beautiful ***Carpets, Curtains, Rugs*** and other Furnishings and sell them at reasonable prices is appreciated by the housekeepers of this district.

Our assortment, the largest between Toronto and Montreal, was never at a better choosing point than at present, the choicest goods from the world's most celebrated manufacturers, being here in a profusion of designs, quality and price.

Truly a display that is irresistible to most women—we will be pleased to have you pay us a visit. You can tell for yourself that the prices and qualities are ready exceptions.

$1.25 BRUSSELS CARPETS 95c

—Choice English Brussels Carpets, several designs and dainty colorings, suitable for parlors, halls, etc., border to match, regular price $1.25, sale price 95c

30c FLOOR OILCLOTHS 19c

—350 Yards Fine English Oilcloth in the newest carpet and tile designs, light and dark colorings, 2 yds. wide. These would be good value at 30c per yard Ideal buying enables us to sell them during our sale for.................. 19c

$4.00 CURTAINS FOR $2.95

—Through a mistake of the makers, we are enabled to offer this rare bargain. The curtains were to be 3 1-2 yards long, but are only 3 yds., therefore we are able to offer this beautiful Nottingham curtain, 3 yds long, 52 in. wide, regular $4.00, for.................. $2.95

The Ritchie Coy. Limited

Boys' Norfolk Suits

We sell the best kind of suits for boys, good and strong, yet stylish and perfect fitting. Many of our customers have said that they were better than they expected for the money.

We have a large range of Boys' Norfolk Suits in Grey, Brown and Olive Halifax Tweeds, also fancy pattern and check, single and double breasted, good lining and well sewn with linen and silk.

Prices $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00

Our stock of Men's Collars is coupled with every style that fashion allows and a few that fashion doesn't allow that is worn for comfort is represented, some of the new ones in High Turn Down

Ninita, Dakota, Bigelow, Dothan, Almola and several others.

Prices 15c and 20c.

The RITCHIE Co., Limited

LAIDLAW & KETCHESON.

American Denims and Silkalines

We are showing just now some very new things in American Fancy and Plain Denims, Fancy Art Silkalines and Muslins for Coverings, Draperies and Curtains at prices ranging from

15c to 30c a yard.

English Cretonnes

These are not the old fashioned, hard finished Cretonnes, but beautiful designs and printed on a Heavy Twilled Drill in pretty and soft shades of Blues, Greens, Yellows and Red, ranging in price from—

12 1-2c to 25c per yard.

Madras Muslins

We have a choice showing of pretty color combinations in Fancy Madras Muslins, in Greens, Reds, Blues and Yellow Tints for Library, Sitting and Dining Rooms.

40c and 50c per yard.

White Spot and Figured Curtain Muslins
Swiss Curtain Nets
Fancy Scrims Frilled Nets

Fancy Stripe Muslins

For Bedroom Curtains—in Blue, Yellow and Pink Stripes at

25c and 50c per yard.

Laidlaw & Ketcheson

He's Awful Hard On His Clothes . . .

So said the mother of a rosy-cheeked, handsome young fellow, as she brought him in for a new suit.

We sold her one of our new *Hewson Tweed Suits*—we know this suit will please her, and we know that to wear it out will

Keep the Boy Busy

Our Boys' Suits are made from strong, yet attractive fabrics—well sewn, with all points where the strain comes made doubly strong.

We know exactly what kind of clothes growing boys need and we see that they get them.

Our Boys' Suits will appeal to the taste, while our prices make a strong appeal to the purse.

COME ON IN.

OAK HALL,

The Old Reliable Clothiers.

The New Store.

WHITEWEAR SALE!

We shall give a discount of *10 per cent. off all our Whitewear.*

Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday

The Goods are all "*MINERVA*" manufacture and there is none better in the market. Be on hand early on Tuesday Morning.

Wims & Co

TERMS CASH.

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE

FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

A Fortunate Statesman.

The name of Mr. Sifton has cropped up in connection with the latest Ottawa fraud, the North Atlantic Company, to which reference has recently been made in this paper. In "Saturday Night" it is remarked that "This once influential Cabinet Minister is associated with others in an immigration scheme, that his former Deputy Minister resigned to join in the enterprise, and that these two men and those grouped with them had the inside track with the Government and a pretty sure thing."

It will, therefore, not be out of place to quote an article which appeared in a contemporary some time ago, showing what Mr. Sifton had made at politics up to that time. Since then his wealth has no doubt increased.

"The amount of money made by Hon Clifford Sifton, since his advent to power in 1896 is many times that acquired by the average business man in a lifetime. Mr. Sifton came from Winnipeg to Ottawa without means. He has now been a Cabinet Minister for six years, and his salary for that time has been $42,000. His sessional indemnities gave him $7,000 additional, or a total of $49,000.

"With this $49,000 Mr. Sifton has accomplished wonders. He lives at Ottawa in a style no other Cabinet Minister attempts to imitate. His residence is one of the best in the city, while his equipages are the most brilliant owned in the Capital. Mr. Sifton, at a conservative estimate spends something like $15,000 per annum for the maintenance of his establishment. In six years that would mean an outlay of $90,000. His home is assessed, for purpose of city taxation, for $23,000, the law providing that a property must only be assessed for the amount it would bring if taken by a creditor in lieu of cash. The property, before Mr. Sifton purchased it, was assessed at $11,300, but it has been greatly improved.

"Then Mr. Sifton holds 200 shares in the Bank of Ottawa, the par value of which is $100. The market value of the stock has been as high as 218 but in order to be within the mark let us put it down at 210, and we will find Mr. Sifton's holdings worth $42,000.

"Mr. Sifton also owns a steam yacht which is considered one of the finest boats of the kind owned in Canada.

"Summing up, we find that Mr. Sifton has had a prosperous six years in Ottawa. With $49,000 available in instalments of $8,000 during four years, he has been able to produce these results:

Real estate in Ottawa	$23,000
Bank of Ottawa stock	42,000
Living expenses, estimate	90,000
Yacht	25,000
	$180,000

Then, Mr. Sifton's summer residence on the shores of the St. Lawrence, "Assiniboia Lodge," must not be forgotten. Altogether he is one of the striking examples of the public men, who have won financial standing through politics."

It may be remarked that while the North Atlantic Trading Company is being discussed Mr. Sifton is far away for the "benefit of his health."

TIMELY TOPICS.

April had fireworks to help her off the stage.

• • •

Did you hear that clap of thunder early this a. m.? It felt like a little touch of San Francisco.

• • •

They say that residents of the east hill made a blind rush for the Corby park when they arose this morning. They were anxious to see if the lightning had struck that ornate building lately erected by Ald. Knox.

• • •

Belleville is surely blessed with bands at present. The desire to shine in music seems to have struck the rising generation hard. It's a good hobby, anyhow, and carries no evil consequences in its train. More power to the windjammers.

• • •

The sudden change to warmer weather should bring along housecleaning operations with a rush. It will soon be a case of "Nobody beats carpets like father."

• • •

What a blessing it will be when all the wooden sidewalks in this city are replaced by the concrete kind! Surely Belleville never made a better investment than when she started to build granolithic walks. One can appreciate them better after a short trip over the crazy and rickety old things which still ornament many streets in this city. They cannot be removed too quickly.

• • •

By the way, there is a spot on the east side of Murney street which calls for immediate attention, before some estimable citizen breaks his neck.

• • •

Mr. R. A. Lazier, formerly of this city, now cashier of the Lompoc Valley Bank, Lompoc, Cal., sends us an illustrated booklet showing some of the beauties of Lompoc and its surroundings. It must be almost an ideal locality, close enough, perhaps, to the earthquake belt to keep one from suffering for lack of excitement.

• • •

Andrew Carnegie is opening his new library in Ottawa to-day. Thank goodness, he'll never have that job in Belleville.

• • •

President Roosevelt's prohibition of all foreign aid to the San Francisco sufferers is neither popular in his own country, nor outside. There is no denying, however, that the President is right in his premises. There are plenty of rich men in the United States to build up San Francisco, if they would give as the occasion requires. But will they? Rockefeller and Carnegie could give ten millions apiece without feeling it, but you don't see them coughing it up. That is not the kind of advertising they are looking for.

• • •

Brantford's Chief of Police has issued an order to the hotelkeepers there that they must not harbor loafers. He thinks that if these men are kept out of the bar-rooms they can be more easily driven out of the city. That's good sense, too.

• • •

The report of the Minister of Lands and Mines shows that there have been 4,442 grants made to veterans, principally in the Temiskaming and Rainy River districts, and 8,558 remain to be provided for which will require 1,366,280 acres more. To provide locations for these under the original Ross legislation, which only allows one veteran on each square mile, would require 238 six-mile townships, or a total of about 350 townships.

• • •

San Francisco is not any better off now apparently than when the forty-niners first invaded it by going across the Isthmus or around the Horn. At present, luckily, it can be reached more expeditiously.

• • •

AMONG THE MISSING.

(Chicago Tribune.)

The football player with the bandaged head was limping over the scene of the desperate conflict the next day.

"Fighting the battle over again, are you?" some one asked him.

"Not at all," he answered with dignity. "I am looking for my ear."

• • •

Looks as though the Queen of the May may have to wear a raincoat to-morrow.

• • •

The letter from ex-Mayor Chown, in another column, is on a timely and important topic. By all means let us have things done right when they are done.

• • •

Dowie has effected a reconciliation with his family, and is once more the whole thing in Zion. His prophet's robes, however, have been sadly soiled by the disclosures of the past few weeks.

• • •

The Queen's Own were heartily received in New York, and not a solitary brick was thrown at them How things change in a few brief years!

MRS. MARY GREGOVICH.

Of Philipsburg, Montana, Tells How She Was Cured of Dandruff.

Mrs. Mary Gregovich, of Philipsburg, Montana, under date of Nov. 26, 1899, writes: "I had typhoid fever this summer, consequently was losing my hair terribly, and my head in places was perfectly bald. Newbro's Herpicide had just come into use in Philipsburg, and the doctor strongly recommended it to me. After 3 or 4 applications my hair stopped falling out, and is coming in again quite thick. I used to be troubled greatly with dandruff, of which I am now quite cured." Kill the dandruff germ with Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. J. S. McKeown, special agent.

Sick Room Aids & Appliances

Our stock includes the latest improved sick-room supplies. More of them would be used if their value in conserving energy and comfort of the patient was better understood.

Ice bags, hot water bottles, air cushions, rubber sheeting, clinical thermometers, medicine droppers, medicine glasses, sick feeders, alcohol lamps, etc., etc.

McKeown's DRUG STORE

A VOICE FROM THE FAR WEST.

MR. R. B. CHADWICK WRITES INTERESTINGLY OF THINGS AS HE SEES THEM IN EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer;

Edmonton, April 24.

Dear Sir,—As per promise, here goes to tell you just a little of "The City of the Gods." We are as yet very nearly a wooden city, the bang of the builder's hammer is on all sides of us, and new streets are being opened every day.

One is bewildered at first by the newness and the rush of things. The incongruity of things is also striking—a pony and an ox pulling the same cart, followed by an up-to-date auto car. The sudden transportation of a building to a new site and the ever-changing expressions of the various races one sees on the streets are, to the easterner, wonders, but the fact that these people are anxious to be absorbed into this country is the hopeful part. All kinds, all nations, and yet with one idea, to become good Canadians. This is a land of strangers, and is not yet guilty of having its social fabric woven into any particular style. The people meet on the common basis of manhood and womanhood, and the square person is welcome to the best that is going. There are just two classes—the bad and the good, and there is not much trouble to place your man, for he is as a rule very frank and ready to say his "thinks" right out.

At first, the land conditions of the city, the prices obtained and the places offered, make one who has been used to the conditions of Ontario rather feel that these western people over-estimate the future, but I am beginning to change my opinion and see that they do not. It is simply great to see the people pour in here to register for homesteads; to see their outfitting, then to start off to their choice of land, to be swallowed up in the great prairie country, all eager and ready to fight. Of course there are lots of quitters, but the ones who really mean fight come out all right.

If a person is a quitter and takes the western fever, coax him to stay home. This country needs fighters, men who can set their jaw and hang on in spite of discomfort; fellows who can win out in the east will make a success in the west and the failure there will find some of his class here.

Good men of all kinds can be used here and find places. Men with a few thousand to start on can find in the city and around it chances to make ten more talents with their every one.

The churches are crowded with young men, the streets are full of them, and the eating houses are usually lined up two deep, waiting their turn at table. There is a fortune here for the man who will open up a good restaurant at a reasonable figure, for the present places are crowded out.

There is, as yet, little manufacturing done in this city, but as the city becomes settled there are bound to be big firms here, and a great field for all kinds of mechanics.

The man who said "Go west, young man," was all right, and I say "Amen" to his advice, providing the young man has the elements within him that make success in either east or west.

Yours truly,
ROBT. B. CHADWICK.

Are Now Camping Amid The Ruins.

Miss Chandler, of this city, has received a post card from her nephew, H. E. Chandler, who passed through the terrible earthquake and fire in San Francisco. The card is dated April 20, and Mr. Chandler says that both his office and home were burnt down, but he is safe and feeling fairly well. Some friends and himself are camping amid the ruins.

Lucas Case Was Again Enlarged.

The case against John Lucas, charged with breaking into and stealing grain from a G.T.R. bonded car, has been further enlarged until next Saturday, May 5th.

Mrs. Lombard Safe

The anxiety which friends in this city and county have had regarding Mrs. Lombard, of Oakland, California, nee Miss Jennie Morton, a former well-known resident here, was relieved by a postal card from her this morning, written evidently in great haste;

"Two days after the awful earthquake and we are safely covered in tents, with food enough to sustain us. Thank God, we are all together—Mr. Harry Morton and our family. No pen can actually portray the horrors and sufferings."

Itching Piles

If you are acquainted with anyone who is troubled with this distressing ailment, you can do him no greater favor than to tell him to try Chamberlain's Salve. It gives instant relief. This salve also cures sore nipples, tetter and salt rheum. Price 25 cents, to be had at R. Templeton's drug store

BARGAINS IN MEDICINE.

A woman once wrote us that she was not going to buy Scott's Emulsion any more because it cost too much. Said she could get some other emulsion for less money. Penny wise and pound foolish. Scott's Emulsion costs more because it is worth more—costs more to make. We could make Scott's Emulsion cost less by using less oil. Could take less care in making it, too. If we did, however, Scott's Emulsion wouldn't be the standard preparation of cod liver oil as it is to-day.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

PERSONAL ....AND.... SOCIAL.

Miss Edith Anning has returned to the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Cockram, of Madoc, were in the city to-day.

Mrs. Leitch, sr., mother of the Rev. H. D. Leitch, will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Berkley, Victoria Ave., for a short time.

CROSSED THE DARK RIVER.

JOHN FREDERICK.

Mr. John Fredrick, a yeoman who resided in the Township of Sidney, just west of the Village of Foxboro, died at an early hour on Sunday morning. The cause of death was diabetes. Deceased, who was 65 years of age, was born in Sidney. In early life he followed the occupation of a harness-maker, and for some time conducted a business in this city. Later he removed to Sidney, where he had since resided. Mr. Frederick was a member of the Methodist church. A widow and a family of two sons, William, of Assiniboia, and Charles, of Thurlow, and two daughters, Mrs. Wm. Smith, of Foxboro, and Miss Alicia, at home, survive.

MRS. ELIZA J. JOHNSON.

On Sunday afternoon Mrs. Eliza J. Johnson passed away at her late residence, Grove street. Deceased, who was 78 years of age, was the widow of the late ex-Ald. L. Johnson. She had been a resident of the city for many years and was a lady who was esteemed by all who knew her. Mrs. Johnson had been for years a consistent member of the Methodist church, and in early life took an active interest in church work. Deceased had been in failing health for some time. No family survives.

Was Pastor of a Historic Church.

The Rev. H. D. Leitch and Mrs. Leitch, nee Miss Minnie Berkley, of this city, who have resided at St. Elmo in the County of Glengarry for the past nine years, have been in the city for a few days en route to their new field of labor. Mr. Leitch has been the pastor of the "Gordon Church," made famous by the Rev. C. W. Gordon, D.D., of Winnipeg (Ralph Connor) in "The Man from Glengarry." That Mr. and Mrs. Leitch have made a success of their lives and that their departure from the County of Glengarry is deplored by its inhabitants is attested to by the numerous testimonials presented to them by their congregations at St. Elmo and Greenfield, by banquets given by the Masons and Orangemen, by the comments of the press and the resolution of the Presbytery, as also by gifts of over $300. Yesterday Mr. Leitch preached in Bridge St. Church in the morning and delivered a sermon of which we have heard many favorable comments. In the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Leitch were welcomed to Bridge St. Sunday School, in which Mrs. Leitch was a valued teacher before her marriage, and in the evening Mr. Leitch preached at the Rossmore Methodist Church. They left this morning for their new home.

THE WEATHER.

TO-DAY'S PROBS.

Moderate to fresh west winds, fair and cool. Tuesday, fair and about the same temperature.

Wallace's Whole Wheat Bread

Dog Collars!

DAME FASHION has decreed that collarless gowns shall be worn this year, with the consequence that Dog-Collars will be more in evidence than ever before. And really the manufacturers have "spread themselves," for many of the designs are exquisite. The tints most approved at present are: Amethyst, Topaz, Ruby, Sapphire and Garnet. The stones representing these colors are—to be fashionable—mostly imitation jewels. The imitations, however, are of the finest and the stones all cut by expert diamond cutters.

We show some of these in our window and shall be pleased to have you call and examine them, even if you don't purchase.

PRICES—$3 to $10.

Angus McFee

At Wallbridge & Clarke's

Fresh Supplies Arriving Daily.

Guava Jelly,
Saratoga Chips,
Macedoines,
Cherries in Maraschino,
Puffed Rice,
Huyler's Chocolates,
Macaroni, Vermicelli, Spaghetti,
Soup Pastes, etc.

DELICIOUS TEAS & COFFEE

Wallbridge & Clarke's Fine Indo-Ceylon Teas — Special Blend, 40, 50 and 60c lb.

Wallbridge & Clarke's Special Blend Indo-Ceylon Black Tea, or Japan Green Tea

IN SEALED PACKETS
30c LB.
4 LBS. FOR $1.

☞ These teas are extra value and are better than some teas sold at higher prices. ☜

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE
ESTABLISHED 1870.

EASY MONEY AT HOME

raising canaries. More profitable than chickens. All [illegible] You'll get large to $5.00 each for young singers. Experience unnecessary. To get you interested quickly we send COTTAM BIRD BOOK (thousands sold at 25c.) and two cakes

BIRD BREAD 10 CENTS,

and "CANARY vs. CHICKENS," showing how to make money with canaries, all for 15c. stamps or coin. Address

COTTAM BIRD SEED, 33 St., London, Ont.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

The open door offers no inducements to the knocker.

Spring Styles

We are just opening up new lines of the

QUEEN QUALITY

AND THE

BOSTON FAVORITE

—Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher........................	$3.00
—Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots................	$3.00

Men's Fine Boots in Latest Styles

Low prices on Trunks, Suit Cases and Club Bags

Head Quarters for RUBBERS

VERMILYEA & SON

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Sunlight Soap

is a perfect cleaner and will not injure anything.

Best for all household purposes, Sunlight Soap's superiority is most conspicuous in the washing of clothes.

Common soaps destroy the painted or varnished surfaces of woodwork and take the color out of clothes.

Even the daintiest linen or lace, or the most delicate colors may be safely washed with Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

5c. Buy it and follow directions 5c.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto 167

Advertising Rates.

Measurement Nonpareil — 12 lines to the inch.

Display advertisements, 10c per line.

Subsequent consecutive insertions 5c per line.

Reading advertisements, 15c per line.

Preferred position, 20 per cent. advance upon casual or contract rates.

Minimum space, 10 lines.

Marriage, 50c each insertion.

Death notice, 50c, or when funeral notices included, $1.00.

Births, 25c each insertion.

Rates for Condensed Advertisements will be found below.

Canadians in London will find The Intelligencer on file at E & J. Hardy & Co.'s office, 30 Fleet St., London, E. C.

INTELLIGENCER WANT ADS.

Advertisements under this head, 25 words or less, 25 cents for each insertion, and one cent for each additional word, 4 insertions, 75c; 6 insertions, $1.00, invariably in advance. This rate applies to all except advertisements for Auction Sales which will be published at two cents per word. Count $ marks and figures as one word each.

WANTED.

An apprentice at The Intelligencer office. 30-tf

Feather Beds and Pillows to Renovate; for one month only; satisfaction guaranteed. Orders received at Boyd's and Parliament's, grocers, Front St., Belleville, or write to Geo. F. Brickman, Rednersville. m30-12t

TEAMSTER WANTED.

Wanted, a good steady married man as Teamster, with knowledge of farm work. Apply H. Corby Distillery Co., Limited, Belleville. 30-3t

Agents Wanted. It pays to have the best, No security or capital required; liberal inducements. Alfred Tyler, Wholesale Tea Importer and Spice Grinder, London, Ontario.

At once, a machinist, bench hands and engine fitters. —Marsh & Henthorn. a5-tf

LOST.

Along Front street, between upper and lower bridges, a five dollar bill. Reward on leaving at Intelligencer office. 30-6t

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

BASEBALL SATURDAY.

Eastern League.

Newark .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Toronto .... 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0—3

Two base hits—Brown, Toft. Sacrifice hits—Parker, Tamsett. Stolen bases—Gatins, Long. Bases on balls—Off Pardee 1, off McCarthy 4. Struck out—By Pardee 2, by McCarthy 4. Double plays—Gatins to Brown; Engle to Gatins; McCarthy to Yale. Time 1.45. Umpire—Kerin.

Newark ...... 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Toronto ...... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Frick, Maley. Three-base hit—Frick. Sacrifice hits—Brown 2, Long. Stolen bases—Engle 2, Cockman. Bases on balls—Off Hesterfer 1, off Currie 3. Struck out—By Hesterfer 4, by Currie 3. Wild pitch—Hesterfer. Passed ball—Toft. First on errors—Newark 2, Toronto 2. Left on bases—Newark 9, Toronto 7. Time—1.50. Umpire—Kerin. Attendance—7000.

At Jersey City— R.H.E.
Montreal ...... 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 4—8 8 1
Jersey City ...... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 7 9

Batteries—Keefe and J. Connor; Mack and Vandergrift. Umpire—Conahan. Attendance—3200.

At Providence— R.H.E.
Rochester ...... 0 0 4 0 0 0 7 1 0—12 13 4
Providence ...... 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2—5 7 4

Batteries—Cleary and Steelman; Cronin, Maddox and Cooper. Attendance—6300. Umpire—Kelly. Time—1.50.

New York 7, Philadelphia 2; Boston 4, Brooklyn 0; Pittsburg 10, St. Louis 0; Chicago 1, Cincinnati 0.

New York 5, Washington 1; Boston 7, Philadelphia 6; Chicago 5, St. Louis 4; Cleveland 14, Detroit 7.

Baseball on Sunday.

At Brooklyn (National)—The Brooklyn Club played Sunday baseball again without any interferences, as the management depended upon the contribution boxes at the entrances, instead of charging admission. Score:

R.H.E.
Brooklyn ...... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—1 4 0
Philadelphia .. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 0

Batteries—Stricklett and Bergen; Duggleby and Dooin. Umpires—Conway and Emslie.

At Chicago (American)— R.H.E.
Chicago ...... 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—2 4 1
Detroit ...... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 7 2

Batteries—Altrock and MacFarland; Mullin and Payne. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

At Cincinnati (National)— R.H.E.
Cincinnati .... 2 4 2 1 0 0 1 1 x—11 14 2
Pittsburg .... 1 3 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—6 10 1

Batteries—Dorner, Overall and Livingston; Willis, Case and Peitz. Umpire—Johnston.

At Utica—The New York Nationals won from the Uticas by 7 to 5.

At St. Louis (National)— R.H.E.
St. Louis ...... 0 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 1—2 5 4
Chicago ...... 0 1 0 2 1 0 0 0 0—4 9 4

Batteries—Egan, Puttmann, Holmes and Grady; Pfeister and Kling. Umpires—Klem and Carpenter.

At St. Louis (American)— R.H.E.
St. Louis ...... 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0—3 7 7
Cleveland ...... 0 0 3 0 2 4 0 1 0—10 9 0

Batteries—Howell and Spencer; Townsend and Bemis. Umpires—Connor and Connolly.

THAT SILVER MINE NEAR HAVELOCK.

QUEST OF THOSE WHO GO IN SEARCH IS IN VAIN.

The Havelock Standard says; "The celebrated McMillan silver mine, which was to have created such a furore in this vicinity this spring, is still doing its old stunts. On Friday last an American, VanLeck, of Toledo, journeyed north with the discoverer, but sad to say, his quest was in vain and he returned in disgust. On Tuesday, two of our prominent citizens, armed with large sacks to store the precious white metal in, booted with rubber boots, to keep out the water in the swamp they were bound to, hied themselves some twenty odd miles north, in company with the sturdy and valiant discoverer, who, as he said, could take them right to the spot where he pried out the original chunk. 'Tis true and pity 'tis 'tis true," that they also returned without the anticipated ore, visions of which had haunted their dreams the night before. Wet, weary and disheartened, their tale of woe is hard to hear. But McMillan still has hopes!

SLEPT ON STREETS.

WORD HAS COME FROM JAMES G. CHOWN.

Kingston Whig; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. G. Chown, of San Francisco, are safe. They were heard from to-day. Mr. Chown is a son of Mrs. Arthur Chown, Clergy street, and brother of A. F. and Oliver Chown, of this city and Mr. W. W. Chown, Belleville. He conducted the Greystone Hotel, on Geary street. His message home is written in an extra of the San Francisco Examiner of April 20, and read: "We are safe, but living on the street. We will soon have plenty of food; have had very little for two days. Cannot get a telegraphic message through. Our hotel was burned and everything lost; saved only the clothes on our backs. I am writing at the home of a friend, near the park where we are camping. The fire is worse than the earthquakes. We have sat and slept on the streets since Tuesday night going on and on just ahead of the fire. We have much to be thankful for, not hurt at all."

2 in 1 Shoe Polish

Black, Tan and White

Shining your own shoes with 2 in 1 is both a luxury and an economy. 2 in 1 Black Polish is known as "Black Lightning." Your shoes are given the richest, glossiest blackshine with only an instant's rub. Don't take substitutes or imitations.

Black and Tan in 10c. and 25c. tins
White in 15c. Glass

In this age of commercialism even the poet is generally sure of his breakfast.

A dyspeptic is a man whose meals don't fit him.

We should be careful about taking things as they come. Many a man has got into jail just that way.

Very few people lose their minds because their neighbors lose their money.

French Socialists Arrested To-day.

CHARGED WITH PLOTTING TO OVERTHROW THE REPUBLIC — OTHER ARRESTS ARE IMMINENT.

Paris, April 30.—(Special)—M. Griffuehles, Socialist leader and Secretary of the Labor Confederation, and Xavier Fuellant, Bonarpartist, were arrested this morning for alleged connection with a plot to overthrow the Republic.

The fact that Griffuehles has been coupled by the authorities with the Bonapartist Fuellant has aroused a storm of indignation in the Labor party, which until now has been a staunch supporter of the Third Republic as opposed to monarchism and resents the slight upon the party's good faith.

The houses of several members of the Labor Confederation were searched by the authorities this morning.

M. Levy, head of the Labor Confederation, was also arrested to-day on the charge of being connected with the alleged plot against the Government.

It is stated that the arrest of many other known Royalists and Bonapartists is imminent.

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Daily quotations furnished to H. R. Beattie by J. R. Heintz & Co.

New York, April 30

Stock	Op'g	Close
Atchison	88½	89⅞
do pref	100⅞	101
St. Paul	163⅞	161½
Mop	89⅞	89½
Union Pac	145¼	147
C.P.R.	157⅞	10 ½
Sou Pac	63½	64½
R I	25	25½
Ills. C.	166⅞	170
Sou. Ry	36½	37½
Texas	29½	30¼
B & O	107	107⅞
N W C	134⅞	134
Penn	136¼	136⅞
Soo	152	154
T. W.	112⅞	114⅞
Erie	39½	41
do pref	77	77
Reading	120⅞	123
C. O	53½	55½
O W	45¼	46⅞
Manhattan	153	155
W C	23½	24
L & N.	141½	143½
A. F.	35½	39½
Nor	85	87⅞
Wab.	19½	20½
do pref	41½	43½
A.K	115	119
C. G W	18½	19½
T.C.I.	139	141½
U. S Steel	39	41
do pref	104⅞	106⅞
Sugar	131½	133
B.R.T.	74½	77½
P. O	89½	91
A. G. P.	101½	104⅞
Met.		....
Alo.	52	61
C.F.I.	46½	48

May wheat opened at 79¼ closed at 78⅞
July wheat opened at 79⅛; closed at 79
May corn opened at 46⅞; closed at 46⅞
July corn opened at 46⅛; closed at 46⅞
May Oats opened at 32⅞; closed at 32⅞
May pork opened at 15.75 closed at 15.77

H. R. Beattie,
BROKER.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

Bought or sold for cash or on margins. Correspondence invited.

42 Bridge St., Belleville.
'Phone 289.

FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Eliza Jane Johnson, widow of the late ex-Ald. Lawrence Johnson, will take place from her late residence, Tuesday at

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS.

A fine food for children. Builds robust health and satisfies their appetite. In three flavours, plain or with Chili or Tomato Sauce — all are good — 5c and 10c tins.

CALIFORNIA EXCURSIONS

Via Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line. Meeting Imperial Council, Noble Mystic Shrine, Los Angeles, Cal., May 7th to 10th. Official route of the Imperial Potentate's Special train. Round trip tickets at very low rates will be sold April 24th to May 5th. Final return limit July 31st, 1906. Choice of routes going and returning. Favorable stopover arrangements. Full particulars furnished on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont. 18—11t

In the Matter of Infringements of Trade Marks in Canada.

$100.00 Reward

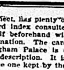
So many complaints have been received from all parts of Canada from people who have been deceived in the purchase of shoes represented to be Slater Shoes that we have decided to offer $100.00 reward to any person who will produce evidence which will result in the conviction of any dealer selling shoes and representing them to be

"Slater Shoes," "Slater Boots," "Slater Goods," "the Slater Shoe," or any other form of words calculated to deceive the public and lead them to believe that the dealer is handling Slater's Shoes.

It is our intention to actively prosecute imitators and infringers.

Such action is taken for the mutual protection of the public and of our Company. We are asking for the co-operation of the public. Our Inspector will be in this city shortly to investigate any information supplied.

Every shoe made by the Slater Shoe Company can be known as genuine only when the name and price is stamped on the sole. This is your Seal of Certainty in collecting evidence. This stamp is further emphasized for your protection by the trademark on the lining of the shoe.



This is the Stamp on the sole—and with it you will always find the price stamped.

All communications will be treated as confidential.

(Signed) CHARLES E. SLATER,
President of the Slater Shoe Company
MONTREAL.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

Advertisements under this heading TWO CENTS a word; subsequent consecutive insertions one cent a word. No local charged as less than twenty-five words.

The subscription price of THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER is $3.00 per annum, or 25 cents per month. Subscriptions must be paid strictly in advance.

Our spring shipment of screen doors and windows just received, all the newest designs. — The Hudson Hardware Co. 30-6t

A regular session of the City Council will be held this evening.

As the result of a call on Saturday evening an arrest was made.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at Intelligencer Office by J. D. Ford. Also at residence, Murney St.

Christ Church Social to be held in Oddfellows' Hall, Thursday eve., May 3rd, 1906. Refreshments and orchestra. Admission 15c. 28-30-2

HOW THE KING KNOWS.

A Modern Business Method Which Well Serves His Majesty.

Persons presented to foreign royalty, and in particular to King Edward and to Emperor William, often have been amazed and flattered by the marvelous knowledge which the sovereigns in question seemed to possess of their families, their affairs, and their achievements, says the Marquise de Fontenoy. And they have been still more gratified when, after an interval of a number of years, on being brought once more in contact with the ruler, the latter seemed to have retained not only a perfect memory of the former meeting but also to have kept track of their doings in the meanwhile. Of course this conveys the impression to the people that the King or Emperor has been devoting a great deal more attention to their affairs and entertaining a far greater interest in their career than is really the case.

Curiosity has sometimes been expressed as to just how the "anointed of the Lord" manage to keep so well posted, since it is evident that not even the most encyclopedia of private secretaries could carry all this information in his head.

The fact of the matter is that the Emperor and the King, like newspaper editors and press agents, have discovered the value of card indexes and turn them to excellent account. Those of King Edward are in charge of the clerks not of Lord Knollys' department but that of Gen. Sir Dighton Probyn, the keeper of the privy purse. They are kept at Buckingham Palace. Opposite each name on the cards, is a memorandum of the last occasion on which the bearer of the name was presented to the King and a suggestion of what was said on that occasion, as well as other points concerning him and his family, his achievements, and his career. As people seldom obtain access to a monarch without a previous appointment or invitation, the sovereign, knowing whom he is going to meet, has plenty of time to have the card index consulted and to prime himself beforehand with the necessary information. The card system at Buckingham Palace is of the most elaborate description. It is supplemented by the one kept by the Lord Chamberlain's department, where brief records of scandals affecting people in society are preserved so as to avoid the appearance at court of people compromised thereby.

Escaped But Is Soon Captured.

Brantford, April 30.—A man named McKay, tried at the Police Court for stealing a watch from a jeweler, was found guilty and sentenced to six months in the Central Prison. Saturday afternoon McKay was shovelling coal in the basement of the jail and made his escape by sawing through one of the coal shutes. He was caught two miles out of the city.

When Lowell Was Suspended.

A biography of James Russell Lowell says of a famous incident of the poet's college life: "Throughout his senior year his unexcused absences from recitations and chapel exercises increased in number until they reached a total that even now is startling to an academically trained reader. Finally, so the story runs, there came a characteristic ebullition during one of his infrequent appearances at evening prayers that brought matters to a head. Having been elected in the morning poet of his class, Lowell had spent the day in ambrosial jubilation. At prayers that evening, being still jubilant, he arose in his seat and bowed low to the right and to the left. Coming at the end of a long career of consistent negligence, this breach of decorum was not to be passed in silence." Lowell was as a consequence suspended.

European Jiu Jitsu.

A French teacher of boxing points out that an art of self defense approximately equivalent to jiu jitsu was known in Europe in the seventeenth century. Its principles are expounded in a work by one Nicolas Peters, published at Amsterdam in 1674 and bearing the lengthy explanatory title; "The art of wrestling and how one can protect oneself in all kinds of quarrels that may occur; how one can with agility and rapidity repel all unfair attacks and meet one's adversary with science." The work is illustrated. The author apparently anticipated many of the characteristic grips of the Japanese exponents of today.

A Prod.

"It is a great mistake, Mabel, to trifle with the affections of a man who loves you by encouraging some one else."

"Well, he's a little slow, auntie. I think he needs a pacemaker."

War to the Knife.

Gladys—Shall you marry Jack if I refuse him? Maud—Yes, and if you accept him!

What makes old age so sad is not that our joys but our hopes cease.—Richter.

Ingrain Wall Paper Bargains

For the balance of this month we will offer our entire stock of Ingrain Papers, red excepted, at *10c per roll* when buying in combination.

We have a stock of 3000 rolls of new Ingrains, and if any person tells you Ingrain Papers are old fashioned, you can put such parties down as such.

Ingrain papers are used today as liberally as they ever have been, although not the same novelty as they were when first coming on the market.

We have on sale this week also 4500 rolls of new papers at especial prices.

350 Rolls of 50c Papers for 35c
500 Rolls of 35c Paper for 25c
650 Rolls of 25c Paper for 15c
1000 Rolls of 15c Paper for 10c
1000 Rolls 10c Paper for 5c
1000 Rolls 5c Paper for 3c
—Total 4,500 Rolls.

AT SCANTLEBURY'S.

Where you always get the best at the closest prices and a guaranteed stock of 100,000 rolls to select from

C. B. SCANTLEBURY,
Decorator and Designer.
A competant staff of skilled artizans at our command.

HARD TO BEAT

The amount of care and trouble we go to, to make our suits the best there are anywhere, but that's what we're in business for to do the best we can for you.

Our Made-to-Measure Suit business is growing because our tactics deserve trade.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON.
Tailors & Furnishers.

Some Houses
. . MISLEAD THE PUBLIC . .
WITH OLD STOCK
WE ARE SOLE AGENTS in the city for
The King Hat
GEORGE T. WOODLEY, OPPOSITE FOOTBRIDGE

SO MANY CUSTOMERS THIS SEASON

Have told us our *WALLPAPERS* were the *BEST and CHEAPEST* in the city, that we are now accepting the statement without argument. If you will give us an opportunity, we will be pleased to show you these papers, then you will know why we claim they are the BEST VALUES in Belleville.

Our CARPET, RUG and CURTAIN Stock is the LARGEST one we have ever shown, and prices the SMALLEST we have ever quoted. We can certainly save you some money on Carpets, Rugs, etc.

T. P. BROWN,
See our special values in Linoleums and Oilcloths.

MELCHER'S
Red Cross
CANADIAN GIN
BOIVIN, WILSON & CO., Montreal.

G. A. Bennett,
Carpenter. Joiner. Builder
WORKSHOP AND OFFICE,
Victoria Avenue,
(Next McCrodan's Grocery.)

Estimates furnished, work promptly and carefully executed; prices moderate.

— SPECIALIST ON —
Parquette and Hardwood Floors
Grills and Fireplace Mantels.
Building and House Repairs & Alterations.
Office and Store Fixtures, also Cabinet Work and Furniture Repairs

It may be possible to love two women at the same time, but not if they know it.

We are all apt to strain at a gnat and swallow a camel, but it is always the other fellow's gnat and our camel.

Hart's Filters

None Superior
Every Family Needs One
Removes all Impurities

Full discription furnished on receipt of Postal card.

Belleville Pottery Co.

A quick lunch maketh a slow liver.

Spring Beauties

That's the way the ladies speak of our *New Spring Footwear*

All the kinds of fashion in shape and finish are here and at prices to suit all purses.

SEE OUR

Ladies' Boots & Oxford Shoes

At $1.25, $1.50 and 2

Made with Heavy or Light Soles.

Light soles are much in evidence this season.

A complete stock of the *NEW EMPRESS* and *DOROTHY DODD SHOES* at popular prices.

A large variety of *CHILDREN'S SHOES* in colors and black.

The J. J. Haines

SHOE HOUSES –Belleville. Napanee & Trenton.

Take the Night Train to Pittsburg Over the

LAKE SHORE RAILWAY

FROM BUFFALO

You will rest in the roomy berths of the famous Lake Shore Sleeping Cars as perfectly as in your own bed at home. All trains over this road are equipped with every comfort and convenience for the traveler that even the most fastidious may require.

Shortest Time Greatest Comfort

Perfect Safety

Direct connections for all east, west and southern points

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—OF—
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HIGH AVERAGE INTEREST RATE

Ice Cream.

Nothing to equal it as a desert.
Wholesome, often ordered for Invalids.
Made from pure, fresh cream every day
Our trade is such that you need not fear of getting stal cream.
Delivered well packed—*50 cents per Quart.*

Ed. F. Dickens.
CATERER

INTELLIGENCER JOB OFFICE
FOR CHEAP AND ARTISTIC WORK.

Daily Intelligencer.

TIMELY TOPICS.

THE RIVER OF YOUTH.

From all the golden hills of dream,
Dew-cool and rainbow kissed,
It twines and curls a silver stream
Through valleys hung with mist.

Down past Enchanted woods to where
Romance walks ever young,
Where Kings ride forth to take the air
On steeds with velvet hung.

Where Secret Stairways tempt the bold,
Where Pirate Caves abound,
And many a chest of Spanish gold
May solemnly be found.

Through magic years it twines and creeps
Past towers of peacock blue,
Where still some captive Princess sleeps,
And dreams come, always true!

Then gleam by gleam the light goes out,
Then darkened, grief by grief,
It sighs into our Sea of Doubt
And Manhood's Unbelief!

* * *

Emperor Nick will open Parliament on May 10. This is what the insurance companies would term a bomb risk.

* * *

Of San Francisco's population more than 5,200 were born in Canada, and 24,000 in England and Ireland.

* * *

The water in the St. Lawrence is seven feet higher than usual. This should be no invitation to Montreal milkmen to work harder to keep down the supply.

* * *

While the clergymen may differ about other features of the San Francisco disaster, most people will deem it a judgment on the fire insurance companies anyway.

* * *

Those scientists keep the thing up. Now it is predicted that the supply of water will give out. This announcement should be an encouragement to brewers.

* * *

"Garage," is a French word being introduced into the English language by automobilists. The plain English for it is a shed where you keep your auto at night.

* * *

New York labor leaders are demanding that the white tower at Coney Island be torn down and rebuilt because it was not built by union labor. A delegation will shortly be sent over to look for the union label on the Pyramids.

* * *

Now they want, in the United States, to investigate the bank directors who gave the stockholders' money to the campaign committees. If this thing keeps up it will soon be so that an eminently respectable gentleman can't give away anybody's money but his own.

* * *

A public school magazine contains this courteous announcement. "The editor will be very pleased to hear of the deaths of any of the old boys." No doubt the old boys will oblige the editor from time to time.

* * *

Much interest is being created by the preparations of Walter Wellman, a Chicago newspaperman, for a trip by balloon to the north pole. It is admitted that he will get much fame on account of this trip, but it is held that most of that desirable thing will come before he sets out. The Detroit News evidently has not much faith in Mr. Wellman's ability to reach the pole. It says: "Mr. Wellman starts out under favorable auspices. He has a large share of his fame at the outset, and might take the advice of the literary cynic who advised those seeking fame to let it be known that they are preparing a great work, but by no means to prepare it, for that would destroy the illusion. A few years ago Andree started from northern Spitzbergen to reach the pole by balloon, but instead of sailing north he drifted east until his gas bag sank into the ice water and the ambitious aeronaut perished. Within recent years some partial successes have been obtained with dirigible balloons, but none of these have been able to cover a quarter of the length of the route to the pole, saying nothing at all about the return trip. If Mr. Wellman is making an attempt in good faith one may admire his courage, but his discretion cannot be respected. The most experienced navigators of the air have accomplished nothing that would justify such an attempt, and Mr. Wellman cannot be classed even among these."

FINAL NOTICE.

All holders of tags, certificates or coupons redeemable for premiums are requested to send them in for redemption without delay and get their premiums, as we will positively close our premium department on April 30th, 1906, after which date no tags, certificates or coupons will be received or redeemed.

The Empire Tobacco Company
THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY OF CANADA.
THE B. HOUDE COMPANY.

* * *

THE ROSS RIFLE.

(Ottawa Journal.)

"A pretty weapon; a handy weapon at short ranges, a doubtful arm at long ranges, and costing the country several dollars more per rifle than it ought to."

Such were the words an expert rifle shot used to The Journal recently in regard to the Ross rifle, which the Dominion Government is under contract to pay quarter of a million dollars a year for during several years, until in short the whole defensive force of Canada is armed with it.

A considerable number of riflemen, including many volunteer officers, have given opinions regarding this rifle to The Journal. None has been very favorable. That taken all in all it is superior to the present weapon with which the volunteers are equipped, no one has asserted; while it is a comparatively expensive article.

The Dominion Senate, in which reference has been made to the contract, might do useful service to the country by instituting an examination of the question, and taking expert evidence as to the worth of the rifle. The matter is one of great importance to Canada.

GREAT SHOW AT WARWICK.

Historical Pageant to Review 19 Centuries of History.

All Warwick is at work in preparation for the great historical pageant which is to take place at the castle in July, and which is to extend over several days.

Over 5,000 seats already are booked for the spectacle, in which lords and ladies, rich and poor, great and small, will take part. Every mail brings inquiries from both home and abroad.

Tickets in large numbers have been taken by notable county families. Lord and Lady Warwick will attend with a party, including the Duchess of Sutherland and Lord and Lady Helmsley.

One episode, "The Kingmaker," will be in the hands of Lord and Lady Willoughby de Broke and a company of distinguished amateurs. More than fifty horsemen will appear in the scene galloping into the arena from hidden woodland paths.

The pageant will be a continuous panorama of gorgeous scenes representing nineteen centuries of the history of Warwick.

Commencing with Caractacus and resistance to the Roman conquerors in the first century, the pageant will carry the spectators rapidly through a stirring story in eleven episodes. The most striking will be the trial and execution of Piers Gaveston and the arrival of Queen Elizabeth in a stage coach drawn by four horses and her departure in a stage barge manned by sixteen rowers.

Other scenes will deal in picturesque fashion with notable incidents in the history of Warwick, winding up with a magnificent tableau in which all the characters will appear as well as figures representing fourteen young Warwicks in America, Canada, and Queensland grouped round a stately figure impersonating the mother of the town.

The scene of the pageant will be a lawn sloping down to the river. The most elaborate piece of "stage property" is the head of the Dun cow, which, after devastating the country, was slain by Guy of Warwick. It will be brought into view on a trolley. This monster will breathe fire from its nostrils and its huge eyes, composed of big red glass plates, will be illuminated by electric lights.

Profits of Indian Mine.

Another chapter in the romantic story of the Mysore Gold Mining Co. closed, when at the annual meeting in the Canon street Hotel, dividends were declared totalling 145 per cent. for the second year in succession.

The profit for the year was stated to be £450,556, the superintendent reporting that the year has been one of the busiest in the history of the company. The mills had crushed 195,650 tons of quartz, yielding 184,957 ounces of bar gold.

As far as age and consistency in dividends are concerned, the Mysore Gold Mine is probably the richest in the world, and yet there hangs in the London office of the company a framed certificate of the transfer of 1,000 £1 shares at the price of ninepence each. Such shares would be worth £14 each to-day.

For the last ten years the dividends paid have ranged between 100 and 150 per cent. per annum. Since 1883 the lowest dividend for one year has been 10 per cent.

Schoolboy Humorists.

Here are some "howlers" of British schoolboys: "Chaucer," we are told, "wrote a middle-class English"; "Every German goes to school at an early age, however old he is"; "An axis is an imaginary line on which the earth is supposed to take its daily routine"; "The Pharisees were people who liked to show off their goodness by praying in synonymes"; "A sower went forth to sow, and as he sowed he fell by the wayside, and thieves sprang up and choked him"; "The larynx is the voice box, and shuts when we swallow it."

A FAMOUS SWINDLER.

Edward Donkin, Who Posed as a Priest, Ends a Long Career of Crime —Died in England.

Edward Donkin, "bishop of Santa Croce of Antioch" and holder of several other self-conferred ecclesiastical titles, is dead in London. He was one of the most picturesque small swindlers in the world.

For fifteen years he ranged the world from Australia to Milwaukee, obtaining money and getting credit upon his pretensions of ecclesiastical position and great piety. He swindled all the branches of the Catholic church impartially, posing at various times as a priest of the Roman Catholics, the Greek Catholics, the Old Catholics, and the Church of England.

He worked monasteries by the dozen, and his changes of faith were swifter and more dazzling than those of the vicar of Bray. Yet so pious were his ways and so great was his learning in theology that there remained hundreds of people in England who believed until last year that he was a persecuted and unfortunate holy man.

He was exposed in 1905 by Labouchere in The London Truth, and a part of his life was made public.

Origin Is Unknown.

Just who Donkin was no one knows. It is said that he was born in England of good family. He appeared first in Australia in the early '90s and entered a Benedictine monastery.

He represented himself there as an Oxford M. A. and a Roman Catholic. The fathers were deceived by his apparent piety, and he was taken into the monastery as a novice.

He did not remain long, although he seems to have picked up there the foundations of his priestly knowledge which he used afterward.

In 1893 he appeared in England. Here he made his first change of religion. He represented himself as an Anglican priest, and got a curacy in the diocese of Bath and Wells.

He had presented forged credentials, and when this was discovered he was deposed. He bobbed up again as a Roman Catholic at Glastonbury. There he asked for admission to a French monastery, representing himself as a young man of fashion who was tired of the world.

Things were going well, when it was discovered that he had rolled up large debts in the neighborhood on the strength of his connection with the monastery. That ended him there.

Tries Another Monastery.

At Downside, near Bath, he tried it on another monastery. That time he was an Anglican clergyman who wanted to enter the Roman Catholic faith, and he presented forged letters of ordination from the Bishop of Bath who had deposed him from his curacy.

This was discovered before long, but not before he had touched Roman Catholic clergymen in London during one of his absences from the monastery. Next he caught the famous Father Ignatius, superior of Llanthony Abbey.

Father Ignatius was duped for a long time, but an accident proved to him that Donkin had been telling him a string of lies about his family and property. The Catholic papers of England bulletined him as a fraud, and he left the country for the time being.

After that he abandoned the church graft for a time and worked Paris as a British nobleman. A year or two later a party of monks from Downside found him in a Benedictine monastery in Rome. There he did a term in jail for frauds which he had perpetrated.

After his release he tried England again, nearly persuaded the monks of a Capuchin establishment to take him in as a converted Anglican priest, and was caught just in time. That time the affair received so much publicity that he started for America.

Sent to Prison in Chicago.

All the details of his American career are not definitely known. He appeared first in Buffalo in 1899. There he had a "mission" and was associated with one "Father Basil," known to the police all over the world, and finally sent to prison in Chicago.

When he appeared in Milwaukee he represented himself as a "Church of England missioner, St. Augustine' priory, London." The high church clergy of the diocese took him up, and he preached in several churches.

He moved on to Cleveland. There he founded an independent Catholic church and did well. But there was another scandal. He was arrested, but escaped conviction. Nevertheless the town was made so hot for him that he left for Rochester. The same thing happened there, although the case never got into the courts.

Rome Is His Hoodoo.

Rome was his hoodoo. He had little more than started his old game of an Anglican convert when he was caught and did another term in jail. Then one morning there appeared a note in the London papers saying that "Mgr. Benedict Count Donkin, bishop of Santa Croce, in Antioch, has been appointed vicar apostolic of the Old Catholic church in Southern Switzerland by the patriarch of Antioch."

There is no such bishopric in the Old Catholic church, and there is no such office as vicar-general of southern Switzerland. This, however, was his notice to England that he was coming back.

First he bobbed up in Switzerland to assume his new office. There he swindled the widow with whom he boarded to such an extent that she had to go through bankruptcy.

He arrived in England as the bishop of Santa Croce. The charity of believers in the Old Catholic church, some of whom he converted himself, established him in an oratory.

Beyond contracting debts on the strength of his ecclesiastical position, he did not show his hand until he worked a false draft for £200 on a Mr. Fisher.

At this time Labouchere started in on him and published a fair summary of his record, which created a sensation in England. He was arrested for the draft operation, but was acquitted.

Last January Donkin fell ill. He had contracted tuberculosis in prison, and he was taken also with heart weakness. From his death bed he issued a pious pastoral letter, asserting that he was the truly consecrated bishop of Santa Croce, and that those who denied it were persecuting him. He was cared for in his last days by people of Oxford who had attended his "oratory."

LAKE ONTARIO & BAY OF QUINTE STEAMBOAT CO., LIMITED.

Str. "Aletha"

Between

Belleville--Picton--Kingston

Commencing April 17th, steamer will leave Belleville for Picton, Kingston and intermediate Bay of Quinte ports on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.00 a.m. Returning will arrive on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10.20 p.m.

Right reserved to change time with or without notice.

Freight handled promptly and with care.

For further information apply to E. E. HORSEY, General Manager.
THE SCHUSTER CO., Agents, Belleville, Ont.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Time of departure from Belleville Station:

Going East.

No. 8.—12.45 a.m., Mail train, daily, except Monday.
No. 2—1.30 a.m. Fast train (Flyer), daily.
No. 16.—Local for Brockville, 7 a.m., arrives back from Brockville 8.40 p.m., daily, except Sunday.
No. 6—11.15 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 4—12.06 p.m., Express, daily.
No. 12.—5.55 p.m., Local Passenger Daily, except Sunday.

Going West.

No. 5.—2.22 a.m., Mail and Express, Daily, except Monday.
No. 3.—4.02 a.m., Limited Express, daily.
No. 9.—5.50 a.m., Local Passenger, Daily, except Sunday. Leaving Toronto at 5.10 p.m., arrives in Belleville at 9.10 p.m.
No. 11.—11.08 a.m., Passenger, Daily, Daily, except Sunday.
No. 1.—1.40 p.m., International Limited, Daily.
No. 7.—5.03 p.m., Mail and Express Daily, except Sunday.

MIDLAND RAILWAY.

Belleville and Peterboro.

Going West.

	Leave.	Arr. Peterboro
Mail	5.45 a.m.	8.10 a.m.
Mixed	5.55 p.m.	9.05 p.m.

Going East.

	Arr.	L've Peterboro
Mixed	11.20 a.m.	8.25 a.m
Mail	4.25 p.m.	2.05 p.m

Belleville and Madoc.

Going North.

	L've.	Arr. Madoc
Mixed	12.20 p.m.	1.20 p.m.
Mixed	6.30 p.m.	7.40 p.m.

Going South.

	Arr.	L've Madoc
Mixed	5.00 p.m.	8.45 p.m.

None of the above trains run on Sunday.

HOUSECLEANING AIDS—

- WOODEN TUBS.
- FIBRE TUBS.
- WASH BOARDS.
- CLOTHES LINES.
- WHITEWASH BRUSHES.
- SCRUB BRUSHES.
- STOVE BRUSHES.
- CEILING BROOMS.
- WHISKS.
- LIQUID AMMONIA.
- POWDERED AMMONIA.
- CONCENTRATED LYE.
- NAPTHA POWDER.
- GOLD DUST.
- PEARLINE.
- WASHING SODA.
- WHITING.
- BORAX.
- SAPOLIO.
- BEN AMI, ETC.

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Money to Loan upon favorable terms.

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G. P. C. PHILLIPS,
Manager Belleville Branch.

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ENVELOPES.—Bond, Laid, Wove or Manilla, sizes 7 and 8, printed with your business address, from $1.25 to $3.00 per 1000. A large range of business and calling cards—ladies' and gentlemen's—all prices. Programmes and all kinds of printing at most reasonable rates at The Menu Cards, Toast Lists, Invitations, Intelligencer Job Department,

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

$78.65

TO CALIFORNIA AND RETURN.

Good going April 24th, May 5th; return limit July 31st.

and

$80.65

Good going June 24th to July 7th; return limit, Sept. 15th. Account National Educational Convention, San Francisco.

Choice of any direct route going and returning, and certain stop-over privileges allowed.

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Seventh Avenue, Amsterdam Ave. and West 130th St. Cars pass the door.
Luxurious rooms for permanent and transient guests.
Restaurant a Feature.
Exquisite Palm Room.
Art Nouveau Cafe.
Royal Hungarian Orchestra.

"Most Artistically Beautiful Hotel in the World." Can offer few single rooms, with bath, beautifully furnished, suitable for two people, $60 per month.

TRANSIENT RATES:

One Room, with bath.............$2.50 per day
Parlor, Bedroom, with bath, $3 and $5 per day
Parlor, 2 Bedrooms, with bath, $5 and $7 per day

Every improvement known to modern ingenuity.

Write for our magazine, "The Hotel Belleclaire World."

MILTON ROBLEE, Proprietor.

HOTEL TOURAINE

Delaware Ave. & Johnson Park
BUFFALO, N. Y.

A modern, high-class and convenient stopping place, offering every accommodation for the comfort and pleasure of transient guests. Moderate prices.

– Harry C. Griswold, Proprietor.

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& Hudson River R.

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SHORTEST Route to the United States via Cape Vincent, N.Y.

GOING EAST AND WEST

	Daily except Sunda	
Lv. Belleville (G.T.R.	1.39 a.m.	noon
Arr. Kingston "	3.25 a.m.	1.25 p.m.
Lv. Kingston (steamer)	5.00 a.m.	2.30 p.m.
Arr. CapeVincent (str.)	7.00 a.m.	4.00 p.m.
Mondays only		
Lv. CapeVincent N.Y.C.	7.15 a.m.	4.50 p.m.
Arr. Watertown "	8.10 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
Arr. Oswego "	11.59 a.m.	9.12 p.m.
Arr. Syracuse "	12.13 p.m.	9.33 p.m.
Arr. Rochester "	2.28 p.m.	....
Arr. Utica "	12.20 a.m.	0.00 p.m.
Arr. New York "	5.48 p.m.	7.12 a.m.

Convenient train service in opposite direction

Pullman Sleeping and Parlor Cars

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Books for 500 miles of travel on New York Central and leased lines within State of New York, cost only $10, while books for 1000 miles over New York Central, Boston & Albany, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, Philadelphia & Reading and C.R.R. of New Jersey, cost $20. Secure further information and purchase tickets from H. S. Folger, N.Y.C. agent, Kingston, Ont.

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G. C. GRIDLEY, Gen'l Agent. Watertown, N.Y.

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Will cost enough without being obliged to re-paint it the second year, because you bought inferior paint.

NO SUCH RISK

by using our Paint—guaranteed to be the BEST and we have the largest assortment of foreign Wall Paper in Canada.

All Work Guaranteed.

John Cornelius,

The City Painter and Decorator.

Some people are merely the table decorations at the fast of reason.

The Adventurers

By H. B. MARRIOTT WATSON

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"It was a noise—it woke me up," explained Montgomery. "Sheppard relieved me at 11, and I turned in, feeling very sleepy. I thought I slept like a log, but something got on my nerves, I suppose. At any rate, it woke me up."

"My dear lad, what was it?" I asked impatiently.

"It came from the back of the bed," he answered. "It was a sound of feet."

"Something within the walls," I argued; "mice, beetles."

Montgomery shook his head. "Come and listen," he pleaded.

I followed him. Certainly he was the least imaginative young man in the world, and it puzzled me that he should have taken this whim. Perhaps it was not fancy! Suddenly Mrs. Main's statement, which I had doubted and ridiculed, returned to my mind in a flow of memory.

Montgomery's room stood upon the back of the castle and, like all the rooms which were in use, faced the park. It was a small, square chamber, lined, as had been practiced throughout the castle, with oak. Montgomery pointed to the pillow. "My head was there," he explained. "Listen!"

I lay down upon the bed and rested. "There's nothing to be heard," said I.

"Wait," said Montgomery eagerly.

A silence ensued. "Don't you hear anything?" he asked.

I shook my head. "My dear boy, it was fancy," I said and was raising my head from the pillow when suddenly a slight sound struck upon my ears, and I paused in the act and in the center of my speech. "I hear something now," I said. "But it's only the patter of rain."

Montgomery set his ear to the wall. "That's not rain," he whispered. He was right; it was not rain; it was the noise of feet falling lightly upon stone. At once I took fire.

"What is behind this oak?" I asked. "There must be some passage here." I sounded with my knuckles on the board. "It's hollow."

A careful inspection with the candle revealed a seam in the oak, which might mark the site of hinges, and together we pushed firmly on the panel. It fell back slowly, being, as I found afterward, without lock or spring and merely held in its place by disuse and dirt. Within, the light shone upon a black hole and a dark flight of stairs leading downward.

"We must see the end of this," said Montgomery, and hopped into the darkness like a frog. I followed. Below there was now silence; the footsteps had died away. The narrow flight in the wall continued for some thirty steps and brought us, as I reckoned, to the foundations of the castle. Here we were fetched up promptly by a blank wall of wood—no doubt a similar encasement of oak as that in which the panel above was set. Groping about, we fumbled upon a latch and opened the door quietly. The candle flared on the walls opposite. We were in the dark corridor leading to the treasure.

As this discovery flashed on me I heard once more the sound that I had detected in Montgomery's room—the sound of delicate footfalls on the stone flags. Blowing out the candle and putting a detaining hand on Montgomery, I drew back into the niche of that secret place. The sounds drew nearer, dropping regularly on the air and echoing faintly in the long tunnel. And then a figure, wrapped in darkness, but palpable to every sense save that of the sight, emerged, passed and faded before us. The footsteps pattered away into the distance.

The panel fell back slowly.

I waited a few moments, and then, stooping, shook off my boots, bidding my companion do the same. That done, we stepped out into the corridor and plunged into the blackness of the night.

The blood in my body ran like a mill race, but left my brain clear and bright in eddies. I was not blind to the probabilities of this adventure, which had now stepped out of the supernatural and become merely human and prosaic.

Here was one of our determined foes perambulating within the precincts of our hold, and even admitted to that privy place near which the hoard of treasure lay. Slowly and with great caution we followed. Our naked feet made no sound, but it was difficult to grope one's way in the darkness. Our direction lay round the castle walls and toward the drum towers, and it was upon the flight of stairs mounting to the guardroom in the northern tower that we came presently. The door at the top of this staircase stood ajar, and, proceeding with still greater care, we climbed up and looked through the chinks.

A lantern, newly lit and shedding a dull glow through the opaque glasses, was set upon the floor and cast the long, black shadow of a man against the wall. He was standing near the short, deep embrasure that yawned in the massive stone walls of the drum tower, scrutinizing the valley below. What could he be there for? As I wondered, turning over the circumstances in my excited mind, he stooped, and, picking up the lantern, thrust it into the window, waving it from side to side. I suppose this was in response to some signal from the valley, but I paid little heed to it at the time, being suddenly interested in a recognition. It was Hood!

I will confess that the identification of that unmistakable lean body and black head filled me with a sudden disquietude of which it would have been hard to give the reason. The very silence of the man sowed fear and mistrust in my heart. And so it was that instead of breaking from our hiding place and seizing the impudent intruder I put a hand on Montgomery and constrained him to retire with me into the lower passages. We concealed ourselves in one of the side galleries and there awaited Hood's return, for that he would return I had no doubt. Evidently he and Sercombe communicated with each other by means of flashing lights, and it was equally evident that Sercombe's signal must have been to postpone action. I could see pretty plainly the method Hood intended to adopt. He was to admit the marauders to the castle by lowering the drawbridge and raising the portcullis, after which they would have the three of us at their mercy. But the presence of the police in the neighborhood had saved us from that fate for one night at least, and, thanks to Montgomery's quick ears, it would be strange if we did not manage to put another face on the position by the morrow.

I was right in my conjecture, for shortly afterward we heard the returning feet sound along the stones. He passed the end of our passage, holding his lantern before him, and when he had disappeared we hurried out into the corridor and sped after him. Once we saw the spot of light that glowed in the vicinity of that shadow pause and waver. I dare say that some sound had caught his ear, and he turned and listened. We shrank into the protection of the wall until the footsteps had resumed their way. By this time I had guessed his errand, or at least his destination. He was bound for the treasure chamber in the keep and had probably come from there previously. Possibly it had been his hiding place. Here again my assumption proved correct, and we watched him open the cupboard in the wall and vanish like an expert, lantern and all, into the abyss.

"We must take him tonight," said I to Montgomery. "It won't do to let him get out of range."

Montgomery nodded and, cautiously approaching, pulled open the door in the wall. Drawing himself up, he clambered through the space and slid down into the farther room, making wonderfully small noise for so huge a body. I followed. But Hood was not in the lower room—at least there was no light to pierce the utter darkness—and, moreover, I think we both knew that he was in the loft above us. Together we crawled up the steps and once more looked in through the friendly aperture of a door upon the chief of our bitter enemies. Hood, kneeling upon the floor, was bent over the chests which contained the treasure.

Suddenly he started and lifted his head. It may have been that the door creaked, or perhaps he caught the sound of our breathing. All I know is that the next moment, and just as Montgomery leaped forward at a stride upon him, he put out his arm and with a swift movement overturned the lantern. The room was at once plunged in darkness, darkness so thick and gravelike that it was incredible. Eternal night dwelt and brooded in those rayless dungeons, and she resumed her empire greedily from that meek, usurping candle. Montgomery's rush carried him to the corner where the boxes lay, but he encountered no one. Hood by some slippery movement had glided away, and where he was in the solid darkness neither of us could say. I gathered this from the silence that ensued upon Montgomery's spring. I heard him pick himself up, and then there was a hush. I stood with my back against the door in a state of intense suspense. There came a slight soft sound, and a dagger whizzed past me and struck in the oak with a loud tang. I sprang forward, but my fist took the air.

Montgomery, from his corner, made a rush toward me, and I heard another of those horrid "tangs" and an exclamation of pain. Then there fell silence again, and presently an invisible person seemed to pass before me. I thrust out my arms, and again a soft and slender form touched me gently, and there came the clang and clatter of a knife upon the wall, pinning my coat sleeve to the woodwork; but upon that there bore down upon us the sprawling form of Montgomery, and two people were fighting upon the floor before me. Tap, tap, tap went the horrid knife upon the floor, and then silence again, broken only by heavy noises in the throat. With formidable fears in my breast, I struck a match, casting a thread of light upon the scene of the struggle. Hood lay in Montgomery's arms, crumpled like a snake whose back is broken, one hand (which held a knife) stretched inert along the floor, his head thrown back, his face white through its sallow discoloration, and his eyelids lowered over his strange eyes.

"Good heavens, you have killed him!" said I.

Montgomery looked doubtful. "I don't think so," he panted; "but he was the very devil to tackle with that knife of his. I may have squeezed too hard. Something did crack, but"—

I pulled him aside. "Light the lantern, old chap," I said.

Hood fell loosely to the floor as Montgomery moved his arms, and opened his eyes, which fell on me sharp and ardent, burning with a violent light. He sat up.

Hood was bent over the chests.

"You have me, sir," he remarked.

"Yes, my man," said I cheerfully, "I think we may go so far as to say that."

Hood turned on his side, and I kicked the dagger out of his reach.

"If you don't mind, sir, I should like to be eating something," he said quietly. "I've had nothing all day."

He looked toward the treasure chests, and I perceived upon one of these the preparations for a meal. I laughed. "You know the house well, I see, Hood."

"Yes, sir," said he. "I've done a good deal of foraging, sir, at one time and another."

"Very well. Have your meal," I agreed. "Any bones broken?"

"Thank you, sir; none, sir. A bit stiff, sir; that's all."

"Then I think we'll leave you to your supper, Hood," I said. I examined the candle in the lantern; it would last some hours. Ere it burned out I would revisit the prisoner with some supplies.

"You are not going to keep him here?" asked Montgomery in some surprise.

I nodded. "For the present."

We passed out, and I turned the key in the lock.

"He'll stifle in there," expostulated Montgomery.

"Oh, dear, no!" said I. "It's not the first time the keep has been used as a dungeon, though I dare say it will be the last."

I think the boy took a grewsome fear of me on that occasion, regarding me with horror as a malevolent and barbarous tyrant, but in truth I had a purpose in my seeming malice, as will appear.

CHAPTER XIV.

We had now a prisoner of war, lawfully taken in the flagrant act, and must consider what to do with him. For myself, I had already solved the riddle in my own way. To say the truth, I was getting a distaste for the adventure. It implied too many hard knocks, too rough a usage for a summer holiday, and, what was much worse, it entailed on me a grave responsibility.

It seemed to me that the drift of these lawless events was wholly in the direction of murder. The word was ugly enough, but it must be faced. Murder is what the law would call it, and murder was what it came near being at the best. The capture of Hood, then, opened a road of escape, and I had already resolved to employ it. Of course it would have been possible still to have surrendered the treasure to the crown or to have handed it into the possession of Sercombe's party; but, though I was reluctant to continue the bloody struggle, I was certainly indisposed to haul down my flag. If it were to be peace, it should be peace with honor. And the body of Hood gave me my means.

I was able after some argument to carry my point with the others. They had both a kindly fancy for the fighting and were inclined to take my announcement in a chapfallen manner. But I explained that I was making no decision of myself; that I was one of three and that I had merely offered the suggestion as my contribution to the counsels of war. Upon that I added the very cogent reasons which I had prepared in favor of my advice, and the end of the talk was that they accepted the plans I unfolded.

To execute my scheme it was necessary to see Sercombe. But first I must pay a visit to the prisoner, who by the time we had arrived at a conclusion had lain in the blackness of that abominable dungeon for five hours. Sheppard, indeed, had been eager to interview him, and upon hearing of the capture had at once betaken himself to the keep. He was absent half an hour, but I did not inquire what he had been doing. I merely looked at him interrogatively when he returned, which he did wearing a graver face than was usual to him. Noting the inquiry in my glance, he shook his head.

"That man is dangerous," he said—"abnormally dangerous."

"Montgomery and I have occasion to know that," I replied. "He is a snake—that is the substantive—and I doubt very much whether we can kill him."

"I have my doubts whether we can even scotch him," said Sheppard dryly and then dismissed the subject.

Yet my conversation with Hood later was very commonplace and marked by no particular points. He kept his customary face of obsequiousness and gave me the briefest replies to my interrogations. I was specially exercised in my mind as to the manner of his entrance into the castle. For all his dexterity and cunning, I could not see how, carefully watched as our fortress was, he had managed to gain admittance over the drawbridge and through the closed portcullis. At the question, which was delivered point blank, he turned his luminous eyes upon me and regarded me with a shifty smile, the shadow of a smile, betokening no amusement.

"I don't mind telling you, sir," he murmured, "though it's not what I would say to most gentlemen. But you have been a gentleman, sir, throughout, and I should be proud to have served you. I came with the party in the morning, sir."

"What!" said I. "You were with the storming party?"

"Yes, sir. Seeing you engaged, I crept away. I know the house, sir, being with my poor master so long. And I don't hold with violence where you can do without it."

I opened my eyes. The man's plans were conceived with excellent craft. It would be the last thing I should have thought of, and yet it was so simple to take advantage of the confusion and secrete himself upon the battlements after his allies had fled.

"You are a rascal, Hood," I returned, not without admiration. "But you are a clever rascal."

"Thank you, sir," said Hood.

"Yes," I continued, "you have had a smart shot for it, but your game is up, my man. Clever as you are, I have you caged, and I think Captain Sercombe and his scoundrels are further from the gold than ever."

"It looks like it, sir," admitted Hood.

I looked round upon the dark and grimy walls. "This is a mean hole for a man of your parts to lie festering in," I said, "but I see no choice before you. You have made your own bed, and you must lie in it. A man might rot here and drop into the bones of a skeleton without sound or sense of the outside world. The bodies of many captives have decayed within these gloomy walls."

"Have they, indeed, sir?" said Hood politely. He sat upon one of the oaken cases, his eyes bent upon me earnestly, his body almost couchant for a spring. I could have believed the man was preparing a sudden assault upon me but that I knew he carried no weapon and I was of stronger and bigger build than he. But apparently nothing of the sort was in his mind. It was merely the deference due to my position which he proclaimed in that attention. That mask of the trained servant concealed his individuality now as ever. Never once had I seen the veil lifted and the real man exposed and naked to the light of day.

"Hood," said I, almost with a sigh of despair at his imperturbable calm, "do you want to stay here indefinitely?"

"Certainly not, sir; by your leave, sir," he answered promptly.

"Then upon what terms shall I offer you release?" His eyes dropped, and there was silence. "Remember," said I, "that no one outside ourselves is aware of your existence here. You may be hidden here till the day of judgment and none be the wiser, and even then your bones will scarcely see the light of day. What do you propose?"

Hood shifted his gaze to my face. "Anything that's convenient to you, sir. I'd rather leave it to you, sir."

I experienced a strange impulse to cry out with some emotion, but whether this was astonishment, anger or a mere sense of the ridiculous, or whether it was a combination of all three, I could not have said. I rose from my seat, controlling my voice with difficulty.

"Very well, Hood," I said. "It shall be left to me, as you suggest." And with that I stalked out of the dungeon and locked the door.

It was impossible to transact business with such a man. I felt the need of reciprocity, whereas dealing with Hood reminded me of nothing so much as of digging at a piece of rubber that will fly gently back when the pressure is removed. And so it must be with Sercombe that I should arrange the details of a compromise, or at least the terms of a truce if not of a permanent peace.

Sercombe was absent from the inn, but I learned that he was in Raymond, and, taking our horses, Montgomery and I rode across to the little town in the early hours of the afternoon. We ran upon the captain himself in High street and as we were making for the Swan to put up our nags. He welcomed us cheerily and, mopping his red forehead (for the day was very sultry), invited us to drink with him.

"Just stepping across to the Swan," said he. "Come along and put up your toes. Ecuador was nothing to this."

I accepted with a nod, and presently we were seated in the commercial room by the window that looked out upon the courtyard, sipping a cooling draft.

"I prefer," says the captain hospitably, "to drink in company rather than alone. And that's the distinction between a drinker and a drunkard, Master Montgomery. Take it from me." With which he threw back his head and took a long pull at his glass. "I have not felt so warm since I was in Abyssinia," he remarked.

"Ah," said I, "you are right, captain. Hot is the word. I'm sure from my heart I envy Hood."

Sercombe pricked up his ears, regarding me inquisitively.

"Yes," I went on, leaning back in my chair; "cool, damp floors, cold stone walls and neither the sun nor the moon to smite him—that's my notion of comfort this weather."

Sercombe paused in the act of drinking and put down his glass. "What is this conundrum, Mr. Greatorex?" he asked in a puzzled way.

"'Tis no conundrum," I replied airily. "By the way, where did you say your friend Hood was?"

He looked at me under his red eyebrows. "Mr. Hood," he said, "is on business of his own. He is a gentleman at large, but he has affairs."

"No doubt, no doubt," I remarked amiably. "This is an excellent cooling drink, captain."

Sercombe puffed at his cigar, continuing to study our faces. Upon Montgomery's, I dare say, he perceived a smile of triumph, for he suddenly put down his cigar and folded his hands on his head.

"I fancy we've got to come to an understanding, Mr. Greatorex," he said slowly. "I'm slow of wit, no doubt, but I begin to see daylight. But I will call on you to observe that I am not responsible for Mr. Hood's movements."

"I have never imagined so," I answered. "On the contrary."

A frown, rather than a scowl, crossed his face. "Has it ever fallen to you, Mr. Greatorex, to be tied in a leash; to be— But I reckon as a barrister you are not particular about your cases. You have messed up with many a dirty attorney."

"You felicitate me too much," said I, with a bow. "I am unfortunate enough never to have had a brief."

"Ah!" said the captain and was for a moment silent. "You have Hood?" he asked.

The man's intelligence was quick; his wits were plying even more quickly.

"We have the honor to possess a prisoner of war," said I.

"I congratulate you, sir," said he, "upon an event I had always anticipated." Then again he was quiet, seeming absorbed in thought, but suddenly he sat up. "See here, Mr. Greatorex," he said, "I will be frank with you. This thing has not gone according to my notions, and that's flat. As for this folly of exploiting the castle from inside, I put no faith in it from the outset. A fair siege and a square siege is more to my taste. But you let up on us with that meat of yours and those sharp eyes. I will confess I never saw a position held more keenly. But that's no use to us, and I tell you that I'm sick of it. Look; I'll tell you how I stand. I have my men—they're mine, mind you, and not Hood's—and I've no stomach to give it all up for nothing. But, between you and me, it's no champagne supper to defend the castle and lose half your natural life in blows and strategies; therefore, what do you say to terms?"

"Terms!" I echoed. "To ransom Hood?"

He ejaculated an oath. "Let the beast rot," he declared. "I'm talking of ourselves."

"Captain Sercombe," said I gently, "I knew Mr. Hood in this business ere I knew you, and to my idea he was the prime mover in the conspiracy. Let us say that he is gone, and what have we to fear?"

Sercombe looked extremely blank, and I could see that my words had struck a vital spot.

"Hood," he said, "has done nothing but blunder, and besides"—

But he got no further, breaking off suddenly and as though with an effort.

"If that be so," said I, rising, "let us see how Captain Sercombe will manage matters."

"Hold hard," he interrupted. "Sit down awhile, sir. You have sprung this affair on me. I must take my counsel. Come, what do you say to going shares?"

I lifted my brows. "You are not serious?" I remarked.

He glanced furtively at Montgomery. "I will take one-third," he said, "and no questions asked."

"My dear sir," said I in amazement, "you embarrass me. Your terms are too liberal from a vanquished foe. I could not accept such generosity. And now, if you will allow me, as I have an appointment with Mr. Hood shortly, I must"—

But this alarmed him, as I could perceive, for he changed color and put out a finger to catch my arm.

"I will stand in with all of you!" he cried.

I smiled, but before I could reply an interruption fell in the entrance of the police sergeant, Jones, whom we had met before. He saluted us, and I made an inquiry as to his investigations.

"I am on a track, sir," he declared. "I can say no more." And he eyed Sercombe attentively.

"You've not struck those gypsies, I hear," said Sercombe, who had resumed his cigar with an appearance of nonchalance.

"No, sir."

"They're here today and somewhere else tomorrow. I hardly expected you would find them. They nose a scent pretty soon."

"I'm on a track, sir," repeated Jones.

"Glad to hear it," nodded the captain.

I went out with the sergeant, but Sercombe called to me.

"What is it?" I asked, standing in the doorway.

An anxious look troubled Sercombe's eye. "I have made you a proposition, Mr. Greatorex."

"That's true," said I gravely, "and I will ask you, captain, to better it. But, excuse me, my time is limited."

"You give me short shrift," exclaimed he, with a bitter laugh.

"Oh, no," I said; "but I dare say you will have time to think over it between now and 9 o'clock. If you can see your way to a more equitable adjustment, captain, perhaps you would be good enough to let me know by then?"

At that I left him and caught up with Montgomery, who had gone ahead with Jones.

"Excuse me, sir," said Jones politely, "but are you a very old friend of Captain Sercombe's?"

"Why, no," said I, "I have not known him long."

"Ah," said he, "an odd gentleman, sir. Mr. Hood of the Woodman, he knows some queer stories about him."

"He says so, does he?" said I.

Jones emphatically wagged his head. "Very queer," he added. From which it appeared to me that Mr. Jones might not be quite so smart as he seemed, and also that Mr. Hood was even smarter. What his object might have been in spreading an evil reputation for Sercombe I could not guess, but that he had an object, and a material one, I did not doubt for a moment.

Though I had introduced the idea to Sercombe's notice, and the introduction had had its effect, I had not yet given shape and substance to my plan of setting off the one scoundrel against the other. I foresaw that I could improve my own position very substantially by this system of balance, and I determined to go now forthright to Hood on the same errand. He had failed me in the morning, but perhaps he would have grown wiser in the course of the day's imprisonment. There is nothing like solitude and the opportunity of reflection to bring a man to prudence, and now, too, I had seen Sercombe and had a genuine offer to consider. I came to the conclusion that, after all, Hood would not prove obdurate and that the end of the warfare was almost in sight.

In some such mood as this I made the journey to the keep, flattering myself with the success of my diplomacy and complacently contemplating an honorable settlement which would rid us of our troubles, banish these wretched intruders and leave us to the comfortable enjoyment of our share in the treasure of the Vyvians.

Dinner was over. The clock in the hall had chimed half past 8. I expected Sercombe at 9 o'clock and must hurry to secure the interview before that. I entered the dungeon carefully and locked the door behind me, as was my custom. Then, turning, I cast the light toward the boxes upon which Hood had sat.

He was not there. Hastily I flashed the lantern round the walls. There was no sign of Hood. The dungeon was empty.

CHAPTER XV.

I stared at the blank stones, but they returned no sign from their unavailing grayness. The silence began to speak in that gloomy place. Recovering myself, I put down the lantern and considered. First I put the key in my pocket, a definite precaution which was to influence strangely the history of this narrative. It was not conceivable that any one could have opened the heavy door when it was locked, yet the prisoner was gone. "If he is gone," said I aloud in order to reassure myself, "he must needs have gone by some hole." That was incontrovertible. I decided, too, that the means of escape must lie within the dungeon. Once more I inspected the huge oaken door and shook my head. Was there any flaw in the wood? Perchance there was a secret spring in a panel. I went over the surface carefully, but found nothing.

"Very well," said I, "I will unriddle this or be hanged for a felon," and I set to work upon the walls. Inch by inch I passed the masonry under my scrutiny, but made no discovery. "I will go over it again," I declared desperately and resumed my work from the beginning. I had not reached a point very far from the door on this second round of investigation when my glance slid off at a venture and almost mechanically rested upon the treasure chests. Something unfamiliar in their appearance vaguely persisted in my thoughts. I left off fumbling with the wall and stood gazing at them. They took my eyes with interest, and, crossing the room, I shed the light upon the cases, fingering the gold pieces under the broken lid. One, two, three—they stood exactly as—no, that was the point. They had been moved!

With a new zest I examined the floor, and, sure enough, one of these chests had been pulled out from the wall as far as its own width. I peeped over it, illuminating the space beyond. The slab of stone which the box had covered was like the other flags that made the floor of the dungeon. I leaned lower, and, sitting crossways on the chest, pushed the slab with my foot. It clanked dully to the kick of my heel; but, what was even more amazing to me, it seemed to shudder and tremble beneath me. Fully aroused to action, I flung myself over and alighted with both feet hard upon the flooring. In another moment I was tipped forward and felt myself falling precipitately upon my face. Catching at the chest with one hand, I saved myself, but in the effort the lantern fell from my hand and went out.

(To be continued.)

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MY FATHER'S BUSINESS

HIGH IDEALS FOR DAILY SERVICE OF THE ALMIGHTY.

VOICES THE CHILD HEARS

Calls to Duty, Life Work For the Master, Come Very Often to the Little Ones, and Should Be Heard and Prayerfully Considered—Their Elders Should Be Diligent and Fervent, and Serve Him in Their Daily Round.

Entered according to Act of Parliament of Canada, in the year 1906, by Frederick Diver, Toronto, at the Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Los Angeles, Cal., April 29.—In this sermon the preacher takes us back to that wonderful period of life when the mind of the child, emerging from the mysterious twilight land, first begins to think independently. He warns us to respect these visions of childhood. The text is Luke ii, 49, "Wist ye not that I must be about My Father's business?"

Without doubt one of the most satisfactory pictures ever painted of Jesus Christ is that of Hoffman, called "Christ the Boy Talking With the Doctors In the Temple." We have seen scores of pictures of Jesus Christ. The Parisian Louvre is full of them. The Vatican is full of them. The art galleries of Antwerp and Brussels and Berlin and Venice are full of them. But, though the greatest artists have exhausted their genius to reproduce for us an inspired idea of the Saviour's face, yet most of them have come far short of the ideal. They either make Christ's face too effeminate, as did Bida, Da Vinci and Steinle; or too much of a Hercules, as did Rubens and Vandyke; or too grotesque, as did Tintoretto and Rembrandt and Guido; or too mercenary, as did Bernardo, Strozzi an Plockhurst; or too stern, as did Dore and Albrecht Durer; or too agonizing, as did Bouguereau and Correggio; or too lachrymose, as did Ary Scheffer. But toward Hoffman's picture there is no division of opinion. We are here a unit in our approbation. When we see Hoffman's youth standing among the doctors in the temple we at once say: "Yes, that is my idea of Jesus the Child. That child looks just as I supposed Christ looked as a boy."

The eyes are big and intelligent. They seem to be looking far off. They truly seem to be catching an inspired vision of his Father's business. The halo about the head, the beautiful curls falling in graceful curves about those shoulders, show the human and the divine commingling. The robe about his lithe form is as pure and spotless as his life. He seems to stand there as a child, and yet he seems to be reaching far out into the future. All worlds, all ages, seem to be his. In contrast to this beautiful face, with its wonderful features, are the astonished and puzzled countenances of the baldheaded, learned sages, who were not accustomed to debate with youths, but only with their compeers in the sanctum sanctorum of the Hebrew sanhedrin.

And yet, as I stood watching the beautiful face of that Divine Child, this question came to me: "Why should those Hebrew rabbis wonder at that boy's intelligence? Should not all men and women stand in awe before the average boys of the present day? Do not most youths and maidens of twelve summers have inspired visions from God, as Christ had an inspired vision? Does not God call to them at this critical age to be about their Father's business?" He does. I want you to study with me this morning some of those childhood visions. Men and women, too, have their times of reaching out to things unseen, but this morning let us think chiefly of those bright imaginings of youth. This age, the twelfth year, is to me the most important of life. May we be very careful how we deal with our children when they are entering the sacred portal of their early teens! The way they tread the path of life will in all probability decide the way they shall tread these paths through time and through eternity.

Why do I put such an emphasis upon the age of twelve? Because it is about the year when the child for the first time lets go of his parent's or guardian's hand and begins to climb the heights of the unseen world and to think for himself. That is the time when he begins for the first time on his own account to ponder about God and what God wants him to be. Before that age the child for the most part is completely under the control of the father and the mother, but at the twelfth year the parent is astonished at the strange questions which the boy puts. Suddenly, and seemingly without any preconceived thought, the boy will break out with such questions as this: "Mother, where was I before I was born?" "Mother, where shall I go after I am dead?" "Mother, how can I live in heaven when my body is buried in the earth?" "Mother, last night when I was lying awake in bed I made up my mind that Jesus wanted me to be a preacher, like Paul and Timothy, about whom we studied in our Sunday school last week." These questions or statements seem to spring from the lips almost involuntarily. When he first speaks thus you look at him in amazement. Then you say, "Who has been talking to you, my son?" He answers simply, "No one, mother; no one." Ah, yes, some one has been talking to him. Like Christ, the boy in the temple, he hears a strange voice. He sees strange visions. These visions are not of earth, but of heaven. He cannot see those visions full orbed; but, like Christ the boy he can see them in their dim outlines. He hears the divine voice, and in his faint way he is saying, "I must be about my Father's business."

"Has your boy never astonished you by his strange questions and answers, as Christ astonished the lawyers and doctors in the temple when but twelve years of age? Some time ago an anxious mother said: "When my children were very young they were mine. I could say to them, 'Children, sit down!' and they would sit down. I could read to them a book and explain to them the pictures, and they would accept my statements as true, because mother said it. But there comes a time when I feel my boy's hand loosening its grasp upon my hand. Then I see him move away and leave my side and begin to walk alone and to think for himself. Then I cannot say, 'Child, do this,' and he will do it simply because his mother tells him to do it. I cannot say, 'Child, believe this,' merely because I believe it. But I must give him an intelligent reason why he should do so and why he should believe." Then as the child moves away from his mother's side the mother must sit still and pray to God that he will help guide her boy. Yes, as parents we have all gone through this experience. For years and years our children have followed us, as bleating lambs follow the mother sheep. But some day we turn our eyes to see where the children are. Then, much to our surprise, they are not by our side. Then we look up the mountain heights. There we see our boys and girls beginning to climb. Along the dizzy precipices they go. Over the dangerous rocks, higher and higher, like Alpine hunters, they mount or balance. They are climbing up the mountains of original research. They are climbing up the mountains of thought. They are starting out for the mountains of fame. Then all that the parents can do is to sit in the valleys and see their boys and girls disappear among the cloudlands as they pray: "O God, guide my children! O God, reach out thy strong arm and bridge that dangerous crevasse!" This time of starting for the cloudlands, for pioneering among unseen worlds, generally comes to the boys and the girls when they are about to pass the twelfth golden milestone. Looking into the past, we know this was our own personal experience. Thus is it with the first coming of God's visions to our children.

Not only do these visions come to the child of twelve, but they come in a rational way. When God gives to the young boy a vision he is not picturing for him a future life which is impossible to be realized. God is giving to him the same kind of vision that he gave to the boy Jacob, and to the boy Joseph, and to the boy Samuel, and to the boy David, and to the boy Christ. These ancient boys as well as the modern boys of twelve may not fully realize what their futures are to be, but something within them says, "O child, thou art to be this or that or the other thing on account of thy mental and physical and spiritual powers." These boy children of twelve feel the inward as well as the outward callings of the future, as the great painter Benjamin West when a little child used to make paint brushes from the hairs of his cat's tail, and as the boy Demosthenes felt the slumbering fires of eloquence burning within him when he stuttered so badly that in order to articulate at all distinctly he used to put pebbles in his mouth, and as David Brainerd heard the divine call to give his life to foreign missions long before he was out of the short trousers of the schoolroom.

Oh, the visions of youth! How important they are for the development of the child. In the book of Proverbs we read, "Where there is no vision the people perish." That means when the people have no ideals hovering before them, where the sculptor cannot see a more perfect statue in dim outline standing beside the stone he has chiseled, and the musician cannot hear a sweeter song than that which he has composed, and the reformer cannot see a more perfect Utopia than that in which he lives, then the development of those people is retrograding instead of advancing, involuting instead of evoluting. But, my friends, if it is essential for the developed man to have perfect visions ever before him, how much more important is it for the undeveloped child to have visions before him! These visions, when they come from God, are not like the unaccountable mirages of the desert or like air castles builded in the sandy wastes. They are rational visions builded by the angel of hope saying to the child: "Boy, girl, with thy physical and mental and spiritual nature God bids thee to reach out to accomplish these things which thou now seest. Look up, look out, look on." Frances Hodgson Burnett, looking into the dim past and writing the history of her girlhood days in that fascinating book called "The One I knew Best of All," is not seeing a more realistic character than do some children when they look into the dim future and by reason of their physical and mental and spiritual tendencies picture themselves as some day being lawyers or doctors or ministers or merchants or bankers or inventors or musicians or statesmen or poets or songsters or reformers. These children by such visions hear the call for future work. They hear it so clearly and distinctly that in their minds there is no doubt as to that call coming direct from the throne of God.

But we must not stop here in the discussion of this mighty theme. It is very important to have the visions of youth, but it is just as important to have the child developed aright after those first visions have come and gone. These first visions of childhood always seems to me like the little green shoots which spring up out of the ground. Care for them. Give them plenty of sunlight, and let not the winds handle them too roughly, or the cold freeze them, or the droughts parch them, and they will change themselves into the saplings, then after awhile into the stout young trees and then into the giant oaks, but crush the roots or destroy the first visions and you may ruin the whole after development.

But there is still another fact relative to the visions of childhood to which I would draw your attention. They may come to a boy or a girl at a time when the parent thinks the child is too young to have any appreciation or any thought of his own. They may come and go so quickly that, like the humming birds drinking out of the honey cups of a garden, you can hardly tell whether they are truly here before they are gone. They may come and go and after awhile seem to disappear forever, but because the fulfillment of these first visions may be postponed for months—aye, for years—do not be suprised or skeptical. Those first visions of youth, if they have been welcomed aright by the parent and the child, will all be realized. They will all be fulfilled if they were true visions from God.

Let me illustrate my thought by the life of Jesus Christ. I love to think of the journey which this Divine Child took to the capital of his great ancestor, King David. Jesus up to this time was nothing but a boy. 'Tis true, he was a perfect boy, but he was a boy, with all the healthful desires of childhood. He was not a boy with the character of a girl, but a boy, a healthful, beautiful, noble boy. He could romp and play like other boys. In the games played between his companions and himself I have always thought there was no laugh merrier than his and no rollicking joy more full and hearty. I can never think of Christ as a frail baby or a sickly boy. Every part of him to me was that of a well-rounded, perfectly-formed child. He was a boy who was the life of his home, a boy who was loved by every one.

Now, it was a custom of all the Israelites ordained by the Mosaic law to attend the feast of the passover once a year. This feast took place in the springtime. It was a combination, if I might use the simile, of our Thanksgiving day and Fourth of July. It was a time when the Hebrews assembled in Jerusalem to thank God for their liberation from Egyptian slavery. In the spring of each year from the little village of Nazareth, among the Zebulon hills in the far north, the men and women would start on their sacred pilgrimage. The children were left behind as a rule on account of the length, the fatigue and the danger of the journey. Methinks I can see Christ and the other boys of Nazareth climb the hills to watch their fathers disappear in the distance. But one year Christ does not mingle with the boys. He has come to the sacred age of twelve. This is the year that all Hebrew boys are allowed to join the caravan. Thus as he walks along with his parents I see his cheeks flushed with excitement. This is most natural. Christ the boy for the first time is going to see a great city. Christ the boy is going to the capital of his country. Were you not excited when your father, a farmer, took you to the city for the first time?

But as Christ the boy wanders around that great capital, with its walls and palaces and temple and its thousands of inhabitants and visitors, there rises before him the dim vision of who he is and what God wants him to do. The vision is there dim in outline, but it is there. He naturally drifts to the temple and talks with the learned rabbis, who sat there to teach and answer questions. The thought that he was the Messiah whom the Jews were expecting was probably in his mind. He wanted to learn what was the idea that the doctors had of that being, and his inquiries showed so much intelligence that they marvelled at him. He had had a vision, but neither they nor his parents, when they came, understood it. What became of that vision? For ten, fifteen—aye, for nearly twenty—years the world hears nothing more about this strange boy. Like so many other youthful prodigies, he seems to disappear forever. He not only goes back to Nazareth, but instead of being a messenger of God he seems to become nothing but a carpenter. But nearly a score of years afterward we see this Christ in Cana, by Lake Galilee. Then in rapid succession come the Jordanic baptism and the miracles. Then come Gethsemane and Calvary, then the Easter resurrection and the ascension. Ah, did Christ's vision of boyhood come true? So, my friends, I want to tell you that the fulfillment of your child's visions, if they are of God and you welcome them aright, will come true, though they may be many years hidden away in a Nazareth oblivion. Beware how you sneer at those visions of the twelfth year.

But as I plead with you to be careful in your dealings with the God given visions of your children I cannot close without just one word of pleading for yourself. You are no longer a child. Your hair is gray. Your face is wrinkled. Instead of having the clear blue eyes of youth, your nose is bridged with glasses. A score, two score, perhaps three score years separate you from the scenes of your school days. Tell me, do you not believe it is full time for you to see the fulfillment of those visions of your own childhood? When you were a schoolboy you saw a God-given vision of a day in which you were to surrender your whole heart and life unto his service. Was it a dream? Do you not believe the time has come for that vision to be fulfilled at the altar of mercy now?

This is not a useless or an unimportant moment for you. This moment may decide the eternal destiny of some one. Your vision of childhood, about giving your heart to Jesus Christ, came to some of you nearly fifty years ago. Shall not that vision be fulfilled in this the twilight of your life? Shall it not, by the grace of God, be fulfilled now? Or if not now, when shall it be fulfilled? Do you not believe that that vision of childhood which still lingers in your mind was a vision sent from God, which, by God's will, is still calling you to him?

Lord Cadogan is known as one of the best landlords in London. When North street, Chelsea, was remodeled a short time ago Lord Cadogan was approached by a syndicate which asked him to sell the property to them. To which the earl replied:

"I will sell it, but I must insist upon your granting new leases to every one who is in that street, so that no one is turned out for five years and so that they will have ample notice."

That made a difference of £50,000 to Lord Cadogan. In other words, if he had sold it outright without a condition of that sort he would have got £50,000 more than he did.

Why Trepoff Resigned.

Why did General Trepoff resign his high command at St. Petersburg? Here is one explanation: General Trepoff went to the theatre one night when a cinematograph supplied part of the entertainment. Revolutionists had tampered with the film, however, and the instrument ground out moving pictures which led up dramatically from a meeting of conspirators to the murder of General Trepoff himself after the manner of the taking off of the late M. von Plehve. The whole thing was so realistically done that Trepoff was terrified and at once resigned.

Shaw's Ups and Downs.

George Bernard Shaw recently confessed: "The way in which I make money in the theatre is enough to demoralize a saint. For long periods of years I get nothing at all, and then I find myself making money at the rate of $£300 ($1,500) a week. The natural consequence is that one begins to live at that rate, and it is very difficult to leave off. Unfortunately the £300 a week leaves off with disconcerting abruptness."

Valadon's Special

By CONRAD HAUSSMAN

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"I say," cried Billy, "wait for a fellow! My remittance will be along in a couple of days, and we can all go east together."

Mabel Brockman laughed. "You're twenty-nine, aren't you, Billy?" she asked irrelevantly.

"In February," assented Valadon.

"And you have to wait until your papa sends you money? I don't think you even call him 'father,' do you?"

Valadon looked hurt. "You are always at me to go to work," he frowned. "I don't see why I should have to with the governor so disgustingly rich."

"How much money have you?" she asked. Somehow her conversation this morning on the Coronado beach was most uncertain.

"Enough to pay my bills and get up to San Francisco."

"Then you will have to wait until some one sends you the money to get home on. I don't think you are worth waiting for, Billy."

"You might at least be nice this last day," he said shortly. "Let's talk about something else."

Two days later Valadon stood on the wharf at Oakland. Miss Brockman stood by the sleeper in which she and her mother were to make the trip east.

"I may see you sooner than you expect," he said, with a smile.

"Having money telegraphed to you?" she asked.

"No," he answered shortly. "I have an idea that perhaps I can go east in accordance with your approved methods. I'm going to try it anyhow."

"If you do, Billy," said the girl softly as she mounted the steps.

"If I do, what"—

Mabel shook her head over the porter's shoulder as the train pulled out. She loved Valadon in spite of his absolute dependence upon his father. If she could rouse him to action— She smiled to herself as the train rolled along the water front and permitted a last glimpse of the bay.

A TIRED AND DIRTY BUT CHEERFUL YOUNG MAN DROVE UP.

Valadon took the boat back to the city, but instead of returning to the hotel he went to the Barbary Coast. In one of the dives sat a party of men, rough, uncouth, and with a most evident smell of the stable about them. Billy went up to the leader.

"I'm ready now," he said.

"Stow the glad rags," commanded the other, "and come back here in half an hour. We don't want silk hats around."

Before the end of the half hour the silk hat and frock coat had been metamorphosed into a cloth cap and a pea jacket, and Billy was $7 richer.

The leader marshaled the gang, and an hour later Billy was back in Oakland, but this time in the freight yards.

He clung to a handsome leather suit case, but this time it carried only necessities, and his baggage was augmented by a soap box containing a whole boiled ham, ten pounds of corned beef, six loaves of bread, a hunk of cheese and a bottle of pickles. There was also a two quart pail, which, it was explained, was to be filled with coffee when they made their day stops.

On the track before him was a train of twelve yellow cars, at the head of which panted a huge engine. Billy climbed into the third car and deposited his belongings in a corner. There was much hoarse shouting, a blast from a whistle and a jolt as the train pulled out, and the first section of the horse special was under way.

Billy's fellow passengers in the car were another hostler and twelve thoroughbreds being hurried east to the big winter sale. The stalls took up most of the room, but there was a tiny space for the two men at opposite ends of the car and room enough to sleep in if one should be very tired.

Men from the ranch had accompanied the train as far as San Francisco and had fed the horses before the train had pulled out. The only thing to be done during the night was to quiet any horse that might become restless, and at 12 he could go to sleep and turn the watch over to his fellow.

Because Billy had paid over to the foreman $10 in addition to the pay due him he was given a car in which the travelers were experienced tourists, racers of the western circuit being sent east to be sold as hunters, and it was not a difficult matter to keep them quiet.

When the train stopped he could hear the yearlings in the cars behind stamping about, and he was glad that he had been given a quiet car.

Even as it was he was kept busy, and sleep came quickly to tired eyes in spite of the novelty of his surroundings and the fact that his head was pillowed upon a wisp of hay spread over the grub box, through which the smell of cold ham filtered.

There was plenty of work in the morning, too, feeding and watering six horses and rubbing them down, and he was glad enough when the train slowed down and the welcome shout of "Coffee!" echoed along the line.

There was a full quart of the taffy colored liquid in each can, and with that and bread and ham Billy made a breakfast that would have surprised the attendants at his favorite club.

By the time the next stop came he had his stalls cared for, and the fresh coffee came as a welcome reviver. He had wondered at the announcement that there would be coffee at frequent stops, but the day was not half over before he realized that it was needed.

Five days later a tired and dirty but exceedingly cheerful young man drove up to the door of the Valadon residence on Fifth avenue just as the head of that house was sitting down to his breakfast. It required an argument with a new footman to convince him that the caller was not required to go to the side entrance, but at his voice the elder Valadon came running into the hall.

"Bless my soul," he puffed after Billy had told his tale in brief. "Didn't you get my check?"

Billy thrust a paper into his hand. "It came the day I left," he said, "but it sort of spoiled the idea, and I pretended that I did not get it. Now I want a bath and breakfast, and then I want to see if I cannot go down to the station in time to meet the Brockmans."

The Chicago express was three hours late when it puffed into the huge arched shed and Miss Brockman was in no amiable frame of mind as she descended to the platform. There had been delay, and six days on the train even in a stateroom is not pleasant.

For a moment she stared as a well groomed young man possessed himself of her hand bag and turned to help her mother down the steps, and it was not until they had headed for the ferry that she found her voice.

"How did you get here so quickly?" she demanded.

"I came the northern way," he explained, "and I had a special."

Miss Brockman turned away to hide her disappointment. "I might have known you would do something like that," said she coldly. "I suppose that you wired for money."

"There was a check at the hotel when I got to San Francisco," he explained wickedly. "I had it in my pocket when I said goodby to you in Oakland. I thought you would like a surprise."

"It was not a surprise. It was the expected," she corrected. "I had hoped my sermon had sunk in."

He made no explanations until they were in the carriage which had waited at Twenty-third street. Then Billy leaned forward.

"I should have explained," he began, "that the special was for the Ora ranch horses for the sale at the garden. I was a hostler, and I brought the check back with me."

She leaned forward and kissed him, to the surprise of her mother.

"Billy," she cried impulsively, "you may take that check and buy me a solitaire with it!"

A Cat Dilemma.

A babu in charge of the documents of a certain town in India found that they were being seriously damaged by rats. He wrote to the government to provide him with weekly rations for two cats to destroy the rats. The request was granted, and the two cats were installed, one, the larger of the two, receiving slightly better rations than the other. All went well for a few weeks, when the supreme government of India received the following dispatch: "I have the honor to inform you that the senior cat is absent without leave. What shall I do?" The problem seemed to baffle the supreme government, for the babu received no answer. After waiting a few days he sent off a proposal: "In re absentee cat. I propose to promote the junior cat and in the meantime to take into government service a probationer cat on full rations." The supreme government expressed its approval of the scheme, and things once more ran smoothly in that department.

Heating Buildings.

There is ample evidence to prove that the rational heating of buildings was a well understood art several thousand years ago. In the palmy days of Pompeii's early existence, before its burial under volcanic ashes, the old Roman baths in that town were heated by steam and in a better and far more scientific manner than is followed at the present time. The walls of the buildings were double, and the steam, at atmospheric pressure, no doubt, was carried up through these walls all around the rooms to be warmed, bringing them to a temperature approximating that of the steam, and the occupants of the room were thus exposed to a radiation of warmth from all directions. In this we have the true theory of heating.

FREEDOM AT AN INN.

To thee, fair Freedom, I retire
From flattery, cards and dice and din;
Nor art thou found in mansions higher
Than the low cot or humble inn.

'Tis here with boundless power I reign,
And every health which I begin
Converts dull port to bright champagne,
Such freedom crowns it at an inn.

I fly from pomp, I fly from plate,
I fly from falsehood's specious grin;
Freedom I love, and form I hate
And choose my lodgings at an inn.

Here, waiter; take my sordid ore,
Which lackeys else might hope to win.
It buys what courts have not in store;
It buys me freedom at an inn.

Whoe'er has traveled life's dull round,
Where'er his stages may have been,
May sigh to think he still has found
The warmest welcome at an inn.

—William Shenstone.

WOMAN'S AIR TRAVELS.

The First to Cross the English Channel In a Balloon.

The honor of being the first woman to cross the English channel in a balloon belongs to Mrs. Griffith Brewer, the wife of a member of the Aero Club.

For some time Mrs. Brewer had been desirous of making the journey, and one recent Tuesday morning Percival Spencer telegraphed to her that the wind was in the right direction for the trip should she care to go. She replied in the affirmative, and arriving in London soon after noon, proceeded to the Wandsworth and Putney Gas works, where a balloon was being inflated.

The start was made at 2.15, the balloonists including Mrs. Brewer, Percival Spencer and Frank Butler. The balloon, which was of a capacity of 45,000 cubic feet, rose to a height of 2,000 feet, and soon attained a speed of 30 miles an hour.

In just over an hour the coastline at Dungeness was visible, and photographs were taken of the view below.

In crossing the channel the equilibrium of the balloon was so well maintained that the voyagers were able to enjoy a meal, consisting of sausage rolls, cake and champagne. As the strange meal was finished, the cross-channel steamer Onward, with passengers for Boulogne, who left London at 2.20, was sighted below, and the race between the balloon and the turbine boat for the French shore afforded considerable excitement to the aeronauts.

The balloon crossed the French coast a few miles south of Boulogne at 5.30, five minutes before the steamer entered Boulogne harbor. At one point on the journey the balloon reached an altitude of 7,000 feet and snow began to fall, the thermometer dropping below freezing point.

As darkness was coming on the aeronauts decided to descend soon after passing the French coast. The valves were opened and the balloon finally came to rest in a field at Samer, 20 miles from Boulogne, after bounding through a grove of poplar trees.

The balloonists caught the night mail from Calais and arrived in London at 5.30 the next morning.

Mrs. Brewer was somewhat fatigued, but otherwise suffered no ill-effects from her adventurous voyage.

A Scandal Averted.

"Oh!" exclaimed Mrs. Midgen. She had been shopping and visiting, and had just arrived home when a thought struck her. She clasped her hands together in dismay, and in her agitation sat flat down on the cat. "Whatever shall I do?"

"I expect you will get over it," said Mr. Midgen, testily. He was waiting for his tea. "What is it?"

"I took my diary out with me instead of my price-book, and if I haven't been and left it somewhere! Suppose somebody should get hold of it and read it."

"Ha, ha!" laughed her husband. "That will be fine sport. How I should like to see them reading all the rubbish you have written in it! What's the good of going back? You'll never get it."

"Oh, I remember now!" suddenly cried Mrs. Midgen. "It was my old one. So it doesn't matter at all. I feel quite relieved."

"What was in it?" said he, feeling disappointed.

"I had to amuse myself by copying your love letters in it, and I intended your signature at the bottom of them."

"What!" yelled Midgen, jumping to his feet and grabbing at his hair. "Do you want people to know what an idiot I was, and make me the laughing stock of the parish just when I am putting up for the vestry. Go and look for it quick! And offer £10 reward for it."

And if it hadn't been found in Mrs. Midgen's bag at that very moment there is no telling what would have happened to that household.—The Sketch.

A Mine-Sowing Cruiser.

The quaintest-looking warship in the British navy is the small cruiser Iphigenia, which has just been converted into a mine-sowing vessel. Along either side of her deck are two rows of elevated rails, in which numerous submarine mines are slung. Three lines of rail project over the vessel's stern, the mines being dropped overboard from them as she steams along.

The introduction of a mine-sowing ship unto our fleet is an experiment undertaken as a consequence of what was learned during the war in the Far East, and the idea is that the Iphigenia would be able to mine a channel or other narrow waters far more effectively than could be done by steam launches.

The Queen's Humanity.

A cable despatch to The New York Evening Post says: "The Queen's letter to the Duchess of Portland protesting against the wearing of egret plumes taken with such cruelty from the osprey maintains her noble reputation for humanity. It is well known that Her Majesty has for years refused to attend pigeon-shooting matches, but the reason for this is not so well known. Some twelve or fifteen years ago at a gun club match at Hurlingham Her Majesty was present when a half-killed bird fluttered into her lap. Since that day she has frowned upon these once fashionable events."

COLD CURE
GET IT TO-DAY
Price 25c Relieves the head, throat, and lungs almost immediately.
I WILL REFUND YOUR MONEY IF IT FAILS
MUNYON, Philadelphia

MINERS' RIOT.

Union Men Attacked by Foreigners—Several Injured.

Johnstown, Pa., April 30.—A conflict occurred between union and non-union miners at Paint Creek mine of the Berwind White Coal Co., near Ingleside, about midnight Saturday. The union men were attacked by a mob of foreigners and a number of shots were fired.

Steve Popovick, a foreigner, was fatally wounded and three others were injured, but not seriously. Word was sent to Windber and the sheriff and twenty-one members of the state constabulary were despatched to the scene.

When they arrived the rioters had dispersed, and all was quiet. Popovick was removed to the Windber Hospital.

TURNER'S SETTLEMENT.

Mr. A. D. Foster, of Prince Edward County, paid a flying visit here this week and bought two horses from A. Wannamaker for farm purposes. He was a resident here until two years ago, but after selling his farm here he moved to where he now resides.

Mrs. A. Ward is visiting her sister in Trenton, Mrs. J. M. Baker, for a few days this week.

The Eclipse factory here began making cheese on the 2nd of this month and shipped a load on Monday last, and the fellows who have been sending milk wear smiling faces on account of the high prices prevailing for cheese and the live hog, also.

Mr. Wannamaker bought a dwelling house from A. Ward this spring.

The weather has been very dry lately and the farmers are working overtime rushing the work in the fields, so the well-paid hired man finds plenty of work waiting to be done at all times.

Mrs. A. Ross has torn down her old house and is going to build a new one during the coming summer.

It was expected that the fall grain and clover would all be winter killed, but all through this section it is looking fairly well.

ULCER OF THE STOMACH.

INSIDIOUS NATURE OF THE DISEASE — HOW TO RECOGNIZE AND CURE IT.

Ulcer of the stomach may exist for years without very marked symptoms excepting those caused by indigestion.

In good health, the stomach resists the action of the gastric juices, but when weakened, the membrane is badly nourished and the digestive fluids act upon it as well as upon the food, keeping up until perforation of the stomach occurs. In advanced cases of ulcer of the stomach there is much discomfort after eating, with a constant gnawing sensation between meals, pain from the pit of the stomach back to the shoulder blade.

At the first symptoms of indigestion, treatment should at once be started with Mi-o-na. This is a scientific remedy adapted specifically to one purpose, the cure of stomach troubles

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

Plaster Casts.

Those who have plaster casts that they wish to preserve may protect them from dust by brushing them with a preparation of white wax and white soap, half a teaspoonful of each boiled with a quart of rain or other soft water. Use when cold, and when they are dried the casts may be wiped with a damp cloth without injury. To harden casts brush with a strong solution of alum water and brush with white wax dissolved in turpentine. Put the cast in a warm place to dry after using the latter, and it will have a look not unlike that of old ivory.

LAKE SHORE SPIRIT.

Throughout the entire length and breadth of the great Lake Shore Railway System there is a spirit of co-operation and personal responsibility on the part of employees from the highest to the lowest that is reflected in every detail of the road's operation. The traveller feels that the great army of trained workers have his welfare and comfort at heart as much as though he were the only patron of the road. This spirit—the Lake Shore spirit—is one of the features that have made this line so popular among experienced travellers. Comfort, speed, safety and punctuality here have reached their highest development. Write for full information to J. W. Daly, Chief A.G.P.A., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. J. Smith, G.P.A., Cleveland, O.; or W. J. Lynch, Pass'gr Traffic Mgr., Chicago, and tell the agent to have your ticket read "via Buffalo and The Lake Shore Railway."

Charity begins at home, but it is apt to be out when anybody calls.

The Season's Best . . .

We have long and complete lines of Men's Suits that fairly bloom with Spring Freshness.

They are right from the shops of the best makers where the hand of the craftsman is guided by a force of brains made clear by experience.

The path of the good dresser is easy, if he takes our short cut to suit perfection.

For $5.00 to $20.00

Here's all you want in your spring suit—***Correctness, Wearability, and Price Saving.***

Copyright 1906 by
Hart Schaffner & Marx

Whatever you pay us—our guaranty of your entire satisfaction is always included. A good measure of satisfaction for you is capital for us.

School Suits

Getting the Boys ready for school—isn't it a great and perplexing problem? Its apt to make the pocket book worth overtime.

To be sure the average healthy boy, while he dotes on a neat suit, also unconsciously takes pleasure in knocking the spots out of that suit as soon as possible.

However, it is common home talk that our Boys' Clothes wear longer and withstand all sorts of Boyish frolics better than any other Boy's Clothes sold anywhere hereabouts.

$3.00, $4.00 or $5.00

Will do wonders here in procuring School Suit satisfaction for both parents and boys.

Quick & Robertson

BELLEVILLE'S FOREMOST CLOTHIERS.

ESTABLISHED 1870.

Fur Storage and Insurance

We store your furs during summer, give them a thorough cleaning and insure them against all damage or loss by moths or fire, at moderate charges.

S. A. HYMAN & CO.

New Veilings New Neckwear

DISTINCTIVE STYLES
IN
MILLINERY
JUST RECEIVED

Several cases of Ladies', Misses, and Children's hats.

The hats of the hour, from the World's fashion centres.

Our whole energy is bent on having the best, and latest of everything in millinery.

PRICES MODERATE.

Miss Irwin.

Millinery and Corset Specialist

House-Cleaning Helps

Sanatine Cleanser — For washing woodwork, etc—10c can.

Lemon Oil—Cleans and polishes Varnished Surfaces—25 cts bottle.

Floor-Lac — The best floor stain and varish combined—all shades.

Full line Moth Bags now on hand, 25c to 80c.

WATERS' DRUG STORE

Shingles

A Most Complete assortment at very close prices for the month of March.

C. P. HOLTON

Phone 112.

The average man is stronger in adversity than in prosperity.

A man makes allowances for his faults, even though his wife may be one of them.

The fellow who gets it in the neck ought to be glad he isn't a giraffe.

Pretty Enamel Sash Pins

New Spring designs in Sterling Silver gilt and bronze in white, blue, purple, green and red enamel border with maple leaf and coats of arms in centre, enameled in natural colors.

Also pretty blouse pins, brooches, etc., in Dresden effects.

Prices in silver from

25c to $5.00

T. BLACKBURN

Diamonds, etc.

Miss M. Campbell's

MILLINERY OPENINGS

—WILL BE HELD ON—

Wednesday, March 21

A cordial invitation is extended to all the ladies of the city and vicinity.

ALL WELCOME.

Miss Campbell.

BOOKBINDING.

Orders for bookbinding should be left at The Intelligencer Office. It is surprising how attractive and satisfactory a volume can be made of these magazines. Books, magazines or periodicals bound or rebound in any style at very reasonable prices. Blank books, such as journals, ledgers, day books with any kind of ruling, made to order.

An Evening With "Her"

Means a little extra care in dressing—especially if going to the theatre, a concert or reception.

We need only to intimate that we have everything that tends to make a good appearance in the way of—"FURNISHINGS."

Chas. J. Symons

298 Front St. Shirts to Order.

A WISE CHOICE

is absolutely necessary when eye preservation is under notice. Do not pick up glasses or "specs" on the street just because they are cheap. At this optical store you can have your eyes examined free by an expert eye specialist, and know you get the right helps if we tell you you need them, at reasonable prices.

—Alex. Ray

WE HAVE OPENED

In the store the ***Second Door from Waters' drug store*** on ***Bridge St.*** with a complete stock of—

Fancy Goods & Novelties

See our window display of Handkerchiefs for Kimonos, Sofa Cushions, etc

Stamping done.

Blouses and Light Dresses
MADE TO ORDER

CORHAM & NEATE.

The more children a woman has the fewer theories she has concerning them.

CHURCH CHIMES OF YESTERDAY.

NOTES OF SERVICES IN BELLEVILLE'S DIFFERENT PLACES OF WORSHIP.

Confirmation at Christ Church.

A very large congregation was present at Christ Church last evening, when His Lordship Bishop Mills held confirmation service and preached a sermon. The Bishop was in fine form, and delivered an eloquent and thought-compelling discourse. Five members of the clergy were in attendance, namely, Bishop Mills, Rev. Mr. Armstrong, of Trenton, who acted as the Bishop's chaplain; Rev. Mr. Blagrave, Rev. A. L. Geen, and Rev. Mr. Fleming. The choir was large and sang with fine effect. As usual, Mrs. Campbell's voluntaries were splendidly played and notable for their appropriateness to the service. The anthem was "Conquering Kings," the solos being excellently rendered by Miss Hilda Bell and Mr. "Ned" Henthorn. During the offertory Mr. Henthorn sang "Come Unto Me," in a cultured and reverential way. For his text the Bishop took the 9th and 10th verses of the second chapter of Paul's epistle to the Colossians:

> "For in Him dwelleth all the fullness of the Godhead bodily.
>
> "And ye are complete in Him, which is the head of all principality and power."

St. Paul's epistle to the Colossians, the preacher said, was written to offset certain false teachings which had been spread abroad. St. Paul, in this epistle, sets forth the divinity of Jesus Christ. He was perfect God and perfect man. All good qualities dwelt in Him. Man's creator had come to be man's redeemer; the prophets bore witness to this. Jesus Christ said: "I and the Father are one." He claimed the same worship as God the Father, and because of this claim His enemies put Him to death. He also substantiated and demonstrated His claim, for the performed miracles, raised the dead and controlled the elements of nature. In addition to being perfect God He was perfect man—He was then, and is still, our brother, and could sympathize with us in all our trials and temptations. Though He was King of Heaven He submitted Himself to human authority; having loved His own which were in the world He loved them unto the end. Some said the incarnation and resurrection of Jesus Christ was a mystery. "Ah! my friends," said the preacher, "if we accept only that which is without mystery we will accept very little." All life was a mystery. There were many theories, but they were only theories. To sum it all up, God called us all to grow up to the measure of the stature and fullness of His Son Jesus Christ. To do so we must follow in His steps, ever looking unto Jesus. The Bishop then addressed himself to the candidates for confirmation, telling them that that sacred rite was one of the foundation principles of Jesus Christ's gospel. The Christian life was one of warfare. They would need to wrestle, fight and pray, but they could be sure that Jesus Christ would not leave them alone.

The solemn ceremony was then proceeded with. Rev. Mr. Blagrave, rector of Christ Church, presented a class of twenty-four, fifteen females and nine males, who were confirmed two by two by His Lordship.

Oddfellows at Holloway St.

To commemorate the 87th anniversary of the founding of the Independent Order of Oddfellows, the members of Belleville and Mizpah Lodges yesterday morning attended divine service at Holloway Street Methodist church. The turnout was one of the largest seen in the city for many years. The Patriarch Militants also turned out and added much to the appearance of the parade. Headed by the I.O.O.F. band, 27 strong and playing in very creditable form, the brethren left the lodge room on Front street and proceeded by way of Bridge St. West and Dunbar street to the place of worship. When all had been seated not only was the auditorium filled, but a large number, including the band, had to be placed in the gallery.

The opening devotional exercises were conducted by the Rev. A. Martin. The preacher was the Pastor, Rev. R. H. Leitch, whose discourse was much appreciated. His text was from St. John's gospel, 15th chapter and 9th verse:

> "As the Father hath loved me, so have I loved you; continue ye in my love."

Before speaking to the text the Rev. gentleman extended to the Society assembled a most cordial welcome to the house of worship. They were commemorating the 87th anniversary of the Order in America, and the 60th, or jubilee year, in Ontario. The order was increasing in membership having added 1779 members last year. The shroud had become the last regalia to a number of the members during the year, and death the last degree, which enabled them to enter the golden or pearly gates. It was a Society which was doing a magnificent work in the way of paying out relief and benefits to the widows and orphans, and also in keeping up a home at Oakville, where those who needed it might be properly cared for. The Society was a fraternal one, a golden chain of three links that encircled the world. Charity and fraternity the world needed to-day. Organization was a necessity, as without organization there would be discord. There is organization perfect in nature, as seen in the evolving of the seasons. Our calendar is most beautiful and perfect, as the seasons come and go. We have in regular rotation the spring, summer, autumn and winter. What a grand and master organizer was God! In organizations there is or should be order, which means success. Organization means strength. Be as strong as the strongest and thus help by your influence those about you. Some were in societies simply for what they could get out of them. If we are in societies we should have a grander and a nobler purpose than that, to help to do good to others. In organizations discipline was necessary, this being the tonic of life. As in our homes and upon the street there must be discipline, so in societies must there be discipline, as it means harmony. Be glad of discipline, and lead rather than be led. Aim at a noble citizenship and do nothing to debase it. Do the greatest good you can to the greatest number. Let us rise to the thought that our lives and influence should be for the accomplishing of as much good as possible. It is not always those who live the greatest number of years who accomplish the greatest things. Alexander the Great died at 32 years of age; Mozart, the musician, died in early life, and Joan of Arc, who touched the world with her heroism, died at the age of 19 years. Let us be up and doing with a heart that is true. We can do much in fraternity, and as members of a fraternal society. The threefold links of the gospel were embodied in Oddfellowship, namely, Friendship, Love and Truth. Continue as you are doing until the fellowship below is over and in the Father's home above it will be renewed.

During the service a quartette composed of Mrs. M. C. Gordon, Miss E. Price, Messrs. M. C. Gordon and R. Leitch sang, "Jesus My Shepherd Is," and the band also rendered a sacred selection, which was much appreciated.

Emmanuel R. E. Church.

At the above church yesterday morning, the Rector, Rev. Mr. Hubly, preached on "The Ministry of Earthquakes," taking as his text Isaiah 29: 6:

> "Thou shalt be visited of the Lord of Hosts with thunder and with earthquake and great noise, with storm and tempest, and the flame of devouring fire."

Considering the case of San Francisco, the preacher said it would not be justifiable for men to claim that God had punished her for her sins, though no minister would do his duty if he did not point out to his congregation the moral in the destruction of San Francisco, namely, that, no matter how rich or beautiful a city might be, the Lord might, in his wisdom, destroy it. As to the immutability of natural laws, the preacher said scientists could prate about that all they liked, but so long as he remembered the earthquake which swallowed up Korah, Dathan and Abiram, and the earthquake which rent the earth when the Son of God was crucified, so long would he believe that even natural laws were subject to one who ruled all, one who

Moves in a mysterious way
His wonders to perform
Who plants His footsteps in the seas
And rides upon the storm.

At Sign of the Scales.

ALLEGED THREATS.

An aged man named James McNellis was charged with using abusive language and also threatening to do bodily harm to Mrs. Rosa Dickson. The complainant alleged that McNellis had a knife in his hand and threatened to stab her on Saturday evening. She had him arrested, but did not appear in court this morning and the charge was dismissed.

RENT CASE.

Mr. Chas. Morrison was accused of owing Mr. A. T. Petrie $6 for rent. As the complainant was not able to appear in court the case was enlarged for a week.

THUNDER AND LIGHTNING

CAUSED LITTLE DAMAGE IN THIS VICINITY, BUT SOME PLACES WERE STRUCK NEAR TRENTON.

A severe thunderstorm passed over this section of the community last evening. Whilst no damage was done in the city, or adjacent to the city, some considerable damage was done a little further off.

In the Town of Trenton a house was struck by lightning and set on fire, but the blaze was soon extinguished after the alarm had been given.

In the Township of Murray, about three miles from Trenton, a large frame barn belonging to a yeoman named Lynch was struck and destroyed. We are informed that a number of cattle were killed, and everything in the building destroyed.

Mr. Coon Welcomed.

At Bridge St. Sunday School yesterday, Mr. Harry C. Coon, M. A., Gold Medalist of Queen's University, was most enthusiastically welcomed back, the school rising spontaneously and giving him the Chautauqua salute. He was complimented on his remarkable success and many kind things said of his past.

The Best Physics

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and pleasant in effect, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price 25 cents. Every box warranted. Get a free sample at R. Templeton's drug store and try them.

"Patsy" Lawlor On Trial To-day.

CHARGED WITH CONNECTION WITH THE BURGLARY AT SHANNONVILLE ON MARCH 17 OR 18—COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

Patrick Lawlor, who is accused of being implicated in the burglaries which were committed in the village of Shannonville on the night of March 17th, was this morning brought up before Magistrate Flint.

The accused appeared in court shackled, and was rather closely scrutinized by the large number of spectators who were in attendance.

Mr. Anderson represented the Crown and Mr. McMahon appeared for the accused.

On behalf of his client, Mr. McMahon entered a plea of not guilty and elected to be tried before the County Judge. He asked that the shackles be removed from Lawlor's legs, but the Magistrate would not give such an order, declaring that the prisoner was in the keeping of the officers of the law, who could take such precautions as they deemed best.

THE EVIDENCE.

Mr. Morden, sworn, said he was a merchant at Shannonville. On the night of March 17th his place of business was broken into. Four pairs of boots were taken, that he was certain of. On Sunday morning, about 8 o'clock, he first knew of the burglary. The door of the store was forced open. A pair of boots produced in court were of the same make as those stolen from his store. He lost a pair of No. 9 boots, the same as those produced. On the same night the store of Mr. Mills was broken into, also the post office, kept by Mr. Creeper, and the grist mill. He also understood that some tools were stolen from the G. T. R. premises. Witness could not say that he had ever seen the accused.

Mr. Wm. Ryan, jr., sworn, said he kept a temperance hotel in Shannonville. He had been there for two years. He remembered the 17th of March, and heard of the robbery on Sunday morning. On Thursday, the 15th of March, two men, strangers, were in his place. Witness could not identify the prisoner as one of the men; did not think he was. They asked for liquor, which they could not get from him. Did not see them after that day.

Mr. L. D. Mills, sworn, said he was a merchant at Shannonville. On the 17th of March his place of business was broken into, and an overcoat, some canned goods, cigars and some money was taken. About 10 o'clock he left his store and locked it up. On Sunday morning, about 8 o'clock, he discovered that his store had been broken into. A large cold chisel, belonging to the G.T.R. Company, was found near the door which was forced open. On Thursday, the 15th of March, two strangers were in his store. One of the men made a small purchase. Both were young men. To the best of his judgment, the prisoner was similar in size to one of the men. Did not see the men after that. Had not recovered any of the articles taken from his store.

Cross-examined — Both men who came into his store were white men. He was certain that the prisoner was somewhat similar in size to one of the men.

Mr. Dean, sworn, said he lived at Shannonville and remembered the 17th of March. He heard of the burglary on Sunday morning, the 18th of March. On Saturday night he saw two strangers in the village. Some person asked witness if he knew the men and witness said he did not. The prisoner was not one of the men. Could not say that he would know the men if he saw them again.

Mrs. Wm. Docter testified that she lived in Belleville and kept Docter's hotel. Some time during the month of March, three strange men were at her place, but the prisoner was not one of them. Two were fair and one was dark. They had meals there on two evenings. Witness thought the men were train men. They all wore caps. She asked them if they were train men and they simply shook their heads.

Mr. G. Minchinton, sworn, said he was stenographer for John Sloan & Company in Belleville. One morning he was working at the typewriter when a stranger came in and walked to the desk where witness was at work. The man wanted a five dollar bill for five dollars worth of silver. The man looked something like the prisoner, but witness would not swear that he was the man. The same night the office was broken open by forcing an entrance through a back window. Some $5 in money was taken and a box of chocolates. The desk was pried open and papers scattered about the place. There was only one person in the premises that day. Never saw the man after that.

Mrs. James Wallace said that on a certain night three strangers came into their place of business and had a lunch. Witness could not recognize the prisoner as one of the men who were there.

Mr. Creeper said he was postmaster at Shannonville. The office was broken into on the night of March 17th. About $5 in money was taken, also two letters, one of the letters containing a postal order. Witness saw no strangers about the village, and did not see any about the post office.

Mr. Steele, sworn, said he was a County constable at Shannonville. He learned of the burglary on the morning of the 18th of March. On the evening of the 15th of March witness saw two strangers go into Mr. Kerr's store. One wore a stiff hat and the other a cap. One of the men was taller than the other. Witness could not identify the prisoner as one of the men. The grist mill was also broken into at the same time. Some tools, consisting of a small hammer, saw and cold chisel were taken from the G.T.R. toolhouse at the village. All the articles were taken back excepting the cold chisel. Witness notified the authorities at Napanee, Deseronto and Belleville of the burglaries. Heard there were suspicious parties in the hall at Shannonville on Saturday night, the 17th inst., but he did not see them. Witness was informed that on Sunday morning, the 18th of March, some men were eating a lunch on the side of the G.T.R. track near Shannonville.

High County Constable Duffin said that from information he had received he went to Toronto, and brought Lawlor to the city. Witness brought the boots, as produced, from Toronto; also the photographs.

At this stage of the proceedings the County Attorney stated that this was all the evidence he had to submit at present, but he would have more.

Mr. McMahon suggested that in order to expedite matters, and to have the affair cleared up, he would be willing to waive any further preliminary examination and have the accused sent up for trial, where all the evidence would be submitted.

This was satisfactory to the County Attorney and Court, and Lawlor was committed for trial.

Just Received
A Fresh Stock of—

HOT WATER BOTTLES
. . AND . .
FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

Splendid Value

GEEN'S DRUG STORE

White Front, near the Footbridge

That Rolling Mills Settlement.

EX-MAYOR CHOWN WRITES PROTESTING AGAINST IT — THINKS MATTER SHOULD GO TO THE PEOPLE.

To the Editor of The Intelligencer;

Dear Sir,—I see it is proposed that the City Council shall make some arrangement with purchasers re back taxes on the rolling mills, I understand that the Council have no control of the taxes. That is a matter that is outside of their power. The present City Solicitor and the former City Solicitor have told the Council on different occasions that they could not remit any taxes, The Court of Revision might in some cases. As I read the by-law with Kirkwood and McKinnon. It has lapsed because of non-fulfilment on their part. Clause 5 of the by-law says that they are to be exempt from taxes (except school rates) for a period of ten years from January 1st, 1904, provided they operate the mills for that period. According to the terms and conditions of the agreement, clause (1) of the agreement says "that they are to complete the purchase" and, it was understood, commence operations by January 1st, 1905. These conditions have not been complied with. The City Council cannot grant a bonus to any industry unless with the consent of the property-holders. If they remit a large amount of taxes it is granting a bonus.

There are taxes standing against the rolling mills for the years 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904 and 1905, in all, five years. The money in the bank was deposited to release a quantity of iron that was seized for 1903 taxes, till the court decided the liability of the Iron and Steel Company in reference to the taxes for that year, and I take it that this money can only be paid out by an order of the court. The taxes for 1901 and 1902 are still standing against the property. It was understood that they were to be remitted if the mills had been operated according to the agreement, but, as the mills were not operated, no one has the power to remit them.

If the present purchasers wish to have the taxes remitted and earn the bonus money, I believe the only way is for them to make a new agreement with the Council and have a by-law submitted to the people for ratification, and if there is a prospect of the mills running it will, no doubt, be sure to carry. If this is not done any property-holder could forbid the Council to carry out the proposed arrangement, and if they so desired, throw the matter into court and it would cost a great deal more than to submit a by-law.

If you remember, the Council a few years ago wanted to carry out an agreement with Mr. Graham made by a former Council, but they were threatened with legal action and had to abandon it.

I am anxious to see the rolling mills running, but want to see them on a proper basis, so am writing this. Thanking you for your valuable space, I am.

Yours respectfully,
W. W. CHOWN.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Daily Intelligencer.

CHOICEST
BAKERY GOODS

Made fresh every day from the best materials.
Have you ever tried our Baxter's teas, 10c a doz.

Chas. S. Clapp

Young lady wanted, apply evenings this week after 7 o'clock.

Wedding Stationery

The Celebrated Eaton-Hurlbut manufacture, in cabinets of fifty invitations

$2.00

OTHER LINES AS WELL
NEATLY PRINTED.
—AT—
The INTELLIGENCER
Job Department
Front St., Belleville.

"The Jewel"
All-Steel Gas Range

With Adjustable Valve Tips successfully meet the difficulties which arise from varying pressure.

WM. McGIE,
Tel. Front St.

Choice Western Beef!

In addition to having a choice selection of Western Beef, we have other choice meats and sausages.

—GREEN.

FLORAL DECORATIONS
OF
ALL KINDS

J. D. COLLIP
205

PECK & WILLS.
Opposite Market. Successors to Walter Allen
Sash, Door and Blind Factory.
Dressed Lumber of all kinds.—Mouldings, Store Fronts and Fittings, Stair Work, Grilles, Mantles, Hardwood Panelling, Bar Fixtures, &c.
Prompt attention given to custom work.
A call solicited.

PECK & WILLS.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool and Chicago Wheat Futures Close Lower — Live Stock Markets The Latest Quotations.

Saturday Evening, April 28.

Liverpool wheat futures closed to-day ¼d to ⅜d lower than Friday, and corn futures ⅛d lower.

At Chicago, May wheat closed ½c lower than yesterday, May corn ⅛c lower, and May oats unchanged.

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET.

Grain—

Wheat, spring, bush.	$0 74	to $....
Wheat, fall, bush.	0 77	0 79
Wheat, red, bush.	0 77	0 79
Wheat, goose, bush.	0 73	....
Barley, bush.	0 51	....
Oats, bush.	0 40	....
Rye, bush.	0 76	....
Peas, bush.	0 77	....
Buckwheat, bush.	0 53	....

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Liverpool, April 28.—Wheat—Spot nominal. Futures easy; May 6s 9d, July 6s 7½d, Sept. 6s 7⅝d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 4s 6¼d; American mixed, old, 4s 9½d. Futures quiet; May 4s 3¾d, July 4s 4½d.

Peas—Canadian steady, 6s 8½d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter steady, 8s 6d.

Hops—In London (Pacific coast), steady, £2 5s to £3 15s.

Beef—Firm; extra India mess, 77s. 6d.

Pork—Prime mess western, strong, 82s 6d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., firm, 53s.

Bacon—Quiet; Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 48s; short rib, 16 to 24 lbs., 58s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 47s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 47s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 43s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 47s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., steady, 41s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, quiet, 47s 9d; American refined, in pails, dull, 44s 9d.

Butter—Steady; finest United States, 85s; good United States, 70s.

Cheese—American finest white steady, 62s; American finest colored steady, 60s.

Tallow—Firm; prime city, 20s; Australian in London, 29s 3d.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 47s 6d.

Rosin—Common firm, 9s 10½d.

Petroleum—Refined quiet, 6⅜d.

Linseed Oil—Firm, 23s 6d.

NEW YORK DAILY MARKET.

New York, April 28.—Butter—Steady; receipts, 3620; western factory, common to firsts, 11c to 15c.

Cheese—Quiet, unchanged; receipts, 2140.

Eggs—Irregular; receipts, 19,860; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy, selected, white, 19½c to 20c; do., choice, 18½c to 19c; do., mixed, fancy, 18½c to 19c; western extra, first, 17½c to 18c; seconds, 16½c; southerns, 13c to 17c.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Cables Unchanged—Hogs Are Firm And Higher at Buffalo and Chicago

London, April 28.—Cattle are quoted at 11c to 12c per lb.; refrigerator beef, 9¼c per lb.; sheep, dressed, 15c to 16c per lb.; lambs, 17c, dressed weight.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE MARKET.

East Buffalo, April 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 75 head; fair demand and strong; prices unchanged.

Veals—Receipts, 75 head; active; 25c lower, $4.50 to $6.

Hogs—Receipts, 2800 head; active and strong; heavy and mixed, $6.90; yorkers, $6.80 to $6.90; pigs, $6.70 to $6.75; roughs, $6 to $6.25; stags, $4.25 to $4.75; dairies, $6.75 to $6.80.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2800 head; active; lambs, $6.25 to $7.75; yearlings, $6.25 to $6.50; wethers, $6 to $6.25; ewes, $5.50 to $5.75; sheep, mixed, $5 to $5.75; clipped, $5 to $6.35.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, April 28.—Beeves—Receipts, 326; feeling nominally steady; dressed beef unchanged at 6½c to 8½c per lb. for native sides. Exports, 1500 beeves and 7208 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts none, and none on sale. Feeling steady; city dressed veals firm at 7c to 9½c; country dressed do., steady at 5c to 7½c.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 3622; feeling steady; two cars unsold; good unshorn western lambs sold at $7.90 per 100 lbs.; dressed mutton steady at 8½c to 10c per lb.; dressed lambs firm at 10c to 12c; dressed spring lambs steady at $2 to $6.50 per carcase.

Hogs—Receipts, 2006; none on sale; feeling nominally steady on Buffalo advices.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady; beeves, $4.05 to $6.15; cows and heifers, $1.60 to $5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.90 to $4.85.

Hogs—Receipts, 9000; 5c to 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $6.40 to $6.70; good, heavy, $6.60 to $6.67½; rough, heavy, $6.30 to $6.45; light, $6.30 to $6.62½; pigs, $5.90 to $6.45; bulk of sales, $6.55 to $6.60.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2000; steady; sheep, $3.25 to $5.75; yearlings, $5.30 to $5.80; lambs, $5 to $7.40.

First Wife Lays a Bigamy Charge.

New Hamburg, April 30.—Henry Goldberg, who recently began business here as a dealer in scrap iron and rags was arrested Saturday by Constable Gerth upon the charge of bigamy. The prisoner recently married a pretty young Jewess, the daughter of Henry Berg of Hamilton, although he left a wife in Russia. The latter appearing here upon the scene instituted proceedings which resulted in Goldberg's arrest.

Goldberg has been remanded until next Friday, bail being furnished by his friends in Berlin.

To Oust Standard Oil.

Toledo, April 30.—Ouster proceedings were filed in the Circuit Court here Saturday against the Standard Oil Co. and 17 affiliated companies, including oil and pipe line companies; the Lake Shore Railroad, Hocking Valley, Toledo and Ohio Central, and Pennsylvania Co. The court was asked to dissolve their franchises and appoint trustees or creditors and stockholders. The suits will be prosecuted with despatch.

In Dresden 200 years ago "epicures" used to eat Venetian oysters that had been on the way three weeks.

MANY WERE IN DANGER

One Man Lost His Life in Fire At the Toronto Postoffice, Early Sunday Morning.

Toronto, April 30.—In a battle with smoke rather than flames, during which one life was lost and fifteen others placed in serious jeopardy, the Toronto fire department by sheer dogged determination and an almost heroic endurance early Sunday morning confined to the lower floors of the general postoffice a blaze which at one time threatened the entire building with destruction. The damage is estimated at from $20,000 to $30,000.

It is announced that there is but little loss of mail matter, and that postal business will be continued today as usual. There will be no delay in deliveries. The warehouse at Front and Lorne streets will be used as a temporary office.

Thomas Letray, night engineer of the building, and his dog, died probably from suffocation. Just how he met his fate will never be known.

That several other lives were not sacrificed also may perhaps be ascribed to a kindly providence.

The third and fourth floors of the postoffice building are occupied as the living apartments of George Ross, the assistant postmaster. He, his family of twelve, two lady visitors and a servant girl were sleeping. Two other sons were absent from home. When aroused, the smoke was filling the corridors so thickly that the imperilled ones had to crawl along the floors. There was no time to don street apparel, and all were attired only in their night robes when, huddled together, they were reached by the firemen. There were nine women, Mr. Ross and five of his sons taken out.

DEATH OF EDWIN HOLMES.

Well-Known Newspaper Man and Father of Hebert Holmes, Ex-M. P.

St. Catharines April 30.—The death occurred Saturday of Edwin Holmes, the oldest and probably the best-known printer in Canada. The deceased had a wide and varied experience in the printing business and was with Sir Mackenzie Bowell, one of the pioneers in the art. He was a member of The Globe staff in the time of Geo. Brown, and later went to Kingston, where he spent a number of years, after which he founded The Clinton New Era and remained proprietor and editor of it until he handed over the plant to his son Robert, the former member in the Commons for Huron. From Clinton Mr. Holmes went to Toronto, where for a number of year he was an efficient assistant librarian in the Legislature. It was but a few years ago that he gave up his position and returned to this city, where he has made his home for the past 18 years. He was born in Lincolnshire, England. He was 82 years and 9 months of age and had resided in Canada since he was 10 years old.

CHILDREN, REVOLVER, DEATH.

Three-Year-Old Boy Almost Instantly Killed by Little Brother.

Halifax, April 30.—A fatal shooting accident, in which three children figured, took place at Wellington Barracks Saturday morning.

They were the three young sons of Provost-Sergeant Hunt of the Royal Canadian Regiment. The youngest of the trio, aged 3, was shot in the head and almost instantly killed by a shot from a revolver which, in the absence of their parents from the room, the two elder boys had got possession of. It is not know which of the latter was responsible for the accident, both being terrified at the result, and telling conflicting stories.

The mother left the children to go to a neighbor's for a moment. Almost immediately afterwards she heard the report of the revolver shot and a child's frightened cry of "Mummy!"

Running into the room, the little 3-year-old boy was found lying upon the floor with blood streaming from an ugly wound in the temple, from which he died in 15 minutes.

FALLS 1,600 FEET DOWN MINE.

Chris. Curry of Milton Meets Awful Death at Rossland.

Rossland, B. C., April 30.—Christopher Curry was killed at Centre Star mine at 12.30 p. m. Saturday. The skip became fouled in the headworks with rock, and Curry went in the skipway to take the rock out, lost his balance and fell, striking the railing at collar of the shaft, and bounced into shaft, which inclines at 35 feet into 100, fell 1,600 feet and was almost torn to fragments by projections.

Curry was 25 years old, and a native of Milton, Ont. He is a brother of Samuel Curry, formerly a conductor on the Red Mountain Railway. Deceased had only been working in the Centre Star mine for three weeks.

TROOPSHIP IN COLLISION.

Sinks Chinese Steamer and Thirty Are Drowned.

Singapore, Straits Settlements, April 30.—The British steamer Haversham Grange, having on goard 3,000 Russian troops, bound from Vladivostock for Odessa, arrived here Saturday and reported having been in collision in the Straits of Malacca with the Chinese steamer Bentong. The latter sank, and 30 of the 101 Chinamen on board the vessel were drowned. The Haversham Grange brought the 71 survivors to this port. Her forepeak is full of water.

Government Buys Land.

Moncton, N. B., April 30.—The Intercolonial virtually closed the purchase of a tract of land about one and one quarter miles long, and one-third mile broad, on the border of the city's most populated district, on which will be erected the new I. C. R. shops. The land includes 180 acres, and the price paid was $75 per acre.

Children Poisoned By Candy.

Guelph, April 30.—As a result of eating candy which they purchased in a package from a Hespeler storekeeper, Gladys and Norman Taylor, little daughters of Mr. Edward Taylor, Aberfoyle, are seriously ill. An investigation is likely to take place.

POLICE CHIEF KILLED

Assassinated by Revolutionaries in Daylight.

Bomb Thrown at Another Officer in Russian Poland, Kills a Policeman—Attempt on Life of Col. Min—Another Assassination Saturday—The Victims Had All Been Active During the October Massacres.

Odessa, April 30.—The chief of police who played such a prominent role in the October massacres here, and a policeman were assassinated by revolutionaries here Saturday in broad daylight.

The plot was wide-reaching and contemplated also the assassination of Assistant Chief of Police Poltvtchenko and several other policemen. A young girl named Jerebtsvo threw a bomb at Poltvtchenko on the way to the hospital to visit one of the wounded policemen. Her aim was poor and Poltvtchenko was unhurt. The girl was gravely wounded by Poltvtchenko's orderly.

Bomb Misses Mark.

Warsaw, April 30.—At Czenstochowa, in Russian Poland, Saturday a bomb was thrown at the carriage of the chief of police while he was returning from a funeral. The missle exploded, killing a policeman.

Sentenced For Mutiny.

Keiff, Russia, April 30.—The trial of the regiment of engineers which mutinied last fall has been completed. All of the officers were acquitted, but three non-commissioned officers were sentenced to death, 19 privates were condemned to hard labor and 52 were consigned to a disciplinary battalion.

An Attempt to Assassinate.

St. Petersburg, April 30.—A member of the "fighting organization" yesterday attempted to assassinate Col. Min, commander of the Semenovsky Guards, in revenge for the part taken by his regiment in putting down the Moscow revolt. A uniformed officer, a young man, had called several times at the residence of Col. Min and requested to see him. The manner of the man excited suspicion, and he was arrested yesterday when it was found that he was a disguised revolutionist and was armed with a revolver and a dagger.

Russian Colonel Murdered.

Lublin, Russian Poland, April 30.—Lt.-Col. Pugol, chief of the gendarmerie at Cholm, was murdered Saturday night. The assassin escaped.

TIDE CONTINUES TO RISE.

The Russian Elections Still Running Against Government.

St. Petersburg, April 30.—The elections of Saturday show that the tide against the Government is rising instead of subsiding, for instead of a more conservative element the candidates elected are even more radical in their opinions than those chosen April 2. In many cases the peasants named representatives with views which are even more extensive than those held by the constitutional demands.

The Government has been trying desperately to win the support of the peasants, realizing that without it the Government will be in a hopeless position.

FRESH DISASTER.

Oceans of Mud Submerge Whole Vesuvian Region—King Edward Generous.

Naples, April 30.—Another disaster has occurred in the Vesuvian region. Throughout Friday night torrents of rain fell, accompanied by a heavy gale of wind, causing large avalanches of mud, sand, ashes and cinders to fall over Somma and Santa Annastasia, destroying bridges, blocking the roads, flooding many habitations, interrupting communication by telegraph and carrying away portions of the railway. Troops and military wagons were hurriedly despatched to the assistance of the sufferers.

The inhabitants of the striken places mentioned were awakened by a roaring, rushing sound, which was absolutely new to them and on running out of their houses they found their property threatened by a new horror, the fall of avalanches of sand, ashes, etc. Their terror was extreme. The women and children fled, screaming with fright into the open country as if pursued by a living monster.

The mud, mixed with which were cinders and basaltic stones, invaded all places and killed many animals. At Pacciano, a town of 800 inhabitants, the flood obstructed the doors of houses so that the people were obliged to escape through the windows.

Royalty Disappointed.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra yesterday made vain attempts to reach the observatory and then Ottajano, but finally were obliged to go to Terra Annunziata, from which place they returned here. King Edward was touched by the fresh disaster, and he sent a contribution of $4,000 to the mayor of Naples for the assistance of the sufferers.

Amid all the upheavals Prof. Matucci and Perret remained in the observatory, although Friday night another portion of the roof was torn away, and it seemed as though the observatory would be engulfed.

OGILIVIE KILLS HIMSELF.

Prominent Montrealer Succumbs to Unfortunate Accident.

Montreal, April 30.—W. W. Ogilvie, a prominent young Montrealer, accidentally shot himself while cleaning a revolver at his home yesterday afternoon and died as a result of the wound a few hours later at the Royal Victoria Hospital. Mr. Ogilvie, who was only 30 years of age, was a son of the late W. W. Ogilvie, one of Montreal's merchant princes.

Taschereau Resigns.

Ottawa, April 30.—It was reported last night that the Government has received the formal resignation of Sir Henri Elzear Taschereau as chief justice of Canada. He will be succeeded by Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, the present Minister of Justice.

TRAVELS 55 MILES IN AIR.

Aeronaut Makes Trip From Pittsfield to Woodville, Conn.

Pittsfield, Mass., April 30.—Favored by beautiful weather and a breeze that carried them rapidly in a southeast direction, Count Henri De La Vaulx of Paris, with Capt Homer W. Hedges of New York, president of the Aero Club of America, and Charles Jerome Edwards of New York, made an ascension Saturday in the big balloon Centaur in the presence of 3,000 people.

COUNT HENRI DE LA VAULX IN HIS BALLOON.

The balloon landed safely at Woodville, Conn., at 6.30 Saturday night. It traveled fifty-five miles, and it is understood the men in it hoped to reach New Haven, but this idea was given up as darkness approached.

PARIS UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

Non-Striker Shoots Striker and Seriously Wounded Him.

Paris, April 30.—The city is assuming a distinctly military aspect. Soldiers off duty throng the boulevards and special trains continue to bring in reinforcements. The military Governor of Paris has taken the suggestive action of requisitioning the extensive buildings of the Tivoli Vauxhall for military uses. This building ordinarily is used for meetings of revolutionary parties.

Seven thousand workmen of the municipal gas works yesterday reached the decision not to strike, thus allaying the fears that the city would be without light.

After a meeting of printers yesterday, a disturbance between strikers and non-strikers took place, in the course of which a non-striker shot and seriously wounded a striker in the abdomen and another man lost an eye.

The striking jewelers yesterday created disorders outside the establishments that are continuing to operate by endeavoring to induce the men who remain at work to join the strike.

Minister of the Interior Clemceau is positive that the military and police precautions taken will insure quiet on May 1.

SEVERE STORM IN SCOTIA.

Baptist Church Damaged by Lightning—Other Places Struck.

Yarmouth, N. S., April 30.—A severe lightning and thunderstorm passed over Yarmouth County Saturday evening. The spire of the Baptist Church at Milton was struck and badly shattered.

The storm was quite severe at Tucket. A young man in the telephone office there received a shock, but was not seriously injured. The railway station and other places were struck and the window glass broken.

Yarmouth lighthouse was struck, but the damage was not serious.

A Disastrous Thunderstorm.

Niagara-on-Lake, April 30.—The first thunderstorm of the season passed over this district about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. As a result three barns on the farm of Mrs. Mary Osmond, about four miles west of here on the Lake road, were entirely destroyed by fire together with their contents of grain, hay, implements, etc. Seven head of cattle tied in their stalls were burned to death. The loss will total about $2,000.

DRINK PRICES SOAR.

Toronto Tavern Keepers Raise the Rates of Booze.

Toronto, April 30.—The Toronto License Holders' Protective Association have adopted the following schedule of prices, to take effect on May 7, 1906:

All Canadian draught whiskeys, minimum price, 10c.

All Canadian case liquor, minimum price, 15c.

All imported draught liquor (Scotch, Irish, gins, etc.), minimum price 10c.

All imported mineral waters, ginger ale and erated waters, minimum price, splits, 15c; do., pints 20c.

All imported lager beers and ales, pints, minimum price, 25c; do. quarts, 50c.

All mixed drinks containing spirits, minimum price, 15c.

All Canadian ales, porters and lagers, pints, minimum price, 15c; do. quarts 20c.

The maximum beer glass to be used, 12 oz.

Draught ales, porter and lager, three half pint 10c.

Worst Stock Panic in Years.

Montreal, April 30.—The greatest panic which has struck the Montreal stock market for years developed Saturday. Prices from the opening of market at 10 o'clock commenced to tumble and in the first hour and a half there were recessions all the way from one to five points. Many brokers let shares slide.

Prussian Minister Dead.

Berlin, April 30.—Gen. Von Budde, the Prussian Minister of Public Works, who had been suffering from cancer for some time past, died to-day. He was born in 1851.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
PURE AND WHOLESOME. ONE POUND CAN 25c
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The Wall Paper season is now in full swing; we claim to have the largest and best assorted stock of low and medium-priced wall papers in the city, and will be pleased to back up what we claim, by showing you the goods. We have more variety to select from at 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 20 and 25c.

We have far better value for the money at all of these prices than elsewhere in the trade.

Toy Carts, Express Waggons, Sporting Goods, White Wash Brushes, Paint Brushes, etc.

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There is no anguish quite so keen as that felt by a woman who gets a new dress to wear to a party, and then isn't invited.

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jy13-d&wly

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Fancy Glass Nappies @ 40c, 60c doz.
Fancy Glass Berry Sets (plain or colored) @ 35c, 50c, up to $1.50 set.
Fancy Glass Pickle Boats @ 10c and 15c each.
Fancy Glass Water Pitchers (1 qt. size) @ 20c each.
Fancy Glass Table Sets (6 pieces) @ 40c, 75c set.
Fancy Glass Water Tumblers @ 40c, 50c doz.
Fancy Glass Cake Stands @ 25c each.
Fancy Glass Lemonade Sets (colored) @ $1.50 set.
Fancy Glass Tooth Pick Holders (plain or gold) @ 15c each.
Fancy Glass Cream Jugs (plain and gold) @ 15c each.
Fancy Glass Goblets and Tumblers (plain and gold) @ 15c each.
Fancy Glass Vases, all sizes and shapes @ 10c, 12c, 20c each.
See the display of Souvenir Shell goods.

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